

WAR NEWS.

WASHINGTON, 7th.

The following order has just been promulgated:

Headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, Washington, Sept. 6.

General Order, No. 7. The Major General commanding desires and requests that in the future there may be a more perfect respect for the Sabbath on the part of his command. We are fighting a war, and should endeavor to deserve the benign favor of the Creator.

Unless in the case of an attack by the enemy, or some other extreme military necessity, it is recommended to commanding officers that all the work shall be suspended on the Sabbath; that no unnecessary movements shall be made on that day; that the men shall, as far as possible, be permitted to rest from their labor; that they shall attend Divine Service after the customary morning inspection, and that the officers and men alike use their influence to insure the utmost decorum and quietude on the Sabbath. The General commanding regards this as no idle form. One day's rest is necessary for man and animals. More than this, the observance of the holy day of the God of Mercy and of Battles, is our sacred duty.

(Signed) GEO. B. McCLELLAN, Major-General Commanding.

S. WILLIAMS, Adj. General.

Careful observations to-day on the Virginia side, discovered a new formidable battery, commanding the Leesburg turnpike, about seven miles from Chain Bridge. The felling of woods by the rebels exposed it to view. Owing to the distance no guns were discovered, nor any large body of troops. Men are, however, employed on the fortifications to-day.

At daylight this morning, our pickets advanced one mile further into Virginia, the rebels retiring before them, from the direction of Arlington Heights.

Last Wednesday the rebels fired from an eminence at Great Falls, about five miles from Washington, upon a body of our troops on the Maryland side. Their rifle cannon, although perhaps a hundred times discharged, wounded only one of our men. They attempted to ford the river by constructing a temporary bridge with planks, when they were repulsed by the sharpshooters of the 7th Pennsylvania reserve, and a number of rebels were killed. They then retired, taking their battery.

Yesterday Gen. McClellan made a balloon ascension with Prof. Lowe, occupying two hours in reconnaissance.

Gen. McClellan's order of observance of the Sabbath was read throughout the entire army to-day and was everywhere received with gladness.

The name of the private to be shot on Monday, having been found guilty of sleeping on his post, is Wm. Scott of Company K, Third Regiment of Vermont volunteers.

The War Department received a dispatch to-day from General Rosecrans, in camp near Sutton, Va., dated yesterday, from which it is inferred that all is well with his command.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.

Three hundred and fifty thousand dollars were taken at the Sub-Treasury to-day in small sums.

Scull, arrested with Bank of England notes in his possession, supposed on rebel account, has been released.

The Commercial's Washington dispatch says that Gen. McClellan and staff went across the river this morning on an inspecting tour.

There was a heavy cannyard this morning in the vicinity of our lines, and it is rumored that the contest has commenced, but there is nothing reliable.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY, Md., 7th.

The rebels kept up a firing on our men at the Ferry, and at times make demonstrations as though intending to cross. Yesterday there was heavy cannonading at Edward's Ferry. This may be their plan of drawing attention from works which are said to be in progress on the ferry road leading to Leesburg. Gen. Banks' Division is ready at all times to move in any direction at a moment's notice.

CAIRO, Ky., 9th.

It is reported that the rebel force at Columbus, Ky., under Gen. Polk, has been increased to twenty thousand men, with six field batteries, a siege battery, and three battalions of cavalry. He also has a gunboat and three steamers. Jeff Thompson's force remains at Belmont, Mo., opposite Columbus.

Commanders Rogers seized the steamer John Grant, John Bell and Jefferson at Paducah yesterday, but retired without making any hostile demonstration.

NEW YORK, 9th.

The Tribune's special Washington dispatch says that picket skirmishing continued all day the whole day near Manassas, and that the rebels fired on the Michiganders. Two or three wounded rebels were carried up the hill. In the afternoon regular volleys were discharged from each side. The rebel earthworks were crowded with ladies and spectators.

ALBANY, N. Y., 9th.

G. L. Browne of Key West was arrested at Cooperstown last night on a charge of treason. He had a number of highly important letters from the South. About 100 of his friends attempted to rescue him, but the production of revolvers by the officers calmed the rioters. He will be sent to Fort Lafayette.

