
Allagash Wilderness Waterway Bibliography

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for

Allagash Wilderness Waterway Foundation

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This annotated bibliography is offered to assist in interpretive media development or future research about the Allagash Wilderness Waterway in Northern Maine. I created it while preparing a heritage resource assessment and interpretive plan for the Waterway. The bibliography is not presented as authoritative or complete. These are simply some of the resources I encountered while preparing the report, *Storied Lands & Waters of the Allagash Wilderness Waterway: Interpretive Plan and Heritage Resource Assessment*. – Bruce Jacobson

A

About AWWF [Allagash Wilderness Waterway Foundation]: Our mission. (2016). Retrieved from <http://awwf.org/about-awwf/>

About cultural landscapes. (2016). Retrieved from <http://tclf.org/places/about-cultural-landscapes>

Adams, G. (2000, March 5). Conservationists cheer for a new Maine dam. *Los Angeles Times*. Retrieved from <http://articles.latimes.com/>

From the Text: “While pushing for one dam’s removal [Edwards Dam], environmentalists welcomed the replacement of another that creates wetlands and preserves a habitat for fish. . . . Replacement of the Churchill Dam was seen by conservationists and outdoors enthusiasts as essential to the enjoyment of wilderness.”

Adamus, P. R. (1984). *Atlas of breeding birds in Maine, 1978-1983*. Available from Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife, Public Information Division.

Note: An authoritative book, with 366 pages. The back pocket contains a Mylar overlay for use with the maps on pages 51–250.

Adney E. T., & Chapelle, H. (1983). *Bark Canoes and Skin Boats of North America* [Kindle version]. Washington, D. C.: Smithsonian Institution Press. Retrieved from <http://gutenberg.polytechnic.edu.na/5/0/8/2/50828/50828-h/50828-h.htm>

Ainsworth, H. L., & Eaton, S. E. (2010). *Formal, non-formal and informal learning in the sciences*. Calgary, AB: Education Canada.

Note: This research report investigates the links between formal, non-formal and informal learning and the differences between them. In particular, the report aims to link these notions of learning to sciences and engineering in Canada and the United States.

Allagash through the ages. (2016). Retrieved from <http://www.allagash.info/history/>

Note: A webpage with an historical sketch of the Town of Allagash, Maine. Prepared by the community (Allagash Development Group) with no sources cited.

Allagash Wilderness Waterway Working Group. (2007). *Allagash Wilderness Waterway Working Group on Structure, Management and Oversight: Choosing Common Ground and Moving Ahead*. Retrieved from <http://digitalcommons.usm.maine.edu/mainedevelopment/2/>

Abstract: "In his June 19, 2006, Executive Order, Governor John E. Baldacci directed the Working Group to 'offer its best guidance and advice to the Governor respecting the long-term governance, management, and oversight structure for the Allagash Wilderness Waterway' (AWW). In the intervening six months the members of the Working Group have engaged in an examination of the forty-year history of the Waterway and an analysis of the conditions and circumstance that led to the Governor's Executive Order. We have reviewed documentation of the AWW history, taken testimony at numerous public meetings and hearings, conducted correspondence with members of the several Waterway constituencies, engaged in an on-site examination of part of the Waterway, and sought advice from experts within and outside the state."

Allagash Dam Company records, 1851-1901. (2015). Retrieved from

http://www.pem.org/library/finding_aids/MSS913_AllagashDamCompanyRecords.pdf/

Note: A description of holdings in the Peabody Essex Museum, Salem, MA.

Anderson, H. L. V. (1982). *Canals and inland waterways of Maine*. Portland, ME: Maine Historical Society. Retrieved from http://www.mainehistory.org/PDF/findingaids/Coll_2757.pdf

Note: A finding aid for Maine Historical Society collection of materials that Anderson used to write the book. Discusses Telos canal. Includes illustrations, index, and bibliography.

Aroostook County oral history project, 1971-1972. (n.d.). Retrieved from

<http://www2.cary.lib.me.us/GenDB/aoh/>

Note: Twelve libraries in Aroostook County created an informal oral history of the county through taped interviews of County residents. People of the St. John Valley and the Allagash were among those interviewed in 1971–72. The project produced 115 cassettes, 20 of which are in French and 2 in Swedish. Sets of the cassettes were given to participating local libraries, Maine State Library, and Library of Congress Folk Music Division. Cary Library in

Houlton, Maine, coordinated the effort and library staff confirmed they retain their copies (pers. comm., October 2016).

Averill, J. (2004, August 13). Sales of regional book help restore Allagash sites. *Bangor Daily News*, p. B6.

Note: The article relates that, Shirlee Connors-Carlson will donate 1 dollar from each sale of *The Legend of Joe McKeil: Life Above the Falls on the Allagash* "to the effort to restore the Moir House on the Allagash and the Taylor camps," that has been ongoing "for quite some time, and is relying on all volunteer labor."

Avery, M. H. (1937). The Telos Cut. *Appalachia*, XXI, 380–395.

B

Bacher K., & Lacombe, B. (2007). *Foundations of interpretive curriculum content narrative*.

Washington, DC: U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Interpretive Development Program.

Baldacci, J. E. (2007). 2007 Archive of Governor Baldacci's press releases. Retrieved from http://statedocs.maine.gov/ogvn_docs/14/

Note: Governor John Baldacci accepts the report of the Allagash Wilderness Waterway Working Group.

Balentine, S. (2017). Wilderness guide Gardner Defoe inspires fund in his name. Retrieved from <http://awwf.org/maine-guide-gardner-defoe-inspires-fund-in-his-name/>

Note: This Allagash Wilderness Waterway Foundation blog entry describes a recent film called, "Defoe's Way," about legendary Maine wilderness guide Gardner Defoe who led groups of youth down Maine rivers for over 25 years, and a youth fund in his name to support youth wilderness trips.

Banville, B. (2000, August 26). UMFK facility named for Justice Violette: Camp located on Allagash Wilderness Waterway. *Bangor Daily News*. Retrieved from <https://archive.bangordailynews.com/>

Barker, A. (2006, June). *A brief history of the Allagash Waterway*. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Provided by A. Barker (pers. comm., September 7, 2016). Sources cited for most entries.

Barker, A. (n.d.). Lacroix's Legacy. Ashland, Maine: North Maine Woods, Inc. Retrieved from <http://www.northmainewoods.org/images/pdf/lacroix.pdf>

Barry, P. (Ed.). (1939). *The Maine Woods songster*. Cambridge, MA: Powell Printing Company.

Barton, A. M., & Cogbill, C. V. (2012). *The changing nature of the Maine Woods*. Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire Press. Available from Amazon.com.

Note: The 300 plus pages “both synthesizes the latest scientific discoveries regarding the changing forest and relates the findings to an educated lay and academic audience,” according to the publisher. Includes bibliographic references and index.

Beck, J. C. (1972). The giant beaver: A prehistoric memory? *Ethnohistory*, 19(2), 109–122. Retrieved from <http://www.jstor.org/stable/481746>

Note: An examination of the giant beaver tale among various northeastern Algonkian tribes (such as the Montagnais, Penobscot, Passamaquoddy, Micmac and Malecite) and a study of the nature and distribution of the Pleistocene giant beaver, *Castoroides ohioensis*, lead to the tentative conclusion that elements in these tales represent a kind of fossil memory of this long-extinct rodent.

Beck, L., & Cable, T. T. (2011). *The gifts of interpretation: Fifteen guiding principles for interpreting nature and culture*. Urbana, IL: Sagamore Publishing.

From the Publisher: “In this newest edition the authors focus on the fifteen guiding principles of earlier versions of the book with a focus on how each of the principles is a gift, for example, of story, revelation, provocation, beauty, passion [sic].”

Bellin, J. D. (2006). Taking the Indian cure: Thoreau, Indian medicine, and the performance of American culture. *The New England Quarterly*, 79(1), 3–36. Retrieved from <http://www.jstor.org/stable/20474410>

From the Text: “As *The Maine Woods* progresses from ‘Ktaadn’ through ‘The Allagash and East Branch,’ Thoreau’s perception of the Indians becomes increasingly accurate.”

Bennett, D. B. (1994). *Allagash: Maine's wild and scenic river*. Camden, ME: Down East Books.

Publisher's Note: "An exquisitely designed hardcover book providing the most detailed and comprehensive description available of the waterway's unique natural history along its entire hundred-mile-long corridor. Describes common species of plants and animals and geologic features. Profusely illustrated by the author with color photographs, maps, and detailed pen-and-ink drawings. Contains scientific names of species." Chapter Notes include sources for the text. 112 pages.

Bennett, D. B. (2001). *The wilderness from Chamberlain Farm: A story of hope for the American wild*.

Washington, DC: Island Press.

Publisher's Note: "The dynamic history of the farm and its setting illuminates society's evolving perspective on the natural world around us." Photos by the author. Forward by Stewart L. Udall, U.S. Secretary of the Interior. This is the most scholarly presentation of the history of the Allagash Wilderness Waterway, or at least the southern portion.

Bennett S., & Bennett, D. B. (1994). Allagash Wilderness Waterway: A natural history guide. Retrieved

from http://www.maine.gov/dacf/parks/docs/aww_nhg.pdf

Note: This on-line, 28-page booklet prepared for the Maine Bureau of Parks and Lands provides a concise overview of the geology, plants, and animals of the Allagash Waterway. It is a condensation of the Bennett's *Allagash: Maine's wild and scenic river* (1994). In this on-line version the Bennets identify several Critical Areas identified by Maine's Natural Areas Program.

Birchbark Canoe [video file] (2012). Retrieved from <https://youtu.be/qFSJKRnUzVo>

Note: Detailed video documenting the process of building a birchbark canoe; some differences from Maine, but essentially the same.

Birchbark canoe thought to be among world's oldest returns to N.B. (2008). Retrieved from

<http://www.cbc.ca/news/canada/new-brunswick/birchbark-canoe-thought-to-be-among-world-s-oldest-returns-to-n-b-1.767268>

Boudett, E. L., & Hardwood, D. S. (1976). *Reconnaissance geology of the Upper St. John and Allagash river basins, Maine* (Geological Survey Bulletin No. 1406). Washington, DC: U. S. Department of the Interior, Geological Service.

Note: Description of the geology of a glaciated terrane of lower Paleozoic rocks in northern Maine with generalizations on exploration geochemistry and engineering materials.

Bourque, B. J. (1989). Ethnicity on the Maritime Peninsula, 1600-1759. *Ethnohistory*, 36(3), 257–284.

Retrieved from <http://www.jstor.org/stable/482674>

Abstract: “Beginning with Frank Speck, it has been widely held that aboriginal populations on the Maritime peninsula were organized in river-centered tribes ancestral to the modern St. Francis, Penobscot, Passamaquoddy, Maliseet, and Micmac. However, this view is at odds with the accounts of early-seventeenth-century French explorers who defined non-river-centered groups named Abenaki, Etchemin, and Souriquois for the same region, and the difference of opinion has led to a protracted debate. This paper summarizes this debate and addresses the problem through historic documents of the late seventeenth and early eighteenth centuries.”

Bourque, C. M., Houseal, A. K., Welsh, K. M., & Wenger, M. (2014). Free-choice family learning: a literature review for the National Park Service. *Journal Interpretation Research*, 19(1), 7.

British-American diplomacy: The Webster-Ashburton Treaty. (2008). Retrieved from http://avalon.law.yale.edu/19th_century/br-1842.asp

Source: Treaties and Other International Acts of the United States of America. Edited by Hunter Miller. Volume 4. Documents 80-121 : 1836-1846. Washington : Government Printing Office, 1934. Posted by Lillian Goldman Law Library, Yale Law School.

