THE OXFORD DEMOCRAT.

VOLUME 84. SOUTH PARIS, MAINE, TUESDAY, JANUARY 16, 1917. NUMBER 3.

CARL S. BRIGGS,
Dentist,
SOUTH PARIS, MAINE.
Office Hours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Special attention given to children.
Telephone 143-4

HERRICK & PARK.
Attorneys at Law,
BETHEL, MAINE.
Addison E. Herrick. Ellery C. Park.

ALBERT D. PARK,
Licensed Auctioneer,
SOUTH PARIS, MAINE.
Terms Moderate.

Bisbee & Parker,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW
Rumford, Maine.
GENERAL PRACTICE.
George D. Bisbee Ralph T. Parker
Spaulding Bisbee
10 1 y

Dr. Irwin K. Moorhouse
OSTEOPATH
Office, Hathaway House, NORWAY, MAINE
Telephone 29-11
Hours: 9-12, 1-5, 7-8 every day; Sundays by appointment.
In Osteopathy, those who have lost faith in drugs, can place confidence. 47tf

J. WALDO NASH,
Licensed Taxidermist,
Temple Street, rear Masonic Block,
Telephone Connection. NORWAY.

What Accumulated Dividends Do.

Twenty payment Policies issued only fifteen years ago by the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company, are now becoming fully Paid-up—and some to spare—through accumulated dividends at compound interest.
Even helpless invalids who read this will "sit up" and "take notice." Will you? The Massachusetts Mutual is THE Company. The man who wants insurance can get the PROOF by applying to
Charles E. Merrill,
Agent, Pythian Block.

LONGLEY & BUTTS,
Norway, Maine.
Plumbing, Heating,
Sheet Metal Work,
STEEL CEILINGS A SPECIALTY.

C. E. Tolman & Co., Inc.
General Insurance and Real Estate.
7 Park Street, South Paris.
State Agents for North American Accident and Health Insurance Co.
Great Eastern Accident and Health Insurance Co.
Agents Wanted

E. W. CHANDLER,
Builders' Finish!
I will furnish DOORS and WINDOWS of any Size or Style at reasonable prices.
Also Window & Door Frames.
If in want of any kind of Finish for Inside or Outside work, send in your orders. Pine Lumber and Shingles on hand Cheap for Cash.
Planing, Sawing and Job Work.
Matched Pine Sheathing for Sale.
E. W. CHANDLER,
West Sumner, - - - - Maine.

HILLS,
Jeweler and Graduate Optician.
Lowest Prices in Oxford County
NORWAY, MAINE.
Eyes Examined for Glasses
SAMUEL RICHARDS
Optometrist and Optician
South Paris, Maine.

L. S. BILLINGS
MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN
Red Cedar and Spruce Clapboards, New Brunswick Cedar Shingles, North Carolina Pine, Flooring and Sheathing, Paroid Roofing, Wall Board, Apple Barrel Heads, and
LUMBER OF ALL KINDS!
South Paris, - Maine.

WANTED.
Boy or young man of fair education and good habits to learn the printing trade. Steady employment.
ATWOOD & FORBES,
tf South Paris.

DR. AUSTIN TENNEY
OCULIST
Will be at his Norway office over C. F. Ridlon's grocery store Friday, Nov. 24, and the last Friday of each following month. Portland office, 548 1-2 Congress Street. 38tf

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of
SUSAN J. R. BARB, late of Dixfield,
in the County of Oxford, deceased, and gives bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.
MAURICE R. HATHAWAY,
JAMES S. WHERRY, Agent.
November 16th, 1916. 1-3

FOR SALE.
Farms, Houses and Wood lots at all times by
J. Hastings Bean
Dealer in Real Estate,
SOUTH PARIS, ME.

January Mark-Down
SALE OF HATS
A new order of up-to-date hats will be shipped for this sale. Prices of these stylish hats will be extremely low; paying you to take advantage of these big values.
A fine line of hair goods will also be on sale.
SALE PRICES COMMENCE JAN. 4.
Mrs. Lillian M. McGinley,
Opp. Stone Church, South Paris, Maine

Statement of the Condition
—OF THE—
South Paris Savings Bank,
SOUTH PARIS,
December 5, 1916.

N. DAYTON BOLSTER, President.
GEORGE M. ATWOOD, Treasurer.

TRUSTEES—N. Dayton Bolster, William J. Wheeler, John F. Plummer, J. Hastings Bean, Albert W. Walker, Henry D. Hammond, James S. Wright, Edward W. Penley, Harry D. Cole.

Organized March 6, 1873.

LIABILITIES.

Deposits	$444,211 27
Reserve fund	21,100 00
Undivided profits	6,002 30
	$471,313 57

RESOURCES.

Public funds of Maine	$ 23,950 00
Public funds out of Maine	45,875 00
Railroad bonds of Maine	30,035 00
Railroad bonds out of Maine	142,305 00
Corporation bonds	69,135 40
Railroad stock	13,000 00
Corporation stock	21,500 00
Bank stock	19,200 00
Loans with collateral	5,425 00
Loans to corporations	6,100 00
Loans to municipalities	1,000 00
Loans on mortgages of real estate	73,648 64
Real estate investment	3,100 00
Real estate foreclosure	3,200 00
Cash on deposit	10,444 94
Cash on hand	3,394 59
	$471,313 57

I. E. VERNON,
3-5 Bank Commissioner.

A MERCILESS JUDGE.

One Who Shows No Favor.

A merciless judge is Father Time. Before him the weak and the wanting go to the wall. Only the truth can stand. For years the following statement from a South Paris resident has withstood this sternest of all tests.

Irving Merrill, stationary engineer, Alpine St., South Paris, says: "A few months ago I began having pains across the small of my back. When I was in one position for a short time, I had difficulty in straightening up. As I did not seem to get free from it, I thought there must be a cause. I noticed the kidney secretions and found them to be too frequent and irregular in passage. I went to the Shurtleff Co.'s Inc. Drug Store for Doan's Kidney Pills and I took about three boxes. The pain disappeared, the kidney secretions cleared up and I felt quite like myself again." (Statement given July 25, 1908).

A PERMANENT CURE.

On June 5, 1916, Mr. Merrill said: "I retain my confidence in Doan's Kidney Pills, as the cure they gave me has been permanent."

Price 50c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Merrill has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

For Poor Appetite and Weak Digestion

The man who can't eat doesn't feel much like working, and the man with a weak stomach doesn't get much pleasure out of eating. Your stomach is very important to your health, work and happiness. Don't abuse it, don't neglect it, and when, for one cause or another, your digestion goes wrong, and you lose appetite, be kind to your stomach. All it needs is a little rest, and a few days' doctoring with "L. F." Atwood's Medicine. Very soon you will see the improvement in your appetite, and with the relish for food, comes the strength to digest it. For this old family remedy helps the stomach, bowels and liver, and renews good appetite and sound digestion.

Buy a 35c bottle at your nearest store, or write to-day for free sample.
"L. F." Medicine Co., Portland, Me.

STATE OF MAINE.

COUNTY OF OXFORD, ss.

To the Honorable Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court next to be holden at Paris within and for the county of Oxford on the second Tuesday of October, 1916.

Respectfully represents Jennie Hayford Tilley of Canton in said County that she was lawfully married to Isaac Alexander Tilley at said Canton on the 15th day of August, 1903; that she has always conducted herself toward her said husband as a faithful and affectionate wife, but that he, regardless of his marriage covenants and obligations utterly deserted her on the 9th day of May, 1911, which desertion has continued from said ninth day of May, 1911, to the day of the filing of this libel; and your libelant further states that they have had born to them of said marriage four children, two of whom are now living, Viola Louise, born Aug. 21, 1905, and Earl Alexander, born Sept. 16, 1907; and your libelant alleges that the residence of said libelee is unknown to her and cannot be ascertained by reasonable diligence; that she has been a resident of the State of Maine for five years prior to the filing of this libel; and that there is no collusion between your libelant and her said husband to obtain a divorce.

Wherefore she prays right and justice and that the bonds of matrimony existing between her and the said Isaac Alexander Tilley be dissolved by law made and provided and that the care and custody of their said minor children may be decreed to her, the said Jennie Hayford Tilley.

Dated at said Canton, Maine, this eighth day of September, 1916.
JENNIE H. TILLEY.
(SEAL)

Subscribed and sworn to by the said Jennie Hayford Tilley this eighth day of September, 1916, before me.
AGNES R. MERRILL,
Duly authorized to administer oaths.

(Seal.)

STATE OF MAINE.

COUNTY OF OXFORD, ss.

Supreme Judicial Court, in Vacation.
Paris, Maine, Dec. 28, A. D. 1916.

UPON THE FOREGOING LIBEL, ORDERED, That the Libelant give notice to the said Isaac Alexander Tilley to appear before the Justice of our Supreme Judicial Court to be holden at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the second Tuesday of March, A. D. 1917, by publishing an attested copy of said libel, and this order thereon, three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat a newspaper printed in Paris, in our County of Oxford, the last publication to be 30 days at least prior to said second Tuesday of March, 1917, that he may there and then in our said Court appear and show cause, if any he have, why the prayer of said Libelant should not be granted.

GEORGE F. HALEY,
Justice of the Sup. Jud. Court.

A true copy of the libel and order of court thereon.
Attest: ERNEST J. RECORD, Clerk.
(Seal.)
John F. Swasey, Attorney for Libellant.
3-4

AMONG THE FARMERS.

"SPEED THE PLOW."

Correspondence on practical agricultural topics is solicited. Address all communications intended for this department to HENRY D HAMMOND, Agricultural Editor Oxford Democrat, Paris, Me.

Essentials of Clean Milk Production.

ELABORATE AND EXPENSIVE EQUIPMENT UNNECESSARY.

(W. J. Dougan in Hoard's Dairyman.)

There are two fundamental economic principles underlying the clean milk industry. The first of these is that the selling price must be within the reach of the family with a moderate income and low enough so that clean milk may be classed as an economical food. The second principle is that the selling price must be high enough to compensate the dairy farmer and the distributor for their labor.

It seems at first thought that here are two directly opposing tendencies in the clean milk industry—cheap to the consumer and a high price for the producer. A comprehension of the essentials in clean milk production on the one hand and an appreciation of the relative value of clean milk as a food on the other, brings these two apparently opposing tendencies into a harmonious relation where both consumer and producer may have their just due.

We will pass over the question of the food value of clean milk with this statement. Dirty milk is dear at any price, and clean, wholesome milk is a relatively cheap food at eight to ten cents per quart.

SUPPLYING CLEAN MILK AT REASONABLE PRICE.

The purpose of this article is to show how a satisfactory, high-class milk may be supplied at these prices. We propose to point out logically the essentials in producing clean milk and to enforce our argument that these are the essentials by example and experiences in the actual work.

It is universally agreed that the bacterial test is the most accurate and critical test of clean milk. Therefore, when we use the term, clean milk, in this orticle we shall always mean bacterially clean, or milk with a low bacterial count.

ESSENTIALS IN PRODUCING CLEAN MILK

It is generally accepted that there are just two essentials in producing clean milk, namely, clean and cool. We might close this article with this statement if there was not such a wide variation of opinion as to the meaning of these terms. Some would carry the idea of clean to an extreme and sterilize the cow, the stable, the feed, the milker, and the whole world about. Then they would immediately freeze the whole into a solid mass. Speaking seriously, some contend for a surgically clean stable, like an operating room and all the operating of the dairy on the surgically clean basis, and a cooling temperature close to freezing in order to produce a clean milk. No one who knows the conditions of bacterial growth but appreciates that these methods will get the results. These methods so increase the cost of production that the possible consumers are limited and also the chance of profit to the producer is scant.

Our contention is that with less expensive methods and with the stress put upon the essential points, an entirely satisfactory milk can be produced and sold at a price within the reach of the laboring man.

CLEANLINESS IN THE DAIRY

There are three things about the dairy that must be clean. The cow, the utensils, and the dairyman. We mean by a clean cow first of all a healthy, thrifty, uplooking cow, well fed and well groomed. To this end it is essential to apply the tuberculin test regularly and to discard all suspicious animals. However, too much confidence cannot be placed in the test alone. A careful physical examination should be made frequently by a good veterinarian. The dairyman himself should always be on the alert to detect any off condition in the herd. Especially should he guard against any udder troubles. This essential in producing clean milk does not add to the cost of producing but rather lessens it. The sick cow, the gargetty cow, and the three- or two-teater are seldom profitable producers. Weeding them out in the interest of clean milk lessens the cost of producing milk.

GROOMING THE COW

The grooming of the cow is a process that, if improperly done, thwarts all other precautions for clean milk, or, if too much expense is put into it, will throw the balance on the wrong side of the ledger. In fancy stables, we have seen the cows washed and swashed, and yet the points from which the most of the dirt gets into the milk never touched. In these stables the clean milk is due to precautions other than all of this expensive and disagreeable washing. In our own work we follow the principle of keeping the dirt off of the cows by good bedding and close attention, rather than getting it off after it has been allowed to get on.

The necessary grooming of a cow that has been well bedded and kept normally clean in an ordinary barn is a simple and inexpensive process. With card and a good brush loosen and brush off coarse dirt and hairs from shoulders, back, flanks, hips, legs and tail. Give careful attention to all regions of the udder and especially that soil and bacteria fertile little pocket between the four teats. Then with a pail of clean water and a sponge to fit the hand wet the udder and wash carefully each teat, then rinse and squeeze out the sponge and wipe each teat, the udder, flank, and the escutcheon. That cow is clean unless she has been allowed to wallow in filth. In that case no amount of grooming can put her in proper shape to milk that day.

This method of grooming is not an expensive process, nor is it injurious to the cows as is too much wetting. One man can groom twenty properly kept cows in an hour. This essential in producing clean milk cannot all be added to the selling price. The cows largely pay for this grooming in a better flow of milk.

CARE OF THE MILK UTENSILS

Probably the most important factor in the process of getting clean milk is the utensils that come into direct contact with the milk. Dr. C. E. North, as a pioneer advocate of clean milk, secured wonderful results by having all utensils, as cans and pails, washed and sterilized at a central plant and sent out to the various farms supplying his milk. In our own practices we have always put great emphasis on this point. Our methods are to brush each piece clean in an abundance of cold water; wash in hot water containing a cleansing solution; rinse in hot water; and sterilize with live steam. We use the covered pail with the small opening covered with sterilized gauze and absorbent cotton. The purpose of these strainer cloths is not to take the dirt out of the milk but to detect if any has gotten into it. If we find these cloths dirty we tighten up on the grooming of the cows and handling of utensils.

THE CLEAN DAIRYMAN

Overshadowing all the other essentials, and without which all rules and regulations are futile, is the clean dairyman. Quoting Rosenau in this respect: "If a dairyman has an inborn capacity or instinct to be clean, a little instruction will enable him to do satisfactory work, but if he is lacking in this quality, it is very difficult to change his methods by any amount of instruction and public regulations."

For the dairyman to be clean in person does not imply the necessity of a dress suit and patent leather shoes, nor even the proverbial white suit. A pair of blue overalls can be just as clean as white ones. To the end of our help keeping clean about the dairy work, we urge reasonably clean clothing and provide milking aprons that are washed twice a week. We insist on clean hands. We keep soap, water and towels in the weighing room and each man is expected to keep his hands clean and dry. He may wash after milking each cow or he may milk three or four before washing, but whenever his hands become damp or soiled he must wash and dry them.

The dairyman must be clean, not only in appearance, but he must have a clean, conscientious mind. His every act should be governed by the thought that the consumer of his product expects him to do his best. If he wilfully or carelessly neglects, he is morally responsible for the health, aye! even the lives of his patrons.

This conscientious cleanliness will hold him up to the stress and strain of the hard work and his efforts will be the more efficient in producing clean milk.

KEEPING THE MILK COOL

What about the other word in producing bacterially clean milk, namely,—cool. There is no doubt regarding the efficiency in cooling the milk to nearly the freezing point. This is expensive and we doubt that it is essential. In our section deep well water is about 51° F. Water pumped direct from the well through an efficient cooler to the stock tank will cool the milk quickly to 52° F. This process costs nothing to speak of. The question is, will this do? Not in the judgment of most boards of health and inspectors, yet in actual practice it secures the results. For ten years we have followed this practice and have produced a milk with a low bacterial count and of perfect satisfaction to our trade.

Notice, in our discussion of essentials, we have said nothing regarding stables, floors, dust at milking time, and all of the environment of the dairy. We have not mentioned these because they are not the essentials. Good milk can be produced in ordinary or even shabby surroundings, while poor milk is often produced with the most expensive equipment. It is the things that come into direct contact with the milk, the cow, the utensils, and the man that determine its quality of cleanliness. In substantiation of this view, let me quote Dr. G. L. A. Ruehle and Dr. W. L. Kulp of the New York Experiment Station. In 1915 these experts conducted a series of observations to determine the efficiency of the dairy score in procuring a bacterially clean milk. Their conclusions are: "The results of the comparisons show no relationship between the dairy scores and the bacterial count. The lowest count brought in under these tests came from a farm scoring so low that its products would have been refused admittance to the New York City Market.

"On the other hand, the dairy which received the highest score on all of the cards, a dairy which in appearance and equipment would be placed among the best in the state, was bringing in milk which invariably had a bacterial count into the millions." Herbert Quick puts the situation in this terse conclusion: "The whole colossal blunder lies in making a fetish of the barn instead of requiring clean and sanitary methods."

EXPERIENCE OF MR. DOUGAN

In our own experience we have found that we could produce a high class milk under most unfavorable conditions. We started in the dairy business handicapped for capital. Therefore, we must use the buildings and equipment we had. Our barn was an old style basement. It had small windows and no ventilating system. There was a board floor, under which water often stood. The floor above was not tight so more or less dust worked through. Our milk house was a back room of the dwelling fitted and pressed into service as a milk room. In this barn and under these conditions we endeavored to produce a high grade of market milk by following the essentials of clean and cool as outlined above.

