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PARIS MAINE.

MISCELLANY.

MARRYING A COOK.

BY H. A. DWIGHT.

Some years since, when I was in College, we had amongst our "faculty" a peculiar personage, whom every one regarded with considerable respect, and yet as a character *qui generis*. He had lived many years without a wife, and expected to live so always. Indeed, as he was the professor of mathematics, the abstractions of his science forbade his indulging the idea of getting married. To the female sex, therefore, he showed no other regard than common politeness required. His character, in this particular, was purely negative. Of course he was not popular with the ladies, and they kept themselves at a distance from him. But circumstances that often bring about a match in other cases, placed him in a peculiar dilemma. It seemed a whim, that a necessity was laid upon to get married. He was one of the faculty of the College,—all the other professors were married and obliged to entertain the distinguished visitors of the Institution. He had always boarded. Of course it wasn't expected of him that he should ever give a party or a dinner. But it began to be regarded as rather mean in him to shirk off this matter from year to year, and "well off as he was pecuniarily, to throw upon the other members of the faculty the cost and trouble of entertaining the special friends and patrons of the College. The question was, therefore frequently asked:

"Why doesn't the old miser entertain some of the distinguished characters that visit us?" Now our professor wasn't a miser at all, and it often troubled him to think he was so situated. He couldn't bear his part of the burden. And yet, what could he do? Must he get married? And if so, to whom? He had no special regard for any one in the vicinity of the College, and no one had any special regard for him. In his younger days he had seen at school, a young lady in the city of New York, in whom he had felt a peculiar interest. But of her he hadn't heard for years. Doubtless before this time she was married, or in her grave. Possibly, however, she was still living and waiting for him! Glorious thought! He was quite relieved at it, though, indeed, there might be no foundation for his relief. Nevertheless, he would make due inquiry. Nor could he long delay, for Commencement day was at hand, only a few weeks off. It was his turn, or rather would be if he was married, to give the great dinner to the distinguished persons that should be present on the occasion. There would be the Governor of the State, and his lady—the trustees of the Institution and their friends, and others of equal repute. But who should be master of ceremonies? And who should grace the table? He could square the circle perhaps, but such a circle as this, what could he do with it? If he were only married, what a helpmeet would his wife be at such a time. And yet, his wife must be a good looking, accomplished, and intelligent lady; otherwise the blank would be a blot!

Now there was a young lady in the neighborhood that the professor thought might answer. He had seen her at his boarding house, and spoken to her once or twice. "But," said he, "she may say no," and if she did, "where in creation," thought he, "could I hide my head? And then what would become of the dining?" The Governor must have a dinner and he must have a wife. And hence he lay awake about it all night. At last, as the morning broke he cried out to himself, "Content! She will say no, will she! What then? Other men have lived through it, and I shall. If not, I shall have a clear conscience about the dinner, and a clear conscience is the main thing after all! I will write a note to Miss A. anyway. It may be she will regard it favorably." So the professor sat down and wrote a note to Miss A. "Stay a minute," said he to himself, "what will the Governor think of the lady? She is handsome and polite, but can she converse? Can she entertain company? 'Doubtful!' said he to himself, "very doubtful!" and so he tore up the note. Alas! for a man on the verge of matrimony! In an hour or two, however, the Professor called on the President and said:

"I should like to be absent a few days?" "Ah!" said the President, "just at this time?" "Yes, sir, I have my classes in readiness for the examination, and I wish to go to New York."

"Has any death occurred in the family," said the President.

"No, sir," said the Professor, "but I have a little matter of business there that requires my immediate attention, and I thought it best to go."

"You have my best wishes," said the President, "and may you return safely and not alone!"

The Professor almost smiled, but blushed

rather than smiled, and left the President, and hastened to New York.

His first inquiry on his arrival there, was for Miss Adeline G., the young lady whom he had seen some years before, at school, as we have mentioned.

"Why," said the respondent, "the family has become reduced, and she is a cook! Perhaps you don't know it, sir?"

"A cook!" said he, "that is just what I want!"

"Oh!" said the lady, "we thought you wanted something else possibly."

"No, I have been half starved to death since I left New York, and I want some one that can cook decently."

"Well, she can do that, for she scarcely has her equal in that line in this city. Why, sir, she is a cook, *par excellence*."

"And how does she look?"

"She is the handsomest cook in the city, too."

"Not quite that, I presume," said the Professor, "but is she intelligent? I speak confidentially."

"Intelligent! She is, indeed—she can converse like an angel."

"And as to manners? Is she accomplished?"

"As graceful as an actress."

"Couldn't I see her before that hour?"

"I think that would be the most convenient time for her to call, and to see you. She will be engaged in her duties till then."

"I will wait then. Please to tell her that Professor Mack, of Virginia, wishes to see her—an old acquaintance of hers."

"Shall I tell her that you wish to engage a cook?"

"You may tell her that I wish to see her," said the Professor.

"What name did you say?"

"Professor Mack, of Virginia, if you please, madam."

An everlastingly long day was before him, and he had nothing to do; not a problem to solve, except the one in hand, and that was one of a doubtful solution.

Eight o'clock at last came, and the Professor called again to see the young lady.

"A cook, indeed!" said the Professor to himself; "she is a splendid woman—fit to grace any parlor in the world!" But how in creation should he make known his business? Poets, they say, begin in the middle of their story; but professors of mathematics, where do they begin? Finally, said the suitor, "Miss G., how would you like to go to Virginia?"

"To Virginia!" said she as if surprised.

"Are you not mistaken in the person whom you wished to see?"

"No, no," said he, "don't you remember that we both attended school in Franklin street?"

"Oh," said she, "it is George Mack—I remember you well; why, I didn't know that you were alive!"

"And I have never forgotten you."

"Ah! indeed, you are very kind to remember me so long! I thought every one had forgotten me in my calamities."

"People often think they are overlooked when trials overtake them; but it is for you to say that your present trials are at an end."

"Professor Mack! what do you mean? Why I am a mere—"

"If you have had reverses I have had success, and have the means of making you comfortable in life."

"But do you know my circumstances now, for I would not deceive you, George?"

"But I have an aged mother, Professor."

"And I wish to have one; she can go, too."

Matters were soon arranged as to time, place, and ceremony, and this being over the party were off for Virginia—the Professor pleased that he had solved the matrimonial problem so easily, and the lady that she was no longer at the world's bidding.

In the country of Virginia great ado is made for a newly married couple. Of course much was expected in the case of the Professor. But some "bird in the air" carried the store in advance, that Professor Mack had married a cook! What lady could call upon her? What society could the F. F. V.'s of Virginia have with a cook! But the President advised his wife to call upon her out of decency at least. If the Professor had married a cook, why, he didn't know any better. All that he knew was how to solve problems in mathematics. Besides, it might not be true that he had married a cook, or if he was well off in one respect—he could have a good table.

"Please!" said the President's lady, "what does a person care about a table in comparison with caste in society?"

"Caste in society will do well enough," he replied, "but since we must eat to live, a well roasted turkey is better than a fried chicken, and a short biscuit than an ash-cake! And what does an epure care for ceremony? A good cup of coffee is better."

"You are no Virginia, husband, otherwise, you would never say that, for any body knows that nobility in a log cabin is better than a cook in a palace!"

"Well, call on the lady and see—theories

are often good for nothing, whilst practice is the sum of perfection!"

The Presidentess called and was amazed—the cook was much her superior—and she felt it!

The other officers' ladies having heard that the President's wife had called on Mrs. Mack, were obliged according to custom to follow suit. They, too, were disappointed, for the New York lady hadn't lived in a city in vain. In mind, in manners, in accomplishments, she outranked them all! Besides, in respect to family she was not at all inferior—her father having had a fortune once and lost it.

Commencement day was now near at hand, and the great dining was to come off at the Professor's. Nor was Mrs. Mack at all disconcerted about it. She had seen a thing or two before, and was fully confident in her own ability to meet the exigency.

When the time arrived, all eyes were fixed on Mrs. Mack. How would she appear in the presence of the Governor of Virginia? How in the presence of the professors and the President? And what sort of a table would she set, and how would she grace it? Could she go through it with dignity?

Of course all this was enough "to try men's souls," but Mrs. Mack was perfectly at home. In etiquette—in conversation—in the arrangements of all the circumstances and in the formalities of the occasion she showed herself equal to the duties devolving upon her, and evidently interested the Governor very much by her powers of conversation. "What a charming lady," said he to his wife, "is Mrs. Mack! and what a table she has set! and how well she graces it!"

"My dear husband," said said,—"Do you know she is a New York cook—why, she has been a mere servant for many years!"

"I know nothing about that," said he, "but if she has, I wish every other lady was a servant and a New York cook, too. We should have something to eat then, my dear, besides fried chickens and ash-cakes!"

"All men are not epicures, like you, Governor."

"No—but if they were they would imitate the mathematical Professor, and go to New York to get a wife. A man wouldn't be compelled then to go to a saloon to get a decent dinner! He could find one at home—now a great rarity."

[Hampshire Gazette.

"WHAT DID HE SAY LYDIA?" Good old Mrs. Call was very hard of hearing, being somewhat advanced in years. Her daughter was a bouncing lass, who loved a good frolic, and knew well how to get one up. Lydia had arranged a junket, and the young men and maids were all on hand. In the midst of the fun, in popped old Deacon Jones, to see how the widow fared. This was a wet blanket to the merriment, and the deacon held on till Lydia was out of patience. She wished he would go, and by and by he gets up to depart.

"O, deacon!" said Mother Call, "don't think of going before tea. Oh, no, stop to tea!"

