THE OXFORD DEMOCRAT.

VOLUME 77. SOUTH PARIS, MAINE, TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1910. NUMBER 24.

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Ely's Cream Balm
is quickly absorbed.
Gives Relief at Once.
It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Liquid Cream Balm for use in atomizers 75 cts.
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I will furnish DOORS and WINDOWS of any Size or Style at reasonable prices.
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It means glasses properly made and fitted to relieve all forms of eye strain. Our glasses are made right and fitted right. Our skill and experience is your guarantee.
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Also Bedding Plants in boxes, Geraniums, Lobelias, Begonias, Heliotropes, Annual Vines, etc., in pots.
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Good pie and cake—*every* thing good—is the constant fortune of the cook who uses
STOTT PEERLESS FLOUR
The surest way to know its superior goodness is to order a trial sack.
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DAVID STOTT PEERLESS PATENT FLOURING MILLS
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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

For Sale.
200 Oxford County Farms, and Village property; a Bakery with good business; a steam engine and some
Valuable Pine Timber Lots.
I can save you money. Come and see.
HAZEN'S
Farm and Real Estate Agency,
Oxford, Maine.
16-28

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of THEODORE I. LOWELL late of Denmark, in the County of Oxford, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.
May 17th, 1910. ARTHUR M. DEERING. 23-5

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.

In the matter of GEORGE W. GORMAN, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

To the HON. CLARENCE HALE, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine:

GEORGE W. GORMAN of Rumford in the County of Oxford, and State of Maine, in said District, respectfully represents, that on the 5th day of June, 1909, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of Court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays, that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankruptcy Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 26th day of May, A. D. 1910.
GEORGE W. GORMAN, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss.

On this 28th day of May, A. D. 1910, on reading the foregoing petition, it is

Ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1910, before said Court at Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in The Oxford Democrat, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors, and other persons in interest, may appear at the said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further Ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Hon. CLARENCE HALE, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Portland, in said District, on the 28th day of May, A. D. 1910.

[L. S.] JAMES E. HEWEY, Clerk.

A true copy of petition and order thereon.
Attest:—JAMES E. HEWEY, Clerk.

ORGANIZED 1828.
Annual Statement of the
Vermont Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
of Montpelier, Vt.
FOR THE YEAR ENDING DEC. 31, 1909.

Insurance in force Jan. 1, 1909,	$ 81,385,461 00
Written in 1909,	29,770,119 00
	$111,155,580 00
Policies terminated during the year,	25,741,468 00
Insurance in force Dec. 31, 1909,	$ 85,414,112 00
ASSETS DEC. 31, 1909.	
Deposit notes,	$ 7,804,338 00
Real estate,	22,000 00
Cash deposited in bank,	153,702 52
Cash in office,	695 79
Bills receivable,	123,413 69
Bonds,	10,681 00
Total assets Dec. 31, 1909,	$ 8,144,831 00
LIABILITIES.	
Re-insurance reserve,	$ 49,178 57
Losses adjusted, not yet due,	1,984 00
Losses reported,	18,491 00
Commission and brokerage,	9,257 70
	$ 78,911 27
Assets to protect policy holders,	8,065,919 73
	$ 8,144,831 00

SUMMARY FOR THE YEAR 1909.

Total admitted assets,	$ 8,038,919 73
Net surplus, not including dep. notes,	261,581 73
Losses paid in 1909,	311,529 74
Losses paid since organization,	7,541,204 88
Gain in assets in 1909,	438,124 06
Gain in net surplus,	39,245 06

Address all communications to F. H. & C. C. PLUMMER, General Agents for Maine, 121 Exchange Street, Portland, Me. 22-34

AMONG THE FARMERS.

"SPEED THE PLOW."

Correspondence on practical agricultural topics is solicited. Address all communications intended for this department to HENRY D. HAMMOND, Agricultural Editor Oxford Democrat, Paris, Me.

Conserving Soil Moisture.

Last year we had an early drouth. Many farmers were obliged to postpone planting until too late for best results. The corn ground lay in ridges just as the plow had left it, with not a particle of moisture above the furrow bottoms. Following my usual practice, I harrowed as fast as I plowed, and at least every week thereafter. When I got ready to plant, there was moisture in plenty. It was not until about June 4 that rain came and made it possible for others to get their ground in order. It was late, but that was not all; the spring moisture had been leaving the rough furrowed fields, and it is pretty sure to be wanted before the summer is over.

The opening of spring usually finds the soil saturated with moisture—several hundred tons to every acre. In winter and spring the rainfall is, as a rule, largely in excess of evaporation, while in summer it is the other way. The warm winds and the heat of the sun evaporate water from the surface of the earth rapidly. Besides evaporation, vast quantities are exhaled, in the growing season, by vegetation and trees. To replace this water lost at the surface, more is continually drawn up from below. The water level in the ground becomes lower and capillary action, which brings the water to the surface, gets more and more feeble. A rain may come to replenish the supply, or a drouth may come and the top layers of the soil be without moisture and the crops suffer. But something can be done to hold in reserve this spring supply of water. We can keep it for our crops, largely, if we will go to the trouble. In the San Joaquin Valley, Cal., where it does not rain in summer, they consider that they are all right for a grain crop, provided there is enough rain in winter thoroughly to wet the ground.

The soil should be harrowed down smooth as fast as it is plowed. Evaporation is more rapid in proportion as the surface is more uneven. If a rain comes and puddles the surface, be sure to harrow just as soon as dry enough. A crust should not be allowed to form. Stirring the soil breaks up the capillary circulation and keeps the water from the immediate surface, hence retarding evaporation. If a cultivated crop is planted on the ground, the stirring of the soil can go on for the greater part of the season. Do not wait for a rain, but keep the ground stirred.

The story is told of an Irish farmer in this section of South Jersey who wore out the patience of his hired help by keeping them behind the cultivators in a corn field during a long drouth. They didn't see any good in it. But he had a fair crop of corn, while his neighbors had none. By working a dust mulch on the surface, the spring stores of water were made to feed the crop, whereas in other cases it had escaped by evaporation before the corn had needed it. To get the best results, the ground should be left as nearly level as possible; consequently a weeder or a narrow-toothed cultivator is best.

Some will say that if a rain comes in time this extra tillage will be work thrown away, but it is not. The stirring of the soil, no matter how long before planting it may be, how fine the surface is, or how clean the crop, is never wasted labor. Tillage has been called a substitute for manure. It is undoubtedly true that most soils contain enough plant food for hundreds of good crops, but it is not in available form. Every time the soil is stirred, letting in the air and rearranging the particles, some chemical action is started and a little plant food is set free. I have made experiments to this effect, and it has proved to be true, so I ask every reader to try this plan and see if it will not be a benefit to him this summer.—C. A. Umoselle, Atlantic County, N. J., in Country Gentleman.

Why Does Ensilage Keep?

Several years ago, L. A. Sweet, a prominent Minnesota dairyman and lecturer on silos before the farmers' institutes, told me that he was sure ensilage did not keep as well in concrete, stone or brick silos, as in the round wooden ones, and that he had an explanation. He said he found always a few inches of spoiled, or at least very poor, ensilage next to the walls of all but wooden silos, and he had examined many. His idea was that heating the ensilage is necessary to kill the mold and germs, and that near the cold concrete walls the heat would be drawn away so fast by the wall that it did not heat sufficiently to become properly cured.

Another explanation given by a different man is that carbonic acid gas that is formed during the heating process preserves the ensilage, preventing decay and growth of mold, and that the necessity of a tight wall was not so much to keep the air out as the carbonic acid gas in.

It is known that a round silo, free from corners or cracks, is necessary for the best results, but who has made a real demonstration as to what really causes ensilage to keep?

A recent writer in the Ohio Farmer asked why his concrete silo, which he said was tight and had been water-proofed on the inside, did not keep his ensilage well, and was assured that probably another season it would be all right; but I think that the Sweet idea of cold walls is correct, and his troubles will continue until the silo is lined with wood, as was done on the Ewing farm at Peekskill, N. Y., where a big concrete block silo gave trouble until so lined.

Farmers should examine the ensilage carefully around the edges, and if it appears off in any way, taste and see if it is fit for feed. Wood is a good non-conductor of heat and cold, so that the temperature next to the walls is little different from that in the center, at least during the heating and curing stage, and even during the cold northern winters little trouble is experienced in wooden silos having two-inch staves.

The principal features of a good wooden silo are the following: 1. It must be round, or nearly so, to avoid all corners. 2. It should have a convenient set of doors or openings, practically continuous, and so arranged that they cannot be pinched by the pressure of the hoops, and are easily removed or replaced. 3. Strong hooping to keep the silo tight and prevent bursting or blowing down. 4. Tight joints, made by beveling to circle and matching. The tight joints of staves and doors at all points are the most essential of all.—Cor. Country Gentleman.

Lead Arsenate for Potatoes.

You ask for reliable information regarding the use of lead arsenate in spraying potatoes. Paris Green is not being used as formerly, as lead arsenate is much more effectual and remains on the leaves during the entire season when properly applied, is also more destructive to insect life.

The amount to be used is 4 lbs. to 50 gallons of water, to be used with the regular Bordeaux formula. The Bordeaux is a fungicide. The first application of course is more expensive but two applications thoroughly applied would last for the season.—Commissioner Gilman.

The dairy cow with a profuse flow of milk and a low cream test is robbing us by cutting down the profits of the whole herd, for she eats just as much high-priced feed and requires as much care and attention as the cow that turns in twice as much money. The Babcock, or some other test equally as reliable, detects these robbers; while a quick sale sends them where they belong and stops a leak in your dairy profits.

Eulogy on the Cow.

Grand and noble brute, of all man's animal friends she is the greatest. To her we owe the most; examine into all the different ramifications and channels of our commerce into which she enters and note the result. Should she be blotted out, a Sunday stillness would pervade the greatest stock yards of our cities. Grass would grow in the streets; seventy-five per cent of the great freight trains that now plow the continent from ocean to ocean, would side track, for there would be nothing for them to do; fully 50 per cent of the laborers of America would draw no pay on Saturday night; our tables would be bare of the greatest luxuries with which they are now covered; the great western plains, which she has made blossom, financially, like the rose, would revert to the Indian, from whom they came, and millions of prosperous homes would be destroyed. None other like the cow.

There is not a thing from nose to tail but what is utilized for use of man. We use her horns to comb our hair; her hair to keep the plastering on our walls; her skin is on our feet and on our horses' backs; her feet are made into glue; her tail makes soup; she gives our milk, our cream, our cheese, our butter, and her flesh is the greatest meat of all nations; her blood is used to make our sugar white; her bones, when ground, make the greatest fertilizer; even her paunch, which she herself has put through the first chemical process, is used for the manufacturing of the best white board paper.

No other animal works for man both day and night. By day she gathers the food, and when we are asleep at night, she brings it back to rechew and manufacture into all things of which I speak. It was her sons that broke the sod in the settler's clearings; it was her sons that drew the prairie schooner for the sturdy pioneers, as inch by inch they fought to prove that "westward the star of empire takes its way," and the old cow grazed along behind. Who says that what we are, we do not owe to man's best friend—the cow?—Col. Woods in Denver Ex.

Too Many Hens.

As a rule, there are too many hens on the farm; not too many in one sense of the word, but too many that have really passed the age of usefulness. To be worth anything to the farmer now, the hen must either be laying or rearing a brood of chicks. Some hens scarcely earn the food they consume during the day, yet the farmer and his wife are loth to part with them thinking it will not be long before they will begin to lay, but by the time they commence, the eggs have gotten to a lower price and the hens will have consumed more food than the additional number of eggs. If hens are not laying now, or are not sitting, they should be fattened and eaten on the table. The most profitable egg-producers are the hens that were hatched early in the spring a year ago, and have been laying since fall. In that event they are entitled to a rest. The pullets of last year do not always make the most desirable sitters and mothers, so each year a few older hens should be kept to do that work, but only the young layers retained to produce the eggs. The eggs to be used for hatching breeders, however, should come from older hens, the pullets are not usually of sufficient strength to produce good hardy layers. For broilers, the eggs from the pullets will answer quite as well as from older hens, although a great deal of care must be exercised in selecting the breed. The breed of fowls which will produce quick-growing broilers which spring up quickly and fill out at the same time. A small breed does not always make satisfactory broilers for market. In selecting either the pullets or hens and in culling out if it must be done, the farmer must use a great deal of judgment. Many dollars are saved by judicious sorting of the fowls often.

Grit on Free Range.

Some have the impression that it is not necessary to supply grit to fowls which are on free range, as the birds will find sufficient for their needs already at hand. This may be true where there is a gravel road near by to which the fowls have free access; otherwise not.

During a month's time, a large flock of fowls, daily foraging over the same space, will clear away all the suitable gravel from a large area. It should be remembered that gravel or grit should be sharp, so as to cut as well as grind. Smooth, round gravel will not answer the requirements of the fowls, although they probably will pick up some of this after all the sharp pieces have been utilized. But this round, smooth material will have little value, and the hens will not be able to digest their food properly if forced to use it.

So, unless the fowls can range where there is an unlimited supply of the proper sort of grit, it will be necessary to provide them with a supply after a certain length of time, no matter how much range they enjoy. On land where poultry had never been kept before, a flock could get along for several years, perhaps, with the grit which the fowls would find at hand.

The supply of grit may be obtained in various ways. The broken china and crockery which proves a nuisance on many places can be put to good use by pounding it into small pieces and scattering it wherever the hens forage. They will search for and find every piece that they can utilize. With poultry, grit serves as teeth, and a plentiful supply of it results in good digestion of the food. Good digestion of the food will lead to thrift in the flock and the production of more eggs.—Cor. Country Gentleman.

Top-Dressing Grass.

A mistake most farmers are making is by not applying more of the farm manure to the grass land. I have experimented some with top-dressing and am fully convinced that it is a profitable way to use a liberal share of our manure.

A farmer that has never applied any manure to grass land will be somewhat surprised at the increase of the hay crop, thereby. When I first commenced farming it seemed to me almost like a waste of manure to top-dress grass land with it, but in later years I have become convinced to the contrary.

If all grass land was kept in good tilth by frequent and light applications of manure, there would be a much heavier sod to turn under when it becomes desirable to break it up; consequently there would be less need of hauling a heavy coat of manure on to the soft plowed ground. It is no doubt better to apply a light coat of manure to land frequently, rather than a heavy coat at longer intervals anyway; and right here is one of the advantages of the manure spreader over hand spreading—the manure may be spread thinly and evenly. When spreading manure on grass land I have thought it a good plan to sow on a little grass seed and harrow lightly.—F. H. Dow in Maine Farmer.

Back to the Farm.

Gov. Hadley of Missouri has set a good example. He has bought a farm and will do what he can in this way to make agriculture more popular and the cost of living less acute. One of the leading clergymen of this region has also bought a farm—a hill farm, for such farms here in New England come quite largely within reach of a minister's salary even under the high cost of living—and he will devote part of his purchase to the good cause of forest extension. But no end of high example can start a wide movement back to the farm unless the farm can be shown to pay better than the industries which draw people from agriculture.—Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

Give the calves a clean lock of bright clover or mixed hay every day. You will be surprised how soon they will begin to eat it.

The Stowaway

By

LOUIS TRACY

Author of the "Pillar of Light," "The Wings of the Morning" and "The Captain of the Kansas."

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CHAPTER XIV.

THE NEW ERA.

A SWAGGERING officer and a man habited like a beggar landed unobserved at a coal wharf, moored a ship's boat to a bolt and passed swiftly through a silent town till they reached the closed gates of an infantry barrack perched on a hill that rose steeply above the clustering roofs of Macelo. The officer knocked loudly on a small door inset in the big gates. After some delay it was opened. A sentry challenged.

"Capitano San Benavides," announced the officer, and the man stood to attention.

"Enter, my friend," said San Benavides to his ragged companion. The latter stepped within.

The colonel's house was in darkness, yet San Benavides rapped imperatively. An upper window was raised. A voice was heard, using profane language. A head appeared. Its owner cried, "Who is it?" with additions.

"San Benavides."

"Christo! And the other?"

"One whom you expect."

The head popped in. Soon there was a light on the ground floor. The door opened. A very stout man, barefooted, who had struggled into a pair of abnormally tight riding breeches, faced them.

"Can it be possible?" he exclaimed, striking an attitude.

Dom Corria spoke not a word. The three passed into a lighted apartment. De Sylva placed himself under a chandelier and took off a frayed straw hat which he had borrowed from some one on board the Unser Fritz. The colonel, a grotesque figure in his present deshabille, bowed low before him.

"My president, I salute you," he murmured.

"Thank you, general," said Dom Corria, smiling graciously. "I knew I

"MY PRESIDENT, I SALUTE YOU," HE MURMURED.

could depend on you. How soon can you muster the regiment?"

"In half an hour, excellency."

"See that there is plenty of ammunition for the machine guns. What of the artillery?"

"The three batteries stationed here are with us heart and soul."

"Colonel San Benavides, as chief of the staff, is acquainted with every detail. You, general, will assume command of the army of liberation. Some trunks were sent to you from Paris, I believe."

"They are in the room prepared for your excellency."

"Let me go there at once and change my clothing. I must appear before the troops as their president, not as a jail bird. For the moment I leave everything to you and San Benavides. Let Senhor Pondillo be summoned. He will attend to the civil side of affairs. You have my unqualified approval of the military scheme drawn up by you and my other friends. There is one thing—a gunboat lies in the harbor. Is she the Andorinha?"

The newly promoted general smote his huge stomach with both hands, and the rat-tat signified instant readiness for action.