Each month for two years we sent samples of our milk to the experiment station at Madison to be tested for bacteria. These samples were taken from the regular cases as the wagon was ready to start on the route. The result of the test was encouraging. The highest count was 33,600 bacteria per c. c.; the lowest count was 800 bacteria per c. c. Only 12.6 per cent of the samples contained over 10,000 per c. c.; 22.5 per cent of the samples were between 5000 and 10,000 per c. c.; and 64.9 per cent were below 5000 bacteria per c. c. The table below shows these results on our farm in comparison with two farms with every facility that the most fastidious board of health could require. Both farms, No. 2 and No. 3, were producing certified milk. Farm No. 1, our own, was producing a guaranteed market milk.

	Farm No. 1	Farm No. 2	Farm No. 3
Per cent of samples containing over 10,000 bacteria per c. c.	12.6	20.6	41.4
Between 5,000 and 10,000 per c. c.	22.5	55.7	33.8
Less than 5,000 per c. c.	64.9	23.5	24.8

We give this comparison to enforce the truth that the essentials of clean milk production are simple and attainable by those who are willing to do the work. Since these tests we have built barns and improved equipment. However, we do not put our trust in these to the lessening of vigilance regarding the essentials.

Emphasis is generally placed upon bacterially clean milk for direct consumption. It is as important that milk should be produced cleanly for creamery and factory. The cry is that we cannot afford to go to all this expense for the ordinary market. We answer this by a resume of the foregoing. It pays, from the increase in production, to keep healthy cows, to keep them reasonably clean, and to groom them. The better equipment necessary to keep the utensils clean pays in time saved in caring for the utensils; cooling is inexpensive. A dairyman that has a pride in the cleanliness of his dairy will look after all details so much better that the system and spirit put into the dairy work will make the whole place more efficient. Then, let any factory or creamery get a uniformly clean milk and it can manufacture a product that will be far famed and sell at the top price.

Back of these material rewards is the consciousness, to the dairyman, of performing a high service to humanity.

An Important Question.

Dean Russell of the Wisconsin Agricultural College in an address to the Freshmen asks the following questions: "Why do the cornfields of the members of the Wisconsin Experiment Association run from ten to twenty bushels above the average yield of the state year after year? Why is the average yield of corn in Wisconsin from 36 to 40 bushels an acre while that of the entire United States is about 26?"

Some of our hard to be convinced farmers who are so suspicious of everything that savors of science had better get busy over that first question. The other day a young farmer living only a few miles distant from Fort Atkinson told us that the ideas of a college of agriculture could not be carried out by the common farmer. Evidently the boys of the Experiment Association do not think so as their cornfields will show.—Hoard's

The membership of the Maine State Grange is 56,559. Of this number 4,078 are in Oxford County.

Good seed corn is scarce. Some people are likely to lose out. Are you one of them?

The man who keeps cows is well fixed for eggs.

Copyright, 1916, by the Reilly & Britton Co.

FOREWORD

"THE DAREDEVIL" isn't just an ordinary story of a girl who masquerades in man's clothing. There is a vital reason behind it all. It isn't all a lark, though comedy lurks on the footsteps of the stout hearted pretender; an American father, a French mother and quick sympathies that link fatherland and motherland in love that braves very real dangers for the safety of one and the honor of both. In the story there is a most irresistible young man whose name is Buzz and who lives up to it. There is an irascible old bachelor uncle, secretary of state to his excellency the governor of Harpeth, "the greatest gentleman in the world." But, best of all, there is Roberta, the "daredevil," the lovable heart of a mighty likable story. You may be sure she will captivate you, just as she did those who knew her "in boots."

CHAPTER I.

Sparkling Waves Over High Explosives

WAS there ever a woman who did not very greatly desire for herself at long moments the doublet and hose of a man, perhaps also his sword, as well as his attitude in the viewing of life? I think not. To a very small number of those ladies of great curiosity it has been granted that they climb to those ramparts of the life of a man, but it was needful that they be stout of limb and sturdy of heart to sustain themselves upon that eminence and not be dashed below upon the rocks of a strange land. I, Roberta, marquise de Grez and Bye, have obtained glimpses into a far country, and this is what I bring on returning, not as a spy, but, shall I say, laden with spices and forbidden fruit?

And for me it has been a very fine dash into the wilds of a land of strangeness, and I do not know that I have yet found myself completely returned unto my estate of a woman.

I first began to realize that I was set out upon a great journey when I stood at the rail of the very large ship and watched it plow its way through the waves which they told us with their splendor hid cruel mines. I felt the future might be like unto those great waves, and it might be that it would break in sparkling crests over high explosives. I found them!

I had seen a fear of those explosives of life come in my dying father's eyes, and here I stood at his command out on the ocean in quest of a woman's fate in a strange country.

"Get back to America, Bob, and go straight to your Uncle Robert at Hayesville, in the Harpeth valley. He cut me loose because he didn't understand when I married your mother out of the French opera in Paris. When I named you Roberta for him he returned the letter I sent, but with a notice of a thousand dollars in Monroe & Co. for you. I didn't tell him when your mother died. Yes, I've been bitter. But these German bullets have cut the life out of me, and I see more plainly. Get the money and take Nannette and the kiddie on the first boat. There's starvation and—maybe worse in Paris for you. Take—the money—and—get—to—Brother Robert. God of America—take—them and—guide"—

And that was all. I held him in my arms for a long time, while old Nannette and small Pierre wept beside me, and then I laid him upon his pillow and straightened the little tricolor that the good sister of the old gray convent in which he lay had given me to place in his hand when he had begged for it. My mother's country had meant my mother to him, and he had given his life for her and France in the trenches of the Vosges. And thus at his bidding I was on the very high seas of adventure. From this thought of him I was very suddenly recalled by old Nannette, who came upon the deck from below.

"Le bon Dieu," she sighed as she settled herself in her steamer chair and took out the lace knitting. "Is it not of a goodness that I have tied in my stocking the necessary francs that we may land in that America where all is of such a good fortune? And also by my skill we have 150 francs above that need, which must be almost a hundred of their huge and wasteful dollars. All is well with us." And as she spoke she pulled up the collar of Pierre's soft blue serge blouse around his pale thin face and eased the cushion behind his crooked small back.

"Is—is that all which remains of the $1,500 we found to be in that bank, Nannette?" I asked of her with a great uncertainty. My mother's fortune, descended from her father, the Marquis de Grez and Bye, and the income of my father from his government post had made life easy to live in that old house by the quay, where so many from the Faubourg St. Germaine came to hear her sing after her fortune and children took her from the opera—and to go for the summers in the gray old Chateau de Grez—but of the investment of francs or dollars and cents I had no knowledge, in spite of my claims to be an American girl of much progress. My mother had laughed and very greatly adored my assumption of an extreme American manner, copied as nearly as possible after that of my father, and had failed to teach to me even that thrift which is a part of the dot of every French girl, from the Faubourg St. Germaine to the Boulevard St. Michel. But even in my ignorance the information of Nannette as to the smallness of our fortune gave to me an alarm.

"What will you, mademoiselle? It was necessary that I purchase the raiment needful to the young Marquis de Grez according to his state and for the marquise, his sister, also. It was not to be contemplated that we should travel except in apartments of the very best in the ship. Is not gold enough in America even for sending in great sums for relief of suffering? Have I not seen it given in the streets of Paris? Is it not there for us? Do you make me reproaches?" And Nannette began to weep into the fine lawn of her nurse's handkerchief.

"No, no, Nannette! I know it was of a necessity to us to have the clothes, and of course we had to travel in the first class. Do not have distress. If we need more money in America I will obtain it." I made that answer with a gesture of soothing upon her old shoulders, which I could never remember as not bent in an attitude of hovering over Pierre or me.

"Eh bien!" she answered, with a perfect satisfaction at my assumption of all the responsibilities of our three existences.

And as I leaned against the deck rail and looked out into a future as limitless as that water ahead of us into which the great ship was plowing I made a remark to myself that had in it all the wisdom of those who are ignorant.

"The best of life is not to know what will happen next."

"Ah, that was so extraordinary coming from a woman that you must pardon me for listening and making exclamation," came an answer in a nice voice near at my elbow. The words were spoken in as perfect English as

"I know why it is that you go to America!"

I had learned from my father, but in them I observed to be an intonation that my French ear detected as Parisian. "Also, mademoiselle, are you young women of the new era to be without that very delightful but often danger creating quality of curiosity?" As I turned I looked with startled eyes into the grave face of a man less than forty years, whose sad eyes were for the moment lighting with a great tenderness which I did not understand.

"I believe the quality which will be most required of the women of the era which is mine is—is courage and then more courage, monsieur," I made answer to him as if I had been discussing some question with him in my father's smoking room at the Chateau de Grez, as I often came in to do with my father and his friends after the death of my mother when the evenings seemed too long alone. They had liked that I so came at times, and the old Count de Breaux once had remarked that feminine sympathy was the flux with which men made solid their minds into a unanimous purpose. He had been speaking of that war a few weeks after Louvaine, and I had risen and had stood very tall and very haughty before him and my father.

"The women of France are to come after this carnage to mold a nation from what remains to them, monsieur," I had said to him as I looked straight into his face. "Is not the courage of women a war supply upon which to rely?"

"What are the young women—such women as she—going to do in the years that come after the deluge, Henri of America?" he had made a muttering question to my father as his old eyes smoldered over me in the firelight.

From the memory of the smoking room at the Chateau de Grez my mind suddenly returned to the rail of the ship and the Frenchman beside me, who was looking into my face with the same kindly question as to my future that had been in the eyes of my old godfather and which had stirred my father's heart to its American depths and made him send me back to his own country.

"Ah, yes, that courage is a good weapon with which to adventure in this America of the grizzled bear, mademoiselle," I found the strange man saying to me, with a nice amusement as well as interest.

"My father had shot seven grizzlies before his twenty-first birthday. We have the skins, four of them, in the great hall of the Chateau de Gres—or—or we did have them before—before"— My voice faltered, and I could not continue speaking for the tears that rose in my throat and eyes.

Quickly the man at my side turned his broad shoulders that he should shield me from the laughing and exclaiming groups of people upon the deck near us.

"Before Ypres, mademoiselle?" he asked, with tears also in the depths of his voice.

"Yes," I answered. "And I am now going into the great America with my crippled brother and his nurse—alone. It is the land of my father, and I have his courage. I must have also that of a Frenchwoman. I have it, monsieur." And as I spoke I drew myself to my full, round shouldered height, which was almost equal to that of the man beside me.

"Mademoiselle, I salute the courage born of an American who fought before the guns of the Marne and of a Frenchwoman who sent him there!" And as he spoke thus he removed from his head his silk deck cap and held it at his shoulder in a way that I knew was a salute from a French officer to the memory of a brother. "And also may I be permitted to present myself, as it is a sad necessity that you travel without one from whom I might request the introduction?" he asked of me with a beautiful reverence.

After a search in his pocket for a few seconds, he at last discovered a case of leather and presented to me a card. As he handed it to me his color rose up under his black eyes, and grave trouble looked from between their long black lashes. I glanced down at the card and read: "Capitaine le Count Armond de Lasselles, Paris, France. Forty-fourth Chasseurs de le Republique Francaise."

"M. le Count, I know—I know why it is that you go to America!" I made exclamation as I clasped to my breast my hands, and my eyes shone with excitement. "I have read it in Le Matin just the day before yesterday. You go to buy grain against the winter of starvation in the republique. No man is so great a financier as you and so brave a soldier, with your wound not healed from the trenches in the Vosges. Monsieur, I salute you!" And I bent my head and held out my hand to him.

"We're to expect nimble wits as well as courage of you young—shall I say American women?" he laughed as he bent over my hand. "Now shall I not be led for introduction to the small brother and the old nurse?" he asked, with much friendly interest in his kind eyes.

It was a very wonderful thing to observe the wee Pierre listen to the narration of capitaine, the Count de Lasselles, concerning the actions of a small boy who had run out of a night of shot and shell into the heart of his regiment and who had now lived five months in the trenches with them. Pierre's small face is all of France, and in his heart under his bent chest burns a soul all of France. It is as if in her death, at his birth, my beautiful mother had stamped her race upon him with the greater emphasis.

"Is it that the small Gaston is a daredevil like is my Bob?" he questioned as we all made a laughter at the story of the Count de Lasselles concerning the sortie of the small idol from the trenches in the dead of one peaceful night to return with a very wide thick flannel shirt of one of the enemy, which he had caught hanging upon a temporary laundry line back of the German trenches.

"And your medal of honor, M. Capitaine? Is it permitted that I lay for a little moment just one finger upon it?" Pierre asked of him as the great soldier stood tall above the steamer chair.

Nannette sobbed into her lace, and I turned my head away as the tall man bent and laid the frail little hand against his decoration, which he wore almost entirely hidden under the pocket of his tweed Norfolk of English manufacture. Only French eyes like wee Pierre's could have seen it pinned there hidden over his heart. I think he wore it to give him a large courage for his mission that meant bread or starvation to so many of his people.

"Ah, M. le Capitaine," I said to him, with a softness of tears in my throat, "I would that there was some little thing that I might do to serve France. I do so long to go into those awful trenches with that red cross on my arm, as it is not permitted to me to carry a gun, which I can use much better than many men now handling guns with bullets against the enemy. But it is necessary that I obey the commands of my soldier father and take to a safety the small Pierre." And as we spoke he walked beside me to the prow of the large ship so that to us was a view of the heavens of blue beyond which lay our America.

"My child, there is a great service which you can render France," he answered me as we stopped to watch the great white waves flung aside from the ship. "France needs friends in America, great, powerful friends who will help her in contracting for food and all other munitions. A beautiful woman can do much in winning those friends. You go to your uncle, who is one of those in power in a state in

The Tall Man Laid the Frail Little Hand Against His Decoration.

that fruitful valley of the Mississippi from which I hope that my lieutenant, Count de Bourdon, whom I sent on that mission, will get many mules to carry food to the hungry boys in the trenches when mud is too deep for gasoline. Make of him and every one your friend and through you the friend of our struggling country. Tell them of France, laugh with them for the joy to come when France, all France, with Alsace and beautiful Lorraine, is free, and make them weep with you for her struggles. Who knows but that through you may come some wonderful strength added to your old country from the new, whose blood runs in your veins as well?"

"All of that I will do, mon capitaine. I so enlist myself." And as I spoke I drew myself up unto the greatest height possible to me. "I will be of the army that feeds rather than of that which kills."

"Mon Dieu, child, what is possible to you to do has no limit. Also I say to you watch and be on your guard for aught that may harm France. In America are spies. I have been warned. Also there are those who practice deceptions in contracts. It is for the purpose to so guard that I come to America."

"I also will so guard," I made answer to my capitaine, the Count de Lasselles, as we came in our walk to the side of wee Pierre and old Nannette.

And after that first day there were many hours that the Capitaine the Count de Lasselles spent with little Pierre and the good Nannette as she sat knitting always with the sun on the water reddening her round cheeks, while I had much pleasure with many friends who came to me upon the ship.

Upon the arrival of the ship in port a rain was falling, and my friend of France was gone from me at the beginning of day in a boat that is called tug. Upon Nannette had fallen a rheumatism, and the small Pierre was in the midst of shivering chills when we at last were permitted by the very unpleasant officer of America to go from the ship.

"Helas, it was all of the gold that he took from me for an entry into this savage land, where one piece of money is as five of that of France. There remains but a few sous and a gold piece," sobbed Nannette as she came from her interview with the immigration officer, while I stood beside Pierre, deposited by a deck steward on a pile of our steamer blankets.

"I beg your pardon, marquise, but here is a letter the dock steward failed to find you to deliver," came in the pleasant voice of one of my fellow passengers as he handed me a large letter. I took it and came with my head out from under the wave which had dashed over me.

And this is the letter that my eyes read with astonishment, while both the good Nannette and small shivering Pierre sat with their eyes fixed upon my countenance:

My Dear Nephew Robert—Your arrival in America at this time suits me exactly. I need you immediately in my business. If you had been the girl, instead of the little one I would have had to dispose of you some way—even murder. I have no use for women. Leave the little crippled girl and her nurse, who I feel sure is an old fool, with my good friend, Dr. Mason Burns of 222 South Thirty-second street. He has cured more children of hip joint disease than any man in the world, and he will straighten her out for us, and we can give her away to somebody. I've written him instructions. Leave her immediately and come down here to me on the first train. The deal is held up without you. Inclosed is a check for $1,000. If you are like Henry you'll need it, but keep away from Broadway and the women. Come on, I say, by next train. Your uncle, ROBERT CARRUTHERS,
Hayesville, Harpeth.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

NEWS CONDENSED FOR BUSY READERS

Happenings in Various Parts of New England

Two motormen were killed in a collision of cars near Mayville, N. Y.

Michael Welsh, 50, was struck and killed by a freight train at Woburn, Mass.

Michael O'Neil, 80, was found dead from gas poisoning on the floor of his room at Boston.

George A. A. Warren of Dedham, Mass., broke through the ice while skating and was drowned.

Horace C. Phaneuf, 67, merchant and postmaster at Nashua, N. H., died suddenly as a result of a severe cold.

The number of persons placed on probation in the courts of Massachusetts during the last year reached 28,811.

General Henry Parsons, 78, a veteran of the Civil war and five times mayor of Marlboro, Mass., died in that city.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wilson, 58, died at Boston from burns sustained when she dropped a lighted match among some papers in a closet.

One hundred employes in three shoe factories at Salem, Mass., went on strike when refused a 15 percent increase in wages.

Henry Cort, 70-year-old president of the Henry Cort Shoe company, Brockton, was married to his housekeeper, Abbie H. English, 36.

"Dr." Jane Bishop was held at Boston for investigation by the grand jury, charged in two counts with having performed criminal operations.

George H. Sotheard, a former clerk in the Salem, Mass., postoffice, was sentenced to a year and a day in jail for embezzling money from the mails.