NEW YORK, S. p. 9.

The Grand Jury of Westchester County Court has presented the New York State Zetung and National Zeitung, together with the Yonkers Herald, Highland Democrat and Eastern State Journal for "seditious" proclivities.

WASHINGTON, 9th.

Gen. McClellan has pardoned Scott, the Vermont soldier who was ordered to be shot, and restored him to duty.

NEW YORK, 9th.

The Rainier reports that the gunboat Keystone State left Barbadoes August 15th, in search of the privateer Sumter.

NEW YORK, 10th.

The Post's special Washington dispatch says all is quiet in Virginia to-day.

Fifteen millions have thus far been subscribed to the national loan.

News reached Barbadoes Aug. 26th, that the privateer Sumter had put into Surinam on the 20th, and requested permission to coal.

WASHINGTON, 10th.

Great activity prevails all the departments of the Navy. 1675 men are employed, many of them night and day. Shot and shell in immense quantities are forwarded continually to the proper points, and the manufacturing of Dahlgreen rifle cannon continues without intermission. A howitzer drill is conducted under experienced officers, and the seamen here have acquired great proficiency.

Yesterday Edward S. Clark, Martin O. Harper and David R. Patch of the 5th Me. regiment were taken prisoners.

Gen. Montgomery has closed all the liquor stores in Alexandria.

The Government will shortly put all at two more expeditions intended for the Southern coast.

Col. Decourcy, an English officer, formerly commanding a Turkish regiment in the Crimean war, has tendered his services to the Government and has been accepted.

\$25,000 of the sum lost in gambling by paymaster Gallagher, has been recovered of Hayden, the gambler.

able and reliable man who has furnished the American regularly with current information from that vicinity. It adds in a note, this is reliable.

WASHINGTON, 10th.

The Government has official advices from Trinidad, August 7th, that the pirate Sumter, the 13th of July, sailed boldly into that harbor, reporting herself to the authorities as being on a cruise. She was last from Porto Cabello, and since running the blockade had captured 11 American vessels. The British flag was hoisted on the government flag-ship for her arrival, and the officers of the British war vessel Cadmus appeared on most amicable terms with those of the Sumter.

The Secretary of State has addressed a note to Daniel Lord, as follows:

"I have received your letter relating to A. S. Sullivan, political prisoner at Fort Lafayette. This Department is in possession of transcripts of correspondence of that person, which no rights or privileges of lawyer or counsel can justify or excuse. Public safety will not admit of his discharge."

Vigilant police agents are stationed at every point where persons enter or leave the United States, going or coming from Canada, with full authority in the matter of passports.

ROLLA, Mo., 10th.

Eight prisoners were sent to St. Louis this morning. They were captured in a skirmish between the home guard and the rebels at Douglas Prairie, in Gasconade county.

Two rebels were killed, and in another skirmish the same day, ten rebels were wiped out, and 32 horses captured. At another place, two scouts were taken with Provost Marshal McKingstry's papers in their pockets.

Advices from Springfield, to Fr. day morning, state that no battle had been fought between Montgomery and Rains up to Tuesday last.

McCulloch was reported to be at Ft. Smith, and his troops were en route for Ft. Walker in Arkansas. Nothing definite is known as to his future movements, but it is supposed he would remain near the line, ready to act in concert with the Missouri troops, as occasion might require.

Priest had gone to reinforce Rains. Their united forces were about 7000. When last heard from Priest was about 15 miles from Fort Scott, Kansas, and a battle was expected.

POULTNEY, 7th, via Baltimore.

Yesterday afternoon our pickets at Conrads Ferry, discovered rebels erecting a two gun battery, and a section of our battery was sent by Gen. Stone, to attend to them. The rebels threw a couple of shells without effect, when our guns introduced some shrapnel case shot, causing some splendid specimens of rebel fire-raising. The distance between the two batteries was three-quarters of a mile.