Burrage, H. S. (1919). *Maine in the northeastern boundary controversy*. Portland, ME: Printed for the State.

Butler, E., & Hadlock, W. (1962). *A preliminary survey of the Munsungan-Allagash waterways* (No. VIII). Bar Harbor, ME: Robert Abbe Museum.

Note: On file at Maine Historic Preservation Commission (2016) and the collections of the Abbe Museum (2016).

C

Carleton, L. T. (1899). *Carleton's pathfinder and gazetteer*. Dover, ME: Press of Observer Publishing Company.

Full Title: Carleton's pathfinder and gazetteer of the hunting and fishing resorts of the state of Maine, together with a digest of the laws pertaining to inland fisheries and game.]

Cayard, S. Birchbark canoe builder. (n.d.). Retrieved from <http://www.stevecayard.com/index.html>

César's Bark Canoe [video file]. (1971). Retrieved from https://www.nfb.ca/film/cesars_bark_canoe/

Note: This documentary shows how a canoe is built the old way. César Newashish, a 67-year-old Attikamek of the Manawan Cree Reserve north of Montréal, uses only birchbark, cedar splints, spruce roots, and gum. Newashish cuts down the birch tree to harvest the bark. Wabanaki canoe builders cut their bark off a standing tree. This does not kill the tree—it will regrow bark, although the regrown bark will not be suitable for building another canoe.

Chadbourne, A. H. (1955). *Maine place names and the peopling of its towns*. B. Wheelwright.

Retrieved from <https://babel.hathitrust.org/cgi/pt?id=uc1.b3623864;view=1up;seq=294>

Note: Ava Harriet Chadbourne makes only one reference to the Allagash. There is mention on page 180 of “a road extending from this point [Ashland] to the Allegash River.” Presumably the Chamberlain Winter Haul Road. 530 pages.

Chamberlain Farm and Dam and Telos Canal records, 1835-1928, 1968. (2016). Retrieved from

http://www.pem.org/library/finding_aids/MSS916_ChamberlainFarmandDamandTelosCanalRecords.pdf

Note: A description of holdings in the Peabody Essex Museum, Salem, MA.

Chewonki Foundation. (2017). *Chewonki leadership expedition student handbook 2017*. Wiscasset, ME. Unpublished manuscript.

Chilcoat, R. (2015). Memorandum to Waterway Superintendent Matt LaRoche, re: Trip report of August 17 inspection of Churchill Boarding House. United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service Northeast Region Historic Architecture, Conservation and Engineering Center. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Chilcoat contends, “the Boarding House is in poor but repairable condition and despite decades of little or no maintenance still retains a significant quantity of original interior and exterior historic architectural fabric.” He makes detailed recommendations for stabilization. Found in BPL's Augusta, Maine, files (2016).

Chute, J. E., & Speck, F. G. (1999). Frank G. Speck's contributions to the understanding of Mi'kmaq land use, leadership, and land management. *Ethnohistory*, 46(3), 481–540. Retrieved from <http://www.jstor.org/stable/483200>

Abstract: “In 1914 Frank G. Speck began studying what he perceived to be a Mi’kmaq family hunting territory system involving individual ownership and inheritance in the male line. When combined with more recent investigations into Mi’kmaq fishing and sea mammal hunting, his accounts of Mi’kmaq land tenure provide an important starting point for any comprehensive analysis of a traditional economic system that is both old and ecologically sophisticated. Although Speck’s work examined only late-nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century territorial systems, ethnohistorical research has revealed evidence for the operation of a precursor institution in the Atlantic region at least two centuries earlier. Recent land use surveys—so vital to the modern northeastern comprehensive claims process—adopt the concept of the family hunting territory as an invaluable guide in on-the-ground mapping procedures. Yet the use of the concept as an analytical tool, particularly in the applied context, has been criticized by ethnohistorians (among them, Diamond Jenness, Eleanor B. Leacock, Edward S. Rogers, and Bruce Bourque). How traditional is a system, these scholars ask, that may have had its origins in the European fur trade? This article begins by investigating the concept’s controversial history in order to gain new insights into its use, as well as its limitations, as a scientific construct. . . . For both academic and practical reasons it seems appropriate that the origins, developments, and controversies associated with this concept be traced, and its applicability tested, so that its significance may be weighed in the historical balance.”

Cieslinski, T. J. (1980). Trends in Allagash Wilderness Waterway users. In *National Outdoor Recreation Symposium* (pp. 147–149). Durham, New Hampshire.

Note: Cieslinski reviews visitor studies conducted for the Allagash Wilderness Waterway, none of which surveyed winter users. They were: 1966 Waterway visitor survey by Maine Bureau of Forestry (not located); 1973 survey of all 1,877 parties using the Waterway by BPL (1974); 1978 survey of 1,309 parties, about 50% of those using the Waterway, by BPL (not located); 1988 and 1989 research study of Allagash users by Harry Zinn, a then University of Maine graduate student (1989).

Clepper, H. (1962). The Allagash: Wilderness in controversy. *Journal Forestry*, 60(11), 777–781.

Clifford, F. H. (1902a). *In pine-tree jungles: A hand-book for sportsman and campers in the great Maine Woods*. Bangor, ME: Bangor & Aroostook Railroad Co.

Note: Includes description of “the Allagash river trip, 200 miles long, from Northeast carry, Moosehead lake, to Van Buren on the St. John,” a photo of Mud Pond Carry, and a chapter by Mary Alden Hopkins titled, Women in the Woods. 174 pages.

Clifford, F. H. (Ed.). (1902b). *In the Maine woods*. Bangor, ME: Bangor & Aroostook Railroad Co.

Available from <https://books.google.com/books?id=jmfzAAAAMAAJ>

Cole, S. A. (1969). *Allagash Wilderness Waterway Interpretation*. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Though signed “Steve Cole,” this trip report found in BPL’s Augusta, Maine, files (2016) was submitted at the same time that Stephen A. Cole was preparing a survey of Maine Sporting Camps for the Maine Historic Preservation Commission in which he mentions Nugent’s Camps. It is presumed that the author of both are one and the same.

Cole, S. A. (1990). *Maine sporting camps: A phase one survey*. Brunswick, ME: Maine Historic Preservation Commission. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: The only historic context I located of sporting camps in Maine. A defining pattern of camp orientation throughout the state consists of a main lodge and many ancillary structures. On file at Maine Historic Preservation Commission (2016).

Collins, J. (2001). The guide and the Allagash. *Yankee Magazine*. Retrieved from

<https://newengland.com/yankee-magazine/living/new-england-nostalgia/allagash-guide/#>

Note: Recounts a trip with Gil Gilpatrick on the Allagash. Photography by Carl D. Walsh/Aurora.

Conkling, P. (2014). For the trees: A history of Maine’s forestland. Maine. Retrieved from

<https://themainemag.com/people/features/2535-for-the-trees-a-history-of-maines-forestland-.html>

Connors-Carlson, S. (1986). History of Allagash settlement. *St. John Valley Times*.

Note: Newspaper article describes the Moir Farm on the Allagash. Full publication date not available.

Connors-Carlson, S. (2001). *Landings, logging and lumbermen: Memories from St. John, Me., 1901–2001*. Author.

Connors-Carlson, S. (2004). *The legend of Joe McKiel: Life above the falls on the Allagash*. Author.

Note: Forty-page softcover with numerous photo illustrations. Tells the story of a man who came to Maine from New Brunswick, the author believes, since the 1880 census of that province lists him as “death unknown” and his wife as a widow. He worked for “King” LaCroix at Cunliff Depot. It is said that McKiel “was buried along the shore of the Allagash, in two pork barrels.”

The Conservation Foundation. (1961). *Report on the Allagash to the Natural Resources Council of Maine: A marshalling of facts and factors important to an evaluation of several proposals to assure preservation and development of recreational and economic values in the area*. New York. Retrieved from: <http://digitalmaine.com/books/126>

The subtitle of this report tells of its purpose. The report was added to the Book Collections of digitalmaine at the Maine State Library as a consequence of the release of *Storied Lands & Waters*. It appears to be a good reference that furthers understanding of the Allagash, with useful maps and tables.

Conversant [blog]. (n.d.). Retrieved from <http://www.pem.org/library/blog/>

Note: This blog by the Phillips Library at Peabody Essex Museum contains several articles about the Pingree family based on the library's collections.

Cook, D. S. (2007). *Above the gravel bar: The Native canoe routes of Maine* (Third). Salon, ME: Polar Bear & Company.

Note: Has become a classic. This book is the best resource for the various canoe routes paddled by the Wabanaki, with contemporary information also included. Map shows traditional Maine water routes.

Cox, W. T. (1910). *Fearsome creatures of the lumberwoods: With a few desert and mountain beasts*. Press of Judd & Detweiler.

Note: Illustrations include the Tote-Road Shagamaw (Bipedester Dclusissimus) said to be found from the Rangeley Lakes to the Allagash and across into New Brunswick.

Craig, B., & Dagenais, M. (2009). *The land in between: The Upper St. John Valley, prehistory to World War I*. Thomaston, ME: Tilbury House, Publishers.

Publisher's Note: "In *The Land Between*, by Beatrice Craig and Maxime Dagenais, the 'land in between' is the upper Saint John Valley, a region straddling the Maine-New Brunswick border. A zone of contacts between different Native American cultures until the arrival of the Europeans, it was disputed by the British and the French in the colonial period and settled by Acadians and French Canadians in the eighteenth century. To this day, it has remained the site of a distinct French American culture, and its residents have striven to preserve their specificity and unity despite the international boundary. *The Land in Between* is a narrative survey history of this fascinating and unique region and is also designed to serve as a reference for teachers, librarians, archivists, and historians. It includes documents (many translated from the original), maps, and an extensive bibliography."

Crosby, H. Ashland Logging Museum Lombard steam log hauler [video file] (2014). Retrieved from <https://youtu.be/U44NepH2nIE?t=18s>

Note: Hauler from Churchill Depot at 18 second mark.

Crosby, H. Cunliffe Depot Lombard log haulers trip [video file] (2014). Retrieved from https://youtu.be/NRj_IHGsh0w?t=2m44s

Note: Describes Lombard objects at Cunliffe Depot with Waterway ranger as guide at 2-minute, 44-second mark.

Crosby, H. Lombard log haulers at Patten Lumbermen's Museum [video file] (2015). Retrieved from <https://youtu.be/kUnl8v67-hw?t=4m30s>

Note: Video description of the water cart at Patten Lumbermen's Museum, with views of the water slide from Churchill Depot at 4-minute, 30-second mark. Produced by Ursus Productions, Waterville, Maine.

Current research. (1968). *American Antiquity*, 33(2), 272–295. Retrieved from

<http://www.jstor.org/stable/278550>

D

Daigle, J. J. (2005). *MR436: Allagash Wilderness Waterway visitor survey 2003* (No. 436). University of Maine Agricultural and Forest Experiment Station.

Note: Daigle leads the University of Maine's parks, recreation, and tourism program. The study was conducted only during spring, summer, and fall. Nonetheless, it is the best source regarding Allagash visitors—which anecdotal evidence suggests has not changed much in the intervening years. Non of the other Waterway visitor studies described by Cieslinski (1980, p. 148) surveyed winter users.

Daigle, J. J., Opuszynski, W., & LaRoche, M. (2017). Fifteen years of change: Campsites in the Allagash Wilderness Waterway. *International Journal Wilderness*, 23(1), 18–24.

Note: This a follow-up on the camping use portion of Daigle's 2005 visitor study.