Henry Philpot, 50, and Samuel Dowden, 45, and nine horses were burned to death when fire destroyed a large barn and wagon shed at Melrose, Mass.

A large touring car, beyond the control of its driver, crashed onto a sidewalk at Taunton, Mass., injuring Thomas Dolan, 65, so seriously that he died.

Feb. 12 has been designated by Health Commissioner Mahoney as "rat day" in Boston, when concentrated efforts will be made to exterminate the rodents.

O. F. Benson of Brattleboro, Vt., was elected president of the New England Agricultural Fairs association, replacing C. E. Hodgkins of Northampton, Mass.

Franklin W. Carpenter, 15, was killed at St. Johnsbury, Vt., in the presence of his mother when he accidentally discharged a rifle which he had borrowed for a hunting trip.

About fifty of the most prominent shoe manufacturers and retail shoe dealers of New England left Boston on a business tour of the leading shoe manufacturing centres of the west.

A bottle of whisky found by children of Mr. and Mrs. Elionce Ouillette, in their home at Biddeford, Me., was responsible for the death of their 5-year-old daughter, Germaine.

Five men rescued from the schooner Lena F. Oxner only a few minutes before the vessel went to the bottom arrived at Boston on the fishing schooner Catherine, which effected the rescue.

Lucia Calgagno, aged 3, one of the youngest inmates of Boston's consumptive hospital, died, it has just become known, two months ago, as a result

ESTABLISHED 1833.

The Oxford Democrat.

ISSUED TUESDAYS.

South Paris, Maine, January 16, 1917

ATWOOD & FORBES,
Editors and Proprietors.
GEORGE M. ATWOOD. A. E. FORBES.

TERMS:—$1.50 a year if paid strictly in advance. Otherwise $2.00 a year. Single copies 4 cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS:—All legal advertisements are given three consecutive insertions for $1.50 per inch in length of column. Special contracts made with local, transient and yearly advertisers.

JOB PRINTING:—New type, fast presses, electric power, experienced workmen and low prices combine to make this department of our business complete and popular.

SINGLE COPIES.

Single copies of THE DEMOCRAT are four cents each. They will be mailed on receipt of price by the publishers or for the convenience of patrons single copies of each issue have been placed on sale at the following places in the County:

South Paris, Howard's Drug Store. Shurtleff's Drug Store.
Norway, Noyes Drug Store. Stone's Drug Store.
Buckfield, A. L. Newton, Postmaster.
Paris Hill, Helen R. Cole, Post Office.
West Paris, Samuel T. White.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Z. L. Merchant & Co.
January Clearance Sale.
Horse Blankets.
What Accumulated Dividends Do.
A Merciless Judge.
Statement South Paris Savings Bank.
Wanted.
Criminal Bills.
Lost.
Raw Furs.
Bankruptcy Notice.
Stock Taking.

Findings on the Bethel Accident.

The public utilities commission last week made public its findings regarding the collision of two freight trains on the Grand Trunk between West Bethel and Gilead on the night of the 24th of December, in which five men lost their lives.

After a brief statement of the facts of the collision, the commission says:

"We find Albert S. Wentworth, conductor of freight train No. 548 east directly responsible for this accident; first, through his failure to deliver the train orders to the engineer at Gorham in manner prescribed by the operating rules under which he was working, and, second, through his failure to stop the train promptly when he found that it had run by Gilead without his actually knowing that the meeting train was there.

"Without in any way diminishing or excusing the culpability of Wentworth—which stands on its own bottom unexcused by any other laxness—we now refer to conditions for which the Grand Trunk Railway System is responsible and which ought to be corrected."

The method of handling the train orders is then discussed in some detail and certain faults pointed out and changes suggested, and the report concludes:

"We now come to the most important feature of this case so far as the railroad company is concerned. The Grand Trunk Railway System has no automatic block signals between Island Pond, Vermont, and Portland, Maine. This an important railroad thoroughfare running from Montreal to Portland. In Maine, at least, it is all single tracked except in the Portland yard.

"Mr. C. C. Bowker, general superintendent, stated at the hearing, in reply to a question: 'No, we haven't given any consideration to equipping this section with automatic signals for the reason we don't consider the traffic sufficiently heavy enough. We don't have automatic signals where the traffic is much heavier. Furthermore, neither do we admit automatic signals would have prevented this accident.'

"Nobody can tell whether this particular accident would have occurred if this part of the road had been equipped with block signals. The probability is that it would not. Finding, as we do, that the engineer of the offending train never saw the order to meet at Gilead, there is no reason to assume that he would not have seen and obeyed a block signal if there had been one.

"However that may be, a railroad is not reasonably equipped for the safety of its employes and of the traveling public if it is not reasonably equipped with recognized and generally adopted safety devices. We firmly believe that this company is not justified in its entire failure to install such devices over this line, and that it ought to proceed to do so at once. We recommend that it install block signals over not less than one-half of its mileage between the Maine-New Hampshire line and Portland, during the year 1917 and over the remainder thereof during the year 1918.

"The Grand Trunk Railway System will notify this commission of its acceptance or rejection of each of the foregoing recommendations within 10 days from the date hereof, as provided in Rule 17 of the Public Utilities Commission."

Legislative Committee Appointments.

In the committees of the legislature announced last Wednesday, the Oxford County members have the following places:

Senator Stanley is chairman of School for Feeble Minded, and is also on Banks and Banking, Labor, and Public Buildings and Grounds.

Representative Andrews of Norway is on Banks and Banking, and Military Affairs.

Representative Charles of Lovell is on Mines and Mining, and Taxation.

Representative Cummings of Hebron is on Agriculture, and Federal Relations.

Representative Eaton of Rumford is on Appropriations.

Representative Hutchins of Mexico is on Judiciary.

Representative Stanley of Dixfield is on Inland Fisheries and Game, and Pensions.

Representative Stearns of Hiram is on Commerce, and Telegraphs and Telephones.

Forest Notes.

Tests at the Forest Products Laboratory, at Madison, Wisconsin, indicate that by the use of four additional nails in each end an increase of 300 per cent in the strength of canned-food boxes is secured.

Approximately 10,390 acres of denuded lands within the National Forests were reforested in the fiscal year 1916. The total number of trees planted was 6,146,637, while 8,280 pounds of tree seed were sown.

There were 133,442 more cattle and horses, and 605,338 more sheep and goats using the National Forests in 1916 than in 1915. This increase was in spite of large eliminations of grazing lands from the forests. It is accounted for by improved methods of handling the stock and by more intimate knowled of the forage on the ranges and their carrying capacity.

The number of fires suppressed on National Forest lands during the calendar year 1915 was 6,324, as against 7,018 in 1914, and an average annual number of 4,759 during the past five years, says Henry S. Graves, Chief of the Forest Service, in his annual report just published. While more than the average number of fires occurred the timbered area burned over was but 155,416 acres, or 30 per cent less than the average per year for the period 1911-1915 inclusive. The average loss per fire was $60.41. Forty-four per cent of the fires were confined to areas of less than one-quarter of an acre.

Increase of Trust Companies.

The fourteenth annual edition of "Trust Companies of the United States," issued by the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, shows an increase in five years in resources of trust companies in this country of 47 per cent. The total resources of the trust companies of Maine amount to $76,000,000, an increase of 20 per cent during the past year.

THE OXFORD BEARS.

THE DOINGS OF THE WEEK IN ALL SECTIONS OF THE COUNTY.

Paris Hill.

First Baptist Church, Rev. G. W. F. Hill, pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:45 A. M. Sunday School at 12. Sabbath evening service at 7:30. Prayer Meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. Covenant Meeting the last Friday before the 1st Sunday of the month at 2:30 P. M. All not otherwise connected are cordially invited.

This community was greatly shocked and saddened by the announcement in the Sunday papers of the tragic death of Miss Julia C. Snow in Boston, under very sad circumstances as related in another column. Miss Julia and her mother left their home here a few days since. It was known that she was on the verge of a nervous breakdown but no one realized how critical her condition was. The greater part of Miss Snow's life has been spent in this village, where she held the respect and esteem of everyone and the deep sympathy of very many friends is with the bereaved mother. She was a young woman of unusual ability, culture and refinement.

The regular circle supper will be served in Cummings Hall Tuesday evening. Will all those who have not been solicited please bring cake or pastry. A short entertainment will follow the supper.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. L. Shaw of Brunswick were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Shaw.

Rev. G. W. F. Hill was called to Waldoboro Thursday to attend a funeral.

Mrs. H. P. Hammond is confined to the house by a severe cold.

Richard Eastman of Berlin, N. H., spent Thursday with relatives in this place. This is his first visit to his native place in eight years.

Dermont Robbins of Redding was in town several days last week on business.

Mrs. E. B. Curtis attended the Baptist quarterly meeting at Norway Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. G. W. F. Hill who has been confined to the house with a severe cold is able to be out again, and her mother, Mrs. A. F. Cole, is slowly gaining. Mrs. Chas. Johnson is caring for her.

The Universalist party will meet with Mrs. E. H. Jackson Jan. 19th.

Buckfield.

Mrs. Carrie Spaulding is seriously ill, and is being cared for by a trained nurse from Lewiston, Mrs. Fuller.

Bradbury Damon had his arm broken Thursday by a kick from a colt.

The officers of Warren Camp, Sons of Veterans, were installed Tuesday night by Past Commander J. E. Warren. Coffee and cake were served after the meeting. The officers are as follows:

Com.—C. T. Bowen, Jr.
S. V. C.—Florian Jordan.
J. V. C.—W. L. Record.
Chap.—W. M. Ricker.
Pat. Inst.—J. F. Ellingwood.
Sec.-Treas.—J. E. Warren.
Guide—C. T. Bowen.
Color Bearer—E. G. Smith.
O. G.—Charles Rowe.
I. G.—M. A. Warren.
Musician—Lester Fuller.
Camp Council—M. A. Warren, Lowell Shaw, C. K. Dudley.

Good Faith Lodge of Rebekahs have reorganized their degree staff and will confer the degree on several candidates in the near future.

Rev. W. H. Lakin attended the quarterly meeting at Norway Thursday.

Miss Myra Irish is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. H. Wardwell, at West Paris, and will visit friends in Lewiston and Bath before returning home.

Twenty below zero Saturday morning.

The fugeral of Mrs. Chas. Gray was held from the home Wednesday morning, Rev. Eleanor Forbes officiating. Mrs. Gray was taken to the Central Maine General Hospital in Lewiston about two weeks ago, and died there Sunday morning, Jan. 7. The body was brought here Monday. Mrs. Gray was 38 years old, and a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Loren Farrar. She leaves a husband and seven children, and one sister, Mrs. Bray of Mechanic Falls. She was a member of Buckfield Grange. The body was placed in the receiving tomb.

Mrs. H. A. Irish returned Wednesday from the Central Maine General Hospital, where she has been several weeks being treated for a broken shoulder.

Nezinscot Lodge installed officers Saturday night. Oyster supper was served after the ceremony.

Wilson's Mills.

School began Jan. 3d after a fortnight's vacation, Miss Gertrude Allenson teacher. Peter Littlehale carries the scholars as usual.

Mrs. Geo. Nason and son Roger are now at their winter home, and Roger is attending school.

The Ladies' Aid Society met with Mrs. Hattie Bennett Wednesday, to finish up some work that had been on hand for an indefinite length of time.

Arthur Littlehale and Cliff Wiggin are building a camp in the upper Magalloway region.

The brothers Rossi of Colebrook still make weekly trips here, with groceries and candies added to their fruit business.

H. G. Bennett killed a hog that weighed 500 pounds.

Elwyn Storey lost one of his gray horses the past week.

Linwood Wilson has returned to his studies at Gould's Academy.

Clyde Ripley has finished work for George Nason and is now stopping at Arthur Littlehale's.

West Buckfield.

H. W. Phillips is working in Paris for Carroll King. Mr. Phillips has recently purchased a promising seven-months-old colt of the Simmore breed of C. M. Heald.

Miss Gladys Mackay of Providence, R. I., is teaching the Prince school and boarding at Fred Bennett's.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Smith and Ellsworth spent Sunday at North Buckfield with Mrs. Leah Buswell and children.

M. E. Bennett is working for Alton Damon.

J. G. Richards is working for W. L. Fogg.

Mrs. Ernest Buck and daughter Leona visited Mrs. P. M. Bennett Monday.

Ralph and F. A. Cooper are hauling lumber this week.

George and Norman Turner, S. E. Briggs, Oliver Lawrence and Freed Strout are hauling pulp.

Mrs. Nelson Cummings' baby is sick.

Hanover.

John Morse is cutting spruce and pine for Leon Roberts.

Eli Stearns has bought Sumner Davis' farm.

Mr. Campbell of Andover is pressing hay for Gard Roberts.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Hammon were in Rumford last Tuesday.

G. E. Smith is not quite as well at this writing.

The writer saw a hawk one day last week.

Hebron.

On Sunday a Society of Christian Endeavor was organized here with the following officers:

Pres.—Charles Dwyer.
Vice-Pres.—Frances Glover.
Treas.—Alice Melcher.
Rec. Sec.—Mrs. Howard Glover.
Cor. Sec.—Albert Richardson.
Pianist—Virginia Conant.

On Wednesday Rev. Mr. Griffiths attended the quarterly meeting at Norway, and in the evening about 25 of the members of the Christian Endeavor were there for the evening meeting.

Wednesday evening Dr. James L. Tryon of Portland gave a very interesting lecture here on International Peace.

Mrs. Giles of Norway was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Fred Gurney, Sunday.

Mrs. Gurney was the happy recipient of a beautiful gold watch last week from her husband.

East Sumner.

New Century Pomona Grange met with Union Grange on Wednesday with a large attendance. Some twenty-five came in on the down train.

Miss Agnes M. Heald of Canton was in town a day or two calling on friends last week.

Mr. George Heath and Miss Clara, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Chandler, were united in marriage by Rev. J. N. Atwood on Jan. 6 at the home of the bride.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Robinson were very grateful for tokens of congratulations on their 57th wedding anniversary on Jan. 8th. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. B. Bonney are the only couple living in the vicinity with a longer record of wedded life.

Bethel.

There was no morning service at the Congregational church last Sunday morning, as Rev. and Mrs. W. C. Curtis were in Boston attending the Billy Sunday meetings. Rev. T. C. Chapman was also in Boston attending the Sunday meetings, and the Methodist pulpit was supplied by N. R. Springer.

The Gould Academy basket ball team was defeated in a game with Norway High last Friday.

The remains of Mrs. Johanna Cook Stearns were brought to Bethel from Auburn last Wednesday and burial was in the family lot. Mrs. Stearns was the widow of the late Calvin Stearns, formerly of Bethel; she left one sister, Mrs. Arvilla Lucas, who is in feeble health, and two nieces in Bethel.

Wednesday the annual church roll-call of the Congregational church was held in Garland Chapel. Many of the absent members remembered their home church with encouraging reponses, and a large number of resident members were present. All of the reports of the church activities were encouraging. After the close of the service a social hour was spent and light refreshments served.

Thursday afternoon the Ladies' Club was invited to Bethel Inn by Mrs. Cilley, the hostess. The time was spent in sewing for the soldiers. This club belongs to a branch which does a great deal of work for the soldiers, such as knitting socks, mufflers, mittens and making shirts.

Mrs. Churchill who is spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Fannie Bisbee Lovejoy, had the misfortune to fall and break her hip. She is resting as comfortably as possible.

F. L. Harlow of Gorham, Maine, was a business visitor in Bethel the past week, and was much pleased with the hospitality of Bethel Inn.

Ernest Walker has been ill at his home this week, but is reported better.

The Bethel Men's Club was addressed by Dr. G. M. Twitchell last Wednesday evening. Everyone who listened to him considered it a rare privilege.

The Gould Academy basket ball team went to Rumford Friday evening to play with the Rumford team.

Bethel must share with the rest of the patrons along the line of the Grand Trunk a great inconvenience. The mails will be very inconvenient especially for business men.

West Bethel.

"As the dead year is clasped by a dead December,
So let your dead sins with your dead days lie.
A new life is yours, and a new hope! Remember
We build our own ladders to climb to the sky.
Stand out in the sunlight of promise, forgetting
Whatever your past held of sorrow or wrong;
We waste half our strength in a useless regretting;
We sit by old tombs in the dark too long."

"No tender spray of faintest green
The gray boughs of the willow yield—
Cold gliints the sunlight's wintry sheen
On sombre wood and barren field;
Along the bleak, snow-crested steep
Wild winds of January sweep,
And the gaunt pine's eternal moan
Blends with the sea's harsh monotone."

"Talk happiness. The world is sad enough
Without your woes. No path is wholly rough;
Look for the places that are smooth and clear,
And speak of these to rest the weary ear
Of earth, so hurt by one continuous strain
Of human discontent and grief and pain."

The "January thaw" is now due.

Green cordwood is becoming quite plentiful but high in price.

W. A. Farwell is slowly recovering from a long and severe attack of acute indigestion.

Delightful winter weather and the roads were never better at this season of the year.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gilbert were made happy on Dec. 31st by the birth of a son, their first child.

Charles McInnes and family have moved from the Haskell building and are nicely settled in their new home.

Mrs. Lettie Davis, after spending the holidays with her mother, Mrs. H. N. Head, has gone back to her school in Colebrook, N. H.

A large amount of ice of excellent quality is being cut and hauled from Pleasant river near the residence of Geo. H. Goodnow.

James Uhlman and Fred Tyler are hauling pine logs from the farm of E. Payson Grover to the mill for the Berlin Mills Co., and three choppers are kept busily at work.

Archie J. Hutchinson has sold all his standing pine to the Berlin Mills Company, and it will be cut and hauled to the mill in this village as soon as men and teams can be found to do the work.

Locke's Mills.

Mrs. Annie Emery is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Henry Douglass of Portland.

Mrs. Hannah Coolidge and Mrs. Lola Foster were in Bethel last week on business, and also called on Mrs. Maud Sanborn.

