

## BULL MOOSE BILL FAVORED

Votes 92 to 43 Refusing to Indefinitely Postpone Measure

Augusta, March 4.—The house of representatives Thursday by a vote of 92 to 43, refused to indefinitely postpone the bill providing for a four years' close time on bull moose. This action was taken after a protracted debate in which an effort was made to upset the unanimous report of the fish and game committee favoring a close time. The debate followed closely along the lines of argument brought out at the committee hearing which was fully reported in the Commercial at the time.

Rep. Washburn of Perry led the move for the indefinite postponement making a protracted but effective speech in which he argued that the law was unnecessary. Rep. St. Clair of Calais supported Mr. Washburn and said there was no evidence before him that there was any need for the proposed close time in Washington country at least. A similar view of the matter was taken by Rep. Westcott of Bluehill. Rep. Tuttle Caribou said he believed bull moose were more plenty in northern Aroostook at the present time than ever before. Rep. Webb of Cherryfield also spoke of the indefinite postponement.

Come to my house;—A real home nest,  
Just under Mount Bigelow's lofty crest,  
If you want fishing, hunting, health and rest  
Please put my statements to the test.  
If you come just once, you'll find it true,  
We have them all, and more, to offer you;  
Now don't get worried,—You can't get "blue"  
In the center of "God's own Country".

HOTEL BLANCHARD,  
STRATTON MAINE. E. H. GROSE, Prop.

The debate in favor of supporting the committee was led by Rep. Pierce of Houlton who declared that the house should stand behind Fish and Game Commissioner Austin who had gone over the matter carefully and asked for the close time for the benefit of the entire state. He expressed the fear that bull moose would disappear as have buffalo in the west unless some measure for their protection was taken.

Rep. Thombs of Lincoln made a strong argument in favor of the close time, urging that the interests of the state as a whole be considered rather than of one section. He declared the legislature owed a debt to posterity, a view of the matter taken by Rep. Gallagher of Bangor who also favored the committee report.

Others who argued in favor of the proposed law were Drummond of Winslow, Gerrish of Greenville and Wyman of Kingsbury. Rep. Morris of Bluehill said he thought there were more bull moose in Hancock county on Nov. 1, last, than in the entire rest of the state together. He said seven were seen in the town of Trenton in one day.

At the conclusion of the debate the vote was taken with the above result.

### BIG BOB CAT CAUGHT IN TRAP

A big bob cat, weighing 16 pounds, was caught the other day in a trap set by Frank Cyr near Milford and taken to Old Town. It is thought to have been the same which recently killed a deer in that section, the mutilated body having been found and several trappers setting traps for his catship.

## COMMISSIONER ELECTED MAYOR

Blaine S. Viles Has Six Aldermen and Ten of Council.

Hon. Blaine S. Viles of Augusta, is receiving congratulations from all over Maine for his election as mayor with a splendid victory.

Augusta came back to its own Monday and in one of the greatest struggles that has yet taken place between the two great political parties. The vote polled was a big one, 2,939.

This is the greatest political victory that the Republican party has won in Augusta for years.

It goes without question that Mr. Viles will make a very popular and able mayor for the city, as he did as one of the members of the Fish and Game Commission of Maine.

## THE MAN, SQUIRREL AND THE TREE

Crisfield, Me., March 9, 1915.

To the Editor of Maine Woods:

The man, the squirrel and the tree question is still open for discussion, I presume, by the Maine Woods readers.

This is surely an old question and much argued which it would be hard to find an unbiased jury to answer.

In my earliest days I remember of hearing my father and uncle discussing this question when they wanted to give politics or religion a rest.

My father maintained that the man in going around the tree went around everything on the tree, squirrel included, no matter if Mr. Squirrel did keep always going the same rate as the man around the trunk.

I believed it then and still have the same opinion, for what "Pa" said was always true.

Gertrude I. Barrows.

## THE PASSING OF JOHN CHADWICK

Popular and Well-Known Proprietor of Upper Dam House.

(Special to Maine Woods.)

Upper Dam, Me., March 2, 1915.—At his home in Holden, Me., February 24, occurred the death of John Chadwick, who for many years was proprietor of the Upper Dam House, Upper Dam, Me.