"The guns will soon scare that bird," he exclaimed. As the dawn was about to peep up over the sea twelve guns lumbered through the narrow streets, waking many startled citizens. A few daring souls who guessed what had happened rushed off on horseback or bicycle to remote telegraph offices. These adventurers were too late. Every railway station and postoffice within twenty miles was already held by troops.

General Russo drew up his three batteries on the wharf opposite the unsuspecting Andorinha and endeavored to plant twelve shells in the locality of her engine room without the least hesitation. There was no thought of demanding her surrender or any quixotic nonsense of that sort.

As it was, every gun scored, though the elevation was rather high. The shells made a sad mess of the superstructure, but left the engines intact. Though winged, she still could fly. The second salvo of projectiles was less damaging. Again the gunners failed to reach the warship's vitals. Her commander got his own armament into action and managed to demolish a warehouse and a grain elevator. Then he made off down the coast toward Rio de Janeiro.

The sudden uproar stirred Macelo from roof to basement. Its inhabitants poured into the plaza. Every man vied with his neighbor in yelling: "The revolution is here! Viva Dom Corria!"

The one incident of a political nature in which the victors of the tussle on Fernando Noronha were publicly concerned was the outcome of a message cabled by Dom Corria while the smoke of Russo's cannon still clung about the quay.

It was written in German, addressed to a Hamburg shipping firm and ran as follows: "Have sold Unser Fritz to Senhor Pondillo of this port as from Sept. 1 for 175,000 marks. If approved cable confirmation and draw on Paris branch Deutsche bank at sight. Franz Schmidt, care German consul, Macelo."

This harmless commercial item was read by many officials hostile to De Sylva, yet it evoked no comment. Its first real effect was observable in the counting house of the Hamburg owners. There it was believed that Captain Schmidt had either become a lunatic himself or was in touch with a rich one. Schmidt was so well known to them that they acted on the latter hypothesis. They cabled him their hearty commendation, "drew" on the Paris bank by the next post and awaited developments. To their profound amazement the money was paid. As they had obtained £8,750 for a vessel worth about one-quarter of the sum they had good reason to be satisfied. It mattered not a jot to them that the sale was made "as from Sept. 1" or any other date. They signed the desired quittance, cabled Schmidt again to ask if Senhor Pondillo was in need of other ships of the Unser Fritz class and the members of the firm indulged that evening in the best dinner that the tiptop restaurant of Hamburg could supply.

They were puzzled next day by certain statements in the newspapers and were called on to explain to a number of journalists that the ship had left their ownership.

Hozier, of course, had forgiven Iris for her aloofness, and Iris, with that delightful inconsistency which ranks high among the many charms of her sex, found that "Philip, dear," though she might not marry him, was her only possible companion. He, having acquired an experience previously lacking, took care to fall in with her mood. She, weary of a painful self repression, cheated the frowning gods of "just this one night." So they looked at the twinkling lights, spoke in whispers lest they should miss any tokens of disturbance on shore, elbowed each other comfortably on the rails of the bridge and uttered no word of love or future purpose.

Suddenly a lightning blaze leaped from the somber shadows of some buildings on the quay lower down the river. Again, and many times again the sudden jets of flame started out across the black water. Iris, or Hozier, for that matter, had never seen a fieldpiece fired by night, but before the girl could do other than grip Philip's arm in a spasm of fear the thunder of the artillery rolled across the harbor, and the worn plates of the Unser Fritz quivered under the mere concussion.

"By Jove, they're at it!" cried Philip.

"Oh!" she gasped and clung to him more tightly.

Under such circumstances it was only to be expected that his arm would clasp her round the waist.

Hozier strained his eyes through the gloom to try to discover the effect of the cannonade on the gunboat. He was quickly alive to the significance of the answering broadside. Then the black hull grew dim and vanished. His sailor's sympathies went with the escaping ship.

"She has got away! I am jolly glad of it," he cried. "It was a dirty trick to open fire on her in that fashion. Just how they served the Andromeda the hounds, only we had never a gun to tickle them up in return."

About 6 o'clock a grand review was held in the plaza, or chief square. Dom Corria, a resplendent personage on horseback, made a fine speech. He was vociferously applauded by both troops and populace. General Russo, also mounted, assured him that Brazil was pining for him. In effect when he was firmly established in the presidency the people would be allowed to vote for him.

"We have borne two years of misrule," vociferated the commander in chief, "but it has vanished before the fiery breath of our guns. We hail your excellency as our liberator. Long live Dom Corria! Down with"—

The fierce "Vivas!" of the mob, combined with the general's weight, proved too much for his charger, which plunged violently. Russo was held on accidentally by his spurs. There was a lively interlude until an orderly seized the bridle, and the general was able to disengage the rowels from the animal's ribs. When tranquillity was restored the soldiers marched off to their quarters, and Colonel San Benavides boarded the Unser Fritz. He invited Iris, Schmidt, Coke and Hozier to breakfast with the president at the principal hotel.

On the way to the hotel Iris saw a large building labeled "Casa do Correio e Telegraphia." It was not surprising that she had not thought earlier of the necessity of cabling to Liverpool. She blushed and looked involuntarily at Hozier.

"OH!" SHE GASPED.

"I must send a message to my uncle," she said.

San Benavides, of course, was anxious to oblige Iris in this as in every other respect. He procured the requisite form, told her the cost, which led to a condensed version of the original draft; smoothed away the slight hindrance of foreign money tendered in payment and arranged the due delivery of a reply. Perhaps he smiled when he read what she had written. The words were comprehensible even to one who did not understand English:

"Andromeda lost. Arrived here safely. Address, Yorke, Macelo."

Among the four people, therefore, who entered the Hotel Grande in the Rua do Sul there were two whose feelings were the reverse of cheerful. But convention is stronger than the primal impulses—sometimes it triumphs over death itself—and convention was all powerful now. It led Iris away captive in the train of the smiling and voluble Senhora Pondillo, and it immersed Hozier in a tangle of fearsome words which turned out to be the stock in trade of a clothier. The mere male of Macelo decks himself with gay plumage. Philip was hard put to it before he secured some garments which did not irresistibly recall the heroes of certain musical comedies popular in England.

The appearance of Iris caused something akin to a sensation. The Dona Pondillo could not create English clothes nor bad copies of French, but

THE PRESIDENT WAS GORGEOUS IN BLUE AND GOLD.

her own daughters dressed in the height of local fashion, and Dom Corria's earnest request had made them generous. The dark eyed, olive complexioned women of Alagoas are often exceedingly beautiful, but few of those present had ever seen a brown haired, brown eyed, fair faced Englishwoman. Iris was remarkably good looking, even among the pretty girls of her own county of Lancashire. Her large, limpid eyes, well molded nose and perfectly formed mouth were the dominant features of a face that had all the charm of youth and health. Her smooth skin, brown with exposure to sun and air, glowed into a rich crimson when she found herself in the midst of so many strangers. The slightly delicate semblance induced by the hardships and loss of rest which fell to her lot since the Andromeda went to pieces on the Grand-pere rock in nowise detracted from her appearance. She wore the elegant costume of a Macelo belle with ease and distinction. If she was flurried by the undisguised murmur of admiration that greeted her she did not show it beyond the first rush of color.

Dom Corria, dragging Schmidt with him, hurried to meet her. Surprise at his gala attire helped to conquer her natural timidity, for the president was gorgeous in blue and gold.

"My good wishes are soon changed into congratulations, senhor," she said.

"Ah, my dear young lady, I am overjoyed that you should be here to witness my success," he cried. Then, as if he had waited for this moment, he turned to the assembled company and delivered an eloquent panegyric of the Andromeda's crew and their deusa deliciosa—for that is what he called Iris—a delightful goddess.

Hozier, though by no means indifferent to the good fare provided, was wondering how many hours would elapse before Iris' cablegram reached Verity's office, when some words caught his ear that drove all other considerations from his mind.

"I am sorry to say that, in my opinion, there is not the slightest chance of your message reaching England today, Miss Yorke," the president was saying.

"But why not?" she asked, with an astonishment that was not wholly the outcome of regret.

"The cable does not land here, and the transmitting stations will be closely watched, now that my arrival in Brazil is known. Even the simplest form of words will be twisted into a political significance. No, I think it best to be quite candid. Until I control Pernambuco, which should be within a week or ten days, you may rest assured that no private cablegrams will be forwarded."

"Oh, dear, I fully expected a reply today!" she said, and now that she realized the effect of a further period of anxiety on the Bootle partnership she was genuinely dismayed.

"You may be sure it will not come," said Dom Corria. "Indeed, I may as well take this opportunity of explaining to you and to my other English friends"—with the interpolated sentence his glance dwelt quietly on Hozier and Coke—"the exact position locally. You see, Macelo is a small place and easily approached from the sea. A hostile fleet could knock it to pieces in half an hour, and it would be a poor reward for my supporters' loyalty if my presence subjected them to a bombardment. I have no strong defenses or heavy guns to defy attack, and my troops are not more than a thousand men, all told. It is obvious that I must make for the interior. There I gather strength as I advance, the warships cannot pursue, and I can choose my own positions to meet the half hearted forces that Dom Miguel will collect to oppose me. In fact, I and every armed man in Macelo march up country this afternoon."

Iris by this time was thoroughly frightened, and Hozier, who read more in De Sylva's words than was possible in her case, was watching the speaker's calm face with a fixity that might have disconcerted many men. Dom Corria seemed to be unaware of either the girl's distress or Philip's white anger.

"You naturally ask how I propose to safeguard the companions of my flight from Fernando Noronha," he went on. "I answer at once—by taking them with me. The Senhora Pondillo and her family will accompany her husband to my quinta at Las Flores. A special train will take all of us to the nearest railway station this afternoon. Thence my estate is but a day's march. You and my other friends from both ships will be quite safe and happy there until order is restored. You must come. The men's lives, at any rate, would not be worth an hour's purchase if my opponent's forces found them here, and I feel certain that one or more cruisers will arrive off Macelo tonight. For you this excursion will be quite a pleasant experience, and you can absolutely rely on my promise to send news of your safety to England at the very first opportunity."

CHAPTER XV.

CARMELA.

AMONG the many words borrowed by the Brazilians from their Spanish speaking neighbors that for "tomorrow" is perhaps the most popular. The Spaniard's manana is so elastic that it covers any period of time between the next twenty-four hours and the indefinite future. When, therefore, Dom Sylva spoke of controlling Pernambuco before the month of September was barely half sped he was either too sanguine or too literal in his translation of easy going Portuguese into vigorous English.

His quinta, or country house, was situated on the upper watershed of the river Moxoto. There he raised his standard, thither flocked rebels galore, and in that direction, with due caution, President Barraca pushed columns of troops by road and rail from Bahia, from Pernambuco and from Maceio itself, for Barraca held the sea, and the wealthy and enterprising south was strongly opposed to war, while Dom Corria trusted to the mountains and drew his partisans from the less energetic north.

In a word, De Sylva commanded public sympathy, but small resources; Barraca was unpopular, but controlled the navy and part of the army. Given such conditions, with the added absurdity that the troops on both sides were most unwilling to face long range rifle fire, but would cheerfully hack each other to mincemeat with knives, and a tedious, indeterminate campaign is the certain outcome.

A few indecisive but sanguinary engagements were fought in the neighborhood of Pesqueira, a town in the hills about a hundred miles from the seaboard. These proved that General Russo was a valiant fighter, but a poor tactician, and that was all. He was opposed by a commander of little courage, but singular skill in strategy. To restore the balance Dom Corria took the field in person, and Dom Miguel Barraca hastened from Rio de Janeiro to witness the crushing of his arch enemy.

The position was complicated by the arrival at Pernambuco of a German squadron bearing a telegraphic cartel from the emperor. A German ship had been seized on the high seas. Why? And by whom? And how could anybody dare? Then Brazil quivered, for every South American knows in his heart that the great navy of Germany is being created not so much to destroy England as to dispute the proud doctrine of the United States that no European power shall ever again be allowed to seize territory on the American continent.

So there were strenuous days and anxious nights at Las Flores, where President de Sylva sought to equip and discipline his levies, and at Carugru, where President Barraca called on all the gods to witness that De Sylva was a double dyed traitor.

Under such circumstances it is not surprising that a grand display of money and audacity, backed by sundry distant roars of the British lion, should enable two elderly Britons and a young Brazilian lady to pass through the lines of the Exercito Nacional, as Barraca had christened his following in opposition to De Sylva's army of liberation. Lest too many people should become interested the adventure was essayed on the night of Oct. 2. Early next day the travelers and their guides reached the rebel outposts. The young lady, who seemed to be at home in this wild country, at once urged her horse into a pace wholly beyond the equestrian powers of her staid companions. They protested vainly. She waved a farewell hand, cantered over several miles of a rough road and dashed up to the Liberationist headquarters about 8 o'clock.

There was no hesitancy about her movements. She drew rein in approved gaucho style, bringing her mount to a dead stop from a gallop.

"Where is the president?" she asked breathlessly.

"There, senhora," said an orderly, pointing to a marquee open on every side, wherein De Sylva sat in conference with his staff. She entered the tent and uttered a little scream of delight when the president, who was writing at a big table, happened to glance at her. De Sylva rose hastily, with an amazed look on his usually unemotional face. Forthwith the girl flung herself into his arms.

"Father!"

"Carmela!"

San Benavides, whose back was turned, heard the joyous cries of the reunited father and daughter. They were locked in each other's embrace, and the eyes of every man present were drawn to a pathetic and unexpected meeting. For that reason and because none gave a thought to him the pallor that changed the bronze of his forehead and cheeks into a particularly unhealthy looking tint of olive green passed unnoticed. He managed to recover some shred of self control ere Senhora de Sylva was able to answer her father's first eager questions; then, with a charming timidity, she found breath to say:

"CARMELA!"

"And what of Salvador—is he not here?"

Yes, Salvador was there—by her side—striving most desperately to look loverlike. They clasped hands.

"You have come to bring me luck, Carmela meu," said De Sylva, stroking his daughter's hair affectionately. "Today we make our first real advance. Salvador and I are going to the front now, almost this instant. But there will be no fighting—an affair of outposts at the best—and when everything is in order we shall return here to sleep. Expect us, then, soon after sunset. Meanwhile at the quinta you will find the young English lady of whose presence you are aware. Give her your friendship. She is worthy of it."

"Adeos, senhora!" echoed San Benavides, bringing his heels together with a click and saluting. He gathered a number of papers from the table with nervous haste and at once began to issue instructions to several officers. De Sylva renewed the signing of documents. Russo and he conversed in low tones. A buzz of talk broke out in the tent. Carmela went out, unhitched her tired horse and walked to the house.

Filled with tumultuous memories, her heart all throbbing at

ESTABLISHED 1833.

The Oxford Democrat,

ISSUED TUESDAYS.

SOUTH PARIS, MAINE, JUN. 14, 1910.

ATWOOD & FORBES,
Editors and Proprietors.
GEORGE M. ATWOOD. A. E. FORBES.

TERMS:—$1.50 a year if paid strictly in advance. Otherwise $2.00 a year. Single copies 4 cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS:—All legal advertisements are given three consecutive insertions for $1.50 per inch in length of column. Special contracts made with local, transient and yearly advertisers.

JOB PRINTING:—New type, fast presses, electric power, experienced workmen and low prices combine to make this department of our business complete and popular.

Coming Events.

June 14.—Democratic Second Congressional District convention, Lewiston.
June 15.—Democratic state convention, Augusta.
June 23.—Graduation, Paris High School.
June 28.—Republican county convention, South Paris.
June 29.—Western Maine Odd Fellows' field day, South Paris and Norway.
June 29.—Republican state convention, Augusta.
June 29.—Oxford Pomona Grange, with Frederick Robie, Oldfield Gore.
June 29, 30.—Oxford Association of Universalists, Andover.
June 30.—Republican Second Congressional District convention, Lewiston.
July 2.—Democratic county convention, South Paris.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bargains in Carriage Umbrellas.
Special Prices on Suits.
Blue Stores.
Bug and Insect Killers.
Notice by State Assessors.
Prejudice against Spectacles.
Tutor.
Probate Notice.
Notice by Mexico Water Co.
Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.
Hammocks.
Riding Cultivators, etc.
Paris Trust Co.
I Shall Have the Biggest Auction.

A Republican State Convention

will be held in

City Hall, Augusta,

Wednesday, June 29, 1910,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

For the purpose of nominating candidates for Governor and state auditor to be supported at the September election, and transacting such other business as may properly come before it.

The basis of representation is as follows: Each city, town and plantation will be entitled to one delegate; and for each 75 votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1908 an additional delegate; and for a fraction of 40 votes in excess of 75 an additional delegate. Vacancies in the delegation of any city, town or plantation can only be filled by a resident of the county in which the vacancy exists.

The State committee will be in session in the ante-room of the City Hall at nine o'clock of the day of the convention, for the purpose of receiving credentials of delegates. In order to be eligible to participate in the convention, delegates must be elected subsequent to date of the call for this convention.

All electors of Maine, whatever their political affiliation may have been, who believe in the general principles and policy of the Republican party and desire its success at the polls in the coming election in this State, are cordially invited to unite under this call in electing delegates to the convention.

Per order, Republican State Committee.
BYRON BOYD.

FRANK H. BRIGGS, Secretary.
Augusta, May 2, 1910.

Under this call, the towns and plantations of Oxford County will be entitled to the following numbers of delegates respectively:

OXFORD.

