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The Oxford Democrat

IS

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GEO. H. WATKINS,

Editor and Proprietor.

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RUMFORD, ME.

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S. B. MORSE, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon,
PARIS, MAINE.
Office at residence of Mrs. A. H. Mason, Paris Hill.

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Physicians & Surgeons, NORWAY, MAINE.
Office hours, 8 to 11, a. m. and 4 to 6, p. m.
Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye and ear by Dr. EVANS.
Diseases of the Air Passages a specialty, by Dr. TILTON.
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CALVIN E. EVANS, M. D.
FRANK H. TILTON, M. D.

F. H. PACKARD, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon,
West Paris, Maine.

A. E. SHAW,
DENTIST,
PARIS, MAINE.
Office over POST OFFICE.—REAR ROOM.
Office hours from 9 a. m. to 5, p. m.
Ether administered when thought advisable.—All work warranted.

DR. G. P. JONES,
DENTIST.
NORWAY VILLAGE, ME.
Teeth inserted on Gold, Silver or Vulcanized Rubber.

MAINE HYGIENIC INSTITUTE.
Devoted Exclusively to Female Invalids.
WATERFORD, Me.
W. P. SHATTUCK, M. D., Superintending Physician and Operating Surgeon. All interested will please send for Circular.

JAMES W. CHAPMAN,
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C. O. HOLT,
MANUFACTURER OF, AND DEALER IN
FURNITURE
—OF ALL KINDS.—
MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, SPRING-BEDS, Etc. BABY CARRIAGES, DOLL CARRIAGES. CROQUET SETS & LOOKING-GLASSES.
CANTON, - MAINE.

ISAAC BAGNALL,
Woolen Manufacturer!
Manufactures CASSIMERES, SATINETTS, COTTON and WOOL, and all WOOL FLANNELS, PROCKINGS and YARNS. CUSTOM CLOTH DRESSING and ROLL CARDING.
HANOVER, ME.

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MACHINE SHOP,
J. W. PENNEY, Proprietor.
Steam Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Gearing, Wood-working Machinery, Moulding Heads and Cutters, Steel Saws, Arbors, &c., &c.
Special attention given to repairing Steam Engines, and work warranted to be first-class. Valves refitted, Cylinders rebored, and Patent Adjustable Piston Packing applied, making an Engine as effective as when new.
Estimates given for Mill work, Machinery, &c.
Over thirty years experience in the business.
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AT COST!
I have a good stock of
FURNITURE,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
PAINTS,
OILS,
VARNISHES,
PATENT MEDICINES, &c., &c. Also upholstered SLEIGHS, and PUNGS, which I am selling at and BELOW COST.
E. E. JUDKINS.
West Paris, Me., Dec. 3, '79.

CANTERBURY SHAKERS'
BLOOD - PURIFYING
SARSAPARILLA.

Prescribed by Physicians and Druggists for nearly Fifty Years.

THE Shakers' Sarsaparilla is just what it purports to be.—*Dixi Crosby, M. D.* I have long prescribed it, and think it a most valuable medicine.—*Jeremiah Blake, M. D., Gilmanton, N. H.* Have known it for nearly half a century. Our confidence in it is in no way impaired.—*Carlton & Hovey, Druggists, Lowell.* I speak with confidence of it, having prescribed it for eighteen years.—*S. M. Dinsmor, M. D., Francestown, N. H.* Give me the Shakers' Sarsaparilla in preference to all others.—*C. A. Guilmette, M. D., Boston.* I have the most unbounded confidence in its healing and renovating properties.—*Wm. R. Preston, Druggist, Portsmouth, N. H.* I consider it the best preparation made.—*A. G. Wilbor, Druggist, Boston.*

Do not fail to make a trial of this great Blood Purifier, Appetizer, and Tonic, the first and best of all medicines called Sarsaparilla, which is prepared from selected SHAKER ROOTS, HERBS and BERRIES by the CANTERBURY SOCIETY OF SHAKERS, and is beyond all comparison the purest, safest, and most effective family medicine in the world. Ask for CORBETT'S SHAKERS' SARSAPARILLA. The genuine is signed by THOMAS CORBETT, its inventor, and sold by druggists generally.

SHAKER VILLAGE, N. H., Jan. 1, 1880.

Enclose Stamp for Shaker Manual.

MALT
UNFERMENTED

THERE is no greater BLOOD-PURIFYING and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE in the world of medicine than MALT BITTERS, prepared by the MALT BITTERS COMPANY from *Unfermented Malt and Hops.* It is a Perfect Renovator of feeble and exhausted constitutions. It enriches the blood, solidifies the bones, hardens the muscles, quiets the nerves, perfects digestion, cheers the mind, and vitalizes with new life every fluid of the body. It is so, because it strikes at the root of all debility—ENFEEBLED DIGESTION and IMPOVERISHED BLOOD. Sold everywhere.

MALT AND HOPS
BITTERS

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM,
OF LYNN, MASS.

DISCOVERER OF
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
Vegetable Compound,
THE POSITIVE CURE
FOR ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be recognized, as relief is immediate; and when its use is continued, in ninety-nine cases in a hundred, a positive and permanent cure is effected, as thousands will testify. On account of its proven merits, it is today recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country.

It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, Irregular and Painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to Cancerous Humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

In fact, it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered. It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach.

It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will, at all times and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND
Is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1.00. Six bottles for $5.00. Sent by mail in the form of Pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either.

Mrs. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of Inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Mention this paper.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
BLOOD PURIFIER
Will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, at the same time give tone and strength to the system. It has produced as marvellous results in Purifying the Blood as the Vegetable Compound has in curing Female Complaints.

Price $1.00. Six Bottles for $5.00.

No Family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure Constipation, Biliousness, and Torpidity of the Liver. 25c. per. box.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PARSONS, BANGS & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
117 & 119 Middle Street, PORTLAND, MAINE
GENERAL AGENTS.

Items of Interest.

There is a London "craze" against arsenic in carpet-dyes.

Kite-flying is a sport with the grown people of Southern Asia.

The Egyptians made glass and colored it beautifully 3,000 years before Christ.

It is estimated that seventy years and $1,000,000 will be required to complete the excavations at Pompeii.

Ira Curtis, an oysterman, of New Haven, has taken more than sixty drowning persons from the water.

A man in St. Helena, Cal., makes a living by the manufacture of fishing lines from the fibres of the century plant.

Gold is found in fifty-six counties in Georgia, silver in three, copper in thirteen, iron in forty-three and diamonds in twenty-six.

A Chester Valley young lady is the owner of several calla lilies, the roots of which were procured for her great-grandfather from the banks of the Nile.

The new gambling law for Arizona requires each house where gaming is carried on to pay a quarterly license of $500, one-half to go to the school-fund.

A man in Naugatuck, Ct., has invented a new india-rubber shoe, called the "Zephyr," which weighs less than two ounces, and can be carried in a lady's pocket.

An Ohio woman, before drowning herself in a shallow trough, strapped her head down in the water, for fear that her courage might fail her when she began to smother.

The power of plants to force their way through a resisting medium is very remarkable. A writer in a foreign journal asserts that he has known a dandelion to grow through two inches of asphalt which had been spread over it.

From a bank in the sand a Newfoundland dog belonging to a Boston man takes pennies and goes to a baker's daily and buys warm rolls for his breakfast. The neighbors give him pennies, which he buries in a place scooped out under the stoop.

A farmer at Rochester, Mo., told his wife that $800, which they had saved by many years of industry and economy, had been stolen. He was mistaken, for within an hour he found the treasure where he had mislaid it; but the wife had already died of heart disease, in consequence of the shock.

A gentleman from Berlin put up at a hotel in Paris and wrote home, giving his address. He then went to look at the city, and, having walked himself weary, forgot the street and number where his trunk had been left. He telegraphed home to Berlin, and within half an hour learned the number of his hotel.

The electric light, which was experimentally placed in the Inman line steamer City of Berlin, has given such general satisfaction to all classes of passengers that it has been permanently adopted for lighting the saloon, steerage and engine-room of that vessel, and will soon be supplied to the other vessels of that line.

It is said that a Norwegian botanist who explored Greenland in 1870 discovered a species of algæ which grew in and among the clefts of ice, and which by its internal heat rotted the ice away. It is pronounced to be a dangerous enemy to the ice, even when in blocks many thousands of feet in thickness and miles in extent.

The angler's theory that a fish does not suffer much physical pain from a hook in its gills, or mental agony either, for that matter, is supported by the recent experience of a Stratford (Conn.) fisherman. A large trout tore two hooks in quick succession from the line, and was finally pulled up on the third, with the first two in his stomach.

Matthew McKay, of Oswego, N. Y., had been bothered at finding his clock stopped mornings. He had it examined, but the repairer could find nothing wrong. He watched, and discovered the family cat to be the cause of the mischief. Attracted by the ticking of the clock, she climbed up to the shelf, pulled open the door, and pawed the hands around the dial till it stopped.

A firm in Calcutta has in its possession the butterfly in brilliants which once formed part of the Spanish crown jewels, and cost £20,000. The ex-Queen Isabella took it with her to France, and it was lately sold with many of her other jewels at Paris. The two stones pendant from the head and tail of the butterfly are remarkable for their size and brilliancy, and the whole is a rare specimen of the jeweler's art.

A curious fact in natural history is noticed at the depot in Williamsport, Pa., where two sparrows have built their nest and are rearing their young inside the gong which announces the departure of trains. The gong is about eighteen inches in diameter, and when struck by its hammer has a deafening sound, but notwithstanding its racket and the roar and rattle of engines and cars, the birds are unmoved, the male, indeed, being frequently observed sitting upon the iron knocker itself while it is striking.

When a man's wife comes in, and sees him, razor in hand, and with his face all lather, and asks him, "Are you shaving?" it's a provoking thing in him to answer, "No, I'm blacking the stove."

A French artist gave his last work to a porter to convey to the salon. "Be careful—be careful," said he; "the picture is scarcely dry." "Oh, never mind," exclaimed the porter; "my clothes are old."

A parrot belonging to some Sisters of Charity at Parairie du Chein had to be killed recently because it got out and flew into a printing office where it was kept two days and learned to swear horribly.—*McGregor News.*

A Cincinnati young lady is so modest that she will not sleep with a copy of the Burlington *Hawkeye* in her room.—*Cincinnati Gazette.* Bloomington girls kick when there's an *Observer* any where around.—*Bloomington Eye.*

FOR THE FAIR SEX.

Fashion Notes.

Japanese pongee is a summer novelty.

Shirring grows more and more fashionable.

Cheese cloth dresses are worn again this summer.

Children's collars nearly cover their shoulders.

Small children wear shoes matching their ribbons.

Even the drooping brims of hats are lined this year.

Garden shawls of India muslin are trimmed with lace.

Ladies' riding-hats are of glossy dark silk this season.

White lawn jackets are substituted for dress waists.

Stockinet mitts are more fashionable than those of lace.

India muslin is trimmed with gold lace and made into ties.

Bugs, flies and beetles form the border on some kerchiefs.

Heavy box-plaited flounces to the knee are much worn.

Soft-tinted blush roses make the prettiest flower bonnets now.

China satin is a light variety of Lyons satin. It drapes admirably.

Belts of yellow satin ribbon are worn with lace sacks and tunics.

Ladders of bows are used to fasten the tails of coat basques together.

Lace mantles are now drawn together and fastened high on the left side.

Egg plums and gooseberries are used to trim some Tuscan straws.

The embroidered lisle thread stockings are worked in Irish convents.

The princess effect is the prevailing style of full dress summer toilets.

One feather is considered sufficient trimming for a fine Tuscan bonnet.

Muslin embroidery stitched on net is used for c-rtains and toilet covers.

Dark trimmings on light dresses or light on dark are equally fashionable.

Riding habits for summer are of dark gray or navy blue or dark brown cloth.

Ironclad lisle thread hose are the proper thing to wear at the mountains.

White silk sunshades with white lace covers are only meant for carriage use.

Long linen mantles are worn for dusters by ladies who object to the ulster.

Panier and back draperies of Surah silk are frequently added to faille costumes.

Lisle thread gloves with buttons are more fashionable than those with elastics.

Soft twilled silk squares with floss embroidery on the edge make pretty kerchiefs.

Black Spanish lace sleeves are de rigueur with black summer toilets of ceremony.

White or cream nun's veiling and Surah make an admirable combination toilet of ceremony.

The population of Ireland, which has been generally increasing since the beginning of the century, is now rapidly falling off by emigration.

The summer traveling dress for brides is of Chuddah cloth of coachman's drab or biscuit shade, made up over a silk skirt of the same color, and trimmed with drab or biscuit Surah silk.

Elaborate double trains and high-wired Medici collars of pearls or crystal beads are adopted for bridal dresses, when the wedding is "at home," in the evening, large, and an occasion of full ceremony.

The style at the moment for English bridemaids is to wear simple white muslin dresses with a fichu crossed on the bosom, white parasols and a small basket of flowers hanging on the arm. In one hand a prayer book. The waist must be round and gathered to a belt, and worn with a wide belt of white Surah silk with sash ends.

Jews, Mussulmans and Christians now live in harmony in Palestine, and a non-Mussulman seldom suffers in any respect on account of his creed. Even the red fez is not obligatory on non-Mussulman government servants. European clothing is now common, both with men and women, and many of the latter may be seen dressed in the latest Paris fashions. The pashas no longer move about in constant state, but may often be seen on foot in the streets with only one or two attendants. European furniture, chairs, sofas and tables are now common. Great bells are now allowed to be tolled in the Christian churches; old Christian churches have been restored and new ones built in Jerusalem, Nazareth, Tiberias and elsewhere. So, also, have a number of synagogues, especially in Jerusalem, been built during these twenty-five years. All this progress must not be taken as a sign of any laxity in religion on the part of the Mohammedans, who have during this time built many new mosques and otherwise shown themselves as much attached to their religion as ever. Justice, also, is much more impartially administered, and the old barbarous punishments have been abolished. In Jerusalem the sanitary department is in charge of a German physician, and building affairs are in the hands of a German architect.

Dot was a monkey brought by James Wardlaw, of Galt, Can., from India. It suffered from toothache for several days. One day the pain was more than ordinarily severe, and the monkey resolved to undergo a dental operation. It found a string, fastened it around the aching tooth, seized the end of the string with its fore feet, drew up one of its hind legs between its fore feet, and gave a sudden shove, which jerked the tooth out and sent it flying half-way across the room.

A lieutenant of the Imperial Guard artillery recently confessed to a stern Russian father that he knew something about a revolutionary plot. The news so exasperated the old gentleman that he blew out his son's brains on the spot, and discharged a second barrel of his revolver in his own breast, inflicting upon himself a mortal wound. Upon entering the house the gendarmes found father and son lying side by side, the former dead and the latter dying. As the members of the household were taken into custody, and among them was discovered the notorious socialist Jurkowski, whom the Russian policy had long sought for in vain. He had arrived at the house with the lieutenant under a false name, and had remained there several days as a guest when the catastrophe led to his detection and arrest.

The New York horse railroad companies feed their horses an average of eight pounds of hay and thirteen pounds of grain per day. In summer the grain is a mixture of corn and oats, equal parts by measure. In winter the corn is increased, and a less quantity of oats is fed.

Malt Bitters build up the nervous and muscular system and so overcome disease.

"Shall I hereafter darn your stockings?" is said to be the fashionable language for young ladies to use in making a leap year proposal.

For cleansing the system of all morbid matter and warding off diseases, no medicine possesses such efficacy as *Baxter's Mandrake Bitters.*

Now-a-days it is impossible to listen to the conversation of half a dozen young "society" people, without feeling that the American language should be more appropriately called the American slanguage.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., MARSHALL, MICH., will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days' trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay.

A Texas man writes to the Cincinnati *Enquirer* of a new spirit medium who can raise a piano to the ceiling, and make it stick there. What a nice man he would be to have about the house at the May cleaning.