Eddie Goodwin is gaining and expects to return to his work soon. His baby has been quite sick, but is better now.

George Salls, engineer at the spool mill, fell on the cement floor in the fire room, and broke his nose, and also cut his face quite badly.

Mrs. C. E. Stowell, who has been ill for some time, is in Portland at St. Barnabas Hospital for treatment.

Mrs. Mary Bartlett is on the sick list at this writing.

The Girls' Club is to give an entertainment in the near future.

Mason.

Mrs. Douglas Cushing took her little son Eugene to a hospital in Portland Thursday for an operation on his throat.

Channing Scribner is at E C. Mills, at work.

Miss Irene Morrill is visiting relatives in Norway.

H. W. Kessell is working for J. A. McKenzie, who is logging in Albany.

W. C. Bennett and G. L. Mills finished work for D. W. Cushing last Saturday.

Eli Grover has been putting in his ice this week. L. E. Mills of Northwest Albany has been helping him.

Miss Jordan spent the week-end at Bryant's Pond.

Brownfield.

At Odd Fellows' Hall Wednesday evening the Masons had a public installation and oyster supper.

Mrs. Mina Lewis had the misfortune to put her knee pan out of place. Dr. Marston was called, and now she is comfortable.

Miss Lucinda Wentworth fell on the ice hurting her quite badly.

Tuesday evening the grange gave a supper at their hall, quite a turnout, and a good time is reported.

Mrs. Rebecca Blake has returned to her home after spending a number of days with relatives in West Brownfield.

Dr. Fitch and William Davis went to Boston Tuesday morning, where they intend to spend the remainder of the week, and hear Billy Sunday.

North Buckfield.

Lester Varney installed the officers of Mountain Grange Saturday.

Mountain Grange have extended an invitation to East Hebron and Hebron Granges to meet with them Jan. 20th. They have accepted an invitation from Hebron Grange to visit them the 13th.

Mrs. E. A. Mason and niece, Miss Josephine Sturtevant of Vermont, were recent guests of Mrs. Lester Ricker.

Sanford Conant and family called at Washington Heald's Sunday, also Bert Millett of South Paris.

A goodly number from Mountain Grange went to East Sumner Wednesday to New Century Pomona, where they witnessed the installation of officers for the ensuing year by J. H. Blanchard, State Dairy Instructor, in a very able manner. A good attendance. A small class was initiated in the fifth degree by Worthy Master, L. O. Varney.

The farmers in this vicinity have been very busy the past week harvesting their ice.

Don Spaulding was a week-end guest at Mrs. Jane Heald's.

C. M. Keene is dressing poultry, and reports that it brings a good price.

The Diamond Match Co. will soon move their mill to this side of the pond. They are doing an extensive business.

Mrs. J. B. Damon spent Tuesday with Mrs. C. B. Dunham.

Mrs. Edna Scott, who has been sick, is better.

The boys who are at the University of Maine have returned to their studies.

There will be an extension school on farm crops by the Department of Agriculture, Orono, at the hall in February.

West Paris.

Rev. Alekxi Raita and his daughter came near a serious accident Thursday afternoon. The afternoon passenger train was at the station and Mr. Raita drove over the track. The horse was frightened and jumped on to the sidewalk between the crossing and bridge, breaking the rail and going down the embankment toward the river about 10 feet high. Mr. Raita was thrown under the sleigh, but his daughter was thrown entirely from the team. The horse was stuck in a snow drift. The man got out, and as plenty of help was at hand, no damage was done.

Miss Myra Irish of Buckfield is the guest of her sister, Mrs. H. H. Wardwell, and family.

Among those who have been on the sick list during the past week are Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Dean, Mrs. A. R. Tuell and Abner Mann.

Miss Stella Churchill is in very poor health.

Quite a delegation of West Paris high school students attended the spelling contest at South Paris Friday evening.

West Paris Grange installed officers Saturday. There was an all day session and good program.

Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Johnson, Mrs. C. F. Barden, Laura Barden, Frank Mayhew, Marion Curtis and others went to Sumner Friday night to attend the dance.

Mrs. I. L. Bowker of Portland spent several days the past week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Roscoe Tuell.

J. R. Tucker has been ill during the past week.

Mosely Foss got his hand badly jammed at the Paris Manufacturing Co.'s mill last week. The thumb was seriously injured.

Mrs. Emma W. Rose spent several days at Portland recently, the guest of her friend, Mrs. Gammon.

Andover.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hewey have been visiting relatives in Lewiston and Lisbon for the past few weeks.

Miss Mary Barker has returned to Portland.

All the schools in town began Monday, Jan. 8th.

Mrs. Hattie Stuart of Rumford Corner is the guest of Mrs. E. C. Stuart.

Lone Mountain Grange held an all-day meeting Saturday, Jan. 6. John L. Bailey installed the officers in the afternoon.

On Monday, Jan. 8, born to the wife of Dan Campbell, a daughter.

The moving picture entertainment which was in the town hall Saturday evening was well attended.

Chan York is working in a mill at Byron.

The Ladies' Aid met with Mrs. Irving Akers Wednesday.

East Bethel.

Urban Bartlett is at home from Byron for a few days.

Ray Parker was week-end guest of Robert and Wm. Hastings.

Mrs. H. E. Bartlett attended Oxford Pomona at Norway.

Mrs. Lucetta Bean has returned to Norway to do dressmaking.

Odber Jones of East Sumner was here one day last week.

Dr. C. Y. Davis, inspector, has been testing all the cows in this vicinity. They all passed the tuberculin test but four, which were shipped to Auburn.

Urban Bartlett has purchased a yoke of oxen for work at Byron.

North Stoneham.

Mrs. Maud McAllister is at East Stoneham with her daughter, Mrs. Eva Richards, caring for her son, Carroll McAllister, who has been very sick with pneumonia but is gaining.

Lyman Chute has moved to the farm he purchased of Dennis Adams, and Charlie Chute has moved into John Adams' house.

Mrs. Wm. Adams is very sick with heart trouble.

Lottie Butters of North Lovell is working for Mrs. M. E. Allen.

Rev. Mr. Spear on the Board of Trade.

"The Board of Trade ought to have a respectable funeral," said Rev. C. I. Spear in a sermon that he preached Sunday morning at the Deering Memorial Church, on the text, "A city that is set upon a hill cannot be hid." The following is taken from the sermon.

The Board of Trade has so long been dead it ought to have a respectable funeral. Yet possibly I may be mistaken, it may be not dead, it only sleepeth. If it is dead, why not bury it and let another be born to take its place? If it is only sleeping, let some loud voice call into its grave "O Board of Trade, come forth."

The business men of South Paris are asleep at their job in putting the city on the hill so that it can not be hid. No town anywhere has more attractive features than South Paris. It has great business facilities. 8400 in this town, 3000 in Norway, with the surrounding towns there are 10,000 people from which to draw trade. No better class of business men on the whole can be found. In all the towns where I have lived I have never dealt with a more courteous, more accommodating, more honest lot of men than the business men of South Paris. Yet here is the situation; 10,000 people and a whole lot of them going to Norway and Lewiston. Folks are not anxious to pay car fare and waste time in travel. A good slogan for all would be "South Paris First," yet some of us are forced to put it second because of the attractive inducements others offer.

South Paris is the center of trade for this section. Yet what is the Board of Trade doing to put the city on a hill of publicity so that it can not be hid? The town did wake up at Christmas, led on by the enthusiastic push of a woman, it put on a program that made one of the brightest Christmases the town ever enjoyed. The Fourth of July and Thanksgiving afford equal opportunities to stimulate community spirit. Possibly the Board of Trade may be doing much on this line, but never having attended their regular (?) meetings and never having been invited to sleep beside the peaceful corpse I am not wise to all their plans.

The scenery of the Oxford hills is unsurpassed. The apples of the Oxford Bears are becoming famous. No place more than Paris Hill, with its fine perspective of the White Mountains, with its fine water and cement sidewalks, with its historical buildings, birthplace and monument of Hannibal Hamlin, is more worthy of wide publicity. How much is the Board of Trade boosting Paris Hill?

Where will you find in all New England, churches the equal in architectural beauty and attractiveness, and in moral and spiritual leadership? While we owe much to the people of foreign shores, yet to the New Englander it is a delight to live where the Continental ways have not broken down our American institutions. Few towns have such a large percentage of church-going people as here. The Board of Trade goes to church on Sunday, listens to the eloquence of the preacher, and goes to sleep on Monday, forgetting that "A city that is set upon a hill cannot be hid."

Our schools may be no better than the best, yet the teachers are women of quality and wide awake to present progressive methods and ideas. The New Grammar School will soon displace the Brick, old, unsanitary and inadequate. Men are always ready to put down their money for schools. There will be no dissenting voice next town meeting for a New Brick. The only question: what will meet the future need?

But, who ever heard any one boasting of the town library? Is it not a beauty? We boast of our business facilities, of our churches and our schools; but who ever talked with a stranger without hanging his head in shame when forced to apologize about the public library? Good enough for the grandads but hardly adequate to meet the needs of the present. No public reading room for men, no opportunity to see a half hundred good magazines and papers with which the youth could be familiar. Insufficient shelf room and improper cataloging. Hardly a town in the state but has some attractive building in some bright spot in the town's center. And here we are, an American people desiring education and culture without that which many small country hamlets have.

O! Board of Trade, what are you doing about this matter? For an answer comes a contentful snore and a request to be let alone and not disturbed, for sleep is so sweet and indifference is so easy. Awake! O thou that sleepest. "A city that is set upon a hill cannot be hid."

Maine News Notes.

This is said to be the hardest season to get and hold men for work in the woods that the lumbermen of Maine have ever known.

The six presidential electors for Maine on Tuesday cast their votes for Hughes and Fairbanks. Beecher Putnam of Houlton, one of their number, was chosen messenger to deliver one of the certificates to the president of the senate at Washington.

A man identified as Robert Havey of Somes Sound was overcome by gas in a Bangor lodging house and died in the hospital later from the effects. It is supposed that he blew out the gas, but he died without recovering consciousness, so no explanation could be secured.

Former President William H. Taft was a speaker before the annual meeting of the Maine State Bar Association at Augusta Wednesday. In the afternoon Mr. Taft gave an address on Edward Livingston, and he spoke informally at the banquet in the evening. Hon. John A. Morrill of Auburn was chosen president of the association.

Attorney General Guy H. Sturgis on Thursday announced the appointment of Franklin Fisher of Lewiston as assistant attorney general. Mr. Fisher is 28 years of age. He was educated in the Lewiston schools and at the University of Chicago, graduating from that institution in 1912. He then took a course in the law school of the University of Maine, and was admitted to the Androscoggin bar in 1914.

The fifth of the Warr brothers to meet a tragic death was Capt. Peter J. Warr of Calais, who was killed on the 2d by being struck in the head by the main boom of his schooner, the Lizzie Lane, while entering Eastport harbor. Two of the brothers were drowned in the St. Croix river near their home, one went overboard from his schooner in Eastport harbor, and another, Capt. George Warr, lost his life when the schooner Julia A. Warr turned turtle off the Massachusetts coast in 1896.

Commissioner of Agriculture John A. Roberts has appointed Frank S. Adams of Bowdoinham as state dairy instructor to succeed J. H. Blanchard of Auburn. Mr. Adams has long been prominent in the Republican politics of Maine, was for some years Sagadahoc County member of the Republican State Committee, is a former member of the board of County Commissioners of Sagadahoc County, a former member of the old cattle commission and served as dairy instructor during the last Republican administration.

Francis E. Hammond.

The death at Rochester, N. H., of Francis E. Hammond, aged 90, is reported this week. Mr. Hammond was the oldest native born citizen of Woodstock and for several years had been in possession of the Boston Post cane. In recent years he had passed the winters with a relative, Mrs. Rudolph Kramer at Rochester. He was the son of Jason and Burry (Churchill) Hammond. For a few years he lived in Paris, but nearly all of his life was passed in Woodstock on a farm. While living in Paris in 1850, he married Hannah H. Robbins of Sumner, who died July 11, 1898. Mr. Hammond was a veteran of the Civil War, where he served as an orderly.

It is announced that perfection of a method of making cloth from the fibre of the stinging nettle may make Germany and Austria independent of cotton imports. Underclothing made from stinging nettles! Wow!

Prisoners of Parliament.

Few people are aware that the houses of parliament have their own prison. Yet situated high up in the clock tower is the M. P.'s prison, consisting of four bedrooms and two sitting rooms.

The honorable member who has been dishonored by imprisonment for a breach of parliamentary etiquette does not have a very hard life in St. Stephen's prison. The prisoner's meals are sent up to him from the house of commons kitchens, and he can choose whatever dishes he likes from the ordinary menu. Unlike an ordinary prisoner, he receives the bill for his meals from the catering authorities.

Perhaps the best remembered occupant of parliament's prison was Mr. Bradlaugh, who was sentenced by the speaker to imprisonment in the clock tower for refusing to withdraw when requested so to do.

Offenders against parliament other than members have been sentenced to imprisonment in the clock tower. These "outsiders" have included several public speakers and the editor of a prominent newspaper. — Pearson's Weekly.

Only Three of a Kind.

Thomas R. Marshall shares with John Adams and Daniel Tompkins the distinction of being the only vice president re-elected to that position with the same president. In other words, neither successful party at an election has ever elected the same ticket twice except in the cases of George Washington and John Adams, James Monroe and Daniel Tompkins and Woodrow Wilson and Thomas R. Marshall.

Of the second term presidents, Jefferson had with him in the vice presidential chair Burr and Clinton, Madison had Clinton and Gerry, Andrew Jackson had Calhoun and Van Buren, Lincoln had Hannibal Hamlin and Andrew Johnson, Grant had Schuyler Colfax and Henry Wilson, the latter dying in office; Cleveland had Hendricks in his first election and Adlai Stevenson in his second, and McKinley first had Hobart and then Roosevelt.—New York Post.

Explosives.

The whole power of any explosion, whether it be a burning or a detonation, which is a sudden flying of certain chemicals into gas all at once everywhere throughout the mass regardless of heat, is caused by nature's total refusal to permit two bodies to occupy the same place at the same time. Gunpowder occupies a hole drilled in a rock deep enough to accommodate a pint. A fuse explodes it.

During the time it takes that pint of gunpowder to change to a gas it grows so that there are 401 pints of gas occupying the hole—or trying to. If the hole is strong enough they might. But it isn't. They push the rock apart and make room for themselves. If it was a pint of good dynamite there would be a volume of 847 pints of gas trying to occupy that pint hole. And if it was blasting gelatin 1,386 pints!—Scientific American.

Spoiling the Tobacco.

Winchcombe St. Peter, in Gloucestershire, began the cultivation of tobacco in England toward the end of the sixteenth century, and the inhabitants are said to have derived considerable profit from it until the trade was placed under restrictions. An entry in Pepys' Diary on Sept. 19, 1667, concerning the coming of a cousin of his to town proceeds: "She tells me how the life guard which we thought a little while since was sent down into the country about some insurrection was sent to Winchcombe to spoil the tobacco there, which, it seems, the people there do plant contrary to law and have always done and still been under force and danger of having it spoiled, as it hath been oftentimes, and yet they will continue to plant it. The place, she says, is a miserable poor place."—London Globe.

When Your Child Cries
at night and tosses restlessly, you feel worried. Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children Break up Colds in 24 hours, relieve Feverishness, Constipation, Teething Disorders, and destroy Worms. Used by Mothers for 30 years. All Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y. 5J

The Templars.

The order of the Templars was organized about the year 1118 for the purpose of protecting pilgrims on their way to the Holy Land and back. The founder of the order is supposed to have been Baldwin II., king of Jerusalem. For a long time the Templars was the most highly honored organization in Europe, but jealousy on the part of the sovereigns, coupled with their desire to get hold of the great wealth of the Templars, caused the persecution of the order, which finally (about 1308) resulted in its practical extinction. The order was abolished in 1812.—New York American.

Retort Courteous.

This is the sort of conversation one overhears between newly married couples:

Him—Oh, I'm tired of hearing about your brother Bob! Shut up about him! One would think he had all the manly virtues.

Her—Well, he may not be such an angel as all that, but he isn't such a fool as you are.

Him—You bet he isn't. He's a bachelor!—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Man's Handicap.

How old is a man when life becomes a burden?

When a woman loses her shape and digestion she can find consolation in the claim that she is about the best thing in the world, but a man can't do it.—E. W. Howe's Monthly.

Must Have Feet.

Little Harvey — Mamma, has your tongue got feet? Mamma—Of course not. What makes you ask such a question? Little Harvey—I heard papa say your tongue ran all day long, and I wondered how it could run without any feet.—Exchange.

Information Wanted.

Miss Citybred—What are those queer looking animals out there in that field? Farmer Geehaw—They are the cows that supply us with milk and cream. Miss Citybred—And where are the cows that supply us with the beef tea? —Exchange.

PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

Keep the Feet Dry.

During the winter season more than at other times during the year colds, bronchitis and pneumonia have been traced to exposure and getting the feet wet.

The person who is frail or worn out from loss of sleep or overwork has all he can do to resist any form of disease that may be prevalent. If he goes for a number of hours with the soles of his feet damp he is sure to pay for his carelessness by having sore throat, cold or more serious affection.

The well and strong are just as liable to be injured by having wet feet as the weak and feeble.

When the shoes and stockings are damp, take them off as soon as possible after getting indoors. Rub the bare feet with the hand or a rough towel until the feet feel warm and the circulation is fully restored. Before putting on dry stockings rub the feet again, using plain alcohol or spirits of camphor.

Persons who are employed all day away from their homes should always keep a pair of stockings, shoes and overshoes at their places of business.

Many a case of bronchitis and pneumonia is the result of having wet feet all day.

Accepting the Inevitable.

A man is known by the manner in which he accepts the inevitable. The wisest and happiest man is the one who looks into the future and discerns the inevitable at the greatest distance. Such a man then goes out, meets the inevitable at least halfway, slaps it on the back, takes it by the hand, envelops it with his aura and asks it to stay to lunch.