Mr. Chadwick was one of the pioneers of the lake region, coming to Upper Dam when but seventeen years of age in the employ of E. S. Coe and Pingree. Later he entered the employ of the Union Water Power Co., and served them about thirty years, fifteen of which he was proprietor of the Upper Dam House, retiring from business six years ago.

He was a man beloved and respected by all who knew him for his honesty and frankness and genial disposition—a friend to every man. He leaves a wife, four sons and three daughters: Lewis P. Chadwick of Brewer, Me., proprietor of Chadwick's Camps, West Branch Ponds, Me., G. Walter, one of the present proprietors of the Upper Dam House, Mrs. Leroy W. Jordan, So. Portland, John S., of Bangor, Gertrude A., a member of the graduating class, Higgin's Classical Institute, Charleston, Me., Fred and Barbara at home.

Mr. Chadwick had been in poor health for several months, but for a few weeks was thought to be gaining, when death suddenly laid claim. Much sympathy is felt for the bereaved family. Mr. Chadwick was aged about 70 years.

## CAPT. BARKER ON THE SHOW

Next Year's Show to Be a "Harker" They Say.

Bemis, Me., March 9, 1915.

To the Editor of Maine Woods:

At the Sportsman's Show in New York Nash had a good showing of fish and game and got many compliments for his work. He had with him for helpers, a Mr. Griffin, Bob Martin and a Norway man.

The Maine log camp that Messrs. Grose and Carville had there, sold at a good figure as well as one that the New Brunswick guides had.

It came the nearest to an old fashioned sportsman's show of anything that they have had for years and I think that the people were well pleased with it. There were plenty of balsam trees on all sides; some fine ducks, a good showing of live rabbits, two bobcats, a black bear and ten hedgehogs and also a trunk full of snakes that The Old Dominion Star Line man looked after and was accommodating enough to lend one to any lady who cared to use it in place of a fur about her neck.

The attendance at the show was not as large as we all would have liked to have it. All spoke very highly of Capt Dressell.

Buffalo Jones was there as usual with his moving pictures of animals and views of the capture of them in the Yellowstone Park.

Capt. Dressell and others say that they will have a show next season that will be a "harker."

Wanted the Job Completed.

The visiting lady had kept her hostess at the open door fully half an hour saying good-by. Finally an irate masculine voice indoors called out: "Say, Maria, if you're going out, go; if you're staying, stay; but for heaven's sake don't ooze out."—Harrer's Magazine.



VILES MAYOR OF AUGUSTA.

## MONDAY APRIL 12, MAINE STATE DAY

San Diego, Cal., March.—Reaching a climax with the celebration of Patriots' Day on Monday, April 19, the 140th anniversary of the battles of Lexington and Concord, one week and a day, beginning April 12, will be devoted to New England at the San Diego Exposition; and if plans now being made by the Exposition authorities in conjunction with officials of New England societies and states do not miscarry, the celebration will be one of the most magnificent ever held.

On Monday, April 12, Maine State Day will be celebrated at the Exposition. Tuesday will be New Hampshire Day; Wednesday, Vermont Day; Thursday, Massachusetts Day; Friday, Connecticut Day; and Saturday Rhode Island Day. On Sunday, special exercises will be held in memory of the patriots who nearly a century and a half ago laid the foundations of the United States; and on Monday, will follow more elaborate ceremonies and games in honor of those who fought for freedom.

That thousands of New Englanders and former New Englanders will make the trip to San Diego to take part in this series of celebrations is which those who are in charge of the

indicated by the enthusiasm with which day exercises are greeted wherever they turn in search of co-operation. Former New Englanders in the Southwest have pledged themselves to do all in their power to see to it that the travelers from the east are made to feel at home when they arrive for the celebration; and letters from New England indicate that thousands of people from that section of the country will be on hand to take part in the exercises.

The fact that the low railroad rates are in effect makes it possible for the trip to be made at a comparatively small cost. Many localities are planning special trains, which will bear state and town officials in addition to large delegations from the various districts.

Odd and Even.

His Wife—"I don't want you to be coming home at such odd hour." Husband—"All right, dear, I'll try to make it four instead of three."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Only Education of Value.

