

K. D. HONOR ST. PATRICK

Mrs. Parker Entertains the Circle at Her Home.

Last Friday evening Mrs. C. E. Parker entertained the King's Daughters at her pretty new home on Main street, the party numbering 28. Mrs. Glidden Parker also entertained with the hostess.

Mrs. Parker's noted ability for artistic decorating was given a good scope in the handsome rooms and in the significance of the day. Streamers of green crepe paper were used effectively throughout, hanging gracefully from the chandeliers. Ferns and carnations were also used. Refreshments of harlequin ice cream and assorted cake were served and the colorings were in green with the white. The paper napkins had a shamrock in one corner.

The committee had arranged a pleasing program of games and Miss Cora Wheeler and Mrs. Everett Knapp gave solos, and several of the members gathered around the piano before separating for a good old-fashioned sing. Irish stories were told by the members and a most enjoyable evening was passed. The committee for the evening were Mrs. F. S. Haley, Mrs. C. E. Parker, Mrs. Glidden Parker, Mrs. Floyd Parker assisting in serving the refreshments.

In three weeks Mrs. A. S. Beedy will entertain and the committee for that evening will be Miss Daisy Davenport and Mrs. W. V. Larrabee.

SUBSCRIBE NOW FOR MAINE WOODS.

DELIGHTFUL ENTERTAINMENT

A most successful entertainment was that arranged by the March committee of the Ladies' Social Union, Mrs. J. Blaine Morrison, Mrs. F. M. Hammond, Mrs. Everett Knapp and Mrs. A. G. Cronkhite, and was given at the Parish House Monday evening, to a crowded house.

The farce, "Mrs. Oakley's Telephone," took about 30 minutes, but it was 30 minutes of genuine fun and enjoyment. Mrs. Morrison as Mary, the Cook, all declared a "perfect scream." Miss Kathleen Noble as the German maid took the part to perfection, and Miss Elma Byron and Miss Emma Russell were excellent in their parts.

The other numbers on the program were:

Piano Solo, Evelyn Jacobs
Piano Solo, Hilda Whitney
Vocal Duet, Helen Ross, Dorothy Smith

Violin Solo, Miss Marguerite Gerald
Girls' Quartette (Colored) Misses Marcia Leavitt, Gertrude Stillman, Hortense Butler, Hazel Wells

Violin Solo, Wendall Berry, piano accompaniment by Muriel Berry
Solo, Frank Davis
Solo, (Rube costume) Hollis Holt, piano accompaniment, Shirley Holt

Mandolin and guitar duet, Mrs. W. B. Butler, Norman E. Butler

The above numbers were all thoroughly enjoyed and the entertainment was pronounced one of the best.

The committee netted over \$13, and are to be congratulated on the success of the affair.

CHILDREN'S NIGHT AT HOPE REBEKAH

Members Entertain Children and Grown Ups at Odd Fellows Hall.

Children's Night, which has become an annual event carried out by the members of Hope Rebekah Lodge, was celebrated last Saturday night when a company numbering nearly 150 enjoyed an evening of games and a pleasing program. The invitation was extended to the Odd Fellows and their families and Rebekahs and their families.

A goodly number of children came masked and there were some cute little costumes among those in the grand march. After the march the following program was carried out:

Recitation, Margaret McKenzie
Piano Duet, Clarice Davenport and Alberta Haley

Recitation, Berilla McKenzie
Home Amusements, Sawing wood, mopping floors, washing and churning, which was very amusingly carried out by Everett Holt, Edith Haley, Algie Knapp and Emma Russell

Piano Solo, Evelyn Jacobs

Recitation, Doris Knapp
The House That Jack Built, given by Mrs. Evelyn Currier, Mrs. Emma Greenwood, Mrs. Sadie Davis, Mrs. Bertha Chandler, Miss Emma Russell, Miss Daisy Davenport, Mrs. Edith Haley, Everett Holt, Cheney Parker, Addie Parker and James Morrison

Song, Dorothy Smith
Recitation, Elizabeth McKenzie
Song, Evelyn Hood
Recitation, Roxie Davenport
Piano Solo, Helen Aldrich

The Jack Horner pie was a great attraction for the children when they all marched by and put in their thumb for a plum. They all got one.

The tables in the banquet room had been made attractive with St. Patrick colors, green shamrocks, paper doilies with shamrocks and napkins folded in the shape of butterflies and held in place by a folk with an Irish paper flag for each child. Refreshments of vanilla and chocolate ice cream, assorted cake, saltines, cocoa and coffee were served. The committee on refreshments were Miss Daisy Davenport, Mrs. Chas. Sweetser, and Mrs. A. D. Grafham, and the entertainment committee were Mrs. E. B. Currier, Miss Shirley Holt and Mrs. George Sedgely.

After the little folks had enjoyed themselves at the banquet table a peanut hunt, blowing out the candle blindfolded, tucker and going to Boston were engaged in and it was a tired little company that wended their way homeward after 11 o'clock.

The committee were untiring in their efforts to give the children a good time and it was the verdict of all, both young and old, that they were successful.

PRELIMINARY SPEAKING

Contest to Be Held at Union Church, March 25.

Saturday evening of this week at the Union church will occur the Preliminary Speaking contest. Following is the program:

Music
The Soldier's Reprieve, Irma Sampson
Truth and Victory, Estella Smith
Napoleon The Little, Karl Howland
Voice from a Far Country, Gertrude Stillman
Music
A Pathetic Incident of the Rebellion, Zera Batchelder
The Dreamers, Reynold Graffam
There'll be Room in Heaven, Philomene Bourque
Music
Decision of Judges

FRIENDS HELP TO CELEBRATE

Last Thursday evening Howard Leavitt was visited by a party of friends who came to help him celebrate his birthday, coming on the invitation of Mrs. Leavitt who had planned the affair as a surprise, which indeed it was. The decorations were in green in keeping with St. Patrick's day and the score cards were in green and white adorned with shamrocks. Various games of cards were enjoyed and refreshments served consisting of punch, assorted cookies and chocolates. Mr. Leavitt received a watch fob and Jr. Order pin from the guests present, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hodgman, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Jacobs, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Cushman, Mr. and Mrs. Willis Leavitt, Clifford Staples, Elwin Webber, Charles Harris, Hazen Sweetser, Carrie Toothaker, Gladys Morton. After a most delightful evening the guests departed wishing Mr. Leavitt many happy returns of the day.

PROGRESSIVE CAUCUS HELD

Town Committee Appointed for Two Years.

C. F. Chandler, chairman; C. M. Hoyt, secretary; town committee, Walter S. Toothaker, Geo. A. Bean, Colby B. Whittemore, Geo. L. Lakin, A. G. Cronkhite, Frank Rollins, Lee E. J. Ross, Chas. L. Prescott, A. J. Toothaker, Albert E. Kempton, Fred B. Davenport, Arthur E. Kempton, Percy A. Voter, J. W. Carlton, Harold Libby, Clarence Campbell, Carroll L. Knapp.

Delegates to State convention at Bangor, April 5: Walter S. Toothaker, Geo. A. Bean, Chas. F. Chandler; alternates, Fred B. Davenport, Colby B. Whittemore, Clarence D. Campbell.

Delegates to District convention at Bangor, April 5: Joel H. Byron, Willis R. Leavitt, Joel W. Carlton; alternates, A. G. Cronkhite, Chas. L. Prescott, A. J. Toothaker.

Joel H. Byron was elected a member of the County committee.

NEW BOARD OF SELECTMEN

Voters Meet to Choose Town Officers and Appropriate Money.

The town meeting this year was not enlivened by any particular contest and there was not as large a number out as in some years past.

Hon. N. P. Noble was chosen moderator and C. M. Hoyt, clerk. An entire new board of selectmen were chosen and the names of Bion Wing, Willis Leavitt and Will Dill were balloted on and they were elected. Floyd E. Parker was elected treasurer and Dr. E. C. Higgins, a member of the school board. E. V. Holt was elected fire warden and sealer of weights and measures; H. E. Vining and Carroll Knapp, surveyors of lumber, wood and bark; constable, A. G. Cronkhite; fence viewer, W. W. Mitchell.

The road commissioner will be chosen by the selectmen at a later date, the present commissioner A. D. Graffam's time not expiring for some time yet.

Tax collecting will be given to lowest bidder.

Appropriations.
Repair and building of sidewalks, \$400.
Town Officers' bills, \$1200.00 to be taken from surplus.
Highways and bridges, \$2800.
Breaking roads, \$700 to be taken from surplus.
State Road, \$533.
Abatement of taxes, \$500.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS HELD

Delegates and Committees Chosen for Convention.

The Democratic caucus was held at the residence of A. S. Beedy, chairman of the Democratic town committee Saturday, March 18, 1916 at 2.30 p. m. It was well attended and much enthusiasm was shown for the coming campaign. A. S. Beedy and H. S. Bates were chosen delegates, Bion Wing and George B. Sedgely, alternates to attend the Democratic State convention at Bangor, March 29, 1916.

The following town committee was chosen: Bion Wing, chairman; S. S. Whitney, secretary and treasurer; W. A. Dill, A. B. Toothaker, W. S. Hodges, A. S. Beedy, I. L. Haley, N. F. Calden, C. W. Harnden, H. S. Bates, F. O. Bemis, C. E. Dodge, G. B. Sedgely, Frank Davis, Geo. W. Grover, Dana Aldrich, Ezekiah Hinkley, J. L. Harnden, G. L. Huff, F. E. McLaughlin, W. C. Mitchell, L. A. Pratt, G. L. Welts, C. A. Wheeler, W. R. Booker.

Support of Poor, \$600.
Interest on school fund, \$70.
G. A. R. Post, \$70.
Common Schools, \$1700.
Text books, \$150.
Repair School property, \$450.
Free High School, \$1200.
Insurance, books and supplies, appliances and labor, \$400.
Town Charges, \$100.
Purchase of books for and support of Free Public Library, \$400.
Voted to pay road commissioner \$2.50 per diem and he to furnish his own driving team.

Voted 'yes' on the question of appropriating and raising money necessary to entitle the town to State aid as provided in Section 20 of Chapter 130 of the Public laws of 1913.

Voted to commit the taxes on or before the 1st day of June, 1916, and make them payable February 1, 1917.

Voted to collect interest on all taxes remaining unpaid February 1, 1917, at the rate of 6%.

Voted to mail notice to each taxpayer on or before the 15 of July, 1916, giving amount of tax, date that unpaid taxes begin to draw interest and the rate per month.

Voted to authorize the Selectmen to hire money to meet the liabilities of the town, if necessary.

Voted to transfer the unexpended balances of the following appropriations to the credit of the breaking roads appropriation: West Phillips Bridge \$254.04. Fencing Robbins Cemetery \$12.25.

Voted to continue the school in the Calden District, so called.

Voted to renew its contract with the Phillips Water Co. for 20 years.

Voted to leave the question of uniting with other towns in a superintendent with the school committee.

DELIGHTFUL MUSICALE GIVEN

Wendell and Muriel Berry, Formerly of Phillips, the Guests of Honor.

A musicale was given by Miss Kathleen Noble, at her home on Wednesday evening, at which Mr. Wendell Berry and Miss Muriel Berry of Yarmouth, were the guests of honor. Those present were their former classmates and friends while living and attending school in Phillips.

The evening was devoted to vocal and instrumental music and games. Two violin selections by Mr. Berry, accompanied by Miss Muriel, were especially enjoyed by their friends present.

Songs by Misses Stillman and Butler, cornet solos by Mr. Steward, two piano (Continued on page four.)

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Railroad and Telegraph office Kennebago, Me.

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F. N. BEAL, General Manager,

Phillips, Maine

REPORTS OF FORESTRY CHIEF FIRE WARDENS.

Many valuable recommendations are contained in the reports being received at the office of Forestry Commissioner Frank B. Mace from the chief fire wardens in the employ of this department throughout the wild lands of the State, as well as full reports of the work accomplished during the past year. Some of the matters touched upon are as follows:

Chief Warden Leon C. Irish of Haynesville writes as follows: "A telephone line should be built from Glenwood Corner to Wytopitlock Lake, a distance of one and one-half miles, and a tower should be built on Beach Ridge Hill on the North Yarmouth Academy Grant. There should be a tower built on one of the Oakfield range of hills which would do away with four patrolmen. A telephone line should be built from Hammond Plantation in to Township 3, Range 7."

Chief Warden D. H. Lambert of Sebomook writes as follows: "The lookout stations should be repaired this spring and one of them raised about 10 feet. I would also suggest that better and stronger glasses be used as the ones now in use, are not, to my mind, what is needed. A good spy glass would be better. A few more tool boxes should be made and placed in different parts of this territory. There was not a fire in my territory the past year which cost anything extra or which did any damage."

Chief Warden John E. Mitchell of Patten writes as follows: "Telephone lines have been repaired and new batteries have been installed. During the wet weather a lookout and camp were built on Mattagammon Mountain, these being located on the highest peak. This was accomplished without any extra expense to the state. The new cabin is located about a quarter of a mile from the tower, near good spring water and wagon road. The old cabin is now used to store tools, etc. The new Mattagammon station overlooked the territory of the Black Brook station which had been burned. Therefore a station was erected on Poge Mountain, on township 4, Range 9, which overlooks more territory and is more satisfactory. The tower house at Mattagammon post office was placed at the head of the Second Lake to be used as a house

for patrolmen at a total cost of three dollars. The new station on Beetle Mountain was erected with three-foot peeled spruce underpinning and wire down the same. Stoves were installed at Beetle Mountain and Poge Mountain."

The following is the communication of Chief Warden George C. Nichols of Jackman: "The telephone line from the tower on Sully Mountain which formerly ran on a trail different than that used by the watchmen to the main line on the Canadian Pacific Railway poles has been changed by the watchmen to cedar poles set on the main trail from the camp to the main line. An insulated line runs from the tower to the camp. A new telephone box has been installed in the tower on Boundary Lake Mountain, the camp has been covered with three-ply roofing and general improvements have been made in the trail."

Chief Warden A. B. Haynes of Norcross writes as follows: "All the telephone lines were put in good repair the first of the season and every rainy day the lines were gone over to cut out old trees and get the trails in better condition. A cabin for the watchmen was built on Jo Mary Mountain. Three miles of new wire were used in repairing the telephone line. Five miles of wire, with insulators, iron rods for uprights, hammers and drills have been bought for the construction of the telephone line to the top of Mt. Katahdin, and there are two steel towers which should be placed where the stations now used do not cover. There is a camping outfit in this territory which is a great saving and convenience for a crew on a fire. A few new telephone instruments are needed, but we have a good supply of tools."

The following communication has been received from Chief Warden L. P. Barney of Tarratine: "Telephone lines have been repaired to Kibbe Mountain and Williams Mountain. A new camp will have to be built on Kibbe Mountain this year. The towers should be painted this spring. The fire line into Jackman should be changed as it is too heavily loaded at the present time."

Chief Warden Leroy Brown of Lee writes as follows: "I would approve of all lookout stations instead of patrols. I think that a stream patrol during certain fishing seasons would be well."

TRAPSHOOTING HINTS

One of the essentials to be taken into consideration by anyone who would become a good trapshooter is the selection of the right gun—one that fits the shooter and has the proper weight, drop, thickness and length of stock, trigger pull, etc.

An expert might do excellently with a gun unsuited to him because his knowledge of how to shoot would compensate to a certain extent the ill fit of the gun. A beginner, on the other hand, would be hopelessly handicapped under the same conditions.

Generally speaking, a 12 gauge gun, weighing somewhere between 7½ to 7¾ lbs., is just about right for trap shooting. Experience has shown that guns of lighter weight are apt to give too heavy a recoil.

The drop, thickness and length of the stock are features that from a

the whole, however, a trigger pull of from 4 to 4½ lbs. may be taken as about right for the average shooter.

If one is thinking seriously of purchasing a gun for trapshooting purposes, perhaps one of the best methods to adopt would be to try any gun that one's trapshooting friends might care to lend for a temporary trial. In this way one is almost sure to find some particular gun with which he can do better work than with others and thus he will naturally arrive at a definite basis from which to make a final selection.

Incidentally here is another tip. Don't show any hesitancy in asking the advice of the more experienced and expert trapshooter.—C. L. Gilman in the Minneapolis Daily News.

A NEW GAME BIRD.

The man from Montana was eating lobster Newburg the other night



A MAINE CAMP AFTER THE LAW IS OFF
Courtesy of M. C. R. R.

personal standpoint demand serious consideration. In trapshooting experience has shown that the straight stock—one that has very little drop—is to be preferred. As to the matter of thickness, the main idea is to choose a stock that permits the shooter (when he puts the gun to his shoulder) to look comfortably and straight down the rib to the sight. If he cannot do this the gun does not fit him properly and a tendency to cross-shot is very likely.

The length of the stock from the

in a Broadway restaurant.

"Lobsters are common enough to you people here on the seacoast," he remarked to a New Yorker, "but when one gets well inland the fresh lobster becomes a bit more of a novelty. Not that we don't get plenty of lobsters in Montana, but, naturally, there they're not as numerous as down here, and they are regarded as more of a luxury."

"This fact was brought to my attention one night recently in a hotel in Butte. I got in on a rather late



JIM POND CAMP IN WINTER
Courtesy of M. C. R. R.

trigger to the center of the butt depends upon the length of the shooter's arm; obviously a long armed man must have a longer stock than the man with a short arm.

Perhaps the simplest way to ascertain whether the gun is of proper length is to put the gun to your shoulder with your finger on the trigger as if about to shoot. Then with your finger still on the trigger remove the gun from your shoulder and let the butt lie in the hollow of your arm. If no change in the position of the trigger finger or the grip hand is required, it is safe to assume that the stock fits your arm, in so far as the detail of length is concerned.

Now to come to the trigger pull. This term applies to the amount of weight in pounds avoirdupois which is necessary to pull the trigger when the gun is cocked and held in a perpendicular position. Due to the element of individuality that enters here, there can be no hard and fast rule regarding the proper amount of pull. This feature is governed by the shooter's own requirements. On

train and went into a restaurant about 9 o'clock in the evening for dinner. I happened to feel like eating a grouse or a duck or something of that sort. I glanced at the menu and failed to see any birds.

"Haven't you got any grouse or other game?" I asked the waiter.

"We ain't got any grouse," was the reply. "The only game we have is lobster."—New York Times.

AUTOS FOR EVERYBODY

LOWERED COST HAS GREATLY INCREASED THEIR USE.

Estimated That the Output Will Be More Than a Million This Year — Interesting Figures.

The automobile industry is about seventeen years old. Last year America turned out 703,527 cars. This year the output will be more than a million. Eight years ago the average price was \$2,123. Last year's average

price was \$814. Eight years ago only 44,000 machines were built.

The change has come through standardization of parts, group production, more scientific management of factories, smaller profit on each car to the builder and a rapid advance in the perfection of machinery.