The miserable of earth are those who are continually trying to dodge the inevitable. Perhaps they shut their eyes when they hear that it is expected, or oftentimes they jump into bed and pull the clothes over their heads. The madhouses are full of people who have quarreled with the inevitable so much that neither polite society nor impolite will have anything more to do with them. Some of them will not admit that there is such a thing as an inevitable even after it has come and gone.

The first lesson parents should teach their children is that whenever any one wants to give them the inevitable they should accept it instanter.—Life.

First Conquest of the Matterhorn.

The formidable peak known as the Matterhorn long remained unconquered. No less than eight attempts were made by Edward Whymper alone. The ninth was successful, but was marred by a terrible catastrophe. While descending, soon after leaving the summit, Hadow, one of the party, slipped, dragging four others with him. The remaining three were well placed and managed to save themselves by holding firmly to the rocks. The rope between them, however, broke, and they saw their unfortunate comrades disappear over the edge, to fall the depth of one mile to the glacier below. This was two generations ago. Now scarcely a summer day passes in times of peace when a dozen mountaineers, men and women, do not reach its summit.—National Geographic Magazine.

First in Something.

According to their own account, the children were first in something at school. One was first in reading, another in arithmetic, another in sports. Bertie alone remained silent.

"Well, Bertie, how about you?" his uncle asked. "Aren't you first in anything?"

"Yes," said honest Bertie; "I am first out of the building when the bell rings."—New York Times.

History Repeats.

Two men were once talking over their respective sons' careers at college, and one remarked:

"Well, I sometimes feel like saying, as did Aaron in the wilderness, 'Behold, I poured in the gold and there came out this calf.'"—New York American.

Prudent Man.

"Had any luck in the stock market lately?"

"The best ever."

"How much did you clean up?"

"Not a cent. I listened to a still small voice and stayed out."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Two Barks.

What is the difference between the bark of a tree and that of a dog?

One is the product of the bough, the other of the "bowwow."

Cowardly.

Bounder—I took you home the other night. Rounder—Yes, and then, you coward, you left me to face my wife alone.

Price and Quality.

"It is a mistake to eat cheap, inferior food."

"It may be inferior, my friend, but it's never cheap."—Washington Star.

BLUE STORES
STILL SELLING
Overcoats and Mackinaws
Step in just a moment and pick out yours. You can hardly afford not to because you will surely have to pay more next year and get much poorer quality also.
This Is a Case Where It Does Not Pay to Wait.
The story is just the same about Suits, Sweaters, Underwear, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Mittens, and many other articles.
Very few articles we are selling you that you would know there was a war and high prices. We can't do it much longer so be wise and take advantage.
F. H. Noyes Co.
SOUTH PARIS, TWO STORES NORWAY.

Horse Blankets
Will Be Much Higher Next Season.
It is a wise man that buys a good supply this year at the low prices I am selling the balance of my stock of horse blankets at.
James N. Favor, Proprietor
OF THE
Tucker Harness Store
91 MAIN STREET, NORWAY, MAINE.

VIVIAN W. HILLS
Jeweler and Optometrist
THE FINEST AND BEST STOCKED JEWELRY STORE IN TOWN
Repairing at Reasonable Prices
Our optical department is by far the best equipped in this part of Oxford County.
Lenses matched, frames rep

The Oxford Democrat.

South Paris, Maine, January 16, 1917

SOUTH PARIS.

SOUTH PARIS POST OFFICE.

Office Hours: 7:30 A. M. to 7:30 P. M.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Beginning Jan. 14, 1917,

TRAINS LEAVE SOUTH PARIS

Going east: 8:45 a. m., local, daily; 5:02 p. m., express, daily.
Going west: 9 43 a. m., express, daily; 6:03 p. m., local, daily.

CHURCHES.

First Congregational Church, Rev. A. T. McWhorter, Pastor. Preaching service, 10:45 A. M.; Sunday School 11:45 A. M.; Y. P. S. C. E. 6:00 P. M.; Evening service 7:00 P. M.; Church prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30 P. M. All, not otherwise connected, are cordially invited.

Methodist Church, Rev. C. I. Spear, Pastor Preaching service 10:45 A. M.; Sabbath School 12 M.; Epworth League Meeting 6:00 P. M.; prayer meeting Wednesday evening 7:30.

Baptist Church, Rev. G. Howard Newton, Pastor. On Sunday, preaching service 10:45 A. M.; Sabbath School 12 M.; Y. P. S. C. E., 6:15 P. M.; prayer meeting 7:00 P. M.; Wednesday evening prayer service 7:30. Seats free. All are welcome.

Universalist Church, Rev. Chester Gore Miller, Pastor. Preaching service every Sunday at 10:45 A. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Y. P. C. U. meeting at 6:30 P. M.

STATED MEETINGS.

F. & A. M.—Part Lodge, No. 94. Regular meeting Tuesday evening on or before full moon. I. O. O. F.—Mount Mica Lodge, regular meetings Thursday evenings of each week.—Aurora Encampment, first and third Monday evenings of each month.

D. of R.—Mount Pleasant Rebekah Lodge, No. 8, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month in Odd Fellows' Hall.

G. A. R.—W. K. Kimball Post, No. 148, meets first and third Saturday evenings of each month in G. A. R. Hall.

W. R. Kimball Circle, Ladies of the G. A. R., meets first and third Saturday evenings of each month, in Grand Army Hall.

S. of V.—Joshua L. Chamberlain Camp meets on the second and fourth Fridays of each month.

P. of H.—Paris Grange, meets first and third Saturday of each month, in Grange Hall.

K. of P.—Hamlin Lodge, No. 31, meets every Friday evening at Pythian Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Record have been visiting in Portland for a few days.

Carl Mason of Auburn was the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Mason, a few days last week.

The Kupple Klub was pleasantly entertained Thursday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Merrill.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Morton entertained a party of friends at their home Thursday evening, when five tables were filled at rook.

Miss Marion Wheeler of Newton, Mass., Bates College '20, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Alton C. Wheeler over the week-end.

The Economical Club met with Mrs. Martha Evans last Wednesday and will meet with Mrs. Chas. E. Brett on Wednesday of this week.

The Second Division of the Fan Tans will meet at the club rooms Tuesday for a social afternoon and evening. Hour of meeting is half-past two.

Mrs. J. D. Haynes entertained a number of lady friends Wednesday afternoon at her home, when four tables were filled at auction bridge. Delicious refreshments were served.

The Married Ladies' Whist Club was entertained Thursday afternoon by Mrs. P. E. Hathaway at her home. The next meeting in two weeks will be with Mrs. Wirt Stanley.

The train service was tangled up again for some hours Thursday by some rolling stock off the rails near Gilead. Both the forenoon eastbound trains were delayed until the early part of the afternoon.

Newton Stanley of South Portland has spent the past week with his relatives here, and Mrs. Stanley has been here for the past few days. Mr. Stanley was somewhat indisposed, and took a week's vacation.

The Democrat doesn't often brag of a "scoop" on any important item of news, but it does seem to have announced the curtailment of the Grand Trunk passenger service last week, substantially as it went into effect, before any other paper heard of it.

A printed list of social committees for the several months of the year, in the form of a neat folder, has been issued by the ladies of the Congregational church. In this way notice is given to the members of their appointment, and the list is available at all times.

William H. Pratt, who has been here for a few weeks, left Wednesday morning for his home in Rose, Iowa. He was accompanied by his brother's widow, Mrs. Lucy Pratt, long a resident here, and her son Albert. Mr. Pratt will make a home for them with him.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. B. Crockett left Friday morning for Abington, Mass. Mr. Crockett will spend some days or weeks there and in the vicinity, and Mrs. Crockett expects to remain there for a month. Miss Agnes Pinkham is housekeeper at the Crockett home during their absence.

While coasting on Clark Hill on Main Street last Monday evening, Miss Doris Rankin was slightly hurt by being thrown from the sled and struck by another sled. She was unable to teach on Tuesday, and her place was taken for the day by Mrs. Ralph Butts, but she resumed teaching on Wednesday.

Officers of the Ladies' Aid of Deering Memorial Church for the coming year have been chosen as follows:

Pres.—Mrs. S. C. Ordway.
Vice-Pres.—Mrs. Ernest Millett.
Sec.—Mrs. Charles Dudley.
Treas.—Mrs. Arthur Graves.
Supt. of Social Dept.—Mrs. Lucy Edwards.
Entertainment—Mrs. T. M. Davis.
Flower Mission—Mrs. George F. Farnum.

The night school conducted by Mrs. M. C. Joy for the benefit of foreign-born residents has so far brought out some eight pupils, all adults, in two grades, one for beginners in English, and the other for more advanced work for those who have some knowledge of the language. All are Finns except one, who is a Greek.

On her eighth birthday last Wednesday, Catharine Chapman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Donald P. Chapman, entertained a party of fifteen of her young friends. Hours were from 4 to 6 in the afternoon, and the young guests were there in spite of the storm. Refreshments were served of ice cream and a birthday cake ornamented with eight candles. The decorations were in pink.

The Seneca Club meets this Monday evening with Mrs. Hattie Barnes. The program is as follows, continuing the topic of home economics:

Roll Call—Current Events
The Well Balanced Ration — Mrs. Madge Gray
New Ideas About Cheese — Mrs. Catharine Fernald
Demonstration—Laying the Luncheon and Dinner Table — Mrs. Ethel Hathaway
Reading—Novel Uses of the Chafing Dish — Mrs. Gertrude Littlefield

News has been received by relatives here of the death on the 11th of December, at Penryn, Calif., of Austin L. Jones, at the age of 84 years. Mr. Jones was a native of Maine, and served for three years in the First Maine Cavalry. His wife, who survives him, was the daughter of Harvey Houghton, who with his family formerly lived in Paris for some time, and now has relatives here. Mr. and Mrs. Jones were married in Weld in 1859, and celebrated their golden wedding in 1909. They have lived in California for thirty years or more.

Officers of Wm. K. Kimball Circle, Ladies of the G. A. R., were installed on the 6th by Department Junior Vice-President Mrs. Lizzie Millett as follows:

Pres.—Mrs. Benjamin Hicks.
S. V. C.—Mrs. Ellen M. Curtis.
J. V. C.—Mrs. Elizabeth Buck.
Treas.—Mrs. Eva S. Ordway.
Sec.—Mrs. Elizabeth Edgerly.
Chap.—Mrs. Isaac Monk.
Pat. Inst.—Mrs. Lydia Rounds.
Con.—Mrs. Eva Record.
Asst. Con.—Mrs. Love Dresser.
Guard—Mrs. Emily Cook.
Asst. Guard—Mrs. George Waterhouse.
Representatives to Department Convention—Mrs. Eva Record, Mrs. Eva R. Ordway, Mrs. George Waterhouse, Mrs. Lupira Murch, Mrs. Emily Cook.
Alternates—Mrs. Sarah Chute, Mrs. Georgia Bisbee, Mrs. Lydia Rounds, Mrs. Flo Knapp, Mrs. Mary Lovejoy.

The W. C. T. U. will meet at the small vestry in the M. E. church Tuesday afternoon.

The Ladies' Social Union will hold a regular meeting in the church parlor Wednesday at 2:30 P. M.

The store of the Cole-Wiggin Company will be closed on Wednesday of this week for annual stock-taking.

Mr. McWhorter's subject at the Congregational church next Sunday evening will be "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde."

Alton C. Wheeler attended the annual meeting and banquet of the State Bar Association at Augusta Wednesday.

Miss Lyndell Churchill of North Paris and Miss Hazel Clark of Kennebunkport were week-end guests at J. E. Murch's.

The officers of Aurora Encampment will be installed at their meeting this Monday evening by District Deputy Lewis E. Monk and suite.

Dr. Tryon of Boston gave a very interesting and instructive lecture at the Congregational church Sunday morning on the subject of "International Peace."

With the new arrangement of trains, the post office will be kept open till 7:30 at night, to allow for distributing the up mail. The morning mail east will close at 8 o'clock.

Mrs. Geo. R. Morton and Mrs. Albert E. Dean and daughter Dorothy were in Boston and vicinity several days last week, going Wednesday morning and returning Saturday night.

Mt. Mica Lodge will work the First Degree at its meeting Thursday evening of this week. The officers recently installed are planning do the work in the Initiatory Degree for the coming year.

The Baptist Ladies' Aid will meet with their president, Mrs. F. A. Heidner, next Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock to make plans for the year. It is important that a large attendance is present.

At the annual meeting of Mt. Mica Building Association held Friday afternoon, Alton C. Wheeler was re-elected clerk, and the Board of Directors for the ensuing year is N. Dayton Bolster, Horace L. Swan and Irving E. Andrews.

Mrs. Alton L. Jacobs went Wednesday to the Central Maine General Hospital at Lewiston, where she later underwent a serious surgical operation. According to latest reports she is doing very well, and there is prospect of a speedy recovery.

The Western Maine Branch of the Woman's Board of Missions will hold their annual meeting in Portland at Williston Church on Friday, Jan. 19 Sessions at 9:45 and 2:00. The delegates from the local Congregational church are Mrs. T. S. Barnes, Miss Eva Walker and Mrs. A. T. McWhorter.

A joint public installation will be held by Hamlin Lodge, Knights of Pythias, and Hamlin Temple, Pythian Sisters, at Pythian Hall next Friday evening, to be followed by a short entertainment and refreshments. Arthur Walker, D. G. C., and staff of Oxford will install officers of Hamlin Lodge and Mrs. Fannie Eastman and staff of South Paris will install the officers of Hamlin Temple.

Sunday morning Dr. C. L. Buck was taken completely by surprise when he was addressed before all the united departments of the Deering Memorial Sunday School, by Geo. F. Farnum, who made very felicitous remarks and presented the doctor with a $10.00 gold note with which to purchase a Bible. The doctor has just entered the twentieth year as superintendent of the school, and the gift was presented from the whole school in appreciation of his long and faithful service. The school has had a steady growth under his leadership.

Quite a variety of weather during the past week, including some of the mildest and some of the coldest of the winter. Thermometers Saturday morning were from 7 to 17 below zero in different parts of the village. The snow of Saturday night, and the heavy rain of Sunday, freezing at night, have made the traveling something rather fierce. The street railway is hit particularly hard. On Sunday the car got only as far this way as Beal Street. Monday morning the factory workers were taken to Norway by team. At present the rails are frozen under most of the way, and the prospect of an immediate opening of the track is rather poor.

The following is the cast for "No Trespassing" to be given by the senior class of Paris High School:

Bill Meader, "on the town,".....Henry West
Jim Meader, son of Bill,.....Guy Knightly
Mr. Palmer, a New England farmer, ... Henry J. Wetherell
Cleveland Tower, a young city fellow, Raynor's guest,....Wesley S. Spear
Herbert Edmand Raynor, a young Englishman,.....Glenn C. Ross
Mr. Irving, father of Lisle,.....Maynard Curtis
Lisle Irving, a lively city girl,...Muriel S. Bowker
Peggy Palmer, a young lady of 18, ... Eva A. Andrews
Mrs. Palmer, Peggy's mother, ... Madeline A. Peabody
Barbara Palmer, a girl of ten years, ... Evelyn H. Wight
Almeda Meader, who explains herself, ... Elizabeth M. Muzzy

Cleon C. Farrar's Residence Burned.

The building occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Cleon C. Farrar was burned flat Friday afternoon. It was owned by Mr. Farrar's father, E. H. Farrar, and stood near the rear of the latter's house on Park Street east of the bridge. The building was not entirely finished inside. The Farrars at one time ran a wet wash laundry there, but have recently been living in it.

It was between half-past one and two o'clock when the fire was discovered overhead around the chimney, which stood near the middle of the building. Mr. and Mrs. Farrar were both in the house at the time, and threw some water on the fire, but it spread so rapidly over the building that it was soon on fire all over, and in spite of their efforts, all they were able to save was a table and two chairs. Even their clothing was burned except what they had on.

A telephone call to the Paris Manufacturing Co.'s factory brought a good number of men as quickly as they could reach the house, but the building was so far gone that they had nothing to do. The rear end of Mr. Farrar's house was wet down, and a watch kept on it, but it was not near enough to the burning building to be seriously in danger.

There was some insurance on the building.

Train Changes as Announced.

As indicated in the Democrat last week, the passenger service of the Grand Trunk Railway has been curtailed, and the new schedule is practically according to the forecast then given. It went into effect on Sunday.

Two through trains daily are taken off, the train going east in the early morning, and the evening train west. The forenoon train east goes about an hour earlier than usual, and the afternoon train west, which has left South Paris at 3:35, now leaves at 6:03.

This gives us two trains each way, leaving as follows: Eastbound, local, 8:45 A. M.; express, 5:02 P. M. Westbound, express, 9:43 A. M.; local, 6:03 P. M. All these trains are daily, and the service on Sunday is the same as on week days.

It is announced that this arrangement is for two months anyway, and may continue as long as the war lasts. So much of the railroad equipment has been requisitioned by the Canadian government for use in freight movements made necessary by the war, that the curtailment of the passenger service is imperative.

If we are to have only two trains a day, this schedule is doubtless about as good for us in this section as any that could be arranged.

Hazelton-Bennett.

At the home of Miss L. M. Stearns in Bethel, on Thursday evening, Jan. 11, Mr. Harry H. Hazelton of Sumner and Miss Carrie May Bennett of Paris were united in marriage. Rev. J. H. Little officiated, using the single ring service. It was a very enjoyable evening for the few friends who were present.

Mr. Hazelton is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus R. Hazelton of Sumner, and has been in the employ of the bride's father. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bennett of Paris, and a graduate of Paris High School. They will reside in Paris.

For regular action of the bowels; easy, natural movements, relief of constipation, try Doan's Regulets. 25c at all stores.

The Year 1916 Locally.

A little belated, the Democrat presents the following brief recapitulation of local events during the year 1916:

JANUARY

2, 3, 4—Show of Western Maine Poultry Association, Norway Opera House.