Reading and writing are in no sense education, unless they contribute to this end by making us feel kindly towards all creatures.—Ruskin.

Really Enlightening.

"Coffee causes stomach trouble and old age," declares a great national advertiser. Hadn't you often wondered what causes old age?

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### TIM POND CAMPS

Individual Camps, Rock Fire-places, Fly and Bait Fishing. Lake and Stream Fishing for Trout. Telephone. Daily Mail. Write for Booklet.

JULIAN K. VILES & SON, Tim, Franklin Co., Me.

Tho' Jack Frost is around  
And his presence we feel,  
Soon Spring will be here  
And the song of the reel

To find out about it, write to  
**ED. GRANT & SONS CO.,**  
KENNEBAGO, MAINE  
GRANTS' CAMPS

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Bald Mountain Camps are situated at the foot of Bald Mountain on Mooselookmeung Lake. Near the best fishing grounds, First class steamboat connections—Auto road to camps—Telephone connections—Two mails daily—Write for free circular.  
AMOS ELLIS, Prop'r., Bald Mountain, Maine

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Mountain View, Maine.

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DEAD RIVER REGION

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## HUNTING RESORT

This territory is unsurpassed in Maine. It is easy of access and nearly all the camps are open through the Hunting Season. Deer, Bear, Partridge, Duck and small game are very abundant.

The SANDY RIVER & RANGELEY LAKES RAILROAD

Issues a descriptive booklet of this territory, containing map of entire region, which will be furnished upon application to

F. N. BEAL, General Manager, Phillips, Maine.



# Fly Rod's Note Book

BY FLY ROD

The Tavern,  
Rangeley, Maine,  
March 8, 1915.

The past few days have been clear and springlike. The severe rain ten days ago took much of the snow off, and the lakes that were drawn off last fall are filling. The ice must be firm for I watched a four-horse team with a big load of wood come across this morning.

The last rain which covered the snow, left a smooth surface of ice, and there is great skating. A party came up from Mountain View yesterday, said it was the best this winter.

When the wind comes up, the ice boat, which Mr. Riddle, the druggist, and Mr. Zachariah of New Zealand have, can be seen as with the stars and stripes flying, they go over the lake, often at the speed of a mile in two minutes.

Business at this hotel has been very good for winter time, often 20 arrivals in a day, some to tarry but for dinner while others would remain for several days.

Miss Katherine Nice of Ogontz, Penn., who is here for the winter, accompanied her mother, who has been visiting here for several weeks, as far as Phillips when she left for home Tuesday.

H. P. Smith of Commonwealth Avenue, Boston, with his guide, Herman Huntoon has been enjoying several days' stay at his beautiful camp

on the shore of Rangeley lake, and with his family will as usual pass the summer there.

Clyde and Ray Ellis, who bought the boat shop and business of Ernest Haley are now rushing work, as they have over 40 motor boats to put in first-class shape before the ice goes out.

Oniah Ellis, who for the summer has charge of the "Troll," Frederick Skinner, the Boston angler's boat, is now gumming on Spotted Mountain.

Loring Haley is home and very much improved in health.

"Tell us more about the guides in your next Maine Woods Note Book" wrote a New Yorker, and I wish I could write of everyone of the Rangeley guides, for they are the best fellows that ever netted a fish, rowed over the lakes, or tramped miles of the wilderness trail.

I met Sid Harden the other morning, who drove in from Camp Eothen on Long Pond for mail and supplies. Sid said, "we are wintering mighty well, but with these old clothes on, I don't dare stop at the farmhouses just because I am afraid some old woman will hook me into a rug."

Ara Ross and Carol Hewey are cutting hundreds of railroad ties in the woods this winter.

Aaron Soule and Eugene Soule are both spending the winter in their pretty cozy homes here in the village.

Frank Philbrick has returned from Barnjum's mills where he worked this winter.

Frank Stewart and wife have been visiting in New York for several weeks.

Al Sprague and Rube Wilbur came out from Little Kennebago a few days ago, bringing with them over 1,000 pounds of gum which they have shipped to the city.

Ben Gile who plays in the orchestra for the dances in summer time, is making music filing saws in a lumber camp.