NO HOSPITAL NEEDED.—No palatial hospital needed for Hop Bitters patients, nor large-salaried talented puffers to tell what Hop Bitters will do or cure, as they tell their own story by their certain and absolute cures at home.

Rowland Hill rode a great deal, and by exercise preserved vigorous health. On one occassion, when asked by a medical friend what physician he employed to be always so well, he replied: "My physician has always been a *horse*, and my apothecary an *ass*."

Dr. C. W. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills are prepared expressly to cure sick headache, nervous headache, dyspeptic headache, neuralgia and nervousness, and will cure any case. Price, 50 cents, postage free. Parsons, Bangs & Co., Portland, General Agents.

An Irishman, being a little muddled, was asked what was his religious belief. "It is my belafe ye'd be asking about? It's the same as the Widow Braddy's. I owe her twelve shillings for whiskey, and she believes I'll never pay her—and faith, that's my belafe, too."

WHEN I WAS SICK!—My room looked like a drug store, I had so many bottles in it. The more I dosed the worse off I was. Finally I paid my doctor and told him he needn't come any more. I was troubled with Chronic Rheumatism, and couldn't get out of bed alone. Six bottles of Sulpher Bitters cured me.—*Fireman, Boston.*

"No real generous woman would go to a spiritual seance given by a lady medium, and just as the ghost is walking about (while the medium is tied to the cabinet), exclaim:—"There's a rat right by the ghost." It spoils the effect to have the ghost yell and gather up its skirts and run.

SAVE YOUR MONEY.—Q.—"Deacon, how is it that you are so prosperous, and you and your family have that greatest of blessings, good health?" A.—"I use the People's Favorite Tonic Bitters in my family and thus save doctor's bills and keep my family healthy. I would not be without it for the world." See advertisement.

An Englishman, at a hotel in New York, asked the clerk if there were "oysters" in the hotel." "Oh, yes!" was the reply; "step right in the restaurant, we don't keep them in the office." "Egad!" said Mr. John Bull, I think you missunderstand me, you know; I mean a 'oyster, don't you know, a 'lift'— a hellevator, may be you call it in this country."

NOT OPEN TO THAT OBJECTION.—Temperance people often say that most of the popular medicines they see advertised are nine-tenths rum. That is true of many, but not of Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy." The doctor agrees with his temperance friends that it is better to die of disease than of drink. "Favorite Remedy" cures kidney troubles, liver complaints, constipation of the bowels, as nothing else does or ever did. It drives away sickness. It cools the blood. It costs only a dollar to try it. Ask your druggist or send to the docter at Rondout, N. Y.

Said Angelina, suddenly breaking the oppressive silence, "Don't you feel afraid of the army worms, Theodore, that are coming so rapidly this way?" The question was such a strange one that Theodore's surprise caused him to look right at Angelina for the first time in his life. Why did she ask that, he wanted to know. "Oh! nothing," she replied, as she toyed with her fan; "only the papers say they eat every green thing wherever they go."

PERMANENTLY CURED OF PILES.—Hon. G. H. Rice, late R. R. Commissioner of Vermont, writes:

MILTON VT., Sept. 16.

I have been a great sufferer from piles, having had it in its blind phase for years. About two years ago, when the disease began to assume the bleeding form, I tried Kidney-Wort, and used about a half-dozen packages, which I believe effected a permanent cure. From my own experience and that of others I am acquainted with, I became satisfied that the Kidney-Wort possessed remarkable virtues, and probably should have purchased an interest in its sale had I been possessed of sufficient means.

Truly yours, G. H. RICE.

GARFIELD'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

MENTOR, O., July 12.

Dear Sir:—On the evening of the 8th of June last I had the honor to receive from you in the presence of the committee of which you were chairman an official announcement that the Republican National Convention at Chicago had that day nominated me as their candidate for President of the United States. I accept the nomination with gratitude for the confidence it imposes and with a deep sense of the responsibility it implies. I cordially indorse the principles set forth in the platform adopted by the convention. On nearly all the subjects of which it treats my opinions are on record among the published proceedings of Congress.

I venture, however, to make special mention of some of the principal topics which are likely to become the subject of discussion without reviewing the controversies which have been settled during the last twenty years, and with no purpose or wish revive the passions of the late war. It should be said that while the Republicans fully recognize and will strenuously defend all the rights retained by the people and all the rights reserved to the States, they reject the pernicious doctrines of State supremacy which so long crippled the functions of national government and at one time brought the Union very near to destruction. They insist that the United States is a nation with ample power of self-preservation; that its constitution, and laws made in pursuance thereof, are the supreme law of the land; that the right of the nation to determine the method by which its own legislature shall be created cannot be surrendered without abdicating one of the fundamental powers of the government; that the national laws relating to the election of representatives in Congress shall neither be violated nor evaded; that every elector shall be permitted freely and without intimidation to cast his lawful ballot at such election and have it honestly counted, and that the potency of his vote shall not be destroyed by the fraudulent vote of any other person.

The best thoughts and energies of our people should be directed to those great questions of national well being in which all have a common interest. Such efforts will soonest restore perfect peace to those who were lately in arms against each other, for justice and good will outlast passion. But it is certain that the wounds of war cannot be completely healed and a spirit of brotherhood cannot fully pervade the whole country until every citizen, rich or poor, white or black, is secure in the free and equal enjoyment of every civil and political right guaranteed by the constitution and laws. Wherever the enjoyment of these rights is not assured discontent will prevail, immigration will cease and social and industrial forces continue to be disturbed by the migration of the laborer and the consequent dimunition of prosperity. The national government should exercise all its constitutional authority to put an end to these evils, for all the people and all the States are members of one body and no member can suffer without injury to the whole. The most serious evils which now afflict the South arise from the fact that there is not such freedom and toleration of political opinion and action that the minority party can exercise an effective and wholesome restraint upon the party in power. Without such restraint party rule becomes tyrannical and corrupt. The prosperity which is made possible in the South by its great advantage of soil and climate will never be realized until every voter can freely and safely support any party he pleases.

Next in importance to freedom and justice is popular education, without which neither justice nor freedom can be permanently maintained. Its interests are intrusted to the States and to the voluntary action of the people. Whatever help the nation can justly afford should be generously given to aid States in supporting common schools. But it would be unjust to our people and dangerous to our institutions to apply a portion of the revenues of the nation or of the States to the support of sectarian schools. The separation of church and state in every thing relating to taxation should be absolute.

On the subject of national finance my views have been so frequently and fully expressed that little is needed in the way of an additional statement. The public debt is now so well secured and the rate of annual interest has been so reduced by the refunding that rigid economy in expenditures and faithful application of our surplus revenues to the payment of the principal of the debt will gradually but certainly free the people from its burdens and close with honor the financial chapter of the war. At the same time the government can provide for all its ordinary expenditures and discharge its sacred obligations to soldiers of the Union and to the widows and orphans of those who fell in its defense. Resumption of specie payments, which the Republican party so courageously and successfully accomplished, has removed from the field of controversy many questions that long and seriously disturbed the credit of the government and the business of the country. Our paper currency is now as national as the flag, and resumption has not only made it everywhere equal to coin, but has brought into use our share of gold and silver. The circulating medium is more abundant than ever before, and we need only maintain the equality of all our dollars to insure to labor and capital a measure of value from the use of which no one can suffer loss. The great prosperity which the country is now enjoying should not be endangered by any violent changes or doubtful financial experiments.

In reference to our customs laws a policy should be pursued which will bring revenue to the treasury and will enable the labor and capital employed in our great industries to compete fairly in our own markets with the labor and capital of foreign producers. We legislate for the people of the United States, not for the whole world, and it is our glory that the American laborer is more intelligent and better paid than his foreign competitors. Our country cannot be independant unless its people, with their abundant natural resources, possess the requisite skill at any time to clothe, arm and equip themselves for war, and in time of peace to produce all the necessary implements of labor. It was the manifest intention of the founders of the government to provide for the common defence not by standing armies alone, but by raising a greater number of artisans whose intelligence and skill should powerfully contribute to safety and glory of the nation.

Fortunately for the interests of commerce there is no longer any formidable opposition to the appropriations for the improvement of our harbors and great navigable rivers, provided that expenditures for that purpose are strictly limited to works of national importance. The Mississippi river, with its great tributaries, is of such vital importance to so many millions of people that the safety of its navigation requires exceptional consideration. In order to secure to national control all its waters President Jefferson negotiated the purchase of a vast territory extending from the Gulf of Mexico to the Pacific ocean. The wisdom of Congress should be invoked to devise some plan by which that great river shall cease to be a terror to those who dwell upon its banks and by which its shipping may safely carry the industrial products of 25,000,000 of people. The interests of agriculture, which is the basis of all our material prosperity, and in which seven-twelfths of our population are engaged, as well as the interests of manufactures and commerce, demand that facilities for cheap transportation shall be increased by the use of our great water courses.

The material interests of the country, the traditions of its settlement and the sentiment of our people have led the government to offer the widest hospitality to emigrants who seek our shores for new and happier homes, willing to share the burdens as well as the benefits of our society and intending that their posterity shall become an undistinguishable part of our population. The recent movement of Chinese to our Pacific coase partakes but little of the qualities of such an emigration, either in its purposes or its results. It is too much like an importation to be welcomed without restrictions; too much like an invasion to be looked upon without solicitude. We cannot consent to allow any form of service labor to be introduced among us as under the guise of emigration. Recognizing the gravity of this subject the present administration supported by Congress has sent to China a commission of distinguished citizens for the purpose of sucuring such a modification of the existing treaty as will prevent the evils likely to arise from the present situation. It is confidently believed that these diplomatic negotiations will be successful without loss of commercial intercourse between the two powers, which promises a great increase of reciprocal trade and enlargement of our markets. Should these efforts fail it will be the duty of Congress to mitigate the evils already felt and prevent their increase by such restrictions as without violence or injustice will place upon a sure foundation the peace of our communities and the freedom and dignity of labor.

The appointment of citizens to various executive and judicial offices of the government is perhaps the most difficult of all the duties which the constitution has imposed upon the Executive. The convention wisely demands that Congress shall co-operate with the Executive department in placing our civil service on a better basis. Experience has proved that without frequent changes of administration no system of reform can be made effective and permanent without the aid of legislation. Appointments to the military and naval service are so regulated by law and custom as to leave but little grounds for complaint. It may not be wise to make similar regulations by law for the civil service, but without invading the authority or necessary discretion of the executive, Congress should devise a method that will derermine the tenure of office and greatly reduce the uncertainty which makes that service so uncertain and unsatisfactory. Without depriving any officer of his rights as a citizen, the government should require him to discharge all his official duties with intelligence, efficiency and faithfulness. To select wisely from our vast population those who are best fitted for the many offices to be filled requires an acquaintance far beyond the range of any one man. The executive should therefore seek and receive information and assistance of those whose knowledge of the communities in which the duties are to be performed, best qualify them to aid in making the wisest choice.

The doctrines announced by the Chicago convention are not the temporary devices of party to attract votes and carry an election; they are the deliberate convictions resulting from a careful study of the spirit of our institutions, the events of our history and the best impulses of our people. In my judgment these principles should control the legislation and administration of the government. In any event they will guide my conduct until experience points out a better way. If elected it will be my purpose to enforce strict obedience to the constitution and laws and to promote as best I may the interests and honor of the whole country, relying for support upon the wisdom of Congress, the intelligence and patriotism of the people and the favor of God.

With great respect,
I am very truly yours,
JAMES A. GARFIELD.

To Hon. George F. Hoar, Chairman of Committee.

Oxford Democrat.

PARIS, MAINE, JULY 20, 1880.

Newspaper Decisions.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the office—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is *prima facie* evidence of fraud.

FOR PRESIDENT:

JAMES A. GARFIELD,

OF OHIO.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

CHESTER A. ARTHUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS:

At Large— JOSEPH S. WHEELWRIGHT. IRA H. FOSS.

Second District—OTIS HAYFORD.
Third District—EDWIN FLYE.
Fourth District—LEWIS B. JOHNSON.
Fifth District—SEWARD B. HUME.

State Election, Monday, September 10th.

FOR GOVERNOR:

DANIEL F. DAVIS,

OF CORINTH.

FOR CONGRESS:

WILLIAM P. FRYE,

OF LEWISTON.

FOR SENATORS:

AUGUSTUS H. WALKER, of Lovell.
GEORGE D. BISBEE, of Buckfield.

FOR PROBATE REGISTER:

HERRICK C. DAVIS, of Paris.

FOR COMMISSIONER:

WALDO PETTENGILL, of Rumford.

FOR SHERIFF:

WILLIAM DOUGLASS, of Waterford.

FOR TREASURER:

GEORGE H. WATKINS, of Paris.

REFORM CLUB CONVENTION.

The Oxford County Quarterly Convention of Reform Clubs will be held at South Waterford, at the Methodist church, on Friday, July 30, 1880. The first meeting, for organization and reports of clubs, will be held at 10:30 a. m. Public meetings at 2 and 7 p. m. It is the earnest desire to make this convention the most profitable one ever held in the county, and to renew our faith, and strengthen each other in this glorious work. A cordial invitation is extended to all, to join us on this occasion.

JOHN F. STANLEY,
CHARLES O. GODWIN,
HARVEY RIPLEY,
County Committee.

COUNTY CENSUS.

The following table shows the census population for 1870 and 1880; also the increase or decrease in each town for the last decade.

	1870.	1880.	Inc.	Dec.
Albany,	651	690	39	
Andover,	757	749		8
Bethel,	2,286	2,081		205
Buckfield,	1,894	1,782		112
Brownfield,	1,321	1,237		84
Byron,	243	191		51
Canton,	984	1,032	48	
Denmark,	1,069	876		193
Dixfield,	1,049	913		136
Fryeburg,	1,797	1,833	136	
Gilead,	329	292		37
Grafton,	94	109	15	
Greenwood,	845	838		7
Hanover,	188	203	15	
Hartford,	996	863		133
Hebron,	744	601		143
Hiram,	1,393	1,430	37	
Lovell,	1,078	1,076	58	
Mason,	127	94		33
Mexico,	458	400		58
Newry,	416	337		79
Norway,	1,964	2,529	565	
Oxford,	1,631	1,657	26	
Paris,	2,765	2,932	167	
Peru,	931	828		103
Porter,	1,104	1,096		8
Roxbury,	162	175	13	
Rumford,	1,212	1,007		205
Stow,	427	401		26
Stoneham,	425	475	50	
Sumner,	1,179	1,016		154
Sweden,	549	477		72
Upton,	187	245	58	
Waterford,	1,286	1,150		136
Woodstock,	995	958		137
Hamlin's Grant, (now W.)	96			
Franklin Pln.,	178	159		19
Lincoln Pln.,	30	52	22	
Milton Pln.,	258	271	13	
Riley Pln.,	32	40	8	
Fryeburg Acad. Grant,	38	22		16
Andover N. Surplus,	38	33		5
Andover W. Surplus,	4			4
No. 5, Range 1,	45	45		
Batchelder's Grant,				
Township C,	3			3
	33,488	32,561	1,260	2,187

It will be seen that the increase has been almost wholly in manufacturing towns. Norway, which has encouraged manufactures by the erection of a large shoe factory, by its tannery and other enterprises employing hundreds of men, has run ahead of all other towns, and, outstripping Bethel, takes the second place in our list of populous places. As a natural result of this village increase in Norway, the farmers have found a good home market for their produce, and the rural districts also show a small increase. Norway's gain has been 565.

Paris has made the next largest gain, 167, and this also from the same cause. So. Paris has a shoe factory; Paris Hill employs from 50 to 100 men in its sled factory, No. Paris makes chairs, and West Paris also manufactures wood work.

The town of Canton shows a gain of 48 only, but its industries were organized too late in the decade to affect the present census. The next returns from Eastern Oxford will show a marked improvement.

Bethel meets with a heavy loss, 205. This is largely a farming town, and the decrease in size of families is a marked factor in making up its loss. Most of Bethel's young men, who should be the heads of her present families, have been too enterprising to remain in the home nest, and have gone to other fields of labor.