Dashiel, S. L. (1830). Map of the northern portion of the State of Maine and of the adjacent British Provinces, showing the portion of that State to which Great Britain lays claim. Available from Osher Map Library and Smith Cartographic Center at University of Southern Maine.

David Pingree papers, 1810-1939. (2014). Retrieved from

http://www.pem.org/library/finding_aids/MSS901_DavidPingreePapers.pdf

Note: A description of holdings in the Peabody Essex Museum, Salem, MA.

Delorme. (2015). *Maine Atlas and Gazetteer* (34th). Yarmouth, ME.

Note: Found in many Maine households, this is a classic that is indispensable in learning about the wilds of Maine, including the Allagash Wilderness Waterway.

Desmond, H. (1926). Steel Horses for Long Hauls: Tractors, mechanics, garages, and gasoline enter the spruce woods. *The Northern* (April). Great Northern Paper Company, Spruce Wood Department.

Dietz, L. (1968). *The Allagash*. New York: Holt, Rinehart, and Winston.

Note: Anecdotal history with a focus on the village of Allagash.

Donahue, K. (2009). *Darrell McBreairty collection on John Stadig, MCC-00191*. Acadian

Archives/Archives acadiennes, University of Maine at Fort Kent. Retrieved from

<https://internal.umfk.edu/archives/findingaids/mcc191.pdf>

Note: Twelve-page on-line finding aid for collection of oral interviews, transcripts, and other research materials collected and used by Darrell McBreairty for his publication, Alcatraz Eel: The John Stadig Files.

Donahue, K., & Chamberland, A. (2010). *Marc Chassé oral histories, MCC-00248, finding aid*. Fort

Kent, ME: University of Maine at Fort Kent, Acadian Archives/Archives acadiennes. Retrieved

from <https://internal.umfk.edu/archives/findingaids/mcc248.pdf>

Douglas, W. O. (1961). *My wilderness: East to Katahdin* (First). Garden City, NY: Doubleday & Company, Inc.

Note: Describes Justice Douglas's journeys from Arizona eastward into the Maine Woods, including his 1961 visit to the Allagash in "Allagash."

E

East Branch Dam Company records, 1845-1901. (2015). Retrieved from

http://www.pem.org/library/finding_aids/MSS915_EastBranchDamCompanyRecords.pdf

Note: A description of holdings in the Peabody Essex Museum, Salem, MA.

Eckstrom, F. H. (1908). Thoreau's Maine Woods. *Atlantic Monthly*, CII, 245–250.

Note: See MacDougall (2013) for more about Fannie Hardy Eckstorm.

Eckstrom, F. H. (1949). Down the West Branch of the Penobscot, August 12-22, 1889. *Appalachia*, 480–498.

Eckstrom, F. H. (1960). *Indian place names of the Penobscot Valley and the Maine coast*. University of Maine Press.

Note: While important in its time, this information should be cross referenced with more recent Penobscot, Passamaquoddy, and Maliseet dictionaries (see <https://penobscot-dictionary.appspot.com/entry/search/> and <https://pmportal.org/dictionary/sip>).

Ecological reserve factsheet: Chamberlain Lake (Lock Dam). (2009). Retrieved from

<http://www.maine.gov/dacf/mnap/reservesys/chamberlainlake.pdf>

Edgcomb, M. (2003, September 8). Preserving the Allagash: State may rebuild waterway camps as cultural center. *Bangor Daily News*. Retrieved from <https://archive.bangordailynews.com/>

Note: Describes efforts to reconstruct Taylor Camps and a proposal to develop a Waterway history museum at the confluence of the Allagash and St. John rivers.

Edney, M. H. (1997). Maine wilderness transformed: Timber, sporting, and exploration of the Moosehead region. Retrieved from <http://www.oshermaps.org/exhibitions/maine-wilderness-transformed/>

From Osher Map Library Website: "This exhibition [May 22, 1997 to January 7, 1998] explores of the creation of a landscape of exploitation in interior Maine. The Native

American use of Mt. Kineo rhyolite prefigured, on a small scale, the extensive and paradoxical exploitation after 1820 both of the region's forest resources and of its idealized essence as 'wilderness.' When Henry David Thoreau made his tours through the *Maine Woods* in the 1850s, the area was already the site of heavy capital investment and speculation. After the Civil War, the tourism industry has—paradoxically—developed hand-in-glove with forestry.”

Ephemera. (2016, July). Society of American archivists. Retrieved from

<http://www2.archivists.org/glossary/terms/e/ephemera#.V4EDzjWJWHg/>

Existing Lombard steam log haulers. (2015). Maine Forest and Logging Museum, Inc. Retrieved from

<http://www.maineforestandloggingmuseum.org/lombard-existing-machines>

Note: Alvin Lombard built 83 steam log haulers at his Waterville, Maine factory between 1900 and 1917. Most were used in Maine and New Hampshire, but several were shipped to western states and Canada. Lombard licensed his patented track design to the Phoenix Company in Eau Claire, Wisconsin which produced additional Phoenix log haulers. Many Lombard steam log haulers were recycled for scrap iron during World War II, and only 6 of the original 83 machines are known to still exist. Only 3 in of these are in running condition.

F

Farrar, C. A. (1889). *Down the West Branch: or, camps and tramps around Katahdin*. Boston.

Note: Publisher not identified.

Falk, J. H. (2009). *Identity and the museum visitor experience*. Walnut Creek, CA: Left Coast Press.

Publisher's Note: Understanding the visitor experience provides essential insights into how museums can affect people's lives. Personal drives, group identity, decision-making and meaning-making strategies, memory, and leisure preferences, all enter into the visitor experience. . . . [Falk] identifies five key types of visitors who attend museums and then defines the internal processes that drive them there over and over again.” 301 pages.

Featherstonhaugh, G. W., & Mudge, R. (1988). *In search of the Highlands: Mapping the Canada-*

Maine boundary, 1839: The journals of Featherstonhaugh and Mudge, August to November,

1839. (A. C. McEwen, Ed.). Fredericton, NB: Acadiensis Press.

Note: Includes bibliographical references and index. 120 pages.

Fitzsimmons, E. (2004). Return of the Moosetowner [audio file]. Retrieved from

<http://www.saltstoryarchive.com/projectview.php?id=1305#sthash.Lnt51k96.dpuf>

Publisher's Note: "People from the town of Allagash see the town as more than just their home, but as their identity. Erin Fitzsimmons speaks to Chace Jackson about the pride people have for their hometown, and how changes in the town have forced people to leave, yet they maintain their identity." Audio recording. 5 mins, 34 secs.

Fowler, R. E. (2005). *The Allagash abductions: Undeniable evidence of alien intervention* (Third).

Tigard, OR: Wildflower Press.

Publisher's Note: "A landmark, classic, multiple witness UFO abduction in the wilderness." Paperback. 300+ pages. First published in 1993.

G

Gawler S., & Cutko, A. (2010). *Natural Landscapes of Maine: A Guide to Natural Communities and Ecosystems*. Augusta, ME: Maine Natural Areas Program.

From the Publisher: "This book divides Maine's landscape into smaller pieces—'natural communities' and 'ecosystems'—and assigns names to those pieces based on where they fit in the landscape and on their attendant trees, shrubs, wildflowers, and wildlife species. Each of Maine's 104 natural communities has a two page description with color photographs and distribution maps. Introductory material includes a diagnostic key and how this classification fits into a bigger picture for conservation, and appendices include a cross-reference to other classification types and a glossary." This is an accessible resource for the lay person.

German, A. (2012). *A brief history of Clayton Lake*. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Written for members in Clayton Lake Woodlands Holdings. Includes sources.

Giguere, J. (n.d.) *Memoirs of Joseph Giguere: Resident of Churchill Depot and Tramway, 1926–1946*.

Unpublished manuscript.

Note: According to an unsigned preamble in this typescript, "I found these pages from a diary that was kept by Joseph Giguere, a man who worked at the Tramway. The words are in Mrs. Giguere's handwriting but the story is told by Mr. Giguere." Relates his work and family life. 49 pages. Located in BPL historian files (2017).

Gilpatrick, G. (2003). *Allagash: A journey through time on Maine's legendary wilderness waterway*.

Author.

Publisher's Note: "In Part One you are guided through the present-day Allagash region by Gilpatrick who has been a Master Maine Guide for over 40 years and has guided more than 100 trips through the Waterway. . . . In Part Two you will learn about Maine's colorful lumbering industry going back to the middle of the 1800s. . . . Part Three is about the Bear Clan of the Wabnaki [sic]. Includes bibliography."

Gilpatrick, G. (2004). *The Allagash guide: What you need to know to canoe this famous waterway*.

Author. Available from <https://books.google.com/books?id=wdw6qWsao6YC>

Table of Contents: Introduction, Packing Up and Getting Underway, Your Itinerary, On the Waterway, Camping, A Brief History of the Allagash, and Appendix I - Some sources of additional information. 100 pages.

Grant, S. (2010, July 18). Canoeing the Allagash River in Maine: The 92-Mile Waterway in Maine can

provide a wildly exhilarating oneness with nature. *Hartford Current*. Retrieved from

[http://articles.courant.com/2010-07-18/features/hc-allagash-river-trip-0718-](http://articles.courant.com/2010-07-18/features/hc-allagash-river-trip-0718-20100718_1_wood-and-canvas-canoes-wind-paddling)

[20100718_1_wood-and-canvas-canoes-wind-paddling](http://articles.courant.com/2010-07-18/features/hc-allagash-river-trip-0718-20100718_1_wood-and-canvas-canoes-wind-paddling)

Gray, R. P. (1925). Songs and Ballads of the Maine lumberjack. *American Speech*, 1(3), 181–182.

From the Text: "Of the fifty-three distinct titles, twenty-three have not appeared elsewhere in print."

Guide to the Edmund S. Muskie oral history collection, 1985-2007. (2013). Bates College. Retrieved

from <http://abacus.bates.edu/muskie-archives/EADFindingAids/MOH.html>

Gura, P. F. (1975). Thoreau and John Josselyn. *The New England Quarterly*, 48(4), 505–518. Retrieved

from <http://www.jstor.org/stable/364635>

H

Hafford, F. O. (1986). *Allagash centennial : 1886-1986*. Madawaska, ME: Valley Publishing Company.

Hafford, F. O. (1990). *Call me a Moosetowner: Tales of the Allagash*. Madawaska, ME: Valley Publishing Company.

Hafford, F. O. (1995a). *Beans and biscuits : Tales of the lumber camps*. Madawaska, ME: Valley Publishing Company.

Hafford, F. O. (1995b). *Wouldn't that frost ya?* Author.

Subtitle: "Tales of Michaud Farm."

Hafford, F. O. (n.d.). *Waterway wanderings: A story of the people in the Allagash Wilderness*

Waterway. Author.

Author's Note: "Many thanks to my friends and family who spent many hours telling me of life in the Allagash Region." Written by Faye O'Leary Hafford while Park Receptionist at Michaud Farm on the Allagash Wilderness Waterway.

Hall, M. B. (n.d.). *Results of a search for aboriginal campsites along the shores of the headwater lakes of the Allagash River. Piscataquis County and Aroostook County, Maine*. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Report located in the collection of Abbe Musuem, Bar Harbor, Maine.

Ham, S. H. (2016). *Interpretation: Making a difference on purpose*. Golden, Colorado: Fulcrum Publishing.

Hamlin, H. (1945). *Nine Mile Bridge: Three years in the Maine Woods*. New York: W.W. Norton & Company, Inc.