The good deacon, so strongly urged, replied,—

"Well, I rather think I will, as the folks will not expect me home till dark."

"What did he say, Lydia?" asked the widow.

Lydia had a ready answer:

"He says he will not to day, mother; as the folks expect him home before dark. Why, how deaf you are, mother!"

"O, well some other day, deacon,—won't you?" said Mother Call, as she showed the deacon out.

"Smart girl that," said the old deacon, as he trudged along home. "She'll find her way through, I'll warrant."

A worthy woman lost her worthy husband; in the midst of her grief she was anxious that his remains should be duly honored according to the "proprieties." She did the best she could with her contracted premises to make the needed room. Before the hour appointed for the services or the expected friends had arrived, in came snuffy Mrs. Grundy—on a preliminary call of curiosity and inquisition. "Laws me!" she exclaimed through her nasal organ, as she peered about. "How nice you do look. All fixed up for the funeral, very smart indeed. Borrowed some cheers, didn't ye? Bless me, got a new clock, too, since I was here last, there in the corner, haint ye?" "Oh no! oh no!" rocked out "that's my—poor—dear—dead husband. We had—to—to—stand—his—coffin—upon—end—to make room—enough—for the company—oh! oh!"

A shoemaker was the other day fitting a customer with a pair of boots, when the buyer observed that he had but one objection to them, which was, that the soles were a little too thick. "If that is all," replied Crispin, "put on the boots, and the objection will gradually wear away."

Muscular Christianity.

In the autumn of 1857 I spent a few days in a country parsonage, and on the Sunday morning, at breakfast, the pastor's wife received a letter, which her twittering told us must be a tit-bit. "Ha, uncle," exclaimed she, "here are clerical doings exactly to your taste." The writer, a lady in a distant country, narrated that there had lately come into the next parish a new vicar—a very fine young man, who at school had no superior either in Greek or in boxing, and who at the university won honors for his classics and silver cups for his boating. He was beginning in earnest the work of an evangelist among a long neglected, vicious, and brutal people. He had a plan and a will; but many worthy folk were fearing that his zeal was without knowledge—or wisdom, at any rate. One of his first measures was to open a school in a remote part of the parish, and get the room furnished for week-day preaching. But all the drunkards went against such unheard-of proceedings. They would run after him, cursing and hooting, and discharging volleys of suds and other missiles. Finding remonstrance vain, he adopted another course on the Wednesday evening in the week before I heard the story. Making a stand in the middle of the road, at the entrance of the hamlet, just as the storm arose, and looking the storm in the face, he addressed them thus, in a firm, quiet voice which commanded their attention: "My good fellows, I have borne this patiently for some time, but now I must put a stop to it; and I'll do it in my own way. Chase your best man and we'll fight it out. If I beat, you'll give up, you know." They looked at him unbelievably; but throwing his coat on a bush, he added, "I am in earnest; send your man!"

The ruffians laid their heads together; and then a burly giant stepped forth, and stripped, and made a furious dash at his reverend challenger, who quietly parried the unskillful blows, and played with them for a few seconds. But then a fist was planted in the peasant's chest, and he lay at full length on the ground. Quickly gathering himself up, however, he skulked away to his companions. "Now send your next best, and I'll go through the lot of you." Again their heads drew together, and another threw down his jacket; going to work, however, with a more cautious energy. But at once a stomacher stretches him on the road. "Your next." Once more a conglomerate of dense faces was formed. "Bill, thee teck him." Bill eyed the hero askance, and shook his head. "Thee, Jim!" a shake of the head from Jim also. "Dick, thee't teck th' parson?" a shake more decided, and a stiff "Nay, nay, I see thee lung fast." And now the first one who was vanquished stood forward, and, like a brave man, called out, "I say, parson, you're a rare young 'un, you are. I see you what, we're going to hear you preach." And they all followed him along the little street, said the writer, and heard the Word quietly, adding, it remains to be seen what will come of the fight. What did come of it? I heard, a long time afterward, that from that day the men doffed their hats, and the women curtisied, and the children looked awe-stricken, when they met or passed him; that the church and schools were filled; that the beer houses were nearly all shut up; and that a great moral and religious reformation was in progress. That gentleman had previously been the instrument of a like change in an equally demoralized parish. I may add that a few years back he was deemed the fittest clergyman in the church to go out as bishop to a scene of great personal danger in a heathen country.

HOW TO COPY ENGRAVINGS EASILY. A young friend of mine has found by the aid of kerosene oil a most ready means of transferring to his portfolio accurate copies of engravings, maps, &c., in a very neat shape. His plan is to sponge lightly good thick paper with the purest kerosene oil, and, applying it while transparent to the engravings, to pencil or ink in the outlines. On laying it aside for a few days all trace of the oil evaporates, leaving the paper as white as at first. He then fills in the shading or coloring at his leisure. By hanging the prepared sheet near the fire he reduces the time required for drying it an hour or two. To prevent soiling the book, and to fit the paper better to receive the ink he always dries it by the stove for a short time before using. On some specimens which he showed me I could perceive none of the peculiar smell of the oil nor was there any other trace of the simple means by which he had secured such admirably exact copies. [Advertiser.

The keeper of a public house, hearing of the whereabouts of a guest who had decamped without going through the usual formality of paying his bill, sent him a note: "Mr. —, Dear Sir: Will you send amount of your bill, and oblige." etc. To which the delinquent made answer: "The amount is \$80.62 1-2. Yours respectfully."

BREVITIES.

Artemus Ward says: "I have allers sustained a good moral character. I was never a railroad director in my life."

In Ceylon the marriage ceremony is performed by tying the couple together by the thumbs.

One of the Japanese ambassadors, just landed at Marseilles, bears the extraordinary name of Shibata-hui-gano-kimi.

When a man attains power, he has all the virtues of an epitaph; let him fall into misfortune, and he has all the vices of the prodigal son.

"I am about to do for you what the devil never did by you," said a quaint parson, in his farewell address to his flock; "that is, I shall leave you."

A married man who was recently at a whist party, when he proposed to go home, was asked to stay a little longer. "Well," he replied, "perhaps I may as well; my wife is probably already as mad as she can be."

A physician walking in the streets with a friend of his, said to him: "Let us avoid that pretty little woman you see there on the left. She knows me and casts on me looks of indignation. I attended her husband." "Ah! I understand, you had the misfortune to despatch him." "On the contrary," said the doctor, "I saved him."

An editor out west, in a complimentary notice of a valiant general, was made by the omission of a single letter to call him a battle-scarred veteran. The poor man hastened to make amends in his next issue by stating that it was his intention to have denominated the hero a bottle-scarred veteran.

A Greek maid being asked what fortune she would bring her husband, replied, "I will bring him what gold cannot purchase; a heart unspotted, a virtue without stain, which is all that descended to me from my parents."

THE NEGROES. The Alexandria, Va., Journal, makes the following statements, which are worthy of consideration, by those who are fond of saying the negroes can't take care of themselves. That paper says:

"It is a remarkable fact that here in Alexandria, where the colored population will reach between five and eight thousand, not a pauper can be found among them—those who, by age or misfortune are unable to take care of themselves, are provided for by their own friends. While white persons, both male and female, are seen daily upon our streets begging, we have never heard of, much less seen, a colored person asking for alms. In almost every section of the State, the Government is daily issuing rations to the poor and needy, but so far as we have been able to learn, two rations are issued to white, where one is issued to colored persons. These facts speak volumes in favor of the negro's ability to not only take care of himself but to provide for others."

An ill-looking fellow was asked how he could account for nature's forming him so ugly. "Nature was not to blame," said he, "for when I was two months of age I was considered the handsomest child in the neighborhood, but my nurse, to revenge herself upon my parents for some fancied injury at their hands, one day swapped me away for another boy belonging to a friend of hers, whose child was rather plain looking."

The funniest

Look out for Breakers.

There was no time during the war when the spirit of speculation was more rife, than the present. Men, eager to amass fortunes at once, are rushing into the whirl of financial excitement, determined to become rich at a single turn of the wheel of fortune or be ruined. The consequences to the people are disastrous. War prices are again down upon us with a vengeance, and upon almost every article we buy we have to pay tribute to the speculators. Every thing is advancing. Our government taxes, including national State and municipal, enormous as they are, do not compare for a single moment, with the taxes the people are paying to the speculators who are creating a monopoly in almost every commodity in the market. Take the single article of lard, there is no scarcity in the market and yet the price of the same never was so high. The New York gamblers to-day are boasting that they will bring it up to fifty cents per pound before spring.

Say what we will, the great business law of demand and supply does not control trade at the present time. The people are paying tribute to the inordinate avarice of capitalists, to the tune of hundreds of millions. But this state of things cannot last always. There will be a limit to the willfulness of the speculators. If we are to have no wholesome checks upon an inflated currency, then it will in the end explode of itself and engulf the whole financial world in ruin. If it is curtailed then a reaction will follow, and many who are now basking in the sunshine of extravagance and living upon borrowed capital, will be blown sky-high before the fury of the tempest. In either event the blow will come. It is therefore the part of wisdom to prepare for it.

The Connecticut Election.

The land of horn and wooden nutmegs has recently covered itself with glory by refusing to some four thousand of its inhabitants the right of suffrage, because they happened to be born into the world with a dark skin. Glorious New England has reason to be ashamed of such recreancy in one of her daughters.

