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Five counties record unemployment rates below 2.0 percent page 3

Adjusted statewide unemployment rate rises from 3.2 percent in August to 3.4 percent in September page 4

Nationally, the increase in benefit costs outpaced wage and salary growth page 8

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Labor Market Digest

September Data

November 2000

Average Annual Wages in 1999

Average annual wages of all workers covered by state and federal unemployment insurance programs in Maine rose 3.9 percent, from \$25,884 in 1998 to \$26,888 in 1999. Wages increased 4.2 percent in the private sector and 2.3 percent in government. Among broad industry divisions in Maine, 1999 annual average wages were highest in finance, insurance, and real estate and lowest in retail trade.

Average Annual Wages by I	Major Industr	y in Maine	
Industry	1009	1999	Percent
liidusiiy	1998	1999	Change
Total	\$25,884	\$26,888	3.9
Private	25,454	26,530	4.2
Construction	28,595	30,495	6.6
Manufacturing Manufacturing Transportation & Public Utilities	33,227	34,563	4.0
Transportation & Public Utilities	181 31,842	32,256	1.3
	00000	34,684	5.7
Retail Trade Comerce	15,607	16,144	3.4
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate Unive	37,165	39,245	5.6
Retail Trade Comercial Comercial Services	23,833	24,931	4.6
Government	28,110	28,762	2.3

Cumberland	\$30,415
Sagadahoc	\$30,270
Kennebec	\$26,714
York	\$26,499
Penobscot	\$26,221
Androscoggin	\$25,365
Franklin	\$24,655
Somerset	\$24,014
Oxford	\$23,660
Hancock	\$23,475
Knox	\$23,384
Waldo	\$22,019
Aroostook	\$21,999
Washington	\$21,938
Lincoln	\$21,687
Piscataquis	\$21,319

Average Annual Wages by County in 1999

Cumberland County recorded the highest annual average wage in 1999, followed closely by Sagadahoc County. Wages were lowest in Piscataquis County, followed by Lincoln and Washington counties.

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Civilian Labor Force, Employed, and Unemployed by Labor Market Area, Not Seasonally Adjusted

