





Better and Better.

Fuller returns of the Presidential election, instead of diminishing the republican majorities, increase them. We give the following, as the latest.

FOR GRANT AND WILSON.	FOR GREENEY AND BROWN.
Alabama	10,000
Arkansas	4,000
California	4,000
Connecticut	2,000
Delaware	1,000
Florida	2,000
Georgia	10,000
Idaho	1,000
Iowa	10,000
Kansas	10,000
Maine	10,000
Massachusetts	10,000
Michigan	10,000
Minnesota	10,000
Mississippi	10,000
New Hampshire	10,000
New Jersey	10,000
New York	10,000
North Carolina	10,000
Ohio	10,000
Oregon	10,000
Pennsylvania	10,000
Rhode Island	10,000
South Carolina	10,000
Tennessee	10,000
Vermont	10,000
Virginia	10,000
Washington	10,000
West Virginia	10,000
Wisconsin	10,000
Wyoming	10,000
Total	300,000

FOR GRANT AND WILSON.	FOR GREENEY AND BROWN.
Alabama	10,000
Arkansas	4,000
California	4,000
Connecticut	2,000
Delaware	1,000
Florida	2,000
Georgia	10,000
Idaho	1,000
Iowa	10,000
Kansas	10,000
Maine	10,000
Massachusetts	10,000
Michigan	10,000
Minnesota	10,000
Mississippi	10,000
New Hampshire	10,000
New Jersey	10,000
New York	10,000
North Carolina	10,000
Ohio	10,000
Oregon	10,000
Pennsylvania	10,000
Rhode Island	10,000
South Carolina	10,000
Tennessee	10,000
Vermont	10,000
Virginia	10,000
Washington	10,000
West Virginia	10,000
Wisconsin	10,000
Wyoming	10,000
Total	300,000

What the New York Press Says.

The New York papers of Wednesday variously comment on Tuesday's election. The Herald editorially says that whether the result will be accounted for by the popular strength of General Grant on the one hand, the weakness of Greeley and the feebleness of the Liberal Republicans, combined with the Democratic bolt on the other hand, it is in many respects the most remarkable of any Presidential election in the history of the country.

The Sun says that the Liberal Republicans have been faithful to their pledges but the Democrats have beaten Greeley by not coming out to vote.

The Tribune says it will be an independent paper in the future, as it has been through the campaign, without reference to the demands of party managers or the decisions of party caucuses. In another editorial it says: "The Liberal movement was at one time formidable and had a prospect of success. Had not millions been expended to arrest its progress in the State elections of the last three months it might have swept the country. The Liberal Republican strength in North Carolina, Vermont and Maine, was nearly neutralized by the Democrats who wouldn't let it grow when they could get five to twenty dollars each for not voting it. There was nothing purchasable in the Keystone State that was not bought." The Tribune gives Grant 260 electoral votes at the lowest, and 82 for Greeley, with the rest doubtful. There is scarcely a parallel, it says, in the completeness of the rout and triumph. It argues that Liberalism could not withstand the enormous outlays of money expended by the Republicans in the canvass. Gen. Grant now has four years more of power, with heavy Congressional majorities, and in whatever reform he may seek to effect he will have the aid of the Tribune.

The Presidential Election.

What the New York Press Says.

The New York papers of Wednesday variously comment on Tuesday's election. The Herald editorially says that whether the result will be accounted for by the popular strength of General Grant on the one hand, the weakness of Greeley and the feebleness of the Liberal Republicans, combined with the Democratic bolt on the other hand, it is in many respects the most remarkable of any Presidential election in the history of the country.

The Sun says that the Liberal Republicans have been faithful to their pledges but the Democrats have beaten Greeley by not coming out to vote.

The Tribune says it will be an independent paper in the future, as it has been through the campaign, without reference to the demands of party managers or the decisions of party caucuses. In another editorial it says: "The Liberal movement was at one time formidable and had a prospect of success. Had not millions been expended to arrest its progress in the State elections of the last three months it might have swept the country. The Liberal Republican strength in North Carolina, Vermont and Maine, was nearly neutralized by the Democrats who wouldn't let it grow when they could get five to twenty dollars each for not voting it. There was nothing purchasable in the Keystone State that was not bought." The Tribune gives Grant 260 electoral votes at the lowest, and 82 for Greeley, with the rest doubtful. There is scarcely a parallel, it says, in the completeness of the rout and triumph. It argues that Liberalism could not withstand the enormous outlays of money expended by the Republicans in the canvass. Gen. Grant now has four years more of power, with heavy Congressional majorities, and in whatever reform he may seek to effect he will have the aid of the Tribune.

The Presidential Election.

What the New York Press Says.

The New York papers of Wednesday variously comment on Tuesday's election. The Herald editorially says that whether the result will be accounted for by the popular strength of General Grant on the one hand, the weakness of Greeley and the feebleness of the Liberal Republicans, combined with the Democratic bolt on the other hand, it is in many respects the most remarkable of any Presidential election in the history of the country.

The Sun says that the Liberal Republicans have been faithful to their pledges but the Democrats have beaten Greeley by not coming out to vote.

The Tribune says it will be an independent paper in the future, as it has been through the campaign, without reference to the demands of party managers or the decisions of party caucuses. In another editorial it says: "The Liberal movement was at one time formidable and had a prospect of success. Had not millions been expended to arrest its progress in the State elections of the last three months it might have swept the country. The Liberal Republican strength in North Carolina, Vermont and Maine, was nearly neutralized by the Democrats who wouldn't let it grow when they could get five to twenty dollars each for not voting it. There was nothing purchasable in the Keystone State that was not bought." The Tribune gives Grant 260 electoral votes at the lowest, and 82 for Greeley, with the rest doubtful. There is scarcely a parallel, it says, in the completeness of the rout and triumph. It argues that Liberalism could not withstand the enormous outlays of money expended by the Republicans in the canvass. Gen. Grant now has four years more of power, with heavy Congressional majorities, and in whatever reform he may seek to effect he will have the aid of the Tribune.

The Presidential Election.

What the New York Press Says.

The New York papers of Wednesday variously comment on Tuesday's election. The Herald editorially says that whether the result will be accounted for by the popular strength of General Grant on the one hand, the weakness of Greeley and the feebleness of the Liberal Republicans, combined with the Democratic bolt on the other hand, it is in many respects the most remarkable of any Presidential election in the history of the country.

The Sun says that the Liberal Republicans have been faithful to their pledges but the Democrats have beaten Greeley by not coming out to vote.

The Tribune says it will be an independent paper in the future, as it has been through the campaign, without reference to the demands of party managers or the decisions of party caucuses. In another editorial it says: "The Liberal movement was at one time formidable and had a prospect of success. Had not millions been expended to arrest its progress in the State elections of the last three months it might have swept the country. The Liberal Republican strength in North Carolina, Vermont and Maine, was nearly neutralized by the Democrats who wouldn't let it grow when they could get five to twenty dollars each for not voting it. There was nothing purchasable in the Keystone State that was not bought." The Tribune gives Grant 260 electoral votes at the lowest, and 82 for Greeley, with the rest doubtful. There is scarcely a parallel, it says, in the completeness of the rout and triumph. It argues that Liberalism could not withstand the enormous outlays of money expended by the Republicans in the canvass. Gen. Grant now has four years more of power, with heavy Congressional majorities, and in whatever reform he may seek to effect he will have the aid of the Tribune.