Albany,	1	Norway,	5
Andover,	2	Oxford,	3
Bethel,	4	Paris,	8
Brownfield,	3	Peru,	2
Buckfield,	3	Porter,	3
Byron,	1	Roxbury,	1
Canton,	2	Rumford,	8
Denmark,	2	Stoneham,	1
Dixfield,	3	Stow,	1
Fryeburg,	4	Sumner,	2
Gilead,	1	Sweden,	1
Grafton,	1	Upton,	1
Greenwood,	2	Waterford,	2
Hanover,	1	Woodstock,	3
Hartford,	2	PLANTATIONS:	
Hebron,	2		
Hiram,	3	Lincoln,	1
Lovell,	3	Magalloway,	1
Mason,	1	Milton,	1
Mexico,	4		
Newry,	1	Total,	91

Second District Republican Convention.

The Second District Republican Convention will be held in City Hall, Lewiston, Maine, June 30th, 1910, 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress to be voted for at the September election; electing a district committee and transact any other business that may properly come before it.

The basis of representation is as follows: Each city, town, and plantation will be entitled to one delegate, and for each 75 votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1908 an additional delegate, and for a fraction of 40 votes in excess of 75 an additional delegate. Vacancies in the delegation of any city, town or plantation can only be filled by a resident of the county in which the vacancy exists.

The District committee will be in session in the reception room of the hall at 12 o'clock M. on the morning of the convention for the purpose of receiving the credentials of the delegates. Delegates in order to be eligible to participate in the convention must be elected subsequent to the date of the call for this convention.

The chairman of the various delegations are requested to forward a full list of the delegates and alternates to the secretary of the district committee H. H. Hastings, Dennis, Maine, as soon as they are chosen.

Per order Republican District Committee.
FRED W. WRIGHT, Chairman.
H. H. HASTINGS, Secretary.
Lewiston, Maine, May 6, 1910.

The Grand Trunk Railway will sell round trip tickets for a fare and one-third, and the Maine Central for one fare.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican voters of the County of Oxford, in the State of Maine, are requested to meet in convention at the Court House at South Paris on Tuesday, the 28th day of June, 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the following county officers, to be supported at the September election, to-wit: Senator, Clerk of Courts, County Treasurer, County Attorney, Register of Deeds, Register of Deeds for Western District, one County Commissioner for six years, one County Commissioner for two years for the unexpired term, and Sheriff; also to choose a Republican County Committee for the years 1911 and 1912.

The basis of representation will be as follows: Each town and plantation organized for election purposes will be entitled to one delegate; and for each 75 votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1908 an additional delegate; and for a fraction of 40 votes in excess of 75 votes an additional delegate.

The Republican County Committee will be in session at the grand jury room at the Court House in South Paris, at nine o'clock on the morning of the convention, for the purpose of receiving the credentials of the delegates.

Delegates in order to be eligible to participate in the convention must be elected subsequent to the date of the call for this convention.

Per order
REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE,
ALTON C. WHEELER, Chairman.
HARRY R. FARRIS, Secretary.
Dated at South Paris, Maine, May 23th, 1910.

Maine Political Notes.

The Democrats of Rumford have nominated Gardner B. Cobb as their candidate for representative to the legislature.

Those who profess to know say that Obadiah Gardner is sure to be turned down in the Democratic state convention this week, but perhaps they don't know after all.

At the Republican legislative caucus held at Bethel last Monday, Nathaniel F. Brown of Bethel was unanimously nominated for representative from the district composed of Bethel and a number of other towns.

In the First Congressional District contest, Asher C. Hinds has already a majority of the delegates to the convention, and is sure of the nomination for congress, although quite a number of delegates yet remain to be chosen.

This is a week of Democratic conventions, the convention of the Second District being held in Lewiston on Tuesday, and the state convention of that party at Augusta on Wednesday. It is expected that in the congressional convention Hon. Daniel J. McGillicuddy of Lewiston will again be named as the candidate. In the state convention apparently there will be two candidates of prominence, Obadiah Gardner of Rockland, who was the candidate of the party two years ago, and is a declared candidate for another nomination, and Col. Frederick W. Plaisted of Augusta, who is not a candidate in the sense of seeking the nomination, but will accept if it comes to him. This is the stage of the campaign when our Democratic friends get the largest vote, and there will probably be considerable enthusiasm at Augusta.

THE OXFORD BEARS.

THE DOINGS OF THE WEEK IN ALL SECTIONS OF THE COUNTY.

Paris Hill.

First Baptist Church, Rev. G. W. F. Hill, pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:45 A. M. Sunday School at 12. Sabbath evening service at 7:30. Prayer Meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. Covenant Meeting the last Friday before the 1st Sunday of the month at 2:30 P. M. All not otherwise connected are cordially invited.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis M. Brown and Curtis Clarke arrived from Stamford, Conn., last Friday, coming through by automobile. Mr. and Mrs. Brown are at the Hubbard House for a little time while preparations for them at the Gov. Perham homestead are being completed.

Rev. and Mrs. C. A. Knickerbocker arrived Friday from Arlington, Mass., and have taken up their residence at Mrs. W. G. Hammond's house for the summer.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Paris Hill Water Company will be held by adjournment at the Hubbard House next Saturday evening at eight o'clock.

Arrivals at the Hubbard House the past week are as follows:

Miss S. L. Pratt, Yarmouth.
Miss M. B. Clark, Bridgton.
Miss Lilia Pratt, Bridgton.
Mrs. E. A. Twombly, Bridgton.
Miss A. L. Pratt, Bridgton.
Frank M. Stone, Bridgton.
L. B. Coutter, Niagara Falls, N. Y.
N. G. Smith, Auburn.
Mrs. J. E. Burke, Palo Alto, Cal.
Mrs. George Lunt, Paris.
L. P. Bartlett, Lynn, Mass.
G. S. Cushman, Arlington, Mass.
Mrs. G. S. Cushman, Arlington, Mass.
N. L. Cushman, Arlington, Mass.
L. M. Brown, Paris.
Mrs. L. M. Brown, Paris.
J. C. Clark, Summit, N. J.

Miss Georgia Perham, who has been here for several weeks, has gone to Norway Lake to visit her cousin, Mrs. Edward E. Witt.

Mrs. Virgil K. Parris and Miss Annie Parris are on a visit to Massachusetts.

Miss Washburn, teacher of music and painting in the Norway schools, is the guest of Miss Helen R. Cole.

Miss Josephine Cole is at home from her teaching in Canton for the summer vacation.

Admiral and Mrs. William W. Kimball, who have been boarding at the Hubbard House since their arrival, will commence housekeeping at "Old Brick" this week.

PARTRIDGE DISTRICT.

Miss Alice Martin and Miss Altha Mason went to Lewiston one day last week and called on Miss Mason's uncle, Charles Mason, of 21 Sylvan Avenue.

Mr. Clarence Damon is boarding at Will Parlin's.

Master Elwin DeCoster attended Grange on children's day with Mrs. Clara Ryerson.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Cushman and daughter Irma visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Mason, over Saturday and Sunday.

Greenwood.

If Halley's comet is responsible for the cold and unfavorable weather, during the several weeks past, as some say it has been, then 75 years hence will be soon enough for its next appearance; albeit, if called upon to give our opinion, it would be that the said Halley's comet had just as much to do with the past weather as the star that visited Bethlehem, nearly two thousand years ago and no more. The fact is we have had quite a number of cold and backward springs within the memory of the oldest inhabitants when there was no comet on which to lay the blame, and may have them again.

And now supposing we give a rearcast glance at the weather from Sunday morning to the present time. Then the ground was white with frost, followed by a fine forenoon, while later it clouded up with a stiff breeze, and grew so cold that overcoats were donned to keep comfortable. Sunday night and Monday, a rain and wind storm. Tuesday, a thunder shower in the afternoon. Wednesday, cold with brief showers the most of the day. Thursday warmer with alternating sunshine and shade, but no rain by way of variety.

Corn, planted the last of May, is mostly up, but has a sickly look as if it wanted to get back again. Strawberries blossomed profusely and now begin to ripen; but will be a light crop compared to last year. The cold frosty weather is thought to be the cause of it.

Hardly any tent caterpillars seen as yet, and the same may be said of the gipsy and brown tail moths.

Our young craft visited Patch Mountain recently, and report Charles Verrill's boy, who has been sick of typhoid pneumonia, as improving and now think he will pull through.

Augustus K. Hicks of Locke's Mills is visiting friends in the south part of the town and intends to take in the Bennett place on his return home. His wife's funeral occurred last Thanksgiving Day, as perhaps some will remember.

Seeing the newspapers have brought Dr. Cook to the front again, would like to ask if he made a dash for the South Pole, and was successful?

Hebron.

Hebron boys seem to be the winners this term. There were two games last week. Foxcroft Academy and Hebron, score 12 to 2 for Hebron. The game Saturday played at North Bridgton with Bridgton Academy boys, scored 9 to 4 for Hebron, and one here yesterday, Wednesday, with Portland High School, 7 to 1 for Hebron. The ringing of the bell long and loud and the cheering of the boys was listened to with pleasure and pride in "our boys" by interested citizens. We hear there is to be one more game this term, which is now fast nearing the close.

The Ladies' Circle met in the vestry Tuesday.

Hebron Grange held an all day meeting Wednesday.

Mrs. Fred Sturtevant is visiting friends in New Sharon.

Fred Gurney is busy spraying fruit trees for the coddling moth. He has a new spray pump of the best kind and is doing good work.

Mrs. Davis Wood and Mrs. Fred DeLano of Oxford were in the place Sunday and called on friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Allen of Auburn and Mr. and Mrs. Ed Record of South Paris visited Joel Foster on Sunday. Mrs. Allen and Mrs. Record are Mr. Foster's daughters.

Mr. and Mrs. David Cummings are away on a trip to Waterford, Albany and Bethel.

J. E. Bartlett of Boston is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bartlett.

Wednesday morning Miss Tibbetts, teacher of district school Centre, with three of her pupils, visited the Academy school and the school in Academy District and greatly enjoyed both.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bearce of Washington, D. C., are being congratulated on the birth of a boy, May 30th. Miss Alice Bearce, a graduate of Lawrence, Mass., hospital is with her brother. Mrs. Bearce hopes to be at home, (L. B. Merrill's) by the middle of July.

Norway Lake.

Dr. Edna H. Stephens has been spending a week at her father's on account of the very serious illness of her grandmother, Mrs. Simon Stephens.

Mrs. Sabrina Lasselle is still quite ill, as she has been for several weeks.

School closed here the 9th, intending to have a picnic at Gibson's Grove the next day if the weather permitted.

Donald Partridge, Alton Frost, Seymore Smith, Mildred Pottle and Alta Pottle graduate from Norway High School this year.

Dickvale.

H. B. Tracy, formerly of Peru, is ill at his home in Stoughton, Mass., with pneumonia. He was reported a little better last Monday.

E. M. Worthley has a crew at work putting in an engine and boiler at his mill here.

Alfred and Benjamin Child are peeling pulp for J. C. Wyman.

The comet's tail is so far away that I am not afraid of it now. I remember of seeing one more brilliant 37 or 38 years ago. I don't remember whose comet it was, but do remember plainly that it was not mine. There was also a comet in the early eighties, and one old man of my acquaintance remarked that he never planted his crops with such poor courage in his life, but he lived to harvest them all right, and many more, but has long since gone to that land where comets are supposed to never trouble.

Bethel.

Last Sunday commencement of Gould Academy began with the baccalaureate sermon in the Congregational church by Rev. W. C. Curtis. The sermon was very practical and helpful.

Thursday, the graduation exercises took place in Odeon Hall which was packed and many were obliged to go away. Programme:

Music.
Invocation.
Music.
Salutatory, Robert Baker Thurston.
Self Culture, *Gladys Lenora Twitchell.
Class Essay, What Next? Annis Hadasseh Pingree.
Advantages of Competition, *Cedric Albert Judkins.
Address to Undergraduates, Wendell Otis Philbrook.
Music.
My Favorite Author, Edith Annette Thurston.
Class History, Methel Dora Packard.
Fifty Years of Progress, *Arthur Harvey Browne.
Class Oration, "What We Can," Sylvanus Herbert Browne.
My Favorite Hero in History, *Marjorie Alice Cushman.
Presentation of Class Gift, Mildred Angier Browne.
Music.
The Ideal Pupil, *Florence Marion Cross.
Class Will, Claude Albert Goddard.
Every Man the Architect of His Own Fortune, *George Edwin Smith.
Class Prophecy, Veronica Retta Shaw.
Alfred the Great, Harry Clayton Coolidge.
Music.
Presentation of Gifts to Class, Eva Matilda Glines.
What Constitutes a True Lady, *Agnes Adella Hutchins.
Liquid Air, *Una Lois Roberts.
Valedictory Address, Minnie Irene Wilson.
Music.
Conferring of Diplomas.
Singing Class Ode.
Benediction.
*Excused.

All of the exercises were of unusual excellence. The scholars showed much original thought and fine training. The stage was prettily decorated with ferns and potted plants, while the class motto, "Age Quod Agis" in the class colors, "royal purple and white," occupied a conspicuous place among the decorations of the stage. Music was of a fine order, Payne and Plummer's Orchestra of Lewiston being in attendance. The class of 1910 are a credit to their alma mater, and they go out with the good wishes of a host of their friends.

In the evening the usual concert was given attended by a large audience. The following programme was given:

Quartette—On The Sea, Dudley Buck
Vesper Quartette.
Reading—Selected,
Harrie Webber.
Quartette—Who Comes So Dark, Hicks.
Vesper Quartette.
Tenor Solo—If With All Your Hearts,
(Aria from "Elijah") Mendelssohn.
James Dunn.
Reading—Selected,
Harrie Webber.
Quartette—Persian Serenade, Sherwin.
Vesper Quartette.
Reading—Selected,
Harrie Webber.
Quartette—Good Night, Dudley Buck.
Vesper Quartette.

THE VESPER QUARTETTE.
James Dunn, 1st Tenor,
Alfred T. Hicks, 2d Tenor,
Horace E. Wade, Baritone,
August Diehl, Basso.
Miss Elsie Hall, Accompanist.
Mr. Harrie Webber, Reader and Impersonator.

The reception Friday evening was a most pleasant event. The orchestra was in attendance. The students were assisted in receiving by Prof. and Mrs. Hanscom and Miss Pratt, and Mrs. A. E. Herrick, Mrs. O. M. Mason and Mrs. E. C. Park. After the reception dancing was enjoyed for a time. The reception with its spirit of good cheer and friendliness was a pleasant close to a most enjoyable commencement week.

Wednesday, Rev. and Mrs. Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. John Nelson, Edith Kimball and Ethel Randall attended the C. E. convention at South Paris.

Wednesday afternoon a party of eleven from the Eastern Star drove to West Paris, where they were royally entertained by the local chapter.

John Preston True and family of Boston are spending a few weeks' vacation with Mr. True's mother, Mrs. Susie True.

Mrs. James Hutchins, who has been very ill, is improving.

West Bethel.

"Come, let us go among the sweet flowers,
Sparkling with dew, with the dew;
There let us play in the bright morning hours,
Sparkling with dew, with the dew;
There where the red roses sweet fragrance shed,
There where the day lily lifts her fair head,
There where are poppies both yellow and red,
There we will play, we will play."

"When high the sun in noonday glory rides,
Where willows keep the lake's green margin cool,
The speckled trout amid their shadow hides,
And dragon flies haunt every shaded pool."

John Rollins has purchased a monument for his lot in the cemetery.

Mrs. Vienna Holt is slowly recovering from her recent severe illness.

Ira Swan and C. A. Dunham of Locke's Mills were in town Sunday.

Miss Ethel L. Allen has gone to the C. M. G. Hospital for an operation on one of her arms.

Allan McLeod is sending his old hay to Boston to make room for this year's crop.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Briggs and daughters of Albany visited Addison S. Bean and wife last Sunday.

The Locke's Mills boys defeated the West Bethel Club in a ball game played here last Saturday.

A heavy frost Sunday morning badly damaged early planted beans, potatoes, corn, cucumbers and melons.

Miss Sarah Pike of Augusta and Cora Scribner of Albany have recently joined the crew of workers in the post card house.

L. E. Allen is having a forced vacation, losing the end of a finger while working as engineer in Leighton's mill in Gilead.

After Henry Cross closed his house here and went to Mechanic Falls to work in a shoe shop, he courted and married a young widow, who owns a farm in Oxford, so when he again comes here to live he will have a housekeeper.

North Buckfield.

Mrs. Jule Mayhew and daughter are visiting her niece, Mrs. Fannie Lothrop, at West Sumner.

Miss Parker, one of the teachers in Buckfield High School, visited Mrs. Margaret Sturtevant Wednesday.

Heald Bros. have finished sawing the large lot of lumber Mr. Lucius Packard had delivered in their mill pond the past winter.

Henry Paradis, the little son of Lee Paradis, is sick, making the sixth one in the family having typhoid fever since last fall.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Keene visited their son, Frank, at North Paris Wednesday.

Heavy frost Saturday night killing beans and potatoes in this vicinity.

Out of a herd of nine cows belonging to Earl Jack eight have been condemned as having tuberculosis.

Wilson's Mills.

Born June 2, to the wife of Lewis Olson, a daughter.

N. K. and A. W. Bennett of Norway are visiting Bertha Wilson.

Millie Storey, who is working at Errol, was at home Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Leon Bennett has finished work at the Aziscoos House.

Mrs. Elmer Rolfe of Groveton is in town.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Bennett were in Lewiston June 1st to attend the wedding of their daughter Lois to Arthur McGibbon of that place.

Mrs. W. H. Hart is on the sick list.

Mrs. P. C. Ripley and children have moved on to Hart's Hill.

Mrs. Stevens and son, Frank Hart, and wife, are visiting at W. H. Hart's.

Mrs. John Hewey and four children have gone to Parmacheenee to join Mr. Hewey.

One of the Italians at the dam died Sunday, May 29th, of typhoid pneumonia.

North Stoneham.