It used to be an oft-heard belief that no one possessing an income of less than \$3,000 a year could afford to ride in his own car. Today, nearly half of the automobiles in use in America are owned by persons who earn between \$1,000 and \$2,000 a year. An estimate of the automobiles operated last year, with their owners' financial standing, is as follows:

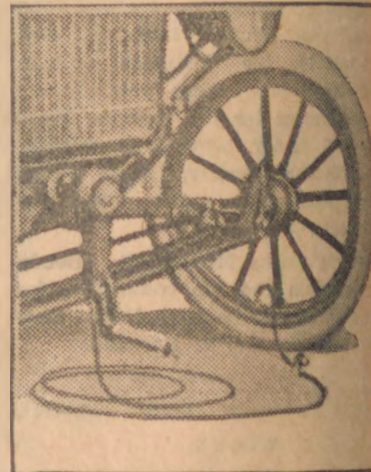
Car Owners.	Income.
7,000 with over	\$10,000 to \$15,000
40,000	\$15,000 to \$20,000
222,000	\$20,000 to \$25,000
700,000	\$25,000 to \$30,000
1,500,000	\$30,000 to \$35,000
1,500,000	\$35,000 to \$40,000

Because of the automobile, better roads have been built, and better roads are being built throughout the country. Because there are better roads, the demand for automobiles has increased the value of farms, and the farmer has purchased automobiles. Everything the automobile touches turns to benefit for the industry.—Syracuse Post-Standard.

MAKES TIRE-INFLATION EASY

Combined Automobile Crank and Pump Is a Recent Invention of Considerable Value.

By the use of a combined automobile crank and tire pump, which is easily substituted for the crank that comes with the car, the work of inflating the tires is done with power from the engine, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. The pump is inside the crank, and to connect it with the drive shaft of the engine requires only the



With This Combined Crank and Tire Pump the Power of the Engine Is Used for Inflating the Tires.

turning of a milled nut mounted on the shaft of the crank, the hose for conveying the air to the tires being attached to a threaded connection at the handle end of the crank. After the tires have been inflated, the pump is released from the drive shaft simply by turning the nut back to its original position, when the crank is ready to be used as a starting crank.

Alleged Diseases of Autoists.

When the bicycle was in the limelight, and the daily papers would publish most anything connected with the subject that came to them, the doctors began to discover, or rather invent, many new and fearsome diseases that they claimed to result from riding the wheel. The doctors got their names into the papers, but the diseases never materialized. Now, some enterprising member of the medical fraternity has discovered a peculiar knee trouble that he claims to result from continued use of clutch and brake pedals. It will probably join "kyphosisbicularum" in oblivion after it serves its purpose as a newspaper item.—Scientific American.

ADVERTISE IN MAINE WOODS.

THE CABIN BOAT PRIMER

THIS is a very interesting and instructive book on making cabin boats, canoes, row boats, etc. It tells of the various streams one can trip on with a cabin boat, how to equip for such a trip, what to wear and eat, cost of a two month's trip. It gives descriptions and diagrams, photographs and chapters on construction, when to float, when and where to land and other useful hints. Book is compiled of facts and observations made by the author. It contains 267 pages, over 40 illustrations and diagrams, 32 chapters as follows:

Down the Mississippi River in a Cabin Boat, Trip Down the Yukon, The Cabin Boat's Equipment, Build a Cabin Boat, The Cabin Boat's Equipment, Furnishings and Furniture, Olds and Eats of Equipment, The Skiff or Tender, The Cabin Boat Launch, What to Wear, Things to Eat, Cabin Boat Expenses, Cabin Boating Waters, Landing Lists, Floating, Floating at Night and Fog, Going Up Stream, Weather, Making Fast and Some Rope Hints, Land and Water, Making of the Boat, Ways of Making Money, On Making of the Boat, Hunting, Trapping, Fish and Game, Amusements, Hooks, Trapper's Canoe, A Cabin Boat Coon Hunt.

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IN THE GREAT NORTH WOODS

A Tale of the Canadian Border

Written for Maine Woods, By Bruce Stewart

(Continued from last week.)

Within the camp was as neat as without; a small table, two or three rude stools, a bunk in one corner, a fire-place, a few pegs and shelves for the cooking utensils and dishes, some skins on the floor, a shotgun in the rack of caribou antlers over the hearth, and a pile of traps in one corner made up the furnishings.

Le Loup threw his pack on the bunk and knelt to kindle a fire on the stone hearth where birch bark and dry wood lay ready for the match. When it was burning briskly he wheeled upon the hearth and looked at the girl who had seated herself passively upon one of the stools.

"It is thus, Mam'selle, we of the forest live as best we can and try to wrong no man. Little by little the people of the cities have crowded us back and we have said nothing. At last they wished to enjoy the little they had left us, our fish and our game, and they made laws to suit themselves and did not ask us what we might wish. To us the game and fish meant a living, to them it meant pleasure; but they thought more of their pleasure than of our living, and forbade us to hunt and fish when and where we wished. When through ignorance or necessity we continued as we had been, they sent men to stop us, to seize our furs, destroy our camps and take us before their magistrates. And if we stood for the rights that had always been ours, they called us outlaws and hunted us as they hunted our game. That, 'he raised the hand against his hand,' was not an accident, one of your wardens did it and was sorry that he made such a poor shot! Sometimes they make better shots, they shot down Pete Fontaine, and broke his spirit so that he gave in and promised never to set foot in Maine again. Now they want Lamonte and have put a price upon him as they would upon a wild beast. They sent wardens after him, but he was quicker than Fontaine, quicker than the wardens, and they had to give up. No man could catch him while we, his friends, the men he has hunted with, stood by him, so they sent a girl thinking she would be safe from suspicion and could spy him out and show the wardens the way. So, but they made a mis-step. We do not shoot at girls, Mam'selle, as we do at wardens when they bother us too much, but we cannot have girls spying upon us. So we have to take you where you can do no harm, make no trouble for us. You are here in the forest, many miles

from a settlement, and no one knows pure *French* for 'eq fem nof esqem Sandy say nothing. So long as you make no trouble, do not try to go back as you came, the freedom of the woods is yours and you shall not be troubled. If you try to go—ah, but we will not speak of that Mam'selle. Tomorrow you shall have your rifle and go as you will so long as you remember always that your return at night."

Before dark had settled down on the camp, Le Loup had brought in several huge rolls of birch bark and some slender poles, and after half an hour's work had partitioned from the main room that part of the camp containing the bunk, and had built another bunk in the opposite end. From some secret storage he brought in a haunch of venison and a brace of partridges, and also showed Marcia where to find flour, meal and other supplies. It was a relief to the girl to work and by the time the night's supply of wood had been brought in she had an appetizing supper on the table.

As he had said he would, Le Loup handed Marcia her rifle the following morning and as he saw her finger curl lovingly around the trigger he gave her a sharp glance. Marcia looking up caught it and thought of the movement his hand had made when Pierre and Sandy had angered him. In spite of herself she gave a little shiver. He saw it and again he gave a wolfish laugh and bent toward her.

"Mam'selle remembers that she is to shoot squirrels, deer, mayhap bears, but not wolves, non, not wolves!" And picking up some traps and his own rifle he left the camp. He did not return till late in the afternoon and then he came empty handed.

Marcia, left to herself, started on a tour of investigation. If she were to be a paroled prisoner for an indefinite length of time she might as well make the best of it and enjoy it as best she could. So she put on her snowshoes and struck out. Almost the first thing that she discovered was the hole in the ice of the little lake through which Le Loup had bailed the water for the camp. The hole looked tempting and Marcia wondered what the Canadian laws concerning ice-fishing might be. She went back to the camp and after a search that covered the most of it she found a rusty hook and a few feet of line. Yankee angle-worms were not to be had, neither could she get live bait, but supplied with some bits of venison she went back to the ice, built a tiny bough house and a fire and settled herself to fish.

So it was that when Le Loup entered the low doorway that night the smell of frying fish greeted him. Marcia heard a low, "Tres bien" as he placed his rifle on its rack and picked up the axe.

After supper the breed went to the fire-place and from a recess beside it pulled out a cork filled with hooks and a ball of new line. He worked busily and silently with his knife during the evening and as Marcia rose to go to her room he handed her a pair of skillfully contrived "tip-ups" saying, "You can now stay in the camp to fish, Mam'selle. There will be fresh holes tomorrow and I will show you how to set these."

Marcia took the traps and began to examine them. They differed from any she had seen and aroused her interest. In explaining them, Le Loup lost his sullen look and Marcia forgot that she was a prisoner. From the shelf Le Loup brought a small net and told her that she could easily catch small fish for bait, and showed her how to handle the net.

"Why this net is just like some they have at the Commissioners' office," exclaimed Marcia. "One of the wardens brought in a lot that poachers had been using in catching brook trout."

"Oui, Mam'selle, and there are many of these nets that the wardens have not!" replied the breed, a flush spreading over his dark face as he stooped to throw more wood

upon the fire.

Marcia murmured a timid "Bon soir" which received no answer and went to her room. But in spite of her unfortunate allusion to poaching, the evening had done much to relieve the tension of the situation.

The first week wore on to its close. Le Loup spent his days on his trap lines, and Marcia fished and hunted to her heart's content, and hardly felt the restraint of her position. With the second week, however, came a heavy fall of feathery snow which spoiled the shoeing and forced the girl to stay around the camp. For the first day or two this was not a hardship and she amused herself by rearranging the camp, making birch bark curtains for the two tiny windows, and doing a score of little things to make it more comfortable. But by the third or fourth day time began to hang heavily on her hands and she chafed under the restraint and realized her position more fully than she had at any time before.

Till now the whole affair had seemed transitory, merely a more or less disagreeable incident, but one that would soon end; now it was borne upon her that this day was but one of many, such she would have to pass, that not on that week, perhaps not that month nor the next even, would she be at liberty to leave the woods, to return to her home. She realized that for weeks, months, perhaps even longer, she would be cut off from the world, from all intercourse with her friends; that during that time she was limited to the narrow horizon of the cabin, the companionship of her taciturn jailer; that even the solace of books (save two that happened to be in her luggage) was denied her. And Marcia, being only a girl after all under her veneer of hunter and warden, spent two hours in tears and self-commiseration. Then she spent another in upbraiding herself for being a coward.

When Le Loup returned to camp he found her pouring over a bit of old newspaper which she had found wrapped around a package. Its date was several months old, but it was an English paper and she read it eagerly. If the breed noticed any signs of the recent storm, he gave no indication of it, in fact hardly spoke during the evening meal save to give the result of the day's work, and when he had finished his supper withdrew to the hearth where he sat, his hands clasped around his knees, and gazed into the fire with the unfathomable stolidity of his race. Marcia turned again to her paper, and when the scrap had been reread till she knew every line by heart, she yawned, said goodnight, and went to her room. Le Loup continued to gaze into the fire and it was late before he rose and went to his bunk.

The next day was the same, and the next; the snow was packing a little, but Marcia found it poor shoeing and passed the time in camp. She reread one of her books, but it failed to interest her—she knew just what was coming next and how the story would end—still she was bending over it on Le Loup's arrival. Again he looked at her keenly, but said nothing, and again supper was eaten in silence.

At dusk the wind rose and all night it whirled the snow into heaps, sifted it, packed it, and smoothed it down. Long before light Marcia was awakened by the Indian's stirring and when she pushed aside the bark curtain of her doorway and stepped out, he had the fire burning and by its light and that of a candle was mending one of his snowshoes. As she came into the room he looked up from his work.

"Today I go to the settlement for supplies. If Mam'selle wishes to write to her people I will carry the letter out, but I must read it first. Also if Mam'selle will write down such things as she needs I will get them at the settlement."

"How soon do you start?" asked Marcia. "And when will you be back?"

"At sun-up, and I shall be gone one night. You are not afraid to stay alone at camp are you, Mam'selle?"

"No," said Marcia, and turned to get pencil and paper.

To write a letter that would explain her long silence and at the same time tell so little of her present whereabouts, as to pass the judgment of the Indian was a task, but after several false starts she finished a note which seemed passable

both from her viewpoint and the presumable viewpoint of the Indian. She addressed the envelope and handed both it and the letter to the breed. Gravelly he folded the letter, thrust it into the envelope, and sealed the latter without so much as glancing at the writing.

"I thought you were to read it," said Marcia in astonishment.

"And because Mam'selle thought so there is no need of my reading it," was the reply.

Breakfast finished, Le Loup took down a leather pack from its peg, made up a bundle of the furs he had taken, loaded his rifle, and picking up the slip upon which Marcia had written a short list of the things needed for the camp, he stepped through the door. He turned as he deftly twisted his moccasins into the thongs of his snowshoes.

"Mam'selle will remember that it is best to stay near the camp for one cannot tell what one may meet in the forest. There is wood in plenty. Tomorrow by sunset I will be back."

And he swung off through the snow covered spruces. Marcia stood at the door and watched the lithe figure till it was lost to sight before she turned to her morning work. The work finished, she put on her snowshoes and made a detour about the camp, but saw nothing in the way of game and was forced to seek solace in her second much read book. Before the early dusk closed in she filled the pail with fresh water, piled the hearth high with wood from the supply just without the door, and barred the door. Then she settled down for the long night of the North Woods.

The snow was falling thickly and already several inches had collected when she awoke the next morning. Plainly she was doomed to another day in camp. Slowly and steadily the flakes drifted down through the still air. At noon when she started for water, the feathery stuff was piled up a foot and more against the door and still it came down. The snowy silence awed her and she began to feel afraid of the solitude. There was not even the sound of a chickadee or a squirrel to break the stillness and give an air of life to the little clearing.

For the first time since she had met Le Loup she began to long for his presence, and to wish that he would get back so there would be someone to talk to, even if the conversation consisted of only two or three sentences during the day. At least he would be something alive and moving. And with the thought of the company he would be came another that made her still more lonesome and uneasy,—if this snow had begun at the settlement as early as at the camp it was possible that Le Loup would not be able to make camp that night through the rapidly deepening snow which offered little support to snowshoes.

Again dark settled down on the little camp in the spruces and its master had not returned. Marcia kept a light burning till late into the night, and at last gave up hope and went to bed, but not to sleep. A score of night-mareish thoughts filed in unending line across her brain, propping her eyes wide open and sending little shivers over her. Perhaps the storm would last for days and days, the supplies were getting low and would be insufficient for much of a siege; perhaps Le Loup had started back and met with an accident in which case she was trapped with no way to get out and no one to know where she was and come for her.

The fire burned lower and lower, an occasional flicker lighting the camp for an instant and then leaving it in deeper darkness. There was not a sound, but she could feel the relentless fall of the snow as it piled higher and higher around the little camp.

The first pale light of the coming day was showing before she went to sleep at last and then it was to dream of being buried under the snow.

Chapter III.

Snow-bound.

It was not until the noonday sun shown in through the windows that Marcia awoke. The camp was filled with warmth and her first conscious thought was that the fire was burning vigorously and someone was in the main room. She hastily slipped into her clothes and went out.

Le Loup's mackinaw and leggings,

dripping with the melting snow upon them, hung before the fire, while Le Loup himself sat beside the table his head resting upon his outstretched arms. Every muscle of his powerful body was relaxed and he slept the sleep of the thoroughly exhausted man. By his side lay the heavy pack just as he had slipped it from his shoulders.

Quietly Marcia moved to the fire and piled on more wood. With the same noiseless tread she moved about the little room mixing up biscuit, putting the coffee in the pot ready for the water, and cutting the last shreds of venison from the bone which hung just outside the door. And through all the Indian slept on.

Just as the last rays of the early setting sun left the spruces Le Loup roused, looked around the room with sleep-dazed eyes for a moment, then rose and stepped toward Marcia as she stood by the fire.

"Well, Mam'selle, it is I who have been the first to break my word, is it not? But, believe me, Mam'selle, it was impossible to return sooner. The storm began before light yesterday morning and I stopped at the trader's only long enough to get what we must have and leave the furs. The pack was heavy and snowshoes of little use. If it had been possible, Mam'selle, I would have returned last night, but it was not so. You were not frightened, Mam'selle?"

"I was worried when you did not come during the evening," said Marcia frankly.

"You,—you wished me to come, Mam'selle?" His dark face was almost eager.

"Of course I did. It was not pleasant to think that the only person who knew where I was might have met with an accident, leaving me to starvation."

"Non, such would not be pleasant of a certainty," said the breed, and picking up his axe he left the camp abruptly.

Marcia kept on with her preparations for the meal and soon Le Loup returned and they sat down to supper, breakfast, on whatever one might choose to call the meal since it was the only one of the day.

Le Loup sat by the fire until Marcia had finished the dishes, then he drew a stool to the table and opened the pack. One or two smaller parcels he laid upon the table without comment, then came a small bag of flour, a larger one of meal, packages of tea and coffee, a small strip of bacon, some pork, salt, candles, and several boxes of ammunition. Having reached the bottom of the pack, he turned to the packages upon the table.

Stripped of its wrappings the first proved to be a bundle of papers—some French, some English—and two or three magazines of doubtful age. The second package contained a pair of moccasins of exquisite workmanship. Le Loup tossed them into Marcia's lap with a low, "For you, Mam'selle."

"No, no, I cannot take them!" exclaimed Marcia flushing. "I thank you very much, Le Loup, but really I cannot take them."

"Why not, Mam'selle?" "Because—because—" began Marcia, hesitating for the words she wished to use, "Because I am here against my will, because you are the one who holds me here a prisoner, and I do not want to be beholden to you for anything!"

"So. Supposing, Mam'selle, that this were one of your jails and I the prisoner instead of you, would not your officials furnish me clothes while I was prisoner? Perhaps not shoes like these,—" he stooped and picked up the moccasins which had slipped from Marcia's lap,—"but shoes of some kind. Up here we have not much choice from which to pick and moccasins were all that I could get. The winter is long and you will need these before spring, Mam'selle. If you will not take them as a gift from a friend, will you not take them as a necessity furnished by your 'jailer'?"

"If you are going to put it that way, Le Loup, I suppose I shall have to," said Marcia with a half smile. "And I thank you very much for your thoughtfulness."

"You need not, Mam'selle," said the breed, "it is not worth it." He picked up the papers and added, "Perhaps you would like to look these over. Now that the snow is deep there is little to do in the woods and we shall have to spend much time in the camp."

(To be continued.)

SANDY RIVER & RANGELEY LAKES RAILROAD TIME TABLE

In Effect, December 13, 1915.

FARMINGTON Passenger Trains leave Farmington for Phillips, Rangeley and Bigelow at 6:15 P. M., and for Phillips at 12:07 P. M. Passenger trains arrive from Phillips at 6:55 A. M. and from Rangeley, Phillips and Bigelow at 2:10 P. M.

Mixed train arrives at 9:35 A. M. and leaves at 11:00 A. M.

STRONG Passenger trains arrive at Strong from Phillips at 6:23 A. M., and from Phillips and Rangeley at 1:34 P. M., and from Bigelow at 1:15 P. M., and from Farmington at 12:37 P. M. and 4:17 P. M. Passenger trains leave Strong for Farmington at 6:23 A. M. and 1:37 P. M. For Phillips at 12:37 P. M. For Phillips and Rangeley at 6:47 P. M. For Bigelow at 2:00 P. M. and for Kingsfield at 6:50 P. M.