It is said the conservative republicans let the election go by default and that this class were mainly among the office holders, who thinking such a course would please the President, either staid away from the polls or voted with the copperheads squarely against equal suffrage. A class of men that will violate principle and perpetrate a wrong for the sake of holding office under this or any other administration are a disgrace to any party, and the sooner they are out of it the better. They are the prototypes of the doughfaces of the old democratic party, who for years sold their souls and bodies for the sake of a mess of pottage. With what kind of a face can the government ask the Southern States to give the negro suffrage, when a State in New England deliberately votes it down. It is greatly to be regretted that the administration did not take square ground in favor of granting suffrage to all loyal men, for such a course would have united the union sentiment of the whole country in its favor, and forever settled the question.

The result in Connecticut shows the divisions that are creeping into the union party and the cause. The question whether the men who fought with such gallantry and saved our government from destruction in the hour of its greatest peril are to be treated as outlaws having no civil or political rights, is one that must be met and settled. If the brave men who turned the tide of rebellion upon our enemies and gave us "victory at last" are to be excommunicated and not recognized as citizens, then of a truth it can be said the rebellion is not yet ended. No such flagrant injustice can long be tolerated without bringing upon our nation the curse of God and the whole civilized world.

The Wirz Trial.

The Wirz trial still drags its slow length along. Already enough has been proved to condemn the accused a thousand times. Although it might not be exactly legal, and would be a terrible blow to Wirz's copperhead friends at the North, yet we respectfully suggest that Wirz be taken out and hung and then let the trial proceed. Were it not that all the atrocities charged upon the rebels in relation to the treatment of our prisoners at Andersonville were being proved at this trial we should say, the government was spending too much time and trouble upon such an infamous wretch. The abominations of Andersonville as developed at this trial, are more fiendish than anything recorded in history from the beginning of the world until now. We hope the Military Court who has this business in charge, will not close the trial until the complicity of the rebel leaders with Wirz is fully established.

Wirz was a fiend, and whatever might have been his orders, from his superior officers, acted with all the brutality of a black-hearted villain and practiced the most horrible abuses upon our men of his own option; but there can be no doubt but that Jeff. Davis, J. P. Benjamin, Lee and other rebel officers, had a complete understanding to starve our prisoners to death and thus deplete the federal army. We trust the government will probe this thing to the bottom. The voices of fifty thousand murdered, starved-to-death union soldiers come up from their lonely graves, demanding of the government for which they laid down their lives, justice to their murderers.

East Oxford Agricultural Society.

The fifth annual exhibition of the East Oxford Agricultural Society, was held at West Peru, the fourth and fifth days of October. It was one of the most successful exhibitions we have had since the organization of the Society. The exhibition of Stock was very large. There was a large number of nice Oxen and Steers on exhibition; a good number of excellent Horses and Colts. Applications for premiums on Corn and Grain were more numerous than usual, and many fine specimens exhibited. The exhibition of Fruit and Vegetables was good, all things being considered. Very nice specimens of Grapes were exhibited by Elder Dunham of Bryant's Pond, also very nice Squash; one very nice French Squash which weighed 100 lbs which attracted much attention. A premium was awarded on the same.

The business of the first day was, first, meeting of the Society for the choice of Officers, &c., when the following board of Officers were chosen:

President, E. G. Harlow, Dixfield.
Sec'y and Treas., Wm. K. Greene, Peru.
Trustees, Phineas Howe, Canton, Henry Abbott, Rumford, Benja. W. Stockwell, Mexico, W. W. Wait, Dixfield, Jonas Greene, Peru, Sewell Norton, Livermore, Merritt Parsons, Hartford, Oliver Newman, Carthage, James W. Clark, Andover.

Then the examination of the Stock by the several committees, Drawing match, &c., occupied the remainder of the first day. Examination of Horses and Colts occupied the morning of the second day. At eleven o'clock A. M., the people listened to an able, practical address by E. B. Richardson, of Dixfield. Union Hall was densely crowded from the time it was opened to the public in the morning, till 3 o'clock P. M., when the report of the awarding committees were made. There was taken, as entrance fee of ten cents each at the door of the Hall, \$65. This with 35 new members obtained during the exhibition makes \$100 for the benefit of the Society.

The following premiums were awarded by the several Committees.
Town Teams, Peru and Dixfield, divided equally by agreement, \$20.00
Steers, do 6.00
Geo. W. Bisbee, Beef Oxen 1st prn, 3.00
Joel Hall, do 2d 2.00
D. N. White, do 3d 1.00
Anger Mitchell, Matched Oxen, 2.50
Wm. H. Mitchell, do 2.50

[The above premiums equally divided by agreement.]
J. F. Newton, Matched Steers, 3.00
Lorenzo Irish, do 2.00
W. H. Walker, do 1.00
Jonas Greene, Calves, 1.00
Henry Rowe, Cows, 2.00
L. H. Maxin, do 1.00
S. T. Alden, Bull, 3.00
John C. Kidder, do 2.00
Benja. Lovejoy, Bull Calf, 1.00
Joel Hall, Heifer, 1.00
Joel Hall, do 1.00
John C. Kidder, do 1.00
J. A. Bartlett, Buck, 2.00
G. L. Sanders, Sow and Pig, 1.00
Albion Thorn, Boar, 1.00
Charles G. Knox, Stallion, 3.00
Wm. H. Walker, Breeding Mare, 2.00
Tyler Kidder, Family Horse, 2.00
Tyler Kidder, 3 yr old Colt, 1.00
E. Richards, 2 yr old Colt, 1.00
Noah Hall, 1 yr old Colt, 1.00
J. W. Richards, Drawing, 3.00
Luther Austin, Table Butter 75
Folly V. White, do 50
Samuel Holmes, do 25
W. H. Walker, Butter, 2.00
Phineas Howe, do 1.00
J. J. Holman, Corn, 5.00
Wm. K. Greene, do 3.00
Wm. H. Walker, Wheat, 3.00
Martin L. Wyman, Rye, 3.00
F. W. Abbott, Oats and Peas, 1.50
Wm. K. Greene, Seed Corn, 50
E. N. Norcross, do 25
A. R. P. Knight, Hops, 5.00
D. O. Gleason, do 3.00
G. H. Davis, Tobacco, 2.00
Samuel Holmes, Cheese, 2.00
D. N. White, do 1.00
R. Dunham, Grapes and Squash, 1.50
J. J. Toole, do 25
J. J. Toole, Peas, 50
E. B. Rose, Tomatoes, 25
E. Richards, Apples, 50
H. Bisbee, do 25
Cyrus Bishop, Beans, 15
M. Child, Turnips, 15
T. Reynolds, Watermelon, 15
Luther Austin, Squash, 15
A. Palmer, Os Yoke, 1.00
T. Ashburn, Cart Wheels, 50
P. Howe, Horse Rake, 2.00
MISCELLANEOUS AND FANCY ARTICLES.
Mrs. E. Hayes, Quilt, 50
Mrs. Jere, Knives, Bed Spread, 50
Mrs. Geo. W. Bisbee, do 50
Mrs. J. M. Eastis, Rug, 75
Mrs. W. H. Mitchell, do 50
Mrs. N. Hall, do 50
Miss Alma Reed, do 50
Miss H. Bisbee, Stair Carpet, 50
Mrs. Daniel Farnham, Full Cloth, 75
Mrs. L. Glover, do 50
Mrs. Henry F. Smith, Shirt Flannel, 75
Mrs. J. C. Wyman, do 50
Mrs. L. H. Maxin, Pant Cloth, 50
Mrs. L. Knight, Flaid Flannel, 75
Mrs. E. Richards, do 50
Mrs. S. Hayes, do gratuity 25
Mrs. Jere Knight, do 25
Mrs. H. Smith, Cotton Flannel, 25
Mrs. S. T. Alden, Balmoral Skirt, 42
Mrs. J. P. Hopkins, do 15
Mrs. W. W. Mitchell, Knit Skirt, 15
Mrs. Dora Alden, Braided Skirt, 25
Mrs. W. S. Walker, Infant's Flannel, 25
Mrs. A. J. Russell, Breakfast Shawl, 19
Mrs. C. Dunn, Scarf, 19
Miss Louisa Stanley, Todies, 19
Mrs. T. A. Godding, Table Linen, 25
Mrs. M. T. Adams, Waxed Tidy, 15
Mrs. N. Hall, Lamp Mat, 15
Mrs. S. T. Alden, Ladies Boots, 15
Miss B. J. Godding, Embroidery, 15
Miss Ella Tucker, Knit Hose, 15
Miss E. B. Rose, Stocking Yarn, 15
Miss Louisa Stanley, Ottoman Cover, 15
Mrs. A. Walker, Pin Cushion, 15
Mrs. W. H. Mitchell, Sofa Pillow, 19
Miss E. Hayes, Ladies's Hoes, 19
Miss Emma J. Davis, Vase Mat, 19
Miss Mary Rawson, Work Case, 19
Miss E. Hayes, Wax Work, 25
Miss M. L. Greene, Oil Painting, 40
Miss R. Dunham, Boquet, 15
Mrs. B. Davis, Jr., Cone Basket, 15
Mrs. N. T. Adams, Watch Case, 15
Miss Emma J. Davis, Comb Frame, 15
Mrs. M. T. Adams, Shell Frame, 20

WILLIAM K. GREEN, Sec'y.

Peru, Oct. 9th, 1865.

Bethel Town Fair.

Our friends at Bethel are doubtless looking for a full report of their fair, and such an one was made, and put in the hands of the Express, but that company concluded to take it down the line, defeating our purposes entirely. At the time they delivered it our paper was nearly all made up, and we had not time to put it in type.