Publisher's Note: "In the 1930s, in spite of being warned that remote Churchill Depot was no place for a woman, the remarkable Helen Hamlin set off at age twenty to teach school at the isolated lumber camp at the headwaters of the Allagash River. She eventually married a game warden and moved deeper into the wilderness. In her book, Hamlin captures that time in her life, complete with the trappers, foresters, lumbermen, woods folk, wild animals, and natural splendor that she found at Umsaskis Lake and then at Nine Mile Bridge on the St. John River." The preceding from the 2005 Islandport Press second edition. 238 pages.

Hamlin, H. (1948). *Pine, potatoes and people: The story of Aroostook*. New York: W.W. Norton & Company, Inc.

Note: The subtitle describes the focus of the book. One short chapter on Allagash village.

Hamlin, H. L. (2014). *Helen Leidy Hamlin Correspondence*. Retrieved from

http://digitalmainecom/maine_writers_correspondence/ 133

Note: Maine Writers Correspondence, Paper 133. Includes correspondence with Mrs. Robert Earl Lennon and Hilda McLeod Jacob. "This Text is brought to you for free and open access by the Special Collections at Maine State Documents. It has been accepted for inclusion in Maine Writers Correspondence by an authorized administrator of Maine State Documents."

Harkness, O. A. (1927). *The Northern* (November). Great Northern Paper Company, Spruce Wood Department.

Note: Includes photos of tramway conveyor and the Eagle Lake & West Branch Railroad. 3 pages.

Harper, T. F. (1994a). *Inventory of the historic artifacts, Allagash Wilderness Waterway* [Phase 1].

Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Report describes six sites inventoried during Phase 1 of the 3-phase project. Includes topo map showing all sites. "All artifact and structural remains were extensively documented with written notes as well as taped audio descriptions and extensively photographed with black and white 35mm film." Citation encompasses cover letter to Sheila McDonald. Located in BPL historian files (2016).

Harper, T. F. (1994b). *Inventory of the historic artifacts, Allagash Wilderness Waterway* [Phase 2].

Unpublished manuscript.

Note: report describes two sites inventoried during Phase 2 of the 3-phase project. Includes topo map showing all sites. "All artifact and structural remains were extensively documented with written notes as well as taped audio descriptions and extensively photographed with black and white 35mm photos." Located in BPL historian files (2016).

Harper, T. F. (1994c, September). *Proposed plan of preservation and interpretation: Tramway Historic District, Allagash Wilderness Waterway*. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Though the text is unsigned, the drawings were created by T. F. Harper and the information follows from his "Inventory of the Historic Artifacts, Allagash Wilderness Waterway." It was likely created by Harper for the Allagash Alliance, and is therefore attributed to him. Located in BPL historian files (2016).

Harper, T. F. (1995). *Inventory of the historic artifacts, Allagash Wilderness Waterway* [Phase 3].

Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Describes five sites inventoried during the final, Phase 3, of the project. Includes topo map showing all sites. Field notes were submitted, though not found in BPL historian files in 2016. Report located in BPL historian files.

Harper, T. F. (2013, March). *Eagle Lake and West Branch Railroad Passing Track Study*. Unpublished manuscript.

Subtitle: "A study of the claims of a mid-point passing rack and the associated simultaneous operation of both steam locomotives on an opposing schedule." Located in the BPL historian files (2016).

Harper, T. F. (2015, May). *Tracks through time: A history of the Maine Forest and Logging Museum's steam Lombard log hauler*. Retrieved from

<http://www.maineforestandloggingmuseum.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/Maine-Forest-History-and-Logging-Lombard-history.pdf>

Note: Harper is active with the Maine Forest & Logging Museum in Bradley, Maine and has written several articles for the museum. Includes photos and sources cited.

Harper, T. F. (2017). *Comprehensive review: Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks & Lands, Eagle Lake & West Branch Railroad online history*. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Document identifies "factual errors and provides corrections (with referenced supporting documentation) for the Maine Bureau of Parks and Lands (BPL) web page featuring Eagle Lake & West Branch Railroad history:"
http://www.maine.gov/dacf/parks/discover_history_explore_nature/history/allagash/index.shtml.

Harris, W. (2017). *The Allagash is a gem that needs all the support we can muster*. Retrieved from

<http://awwf.org/the-allagash-is-a-gem-that-it-needs-all-the-support-we-can-muster/>

About the Author: "Will Harris worked for the Maine Department of Conservation for thirty years the last seven as Director of the Bureau of Parks and Lands. As Director he oversaw the management of the AWW along with Maine's other 47 State Parks and Historic Sites. Will worked closely with the AWW Advisory Council in its formative years as well as overseeing the AWW Management Plan update in 2012. He was responsible for creating and implementing the State's "Take It Outside" program to reconnect kids and their families

with the natural environment in Maine State Parks and its public lands. Will has canoed, camped and fished on the AWW and surrounding northern Maine lakes and ponds since the 1980's and holds these lands and waters dear to his heart. He retired from State service in 2014." Allagash Wilderness Waterway Foundation blog.

Henderson, J. S. (2016). Townships. Maine: An Encyclopedia. Retrieved from

<http://maineanencyclopedia.com/townships/>

Publisher's Note: "This encyclopedia is an accessible, comprehensive, user-friendly resource with a variety of navigational options and thousands of internal links to related subjects and individuals."

Heron Lake Dam Company records, 1846-1938. (2016). Retrieved from

http://www.pem.org/library/finding_aids/MSS920_HeronLakeDamCompanyRecords.pdf

Note: A description of holdings in the Peabody Essex Museum, Salem, MA.

Heydt, H. A. (n.d.). *The Allagash: Being a moving picture of two tenderfeet and the conspirator on a five hundred mile canoeing trip through the wilderness of Maine and New Brunswick, September, 1923*. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Typescript with photos by James G. MacLean. Written in the form of a movie script. Given to Allagash Wilderness Waterway Foundation in 2016.

Hilton, D. N. (1997). *From York to the Allagash: Forest fire lookouts of Maine, 1905–1991*. Glenburn,

ME: Moosehead Communications, Inc.

Note: General background and history of fire towers in Maine.

Hintz, R., & Thomson, B. (2012). Geoscience Education in the Boy Scouts of America. *Journal*

Geoscience Education, 60(2), 159–167. <https://doi.org/10.5408/09-192.1>

Historical archaeology. (n.d.). Retrieved from

http://www.maine.gov/mhpc/archaeology/historic_archaeology.html

Note: Maine Historic Preservation Commission explains historical archaeology.

History [of Nugents Camps]. (n.d.). Retrieved from <http://www.nugentscamps.com/>

Hopkins, M. A. (1902). Women in the woods. In F. H. Clifford (Ed.), (pp. 123–125). Bangor, ME: Bangor & Aroostook Railroad Co.

Note: This is a chapter in the book *In the Maine Woods*, edited by Clifford (1902b).

Hornsby, S. J., & Judd, R. W. (Eds.). (2015). *Historical atlas of Maine*. University of Maine Press.

Publisher's Note: "After more than a decade of extensive research, the *Historical Atlas of Maine* presents in cartographic form the historical geography of Maine from the end of the last ice age to the year 2000. Organized in four chronological sections, the Atlas tells the principal stories of the many people who have lived in Maine over the past 13,000 years. The Atlas covers the history of Native peoples, European exploration and settlement, the American Revolution, Maine statehood, industrial development, and the rise of tourism and environmental awareness. To tell these stories, the Atlas presents a rich array of newly created maps, historical maps, paintings, graphs, and text. The result is not only a unique interpretation of Maine, but also a splendid visual record of the state's history. 203 pages, with full-color plates, introductory texts, and full citations." Michael J. Hermann, Cartographic Designer.

How the Scots-Irish came to America (and what they brought with them). (n.d.). Retrieved from

<http://www.newenglandhistoricalsociety.com/how-the-scots-irish-came-to-america-and-what-they-brought-with-them/>

Hubbard, L. L. (1884). *Woods and lakes of Maine* (First). Boston: James R. Osgood and Company.

Subtitle: *A trip from Moosehead lake to New Brunswick in a birch-bark canoe, to which are added some Indian place-names and their meanings, now first published*. Edition issued in 1888 by Ticknor and Company, Boston, was reprinted in 1971 by New Hampshire Publishing, Somersworth, NH, with an introduction by Senator Edmund S. Muskie. Full text of first edition available on Google Books. Various editions of the book are available, bound and on microfiche, at several Maine libraries. The detailed map produced by Hubbard (Map of Moosehead Lake and Northern Maine, Embracing the Headwaters of the Penobscot, Kennebec and St. John Rivers) is in the collections of the Osher Map Library at the University of Southern Maine; available on line. Illustrations by Will L. Taylor. Pages 178-180 describe the Allagash. Also description of coming into Allagash viillage.

Huber, J. P. (n.d.). *The wildest country: A guide to Thoreau's Maine*. Boston: Appalachian Mountain Club.

Includes maps.

Huryn A. D., & Harris, S. C. (2000). High species richness of caddisflies (Trichoptera) from a riparian wetland in Maine. *Northeastern Naturalist*, 7(3), 189–204. Retrieved from

<http://www.jstor.org/stable/3858352>

From the Text: “Collections of caddisflies from a riparian wetland associated with Tomah Stream (Washington County, ME) have revealed a rich assemblage of 148 species, comprising approximately one-half of all species known from Maine. This wetland is the only location documented in Maine for 11 species of caddisflies. Seven of these are widely distributed throughout northeastern North America, and their occurrence in Maine is not surprising. Records for four species, however, represent northeastward range extensions of 700–1500 km, and one species, a member of the microcaddisfly genus *Hydroptila*, is new to science. The high species richness of caddisflies documented in this study, combined with the presence of potentially isolated populations of several species with predominantly southern distributions, suggests that the Tomah Stream wetland may be a hotspot for freshwater invertebrate diversity in Maine. Current knowledge, however, is not sufficient to allow conclusions about whether the level of species richness demonstrated in this study is a local-scale phenomenon or one that should generally be expected for riparian wetlands in northeastern North America. . . .Only one location, Allagash , yielded more than 100 species (104 spp.).”

Hussey, A. M. I. (1984). *Bibliography of Maine geology: 1672-1972*. Augusta, ME: Maine Department of Conservation, Maine Geological Survey. Retrieved from

http://digitalmaine.com/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1002&context=geo_docs

Note: First printed in 1974 at Bowdon College on behalf of the Maine State Geologist, the report contains several references to geology of the Allagash region including 19th- and 20th-century reports by O. White, Lawrence A. Wing, James T. Hodge, and Eugene L. Boudette, Norman L. Hatch, Jr., and David S. Harwood.

Inland Fisheries and Wildlife photographs and slides. (2016). Augusta, ME: Maine State Library.

Retrieved from http://digitalmaine.com/ifw_photos/

Note: Contains 3,383 images labeled “Allagash.”

Irland, L. C. (1996). *Land, timber, and recreation in Maine’s Northwoods* (Misc. Publication 730).

University of Maine Agricultural Experiment Station.

J

Jackson, A. (2007). *My life in the Maine Woods: A game warden's wife in the Allagash country*.

Yarmouth, ME: Islandport Press.

Publisher's Note: "Annette Jackson was born in 1906 and grew up in Maine's North Woods. She met Dave Jackson, a game warden at Umsaskis Lake in the Allagash Wilderness area in 1930, and they were married two years later. While raising the couple's children and hunting, fishing, and enjoying herself, Annette also started to write about her experiences. *My Life in the Maine Woods* was first published in 1954. She also wrote a popular newspaper column, "The Wisdom of the Timberlands" for a northern Maine newspaper. She died in 1971 at the age of sixty-five." First published by W.W. Norton, 1954 (1st edition at Boston Athaenaeum). Chapters: Game Warden Wife; My First River Trip; Ten-Point Buck; Winter in the Maine Woods; Bear Stories; The Spring of the Year; Old-Timers; More River Trips; Dave Is Transferred; Allagash Plantation. 216 pages.