The Presidential Election.

What the New York Press Says.

The New York papers of Wednesday variously comment on Tuesday's election. The Herald editorially says that whether the result will be accounted for by the popular strength of General Grant on the one hand, the weakness of Greeley and the feebleness of the Liberal Republicans, combined with the Democratic bolt on the other hand, it is in many respects the most remarkable of any Presidential election in the history of the country.

The Sun says that the Liberal Republicans have been faithful to their pledges but the Democrats have beaten Greeley by not coming out to vote.

The Tribune says it will be an independent paper in the future, as it has been through the campaign, without reference to the demands of party managers or the decisions of party caucuses. In another editorial it says: "The Liberal movement was at one time formidable and had a prospect of success. Had not millions been expended to arrest its progress in the State elections of the last three months it might have swept the country. The Liberal Republican strength in North Carolina, Vermont and Maine, was nearly neutralized by the Democrats who wouldn't let it grow when they could get five to twenty dollars each for not voting it. There was nothing purchasable in the Keystone State that was not bought." The Tribune gives Grant 260 electoral votes at the lowest, and 82 for Greeley, with the rest doubtful. There is scarcely a parallel, it says, in the completeness of the rout and triumph. It argues that Liberalism could not withstand the enormous outlays of money expended by the Republicans in the canvass. Gen. Grant now has four years more of power, with heavy Congressional majorities, and in whatever reform he may seek to effect he will have the aid of the Tribune.

The Presidential Election.

What the New York Press Says.

The New York papers of Wednesday variously comment on Tuesday's election. The Herald editorially says that whether the result will be accounted for by the popular strength of General Grant on the one hand, the weakness of Greeley and the feebleness of the Liberal Republicans, combined with the Democratic bolt on the other hand, it is in many respects the most remarkable of any Presidential election in the history of the country.

The Sun says that the Liberal Republicans have been faithful to their pledges but the Democrats have beaten Greeley by not coming out to vote.

The Tribune says it will be an independent paper in the future, as it has been through the campaign, without reference to the demands of party managers or the decisions of party caucuses. In another editorial it says: "The Liberal movement was at one time formidable and had a prospect of success. Had not millions been expended to arrest its progress in the State elections of the last three months it might have swept the country. The Liberal Republican strength in North Carolina, Vermont and Maine, was nearly neutralized by the Democrats who wouldn't let it grow when they could get five to twenty dollars each for not voting it. There was nothing purchasable in the Keystone State that was not bought." The Tribune gives Grant 260 electoral votes at the lowest, and 82 for Greeley, with the rest doubtful. There is scarcely a parallel, it says, in the completeness of the rout and triumph. It argues that Liberalism could not withstand the enormous outlays of money expended by the Republicans in the canvass. Gen. Grant now has four years more of power, with heavy Congressional majorities, and in whatever reform he may seek to effect he will have the aid of the Tribune.

The Presidential Election.

What the New York Press Says.

The New York papers of Wednesday variously comment on Tuesday's election. The Herald editorially says that whether the result will be accounted for by the popular strength of General Grant on the one hand, the weakness of Greeley and the feebleness of the Liberal Republicans, combined with the Democratic bolt on the other hand, it is in many respects the most remarkable of any Presidential election in the history of the country.

The Sun says that the Liberal Republicans have been faithful to their pledges but the Democrats have beaten Greeley by not coming out to vote.

The Tribune says it will be an independent paper in the future, as it has been through the campaign, without reference to the demands of party managers or the decisions of party caucuses. In another editorial it says: "The Liberal movement was at one time formidable and had a prospect of success. Had not millions been expended to arrest its progress in the State elections of the last three months it might have swept the country. The Liberal Republican strength in North Carolina, Vermont and Maine, was nearly neutralized by the Democrats who wouldn't let it grow when they could get five to twenty dollars each for not voting it. There was nothing purchasable in the Keystone State that was not bought." The Tribune gives Grant 260 electoral votes at the lowest, and 82 for Greeley, with the rest doubtful. There is scarcely a parallel, it says, in the completeness of the rout and triumph. It argues that Liberalism could not withstand the enormous outlays of money expended by the Republicans in the canvass. Gen. Grant now has four years more of power, with heavy Congressional majorities, and in whatever reform he may seek to effect he will have the aid of the Tribune.

The Presidential Election.

What the New York Press Says.

The New York papers of Wednesday variously comment on Tuesday's election. The Herald editorially says that whether the result will be accounted for by the popular strength of General Grant on the one hand, the weakness of Greeley and the feebleness of the Liberal Republicans, combined with the Democratic bolt on the other hand, it is in many respects the most remarkable of any Presidential election in the history of the country.

The Sun says that the Liberal Republicans have been faithful to their pledges but the Democrats have beaten Greeley by not coming out to vote.

The Tribune says it will be an independent paper in the future, as it has been through the campaign, without reference to the demands of party managers or the decisions of party caucuses. In another editorial it says: "The Liberal movement was at one time formidable and had a prospect of success. Had not millions been expended to arrest its progress in the State elections of the last three months it might have swept the country. The Liberal Republican strength in North Carolina, Vermont and Maine, was nearly neutralized by the Democrats who wouldn't let it grow when they could get five to twenty dollars each for not voting it. There was nothing purchasable in the Keystone State that was not bought." The Tribune gives Grant 260 electoral votes at the lowest, and 82 for Greeley, with the rest doubtful. There is scarcely a parallel, it says, in the completeness of the rout and triumph. It argues that Liberalism could not withstand the enormous outlays of money expended by the Republicans in the canvass. Gen. Grant now has four years more of power, with heavy Congressional majorities, and in whatever reform he may seek to effect he will have the aid of the Tribune.

Accounting for the Defeat.

The Boston Journal, the strongest democratic paper in the State, in commenting upon the recent Election, makes some plain talk about the mistakes of its party. The first was, it says, "the candidate." In his own words: "The candidate of a coalition should be one who was not tainted by the stain of whose party had not taught one portion of his supporters to hate the other. That mistake, very serious ones, were made at Cincinnati, is painfully apparent—but not more perceptible now to a portion of those who became Mr. Greeley's supporters than when his nomination was fresh."