The Show was very excellent in all its departments. The exercises of the first day we did not witness. Outside the Fair the only exhibition was that of

LADIES' RIDING.
Premiums were awarded in two classes,—for misses over 12 years old, \$4 and \$2. For misses under 12, \$3 and \$1. Prizes were awarded as follows:
First class,—Susie M. True, \$4.00
Ellen O. Young, 2.00
Sec'd class—Lizzie M. Lane, 6 yrs old, 3.00
Dora Libby, 1.00

In the Fair there was a very creditable display, embracing many useful and beautiful articles, all of which were deserving the special mention given. For further particulars apply to the Canadian Express.

There was a fine display of fruit. The farmers have not given attention to the cultivation of many varieties, and many are incorrectly named; but the specimens were very large and fair. We have never seen so good samples as some of the varieties. Of Pears, E. G. Wheeler, W. Bethel, presented splendid specimens of the Flemish Beauty, Baxter A. Lyon, Bonne de Jersey and Vicar of Winkfield, and Virgil B. Grover, a basket of the Marie Lohise, the latter were very large, and of most excellent flavor.

Wednesday was the day for the exhibition of live Stock, the drawing match and trial of speed of horses. There was a good lot of cattle most of the oxen being exhibited in district teams. That from Middle Interval consisted of 14 pairs,—3 pairs of 6 years old; 1 pair 5; 9 pairs 4; and 1 pair 3 years old. That from Grover Hall contained 1 pair 7 years old; 1 pair 6; 2 pairs 5; 3 pairs 4; 4 pairs 3 and 1 pair 2. Another team from Albany and Bethel had six pairs of cattle, and in the estimation of the spectators, one pair was deserving of the first premium. The owner's price for them was \$250.

There was a bit of a shooting-match, between the representatives of the Maine Farmer, Price Current and Democrat. The Price-Current took the first premium, but declined, as champions are wont to do, to risk his vantage ground in a second trial.

Not having time to copy all the report on fruit, in season to send by Express, we have a couple of pages at hand. The Committee highly commend some currant wine, presented by Mrs. Charles Mason, and some grape wine entered by Mrs. S. F. Gibson. The report indicates that they became considerably excited over it. Mrs. Mason presented also some strawberry preserves, but very prudently had them put up in a long-necked jar.

Altogether the exhibition was considered to be highly successful, and we regret that we are debarred from giving it a better report.

MASSONIC. At the Annual Communication of Oxford Lodge No. 18, Norway Me., held Sept. 7th 1865, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year.

Albert Thompson, W. M.
Geo. E. Gibson, S. W.
Freeland Howe, J. W.
Ceylon Watson, T.
John R. Hutchinson, S.
Salvatus Cobb, Jr., S. D.
Peter Frost, J. D.
Rowell Frost, S. S.
Irving Frost, J. S.
E. P. Fitz, Tyler.

SALE OF A TOWN FARM. Pursuant to a vote of the town, the Buckfield Town Farm was sold by public auction, on Saturday.

The place was divided into several lots, the principal, or homestead being purchased by Naham Moore. The property brought about \$4150. Another farm, better adapted to the use of the town was purchased for \$2300.

A returned soldier who came to Paris, Monday, to get papers certified for his Pension, met a Lynx in the road, on Spicket Mountain, in Franklin Plantation. He regretted that his "Springfield" was at home, when so good a chance was offered to put another grey-back out of existence.

The morning express train to Montreal, was withdrawn on Saturday. An order has been issued that passengers shall not travel on freight trains.

ASSAULT. Mr. Dexter A. Delano, while on his way home from Mr. D. W. Russell's, in Milton Plantation, on the evening of Sept. 20th, reports that he was assaulted by some unknown person while crossing a pasture. He knocked down the assailant; and then made good his own escape.

The Houlton Times intimates that Dr. True returned from Annotook, with "a pocket full of rocks." The kind of rocks however, that the doctor covets don't go far in feeding a family.

RASPBERRIES. Last week, we found a small batch of raspberry bushes, in the town of Leeds, that were very heavily loaded with a second crop of fruit. Some of berries were not fully ripened, but most were in their prime, and formed a delicious surprise feast.

The Star learns that 11 new vessels are to be built at Yarmouth.

Rev. Dr. Dwight is seriously ill, and no hopes are entertained of his recovery.

Oxford Items.

While other mills all over New England are being hauled up for want of water to run them, the Robinson Manufacturing Co., has an abundance and is running at full speed. Its reservoir is a beautiful lake, known as "Thompson's Pond," from 10 to 12 miles long and from two to three wide. The Company having purchased a right to raise their dam and flow two feet above their original right, makes this the best water power in the county. The Co., is now manufacturing a large variety of fancy shirtings of the latest styles, lady's cloackings, repellents and flannels. The mills turn out about twelve thousand yards per week, all of which goods are sold upon orders in advance. They employ about 200 hands, who are promptly paid six thousand dollars per month. The mills use about seven hundred thousand pounds of wool per year.

There has been for some time past an increasing religious interest in the M. E. Church in this town. On three out of four of the last Sabbaths, the ordinance of baptism has been administered by its pastor, Rev. George Wingate. This impressive ordinance upon one of these occasions was administered by immersion and witnessed by an audience of not less than five hundred people. Quite a large number have recently been added to Mr. Wingate's church. The large and flourishing Sabbath school connected with his society have recently added to their library about one hundred dollars worth of new books.

Seward A. Beece a returned soldier from the 29th Me. regt., died a few weeks since, of disease contracted in the service of his country. Although poor and penniless when he entered the service, he managed to save over six hundred dollars, which he leaves to bless a needy mother.

Mr. B. Kavanagh and Mr. A. K. Snell are both making additions to, and repairing their dwelling houses, and when completed, will add greatly to their beauty and convenience.

A two-story building has been erected upon King Street by J. J. Perry, the upper story to be used by him for a Law office, and the lower part for a store or shop.

The basement story of the "Oxford House" kept by Isaiah Dunn, Esq., is being finished off for a market shop, for meats, provisions and groceries, to be kept by I. C. Dennen and A. M. French.

The Congregational church and society have employed the Rev. Mr. Pratt to preach for them, who commenced his labors last Sabbath.

For the Oxford Democrat.

Musical Convention.

A Musical Convention will be held in Bethel at the M. E. Church, commencing on Tuesday Oct. 24th, at 9 o'clock A. M., under the direction of Prof. L. O. Grover of Boston. Mrs. Cyrus S. Twitchell of Bethel, Pianist. The "New Sacred Star" will be used as a text book, together with the "Union Star," a Glee & Chorus book, both furnished for the Convention.

Mr. Grover will be accompanied by a Soprano Soloist from Boston, who will add much to the interest of the occasion. A Concert will be given at the close of the session, Friday evening. It is hoped that the arrangements are such as will insure a week of pleasant social intercourse, as well as great musical advantage, and that all lovers of music will avail themselves of the rare facilities here afforded. For further particulars see Circular.

ANDROSCOGGIN FAIR. The Journal says the Fair closed with a grand trotting trial, for four purses.

Purse of \$100. Contested by Lady Chapman or Buckfield horse; Lewiston Boy, and Dick Ling of Portland. The Buckfield horse abandoned the race before the heat was half through. The race was then won by the Lewiston Boy in 2:45; 2:42; 2:45.

Purse of \$50. Contested by Fanny, by A. Carey; Young Eaton, by Ed. Russell; Grey Grocer, by T. Irish. Won by Fanny in 2:54 and 2:55.

Purse of \$50. Contested by Logan entered by D. B. Strout, and Jenny by A. Bailey. Won by Jenny in 2:50, 2:53; 2:55.

Purse of \$20. Won by Jockey Walton in 2:50; 2:51; 2:51.

CATTLE SHOW. The Trustees of the Oxford County Society, together with others interested, have been making extensive repairs on the track, on their grounds. About \$200 has been expended, in making the turns easier, and putting on clay to give a better surface. Probably there will be some good trotting next week.

WRITING SCHOOL. Mr. Perley opens his classes at South Paris on Thursday evening of this week, and at Norway Village on Monday evening of next week. We urge all who can to attend these classes. It is a matter of surprise that so useful a branch of learning should receive so little attention as is bestowed upon Peasantry, while it is one of the most important to the community.

Mr. Perham has left a few more packages of the Mediterranean winter wheat, which will be supplied to any one who wishes to experiment with it. It can be forwarded without cost, under the frank of the Agricultural Department.

SABBATH SCHOOL CONCERT. The Universalist Sabbath School at Bryant's Pond, will give a Concert, at the Church, on Sunday evening, Oct. 15th, 1865.

THE GRAND TRUNK.

This company, whose passenger trains are so arranged now that a person cannot go up the line and return the same day, has recently issued an absurd order that passengers shall not ride on freight trains. At Bethel, Wednesday, the company ran a train that would accommodate us entirely, yet a direct appeal to Mr. Bailey, first as an accommodation, and then as a courtesy to the press, had only the effect to bring out from his burly, beef-eating gruffness the ejaculation that we could not go, the rule could not be broken. Yet we knew, if he did not that the rule has been broken, and this occasion we think was seized to impress upon a representative of the press the magnitude of his office, and we were forced to procure a private conveyance for twenty miles along his line. We venture the assertion that a parallel case cannot be found in the whole United States; but it is simply an illustration of the principle that an American has no rights that a Canadian will respect. Yet these same fellows will be soliciting of us a few months hence a Reciprocity Treaty that shall give them all the advantage, and make business for their road.

THEFT. One Knight was committed to jail last week, on a charge of stealing a wallet from Capt. N. Walker. Mr. Walker is engaged with a crew of men, cleaning the bushes from the sides of the railroad, and the party live in a box-car, at present at Bryant's Pond. Knight was his cook. After missing the money, some of it was traced to prisoner, who after examination was bound over for trial at the December Term. This week, Knight charged a young Smith with the crime, and he was brought before Trial Justice Hobbs, Monday, but no evidence being adduced against him he was discharged.