Frank Huntoon is hauling pulp wood and Geo. Henry Huntoon, is on a farm.

Harry Nelson drives a meat cart around the town.

Leeman Wilcox is cutting wood at York Camps.

Jim, Abe, and Dan Ross, also Clyde Wilcox are hauling pulp wood at Long Pond.

Cliff McKenney and Elmer Woodbury are at their home in Auburn. Frank Harris is on his farm, but will be ready for his old parties in May.

Board McCard is sawing up a big pile of hard wood at home.

Herb Moore is driving a team at the logging camp on Spotted Mountain.

The Lufkin boys, Pete, Archie, Will and Herb are all at their home in Madrid for the winter.

George Snowman will have everything in order at the Bliss place on the Kennebago road before the family come as usual for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Herrick will, in May, go to the camp of Garrett Hobert, for he has written, they plan to come for the early fishing.

They have had a delightful winter at their fine home on High street, and have had a gentleman from New Zealand with them. Mr. A. Zachariah, who never before had a sleighride or walked on snowshoes or was on skates, has greatly enjoyed the novelty of winter way down in Maine, and is very enthusiastic over our winter sports. Like many others he predicts that this will be a great winter resort as soon as people in our cities learn what a wonderful and beautiful place this is in winter.

Warden Ed Lowell accompanied by Guy Pickle is now making a trip on the Canadian border, looking after the interests of the game. This is Mr. Pickle's vacation time for he has had a busy winter, having 142 deer heads to mount. Many have called at his shop to see the two-headed calf that was sent from Strong to be mounted for it is a great curiosity. There are also owls, hawks, etc., which he has set up, a big bear skin, three foxes and a wild cat skin to be made into rugs.

Two of the Rangeley selectmen Charles L. Harnden and Jesse W. Ross are well-known guides. I made them a call in the selectmen's office one morning, and they were just completing a list of the amount of property owned by non-residents, whose cottages on the shore of the lake from the village to the outlet could be lighted by the proposed new electric light company, and find it to be about \$125,000. A great interest is being taken in this new company and all hope they will be able to get the charter asked for.

Last year Mr. Harnden bought over \$6,000 worth of fur from the hunters and trappers, but said fur has not been so cheap for many years as at present, and this winter he has bought only about \$1,000 worth and that last year he would have been able to pay \$2,000 for the same.

Mr. Ross is in charge of the new camp to be built for W. A. Garrigues of Plainfield, N. J., and has nearly 200 logs cut for it. Mr. Garrigues owns 395 acres of land with an extensive shore on the lake, and will build their summer home in what is now known as the pasture on the shore in Ross cove nearest the village, and intends with his family to pass many weeks annually at the Rangeleys.

Capt. Fred C. Barker has returned from his New York trip and was in town this week. With a crew of men he is now busy getting everything at his camps at Bemis, The Birches and The Barker ready for the usual rush of summer tourists that he entertains.

It commences to look like spring in this part of the world and everyone is talking of the improvements

to be made, etc.

Here at the Tavern they are now painting and papering eight rooms and will continue the work of getting ready for the first fishermen after the ice goes out, which even now some think will be early, while others are sure it will be the middle of May.

Fly Rod.

## BILL FOR CONTROL OF THE FORESTS

Augusta, Feb. 25.—Senate document No. 99 is one of the most important bills in the whole Legislature.

According to those who are back of it—and all the men interested in the preservation of the forests of Maine are said to favor it—the measure will do more to benefit the State than any other one thing. It is entitled "An Act for the Preservation, Perpetuation and Increase of the Forests of the State of Maine." If it will do all the title says it will, then there is no doubt of the good that will follow.

Mention of this bill has already been made in The Press, but as those who read it and understand it have pointed out, there is more to the measure than appears on the surface. In brief the act would give the State land agent full charge of all the State forests with the right to reforest areas and to regulate the cutting of trees. Incidentally, he would have charge over auxiliary forests which are created by the act.

It is in the creation of the auxiliary forests that the bill is said to have its most valuable asset. These auxiliary forests are to include all areas owned by corporations, firms or individuals, which are now covered by trees or which may be planted with trees which the owners may wish to be included in the auxiliary forests.