Mixed Train arrives from Phillips at 8:45 A. M. and from Kingsfield at 8:25 A. M., and from Farmington at 11:45 A. M. Leaves for Phillips at 1:40 P. M. and for Farmington at 8:45 A. M.

PHILLIPS Passenger Trains leave for Farmington at 6:00 A. M. and 1:15 P. M. For Rangeley at 6:15 P. M. Passenger Trains arrive from Farmington at 12:55 P. M. and 6:10 P. M. From Rangeley at 12:20 P. M. Rangeley 10:15 A. M.

Mixed Train leaves for Farmington at 7:30 A. M., Rangeley 1:20 P. M. and arrives from Farmington at 2:15 P. M.

RANGELEY Passenger Train leaves for Farmington at 10:40 A. M. and arrives at 8:00 P. M.

Mixed Train arrives from Phillips at 3:45 P. M. and leaves at 7:30 A. M.

SALEM Passenger Train leaves for Strong at 5:50 P. M. and for Bigelow at 2:38 P. M.

KINGSFIELD Mixed Train leaves for Bigelow at 9:15 A. M. Passenger train leaves for Bigelow at 4:50 P. M. Mixed train arrives from Bigelow at 11:30 A. M., and passenger train arrives from Bigelow at 4:50 P. M. Passenger train leaves for Farmington at 12:30.

BIGELOW Mixed train arrives from Kingsfield at 9:15 A. M., and departs for Kingsfield and Farmington at 10:00 A. M. Passenger train arrives from Farmington at 3:43 P. M. and departs for Kingsfield at 4:00 P. M.

F. N. BEAL, Gen'l Manager,
Phillips, Maine.

MAINE WOODS

ISSUED WEEKLY

J. W. Brackett Co.

Phillips, Maine

L. B. BRACKETT,

Business Manager

OUTING EDITION

pages \$1.00 per year
LOCAL EDITION

12 and 16 pages \$1.50 per year
 Canadian, Mexican, Cuban and Panama sub-
 scription 50 cents extra. Foreign subscription
 5 cents extra.

Entered as second class matter, January 21,
 1899, at the postoffice at Phillips, Maine, under
 the Act of March 3, 1879.

The Maine Woods thoroughly covers the entire
 state of Maine as to Hunting, Trapping, Camp-
 ing and Outing news, and the Franklin county
 locally.

Maine Woods solicits communications and fish
 and game photographs from its readers.

When ordering the address of your paper
 changed, please give the old as well as new
 address.

THURSDAY, MARCH 23, 1916.

STRATTON

March 21.

School began at No. 4, March 20th
 with Miss Hazel Adams of Unity,
 teacher.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Heald, who
 have been in the woods cooking for
 Durrell & Wing this winter, have
 returned home.

Business is rushing at the Stratton
 Mfg. Company's novelty mill owing
 to the large orders received.

Mrs. Ray Lisherness has returned
 from Strong, where she has been
 nursing.

Mrs. E. H. Grose is visiting her
 daughter, Miss Inez in Boston, where
 she is attending Smith's College; al-
 so other relatives and friends for a
 few weeks.

Durrell & Wing have finished log-
 ging and moved out of the woods.

Miss Lillian Taylor has returned
 from a visit with her sister and
 family, Mr. and Mrs. Carrol Noyes
 in Phillips.

Mrs. Leon Savage and Miss Ida
 were in Kingsfield last week having
 dentistry done.

L. O. Durrell has finished sawing
 squares at Russell Brothers' birch
 mill.

Mr. and Mrs. Natt Luce, who have
 been cooking at the birch mill have
 returned to their home in New
 Portland.

Mrs. Charles Armstrong is expect-
 ed home this week from Roslindale,
 Mass., where she has been visiting
 relatives and friends. Mrs. Frankie
 Norton has kept house for her.

There were no sessions of the
 High school, Thursday and Friday
 of last week, owing to the sickness
 of Mr. Lothrop the principal.

Ted Wing, who has been sealing
 for A. M. Jones this winter, has re-
 turned to his home.

Flora Durrell is teaching school at
 Chain of Ponds.

The village schools will close Fri-
 day for a two weeks' vacation.

EAST WELD

March 20.

Halford Buker was home from
 Wilton Academy over Sunday.

Hiram Washburn is on the sick
 list.

Mrs. Hiram Washburn, H. E. Vin-
 ing and Mae Vining were ill with
 colds last week.

Mrs. Frank Jones' health is very
 poor this winter.

The Grange meeting that should
 have been held last Saturday was
 postponed on account of bad roads,
 and the mail man was unable to de-
 liver the mail for the same reason.

Ralph Masterman, who received the
 bad cut in his foot, is able to be out
 again.

Dr. Bell of Strong, attended by Dr.
 York of Wilton and Dr. Marshall of
 Weld, performed an operation for
 appendicitis on Mrs. Fred Phillips
 last Thursday at her home at the
 village. She is cared for by a
 trained nurse and is doing as well
 as could be expected at this writing.

The Misses Ada, Hilda, Lilla and
 Vencie Whitney, also Lydia Phinney
 called on Miss Minnie Buker Sun-
 day.

Mrs. Cedric Judkins, who visited
 her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. San-
 born, returned to her home in Upton
 last Tuesday.

IN AND ABOUT PHILLIPS

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist
 church will hold a sale of hulled corn
 and doughnuts at Miss Timberlake's
 on Saturday afternoon beginning at
 1.30.

Mr. S. G. Haley was able to be
 out Wednesday afternoon after being
 confined to his home by illness since
 Saturday.

George Carpenter has been the
 guest of his daughter, Mrs. Miriam
 Russell recently.

Corporation meeting tonight.

Sunday evening at the Union
 church a service from the "Story and
 Song Series," entitled "The Mission-
 ary Hero of Labrador," (Dr. Grenfell)
 was given by Hon. N. P. Noble, who
 read from the life of Dr. Grenfell
 and his work, among the people of
 Labrador, with special music by the
 Choral Club. It was a most inter-
 esting service, instructive, musical
 and sacred, and well attended. Solos
 were rendered by Frank Davis, the
 Misses Shirley Holt, Marguerite Ger-
 ald, Hortense Butler and Gertrude
 Stillman.

Mr. Bleau, who has been cooking
 at Barnjum's big mill, has returned
 home at Phillips, because he had to
 "boil beef to go with clam chowder."

Rev. D. B. Holt, D. D., superin-
 tendent of the Augusta District made
 an official visit to the Methodist
 church this week and presided over
 the Fourth Quarterly conference.

Mrs. Walter Kennedy has been in
 Farmington the past week.

Fred E. Dodge has been engaged
 by F. J. D. Barnjum as chauffeur
 for one year, his duties to begin
 April 1st. Mr. Dodge has had quite
 a lot of experience, as the family
 has owned an auto for some years
 past, and he has the reputation of
 "getting there on time" when he
 starts for a place. Nothing slow
 about Fred.

Must Have Albuminous Food.

The fact that mosquitoes co-
 continually harass rich-blooded creatures
 is due to the fact that they cannot
 lay eggs without the albuminous food
 which is thus secured. In tropical
 countries the greatest enemy of the
 malaria-bearing mosquito is a species
 of bat which is protected from the in-
 sect's bite by its strangely shaped
 hairs. The bat is very swift of flight
 and the mosquitoes, especially those
 which have already made a supper of
 blood are their ideal food.

ANNIVERSARY GIFTS

This is your anniversary. Had you
 forgotten? She never forgets. Jew-
 els, Gold or Silver, make everlasting
 remembrances for anniversaries and
 birthdays. If you have given her
 everything she requires in personal
 jewelry and novelties, here's a sug-
 gestion; Start a collection of silver,
 flat or hollow ware by giving one piece
 or a set at a time, on birthdays and
 anniversaries. You will find quality,
 variety and value at

CRONKHITE'S, The Jeweler
 Phillips, Maine.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE PHILLIPS NATIONAL BANK

At Phillips, in the State of Maine, at the close
 of business, March 7th, 1916.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts,	\$217,124 96
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	50,000 00
Bonds, securities, etc., on hand, (other than stocks),	93,139 68
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank,	6,000 00
Less amount unpaid,	3,000 00
Banking House,	6,117 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve Bank,	5,566 65
Due from approved Reserve Agents in other Reserve Cities,	36,978 02
Outside checks and other cash items,	144 18
Fractional Currency,	1 14
Notes of other National Banks,	145 32
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ.,	110 00
Total coin and certificates	3,818 85
Legal tender notes,	11,010 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (5 per cent of circulation)	2,500 00
Total,	\$129,510 48

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in,	\$50,000 00
Surplus fund,	50,000 00
Total Capital and Surplus,	100,000 00
Undivided Profits,	13,248 26
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid,	1,743 97
Circulating notes, outstanding	11,499 29
Demand deposits:	48,920 00
Individual deposits	98,742 29
subject to check,	273 99
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days	90,016 28
Total demand deposits,	170,071 9
Total,	\$129,510 48

State of Maine, County of Franklin, ss:
 I, H. H. Field, cashier of the above named bank,
 do solemnly swear that the above statement is
 true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. H. FIELD, cashier.

Subscribed and Sworn to before me this 16th
 day of March 1916.

Cory M. Hoyt, Justice of the Peace.
 CORRECT—Attest:
 G. H. Hamlin, }
 D. E. Field, } Directors
 C. E. Parker, }

Mr. and Mrs. Earle Voter arrived
 in town this week and are visiting
 his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer
 Voter.

Monday of last week Morris Tooth-
 aker and E. A. Peary, selectmen of
 Avon, accompanied Mr. Jeremiah
 Kennedy to Augusta, where he was
 placed in the hospital for treatment.
 Mr. Kennedy has been in poor
 health for some time and has been
 cared for at the home of his son,
 Fred Kennedy, where both he and
 Mrs. Kennedy did all they could to
 make him comfortable. Bright's
 disease from which he is suffering
 had effected mind.

VALUABLE FOR THE GARDENS

Composting Manure Increases Quanti-
 ty of Plant Food Available—
 Fork Over Occasionally.

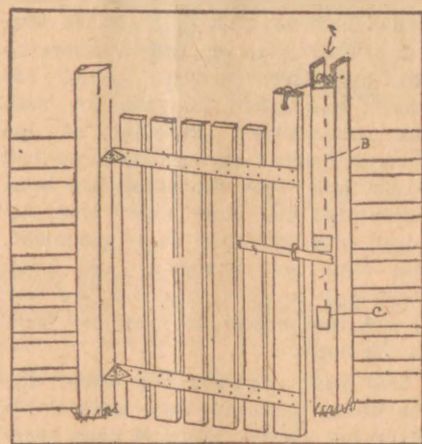
Composting manure is valuable to
 almost any farmer, since composting
 increases the quantity of plant food
 available and also put the manure
 and other materials in excellent
 condition for application to land. It is
 especially valuable for use on gardens
 or truck farms.

Compost consists of mixed and
 rotted organic matter, particularly
 manure and litter. It is best to make
 it in a level place on puddled clay
 soils to prevent drainage. For the
 bottom layer use leaves, straw, sod,
 etc. On top of this put a layer of
 manure, weeds, spoiled hay, and the
 like. Repeat this order, making layers
 about four inches thick, until a height
 of about four feet is reached. The
 pile may be made as long or as wide
 as is desired. It should be kept packed
 and forked over occasionally. In dry
 weather keep it moist by applying wa-
 ter or liquid manure. This is im-
 portant.

DEVICE FOR CLOSING A GATE

Weight, Attached to Cord, and Run
 Over Pulley, Can Easily Be Ar-
 ranged for the Purpose.

The picture illustrates a device for
 closing a gate. When you pass through
 the gate it closes and fastens itself,
 writes C. E. Julian of Millsboro, N. C.,
 in the Progressive Farmer. To make



Gate Stays Shut.

the device have the gate post at least
 six feet high; place a large spool on
 post for pulley, fasten cord to gate,
 pass it over spool and attach plow
 point or something similar for weight.
 A shows spool; B and C, cord and
 weight on opposite side of post.

SWISS CHARD MORE POPULAR

Vegetable Gaining Favor With Those
 Who Are Fond of "Greens"—
 Pick Leaves Often.

Swiss chard is becoming a very pop-
 ular vegetable among those who like
 "greens." If a few of the leaves from
 each plant are broken or cut off near
 the ground when they are 8 to 12
 inches high they make fine greens.
 You can pick them in this way every
 two weeks, and a short row will sup-
 ply a good-sized family.

Some prefer to let the leaves grow
 a little larger and then cook the stem
 and midrib as you would asparagus.
 It is good any way you use it.

Scions for Next Year.

Take scions soon for next year's
 fruit tree grafting. Cover them with
 sand or sawdust and place in a dark,
 cool cellar.

Warfare Against Cholera.

Serum and sanitation make the best
 preparations for the warfare against
 hog cholera.

Making Yellow Butter.

Only green feeds contain the carot-
 in that makes butter yellow.

Shelter the Stock.

Don't fail properly to shelter your
 stock from the cold.

FEDERATED CHURCH.

Melvin Sherburne Hutchins, pastor.

Calendar for week ending April

1. Sunday, March 26: 10.45.—Morning
 worship. Sermon, "The Measure of
 Christ's Love. I." 12.10.—Sunday
 school. 7.30.—People's service.
 Music by Choral Club. Address.
 Thursday, March 30: 7.30.—Prayer
 meeting.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Bessie F. Crowell, pastor.

Sunday March 26.—Morning wor-
 ship, 10.45. Sermon, "The Message
 of the Gospel." Sunday school, 12.
 Junior League, 3. Epworth League
 devotional meeting, 7. Subject
 "What new work caught our League to
 undertake." Leader, Howard Ross.
 Gospel service of song and praise,
 7.30.

Thursday, Mar. 30.—Midweek pray-
 er meeting, 7.30.

DELIGHTFUL MUSICAL GIVEN

(Continued from page one.)

selections by Miss Whitney, and read-
 ings by Misses McKenzie, Parker and
 Stillman, and speaking by Mr. How-
 land, added much to the success and
 enjoyment of the evening.

The large dining room had been
 cleared, in which dancing was enjoyed
 for an hour. Refreshments were
 served.

The young, old friends of Mr. and
 Miss Berry were delighted, not only at
 meeting them again, but especially at
 the advance they have made in music
 since leaving Phillips several years
 ago.

TO GET MORE GOOSEBERRIES

Lay Down Tips of Branches and Cover
 With Earth—Also Cut Off the
 Top of Old Bush.

In many places it will pay to plant
 more gooseberries. If you have a
 few old bushes that you like very
 much, the way to increase them is
 very simple. Lay down the tips of
 the branches this spring and cover
 with earth. They will take root and
 may be removed in the fall.

A still better way, but it involves
 the loss of one crop of fruit, is to cut
 off all the tops of the old bush close
 to the ground and cover an inch deep
 with earth.

Anywhere from 12 to 50 sprouts
 will start up. After they are six
 inches high, fill in with three inches
 of earth.

In the fall you will have as many
 well-rooted plants as there are shoots,
 which may be cut off and set in a
 row.

Good Friend of Farmer.

Owls are occasionally not wanted
 by the farmer, but at the nests of
 owls can nearly always be found good
 sized piles of the skulls of mice,
 gophers and other small animals
 which are destructive to crops. The
 owl is one of the best friends the
 farmer can have.

NOTICE.

To the inhabitants of the town of
 Phillips and persons liable to be
 assessed therein: You are hereby
 notified that subscribers will be in
 session at the Selectmen's office in
 said town on the first day of April,
 next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon
 for the purpose of receiving true
 and perfect lists of the polls and all
 estate, real and personal, not by law
 exempt from taxation, of which you
 are possessed in said town of Phil-
 lips, which lists you are requested to
 make and bring in.

Dated at Phillips, Maine, this 26th
 day of March, A. D., 1916.

Blon Wing,
 Willis R. Leavitt,
 W. A. Dill,
 Assessors of Phillips

SPRING OPENING

It is with great pleasure that
 I invite my former patrons and
 others to call and inspect my
 beautiful spring line of pattern
 hats, flowers, fancies, ready-to-
 wear untrimmed hats and millin-
 ery novelties. Shall be ready
 for business after March 27,
 1916.

B. M. PERKINS,
 Phillips, Maine

AROUND THE LOCAL STORES

You will want one of those O-Ced-
 ar mops this spring to help you with
 the spring work. Floors look like
 new when they are used on them.
 The O-Cedar will do the same thing
 for furniture. Great stuff. The
 Phillips Hardware Co. keeps the
 mops and the O-Cedar.

Four-minute wax records for only
 25 cents at the store of C. F. Chand-
 ler & Son. This is a bargain and
 there are only a few left.

Nice home cooked food at George
 Bean's store, pies, doughnuts, cup
 custards, etc.

Sedgeley & Co. are getting ready
 for the spring campaign of selling
 goods.

Parke Davis & Co.'s American oil,
 better than the Russian, 75 cents a
 pint at Parker's drug store.

Large sizes in shirt waists 44 to
 50, for \$1 at C. M. Hoyt's.

Large line of fresh confectionery
 at E. R. Toothaker's, just in.

The Anco Buster Brown series of
 cameras are the only film picture-
 making contrivance on the market
 which do not necessitate at times
 prying out the roll with a knife. In
 doing this the roll is liable to be-
 come unrolled, thus ruining the pic-
 ture. Come in and look them over
 at Cronkhite's.

Rubber guaranteed in the goods ad-
 vertised by E. H. Whitney.

Note the ad. of Mrs. B. M. Pen-
 ins, the milliner, in this edition. She
 will be all ready for business after
 the 27th.

Inspect the fine line of ready to
 wear suits at D. F. Hoyt's.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to express our sincere
 thanks for the many expressions of
 sympathy in our recent bereavement
 and for the beautiful flowers.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis L. Nile,
 Roberta and Cassie Nile,
 Rangeley, March 15, 1916.

INDUSTRY

March 21.

Mrs. James Edgecomb is seriously
 ill. Mrs. Edgecomb is 87 years
 of age and has been confined to her
 bed for nearly a year.

Leon Emery is at home from Farm-
 ington, sick with the mumps.

Fred Norton is working for D. L.
 Badger.

Mrs. Jennie French is visiting her
 sister, Mrs. Walter Look of New
 Vineyard.

Jennie Watson is working for
 Mrs. Elbridge Rand.

Helen Leeman is ill with a bad
 cold.

Lottie F. Oliver is visiting rela-
 tives in Norridgewock.

Mrs. Benjamin Rackliffe has been
 re-elected superintendent of schools
 for 1916.

Tribute to Hubby.

A Kansas woman posted this notice
 for peddlers and agents, who kept her
 doorbell busy: "I want absolutely
 nothing, every wish being supplied by
 a loving husband."

BIRTHS.

New London, Conn., March 9, to Mr.
 and Mrs. George Walker, (nee Marie
 Wells) a son. Weight 9 pounds.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

I have opened a fully equipped office
 in Belfast, Me., including a grinding
 plant which will enable me to duplicate
 broken lenses and make other repairs
 the same day received. Although a
 little farther away the mail service is
 just about the same as at New Sharon.
 All you need to do is to send the broken
 lenses or if I have previously fitted you,
 I have the record to refer to which will
 insure prompt, accurate and efficient
 service.