ECRONE. The Fenian movement excites much alarm in England. A court is already established to try prisoners for high treason. England is more prompt in killing rebels than we were. It is said evidence has accumulated that vessels would shortly arrive from America. There is much activity in U. S. bonds, in which a larger business has been done than ever before, and the securities are in much demand at an increased rate. They sell at 70 and 70 1/4, and have touched 70 3/4. A warning voice is raised against cotton speculation.

A man in Waterville has given the editors of the Mail eighty onions that filled a bushel basket. It was an odorous donation. As the members of the Editor's Association journeyed to Bangor, in a deep cut, near West Waterville, the cars were filled with a noxious atmosphere. It was promptly explained, by one of the party who stated, "That's a sign we have come to Waterville!"

FARMERS' ATTENTION. Cattle Fair is close at hand, and every farmer should attend. Before starting, look up the Policy on your buildings and if it is in a Mutual Company take it with you, without fail, and leave it at the Oxford County Insurance Agency, at Norway, to be surrendered to the Company for canceling, and get insured in some good Stock Company, where your bills are all paid in advance and where you will not be dunned or sued for assessments. Mutual Companies are going out of date, and the sooner you leave the sinking ship the better it will be for you. There is not half the expense in Stock Companies that there is in Mutuals. Be wise and make the change. Freeland Howe is the regular Agent for the County. Office next door to the Post Office.

ACADEMY LECTURES. Dr. T. H. Brown will deliver the next lecture of the course, on Friday evening Oct. 13th, commencing at 7 o'clock.

EARTHQUAKE. A terrible earthquake occurred in San Francisco about 1 o'clock, Monday. The churches and heavy buildings rocked fearfully, and it was feared would fall. Plastering and cornices fell from nearly all the buildings. One independent chimney fell and crashed through the roof of a house. The city hall bell tower, from the motion of the rocking tower, it was a scene of great consternation, and it is a wonder that more persons were not injured or killed.

The Press says Col. Littler, Provost Marshal of Maine, has been arrested for alleged irregularities in his office; and will be tried by court martial. The Argus intimates that he is a defaulter.

The triennial Convention of the Free Baptists was held at Lewiston last week, adjourning finally on Wednesday last. About 1500 persons were in attendance; and we judge from reports in the Journal that the meetings have been of a most interesting character.

The Free Press says Simpson's fine statue of Gen. Berry has been set in its place, in the cemetery near Rockland. It will remain covered until after the inaugural ceremonies shall have taken place.

Welcome showers came, Wednesday night, which it is hoped will be the precursor of heavy rains. The parched ground was in and need of moisture.

An alarm of fire stirred up the people, Tuesday; but it proved to be only the burning out of the chimney in Mr. John Garland's house. It was newly shingled, else it might have been in great danger from the sparks falling on the roof.

MAINE ITEMS.

We learn from the Portland Press that Rev. D. M. Graham, D. D., pastor of Casco St. Church in that city, has been elected Professor in the Theological Seminary (Free Baptist) at New Hampton, N. H.

A snow storm occurred on the line of the Grand Trunk, in the region of Island Pond, on Wednesday last.

The Brunswick Telegraph learns from Prof. Smyth that he has made good progress thus far, in soliciting subscriptions to erect a Memorial Hall, at Old Bowdoin.

A patent has been granted to Christopher Wadsworth, of East Livermore, for improvement in card cutters.

The Telegraph has been extended to Farmington, and offices will be established at all the important points along the line.

We learn from the Kennebec Journal that the medical supplies of Camp Coburn at Augusta, have been turned over to the U. S. Army Hospital, and the camp hospital discontinued.

We learn from the Bangor Times that John Lines and John Ham, the parties implicated in the shooting of William Stevens, of Bangor, as we noticed several days since, have been bound over in the sum of \$3,000 each.

The herring fishery at Portland is extremely thriving, and the packers have to work night and day to take care of the seals spoils. Over 3000 barrels were packed at that port last year, and the prospect now is that a much larger quantity will be put up this season.

The York and Cumberland railroad is now known as the Portland and Rochester railroad; and is to be extended to Rochester, N. H.

The Boston Journal has the following: "In Canada increased activity is reported in petroleum matters. Bothwell is full to the overflowing. Leases near the Boston and Pepper well have advanced from \$300 to \$1000 per acre. The Boston well, at Bothwell, continues to yield at the rate of 10 barrels an hour. Oil has been discovered in Gray and Bruce counties. There are said to be now at Oil Springs, six wells of the capacity of from 20 to 400 barrels per day."

Mrs. Carlton S. Bragg, who was run over by a fast-driven horse in Bangor on Thursday last, died of her injuries on Friday night. The person who was driving the horse and buggy by which she was run over, has been arrested and held to bail on a charge of manslaughter, in the sum of \$4,000. [Portland Star.]

NEW BANKS. The Boston Advertiser correspondence says: The announcements of national banks still being established should not be construed to mean that any new banks are actually being authorized, except in a few cases in the South. The announcements of new national banks now refer to banks which were authorized months ago, but whose certificates have been withheld until they have complied with the provisions of the banking law, which requires that their circulation shall not exceed at the maximum ninety per cent. of their capital. The bank note circulation of the country is therefore slowly decreasing, as most of these State banks had a circulation far in excess of their capital.

INTERNAL REVENUE. A Washington dispatch dated Oct. 4, says the internal revenue receipts in the last ninety-six days, Sundays included, amounted to the sum of \$100,935,321 94, being greatly in excess of what was expected by any one conversant with the business of the Internal Revenue Department. The receipts for the month of September were \$37,939,415 82.

A telegram from Washington says somebody wants pay for discovering non-explosive gun-powder. The same day we saw the statement in the American Messenger, that powder mixed with pounded glass could not be burned; but the glass can be sifted out when the powder is as explosive as ever.

The papers said the Market Bank, Bangor, would not redeem its bills after the 28th ult. They go at the banks this week, nevertheless, and doubtless will continue to be taken.

Gen. Sickles says the resolves of the Democrats of New Jersey giving all the credit of the war to the white troops is both cowardly and mean. He gives the blacks full credit for valor and endurance.

A jar of cucumber pickles was exhibited at the Fair by John R. Pulsifer, of Poland. They were exceedingly fine; and we are glad to learn that Mr. Pulsifer prepares them for the market, for it is not often that one has a chance to buy cucumber pickles put up as they should be.

[Lewiston Journal.]

Two students, Benson a Sophomore and Robinson a Freshman, were expelled from Waterville College on Monday last, for conduct disgraceful to their manhood. The former, on Sunday morning, it seems, knocked off the latter's lat with his cane, whereupon the latter discharged a pistol to the aggressor, and on further insults fired two more shots, two of the balls slightly wounding Benson's person but inflicting no serious injury. So learns the Bangor Whig.

Gen. Banks has been nominated for Congress, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Gooch.

THE RUSSIAN AMERICAN TELEGRAPH. Minister Clay has transmitted to the State Department an official copy of the conditions stipulated between the Russian Telegraph Company and Hiram Sisley, for the establishment of telegraphic communication between Russia and America, by which the exclusive right is granted to the latter plenipotentiary of the American Western Union Telegraph Company for 35 years from the day the line shall be opened, the Russian government to grant a further term as it may judge convenient. In order to encourage the undertaking the government grants to the company an allowance of 40 per cent. on the net produce of dispatches transmitted by it over the lines to and from America, and in order to contribute as much as possible to the success of the present undertaking, the Minister of Public Utility will adopt the measures necessary for securing the company's telegraph from being maliciously injured by the local population, but at the same time the government refuses to take upon itself any responsibility for such injuries of any nature whatsoever. The company is allowed to import materials free of duty.

A HARD CASE. Mr. William Jackson of Brooklyn, who, years ago lost a leg and has since used a wooden one, was run into on the lane leading to the Fair Grounds, during the Fair, by some careless fellow, who was attempting to run by another carriage, and had his thigh badly broken; and as if hard luck was to attend the afflicted man all through, it was the thigh that was already minus a leg. Mr. Jackson's hard fare did not end here, he got a young man to carry him to the house of Captain G. K. Griffin, about half a mile, his son-in-law, and the generous fellow charged him ten cents for the ride, leaving him at the gate to crawl into the house on his hand and one foot. Such a specimen of humanity should be known and shunned.

Governor Andrew. It is stated that Governor Andrew has accepted the Presidency of the American Land Company and Emigration Agency, in which are interested several heavy capitalists and influential men. The object of the company is said to be the development of the resources of the West and South. The headquarters are at New York, and the other officers are Col. Frank E. Howe, Vice President and Resident General Manager; Cyrus Woodman, Secretary, and Col. L. Winchester, Treasurer. Governor Andrew will pass only a portion of his time in New York, retaining his residence in Boston.

NEW YORK DRY GOODS MARKET. The Independent says that the market has become active and prices have risen again. Prints, especially, have advanced. Stocks are very low. Sheetings are in fair demand. The short supply enables dealers to obtain high prices. Delaines are not in sufficient supply. Doeskins are inactive. Broadcloths are in light stock and steady. Foreign goods are active. The following are the wholesale quotations:

Merrimac Prints 34c, Sprague's do., 31c; Hartford Ginghams, 30c; heavy brown Sheetings from 30 to 35c; Androscegin bleached 4-4 47 1-2, Bates do. 4-4 52 1-2; Manchester Delaines 35c.