Rumford, another farming town, meets with the same loss, 205, while Denmark, Woodstock, Sumner, Hebron, Hartford, and other towns devoted principally to agricultural pursuits, add large quotas to the decrease.

The Gilead Enumerator writes as follows:

The census returns of this town show a decrease of about 35 in the number of inhabitants since 1870, which is caused by so many small families compared with ten years ago. For instance, in District No. 1, ten years ago, there were some fifteen scholars that drew school money, and today there are but six. Will make further mentions in regard to census, hereafter. B.

—*Harper's Magazine* for August opens with an illustrated poem on Robert Burns, by Henry W. Longfellow. The poem is charming and the illustrations beautifully illustrative of the same.

G. A. R.

Shortly after the war there were a large number of Posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, established all over the country, but as was natural, the martial spirit which led to their organization, soon faded, and the Posts were reduced to a small number. At this date, sufficient time has elapsed to render the experiences of army life a pleasant remembrance of the past. As a result, old soldiers are again associating themselves together to talk over and live over the experiences of the past. New Posts are being established all over the State, and a renewed interest is being manifested in their work.

We are informed by Capt. A. S. Perham of Lewiston, who is A. D. C. and Chief of Staff, that while the order is growing all over the country, Oxford County does not sustain a single Post. This is not because we lack in numbers of ex-soldiers, but because for some reason, they have not yet had their interest sufficiently aroused. It is proposed by the Department of Maine to have a lecturer visit Oxford County and set forth some of the aims of the organization. We trust that the ex-soldiers of this county will make the effort necessary to secure several Posts, and thus entitle the county to representation in one of the most noble orders of the country.

A recent Lewiston *Journal* has the following relative to the matter:

The Grand Army has never, since its organization, been in better condition than today. Large additions are being made to its membership throughout the country, and much enthusiasm, largely due to the efforts of department commander I. S. Bangs of Waterville, is being manifested throughout our State, new posts being organized almost weekly. Capt. Perham of this city, has general supervision of the work of organization. As the order becomes better understood, and it is known that it is in no sense (as some have charged) a political organization, it being forbidden to even discuss politics in any form in its meetings, and that it is the only fraternal and charitable organization, composed wholly of ex-soldiers and sailors of the war of 1861-65. We are glad to note the large accessions to its membership.

WHAT THE REBELLION COST.

INTERESTING STATISTICS FROM THE UNITED STATES TREASURY.

In response to a Senate resolution, the Secretary of the Treasury today furnished that body with an elaborate statement showing the expenses of the Government on account of the war of the Rebellion from July 1, 1861, to June 30, 1879, inclusive. The statement exhibits the gross expenditures, ordinary expenditures, and expenditures growing out of the war in all the various branches of the service, either directly or indirectly affected by the war. The grand totals are as follows:

Gross expenditures,	$6,796,792,509
Ordinary expenditures,	609,549,124
Expenditures growing out of the war,	6,187,243,385

The principal items of the war expenses are the following:

Interest on the public debt,	$1,764,256,198
Pay of two and three year volunteers,	1,040,102,702
Subsistence of army,	345,343,881
Army transportation,	336,793,883
Purchase of horses,	126,671,423
Other Quartermasters' expenditures in round numbers,	320,000,000
Army pensions,	407,426,193
Bounties, including additional bounties under act of 1866,	140,281,178
And in round numbers the following refunded to States for war expenses,	41,000,000
For purchase of arms for volunteers and regulars,	76,000,000
Ordnance supplies,	56,000,000
Expenses of assessing and collecting internal revenue,	113,000,000
Expenses of national loans and currency,	51,523,000
Premiums,	59,738,000

The war expenditures for the Navy (including about $74,500,00 for pay and $6,500,000 for Navy pensions) aggregate about $412,000,000. Among the other detailed items of expenditures growing out of the war are $5,243,034 for National Cemeteries, $8,546,185 for the support of the National Home for disabled volunteers, and $88,000 for the purchase of Ford's Theatre, the scene of President Lincoln's assassination.

BOWDOIN COLLEGE FINANCES.

A Brunswick correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser* says that Mrs. Stone of Malden has offered to complete Memorial Hall and gives assurance that the money will be advanced in September, when she turns over to the college the $60,000 for the endowment of the class in mental and moral philosophy. Mr. Wirkley's gift of $25,000—$10,000 given last year and $15,000 this— is invested in part in real estate which is paying a return of over nine per cent., and part is deposited on call in a Boston bank where three per cent is paid. A working library for the Senior class, consisting of books on political and economical sciences, mostly from the library of the late Caleb Cushing, has been bought during the year. The $300 necessary were given by the Hons. W. W. Thomas, J. W. Bradbury, J. L. H. Cobb, S. E. Spring, Gen. Francis Fessenden and Messrs. Harrison J. Libby, W. H. Moulton, William F. Goulding and Jessie L. Nason. Judge Barrome gave an amount in cash for the general college expenses. A friend of the college, who withholds his name, has given $5000 for the "presidential fund." The income of this is to be paid for the benefit of the President—a sort of perquisite or pension. The money has already been deposited at the call of the college authorities. A curious bequest has been made recently but the matter is in the hands of the President and has not yet come up for action. A gentleman has willed his entire estate to the college upon the condition that a certain line of his descendants shall be educated free of expense to them. The estate is said to be of considerable value. Valuable gifts to the college have been made by two Seniors—F. O. Conant of Cumberland, and F. G. Spring of Portland, both of the scientific division. Mr. Spring has given a collection of fine South American agates and some fossils from that continent. Mr. Conant's gift is a miscellaneous collection of fossils, mostly from this State. He has also made a previous gift of a similar nature. These fossils are found in the clay formations and do much to make the Bowdoin collection the most nearly perfect in the State. The Portland Society of Natural History has better individual specimens than the college—for instance, a walrus skeleton of the clay formation, versus a walrus tusk—but for general excellence the collection is now the first. From the United States fish commission, through the Smithsonian Institution, has been received a valuable collection which is waiting an appropriation before it can be properly arranged. The geological and mineralogical collections are large and growing, and mostly available to the students for use in studies. The college property is now worth over half a million and about half is in real estate. This figure is given as the result of an estimate which was made about a year ago by President Chamberlain, on the basis of a business estimate. All the college funds are unusually invested—the rate of interest being over six per cent on an average. Bowdoin enjoys the usual singular good fortune of educational institutions in the good quality of its investments, and in the fidelity of those who have the management of its funds.—*Press.*

NEWSPAPER CHANGE.—Mr. G. A. Hobbs, editor and proprietor of the Biddeford *Journal*, has sold that paper to William W. and Charles H. Prescott of North Berwick.

THE NEWEST RELIGION.

Last week the *New Religion* said of Garfield that he is "a man suspected of the most dishonorable transactions, nay more, proved guilty of them by a Congressional Committee;" and the *Press* thereupon accused the Norway semi-occasionally-religious weekly of bearing false witness against its neighbor. This week the *New Religion* evades the accusation—it does not attempt a reply—and quotes from the utterances of some Republican papers in 1873. Its silence is virtually a withdrawal of the charge made that General Garfield was proved guilty of the most dishonorable transactions by a Congressional committee.

But silence is not enough. In this case it is suppression of the truth—a deed sometimes as malicious and wicked as the bearing of false witness. The only Congressional Committee ever called to sit in judgment upon General Garfield or his acts was the famous Poland Committee which investigated the Credit Mobilier. That committee, made up of two Democrats, two Republicans and one Greeley Liberal, unanimously presented after careful investigation and full hearing of testimony, a report which recommended the expulsion of two members of the House of Representatives, and said in regard to six members who had been accused of wrong-doing in connection with the Credit Mobilier:

The committee do not find that either of the above named gentlemen, in contracting with Mr. Ames, had any corrupt motive or purpose or was aware that Mr. Ames had any: nor did either of them suppose that he was guilty of any impropriety or even indelicacy in becoming a purchaser of this stock. The committee have not been able to find that any of these members of Congress have been affected in their official action in consequence of their interest in Credit Mobilier stock. The committee find nothing in the conduct of either of these members in taking this stock that calls for any recommendation by the committee.

That is the verdict of the Poland committee. One of the six members acquitted by the verdict is General Garfield. That is the Committee, instead of "proving him guilty of the most dishonorable transactions," unanimously report that he was not guilty. This verdict the *New Religion*, in common with other Democratic papers, deliberately suppresses. It makes the assertion that he was accused of corrupt practices by the committee, but persistently refuses to publish the verdict of acquittal. This suppression of the truth in order to aid slander is a bad thing for the secular press to do. What it should be called when done by a professedly religious paper we leave our readers and to the readers of the *New Religion* to determine.—*Press.*

FISH AND GAME LAW.

The following abstract of the fish and game laws of Maine will be of interest to our readers:

No fishing or hunting legally allowed during the close-time here named.

Salmon — Close-time from July 15 to April 1, following, (except that fishing with a single line and rod is legal until Sept. 15.) Penalty $50, and $10 for each fish.

Trout, Togue and Land-Locked Salmon —Close-time October 1 to May 1, following, (except St. Croix River and tributaries, and Kennebec County waters, in which close-time is Sept. 15 to May 1.) Penalty $30.

Black Bass and White Perch—Close-time April 1 to July 1. Penalty $30.

All set-lines, grappels, spears, trawls, weirs, nets, seines, traps, spoons, (and devices other than fair angling with single baited hook and line, or artificial flies,) are prohibited on the fresh-water lakes, ponds, and streams of this State, and any person finding them in use in said waters, is authorized to destroy the same.

Moose — Close-time Jan. 1 to Oct. 1, and hunting with dogs prohibited at all times. Penalty $100.

Caribou and Deer—Close-time Jan 1 to Oct. 1. Penalty $40.

Beaver, Otter and Sable — Close-time May 1 to Oct. 15. Penalty $10 for each animal killed.

Ducks — Close-time May 1 to Sept 1. (This act does not apply to the shooting of ducks on the sea-coast.) Penalty $10 for each bird.

Plover—Close-time May 1 to Aug. 1. Penalty $10 for each bird killed or had in possession.

Woodcock and Ruffed Grouse—Close-time Dec. 1 to Sept. 1, following. Penalty $10 for bird killed or had in possession.

Quail—Absolute close-time until Sept. 1, 1883. Penalty $25.

Nets, traps and snares, or any device other than the usual method of sporting with fire-arms, are prohibited. Penalty $5 for each bird so taken.

For a more complete abstract of the fish and game laws of Maine, apply to the Commissioners, to whom all violations should be reported.

It is the duty of all Sheriffs, Deputy Sheriffs, Constables, and Police Officers, as well as Wardens, to enforce these laws, by the arrest and prosecution of violators.

E. M. STILWELL, Bangor,
EVERETT SMITH, Portland,
Commissioners of Fisheries and Game.

COUNTY CONVENTIONS.—The Democratic County Convention for Oxford Co., has been called to meet at Paris Hill, Tuesday, July 27, at 11 o'clock.

The Greenback Convention for Oxford County, has been called to meet at Norway, July 27, at 10 o'clock.

The two conventions meet on the same day, one at Norway and the other an hour later at Paris. Will they fuse? We shall see.

—The OXFORD DEMOCRAT is published on Tuesday, but many of our subscribers have heretofore received it Monday night. Owing to the recent change of time on the Grand Trunk, it is impossible for us to mail the paper Monday afternoon, at present. It will not be mailed until Tuesday morning, hereafter, unless the afternoon up train leaves at a later hour. For the same reason our campaign edition will not be mailed until Friday morning.

A NEW SWINDLE.

The Lewiston *Journal* says: A deception successfully practiced on a number of farmers is known as the "butter contract." A couple of well-dressed fellows drive up to the house of the expected victim and make an engagement to take all his butter for a year at a high price. A written agreement is then made, and in due time the "contract" is returned in the form of a note held by a third party, which the farmer is obliged to pay. The safest plan is to make no written contracts with strangers who thus suddenly turn up and of whom nothing is known.

—There is said to be an apple tree in Washington County, Penn., which bears nine varieties, some of which are now ripe while others will not ripen until late in the autumn.—*Ex.*

That is like bribe taker Swan's wild grape vine which bore five varieties of cultivated fruit.

OXFORD COUNTY LOCALS.

ANDOVER, July 17.—Farmers are very busy haying when not applying Paris Green to potatoes; one table spoonful to a pail of water applied with a sprinkler or brush, is safe and effective.

Help is said to be very scarce.

We intended to have said the census shows a gain of two or three.

Two stages brought in eighteen passengers Tuesday and three stages Friday night. Boarding houses are rapidly filling up. Mr. Augustus Dresser and family arrived Thursday from Salem, Mass.

The shower Friday night did much good to crops and wet a large quantity of hay.

Blueberries are plenty and cheap.

The Richard Orr estate has been sold to William Gregg of Buckfield.

Mr. Ezra A. Hoyt, a student of Tufts College, is engaged to preach every other Sabbath in Andover.

BYRON, July 12.—Haying is brisk; the crop of grass is fair.

"Tater bugs? yes, we've got 'em; stickin' cedar in the hills wont keep them off."

Mr. J. M. Merrill has been in feeble health for some time.

New mowing machines and horse rakes are popular in this vicinity. Times must be good when people buy so many.

I hear that Chas. D. Merrill has thought of establishing a railroad to connect with one at Andover. He has already looked out one *carr* toward the necessary rolling stock.

J. A. Pressey is agent for the Brown and Williams Sewing Machines; now John is a first-rate fellow, but we expect he will develop check and begin to slander his fellow men after the manner of other agents.

We have several men up here who are not and never intend to be G. B's, but would like office; wont the G. B. convention nominate them?

CANTON.—Farmers in this vicinity are getting along well with their haying although the weather has not been the best for making hay.

We had a splendid shower last night which will do a great deal of good as it was getting very dry.

Potato bugs are numerous; the farmers are feeding them on Paris Green which makes a good food for seven days out of a week but rather too hearty for a regular diet.

Our summer schools are under the instruction of Miss Melvina H. McCollister and Miss Nettie Richardson. Both are excellent teachers.

Died in Canton, June 27th, Mrs. Rosetta B. Harlow, aged 51 years. The funeral service was held at the Universalist church on the 29th, attended by Rev. Otis H. Johnson of Jay. Mrs. H. was very kind and charitable; in sickness and distress she was ever ready and willing to lend a helping hand. She was an earnest worker for the cause of temperance, having been President of the Ladies Aid society from time to time. She will be missed in society as well as in her household. SECOR.

GILEAD, July 15.—The farmers have commenced their haying in good earnest. Hay promises to be an average crop and is some ten days earlier than last year. There are some few cases of winter killing, but on the whole it is as good as last year. We notice some new pieces that are very heavy—one piece of Timothy that the grass will average over four feet high. One stalk taken from this piece measured five feet and one inch. All other crops are looking finely and very forward.

I think Mr. George Burnham has the best piece of corn, which is tassled and silked out. Mr. B. is one of our best farmers and raises as good if not the best corn in this section. He uses Bradley's phosphate on his crop with excellent results.

The fourth passed off very quietly here with but little disturbance. Quite a number of our people went to Gorham to the celebration and stopped to the fire works in the evening.

The house, barn and out buildings belonging to Hiram Bennett were destroyed by fire on Monday last between eleven and twelve o'clock. Most all of the household furniture and all of the farming tools were burnt. The whole family was out in the field at the time but arrived in time to save a few things from the house. Mr. B. seems to be very unfortunate in his life. He lost a set of buildings some four years ago, and two years ago his youngest son broke his leg, and one year ago Mr. B. broke his which has made a cripple of him for life, Now he is burnt out again leaving him nothing to help himself with.

Potato bugs are very plenty and the farmers are dosing them with Paris Green which does not agree with them judging by the way they keel up.

Eben Chapman has a crew in the woods peeling bark; they have already peeled some seventy-five cords and have forty or fifty cords more. He intends to do quite an extensive business logging the coming winter. I notice quite a number of others who have pealed from fifty to a hundred cords. There will be considerable logging done here the coming winter if prices are favorable. B.