AREA	CIVILI	AN LABOR		E	MPLOYED	2	U	NEMPLOY		UNEMPL	OYMENT	RATE ⁴
ANLA	Sept 00	Aug 00	Sept 99	Sept 00	Aug 00	Sept 99	Sept 00	Aug 00	Sept 99	Sept 00	Aug 00 S	Sept 99
LABOR MARKET AREAS												
Augusta	46,280	47,400	46,590	44,760	46,100	44,930	1,520	1,300	1,670	3.3%	2.7%	3.69
Bangor MSA	53,300	53,100	51,400	52,200	52,200	50,300	1,000	900	1,100	2.0	1.8	2.1
Bath-Brunswick	35,890	36,530	35,230	35,100	35,880	34,290	790	650	940	2.2	1.8	2.7
Belfast	17,640	18,080	16,950	17,230	17,700	16,500	410	390	450	2.3	2.1	2.7
Biddeford	43,710	46,910	40,620	43,090	46,300	39,870	610	610	750	1.4	1.3	1.8
Boothbay Harbor	10,140	11,100	9,910	10,040	11,000	9,790	100	100	120	0.9	0.9	1.2
Bucksport	5,350	5,470	5,130	5,200	5,310	4,940	150	160	190	2.7	2.9	3.7
Calais	5,260	5,290	5,170	4,860	4,870	4,740	400	410	440	7.6	7.8	8.4
Dexter-Pittsfield	12,140	12,020	12,130	11,510	11,480	11,290	630	540	850	5.2	4.5	7.0
Dover-Foxcroft	7,400	7,330	7,320	6,940	6,960	6,890	470	370	430	6.3	5.0	5.9
Ellsworth-Bar Harbor	22,870	24,930	22,240	22,380	24,450	21,650	490	480	590	2.1	1.9	2.7
Farmington	17,340	17,150	17,490	16,290	16,150	16,370	1,050	1,000	1,120	6.0	5.8	6.4
Fort Kent	3,920	3,880	3,700	3,780	3,730	3,450	140	160	250	3.6	4.1	6.8
Greenville	920	1,000	900	890	970	860	30	30	50	3.4	3.0	5.2
Houlton	6,310	6,500	6,300	6,150	6,320	6,050	160	180	250	2.6	2.8	4.0
Jonesport-Milbridge	4,540	4,920	4,670	4,370	4,750	4,400	160	170	280	3.6	3.4	5.9
Kittery-York ⁵	20,710	21,290	20,420	20,460	21,030	20,170	260	260	250	1.2	1.2	1.2
Lewiston-Auburn MSA	54,400	54,300	53,700	52,800	53,000	52,000	1,600	1,300	1,700	2.9	2.4	3.2
Lincoln-Howland	6,070	6,110	6,050	5,780	5,840	5,730	300	270	320	4.9	4.3	5.2
Machias-Eastport	6,930	6,910	6,790	6,600	6,630	6,410	330	280	390	4.8	4.0	5.7
Madawaska	3,920	4,060	3,770	3,830	3,990	3,640	90	70	140	2.2	1.8	3.6
Millinocket-East Millinocket	5,220	5,250	5,380	4,970	5,000	5,060	250	260	320	4.9	4.9	5.9
Norway-Paris	11,790	11,780	11,590	11,310	11,380	10,930	480	400	660	4.1	3.4	5.7
Outer Bangor	9,020	8,390	8,550	8,670	8,060	8,190	350	330	370	3.9	3.9	4.3
Patten-Island Falls	1,830	1,870	1,840	1,750	1,790	1,690	80	90	150	4.4	4.7	8.4
Portland MSA	139,600	142,600	136,400	137,500	140,600	133,700	2,200	2,000	2,700	1.5	1.4	2.0
Presque Isle-Caribou	21,400	21,660	21,260	20,870	21,060	20,560	530	600	700	2.5	2.8	3.3
Rockland	23,680	24,430	23,210	23,280	24,030	22,740	400	400	470	1.7	1.6	2.0
Rumford	9,710	9,980	9,810	9,090	9,370	9,180	620	610	630	6.4	6.1	6.4
Sanford	22,580	23,050	22,380	21,870	22,390	21,520	720	660	860	3.2	2.9	3.8
Sebago Lakes Region	12,700	13,940	13,590	12,360	13,630	13,000	340	310	580	2.7	2.3	4.3
Skowhegan	17,390	17,510	17,090	16,530	16,740	16,090	850	770	1,000	4.9	4.4	5.8
Stonington	6,050	5,980	6,070	5,950	5,880	5,920	100	100	150	1.7	1.7	2.4
Van Buren	1,450	1,530	1,460	1,410	1,480	1,390	40	50	70	2.9	3.2	4.7
Waterville	24,870	23,850	24,320	24,050	23,120	23,310	820	730	1,010	3.3	3.1	4.2
MAINE	692,300	706,100	679,500	673,900	689,100	657,600	18,400	17,000	21,900	2.7	2.4	3.2
UNITED STATES (000)	140,357	141,425	139,217	135.033	135,601	133,555	5.324	5.824	5.661	3.8	4.1	4.1

¹ Civilian labor force, employed, and unemployed estimates are by place of residence. Current month estimates are preliminary; prior month and year-ago estimates are revised. Items may not add due to rounding. All data exclude members of the Armed Forces. MSA stands for Metropolitan Statistical Area.

² Total employment includes nonfarm wage and salary workers, agricultural workers, unpaid family workers, domestics, the self employed, and workers involved in labor disputes.

³ People are classified as unemployed, regardless of their eligibility for unemployment benefits or public assistance, if they meet all of the following criteria: 1) they were not employed during the survey week; 2) they were available for work at that time; and 3) they made specific efforts to find employment some time during the prior four weeks. Persons laid off from their former jobs and awaiting recall and those expecting to report to a job within 30 days need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed.