Jacobson, B. (2018). *Storied lands & waters of the Allagash Wilderness Waterway: Interpretive plan and heritage resource assessment*. Bath, ME: Allagash Wilderness Waterway Foundation.

Available from <https://digitalmaine.com/books/112>

Abstract: "An interpretive plan . . . articulates a purpose and thematic framework for communicating about 'the Allagash.'" Recommended actions address management's goals; respond to inherent possibilities and constraints; build on current efforts; take advantage of interpretive opportunities; and identify audiences. The plan proposes actions and resources for educators. A heritage resource assessment identifies properties and objects associated with the Waterway in seven historic and cultural resource categories. Proposed management actions help carry out provisions of Maine Bureau of Parks and Lands strategic and management plans, consistent with Bureau policy and best management practices. In general, policy requires managers to 'protect, monitor, and treat' historic and cultural resources under their care."

Jacobson, B., Barker, A., Philbrick, N., Gray, J., Crosen, J., & Beaulier, J. (2018). *Allagash Wilderness Waterway sample lesson plans*. Bath, ME: Allagash Wilderness Waterway Foundation.

Ten lesson plans are offered to engage educators who wish to include Waterway topics in their curricula, either in the classroom or within Allagash Wilderness Waterway.

Jalbert, M. (1993). Turk and Wild Joe: An incident that occurred close to 100 years ago, as told by Allagash River guide Samuel Jalbert. *Echoes No. 20, VII(2)*, 62–65.

Johnson, P. (2016). My days and nights on the Allagash Wilderness Waterway. Retrieved from <http://awwf.org/my-days-and-nights-on-the-aww/>

About the Author: "Paul Johnson worked as a fishery biologist in Maine's Moosehead Lake Region for 35 years. His responsibilities included managing fisheries in the headwaters of the Allagash Wilderness Waterway. Throughout his career he strived to conserve Maine's forested lands and their associated natural resources. In retirement Paul remains dedicated to maintaining these lands, their resources, and their traditional uses." Allagash Wilderness Waterway Foundation blog.

Johnson, S., & Kelly, L. (2007). Marcella Bélanger Violette scrapbook collection finding aid. University of Maine at Fort Kent, Acadian Archives/Archives acadiennes. Retrieved from

https://mycampus.maine.edu/c/document_library/get_file?uuid=75472c14-714f-45cd-a94a-e1d0458ea19a&groupId=219471

Journal of a month-long, 400-mile canoe trip from sea level in Québec, up through uplands of Maine and back to sea level in Penobscot Bay. (n.d.) Retrieved from

<http://www.voodoocanoe.com/adventures/fjournal/contentcalendar.htm>

Note: Accompanying map: <http://www.voodoocanoe.com/adventures/fjournal/route.htm>

Judd, R. W., & Judd, P. A. (1989). *Aroostook: A century of logging in northern Maine*. University of Maine Press.

Note: Illustrated. An on-line search for "Allagash" in this 351-page book returns 81 page matches.

K

Keller, J. T., & Keller, G. P. (n.d.). *How to evaluate and nominate designed historic landscapes* (No. 18).

Washington, DC: U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service. Retrieved from

<https://www.nps.gov/nr/publications/bulletins/nrb18/>

Kelley, E. (n.d.-a). *Allagash roots*. Author.

Kelley, E. (n.d.-b). *Early settlement of Allagash*. Author.

Kidney, D. B. (1969). *Away from it all*. New Jersey/London: A. S. Barnes/Thomas Yoseloff.

Note: Life at Lock Dam. Illustrated. 200 pages.

Kidney, D. B. (1977). *Home in the wilderness: Away from it all in the Allagash woods of Maine*.

Lancaster, Lancashire, UK: Gazelle Book Services Ltd.

Kidney, D. B. (1980). *Wilderness journal: Life, living, contentment in the Allagash woods of Maine*.

Portland, ME: G. Gannett Publishing Company.

Kidney, D. B., & Jacob, H. M. (2015). *Dorothy Boone Kidney Correspondence*. Retrieved from

http://digitalmaine.com/maine_writers_correspondence/298

Note: Maine Writers Correspondence, Paper 298. "This Text . . . has been accepted for inclusion in Maine Writers Correspondence by an authorized administrator of Maine State Documents."

Krohn, W. B., & Hardy, M. (2005). A fall fur-hunt from Maine to New Brunswick, Canada: The 1858

journal of Manly Hardy. *Northeastern Naturalist*, 12(4), 509–540. Retrieved from

<http://www.jstor.org/stable/3858338>

Note: Hardy left the most extensive published record of any of the naturalists who wrote about wildlife in Maine from the late 1800s through the early 1900s. His journals include travel in the Allagash drainage in September, 1858.

L

L'Hommedieu, A. (2002). Townsend, Clinton Blake "Bill" oral history interview. *Edmund S. Muskie Oral*

History Collection, (Paper 387). Retrieved from http://scarab.bates.edu/muskie_oh/387/

Note: Interview includes discussions of early goals of the NRCM; Allagash River issues; and Muskie's misunderstanding with the NRCM regarding Dickey-Lincoln.

L'Hommedieu, A. (2003). Burk, Marshall oral history interview. *Edmund S. Muskie Oral History*

Collection, (Paper 55). Retrieved from http://scarab.bates.edu/muskie_oh/55/

Note: Interview includes discussions of Natural Resources Council of Maine (NRCM); environmental issues; Baxter State Park; Muskie on Allagash issue; and Dickey-Lincoln.

L'Hommedieu, A. (2004a). Smith, William J. "Bill" oral history interview. *Edmund S. Muskie Oral History Collection*, (Paper 368). Retrieved from http://scarab.bates.edu/muskie_oh/368/

Note: Interview includes discussions of Elmer Violette and his work on the Allagash Waterway bill.

L'Hommedieu, A. (2004b). Violette, Dennis oral history interview. *Edmund S. Muskie Oral History Collection*, (Paper 395). Retrieved from http://scarab.bates.edu/muskie_oh/395/

Note: Interview includes discussions of Allagash Wilderness Waterway.

LaRoche, M. (2011). Nugent's Camps 75th Anniversary. Retrieved from <https://www.facebook.com/notes/maine-department-of-agriculture-conservation-and-forestry/nugents-camps-75th-anniversary/10150265142689195/>

LaRoche, M. (2011, September 2). The "wild" in the Allagash Wilderness Waterway. *Bangor Daily News*. Retrieved from <http://bangordailynews.com/>

LaRoche, M. (2012, February 1). The dam that pine built. *Bangor Daily News*. Retrieved from <http://bangordailynews.com/>

LaRoche, M. (2013, October 30). The 'dam in the woods' plays important role. *Bangor Daily News*. Retrieved from <http://bangordailynews.com/>

LaRoche, M. (2016). Celebrating 50 years of conservation. *North Maine Woods*, 14–15.

Larsen, D. L. (Ed.). (2011). *Meaningful interpretation: How to connect hearts and minds to places, objects, and other resources*. Fort Washington, Pennsylvania: Eastern National.

Lewis, W. J. (1981). *Interpreting for park visitors*. Conshohocken, Pennsylvania: Eastern Acorn Press (Eastern National Park and Monument Association).

Leyburn, J. G. (1962). *The Scotch-Irish*. The University of North Carolina Press.

Little, B., & Knoerl, J. (2000). *Guidelines for evaluating and documenting archeological properties* (No. 36). Washington, DC: U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service. Retrieved from <https://www.nps.gov/Nr/publications/bulletins/pdfs/nrb36.pdf>

Lowrey, N. S. (1986). A historical perspective on the northern Maine guide. *Maine Historical Society Quarterly*, 26(1), 2–21.

Note: Relates to interview of Percy Jackson held at the Northeast Archives of Folklore and Oral History.

M

MacDougall, P. M. (2013). *Fannie Hardy Eckstorm and Her Quest for Local Knowledge, 1865–1946*.

Lanham, Maryland: Lexington Books. Available from

<https://books.google.com/books?id=nBBTY3bOxXgC>

Publisher’s Note: “Eckstorm was the daughter of a fur trader living in Maine who published six books and many articles on natural history, woods culture, and Indian language and lore. A writer from Maine with a national readership, Eckstorm drew on her unique relationship with both Maine woodsmen and Maine’s Native Americans that grew out of the time she spent in the woods with her father. She developed a complex system of work largely based on oral tradition, recording and interpreting local knowledge about animal behavior and hunting practices, boat handling, ballad singing, Native American languages, crafts, and storytelling. Her work has formed the foundation for much scholarship in New England folklore and history and clearly illustrates the importance of indigenous and folk knowledge to scholarship.”

MacNutt, W. S. (1963). *New Brunswick, a history: 1784-1867*. Toronto: Macmillan of Canada.

Maine Department of Agriculture Conservation and Forestry, Division of Parks and Public Lands.

(2012). *Allagash Wilderness Waterway management plan*. Augusta, ME.

Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (2014).

Maine state comprehensive outdoor recreation plan, 2014-2019. Augusta, ME. Retrieved from http://digitalmaine.com/parks_docs/11/

Note: This is Maine's State Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP) completed to fulfill the State's obligation under the federal Land and Water Conservation Fund.

Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (2015).

Allagash Wilderness Waterway 2014 annual report. Bangor, ME: Retrieved from

http://www.maine.gov/dacf/parks/publications_maps/docs/2014awwannualreport.pdf

Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (2016a).

Allagash Wilderness Waterway 2015 annual report. Bangor, ME. Retrieved from

http://www.maine.gov/dacf/parks/publications_maps/docs/2015awwannualreport.pdf

Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (2016b).

Allagash Wilderness Waterway guide and map: Iconic Paddling on a wild and scenic river.

Augusta, ME. Retrieved from

http://www.maine.gov/dacf/parksearch/PropertyGuides/PDF_GUIDE/aww-guide.pdf

Note: Full-color, two-sided map and visitor guide. Replaces 2014 brochure.

Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (2017).

Allagash Wilderness Waterway 2016 annual report. Bangor, ME. Retrieved from

http://www.maine.gov/dacf/parks/publications_maps/docs/2016awwannualreport.pdf

Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (n.d.-a).

Allagash Wilderness Waterway background paper: Churchill Depot. Unpublished manuscript.

Located in BPL historian files (2016).

Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (n.d.-b).

Allagash Wilderness Waterway background paper: Churchill/Heron Lake dams. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Located in BPL historian files (2016). In addition to plans listed, it references "Maine Department of Conservation Bureau of Parks and Lands Response to U.S. Corps of Engineers Letter of February 7, 2001, May 2001."

Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (n.d.-c).

Allagash Wilderness Waterway background paper: Long Lake Dam. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Located in BPL historian files (2016).

Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (n.d.-d).

Allagash Wilderness Waterway historical background on the Henry Taylor camps and the Moir farm. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Located in BPL historian files (2016).

Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (n.d.-e).

Pre-historic sites, objects, and features. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: One-page summary of 3 archaeological surveys. Located in BPL historian files (2016).

Maine Department of Conservation. (1989). *Bulletin: Maine Department of Conservation employee news and information.* Retrieved from

http://digitalmaine.com/conservation_newsletters/11/

Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Recreation. (1974). *1973 Survey of Allagash Wilderness Waterway: Visitor use and visitor use characteristics.* Augusta, ME.