HARTFORD, July 12.—J. Greenleaf Record, grandson of Jonathan Record of Buckfield who died in his 105 year, left Buckfield with his family in the spring 1861, and moved into what is now Sherman, the first day of April, into the woods one mile from the road. The first two years he lived in a baker roofed house, eaves five feet high, without any barn for five years. 1866 he built a barn 42 by 60, with a basement under two bends, drive in on the girts. 1876 he built another barn 42 by 60, a basement under the whole, making 26 1-2 feet walls. He has now all the materials on the spot for another barn 42 by 45; when completed he will have more barn room than any one in that vicinity, He has 590 acres of good land, 150 cleared last year, cut 75 tons of hay, laid down thirty-five acres new grass. Has eight horse kind, eleven milch cows, five two years old, ten yearlings, six calves, one hundred and twenty-five sheep and lambs. Two years ago raised six hundred pounds of wheat, last year raised six hundred bushels of grain, this year twenty acres in crop. Has four or five hundred pounds of wool on hand; estimated value of stock by numerator $1200; income the same.

J. C. R. was a member of the Temperance Watchman Club at East Buckfield when hundreds of gallons of Rot Got wet the ground to the joy and sorrow of many.

Rev. L. A. Freeman preached an interesting sermon at the three o'clock Sabbath meeting at E. Buckfield on the 11th. He leaves as pastor of the C. Baptist church at the village, on the 18th for Brunswick; was ordained at that church Aug. 21st, 1878. He and wife have won the esteem of many in this and neighboring towns by their christian walk. Quite a contrast in the number of pastors in this young church and the two old C. Baptist churches of Buckfield which ceased to exist years ago. HARTFORD.

KEZAR FALLS.—The celebration passed off quietly in Kezar Falls, without seeing any signs of the "critter," in spite of the croakers and Ex-Governor Garcelon saying the Maine law was a failure.

For over two months the ground at Kezar Falls has not been fairly wet, and crops of every kind have suffered for the want of rain.

Rev. H. F. Snow delivered a 4th of July address at the F. B. church at Cornish. The church was decorated with flags bearing the name of every State in the Union, and four that had been hung to the breeze of the Sunny South during the rebellion.

Israel Boothby, depot master of Baldwin, while absent with his family, July 5th, was relieved of money and other valuables to the amount of $40 which have not been seen or traced since. The same night Ivory Cole of Limington, had a horse, wagon and harness stolen and the next day it was found in Baldwin woods. A trick of the horse was to jump when the bridle was removed from his head to receive the halter, and it is supposed this was done to feed the horse and the thief thus lost his booty.

John Wentworth, blacksmith, of Kezar Falls, died of consumption, last week, and also Mamie Whitten of same disease and was buried Monday under Good Templar's order.

It proves that hay is coming in an average crop.—*Lewiston Journal.*

PARIS.—Rev. W. E. Copeland, of White River Junction, Vermont, will preach at the Universalist church next Sunday, and Rev. J. C. Snow Aug. 1st and 8th.

During the shower of Friday night, the dwelling house of Joseph Briggs, in the Whittemore District, was struck by lightning, and was badly shattered. Two children, a boy and girl, were badly injured by the discharge. The boy is seriously injured, and the girl besides being badly burned, is threatened with blindness. The same bolt also shattered a set of buildings located close to Joseph's and connected therewith by a shed.

A. S. Andrews was thrown from his carriage on Sunday and was severely injured about the back. The accident was caused by a horse which he was leading getting in contact with the one he was driving. Both horses got away.

ROXBURY, July 12.—Very warm weather of late with frequent showers.

The potato bugs are all the style. A strong decotion of cedar twigs seems to make the vines unpalatable for the grubs, but whether it will kill enough of them where they are plenty to make the application profitable or not, I do not know. It is worth trying by those who dislike to use poison. It can be applied when quite warm; the effect on the vines should be noted.

One young man who was a Democrat till last fall, says, "Garfield is my man. 'Corporal' Davis will get the biggest Republican majority ever thrown in this town for Governor."

Mrs. M. S. Hursey is ill. Flora, eldest daughter of H. F. McInnes, is better. Miss Marcia S. Blossom is recovering from diphtheria.

F. M. Blossom of Cambridgeport, Mass., is stopping here for a few weeks.

The new shoe shop will be ready for work about Aug. 1st.

Miss Mitchell of Andover has finished her school in No 7. I hear nothing but praise of the term from those who have any interest in the school.

A THOROUGH REVISION OF THE COURSE OF STUDY AT BOWDOIN.

A thorough revision of the curriculum at Bowdoin College was adopted at the meeting of the trustees last week. Since 1871 the college has sustained a scientific department and given the degree of B. S., but the same degree can be obtained at other institutions with more ease, and there is little inducement to continue the competition. A thorough preparation in Latin has been required, which is not true of other competing institutions. Many students will go where there is the easiest admission and course of study, if the degree at the end of the studies is the same. This disadvantage being evident in reference to Bowdoin, a committee was appointed last year to make a thorough revision of the lines of study. President Chamberlain, chairman, presented his report at the trustee meeting. It recommended dropping altogether the scientific department, and that the college give only the regular academic degree of B. A. to graduates. But the studies which have been pursued in the scientific department will be transferred to the academic department as regular or elective. The same requirements for admission will be insisted upon for all applicants, and no elective branches will be offered in the freshman year. Latin and Greek will be compulsory throughout the first two years. One of the two may be taken for the first two terms of the junior year as an elective, so that a thorough drill in the ancient classics may be obtained. The scientific studies are mostly made elective, except so far as they are now a part of the regular academic course. Instead of fifteen recitations during a week, there will be sixteen under the new plan. It may be put in this way: there will be four recitations in each of the four studies which are pursued simultaneously. Wednesday afternoon will be the time for rhetorical exercise, and there will be an exercise on Saturday forenoon, both of these changes being innovation. Mathematics will be confined to the freshman year to a great extent. Two of the four studies will be compulsory mathematics. Afterwards, for the next two years mathematics can be taken as an elective branch, so that thorough drill in the general science is possible. Therefore by taking scientific optionals, a student can get about as much in that line as was possible in the scientific department. Science is taught not as it is in technical schools, as an end with an occupation in view, but as a means of mental discipline. In junior year comes a large list of elective studies, both in mathematics and the languages, and from this time to the end of the course there is a liberal field for choice. Modern languages receive unusual attention, and the students are obliged to take both French and German. French is compulsory through sophomore year and German through junior year. In senior year, again, German comes up as an elective study for one term. Psychology begins in junior year, so that four terms can be given to it before graduation. This makes the course unusually strong.

IN GENERAL.

—In the opinion of Judge Tourjee, author of the "Fool's Errand," education is the cure for the child Scottism.

—While farmers are wondering what potato bugs are good for, a little boy from the city has discovered a use for them as bait for perch. The fish spring at them more eagerly than at ordinary bait.

—Sabethia is a Kansas village with a cemetery. There is a sign painted on the fence opposite the cemetery reading, "To keep out of that place across the road, get your medicines at the corner drug store."

—A manufacturer of Scotch caps and felt hats in Scotland has bought a factory in Vineland, N. J., to which he will remove all his machinery and hands this fall, bag and baggage. This is the sort of immigration that tells.

—A school boy at Allanburg, Ont., had entered the school house through a window to get his books, and when returning the window sash fell down upon him. He was found three hours after suspended from the window by the neck, dead.

—Sara Bernhardt, the French actress, is coming to this country in October. She is said to be thinner than Tabulator Foster's defence of the State steal. It would take two of her to cast a shadow.

—Under the new census Boston shows a population of about 350,000. The amount of beans required to furnish Boston with Sunday dinners, if piled one on top of the other, would probably punch a hole in the clouds and knock out the eyes of the man in the moon.

—From facts collected by Mr. Chanute, Vice President of the American Society of Civil Engineers, it appears that American locomotives, which have at least as much speed as any in the world, can also pull greater trains and travel more miles in a year than any others.

—Bliffers has a French servent girl of whom he is very proud. He says he never Metz such a girl as Nancy, and says that things would soon go to Rouen if he didn't Havre in the house. He has just given her a Marseilles dress, a pair of Lisle gloves and several Rheims of paper. It fills his Brest with pain to think of parting with her, as she has been in his Toulon Toulouse.

—The Heathen Chinee has put the Celt to the blush in Carson, Nev. Hi Wah recently paid off a number of his workmen in Carson. Among them there was an Irishman. Hi Wah gave him a check for the amount due him, but as the Irishman could not read he was obliged to go to the bank with him and cash the check. The check was drawn payable to the Irishman's order. When the bank clerk handed back the check for indorsement the Celt said he could not write. Hi Wah signed the name for him and Patrick made the sign of the cross.

—Dr. Gatling, inventor of the famous gun, has just perfected another instrument of war that is said to be the most complete in its deadly properties. It is capable of firing 1000 shots in a minute; and by use of the instrument three men can do the work of 300 riflemen. It is capable of killing a man or horse one mile away. It is somewhat in the form of the present Gatling gun, but more complete, and may be taken to pieces at will, and therefore can be easily moved about. About $250,000 were spent in experimenting on it.

—The Charleston *News* says the movement against pistols and whisky, which began in South Carolina several months ago, gains steadily in force. Not only have the newspapers generally joined the crusade, but the grand juries of a number of counties have recommended the passage of such laws as will at least lessen the evil. The municipal authorities in some of the most important towns in the State have passed ordinances restricting the sale of whisky, and prohibiting the carrying of concealed deadly weapons. Other communities are moving in the same direction.

—The census enumerator of Sedgwick found one citizen in that town who not only refused to give the proper answers but showed fight. Up to Monday of this week the answers had not been obtained, but as the law is exceedingly strict and explicit on this subject, the rebellious citizen will find by experience, if reflection does not set him right, that it is quite expensive to refuse to answer the questions to which the census requires answers. When the enumerator proposed to read the law on the subject the citizen refused to allow him to do so, calling it "a d——d black Republican law, any way."

—An Australian sheep farmer used to say that he had ten shepherds, all convicts. One was a clergyman. He was idle, sat down and let the sheep wander. Another was an English shepherd. He could not abapt himself to the vagrant ways of colonial sheep. Another was a murderer. He drove the sheep too hard. The best of the whole ten was a London pickpocket. In the exercise of his profession he had been observant, cautious and dextrous, taking note of persons, peculiarities of dress. He had to estimate the value of his victims, and to obtain his object with least disturbance to their sensibilities. He watched the sheep carefully, knew what each had in his pocket, and did his best to secure the prize for his employer.

—They think they have discovered some relics of De Soto at Tallahassee, Fla. In plowing up a field were found a ponderous spur and an iron stirrup, both of ancient pattern. The burr is one and a half inches in diameter and the bar proportionately heavy. On either side of the rowell dangle small pendent bells that gave forth a tinkling sound in response to each step of the wearer—doubtless some steel-clad and bonated warrior of long ago. The stirrup is massive, and the sides represent two Ethiopian figures standing upon the footrest, leaning forward facing each other, while they support with outstretched arms what forms the top of the stirrup, or that part which is connected with the leather. So unlike are these relics to anything known to the generations of this day and time that the presumption is raised that they belonged to some follower of De Soto.

AND THERE WERE GIANTS IN THOSE DAYS."—The Cincinnati *Enquirer* says that a mound sixty-four feet long and thirty-five wide, covered with large trees, was recently opened in Muskingum County, Ohio, in which were found several graves containing seven skeletons, showing that the men and women when living were from seven to ten feet high. The skeletons were well preserved, and belong to some prehistoric race of giants. What is now a profound mystery the result of this excavation may in time become the key to unlock still further mysteries that centuries ago were commonplace affairs. I refer to a stone that was found resting against the clay coffin above described. It is an irregular shaped red sandstone, weighing about eighteen pounds, being strongly impregnated with oxide of iron, and bearing upon one side two lines of hieroglyphics.

THAT SEA SERPENT.—A short time ago Capt. Ingalls, of the Chalcednoy, reported finding the dead body of the sea serpent floating around a short distance from this port, and a few days after a strange fish was announced as floating ashore at Seguin. An old whaler says the fish taken for the sea serpent was, probably, what is known as the boneless shark. The boneless shark is fifty to seventy feet in length, having a tapering tail, bulging head and body, with two large fins, a body of soft, elastic substance, which the captain has pierced with a lance every two feet of every part, and found no bones. Its speed is about four to five miles per hour. It sucks its food and is entirely harmless, and may be approached with safety. It has a liver which makes a large quantity of oil, but is otherwise useless. It is sometimes called a ground shark.

LITERARY NOTES.

—A visitor enters a French newspaper office and is greeted politely by the office boy: "If monsieur comes to fight a duel he will have to be kind enough to call again; all our editors are already engaged for today."—*Paris Charivari.*

—Mr. A. Bronson Alcott said in an address at Walden the other day, that he drank nothing but water—seldom tea and coffee, and then very weak. He has not touched animal food for fifty years, his fare being fruit, vegetables and grains.

—The new edition of "A Fool's Errand" is to have an apendix of 13 chapters on "The Invisible Empire," which is Judge Tourgee's title for the secret of Ku Klux Klan. The new edition will also contain a new chapter in the body of the work, coming in after the present 19th chapter, and treating principally of "Uncle Jerry," the victim of the Ku Klux.

—When Macauly was an undergraduate he attended an election meeting in Cambridge, and was rewarded by a dead cat being thrown in his face. The man who hurled the offensive article apologized by saying that he had no wish to hit Macaulay, as he intended it for Mr. Adeane. "I wish," replied Macaulay, "you had intended it for me and hit Mr. Ardeane."

—J. B. Lippincott, the publisher, says that the cheap pamplet editions of novels are ruining the book trade. He says that they are undermining the perpetuity of the library and cheapening literary tastes, because as soon as they are read they are thrown away. He says that publishers judge of a manuscript novel by its first page—that is they know whether to read any further or not.

—The editor of the Carson Appeal was visited the other day by Captain Sam, of the Piutes. After trying various means to shake his guest, the editor took his violin and played with the following result: The Piute's face assumed a grave aspect, then an expresion of pain and rising suddenly he moved toward the door. "Me on likee too muchee fiddle. You play fiddle at Washoes evly sons gunna run away." And in another moment he had vanished through the door.

—We have frequently been inclined to think," says an English reviewer, "that the most generally delightful passages in fiction are those which describe eating and drinking. To mention no other case, it is interesting to see how carefully Scott arranges his vitualing department. To read of Dandie Dinmont and Van Beest Brown, and the doings of the Knight of the Fetterlock and the Friar of Copmanhurst, is enough to give oneself an appetite for dinner. Perhaps the same principle may account for the pleasure with which an audience always contemplates the consumption of imaginary food at a theatrical banquet.

—Two Colorado miners nearly came to blows over a discussion of the comparative greatness of Shakspeare and Milton, and finally agreed to leave the question to the decision of a committee of three bartenders and as the committee knew nothing of either poet and there wasn't a copy of the works of either in camp they called on the contestants for quotations, and as neither could recollect a line and was ashamed to own it each man handed in a composition of his own as a quotation, and the committee unanimously decided that Shakspeare and Milton were the worst two poets that ever lived, but declined to say which was the worst of the two.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL HYMNS AND MUSIC.—It seems to us high time that the songs of the Sunday-school, the prayer-meeting and the regular church service should become more closely allied to each other, so that while the latter shall be made more hearty and earnest, the two former shall be less unworthy of a place in the mind and heart with the grand truths and magnificant literature of the Bible. Too much countenance has heretofore been given in the Sunday-school to "hymns" which are mere rhymes without reason, with here and there a dash of sweet sentimentalism in place of vigorous thought,—flippant in style and irreverent in expression, and set to tunes of little merit. Rev. Dr. Charles S. Robinson, the author of "Songs for the Sanctuary," rendered a valuable service to the churches when he added to his later work, "Spiritual Songs for the Church and Choir," a most excellent edition called "Spiritual Songs for Social Worship;" and now a continuation of the series is to be issued "Spiritual Songs for the Sunday-school," by the same accomplished author, who has been assisted in the work by Mr. W. F. Sherwin, the well-known musical composer and general Sunday-school worker. The title of the book is hopefully suggestive, and the names of Dr. Robinson and Mr. Sherwin give such promise of thoroughly sensible and attractive work that the advent of the new volume will be watched with eager interest, as one likely to meet most happily the present need. The book will be published by Scribner & Co.