13—Anniversary banquet and ball of Paris Grange.

18—Mrs. Charlotte Ellis and F. A. Whittemore each broke an ankle by a fall.

20—First of the several leap year balls, at Grange Hall.

20—Meeting of Home and School Association.

22—Mt. Mica Lodge, I. O. O. F., visited West Paris Lodge by special train.

30—Mrs. Angie W. Bolster broke her hip by a fall in her house.

FEBRUARY

5—Boys' Corn Club organized at the grange.

11—"Just Plain Folks" presented at Grange Hall by the seniors of the high school.

17—Musical under auspices Mt. Mica Lodge of Odd Fellows.

18—Hamlin Lodge, Knights of Pythias, observed the fifty-second anniversary of the order. Address by Col. A. M. Soule of Woodfords.

21—Dinner party on the 89th birthday of Silas P. Maxim.

24—Concert by Miss Margaret Abbott of New York, in Grange Hall.

MARCH

3—Annual ball of Hamlin Lodge, K. P.

4—Girls' Canning Club organized at the grange.

6—Annual town meeting. Generally harmonious session.

7, 8—Japanese fair at Universalist vestry.

7—Annual village corporation meeting. Short session, with no contests and no special business.

11—Sixty-ninth birthday party of W. S. Starbird.

14-25—March term of Supreme Judicial Court, with a number of trials. Patrick J. Harrington was convicted of the murder of Thomas E. Preece, and appealed. Hiram Scovil Steeves of Mexico was convicted of bigamy, and Jesse Perry of Mexico of abortion, and both appealed, and there was other important criminal business.

21—"The Black Heifer" presented at Grange Hall by West Sumner people.

21—Joint meeting of W. C. T. U. and Home and School Association at Congregational vestry. Address by Miss Florence M. Hale.

24—Family party to celebrate the 78th birthday of Gilman Whitman.

31—High school seniors and others started on their trip to Washington.

APRIL

4—Last big snow storm of a delayed winter.

10—Eightieth birthday party of Mrs. Ann E. Gould, at the home of her son, W. E. Morse.

19—Base ball season opened, Paris High School defeating a town team.

19—Field day of A. W. Walker & Son.

23—Easter observed at all the churches.

30—Evangelist Felix Powell opened a revival campaign which continued for seventeen days, in Deering Memorial Church.

MAY

4—Mt. Mica Lodge observed the ninety-seventh anniversary of Odd Fellowship, with address by Grand Secretary Charles E. Jackson.

6—Paris Grange entertained visitors from West Paris Grange and Pleasant Pond Grange of West Sumner.

11—South Paris firemen called to Bethel to fight forest fire, but found the fire under control.

21—Memorial Sunday observed by the Knights of Pythias.

28—Memorial Sunday observed by the Odd Fellows.

28—Memorial Sunday sermon by Rev. Chester Gore Miller.

30—Memorial Day observance under auspices of Wm. K. Kimball Post, G. A. R. Parade omitted on account of rain. Address by Principal Frank E. Hanscom of Gould Academy, Bethel.

JUNE

5-7—Universalist state convention at Norway, the sessions of which had a large attendance from South Paris.

7—Meeting of Oxford County Patriotic Association at Central Park.

8, 9—"Our Wives" presented at Grange Hall for the benefit of the Tennis Club.

11—Baccalaureate sermon before the graduating class of Paris High School by Rev. A. T. McWhorter, at the Congregational church.

14—Diplomas conferred upon the sixteen graduates of Paris High School, by State Superintendent of Schools Payson Smith, at the Congregational church.

16—Close of the school year.

16—Alumni banquet of Oxford Normal Institute and Paris High School, at Grange Hall.

19—Co. D, Second Regiment, called out in preparation for service on the border.

19—Primary election. Candidates for state and county officers named.

22—Co. D left for Augusta on the early train.

22—Delta Alphas visited Mrs. Raymond Gates at Stearns Hill, going by tally-ho.

27—Sunday School field day at fair grounds. Address by Professor Henry W. Brown of Colby College, sports, etc.

27—Buildings of Charles S. Dudley on Stearns Hill burned by lightning, and other places struck, in a severe shower.

29—Second Regiment left Augusta for Laredo, Texas.

29—Seneca Club field day at Lake Auburn.

30—Sparks' circus at Charles Street grounds.

JULY

4—Quietest Independence day on record at South Paris. Heavy rain and low temperature made overcoats a necessity.

6—Universalist Sunday School joined the Norway school in a picnic at Gibson's Grove.

11—Field day of Fan Tans at Highland Cottage.

13-17—Community Chautauqua at fair grounds. Afternoon and evening programs for the five days had a good attendance.

24—Special senatorial primary.

27—Field day of Fidelis class of the Congregational Sunday School, at The Pines, Kezar Lake, Lovell.

30—A notable "yellow day," caused by smoke from forest fires in Canada.

AUGUST

1—Political campaign opened with Democratic meeting at fair grounds, addressed by Kenneth C. M. Sills, candidate for United States Senator, Governor Oakley C. Curtis, and Congressman Daniel J. McGillicuddy.

8—Picnic of the Philathea Class of the Baptist Sunday School at Mrs. Annie Wheeler's.

8—Family picnic party at Ronello Edwards', with twenty-eight present.

9—County grange field day, adjourned from fair grounds to Grange Hall because of rain. Speakers, State Master W. J. Thompson of China, President Robert J. Aley of the University of Maine, and State Lecturer C. O. Purinton of Bowdoinham.

11—E. M. Thayer suffered a broken hip in a fall from a load of hay.

15—Mountain Grange players from North Buckfield presented "Between Two Lives" at Grange Hall.

18—Democratic rally at Grange Hall addressed by United States Senator Charles F. Johnson of Waterville.

21—Republican rally at Grange Hall addressed by Frederick R. Dyer of Buckfield, Franklin Fisher of Lewiston, and Hon. James S. Parker of New York.

23—Auction of the Dr. King stock at Kingdale Farm.

23—Barn of Henry D. Hammond at Paris Hill burned by lightning, and other damage done by lightning and hail in this and neighboring towns.

26—Special town meeting raised deficiency appropriation of $1100 for snow bills, and $600 for additional high school instruction at West Paris.

28—Republican Club organized.

31—Special train to Roosevelt meeting and torchlight parade at Lewiston, attended by several hundred from Oxford County.

SEPTEMBER

4—Republican rally at Grange Hall addressed by Hon. Raymond Robins of Chicago, preceded by torchlight parade and flag raising.

8—Automobile parade to Lewiston to hear Charles E. Hughes.

9—Democratic rally at Grange Hall addressed by Judge Harris L. Webber of Auburn.

11—State election. Republicans swept the state.

12, 13, 14—Great county fair, with perfect weather.

Case of infantile paralysis in town caused suspension of schools, Sunday schools and other gatherings for a week or two.

19, 20—Oxford United Baptist Association met with the South Paris church.

23—House of A. W. Walker on Pleasant Street burned. Fire discovered about 2 o'clock in the morning. The stable was saved, but the house was ruined.

25—Schools opened.

26—Result of state election celebrated in good shape by the Republicans of South Paris and Norway, with parade, illuminations and speaking.

27, 28—Oxford County Sunday School Association had its annual convention at the Congregational church.

OCTOBER

2—Club season opened.

8—Go-to-Sunday-School day brought out a total of 518 in the four South Paris schools.

10-18—October term of Supreme Judicial Court, with a number of civil trials involving small amounts. Chief Justice Albert R. Savage presiding. No criminal trials, but a number of sentences imposed.

20—District convention held with Hamlin Lodge, Knights of Pythias, with an attendance of about 175.

25—Reception to Co. D, Second Regiment, on its arrival in town after service on the Mexican border. Parade, decorations, bells and whistles, with banquet and ball at Norway in the evening

29—Union meeting for Armenian and Syrian relief, at Congregational church.

31—Reception of the W. C. T. U. to teachers and parents, at the Congregational vestry.

NOVEMBER

7—National election. Result well known, though first reports indicated a different one.

9—Norway Lodge, I. O. O. F., visited Mt. Mica Lodge by special invitation.

11—Neighborhood party celebrated the eightieth birthday of Mrs. Ellen E. Blake.

13, 14—Adjourned session of October term of court. Patrick J. Harrington, convicted at the March term of the murder of Thomas E. Preece, withdrew his appeal, and was sentenced to state prison for life.

15—Temperatures from zero to 10 below reported.

15, 16—Fair of Universalist Ladies' Social Union.

17—The Democrats celebrated the result of the election in a blaze of glory, in spite of cold weather and snow, with parade, illuminations, etc.

30—Thanksgiving Day enjoyed by the usual family reunions, notwithstanding a steady downpour of rain for the day.

DECEMBER

2—Special town meeting appropriated $1000 to pay outstanding highway bills.

5—Oxford Lodge, F. and A. M., of Norway, visited Paris Lodge by invitation.

6—Albert B. Bean of Waterford committed to jail, charged with the murder of his daughter.

6, 7—Annual fair of the Congregational ladies.

5-7—Corn club boys attended the conference in Portland, as guests of the Maine Canners' Association and the Portland Chamber of Commerce.

15—Grade schools closed.

15, 16—Heaviest fall of snow in one storm in some years.

22—High school closed.

23, 24, 25—Community Christmas Tree, with carol singing by the school children around the tree on the evenings of the 23rd and 24th and the morning of the 25th, and a union service at Deering Memorial church Sunday evening, the 24th.

30—Milk producers of the county met at Grange Hall to organize under the auspices of the New England Milk Producers' Association.

The Spelling Contest.

Considerable interest was manifested in the Julia Hammond spelling contest of the Paris schools, held at the high school building Friday evening. Although it was zero weather, some of the teachers from West Paris and a number of the pupils were present, and a good number of others who were interested.

In opening, Principal Carver of the high school explained the conditions of the contest. There were two divisions, one for students of the high school, the other for pupils in the grades, sixth to ninth inclusive. Albert D. Park propounded the words for the high school division, and Miss Lena L. Franck for the grades. There were some twenty-five or thirty entries in each division, and the contestants "stood up and spelled down" in the old fashioned way, remaining in the line until they missed a word.

The prizes were two dollars and a half each, for the boy and the girl winner in each division. In the high school division the prizes were won by Miss Marion Hollis of South Paris and George Metcalf of West Paris, both sophomores. In the grades division the prizes went to Miss Laura Brooks and Stanley Greene, both of South Paris and both in the eighth grade. The prizes were awarded by Superintendent Joy.

These prizes are given by Charlotte F. Hammond, M. D., in honor of her mother, Mrs. Julia Hammond, of note as a speller.

Bennett-Morrill.

There was a very pleasant quiet wedding service at the residence of Geo. F. Morrill at West Bethel, Tuesday evening, Jan. 9, when his daughter, Miss Violet R. Morrill, was united in marriage with Clarence M. Bennett. Rev. J. H. Little was the officiating clergyman, using the single ring service. Both the young people are well known in Bethel and West Bethel, where a host of friends wish them a long, happy life. They will reside in Bethel.

DON'T LET SKIN TROUBLES SPREAD

Red, pimply skin that itches and burns is embarrassing, and gets worse if neglected. Bad skin is a social handicap and a constant source of worry. Correct it at once with Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment. This healing ointment kills the germ, soothes the irritation and quickly restores your skin to normal. For babies suffering the tortures of eczema, or for grown-ups who have long fought chronic skin ailments, Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment is a guaranteed remedy. At your druggist, 50c.

Death of Miss Julia C. Snow.

SUFFERING NERVOUS BREAKDOWN, IS FOUND UNCONSCIOUS IN BOSTON.

Miss Julia C. Snow of Paris Hill, who had been with Miss Harriet Shaw in Boston, was found Saturday morning unconscious on the bank of the Charles River in that city. She was taken to a hospital, but died about noon of that day without recovering consciousness.

Miss Snow had suffered some losses through investment in stocks, and through worry over this had suffered a nervous breakdown. During Friday night she rose and put on a light raincoat over her nightgown, with a pair of boots not buttoned, but no stockings, and left the house.

In the morning her absence was discovered, and she was later found by a policeman on his rounds, lying on the snow-covered ground as above stated.

She was the daughter and only child of Mrs. Mira Crocker Snow and the late T. T. Snow, and was 35 years of age. Her father died when she was a small child, and she and her mother have since made their home at the old Crocker homestead on Paris Hill, spending the summer seasons and sometimes the entire year here, but usually being in Boston or elsewhere during the winter. Mrs. Snow is now in Portland, where she has spent the past few days, they having only recently left their home at Paris Hill.

Medical Examiner Magrath, who performed an autopsy on Sunday, declared that Miss Snow committed suicide by drinking chloroform.

Dr. Tryon Speaks on Peace.

James L. Tryon, Ph. D., of Boston, director of the New England department of the American Peace Society, gave an address here Saturday forenoon on "The Parliament of Man," before a meeting of the teachers of the town. The meeting was originally appointed at the high school building, but was held in Savoy Theatre to give the use of the lantern for the slides used in illustrating the lecture.

Superintendent Joy presided at the meeting, and besides Dr. Tryon's lecture there were on the program several selections by the high school orchestra, singing by the pupils of several of the grades in charge of Mrs. Barnes, the music teacher, a short talk by Superintendent T. C. Morrill of the Norway and Waterford district, and a health talk by Dr. Stewart. Most of the teachers of the town were present, and a considerable number of pupils and parents.

Dr. Tryon's address was devoted largely to a review of the history of the peace movement in its various manifestations, and the manner in which it is making some progress. We have acted, he said, on the wrong principle of the "balance of power" as it has been applied in Europe, and it may be that this great war will result in showing us that the only way to make the rights of all peoples secure is to have a federation of nations.

When Napoleon was overthrown at Waterloo in 1815, the world was weary of war, and in that year the first beginnings of the peace movement were made. The first man to propose an organization of nations was William Ladd of Maine, who in 1828 organized the American Peace Society, the largest peace society in the world.

The first Hague conference was called by the czar of Russia in 1899, only a little more than seventeen years ago. Forty-six nations were represented there, and this was the first time that there had been a general conference of nations looking toward the abolishment of war. The second Hague conference met in 1907, and its permanent home, the peace palace, built largely through the gift of Andrew Carnegie, was dedicated in 1913.

The speaker took up the three essential principles of the Hague system, mediation, international commission of inquiry, and arbitration, and recounted in detail instances under each of these several principles where war had been ended or a threatened war averted by their exercise, showing some progress of the peace idea.

Reference was made to the League to Enforce Peace and its proposed plan. Without expressing himself strongly on the matter, the speaker gave it as his opinion that the plan would encounter practical difficulties in its application, and that more progress would be made by endeavoring to advance voluntary action by the nations and cooperation in their efforts.

A large number of illustrations showing the men who had participated in the various activities referred to, the gatherings at the Hague and elsewhere, the buildings where some of the famous meetings had been held, and other things of interest, were thrown on the screen.

The Church and Men.

A very interesting letter is being sent out by Rev. C. I. Spear asking many prominent men their opinion concerning the problem of the relation of men to the church, asking why it is so many men are not more actively interested in church work. Among those to whom he has sent letters are Gov. Carl E. Milliken, some of the leaders in the present legislature and Oxford County officers; also leading professional and business men of South Paris and Norway. The questionnaire is as follows:

1. Why do not more men attend church?
2. Why are not more men members of the church?
3. Do you think the churches of your acquaintance are generally doing the work you believe the Church of Christ was founded to accomplish? If there are weaknesses will you suggest them?
4. What do you consider the most helpful features of church life to-day?

The answers to these questions will be read next Sunday evening in the auditorium of Deering Memorial Church. The names of the writers of the letters will not be read unless special permission is given. Any one not happening to receive a letter from the pastor is invited to send him any communication and he will treat it as the writer requests.

The following Sunday, Jan. 28, Mr. Spear will begin a series of sermons based on the suggestions received. The subjects of these will be distributed next Sunday night. These sermons will be preached in the auditorium Sunday evenings with a special musical program each night. Everybody is invited.

Conductor Wentworth Bound Over.

On Wednesday Albert S. Wentworth of Island Pond was arraigned in the Norway Municipal Court charged with manslaughter in connection with the Grand Trunk collision of Dec. 24 in which five men lost their lives. He pleaded not guilty, waived examination, and was bound over in the sum of $2000, bonds being promptly furnished.

Wentworth was arrested on a complaint sworn out by County Attorney Belliveau, following the finding of the public utilities commission which fixed the direct responsibility for the accident upon Wentworth. Deputy Sheriff B. R. Billings arrested Wentworth at his home at Island Pond. He was represented at the hearing by attorneys from Island Pond and St. Johnsbury, Vt.

Vital Statistics of 1916.

According to the records in the office of the town clerk, there were born during the year 1916 in Paris, and in other towns to Paris parents, a total of 75 children. Four of these are recorded as stillborn. Of the 71 living children, 41 were boys and 30 girls.

The number of marriages recorded for the year is 58. In 27 of these both parties were residents of Paris, in 18 one party was a resident, and in 13 neither party was a resident. This accounts for 72 residents of the town who were married during the year.

The number of deaths in Paris, including a few residents of the town who died in hospitals elsewhere to which they had gone for treatment, was 44. The oldest was Mrs. Columbia Parris, who died on the 18th of June, at the age of 102 years. The next oldest was Mrs. Sardina Cummings, who was 93. These were the only two over 90. The number of deaths in the other decades was as given below. There were only three deaths at ages between 3 and 42 years, and of these one was a suicide:

Between 80 and 90	7
Between 70 and 80	9
Between 60 and 70	6
Between 50 and 60	4
Between 40 and 50	2
Between 30 and 40	1
Between 20 and 30	1
Between 10 and 20	4
Between 1 and 10	1
Under 1 year	7

SLOAN'S LINIMENT FOR STIFF JOINTS

Rheumatic pains and aches get into the joints and muscles, making every movement torture. Relieve your suffering with Sloan's Liniment: quickly penetrates without rubbing, and soothes and warms your sore muscles. The congested blood is stimulated to action; a single application will drive out the pain. Sloan's Liniment is clean, convenient and quickly effective, it does not stain the skin or clog the pores. Get a bottle to-day at your druggist, 25c.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

All poll and personal taxes must be paid at once or your name will appear in the town report.