I shall continue my visits to Phillips,
 Rangeley and other towns as often as
 there is a reasonable demand for my
 services.

Thanking you for past patronage and
 desiring a continuance of same.

FRANK F. GRAVES,
 Graduate Optometrist
 BELFAST, MAINE

CLASSIFIED

One cent a word in advance. No headline or other display. Subjects in a, b, c, order

FOR SALE—Desirable house lots in Phillips. Address Maine Woods.

PRESSED hay at \$16 per ton. Small pigs and shoats. B. F. Beal, Phillips, Me.

Smokers, my "government seal" cigars are better than most 5 cent cigars. Send \$1.50 for trial box of 50 cigars and be convinced. J. H. Harmon, 195 South Mulberry street, Dept. A., Mansfield, Ohio.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Young, sound, acclimated horses. Both heavy and light. Phone 14-4. R. C. Ross, Phillips, Me.

RABBITS WANTED—Will pay fifteen cents each. Must be in good condition and non-poisonous, and dressed leaving skins on. Can use forty per week until April 1st. Tel. 4-15. M. F. Stevens, Dover, Me.

FOR SALE—The W. C. Beal farm, also 6-year-old Jersey cow with record of \$13.09 for 16 days. B. F. Beal.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Mrs. Joel Wilbur, Phillips, Me.

FOR SALE—Farm and land in Phillips, field, pasture and orchard. Five minutes walk from station. Write for particulars. D. R. Ross, Phillips, Me.

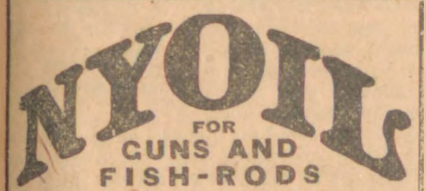
WANTED—Dressmaking at my home. Mrs. N. E. Wells, Phillips. Both phones.

Slow Up on Rough Roads.

The winter spells of bad weather, with their resultant bad, rutty roads, are bad. Now, an automobile driver should bear in mind that a rough road must be taken slower than a good one, not only for his own comfort, but for the sake of his tires, springs and car as a whole as well.

Autos in Wisconsin.

The average value of motor cars in Wisconsin, according to the computation of the Wisconsin tax commission, is \$480, compared with a valuation of \$635 in 1914. The greater number of cars now owned in the state is responsible for the decrease in average valuation.



William F. Nye is the greatest authority on refined oils in the world. He was the first bottler; has the largest business and NYOIL is the best oil he has ever made.

NYOIL HAS NO EQUAL.

Beware of scented mixtures called oil. Use NYOIL on everything where a light oil is needed. It prevents rust and gives perfect lubrication.

Sportsmen, use it liberally on your firearms and your rod. You will find it by far the best. Hardware and sporting goods dealers sell it in large bottles (cheaper to buy) at 25 c. and in trial sizes at 10 c. Made by

WM. F. NYE,
New Bedford, Mass.

MAPS OF MAINE RESORTS AND ROADS

Maine Woods has frequent inquiries for maps of the fishing regions of the state, etc. We can furnish the following maps:

Franklin County	\$.50
Somerset County	.50
Oxford County	.50
Piscataquis County	.50
Aroostook County	.50
Washington County	.50
Outing map of Maine, 20x35 in	1.00
Geological map of Maine	.45
R. R. map of Maine	.35
Androscoggin County	.35
Cumberland County	.35
Hancock County	.50
Kennebec County	.35
Knox County	.35
Lincoln and Sagadahoc Counties	.35
Penobscot County	.50
Waldo County	.35
York County	.35

J. W. BRACKETT CO.,
Phillips, Maine.



ROAD BUILDING

ROAD BUILDING IS DIFFICULT

Experience and Expert Knowledge Are Essential—Federal Government Offers Assistance.

Road building is a scientific problem—not a haphazard job. We believe, however, that if a census were taken tomorrow, 99 per cent of the people of this land would claim that they were amply qualified to build a road and edit a newspaper. Only a small percentage get a chance to try their hands on the blue pencil proposition, but a trip over almost any country road will convince one that most of the 99 have had a crack at road building.

Little by little the public in general and the officials charged with the responsibility for our highways are learning that road building requires expert knowledge and experience. That ridiculous, antiquated provision



Well-Kept Road in Iowa.

for "working out the road tax" which has spoiled more roads than a bombardment from all the high-calibered guns of the European armies, is gradually disappearing from our statute books. Board of county commissioners and township supervisors are giving the matter thoughtful attention and improvement will undoubtedly be rapid from now on. The federal government is offering every assistance to the forward movement. Object-lesson roads are constructed upon application of township or county authorities to demonstrate proper methods of construction and proper use of road-building materials. The office of public roads and rural engineering of the department of agriculture furnishes the services of an engineer, and the local communities are required to furnish all the material, labor and supplies. Experimental roads are also constructed to determine the relative merits and values of the various types of road construction, and of the various preparations and materials for use in road construction. In certain instances the office pays only a portion of the cost of these roads and the balance is borne by the county in which the road is located.

It is too bad that we had to wait for the wail of the stalled automobilist to awaken us to the shameful condition of our roads. A Scotch civil engineer was imported as adviser in the matter of building a railway over our great western plains. He investigated very carefully and gravely reported that the project was unfeasible. When pressed for his reason by the astonished promoters of the enterprise, he said: "You cannot build a line of railway over that country because there's no place to run your tunnels." The "designer" of most of our country roads has been laboring under a similar twisted and contorted vision of his job—but we're on our way.—Iowa Homestead.

CONCRETE ROADS GAIN FAVOR

Highways Are Expensive to Build, but Are Proving, Especially in California, Everlasting.

Investigations by the department of agriculture have shown a wonderful increase in the popularity of roads with heavy concrete base. Such roads are expensive to build, but are proving, especially in sections like California, almost everlasting. The best investment California has made has been her good roads. There have been some mistakes; there have been disappointments because of the inability to cover all sections, but there have been enough benefits secured from the good roads to amply compensate for all they have cost.

Start Your Camp and Hotel

Advertising NOW!

RATION TO FATTEN CHICKENS

Feed Recommended by Poultry Husbandman of Nebraska College as Being Most Economical.

Just a little time spent in fattening birds will greatly improve their quality. The following ration has been recommended by the poultry husbandman of the Nebraska College of Agriculture as being most economical, and giving satisfactory results in fattening chickens: Sixty per cent cornmeal, 40 per cent low-grade flour, 20 per cent wheat middlings. Mix with skim milk to the consistency of a batter, and feed morning and night. Starve the birds for 12 hours previous to their first feeding. This will sharpen their appetites. Fatten for two weeks in a small pen or crate, until ready for killing. This will deprive the fowls of exercise, and the muscles will become soft. Fatty tissue will be taken on between the muscle fillers, which will greatly aid in the cooking process.

Don't kill the bird when the crop is full. Starve for 24 hours and provide all the water they will drink. If the chicken is to be roasted, remove the crop either with the viscera or by making an incision next to the spinal column, where it will not show when the bird is severed. The cords or tendons of the thigh may be easily removed by partly severing the shank at the hock joint. Then, after locating the cords by making a lengthwise incision in the scaly portion of the leg, fasten the leg securely and pull steadily until the cords tear loose.

Hard Pine Floor.

A housekeeper who had a hard pine floor that needed treatment tried an experiment with it and found it satisfactory. She knew that oak "filler" is supposed to be used only on oak flooring, but she used it on the hard pine after it had been rubbed smooth. The filler was of the dark oak tint. On the following day the floor was waxed. This made a rich-looking floor of a good shade of brown.

NORTH CHESTERVILLE

March 20.

The Ladies Union Sewing Circle will meet this Wednesday with Mrs. George Lovejoy.

Joseph King has sold his residence to Robert Pinkham, Mr. and Mrs. Pinkham to take possession on April 1st. Mr. and Mrs. King in-

tend to hire rent for the present in Wilfred Partridge's house.

G. L. Savage was in Madrid and East Madrid a few days last week on town affairs.

Mrs. Elvira Niles and young son of Augusta is visiting her sister, Mrs. Arthur Johnson for a short time.

The Quarterly Meeting which met with this church was quite well attended in spite of the hard storms. Many able speakers were present, among them being a missionary from India.

EUSTIS

March 20.

We have had some very cold, windy weather for the past week. The water is froze up in nearly all the houses that have water.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Stubbs went to Dixfield Wednesday, March 15. Mr. Stubbs returned tonight, March 20, but Mrs. Stubbs will stay a few weeks.

Mr. H. S. Viles of New Portland was in town one day the past week.

Herbert McLaurin has finished working in the woods and is visiting his sister, Mrs. George Bryant.

Vertner Cox has returned from Auburn, where he has been working.

Mrs. Kate Ricker was home from Stratton over Sunday.

Fred Davis and son, Ziba have returned home from Stratton, where they have been working.

J. P. Sylvester has had electric lights put in his house.

Lester Tollman and Warren Dyer have gone to Dallas to work in the woods, but not for Albion Savage.

Helen Richards of Strong is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. George Douglass.

Julian Blackwell visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dion Blackwell at Round Mountain over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Carver have gone to Farmington to work.

Mrs. Laura Ricker is visiting her daughter, Mrs. George Hennigar.

Smiles That Will Come Off.

When he is courting her he always greets her with a smile on his lips. But after he gets her he wipes the smile off his lips and kills it with a clove before he greets her.

MAINE WOODS

Conducts a first class job printing department which specializes on Camp and Hotel work

Why not let us help you with your advertising?

We design and print Books, Leaflets Folders, etc., and would be pleased to furnish samples, dummies and prices on request.

J. W. BRACKETT CO.,
PHILLIPS, MAINE

SELF-FEEDERS FOR THE PIGS

Interesting Test Made at University Farm—Young Animals Permitted to Select Own Rations.

(By R. C. ASHEY, Assistant Animal Husbandman, Minnesota Experiment Station.)

As interest increases in the use of self-feeders for swine new questions arise. One such question is this, "Allow a bunch of pigs to select their own rations and eat at will; do the different pigs select similar rations?"

To secure some information on this question, we fed last summer at University farm ten pigs on individual self-feeders. In other words, each pig had his own pen and his own self-feeder. No other pigs ate with him or slept with him. Five of the pigs were farrowed in March and five in May. All were kept on self-feeders from July 10 until November 15, a total of 128 days. At the close of the test the March pigs were 237 days old and the May pigs 101 days of age. The five March pigs averaged 287.1 pounds each and the May pigs 248.4 pounds each.

The average daily gain for the five March pigs was 1.8 pounds each, and for the May pigs was 1.5 pounds. The March group produced 100 pounds of gain for each 392.4 pounds of grain, while the May group consumed 392.54 pounds of grain for each 100 pounds of pork. For the entire test the ration selected by the March pigs contained 88.26 per cent of shelled corn, 9.02 per cent of tankage and 2.72 per cent of shorts. The May pigs took 86.99 per cent of shelled corn, 10.82 per cent of tankage and 2.19 per cent of shorts. Each had available shelled corn, shorts, and tankage, each fed separate, with water to drink. No other grains and no pasture or milk was available to them.

The individual ration as taken by each pig are not yet available.

TO RENEW STRAWBERRY BEDS

Where Plants Are Vigorous and Weeds Are Not Too Plentiful It May Be Wise to Renovate.

If the strawberry plants are vigorous and the bed not too weedy, it may pay to renovate it for another year. Mow the plants close to the ground, rake off the foliage and burn it. Plow a furrow, cutting out all but about one foot of the row, and then go through and take out the weeds and diseased plants in this row.

Fill the furrow with thoroughly rotted manure and cultivate the soil back. Keep up a thorough cultivation of the soil all the season.

"LADIES' DAY" IN THE CREEK

(Written for Maine Woods.)

By Eva M. Furbush.

Of course every camp has its "Blue Monday" when clothes must be washed and dried, and if one has only one cutting costume, why it becomes necessary, in the course of human events, to find a substitute for the customary outfit which is hanging on the line to dry. In Sunny Nook camp there is a strict rule that the boss shall take an extended trip into the woods on "Blue Monday" and that this special day shall be called in honor of our well-known city swimming pools—"Ladies' Day."

The sparkling waters of the creek which flows by Sunny Nook camp in the heart of the mountains extend a cool invitation to loiterers on its banks to come in and enjoy the water, and to women and children the pleasure of learning to swim in the mountain streams is the most delightful of pastimes. Oh, yes, the water is cold, and the bed of the

the water's edge, the fern banks beneath some overhanging alder trees, the blue sky overhead and the waters beneath,—these are your only companions and they are faithful friends. The wonderful singing solitude of these mountain brooks is an inspiration to the real nature lover, and whether wading in the shallow pools or bathing in the flowing waters, it seems to be the one touch of nature which sets the spirits all aglow and leaves one the better for having tried to live next to nature.

COLLAR BUTTON SAVED LIFE

Either Carpenter Had Remarkable Experience or He Had More Than a Shade on Ananias.

The ancient Carpenter held a small object between the thumb and first finger of his left hand and pointed at it impressively with the index finger of his right hand.

"For this little article," he exclaimed, "I wouldn't take a farm."

As the ancient Carpenter is the acknowledged verisimilitude champion of the Curbstone club, the other members gathered about him to



FROM TUMBLEDOWN THE VIEW IS GRAND

Courtesy of M. C. R. R.

creek is covered with rocks and hidden boulders but after the first shock is over and one gets used to the rocky bottom it is fine fun to splash around like a frog, if one cannot swim, or to plunge in at once and swim away with the "dog paddle" stroke, or the easy motion of an expert swimmer, until the rapids stop further progress. There are certain places in these mountain streams where the bed is almost level rock, and the water quite calm for a short distance. At a place called Rock Bottom, near Sunny Nook camp, a party of two women and five small children go into the water daily at about 2.30 p. m. for a twenty-minute swim. The children each have a pair of water wings, and have accomplished the art of swimming and floating wonderfully well in the short time they have been encamped in the mountains. One does not need the regulation bathing suit to enjoy bathing in the creek because there is no long stretch of sandy beach and cottages where curious eyes are witnessing your manoeuvres and commenting on your last year's bathing togs. The great masses of rhododendron on the banks which in the month of July send forth their exquisite pink and white wax-like flowers in large clusters here and there, the blue flag at

hear his latest effort.

"Looks to me like a collar button," the fat plumber observed.

"And so it is."

"What is so valuable about it?"

"It saved my life once."

"How?"

"It was when I became lost in the Great North woods."

"Were you ever lost in the Great North woods?"

"I should say I was; for over two weeks, and without a thing to eat in my knapsack."

"How did you manage to subsist?"

"That's where this trinket comes in."

"Indeed?"

The ancient Carpenter gazed affectionately on the little object in his hand as he replied, amidst breathless silence:

"Yes, the little bit of bone saved my life. For two long weeks I didn't have a thing to eat but collar-button soup."

The club members, as in one voice fervently exclaimed:

"Poor old Ananias!"—Youngstown Telegram.

Color No Criterion of Quality.

The mere color of rubber, however, indicates absolutely nothing as to its quality, but tough stocks and poor-wearing stocks can be made in any color—white, black, red or gray.

A tire is an article of utility which should be compounded with the idea of service and mileage, and not color. It would be hopelessly impossible to determine the quality of rubber by its color, and should people insist on particular colors or combinations of colors in tires, they would ultimately have to pay a pretty high tire mileage bill for this small satisfaction. The only wise plan is to leave questions of color to the rubber manufacturers, allowing them free hand to make the most useful and durable rubber goods possible, regardless of color.

Gasoline From Gas.

Several plants for the manufacture of gasoline from natural gas will be built in Texas within the next few months. It is stated that there are now about fifty plants in Oklahoma that manufacture gasoline from what is known as casing-head gas, or that gas which comes direct from the well with crude oil. Their total output is about 80,000 gallons daily.

Deceitful Billy.

Mother (sternly to young married daughter)—"Really, my dear, I am astonished at your allowing Billy to attend that farewell supper to Mr. Soakem. I understand it was a most disgraceful affair." Daughter (indignantly)—"Why, mother, how can you? I am quite sure it must have been very sad. Billy distinctly told me the men filled right up, and even the main speaker of the evening was too full for utterance!"

BOOKS FOR HUNTERS, TRAPPERS, FISHERMEN AND SPORTSMEN

HUNTING DOGS



DESCRIBES in a practical manner, the training, handling, treatment, breeds, etc., best adapted for night hunting, as well as gun dogs for daylight sport. This book is not intended for the field trial dog men, but is for the real dog men who delight in chases that are genuine. Contains

253 pages, size 5 x 7 inches, with 45 illustrations, 26 chapters as follows: Part 1—Hunting Dogs, Night Hunting, The Night Hunting Dog—His Ancestry, Training the Hunting Dog, Training the Coon Dog, Training for Skunk, Opossum and Mink, Wolf and Coyote Hunting, Training for Squirrels and Rabbits, Training the Deer Hound, Training—Specific Things to Teach, Training—Random Suggestions from Many Sources. Part 2—Breeding and Care of Dogs—Selecting the Dog, Care and Breeding, Breeding, Breeding (Continued), Peculiarities of Dogs and Practical Hints, Ailments of the Dog. Part 3—Dog Lore—Still Trailers vs. Tonguers, Music, The Dog on the Trap Line, Sledge Dogs of the North. Part 4—The Hunting Dog Family—American Fox Hound, The Beagle, Dachshund and Basset Hound, Pointers and Setters, Spaniels, Terriers—Airedales, Scotch Collies, House and Watch Dogs, A Farmer Hunter—His Views, Descriptive Table of Technical Terms.

Price, postpaid, cloth bound 60 cents.

FUR FARMING

A BOOK of

information about fur-bearing animals, enclosures, their habits, care, etc., and is the recognized authority on fur raising—now in fourth edition—written from information secured from reliable sources, including U. S. Government reports. Demand for furs

is increasing yearly while the supply is becoming less. Fur farming is a profitable industry. Book contains 266 pages, 39 illustrations from photographs; 15 chapters as follows:

Supply and Demand, What Animals to Raise; Enclosures, Laws Affecting Fur Family, Box Trap Trapping, Fox Raising, Fox Raising in Canada, Skunk Raising, Mink Raising, Opossum Raising, Muskrat Raising, Raccoon Raising, The Beaver and the Otter, Killing, Skinning and Stretching, Deer Farming.

Price, postpaid, cloth bound, 60 cents.