—The August *Atlantic* brings some chapters of Mr. Aldrich's "Stillwater Tragedy" so interesting as to make readers forget the hot weather. Dr. Holmes in a characteristic poem, entitled "The Archbishop and Gil Blas," sings with a pathetic felicitousness of growing old.

A REIGN OF TERROR.

The Alarming Increase of Heart Disease, and the Symptoms which Precede it.

Leading to Scientific Investigation and an Attempt to Check Its Increase.

The Wonderful Properties of "Sedatine-de-India" and how to Properly Use It.

Facts of Importance for All, Regarding a New Discovery.

The mortality statistics of this country show that a great proportion of deaths arise from Heart Disease. But aside from the fatality which attends it, the inconvenience and suffering which even the first stages bring make it necessary to take prompt measures for relief. Undoubtedly the greatest remedy of modern times for curing diseases of the Heart is "Sedatine-de-India," which is accomplishing such wonderful results and attracting so much attention. This great remedy possesses ingredients specially designed for all the numerous troubles of the Heart. The combination is the result of long and careful experiment, and it can be safely asserted that when taken in time it will cure in every case. Do you ever have Nightmare, oppressed feeling in side and breast, Irregular Action, Throbbing, Jumping, Fluttering, Momentary Stopping, Slow Circulation of the Blood? These are all symptoms of Heart Disease. Those who are suffering and have never tried it should do so at once; those who have ever tried it do not need to be urged to do so again. If your Druggist has not got it send one dollar and fifty cents to our address and it will be mailed to you. Sole Agents in America, Lobdell Chemical Co., St. Louis, Mo.

MALT-TEA.

The most important remedial agent ever presented for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation and all diseases arising from imperfect digestion. A delightful nutritious beverage; a pleasant, invigorating tonic; a strengthener for the debilitated; a sovereign remedy for disorders of the Throat, Chest, Lungs and Stomach. It corrects not only the LIVER but the other equally important corresponding organs, promotes their healthy action, and is recommended as THE ONE proper mode of permanently improving the general health. Each package makes over a gallon of medicine. Every package of the genuine MALT-TEA must bear the label of the Sole Agents, "Lobdell Chemical Co."

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

Buy it of your Druggist, or order it of us by mail.

LOBDELL CHEMICAL CO.,
St. Louis, Mo.

SULPHUR BITTERS.

SULPHUR BITTERS

Who is Doctor Kaufmann?

This question is frequently asked. We would simply say that

DR. KAUFMANN

Is the Discoverer of

Extract of Sulphur.

Carl Ernst Kaufmann was born in 1812. He entered the Berlin University at the age of sixteen, and graduated four years later. He then entered the celebrated Royal College of Physicians at Edinburg, Scotland, remaining there three years. In 1836, Dr. Kaufmann accepted a professorship in a celebrated German college, which chair he filled with distinguished honor for thirteen years, during which time he wrote largely for the London Lancet and the Berlin News, and was noted as one of the most profound and scientific writers, even among the great physicians who contributed to those noted medical journals.

It Has Saved Hundreds of Lives. It May Save Yours.

It is the safest, purest and best medicine ever made. If you are ailing, get a bottle this day.

HARTFORD, March 19, 1880.

A. P. ORDWAY & CO.—Ship up one gross Sulphur Bitters immediately. Respectfully,
TALCOTT & CO.

HARTFORD, March 20, 1880.

Messrs. A. P. ORDWAY & CO.—Please send us one half gross Sulphur Bitters. Respectfully,
SISSON, BUTLER & CO.

Can you ask for more Trustworthy or reliable Testimony!

MIRACULOUS CURE.

I CAN NOW GO

Without my Crutches.

NORTH BRADFORD, Me., March 29, 1880.

Gentlemen: I was taken sick with the Rheumatic Fever about a year ago, and I was confined to my bed six months, and it left me in bad shape. Your SULPHUR BITTERS have done a good thing for me. My nephews laughed at me, but I told them I had great faith in them; but now when they come in they say your SULPHUR BITTERS have done a great thing for me. Yes, I tell them, and some more of them I am going to have. I applied the SULPHUR PLASTERS on the sore places, and can now walk without my crutches very well, which I have used for the last eight months. I am but little lame. Your SULPHUR BITTERS and PLASTERS have cured me.

They are the greatest medicine I ever saw.

Respectfully, RANDAL N. WILSON.

A RUNNING SORE,

for eighteen years, cured.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE!

LEWISTON, Me., April 6, 1880.

Dear Sirs: I have suffered with a running sore on my leg for the past fourteen years, caused by exposure in the army, and have suffered everything a man could, the sore discharging constantly. I have tried every remedy that I heard of, but never received any benefit from them. SULPHUR BITTERS is the only thing that ever done me any good. When I commenced taking them I could not put my whole foot down and walk on it. I THINK SULPHUR BITTERS HAVE SAVED MY LIFE. There is nothing like them. I earnestly entreat all afflicted with impure blood to try them and be cured. Believe me, gratefully yours,

HENRY H. GARCELON.

DR. KAUFMANN'S

SULPHUR BITTERS,

ARE PREPARED ONLY BY

A. P. ORDWAY & CO., Chemists,

Sole Proprietors for U. S. and Canadas,
LAWRENCE, MASS.

Notice of Foreclosure.

FRANK P. CUMMINGS of Winthrop, by his deed dated the 15th day of October, A. D. 1878, and recorded in the Oxford Registry of Deeds, book 183, page 297, conveyed to me, the undersigned, a mortgage, a certain parcel of real estate situate in Hartford in Oxford County, and bounded as follows:—Beginning on Bear Pond, so called, on the Turner line, on the north-east side of said pond, thence northerly on Turner line to the south line of William M. Mitchell's gore lot; thence westerly by William M. Mitchell's and E. and E. W. Turner's Gore line to the brook; thence southerly by said E. and E. W. Turner's land to "Bear Pond," so called; thence easterly on the shore of said pond, to the first mentioned bounds, containing eighty acres, more or less; and the condition of said mortgage having been broken, I, the undersigned, by reason thereof, claim a foreclosure.

HENRY M. RICHARDSON.

Winthrop, June 22, 1880.

For the Mines. POCKET MAGNIFIERS, suitable for Mineralogists to examine ores, also for Botanists' use, at 50, 63 and 75 cents each. For sale by HENRY M. WATKINS, PARIS HILL, ME.

POLITICAL NOTES.

—The Democratic party will not have been out of office 21 years until March, 1882. Therefore, it cannot hope to attain its majority as an opposition party next November.

—It is reported that General Howell, the editor of the Atlantic (Ga.) *Constitution*, took one good look at the Tammany crowd at Cincinnati and remarked: "If I lived in the North, I would be a Republican."

—The bulldozer is not dead even in Maryland. The first Garfield and Arthur pole raising in Maryland occurred Thursday at Hyattsville, in Prince Georges County. On beginning the work on Monday the democrats attempted to interfere.

—The U. S. Treasury statement shows that the refunding of the U. S. bonds in bonds of lower rate of interest has saved the government $58,289,168 annually in interest. The government was able to effect this great saving because it had kept its agreement with the people and its credit is good. Honesty pays well.

—The Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Thompson, although a landsman, has the happy faculty of sailing round at the end of the year with a good surplus of the annual appropriation unexpended. This year he has a surplus, unexpended, of $2,500,000. The people can appreciate such kind of financial seamanship.

—While the Republican party of the country in five years reduced taxation in the form of customs dues and internal revenue taxes over $121,000,000 on articles of general consumption, the Democrats, in same length of time, effected a reduction of about $11,000,000, and confined their "reforms" to quinine, tobacco and whiskey.

—Dennis Kearney is in great disfavor in San Francisco. The democratic wing of the workingmen's party has deposed him from leadership, severely denounced and even threatened to lynch him. He was accused of having $60,000 worth of property in Marblehead, Mass., which he had accumulated from the rich while he pretended to the workingmen to be poor.

—Congressman Weaver got off a queer remark recently. He protested against adjournment until Congress had done justice to the soldiers "who saved the flag that adorns your brow, Mr. Speaker.' It was changed in the Congressional Record, which said he was appealing for the men "who saved the flag that throws its protecting shadow over the speaker as he occupies that chair to-day" and then adds "applause," where a strict regard for truth would have required "laughter."

—Times do not seem to have improved much since John Quincy Adam's day. Once during a Presidential canvass he said, "The bitterness and violence of Presidential electioneering increases as the time advances. It seems as if every liar in the country was at work day and night to destroy my character. It does not surprise me, because I have seen the same species of ribaldry year after year heaped upon my father, and for a long time upon Washington."

—Lowell *Courier*: "Among the wild propositions to the socialist convention at Chicago, was a resolution 'that light, land, air and water are free gifts of nature, and that nobody should have more than his share.' Why gold and silver, which are also gifts of nature, were ommitted, we cannot understand. It would doubtless be an improvement all round if some of those who want a general division of these gifts of nature would use a little more of their fair share of water, and the rest of the community might be willing to throw in a proportionate amount of soap, which, except in rare instances, is not a gift of nature."

MARRIED.

In Buckfield, June 30, by Rev. S. L. B Chase, Mr. Elmer E. Austin and Miss E. Franc White, both of Buckfield.

Weather Report.

Temperature last week at 7 A. M.

Sunday, 68° clear; Monday, 58° clear; Tuesday, 58° rain; Wednesday, 58° clear; Thursday, 57° clear; Friday, 60° foggy; Saturday, 59° clear.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

New Advertisements.

Receiver's Notice.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice that he has been duly appointed by the Honorable Supreme Judicial Court of Androscoggin County, Receiver of the firm of Dearborn & Tibbets, doing business at Locke's Mills, in the town of Greenwood, County of Oxford. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment. TIMOTHY WALKER.

Rumford, July 14, 1880.

Auction Sale.

THE subscriber, as Receiver of the late firm of Dearborn & Tibbets, will sell at public sale on Saturday, the seventh day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at Locke's Mills, in the town of Greenwood, all the property belonging to said firm, consisting of a large lot of machinery, formerly used in spool factory, with the engine and boiler and a large lot of spool lumber and other articles too numerous to mention.

TIMOTHY WALKER.

Rumford, July 14, 1880.

Commissioners' Notice to Creditors.

WE having been appointed by the Judge of Probate for the County of Oxford, to receive and examine the claims of the creditors of JOEL HALL, late of Peru, in said county, deceased, whose estate is represented insolvent, give notice that six months, commencing the third Tuesday of April, A. D. 1880, have been allowed to said creditors to bring in and prove their claims, and that we will attend the service assigned us at the Grange Store, West Peru, on Tuesday, the 28th day of September, following, from one o'clock to six o'clock, p. m.

JOSIAH HALL,
O. L. HAMMOND.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1880.

Closing Out Sale!

The subscribers, contemplating a change in their business, offer for CASH, their entire stock of

DRY & FANCY GOODS,

AND WOOLENS,

at, and below cost, for the next

SIXTY DAYS.

This being, without doubt, the largest and best selected stock of goods in the County, an unusual opportunity is offered to those who desire to purchase for Fall and Winter wear.

All persons indebted to the subscribers, either by Note, or open account, are requested to settle the same within the above mentioned time.

Whitcomb & Oxnard.

Norway, Me., July 15, 1880.

DENTAL NOTICE.

HAVING just opened a Dental office in NORWAY, I take pleasure in notifying the people that I am prepared to do all kinds of

DENTISTRY

satisfactorily. Having the latest improvements in the shape of instruments, for the working of Gold Foil and other filling material, operations can be performed in much less time and consequently with less pain and expense than with the old styles.

Knowing that the Celluloid base plate is preferable to any other in common use, on account of its lightness and its high conducting power, I use it altogether as a base for

Artificial Teeth!

All examinations made without charge.

Ether given for extracting if desired.

Should be pleased to see any person desiring the services of a Dentist, at my rooms in

MASON'S BLOCK, - - NORWAY, MAINE.

Dr. L. D. TUBBS.

Freedom Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I gave my son, PERLEY G. RANKINS, his time to act and trade for himself. I shall not claim any of his earnings, or pay any of his debts after this date.

PERLEY RANKINS.

Witness:—LLEWELLYN A. WADSWORTH.
Hiram, June 9, 1880.

Flags and Fireworks,

UNIFORMS & TORCHES,

JAPANESE AND CHINESE LANTERNS.

Every kind of Goods for the

Political Campaign

HYDE & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS,
52 Chauncy Street, Boston.

BRIDGTON

ACADEMY,

North Bridgton, Maine.

—The FALL TERM of twelve weeks,—
—will commence—

TUESDAY, AUGUST 24, 1880.

J. F. MOODY, A. M., Principal.
Miss HELEN M. STAPLES, Teacher of Modern Languages & Mathematics.
Miss EMMA F. PURINGTON, Teacher of Latin and Greek.
Miss ELLA A. WOODMAN, Teacher of English.
A. W. STARBIRD, Principal of Commercial Department.
Rev. N. LINCOLN, Chaplain.
Miss A. G. COFFIN, Teacher of Elocution.
Mrs EVA M. TURNER, Teacher of Drawing and Painting.
Miss ANNIE P. BLAKE, Teacher of Instrumental Music.
Miss NELLIE E. GIBBS, Teacher of Vocal Music.

For full particulars or circulars, apply to Thos. H. Mead, Secretary, North Bridgton, or the Principal.

H. N. BOLSTER,

VARIETY STORE & PRODUCE DEALER.

We carry a FULL ASSORTMENT of all kinds of

DRY GOODS,

HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,
GROCERIES & CANNED GOODS,
ROOM PAPERS AND BORDERS,
WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES,

PAINTS,

Painters' Colors,
Oils, Varnishes,
Brushes, &c.,
FLOUR, SALT, LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT.

HAYING TOOLS!

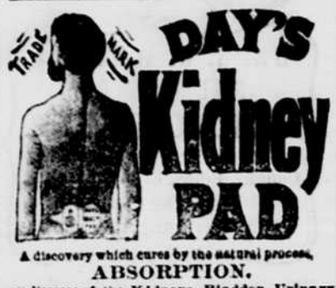
In abundance. We have the famous "MASCOMA," "CLIPPER," and "OUR BEST" scythes, the best scythes made, *selling at very low prices.*

Please to call and examine our goods and prices—for seeing is believing. You'll find us on the "cool side" of

MARKET SQUARE,

SOUTH PARIS, MAINE.

July 1, 1880.



A discovery which cures by the natural process,

ABSORPTION.

all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs and Nervous System, when nothing else can. It is comfortable to the patient, positive in its effects, and the first cure for those painful and much dreaded affections,

Diabetes and Bright's Disease,

while its cures of Gravel, Dropsy, Catarrh of the Bladder, Brickdust Deposit, Painful Urinating, High-Colored Urine, Nervous Weakness and Pain in the Back seem more like miracles than cases of natural healing.

DELICATE FEMALES

or victims of wasted or prostrated energies, caused by irregular habits, the abuse of nature and mental or physical over-exertion, find their greatest relief in the use of DAY'S KIDNEY PAD, which strengthens and invigorates the invalid and restores the vigor of health.

PAIN IN THE BACK.

We say positively, and without fear of contradiction, that DAY'S KIDNEY PAD is the only certain and permanent cure for every form of this prevalent and distressing complaint.

YOUNG MEN

suffering from nervous and physical debility, loss of memory, or vitality impaired by the errors of youth or to close application to business or work, may be restored and manhood regained.