Maine Department of Conservation. (1990a). *Bulletin: Maine Department of Conservation employee news and information.* Retrieved from

http://digitalmaine.com/conservation_newsletters/21/

Maine Department of Conservation. (1990b). *Bulletin: Maine Department of Conservation employee news and information.* Retrieved from

http://digitalmaine.com/conservation_newsletters/12/

Maine Department of Conservation. (1991a). *Bulletin: Maine Department of Conservation employee news and information*. Retrieved from

http://digitalmaine.com/conservation_newsletters/23/

Maine Department of Conservation. (1991b). *Bulletin: Maine Department of Conservation employee news and information*. Retrieved from

http://digitalmaine.com/conservation_newsletters/27/

Maine Department of Conservation. (1991c). *A report on Maine Forests Parks and Lands, Fall 1991*. Retrieved from http://digitalmaine.com/conservation_newsletters/75/

Maine Department of Conservation. (1993). *Bulletin: Maine Department of Conservation employee news and information*. Retrieved from

http://digitalmaine.com/conservation_newsletters/28/

Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (2000). *Integrated resource policy for public reserved and nonreserved lands, state parks, and state historic sites*. Augusta, ME.

Retrieved from https://www1.maine.gov/dacf/parks/publications_maps/docs/irp.pdf

Note: Policy laid out in this 107-page document provided the basis for recommendations in seven historic and cultural resource categories for resources of the Allagash Wilderness Waterway in *Storied Lands & Waters*. Other resource management guidance, for example for natural resources, is also delineated. 107 pages.

Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (2004). Allagash Wilderness Waterway background paper: The Lombard log hauler—national historic engineering landmark. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Located in BPL historian files (2016).

Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (2010a). Allagash Wilderness Waterway brochure. Augusta, ME.

Note: Two-page, full-color foldout brochure.

Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands BPL. (2010b). *Allagash Wilderness Waterway strategic plan*. Augusta, ME. Retrieved from

http://statedocs.maine.gov/parks_docs/9/

Maine Department of Conservation and Forestry, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (2010c). *State parks, state historic sites, and public reserved lands*. Augusta, ME: Retrieved from

http://statedocs.maine.gov/parks_docs/2/

Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (2012). *Allagash Wilderness Waterway 2011 annual report*. Bangor, ME. Retrieved from

http://statedocs.maine.gov/parks_docs/4/

Maine State Library Digital Maine, Parks and Public Lands Documents, Paper 4.

Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (2013). View campsites on Google Earth. Retrieved from

http://www.maine.gov/dacf/parks/publications_maps/gis/aww_ge/aww.kml?

Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (2014a). *Allagash Wilderness Waterway 2013 annual report*. Bangor, ME. Retrieved from

http://statedocs.maine.gov/parks_docs/5/

Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (2014b). Allagash Wilderness

Waterway brochure. Augusta, ME. Retrieved from http://statedocs.maine.gov/parks_docs/3/

Note: Fold-out, full-color brochure. Update of 2010 version. Maine State Library Digital Maine, Parks and Public Lands Documents, Paper 3.

Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands. History and tradition in the Allagash Wilderness Waterway [video file] (2014c). Augusta, ME: Retrieved from

<https://youtu.be/i0XNY-TxLck/>

Note: Part 5 of 9 videos about the Waterway produced by BPL.

Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Game, Maine Division of Information and Education News Service. (Ed.). (1967). *Field notes*. Retrieved from http://digitalmaine.com/ifw_news/147/

Maine fire towers. (2015). Forest Fire Lookout Association. Retrieved from <http://www.firelookout.org/lookouts/me/me.htm#updates>

Maine Historic Preservation Commission. (2015). *Heritage for the future: Maine's historic preservation plan*. Augusta, ME.

Maine Ulster-Scots project. (n.d.). Maine Ulster-Scots Project. Retrieved from <http://www.maineulsterscots.com/index.html>

Note: This website was under construction. The sponsors maintain a Facebook page and were organizing a August, 2018, conference in Brunswick, Maine.

Marvinney, R. (2005). *Maine geologic facts and localities: Allagash Falls geology*. Augusta, ME: Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Maine Geological Survey.

McBreairty, D. (1977). *At Ant Ev's*. Madawaska, ME: Valley Publishing Company.

Note: 78 pages.

McBreairty, D. (1982). *Conversations with A'nt Ev*. Madawaska, ME: Valley Publishing Company.

McBreairty, D. (2005). *Alcatraz Eel: The John Stadig files*. Author.

McBreairty, D. (2010). *Allagash summers: The Philip Calvin Hughey Sr. photographs*. Author.

From the Text: "The Reverend Philip Calvin Hughey Sr. first came to Allagash in the 1920s, and, although he served as a Baptist minister in such places as New York City and Boston, he always returned to Allagash in the summer. During his time as pastor in Boston, he and members of his family photographed the people and activities in this tiny northern community. . . . Log drives are included as well as early depictions of the Allagash Falls with remnants of long forgotten bulwarks. Farms and homesteads that were destroyed generations ago are depicted. . . . A transcript of a recording done with members of the Hughey family in 1975 detailing the long career of Rev. Hughey and his love for the people of Allagash is included in the book." 106 pages.

McClelland, L. F., & Melnick, R. Z. (1999). *Guidelines for evaluating and documenting rural historic landscapes* (No. 30). Washington, DC: U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service.

Retrieved from <https://www.nps.gov/nr/publications/bulletins/pdfs/nrb30.pdf>

McGowan P., & Hockmeyer, K. Northrunner: A documentary film celebrating the 40th anniversary of the Allagash Wilderness Waterway [video] (2007). Down East Books.

Note: Background about the Waterway and controversies over access.

McMahon, J. (1981). *Planning Report No. 74: Maine's whitewater rapids and their relevance to the Critical Areas Program*. Augusta, ME: Critical Areas Program, Maine State Planning Office.

Retrieved from http://digitalcommons.usm.maine.edu/me_collection/137

Note: Biologist Janet McMahon recommends Chase Carry Rapids as one of 38 rapids in Maine that be evaluated as Maine Critical Areas (p. 140). The recommendation followed a critical review and consideration of 189 Maine rapids.

McPhee, J. (1982). *The survival of the bark canoe* (Reprint edition). Farrar, Straus and Giroux.

Note: The story not only of birchbark canoe maker Henri Vaillancourt of Greenville, New Hampshire, and his work, but of the canoe's role in American history. Includes a trip in the "Penobscot-Allagash wilderness, north of Moosehead Lake." 114 pages.

Merle, L. (2008). Scotch-Irish in New England. Retrieved from

<http://homepages.rootsweb.ancestry.com/merle/History/SI-NE.htm>

From the Website: "These webpages were created for the purpose of providing some assistance with researching Ulster Scots and Scotch-Irish ancestors both on the Internet and in libraries by Linda Merle. . . . She has a masters degree in Comparative Literature from Penn State and a teaching degree from Clarion State University."

Meteoblue. (n.d.). Climate Allagash State Wilderness Waterway. Retrieved from

https://www.meteoblue.com/en/weather/forecast/modelclimate/allagash-state-wilderness-waterway_united-states-of-america_4956622

Note: The meteoblue climate diagrams are based on 30 years of hourly weather model simulations and available for every place on Earth. They give good indications of typical climate patterns and expected conditions (temperature, precipitation, sunshine and wind).

The simulated weather data have a spatial resolution of approximately 30 km and may not reproduce all local weather effects, such as thunderstorms, local winds, or tornadoes.

Modern house in woods: Maine man to build 25,000 residence far from civilization. (1904). *Maine Woods*, XXVI(33).

Note: Article appears in the *Maine Woods* newspaper published in Phillips, ME.

Moldenhauer, J. J. (Ed.). (1972). *The Maine Woods*. Princeton University Press.

Publisher's Note: "The *Maine Woods* is a characteristically Thoreauvian book: a personal account of exploration, of exterior and interior discovery in a natural setting, conveyed in taut, workmanlike prose. Thoreau's evocative renderings of the life of the primitive forest—its mountains, waterways, fauna, flora, and inhabitants—are valuable in themselves. But his impassioned protest against despoilment in the name of commerce and sport, which even by the 1850s threatened to deprive Americans of the 'tonic of wildness,' makes *The Maine Woods* an especially vital book for our time. This edition presents Thoreau's fullest account of the wilderness as he intended it." 485 pages.

Moorehead, W. K. (1922). *Archaeology of Maine*. Andover, MA: Andover Press.

Note: Perhaps the first published reference to archaeological sites of the Allagash; account of explorations by Warren K. Moorehead between 1912 and 1920. In 1912, he recorded about 15 "small sites" along the shores of the Allagash. Leaving in early May Moorehead and a small crew, "with Frank Capino, a Penobscot Indian, as guide," journeyed by canoe about 220 miles from Northeast Carry to Fort Kent, at the mouth of the Fish River.

Morrison, K. M. (1972). *Background report for the proposed Henry David Thoreau Trail*. Unpublished manuscript.

Located in the files of the Maine Historic Preservation Commission (2016).

Morrison, P. (2003, January). *Initial observations on the Moir farm standing structures, T15 R11 WELS, Aroostook County, Maine, in the Allagash Wilderness Waterway*. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Located in BPL historian files (2016).

N

National Geographic Society. (n.d.). National Geographic Allagash Wilderness Waterway North Trail Map.

Note: National Geographic's recreational maps of the Allagash Wilderness Waterway are two-sided, waterproof maps designed to meet the needs of outdoor enthusiasts. Folded 4.5 x 9.25 in., Fully opened 26 x 38 in. Scale: 1:63,360

National Geographic Society. (n.d.). National Geographic Allagash Wilderness Waterway South Trail Map.

Note: National Geographic's recreational maps of the Allagash Wilderness Waterway are two-sided, waterproof maps designed to meet the needs of outdoor enthusiasts. Folded 4.5 x 9.25 in., Fully opened 26 x 38 in. Scale: 1:63,360

National Research Council, & others. (2009). *Learning science in informal environments: People, places, and pursuits*. National Academies Press.

Nicoll, D. (1998a). Martin, John oral history interview. *Edmund S. Muskie Oral History Collection*, (Paper 238). Retrieved from http://scarab.bates.edu/muskie_oh/238/

Note: Interview includes discussions of Dickey Lincoln and Allagash Waterway projects.

Nicoll, D. (1998b). Violette, Elmer oral history interview. *Edmund S. Muskie Oral History Collection*, (Paper 397). Retrieved from http://scarab.bates.edu/muskie_oh/397

http://scarab.bates.edu/muskie_oh/397 http://scarab.bates.edu/muskie_oh/397/

Note: Interview includes discussions of Dickey-Lincoln and Allagash Wilderness Waterway.

Nicoll, D. (2016). My first encounters with the Allagash. Retrieved from <http://awwf.org/my-first-visit-to-the-allagash/>

About the Author: "Don Nicoll is one of the few people alive who has been directly involved with the Allagash Wilderness Waterway since it was envisioned during the great debates over the construction of the Dickey-Lincoln School Dam on the St. John River. Don worked as a staff member in the United States House and Senate and he was a policy planner in government, health care, and education. His Allagash ties date from work as Senator Edmund Muskie's administrative assistant. Later, Don was the Allagash Wilderness Waterway Working Group chair, Advisory Council founding chair, and AWW founding president." Allagash Wilderness Waterway Foundation blog entry.