Land Cruising and Prospecting



IS A valuable book for home-steaders, hunters, prospectors, guides etc. The writer, Mr. A. F. Wallace, an experienced land surveyor, land cruiser and prospector, in his introduction says: "To the men who follow the compass,

the trap and the trail, this work is inscribed. It is not intended for the 'Professor' who can tell you all about things after they are done (by someone else)." Contains about 200 pages, 5 x 7 inches, good quality paper, with nearly 40 illustrations and contains 20 chapters as follows:

Maps; The Compass; Examining and Locating; Early Surveys; Corner Marks; Miscellaneous Information; Points for Home-steaders; Prospecting for Gold; Sampling Ore; How to Locate a Claim; Poor Man's Ore Mill; Prospecting for Fur; Prospecting for Pearls; Prospecting for Bees; Nations and Camp Cookery; Camp Kits; Guns, Axes and Packtraps; Building Cabins; Tanning, Etc.; Getting Lost; The Red River Trapper.

Price, postpaid, cloth bound, 60 cents.

MINK TRAPPING

A BOOK of in-

struction, giving many methods of trapping. A valuable book for trappers as it tells in a plain way what you want to know, that is if you want to catch mink. This book is edited by A. R. Harding, contains about 50 illustrations and nearly 200 pages, and is divided into 20 chapters as follows:

General Information; Mink and Their Habits; Size and Care of Skins; Good and Lasting Bait; Bait and Scent; Places to Set; Indian Methods; Mink Trapping on the Prairies; Southern Methods; Northern Methods; Unusual Ways; Illinois Trapper's Method; Experienced Trappers' Methods; Many Good Methods; Salt Set; Log and Other Sets; Points for the Young Trapper; Proper Size Traps; Deadfalls; Steel Traps.

Price, postpaid, cloth bound, 60 cents.

CANADIAN WILDS

TELLS about the Hudson Bay Company; Northern Indians and their Modes of Hunting, Trapping, etc. Provisions for the Wilderness, Things to Avoid, etc., etc. The author (Martin Hunter) was with the Hudson Bay Company for about 40 years—from 1863 to 1903 and the information is given from almost a half century's experience. This book contains 277 pages, thirty-seven chapters as follows:

The Hudson's Bay Company; The "Free Trade" Outfitting Indians, Trappers of the North, Provisions for the Wilderness, Furs and Fowl, Aborigines, Indian Packs, Indian Mode of Hunting Beaver, Indian Mode of Hunting Lynx and Marten, Indian Mode of Hunting Foxes, Indian Mode of Hunting Otter and Musquash, Remarkable Success, Things to Avoid, Anticosti and its Furs, Chasing and Shooting Beaver, The Indian Devil, A Tame Seal, The Care of Blistered Feet, Deer Sickness, A Case of Nerve, Amphibious Combats, Art of Pulling Hearts, Dark Furs, Indians are Poor Shots, A Bear in the Water, Voracious Pike, The Brave Eyed Duck, Good Wages Trapping, A Hard Necessary, A Heroic Adventure, Wild Oxen, Long Lakes Indians, Den Bears, The Mishap of Raison,

Price, postpaid, cloth bound 60 cents

STEEL TRAPS



DESCRIBES the various makes and tells how to use them. Also chapters on care of pelts, etc. This book contains 333 pages, 5 x 7 in., and 130 illustrations, printed on good quality heavy paper. Just the book that trappers have long needed. Gives the history of steel traps, how made, sizes for various animals with detailed in-

structions on where and how to set. This book contains 32 chapters as follows:

Sewell Newhouse; Well Made Traps; A Few Failures; Some European Traps; Proper Sizes; Newhouse Traps; Double and Web Jaws; Victor, Hawley & Norton; Jump Traps; Tree Traps; Stop Throat Traps; Wide Spreading Jaws; Caring for Traps; Marking Traps; How to Fasten; How to Set; Where to Set; Looking at Traps; Mysteriously Sprung Traps; Good Dens; The Proper Bait; Scent and Decoy; Human Scent and Signs; Hints on Fall Trapping; Land Trapping; Water Trapping; When to Trap; Some Deep Water Sets; Skinning and Stretching; Handling and Grading; From Animal to Market; Miscellaneous Information.

Price, postpaid, cloth bound 60 cents.

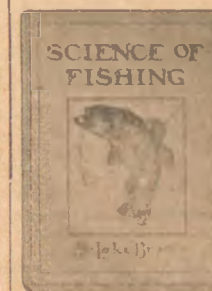
CAMP AND TRAIL METHODS

THIS is one of the

most practical books on woodcraft ever written containing valuable information for all lovers of the great outdoors. The author of this book has spent years in the woods, so knows what is wanted by the woodsmen, mountain men, prospectors, trappers and the hardy outdoor people in general. It contains 274 pages and 68 illustrations. There are 19 chapters as follows: Pleasures and Profits of Camping, Selecting a Camp Outfit, Clothing for the Woods, Pack Straps, Pack Sacks and Pack Baskets, Cooking Utensils, Beds and Bedding, Firearms, Hunting Knives and Axes, Tents and Shelters, Permanent Camps, Canoes and Hunting boats, Snowshoes and Their Use, Snowshoe Making, Skis, Toboggans and Trail Sleds, Provisions and Camp Cookery, Bush Travel, Traveling Light, Tanning Furs and Buckskins, Preserving Game, Fish and Hides, Miscellaneous Suggestions.

Price, postpaid, cloth bound, 60 cents.

SCIENCE OF FISHING



THE most practical book on fishing ever published. The author says: "For those who have caught them, as well as for those who never have." This book describes the fish, tells their habits and HOW, WHEN and WHERE to catch them; also tells the KIND of tackle used for each fish.

Book contains 255 pages, more than 100 illustrations, 22 chapters as follows:

Remarks on the "Gentle Art"; Rods; Reels; Hooks, Lines and Leaders; Flies; Artificial Baits; Landing Nets, Gaffs, Tackle Boxes, Etc.; Bait-Casting; Fly-Casting; Surf-Casting, Trolling, Still Fishing, Etc.; Use of Natural Baits; Handling the Hooked Fish; Fishing for Black Bass; Fishing for Trout and Salmon; Pike, Pickerel, Muskellunge and Pike-Perch; Sunfish, Carp, Catfish and Suckers; Fishing for Tarpon and Tunny; Fishing for Other Sea Fish; Making, Repairing and Caring for Tackle; General Information; Commercial Fishing; Distribution of Fish—Good Places.

Price, postpaid, cloth bound, 60 cents

She Baked
Today
With

William
Tell
Flour



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Target Tips and Hunting Helps

by Alfred P. Lane

Send questions to Mr. Lane
care of this paper.



A New Questions and Answers Department of Interest to Shooters

TARGET WORK WITH REVOLVER AND PISTOL.

Part II.

I started in last week to describe various classes of target weapons and. Probably it would be a good idea to give a brief description of the mechanism of the three types of short arms. Of course it is easy enough for anyone to understand what a single shot target pistol is. It includes those models having a single barrel which must be loaded for each shot, and represents the simplest type of target weapon. The revolver derives its name from the fact that it consists of a barrel at the rear end of which is a cylinder containing a number of holes into which the cartridges are inserted. Each time the hammer is cocked the cylinder revolves and brings a new cartridge in line with the barrel. The fact that the repeating action is produced by a revolving cylinder is the reason for its being called a revolver.

An automatic pistol is so called because it has a single barrel which reloads itself for each shot by utilizing the recoil. The word "automatic" as applied to a firearm of this kind is a misnomer. They are not automatic in the true sense of the word. It should really be called "self-loading" or "auto-loading," for the reason that it is necessary to pull the trigger each time one desires to have a bullet leave the muzzle, although a surprising number of people are under the impression that all that is necessary is to hold the trigger and thereafter use the pistol like a garden hose until the magazine is exhausted. As a matter of fact, if an automatic pistol really would operate continuously when the trigger is held back, the magazine would be completely emptied in much less than a second, and the last few shots would go straight up in the air due to the fact of the continuous recoil.

SIGHTS: On all firearms shooting a single ball there are two sights—a front sight and a rear sight. "Drawing the bead" or taking aim consists in lining up the rear sight, front sight and the object which it is desired to hit. Obviously the best sights are those which permit this to be done with the greatest possible accuracy and quickness and with the least possible strain on the eyes. All of the contests for short arms specify open sights, which means that it is not permitted to use a sight at the rear or front of the pistol which consists of an arrangement with a hole in it through which the bull's-eye or other object is lined up. The beginner almost always thinks that the thinner the front sight and the smaller the notch in the rear sight the more accurately sighting can be done. A surprise is in store for him, as coarse sights not only are easier to see and therefore strain the eyes less, but curiously enough they can be more accurately lined up. I once shot a pistol which had a broad flat top front sight $\frac{1}{4}$ inches wide and the results were very excellent, although when you sighted at the target the bull's-eye appeared to be a little round dot dancing around on top of a

tree stump.

For ordinary target shooting I personally prefer a front sight 1-10 to $\frac{1}{4}$ inch thick, flat on top, with a rear sight having a notch wide enough so that when sighting, the front sight can be lined up with the rear sight so that a little line of white will show on each side of it. The only other type of sight which I know of and which is at all used for straight target shooting is the ordinary bead front sight with a half round or U-shaped notch in the rear sight.

Next week in Part III, I am going to talk about the most important thing of all, that is, **Pulling the Trigger.**

D. B. B., Kittanning, Pa.

I felt sure that somebody would take up that freight train problem.

1. Having read your article in regard to the firing of a rifle from the rear of a train, bullet and train each to be traveling at the rate of a mile per minute, your answer does not seem quite clear to me. Now, as I understand it, a rifle fired from the rear of the train in the opposite direction, eliminating air resistance and gravity, you are quoted as saying the bullet would fall directly to the ground, and if that is the case, what would become of the bullet if it left the muzzle of the rifle at half the speed in question?

Ans. If the bullet left the barrel at 30 miles an hour instead of 60 miles per hour and the train were traveling at 60 miles per hour, the bullet would proceed to follow the train at 30 miles an hour until wind resistance and gravity brought it to the ground.

2. Now it seems to me that the bullet traveling at a mile per minute would in one minute be two miles away from the train, for example, if two trains were running at 60 miles per hour in the same direction, and at a given point one should instantly start backward the other way, I do not see why in one minute they would not be two miles apart.

Ans. Probably the best way to explain this would be to suggest that the trains be very long and one train traveling on top of the other one in opposite directions, you can then see that if the bottom train were moving in one direction at 60 miles per hour and the top train were moving with regard to the train at 60 miles per hour in the other direction, it would be standing still in relation to the ground.

3. Now, again, if a person wanted to jump off the back of a train going at the rate of a mile a minute he would have to be going in the opposite direction, and he would have to have a start of a mile a minute before he would jump clear off according to your theory. If it is possible for you to make this matter more clear to me, I would thank you for an explanation.

Ans. Personally I have never jumped off a train going at 60 miles an hour and I do not suppose that you have either. If anyone did, they would give a beautiful exhibition of ground and lofty tumbling until the friction of bumping along the earth brought him to rest.

A. D., Bay City, Mich.

I would like to know the effect of using a gelatine medicine capsule in a .22 rifle with the idea of concentrating the shot. Would the capsule burst after leaving the gun, or would it act like a solid shot? The rifle is smooth bore, of course. We shoot rice birds here on the wing with a .22 rifle loaded with blank cartridges with a charge of shot wadded on top of it. This load gives a satisfactory pattern, but savors too much of the old muzzle loading days. Having the shot in an ordinary medicine capsule just shove the capsule in the breech of the gun and follow it up with a blank cartridge, and there you are (providing it works).

Ans. I do not see how it could do any harm—I have never tried it. I am inclined to believe, however, that the result would be the same as shooting a solid ball, or if the capsule did break, the results would be very erratic indeed.

H. E. M., Effort, Pa.

1. I have recently purchased a .32 Special and have had no experience with rifles. I would like to know whether this rifle is strong enough for deer, black bear and moose, and is it very accurate up to 200 yards? In this country there are a few black bear and also some deer.

Ans. The .32 Special cartridge gives accurate results up to 500 to 700 yds. and is sufficiently powerful for the game you mention.



JIM POND HUNTERS AND GUIDES
Courtesy of M. C. R. R.

O. A. N., Laona, Wis.

1. Is the Model 1899 saddle gun, .303 caliber, 22-inch barrel as accurate for moderate ranges, say up to 300 yards, as the standard 26-inch barrel rifle of the same caliber?

Ans. Yes, you will find no difference in the accuracy of the 22-inch as compared with the 26-inch barrel.

2. Have the rifles made by the Standard Arms Mfg. Co., Wilmington, Del., been tested out by anyone and are they reliable?

Ans. So far as I know they are not being made at present.

3. What is the penetration of the Colts Automatic pistol, .45 caliber the Savage .380 cal. and the Smith & Wesson .35 caliber?

Ans. The .45 Government Automatic pistol has a penetration of about six inches in soft pine boards; the .380, five and one-half, and the .35 S & W four.

E. K. Bode, Iowa.

1. Kindly give me a write-up on the merits and demerits of the Automatic 12 gauge shotgun.

Ans. It isn't fair for me to give a "write-up" on any particular type of arm.

2. Is it inferior to the regular re-

peater as regards hard shooting qualities?

Ans. The Autoloading and self-loading shotguns give exactly the same shooting results with regard to pattern and penetration as do repeating shotguns or double barrel shotguns.

C. R., New York.

1. Is the .22 repeating rifle, Model 12, Standard grade, chambered for the .22 short only, accurate for target work at 75 ft.?

Ans. Yes.

2. What groups will the .22 short Lesmok make at 75 ft.; at 50 yards? What is the range for accuracy? What is the penetration in pine boards?

Ans. They are capable of making half-inch groups at 75 ft., and about 2-inch groups at 50 yards. It is not very accurate at over 50 yds. The penetration is 3 inches.

3. Is it big enough for squirrels or rabbits at 50 yards?

Ans. It will probably kill squirrels or rabbits at 50 yards, but I would certainly suggest that you secure the model chambered for the .22 long rifle cartridge. It gives accurate results up to 200 yards for target work, and is very effective for small work up to 100 yds. The difference in the cost of the ammunition is very slight; it is generally considered a much better cartridge for all around use than the .22 short.

4. What is the standard 75-foot target?

Ans. The standard 25 yd. target

guns in preference to a double barrel breech loader hammerless?

Ans. As far as shooting results go, you will find no difference between the double barrel, pump gun and the auto-loading. It is simply a question as to preference as to the type of action you desire.

A. C. B., Oak Park, Ill.

1. Kindly advise what the best rifle is to take on a hunting trip in Wyoming for deer and bear?

Ans. It would not be fair for me to pick out any particular rifle. I would suggest one handling a cartridge giving a muzzle energy of not less than 1,500 ft. lbs.

2. Is the Ross .280 powerful enough to kill bear, and at what distance will it kill?

Ans. Yes. It will kill nicely at any range at which game is ordinarily shot. You must remember that practically all big game is shot at ranges less than 300 yards.

3. How is the Savage 250-3000 for killing bear?

Ans. It should be sufficiently powerful.

A. P. H., Valley Falls, N. Y.

1. Will you please tell me which in your opinion is the better cartridge for game up and including deer, the .25-35 or the .25 Remington?

Ans. It is a toss-up.

2. Is the Stevens as reliable a gun as the Winchester?

Ans. It would not be fair to answer this.

3. Is there any great advantage in a rimless shell?

Ans. Rimless shells are considered stronger. You will notice that all of the new and modern cartridges are made rimless.

F. W. H., Dorchester, Mass.

1. Which would have more accuracy, greater power and range: the Colt .25 Cal. Automatic pistol or a good .22 cal. revolver with 6-inch barrel?

Ans. The makers do not claim the Colt .25 Automatic pistol to be a target weapon. It was designed to fill the demand for a light, small and reliable pocket arm for protective purposes. From the question, I should imagine that you are going in for small game shooting and target practice, and for such work the .22 caliber revolver would be much better. The ammunition is cheaper and the barrel is long enough to give a proper distance between sights.

2. What sight would you suggest for target and small game shooting on the above guns?

Ans. I would suggest an ivory bead front sight and a U-shaped notch rear sight, or another good combination would be a square front sight, ivory face, about 1-10 of an inch thick with a square rear notch.

3. Is there any revolver made which uses the .22 caliber long rifle cartridge? If so, who is it made by?

Ans. All of the good revolver makers furnish a model to handle the .22 long rifle cartridge.

4. Is there any revolver range in or around Boston where one can practice?

Ans. Yes, the range of the Boston Revolver Club.

5. Would aperture sights, both front and rear, work well on a revolver?

Ans. I have never used them, mainly because all of the rules regarding match shooting with revolvers and pistols limit the sights to open ones.

6. I understand a revolver with long barrel is better for close shooting than an automatic pistol. Is this true?

Ans. Yes.

Alfred P. Lane

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"L. F." ATWOOD'S MEDICINE

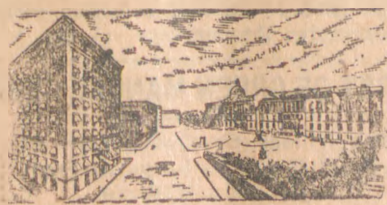
has helped many back to health. It will certainly relieve and benefit you.

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dyspepsia, or flatulence, the needed remedy is—

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Buy a 50c bottle at nearest store, or write to-day for free sample.



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STORER F. GRAFTS Gen. Manager

R. A. M., Troy, New York.

Which is the better, a pump repeating shotgun, or a gun that will throw the shells out automatically? Would you purchase either of these

GREENS WIN IN THE CONTEST

The Furbishes Delightfully Entertain—Death of George Dana Hinkley

(Special Correspondence.)

Rangeley, March 22.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Badger and Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Riddle returned home from Boston Thursday night, after attending the Boston auto show.

Dr. and Mrs. A. M. Ross returned Saturday night from an extended vacation trip in Florida. The trip was much enjoyed and they derived much benefit from it.

Mrs. Ida Morton is the guest of her son, Ralph for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph D. Vaughan, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Amber, Miss Lina Weeks, Miss Myra Weeks and Miss Vera Adams are spending the week with their respective families.

Mr. and Mrs. Leeman Wilcox, who have been at York Camps the past winter where Mr. Wilcox has had employment, have returned home.

The men who have been employed at Toothaker & Cook's camps, also at Huntoon & Adams' have concluded their respective duties and returned home.

Miss Ida Pepper and Miss Madeline Harnden are spending the week in Portland.

Miss Ormenta Corey is the guest of relatives at Andover for a week.

Mrs. C. C. Murphy and son have returned home from Lewiston.

Mrs. Fred Hinkley is employed at the post office.

Thursday evening marked the close of the pink and green attendance contest, which has been in progress for the past six weeks by the Pythian Sisters, Lake View Temple No. 14, and was one of the most enjoyable in its history. After the meeting the members who were in the ancient costume, assisted by Charlie Chaplin held an old-fashioned spelling school, followed by songs and recitations. Winnie Skinny, Topsy Turvy and Charlie Chaplin were mentioned as possible prize winners. Charlie being the most popular was awarded a picture book. After the entertainment a dinner-pail lunch and coffee was served. The pinks will serve the supper as agreed upon at an early date, being the losers in the contest.

Hollis Holt and friend of Phillips were in Rangeley Wednesday to at-

tend the K. P. ball.

Ralph Morton has moved his goods from the house which he recently sold to Lovell Lawrence.