There are very few cases of serious sickness in the hospital, and the health of the army is represented by Dr. King, medical director, as extraordinarily good.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., 10th.

In the Union convention to-day, a letter from Leslie Combs of Ky. was read, characterizing the rebels as "a set of wretches for treason, and were so considered in Kentucky."

An unusually large number of persons are here attending upon the two conventions. The whole interest appears to be absorbed, less as to the claims of candidates, than to the idea of making the ticket calculated to enlist the sympathies of the masses.

WASHINGTON, 10th.

Considerable skirmishing took place last night between our troops and the rebels near Chain Bridge.

A large scouting party under Gen. Smith, advanced during the night as far as Conrads Ferry, 7 miles from Chain Bridge, where they were attacked by rebel pickets. John Dwinelle, Co. H, N. Y. 7th, was killed.

A rebel Major and Captain of Seward's Virginia regiment were taken prisoners, but refused to give their names.

Two privates of the DeKalb regiment fell into the hands of rebel pickets this morning, near Hunter's Chapel.

A rebel soldier who lost his way was taken prisoner by Mr. Camby, at Chain Bridge to-day.

Within the last three days a large force of rebels has encamped near Fall's Church.

NEW YORK, 10th.

Capt. Welch of the schooner Mary Alice, recently from Charleston, states that the following vessels were fitting out as privateers in Charleston: the Beauregard, Capt. Sibley, 40 men, to sail Sept. 1st; steamer South Carolina, alias Ball Run, Capt. Coxeter, 80 men; and a light ship from the River at Charleston, fitting out as a battery. Her crew are mostly in prison.

Another privateer, the Petrel, all the privateersmen in the rebel States are from Charleston, and mostly belong to New York.

Southern papers complain of the fact that millions are sent North by banks and capitalists, to buy bonds, and that the rebel States at depreciated value, saying it is equivalent to giving money to the enemy.

A stampede of families took place from Fernandina, Fla., on the 4th, from apprehensions of a bombardment of the town by the Federal Fleet, which now holds a strict blockade at that point.

The Savannah News of the 5th states that the whole coast of Florida is now blockaded.

The Memphis Appeal of the 8th, in an article on the capture of Hitters, complains of the inefficiency of the Military Board, and expresses the hope that the leaders are too much engrossed in prosecuting the war in Virginia to accord the necessary attention to the sea coast and the valley of the Mississippi.

The New Orleans Crescent condemns the Military Board of Mississippi for inactivity in not adding to her cast defenses.

NEW YORK, 11th.

The captain and clerk of the steamer Cataline burnt recently at Fortress Monroe, have been arrested here, charged with retreating the vessel on fire.

Prince de Joinville is a passenger by the steamer Africa. He is accompanied by his son, whom he desires to place in the Navy. Account from Newport.

Special Washington dispatches says that deputations of prominent Philadelphians called on the President and the Secretary of War yesterday, asking for the better defense of Philadelphia, by fortifying the Delaware river, and arming the Home Guard.

The 74th regiment has restored the colors of the 74th regiment after administering the oath of allegiance.

Henry Bonnet is elected delegate from Colorado Territory by 300 majority. Five companies of infantry and cavalry have already been raised in the territory and others are forming.

Col. Hawkins has formed the nucleus of a North Carolina Regiment at Hatters. He has 200 men already enlisted.

H. T. Wetherell and Gen. L. Thorndike both of Mass., have been appointed upon the United States Commissariat with rank of Captain.

Ex-Minister Faulkner has been sent to N. Y., in custody of Lieut. Worth.

A rebel prisoner states that since the Hatteras Affair, 13 regiments of the rebel army have left for the South.

Gen. Butler had a long interview yesterday with the Secretary of War and Gen. Scott. He will start soon on another expedition.

FORTRESS MONROE, 10th.

The S. R. Spaulding leaves to-night for Hatteras with reinforcements. The steamer Baltimore is also on the way with naval stores.

The Sloop-of-war Jamestown has arrived from the blockade off Florida, but brings no news of importance.

The appointment of Gen. Reynolds to the chief command at Hatteras Inlet gives universal satisfaction.