The second difficulty was in the platform. The editor says: "If we turn from the candidate to the platform, we are scarcely better satisfied. The leading idea, that of pacification of the country, met approbation on all hands. But the principal point concerning the ordinary administration of the government, should have been that of a reduction of the tariff to reasonable rates. The democratic party expected it, the country wanted it. There was no good reason why the question of tariff more than any other should be evaded by consigning it to the people of the congressional districts. It compelled the Presidential candidate to declare, champion of high tariff as he is, that he would approve and sign any bill on the subject which might be passed, although opposed to his views. It was practically saying that as President he would have no approval or disapproval in matters concerning which the constitution declares that he shall have and exercise one or the other. The people of the larger portion of the country were hungering for the broad of low tariff, and were given the stone of non-committalism."

If the Journal had been honest enough to grow the above sentiments before the election, and not have deceived its readers by concealing them, they would have been less cause to complain. "Anything to beat Grant," was the Journal's motto, "his course has resulted in a miserable failure."

Not in Full Accord.

As if to add "continually to insult," after the crushing defeat of the democratic party in the National election, Mr. Greeley, their candidate, hastens into print, and announces to his supporters, that he is not, and never has been in full accord with them! They know very well what hard things he had said about them, but when he consented to be their candidate, and receive their votes, and travel for them, and make speeches in their behalf, they had good reason to suppose he was in accord with them. Verily, this is the "most unkindest cut of all." But it is another of Mr. Greeley's tricks. He now desires to return to the Tribune, and relieve his lost fortunes, so far as the New York Tribune property has suffered by his course, and it has gone down with him—and so he affects to despise office, and charges both parties with being in fault, and seeks to play the role of a Neutral, independent, &c. He has created a great chaos, truly, between himself and former adherents, and he would "bridge the over" by being neither one thing or another. We doubt if he can restore himself again to the confidence of either party. He has fallen a victim to ambition, and pursued a course dictated by spite and personal feeling rather than principle, and he must take the consequences. He falls between two stools, and cannot recover himself.

The Sham Candidate and Sham Party.

The political campaign just closed, has its lessons, as various and diverse, almost as the fertility of human thought—but it has a few practical teachings naturally suggested to every mind. We say that the coalition or democratic party, in the canvass, from its inception to its close, was a sham and nothing else. In other words, it was unreal, untrue—not sincere, but false all through.

In the first place, the Liberal Republican movement, which proposed to be a reform movement entirely, was started by disaffected office holders, and place seekers, who wanted a new deal and who assumed to be reformers when they were only political leeches. The Cincinnati Convention was a sham, in purporting to be a spontaneous, honest affair, when it was a "put up job." The nomination of Horace Greeley was a sham—a high tariff man all his lifetime, trying to be the exponent of the free-trade men who controlled that Convention. The course of the democratic party was a sham in its pretending to be for reform and taking the nominee of the Cincinnati Convention for its candidate, when it did not believe in him, and had no affinities in common with him, except to beat Grant. It was a sham for the organ of the democratic party in Oxford County, the Oxford Register, to try to change the name of the party, by calling it the "Democratic Republican Party," when it had not the first principles of republicanism in its heart, and only wanted to catch republican votes. It was a sham for the democratic party to "keep dark," and send out Liberal Republican speakers to do all the speaking, that the people might not see the "horns and horns" beneath the jackass skin. It was a sham for the democratic party to denounce Tammany for its frauds, and then vote for its nominees at the election.

Our County.

We shall publish the vote of our County when complete. From what we get, the majority for Grant will be between 10 and 1,200. Three cheers for the Bears.

The State.

The new Portland weekly, has been received. It makes a neat appearance, and shows the skill of its chief editor, Enoch Knight, Esq., an Oxford boy. It has a good article from Hon. C. P. Kimball, on manufactures, and has a list of eminent writers as contributors. It takes no political position, at present—like the great Horace, it seems to be "not in full accord with either of the great parties." We welcome it into the field of journalism, and hope it may find a sphere of usefulness.

Verdict on the Eastern R. R. Disaster.

The coroner's jury on the Eastern R. R. accident, at Southbrook, have returned a verdict that the disaster was caused by the changing of the switch after the passing of the through freight, by some person to the jury unknown, and exonerating the road from all blame in the premises.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cary Stanton.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cary Stanton, who was cited by Mrs. Woodhull as authority for some of her charges against Henry Ward Beecher, and on having her attention called to the matter, emphatically denied the allegation, and declared her conviction that Mrs. Woodhull's statements are untrue in every particular.

The Election.

The election has resulted in the complete triumph over reform, and Grant is re-elected by increased majorities.—Oxford Register.

The reform proposed by the democratic party was so utterly devoid of merit, that it failed to commend itself to the people. The whole capital and stock-in-trade of the party was wholesale denunciation and personal vituperation of the President and leading republicans. Never has there been such a signal rebuke administered by the American people, to such base practices, as in this election, and when the people see fit to stamp their disapproval upon the course of these partisan leaders, they are accused of being bribed and bought up with money. If the people of Maine, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana were bought up in the recent State elections, how comes it that they repeat their action in November, and emphasize it. If they were bribed then, they would have to be bribed again.

The Register said that when all the States voted at the same time, the result in the above mentioned States would be different because the corrupt administration could not spread itself over all the States—but it seems that it has made no difference in the result, whether one or many elections occurred—showing that the charge of corruption and bribery is a baseless and silly one.

Manly Sentiments.

On the night of the election, in Faneuil Hall, Boston, Hon. Henry Wilson, Vice President elect, was called upon and uttered the following truly manly sentiments on the result of the election:

The applause being over, he said he felt as though a great victory had been won, and thought that all personal triumphs should be merged into the victory of the Republican party. He hoped that all would feel that they had done their duty, and said the Republican party was stronger than ever before. We have heard a great deal about "purification," and we got it. (Applause.) He hoped that the next four years would be better than the last, and that wherever there was a Federal abuse it would be corrected. The Republican party was not owned by any body, for it owned itself, and no man, however eminent he may have been, can make us untrue to our principles, which were born in heaven, and are inscribed in the New Testament. This election has stamped into the soil of the Northern American Continent Republican ideas, measures and principles; and the country must in future years be administered in accordance therewith. Gen. Grant has been more than vindicated, and stands like a great central sun, the shafts which were hurled against him having fallen harmless at his feet. Let us be magnanimous in this hour of our triumph, but let us continue firm to Republican principles and hold the Government in our hands. Massachusetts, as usual, has done her duty, and deserves congratulations; and if Pennsylvania has returned a larger majority we will make Faneuil Hall and Boston ring with shouts of congratulation for our brethren in the Keystone State. In conclusion he thanked the audience for their kindness, and promised to be faithful and true to the great political party which he believed, under God, had saved his country and made it a free land. (Applause.)

A Washington Correspondent says.

That Gen. Sherman called upon the President Wednesday, to proffer his congratulations on the result of the fight, and said: "I am glad there is no falling off in the number of States we supposed we had carried."

"Yes," said the President, quietly, "my hopes have been more than realized. I feel deeply grateful to the people for this overwhelming expression of their confidence."

"In my opinion," said Gen. Sherman, "it would be an unhappy day for the nation had the Greeley party triumphed with a majority of ex-rebels in the south. The facts of the rebellion are still live issues, and it would only require a fresh lease of power to precipitate another struggle; but the victory of Tuesday has settled that question for four years to come. I think, myself, you are stronger to-day than you were in sixty-eight."