Mrs. R. M. McKeen has gone to Paris to consult a physician.

Ephraim Durgin is staying at R. M. McKeen's.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Gammon from Bridgton visited relatives in this place last week.

Earl McAllister and Eva Walker from Norway visited at John Adams' Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. Maud McAllister has got home from the hospital and we all hope for a speedy cure.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Sawyer are cleaning Lew Hill's cottage on Rattlesnake Island. Mr. Hill and family are expected the middle of June.

Newton Newkirk from Massachusetts is at I. A. Andrews' cottage fishing. He caught a salmon weighing 9 1-4 lbs.

Buckfield.

Miss Jessie Harlow of Melrose, Mass., is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Abbie Cushman, at the home of T. S. Bridgham.

Mrs. Lila Rawson returned from Waterville Saturday morning.

Guy O. Gardner and wife were at Mr. E. L. Gardner's over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gauthier of Lewiston were calling on friends here Sunday.

The B. H. S. base ball team suffered defeat at the hands of South Paris High School Saturday by a score of 5 to 12.

There was a frost here Sunday morning which did some damage to gardens on low ground.

Wilson Shaw, Warren Shaw, Albert and Irving Shaw went on a fishing trip to Rangeley Saturday and returned Tuesday.

Miss Mae Chaffin is at home from Norway, where she has been teaching for the past year.

Mrs. Martha Spaulding is with her sister, Mrs. Emma Jewett, for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Allen arrived home from their wedding trip to Montreal and Quebec Wednesday. They will reside at the home of Mr. Allen's sister, Miss Lizzie Allen.

Mr. Alton Tuttle of Melrose, Mass., has been with his sister, Mrs. Ada Shaw, for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Withington returned Tuesday from a visit with Mrs. Withington's relatives in Portland.

The Rebekahs have their annual roll call Tuesday evening, June 14. All members are earnestly requested to be present if possible, and if not to send some message to be read when their names are called.

The graduation exercises of the B. H. S. commenced Sunday with the baccalaureate sermon at the Baptist church Sunday morning, June 12, by Rev. F. M. Lamb. Wednesday evening, June 15, will occur the junior-sophomore prize speaking at the Baptist church, and Thursday afternoon at the same place the graduation exercises will take place, and in the evening at Nezinscot Hall will be held a reception and ball. Music will be furnished for the day and evening by Payne and Plummer's Orchestra of Lewiston.

Friday afternoon at the school house the graduation exercises of the grammar school will take place.

Miss Georgia Deane went to Old Orchard Tuesday to open her cottage for the season. She was accompanied by Mrs. Mertie Bowen.

Morrill & Cloutier have a new cooper shop ready for business near their saw mill.

Mrs. W. W. Davis was called to Massachusetts by the illness of her husband.

Mrs. Geo. Holmes is seriously ill with the measles.

A. G. Atkinson is ill at this writing.

Mrs. Annie Withington has been very sick with the measles during the past week.

Miss Lizzie Fuller entertained a party of Lewiston girls over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Waite were in Lewiston Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Shaw have gone to Weld Pond for a week.

The local chapter, O. E. S., went to West Paris and worked the degree for the chapter there Wednesday night. The West Paris people are royal entertainers and fully sustained their reputation for hospitality in their reception of the Buckfield people.

West Sumner.

Elias Johnson of Strickland Ferry was here Wednesday and began sawing in his mill. Mr. Brown of Buckfield is running the saw for him. This will be welcome news to a good many who have been waiting a long time for their logs to be sawed.

Mrs. Edward Cox is very ill with rheumatic fever. Mrs. Aaron Cox of Paris is helping care for her.

Monday, as Harry Jacobs was about to help his wife into the carriage the horse took fright and ran away. Mr. Jacobs was holding the reins rather carelessly in one hand, and Mrs. Jacobs raised an umbrella which frightened the horse. The animal ran about half a mile, running into a small tree in Everett Robbins' dooryard and tearing it up by the roots. No damage was done except a few scratches and bruises.

Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Chandler are preparing for a picnic and exercises to be held in Mr. Chandler's grove July 2d, the occasion being the 34th anniversary of their marriage. They have issued a general invitation to their friends. Rev. C. G. Miller will address the company in the forenoon. After dinner readings and music will be in order. Mr. Chandler has expended a good deal of time in getting the grove ready. He has hauled off rocks and built a carriage road from the town road to the speaker's platform. He will set up a cook stove in one corner of the grove and furnish hot coffee free to all who desire it.

Memorial services were held Saturday for Mrs. Vesta, wife of Kilborn P. Bowker, by the Relief Corps, which were attended by the relatives and friends and several members of the Post.

Mrs. Mattie Tuell and son Ivan and little daughter Maud, of West Paris, were in town Saturday, called here to attend the memorial services.

Albion Abbott and wife of Long Look Farm, Paris Hill, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Heath Saturday.

The heavy frost Saturday night ruined many crops in this vicinity. M. C. Barrows lost corn and beans. About three acres of corn was nipped by the frost, but some of it is coming up again. David Coles lost all the beans he had planted.

Adelbert Heath of Portland made a week end visit with his cousin, H. T. Heath, last week.

Clinton Bisbee of Auburn is spending a week's vacation with his father, Sylvester Bisbee.

Guy Heath, who is at work on Long Look Farm, Paris Hill, was at home over Sunday.

East Sumner.

Mrs. S. C. Heald returned on Wednesday afternoon from a few days' stay at Old Orchard.

Geo. Maxim at the C. M. Hospital, Lewiston, is reported as doing nicely and bids fair to recover.

Orville Barrows continues to be poorly and is unable to do any work.

R. G. Stephens has enlarged his store room and stock of goods and now occupies over 12,000 feet of floor space and carries a great variety of goods required by families in the country.

Measles are subsiding and some of its victims are again out on the streets.

East Waterford.

Will Robbins of Shelton, Conn., spent Sunday with B. G. McIntire on his way from Four Ponds.

Mrs. C. H. Kilbourne and three young sons of New York are at her mother's for the summer. Mr. Kilbourne came for a fortnight.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Rice are working at W. H. Chadbourne's.

L. E. McIntire bought two valuable young Holsteins at the sale at Saratoga, N. Y.

Little Pauline, baby girl of Mr. and Mrs. Clayton S. McIntire, has eight grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. McIntire of this place, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stone of Albany, great-grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. McIntire of this place, Mrs. T. H. Sawin of Norway and Daniel Lebroke of North Waterford.

Mr. Pettengill of Rumford Falls was at L. E. and B. G. McIntire's Tuesday with his auto, bringing G. W. Q. Perham, wife and two children, of Woodstock.

Miss Ida Miller of Waltham is visiting her parents of Temple Hill.

Mrs. S. A. Cole returned to Gorham this week.

East Bethel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Mayconnell have moved to Canada where they have quite recently purchased a large farm.

Mrs. Dolly Blake has gone to Malden, Mass., to spend a few weeks with relatives there.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Frost spent a few days with Mrs. Frost's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Kimball, on their return home to Gorham, N. H.

Albany.

Mrs. Mabel Bartlett of East Bethel, who has been caring for her daughter, Mrs. C. D. Conner, has returned home.

A heavy frost June 4th.

W. A. Farnham of Litchfield has been in town recently.

A good number attended the graduation exercises at Bethel last Thursday.

Bryant's Pond.

The central office of the town telephone lines has been changed from N. I. Swan's to the residence of James L. Bowker, where it will be in charge of Mrs. Pearl Muller.

It is announced that Fraternal Lodge, K. of P., has postponed its memorial service to Sunday, June 26. On that date it will be held at the Universalist church at 2 P. M. Address by Rev. C. D. McKenzie.

Frank Bartlett and wife of Washington, D. C., are at the Ricker House for the summer.

George W. Waterhouse has moved to South Paris, having lately sold his house and lot here to Mrs. Sumner Sessions.

Robert G. Johnson and wife with Master Richard Johnson of Ashland, N. H., arrived here Tuesday on a visit.

The interior of the parsonage is being finished.

Thursday Mr. Robert G. Johnson made a catch of 31 bass out of Lake Christopher. This is the best record so far. Mr. Johnson caught a 16 pound trout in Asquam Lake, Ashland, this spring and his record last season was one that weighed 18 pounds.

Charles Noyes has purchased the Fred T. Stevens house of the heirs and taken possession.

The three-months-old baby of Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Allen died quite suddenly June 8. The funeral was held at the home on Friday.

Mrs. F. W. Kinsman arrived Monday from Wilmington, Del., and is staying at her cottage, Birchmere.

Prof. Frederic Morrison of the Annapolis Naval Academy and Mrs. Morrison are occupying H. H. Crockett's cottage, Camp Dewey.

Fryeburg.

Katherine Putnam Osgood died at her home, 54 Worcester Street, Boston, at 8 o'clock A. M. on Friday, May 27. The cause of her death was valvular disease of the heart. Miss Osgood was a native of this town, and was born on May 25, 1842. She was one of the six children (three sons and three daughters) of Col. Edward Louis and Abigail Ripley (Dana) Osgood, of whom her death leaves only one survivor, viz., Hon. Edward Louis Osgood of Boston (221 Beacon Street) and Hopedale, Mass. The late James Ripley Osgood, the well-known publisher, was her brother, and her mother was a sister to the late Gov. John Winchester Dana of this town. Miss Osgood was a woman of refinement, culture and literary attainments, and was a frequent contributor of both prose and poetry to magazines and other periodical publications. Some of her verses have attained great popularity, and have been extensively copied into anthologies, recitation books and other collections of literary gems. Her poems are worthy of publication in a collective form, being of a much higher order of merit than many poetic volumes that issue from the press.

Among her best poems are those entitled "Driving Home the Cows," "What?" "The Cob House," "What Else," "Sunset in the Orchard," Margaret's Chamber," "Before the Prime" and "By the Apple Tree." The most popular of her poems is the one first above mentioned, entitled "Driving Home the Cows," which has a homely pathos which goes straight to the heart. This poem consists of 12 4-line stanzas, and orginally appeared in Harper's Magazine for March, 1865, where it was accompanied with a picture illustrative of that part of the poem embraced in the 10th stanza:

"Loosely swung in the idle air
The empty sleeve of army blue;
And, worn and pale, from the crisping hair
Looked out a face that the father knew."

The great popularity of this poem is attested by its reproduction in so many books since its first publication, some of the books in which it may be found reproduced being as follows: "The Poets of Maine," compiled by George Bancroft Griffith; "Poems of American History," compiled by Burton Egbert Stevenson; "A Library of American Literature," compiled by Edmund Clarence Stedman and Ellen Mackay Hutchinson; Harper's Cyclopædia of British and American Poetry," compiled by Epes Sargent; "American War Ballads and Lyrics," compiled by George Cary Eggleston (in this work the poem is accompanied with a picture illustrative of the 10th stanza); "An American Anthology," compiled by Edmund Clarence Stedman; "The Humbler Poets," compiled by Slason Thompson; "A New Library of Poetry and Song," compiled by William Cullen Bryant; "Poetry of America," compiled by W. J. Linton; "The Cambridge Book of Poetry and Song," compiled by Charlotte Fiske Bates; "One Hundred Choice Selections in Poetry and Prose, No. 1," compiled by Nathaniel K. Richardson; "Poems of American Patriotism," compiled by R. L. Paget (pseudonym); "Three-Minute Declamations for College Men," compiled by Harry C. Davis, A. M., and John C. Bridgman, A. B.; "The Golden Treasury of American Songs and Lyrics," compiled by Frederic Lawrence Knowles; "The Fireside Encyclopædia of Poetry," compiled by Henry T. Coates; "Famous Single and Fugitive Poems," compiled by Rossiter Johnson; the "Lincoln Literary Collection," compiled by John P. McCaskey; and "A Treasury of American Verse," compiled by Walter Learned. Her poem entitled "What Else?" is reproduced in "For Thee Alone," compiled by Grace Hartshorne, and in "Out of the Heart," compiled by John White Chadwick and Annie Hathaway Chadwick; "The Cob House" is reproduced in "Werner's Readings and Recitations, No. 17," compiled by Stanley Schell, and in the above mentioned "The Humbler Poets;" "What?" is reproduced in "Child Life," compiled by John Greenleaf Whittier; "Sunset in the Orchard" is reproduced in the "Delsarte Speaker," compiled by Henry Davenport Northrop; "Margaret's Chamber" is reproduced in the above-mentioned "The Poets of Maine;" "Before the Prime" is reproduced in the above-mentioned "The Cambridge Book of Poetry and Song;" and "By the Apple Tree" is reproduced in the above-mentioned "Poetry of America." She wrote an ode for the centennial celebration on August 20, 1863, of the settlement of Fryeburg, and the ode is to be found in the published pamphlet containing the proceedings of the celebration.

The funeral, which was private, was held on Sunday afternoon, May 29, at 3 o'clock. Interment was on Birch Avenue, Forest Hills Cemetery, Boston, beside the remains of her sister, Frances Caroline Osgood, who died on June 20, 1908, and whose remains, at first buried at Fryeburg, were subsequently exhumed and interred in Forest Hills Cemetery.

North Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Noyes of South Paris called at B. K. Dow's June 9.

Mrs. Maud Wescott and gentleman friend of Portland are visiting at her father's, M. D. Foss'.

The teachers and scholars of the Tuell District School gave an entertainment Friday evening, June 3. $6.30 was cleared which will go towards a teacher's desk. Following is the program, which was well rendered:

Song, Where the Morning Glories, The Misses Elwell.
Dialogue, Eight O'clock.
Reading, Driving Home the Cows,...Etta Hollis.
Tableau, Everybody Works but Father.
Dialogue, A Fortunate Mistake.
Tableau, Held by a Thread.
Song, The Echoes of My Rocky Mountain Home,.....The Misses Elwell.
Tableau, Kitchen Chorus.
Reading, The Child and the Bird, Lyndell Churchill.
Dialogue, Grief too Expensive.
Recitation, Twilight Thoughts, Wilma Littlehale.
Tableau, Wanted, a Wife.
Song, Grandmother's Love Letters, The Misses Elwell.
Tableau, Crazy Quartette, Colored.
Tableau, Little Miss Muffet.
Dialogue, Fisherman's Luck.
Tableau, Now I Lay Me Down to Sleep.

Mrs. Frank Paine of East Oxford and Laura Cole of Greenwood visited at B. F. Elwell's recently.

Sumner.

Born May 30th, to the wife of Carl Abbott, a daughter.

Miss Sadie Bowker of Biddeford is visiting relatives in this place.

Aubery Dyer of Portland is visiting his parents, G. F. Dyer and wife, and other relatives.

Mrs. Corry Bonney is caring for Mrs. Carl Abbott.

Donald Varney is getting along nicely after his operation for throat trouble.

Mrs. Julia Bowker is very poorly, being confined to her [illegible]

Mrs. Mary New[illegible] her daughter, Mrs. C. H. B[illegible] a few days last week.

West Paris.

West Paris Order of the Eastern Star entertained Bethel and Buckfield Chapters Wednesday evening. There was a large delegation, eight chapters being represented. Buckfield chapter performed the work. After the work an excellent entertainment was given, consisting of readings by Mrs. Harriet Fuller Marble of Gorham, N. H., and music by local talent. A chicken pie supper was served at 6 o'clock, and later in the evening refreshments of harlequin ice cream, cake and crackers were served.

West Paris Grange held an all day session Saturday, June 11. The forenoon was devoted to business, and in the afternoon there were Children's Day exercises. The rain prevented many from attending.

The stage furnishings for New Grange Hall have arrived and will be put in place at once.

A good attendance and a good time is reported by those who attended the social dance at New Grange Hall Friday evening.

Miss Eva Tucker was taken suddenly ill Thursday with hemorrhage from the stomach. Her sister, Miss Ruth Tucker of Lewiston, arrived on the afternoon train.

Dr. Barker of Norway was here Saturday in consultation with Dr. Wheeler on the case of Miss Tucker.

Dr. Wheeler accompanied Mrs. D. R. Ford to the Central Maine General Hospital in Lewiston Friday, where she submitted to an operation.

Herbert Richardson received a severe injury to one eye while playing ball at dusk Friday evening. Dr. Roseman was called and dressed the wound.

Mrs. F

SOUTH PARIS.

SOUTH PARIS POST OFFICE.
Office Hours: 7:30 A. M. to 7:30 P. M.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
Commencing September 26, 1909,
TRAINS LEAVE SOUTH PARIS

Going down(east)—3:36 A. M., daily; 9:50 A. M., daily except Sunday; 4:26 P. M., daily; 6:00 P. M., Sunday only.
Going up (west)—9:50 A. M., daily; 3:35 P. M., daily except Sunday; 8:47 P. M., daily; 10:22 A. M., Sunday only.

CHURCHES.

First Congregational Church, Rev. A. T. McWhorter, Pastor. Preaching service, 10:45 A. M.; Sunday School 11:45 A. M.; Y. P. S. C. E. 6:00 P. M. Evening service 7:00 P. M. Church prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30 P. M. All, not otherwise connected, are cordially invited.

Methodist Church, Rev. T. N. Kewley, Pastor. On Sunday, morning prayermeeting 10:00 A. M., preaching service 10:45 A. M.; Sabbath School 12 M.; Epworth League Meeting 6:00 P. M.; prayer meeting Wednesday evening 7:30; class meeting Friday evening 7:30.

Baptist Church, Rev. E. A. Davis, Pastor. On Sunday, preaching service 10:45 A. M.; Sabbath School 12 M.; Y. P. S. C. E., 6:15 P. M.; prayer meeting 7:00 P. M.; Wednesday evening prayer service 7:30. Seats free. All are welcome.

Universalist Church, Rev Chester Gore Miller, Pastor. Preaching service every Sunday at 10:45 A. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Y. P. C. U. at 7 P. M.

Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Bolster were in Berlin, N. H., Wednesday.

Mrs. T. N. Kewley returned the first of last week from Phillips.

Tuesday, June 14, Flag Day. Don't forget to show your colors.

Harold T. Thayer was at home from Rumford for a few days last week.

Mrs. J. F. Stanley of Auburn is with her daughter, Mrs. C. W. Bowker, who is ill.

Hon. James S. Wright was at Denmark on business several days last week.

Mrs. M. K. Drake of South Union is a guest at Rev. A. T. McWhorter's for a week.

Mrs. R. B. Penfold and daughter of Mechanic Falls have made a short visit to relatives here.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Blake died on Friday at the age of nine days.

Miss Fanny N. Chapman was in Bethel last week to attend the commencement exercises of Gould Academy.

Harry Titcomb has employment during the summer vacation as bell boy at the Preble House in Portland.

Saturday's rain put an effectual damper on the exercises of Base Ball Day, and there were no games in this vicinity.

Mr. Scruton has finished work on the town sewer, and is now putting in a connection to the house of Arthur E. Clark.

Mrs. O. H. Bumpus left Thursday for Onset, Mass., where she will spend the summer as usual. Mr. Bumpus will go later.

Mrs. Dr. Gray, who has been here for some time overseeing repairs and changes on her house on Hill Street, returned to Boston Thursday.

Friday evening the Delta Alphas made an unannounced call on Mrs. S. C. Ordway, and gave her a present in remembrance of her birthday.

Miss N. A. Stearns of Roxbury, Mass., came Tuesday to the home of her cousin, S. P. Stearns, and expects to remain here through the summer.

The class of boys of John S Blair in the Baptist Sunday School were entertained at the parsonage by Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Davis Thursday evening.

A double apple blossom, practically in the form of a rose, which was taken from a Fameuse apple tree, is left with the Democrat by F. R. Witham.

Mrs. E. P. Parlin of Wilton was with relatives in town for a short time last week. Miss Apphia Blake accompanied her to her home in Wilton for a visit.

Two traveling minstrels, gentlemen of color, one with a guitar and the other with nothing but his voice, did the town Friday, but apparently did not carry off a large return for their time.

Register of Probate Albert D. Park attended the June term of Probate Court at Fryeburg last Tuesday, and he and Mrs. Park spent a few days at their cottage at Old Orchard on the way.

That very social body, the Western Avenue Club, was entertained by Mrs. Cora S. Briggs at Highland Cottage Wednesday afternoon. The full membership of the club was present, the number being fourteen. Salads in particularly attractive form and other refreshments were served, and the afternoon was most enjoyably spent.

Work is in progress on the grand stand at the pulling ring at the county fair grounds. The large timbers for the stand are from trees cut on land belonging to the agricultural society, which are hauled to the mill and sawed and taken back to the fair grounds. The stand will be 28 x 100 feet, with a seating capacity of 1000 people. It will not be roofed over this season, but will be left open.

The Democrat is not in the habit of making much talk about eggs that are not "laid on our table," but this is an exception. L. L. Jackson has a hen, supposed to be a Rhode Island Red, which has a trick of laying big eggs. All her eggs are above the average size, but two are particularly notable. They each measure 6 1-2 x 8 inches, and almost tip the scale at four ounces each.

Notwithstanding the weather a good number of Odd Fellows and Rebekahs were out Sunday afternoon for the annual memorial day and decoration of graves in Riverside Cemetery, the graves in other cemeteries having been decorated in the forenoon by small parties of Odd Fellows. On account of the rain, all the exercises of the day were held in the hall, the address being given by Rev. E. A. Davis.

Mrs. N. D. Corbett was pleasantly remembered by her friends on the occasion of her fiftieth birthday, June 9th. The remembrances included a post card shower of over fifty birthday greetings, a bouquet of fifty pinks, a box of fruit of many kinds to tempt any appetite, a large bouquet of geraniums and bridal wreath, and a number of other gifts. Mrs. Corbett wishes to express her thanks to the many friends.

After a long illness with cancer, Mrs. Rose M., wife of Oscar F. Bowker, died at her home in South Paris Friday night. Mrs. Bowker, whose maiden name was Mayconnell, was 41 years of age. She leaves a husband but no children, and is survived by a mother, a sister, and a number of brothers. The funeral was held at 10 o'clock Sunday, attended by Rev. E. A. Davis, and the remains were taken to Bryant's Pond for burial.

As advertised in another column, the state assessors will be in session at Fryeburg on the 21st of June, at South Paris on the 23d, and at Rumford on the 24th, for the purpose of securing information, etc. They will meet the assessors of the several towns at these sessions, and will look over their books and get all the information from them that they can. Incidentally they will impart more or less information themselves.

In honor of Beatrice E. Swett's 12th birthday, Florence E. Leach gave her a Dorothy Dingle birthday party at her home Wednesday. The guests were Belle Ames, Nettie Newell, Lizzie Muzzy, Marion Clark, Mary Abbott, Muriel Bowker, Eva Andrews and Mabel Allen. Each little girl brought "her dolly," and the dollies were all alike. Miss Beatrice received pretty gifts. Ice cream and cake was served, and 'twas a merry party from 4 to 6.

Between fifty and sixty members of the Universalist Sunday School sat down to the tables in Good Cheer Hall Friday evening, when the officers and teachers entertained. A supper of salads, pastry, ice cream, cocoa, etc., was served, apparently to the full satisfaction of the youngsters, who were waited upon by their elders. After supper games were played till an hour that was not late. Rev. Mr. Miller made a very short talk to the children. Judging from the amount of exercise of muscles and lungs which the children got, they enjoyed the evening immensely.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Hilton are spending their vacation in Bingham.

W. W. Ripley lost the gray horse which he has been driving on the ice cart, Saturday morning.

The Mission Circle of the Universalist church will meet with Mrs. Charles Young at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon.

There will be a meeting of the Western Maine Poultry Association at W. C. Thayer's, Hill Street, Tuesday evening at 7:30.

There will be a special meeting of the Sons of Veterans in Grand Army Hall on Tuesday night of this week at 7:30 o'clock.

Mrs. Mary Briggs, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Jacob Nichols, returned Wednesday to her home in Newmarket, N. H.

The summer train schedule on the Grand Trunk goes into effect next Sunday, the 19th. Nothing is officially known as to what it will be.

Rev. Chester Gore Miller of the Universalist church delivered the memorial sermon to the Odd Fellows at West Paris Sunday afternoon.

Frank S. Pike and family have moved to Portland, where Mrs. Pike will be in the insurance office opened by C. E. Tolman & Co. Miss Jessie C. Tolman is in the Tolman office here.

Matthew Lyons of Norway was arrested on the street Saturday night by Jailer Cole, and Monday morning, before Trial Justice Whitman, pleaded guilty to intoxication and paid a fine of one dollar and costs.

Good Cheer meeting Wednesday afternoon at 2:30. The Good Cheer seems to be in a prosperous condition. It has quite a lot of work at every meeting, and at a recent meeting two new members joined the society.

Charles A. Young is visited for a few days by his nephew, William Emerson, and Mr. and Mrs. Colburn, of Manchester, N. H. Mr. Emerson and Mr. Colburn are contractors doing business in Manchester.

While up to Saturday the total rainfall in inches was nothing large, it is a fact that for eight consecutive days we have had some rain every day. On Saturday and Sunday, considerable fell. Monday morning gives a faint, indifferent sunshine.

Hamlin Lodge, K. of P., expects to entertain Grand Chancellor Fred L Tower and Grand Keeper of Records and Seal Wilfred E. Ricker at its meeting next Friday evening. Pennesseewassee Lodge of Norway will be present and work the rank of Knight.

A good children's day concert was given at the Baptist church Sunday evening, with a large attendance in spite of the bad weather and muddy roads. The church was prettily decorated with ferns and daisies, and those who did the work are entitled to special credit.

The baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class of the high school will be given by Rev. A. T. McWhorter at the Congregational church next Sunday evening, June 19, at 7:30. The graduating exercises of the class will be held in the Universalist church on Thursday evening following.

For Breaking and Entering.

ONE BOY BOUND OVER AND ANOTHER HAS NOT BEEN FOUND.

On the night of May 31st the store of Penley & Plummer on Pleasant Street near the Grand Trunk station in South Paris was entered. The door of the rollway leading to the cellar had been left open. There is a trap door at the top of the cellar stairs, and a barrel of flour was standing on this. The intruders lifted hard enough on this to get the door open. All that was missed from the store was two hundred cigars.

In lifting the trap door one of the burglars had evidently lost off a necktie of the "catch on" style, and this started a clue. Suspicion was directed to two boys, who occupied a room together in the house where H. M. Berry lives, next the store—Arthur Tucker and Eddie Lowell, perhaps more commonly known as "Todd." A search of their room revealed a quantity of cigars, and a warrant was issued for their arrest.

Arthur Tucker, who is 17 years of age and was employed in the bakery at South Paris, was arrested by Jailer H. D. Cole about 10 o'clock Wednesday forenoon. Lowell was in a pool room at the time, and hearing of Tucker's arrest he promptly got out of town before his whereabouts was known to the officer.

In the Norway Municipal Court Tucker was bound over in the sum of $200. He has not yet secured bail, but is in jail.

Earle Witham of Portland, about 18 years of age, who was working in the Mason Manufacturing Co.'s factory here, was arrested a few days since by Detective Bassett, charged with breaking and entering the camp of Fred Marr on Lary Brook, Gilead, early in May, and taking from it a shot gun, sweaters and other articles to the value of $80 or more. He was taken before Trial Justice Bennett at Gilead for a hearing, and was bound over in the sum of $500. Bail was not secured, and he is now in jail.

Commencement at Hebron Academy.

Sunday, June 19, Baccalaureate sermon 11 o'clock, at the Baptist church, by Rev. M. Joseph Twomey, Portland.

Monday, June 30, Examinations. Grand concert at 8 P. M. in the church by the Lotus Male Quartette, Boston.

Tuesday, June 21, annual meeting of the board of trustees at 10 A. M. Class Day exercises at the church at 2 P. M.

At 4:30 P. M. the President of the Board of trustees, Hon. Geo. D. Bisbee, for the building committee will turn Atwood Hall over to the trustees. Address of acceptance by Hon. John D. Long. 8 P. M., annual prize debate in the church.

Wednesday, June 22d, commencement exercises in the church at 10 A. M. Address to the graduating class by Hon. Payson Smith, State Superintendent of Schools. Commencement dinner in Sturtevant Home at 1 o'clock. Reception, 8 to 10 P. M., Sturtevant Home.

Madame Scalar is Coming Home.

An announcement of much interest to all her friends, as well as to the world of music, is that recently made, that Miss Minnie A. Plummer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Plummer of South Paris, known on the stage of music as Madame Scalar, is to come to America in the autumn of the present year. She has not returned to America since going to Europe for study a number of years ago, since which time she has met with great success as a singer. She will appear in grand opera in America.

Oxford Pomona Grange.

Oxford Pomona will hold a meeting on Wednesday, June 29, with Frederick Robie Grange. Program:

Opening ceremony.
Routine work.
Business.
Music.
Paper, ... Crooked River Grange.
Reading, ... Frederick Robie Grange.
Music.
Question: "How shall vocational training be provided for in our public schools?"
Discussion; If taught in what grades?
Paper, ... Oxford Grange.
Music.
Music in charge of Sister Addie Brett.

The new president-general of the National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution is Hon. William Allen Marble of New York City. Among the members of the national committees he has appointed the following from Maine: Hon. Melvin P. Frank, a trustee for the Maine Society; Archie Lee Talbot on the flag committee, and Nathan Goold on the press committee. The annual meeting of the National Society for 1911 will be held in Louisville as guests of the Kentucky society. It was in that city that the first congress of the society assembled in 1890. The official bulletin of the society of May, 1910, has just been issued.

Dr. Geo. M. Whibley of Portland, Me., a graduate of the American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., under the founder of the science, Dr. A. T. Still, will be at rooms over Noyes' Drug Store, Norway, every Tuesday and Friday. Chronic diseases a specialty. Hours, 10 to 12; 2 to 6; 7 to 9 P. M. tf

Alton C. Wheeler for Representative.

NOMINATED BY REPUBLICAN CAUCUS IN THE TOWN OF PARIS.

With an attendance not large but very interested, the Republican caucus for the town of Paris met at New Hall Wednesday afternoon. At five minutes after 2 o'clock, the assembly was called to order by George M. Atwood, chairman of the town committee.

On motion of J. H. Bean, George M. Atwood was chosen chairman of the caucus, and Lester H. Penley was chosen secretary.

Delegates to the several conventions were then chosen by ballot. Printed ballots had been provided by the town committee, with blank lines so as to permit of making any desired changes, and it was explained by the committee that this was done simply as a matter of convenience, without any desire or intent on the part of the committee to dictate the choice. Some half dozen tickets in all were scratched as to one or two names, but otherwise the votes were all cast as printed. For county delegates the total vote was 59, for state 51, and for district 50. The delegations are as follows:

To county convention at South Paris June 28: Walter L. Gray, N. Dayton Bolster, Ernest F. Clason, Frank A. Taylor, Loren B. Merrill, Ernest F. Shaw, Edward W. Penley, Carl P. Dunham.

To state convention at Augusta June 29: William J. Wheeler, James S. Wright, Harry D. Cole, C. Howard Lane, H. H. Wardwell, Henry D. Hammond, Hiram R. Hubbard, Arthur E. Abbott.

To Second Congressional District convention at Lewiston June 30: Arthur E. Forbes, Joseph A. Noyes, George W. Cole, Dr. D. M. Stewart, S. Porter Stearns, Olban A. Maxim, Howard D. McAllster, Dr. F. E. Wheeler.

The delegations were empowered to fill vacancies in their number.

The last article in the call for the caucus was to choose a town committee for 1911 and 1912, and Alton C. Wheeler of the existing town and county committees mentioned as suggestions coming from the state committee that a larger number should be chosen, and that they should begin their service immediately after being chosen.

W. J. Wheeler moved to choose a committee of seven, to be nominated from the floor, and this motion was carried. The following were then nominated and elected as the committee:

Walter L. Gray.
Charles W. Bowker.
Ernest E. Field.
Lester H. Penley.
Chester H. Lane, Jr.
Howard D. McAlister.
Ernest F. Shaw.

Alton C. Wheeler as a member of the old town committee moved that the new committee begin its service at the close of the caucus, and the motion was promptly seconded by Frank A. Taylor, another member of the old committee, and was carried.

Immediately after the caucus the committee organized by the choice of Walter L. Gray as chairman and Lester H. Penley as secretary.

It is understood that the delegates to the county convention will support William J. Wheeler for sheriff, but that otherwise they are unpledged.

As soon as the caucus had adjourned, the other caucus, to nominate a representative to the legislature from the class towns of Paris, Buckfield and Milton Plantation, was called to order by Mr. Atwood, in the absence of N. D. Bolster, the Paris member of the district committee, who was out of town for the day. Arthur E. Forbes was chosen chairman of the caucus and Lester H. Penley secretary.

The main business of the caucus being taken up, Walter L. Gray, with brief remarks in commendation of the candidate, nominated Alton C. Wheeler for representative to the legislature, and moved that the nomination be made by acclamation. The nomination was seconded, with a few words, by George M. Atwood, and by Edward W. Penley, and the motion to make the nomination by acclamation was unanimously carried.

Alton C. Wheeler, the nominee of the caucus for representative, is one of the best known of the younger men of Paris, and a man of high standing in the community. He is 32 years of age, a native of Bethel, but a resident in Paris since he was three months of age. He was graduated from the South Paris High School in 1894, and from Bates College in 1899. He taught school for some time, in West Paris, Paris Hill, was principal of Mechanic Falls High School for a year, sub-master of the high school in Woburn, Mass., for a year, and was superintendent of schools in Paris for four years. He read law with Hon. James S. Wright of South Paris, and was admitted to the bar in 1904. After being admitted to the bar he became a law partner of Mr. Wright, and this partnership continued until Jan. 1, 1909, when it was dissolved, Mr. Wheeler since being in practice by himself. He is a director and secretary of the Paris Trust Co. He has been quite active as a Republican, served on the town committee from Jan. 1, 1905, to the present time, and is now a member of the county committee. Not only in Paris, but throughout the county and in other sections of the state, he has a wide acquaintance. He married Miss Edith H. Hayes of Auburn.

Decision in Important Law Case.

A certificate of decision has been received by Clerk of Courts Whitman from the law court in the case of Charles E. Hill of Brownfield vs. Maine Central Railroad Co. This case was tried at Rumford in May, 1909, and a large verdict was returned for the plaintiff. By order of the law court, this will be reduced to $5000 or a new trial granted.

The rescript is as follows:

Charles E. Hill vs. Maine Central Railroad Co.

Rescript per curiam:

This is an action on the case to recover damages for the destruction of the plaintiff's saw mill and contents in Brownfield on Feb. 23, 1908, by fire alleged to have been communicated by a locomotive of the defendant while passing the premises with a train of freight cars. The verdict was for the plaintiff in the sum of $7269 30, and the case is before this court upon a general motion for new trial.

Upon a careful examination and consideration of the evidence it is

Held, 1. That while the case is close yet there is sufficient evidence to warrant the jury in rendering the verdict, and this court does not find it so clearly wrong as to justify its reversal.

2. That the damages are clearly excessive. Sufficient allowance was not made for depreciation in the value of the property especially in the machinery. A verdict for $5000 would have been ample.

Verdict set aside and new trial granted unless the plaintiff within 30 days remits all the verdict above the sum of $5000.