At Old Point vigorous measures are being taken for fitting out expeditions to the Southern coast under Gen. Wool's command.

The army here is obtaining a good degree of discipline, and the troops are impatient to meet the enemy.

NEW YORK, 11th.

A rebel agent named Miner was arrested yesterday while about consummating the purchase of a machine for mining cannon. \$300,000 was also seized which was to be devoted to the same enterprise.

British schooner Albion from Matanzas for St. John, N. B., arrived this morning in charge of a prize crew from the sloop-of-war Jamestown, owing to some informality in her papers.

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N. K. SAWYER, Publisher and Proprietor, N. K. SAWYER, Editor.

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FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1861.

VOLUME VII, NUMBER XXXIV.

The Vote in this County.

The vote in this County is so near in what we can get at pretty near the correct result for Governor, and approximate the state of the vote for the County officers.—

The majority of Governor Washburn in this County, this year, over both Jameson and Dana, will exceed his majority last year over Smart and Barnes, by about fifty votes. The Republican majority on County officers, will be about the same as last year: the lowest on the ticket will have 800 majority over all other candidates, and the highest, perhaps 900. We cannot estimate this vote with exactness, because in some towns we have to take the Governor vote as a basis.

The Jameson vote exceeds our estimate a little, which comes through the activity of the leaders for a few days before the election, and the staying at home of the Danites, in this town. The Jameson vote is made up of about six hundred Democrats, one hundred and seventy straight Whigs, and the balance of Republicans.

The Dana vote will exceed the Jameson vote, when all in, about 100.

The Fusion ticket for County officers will get about the same vote as the Danites, though Woodard for Register of Deeds will run ahead of Newbegin, perhaps one hundred votes.

The Union majority in the County will be near 2,000.

The Republicans of Hancock.

The sterling and reliable Republicans of this County never appeared to better advantage than to-day. Ignoring all side issues, and discarding all selfish considerations and mercenary appeals, the indomitable and invincible Republican party marched to the polls in solid columns and by their ballots said to Governor Washburn, "we approve your noble and patriotic course in assisting the Government to put down armed rebellion." In sustaining Governor Washburn, the National Administration is strengthened and encouraged.

It is also dealing justly and honorably by those in authority. The party man or citizen, who, by his influence and vote, has been instrumental in bringing men into official position, and then neglects to sustain and encourage such by vote and counsel, merely because he imagines he has not been dealt fairly with, has to learn yet how to "act well his part" in the political arena. When men whom we have assisted to official position become corrupt, and are direct in duty or false in principle, then all the political friends of such are exonerated from any further responsibility in the matter, if they, as in duty bound, refuse any longer to sustain them. But for grave men—men who claim to be governed by fixed principles, and to be guided by an honorable ambition,—to find pretenses to do a wrong, because somebody else has, or because, forsooth, they have been neglected in the dispensation of political honors,—is a double wrong—it is wronging themselves and their party friends too.

But thanks to the clear good sense of the masses—and Kossuth said the instinct of the masses is nearer right than the wisdom of the learned few—the Republican party remains very nearly intact.—There have been but few desertions. Some of the few who have proved false at this critical time have been for years in all sorts of isms, and have had a hand in getting up all sorts of bolting, or side caucuses. A few of this sort can well be spared. The honest portion who have been deceived will soon be all right again. But the party, as before stated, comes out of this contest, stronger, better united, and more thoroughly aroused to a sense of its dangers from internal foes, and a firm determination to stand by its standard, and its standard bearers, than ever before.

In so doing, it is rendering the greatest possible aid to the Union and the cause of our common country. While it is the great Union party of the country, let it through its organization, and its primary meetings, extend a cordial invitation to those of all other parties, who desire to be right now, if they have been wrong in the past, to join it and share in its responsibilities and in its favors.

VOTE FOR 1860.—The official vote for Governor, last year, was as follows:—

Israel Washburn, Jr., 70,030
Ephraim K. Smart, 52,350
Pineus Barnes, 1,735
Scattering, 29

Washburn's plurality, 17,680.