"I am obliged to you, General," said the President, modestly, "I shall endeavor to deserve the people's confidence, and do all I can to reunite the North and the South."

Good Templars.

A meeting of the Grand Council was held at Brunswick on Friday last week. The principal matter determined was the employment of lecturers. The sum of \$600 was appropriated, and it was decided to employ two lecturers, Francis Murphy, of Portland, and Mr. Bryant, of Lewiston, three months each, to commence immediately. Oxford Co. will have eleven lectures.

Rev. D. Boyd resigned the office of G. W. C. T., owing to his removal from the State, and O. G. Hall, Esq., of Rockland, Grand Worthly Councilman, was promoted to the vacant chair. Hon. Joshua Nye was chosen Grand Councilor.

Death of Gen. Meade.

Gen. Geo. G. Meade died suddenly on Wednesday last, of pneumonia. He was sick but three days. His death took the country by surprise, and caused unfeigned grief, for no soldier stood higher than Meade, in his sphere. That he was a noble, patriotic, brave and judicious officer, no soldier in the great Union army will question. All honor to the memory of the noble Meade.

Friends of Rev. Zenas Thompson.

Have been active for the last three weeks in efforts to secure a home for him at Machanic Falls. They have now received some hundred dollars or more. His friends at the Falls say they shall make sure of the property, give a deed of it to Mr. T., and trust to the liberality of the brethren to make up the deficiency subsequently.

Adventures of a Portland Surgeon.

Dr. William W. Greene of Portland, has been accustomed for some years, to hunt the moose for some months during the year, visiting the Maine lakes for that purpose. This summer he changed his stalking ground to Nova Scotia, and with some companions, proceeded to Halifax, with the intention of securing a guide before going to Bryant's Pond, where their camp was to be located. The Advertiser tells the rest of the story as follows:

"It had been the doctor's intention to visit Captain Hill of Ship Harbor, a gentleman renowned for his hospitality as well as his great skill as a gentleman sportsman and moose-hunter, before engaging a guide; but a man by the name of Glenross, who was anxious his services should be accepted, that Dr. Greene engaged him, and the party at once proceeded to make their preparations to go to Bryant's Pond where they were to establish their camp."

Prior to starting the hunters received a visit from Capt. Hill, who gave them a good many valuable hints, but expressed regret that they had engaged Glenross, who, he felt confident, could not call a moose, neither was he well posted in their whereabouts, and he endeavored to persuade the doctor to throw him over and come to Ship Harbor for a few days and start afresh from there with a trustworthy guide. Dr. Greene thanked him warmly for his interest, but informed him that he had already concluded the contract and must abide by it. So the next day saw the party on their way to Bryant's Pond. Here they remained three weeks in what they called the "Home Camp," but no moose did they see. At the end of that the doctor told Glenross that he didn't believe they should get a moose if they staid there, and asked him if he was sure he could lead him to a good place. Glenross said that by tracking the moose from Bryant's Pond to Grand Lake through the wilderness he felt sure they could secure one. Accordingly Dr. Greene bade good-bye to the rest of the party—the doctor's little son being left in camp, and proceeded alone through the forest. All that day they tramped, and up to eleven o'clock the next forenoon, when the doctor became confident that Glenross, the pretended guide, had lost his way. And now flashed across his brain the horrible idea that he was in the dense woods of a strange country, surrounded by swamps and morasses, and with but little provision—for the guide had not taken half enough—and with an ignorant man for a companion.

He knew nothing of the locality on Grand Lake where the guide said they would find a boat, and when the guide said it was in an easterly direction and the doctor gave him the course by his pocket compass, it was not more than ten minutes before he was rambling due north or southeast. At night they bivouacked in the middle of a dense swamp, amidst a pouring rain, without any means of shelter. In the morning they pushed on, and the doctor, fearing that his so-called guide would give out, would not touch a morsel of food, but gave it to him.

Thus they struggled on for three days and three nights, without a particle of food passing the doctor's lips, until, on the fourth afternoon, the doctor could stagger no further, and sunk to the ground, telling Glenross to go on without him and try and find a settlement. Glenross then pushed on alone, leaving the doctor wrapped in a wet blanket on a rock, and taking with him his revolver, pocket compass, etc., thus leaving him a prey to the wild beasts and alone with his God. What the doctor suffered, none can tell who have never met with such an experience. He says he thought as he laid there, how glad he was that his boy was safe in camp, and that his wife knew not of his sufferings, and he decided what he should do if worst came to the worst. Cramps seized his vitals, until he could do nothing to relieve them.

The next day two stout hunters, Miller and Hichler, found him and carried him to Mooseland on Grand Lake. It seems that Glenross struck upon Mooseland by accident and had just strength left to rescue these hunters and send them to the rescue. Those noble men worked over him like a father. His condition was terrible. He had a sort of black vomit and his flesh resembled that of a man who had been two weeks in the water. After he had got over the worst of it he was conveyed to Bryant's Pond, where he met the rest of the party, and thence he was taken to Capt. Hill's hospitable residence, where every attention was shown him, and he has just returned, sufficiently convalescent to attend to patients, but still suffering severely from his terrible hardships and not yet able to wear his boots."

Dr. C. E. Erans, of Norway, was in the party, but did not accompany Dr. Greene in his terrible tramp.

The Shoe Factory—Norway.

The town meeting on Saturday afternoon last, called to see if the town of Norway would vote to aid in the establishment of a Shoe Factory in the village, was fully attended, and was a model town meeting in the enthusiasm and unanimity which prevailed.

Freeland Howe, Esq., stated what had been done in the matter, and the character and responsibility of the parties who proposed to locate there, who are B. F. Spinney & Co., of Lynn, Mass.

A. E. Denison, Esq., cited from Broad-street's Commercial Register, showing that B. F. Spinney & Co. ranked third in the manufacture of shoes in the country, and were good for \$250,000. Their shoes were sold principally in the West, and one reason that Norway was selected by them in preference to other places which were soliciting them, was that their goods could be shipped West by the Grand Trunk much cheaper than from Lynn, Mass. Ceylon Watson, A. Sanborn, and Wisley favored the motion of Gen. Beal to furnish aid to an amount not exceeding ten thousand dollars. The vote passed, by a hand vote, with only one dissenting, and with much enthusiasm. It was also voted, as an expression of the town, that not in the warrant, that the capital of the Company be exempt from attachment for a term of years.

A. F. Noyes, A. E. Denison and Wm. C. Hobbs, were appointed a Committee to nominate a Building Committee of 13, who subsequently reported the following:

Henry C. Reed, F. A. Danforth, Ansel Dinsmore, Chas. W. Ryerson, Wm. Frost, Freeland Howe, Isaac A. Denison, G. L. Beal, Albert Sanborn, John L. Horne, John Blake, G. W. Russell, Augustus Pottle and John Gary. The Committee subsequently organized by the choice of Henry Reed, as Chairman, Freeland Howe, Sec'y, and Wm. Frost, 3d, Treas.