Nicoll, D., & Terwilliger, S. (1999). Stuart, Lawrence oral history interview. *Edmund S. Muskie Oral History Collection*, (Paper 379). Retrieved from http://scarab.bates.edu/muskie_oh/379/

Note: Interview includes discussions of a trip to the Allagash around the time of establishment of the Allagash Waterway. Mentions a film made during the trip. "Lawrence 'Larry' Stuart was born in Hallowell in 1909. His father was principal of Cony High School and superintendent of schools in Augusta where they lived until 1923. He attended Melrose High School; Bowdoin College from 1928 to 1930; and Tufts College, graduating in 1932 with a Bachelor's degree in science and education. He taught school in Plymouth, Maine, served as principal and teacher for three years at Pennell Institute in Gray, Maine, and as principal at Hallowell School, Southwest Harbor High School, Cape Elizabeth High School (1949-1951), Madison High School, and Rangeley High School (one year). He also served as a Department of Fish and Game Conservation educator and director of State Parks in Maine."

Nieuland, E. A. (1976). How Maine seceded from the Union. *The Old Orchard Apple*, 1(12).

Note: Has just one mention of the so-called "Allagash hat" in a serial story.

North Maine Woods, Inc. (2016). North Maine Woods, Inc. Retrieved from

<http://www.northmainewoods.org/>

Northern Forest Canoe Trail. (2010). *Northern Forest Canoe Trail guidebook: Enjoy 740 miles of canoe and kayak destinations in New York, Vermont, Quebec, New Hampshire, and Maine* (First).

Seattle, WA: Mountaineers Books.

From the Publisher: "The Northern Forest Canoe Trail (NFCT) links the waterways of New York, Vermont, Quebec, New Hampshire, and Maine. This is the official guidebook to the whole 740-mile trail and reflects the broad mission of the NFCT: To celebrate the rich human heritage and diverse natural environment of the Northern Forest by establishing a water trail that traces historic Native American travel routes across the region." Includes maps and trip planners showing the Allagash and connecting canoe routes.

O

O'Leary, T. (2015, January 9). The Moir Farm part of rich Allagash history. *Bangor Daily News*.

Retrieved from <http://bangordailynews.com/>

Note: Waterway ranger Trevor O'Leary describes his connections the northern Allagash river: "The good housewife mentioned in Lucius Hubbard's [1884] book is very likely my great-great-great grandmother. How cool is that? As a ranger on the Allagash Wilderness Waterway, I am honored to have the Moir farm in my district. I am even more honored to tell people I am the seventh generation of O'Learys to work, live, or recreate on the Allagash River. Assistant Ranger Kale O'Leary, who also works on the waterway, is the eighth generation to do the same."

Olson, Ken. (2002). *River of broken promises: A Report on state management of the Allagash*

Wilderness Waterway under the National Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968. Bar Harbor, ME:

Allagash Partners. Retrieved from https://digitalmaine.com/nrcm_reports/2

From the executive summary: "River of Broken Promises enumerates the violations of the [National Wild and Scenic Rivers] Act and other binding agreements. The report does not investigate why DOC [Maine Department of Conservation] has executed a continuing pattern of noncompliance, but five general possibilities exist: honest ignorance of the Act, institutional indifference to the Act, hostility toward the Act, political influence, or some combination of the above. The report does not suggest ways the Allagash can be restored, but they are legion." The 103-page monograph has 19 exhibits containing related documents.

Olson, Ken. (2001). Summary of the History of the Allagash Wilderness Waterway. Bar Harbor, ME:

Allagash Partners. Retrieved from https://digitalmaine.com/nrcm_reports/1

P

Palmer, R. S. (1949). Rufus Philbrook, trapper. *The New England Quarterly*, 22(4), 452–474. Retrieved from <http://www.jstor.org/stable/361944>

From the Text: "Abiel P. Willard, much older than Rufus, a hunter of great reputation though a poor woodsman. Shortly after the Civil War he was murdered on Allagash waters, for the furs he had, by a character known as Dirty Donald," [end quote]

Parker, P. L., & King, T. F. (1998). *Guidelines for evaluating and documenting traditional cultural*

properties (No. 38). Washington, DC: U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service.

Retrieved from <https://www.nps.gov/Nr/publications/bulletins/pdfs/nrb38.pdf>

Pawling, M. A. (Ed.). (2007). *Wabanaki homeland and the new state of Maine: The 1820 journal and plans of survey of Joseph Treat*. University of Maine Press.

Pelletier, C. C., & Allagash/Historical/Society. (2009). *Christmas in Allagash: The Early Years*. Allagash, ME: Northern Maine Books.

Note from Historical Society: "Over 70 Allagashers talk about the holiday season and growing up in our town, from the 1920s to the 1940s."

Pelletier, L. (2010). *A is for Allagash: A lumberjack's life*. (C. Pelletier, Ed.). Allagash, ME: Northern Maine Books.

Note: Author Cathie Pelletier's father Louis tells of his life in the Allagash, Maine, area, as told to her.

Perrault, G. N. (1986). *Memories grow on trees/l'arbre des memoires*. Author (with support of State of Maine Innovation Education Program).

Note: Author's recollections of life in the vicinity of St. Francis, ME. Includes description of "Mr. Colniff's" use of Lombard log haulers. French and English. 79 pages.

Perrault, G. N., & Atwell, D. (2001). *I've been working on the railroad: train stories from the people of St. Francis*. St. Francis, Maine: St. Francis Historical Society.

Note: Illustrations include drawings by third and fourth grade students of St. Francis. No publication information is included in this 8-1/2 x 11" staple-bound booklet, with color cover. Probably produced by St. Francis (ME) Historical Society.

Pingree family scrapbook collection, 1849-1972. (2015). Retrieved from

http://www.pem.org/library/finding_aids/MSS927_PingreeFamilyScrapbookCollection.pdf

Note: A description of holdings in the Peabody Essex Museum, Salem, MA.

Pingree/Wheatland photograph collection, 1899-1937, 1977. (2015). Retrieved from

http://www.pem.org/library/finding_aids/MSS932_PingreeWheatlandPhotographCollection.pdf

Note: A description of holdings in the Peabody Essex Museum, Salem, MA.

Pond's Sheer Boom Company records, 1878-1899. (2016). Retrieved from

http://www.pem.org/library/finding_aids/MSS936_PondsSheerBoomCompanyRecords.pdf

Note: A description of holdings in the Peabody Essex Museum, Salem, MA.

Prehistoric archaeology. (n.d.). Retrieved from

http://www.maine.gov/mhpc/archaeology/prehistoric_archaeology.html

Note: Maine Historic Preservation Commission explains prehistoric archaeology.

Prins, H. E. L. (1990). *Tribulations of a border tribe: Discourse on the political ecology of the Aroostook Band of the Micmacs*. New School for Social Research, New York.

Prins, H. E. L. (2002). *The Mi'kmaq: resistance, accommodation, and cultural survival*. Fort Worth, Texas: Harcourt Brace College Publishers.

Publisher's Note: "Chronicled here are 500 years of the complex dynamics of Mi'kmaq culture. This text explores the group as a tribal nation—their ordeals in the face of colonialism and their current struggle for self-determination and cultural revitalization." 250 pages.

Putnam, D. E. (1997a). *Archaeological investigation of the headwater lakes region, Allagash Wilderness Waterway, northern Maine*. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Report on file, Maine Historic Preservation Commission, Augusta, ME (2016).

Putnam, D. E. (1997b). *Archaeological survey of the Churchill Dam impoundment, Allagash Wilderness Waterway, northern Maine*. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Located in the files of the Maine Historic Preservation Commission (2016).

Putnam, D. E. (2000a). *The results of additional archaeological phase I survey of the proposed Johns Bridge canoe access, Allagash Wilderness Waterway, northern Maine*. Unpublished manuscript.

Author's Note: Prepared for the Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands, Augusta, Maine. Located in BPL historian files (2016).

Putnam, D. E. (2000b). *The results of an archaeological phase I survey of the proposed Johns Bridge canoe access, Allagash Wilderness Waterway, northern Maine*. Unpublished manuscript.

Author's Note: Prepared for the Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands, Augusta, Maine. Located in BPL historian files (2016).

Q, R

Remembering the contributions of Marcella and Elmer Violette [video file] (2013). Retrieved from

<https://youtu.be/Yxi0tQFwoS0/>

Note: A community tribute video to Elmer and Marcella Violette that accompanies Mrs. Violette's scrapbook collection. Includes an account by Don Nicoll, advisor to Senator Edmund Muskie, of their relations in establishing the Waterway as well as "annual inspection" trips thereafter. Similarly John Martin, a longtime Maine legislator who served with Judge Violette on the committee that created the Waterway, shares his remembrances.

Reviving Canoe Culture. [video file]. (2002). Retrieved from

<https://www.peabody.harvard.edu/node/2126>

Note: This series of short videos by Peabody Museum of Archaeology and Ethnology at Harvard University documents a Penobscot Nation canoe-building project.

Rogers, L. A. (1966). The Telos cut. *The Northern Logger*.

Note: Publishing information was not included on the available reproduction. Lore A. Rogers was curator at the Lumbermen's Museum in Patten, ME.

Rogers L. A., & Scribner, C. W. (1982). *A national historic mechanical engineering landmark: Lombard steam log hauler*.

Note from Text: "The text of the commemorative brochure is a reprint of the article, 'The Log Haulers,' by Lore A. Rogers and Caleb W. Scribner, former curators of the [Patten] Lumberman's Museum. The article first appeared in the August, 1967 issue of The Northern Logger." Publishing information for the 1987 edition was not supplied.

Rust, M., & Lovaglio, R. B. (2002). Memorandum of agreement between Maine Department of Conservation and United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service.

Note: Memorandum of Agreement requires a program of historical resource identification, planning, and preservation in the Allagash Wilderness Waterway. The agreement requires that the program's implementation involve the Allagash Wilderness Waterway Advisory Council, landowners, National Park Service, and interested groups.

Rutherford, P. R. (1971). *The dictionary of Maine place-names*. Freeport, ME: Bond Wheelwright Co.

S

Scharoun S. R., & Bartone, R. N. (2007). Archaeological phase 0 study of the Plum Creek development, Moosehead Lake region, Somerset and Piscataquis Counties, Maine. University of Maine at Farmington, Archaeology Research Center.

Note: Contains historic context for the logging industry in Maine. Located in Maine Historic Preservation files (2016).

Schneider, J. (2003). *Allagash River towboat*. Bangor, ME: Furbush-Roberts Printing Company.

Schreiber, L. (n.d.). Birchbark Canoes: A connection to the Wabanaki and their land. Retrieved from <https://maineboats.com/print/issue-140/birchbark-canoes>

Seal, C. (n.d.). *Thoreau's Maine Woods: Yesterday and today*. Emmaus, Pennsylvania: Yankee Books.

Selva, S. B. (1988). The Caliciales of northern Maine. *The Bryologist*, 91(1), 2–17. Retrieved from <http://www.jstor.org/stable/3242733>

Abstract: "Thirty-five species belonging to ten genera of Caliciales are reported for Maine north of Mount Katahdin. Twenty-three are new records for the state and one, *Chaenothecopsis brevipes Tibell*, is a new record for the Northern Hemisphere. An identification key is presented as are diagnoses and information on the taxonomy and ecology of each species."

Seven Islands Land Company records, 1794-1967, 1981. (2015). Retrieved from

http://www.pem.org/library/finding_aids/MSS931_SevenIslandsLandCompanyRecords.pdf

Note: A description of holdings in the Peabody Essex Museum, Salem, MA.

Sinclair, J. (2007). *Tote roads and memoires*. Ashland, ME: North Maine Woods, Inc.