Vote of Ellsworth, the 9th.

For Governor: Israel Washburn, Jr., republican, 430
Charles D. Jameson, war democrat, 171
John W. Dana, anti-war democrat, 31

For Senators: Aaron P. Emerson, rep., 379
John M. Noyes, rep., 376
Elen L. Higgins, war dem., 324
C. A. Spofford, supported by fusionists, 170
Daniel Harriman, anti-war dem., 30
Edward Brewer, anti-war dem., 30

For County Attorney: Eugene Hale, rep., 370
Arthur F. Drinkwater, fusion, 167
Bushrod W. Hinckley, anti-war dem., 30

For Sheriff: Nathan Walker, rep., 380
Jesse Hinckley, war dem. and fusion, 216
Erasmus Redman, anti-war dem., 32

For County Treasurer: William H. Pillsbury, rep., 329
William H. Chamberlain, indep. & fusion, 284
Alonzo Cully, anti-war dem., 20

For Register of Deeds: James W. Davis, rep., 381
George W. Newbegin, fusion, 124
Stephen B. Woodard, anti-war dem., 37

For County Commissioners: William H. Sargent, rep., 376
Simon Allen, fusion, 219
Reuben H. Gray, anti-war dem., 30

For Representative to the Legislature: Joseph T. Grant, rep., 393
Arno Wiswell, war-dem. and fusion, 235
Thomas Haynes, anti-war dem., 27
Humphrey Saunders, 1

It will be noticed that those on the Fusion ticket of Republican antecedents run behind those on the same ticket of Democratic antecedents. This was occasioned principally by some Douglas Democrats voting for only a part of the ticket nominated at the Fusion Convention. They had nothing to do with the meeting and therefore voted for whom they pleased, utterly refusing to affiliate with disaffected Republicans.

Vote of Hancock County.

Washburn, Jameson, Dana.

Amherst, 46 18 13
Bluehill, 197 41 69
Brooklin, 100 10 18
Brooksville, 105 42 61
Bucksport, 347 88 108
Castine, 102 42 10
Cranberry Isle, 60 60 60
Deer Isle, 102 118 12
Dedham, 34 3 16
Ellsworth, 430 171 31
Elen, 101 17 54
Eustace, 15 11 4
Franklin, 74 27 14
Gouldsboro', 173 19 73
Hancock, 100 19 22
Long Island, 60 60 60
Marblehead, 45 8 60
Mt. Desert, 85 25 30
Orland, 290 23 94
Otis, 60 60 60
Penobscot, 138 57 83
Sedgewick, 128 21 45
Sullivan, 34 21 25
Swan Island, 60 60 60
Surry, 84 84 9
Trenton, 165 13 104
Trenton, 88 67 43
Verona, 10 1 34
No. 7, 3 60 60
No. 21, 60 60 60
No. 33, 60 60 60

2,988 946 972

—Thomas Warren, Union Democrat, is elected Representative for the Deer Isle district. Daniel N. Bray, Republican, for Brooklin &c. Haskell W. Johnson, Republican, for Bluehill &c. Herman Cousins, Republican, for Trenton &c. Gilbert E. Simpson, Republican, for Gouldsboro' &c. Wm. E. Hadlock, Republican, for Mt. Desert &c. Have not heard from the Bucksport district.

—The candidate for Representative in the Surry district, who was on both the Dana and the Jameson ticket, only got about half the Democratic vote. Were both sides afraid of him, or how is the above fact to be accounted for?

—Wm. E. Hadlock, Esq., Republican, is elected Representative in the Mt. Desert district, by 115 majority. The majority last year in the same district was 100.

—The candidate for Representative in the Franklin district was voted for by the Danites and the Unionists. He is a hard-shell Democrat, we are informed.

—Haskell W. Johnson, the Republican candidate for Representative to the Legislature for Bluehill, Surry and Dedham, was elected by 259 majority.

The Douglas Democrats.

