Coastal Sand Dune Geology
Raynes Neck, York, Maine
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MAPPING MAINE'S DYNAMIC DUNES

Maine's coastal beaches and dune are constantly changing. Erosion or accretion can reshape the beach and dunes over time so remapping is needed for resource protection and coastal development. This map updates and supersedes the previous Beach and Dune Geology Aerial Photo series maps (Dickson, 2001) that were based on 1986 aerial photographs and field work. Using ESRI ArcGIS, each 1986 photograph was georeferenced, using a minimum of four ground control points per image, to orthophotographs from spring 2003 ORTHO_1F (1-ft resolution) and April 2001 ORTHO_HF (0.5-ft resolution) from the Maine Office of GIS. Previously mapped frontal dune and back dune boundaries were digitized, checked for accuracy, and adjusted using the newer photographs in combination with field work and 2004 Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) topography from the NOAA Coastal Services Center (6.5-ft ground spacing; vertical accuracy 0.7 feet at a 95% confidence interval). Some dune boundaries were moved slightly to reflect more accurate data and current geology. Erosion Hazard Area boundaries were mapped according to the existing definition using historical shoreline change data, geomorphology, FEMA flood maps, and field evidence of storm washover in dunes.

COASTAL SAND DUNE RULES

The Maine Natural Resources Protection Act (NRPA: Title 38 Section 480-D) requires that new coastal development will not unreasonably (1) interfere with the natural supply or movement of sand or gravel within or to the sand dune system; (2) increase the erosion hazard to the sand dune system; (3) cause or increase the flooding of the dunes or adjacent properties; (4) interfere with the natural flow of any surface or subsurface waters; (5) inhibit the natural transfer of soil from the terrestrial to marine or freshwater environments; (6) harm any significant wildlife habitat, threatened or endangered plant habitat, travel corridor, freshwater, estuarine or marine life; or (7) interfere with existing scenic, aesthetic, recreational, or navigational uses.

Permits are usually required for building projects located in Maine's coastal sand dune system. The Coastal Sand Dune Rules, Chapter 355, of the Maine Department of Environmental Protection clarify the criteria for obtaining a permit under NRPA (in regard to coastal sand dune systems). The rules outline classes of projects which are exempt from the requirement of obtaining a permit. For all other projects, the rules outline standards which must be met to satisfy the statutory criteria. The rules are based on the location of the project within the sand dune system.

Additional Sources of Information

Contact the Maine Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Land and Water Quality, 17 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333 for information regarding the Coastal Sand Dune Rules and the Natural Resources Protection Act.

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