Note: Among his many accomplishments, the author helped establish the Seven Islands Lands Company and North Miane Woods, Inc., as well as initiated the Miane High Adventure Program of the Boy Scouts of America. Includes a "Game Wardens" section. 164 pages.

Sirgo, H. (1998). Nicoll, Don oral history interview. *Edmund S. Muskie Oral History Collection*, (Paper 303). Retrieved from http://scarab.bates.edu/muskie_oh/303/

Sleeper, F. H. (2002). *Baxter State Park and the Allagash River*. Charleston, South Carolina: Arcadia Publishing.

Note: A photo history which includes many images in the collection of University of Maine at Presque Isle instructor David Putnam's family, which he has offered for use by BPL for interpretation. 128 pages.

Smith, D. C. (1972). *History of lumbering in Maine, 1861-1960*. University of Maine Press.

Note: Includes bibliography and index.

Smith, E. W. (1965). *Upriver and Down: Stories from the Maine Woods*. Holt, Rinehart and Winston.

Note: Contains an account of William O. Douglas's trip down the Allagash in 1960, "Down the Allagash with Justice Douglas and the Old Guide" (pp. 220-240). The old guide referred to is Willard Jalbert.

Smith, G. (2016). *Maine Sporting Camps*. Camden, ME: Down East Books. Available from

<https://books.google.com/books?id=K0JKDAAAQBAJ>

Special collections: guide to the Bert Call photograph collection, Fogler Library, University of Maine.

(2015). Retrieved from <http://library.umaine.edu/speccoll/FindingAids/CallBert.htm>

Speck, F. G. (1915). The eastern Algonkian Wabanaki confederacy. *American Anthropologist*, 17, 492–508.

Speck, F. G. (1917). Malecite Tales. *Journal American Folklore*, Vol. 30, No. 118 (Oct. - Dec., 1917), 479–485. Retrieved from <http://www.jstor.org/stable/534497>

Note: Includes a story that relates to river stewardship: "Aglebe'm, the Monstrous Frog; a Maliseet Story," adapted from Dozay's Koluskap of the Wabanaki, told by Gabe Paul.

Speck, F. G. (1935). Penobscot tales and religious beliefs. *Journal American Folklore*, 48(187), 1–107. Retrieved from <http://www.jstor.org/stable/535328>

Note: Deals with religious belief, from a 1935 perspective.

Speck, F. G., & Hadlock, W. S. (1946). A report on tribal boundaries and hunting areas of the Malecite Indian of New Brunswick. *American Anthropologist*, 48(3), 355–374. Retrieved from <http://www.jstor.org/stable/662702>

From the Text: “Sabatis Family: Wapaskes, ‘White Hair,’ Sabatis, who died about eighty years ago, hunted in the regions of Black river, Fish river, and the Allegash river” (p. 372).

Spiess, A. (2002). Paleoindian artifacts in the Allagash, northwestern Maine. *Maine Archaeological Society Bulletin*, 42(1), 35–40.

Spiess, A. (2003). *John’s Bridge area, Allagash Waterway prehistoric archaeological sites: Preliminary assessment of National Register eligibility. September 2002, January 2003*. Augusta, ME: Maine Historic Preservation Commission. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Located in Maine Historic Preservation files (2016).

Spiess, A. (2004a). *Allagash fieldwork 2004 narrative. Augusta, ME: Maine Historic Preservation Commission*. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Located in Maine Historic Preservation files (2016).

Spiess, A. (2004b). *John’s Bridge area, Allagash Wilderness Waterway: 2003 prehistoric archaeological sites survey*. Augusta, ME: Maine Historic Preservation Commission. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Located in Maine Historic Preservation files (2016).

Spiess, A. (2009). *A brief survey of Allagash Lake 2008. Augusta, ME: Maine Historic Preservation Commission*. Unpublished manuscript.

Note: Located in Maine Historic Preservation files (2016).

Spiess, A., & Board of Maine Archaeological Society. (2009). Maine precontact artifact timeline.

Note: Full-color, two-sided poster; images on one side and text on the other.

Springer, J. S. (1856). *Forest life and forest trees*. New York: Harper & Brothers.

Subtitle: "Comprising winter camp-life among the loggers and wild-wood adventure. With descriptions of lumbering operations on the various rivers of Maine and New Brunswick." This has had many reprints, one as late as 2016. From an Internet Amazon Vine Review: "It is divided into two parts, 'Forest Life' and 'River Life,' reflecting the way in which the logger's year was divided into harvesting trees and getting them down the river to the mills. Springer provides fascinating information about the daily life of loggers, from how camps were constructed, to the division of labor at the camps, to how the loggers were greeted at the end of the season in the mill towns as they brought the season's harvest in. He describes how the oxen teams were brought into camp, and the additional hazards and challenges of working with the oxen. He records details of camp cooking, and how the Sabbath was observed at camp, as well as how enormous trees were brought down with only axes."

Stanton, G. S. (1905). *Where the sportsman loves to linger. A narrative of the most popular canoe trips in Maine. The Allagash, the east and west branches of the Penobscot*. New York: J. S. Ogilvie Publishing Co.

Note: The telling of trip from New York to Fort Kent and back circa 1905 by Gerrit Smith Stanton (1797– 1874), a United States social reformer, abolitionist, politician, and philanthropist. Chapters: I. New York to Moosehead Lake; II. From Moosehead to Chesuncook Lake; III. Chesuncook to Umasskis Lake; IV. Umsaskis Lake to Fort Kent V. Fort Kent to West Branch—Mount Katahdin; VI. West Branch—Mount Katahdin to Sourdnahunk Dead Water; VII. Sourdnahunk Dead Water to Chesuncook VIII. "Suncook" to Grand Lake; IX. From Grand Lake Home. Illustrated. 123 pages.

Steele, T. S. (1880). *Canoe and camera: A two hundred mile tour through the Maine forests*. New York: Orange Judd Company.

Note: Includes 60 illustrations and map (21 x 14 cm.) in pocket. Chapter IV, pp. 65-78, includes visit to Chamberlain Farm with descriptions of the buildings. 139 pages. Also a 1882 edition published by Estes and Lauriat of Boston.

Steele, T. S. (1882). *Paddle and portage, from Moosehead lake to the Aroostook River, Maine*. Boston: Estes & Lauriat.

Note: Illustrated at Day's Studio, New York, from Photographs Made by the Author. Detailed topo map in pocket (copy at Boston Athaenaeum in very bad condition). 148 pages.

Stowe, W. W. (2010). *Transcendental vacations: Thoreau and Emerson in the wilderness. The New England Quarterly*, 83(3), 482–507. Retrieved from <http://www.jstor.org/stable/20752714>

Note: Includes Thoreau quotes about the Allagash to illustrate his take on logging activities and Native Americans.

Stowell, R. F. (Ed.). (1970). *A Thoreau gazetteer*. Princeton University Press.

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http://www.maine.gov/dacf/parks/about/submerged_lands.shtml

Note: Describes the submerged lands program of the Maine Bureau of Parks and Lands.

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Telos Canal Company records, 1846-1966. (n.d.). Retrieved from

<http://ursus.maine.edu/record=b3826923 S1>

Note: Describes holdings of University of Maine Fogler Library.

Telos canal documents, ca. 1936-1987. In Maine Historical Society, Anderson, Hayden L. V. Maine

Narrow Gauge Railroad and the Cumberland & Oxford Canal collection, 1807-1999. Coll.

2757. (2014).

The Definitions Project. (2007). National Association of Interpretation. Retrieved from

<http://www.definitionsproject.com/definitions/>

Note: The Definitions Project of the National Association of Interpretation offers definitions for use by anyone who needs them, resulting from a series of meetings with representatives of federal agencies, professional organizations, and NGOs.

The principles of universal design, version 2.0. (1997). Retrieved from

https://projects.ncsu.edu/www/ncsu/design/sod5/cud/about_ud/udprinciples.htm

Note: Prepared by the Center for Universal Design, North Carolina State University

Thoreau, H. D. (1848). Ktaadn, and the Maine Woods. *The Union Magazine*, III, 29–33.

Thoreau, H. D. (1864). *The Maine Woods*. Boston: Ticknor and Fields.

Note: Thoreau's account of the excursion called, "The Allegash and East Branch," was published posthumously as the third chapter. Some sources show Osgood as the publisher. Includes appendix of "A List of Indian Words." Republished in 1877. 344 pages.

Thoreau, H. D. (1950). *The Maine Woods* (1st ed.). New York: Norton.

Note: With notes by Dudley C. Lunt. Illustrated by Henry Bugbee Kane. 340 pages.

Thoreau, H. D. (1998). *The Maine Woods*. Portland, ME: The Ascensus Press.

Note: Edition limited to 45 copies illustrated by Jon Luoma of Alna, Maine; on paper handmade by Macgregar and Vinzani of Whiting, Maine; binding designed by Gray Parrot and Scott Vile in Hancock, Maine; and housed in a slipcase made of Maine White Pine and mahogany. Boston Athenaeum has copy no. 27.

Thoreau, H. D. (n.d.). *The Maine Woods: A fully annotated edition*. (J. S. Cramer, Ed.) (1st ed.). New Haven: Yale University Press.

Note: Includes bibliographical references (p. 343-349) and index. 360 pages.

Thoreau, H. D., Moldenhauer, J., & Gleason, H. W. (1977). *The illustrated Maine Woods: With photographs from the Gleason collection*. Princeton University Press.

Note: Includes Thoreau's description of the "Allegash."

Thoreau-Wabanaki Trail. (2016). Retrieved from <http://www.thoreauwabanakitrail.org/trail-map.html>

Note: Map showing Thoreau's 1846, 1853, and 1857 itineraries in the North Woods of Maine. The Thoreau-Wabanaki Trail initiative involves many people and groups interested in the historic, cultural and spiritual aspects of Henry David Thoreau's Maine journeys, and the ways in which his views were influenced and shaped by the Penobscot Indian guides. Developed by Maine Woods Forever, Dover-Foxcroft, Maine.

Tilden, F. (1957). *Interpreting our heritage: Principles and practices for visitor services in parks, museums, and historic places*. University of North Carolina Press.

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U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service. (1999). *How to complete the National Register multiple property documentation form* (No. 15). Washington, DC. Retrieved from

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U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Historic Buildings Survey/Historic American Engineering Record. (1990). *Secretary of the Interior's standards and guidelines for architectural and engineering documentation: HABS/HEAR standards*.

Note: Originally published in the Federal Register on September 29, 1983, several on-line versions contain updates and supplements.

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Note: Shows the locomotives and pulp cars at Tramway. Beware: turn down the music volume.

V

Valleau, S. L. (1975). *Lumbering History of the Allagash* (No. 74-4). Environmental Studies Center of the University of Maine at Orono.

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Note: A web page that describes the E. H. Violette Wilderness Camp, located about a mile from the Allagash Wilderness Waterway watercourse, and “a two hour drive from campus, via the North Maine Woods’ St. Francis gate over good dirt roads.” The facility has bunkrooms, a full kitchen and bathroom, and a large classroom area, all of which conform to ADA standards. University students use the camp year-round for fieldwork in courses related to forestry, aquatics, winter ecology, and wilderness ethics

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Wabanaki traditional technology brought to life through DRA/Lincoln Academy Partnership. (2017).

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Note: Account of 1911 trip down the West Branch and Allagash rivers. Original with 45 photos in the collection of the Maine Historical Society, Portland, Maine.

Wood, R. G. (1971). *History of lumbering in Maine, 1820-1861*. University of Maine Press.

Note: Originally published 1935. New introduction by David C. Smith in 1971 edition. 267 pages.

X, Y, Z

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