If the owners of auxiliary forests wish to do any cutting, then they must file an application in duplicate in which the location of the tracts to be cut, with the names and addresses of the permittee, the stumpage price and other facts are set forth.

There is no compulsion for an owner to be included in the auxiliary forests, but it would be greatly for the benefit of the owners to identify themselves with the movement. At the present time, in York county, as well as in others of the southern counties of the State, timber has been slashed and stripped from the ground with no seed of any kind left behind. With this new bill a law, it is asserted the growth of young forests would be stimulated.

Under present conditions, owners are continually being called upon to pay a tax on the standing timber. If they do not cut it, they pay the tax just the same and the taxes accumulate from year to year until, it is argued, they amount to such a sum that a man has to cut his timber to save money and oftentimes is forced to cut young timber in order to make a profit on his investment.

The new bill would remove the tax on the standing timber. A tax would be levied on the land and then a graded excise tax on the timber as it was cut. For instance, if the law is passed, the excise tax in 1916 would be one-half of one per cent, in 1917, one per cent, and would increase by half a per cent a year until five per cent is reached. After that, five per cent is to be the permanent excise tax on all timber cut. Five per cent would have been made the tax the first year, only, as the advocates of the bill point out, an owner of timber would be paying a double tax, that which he has been forced to pay on the timber standing and a tax on the cutting. To relieve this burden, the graded tax has been provided. Should a man not do any cutting for several years, his tax would be just what would be fixed for that year.

By this method, it is pointed out that young forests would not be cut and all would be given an opportunity to allow their timber to grow to respectable size. No tax would be levied on the standing growth, for only the land would be taxed and no timber tax would be due until some of the growth were cut. A still further provision is made in the bill that when land is cut over not less than three seed-bearing pine or

spruce trees must be left for every acre cut. In this way, a permanent growth, under the direction of the State authorities will, at all times, be provided.

The hearing on this measure, which has come to be known as the Clark bill, because it was presented by Senator Clark of York will be held on March 9, and all owners of timber land as well as others interested in the preservation of the forests are expected to be present to thresh the matter out.

## PENNSYLVANIA HUNTER'S VIEWS

Oil City, Pa., March, 1915.

To the Editor of Maine Woods:

Enclosed find money order for another year of Maine Woods, the best sporting paper published in Maine.

And now for a few remarks on the so-called Buck Law, but should be called the "Chance Law," for that is the way it is worked both in Pennsylvania and New York states. What I mean is, the deer are sighted and killed. If a buck all is well, and if a doe and far enough away from wardens the saddle is taken to camp for meat and the rest goes for bob cats and foxes to thrive on.

I have hunted deer now for the past 26 years and I have killed just two deer where I have seen the horns before shooting. Do you think the people that the lumbermen hire to hunt will look for horns?

We have a resident hunting license here and I think it is all right. As for the non-resident fee, I will say nothing as I would only be called the same as others have been called, knockers, but I will say this, if it weren't for the revenue that is derived from the hunters I don't think the summer boarders would have a strong diet in Maine on Friday. And I know the camp owner would be better satisfied and would make more money if the thing went fifty on each side.

Enclosed you will find a card which tells you what kind we kill at Penobscot Lake.

Yours on the square,

E. B. Hutchinson

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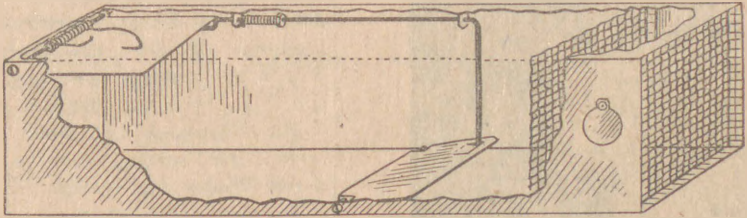
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Designed by an old experienced trapper, upon true scientific principles. Contains compartment for live bait. All working parts inside of trap. The trip action is adjustable to any desired tension.

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TRAPPERS SUPPLY COMPANY  
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Phillips, - Maine





# Ask Any Sickler Smoker Why

he sticks to Sickler plug and slices off each pipeful as he needs it.