The Douglas Democrats of this county had the necessary pluck to place themselves right on the record in the recent election, by voting for Jameson for Governor. They would have stood much better, however, had they held a County Convention and nominated a straight ticket. But instead of this, or of seeking a fair alliance with the Republican party, they went to bed with a few disappointed Republicans, and fooled away the few short hours between their bolting from the Democratic County Convention and the election, in concocting plans to break up the Republican organization. They found few willing hands in this work and those abundantly able to supply any amount of advice, information, statistics and plans, but lacking in all the characteristics which go to make up a "healthy political organization."

We desire to give them all honor for their good intentions and praiseworthy resolutions as to supporting the country, but as to their judgment in adapting means to an end, they signally failed.

TRENTON, Sept. 9th, '61.

Friend Sawyer.

The Union bait took well in Trenton, and the copper-heads got quite a shoal of Republicans well entrapped. Some tinkers took the bait, when the copper-heads exposed the bare hook by cutting out C. A. Spofford's name, the only Republican on the Union ticket. On discovering the deception the No. Ones struck out into deep water.

A. B.

PROVOKING.—To depend upon men of prominence for election returns, and then receive letters from such and not a word said about the footings. Orland and Bucksport friends deserve a medal for their attention in this particular. Not a word as to the vote for county officers from them.

The Union Sizzle.

The sun total of the sizzle in this county may be footed up as follows:—A few itching and uneasy Republicans went over to one division of the Democratic party, and then they all, like the fly on the wheel, exclaimed, "see what a dust I (we) have kicked up." Shallow water makes the most noise; barking dogs seldom bite; boasting men are brave, and over confident men rarely succeed. So in the matter of getting up a new party in Ellsworth and the County of Hancock, there has been plenty of "hard swearing of our army in Flanders," but precious little of performance for such loud promises. We were kindly, and no doubt, patriotically reminded, by a neophyte Republican in a leader in his organ, that "revolutions never go backwards." In our blindness we did not see his "revolution," and by the help of the election returns we cannot detect it; and, therefore shall remain in the dark as to that "revolution."

Until some Madame, who practices astrology, enlightens the world. But in all seriousness it is well to look back on the past few weeks' work and its result, and then compare it with the expectations of our friends. From observation, and personal inquiry in some towns, we know that the Fusion party really supposed they should carry, Ellsworth, Surry, Bluehill, Penobscot, Brooksline, Franklin, Sullivan and Deer Isle; and in about all the up river towns there would be a fusion majority. The thing was made as plain as it could be by "bad logic and a paucity of voters of the right kind. Said an honest man, and a believer in the new dispensation, to us in Bluehill, "about every vote in Surry will be for the so-called Union candidates." Now read the return table as evidence of the unsoundness of this opinion. The fact was he had listened too ardently to men who did not know whereof they affirmed.

Many a ranting of scheming men is sent before its time into this breathing world, before it has made up its mind as to the risk of being "cured" of an over propensity to quote from Goldsmith, by the attic self of the political editor of a neutral agricultural paper, we must, again upon so good authority, say, that "the love of an old man for a young lady is a rare and rare love."

Union party had no common bond, uniting it with hooks of steel. It was not the child of necessity, nor the child of congenial parents. It was a mere station house acquaintance,—a congregation of all sorts of two-legged humans, of all religions, political opinions, aspirations, desires, expectations and dispositions, but they were alike in this respect: they were going away from home and they had an eye on each other to see if all was safe.

One dollar had invested in the venture, one dollar and a quarter and had proclaimed it in public, so that if a prize by any accident should come up, such magnanimity might meet with its reward. The other portion had performed one good deed, it had broken from the old seash drive, but the next plunge was a fatal one. The bridge from Whiting's Hall to Lord's, was the way to death. Reckless Russia Salve is no panacea for broken limbs and sore heads of a political type; and the band which left the one Hall for the other had no "secure all" for the many sick ones who were to be their co-workers. The union, we say, was not a congenial one nor an honest one. The way that the Republican names on the Union ticket were cut out, evidences this. It was a move, as one remarked, to break up the Republican party so that a particular phase of the democracy might succeed next year.

The Republican Caucus.