⁴ The unemployment rate is calculated by dividing the total number of unemployed by the total civilian labor force, and is expressed as a percent.

⁵ Kittery-York is the five-town Maine portion of the Portsmouth-Rochester PMSA which includes towns in both Maine and New Hampshire.

Source: Maine Department of Labor, Labor Market Information Services, in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Maine Labor Market Digest .

AREA	CIVIL	IAN LABOR	R FORCE		EMPLOYED)	ι	INEMPLOY	ED	UNEM	PLOYMEN	T RATE
AILA	Sept 00	Aug 00	Sept 99	Sept 00	Aug 00	Sept 99	Sept 00	Aug 00	Sept 99	Sept 00	Aug 00	Sept 99
OUNTY												
Androscoggin	60,860	60,810	60,140	59,020	59,230	58,130	1,840	1,580	2,020	3.0%	2.6%	3.4%
Aroostook	38,420	39,080	37,940	37,410	37,950	36,410	1,010	1,140	1,520	2.6	2.9	4.0
Cumberland	146,500	150,000	143,760	144,100	147,810	140,690	2,390	2,190	3,070	1.6	1.5	2.1
Franklin	14,600	14,460	14,770	13,750	13,640	13,820	850	820	940	5.8	5.7	6.4
Hancock	31,270	33,250	30,610	30,690	32,610	29,790	580	640	820	1.8	1.9	2.7
Kennebec	60,750	61,080	60,690	58,800	59,330	58,410	1,950	1,750	2,280	3.2	2.9	3.8
Knox	20,680	21,320	20,330	20,360	21,010	19,890	320	310	440	1.5	1.4	2.1
Lincoln	19,000	20,150	18,550	18,620	19,820	18,240	380	330	310	2.0	1.7	1.7
Oxford	25,700	26,450	25,990	24,460	25,310	24,480	1,240	1,140	1,510	4.8	4.3	5.8
Penobscot	80,560	79,850	78,360	78,130	77,690	75,660	2,430	2,160	2,700	3.0	2.7	3.4
Piscataquis	8,440	8,440	8,340	7,940	8,040	7,850	500	400	490	6.0	4.7	5.9
Sagadahoc	16,720	17,060	16,500	16,420	16,790	16,040	300	270	450	1.8	1.6	2.8
Somerset	26,490	26,400	26,090	25,250	25,300	24,600	1,240	1,090	1,490	4.7	4.1	5.7
Waldo	23,400	23,710	22,500	22,780	23,170	21,870	620	540	630	2.7	2.3	2.8
Washington	17,210	17,650	17,110	16,320	16,800	16,010	900	850	1,100	5.2	4.8	6.4
York	101,730	106,390	97,840	99,860	104,600	95,720	1,870	1,790	2,120	1.8	1.7	2.2
AINE	692,300	706,100	679,500	673,900	689,100	657,600	18,400	17,000	21,900	2.7	2.4	3.2
NITED STATES (000)	140,357	141,425	139,217	135,033	135,601	133,555	5,324	5,824	5,661	3.8	4.1	4.1

Civilian Labor Force, Employed, and Unemployed by County, Not Seasonally Adjusted¹

¹ See page 2 for footnotes 1 through 4 and source.

Area Analyst's Corner

Central Maine Ken Bridges (207) 624-5199

Apparel Associates in Belmont won a \$20.4 million contract to make chemical protective clothing for military use. The plant employs 275 workers. ◆Efforts are being made to convert the former Etonic plant in Richmond into an incubator center for fledgling high-technology companies. Bath Iron Works and an unnamed Connecticut technology company are said to be interested in the project. ◆Maine Coast Railroad plans to cease operation of the Rockland branch, running between Rockland and Brunswick. The Maine Department of Transportation has assured area businesses it will find a replacement operator.