Real tobacco flavor depends upon the leaf being preserved in its natural state, possible only by pressing the leaves into plug form and keeping it in by covering it with a natural leaf wrapper. The natural flavor and strength of tobacco escape when cut or granulated.

Take a Plug of Sickler that is even thoroughly dried out so that when you whittle it off it crumbles into dust, but it will burn and smoke smooth and cool as it has all of its original tobacco flavor preserved, unevaporated in Plug Form.

Whittling a pipeful is little trouble, amply repaid in both quality and quantity. Try this experiment and judge for yourself.

3 Ounces  
10c

Slice it as  
you use  
it



## ORGANIZED LEAGUE SHOOTING



FRANK J. KAHRS

Shooting men generally know that there are a number of regularly organized leagues for shooting, representing practically every branch of the sport. The general public, how-

ever, reads little or nothing on the subject, and except through an occasional paragraph in the daily press seldom comes in contact with any news concerning league activities. Notwithstanding, the fact remains that school boys, college men and just plain, every-day civilians go to their club ranges each week and shoot in competition with others of their class with the rifle, revolver and pistol.

Even a large majority of shooting men do not know that it was but five years ago that the first organized league for shooting was brought into existence, and being one of these concerned I am able to tell you just how it came about.

In the summer of 1909—June, to be exact—two prominent members of the National Capital Rifle & Revolver Club of Washington, D. C., met quite by accident, on the street, and in the course of their conversation, mostly on shooting topics, they discussed the question of organizing the numerous revolver clubs in the country into a league for the purpose of inter-club competition.

These two knights of the trigger were unanimous in the opinion that such a league, organized along the lines of our base ball leagues, would arouse great interest in the sport and stimulate activity in competition.

This informal conversation finally took the form of a communication to the United States Revolver Association, the governing body for pistol and revolver shooting in the United States. The Association immediately put the question before its affiliated clubs and members, and the result was a unanimous demand for a league composed of revolver clubs.

The first week of December of the same year saw fourteen of the most prominent pistol and revolver clubs in the country, extending from Maine to California, shooting on their twenty-yard indoor ranges in competition against teams of ten men from each organization.

At the end of about three months' shooting the Golden Gate Rifle & Pistol Club of San Francisco was tied with the Smith & Wesson Revolver Club of Springfield, Mass., for the championship of the league. Finally Hartford of the Manhattan Rifle & Revolver Association of New York City was the star individual performer, leading the league for the series.

Just as soon as the revolver league was organized the National Rifle Association of America, the governing body for the sport, was requested to organize a league among its affiliated rifle clubs. This was done, and twelve of the leading clubs formed the first inter-club rifle league. The colleges of the country quickly followed suit and ten teams made up the first inter-collegiate league. All of the rifle clubs shot at 75 feet on the regular N. R. A. gallery target, having a 1½ inch bull's-eye; 22 caliber target rifles

were used, and ten men composed each team.

The championship of the inter-club league for the year 1910 was won by the Rocky Mountain Rifle Club of Butte, Mont., after a shoot-off of a tie with the Winchester Rod & Gun Club of New Haven, Conn.

All of the inter-collegiate league shooting was at 50 feet, and each team consisted of ten men, firing ten shots each, standing, and ten shots prone, with any .22 caliber target rifle. The Washington State College won the championship of the league.

Thus we see that the shooting season of 1909 and 1910 was successfully inaugurated and concluded with the organization of three shooting leagues.

A large number of teams entered each of these leagues the following year; in fact it was necessary to divide the inter-club league into two parts, composed of an eastern and western division, because twenty-five clubs made application for admission.

The Rocky Mountain Rifle Club won the western championship and the Winchester Rod & Gun Club, the eastern championship. In the shoot-off for the inter-club gallery championship of the United States for 1911 the Rocky Mountain Club again proved the winner.

The inter-collegiate championship for the year 1911 was won by the team representing the University of Iowa, which team did not lose a single one of its fifteen matches.

The year 1911 also saw the organization of an inter-scholastic league, open to teams of high school boys representing the principal high schools of the country. After seventeen weeks of indoor competition between teams of ten school boys, each boy firing ten shots standing and ten shots prone, with .22 target rifles at 50 feet, the Morris High School of New York was declared the winner.