A party of 20, accompanied by H. A. Childs enjoyed a snowshoe trip to Gull Pond Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Furbish gave a delightful whist and flinch party to about 60 friends, Wednesday evening. The occasion was doubly pleasant as Mr. Furbish's birthday also came at that time. A jolly time was enjoyed by all as Mr. and Mrs. Furbish are expert entertainers. Assorted cake, harlequin ice cream, punch and birthday cake were served. T. Freeman Tibbets and Mrs. C. W. Barrett were high line and received a tray and dainty bag respectively. Chas. Cushman and Mrs. Willmont Paterson were presented with an electric toy and a locket dice box respectively. Several Victrola selections were played at the close of the evening's entertainment. All united in wishing Mr. Furbish many more happy birthdays.

Ed Collins had the misfortune to break five ribs recently while at work at Ladd's camps, a load of pulp falling upon him. He is getting along as comfortably as can be expected.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Hawey leave Thursday morning for a vacation trip to Boston.

George Dana Hinkley passed away at his late home Thursday afternoon, after a painful illness. Mr. Hinkley was born in Madrid, August 3, 1847. He was twice married, his first wife being Elverna Abbott, his second wife a sister, Luella Abbott. Two children were born of each union, Gard Hinkley and Mrs. Clara Rector of the first family and Ernest and Guy of the second family. Mr. Hinkley was a Grand Army veteran and was a member of Cushman Post at Phillips. The greater part of his life was spent here in Rangeley, where he was engaged in the trucking business for many years. Much sympathy is extended to the sons and daughter who survive, also two sisters, Mrs. Florence Witham and Mrs. Melissa Morrill. Funeral services were held at the church Saturday morning, Rev. H. A. Childs officiating. The remains were taken to Madrid for burial.

Last Saturday the S. S. Club was entertained by Faye Ellis at The Tavern. The afternoon was pleasantly passed with fancy work and conversation, after which refreshments of grapefruit ice cream, assorted cake and cookies were served. Next week they will be entertained by Zelma Robertson.

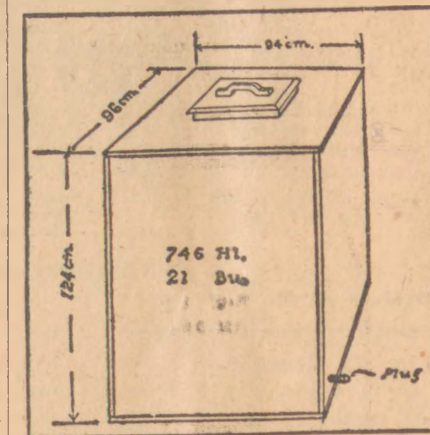
The Jolly Twelve met with Mrs. Marsh-Carlton. Seven members and one guest were present. The time was spent in the usual manner. Refreshments of yeast rolls, tarts, sugar and chocolate cake, coffee ice cream and tea were served. Mrs. McGoon will be the hostess Thursday afternoon.

KILLING GRAIN INSECTS

Bisulphide of Carbon Is Made Use of to Destroy Weevils.

Heavy Poisonous Gas Sinks Down Through Entire Mass and Suffocating All Living Things—Airtight Bin Is Essential.

Every day at this season brings questions about killing weevils in storage grain. We have answered the question repeatedly, but the information must evidently be given again and again. Bisulphide of carbon is used to kill this insect. When the bisulphide is exposed to the air it evaporates, forming a gas heavier than air. This gas is poisonous, and being heavy will, when inclosed in an airtight package, containing grain, sink down all through the mass. It is a poisonous gas, death to all breathing creatures, and thus it kills the weevils. The way to use it is to put the grain into an airtight barrel or bin, then pour a quantity of bisulphide either into a deep dish or upon a bunch of cotton. Put this on top of the grain, and then cover the whole thing airtight. The gas is formed, and there being no way for it to escape it sinks down through the grain and kills the insects. Most people use a tight barrel or a bin for the purpose. The experiment station on the Philippine islands reports the use of this treatment to destroy the weevils in ear-



Box for Fumigating Grain.

corn. They make a tight box, like the one shown in the picture. This is made of two thicknesses of dressed lumber, with tar paper in between. The cover is fitted on so as to be airtight. One feature of this box is the plug at the bottom. The corn is put inside of this box, the bisulphide added, and the cover put on. After being left several hours, the plug is pulled out, and the heavier gas flows away at the bottom.—Rural New Yorker.

CAREFUL SELECTION OF SEED

Best Plan Is to Obtain Supply From Fields in Fall—Change Varieties If Not Satisfied.

How about your supply of corn and cottonseed for planting? The best thing to do, of course, is to select our own seed in the field, but if this was not done last fall and if we are not satisfied with the varieties we are now using, it will probably pay to make a change.

In this case we would suggest writing to your state experiment station and asking for a list of the varieties that have done best and that will probably be best suited to your conditions. Then when a good variety has been settled on, see to it that it is kept good by careful selection.—The Progressive Farmer.

COST OF GREEN MANURE CROP

Extra Tillage So Great That Final Profit Is Not as Large as From Ordinary Methods.

Though yields have been increased by green manure crops at the North Platte (Neb.) experimental station, the additional cost of producing the crop, as represented by the rental of the land an extra year, the cost of seed for the green manure crop and the extra tillage that must accompany this method, is so great that the final profit is not as great as from ordinary methods.

ROTTED MANURE FOR GARDEN

Not Advisable to Use Fresh Stable Manure Unless Thoroughly Incorporated With Soil.

Manure for the garden should be fine and well rotted. Where you have

only fresh stable manure available, put it in a pile now, keeping it turned as often as it begins to heat. Be careful not to let it ferment.

It is not advisable to use fresh stable manure under a garden crop unless the manure has been thoroughly incorporated with the soil.

Education Is Keynote.

Knowledge and skill are the master possessions of the dairy farmer. Success depends upon education.

CARING FOR PLOW IN WINTER

Whiting and Hard Oil Made Into Paste Should Be Applied—Rub Off With Old Gunny Sack.

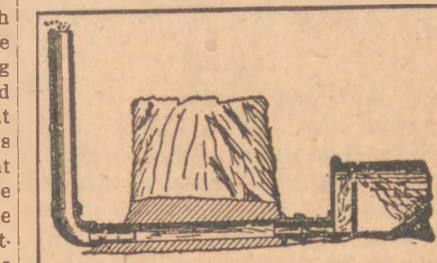
Grease that plow. Don't let it rust and then spend hours putting a new polish on it in the spring. Axle grease, tallow or any thick grease will do.

A good mixture is whiting and hard oil made into a thick paste and thinned by adding more oil. Apply to the moldboard with a brush and rub off with a gunny sack just before using the implement in the spring.

PLAN FOR BURNING STUMPS

Flame and Hot Gases Pass Through Interior of Stump and in Time Reduce It to Ashes.

The first step in the operation of this burner is to bore a hole through the stump. Then a smoke pipe is inserted into one end and the other is



Stump Burner.

connected with a fire box. In this way the flame and hot gases from the fire box pass through the interior of the stump and in time reduce it to ashes.—Independent Farmer.

Inspect Stored Crops.

Go over cabbage and root crops stored in the cellar and throw out decayed material. This will prevent further decay and help keep the cellar clean.

Keep the Calves In, Too.

On days we would not like to be out ourselves, the calves should be shut up in snug stalls into which the sunlight can enter.

Be Careful With Bees.

Be as careful as possible in working around the hives in the cellar so as not to jar the bees any more than necessary.

Avoid Offensive Odors.

A properly-kept cow stable has no offensive odor. Land plaster should be used freely in the stables to absorb all odor.

Blanching Celery.

In blanching celery do not begin to put most of the dirt about the plants until the weather has become cool.

Clean Up the Orchard.

Clean up the orchard and patches. Otherwise the place will have a ragged appearance.

STATE OF MAINE.

County of Franklin, ss.

To Frederick N. Watkinson, of Rangeley, in said County of Franklin.

Whereas, Frederick N. Watkinson on the 4th day of August, 1915, mortgaged to Rangeley Trust Company of Rangeley the following personal property: All of the surveying and mapping instruments and equipment office fixtures and books consisting in part as follows: One transit, one large surveying compass, one Forest Service Standard surveying compass, two large drawing tables, one new Oliver typewriter, model No. seven, drawing instruments, technical and scientific books, 95 volumes, costing from one to five dollars per volume, tents, camping equipment, etc., of the said Frederick N. Watkinson, to secure payment of two hundred dollars which mortgage is recorded in the town records of the town of Rangeley, book Vol. F page 101 and whereas the conditions of said mortgage have been broken, now therefore, notice is hereby given of our intention to foreclose said mortgage for breach of its conditions.

March 6, 1916.

Rangeley Trust Co.,

By H. B. McCard, Treasurer.

SHADAGEE CAMP FIRE GIRLS

Entertain Guests at a St. Patrick's Supper.

The Camp Fire Girls under their guardian, Miss Miriam Brackett, enjoyed a St. Patrick's Day supper at the Parish House, the following being present: Berilla McKenzie, Alice Parker, Ruth Morton, Sarah McKenzie, Gertrude Stillman, with Misses Emma Russell, Kathleen Noble and Muriel Berry as guests of honor for the evening.

The tables were artistically decorated with shamrocks and honors in common with the day to be honored, and the place cards were green hats on white cardboard with the names thereon in green ink, the decorations being made by Misses Alice Parker and Berilla McKenzie.

The delicious four-course supper was served by Miss Miriam Brackett and Miss Gertrude Stillman. The menu consisted of

Grape Fruit
Baked Stuffed Potatoes, Cold Ham
Olives Fruit Salad
Coffee Walnut cake, green icing
Salted nuts and bonbons

After supper was served the company repaired to the living room where an appropriate entertainment for St. Patrick's Day had been arranged by Misses Sarah McKenzie and Ruth Morton. Games were then played, shamrocks were hunted and a most enjoyable evening was passed by all present.

For Polishing Glass.

Calcined magnesite, rubbed down with pure benzine, makes an excellent preparation for cleaning and polishing the surfaces of fine glass, such as costly mirrors, etc. The mass formed must be sufficiently soft to allow drops of the liquid to be squeezed out of it. The mixture should be kept in closely stoppered bottles, and, in use, a little of it is placed on a bit of cotton or a soft rag with which the glass is rubbed.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

Whereas God in His infinite wisdom, has removed from our midst brother Colen H. Nile, we, as members of Oquossoc Grange mourn the passing of a worthy member and brother.

Resolved: That our deepest sympathy is extended to the bereaved parents and sisters.

Resolved: That we show our respect for the deceased by causing our charter to be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days, also that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the sorrowing family, a copy entered on our records and one published in the Maine Woods.

Respectfully Submitted,

Ellis Rowe,

L. A. Cookson,

Will Tomlinson.

Committee on Resolutions.

Rangeley, Me., March 15, 1916.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT

Whereas, our allwise Father in his infinite wisdom has seen fit to remove from our midst our beloved sister, Allora H. Ellis,

Resolved: That in the death of our sister, Oquossoc Grange mourn the loss of a faithful member and sincere friend.

Resolved: That our deepest sympathy is extended to the bereaved husband and children.

Resolved: That our charter be draped in mourning in respect to the deceased, a copy of these resolutions be sent to the sorrowing family, a copy placed on our records and one sent to the Maine Woods for publication.

Respectfully Submitted,

Ellis Rowe,

L. A. Cookson,

Will Tomlinson.

Committee on Resolutions.

Rangeley, Me., March 15, 1916.

FOR SALE

ON EASY TERMS

INDIAN POINT AND BUILDINGS

Just across the little cove from the Mountain View House, at the outlet of Rangeley Lake. Is fully furnished. Ice house filled. Boats, etc. The most desirable place on the shores of the lake. Three acres of land. For particulars address,

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New London, Conn.

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LAKE MILLMAGASSETT

September fly fishing for Big Trout. Plenty of partridges and deer. P. O. address Ox Bow, Maine.

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RANGELEY, MAINE

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Furnishes fishing for large salmon and trout. Fly fishing as soon as ice goes out. Send for circular and references.

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GEORGE H. MCKENNEY, Prop.,
Caratunk, Me.

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Blakeslee Lake Camps

JOSEPH H. WHITE, Proprietor
Best of Bear, Deer and Bird shooting. Write for illustrated booklet and map. Address, Oct. 15 till May 1st, Skinner, Me. Summer address, Eustis, Maine.

MOOSELOOKMEGUNTIC HOUSE

AND LOG CAMPS

Heart of the Rangeleys. Best fishing region. Special June and September rates. Booklet.

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Camp Bemis, The Birchies, The Barker. Write for free circular.

CAPT. F. C. BARKER, Bemis, Maine.

Round Mountain Lake Camps. Write for free booklet. DION O. BLACKWELL, Proprietor.

Round Mountain, Maine

LAKEWOOD CAMPS,

MIDDLEDAM, MAINE

In one of the best localities for fishing and hunting in the Rangeley Region. Camps with or without bath. For particulars write for free circular to

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Lakewood Camps, Middledam, Me.

VIA RUMFORD FALLS

Best Salmon and Trout Fishing in Maine. Fly fishing begins about June 1. Send for circular. House always open. JOHN CHADWICK & CO., Upper Dam, Maine.

DEAD RIVER REGION

The Sargent. Up-to-date in every particular. Maine's ideal family vacation-resort. Good fishing and hunting section Cuisine unsurpassed. E. F. Look, Prop'r, Eustis, Maine.

PAGKARD'S CAMPS

Rangeley Lakes

Rangeley, Maine

Open from May 15th to Dec. 1st. Trout and salmon fishing. Deer, partridge and duck hunting.

RANGELEY TAVERN & LAKE VIEW HOUSE

On Rangeley Lake.

Thoroughly modern. On direct automobile route. Tavern all year. Lake View House July 1 to Oct.

Best fishing and hunting. Booklets.

N. H. ELLIS & SON, Props.,
Rangeley, Maine.

Come to the Maine Woods

Saddleback Lake Camp offers rustic surroundings and comfortable cabins to anyone looking for good fishing and rest. Write for booklet and references to

HEMON BLACKWELL,
Dallas, Maine

PASTOR TO REMAIN ANOTHER YEAR

Elderly Citizen Suffering from Fracture—School Opens for Spring Term.

(Special Correspondence.)

Strong, March 22.—Mrs. O. B. Hood and daughter, Helen of New Sharon spent a few days recently with her cousin, Mrs. Phillip D. Stubbs.

Mrs. Charles B. Luce was in Farmington Saturday on business.

Mrs. E. F. Look of Stratton has been in town the past few days the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Look.

Miss Marion Haines of Farmington spent a few days recently with her sister, Mrs. Niel Luce.

Miss Mary Bulger of Portland spent the week-end with her friend, Mrs. Ema Mason.

Sack Gabriel has been confined to the house the past week on account of an injury received on his leg caused by slipping on a log.

Rev. D. B. Holt, district superintendent, preached an able and interesting sermon, Sunday morning from John 1, 11th and 12th verses. At the close of the sermon communion was observed.

Miss Florence Luce is spending a few weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Luce.

Mrs. H. J. Bates was called to Auburn last week by the death of her son's husband, Mr. Clifford Tracey. She was accompanied home by Mrs. Tracey, who will spend several weeks here.

Walter Bradford has arrived home from Redington, where he has been lumbering this winter.

A. D. Brackley has been quite ill the past few days, suffering from a severe cold. He is, however, much better.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Chandler spent Sunday in Phillips with relatives.

Schools in town begin next Monday for the spring term with the new teachers.

The friends of Charles Pease will be glad to know he is slowly recovering from his recent illness.

Mrs. George Ninde recently spent a few days with friends in Farmington.

Miss Ada Smith returned to Kingfield Saturday night to begin her school Monday morning.

U. S. Hunt was in Farmington on business Monday.

Charles Dyer was in Portland recently on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Leighton were in Farmington Falls several days last week. Mr. Leighton returned home Friday noon, but on account of the illness of her father, William Leighton, Mrs. Leighton was obliged to remain until Tuesday night of this week.

Mrs. Ema T. Mason and Miss Mary Bulger were in Phillips Sunday calling on friends.

Raymond Starbird has started his mill with a large crew of men.

The meetings at the Methodist church last week suffered through the severe weather and they could

OUT OF THE RACE

When one wakes with stiff back, pains in muscles, aches in joints, or rheumatic twinges, he cannot do his best. If you feel out of the race, tired, languid, or have symptoms of kidney trouble, act promptly. Foley Kidney Pills help the kidneys get rid of poisonous waste matter that causes trouble. Floyd E. Parker.

only be held on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Rev. D. B. Holt gave two very helpful and instructive sermons on Sunday. At the close of the evening service the fourth quarterly conference was held. Reports of the various branches of work were given. The following were elected to serve as stewards for the coming year: Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Norton, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. M. Will, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Will, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Lewis, Miss Hortense Smith, Mrs. Reliance Daggett, Mrs. Flora Starbird, Messrs. Fred Daggett, Albert Daggett, M. A. Will, S. F. Toothaker, W. G. Durrell, J. Welch, W. I. Smith, L. L. Partridge, Lyman Witham, C. H. Pease. A resolution for the return of the pastor, Rev. J. Dunstan was carried by a standing vote.

Maurice B. Leighton is spending a few days with his grandparents at Farmington Falls.

Rev. J. Dunstan was kept indoors with a severe cold last Friday and unable to attend Mile Square school-house service. He hopes, however, to be there on March 31. Will friends please note.

The many friends of Albert Daggett will be sorry to know he is suffering from a fracture. He was standing at the sink and was taken with a dizzy spell and fell in the floor thus causing the fracture. He is cared for by Mrs. Nancy Toothaker.

TORY HILL

March 21.

Lillian Cushman spent last Wednesday with her aunt, Mrs. Baxter Hutchins and family.

Fannie Brackley is very ill at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brackley. She is cared for by a trained nurse. Dr. Bell of Strong is the attending physician.

Ada Smith spent last week with her mother, Mrs. Baxter Hutchins and family. She returned Saturday to her school in Kingfield. Hattie Smith is also spending her vacation at home and has one week more before returning to her school in Strong.

Man's Adaptability.

It's funny how a man whose health is so poor that his wife has to carry the baby when they go out anywhere can walk 15 miles around a lodge-room with 60 pounds of robes and knickknacks on him.—Puck.

Daily Thought.

Who can complete what the world loses in the multitude of promising intellects combined with timid characters, who dare not follow out any bold, vigorous, independent train of thought, lest it should land them in something which would admit of being considered irreligious or immoral?—John Stuart Mill.

SUBSCRIBE NOW FOR MAINE WOODS. \$1.50 A YEAR.

WATCH CHILD'S COUGH

Colds, running of nose, continued irritation of the mucous membrane if neglected may mean Catarrh later. Don't take the chances—do something for your child! Children will not take every medicine, but they will take Dr. King's New Discovery and without bribing or teasing. Its a sweet pleasant Tar Syrup and so effective. Just laxative enough to eliminate the waste poisons. Almost the first dose helps. Always prepared, no mixing or fussing. Just ask your druggist for Dr. King's New Discovery. It will safeguard your child against serious ailments resulting from colds.