Western Maine

Gerard Dennison (207) 753-9045

Lewiston's **Central Maine Medical** will move ahead with a planned \$6.5 million expansion, with a new heart surgery wing, which will create 40 to 50 new jobs in about 18 months.**◆Eastland Shoe** announced the manufacturing plant in Lisbon will close in November with a loss of 70 jobs.**◆Poland Spring Bot**-

tling laid off about 60 workers at the end of October. **Bath** Iron Works announced the temporary layoff of 135 Local S7 union members due to lack of work.

North/East Maine Craig Holland (207) 941-3076

The Loring Development Commission has announce that two pieces of real estate will be purchased by the local businesses operating on them. A woodworking shop and the golf course will be the first properties on the former Loring Air Force Base to be converted to private ownership. **Dexter Shoe Co.** will permanently shut down its Newport plant at the end of December. More than 60 workers will lose their jobs, with some being offered positions at the Dexter or Skowhegan facilities. **Maine's 2000 wild blueberry** harvest was 100 million pounds, 15 million pounds more than the previous record set in 1992.

Southern Maine Merrill Huhtala (207) 822-0216

The **Thomas & Betts Corporation** in Sanford began the first round of layoffs, and is scheduled to be shut down by the end of the year. Low levels of unemployment in Southern Maine are impacting local employers, particularly those engaged in retail trade and services. Employers at the **Maine Mall** in South Portland will be closing their stores an hour earlier than usual during the holiday shopping season due to the unavailability of workers to fill seasonal vacancies paying between \$7.00 - \$10.00 per hour.

Labor Market Information Services -

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					2000					1999			
ITEM	Sept	Aug	Jul	Jun	May	Apr	Mar	Feb	Jan	Dec	Nov	Oct	Sept
Civilian Labor Force	691.0	689.3	691.0	697.4	700.4	698.4	696.0	695.3	692.1	686.9	683.7	680.9	678.3
Employed	667.2	667.0	667.1	673.5	675.8	675.3	671.5	671.8	667.8	661.8	658.3	654.5	650.8
Unemployed	23.8	22.3	23.9	23.8	24.7	23.1	24.5	23.6	24.3	25.1	25.5	26.4	27.5
Unemployment Rate (%)	3.4	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.9	4.1

Civilian Labor Force, Employed, and Unemployed in Maine, Seasonally Adjusted (in thousands)

¹ See page 2 for footnotes 1 through 4 and source.

4

Nonfarm Wage and Salary Employment in Maine, Seasonally Adjusted¹ (in thousands)

	-				2000						19	99	
	Sept	Aug	Jul	Jun	May	Apr	Mar	Feb	Jan	Dec	Nov	Oct	Sept
Nonfarm Wage and Salary Employment ²	595.2	598.2	599.8	596.8	600.8	601.3	599.2	597.7	593.1	593.1	591.8	590.2	588.8
Construction	30.4	30.8	30.2	30.4	29.4	31.0	30.7	30.8	29.7	29.4	29.1	28.8	28.6
Manufacturing	80.0	85.6	85.6	85.4	85.6	85.9	86.0	86.4	86.2	86.2	86.2	85.9	86.0
Durable Goods	38.2	43.1	43.7	43.1	43.2	43.4	43.3	43.4	43.3	43.2	43.2	42.9	43.0
Nondurable Goods	41.8	42.5	41.9	42.3	42.4	42.5	42.7	43.0	42.9	43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0
Transportation and Public Utilities	24.7	23.3	24.8	24.3	24.3	24.3	24.0	23.8	23.8	23.9	23.9	24.0	24.0
Wholesale Trade	28.6	28.2	28.3	27.9	28.0	28.1	28.0	28.1	28.1	27.9	27.8	27.6	27.6
Retail Trade	122.0	121.6	121.3	120.5	121.6	122.5	121.8	121.7	120.9	120.9	120.6	119.8	118.9
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	30.8	30.8	30.6	30.3	30.6	31.1	31.1	31.1	31.1	31.1	31.2	31.1	31.0
Services	180.4	180.7	180.8	179.7	180.5	180.6	178.6	178.0	176.2	176.9	176.3	176.1	175.6
Government	98.2	97.1	98.1	98.2	100.7	97.7	98.9	97.7	97.0	96.7	96.6	96.8	9 7.0

¹ See footnotes 1 and 2 on page 6. ² Mining employment is not suitable for seasonal adjustment because it has very little seasonal and irregular movement. Thus, the notseasonally-adjusted series is used as a component of the seasonally adjusted total nonfarm wage and salary employment estimate. Source: See page 2.