At the last meeting of the National Lincoln Monument Association in Springfield, Illinois, the treasurer's report showed the gross receipts of the association, including the interest on seven-thirty bonds, to be \$83,000, of which \$51,000 are still in the treasury, the balance having been expended for incidental expenses.

COLORED CONVENTION AT RALEIGH. A convention of the colored men of North Carolina met at Raleigh Sept. 29. About one hundred and twenty delegates were present. The Journal of Freedom says the proceedings were dignified, and its executive officers gave evidence of a knowledge of parliamentary law as praiseworthy as unexpected, while the debates were harmonious and conservative. No report of the proceedings is given.

The Lawrence American states that the new canal on the Andover side of the Merrimack River, projected with the original plan of the city, is likely now to become a reality, the preparation for beginning it having been completed. Lawrence is increasing in size very rapidly.

THE ELECTION. Returns from the elections held Monday, in Pennsylvania and Ohio, indicate the success of the Union candidates by large majorities. The election in Newark, N. J., shows a large gain, and tells which way little Jersey will go.

CHIEF INDIANS. We have had the pleasure of examining a quantity of gold recovered by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., from Honduras, in payment of their medicines, which are extensively sold throughout Central America. Among massive crosses, bracelets, and chains are the rude images which have been taken from the graves of the Chiriqui chiefs—birds, turtles, serpents, lugs and reptiles done in solid gold. They carry us back beyond historic times, to periods and places where barbarism reigned supreme. They seem to come here now in mute appeal from the winding sheets of their ancestors, to ask for the simple Indians in the mountain, a medical protection from cultivated skill, against diseases which gather them up in too early graves. Ignorant and unlettered as they are, they have learned of the white man enough to know where to apply for relief, and what will bring it. Our well known townsmen, above named, inform us that they require their remittances from foreign countries now to be made in silver and gold.

[Lowell (Mass.) Sentinel.

Whiskers! Whiskers! Do you want Whiskers or Moustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the most delicate skin, or on the hair on the face, in six weeks. Price, \$1.00. 2 packages for \$2.00. Sent by mail anywhere, safely sealed, on receipt of price.

Address, WARNER & CO., Box 128, Brooklyn, N. Y.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES. The celebrated DR. BOW continues to detain his entire time to the treatment of all diseases incident to the female system. An experience of twenty-three years enables him to guarantee speedily and permanent relief in the worst cases of Suppression and all other Menstrual Derangements, from whatever cause. All letters for advice must contain \$1. Office, No. 9 Eastcott street, Boston. N. B. Beware of cheap imitations that seek to remain under treatment.

Boston, June 22, 1863.

HAIR VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR REGENERATOR has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the hair ever offered to the public. It is a vegetable compound, and contains no injurious properties whatever. IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR. It will keep the hair from falling out. It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silky. It is a splendid hair dressing. No person, old or young, should fail to use it. IT IS RECOMMENDED AND USED BY THE FIRST MEDICAL AUTHORITY.

Ask for Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Regenerator, and take no other.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors. For sale by all druggists.

EXCELSIOR TROCHES. TRY THEM and be convinced of their superiority over everything else of the kind ever offered to the public for Bronchitis, Coughs, Croup, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Catarrh and Influenza. Numerous testimonials from the Clergy and accompany each box. For sale by Hammond and Woodman, Paris.

Brighton Cattle Market. OCTOBER 4th. Prices on total weight of hide, tallow and beef.

Cow	Per lb.
A few lots of extra Western	14 1/2
That commonly called extra	13 1/2
Second quality, good ones, best steers, &c.	12 1/2
Second quality, or good fair lots	11 1/2
31 quality, lighter young cattle, cows, &c.	9 1/2
Foreign grade of various cows, bulls, &c.	7 1/2
Working Oxen, \$125 to \$250 per pair.	
Steers, \$85 and \$150.	
There was a large stock, 12,000, at market, and business advanced that they brought as the whole, at a better lay.	

MARRIED. In East Freetown, September 24th, by A. O. Pike Esq., Mr. Edward Decker and Miss Elizabeth Ann Lobb, both of Denmark. In Sumner, Oct. 7, by H. S. Colson, Esq., Mr. Andrew F. Bowker and Mrs. Arvilla K. Caswell, both of Sumner. In Norway, Oct. 9, by Rev. A. H. Tyler, Dr. C. E. Evans, of Norway, and Miss M. A. Richardson, of Watford. In Woodstock, N.Y. last, by Rev. B. B. Ayres, Mr. Freeman L. Wyman and Mary Augusta Perkins, both of Woodstock.

DIED. At Mechanic Falls, 1st ult., Mrs. Hannah Hovey, of Sumner, aged 62 years. In Hudson, Aug. 21st, Mr. Aaron Marshall, aged 73 years. In Randolph, Aug. 28, H. Marshall Abbott, aged 28 years, 8 months, son of Hagar and Hannah Abbott. In Dover, N. H., 12th ult., in his 25th year, Jacob H., son of J. T. and Mary A. Knibb, of Bethel Me.

Rare Chance. Farm, Farming Tools, Crops and Stock for Sale!

THE subscriber offers for sale his farm, situated in Farmington, on the road leading from the Falls to Farmington. Said farm contains 148 acres of the very best land, one-half divided, and has an orchard of choice graded and natural fruit, yielding the year 175 bushels. Cows about 50 tons of hay, and is an excellent farm for corn and grain. The pasture is well supplied with pure water. There is also a first-rate sugar orchard on the farm. The buildings are in good repair, consisting of house with L, woodshed and other outbuildings, and two barns. Good wells of water at the house and barn supplied with a pump. The crops, corn and stock will also be sold, and to a person who wishes to go right to work on one of the best farms in Franklin Co. this offers a rare chance. Terms made easy, and immediate possession given if desired.

JASON L. LUFKIN. Farmington, Oct. 21, 1863.

Oxford County Agricultural Society. THE Annual meeting of Oxford County Agricultural Society will be held at the Society's hall, on Wednesday the 18th day of October next at 4 o'clock P. M., for the choice of officers, and the transaction of any other business that may properly come before them.

ELLIOT SMITH, Secretary. Norway, Sept. 7th, 1863.

FOR SALE. The farm on which I now live, being better known as the Henry Paine farm, situated at North Paris, four miles from West Paris Station. Said farm is well watered, and well divided into wood, pasture and mowing lands, with a good supply of hay. Buildings in good repair. Payments made easy. One half can remain on mortgage if desired.

C. A. RYERSON.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE. By virtue of a decree from the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Oxford, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Charles R. Frost, late of Norway, in said County deceased, will sell by public or private sale, on the premises, on Friday, the 10th day of October, 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M., so much of the real estate of the said deceased, as will produce the sum of six hundred dollars. Said property consists of the homestead farm of the deceased, with a small lot of land behind it.

DAVID FROST. Sept. 19th, 1863.

WOODS. Sealed proposals to furnish twenty-five cords of best quality of white oak wood, not less than four feet in diameter before being split, for the use of the County, will be received by the Clerk of Courts, till Tuesday, Nov. 7, 1863, at two o'clock P. M., to be delivered at each place as may be designated at that time. Said wood to be split, yellow bark, and length, one 12 ft. of which, at least shall be measured.

A. L. RICHARDSON, Clerk. Paris, Sept. 26, 1863.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE. The undersigned, administrator of the estate of George A. Frost, late of Hartford, by a decree from the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Oxford, will sell all the right title and interest which the said George A. Frost held at the time of his decease, to the homestead farm on which he lived, lying in Hartford, in said County, on Saturday, the twenty-eighth day of October next at ten o'clock in the afternoon, including the reservation of the Woodlot behind it.

ISAAC STRICKLAND, Administrator. Sept. 19, 1863.

NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS. The subscribers have just received and are now opening a large and splendid stock of Goods, among which may be found the following:

THIBETS, MOHAIRS, Poplins, Brocade Alpaccas, Scotch Merinos, Wool Delaines, OF ALL COLORS, ARMURES, BLACK SILK SHAWLS, Both Square and Long, HOOP SKIRTS, BALMORAL SKIRTS, PRINTS, DELAINES, Woollen Goods of all Kinds, FEATHER, OIL CARPETS, Straw Matting, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, TRUNKS AND VALISES. Also, a Large Lot of CROCKERY WARE, W. I. Goods & Groceries. In fact our stock is complete!

Please call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

HOWE & BEAL. Norway Village, Sept. 11, 1863.

A Citizens' Caucus IS CALLED. To examine the Fine Stock of Goods in THE NEW STORE. AT FRYEBURG COR. The Store at Fryeburg, Maine, lately occupied by Ebenezer Fryeburg, having been filled up with new goods, is

AGAIN OPEN.

The subscribers have now on hand the largest stock and best variety of all kinds of goods on Oxford County, consisting of cotton and woollen goods, broadcloths, alpaccas, Ladies dressing and finishing goods of all styles, hats caps and every variety of

DRY GOODS. Boots and Shoes by the Cart Load. All kinds of cutlery including a fine variety of KNIVES & FORKS, TABLE FURNITURE JOINERS TOOLS. Hard, Hollow, Iron, Glass, Earthen and Wooden Ware. Of the best kinds. Iron, Steel, nails, hinges and all kinds of Agricultural Implements, Paints & Oils. Flour Corn and Co a Meal, Pork and all kinds of Fish, Vinegar &c.

CALL AND SEE, and judge for yourselves. We profess to sell goods CHEAP, for cash or country produce.

J. & G. W. LOCKE. Fryeburg, Sept. 1, 1863.

TYLER KIDDER. Licensed Auctioneer, Dixfield, Maine. Orders Solicited, and will be promptly answered.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice that he has been duly appointed by the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Oxford, and assumed the trust of administrator to the estate of CYRUS PEABODY, late of Canton, in said County, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment; and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same to him, on or before the 19th day of September, 1863.