On motion of Sumner Burnham, it was voted that the town raise the money by scrip or bonds, payable in not less than 12 or 15 years. The town is out of debt and has \$3000 of State bonds on hand. The plan of the building was shown, and is a very neat one, a hundred feet long and forty wide, three stories and a basement.

The town is to furnish the building, engine and tubing for heating, and the Company the heating, machinery, &c., and it is to be ready for occupancy the 1st of May.

With the responsibility and capability of such a company, and the enthusiasm and energy of the people of Norway, the enterprise must be a success, and by the means of starting this smart village high road to fortune.

Whitcomb & Oxnard, Norway, have just received a large lot of summer goods to be made up into clothing. All in want of work this winter, will find a plenty, by calling at their place of business.

Andover Items.

The horse disease is spreading in this and adjoining towns with alarming rapidity. Our business men are sending ox-teams to Bryant's Pond to transport their goods.

Mr. Edwin Abbott sold a pair of oxen this week for \$240.

Asa West, Esq., has sold his pleasant farm, formerly owned by the late Amos Purinton, Esq., to Mr. Richards. Mr. West reserved a building spot, and intends to build.

William A. Moorhead, Esq., has commenced to repair his house.

Mr. Lambert Newton and Olney A. Burgess each raised 1200 bushels of potatoes this season, and many other farmers raised from 700 to a thousand bushels each.

Crystal Fountain Lodge I. O. of G. T. installed the following officers last Tuesday evening:

A. S. Jordan, W. C. T.; Sarah W. Merrill, W. V. T.; A. J. Poor, W. S.; G. A. Talbot, W. F. S.; M. T. Newton, W. T.; B. S. Akers, W. M.; Ira G. Sprague, W. Chaplain; Wm. H. Harding, P. W. C. T.; Ida Akers, W. I. G.; Frank Akers, W. O. G.

Kezar Falls Items.

Cold, wet and rainy weather seems to predominate with this Fall, and what is quite remarkable the most tender plants and vines have not yet been nipped by the frost. Many farmers are nearly discouraged about their harvest. Many pieces of corn still remain in the field, in the shock, awaiting fair weather to prepare it for the barn. Not many farmers have yet dug their potatoes, what few there are, and say the crop is very light, and rotting badly.

We have a large amount of apples with but little sale. They are hardly worth picking and barreling for market; probably there are thousands of bushels of cider apples that will not be gathered this season. Pumpkins and squashes are almost the same as things of the past; the big having destroyed nearly all the vines in the Spring. Our gardens are much deficient in beets, turnips and cabbage, yet we hope to harvest enough for occasional luxury through the winter.

Stock is in fine condition and selling at very high prices.

Mr. P. C. Wadsworth, of Hiram, whose barn were struck by lightning and burned the first of last month, has raised a splendid frame for another, which is 40 feet wide and



### Editorial and Selected Items.

—The Belfast Age says that potatoes that were sound when dug, are keeping well.

—Hon. N. G. Hibdon, of Stockton, and wife, have been in town for a few days, the guests of Gov. Perham.

—The house disease is doing its worst country. A new disease, swelling of the limbs and hoot rot has appeared.

—The *Bridgton News* says that Hon. Sam'l F. Pease, of Naples, raises three thousand bushels of apples this year.

—Gratz Brown gave Grant three States. Henry Wilson gave him twenty-seven. Which was the most sensible and honest?

—Ge. L. Banks ran far ahead of his ticket in Old Medford. It is accounted for on the ground that they are old friends and familiar spirits.

—The Maine Editors' and Publishers' Association proposed holding their winter session at Augusta, on the 17th of January, Franklin's Birth day, and having a supper at one of the hotels, with such festivities as will be appropriate to the occasion.

—On Sunday last the Congregational Church in Sweden received one new member upon profession of faith. Five children were baptized and the ordinance of the Lord's Supper was administered. The occasion was one of marked interest says the *Bridgton News*.

—The New York Times says that the liberal national committee had an election (and of \$250,000, besides what other branches of the coalition had. Anna Sprague of R. I. gave \$55,000, with instructions to apply \$50,000 to Maine; Senator Sprague \$20,000; Greeley \$6,000; A. T. Stewart \$10,000; Gen. Pleasant \$3,000.

—Miss Guptill closed her private school in our village, on Saturday last. The few who visited her examination, were much pleased with the exercises. The singing and declamations by the children were excellent. She awarded three prizes, as follows: First a knife, to Arthur Forbes—best in everything; second, a bottle of perfume, to Emma Eastman, for punctuality; third, a doll, to Alice Davis, best deportment.

At the close, the teacher was presented with a writing desk, by Annie Deane Shaw, in behalf of the school.

—An unscrupulous paragraphist accounts for the fact that Peter was cheerful while Paul was sad, by quoting Paul's assertion that "Peter's wife's mother lay sick of a fever."

—The *Maine Standard* says it is announced that the Maine Central railroad is to be run hereafter by Judge Rice, the President of the company, in the position of General manager, assisted by Division Superintendents Lincoln, Brown and Noyes.

### Hartford Items.

Our correspondent "Hartford" gives a biographical sketch of the late Nathaniel Bicknell of Bath, who died Oct. 17th, aged 96 years. He was formerly of Hartford. His father was Col. Luke Bicknell of Revolutionary memory, of Abington, Mass. As late as 1854, he was able to visit Hartford, and among a party who went with him at the residence of G. H. Bicknell were nine aged people whose average age was 84 years. This aged band passed patriotic resolutions, expressive of their love for the old flag, then borne aloft on Southern battle-fields. Mr. B. was grandchild of Rev. George G. Bicknell of Portland.

Labrous Church of Hartford, no 64 years old, has a table which has been used ever since by its contented house keeping. His mother used the same at Plympton, Mass., where she commenced keeping house, which was used by her mother when she commenced the marriage life. It being of old wood and well made, shows not the mark of extreme old age, excepting the feet, although it has been in daily use upwards of one hundred years.

### South Waterford Items.

Charles Young, who has kept a country store at Waterford "City" so many years, has erected a large and elegant store on Main Street, in the central part of the village, some rods north of his old establishment. He is fitting it up in a fine manner, and it will doubtless be opened to the public sometime this month.

A Stanwood has recently erected a neat office near his extensive Wooden Ware Manufactory in the "City."

The reputation of their recent entertainment by the ladies of the Waterford Universalist Society last Monday evening was highly enjoyed by those in attendance. The tableaux, music, etc., were excellent. The festivities concluded with an oyster supper.—*Bridgton News*.

### Mexico Items.

A correspondent writes that the "Crystal Wedding" the fifteenth anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. D. O. Gleason of Mexico, was celebrated Nov. 1st. Among the pretty gifts from the friends assembled, was a beautiful table set, by Sewall Goff and family, and many other articles both useful and ornamental by H. W. Park, D. B. Austin, B. Storer, Benja. Elliot, Daniel Frost, and others too numerous to mention. The evening was very happily spent. A beautiful and elegant supper was served to the guests.