A writ of habeas corpus seemed to be necessary to release Mrs. A. A. Whittaker and her children from the Shiloh barkentine yacht Kingdom. Mrs. Whittaker has been with the Shiloh colony in Palestine, and returned here on the Kingdom. She testifies that since the arrival of the Kingdom in Portland, she had not been allowed to land. No one appeared to oppose her release, though her husband, who is one of the missionaries of the Shiloh colony, was much depressed.

A DREADFUL WOUND

from a knife, gun, tin can, rusty nail, fireworks, or of any other nature, demands prompt treatment with Bucklen's Arnica Salve to prevent blood poison or gangrene. It's the quickest, surest healer for all such wounds as also for Burns, Boils, Sores, Skin Eruptions, Eczema, Chapped Hands, Corns or Piles. 25c. at F. A. Shurtleff & Co.'s.

A strike of carpenters in Waterville has been settled by arbitration, the men getting an increase of wages and an agreement being made to refer future disagreements to arbitration.

KEEP THE KING AT HOME.

"For the past year we have kept the King of all laxatives—Dr. King's New Life Pills—in our home and they have proved a blessing to all our family," writes Paul Mathulka, of Buffalo, N. Y. Easy, but sure remedy for all Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 25c. at F. A. Shurtleff & Co.'s.

Convention of Christian Endeavorers.

A PROFITABLE DAY'S SESSION OF THE EAST OXFORD LOCAL UNION.

Very successful and inspiring was the annual meeting of the East Oxford Local Union of Christian Endeavor Societies, which was held Wednesday in the Congregational church at South Paris. The front of the auditorium, where the meetings were held, was made specially attractive with plants and flowers, and a display of the Christian Endeavor emblem and banners. Dinner and supper were served in the vestry of the church. While the number of delegates in attendance was not large, a great interest in the work was shown by all, and the convention was made particularly interesting by the presence and help of Miss Margaret Koch, field secretary of the State Christian Endeavor Society.

After the arrival of the forenoon trains, a short devotional service was conducted by Rev. E. A. Davis of South Paris. The delegates were given a brief but cordial welcome by Miss Blanche Barrows, president of the society of the South Paris Congregational church, and there was a brief response by the president of the Local Union, Rev. M. S. Howes of Mexico.

Reports were read from the larger number of the societies which are constituent members of the Local Union, showing them to be in good condition.

Quite a portion of the business session was taken up with the discussion of the question which has before had more or less consideration, of the division of the Union into two unions, one to comprise the societies on and near the line of the Grand Trunk Railway, and the other those on and near the Rangeley division of the Maine Central. The reason for the suggested change is the time and expense required for travel between the two sections of the county. As no one seemed to have a definite plan of reorganization formulated, the matter was finally laid on the table until the next annual meeting, and a committee was appointed to consider the matter and report at that session.

The principal feature of the forenoon program was a talk by Rev. E. A. Davis of South Paris, on "The Loyalty and Comity of Christian Endeavor in Maine." Mr. Davis emphasized particularly that portion of the pledge requiring the Endeavorer to support his own church, and declared that two things must be heeded, an intense loyalty to God-given convictions, and an intense kindness for everybody. Given these, the cause of Christian Endeavor in Maine will go forward.

One other address scheduled for this session had to be omitted, and this was the only change from the programme as prepared.

A devotional service conducted by W. C. Curtis opened the afternoon session. Three addresses were made—one on Junior Work by Miss Koch, one on "How to Get the Committees to Work," by Rev. H. L. Hanson of Rumford, and a specially earnest talk on "Missions in the Christian Endeavor Society," by Rev. J. G. Fisher of Mexico.

Miss Koch conducted a question box, and a variety of subjects were considered.

The last of the afternoon session was devoted to a mass meeting of Juniors, conducted by Miss Koch. A good number of boys and girls from the junior societies connected with the Congregational, Baptist and Methodist churches of South Paris were present for this part of the meeting, and Miss Koch at once awakened and held their hearty interest.

It was decided to hold the next meeting of the Union at Rumford, during the last week in June, 1911. The officers of the Union were re-elected as follows:

President—Rev. M. S. Howes, Mexico.
Vice-President—Rev. A. T. McWhorter, South Paris.
Recording Secretary—Mrs. M. S. Howes.
Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Margaret Taylor, South Paris.
Treasurer—Mrs. J. G. Fisher, Mexico.
Supt. of Junior Societies—Mrs. M. S. Howes.

At the evening service, solos were sung by Miss Helen M. Barnes and Miss S. M. Wheeler of South Paris. Following the opening devotional service, there were two addresses, the first by Superintendent of Schools L. M. Felch of the Norway-Waterford district, on Christian Education. Mr. Felch said in part:

The basis of Christian education is a Christian teacher, and Jesus Christ is the ideal teacher. Not only the words but the life and character of the teacher are powerful in influencing the life and character of the pupil. I can not require that all teachers under my charge shall be Christians, but of two teachers otherwise equal, I should always give preference to the Christian, and should allow the Christian character to outweigh some educational deficiencies in the teacher.

Christian education is essential to a useful life. Moses, Samuel, and hosts of other characters whom we find in sacred and secular history, had the foundation of their usefulness laid in the instruction given them by their mothers in early life. I believe every man who has helped to lift the world up has received a religious education as the basis of his life.

Parents frequently say to me, "Will it pay to give my child any more education?" Does it pay to know the stars, and the ordering of the great universe? Does it pay to feast with the great minds in literature? Does it pay to know science and art? It does pay, if there is the knowledge of God as the basis.

We ought to have teachers who will teach that there is a God, and that Jesus Christ is his son. We ought to educate man to know that he is a brother to every man, and that they both have one Father.

I believe the Christian school "pays." I believe that the Christian school is necessary. You may not be financially able to send your children away to a Christian school. But you fathers and mothers can at least give up devotion to dress and social affairs and other non-essentials, and put your own life into teaching your children those things that will dwell with them forever.

Miss Koch gave the final address of the meeting. She took as a text the reply of the disciple Ananias at Damascus when the Lord called him, "Behold, I am here, Lord." An illustration was cited, published some years ago, which showed the miff-tree, and among its branches members and officers of the church and its allied organizations. When there was work to be done, they were not on the ground, but up in the miff-tree. Miss Koch urged her hearers to be right there when the Lord called for work. Be there physically, in the fullest sense. Be there intellectually. Be there spiritually. No attempt will be made to give a summary of the address, but it was an earnest and effective plea for devoted, faithful service on the part of all Christian Endeavorers.

A resolution of appreciation of the life and character of the late Rev. B. S. Rideout, formerly an active and interested participant in the meetings of this Union, was passed before the close of the session.

A WOMAN'S GREAT IDEA.

is how to make herself attractive. But, without health, it is hard for her to be lovely in face, form or temper. A weak, sickly woman will be nervous and irritable. Constipation and Kidney poisons show in pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. But Electric Bitters always prove a godsend to women who want health, beauty and friends. They regulate Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, purify the blood; give strong nerves, bright eyes, pure breath, smooth, velvety skin, lovely complexion, good health. Try them. 50c. at F. A. Shurtleff & Co.'s.

James H. Leard, a car inspector on the Maine Central, 25 years of age and a resident of Portland, was instantly killed at Cumberland Junction Wednesday. Leard was on President Tuttle's special train bound east. He was hanging out from a platform to see how a hot box was getting on, and was looking backward when he was hit in the head by a standpipe and his skull crushed.

PERRY DAVIS' PAINKILLER

draws the pain and inflammation from bee stings and insect bites. Soothes and allays the awful itching of mosquito bites. 25c., 35c. and 50c. bottles.

Many Children are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, Break up Colds in 24 hours, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 22-6

NORWAY.

Dr. Fred E. Drake and wife entertained a party of twenty-one at their cottage Wednesday afternoon and evening. A most elaborate banquet was served by the doctor of lobsters in all forms, cake, coffee and an abundance of other good things. The company comprised all the members of what was at one time the Professional Whist Club. The company was transported from the village boat landing to the Hayden Cottage by Dr. Drake's motor boat and Downing's steamers. It was voted a most pleasant reunion. Those present were:

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Andrews.
Mrs. Bial F. Bradbury.
Dr. and Mrs. H. L. Bartlett.
Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Cushman.
Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Curtis.
Dr. and Mrs. Fred E. Drake.
Mr. and Mrs. Jas. N. Favor.
Mr. and Mrs. V. W. Hills.
Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Kimball and son.
Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Stearns.
Mr. and Mrs E. F. Smith.

A party consisting of Dr. K. W. Small and wife, cashier of the Richmond National Bank, J. M. Odiorne and wife, druggist W. A. Bibber, wife and daughter Marion, and Mr. and Mrs. George C. Lovell, dealer in marble, granite and coal, of Richmond, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene F. Smith Sunday. The party drove across country in their autos. Mrs. Odiorne and Mrs. Bibber are Mrs. Smith's sisters.

Judge Jones and family left for Small Point Wednesday. Mrs. Jones and children will remain there for the summer. Judge Jones will divide his time between Norway and Small Point.

The June session of the Municipal Court was held at the court room on Tuesday. Several new cases entered upon the docket and some old matters adjusted.

Merritt Welch is soon to open a ladies' furnishing store in the Noyes Block. Mr. Welch was in trade in the Opera House building for a time some years ago.

The committee on the Carnegie Library appointed at the annual town meeting have the work in hand, it is understood, and will make their report to the town as soon as the same can be conveniently done.

The ladies of the Universalist Circle shipped their car of old papers to the mills the last of the week.

Norway Lodge, No. 16, I. O. O. F., observed its annual memorial Sunday June 12th by decorating the graves of deceased members in Pine Grove cemetery.

O. M. Cummings went to Medford, Mass., Thursday for a few days' visit with his grandson, Irving Thibodeau.

Arthur E. Morrison, wife, and son, Freeland, are stopping a few weeks at Cedar Lodge, Mr. Freeland Howe's cottage on the east shore of the lake.

The Norway Savings Bank will be closed Saturday afternoons during June, July, August and September.

The Edwin Morse farm on Crockett Ridge has been sold to Victor M. Whitman.

Children's Day will be observed at the Universalist church on Sunday, June 26.

Mrs. William H. Warren of Cornish is visiting her daughter, Mrs. G. A. Brooks.

Rev. W. C. Stiles of New York, of the editorial department of the Homiletic Review, will preach at the Congregational church June 18, 26, and July 3d. Mr. Stiles was formerly of Norway.

The graduating exercises of the Norway High School will be held at the Opera House Thursday evening, June 16. Programme:

Music.
Prayer.
Music.
Salutatory, Marion Anna Lafrance
Music, The Universal Language, Olivia Lulu Libby.
The Importance and Advancement of Physical Culture in Schools, Raymond Estes Brooks.
The Almighty Dollar, Grace Eleanor Brown.
Music.
Class History, Gladys Volesta Buck.
The Paper Industry, Hartley Prentiss Greenleaf.
The Importance of Self Possession, Minnie Leona Upton.
Music.
Class Prophecy, Geneva Whitman Sturtevant.
Oration, Subjugation of the Filipino, Donald Barrows Partridge.
Valedictory, Essay, Ethel Mae Brown.
Presentation of Diplomas.
Singing Class Ode.

Commencement ball will be given Friday evening, June 17. Stearns' Orchestra. Balcony seats for public.

Frank H. Noyes entertained his Sunday School class of boys at Wm. C. Leavitt's lake cottage. Supper was served at the cottage. Downing's steamer was chartered.

Ellsworth E. Young of the Elm House has gone out of business. The Elm House was closed Saturday night.

Mildred Bangs is at home from Boston and will spend the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry J. Bangs.

Vivian W. Hills will have a paper at the July meeting of the Maine Association of Opticians at Eastport.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene F. Smith and daughters, Elsie E. and Eleanor A., went to Richmond the last of the week. Mr. Smith returned Monday. Mrs. Smith and daughters will remain until the first of July when the whole family will go to Capitol Island for two weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Vivian W. Hills will join the party at the island for the first two weeks in July.

Rev. M. C. Ward of the Universalist church preached the baccalaureate sermon before the senior class of the Norway High School June 12th.

Mrs. Frank Kimball started on her trip abroad Wednesday morning.

Major Bial F. Bradbury attended the officers' school of the artillery organization of the National Guard of the State of Maine at Portland, June 8-11 inclusive. The school of officers of the 2d Regt., N. G. S. M., will be held at Augusta, June 13-17 inclusive.

Obituary.

Josiah Heald Stearns, one of the oldest and most highly respected citizens of Lovell, died at his home—Fairview, early Saturday morning, June 4. Mr. Stearns had been in ill health for the past two years, and his infirmities necessarily retired him from active and public life.

He was born in Lovell Feb. 18, 1833, and was the eldest son of General Solomon and Sally Heald Stearns. At the age of 16 his father died, leaving him with the cares and responsibilities of a farm, which he conducted for several years.

He was engaged in the lumber business four years in Pennsylvania, but returned to Lovell at the breaking out of the civil war, and enlisted in Company H, 23d regiment of Maine Volunteers. He was commissioned First Lieutenant of his company, and served his country faithfully until his regiment was mustered out of service.

In 1870 he was appointed U. S. Deputy Surveyor of Florida, and spent about two years on the peninsular in the discharge of his duties. His experience, ability, and knowledge of woodcraft made his services as a surveyor much in demand in establishing lines and boundaries in his native town, and surrounding country. It has been correctly stated that his knowledge of the original division of lots in Lovell, as well as all subsequent divisions, was superior to that of any other man.

In 1883 he purchased Fairview, a large farm, and has since lived there.

He was a Republican in politics, had been a selectman and road commissioner of the town, and was postmaster at Center Lovell for several years.

Mr. Stearns early embraced the cause of Christianity, and became a member of the first Congregational church in Lovell, and at the time of his death was deacon in the church. He was a member of Delta Lodge, No. 153, F. and A. M., a member of Kezar Valley Lodge, I. O. O. F., and also a member and past commander of Parker Post, No. 151, G. A. R.

He married Sarah Russell Stearns, who died in 1904. He is survived by six children, Clayton M. in Washington state, Henry C. of Concord, N. H., Mrs. Geo. W. Walker, Leslie L. and Adelbert A., of Lovell, and Sargent A. of Boston.

Who Knows about Turkey Eggs?

BRYANT'S POND, ME, June 6, 1910.
Editor Democrat:
Can any of the readers tell me where I can get some turkey eggs?
Box 175, Bryant's Pond, Me.

Prompt treatment of a slight attack of Diarrhœa will often prevent a serious sickness. The best known Remedy is DR. SETH ARNOLD'S BALSAM. Your apothecary, F. A. Shurtleff & Co., warrants it to give satisfaction.

In a Pinch, use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, The antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes. It cures hot, tired, aching, swollen, sweating feet and makes walking easy. Takes the sting out of corns and bunions. Over 30,000 testimonials. Sold everywhere, 25 cts. Don't accept any substitute. 23-6

Born.

In Paris, May 30, to the wife of Frank C. Kimball, a daughter.
In Wilson's Mills, June 2, to the wife of Lewis Olson, a daughter.
In Sumner, May 30, to the wife of Carl Abbott, a daughter.
In Denmark, June 6, to the wife of Clayton Smith, a daughter.
In South Paris, June 4, to the wife of Fred Dupre, a son.
In Norway, June 7, to the wife of Ralph Collins, a son.
In Mexico, June 5, to the wife of Adam Rankin, a son.

Married.

In Rumford, June 8, by Rev. E. B. Barber, Mr. Alfred S N. Sparks and Miss Lavina H. Allen, both of Rumford.
In Rumford, June 5, by Rev. J. A. LaFlamme, Mr. John Zocca and Miss Jane Gagnon.
In Bridgton, June 4, Rev. William Ames of Westport, Mass., and Miss Iola A. Walker of Bridgton, formerly of Poru.
In Fryeburg, at Toll Bridge, June 4, by Rev. F. H. Reeves, Mr. James H. Jackson of Lovell and Miss Adèle E. Forrest of Sweden.
In Livermore Falls, June 4, by Rev. E. W. Webber, Mr. Elton G. Blabee of Canton and Miss Cyrena Carter of Hartford.
In Rumford, June 1, by Rev. G. B. Hannaford, Mr. Burns Loggie of Rumford and Miss Maggie Frost of Dixfield.
In Rumford, June 6, by Rev. Fa Rousseau, Mr. Alphonse Bergeron and Miss Anna Martin.
In Rumford, June 6, Mr Maurice E. Hammond and Miss I. Blanche Small, both of Rumford.

Died.

In South Paris, June 10, Mrs. Rose M., wife of Oscar F. Bowker, aged 41 years, 3 months, 6 days.
In West Paris, June 10, A. R. Bucknam, aged 62 years.
In South Paris, June 10, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Blake, aged 9 days.
In Andover, June 3, George M. Newton, aged 66 years.
In Lovell, June 4, Josiah Heald Stearns, aged 77 years.
In Augusta, May 20, Miss Lizzie Chesley of Auburn, formerly of Oxford.
In North Norway, June 5, Mrs. Abbie (Cox) Bosworth, aged 68 years.
In Lewiston, May 30, Mrs. Mary T. Otis, formerly of Grafton, aged 70 years.

Let Me Quote You Prices

On Riding Cultivators, Disc Hoes, Shovel Plows, and Walking Cultivators. O. K. CLIFFORD,
24-25 South Paris, Me.

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.

In the matter of GEORGE M. TUBBS, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

To the HON. CLARENCE HALE, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine:

GEORGE M. TUBBS of Paris, in the County of Oxford, and State of Maine, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 16th day of April, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of Court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays, That he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said Bankruptcy Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 20th day of May, A. D. 1910.
GEORG

Free! - Free! - Free!