September Unemployment Rate Rises to 3.4 Percent

State Labor Commissioner Valerie Landry announced that the seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate for Maine rose slightly to 3.4 percent in September from 3.2 percent in August.

The seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate dropped from 4.1 percent in September 1999 to 3.4 percent in September 2000 and the number of unemployed fell by 3,700 to 23,800.

Between September 1999 and September 2000, seasonally-adjusted nonfarm wage and salary jobs rose by 6,400 to 595,200, after accounting for a strike-related loss of 4,800 jobs at Bath Iron Works. Job gains were recorded in services; retail trade; construction; government; wholesale trade; and transportation, communications, and public utilities.

Other New England states reporting seasonally-adjusted unemployment rates for September include New Hampshire, 2.4 percent, and Vermont. 2.8 percent.

The not-seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate for September was 2.7 percent, up from 2.4 percent in August and down from 3.2 percent in September 1999. The unadjusted national rate was 3.8 percent, down from 4.1 percent in August and 4.1 percent in September 1999. Not-seasonally-adjusted unemployment rates in

U.S. New England Maine Unemployment Rate D Μ S 0 Ν М Α J А .1 J 1999 2000

Maine counties ranged from 1.5 percent in Knox County to 6.0 percent in Piscataquis County.

Not-seasonally-adjusted nonfarm wage and salary jobs were largely unchanged between August and September. Local government jobs increased seasonally by 10,500 as nonprofessional school employees returned to work after the summer break. State government rose by 2,500 as nonprofessional staff and work-study students returned to college and university payrolls. A decline of 4,800 was recorded in manufacturing due to the Bath Iron Works (BIW) labor dispute. Restaurant and lodging places jobs fell as tourist-related activities recorded a seasonal decline.

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Unemployment Rates, Seasonally Adjusted



Key Data	Sept 2000	Aug 2000	Sept 1999
Average Duration	14.3	14.3	12. 9
Average Weekly Benefit Amount*	\$202.30	\$195.38	\$191.07
Exhaustees	393	530	590

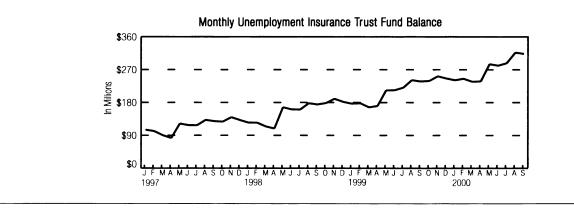
* For totally unemployed claimants, excluding dependency allowances.

Weekly Initial Claims

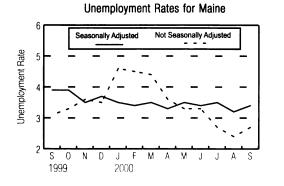
Week	10/7	9/30	9/23	9/16	9/9	9/2	8/26
2000	984	889	902	1,415	1,775	1,258	816
Week	10/9	10/2	9/25	9/18	9/11	9/4	8/24
1999	1,029	816	776	811	727	843	841

Continued Claims Less Partials*

Sept 2000	Aug 2000	Sept 1999
3,680	4,553	3,438
* For the week	including the	12 th of the month.

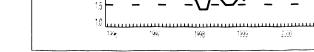


Between September 1999 and September 2000, notseasonally-adjusted nonfarm wage and salary jobs increased by 6,800. Services rose by 4,800, mainly in social services, business services, health services, educational services, and other services. Retail trade increased by 3,200, mostly in general merchandise stores, food stores, and other retail stores. Construction rose by 2,000 jobs and wholesale trade added 1,000 jobs. Manufacturing fell by 5,900 over the year due primarily to the labor dispute at BIW.