### Law Decision.

A decision from the Law Court, was announced at Portland last week, in the following case:

Inhabitants of Newry vs. Inhabitants of Gilead. Plaintiff nonsuit.

Hammans. Foster. Gilead.

### No Lady's Toilet Complete

Unless there be the fragrant Soudent; into the breath sweet odors it imparts, the gummy ruby redness soon assume, the teeth quick rival alabaster tint, and seem as pearls set in a coral vase.

Spalding's Glue, cheap, convenient, useful.

### Terrible Conflagration

IN  
**BOSTON!**

TO ACRES IN THE HEART OF  
BOSTON IN RUINS!

LOSS ESTIMATED  
FROM  
**\$90,000,000 TO 100,000,000**  
EXCEEDING THE GREAT  
CHICAGO FIRE!

SHOE AND LEATHER WHOLESALE  
HOUSES DESTROYED!

Up to 1 o'clock Monday morn., for 15 hours, a conflagration was raging, under a high wind, through the heart of the business portion of the city, commencing on Summer Street, extending the whole length of both sides of the street, across Federal and nearly down to Drakes wharf, and thence in nearly a line to Fort Hill, along Hamilton and Battery March to Killy as far as Lindol and Central Streets, and from Milk to Summer, on Washington Street. Every building is consumed within this area of nearly 70 acres.

At 1 o'clock Monday morning, the latest date, there was a report that the fire had again broken out on Washington street—wind blowing hard, and fire extending towards the Common. The Transcript office and Boston Pilot were burnt—Jordan & Marsh's splendid store, also. The Boston, Hartford & Erie Depot has gone, and many splendid buildings.

The effect must be disastrous to many Insurance Companies and upon the general business of all New England.

The Mayor of Portland and four hundred merchants went on, on Sunday, to render aid, and Gov. Perham starts today (Monday) to see if the State can do anything towards relieving distress, or mitigating the suffering caused. Some lives have been lost, and many are injured.

### Noble Sentiments.

Nothing should commend President Grant more to the American People than the peace policy which he has instituted and maintained in reconstructing the South, in settling vexed questions with foreign nations, and in dealing with the hostile and much abused Indian tribes of our land. None but a brave military chieftain, who has a reputation to sustain him, could take such a stand without incurring the charge of cowardice. The letter of Gen. Grant, which was appended, was called out by a note addressed to him by Mr. George H. Stuart, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Indian Commissioners, who wrote to ascertain the truth of the newspaper report that President Grant contemplated a change in his Indian policy. The President replies as follows:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,  
Washington, D. C., Oct. 28, 1872.  
My Dear Sir,—Your favor of the 24th inst., saying a change in the Indian policy of the administration is reported to be contemplated, is just received. Such a thing has not been thought of. If the present policy toward the Indians can be improved in any way, I will always be ready to receive suggestions on the subject; but if any change is made, it must be made on the side of the civilization and christianization of the Indians. I do not believe our Creator ever placed the different races of men on this earth, with the view of the stronger exerting all his energies in exterminating the weaker. If any change takes place in the Indian policy of the government while I hold my present office, it will be on the humanitarian side of the question.

Very truly yours,  
(Signed) U. S. GRANT.

When the body and brain are well balanced, the stomach is capable of restoring the waste from which the system is constantly suffering; but when the brain is large in proportion, the stomach is incapable of supplying it; in other words, the expenditure is too large for the income. Here lies the cause of so much suffering from Disease of the Heart, Liver, Spleen and Lungs, which is produced by taxing the Nervous System too severely; and Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites is the only preparation known which imparts this vitality directly, and consequently the power to overcome disease.

### BORN.

In Paris, Nov. 2, to the wife of J. J. Hamlin, a daughter.

In Bethel, Oct. 7, to the wife of W. H. Merwin, Jr., a daughter.

### MARRIED.

In North Waterford, Nov. 7, by Rev. W. Norrell, Mr. Dan C. Smith, of Beverly, Mass. and Miss Mary A. Green, of No. Waterford.

In Bethel, Nov. 3, by Rev. Charles Morse, Mr. H. L. Powers, of Bethel, and Miss E. Casey, of Lewiston.

In Denmark, Oct. 27, by T. S. Perry, Mr. Frank Kinsaid, of Lawrence, Mass., and Miss L. P. Smith, of Denmark.

### DIED.

In Lewiston, Nov. 3, Caroline M. Walker, aged 17, wife of B. B. Walker.

In Newry, Nov. 7, Mrs. Lydia Crocker, aged 70, a worthy member of the Baptist Church.

### Special Notices.

**\$25 TO \$100 PER WEEK!**

made easy by any lady. 20,000 sold in six months. The most rapid selling articles ever invented for married or single ladies' use.

NO FEMALE CAN DO WITHOUT THEM.

Portable, Elegant, Cheap, and what has always been wanted, and always will. Proofs large—rights for sale. Lady Agents make fortunes. Standard Vendors. Circulars free.

Address: BATHMAN MANUFACTURING CO., NEW YORK.

**ON MARRIAGE.**

Happy Relief for Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Nervous debility cured. Impediments to marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars free. In sealed envelopes.

Address: HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 So. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. my2872-60-ly

### CENTAURO CHICKERING & SONS' PIANOS!

Have Taken the First Premium  
OVER ALL COMPETITION

AMERICA,  
ENGLAND,  
FRANCE.

THESE STANDARD INSTRUMENTS  
Are now offered at Reduced Rates on the  
**ONE-PRICE SYSTEM.**

**\$41,000**  
OF THEM

Standard Piano Fortes  
Have been made and sold since 1822; and  
**EIGHTY-ONE FIRST PREMIUMS**

Have been awarded to our firm  
OVER ALL COMPETITION.

These Pianos are still regarded, and universally conceded to be  
The Standard Instruments of the World,  
and are so pronounced by all the great artists.  
Dr. Franz Liszt says: "I consider the Chickering Piano superior to any made in Europe or America, and am fully convinced that they are justly entitled to the First Premium."

Children cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A substitute for Castor Oil. It assimilates the food and Wind, Colic, and Constipation disappear. It does not contain morphia. It is pleasant to take, never grips and never fails. The best physic ever.

**New Advertisements.**

**CRIMINAL COSTS:**

By S. J. Court, Sept. 12, 1872, and by County Commissioners, at various times, since April 1871.

Before Grand Jury.

State vs. Byrd, indicted.	\$20.70
" " " "	2.96
" " " "	6.84
" " " "	6.00
" " " "	14.46
" " " "	7.22
" " " "	21.50
" " " "	4.92
" " " "	7.78
" " " "	20.88
" " " "	32.26

Court before Magistrate, allowed to Justice presiding.