HARRY D. COLE,
Collector.

NORWAY.

Marion L. Bartlett, who died at his home in Springfield, Mass., on the 3d inst., was born in Norway Oct. 13, 1846, the youngest son of Ichabod and Lorana Bartlett, and one of a family of fourteen children. He received his education in Norway, and learned the shoemaker's trade, but since going to Massachusetts in early life he has been connected with paper mills, most of the time at East Pepperell, Mass., until his retirement a few years ago. He leaves a wife and six children, and is survived by a sister, Mrs. Ellen Woodbury, and a niece, Mrs. Charles H. Downing, both of Norway.

Officers of the Norway Commercial Club for the year are:

Pres.—Dr. Harold M. Allen.
Vice-Pres.—Albert L. Clark.
Sec.—Howard B. Young.
Ex. Com.—Albert J. Stearns, Eugene N. Swett, Henry B. Foster.

The limit of sixty members has been raised to seventy-five. By a new rule the rooms will be open each Wednesday afternoon to the wives of members, and one evening each month will be devoted to their entertainment.

Mrs. Donald F. McGrew has joined her husband in Milford, Mich., where he has a position.

As the sequel to the contest in the Universalist Circle, Mrs. F. E. DeCoster's group, who were the losers, entertained the winners of Miss S. B. Prince's group at the home of Mrs. Frank H. Beck Wednesday evening. A musical program was given, followed by games and sewing, with refreshments.

Jesse Farnum has finished work in the Norway National Bank and returned Wednesday to his home in Pittsfield.

Rev. Marcus H. Carroll, rector of St. Andrews Episcopal Church, Hanover, Mass., formerly at Norway, was a recent guest of Mrs. Emma H. Bickford.

The Swastika Club met Wednesday evening with Miss Charlotte Lovejoy.

The annual meeting of the Norway Board of Trade will be held in the Municipal Court room Friday evening, the 19th.

Mrs. George A. Cole entertained a family party Tuesday in honor of the fourteenth birthday of her granddaughter, Laurestine Foster.

The Thimble Club met with Mrs. Georgia Andrews Tuesday afternoon. Sandwiches and confectionery were served to go with the sewing.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. Merriam Thursday at 2 o'clock.

Tuesday evening the Parish Club was entertained at the store of the E. N. Swett Shoe Co. Officers elected for the year:

Pres.—H. L. Horne.
Vice-Pres.—R. S. Osgood.
Treas.—J. N. Tubbs.

The Hathaway Bock, which includes the F. P. Stone drug store, several offices on the second floor, and the Modern Woodmen Hall, has been sold to Frank P. Stone, proprietor of the drug store. Extensive repairs are to be made on the building.

Howard D. Lasselle started Monday for Great Falls, Montana, where he has a position in the copper smelting works in which his father and brother are employed. He will be there for several months. Mrs. Lasselle and daughter Frances are staying with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Cummings, at Norway Lake.

In a fast game at the Opera House Friday evening, the Norway High School basket ball team defeated a team from the Lewiston Athletic Club 28 to 18.

Alfred I., son of Irvin E. and Annie C. (Walker) Brown, died at the home at Norway Lake on the 10th, at the age of 11 months. Besides the parents, there are two brothers and two sisters. The funeral Saturday was attended by Rev. Merton A. Snow of Mechanic Falls, and burial is at Pine Grove Cemetery.

Oxford Lodge, No. 1, Ark Mariners, had its annual voyage at Masons' Hall Wednesday evening, when seven candidates took the degree, and there was a banquet and social time. Officers chosen are:

V. P.—Stuart W. Goodwin.
Ark Master—W. S. Cordwell.
Ark Mate—Wm. L. Frothingham.
Treas.—Lee M. Smith.
Sec.—George W. Holmes.

Annual reports of the Congregational Sunday School show an average attendance of 130 for the year. Officers for the coming year are:

Supt.—L. F. Pike.
Asst. Supt.—Dr. Arthur W. Easton.
Sec.-Treas.—Ralph S. Osgood.
Asst. Sec.-Treas—Paul Hosmer.
Librarian—E. L. Burnell.
Asst. Librarian—Mrs. Gladys Rich.
Asst. Librarian—Esther Pike.
Junior Dept. Supt.—P. F. Stone.
Asst. Dept. Supt.—Mildred J. Holmes.
Home Dept.—Mrs. Fannie Holmes.
Cradle Roll—Mrs. Hattie

While Your Coal-Hod has been shrinking KEROSENE has stayed the same

Coal has been going up—and up!

The papers say it may jump still higher before the winter is over.

Go light on coal—burn

SOCONY KEROSENE

A gallon of Socony Kerosene costs from 10 to 15 cents. Burned in a Perfection Oil Heater it will warm any ordinary room for 10 full hours.

10 or 15 cents worth of coal is about half a scuttle-full—and there's small comfort in a scuttle of coal these days.

A Perfection is on when you need it and off when the weather turns mild. You carry it upstairs and downstairs, wherever you want it.

But the furnace stays in the cellar, steadily burning up the dollars.

Get out your old oil heater, or order a new one today. See that the grocer delivers Socony Kerosene and noother, because Socony is the Standard Oil Company's best grade of refined oil. Look for the Socony Sign in his window.

WE SELL SO SOCONY KEROSENE OIL STANDARD OIL CO. OF N.Y.

STANDARD OIL CO. *of* NEW YORK
(Principal Offices)
New York Albany Buffalo Boston

This is Daisy Baker's Mother. Her hints and suggestions on household economy and home baking, which will appear in these columns from time to time, will be found of interest and value to every housewife.

What Can You Do to Cut Down the Cost of Living?

"Start in with baking at home. It's easy to make good bread—better than you can buy—and you'll be surprised how much you can save.

"What you save on the cost of the bread is only half the story. The better your bread, the more your family will eat, and, in eating more bread they will naturally eat less of other more expensive foods.

"There is twice as much food value in a pound of flour as in a pound of meat—and the meat will cost you probably five times as much.

"All you need is a good recipe and a good flour—these two things are essential.

"One of the best flours that I know—one that I have used in my own baking for years, is made in Ohio—right in the Miami Valley where the rich limestone soil produces a soft winter wheat of peculiarly superior quality.

"Ask your grocer for a sack of

WILLIAM TELL FLOUR

"It's easy to work with; you can use it for everything, and it gives a most delicious nutty flavor to your baking.

"Try it in your own home."

WILLIAM TELL FLOUR is the *Flour of the Triple Guarantee.* Guaranteed under the Ohio Better Flour Label, by the manufacturer who made it, and by the grocer who sells it.

WILLIAM TELL FLOUR

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.

In the matter of ALVAH RICH, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy

To the HON. CLARENCE HALE, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine:

ALVAH RICH of Roxbury, in the County of Oxford, and State of Maine, in said District, respectfully represents, that on the 3rd day of June, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of Court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays, that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankruptcy Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 15th day of November, A. D. 1916.

ALVAH RICH, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss.

On this 30th day of Dec., A. D. 1916, on reading the foregoing petition, it is

Ordered by the Court, That a hearing be had upon the same on the 9th day of Feb., A. D. 1917, before said Court at Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in The Oxford Democrat, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors, and other persons in interest, may appear at the said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further Ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the HON. CLARENCE HALE, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Portland, in said District, on the 30th day of Dec., A. D. 1916.

[L. S.] JAMES E. HEWEY, Clerk.

A true copy of petition and order thereon.

1-3 Attest: JAMES E. HEWEY, Clerk.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.

In the matter of PERLEY K. DELANO, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

To the HON. CLARENCE HALE, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine:

PERLEY K. DELANO of Rumford, in the County of Oxford, and State of Maine, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 18th day of Nov., last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of Court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays, That he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankruptcy Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 28th day of Dec., A. D. 1916.

PERLEY K. DELANO, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss.

On this 30th day of Dec., A. D. 1916, on reading the foregoing petition, it is

Ordered by the Court, That a hearing be had upon the same on the 9th day of Feb., A. D. 1917, before said Court at Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Oxford Democrat, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors, and other persons in interest, may appear at the said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court, That the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the HON. CLARENCE HALE, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Portland, in said District, on the 30th day of Dec., A. D. 1916.

[L. S.] JAMES E. HEWEY, Clerk.

A true copy of petition and order thereon.

1-3 Attest:—JAMES E. HEWEY, Clerk.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.

In the matter of ALBERT A. EASTMAN, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

To the HON. CLARENCE HALE, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine:

ALBERT A. EASTMAN of Rumford, in the County of Oxford, and State of Maine, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 15th day of April, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of Court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays, That he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said Bankruptcy Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 22nd day of December, A. D. 1916.

ALBERT A. EASTMAN, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss.

On this 30th day of December, A. D. 1916, on reading the foregoing petition, it is—

Ordered by the Court, That a hearing be had upon the same on the 9th day of February, A. D. 1917, before said Court at Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Oxford Democrat, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors, and other persons in interest, may appear at the said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court, That the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the HON. CLARENCE HALE, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Portland, in said District, on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1916.

[L. S.] JAMES E. HEWEY, Clerk.

A true copy of petition and order thereon.

1-3 Attest:—JAMES E. HEWEY, Clerk.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Metchnikoff as a Cook.

One day some distinguished visitors who had arrived in Paris and were being escorted about by a committee were taken to call upon the late Professor Metchnikoff, the famous scientist who believed that the secret of long life lay in diet, toward the hour of noon. The laboratory was all but empty, as most of the workers had departed for that sacred meal, the French dejeuner. But Metchnikoff was there himself intent on a vessel he was holding over a gas burner.

"It must be a very interesting experiment that keeps you engaged even at this hour," remarked one of the committee.

"Look for yourself," said Metchnikoff, and, continuing to stir with a glass tube, held up the dish so that a delicious fragrance rose to the noses of the visitors.

"That's what I'm working at," he laughed, "bananas in slices, fried in butter. They are excellent."—World's Work.

THIS—AND FIVE CENTS!

DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup; Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets.—Shurtleff Co.

"Did you hear that Jiggs was killed while traveling in Kentucky?"

"No. How was he killed?"

"In a feud."

"And I always told him not to ride in those cheap cars."

WHAT TO DO FOR BAD COLDS

If you want a cough medicine that gives quick and sure action in healing colds, coughs or croup, get Foley's Honey and Tar. It heals inflamed membranes in throat, chest or bronchial tubes; breaks up tight coughs, loosens phlegm, makes breathing easier, stops tickling in throat. Contains no opiates. —Shurtleff Co.

Mrs. Popson—I was reading where Mr. Edison says that four hours' sleep is enough for any man.

Popson—That seems to be the baby's idea too.

EIGHTY-SEVEN YEARS OLD

H. H. Adams, Springfield, Mo., writes: "I had a severe attack of kidney trouble. I am getting old, 87 years. I tried different treatments, but none did me so much good as Foley Kidney Pills." Foley Kidney Pills build up weakened kidneys, help rid the blood of acids and poisons, and relieve bladder troubles.—Shurtleff Co.

Principal—"I don't want to hear of your going automobiling with young Hicks any more."

"Fair One—"No, ma'am—next time you won't hear of it at all."

DIFFERENT KINDS OF COUGHS

Colds lead to different kinds of coughs—"dry cough," "winter cough," la grippe cough, bronchial cough, asthmatic cough, and racking, painful cough to raise choking pheigm. Enos Halbert, Paoli, Ind., writes: "I coughed continually, could hardly sleep. Foley's Honey and Tar relieved me, curing my cough entirely."—Shurtleff Co.

She—"Why has Bill such a fine open countenance?"

He—"Because you can see right through him."

WORTH ATTENTION OF WOMEN

When you feel too tired to work, wake up weary, have backache or pains in sides, when you suffer rheumatic twinges you may be sure the kidneys are disordered. Fay Shelburg, All, Mo., writes: "I had kidney trouble two years. Nothing did me any good until I got Foley Kidney Pills. Two 50c boxes cured me."—Shurtleff Co.

Prof. Physics—"Now, young man, what is a vacuum?"

Young Man—"Why, er-er, well, it's in my head, Professor; but I can't seem to think of it just now."

SIGNS OF GOOD HEALTH

Bright eyes, clear skins, alert brains, and energetic movements are signs of good health. You don't have them when digestion is impaired and fermenting, decaying food clogs the intestines. Foley Cathartic Tablets set you right. Act without pain, griping or nausea. Too-stout persons welcome the light feeling they bring.—Shurtleff Co.

CHIMNEY FLUE STOPPERS

That will fit. That are perfectly safe. If in need send fifteen cents with size. Get one by next mail.

WM. C. LEAVITT CO., 44tf Norway, Maine.

For Croup--Mothers--Always Keep This Handy

The day of the Croup scare is over for those parents who wisely keep Foley's Honey and Tar Compound in the home ready for instant use.

Mrs. Chas. Reitz, Allen's Mills, Pa., writes: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for the past eleven years and would not be without it. It has saved me many a doctor's bill for colds and croup."

If toward nightfall the little ones grow hoarse and croupy, if their breathing becomes wheezy and stuffy, give them Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. Many a careful mother has been able to ward off an attack of spasmodic croup by its timely use.

If you are awakened by the hoarse brassy cough that means croup, give Foley's Honey and Tar Compound at once. It will ease the little sufferers quickly, cut the thick choking phlegm, and soon they will have easy breathing and peaceful quiet sleep.

★★★Every User Is a Friend.

A. E. SHURTLEFF & CO., . South Paris, Me.

NOTICE.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of The partnership of ASEKOFF & PEREKY, the individual co-partners in which are Louis Asekoff and Harry Persky and they individually, of Rumford, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of the partnership of Asekoff & Pereky, the individual co-partners in which are Louis Asekoff and Harry Persky and they individually in the County of Oxford and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of Jan., A. D. 1917, the said partnership of Asekoff & Pereky, the individual co-partners in which are Louis Asekoff and Harry Persky and they individually were duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of their creditors will be held at the office of the Referee, No. 5 Market Square, South Paris, Maine, on the 24th day of Jan., A. D. 1917, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

South Paris, Jan. 6, 1917.

WALTER L. GRAY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

2-4

Female Help Wanted.

Do you want a place that offers you clean, pleasant, year-round work at fair pay—from the start—and a chance for real advancement if you make good? If you have, at least, a grammar school education we can give you employment at once as clerk in our subscription department—and a chance to rise. If you have a high school education or better we can give you the same start and even better chance for the future. We teach our employees typing, stencil cutting, advertisement and letter writing, proof reading, etc. This assures the ambitious ones either a chance to make good pay on a bonus basis or also to become understudies for some of the good executive positions. If a chance of this sort interests you, please write fully about yourself to C. H. LAMBERT, Pub. Inc., Dept. O. D., Augusta, Me. 2-4

HOMEMAKERS' COLUMN.

Correspondence on topics of interest to the ladies is solicited. Address: Editor HOMEMAKERS' COLUMN, Oxford Democrat, South Paris, Me

Serving Evening Refreshments.

When there are young people in the house, or where a certain amount of evening entertaining is done, the question of refreshments is sure to arise. Something good to eat always promotes sociability, especially if it is daintily served, but the "what" and the "how" often present something of a problem in order to avoid unnecessary confusion or the serving of what is utterly commonplace.

When a caller drops in informally for a short time, it is unnecessary to offer anything to eat or drink, but the pleasure of a little social visit is enhanced by light refreshments, and formal entertaining calls for special thought in relation to the style of refreshments served.

In many homes, a plate of delicious home-made candy, a basket of fresh bonbons, or a tray of appetizing fruit is always on hand to pass to the informal caller. Confectionery is very easy to serve and is relished by almost everyone. Fruit is a little more trouble, as it calls for plates, napkins, and sometimes, knives. Then, if it is at all juicy, the guests are left with sticky fingers which is not pleasant. Consequently, fruit in its natural state is not favored, unless served in such a way that finger-bowls can follow it. However, in the autumn, an artistically arranged basket or handled tray of different colored grapes and rosy-cheeked apples, with a border of brightly-hued foliage, can often be used to advantage. In this case, plates, napkins, and fruit knives are served, the tray passed, and each one allowed to select what he wishes.

If a group of young people is expected to spend the evening, it is a simple matter to prepare delicious light refreshments. A plate of assorted sandwiches, cocoa, lemonade, coffee, or fruit punch, depending upon the time of year and the weather, will be quite satisfactory.

If it is desirable to add something more to the refreshment menu, ice cream, a sherbet, a frappe, a mousse, or any other frozen delicacy, and cake will be appreciated. Fancy creams, frozen in shapes or served in slices, are pleasing to the eye, while a frozen dainty such as a frappe served in a punch cup or a tall-stemmed glass, may easily be garnished with a Maraschino cherry, a candied violet, or something to add to the festiveness of its appearance. For very simple refreshments, a generous serving of plain or fancy ice, nice home-made cake or delicate wafers, are sufficient for evening refreshments, without further elaboration.

For a very warm night in summer, lemonade, ice-cold fruit punch, root beer, ginger ale, or special fruit combinations, with or without wafers, may be served.

If a social function is given, the question of refreshments cannot be lightly dismissed. If games are enjoyed about small tables, these may be quickly spread with lunch cloths and set with the necessary silver, china and napkins. A bud vase with a single blossom makes a pleasing centerpiece. The guests are now served as they sit at their tables, and a sociable time is sure to be enjoyed.

If a different form of entertainment is in progress, little tables may be brought in ready set, and the guests assemble about them.

The chafing-dish lunch is not to be overlooked, for its possibilities for sociability are great. A tea-wagon makes an excellent chafing-dish foundation, as the dishes and supplies may be grouped together and brought in at the right moment. It is a comparatively small task to make a good Welsh rarebit, a hot creamed dish, or a batch of fudge, and everybody enjoys helping in the preparation. The tea-wagon disposes of the soiled dishes quickly.