Avoid all kidney medicines which are taken into the system by way of the stomach; it is an old treatment well tried and proven inefficient, though sometime effecting apparent cures of one complaint, they row the seeds of more troublesome and permanent disorders. The price of our kidney pad brings it within the reach of all, and it will annually save many times its cost in doctors bills, medicines and plasters, which at best give but temporary relief. It can be used without fear or harm, and with certainty of a permanent cure. For sale by druggists generally, or sent by mail (free of postage) on receipt of the price. Regular Pad, $2.00; Child's Pad (for incontinence of urine in children), $1.50; Special (extra size), $3.00. Our book, "How a life was saved," giving a history of this new discovery and a large record of most remarkable cures sent free. Write for it. Address DAY KIDNEY PAD CO., Toledo, O.

CAUTION. Owing to the many worthless Kidney Pads now seeking a sale on our reputation, we deem it due the afflicted to warn them. Ask for DAY'S KIDNEY PAD, and take no other.

Non-resident Taxes.

In the town of Upton, in the County of Oxford, for the year 1879.

The following list of taxes on real estate of non-resident owners in the town of Upton, for the year 1879, in bills committed to SILAS F. PEABLES, Collector of taxes of said town, on the 18th day of July, 1879, has been returned by him to me as remaining unpaid on the 23d day of April, 1880, by his certificate of that date and now remains unpaid; and notice is hereby given that if the said taxes, interest and charges are not paid into the Treasury of the said town, within eighteen months from the date of the commitment of the said bills, so much of the real estate taxed as will be sufficient to pay the amount due therefor including interest and charges will without further notice be sold at public auction at the store of M. F. Coolidge in said town, on Tuesday, the 18th day of January, 1881, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

Owners.	Desc'p'n.	No. range	No. acres.	Value.	Tax.
David Hammons, east part of State lot known as Swift and Frye lot,		106	6360	$3	$3 94
S. N. Richards, the Grover farm, on East B. Hill,		130	550	6	19
Franklin Smith, lot B., known as the Proctor lot,	13&14	143	175	1	97
Same, lot known as the Cash lot,	13&14	100	125	1	40
Same, lot known as the S. E. Morse lot,	—	37	45		50
Same, lot C,		36	55		63
Total tax,					$4 50

CHARLES ABBOTT,
Treasurer of Upton.

June 28, A. D. 1880.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING recently purchased the interest of my late partner, I desire to tender to my patrons my sincere thanks for the many favors of the past, and as I shall conduct the business alone hereafter, I would respectfully solicit the continuation of the same; trusting by small profits and fair dealing, to merit your confidence and patronage. Very Respectfully,

S. U. HAWKES.

HAVE YOUR Custom CLOTHING MADE AT Buckfield, Mechanic Falls, MAINE.

We keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of Goods, suitable for Dress Suits, Business suits, &c., and guarantee a perfect fit.

J. A. BUCKNAM and COMPY,

MECHANIC FALLS, ME.

NEW FIRM:

Andrews AND Curtis,

WEST PARIS, ME.

WE would respectfully announce that we have bought the large stock of goods recently owned by S. B. LOCKE & CO., and just received in addition thereto, several large invoices of goods, so that we now have on hand a complete line of

Dress Goods,
Trimming Silks,
Dry and Fancy Goods,
Room Paper,
Hats and Caps,
Groceries,
Crockery and Glass-ware,
Paints,
Oils,
Hardware,
Lime and Salt.

We would call special attention to our splendid line of

Boots & Shoes,

just received from Boston, which we guarantee to sell as low as can be purchased elsewhere.

WE ARE AGENTS FOR

Oak Hall Clothing Co.,

BOSTON.

ALSO,

O. WYATT & COMP'Y,

DOVER, N. H.,

Manufacturers of Clothing from the famous

Sawyer Woolens.

These agencies, in connection with our

Tailoring Business

at home, enables us to offer to the public a large assortment of

Custom Clothing!

All are invited to call and examine our goods and samples.

ANDREWS & CURTIS.

West Paris, May 24, 1880.

Rumford Falls & Buckfield Railroad!

Leave Canton at 6:20 and 9:30, a. m., and Mechanic Falls at 7:00 a. m., and 3:15 p. m., Portland at 1:30 p. m., Lewiston at 2:00 p. m.

I. WASHBURN, JR., Pres.

Sheriff's Sale.

OXFORD, ss:

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an execution in favor of Elijah Jordan, against the Portland and Oxford Central Railroad Company, issued on the twenty-sixth day of June A. D. 1880, upon a judgment recovered in favor of said Jordan, and against said corporation, at the term of the Supreme Judicial Court held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the second Tuesday of March, A. D. 1879, I, J. W. Whitten, Deputy Sheriff for the County of Oxford, have on this tenth day of July, A. D. 1880, seized the right of said Portland and Oxford Central Railroad Company to redeem the following mortgage and mortgaged premises, namely:—A mortgage given by said Company to Ezra Carter, junior, John W. Lane and Allen Haines, dated May 20, A. D. 1863, and recorded in the Androscoggin County Registry of Deeds, vol. 36, pages 240 to 247, and in Oxford County Registry of Deeds, vol. 132, page 213, whereby said Company mortgaged to said Carter, Lane and Haines, all and singular, the premises, franchises and privileges then to said corporation belonging; that is to say, the franchises and railroad, rights of way, easements, depots, engine-houses and other houses, situate between the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railroad in the town of Minot, and Canton Point, at the Androscoggin River, and more particularly described in the deed from F. O. J. Smith to said corporation, dated the first day of May, A. D. 1863, so far as said deed related to the distance within said termini; meaning therein and thereby to include so much and all of the franchises, privileges, corporate rights and property, real and personal, and mixed, as was then owned and possessed by said corporation within the aforesaid termini of Minot, and Canton Point at the Androscoggin River, and whether derived under and by virtue of the charter of said company, or of the deed of said Smith to said company, or the charter of the Buckfield Branch Railroad Company, or of the deed of said last named company to said Smith, and inclusive of all real estate and equipments which should after said mortgage be acquired in the full completion and equipment of said road; and by virtue of said execution, I, said Whitten, as said Deputy Sheriff, shall sell said right to redeem to the highest bidder at public auction, on the fourteenth day of August, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred eighty, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the railroad passenger station, at Buckfield village, in Buckfield, in said County of Oxford; also by virtue of the said execution, I, said Deputy Sheriff, have on this tenth day of July, A. D. 1880, seized all the franchises of said Portland and Oxford Central Railroad Company, of, to, upon, or appertaining to its railroad extending from the junction with the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railroad at Mechanic Falls in the town of Minot, to Canton Mills in the town of Canton, all in the said counties of Oxford and Androscoggin, and by virtue of said execution shall sell the same at public auction to the highest bidder, at the said passenger station, on the said fourteenth day of August, A. D. 1880.

J. W. WHITTEN, Deputy Sheriff.

Dated at Buckfield, this tenth day of July, A. D. 1880.

Notice of Foreclosure.

WHEREAS, Austin E. Warren of Bridgton, in the county of Cumberland and State of Maine, on the fifth day of July, A. D. 1875, by his mortgage deed of that date, recorded in the Oxford Western District Registry of Deeds, book 61, page 33, conveyed to me the following described real estate, situated in Denmark in the County of Oxford and State of Maine, to wit:—Being same tract conveyed to Aaron H. Witham of Denmark by Leonard A. Berry, by his deed dated the tenth day of May, A. D. 1865, and recorded in the Oxford Western District Registry of Deeds, book 48, page 192, to which reference may be had for a more particular description; also about six acres adjoining the above described tract northerly, the same conveyed to the said Aaron H. Witham, by Walter Berry; and as the conditions of said mortgage have been broken, I claim a foreclosure of the same agreeably to the statute.

NATHANIEL HALE.

Denmark, June 19, 1880.

Abstract of Plaintiff's Writ.

ROBINSON DEAN of Buckfield, in the County of Oxford, Plaintiff, vs. WILLIAM H. ELLIS, Defendant.

ACTION of assumpsit on promissory note, dated June 16, 1877, signed by said defendant, wherein he promised to pay the plaintiff or his order, the sum of ninety-five dollars and seventy cents on demand, with interest at 8 per cent. Addamnum, $100. Writ dated Feb. 14, 1880, and returnable to March Term, 1880.

STATE OF MAINE.

OXFORD, ss:—Supreme Judicial Court, March Term, A. D. 1880.

ROBINSON DEAN
vs
WILLIAM H. ELLIS.

And now it appearing to the Court that the said Defendant, is not an inhabitant of this State, and has no tenant, agent or attorney therein, and that he has no notice of the pendency of this suit.

It is ordered by the Court that the said Plaintiff notify the said Defendant, of the pendency thereof by causing an abstract of this writ with this order of Court thereon to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat a paper printed at Paris in said County the last publication to be thirty days at least before the next term of said Court to be holden at Paris, aforesaid, on the third Tuesday of Sept'r next, to the end that the said Defendant may then and there appear at said Court and show cause if any he have why judgment should not be rendered thereon, and execution issued accordingly.

Attest: JAMES S. WRIGHT, Clerk.

A true abstract of writ and order of court thereon.

Attest: JAMES S. WRIGHT, Clerk.

BISBEE & HERSEY, Attys for plff.

CHAMPION HORSE HOE.

Call for MERRILL'S NEW

CHAMPION HORSE-HOE & CULTIVATOR.

For price and quality, can't be beaten.

ONLY $8.50

Contains 7 teeth and good WHEEL!

MANUFACTURED BY

F. C. MERRILL,

SOUTH PARIS, MAINE.

To the Hon. Board of County Commissioners of Oxford County.

PURSUANT to a vote of the inhabitants of the town of Paris, passed at a meeting of the legal voters of said town of Paris, duly notified and held at the town house in said town, on the first Monday of March, A. D. 1880, instructing us, the selectmen of said town, to petition the County Commissioners to discontinue the road leading from the Rumford road to Norway village, as laid out by the County Commissioners in 1879; we, the undersigned, Selectmen of said town of Paris, respectfully represent, that public convenience and necessity does not require the building of said highway or road, as located by the County Commissioners in and for said County, the report of which was made and entered at the May Term of the said County Commissioners' Court, A. D. 1879, and described as follows:—Commencing at the gate at north end of Cottage Street in Norway village; thence north 42½° east, 86 rods, to Paris town line, over land of the Beals heirs; thence north 19° east, 61 rods and 20 links; thence north 19° east, 13 rods and 15 links; thence north 16° east, 7 rods; thence north 8° east, 5 rods; thence north 23° east, 28 rods, to centre of old Rumford road, so called, over land of the Beals heirs. Wherefore, your petitioners request your honors to proceed to view said route, and give a hearing to all parties interested, and to discontinue said highway or road; and as in duty bound will ever pray.

Dated at Paris, this 4th day of June, A. D. 1880.

BENJ. S. DOE,
G. C. PRATT,
WM. PARLIN,
Selectmen of the town of Paris.

STATE OF MAINE.

OXFORD, ss:—Board of County Commissioners, May Session, 1880; held by adjournment June 25th, 1880.

Upon the foregoing petition, satisfactory evidence having been received that the petitioners are responsible, and that inquiry into the merits of their application is expedient, IT IS ORDERED, that the County Commissioners meet at the Elm House, Norway, on Tuesday, the 31st day of August next, at ten of the clock a. m., and thence proceed to view the route mentioned in said petition; immediately after which view, a hearing of the parties and witnesses will be had at some convenient place in the vicinity, and such other measures taken in the premises as the Commissioners shall judge proper. And it is further ordered, that notice of the time, place and purpose of the Commissioners' meeting aforesaid be given to all persons and corporations interested, by causing attested copies of said petition and of this order thereon to be served upon the respective Clerks of the Towns of Paris and Norway, and also posted up in three public places in each of said towns and published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, a newspaper printed at Paris in said County of Oxford, the first of said publications and each of the other notices, to be made, served and posted, at least thirty days before said time of meeting, to the end that all persons and corporations may then and there appear and shew cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted.

Attest:— JAMES S. WRIGHT, Clerk.

A true copy of said Petition and order of Court thereon.

Attest: JAMES S. WRIGHT, Clerk.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of HAWKES & GARLAND, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Chandler Garland is authorized to collect all debts and settle the liabilities of the late firm.

All demands unsettled at the end of sixty days from this date, will be left with an attorney for collection.

CHANDLER GARLAND,
S. U. HAWKES.

Paris, Me., June 28, 1880.

—CARD.—

Mr. S. U. HAWKES will continue in business at the old place, and I would respectfully invite all of my friends to patronize him, feeling that he will do all in his power to give satisfaction. I would also thank them for the favors I have received. CHANDLER GARLAND.

"Randall Harrow." Call on A. B. STEVENS, Bethel.

THE WITHERELL India Steel Scythe;

The best in the world. For sale by

Bolster & Robinson,

SO. PARIS.

—ALSO,—

CLIPPER SCYTHES,

Rakes,
Forks,
Snaths,
Stones,
Rifles,
Drag Rakes,
&c.

All Kinds of Haying Tools, at Lowest Prices.

PYLE'S PEARLINE Estd 1855 SALERATUS THE BEST IN USE SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

Non-Resident Taxes.

In the town of Albany, and County of Oxford, for the year 1879.

The following list of taxes on real estate of non-resident owners in the town of Albany, for the year 1879, in bills committed to JUSTICE ASPIN WALL, Collector of said town, on the 20th day of June, 1879, has been returned by him to me as remaining unpaid on the 13th day of May 1880, by his certificate of that date, and now remains unpaid, and notice is hereby given that if said taxes, interest and charges are not paid into the Treasury of said Town, within eighteen months from the date of the commitment of said bills, so much of the real estate taxed as will be sufficient to pay the amount due therefor, including interest and charges, will without further notice be sold at public auction at the Treasurer's office, to wit:—His dwelling house in said Albany, on the first Monday in February, 1881, at one o'clock in the afternoon.

Owners.	Descp'n.	No. Lot.	Range.	No. Acres.	Value.	Tax.
King Lane,		10	11	30	$20	$1 56
Daniel Wentworth,		10	11	40	50	2 30
Alex. Sloan,		6	2	160	200	9 20
Dunn & Mason,		1	2			
"		7	4	100	400	18 40
Spilleman,		10	1	160	150	6 90
Hand, Plummer & Brown,		11	9	80	75	3 45
W. H. Pingree,		12	1	80	40	1 84
Prescott Bennett,		1	6	25	25	65
J. P. Wescott, Briggs farm,		4	1			
"		4	2	60	150	3 90
" F. A. Wescott "		4	2	50	140	3 90
A. Grover, south part,		3	5	150	100	2 60
Meadow W. of Co. road,		5	4	10	100	2 60
same,		5	5	140	100	2 60
South-west part,		6	5	120	600	15 60
North-west part,		6	6	110	200	5 20
		7	2	160	100	2 60
Unpaid Highway tax for 1878, on the above,						18 00
John O. Swan,		4	2	75	50	1 30
C. S. Edwards, south part,		5	7	150	225	10 35
Caylon Rowe, NE part,		3	7	30	50	2 30
James Holmes,		3	1			
"		3	2	120	400	7 78
Sumner Evans, store & lot,		14	10	1	300	7 80
Melitta Pingree,		4	10	160	200	9 00
Louisa Cummings,		4	1	25	150	3 90
E. B. Hall,		2	2	40	125	3 25
Harris heirs,		5	11	50	25	[illegible]
Clark C. Wight,		8	8	40	50	[illegible]
Samuel O. Grover, known as the Clement Seavey farm,		2	3	51	210	[illegible]
John Gill,		4	3	15	100	2 60

J. H. LOVEJOY, Treasurer of Albany.

Albany, July 6, 1880.

GRAND TRUNK R. R.

Summer Arrangement.

On and after June 28, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

GOING WEST.