State vs. Thos. Andrews, indicted. \$18.00 || " " " " | 12.92 |
| " " " " | 4.50 |

Allowed by County Commissioners, May Adjourned Term.

State vs. Thaddeus Gammon, indicted. \$3.85 || " " " " | 17.40 |
" " " "	18.43
" " " "	16.87
" " " "	12.00
" " " "	14.10

June Adjourned Term.

State vs. Byrd, indicted. \$7.71 || " " " " | 18.70 |
| " " " " | 18.70 |

October Adjourned Term.

State vs. A. B. Bennett, indicted. \$18.07 || " " " " | 17.62 |
| " " " " | 18.00 |

November Adjourned Term.

State vs. George S. Plummer, indicted. \$3.55 |

Agents Wanted for Cabbins' Child's Commentator  
ON THE BIBLE FOR THE HOME CIRCLE.  
125 pages, 20 illustrations, the best ever published. For Agents, send for Circulars to H. S. GOSWELL & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

**NEW YORK OBSERVER.**  
The Best Religious and Family Newspaper  
\$5 a Year, with the JUBILEE YEAR BOOK.  
SEND FOR A SAMPLE COPY.

**WANTED, MEN TO OBTAIN SUBSCRIBERS**  
FOR THE NEW YORK OBSERVER. Advertisers, DUNSTON & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

**OUR DARLING**  
A First-class Chromo, is given to every subscriber to the NEW YORK OBSERVER for 1873. A Club of six for Fourteen Dollars.

**W. H. BARTLETT & CO.,**  
17 COMMERCIAL ST., BOSTON,  
RECEIVERS OF  
APPLES, ONIONS, BEANS,  
POTATOES, &c.  
SEND FOR PRICE CURRENT.

**HORSE POWERS, TURNING & SAWING MACHINES.**  
Manufactured and sold by  
**A. W. Gray & Sons,**  
Middleton, Vermont.

Parties that wish to purchase, will do well to send for circulars and descriptive list, which will be forwarded upon application, free.

**SEWING MACHINE NEEDLES.**  
For all machines, sent by mail, post-paid, carefully packed, for 50 cents per dozen. Needles mailed, and exchanged, if not satisfactory. Address: NATIONAL NEEDLE CO., 94 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

**ASTORIA PHARMACY**  
patentees in New York, and effects a special cure. 25 cents a box by mail. Circulars free. Address: S. C. PHARMACY, 25 So. 5th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all Druggists.

**\$5 TO \$20** per day. Agents Wanted! All those who are working people, or of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address: G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

**STATE OF MAINE.**  
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,  
Augusta, Nov. 8, 1872.  
An adjourned session of the Executive Council will be held at the Council Chamber, in Augusta, on MONDAY, the 18th day of November inst., at 10 o'clock A.M.

**Proposals for Wood.**  
THE undersigned in behalf of Oxford County, desires to purchase a certain quantity of wood, to be delivered at the Court House on Paris Hill, and for that purpose he invites proposals to be made to him personally, at the County Treasurer's Office, in Paris, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. on Wednesday, the 14th day of November 1872, or to the effect of the said proposals, if in his judgment, the interests of the County require it.

**Traveling Agents.** Peddlers, agents, and all who wish to sell goods, send for money at work for D. L. EDWARDS & CO., Portland, Maine. Send for particulars. no-18

### BURNETT'S

STANDARD  
Flavoring Extracts,  
Soda Syrups, Ice Creams, Custards,  
Pies, Blanc Mange, Jellies,  
Sauces, Soups, Gravies,  
etc., etc.

The superiority of these extracts consists in their PERFECT PURITY & GREAT STRENGTH.

There is no subject which should more engage attention than the purity of the preparations which are used in flavoring the various compounds prepared for the human stomach.

These Extracts are prepared perfectly free from the poisonous oils and acids which enter into the composition of many of the imitation fruit flavors now in the market. They are not only true to their names, but are prepared from fruits of the best quality, and so highly concentrated that a small quantity only need be used.

They have stood the test of eighteen years' time and competition, and are pronounced superior by the most eminent connoisseurs of the art of flavoring. They are not only true to their names, but are prepared from fruits of the best quality, and so highly concentrated that a small quantity only need be used.

For sale by first-class Grocers and Druggists generally.

**Fall Announcement.**

**LEWIS O'BRIEN**  
HAS RECEIVED HIS

**Fall & Winter Stock.**

To which he invites your attention.  
This stock comprises

**COATINGS**  
Of German, French and English manufacture.

**OVER-COATINGS**  
Of all styles and grades.

**WHOLE SUITINGS**  
Superior to anything ever before offered.

**VESTINGS**  
Of Velvet, Grosgrain, Cashmere, &c.

These goods he is prepared to make up in his fashionable style and thorough manner. He also calls the attention of purchasers to his Stock of

**READY MADE CLOTHING!**  
Kept constantly on hand.

Persons wishing suits of Black, Mixed or French Cloth, or anything in the line, can be accommodated at five minutes' notice. We guarantee a suit made to the measure, and every article warranted to give perfect satisfaction. He also offers to the public the largest and best assortment of

**HATS & CAPS**  
Ever opened in Oxford County. Everything new and stylish. Fall styles of silk hats, and, in fact, all styles of hats or caps to please old or young.

**FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT!**  
Is stocked with a full supply of Under Clothing, Shirts of all qualities.

White, Colored and Fancy Flannel GLOVES, NECK WEAR, HOSIERY, SUSPENDERS, &c.

He is also agent for the

**SINGER'S SEWING MACHINE,**  
Which he keeps constantly on hand. Any person wishing to purchase a Sewing Machine, or to work for it, please call, as he has FIVE HUNDRED Sewing Machines, immediately.

Don't forget the place, next door to H. M. HOUSE.

**GRANT & GREELEY**  
AND ALL THE LATEST STYLES of

**HATS & CAPS**  
Neck-ties, Collars, Cuffs,

Under Shirts and Drawers, White & Fancy OUTSIDE SHIRTS! AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

—ALSO—  
A LARGE STOCK OF WOOLENS,  
Of American, English and German manufacture, just received by the subscriber, and which he is prepared to make up to the LATEST STYLE as cheap, for cash, as any other establishment.

**D. W. BEAL,**  
Norway, October 8, 1872.

**THE FOUNTAIN OF SACRED SONGS**  
BY LEONARD MARSHALL.  
NOTICES FROM THE PRESS.

"It is highly praised by competent judges. 'The Fountain of Sacred Song' is a gem in the music art, and its 'Fountain of Sacred Song' is a work worthy of high esteem."

"It is a gem and part something being especially attractive. Indeed it is the best Church Music Book ever published. Price, single \$1.50, or per dozen \$15.00. Copies mailed post paid to any address, or sample for examination \$1.00."

**THE CHRISTIAN GRACES.**  
A New \$3 Picture of unexpressed grace and beauty GIVEN AWAY to our subscribers!

"And now behold Faith, Hope and Charity, these three; but the greatest of these is CHARITY."