The Republican Town Committee of this town, in calling the Caucus to select a candidate for Representative to the Legislature, invited all to attend who were in favor of prosecuting the war to a successful termination; but few except Republicans attended.

The meeting was at Lord's Hall, and was organized by the choice of Geo. W. Brown, Esq., as Chairman, and P. W. Perry, Secretary.

On proceeding to ballot for a candidate, the result was reported.

Whole number of votes, 106
Joseph T. Grant had 104
Scattering,

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

ARMY ENVELOPES, with the name of the person addressed, number of regiment and letter of company, printed to order, at this office.

WE are in want of some **Hard Wood** in payment for subscription to the *American*. Will those intending to supply us take notice.

RAIN.—It commenced to rain here on Wednesday afternoon; and the parched earth for years, in this section, has not needed rain so much as at this time. The pastures, the crops, and finally all vegetation has already suffered badly for want of rain.

FLAG RAISING.—A very handsome flag-staff was raised at McAdams, Bluehill, on Saturday last, and a splendid flag raised aloft. The people gathered together to witness the raising and were addressed by Eugene Hale and N. K. Sawyer, Esqrs., of Ellsworth.

ACCIDENT AT SEA.—Lost from on board schooner *Texas* of Beverly, N. D. Osgood master. August 30th, sixty-five miles WNW from Sable Island, in lat. 44 deg. 26 N. lon. 61 deg. 40 W., a promising young man by the name of **Della Carlisle**, of West Ellsworth, Me., aged 18 years.

—We understand that there is to be a grand horse trotting fair at the trotting park in Bangor on the first day of October. Premiums to the amount of \$600 in all, are to be offered and the fair is to be open to all the horses in the State.

—The steam mill of L. B. Ulmer & Co. is in operation again, and farmers can have their grinding and bolting done at this mill as formerly.

—The Hancock County Fair is to be held this year, according to the vote last spring, the 8th, 9th, and 10th of October.

PRESENTATION.—W. F. Lane, 1st Lieut. of Co. G, 8th Regiment, was presented on Saturday with a sword by Elijah Orent, Esq., and a revolver by Capt. Joseph Thomas, all of Ellsworth.

—At the next election of officers, after the promotion of Capt. Rice, of the Ellsworth company, Augustus A. Hoyt was chosen Captain, "Wilber F. Lane 1st Lieut., Edwin B. Bates 2d Lieut.

—The annual Bazaar of the West Washington County Agricultural Society will be held on Tuesday and Wednesday, September 24th and 25th.

—The Philadelphia *Ledger* notices the revival of business in that city. The manufacturing establishments, especially, are active.

—The Postmaster General has directed that mail facilities be restored to Paducah, Ky., the place being in the hands of the Federal authorities now.

—Richard Carter of Brooklyn, had his fish house and oil burned up one day last week. Loss considerable for him.

—The fishermen in Bluehill Bay and Frenchman's Bay, did a good week's work, as we learn from a correspondent, in catching porgies, the last week. This fish has been scarce this season.

—Within the next six months it is probable that an addition of \$50,000,000 will be made to the circulation of the country, through the issue by the Government of the \$5 and \$10 demand notes.

WE have commenced a table giving the vote of each town in the county and for each and all of the candidates voted for, except the Representatives, but cannot print it this week, as Buckport, Orland, Aurora, Wetmore, Isle, Swan's Isle, Otis, Long Island, and Eastbrook have not yet been heard from. We shall publish the list next week; and give in this issue, the vote for Governor in such towns as heard from, and the aggregate of all the towns heard from for county officers.

"BLOOD WILL TELL."—A gentleman from the State of Maine, who formerly lived in the neighborhood of Freedom, informs us that some forty years since the father of Robert, recently arrested for treason, was the son of the murder of his own child.—*W. L. Journal.*

REWARD which did the deed for the father, was the possession of the Sheriff of this State, and can be had for the son.—*W. L. Journal.*

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Being distilled in 1849, and manufactured expressly for medicinal purposes, it is a pure, unadulterated, and of the highest quality of Kentucky Whiskey.

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