U.S. Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers (CPI-U)

ltem (1982-1984 = 100) All Items	Sept 00 173.7	Aug 00 172.8		Dec 99 168.3
Percent Change from Pri Percent Change from 12 Percent change from Las	Months A	go -	+0.5% +3.5% +3.2%	
Over-the-Year	r Change	in CPI-U		
		- 	<u>↓</u>	



Labor Market Information Services _____

2.0

Nonfarm Wage and Salary Employment, Not Seasonally Adjusted (in thousands)

		(•	II (IIVU3a	nuəj					
		MAINE		PC	ORTLAND M	SA	LEWIST	ON-AUBUR	RN MSA
INDUSTRY	Sept 00	Aug 00	Sept 99	Sept 00	Aug 00	Sept 99	Sept 00	Aug 00	Sept 99
onfarm Wage and Salary Employment ¹	607.6	607.5	600.8	153.4	153.1	149.8	45.7	44.8	45.2
Goods Producing	113.8	120.3	117.7	23.0	23.1	22.1	9.4	9.7	9.8
Mining	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*
Construction	33.2	33.6	31.2	7.9	8.0	7.3	1.7	1.8	1.8
Building Construction	7.4	7.6	7.1	1.6	1.7	1.4		•	•
Heavy Construction	6.0	6.0	5.9	•	•	•	•	•	•
Special Trade Contractors	19.8	20.0	18.2	5.8	5.8	5.4	•	•	•
Manufacturing	80.5	86.6	86.4	15.1	15.1	14.8	7.7	7.9	8.0
Durable Goods	38.2	43.0	42.9	7.6	7.6	7.4	2.3	2.4	2.4
Lumber and Wood Products	11.0	11.0	10.8					*	*
Primary and Fabricated Metals	3.8	3.9	3.8		•	•		•	•
Industrial Machinery and Equipment	4.6	4.6	4.5	1.6	1.6	1.6		•	
Electronic and Other Electrical Equipment	7.7	7.7	7.1	2.9	2.9	2.8		•	
Transportation Equipment	6.0	10.8	11.3	2.5	2.5	2.0	•	•	•
Other Durable Goods	5.1	5.0	5.4	3.1	3.1	3.0		•	
Nondurable Goods	42.3		43.5	7.5	7.5	3.0 7.4	= 4	5.5	5.6
	42.3 6.7	43.6	43.5 6.5		7.5 2.4	2.2	5.4	5.5	J.0
Food and Kindred Products	3.4	7.3 3.4	6.5 3.3	2.5	2.4	۷.۷		•	
Textile Mill Products	-					•			
Apparel and Other Textile Products	2.5	2.6	2.5		•	•			
Paper and Allied Products	13.1	13.3	13.8						
Printing and Publishing	6.3	6.2	6.2	1.6	1.6	1.7		-	
Rubber and Misc. Plastic Products	2.7	2.9	3.0				_		
Leather and Leather Products	5.4	5.6	6.1	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9
Other Nondurable Goods	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.6	2.7	2.7	4.6	4.7	4.7
Service Producing	493.8	487.2	483.1	130.4	130.0	127.7	36.3	35.1	35.4
Transportation and Public Utilities	25.0	23.6	24.3	7.9	7.1	6.8	2.0	1.9	2.0
Wholesale Trade	28.8	28.8	27.8	9.7	9.7	9.1	2.5	2.6	2.5
Retail Trade	127.1	130.1	123.9	33.4	34.1	33.0	8.7	8.7	8.7
General Merchandise Stores	12.9	12.7	11.9	•	•	•	•	•	•
Food Stores	23.5	24.3	22.9	•	•	•	•	•	•
Automotive Sales and Services	14.2	14.2	14.0	•	•	•	•	•	•
Eating and Drinking Places	39.2	42.0	39.3	9.9	10.5	9.1	•	•	•
Other Retail Trade	37.3	36.9	35.8	•	•	•	•	•	•
Finance, insurance, and Real Estate	30.9	31.2	31.1	13.2	13.4	13.9	2.6	2.6	2.4
Banking	9.4	9.6	9.2	•	•	٠	•	•	•
Insurance Carriers, Brokers and Agents	12.2	12.2	12.8	•	•	•	•	•	•
Other Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	9.3	9.4	9.1	•	•	•	•	*	•
Services	184.7	189.2	179.9	47.2	48.5	46.9	15.2	15.1	14.8
Hotels and Other Lodging Places	14.0	16.9	13.6	•	•	•	•	•	•
Business Services	24.7	24.8	24.1	•	•	•	•	•	•
Health Services	57.3	57.5	56.7	•	•	•	•	•	•
Educational Services	15.4	15.2	14.8	•	٠	•	•	•	•
Social Services	25.2	24.8	23.3	•	٠	•	•	•	•
Other Services	48.1	50.0	47.4	•	٠	•	•	•	•
Government	97.3	84.3	96.1	19.0	17.2	18.0	5.3	4.2	5.0
Federal	13.5	13.5	13.4	2.6	2.7	2.3	0.4	0.4	0.3
State	27.2	24.7	26.5	4.9	4.4	4.3	0.8	0.7	0.7
Local ²	56.6	46.1	56.2	11.5	10.1	11.4	4.1	3.1	4.0