Express trains for Lewiston, will leave Portland at 7.40 a. m., 12:45, 1:10 and 5:10 p. m. For South Paris, Norway, Montreal, Chicago and the West, will leave Portland at 9:35 a. m. and 1:10 p. m., Lewiston at 9:35 a. m. and 2:20 p. m., South Paris at 10:20 a. m. and 2:45 p. m., Norway at 10:15 a. m. and 2:38 p. m., and Gorham at 11:50 a. m. and 5:15 p. m. The latter train connects at Richmond for Quebec.

Local for South Paris, Norway and Gorham leaves Portland at 5:00 p. m., South Paris at 7:20 p. m.

Mixed for Island Pond leaves Gorham at 11:15 a. m.

GOING EAST.

Express trains for Portland will leave Lewiston at 7:25 and 11:55 a. m. and 4:25 p. m. For South Paris, Norway, Lewiston, Portland and Boston leave Island Pond at 7:10 a. m., Gorham at 9:30 a. m., South Paris at 11:00 a. m., Norway at 10:50 a. m. For Portland and Boston leave Island Pond at 12:20 p. m., Gorham at 2:50 p. m., and South Paris at 4:10 p. m.

Local for Portland and Lewiston leaves Gorham at 8:45 a. m., South Paris at 8:15 a. m., Norway at 8:27 a. m.

Mixed for Portland leaves Gorham at 10:50 a. m., South Paris at 2:00 p. m.

Trains will run by Portland time.

JOSEPH HICKSON, General Manager.

"Randall Harrow." Call on A. B. STEVENS, Bethel.

MEN WANTED.

I would like to hire men to sell NURSERY STOCK, commencing immediately. Want reliable and energetic men of twenty-five years of age and upwards, who will be paid a good salary and expenses. The best of reference required as to character and ability. Address with reference,

O. K. GERRISH,
93 Exchange St., PORTLAND, ME.

ROOM PAPERS

AND

BORDERS,

WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES, CORD AND TASSELS,

Papers from the CHEAPEST BROWN TO THE BEST SATINS AND GILTS, WITH BORDERS TO MATCH.

—WE HAVE THE—

LARGEST STOCK

—IN—

OXFORD COUNTY!

and think we cannot be beaten in

STYLE & VARIETY!

Please look at our stock before buying.

All papers trimmed free of charge.

NOYES' DRUG & BOOK STORE,

NORWAY, MAINE.

"Randall Harrow." Call on A. B. STEVENS, Bethel.

Photograph Notice.

J. U. P. Burnham,

of PORTLAND, formerly of BANGOR,

expects to spend the summer in OXFORD COUNTY, making portraits and views. His long experience in the art of Photography, being acquainted with all the best artists, and having probably made WITH HIS OWN HANDS, more portraits than any living operator in this Country, makes it possible for me to please most of my patrons.

I am making COPIES a specialty from MINIATURE to LIFE SIZE. Please bring me your old pictures to be enlarged; do not put them into the hands of DRUMMERS, for I will be responsible for their being satisfactory. Soon as the warm weather comes, I shall be ready to make views of Houses and Parties, Interior Views, &c. Please address

J. U. P. BURNHAM,
NORWAY, ME.

"Randall Harrow." Call on A. B. STEVENS, Bethel.

WANTED!

EVERY FARMER to know that he can obtain the

CHAMPION SCREW TOOTH CULTIVATOR,

FULLY WARRANTED, FOR $5.00.

That we have the largest stock of

SCYTHES

IN OXFORD COUNTY;

which, being bought before the rise, will be sold at old prices.

Clipper Scythes, .65c.

Witherell's India Steel Scythes, best in the world. Nolaris Clippers, Snaths, Rakes, Hay-Forks, Drag Rakes, Grindstones, a big stock at low prices, to close out.

WOOD'S MOWING MACHINE, 2 horse; 4 ft. 3 in. cut—NEW. **$52.**

Eagle Horse Rakes, $28.

TRIUMPH & SUMMER QUEEN OIL STOVES, **$3.50 to $5.00.**

Merrill's Dry Air Refrigerators;

The best and cheapest. *Every one warranted.* Don't lose the chance to obtain a bargain. Call early. Remember the place:

MASON BROS.,

MASON'S BLOCK,

NORWAY, - - MAINE.

POTASH!

In Any Quantity,

AT

NOYES' DRUG STORE.

MOWING MACHINES & HORSE RAKES,

For sale at my residence, in

SOUTH PARIS.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

Walter A. Wood Enclosed Gear Mowing Machine.

ALSO, THE

Thomas Horse Rake,

The King of the Field.

All who intend to purchase this year, will find it to their advantage to examine the above implements, before purchasing. Will be at home Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

WILLIAM SWETT.

So. Paris, June 10, 1880.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS!

STEVENS, of Bethel, would call the attention of Farmers of Bethel, Gilead, Newry, Paris, Andover, Albany, Greenwood, &c., to the

**NEW RANDALL WHEEL HAR

POND'S EXTRACT.

THE GREAT VEGETABLE

PAIN DESTROYER and [illegible]IC FOR INFLAMMATION AND HEMORRHAGES.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia. No other preparation has cured so many cases of these distressing complaints as the Extract. Our Plaster is invaluable in these diseases, Lumbago, Pains in Back or Side, &c. Our Ointment (50 cents) for use when removal of clothing is inconvenient, is a great help in relieving inflammatory pains.

Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or from any cause, is speedily controlled and stopped. Our Nasal Syringes (50 cents) and Inhalers ($1.00) are great aids in arresting internal bleeding.

Diphtheria & Sore Throat. Use the Extract promptly. It is a sure cure. Delay is dangerous.

Catarrh. The Extract is the only specific for this disease. Cold in Head, &c. Our "Catarrh Cure," specially prepared to meet serious cases, contains all the curative properties of the Extract; our Nasal Syringe, invaluable for use in catarrhal affections, is simple and unexpensive.

Sores, Ulcers, Wounds, Sprains and Bruises. It is healing, cooling and cleansing. Use our Ointment in conjunction with the Extract; it will aid in healing, softening and in keeping out the air.

Burns and Scalds. For allaying heat and pain it is unrivaled, and should be kept in every family ready for use in case of accidents. A dressing of our Ointment will aid in healing and prevent scars.

Inflamed or Sore Eyes. It can be used without the slightest fear of harm, quickly allaying all inflammation and soreness without pain.

Earache, Toothache and Faceache. When the Extract is used according to directions, its effect is simply wonderful.

Piles, Blind, Bleeding, or Itching. It is the greatest known remedy; rapidly curing when other medicines have failed. Pond's Extract Medicated Paper for direct use, is a preventive against bathing and Piles. Our Ointment is of great service where the removal of clothing is inconvenient.

For Broken Breast and Sore Nipples. The Extract is so cleanly and efficacious that mothers who have once used it will never be without it. Our Ointment is the best emollient that can be applied.

Female Complaints. No physician need be called in for the majority of female diseases if the Extract be used. Full directions accompany each bottle.

CAUTION.

Pond's Extract Has been imitated. The genuine has the words "Pond's Extract" blown in the glass, and our picture trade-mark on surrounding buff wrapper. None else is genuine. Always insist on having Pond's Extract. Take no other preparation. It is never sold in bulk, or by measure.

Price of Pond's Extract, Toilet Articles and Specialties.

POND'S EXTRACT	50c., $1.00 and $1.75		
Toilet Cream	1.00	Catarrh Cure	50
Dentifrice	50	Plaster	
Lip Salve	25	Inhaler	1.00
Toilet Soap (3 Cks)	50	Nasal Syringe	25
Ointment	50	Medicated Paper	

Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK AND LONDON.

For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Orders for $2 worth, carriage free, on receipt of $2.25. Orders for $3 worth, carriage free, on receipt of $3.25, addressed to No. 14 W. 14th Street, New York.

HENRY & JOHNSON'S ARNICA OIL LINIMENT

For Man and Beast.

A sure cure for Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Ulcers, Cuts, Scalds, Galls, Sores, Wind Galls, Corns, Boils, Strains, Fistula, and all Skin Diseases. Rub it in well with the hand.

WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION

Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50c per bottle

BOOTS BY MAIL.

My success in sending boots by mail without extra charge, induces me to invite all who want better boots than their locality affords, to order from me, (for men, women or children.) If the goods do not satisfy, return them.

M. G. PALMER, 230 Middle St., PORTLAND.

KIDNEY-WORT

PERMANENTLY CURES KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, Constipation and Piles.

DR. R. H. CLARK, South Hero, Vt., says, "In cases of KIDNEY TROUBLES it has acted like a charm. It has cured many very bad cases of PILES, and has never failed to act efficiently."

NELSON FAIRCHILD, of St. Albans, Vt., says, "It is of priceless value. After sixteen years of great suffering from Piles and Costiveness it completely cured me."

C. S. HOGABON, of Berkshire, says, "one package has done wonders for me in completely curing a severe Liver and Kidney Complaint."

IT HAS WONDERFUL POWER. WHY?

BECAUSE IT ACTS ON THE LIVER, THE BOWELS AND KIDNEYS AT THE SAME TIME.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Female disorders.

KIDNEY-WORT is a dry vegetable compound and can be sent by mail prepaid.

One package will make six qts of medicine.

TRY IT NOW!

Buy it at the Druggists. Price, $1.00.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.

HALF A CENTURY OLD, AND YET AS GOOD AS NEW.

DOWNS' ELIXIR!

100,000 COURHS AND COLDS

Is a sure remedy for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, and all Lung diseases, when used in season.

Fifty years ago, Elder Downs was given up by his physicians, to die with Consumption. Under these circumstances he compounded this *Elixir*, was cured, and lived to a good old age. You can try it for the price of one doctor's visit.

For sale everywhere.

CURED ANNUALLY.

To Inventors and Mechanics.

PATENTS and how to obtain them. Pamphlet of sixty pages free, upon receipt of Stamps for Postage. Address,

GILMORE, SMITH & CO., *Solicitors of Patents, Box 31,* Washington, D. C.

26-tf

Equally adapted to the feeble or robust, male or female, are Malt Bitters.

"How old you find your uncle John?" "In apple-pie order." "How's that?" "Crusty." Naughty boy, John.

WOMEN AGENTS WANTED.—For particulars enclose stamp to Lydia E. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

If a widow and widower were being united in matrimony, what process would they be undergoing? Repairing.

As a liniment for horses *Henry & Johnson's Arnica and Oil Liniment* is unequaled. It cures sprains, bruises, and lameness, at once.

Tickler says the reason tom-cats are so musical is because they are all fiddle-strings inside. Hand us that old boot—scat!

GOOD ADVICE.—We advise every family to keep *Downs' Elixir* always on hand. It is the best remedy for coughs and colds ever offered to the public.

The woman caught in a shower with her new bonnet and no umbrella can never be pursuaded that the rain was needed.

Many people seem to think there is no danger in neglecting a Cold in warm weather; but this is often a fatal mistake. Remember that Dr. N. G. White's Pulmonary Elixir will give instant relief.

A Western editor, noticing the marriage of a Mr. Boot to a Miss Leather, very rationally remarks that they are going into the boot business.

"He who talks sows, he who listens reaps," and he who takes *Adamson's Botanic Balsam*, the great remedy for coughs, colds, etc., is wise, because he takes the best remedy on earth. Trial bottles, 10 cts.

A young York St. maiden, not over thirty years of age, fainted the other day on hearing her father speak to a young man about "undressing lumber."

COSTIVENESS.—The most effectual way to overcome a costive habit is to take a small dose of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters before each meal, and follow it for a week or ten days; the cure will be mild, but sure.

A chap who was told by a clergyman to "remember Lot's wife," replied that he had trouble enough with his own without remembering other men's wives.

SUMMER COMPLAINT.—How many people suffer from summer complaint! The People's Favorite Tonic Bitters will prevent all kinds of summer complaints, biliousness and diseases of the liver. Try it and be convinced. See advertisement.

"The book to read," says Dr. McCosh "is not the one which thinks for you, but the one which makes you think." A bank book, for instance.

TELEGRAPHIC FROM TOLEDO, O.—*Mr. Editor:*—Say to your readers that *Doy's Kidney Pad* is extensively used here by our best citizens, and is effecting most wonderful cures. It is the best Kidney remedy ever sold in this locality.

W. K. WEST, Druggist.

A young man boasted that he had a well-stored mind, whereupon a young lady murmured: "What a pity we can't find out where he stored it?"

A GREAT ENTERPRISE.—The Hop Bitters Manufacturing Co. is one of Rochester's greatest business enterprises. Their Hop Bitters have reached a sale beyond all precedent, having from their intrinsic value found their way into almost every household in the land.—*Graphic.*

Music teacher to scholar: "You see that note with an open space; that's a whole note. Can you remember that?" Scholar: "Yes'm. A whole note is a note with a hole in it."

THEY HAVE NEVER FAILED!—I have been sick more or less for the last ten years which has cost me many dollars in doctors and druggist's bills. The last two years it only cost me three dollars. Why? Because I used Sulphur Bitters instead of employing doctors. They cured me of jaundice.—*J. J. Bogel, Hoboken.*

It is suspected that the three-cent piece was invented to deceive the deacons. It can be slipped into the contribution box as ostentatiously as a dime, and nobody notice that it isn't a dime.

THOUSANDS SAVED from the brink of the grave, and the path of affliction turned to one of happiness, by using the famous Wyomoke, a blood, brain and nerve food. In nervous, brain and heart affections broken-down constitutions, etc., Wyomoke has cured when all other methods have failed. Sold by all druggists at $1.00, $1.50 and $3.00

A bride of a month went to a married lady of a quarter of a year and said: "My darling says that women are fools." "Never mind," said the other, "he's only studying nouns. Wait until he reaches adjectives."

A LIFE IN DANGER.—This is the fact concerning every man, woman and child who has in the body the seeds of kidney, bladder, liver and urinary diseases, from which may spring Bright's disease of the kidneys. Such a prospect is simply terrible; and it is the duty of every one to be rid of the danger at once. To do this, infallibly use *Hunt's Remedy*, the Great Kidney and Liver Medicine. Sold by all druggists. Trial size, 75 cts.

Some one expresses surprise that the very pretty and amiable Mlle. M. doesn't marry. "Oh," says the Countess de B., "she can find plenty of husbands. The difficulty is to find one."

HALE AND HEARTY, not sallow, dependent and miserable, are those who wisely seek health when bilious, constipated and dyspeptic, from *Dr. Grosvenor's Liver-Aid.* All affections of the liver, stomach and bowels are removed by it. It is an admirable blood depurent, and especially useful as a household remedy. All that is necessary in its use is persistency. Give it a fair trial! Disorders of the liver are obstinate, but they *invariably* succumb to this potent, prompt and safe botanic remedy.

"Woman," quoth Jones, "are the salad of life, at once and a boon and a blessing." "In one way they're salad, indeed," replied Brown; "they take so much time in dressing."

PLEASANT LETTERS.—They are sheets of sunshine. A Methodist clergyman of Hartford, Conn., writes Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., that "Favorite Remedy" cured him of chronic liver disease and indigestion, from which he has suffered for a long time. This was splendid, but nothing more than anyone may expect who uses this medicine. One dollar a bottle is a small consideration when health is in question. The clergyman says he is going to introduce Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" among his people. He can't do better. Health is always a friend of religion.

Walk in the meadow lot with your girl. The little striped snake appears in such places at this time of the year, and a nice scream may be obtained there that will not cost you a cent.

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer has for many years occupied an honorable place in the toilet of American women, and has also attained popularity in foreign countries. This is because it does *perform* what it promises. Its warmest friends are those who have used it longest, and those who from actual experience and personal trial have demonstrated that by its use gray hair is restored to its natural color and dry, harsh, and wiry hair is made soft and lustrous, a thing of beauty, and a matter of joy and pride to the wearer.—*Subscriber and Democrat, Corinth, Miss.*

A BRAVE LADY!

She Endures the Pain of a Severe Surgical Operation Without Taking Chloroform.

(From the Courier.)