PREBLE TO BE RETAINED

Store of Which R. H. Preble Has Been Manager Changes Ownership.

In the Sanford News of February 23rd there is a long article in connection with the change in proprietorship when the drug store owned by the late W. H. Wood became the property of the Demers Bros., the well-known High street druggists, and the paper pays high compliments to the Demers Bros.

R. H. Preble, formerly of Phillips has been manager of the Wood store since last fall, and for the benefit of Mr. Preble's friends in this section we are copying the extracts that will be of interest to them:

"With the acquisition to the Rexall store Messrs. Demers became proprietors of one of the leading pharmacies of the town, one that has always been noted for its reliability, and it is the intention of the new owners to maintain that well-known standard.

"The agency of the majority of all the metropolitan newspapers and leading periodicals of the country has been maintained at this store for many years and no change will be made in this department. The newspaper agency has long been known as an important asset of the store and it will be the aim of the new management to maintain the usual high standard as heretofore.

"Another important asset of the store is the acquisition of the Rexall agency which is rated as one of the best in the country.

"The prescription department, long noted for its purity of drugs and the accuracy of compounding them, bids fair to be maintained on a higher scale than ever, for in the present clerical staff are numbered three registered druggists—the two Demers Bros., and Ralph Preble, former manager of the store, whose services will be retained by the present owners.

"As stated before Ralph Preble and Bert Adams will be retained at the Washington street store with Phileas Demers as manager while Donat and Odias Demers will conduct the High street store, both stores to be operated by the Demers Bros. Inc., a corporation which has been formed for the carrying on of the business.

The Rexall store will be thoroughly renovated and placed in tip-top shape and under the management of Phileas Demers assisted by Messrs. Preble and Adams there is every indication that the store will be accorded the same liberal patronage as in former years."

NOTES FROM ALL AROUND

Applications for summer work in the Maine woods continue to pour in at the forestry department. Already there are probably five applications to every vacancy and with the coming of spring the ratio is bound to increase.

The Augusta fishermen who have been engaged during the winter in taking suckers from the river have hauled their traps for the season. The fish are not running very well and the ice will ere long leave the river.

Mitchell, the only blind member of the Passamaquoddy tribe of Indians of Pleasant Point reservation, is now coming in for the small aid apportioned by the State for totally blind people who are unable to work. This particular case is a worthy one, as the lone Indian was a frequent visitor to Bangor on

CUT THIS OUT—IT IS WORTH MONEY.

DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose with 5¢ to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for the grippe coughs, colds and croup, Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Floyd E. Parker.

steamboat days, when he was helped along the streets by members of his tribe and had a stand at the Sea street wharf of the Eastern Steamship corporation. He lives alone at the village of the Indians on the banks of the St. Croix river, looking after his own cooking and house, and the extra aid now advanced by the State is greatly appreciated.

A .22-caliber poodle dog treed a 45-centimeter bobcat near the tank-house of the city waterworks in Parley's canyon and kept him in a state of siege on the top of a telephone pole until the feline was shot by Louis Shriker, caretaker at the tank-house, according to the Salt Lake Tribune.

When Miss Godfrey's pet cat fell down the flue from the fifth to the first story at No. 203 West 130th street the distracted owner summoned police, fire tenement house and health departments, the S. P. C. A., the landlord and the neighbors and a plumber.—New York Telegram. But of course there were nine lives to save!

EUROPEAN WAR AND WILD LIFE

The fighting which is going on all over central Europe of course results in saving from destruction the small birds, which have so long been regarded as the legitimate prey of the "sportsmen" of the Latin races. It is believed that these birds have greatly increased for the last year in Europe, and now it is learned, through Frederick C. Walcott, that the Italian Government has passed a law which went into effect January 1 prohibiting the shooting of all song and insectivorous birds throughout Italy. For many a long year the lark and the sparrow have been to the Italian gunner just as legitimate a prey as the buffalo and the moose were to the western and northern Indians when this country was first settled, and the enormous destruction of these birds that has gone on must have had its effect on the crops of Europe.

Latin immigrants have brought with them to America their practice of small-bird slaying, and game authorities in this country have had not a little difficulty in controlling Italian immigrants, and several cases have occurred where the Italian lawbreaker resisting arrest has killed or injured the game protector.

The process of education is long and slow, but we may hope that before many years have passed the change of sentiment which has already taken place in this country will have extended itself over the whole world.—Forest & Stream.

OBITUARY.

CHASTINA HAMLIN

In the death of Miss Chastina Hamlin, which was mentioned last week as occurring at her home in Brookline, Mass., on March 2nd, it removes a woman of many admirable qualities and the self-sacrifice and thoughtfulness for others were among the strong ones in her character.

Miss Hamlin had not been as well as usual through the winter, and although it was not a hard case of pneumonia, her weak heart made it fatal. She was confined to her bed but a few days.

Miss Hamlin was born in Livermore, March 13, 1854, the daughter of Mr. Henry and Olivia Chick Hamlin. The family moved to Madrid and later to Phillips where they lived for some years. After the death of Mr. Hamlin, Chastina and her mother moved to Massachusetts where they remained for a few years, finally coming back to Phillips. After the death of Mrs. Hamlin, Miss Hamlin returned to Boston where she has since resided. For the past 18 years she and her sister, Mrs. Elvira Wiggins, have lived together and Mrs. Wiggins will keenly feel the loss of the cheerful and loving companionship of her sister.

For several years past Miss Hamlin has had the management of a small summer hotel in Holliston

A Clear Brain and healthy body are essential for success. Business men, teachers, students, housewives, and other workers say Hood's Sarsaparilla gives them appetite and strength, and makes their work seem easy. It overcomes that tired feeling.

YOU NEED A TONIC

Hood's Sarsaparilla, as a Spring Medicine, is the Best.

Spring sickness comes in some degree to every man, woman and child in our climate. It is that run-down condition of the system that results from impure, impoverished, devitalized blood. It is marked by loss of appetite and that tired feeling, and in many cases by some form of eruption.

The best way to treat spring sickness is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Ask your druggist for this old reliable family medicine. It purifies, enriches and revitalizes the blood. It is an all-the-year-round alterative and tonic, and is absolutely the best Spring medicine.

Get your blood in good condition at once—now. Delay may be dangerous. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla, nothing else can take its place.

known as the Draper Mansion, which her sister, the late Mrs. Olive Emery was interested in and it has been a most popular resort. The same guests came year after year and they seemed like one large family, and one and all loved Miss Hamlin, who succeeded in a remarkable degree in making them contented and happy and many expressions of sympathy by letter and floral tributes were sent from the guests, all testifying to the true worth of her character.

The remaining members of the family are Mrs. Mary H. Field of Phillips, Mr. G. H. Hamlin of Avon and Mrs. Elvira Wiggins of Brookline. A brother, Isaiah, died many years ago and a sister, Mrs. Olive Emery of Boston, died in recent years.

Mr. D. F. Field, a nephew, with Mrs. Field attended the funeral services and Mrs. Mary Field has had the pleasure of passing the winter with her two sisters. It was also the privilege of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Hamlin to make them a visit last fall which was very gratifying and much enjoyed by the deceased.

The sympathy of Phillips friends is extended to the family.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to thank the many friends who have shown kindness and sympathy in our recent great sorrow and bereavement, also for the many beautiful flowers sent.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Boddgett, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Heath, W. C. Mitchell and family, Arthur S. Heath.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to extend our sincere thanks to the many friends who so kindly assisted us in our late bereavement; also for the beautiful flowers and delicacies sent to our loved ones during their illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Ross and family, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Boutillier and family, Mr. and Mrs. Leon Oakes and family.

Rangeley, March 18, 1916.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to extend our many thanks and appreciation to our friends who so kindly assisted us in many ways in our great bereavement caused by the loss of our dear husband and father.

Mrs. Belle Sargent, Wilson Sargent, Edith Sargent, Thelma Sargent, Irwin Sargent, Austin Sargent, Lillian Sargent, Harlan Sargent.

Have you seen the new line of Hot Water Bottles

and

Fountain Syringes

Just received

at

Whitney's Pharmacy?

Phillips, Maine

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY

60c Coffee and Vanilla Creams

29 cents.

FLOYD E. PARKER,

The Rexall Store

NO. 1, BEAL BLOCK,

PHILLIPS, MAINE

SUNDAY HOURS: 11 A. M. to 12 M. 5 P. M. to 6 P. M.

THE STORE WHERE YOUR TRADE IS APPRECIATED.

MEMORIAL TO BE ERECTED

Republicans and Democrats Elect
Candidates---Gentlemen's
Night Observed.

(Special Correspondence.)

Kingfield, March 20.—The worst blockade of the season occurred last week as a result of the heavy wind Thursday and Friday. Through the county districts the roads were practically impassable Saturday. Trains throughout this section were delayed.

L. A. Thomas has been confined to the house for ten days on account of sickness. Carl York is taking his place as conductor.

Saturday postcard showers were given to Mrs. Edith Thomas and Mrs. Carrie Durrell by the Pythian Sisters.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Woodcock of Salem visited their parents Saturday, Mrs. Woodcock remaining over Sunday with Mrs. Jasper Beane.

Mrs. Foy of Canton is the guest for several days of Mrs. A. G. Murray.

A number of the college boys from the University of Maine are expected here in a minstrel show Monday, March 27, at French hall.

Gentlemen's night of Weelaffalott whist club was observed Friday evening, March 17, at Red Men's hall with 12 tables participating in the game. The decorations were in green as befitted the day. The place cards contained colored figures and shamrock. Green mats were used on the tables and all of the refreshments were of a green color, assorted sandwiches with lettuce, olives, pickles and St. Patrick candy. The hostesses dressed in white with green ribbons and flowers were Mrs. Erma Winter, Mrs. Jennie French, Mrs. Susie Hodgman, Mrs. Elma Mitchell, Mrs. Evie Huse, Mrs. Kate French.

In connection with Kingfield's observance of its one hundredth anniversary to be held August 16, 17 and 18 under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce, a movement is now on foot to raise sufficient funds for the erection of a suitable memorial to the founder of this town, also Maine's first, and has often been said, best of our governors, William King. On one of the finest lots in the village, Governor, then General King, erected a fine Colonial mansion which still remains in an excellent state of preservation, and it seems a particularly fitting occasion to show our loyalty to the man who did more than any other to make our Statehood a reality, who founded our town and who was one of the most prominent men in all the history of this state. The memorial will be in the form of a bronze tablet suitably inscribed, attached to a large boulder to be placed on the Gov. King lot, near the top of Usher and Larrabee hills, and dedicated with appropriate ceremonies during the observance of the Centennial. Many descendants of the families he was instrumental in inducing to locate here, still reside in town and we believe not only these but those who have long since taken up their residence elsewhere will be glad of the privilege of contributing a small amount towards perpetuating the memory of this remarkable man who did so much for our town and state.

Mrs. F. O. Merchant entertained the Weelaffalott whist club Thursday evening. All members were

present. Prizes were given to Mrs. Jennie French and Mrs. Ethel Phillips. Refreshments of club salad, coffee and hot rolls were served in the dining room which was very attractive with its decorations of tiny green silk flags and shamrock. Each napkin contained a flag and a sprig of shamrock and the salads were likewise decorated. The table was lighted by candles with green shades.

A Democratic caucus was held at Red Men's hall Thursday evening, March 16, Dr. O. W. Simmons chairman of town committee presiding. The delegates to the State Convention at Bangor, March 29 are Dr. O. W. Simmons and S. J. Wyman; alternates, L. V. Gordon and H. R. McKenney. Town committee are Dr. O. W. Simmons, chairman; O. W. Gilbert, secretary; L. P. Hosley, S. J. Wyman, H. R. McKenney, C. D. Lander, Percy Wilber, R. A. Huse, W. D. French.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Beane Thursday, March 16.

Mrs. Imogene Porter of Lowell, Mass., has been visiting her mother-in-law, Mrs. Polly Porter for a week.

Mrs. C. B. Gordon has returned from Portland, where she went last week accompanying her daughter, Mrs. Herbert Caldwell of Stratton.

Cloyd Small is working in the Jenkins & Bogert novelty mill for a few weeks during vacation.

A mothers' meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held Thursday, March 30, with Mrs. H. G. Winter.

The Tattling Club met Saturday afternoon, March 18 with Mrs. Selina Vose.

L. P. Hosley has been in Leeds for a week, visiting his mother who is ill.

Mrs. Florence Witham and daughter, Mrs. Lizzie Cole went to Rangeley Friday, called by the death of Mrs. Witham's brother, Dane Hinkley.

John Thomas, Jr., returned to Kingfield Wednesday night from Brownfield and is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Thomas.

Chas. Oliver has been employed by the Grand Union Tea Company with routes covering Freeman, Salem and New Portland.

Oscar Jones has taken the job to paint A. G. Winter's residence and store both within and without.

Mrs. Clara Wyman of Skowhegan was the guest this week of her brother, J. M. Dolbler.

Ralph Strout went to Farmington Thursday to visit his mother, Mrs. Lizzie Strout.

Mrs. Mary Small was a guest in the home of O. I. Landers last week.

Christine Mitchell visited her uncle, M. L. Mitchell of Canrabasset last week.

A Republican caucus was held held this week at H. S. Wing's office. The meeting was called to order by the chairman of the town committee, J. E. Voter. The delegates chosen to the State and District conventions held at the Court House, Portland, March 23, are H. S. Wing, A. C. Woodard, H. G. Winter with power to fill all vacancies. The town committee are J. E. Voter, chairman; A. C. Woodard, secretary; F. A. Frost, W. O. Foster, H. S. Wing.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Earl Davidson, Thursday, March 16.

A basket ball game was played Thursday evening at French hall between the town team and grammar school. The score was 72 to 23 in favor of the town team.

On account of the storm and wind of Thursday the night train was two hours late, arriving at Kingfield.

Considering the storm and sickness of a number of its members there was a good attendance at the regular meeting of the Pythian Sisters Wednesday evening. Alfred Moore was received into the Temple. A lunch of bananas, oranges, apples, assorted candies, afternoon tea cookies and hot cocoa was served. Six of the Sisters unable to attend were remembered with refreshments. At the next meeting the first Wednesday in April there will be a candy pull by way of entertainment. The committee are Mrs. Mina Landers and Mrs. Lura Hutchins.

The pastor's subject at the Baptist church Sunday morning is "Faith the Antidote of Fear." In the evening Rev. A. G. Murray will speak from the text, "Where are the Believer's Sins?"

Rev. A. G. Murray attended the Farmington Quarterly meeting at Chesterville last week from Tuesday to Thursday. It is expected that the Baptist church here will unite

with the Farmington Quarterly meeting, the North Anson Quarterly meeting having recently dissolved.

The first crows of the season were heard Tuesday morning. Sunday morning the presence of a full-fledged butterfly on the window in the Universalist church attracted considerable attention.

A pleasing entertainment was given at the meeting of the Eastern Star Tuesday evening. There was a good attendance. Refreshments of homemade candies were served. The entertainment committee were Miss Theresia Lander, Mrs. Edith Sprague, Mrs. Mable Davis.

The Poverty ball given by the juniors and seniors of the K. H. S. was successful and well patronized. Most of the High school were in costume and there were exhibited many unique and attractive ones. Philip Porter wore an evening suit of calico patchwork with a dress coat made from a butcher's frock. Roscoe Tufts wore a coat of tarred paper. Coburn Butts was dressed in a suit of short-sacks. Kitchen aprons and conspicuous patches were very prevalent among the ladies' costumes.

Until the recent discovery in Madagascar of kornerupine, resembling the aquamarine and the green andalusite, but of far greater brilliancy when cut, Greenland had the only known deposit of this mineral.

Riches From Madagascar.

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WESTERN BREEZES

Interesting Notes of Some of the Smaller Animals

(Written for Maine Woods.)

Lu Verne, Iowa, March, 1916.—Someone wants to know if muskrats are meat-eaters. Well, the chances are that some muskrats are. Some human beings chew tobacco,—others do not. Each one pleases his own fancy or his own idea of propriety. As I have seen muskrats do unusual things, I suspect they might just as well eat meat as not. For instance, how many readers of Maine Woods ever saw a muskrat eating corn out of a crib in a barn? The writer did and getting a .22 rifle shot the animal and only then did he realize that his game was a muskrat instead of one of the common style of rats which infest barns regularly. Did you ever see a muskrat house high and dry in a cornfield? The writer has, and also we captured the two muskrats by digging them out with a spade—and we also dug out two sacks of ear corn that had been stored for winter use. The rat shot in the barn was one of another pair that built a house in the cornfield about five rods from our barn. All grass and weeds were cleared off the ground for considerable distance to furnish material for the house. As these rats were killed before they had their winter plans complete they did not have much corn stored away, but had a much finer house than the pair up on the hill who had the big store of corn. Perhaps they intended to help themselves from the crib in the barn all winter. I believe they had not discovered the corn in the barn at the time they built the house—then later moved into the barn where everything was handy—but not being so smart about keeping out of sight as a barn rat lost their lives by a rifle bullet.

I do not believe a cat would touch a muskrat. Am I right about this? This muskrat story is not a fairy story at all, as it all happened in one of our very dry years, which came after several wet ones during which muskrats had increased rapidly. The dry year left the ponds without water and the muskrats moved to cornfields, something they had never been known to do before.

This is a fact that we often think we know about the habits of animals, when it is very easy to be mistaken. The prairie ground squirrels which are so very common in Iowa are supposed to be seed eaters. I trapped these through all my boyhood days without even a suspicion that they would eat meat and never saw anything to indicate they would do so until a very few years ago. I set a trap and caught a grey one and found it partly eaten. Naturally one would suppose a weasel or mink had done the work, but I was lucky enough to catch the animal in the cannibal act. I have since found these animals in traps partly eaten and there was generally another squirrel near.

There is another peculiarity of these squirrels, which are called "Franklin's spermophile" in U. S. Department of Agriculture—they are slightly smaller, but are closely related to the fox squirrels that live in the timber. They are a very pretty and foxy little animal, head and tail being a light and bright grey, and their body a sort of a yellow tawny color. They have a bushy tail, but not as large as the appendage sported by the tree fox squirrel. The prairie squirrel is however, the prettier animal of the two.

In bounding over the prairie on a long run he has a way of making the hairs in his tail stand on end in such a way as to give the impression that in bounding over the ground the tail is helping some and that he is in the air all the time. A good smart boy or man can usually outrun him and kill him with a whip if he can get him far from a burrow or place of safety, but it takes some running to be sure and Mr. Squirrel is mighty good at dodging which soon gets a fellow's wind.

Perhaps thousands of people who have seen these squirrels would not believe they would climb trees. Will they? Well, that depends upon circumstances. When they are near their own homes and burrows you can chase them right by the trees and they make no attempt to climb

them, but like woodchucks and some other kinds of animals they sometimes go on exploring expeditions far from home and kindred. When thus overtaken, they will climb a tree. As a boy, I have chased a single squirrel for a long distance. He had no knowledge of the squirrel burrows of which there were many near, but when well tired out would go up a tree. He climbed like a woodchuck or cat and could not jump from limb to limb as the tree squirrel does so easily.