¹ Nonfarm wage and salary employment estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who worked during or received pay for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Domestic workers in private households, proprietors, the self-employed, and unpaid family workers are excluded. Estimates measure the number of jobs by industry. Current month's estimates are preliminary; prior month and year-ago estimates are revised. These estimates are benchmarked to March 1998. As a measure of reliability, the March 1998 benchmark revision for total nonfarm wage and salary employment was .07 percent higher than the original sample-based estimate.

² Regular teachers are included in summer months whether or not specifically paid in those months.

* Where an employment estimate is not entered, either the data is not available in sufficient detail for publication or is nondisclosable by law.

Source: See page 2.

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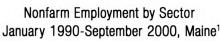
AREA AND INDUSTRY	AVE	ERAGE WEE		AVE	RAGE WE HOURS			RAGE HO EARNING			NUAL AVE	
	Sept 00	Aug 00	Sept 99	Sept 00	Aug 00	Sept 99	Sept 00	Aug 00	Sept 99	1999	1998	1997
STATEWIDE												
Manufacturing	\$591.14	\$590.60	\$579.27	41.6	40.9	41.2	\$14.21	\$14.67	\$14.03	\$13.97	\$13.49	\$13.12
Durable Goods	552.72	558.09	544.19	42.0	40.5	41.7	13.16	13.82	13.27	13.12	12.99	12.72
Lumber and Wood Products	498.23	486.75	462.24	43.4	42.4	42.8	11.48	11.48	10.80	10.84	10.46	10.32
Primary and Fabricated Metals	517.69	495.09	549.11	40.1	38.8	43.0	12.91	12.76	12.77	12.52	12.33	11.55
Industrial Machinery and Equipment	695.07	704.03	679.32	44.3	44.9	44.4	15.69	15.68	15.30	14.67	14.33	14.66
Electronic and Other Electric Equipment	527.66	530.37	530.65	43.5	41.5	45.2	12.13	12.78	11.74	11.65	11.48	11.13
Transportation Equipment	685.39	657.75	639.91	37.7	36.2	37.4	18.18	18.17	17.11	17.78	17.60	16.77
Other Durable Goods	450.06	458.61	408.91	40.4	40.3	39.7	11.14	11.38	10.30	10.53	10.40	10.27
Nondurable Goods	624.72	624.73	617.30	41.1	41.4	40.8	15.20	15.09	15.13	14.87	14.01	13.50
Food and Kindred Products	433.36	491.16	404.54	40.2	46.6	39.7	10.78	10.54	10.19	10.19	10.03	9.85
Textile Mill Products	508.65	489.83	514.58	43.4	42.3	46.4	11.72	11.58	11.09	10.98	10.50	9.97
Apparel and Other Textile Products	417.60	411.46	398.11	40.0	40.3	37.7	10.44	10.21	10.56	10.02	9.57	9.52
Paper and Allied Products	947.84	937.30	943.17	43.3	41.4	41.9	21.89	22.64	22.51	21.94	20.23	19.44
Leather and Leather Products	417.48	416.16	398.77	39.2	39.9	39.6	10.65	10.43	10.07	9.78	9.31	8.88
Other Nondurable Goods	518.08	504.45	510.15	39.1	37.9	39.7	13.25	13.31	12.85	12.66	12.12	11.65
PORTLAND MSA												
Manufacturing	537.15	541.12	534.99	43.6	44.5	45.3	12.32	12.16	11.81	11.63	11.42	11.28
LEWISTON-AUBURN MSA												
Manufacturing	528.78	531.62	555.62	41.9	41.5	44.7	12.62	12.81	12.43	12.33	11.86	11.13