**\$9.50 in value for \$3.50.**  
It is a long time since anything has appeared in the Christian art so lovely and so exquisite in design and execution as this large and elegant line and simple steel engraving, 'THE CHRISTIAN GRACES,' size 2 1/2 by 3 1/2 inches. The grouping and pose of the figures are graceful beyond description, and the faces of such rare and heavenly beauty that it seems as if the artist must have seen them in a vision. This singularly attractive and lovely engraving is prepared by the publishers of the 'CHRISTIAN ILLUSTRATED HOME MAGAZINE,' as a free gift to their subscribers for 1873, and we have just made arrangements with them to send the Democrat with their magazine, and so get the picture for our subscribers.

For \$2.00 we will send the DEMOCRAT and 'ARTIST'S ILLUSTRATED HOME MAGAZINE' for a year, with the picture free.

### You Can Find

A. OSCAR NOYES' DRUG STORE,  
Norway Village,  
A Choice Variety of  
**PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES, ROOTS, HERBS & BARKS, TINCTURES, ESSENCES, EXTRACTS, PILLS & PLASTERS.**

Also  
ALL KINDS OF  
**DYE STUFFS**

Toilet Articles,  
TRUSSES, SHOULDERBAGS, AND SUPPORTERS.

All sold at the Very Lowest Prices.  
Remember the place  
A. OSCAR NOYES' DRUG STORE,  
Norway Village.

**NEW GOODS!**  
NEW GOODS!  
Bethel Hill, Me.

**R. A. CHAPMAN & CO.**  
Have put into store, and offer for sale at the

**Lowest Market Prices**  
A WELL-SELECTED STOCK

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS!  
A FULL LINE OF LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

And keep constantly on hand, the

**BEST FAMILY CORN, PORK, LARD, TEAS, COFFEE, SPICES.**

with ALL the goods usually found in a country store.

**1872.**  
To all whom it may concern!

**BOLSTER & HASKELL**  
Have now in store a

**LARGE COMPLETE STOCK**  
Of Goods, Bought

**LOW for CASH,**  
Which they will

**BE PLEASED TO SHOW**  
To all who may call desiring to purchase, and

Remarkably LOW PRICES.

Our Stock is TOO LARGE

To mention each particular article, therefore, we will simply say, we have a

**FULL LINE of GOODS,**  
SUITABLE FOR

**THE SEASON.**  
Please call and examine our goods, and see if the

**PRICE**  
Are not as

As can be found in  
**OXFORD COUNTY**  
BOLSTER & HASKELL,  
South Paris, May 25th, 1872.

### DIRECTORY.

Masonic Lodges—Time of Meeting.  
OXFORD CHAPTER, Bethel, 3d Thursday of each month.  
Androscongin Chapter, No. 34, Canton, Monday or before full moon.  
Bellingham Chapter, No. 35, Humpston, Wednesday or before full moon.  
Paris Lodge, No. 36, Paris, Tuesday, or on or before full moon.  
Jeddoon Lodge, No. 37, Bryans Pond, 3d Tuesday of every month.  
Orient Chapter, No. 38, Livermore, Tuesday, on or before full moon.  
Bethel Chapter, No. 39, Bethel, Monday or on or before full moon.  
Phylagor Chapter, No. 40, Fryburg, Monday or on or before full moon.  
Oxford Chapter, No. 41, Oxford, Tuesday or on or before full moon.  
Mount Vernon Chapter, No. 42, Waterford, Tuesday, on or before full moon.  
St. Moriah Chapter, No. 43, Denmark, Wednesday or on or before full moon.  
Tent Chapter, No. 44, Turner, Saturday or on or before full moon.  
Delta Chapter, No. 45, Lovell, Thursday or on or before full moon.

**GOOD TEMPLARS.**  
King Hiram, U. D. D. 161, Canton, Thursday or on or before full moon.  
Whitney Lodge, U. D. D. 161, Canton, Thursday or on or before full moon.  
Phylagor Chapter, No. 40, Fryburg, Monday or on or before full moon.  
Aurora Chapter, No. 41, Cornish, Friday or on or before full moon.  
Original Chapter, No. 40, Bridgton, Thursday or on or before full moon.

**PARIS LODGE, No. 36; Paris Hill, Fryburg.**  
Hilling Star, Bethel, Friday evenings.  
Bellingham Chapter, No. 35, Humpston, Saturday evenings.  
Crystal Chapter, No. 36, Bethel, every Thursday evening.  
Phylagor Chapter, No. 40, Fryburg, Saturday evenings.  
Forest Lake Chapter, No. 41, Fryburg, every Saturday evening.  
Jeddoon Chapter, No. 37, Bryans Pond, every Friday evening.

**I. O. O. F.**  
Piquawick Lodge, No. 41, Brownfield, meet 1st and 3rd Wednesday of each month.  
Is Prepared to Do ALL KINDS OF

**BULLETIN.**  
1873  
OXFORD COUNTY NEWS AGENCY,  
Paris, Me.

The following Magazines and Papers, with a ONE DOLLAR PREMIUM, (in addition to premiums offered by publishers) will be sent on receipt of price.

**ALL KINDS OF BOOKS**  
Furnished at lowest Cash Price.

Atlantic Monthly	\$4.00	Am. Review	50c
Arctic Monthly	2.00	N. Y. Observer	30c
American Union	1.50	N. Y. Weekly	45c
Bible Monthly	1.00	Our Young Folks	25c
Christian Union	1.00	Phylagor Jour.	30c
Children's Hour	1.00	People's Lit. Com.	20c
Contemporary Rev.	1.00	20th Century Mag.	25c
Country Gentleman	1.00	Harvard New Yorker	25c
Every Saturday	1.00	Illustrated Home	25c
Good Words	1.00	Scientific American	35c
Harper's Monthly	1.00	25th St. Paul	25c
Home Monthly	1.00	Telegraph Blade	25c
Household	1.00	The Nursery	15c
Illustrated Living Age	1.00	The Sunday King	25c
Lippett's Mag.	1.00	Whitney's Manual	15c
Mahar & Bingham	1.00	Work and Play	15c
Musical Bulletin	1.00	Western World	30c
		24th Nov. Harvest	15c

We shall be happy to answer all communications, and will furnish any book or paper, though not on our list.

**BOOK AND JOB PRINTING!**

THE OXFORD DEMOCRAT  
**Job Printing**

OFFICE.

**JOB WORK.**

Neatly, and When Promised,

AND AT THE

**LOWEST PRICES.**

BOOKS, CIRCULARS, PAMPHLETS, BILLHEADS, LARGE POSTERS, CARDS, HAND BILLS, PROGRAMMES, LETTER HEADINGS, BUSINESS CARDS, WEDDING CARDS, ADDRESS CARDS, BLANKS, LABELS, RECEIPTS, CHECKS, DEEDS, TAGS, DODGERS, PLAY BILLS, ENVELOPES, BLANK NOTES, COLLECTOR'S NOTICES, &c., &c., &c.