A KING KINEO RANGE.

$2.00 down and $2.00 a month.

THE PERSON bringing the largest number of this entire advertisement to Hobbs' Variety Store, Norway, Wednesday, November 23, 1910, at 3 P. M., will receive a No. 8-20, King Kineo Range, valued at $60.00, FREE. Ask your friends to begin to save this advertisement for you.

Cook in Comfort You no longer need wear yourself out with the weakening heat of an intensely hot kitchen. You can cook in comfort.

Here is a stove that gives **no outside heat.** All its heat is concentrated at the burners. An intense blue flame (hotter than either white or red) is thrown upwards but not around. All the heat is utilized in cooking — none in outside heating.

New Perfection
WICK BLUE FLAME
Oil Cook-stove

entirely removes the discomfort of cooking. Apply a match and immediately the stove is ready. Instantly an intense heat is projected upwards against the pot, pan, kettle or boiler, and yet there is **no surrounding heat — no smell — no smoke.**

Why? Because The New Perfection Oil Cook-Stove is scientifically and practically perfect. You cannot use too much wick — it is automatically controlled. You get the maximum heat — no smoke. The burner is simple. One wipe with a cloth cleans it — consequently there is no smell.

The New Perfection Oil Cook-Stove is wonderful for year-round use, but especially in summer. Its heat operates upward to pan, pot, or kettle, but not beyond or around. It is useless for heating a room.

It has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot.

It has long turquoise-blue enamel chimneys. The nickel finish, with the bright blue of the chimneys, makes the stove ornamental and attractive. Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without Cabinet.

Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

Cautionary Note: Be sure you get this stove—see that the name reads "New Perfection."

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

INSURANCE.

FIRE, AUTOMOBILE,
EMPLOYERS' AND PUBLIC LIABILITY,
STEAM BOILER,
FIDELITY BONDS,
BANK AND HOUSEHOLD BURGLARY,
ACCIDENT AND HEALTH.

When you need some "Insurance that Protects", I will be glad to hear from you.

PERLEY F. RIPLEY,
PARIS, - - MAINE.

PLEASE Keep in MIND!

When in want of anything in our lines give us a call.
WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY. WE SELL

Doors, Windows, Frames, Builders' Finish, Glass, Putty, Nails, Builders' Hardware, Sheathing Paper,

House Paints, Barn Paints, Roof Paints, Wagon Paints, Floor Paints, Floor Dressing, Floor Finish, Liquid Filler, Linseed Oil, Varnishes, Turpentine, Brushes.

Our paints include Impervious, Heath & Milligan, and Sherwin-Williams.

Paroid Roofing—The best of all roofings. THE TIME TESTED KIND. Don't try imitations.

Screen Doors and Window Screens—We make to order. The kind that lasts. Regular sizes of doors in stock. Have your veranda screened in. We sell wire screen cloth, spring hinges, &c.

Wheelbarrows—We have a few first class wheelbarrows. Call and see them.

Telephone and Electrical Supplies—We sell "Columbia Ignition Batteries" the best for automobiles and telephones.

S. P. MAXIM & SON,
South Paris.

STANDARD SEWING MACHINES.

Send for Catalogue.

W. J. WHEELER & CO.,
South Paris.

Blacksmith Wanted - OR - Shop to Rent.

I will either hire a first-class blacksmith or rent my shop in South Paris to such a one for the horse-shoeing. Shop centrally located and doing a good business.

H. P. MILLETT,
South Paris, May 23, 1910.

Pulp Wood Wanted.

Delivered at any station on the Grand Trunk between Berlin and Portland. Also White Ash bolts.

J. M. DAY,
43tf Bryant's Pond, Me.

Paroid Roofing.

THE BEST OF ALL.

I wish to announce to the public that I am the ONLY AGENT in Paris for Paroid Roofing. Call and get prices on this brand. All others are imitations.

L. S. BILLINGS,
SOUTH PARIS, - MAINE.
5-17 '10 1yr.

FOR SALE.

A 40 acre farm, one mile out from the village, on telephone line. Scenery that feeds the mind, soil that feeds the body. House, ell, shed and barn connected. Spring that never fails. Price $1000 and no back talk.

Inquire of J. B. MASON, or the owner two miles below.
J. N. IRISH.
Buckfield, Me., March 3, 1910. 10tf

The Land of Puzzledom

No. 945.—Enigma.

I belong to the school, but not to the teacher.
I belong to the crowd, but not to the preacher.
I belong to the horse, but not to the stable.
I belong to the home, but not to the table.
I belong to the store, but not to the keeper.
I belong to the mower, but not to the reaper.

No. 946.—Charade.

My first, a tiny thing, a mighty power holds.
It speaks of love or public thought it molds.
My second gives advice to those who evil meet,
So follow it and make at once decision fleet.
My whole a grateful country gives to old and brave,
The men who fought and suffered much its life to save.

No. 947.—Novel Word Square.

If one should be so cruel as to 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 a little child, he should make 2, 5, 4, 5, 6 to pacify him with an 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or some other pretty fall flower, to atone for his 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 behavior; otherwise he ought to be thrown into the water with the 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and other aquatic fowls.

When placed one below the other in the order here given the five words to be supplied will form a word square.

No. 948.—Charades.

I.

My first is the name of a boy;
My next never do if you'd enjoy;
My third may be I, but can't be you;
My last a note sometimes hard to get true;
My whole a name for a singing bird
In romance and poetry often heard.

II.

When you're my first, so are others too;
My next, a person, can't be you;
My third, a very tiny word,
In every sentence will be heard;
My last, a hilly peak, will stand
Conspicuous in old Scotland.
My whole, a fighter once renowned,
In sculpture now is only found.

—Youth's Companion.

No. 949.—Numerical Enigma.

In this puzzle the words are pictured instead of described. There are as many letters in each word as adjoin its picture. When rightly solved and placed in numerical order they will spell a wise saying.

No. 950.—Beheadings.

1. Behead a valley and leave a beverage.
2. Behead a fruit and leave to roam.
3. Behead close and leave part of the head.
4. Behead to degrade and leave part of a column.
5. Behead said and leave venerable.
6. Behead a kind of wood and leave emaciated.
7. Behead a large basin and leave to assert.
8. Behead a frolic and leave an ancient ship.
9. Behead unclosed and leave an inclosure.

The beheaded letters will spell the name of a great Italian sculptor.

No. 951.—Enigma.

I have a large mouth and a small head.
Nor ever am I without a bed.
When in my bed I'm never at rest;
When out of it I'm always a pest.
Burdens I have, some heavy, some light.
Ofttimes they pass quickly out of sight.
Like Father Time, as I run my race
Onward my course I never retrace.

Key to Puzzledom.

No. 937.—Beheadings: 1. Bi-shop. 2 S-pace. 3. B-room. 4. Car-pet.

No. 938.—Double Acrostic: Primals, Macbeth. Finals, tempest. 1. Meet. 2. Able. 3. Calm. 4. Bump. 5. Ease. 6. Toes. 7. Hart.

No. 939.—Enigma: Ridge, b-ridge, Bridget.

No. 940.—Novel Acrostic: Macaulay. Horatius, Claudius, Virginia. Crosswords: 1. Mice. 2. Have. 3. Able. 4. Odin. 5. Coal. 6. Rare. 7. Alum. 8 Argo. 9. Undo. 10. This. 11. Laid 12. Iona. 13. Ague. 14. Unit. 15 Yose (mite). 16. Snap.

No. 941.—Charades: 1. Con, tent, meant, contentment. 2. Inn, o, sense, innocence. 3. In, glow, ra, us, inglorious.

No. 942.—Easy Riddle: Cares, caress, are, acres.

No. 943.—Pictured Word: Horse, chest, nut, horse chestnut.

No. 944.—Riddle: Sash.

Only a little cold in the head may be the beginning of an obstinate case of Nasal Catarrh. Drive out the invader with Ely's Cream Balm applied straight to the inflamed stuffed up air-passages. Price 50 cents. If you prefer to use an atomizer, ask for Liquid Cream Balm. It has all the good qualities of the solid form of this remedy and will rid you of catarrh or hay fever. No cocaine to breed a dreadful habit. No mercury to dry out the secretion. Price 75c., with spraying tube. All druggists, or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

One of Judge Lindsay's stories is of a poor Irishman who was arrested on the Fourth of July for punching another man in the face. When the judge asked him if he was guilty, he said "Sure, that's what I'm here to find out." The juge told him he was charged with striking a man. "But wasn't it the Fourth of July, and couldn't I have a bit of fun?" he asked. "Yes," said the judge. "but your right to have fun ended where this man's nose began."

An itinerant minister was preaching on a very sultry day in a small room, and was much annoyed by those who casually dropped in after the service had commenced, invariably closing the door after them. His patience being at length exhausted by the extreme oppressiveness of the heat, he vociferated to an offender, "Friend, I believe if I was preaching in a bottle, you would put the cork in!"

Doctor—Johnny, I see the pills I gave you have made you well again. How did you take them—with water or with cake?

Small Johnny—I used them in my pop gun to shoot at the cat.

HOMEMAKERS' COLUMN.

Correspondence on topics of interest to the ladies is solicited. Address: Editor HOMEMAKERS' COLUMN, Oxford Democrat, South Paris, Me.

Psychology of Clothes.

"It would take a gallon of sherbet and an electric fan to overcome the effect of that costume," gasped the Scientist.

The Young Philosophers ran to the window to see what had provoked the Scientist to an inaccurate statement of a proposition. On the opposite side of the street strutted a young woman, dressed in red from the tip of her suede slipper to the tulle of her large picture hat.

"Some one has told her red is becoming to her, and now she wears it, regardless of time or circumstance," commented the Cynic. "A gown like that, however, on an August day is positively an act of cruelty to spectators."

"I wonder," mused the Sage, "if any of us fully realize the effect upon others of the garments we wear."

"We had a striking example of it in our home last winter," confirmed the Epicurean. "My sister and I were made to wear colored woolen dresses during winter, from the time we could first walk. Nevertheless we have always liked dainty garments, and when my sister's first baby came, eighteen months ago, we determined to keep it in white until it was old enough to go to school. One cold day my father found the baby toddling about the house in a white dimity dress. He at once took my sister to task for clothing the child improperly. We explained to him that a white woolen slip beneath the outer garment kept the child from feeling cold. 'But it doesn't keep me from feeling cold when I see her!' he stormed. And it didn't. He insists that he suffered acutely from the cold every time he saw the little one in its filmy frock."

"I asked a school teacher once," said the Sage, "whether the garments her pupils wore in any way affected their scholarship. She replied without hesitation that they did and that, moreover, the garments which she wore affected their scholarship. She explained that she had one particularly becoming and attractive gown, which she wore during tests or examinations. This change of costume not only the more observing in the class seemed to notice, but even the dullest felt it and profited by it. This same teacher cited the case of a young girl who had entered a class half clad, disheveled and dirty. Her books were soiled, second hand ones which she had begged from others. She was sullen and showed little interest in her studies or her classmates. Suddenly orphaned, this child was adopted by a benevolent organization, which purchased new books for her and clothed her in garments, not only new and comfortable, but attractive and becoming. With the new clothing she donned came a new interest in life, a new self respect, and she is rapidly becoming one of the most promising pupils in her grade. Mothers should study this subject of the psychology of clothes."

"Mothers and wives," added the Cynic. "Not every wife realizes that the work of the day for her husband is often made easier or marred by the gown in which she greets him at his breakfast table."

"That is true," agreed the Sage. "A man sometimes makes the mistake of telling his wife that she looks well in a boudoir jacket. Thereupon she forms the habit of wearing one to the breakfast table. And that is all right during the honeymoon, perhaps. But when a man sits down to a belated breakfast, with school children clamoring for attention, and home duties fairly shrieking from nursery and kitchen, he feels vaguely, although he does not analyze the emotion, that there is something inadequate about the appearance of the woman who faces him, my lady of the dressing sacque."

"But a man would not wish his wife to dress like a nursery maid," protested the Epicurean.

"Why not?" demanded the Sage. "Why not, at least, while she is performing the duties of one? What could be more suitable, serviceable or becoming than a plain cotton housegown and spotless white apron? Our educated helpers and trained nurses have changed this same costume from a badge of servitude to an insignia of rank. Women are prone to believe that man has no intuition, that he is not susceptible to psychical influence. She has believed it many times to her own undoing. A man is annoyed, if he finds his wife working about the kitchen in a discarded dinner dress; he is likewise annoyed, if she comes to his dinner table looking like a servant. Nevertheless he may be and probably is quite ignorant of the cause of his annoyance."

"That is because man for generations has been the business head and the warrior of the family," expounded the Scientist. "He undertands the methods and the necessities of proper equipment. He would not go shooting for duck with an elephant gun."

"At the same time woman is the more punctilious about the conventionalities of dress," contended the Epicurean.

"But conventionalities are many times the creatures of her own caprice," said the Cynic, "and are not often brought into being by the laws of proper equipment. Where conventionalities fail to coincide with these laws, man rebels and often, too often woman submits."

"Here is a case in point," laughed the Sage. "I know a young matron who is extremely fastidious about the proprieties of dress. She is never seen at a formal dinner or at the opera save in evening gown. Her street costumes are faultless. But I have seen her working about her kitchen in a silk kimona and a torn silk skirt. She felt, moreover, that she was maintaining the dignity of her position."

"I suppose none of you would believe me, if I told you of the wonderful effect upon the health which different garments may have," timidly ventured the Mental Healer.

"Whether we accept your philosophy as a whole or not," politely returned the Cynic, "we are all willing to concede that a woman feels no better than she looks. Personally I have cured more than a headache with a bath and a complete change of garment."

"And, of course," admitted the Scientist, "we are beginning to learn the effect which colors have upon the mind and the emotions of man. We know that red—"

"But that is the X, Y, Z of the subject. Start our wives and mothers at the A, B, C of it and they make their own progress," concluded the Sage.—Cooking School Magazine.

Hints.

Why do we all not make more underclothes of the white cotton crape and avoid all that ironing in warm weather?

If you are pulling threads in linens, or any goods where the threads are hard to get hold of, rub a bar of soap, (Ivory I always use) over the threads, and you will find that they slip easily.

It is a difficult thing to make a good buttonhole in thin material. Fine white embroidery cotton makes a very handsome button hole in such material and will be found to be much easier to work with than thread, and it is quite as durable.

It is an excellent plan to underscore with ink the various ingredients in any recipe. This makes it possible for one to see at a glance what articles are needed, and frequently prevents one from omitting something to which the success of the dish is due.

Any dish in which dough has been prepared should be rinsed with cold water before being washed, as hot water tends to cook the dough, making it more difficult to remove. For the same reason run the egg beater a second or so in cold water before putting it into the hot.

The man of the family had a bad cut near the knuckle of his finger, where it seemed impossible to keep it covered. A druggist, noticing his predicament, asked to do it up for him. After wetting the finger all about the cut with collodion, he laid a very thin layer of absorbent cotton over it; hardly more than a film of cotton was used. This he again wet thoroughly with the collodion, making it adhere closely to the finger in all places. The result was a pliable, watertight dressing that stayed on until pulled off, and we have found it equally successful since.

The Wars of Our Country.

LIX.—Spanish War—Cervera's Fleet.

By Albert Payson Terhune

"THE Spaniards are coming out of the harbor!"

The lookout on the cruiser Iowa had scarcely shouted this long expected warning when the signal "Clear ships for action!" flashed to the whole blockading fleet. An epoch making sea fight was beginning.

The United States squadron had for days watched the narrow opening of Santiago harbor as a cat watches a rathole. Within were Cervera's four powerful cruisers—the Almirante Oquendo, Vizcaya, Cristobal Colon and Infanta Maria Teresa—and his two torpedo boat destroyers, the Furor and Pluton. The American troops held the heights about Santiago, and negotiations for the town's surrender were under way; hence Cervera's one chance lay in a dash for the safety of the open sea. Outside the harbor lay a larger, stronger fleet than his own, waiting to destroy him.

Admiral Sampson, commanding the blockade, steamed away in his flagship New York early on the morning of Sunday, July 3, 1898, for a conference with General Shafter some miles down the coast, leaving Commodore Schley in command of the squadron.

It was about 9:30 a. m. that the Sunday quiet was broken by news of the attempt at escape. The vessels of the United States fleet were lying from 4,000 to 6,000 yards off shore. They were the battleships Iowa, Oregon, Texas and Indiana, the cruiser (Schley's flagship) Brooklyn, the "converted yachts" Gloucester and Hist and the torpedo boat destroyer Vixen.

From within the concealed harbor a curl of smoke rose. It was this that had warned the Iowa's lookout. The shore batteries of Secapa opened sudden fire on the blockaders. The gray nose of a warship poked into sight at the harbor's mouth. Out into the open darted Cervera's flagship, the Teresa. The Oquendo followed, then the Colon and Vizcaya and five minutes later the Pluton and Furor.

But swiftly as the rush for freedom was made the Yankee guns were still quicker. Ship after ship opened fire on the enemy. As the range was found the projectiles poured in still faster and with more terrible accuracy.

One of the Spanish cruisers caught fire from a bursting shell. Then a twelve inch shell from the Iowa struck the Teresa. After the smoke of the explosion cleared away the burning Spanish flagship was seen staggering shoreward.

The Oquendo was next to succumb. She was beached, a blazing wreck, six miles west of the harbor mouth and half a mile east of the Teresa. Her captain, Lasagas, shot himself to avoid the disgrace of surrendering. Ten miles farther on the Vizcaya was overhauled. She was in flames and ran up the white flag.

Meantime the Furor and Pluton were in dire trouble. One of them was struck early in the action by a twelve inch shell. The yachts Gloucester and Hist ran at the two torpedo boats, pelting them from rapid fire guns and driving them ashore.