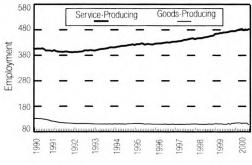
Earnings and Hours of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries¹ Not Seasonally Adjusted

¹ Hours worked and earnings data are computed based on payroll figures for the week including the 12th of the month for manufacturing production workers. Average hourly earnings are calculated on a gross basis, and include such factors as premium pay for overtime and shift differential, as well as changes in basic hourly and incentive rates of pay. Average weekly earnings are the product of weekly hours worked and hourly earnings.

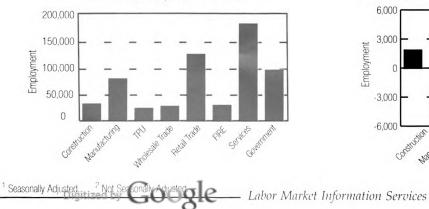
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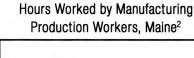
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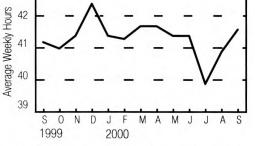


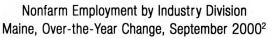


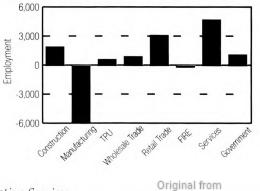
Nonfarm Employment by Industry Division Maine, September 2000²









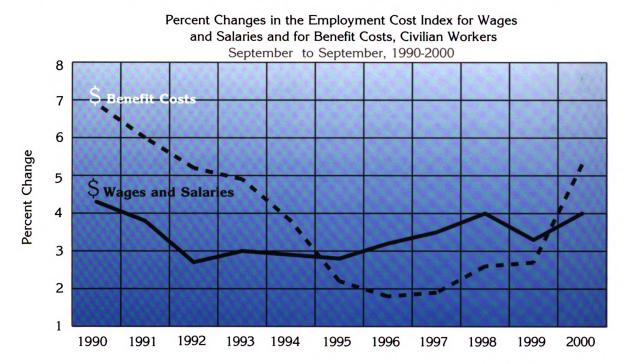




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Wages and Salaries Now Increasing at Slower Rate Than Benefits

Benefit costs for civilian workers in the United States rose more rapidly than wages and salaries for the year ending September 2000. This follows five years of wage and salary growth outpacing benefit costs growth.



The Employment Cost Index (ECI) for benefit costs grew by 5.3 percent from September 1999 to September 2000. Wages and salaries increased by 4.0 percent over the same period.

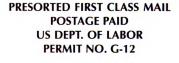
At the beginning of the 1990s, benefits were climbing much more quickly than wages—for example, benefit costs increased by 6.9 percent in 1990, compared to 4.3 percent for wages and salaries. Between 1995 and 1999, wages and salaries rose more rapidly than benefits each year. These data are a product of the BLS *Employment Cost Trends* program. Annual changes are September to September. "Civilian workers" include those in private industry and State and local government. The ECI excludes the self-employed and farm, private household, and Federal Government employees.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

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