Mrs. Schoonmaker, of Creek Locks, Ulster County, N. Y., had the misfortune to entirely lose the sight of one of her eyes, through an accident, and endured painful inflammatory action therein for two long years; the other eye finally becoming sympathetically affected, her general health seriously suffering; indeed, she was a mere wreck, a walking skeleton. In this terrible strait, she consulted Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, New York, who told her at once that the injured eye must be removed. She quietly but firmly said: "All right, Doctor, but don't give me chloroform. Let my husband sit by my side during the operation, and I will neither cry out or stir." The work was done, and the poor woman kept her word. Talk of soldierly courage! This showed greater pluck than it takes to face a hundred guns. To restore her general health and give tone and strength to the system, Dr. Kennedy then gave the "Favorite Remedy," which cleansed the blood and imparted new life to the long suffering woman. She rapidly gained health and strength, and is now well. The "Favorite Remedy" is a priceless blessing to women. No family should be without it. Your druggist has it. If not send to Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, New York.

LIFE AND HEALTH, A WONDERFUL MEDICINE. SAFE AND SURE. The Great Internal and External Remedy

TRADE "SAPANULE" MARK.

—CURES—

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, MALARIA, DIPHTHERIA, Pneumonia, Sore Throat, Inflammation of the Lungs, &c., Lame Back, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Backache, Piles, Bunions, [illegible] of the Feet from whatever cause, Rheumatism, and all Inflammatory Diseases, Prickly Heat, Humors and all diseases of the skin. For all female complaints and weaknesses it has no equal. Thousands have been saved from an untimely death by its use. Do not delay but try it.

It is a household necessity. Full particulars, in our illuminated cards and circulars, sent free, upon application by mail.

A trial will benefit you. We guarantee satisfaction or money refunded. 50 cents and $1 per bottle. Trial bottles, 25c. Sold by all druggists.

SAMUEL GERRY & CO., Prop'rs, 241 Broadway, New York

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER

Has been in constant use by the public for over twenty years, and is the best preparation ever invented for RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS YOUTHFUL COLOR AND LIFE.

It supplies the natural food and color to the hair glands without staining the skin. It will increase and thicken the growth of the hair, prevent its blanching and falling off, and thus AVERT BALDNESS.

It cures Itching, Eruptions and Dandruff. As a HAIR DRESSING it is very desirable, giving the hair a silken softness which all admire. It keeps the head clean, sweet and healthy.

The State Assayer and Chemist of Mass. and leading Physicians endorse and recommend it as a great triumph in medicine.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE FOR THE WHISKERS

will change the beard to a BROWN or BLACK at discretion. Being in one preparation it is easily applied, and produces a permanent color that will not wash off.

PREPARED BY R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H. Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

HUNT'S REMEDY

THE GREATEST

KIDNEY AND LIVER MEDICINE

EVER KNOWN.

HUNT'S REMEDY has saved from lingering disease and death hundreds who have been given up by physicians to die.

HUNT'S REMEDY cures all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs, Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, and Incontinence and Retention of Urine.

HUNT'S REMEDY encourages sleep, creates an appetite, braces up the system, and renewed health is the result.

HUNT'S REMEDY cures Pain in the Side, Back, or Loins, General Debility, Female Diseases, Disturbed Sleep, Loss of Appetite, Bright's Disease, and all Complaints of the Urino-Genital Organs.

HUNT'S REMEDY quickly induces the Liver to healthy action, removing the causes that produce Bilious Headache, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Costiveness, Piles, &c.

By the use of HUNT'S REMEDY the Stomach and Bowels will speedily regain their strength, and the blood will be perfectly purified.

HUNT'S REMEDY is purely vegetable, and meets a want never before furnished to the public, and the utmost reliance may be placed in it.

HUNT'S REMEDY is prepared expressly for the above diseases, and has never been known to fail.

One trial will convince you. For Sale by all Druggists. Send for Pamphlet to WM. E. CLARKE, Providence, R. I. Prices, 75 cents, and $1.25 (large size).

TONIC BITTERS!

PEOPLE'S FAVORITE TONIC BITTERS

Invariably Cures Loss of Appetite, Flatulency, Dizziness, Jaundice, Nausea, Biliousness and Bilious Colic. and Dyspepsia. Also It is a specific for Nervous and Bilious Headache.

JOHN W. PERKINS & CO., General Agents, - - Portland, Me.

[illegible]AH

[illegible] the [illegible]el. In India, [illegible] gentleman [illegible] cent[illegible] return[illegible] to [illegible]coun[illegible] in many [illegible] in [illegible]st, [illegible] carefully [illegible] of bu[illegible]

ful as the elephant, but he can carry an enormous load on his back. He does not do so willingly, however, and is by no means the patient, docile servant that the elephant soon becomes under proper training. When I first went to India, as a young man I was connected with a mercantile firm in the northwest provinces, and while there I had an abundant opportunity of studying the camel for means of carriage in that part of the country in those days was confined to elephants, camels, bullocks and men. Horses were not used as beasts of burden. Every day camels and elephants were driven up to our office door and loaded with wine and beer cases for far-away customers. The elephant would go clumsily down on his great knees and allow himself to be loaded without an indication of discontent. I have no doubt that he would have permitted himself to be loaded until he was crushed to the earth beneath the weight of the load had his driver seen fit to pile on the boxes. But the camels receiving their burdens was a spectacle never to be forgotten. They never varied in their behavior, and every one that I ever saw loaded—and I have seen thousands—acted in precisely the same manner.

The camel, when he is not eating or drinking or being loaded, is invariably chewing the cud. His long, crooked jaw is in perpetual motion, and when he is told to lie down to receive his burden he does so without varying this incessant masticatory process. He awkwardly bends his fore knees, drags his hind legs under him, and comes to the ground with a curious kind of flop. All this time his long, melancholy face shows not the slightest indication that he knows what he is lying down for; and this unmistakable hypocrisy, I think, stamps the camel as an animal of a very high order of intellect. But in a few seconds the expression on the camel's face undergoes a striking alteration. As he sees the driver approaching him with a box on his shoulder he seems at last to understand the indignity and torture to which he is about to be submitted, and the astonishment, virtuous indignation, and dismay on the ill-used animal's countenance ought certainly to make some impression on the stony heart of the driver. They never have the slightest effect. The man binds the first box on the wretched animal's back, and goes away to get an other. Then the camel, wisely abandoning his efforts to move man to compassion, points his hairy nose upward, and howls his wrongs to the skies.

A Specimen Gambling Trick.

A singular method of "fighting the tiger" is thus related by a writer in the London *Truth*: I happened, in response to a pressing invitation, to find myself in a law court, when a curious mode of cheating at faro was shown. The game is played thus: Thirteen cards are spread out on the table, that is to say, an entire suit. A pack of cards is shuffled by the banker, then cut by a player, when the banker proceeds to draw the cards, one after another, from the pack, first removing one. If a player has put a stake upon any one of the cards which has been laid out upon the table, he wins, provided his equivalent is an odd card in the pack, and he loses if it is an even one. Now, it would seem impossible that a player could cheat the banker. This is, however, how it is done: In shuffling the banker generally shows the bottom card. When he hands the pack to be cut the player cuts an even number of cards, so that when the cut is put back by the banker the player knows that what was the bottom card will be an odd one, and knowing also what that card will be, can stake upon it with a certainty that he will win. But how does he cut the number of cards that he chooses? By a very simple process. One side of the nail of his thumb is allowed to grow straight, and a little notch is made in it. Provided the length of the nail from the notch to the end be always kept the same, and that he presses the nail against the cards in cutting, he must always take up exactly the same number of cards.

Bologna.

Bo-logn-ya is a walled city in Italy, yet it invented sausages. Bologna has no hogs, yet the shops reek with the odors of leeks and garlic. Cairo may have forty-nine suburbs, but how many has Bologna? There are nineteen kinds of cheese (that are good), and each with a smell—oh, what a smell! There are the shops of cooked vegetables where you buy a boiled hot potato for a soldi, or a half-kilo for five of them, all these smell; then the sausages. It's a perfect sausage fair, an industrial exposition of Bolognas. They are in links, in rat, in bladders (of all sizes), in cakes, in stomachs, in membranes, in nets, in flask-like forms, in clubs, in cudgels, in canes, sausages smoked, dried, lecked, fatted, lean, spiced, plain, mildewed, decayed, greasy, moldy, red, gray, mottled, broken, tottering with age, or plump with youth.

A Heavy Sleeper.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* says: Alexander Emerson, a youth living in the west end of this city, has for the past six months been subject to very peculiar and unusual attacks of somnia. The first indication he has of an attack is a severe nervous headache, coming on soon after breakfast. In a short time, usually by nine o'clock, he gets drowsy, lies down, and immediately goes into a deep sleep, which continues for seventy-two hours—three days and nights. He can be aroused with difficulty, and as soon as left undisturbed goes to sleep again. On the third morning his sleep is disturbed by severe nervous chills, and as these pass off in an hour or two, he relapses into a sound sleep which continues until the next morning, when he wakes up very much exhausted. During his sleep he has no inclination to eat or drink, but rather an aversion for either when aroused.

General Kaufman has presented to the zoological garden of Moscow a hairless horse of Central Asia. The animal belongs to the hybrid species, and is considered a great rarity; it is well formed, but its skin is red and without the slightest trace of hair, and in cold Moscow it has to be covered with blankets.

Dr. C. W. BENSON,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

Inventor and Proprietor of the

Celebrated Celery and Chamomile Pills.

These Pills have met with the most Remarkable success, as is attested by the Immense Sales they have attained.

Parsons, Bangs & Co. have had Eighteen Hundred Dozens the Past Year.

Hundreds have testified to the benefit they have derived from their use in the cure of Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Paralysis, Sleeplessness and Indigestion.

It is a Fully Established Fact, Based on Actual Experience, and There is No Kind of Doubt but They Will Cure these Diseases.

DR. C. W. BENSON'S CELERY AND CHAMOMILE PILLS are prepared expressly to cure Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Paralysis, Sleeplessness and Indigestion or Dyspepsia, and will cure any case, no matter how obstinate, if properly used. They are not a cure-all, but only for those special diseases. They contain no opium, morphine or quinine, and are not a purgative, but regulate the bowels and cure constipation by curing or removing the causes of it. They have a charming effect upon the skin, and a lovely, quieting effect upon the nervous system, simply by feeding its ten thousand hungry, yes, in some cases starving absorbents. They make or create nerve matter and give power, force and buoyancy to the nerves, and in that way increase mental force, endurance and brilliancy of mind. Nobody that has a nervous system should neglect to take them two or three months in each year, simply as a nerve food, if for no other purpose. Price 50 cts. a box, or 6 boxes for $2.50, sent postage free. Sold by all druggists, and by

Parsons, Bangs & Co.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

117 & 119 *Middle Street, PORTLAND, MAINE.*

GENERAL AGENTS.

FOR SALE BY A. J. Rowe, Norway; J. A. Rawson, Buckfield; A. M. Gerry and Geo. E. Wilson, So. Paris.

YELLOW

Are a symptom of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Biliousness, and Liver Complaint.

DR. BAXTER'S MANDRAKE BITTERS

will cure the disease and remove yellowness from skin and eyes. Warranted to cure.

Sold everywhere at 25 cts. per bottle.

DR. N. G. WHITE'S PULMONARY ELIXIR

— FOR —

Coughs, Colds, Croup, Asthma, Whooping Cough, And other Lung Affections.

The astonishing success of this Elixir, and the unparalleled sale, are sufficient evidence of its superiority over all other remedies of the kind, for

Lung and Throat Affections

THE GREAT CAUSE —OF— HUMAN MISERY!

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves, from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and *radically.*

☞ *This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.*

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers.

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,

41 Ann St. New York, N. Y., Post Office Box, 4586.

NERVE BRAIN POWER — WYOMOKE — VITAL FORCE & FOOD — VIGOR

IMPARTS TONE.

A sovereign cure in all forms of Nervous Debility, Broken-down Constitutions, Heart Affections, Vertigo, Weakness of Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs, Female Weakness, restoring Exhausted Vitality, Vigorous Health and Manhood.

CURES all diseases arising from Alcohol, Tobacco, Opium, &c. All forms of Nervous and Brain Diseases, such as Lapse of Memory, Dizziness, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Hysteria, Chorea, Tremens, &c., &c.

SHANNON & MARWICK, Chemists and Apothecaries, No. 148 TRUMBULL STREET, Hartford, Conn.

Sold by all Druggists. Send for Pamphlet.

OXFORD, ss:—At a Court of Probate held at Paris within and for the County of Oxford on the third Tuesday of June, A. D. 18-0.

JAMES IRISH, named Executor in a certain Instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Harvey Bartlett, late of Hartford, in said County, deceased, having presented the same for Probate:

Ordered, That the said Executor give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris on the third Tuesday of July next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon and shew cause if any they have why the said instrument should not be proved, approved and allowed as the last Will and Testament of said deceased.

R. A. FRYE, Judge.

A true copy—attest: H. C. DAVIS, Register.

The NEW HOME has self-adjusting tension, self-setting needle, runs on casters and spools without running the machine. It took the First Premium at Berkshire Co., Mass., Fair, over Singer; at Wheeler & Wilson & White; at New Milford, Conn., over Singer, Domestic, Wheeler & Wilson and White; at Ogdensburg, N. Y., over Domestic, Wheeler & Wilson and White. THE NEW HOME also took the First Premium, last September, at the Vermont State Fair, at Carthage, N. Y., Fair, at St. Johnsbury, Vt., Fair, at Lewis Co., N. Y., Fair, at Queens Co., N. Y., Fair, and at Broome Co., N. Y., Fair. The following **Fashionable Dressmakers**, having used other machines, recommend the NEW HOME as superior to all others: Harkell Sisters, Norway; Mrs. A. H. Doble, Paris Hill; Mrs. C. R. Young, West Paris; Mrs. M. O. Burrows, Stoneham; Miss Stevens, Welchville; Mrs. C. A. Young, South Paris. C. E. Brown, South Paris, and N. J. Cushman, North Paris, **Practical Machinists**, particularly recommend the NEW HOME for its durability and capacity for HEAVY WORK. Terms: Cash, or monthly installments. ☞No misrepresentations allowed by our Company.

G. W. BROWN, Agent, South Paris, Maine.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

$704 WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly Outfit free. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Maine Steamship Co.

Semi-Weekly Line to New York

Steamers Eleanora and Franconia

Will until further notice leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 6 P. M., and leave Pier 38 East River, New York, every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 4 P. M.

These steamers are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this a very convenient and comfortable route for travelers between New York and Maine. During the summer months these steamers will touch at Vineyard Haven on their passage to and from New York. Passage, including State Room, $4; meals extra. Goods destined beyond Portland or New York forwarded to destination at once. For further information apply to

HENRY FOX, General Agent, Portland.

J. F. AMES, Ag't Pier 38 E. R., New York.

Tickets and State rooms can be obtained at 22 Exchange Street.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Me.

The Purest and Best Medicine ever made.

A combination of Hops, Buchu, Mandrake, and Dandelion, with all the best and most curative properties of all other bitters, makes the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth.

No disease or ill health can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm.

To all who take employment to cause from debility of the bowels or urinary organs, serving to prevent an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailment is, use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use the Bitters at once. It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Don't suffer yourself, your friends rather, but use and give them to the Hop Bitters.

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged, drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made, the "Invalid's Friend and Hope," and no person or family should be without them.

Get some this day.

Hop Cough Cure is the sweetest, safest and best. Ask Children.

The Hop Pain for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys is superior to all others. Cures by absorption. Ask druggist.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. Sold by druggists. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co. Rochester, N. Y. Send for Circular.

HAWAIIAN CATARRH REMEDY

A SURE AND SPEEDY RELIEF For CATARRH in all its forms. Colds in the head are relieved at once by this remedy. Sent by mail on receipt of price 50c. Sold by all Druggists. Satisfaction guaranteed.

PARSONS, BANGS & CO. Wholesale Druggists. Gen'l Agents. 117 & 119 Middle St., Portland, Me.

$5000 GOLD FOR A BETTER REMEDY!

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