E. G. HARLOW.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE. The undersigned, administrator of the estate of Charles H. Stearns, late of Watford, in the County of Oxford, deceased, hereby gives public notice that by virtue of a decree from the Judge of Probate for said County, he will sell at public sale on the premises, on the 10th day of November next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, all the real estate which belonged to said deceased, being a house, stable, and about three acres of land, situated at Watford Falls, so called.

DANIEL BROWN, Administrator. Oct., 1863.

Blacksmith Stand for Sale. SITUATED in Albany near the centre of the town, 3 1/2 miles from Farmington, and 1 1/2 miles from West Paris, is a fine lot of land, containing about 12 acres, on which is situated a house 20 by 30, in good repair, a new stable 25 by 32 with cellar 8 feet deep, and with split stone. Said farm has 32 apple trees standing upon it and extra about 5 tons of good hay. For further particulars inquire of Daniel Richardson, or on the premises.

ADISON LOVEJOY. Albany, Me. Above, Sept. 7th, 1863.

For Sale. A SMALL FARM, situated near the Caldwell School house in Oxford, containing about 12 acres, on which is situated a house 20 by 30, in good repair, a new stable 25 by 32 with cellar 8 feet deep, and with split stone. Said farm has 32 apple trees standing upon it and extra about 5 tons of good hay. For further particulars inquire of Daniel Richardson, or on the premises.

A. K. RICHMOND. Oxford Sept. 28, 1863.

Farm for Sale. THE subscriber offers to sell his Farm, situated in Paris, 2 1/2 miles from South Paris, and 1 1/2 miles from the road leading from South Paris to Randolph. Said farm contains about 127 acres of excellent land, mostly divided into mowing, village, pasture and woodlot. Cows from 25 to 35 tons hay annually; is well fenced and watered. Buildings suitable for the farm and in good repair. Hay, Stock, and Farming Tools will be sold with the Farm if the purchaser desires; also 12 acres of woodland, separate from the farm. Any person desiring a First Rate Farm near a Good Market, will do well to apply soon, and I will endeavor to satisfy them as to terms and title of ownership.

WM. R. ROSE. So. Paris, Sept. 11, 1863.

NOTICE. This is to inform all persons having or treating any one, of whatever age or sex, on any ground, without a written order from me, as I shall pay in debt of such contract after this date.

WILLIAM FARLIN. West Paris, Sept. 18th, 1863.

THE subscriber would say to the citizens of SO. PARIS and vicinity that having completed his new

Daguerrian Saloon, He is now prepared to

MAKE PICTURES, For all who may favor him with their patronage. Having had long experience in the business he feels confident of giving perfect satisfaction.

J. J. CRAM. South Paris, Aug. 22, 1863.

EXTRA STYLES SUMMER AND FALL WOOLLENS, FOR Men, Boys, and Ladies' WEAR. FROM NEW YORK AND BOSTON. THE LARGEST AND CHOICEST STOCK OF WOOLLENS. Consisting of ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN AND AMERICAN Broadcloths, Doeskins, AND CASSIMERES, Consisting of Bausendahl & Co's Broadcloths, English Coatings, Harris' Doeskins, German Silk Mixtures, Together with a great variety of New Styles of the best manufacture for

COATS, PANTS AND VESTS. Also, Vermont Doeskins, Dexter Double & Twist, Dexter Fancies, Readfield Cassimeres, Received directly from the manufacturers, and so much improved for by Farmers and Mechanics.

A LARGE VARIETY OF Cloaking Goods & Trimmings. All of which are held at prices below their market value, a Gold and Wool have advanced; and will be made up in the nearest manner by the best and most experienced hands in the County.

Call very low prices for Cash only! Call and examine for yourselves.

D. H. YOUNG, Co. Main and High Sts. NORWAY, ME.

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN, FOR SALE BY WILLIAM A. PIDGIN, PARIS.

For Ladies' Wear! JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF DRESS GOODS, Of the most desirable styles for Fall and Winter Wear! The Goods were purchased in Boston, this week, for Cash, and will be sold AT VERY LOW PRICES! H. N. BOLSTER & CO. SO. PARIS, Aug. 28, 1863.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE! G. W. PROCTOR, Manufacturer and Dealer in FURNITURE, Looking-Glasses, PORTRAIT AND Picture Frames, SNOW'S FALLS, ME. Consistently on hand the best assortment of furniture to be found in Oxford County, which will be sold at reasonable rates.

NOTICE. All persons indebted to the subscriber by note or account can find them for a short time with Samuel B. Locke, Jr. to whom all are requested to make immediate payment as the lot of November they will be left with an attorney for collection.

GEORGE W. LOCKE. West Paris, Aug. 22d, 1863.

Pure Blood Durham Bull for Sale. At Sylvanus Poor's, Andover, Maine. Age 7 years, with seven feet three inches, weight 1850 lbs. Perfectly kind and used to work. For further particulars address

SYLVANUS POOR. Andover, Me. Andover, Sept. 12th, 1863.

FARM FOR SALE. On account of ill health the Subscriber offers for sale at a bargain, the farm on which he resides, situated in Paris, about 2 miles from Paris Hill, and four miles from the Station at South Paris. The farm contains about 25 to 30 acres, and has one of the best orchards in the County, of graded fruit. Will exchange the above for a small place, near a village.

C. H. RIPLEY. Paris, August 24, 1863.

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, Every different style, adapted to sacred and secular music, for \$50 to \$500 each. THIRTY-FIVE GOLD OR SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, New York.

A. K. RICHMOND. Oxford Sept. 28, 1863.

FREEDOM NOTICE. This is to notify all persons that I have given my son, Ira N. Paine, his time to act as trade for himself during the remainder of his minority, and that I shall claim none of his earnings and pay no debt of his contracting after this date.

Mason, Me. Sept. 15, 1863. IRAM PUTNAM. Witness—DANIEL B. GROVER.

NOTICE. The subscriber would say to the citizens of SO. PARIS and vicinity that having completed his new

Daguerrian Saloon, He is now prepared to

MAKE PICTURES, For all who may favor him with their patronage. Having had long experience in the business he feels confident of giving perfect satisfaction.

J. J. CRAM. South Paris, Aug. 22, 1863.

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Ordered, That the said petitioner give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat newspaper printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris, in said County, on the 3d Tuesday of Oct. next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

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Farmers' Department.

"SPEED THE FLOW."

All the arts and sciences pertaining to life, and especially linked together, are intimately connected with Agriculture.—A. J. C. L. A.

Signs of a Prosperous Farmer.

We clip from an exchange the following appropriate observations on the signs of a successful farmer, and we earnestly commend them to the consideration of every thoughtful reader:

When lights are seen burning in his house before the break of day, in winter especially it shows that the day will never break on the breaking in of the winter of adversity.

When you see him drive his work instead of his work driving him, it shows that he will never be driven from good resolutions, and that he will certainly work his way to prosperity.

When he has a house separate from the main building, purposely for ashes, and an iron or tin vessel to transport them, it shows that he never built his dwelling for a funeral pyre for his family, and perhaps himself.

When his hog-pen is boarded outside and in it shows that he is "going the whole hog or none" in keeping plenty inside his house and poverty out.

When his sled is safely housed in summer, and his farming implements covered both winter and summer, it plainly shows that he will have a good house over his head in the summer of early life, and the winter of old age.

When his cattle are properly shielded and fed in winter, it evinces that he is acting according to Scripture, which says that "a merciful man is merciful to his beast."

When he is seen subscribing for a newspaper and paying for it in advance, it shows that he is speaking like a book respecting the latest movements in agriculture, and that he will never get his walking papers to the land of poverty.

GOOD CROPPING. I planted three quarters of an acre of ground. I planted most of it with the early white potatoes, and raised eighty bushels on the piece, and sold sixty-five bushels for \$130.50. The other fifteen I valued at \$25; value of corn and corn shucks, \$11; peas, beans and beets, \$12. About Sept. 10th, my brother sowed two-thirds of an acre with turnips—two-thirds of them were fed to the fat cattle, with tops and all on, and cut thirty-one bushels. If all the piece had been sown with turnips there would have been \$62 worth.

The way I managed was thus: I gave the ground in the first place a thorough ploughing, eight inches deep, and then a thorough harrowing; then I struck it out both ways with a small horse plow, and after that a good shovelling in the hills. I boed the piece three times; I put one plow both ways every time it was boed. This half hoeing, half ploughing, half manuring, I don't think much of. The manure used was from one hog and one horse, the wash from the house, and what ashes I had. The best bed was sixteen and a half feet long and five wide, and I used hen manure. I raised four and a half bushels of turnip beets on the piece. When the beets were out of the ground I gave them a good sprinkling of ashes.

In the fall I gave my hog-pen a good coating of loam about eight inches deep. In the spring I put my horse manure in the pen and gave it a thorough working over. In the fall I got it out into the field and gave it another working over. Where the heaps of manure were laid the potatoes were one-third larger and yielded one-third more. When the potatoes were dug I covered the vines and weeds all up, thus keeping the ground light for the turnips. If you will thoroughly manure the ground you plant, you will get your reward for the labor. We, brother farmers, go over too much ground, and manure and hoe too little.

[Cor. Massachusetts Spy.]