Now the Colon, alone of the flying fleet, remained afloat. She was steaming away westward at top speed, the Americans trailing in her wake and sending shot after shot at the flying hulk. The New York by this time had come up and joined in the hunt. At 1:20 p. m., having run nearly sixty miles the battered, sinking Colon surrendered and turned her prow shoreward. The fight was over.

The whole Spanish fleet was captured or sunk. The battle had cost our navy just one life, that of Chief Yeoman Ellis of the Brooklyn, who was killed by a shell. Another man was wounded. The Spanish lost 353 killed and 151 wounded. Practically all the rest were made prisoners.

PURSUIT OF THE COLON.

The beaten foes were treated with the utmost courtesy. Captain Evans graciously refused to accept the sword Captain Eulate of the Vizcaya offered him in token of submission. Cervera was received aboard the Iowa with all the impressive naval honors due an admiral.

The war dragged on for months with no further battles of any especial consequence. Porto Rico and the Philippines were easily captured. Everywhere our arms met with swift victory. On Dec. 10, 1898, a peace treaty was signed. Spain lost all control of Cuba, ceded Porto Rico and sold the Philippines to us for $20,000,000. So ended the Spanish-American war.

Death, Ancient and Modern.

The art of the ancients would certainly seem to show that their conception of death was a much more cheerful one than that which has obtained in later times. It was at one time thought that the old Greeks and Egyptians had no artistic symbol for death but this was a misconception. Death was almost invariably represented by them as the kinsman of sleep. The Greeks personified it as Thanatos, elder brother of Sleep. The Romans sometimes depicted Death and Sleep as twin children reposing in the arms of Night. The skull and crossbones and the skeleton as emblems of death do not appear to have become common until comparatively late Christian times. It has been suggested that the terrible famines and pestilences which scourged Europe during the middle ages were responsible for the fear or horror with which the modern mind is usually accustomed to look upon death.

Overheard in the Library.

"Say, Vasey," said the picture on the wall to the Sevres vase on the mantel, "you look blue. What's the matter with you?"

"I'm hungry," said the vase. "I haven't had anything in me for six weeks now, and I'm beginning to feel mighty empty."

"Hello, Mr. Time!" said the statuette to the clock. "How are you feeling today?"

"Very much run down," said the clock wearily. "I can hardly move my hands."

TRUE'S ELIXIR

ESTABLISHED 1851.

Makes a sturdy boy of a healthy baby; helps the boy onward into athletic youth; builds strong, virile manhood on youthful vigor and crowns a long life with happy old age.

Why? *Because it keeps bodily functions healthy and active.* Take it for that foe of health—constipation. It relieves biliousness; restores lost appetite; strengthens a weak stomach; steadies tired nerves; gives a clear head and an optimistic outlook to anyone, and everyone, who takes it. It's been in use three generations and more people use it to-day than ever before — do you wonder?

Every ingredient in True's Elixir is selected for great medicinal value and absolute freedom from deleterious properties or impurities. The compounding is done with the strictest care.

"Keeps you and your children well"

Sold by all druggists — 35c. — 50c. — $1.00.

DR. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Maine

Economical Housewives

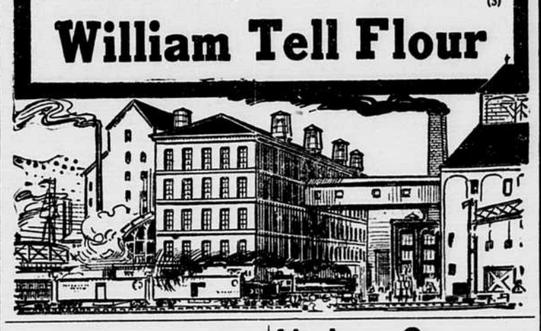
want flour that never fails—that makes the most bread to the sack—that serves every baking need.

So they use nothing but William Tell Flour—and have "good luck" every day they bake.

For William Tell bread is a marvel of lightness—its cake melts in your mouth—its pastry makes the cook famous.

One sack will prove itself—order today. (3)

William Tell Flour



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about your liver. There is no need of suffering or of letting the trouble go so far as to produce results. You can check it now. One bottle of the original old family remedy—"L. F." Atwood's Medicine will relieve you and continued use will effect a speedy cure.

Farmington Falls, Me.

"I wish to say I have used your medicine. It is one of the best Spring and Fall medicines. It works wonderfully upon a torpid liver. MRS. H. A. SABINE

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Picture Frames and Pictures, Mats, Mirrors & Mouldings in all Styles.

High Grade Portrait Work in Crayon, Water color, Sepia and Oil a specialty.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

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Nichols St., - SOUTH PARIS.

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A LOW PRICE — ON — Wool Carpets

to close out odd patterns and clean up stock.

Chas. F. Ridlon,
Corner Main and Danforth Sts.,
NORWAY, - MAINE.

Union Garage

Paris Hill, Maine.

I wish to announce that my new garage is now ready for business.

STORAGE, CARE and REPAIR of **AUTOMOBILES** promptly attended to. Also a full line of AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES constantly on hand and for sale.

I keep a 40 h.p. car for public service and shall be glad to take out parties at any time.

Newton Cummings,
Agent for the Inter-State cars,
PARIS HILL, - MAINE.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF MAINE.
COUNTY OF OXFORD, ss.:

May 3rd, A. D. 1910.

Taken this third day of May, A. D. 1910, on execution dated the fourteenth day of April, A. D. 1910, issued on a judgment rendered by the Superior Court for the County of Cumberland, at the term thereof begun and held on the first Tuesday of March, A. D. 1910, to wit, on the fourth day of April, A. D. 1910, in favor of The Chapman National Bank, a national banking association legally existing under the laws of the United States, located at Portland, in said County of Cumberland, against Herman Mason of Bethel in our County of Oxford, for the sum of Five Thousand Three Hundred seventy-four dollars and ninety-one cents, debt or damage, and will be sold at public auction, at the County Court House in the Town of Paris in said County of Oxford, to the highest bidder, on the eighteenth day of June, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock and ten minutes in the forenoon, the following described real estate and all the right, title and interest which the said Sarah E. Byrd has and had in and to the same on the sixteenth day of August, A. D. 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the time when the same was attached on the writ in the same suit, to wit:—

The following described pieces and parcels of land, situate in the Town of Bethel, County of Oxford and State of Maine, inherited as heir of the late William W. Mason of said Bethel, deceased, viz:—

All the land described in a deed from Eunice H. Mason and Ayers Mason to William W. Mason, dated May 11th, 1865, recorded in Oxford County records, Book 136, Page 386, to which deed and record reference is made for a more particular description.

All that land described in a deed from Betsey K. Swift to William W. Mason, dated Sept. 6th, 1875, recorded in said records, Book 172, Page 200; also same property described in deed from Betsey K. Swift, Guardian, to said Mason, dated Sept. 6th, 1875, recorded in said records, Book 169, Pages 527 and 528, to which deed and record of same reference is made for a more particular description.

Also all the land described in a deed from Mighill Mason to William W. Mason, dated January 24th, 1873, recorded in said records, Book 167, Page 168, to which deed and record reference is made for a more particular description.

Also certain parcels of land situated in the Town of Albany, in said Oxford County, viz:—All the land described in a deed from John A. Pingree to William W. Mason, dated September 3rd, 1873, recorded in said records, Book 168, Page 6.

Also all the land described in the following deed of land in Newry, in said Oxford County, viz:—Deed from Andrew N. Stowe and Melvin Stowe to William W. Mason, dated June 19, 1875, recorded in Book 172, Page 144, to which deed and record reference is made for a more particular description; reserving the parcels sold to A. N. Stowe and Francis C. Stowe by deeds dated Aug. 13th, 1885, and April 16th, 1885.

All the land described in a deed from Calvin Bisbee to William W. Mason of land in Riley Plantation, in said County, dated Nov. 11th, 1886, recorded in Book 189, Page 116, to which deed and record reference is made for a more particular description.

Also all the lands in the Town of Byron, in said County, described in the following deeds, viz:—Deed from Abigail J. Hodsdon to William W. Mason, dated June 12th, 1888, recorded in Book 217, Page 504; deed from Charles P. Bartlett to William W. Mason dated January 9th, 1890, recorded in said records, Book 221, Page 320; deed from Charles P. Bartlett to William W. Mason dated August 20th, 1890, recorded in said records, Book 216, Page 464. Reserving all lands described in said deeds, sold by said William W. Mason, to which deeds and records of same, reference is made for a more particular description.

Also all the lands in the Town of Roxbury, in said County, described in the following deeds, viz:—Deed from William O. Mitchell to William W. Mason, dated February 17th, 1890, recorded in said records, Book 221, Page 383; deed from Octavia I. Edmunds to William W. Mason, dated May 16th, 1890, recorded in said records, Book 221, Page 575; deed from P. M. Edmunds to William W. Mason, dated May 16th, 1890, recorded in said records, Book 221, Page 574; deed from Charles H. Philbrook to William W. Mason, dated May 16th, 1890, recorded in said records, Book 216, Page 334; deed from Joseph Goodbout to William W. Mason, dated August 21st, 1889, recorded in said records, Book 221, Page 75; deed from Sewall Goff to William W. Mason, dated May 30th, 1892, recorded in said records, Book 230, Page 326; deed from Hiram M. Cox to William W. Mason, dated May 30th, 1892, recorded in said records, Book 225, Page 257. To all of these deeds and records of same, reference is made for a more particular description.

A parcel of land situated in the Town of Roxbury, deeded to I. W. Mason, Herman Mason, Frank Mason and Sarah Mason, by C. P. Bartlett by his deed of warranty dated August 15th, 1892, recorded in Oxford Registry of Deeds, Book 230, Page 486.

A parcel of land situated in the Town of Roxbury, deeded to I. W. Mason, Frank Mason, Herman Mason and Sarah W. Mason by C. H. Philbrook et als by their deed of warranty dated August 9th, 1892, recorded in Oxford Registry of Deeds, Book 230, Page 448 or 443.

Also certain parcels of land situate in the town of Andover, County of Oxford and State of Maine, known as the Howard and Abbott land, being the same premises conveyed to William W. Mason by Preston C. Howard and Henry H. Abbott by deed dated October 7, 1882, recorded in Oxford Registry of Deeds, Book 202, Page 327.

Also certain parcels of land situated in the Town of Mexico, in said Oxford County, known as the Reed Farm, and being the same premises conveyed to I. Wallace Mason et al by Lydia A. Reed, by deed dated August 15th, 1882, recorded in said Oxford Registry, Book 230, Page 454.

Also a certain parcel of land situate in the Town of Grafton, in said Oxford County, being the same premises of which William W. Mason died seized and possessed, and the same described in a deed to said William W. Mason from W. W. Edwards, dated Aug. 19th, 1891, recorded in said Oxford County Registry, Book 225, Page 85, and H. A. Edwards, dated June 19th, 1891, recorded in said Oxford County Registry, Book 223, Page 31.

Also lots 8, 9 and 10 in Range 4, lots 8 and 9 in Range 3, lot 5 in Range 8, and lot 11 in Range 1, all in the Town of Roxbury in said Oxford County, and being the same lots of land of which the said William W. Mason died seized and possessed.

Also lot 1 in Range 12, and lot 5, Range 8, in the Town of Roxbury in said Oxford County.

The above described lots or parcels of land situate in the Town of Roxbury, are hereby included whether described in other clauses or not.

Also two parcels of land situated in the Town of Roxbury, County of Oxford and State of Maine, being lots No. 6 and 7 in the Fourth Range of lots in said town, the same deeded to Israel W. Mason by William W. Mason by deed of warranty dated Sept. 3rd, 1890, recorded in Oxford County records, Book 2 , Page 466.

Also certain parcels of land situated in the Town of Mexico, State and County aforesaid, described in a warranty deed of Lucy S. Richards to Israel W. Mason, dated November 24th, 1894, and recorded in Oxford Registry of Deeds, Book 239, Page 434, subject to the right to the Rumford Falls and Rangeley Lakes Railroad to cross said land.

Also another piece or parcel of land fully described in the warranty deed of Lucius A. Glover to Israel W. Mason, dated December 12th, 1894, and recorded in Oxford Registry of Deeds, Book 239, Page 435, subject to the right of way of the Rumford Falls & Rangeley Lakes Railroad, and reserving one acre of land sold to said Railroad.

Also a certain piece or parcel of land deeded by warranty deed from one J. F. Kane to Israel W. Mason and Henry O. Rolfe, dated the twelfth day of December, 1894, and recorded in Oxford Registry of Deeds, Book 239, Page 504, subject to reservation of right of way sold to the Rumford Falls & Rangeley Lakes Railroad.

Also another piece or parcel of land fully described in warranty deed of J. F. Kane to Israel W. Mason and Henry O. Rolfe, dated December 12th, 1894, and recorded in Oxford Registry of Deeds, Book 239, Page 503, and also by warranty deed of F. A. Richards to Israel W. Mason, dated December 14th, 1894, and recorded in Oxford Registry of Deeds, Book 239, Page 507.

Also certain parcels of land situated in the Town of Mexico, described in a deed from Henry O. Rolfe to I. W. Mason, dated Sept. 19th, 1898, recorded, Book 261, Page 18, of the Oxford County Records.

Also land described in deed from Gilman Chapman of Bethel to William W. Mason, dated December 23rd, 1875, recorded in Oxford Registry, April 11th, 1876, Book 174, Page 225.

Also land described in a quit-claim deed from Andrew N. Stowe to William W. Mason dated August 13th, 1885, recorded, Book 203, Page 397. Also lease from Andrew N. Stowe to William W. Mason, dated June 19th, 1875, unrecorded.

Also certain real estate situated in said Oxford County, being lot numbered one (1) in Range numbered eleven (11) of the lots and ranges in the Town of Roxbury in said Oxford County.

H. L. ELLIOTT,
Dep. Sheriff, Oxford County.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF MAINE.
COUNTY OF OXFORD, ss.:

May 3rd, A. D. 1910.

Taken this third day of May, A. D. 1910, on execution dated the fourteenth day of April, A. D. 1910, issued on a judgment rendered by the Superior Court for the County of Cumberland, at the term thereof begun and held on the first Tuesday of March, A. D. 1910, to wit, on the fourth day of April, A. D. 1910, in favor of The Chapman National Bank, a national banking association legally existing under the laws of the United States, located at Portland, in said County of Cumberland, against Herman Mason of Bethel in our County of Oxford, for the sum of Five Thousand Three Hundred seventy-four dollars and ninety-one cents, debt or damage, and will be sold at public auction, at the County Court House in the Town of Paris in said County of Oxford, to the highest bidder, on the eighteenth day of June, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock and ten minutes in the forenoon, the following described real estate and all the right, title and interest which the said Sarah E. Byrd has and had in and to the same on the sixteenth day of August, A. D. 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the time when the same was attached on the writ in the same suit, to wit:—

The following described pieces and parcels of land, situate in the Town of Bethel, County of Oxford and State of Maine, inherited as heir of the late William W. Mason of said Bethel, deceased, viz:—

All the land described in a deed from Eunice H. Mason and Ayers Mason to William W. Mason, dated May 11th, 1865, recorded in Oxford County records, Book 136, Page 386, to which deed and record reference is made for a more particular description.

All that land described in a deed from Betsey K. Swift to William W. Mason, dated Sept. 6th, 1875, recorded in said records, Book 172, Page 200; also same property described in deed from Betsey K. Swift, Guardian, to said Mason, dated Sept. 6th, 1875, recorded in said records, Book 169, Pages 527 and 528, to which deed and record of same, reference is made for a more particular description.

Also all the land described in a deed from Mighill Mason to William W. Mason, dated January 24th, 1873, recorded in said records, Book 167, Page 168, to which deed and record reference is made for a more particular description.

Also certain parcels of land situated in the Town of Albany, in said Oxford County, viz:—All the land described in a deed from John A. Pingree to William W. Mason, dated September 3rd, 1873, recorded in said records, Book 168, Page 6.

Also all the land described in the following deed of land in Newry, in said Oxford County, viz:—Deed from Andrew N. Stowe and Melvin Stowe to William W. Mason, dated June 19, 1875, recorded in Book 172, Page 144, to which deed and record reference is made for a more particular description; reserving the parcels sold to A. N. Stowe and Francis C. Stowe by deeds dated Aug. 13th, 1885, and April 16th, 1885.

All the land described in a deed from Calvin Bisbee to William W. Mason of land in Riley Plantation, in said County, dated Nov. 11th, 1886, recorded in Book 189, Page 116, to which deed and record reference is made for a more particular description.

Also all the lands in the Town of Byron, in said County, described in the following deeds, viz:—Deed from Abigail J. Hodsdon to William W. Mason, dated June 12th, 1888, recorded in Book 217, Page 504; deed from Charles P. Bartlett to William W. Mason dated January 9th, 1890, recorded in said records, Book 221, Page 320; deed from Charles P. Bartlett to William W. Mason dated August 20th, 1890, recorded in said records, Book 216, Page 464. Reserving all lands described in said deeds, sold by said William W. Mason, to which deeds and records of same, reference is made for a more particular description.

Also all the lands in the Town of Roxbury, in said County, described in the following deeds, viz:—Deed from William O. Mitchell to William W. Mason, dated February 17th, 1890, recorded in said records, Book 221, Page 383; deed from Octavia I. Edmunds to William W. Mason, dated May 16th, 1890, recorded in said records, Book 221, Page 575; deed from P. M. Edmunds to William W. Mason, dated May 16th, 1890, recorded in said records, Book 221, Page 574; deed from Charles H. Philbrook to William W. Mason, dated