If a tea-wagon is not available, a little shelved tea-table will do, and a tray may be used to carry away the things afterwards. One reason that a chafing-dish lunch is enjoyable is because everyone has more or less of a "finger in the pie," and the guests are all ready for the food when it is at its best. A plate of stewed prunes, stuffed with cottage cheese and walnuts, and rolled in red sugar, dates stuffed with pimiento cheese, or any other suitable relish, which may have been prepared before, may be added to this lunch.

If you have never offered this beverage to your guests, it is worth trying. To the juice of six grapefruit, add one small bottle of grape juice sweetened to taste, the juice of one orange and one lemon. Chill. Just before serving, add one quart of carbonated water and a little cracked ice. Serve very cold with a sprig of mint, or a candied or preserved cherry.

Whenever you serve refreshments, avoid giving the impression that it is a task. Make everyone feel that to have him with you is in itself a joy. There are some homes in which refreshment serving is a ponderous and ceremonious burden, whereas in others, hospitality is extended with an ease that makes the simplest offerings delightful. Avoid the use of anything which you cannot use naturally.

When the refreshments are over, the evidences of the serving should be removed quickly and skillfully. It is an art to plan the service so that rooms are not left in a disordered condition, unpleasant for the guests to remember after they have bid you good-bye. The key words of successful refreshment hospitality are, thoughtful anticipation, careful preparation, easy service, skillful removal, and cordial hospitality.

Recipes.

APPLE PUDDING

5 apples
1-4 cup molasses
1-4 cup brown sugar
1 teaspoon vinegar
1 teaspoon cinnamon
1-4 cup cold water
1 tablespoon butter

Grease the pudding dish, put in the apples which have been pared, cored, and quartered, then add the other ingredients in the order given and cover the top with a rich pie-crust. Bake thirty minutes.

NUTMEG TOASTIES

Whole-wheat or white bread
Butter
Nutmeg

Slice bread thin, cut in triangles, and toast. Paint each piece generously with melted butter, using a flat pastry brush. Sprinkle lightly with nutmeg. Set in hot oven three minutes. Serve with grapefruit marmalade.

BRAN BREAD

2 cups bran
2 cups bread-flour
1 egg well beaten
1 teaspoon salt
1-2 cup molasses
2 cups graham flour
1-2 cup seeded raisins (if desired)
2 tablespoons sugar
2 cups sour milk
1-2 teaspoon baking powder
1 teaspoon soda

Mix the sugar, salt and egg. Add the molasses, and then the sour milk containing the soda. Stir in slowly the bran and graham and bread-flour. Lastly, add the baking powder. If raisins are used, they should be floured and added just before the bread is put into the pans. Bake in a moderate oven for forty-five minutes. This makes two loaves and is especially good for children.

FAN-ROASTED POTATOES

6 potatoes
1-2 cup beef-fat
1 cup hot water

Use potatoes of medium uniform size. Dip each thoroughly in the water and fat mixed together. Put on a shallow pie-plate in a hot oven, and bake about three-quarters of an hour. This method can be used when no roast is at hand with which to cook the potatoes.

Don't get discouraged these days when work crowds you from every side. Do what you can and let the rest go undone. Haste makes waste you know.

There is only one thing to be done with a bitter experience—forget it. If there is a lesson in it, might extract that first.

HOW does he stand at the bank?

How often is this question asked, not only of the small, but the big business man? If you have a small account at the bank make up your mind to increase it. You cannot tell when you may need extra cash to extend your business. If you are right at the bank you not only have the cash at hand, but the bank will help you with a loan.

A community is judged by the number and the standing of its banks. Successful merchants make successful banks. And successful banks help to make successful merchants.

WE OFFER EVERY BANKING FACILITY.

We pay 2 per cent interest on check account of $500 and over, on even hundreds. Interest credited to your account last of every month.

Savings Department Connected with BRANCH BANK AT BUCKFIELD, MAINE.

PARIS TRUST COMPANY
SOUTH PARIS MAINE

ATTENTION —FARMERS

INSURANCE

We insure all classes of property against Fire, Lightning, Tornado, and make a specialty of Farm Buildings, Hay, Farm Machinery and Stock anywhere in Oxford County.

W. J. Wheeler & Co.,
South Paris, - - - Maine

No Chills *or* Draughts

The room where baby has his bath should be kept warm and comfortable.

Socony Kerosene used as fuel in a

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

adds cheer and warmth to any home.

It is clean, smokeless and dependable. It is economical, too, and can be carried easily from room to room, just as needed.

Ask your dealer to show you a *Perfection Heater*, or write us for a descriptive booklet, mailed free on request.

For best results use *Socony Kerosene*—insist on So-CO-ny.

Standard Oil Company of N. Y.
Stove Dept., . 50 Congress Street, Boston

SAFEST AND BEST

WE SELL SO SOCONY KEROSENE OIL STANDARD OIL CO. N.Y.

Rubbers With Red Soles

We have a good line of these rubbers made by the United States Rubber Company. They fit good, look good, and will wear well, and only cost a little more than the ordinary kind.

Men's $1.25, Boys' $1.00,
Women's 90c, Misses' 75c,
Children's 65c.

E. N. SWETT SHOE CO.,
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK, NORWAY, MAINE
Telephone 38-3
We pay postage on all mail orders.

STATE OF MAINE.

OXFORD, ss:
Court of County Commissioners, December session, A. D. 1916, held at Paris, within and for the said County of Oxford, on the 3rd Tuesday of December, A. D. 1916, being the 19th day of said month.

THE County Commissioners for the County of Oxford, in the month of September, A. D. 1916, as provided by law, made actual inspection of the County roads duly located and open for travel lying in unincorporated townships and tracts of land hereinafter mentioned in said County, for the purpose of ascertaining the condition of said roads and estimating the amount needed to put the same in repair so as to be safe and convenient for public travel; and it appearing on said inspection that said roads were not in good repair and not safe and convenient for purposes of public travel and that a tax should be assessed on said lands for the repair of said roads therein; they do therefore on the 19th day of December, A. D. 1916, adjudge and order that the following sums be assessed and the same are hereby assessed upon the following lands in unincorporated townships and tracts of land hereinafter mentioned, for the purpose of repairing the roads passing through them during the year 1917, to wit:

ON Andover West Surplus, for the purpose of repairing that part of the County road leading from Andover Corner to Upton which lies in said Surplus the sum of five hundred seventy-seven dollars and forty-four cents is assessed as follows:

Owners.	Descript'n.	No. Acres.	Value.	Tax.
Henry W. Dunn, part of homestead,		100	$ 984	$ 14 76
Umbagog Paper Co., balance of township,		6952	37513	562 68
				$577 44

And Burt Dunn of Andover North Surplus is appointed Agent to superintend the expenditure of the same according to law and is required to give bond as the law directs.

ON Andover North Surplus, for the purpose of repairing so much of the County way leading from Andover Corner to Upton as lies within said Surplus, and also so much of the Black Brook road, so called, as lies within said Surplus, and for permanent improvement and maintenance on the State Aid Road in said Surplus, the sum of eight hundred ten dollars and forty-four cents is assessed as follows:

Owners.	Descript'n.	No. Acres.	Value.	Tax.
Chas Chase, R. L. Morton lands,		559	$3354	$33 54
Chas. Chase, part of Hutchins farm,		170	1100	11 00
H. H. Hutchins, part of old Homestead,		30	184	1 84
John Gibbs, Homestead,		200	1308	13 08
Henry W. Dunn, homestead and lot,		300	1512	15 12
S. A. Abbott, lots No. 22 and 23,		189	1134	11 34
H. C. Abbott, lot No. 32,		127	762	7 62
Martha E. Bartlett, lots No. 30 and 31,		206	1236	12 36
Geo. E. & Chas. Smith, timber lot,		81	486	4 86
D. A. Marston, lot 24,		115	690	6 90
Berlin Mills Co., John Small farm,		174	1044	10 44
International Paper Co., lots 40, 41, 42, 47, 48, 49, and Marston lot,		873	4548	45 48
Umbagog Paper Co., Plummer lots 43, 44, 45 & 46,		436	2616	26 16
Umbagog Paper Co., remainder of township except public lots,		12214	61070	610 70
				$810 44

And it is hereby ordered that of this amount $300, which is a special assessment for that purpose, be expended for permanent improvement on the State aid road in said Surplus; that $210.44 be expended on the Black Brook road; and Henry L. Poor of Andover is appointed Agent to superintend the expenditure of the same, and is required to give bond as the law directs. And that the balance of $300 be expended on the road leading from Andover to Upton, and Burt Dunn of Andover North Surplus is appointed Agent to superintend the expenditure of the same, and is required to give bond as the law directs.

ON Township Letter "C" for the purpose of repairing the Black Brook road, so called, lying in said township, and also the "Carry Road", so called, which lies in said township, the sum of two thousand six hundred forty-eight dollars and eight cents is assessed as follows:

Owners.	Descript'n.	No. Acres.	Value.	Tax.
Union Water Power Co., of Lewiston, dam, lot and buildings,		200	$100000	$500 00
T. U. Coe, one-third, David Pingree, Ann Maria Wheatland and Anna P. Peabody, two-thirds of remainder of said township except public lots,		26851	429616	2148 08
				$2648 08

And it is hereby ordered that of this amount the sum of $2248.08 be expended on the Black Brook road. And Henry L. Poor of Andover is appointed Agent to superintend the expenditure of the same, and is required to give bond as the law directs. And that the balance of $400 be expended on the Carry road in said township, and E. F. Coburn of Middle Dam is appointed Agent to superintend the expenditure of the same, and is required to give bond as the law directs.

ON "C" Surplus, for the purpose of repairing so much of the County road leading from Andover to Upton as lies in said Surplus, the sum of one hundred fifty-four dollars and fifty cents is assessed as follows: Upon the entire tract, supposed to contain nine thousand, three hundred acres, exclusive of public lots, valued at $154,500 and owned one-third by T. U. Coe of Bangor, and two-thirds by David Pingree, Ann Maria Wheatland and Anna P. Peabody, the sum of one hundred fifty-four dollars and fifty cents; and Burt Dunn, aforesaid, is appointed Agent to expend the same and is required to give bond as the law directs.

ON Riley Township for the purpose of repairing the road in said township running up to the place formerly occupied by Wm. Gorman the sum of three hundred twenty-eight dollars and twenty-one cents is assessed as follows:

Owners.	Descript'n.	No. Acres.	Value.	Tax.
International Paper Co., lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, Range 1; west half of lot 2, R. 6; that part of lot 4, R. 8, and lot 4, R. 9, included in the state lot,		1969	$ 5605	$11 21
Blanchard & Twitchell Co., Wm. Mason lots 6, 7, 8 & 9, R. 1, and balance of township draining into the Androscoggin river north of Berlin Falls, N. H.,		4080	14294	28 58
True Estes, 1-3 lot 9, R. 13,		119	714	1 42
C. O. Demeritt, Ingalls homestead,		521	5210	10 42
J. A. Twaddell, lot 2, R. 7, N. W. quarter of lot 2, R. 8, Alonzo Fifield homestead, lot 4, R. 5, and W. 1-4 lot 2, R. 8,		1394	9672	19 74
Stillman N. Littlehale, homes'd,		480	4800	9 60
Mrs. W. E. Littlehale, homestead,		60	360	72
Wm. C. Chapman, lot 1, R. 15,		145	870	1 74
Seth Walker, lot 3, R. 9,		222	1332	2 66
Hastings Brothers, lot 2, R. 15, and 1-3 lot 9, R. 13,		169	1014	2 03
Umbagog Paper Co., bal. of township except public lots,		23116	120045	240 09
				$328 21

And C. O. Demeritt of Riley Township is appointed Agent to superintend the expenditure of said tax and is required to give bond as the law directs.

And it is hereby ordered that said assessment be published as the law requires.

GEORGE W. WALKER, WELLINGTON H. EASTMAN, DON A. GATES, } County Comr's of the Co. of Oxford.

A true copy—attest:—

ERNEST J. RECORD, Clerk.

1-3

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed administrator d.b.n. c.t.a. of the estate of

JAMES CURTIS, late of Paris,

in the County of Oxford, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

CARROLL G. CURTIS.

December 19th, 1916. 1-3

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.

In the matter of ODILON PARADIS, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

To the HON. CLARENCE HALE, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine:

ODILON PARADIS of Rumford, in the County of Oxford, and State of Maine, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 18th day of Nov., last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of Court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays, That he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankruptcy Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 27th day of December, A. D. 1916.

ODILON PARADIS, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss.

On this 30th day of Dec., A. D. 1916, on reading the foregoing petition, it is

Ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 9th day of Feb., A. D. 1917, before said Court at Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Oxford Democrat, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors, and other persons in interest, may appear at the said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court, That the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the HON. CLARENCE HALE, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Portland, in said District, on the 30th day of Dec., A. D. 1916.

[L. S.] JAMES E. HEWEY, Clerk.

A true copy of petition and order thereon.

1-3 Attest:—JAMES E. HEWEY, Clerk.

YOU CAN MAKE MONEY

right around your home, just as hundreds of men and women are doing. Work is easy, pleasant and permanently profitable. Be your own boss and build yourself right there. You take no risk, [illegible] Write for particulars, address, [illegible] Co., New York City. 1-3

State of Maine.

COUNTY OF OXFORD,
COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE,
South Paris, Maine, Dec. 1916.

The following list containing the aggregate amount of costs allowed in each criminal case audited and allowed by the Supreme Judicial Court and specifying the court or magistrate that allowed the same and before whom the case originated is published in compliance with the provisions of Section 13 of Chapter 137 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Maine.

BEFORE SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.
GRAND JURY.

State vs. Pierre ..... $ [illegible]
Perry ..... [illegible]
Barney ..... [illegible]
Clark ..... [illegible]
Chambers ..... [illegible]
O'Connor ..... [illegible]
Irish ..... [illegible]
Sparks & Martin ..... [illegible]
Ross ..... [illegible]
Bruman ..... [illegible]
Folland ..... [illegible]
Barnett ..... [illegible]
England ..... [illegible]
Harlow ..... [illegible]
Innis ..... [illegible]
Steeves ..... [illegible]
Doe ..... [illegible]
Furbish ..... [illegible]
Furbish ..... [illegible]
Parldy ..... [illegible]
Russell ..... [illegible]
Conrad ..... [illegible]
Foley ..... [illegible]
Perry ..... [illegible]
Harrington ..... [illegible]
Doe ..... [illegible]
Lapham ..... [illegible]
Smith ..... [illegible]
Heath ..... [illegible]
Davis ..... [illegible]
Zaliskis ..... [illegible]
Doe ..... [illegible]
Perry ..... [illegible]
Kadlick ..... [illegible]
Plante ..... [illegible]
Frost ..... [illegible]
Buttomovich ..... [illegible]
Britton ..... [illegible]
Ripley ..... [illegible]
Tatula ..... [illegible]
Swasey ..... [illegible]
Eastman ..... [illegible]
Roy ..... [illegible]
LaFlamme ..... [illegible]
Jacques ..... [illegible]

BEFORE SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.
MITTIMUSSES.

State vs. Ross ..... $ [illegible]
Furbish ..... [illegible]
Harrington ..... [illegible]
St. Pierre ..... [illegible]
Sparks ..... [illegible]
Barnett ..... [illegible]
Chambers ..... [illegible]
Cook ..... [illegible]
Davis ..... [illegible]
Jacques ..... [illegible]
Kadlick ..... [illegible]
Frost ..... [illegible]
Plante ..... [illegible]

BEFORE SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.
BENCH WARRANTS.

State vs. Harlow ..... $ [illegible]
Irish ..... [illegible]
Downs ..... [illegible]
Swasey ..... [illegible]

BEFORE SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.
TRAVERSE JURY.

State vs. Barnes ..... $ [illegible]
Steeves ..... [illegible]
LaFlamme ..... [illegible]
Russell ..... [illegible]
Pattontiez ..... [illegible]
Burnham ..... [illegible]
Irish ..... [illegible]
Foley ..... [illegible]
Casey ..... [illegible]
Conrad ..... [illegible]
Perry ..... [illegible]
Barnett ..... [illegible]
Harlow ..... [illegible]
Sparks ..... [illegible]
Chambers ..... [illegible]
Sparks ..... [illegible]
Harrington ..... [illegible]
St. Pierre ..... [illegible]
Sparks ..... [illegible]
Furbish ..... [illegible]
Perry ..... [illegible]
Russell ..... [illegible]
Pollard ..... [illegible]
Crowell ..... [illegible]
Barnes ..... [illegible]
Penzenro ..... [illegible]
Preallo ..... [illegible]
Reekie ..... [illegible]
Irish ..... [illegible]
LaFlamme ..... [illegible]
Conrad ..... [illegible]
Penzenro ..... [illegible]
Foley ..... [illegible]
Casey ..... [illegible]
Perry ..... [illegible]
Doyle ..... [illegible]
Tatula ..... [illegible]
Kadlick ..... [illegible]
Swasey ..... [illegible]
Jacques ..... [illegible]
Andrews ..... [illegible]
Perry ..... [illegible]

BEFORE RUMFORD FALLS MUNICIPAL COURT.
MATTHEW MCCARTHY, JUDGE.

State vs. Fred Russell ..... $ [illegible]
Eddie Foley ..... [illegible]
Casper Barney ..... [illegible]
Arthur Paradis ..... [illegible]
Toney Mundy ..... [illegible]
W. Crowell ..... [illegible]
Anton Paltumovez ..... [illegible]
Everett Burnham ..... [illegible]
Fred Furbish ..... [illegible]
Patrick J. Harrington ..... [illegible]
Joe Ross ..... [illegible]
Jesse Perry ..... [illegible]
H. L. Barnett ..... [illegible]
Eddie Foley ..... [illegible]
H. L. Barn