A DIMINUTIVE BREED OF CATTLE. In the report of the Secretary of the Massachusetts State Board of Agriculture for 1862, Mr. Flint gives the following description of the cows of Brittany, a province in the north of France, as observed by him at the International Exhibition in London:

"The little Bretagne cows pleased me exceedingly. Standing only about three feet high on their legs—the most fashionable height—mostly black and white, now and then, but rarely, a red and white; they are docile as kittens, and look pretty enough to become the kitchen pet of the hard pressed mountain or hillside farmer, with pastures too short for a grasser animal. Ten pounds of hay will suffice for their limited wants for twenty-four hours, and they would evidently fill a ten-quart pail as quick and as long as any other cow.

"Those pretty cows will often hold out in milk, so the herdsman said, from fifteen to eighteen months after calving, and often begin with the first calf with six or seven quarts a day. The horn is fine, not unlike the Jersey, but smaller and tapering off gradually, and the outgrowth or milk marks of Guernsey generally very good. Good cows are held from sixty to seventy dollars a head, a fancy price of course, but I am not sure that they would not pay six per cent. on the investment, as well as most 'fancy stock.'"

TO STOP MOUSE HOLES. Stop holes with plug of hard soap and you will do it effectually. Rats, roaches and ants will not disregard it.

CHANGE OF SCENE TO BIRDS. A friend who has been a bee master for forty years, informs us that he considers a change of scene, especially from garden to heather, of great advantage to the bees. He noticed that when his hives were not removed to hill quarters for a few seasons, they became effeminate, and thence, and that when strange hives made an attack on them and their stores, they showed a deficiency in courage; whereas he noticed that when sent off regularly to rusticate among the hills, they always showed a more stirring and plucky nature, the enemies were seldom successful in a battle. This he accounted for in this manner: Bees in a wild state change their abode frequently; indeed, this they are obliged to do from the trees, etc., in which they lodge being destroyed; hence their effeminate when confined in the same abode for a number of years. Then when they are placed among the hills they are generally placed alongside of bees from various districts, with which they learn both to battle and do the amiable. In short, they see society, become bees of the world, and return to their garden nooks with renewed health and pluck, over and above adding considerably to the value of their stores. We have heard an extensive breeder of pheasants state that he considered change of scene for breeding birds also required, in order to keep the old bird in health, and in a state in which they would breed annually. Keepers know how spiritless birds become in such places after a year or two of confinement. But when the pens are made of light materials, and changed in situation every two years or so, birds remain comparatively healthy.

[Scottish Farmer.]

DOES FARM MACHINERY PAY? A few days since I visited the meadows of Mr. Edwin Smith of Clinton, which contains several hundred acres of reclaimed marsh, most of which is seeded with cultivated grasses. Two mowers were running in the distance; nearer, a man was passing, apparently with a horse and sulky, but it proved to be a "buggy rake." A team with wagon and hay-rack with two men to load the hay came into the meadow. The driver of the team attached a "hay-loader" to the rear axle of the wagon, and started the team slowly lengthwise of the winnow, when the hay was delivered as fast as two men could place it. Arrived at the end of the winnow, a bolt was withdrawn, and the "loader" was attached to another wagon while this load was taken to the stack where there was a machine appearing like the mast of a schooner, thirty feet high, with a cross bar about twenty feet long on a swivel, with braces and derrick, and a pulley at each end through which passes the rope of the "horse-fork." The hay is taken up by one horse clear of the stack, deposited by turning the cross-bar to the place where it is wanted on the stack, and delivered at the rate of five tons per hour. The "hay-loader" puts on a load in about five minutes, or as rapidly as two men can take care of it. Query—If the Mower, Buggy Rake, Hay Loader and Stacker each saves the labor of eight men, how much will Mr. Smith save in putting up 400 tons of hay? [D. W. Palmer, Lenawee County, Mich., in Western Rural.]

SETTING FENCE POSTS. Where it is necessary to set wooden posts, it will be found that their durability will be greatly promoted by slightly charring or carbonizing the surface before inserting them in the soil. There are few substances more indestructible than charcoal when buried beneath the surface and kept constantly in contact with the moist soil, or soil that is constantly wet. We have seen posts thus protected, taken from the soil after having stood upwards of thirty years, in perfectly sound condition, so far as rot was concerned, below the surface, while the upper part, which had been exposed to the atmosphere, was in a state of complete decay. The cost of charring is but a trifle, and may be effected by means of chips, brush or refuse matter of any kind. A very slight charring will be sufficient to insure the preservation of most kinds of wood whether hard or soft. Stakes are also equally benefited by this process. [B. C. W. in Germantown Telegraph.]

WEEDS. Weeds are now pushing to maturity with great rapidity. It appears to be now or never with them, before frost can injure them. Let none go to seed. When there is a leisure hour, summon all hands to the garden, or corn field, and pull them, throwing them in heaps, where the green seed will soon mould and decay, and make excellent manure. It is wrong to remove weeds from gardens, as many people do, to the highway. They will make excellent manure. Where they cover the ground, now and rake them in large heaps. If left where they grew, they are so tenacious of life that thousands of seeds will ripen after they are cut, or pulled up. Remember the maxim that "one year's feeding makes seven years' weeding."

GOLDEN RULES FOR POULTRY KEEPERS. Never over feed. Never allow any food to lie about. Never feed from trough, pan, basin, or any vessel. Feed only while the birds will run after the feed, and not at all if they seem careless about it. Give adult fowls their liberty at daybreak. Never purchase eggs for hatching purposes until a hen is ready to set. For seven or eight days before hatching, sprinkle the eggs with cold water while the hen is off. This will prevent the frequent complaint that the chicken was dead in the shell.

[Saunders' Domestic Poultry.]

OXFORD, 22.—At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 21st Tuesday of Sept. A. D. 1865.
JOSEPH PENNEY, late of Milton Plantation, in said County, deceased, praying for an allowance out of the personal Estate of his late husband.
Ordered, That the said petitioner give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris in said County, on the 31st Tuesday of Oct. next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

E. W. WOODBURY, Judge.

A true copy—attest: J. S. HOBBS, Register.

OXFORD, 22.—At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 21st Tuesday of Sept. A. D. 1865.
THOMAS H. BROWN, Administrator of the Estate of John B. Meriam, late of Paris, in said County, deceased, having presented his first account of administration of the estate of said deceased.
Ordered, That the said administrator give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris in said County, on the 31st Tuesday of Oct. next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

E. W. WOODBURY, Judge.

A true copy—attest: J. S. HOBBS, Register.

OXFORD, 22.—At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 21st Tuesday of Sept. A. D. 1865.
SAMUEL R. CARTELL, Administrator with the Will annexed, of the Estate of Pedro T. Paris, late of Paris, in said County, deceased, having presented his first and final account of administration of the estate of said deceased.
Ordered, That the said administrator give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris in said County, on the 31st Tuesday of Oct. next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

E. W. WOODBURY, Judge.

A true copy—attest: J. S. HOBBS, Register.

OXFORD, 22.—At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 21st Tuesday of Sept. A. D. 1865.
JOSEPH D. DOLLY FARRINGTON, widow of Caleb R. Farrington, late of Frysburg, in said County, deceased, praying for an allowance out of the personal Estate of her late husband.
Ordered, That the said petitioner give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris in said County, on the 31st Tuesday of Oct. next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

E. W. WOODBURY, Judge.

A true copy—attest: J. S. HOBBS, Register.

OXFORD, 22.—At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 21st Tuesday of Sept. A. D. 1865.
FRANCIS BENNETT, executor in the last will and Testament of Samuel Bennett, late of Greenwood, in said County, deceased, having presented his first account of administration of the estate of said deceased.
Ordered, That the said executor give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris in said County, on the 31st Tuesday of Oct. next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

E. W. WOODBURY, Judge.

A true copy—attest: J. S. HOBBS, Register.

OXFORD, 22.—At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 21st Tuesday of Sept. A. D. 1865.
CALVIN HOWE, named executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and Testament of Hiram M. Abbott, late of Richmond in said County, deceased, having presented his first account of administration of the estate of said deceased.
Ordered, That the said executor give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris in said County, on the 31st Tuesday of Oct. next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

E. W. WOODBURY, Judge.

A true copy—attest: J. S. HOBBS, Register.

OXFORD, 22.—At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 21st Tuesday of Sept. A. D. 1865.
GEORGE F. FULLER, Administrator on the Estate of Nathaniel H. Fuller, late of Woodstock in said County, deceased, having presented his first and final account of administration of the estate of said deceased.
Ordered, That the said administrator give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris in said County, on the 31st Tuesday of Oct. next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

E. W. WOODBURY, Judge.

A true copy—attest: J. S. HOBBS, Register.

OXFORD, 22.—At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 21st Tuesday of Sept. A. D. 1865.
JOHN J. BOWKER, Guardian of the Estate of Harriet M. Jackson, minor, late of Luther Jackson late of Paris, deceased, praying for license to sell real estate belonging to her said ward, to the amount of \$600.00 the same being an advertisement for the sale of said real estate.
Ordered, That the said Guardian give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris in said County, on the 31st Tuesday of Oct. next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

E. W. WOODBURY, Judge.

A true copy—attest: J. S. HOBBS, Register.

OXFORD, 22.—At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 21st Tuesday of Sept. A. D. 1865.
SAMUEL FAVOR, Guardian of Abigail Hatch, minor, late of Norway in said County, deceased, having presented his first account of guardianship of said ward for allowance.
Ordered, That the said guardian give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris in said County, on the 31st Tuesday of Oct. next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

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E. W. WOODBURY, Judge.

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EDMUND BURKE, Late Commissioner of Patents.

Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that in new pending. Such unmistakable proof of great talent, ability and ability on his part leads me to recommend all inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges.

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Boston, Dec. 19, 1865.—31.

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