You could shake him out of the tree or knock him out with a stick and then he would give you another race. I presume this was more fun for me than the squirrel. It was a life and death affair for him. When the animals have never been shot at or trapped they are often very tame. The writer once approached within about three feet of a pair of these squirrels. I made no suspicious motions, kept my eyes on the squirrels and approached very slowly. It is needless to say their eyes were on me also. I have often approached very close by this method, quite often within ten feet. This happened several years ago when there were broad prairies in Iowa and likely this was the first time the little fellows ever had a chance to get a good look at a human being and when fear overcame curiosity and both dove into the same burrow—I could easily jump beyond the hole from where I stood.

Another very similar animal here is the little striped ground squirrel ("gophers," many folks here call them). The striped ones are smaller and I never knew one to eat meat or climb a tree—except that I once saw one on a stump about three feet high in Des Moines river woods and at first thought it was a chipmunk, but soon noticed the difference. When the "gopher" stands on his hind feet he stands straight, and the more interested he becomes in your actions the higher he will stretch himself up, and the more you can entertain him with whistles and strange actions, the more attentive he becomes.

Among all the wild animals I have met, none is more interesting than this little fellow who was once called the "federation squirrel" because of his 13 stripes which was supposed to have something to do with the American flag. The "gopher" digs up corn and makes himself quite a nuisance, but a more interesting animal it would be hard to find. He is about a half larger than a chipmunk. The real "gopher" of the dictionaries and encyclopedias is locally called the "pocket gopher." He is an entirely different animal and I may describe him another time.

Burt Stone.

THE COON DOG AND HIS PREY

(Written for Maine Woods.)

By Eva M. Furbush.

"Let's take a hike up Sour Meadow way after coons tonight, Charlie," I ventured to my old standby on the game trail.

"All right; give the dogs their supper, and we'll be off within an hour."

We were soon in the thick of the fight when one of the dogs found a coon and chased him long and hard until we could catch up and put the victim out of his misery with a club. The dogs worked well, and the night was fine, and the result of our trip was two coons. Of course we often come across a skunk on these expeditions and then woe to the dogs. They get saturated with the patent skunk odor, and possibly sick from its nauseating effects. The hunter who wants skunk fur had enough to put up with the smell is some hunter in my opinion, but coon skins

THE ACHES OF HOUSE CLEANING

The pain and soreness caused by bruises, over-exertion and straining during house cleaning time are soothed away by Sloan's Liniment. No need to suffer this agony. Just apply Sloan's Liniment to the sore spots, rub only a little. In a short time the pain leaves, you rest comfortably and enjoy a refreshing sleep. One grateful user writes: "Sloan's Liniment is worth its weight in gold." Keep a bottle on hand, use it against all Soreness, Neuralgia and Bruises. Kills pain. 25¢. at your Druggist.

are a good marketable product and worth getting.

"Lamson Hubbard got \$20 for his five skins," said my partner, "and I hope we do as well."

"Do you like coon meat?" I asked. "You bet," came the ready answer, "my wife roasts it with a covering of flour, salt and pepper, and slices of bacon, and the meat tastes like sweet boiled pork, or the dark meat of turkey somewhat."

"A coon weighs about twenty lbs., doesn't he?"

"Thereabouts; but it's funny a dog will refuse to touch coon meat. I offered Bill, my setter, a bone from a roasted coon and he absolutely refused to touch it; Ted Monroe's hound wouldn't eat it, he says, either."

"Must be an odor about it that dogs don't like, but it is rich meat all right, I think."

"Coon hunting is pretty good sport for the feller who likes a little hike through the woods after dark, and it doesn't interfere with his day's work at office or factory. Farmer's boys can pick up quite a little money from this sport if they have a good dog."

"One Sunday I was out walking with my setter dog and suddenly he went round and round a tree not far off, acting as if something in the line of game was inside that tree trunk. Well, there was, too. A friend who was with me went up to the tree and began to cut a hole in the trunk about three or four feet from the ground; then he took a stick and thrust it down into the tree, striking something soft at the bottom at once. But all the pushing with the stick did not start any animal out for quite a few moments, and then, as if just awakened, a furry little head appeared at the opening and looked out upon us. The expression on that coon's face was too comical to forget in a hurry; the coon face looked just exactly like that of a child just wakened up from a nap, eyes a-blinking, and a stupid, sleepy look as he gazed around for a second or two—then, getting the real significance of the situation, presto! the coon went up that tree at a two-forty clip, no doubt almost terror stricken at his narrow escape."

"What was the dog doing meanwhile?"

"Tearing round like one possessed, and at sight of the coon, he was ready for an instant scrap of the liveliest kind."

Partner and I always divide our money for skins, and are always ready to "get together" for a hunt with our dogs after the elusive and plucky coon who will turn and fight a dog to the death unless despatched by the hunter with a club.

TWELVE BUNNIES BROUGHT HOME

Harry M. Pierce, Victor C. Huart, William Flood and E. A. Hardy were in the Scott Ellis swamp on Tuesday with their dog Sport and brought home 12 rabbits to show for their day's hunt, says the Franklin Journal.

REINDEER PROVED THEIR VALUE

The first practical test of the endurance of reindeer and their ability to traverse any part of the country under the most unfavorable circumstances, with the temperature at times lower than that experienced by many of the Arctic expeditions, was made in 1898. The train, consisting of nine sledges and 17 head

YOUR FIVE HUNDRED MUSCLES.

The five hundred muscles in the human body depend on pure and rich blood for their health and contractile energy which is the ability to labor. If they are given impure blood they become enfeebled, the step loses its elasticity, the arm its efficiency, and there is incapacity to perform the usual amount of labor.

What a great blessing Hood's Sarsaparilla has been to the many tolling thousands whose blood it has made and kept pure and rich! This medicine cleanses the blood of all humors, inherited or acquired, and strengthens and tones the whole system. It is important to be sure that you get Hood's Sarsaparilla when you ask for it. No substitute for it is like it.

of deer, started from Teller station in the dead of winter, with the thermometer at 45 degrees below zero. Native trails and well-known sections of the country were purposely avoided. The trip of more than 2,000 miles was made in a little less than two weeks—with a loss of but two deer.

HILL HAS PASSED WINTER IN N. Y.

Proprietor of Belgrade House Predicts a Fine Season

Charles A. Hill, proprietor of the Belgrade House, Belgrade Lakes, has been passing the winter in New York. He is now down to see about the opening of the hotel for the spring fishing which will begin in a few weeks. Mr. Hill is looking forward to one of the best seasons ever enjoyed by the popular resort.

ENJOYS HUNTING IN MAINE

Ohio Party Got Nice Deer and Had a Fine Trip

Farmersville, Ohio, March 13, 1916.

To the Editor of Maine Woods:

I notice my Maine Woods runs out March 21, find enclosed \$1 to renew.

I rather like to hear from Maine as I have been there several times hunting and really enjoy it, as it is the only vacation I get and it is a real treat to me.

Last year I was out to Southeast Carry on the West Branch of the Penobscot with a nice party and had a fine time. Game was real plentiful and our party got some very nice deer. We had a nice party and enjoyed it very much. I would enjoy the Maine Woods better if it gave more news from Somerset, Piscataquis and Aroostook counties, as I have been in these three counties and am better acquainted in them. Last year you had a letter from Oxbow once in a while and I enjoyed it. It was real news to me.

Yours truly,

L. Kurtz.

SPANISH FISH.

The annual production of fish in Spain amounts to nearly \$20,000,000 yearly in value. There are 586 steam, and 15,194 sailing vessels engaged in the industry. The annual production of tinned fish is 3,500,000 cases of ten tins to the case. The pack of Portugal is about 1,500,000 cases, and that of France in normal times about 1,000,000 cases. Large quantities of Spanish-packed fish are sent abroad under French and Italian labels.—Exchange.

HAS EIGHT CHILDREN

Mrs. P. Rehkamp, 2404 Herman St. Covington, Ky., writes: "I have been using Foley's Honey and Tar for nearly two years and can find no better cough syrup. I have eight children and give it to all of them. They were subject to croup from babies on." It is a safe and reliable medicine. Floyd E. Parker.

WORK THAT TELLS

Plenty of It Has Been Done Right Here In Phillips.

To thoroughly know the virtues of a medicine you must investigate its work. Doan's Kidney Pills stand this test, and plenty of proof exists right here in Phillips. People who testified years ago to relief from backache, kidney and urinary disorders, now give confirmed testimony—declare the results have lasted. How can any Phillips sufferer longer doubt the evidence?

H. H. Vining, farmer, Pleasant St., Phillips, says: "I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Preble's drug store, when suffering from kidney trouble and they cured me in a short time. I hope that my statement will lead other sufferers from kidney complaint to try Doan's Kidney Pills."

Over three years later Mr. Vining said: "I haven't had occasion to use Doan's Kidney Pills since giving my former endorsement, so I consider the cure permanent."

Price 50¢, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that cured Mr. Vining. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

TALL STOVE CLUB TELLS GOOD YARN

Bath Times—A pretty good yarn was told at a session of the Tall Stove club. There had been a freshet on one of the shallow streams emptying into Merrymeeting Bay and while the freshet was at its height, a cold snap came along and froze the surface into a thick flooring of ice. A few days later came a fisherman with live bait and cut a hole in the ice through which he let down his live baited hook and pretty soon he felt a big bite and pulled through the hole—a very lively fox! The man who was telling the tale explained that the freshet had subsided, leaving the ice above the hole of the fox on the river bank and the fox, hunting for food and seeing the live bait wiggling had caught on.

DOG ATTACKED FUR-TOP BOOTS

A Cleveland woman was walking down a street, wearing a pair of these new fur-top shoes. A dog saw the fur and made an energetic attack, divesting one of the shoes of its trimming.

All of which is interesting. For the dog may have thought that he recognized in that fur an old-time foe—the neighbor's cat. But even if he did, women have cause to be thankful, for in that event, women who wear fur-trimmed shoes may feel sure that mice, woman's old enemy, will give them a wide path.

MAKE TOMORROW A BETTER DAY.

If things "went wrong" today, if you suffered from indigestion, sick headache, biliousness, bloating, bad breath, or other condition caused by delayed bowel action, take a Foley Cathartic Tablet now and tomorrow will be a better day. This wholesome physic acts without pain or nausea. Floyd E. Parker.

We have just the right cure for that cold. Don't delay using it.

C. E. DYER,
STRONG, - - - MAINE.



Our idea of a good tailoring service is a service that has no vexations or variations—a sweet-tempered, uniform, rigidly-reliable service that delivers the best clothes to the buyer at the least cost to the buyer—and gets them to him the way he expects them.

A service that does not consider any of its contracts closed until sealed by the customer's complete and unalloyed satisfaction.

We believe that Royal Tailoring fulfills that definition in its every requirement.

This Garment is Guaranteed to Fit You Perfectly

If you are not pleased with it in every respect we ask you not to accept it, not to pay one penny

The Guarantee Card—sent with every Royal Garment

At the Clothing Store.

D. F. HOYT

No. 5 Beal Block

PHILLIPS, MAINE

Agency for the
Universal Steam Laundry

Open Saturday
Evenings.



IN AND ABOUT PHILLIPS

The Ladies Social Union met for their regular meeting at the Parish House last Tuesday afternoon with a good attendance. Mrs. N. P. Noble and Mrs. F. W. Atwood were the hostesses and served tea and nut bread sandwiches at the close of the meeting.

J. Scott Brackett is on a week's concert trip with the Mandolin and Glee Clubs of Bowdoin. Their engagements are at Malden, Mass., Tuesday evening; Peabody, Wednesday; Lowell, Thursday; Brookline Country Club, Friday afternoon, Somerset Hotel, Boston, Friday evening, after which a dance will be held at the hotel.

Miss Elise Vinal of New Bedford, Mass., has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Field at the Parker House in Boston this week. Mr. Field will attend the Republican State convention in Portland today.

The village schools close Friday for a week's vacation.

Mrs. H. B. Austin accompanied her husband to Augusta and Portland this week.

Hollis Holt went to Rangeley Tuesday night to play in the Elite orchestra at the K. of P. hall which took place Wednesday night.

A handsome new block letter sign finished in Roman gold has been hung above the entrance door of the Phillips National Bank. This work was done by Fred C. Robinson.

Children's day will be observed at North Franklin Grange Wednesday, March 29, with a picnic dinner and program in the afternoon. The committee for the day are Mrs. Fred Wells, Mrs. Ralph Bangs, Miss Hortense Voter, assisted by the lecturer, Mrs. George Adams. It is hoped all the little folks will be there, as a day of pleasure is being planned for them.

The preliminaries for the speaking contest will be held Saturday evening at the Union church. Wing's orchestra will furnish music. After the speaking there will be a dance at the Grange hall.

There was a good attendance at the dance at the Grange hall last Saturday evening, notwithstanding the cold weather and other affairs in town.

Mr. John Moore of Boston is in town this week on a business trip.

The Christmas Present Club will be entertained by Mrs. N. H. Harneden Tuesday of next week.

Mrs. C. E. Norton was one of the contributors of the artistic posters for the baby-week campaign in Lewiston and Auburn. Her Phillips friends have not forgotten Mrs. Norton's ability in this line.

Mrs. Sophia Heath, who passed away at the home of her daughter, Mrs. S. A. Blodgett March 13th had been in failing health for the last few years. A more extended notice will be published in our next issue.

W. Henry True has been confined to his home by a severe cold a few days recently.

Saturday afternoon, March 18 the regular meeting of North Franklin Grange was well attended. A lot of business was transacted and a good program was carried out. It was decided to have children's day Wednesday, March 29. Hortense Voter, Edith Wells, Mildred Bangs are committee on the entertainment. April 1st, the date of the next meeting every member should make an effort to be present as there are degrees to be conferred. The brothers will fill the chairs and do all the work. Afternoon session as usual.

Miss Kathleen Noble will be the guest of Miss Emma Russell at her home in Rangeley for the week of school vacation.

CANNOT PRAISE THEM ENOUGH

Many sick and tired women, with aches and pains, sore muscles and stiff joints, do not know that their kidneys are out of order. Mrs. A. G. Wells, Box 90, Route 5, Rocky Mount, N. C., writes: "I am taking Foley Kidney Pills and cannot praise them enough for the wonderful benefit I derived in such a short while." Floyd E. Parker.

Mrs. Leon Wilbur and little son, Everett of Skowhegan are the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Proctor Smith. Mr. Wilbur will come to accompany her home.

Mrs. Lionel Allen and two children of Strong are spending the week with her father, Mr. George Whitney.

A. B. Clark, of Farmington, the popular fish man, commenced this week, Wednesday, to make his regular trips to Phillips.

Fred Moulton, principal of the Grammar school and his mother will pass the week's vacation at their home in North Jay.

The little two years old son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Weston met with a painful accident Tuesday. Mrs. Weston was turning the clothes wringer when the little fellow came along and put his finger in the cogs of the wringer, crushing it pretty badly. As neither of the doctors were in town at the time, Mrs. Carl Beedy, who is a trained nurse, kindly went to their aid and dressed the injured hand.

Mrs. Adelphus Parker is ill with neuritis.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lawrence of Weld are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Chester Fairbanks for a week or two. They are on their way to Rangeley where they will make their home with their son, Lovell Lawrence. It will be remembered that Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence lost their home in Weld by fire last year.

We are pleased to report that Rev. M. S. Hutchins has been able this week to take short walks, and is planning to hold a service Sunday morning.

At the annual business meeting of the Federated church and Parish held recently H. H. Field, Miss G. V. Wilbur and Mrs. M. S. Kelley were elected the business committee for the ensuing year. The members also voted to extend a call to Rev. M. S. Hutchins to act as their pastor for another year.

MADRID

March 21.

The wind has blown nearly every day of the month and with over a foot of light snow makes the roads very bad.

Elmon Berry, who has worked for Orris Vose since August 2nd in Dallas and Redington returned home last Wednesday.

All sympathize with Mrs. Belle Sargent and the seven children for the loss of a husband and father, who died from pneumonia. Mr. Sargent will be greatly missed as he was a good citizen and neighbor.

Mrs. Pomeroy, aged 96, passed away at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Fred Hathaway last Sunday at

CHANGEABLE WEATHER BRINGS SICKNESS.

The changeable weather of March causes coughs, colds, croup and grippe. There is no such thing as a "light cold"—none that a person can safely neglect. Foley's Honey and Tar is a safe and reliable family medicine that heals inflamed, congested air passages, stops coughs and eases breathing. Floyd E. Parker.

The Phillips National Bank

Alterations on our building are now completed and we are again located there.

Phillips National Bank PHILLIPS, MAINE

The Sedgeley Store

PREPAREDNESS

THE NATIONAL TOPIC

We outlined our campaign by purchasing before the advance.

The result—

Reasonable prices for our merchandise.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

Coats, suits, skirts, waists, dress goods of all kinds, silk, wool, cotton, house dresses, muslin and knit underwear, corsets, hosiery, gloves, and small wares of many kinds, boots, shoes and rubbers.

Goods for men, women and children at our shop. We invite you to look over our goods.

GINGHAMS and PERCALES

12 1-2c a yard.

Larger and Better Line Than
Ever Before.

C. M. HOYT,

Butterick Patterns in Stock

No. 2 Beal Block, Phillips, Maine

Farmers' Tel.

12.30 p. m. She suffered from a shock a few days before and never spoke.

Miss Mildred Huntoon of Rangeley is visiting relatives in town.

Mrs. Jesse Niles has been home for a few days but has returned to her work in Strong.

Mrs. Lydia Dunham has been sick for a few days but is now convalescing.

Mrs. H. E. Dunham is slowly recovering from a sickness caused by a severe cold.

Finger Marks.

Furniture has a bad habit of getting finger marked. And it is a good thing to know that sweet oil will remove all signs of them if the furniture is of the varnished variety. But kerosene is better for furniture which is oiled or waxed.

Unfamiliar.

"This is a picture of my wife," said skimpy little Mr. Meek. "No, I didn't expect you to recognize it at first. You see, it is a picture of her when she was getting her picture taken."—Kansas City Star.

I have bought the
BARBERING AND POOL
business of Samuel Desposito on Depot street, and shall keep a line of cigars, cigarettes, tobacco and soft drinks.
Open until 11 P. M.

JAMES B. ROSS

HOME CANNED

Mustard Pickles,	25c
Beet Pickles,	25c
Sweet Pickles,	25c
Rhubarb,	25c
Beans,	25c
Syrup,	35c
Blueberries,	25c
Blackberries,	25c
Gooseberries,	25c
Pears,	25c
Fiddle Head Greens,	25c
Beet Greens,	25c

BEAN'S

Wanted

PEELED SPRUCE FIR AND
POPLAR

Pulpwood delivered at
any point on line of Sandy
River and Rangeley Lakes
Railroad.

HALEY & FIELD

Phillips,

Maine

Stock Tonic and Poultry Panacea
at
TOOTHAKER'S CASH STORE