The inter-collegiate league championship of 1912 was won by the West Virginia University, with a record score of 998 out of the possible 1000, but only after a shoot-off with Harvard University. The Harvard team, however, won the eastern league championship.

The inter-scholastic league championship of 1913 was won by the Iowa City High School, its team not losing a single match of the series.

The year 1914 saw the organization of another inter-club league, known as the Short Range Rifle League, and conducted by Arms and The Man, with headquarters at Washington, D. C. Twenty-eight teams, the largest number ever competing in any organized league, formed the first league. After spirited competition throughout the indoor season the District of Columbia Rifle Association won the championship.

The N. R. A. league competitions of 1914 were successful in every way and the shooting was as good or better than ever before.

The inter-club league championship was again won by the Warren Rifle Club of Warren, Pa., its team not losing a single match.

The Deering High School of Portland, Maine, won the inter-scholastic league championship for 1914.

The Michigan Agricultural College won the eastern championship of the inter-collegiate league for 1914, winning all of its matches. The Washington State College won the championship of the western league.

The championship of the United States Revolver Association League, in which twenty-four teams from all sections of the country competed for supreme honors, was again won by the Smith & Wesson Revolver Club of Springfield, Mass.

The inter-club league championship in the year 1912 came to the East for the first time, the Park Club of Bridgeport, Conn., winning after a triple tie with New Haven and St. Paul. It was the most exciting finish imaginable, only one point separating the three teams in the final shoot-off.

The United States Revolver Association League Championship for 1912 was won by the Portland, Oregon, Revolver Club, whose team did not lose a single one of its twenty-three matches.

The inter-collegiate championship for 1912 for the western league was won by Iowa State College; the eastern league championship by the Massachusetts Agricultural College. In the shoot-off between these two colleges for the championship of

the United States the Massachusetts Agricultural College team won out, only two points separating the two teams.

The year 1913 saw some very phenomenal shooting in all of the leagues, but particularly in the inter-club league competition, where the Park Club of Bridgeport, Conn., hung up the undreamed-of record score of 998 out of the possible 1000. Despite this fine shooting, however, the Warren Rifle Club of Warren, Pa., won the championship, not losing a single one of its matches.

In the United States Revolver Association League the championship for the year was won by the Manhattan Rifle & Revolver Association after a shoot-off of tie with the Spokane Revolver Club of Spokane, Wash.

This year also saw the organization of a league of teams representing National Guard Companies of the several states. Twenty-one teams in various parts of the country competed in ten competitions. The Fourth Company Coast Artillery Reserves of the Oregon National Guard won the championship of the league. The Outdoor Short Range Rifle League competitions of last summer, in which 20 teams contested, aroused considerable enthusiasm all over the country in outdoor shooting. The Peters Rifle and Revolver Club of Kings Mills, Ohio, was the winner.

The present time sees all of these leagues in operation for the year 1915, with more teams entered than ever before and the spirit of competition steadily growing. Since these leagues have been organized there has been a steady increase in the number of rifle clubs formed in various parts of the country.

The foundation on which the league idea of shooting stands is that of creating interest among the citizens of the United States in the art of shooting. It is a pastime which has behind it all the principles of clean living and good habits. It educates the mind to co-ordination with the body and develops the faculties along the lines most desired. In all of the five years of organized league shooting there has not been a single serious accident. So shooting cannot be considered a dangerous sport, even when compared with foot ball or base ball, for instance.

In conclusion it may be stated that in practically every city or town in the United States there is a regularly organized rifle and revolver club or a place where one may enjoy the growing and popular sport of rifle shooting.

### IN THE SENATE

Senate 202. An Act additional to Chapter 32 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by Chapter 206 of the Public Laws of 1913, relating to the protection of fish, game and birds on the southerly point of Swan Island, in the town of Perkins, in the county of Sagadahoc.

Senate 203. An Act to amend Section 48 of Chapter 32 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by Chapter 206 of the Public Laws of 1913, relating to hunting on Kineo Point, in the county of Piscataquis.

Senate 204. Resolve for the purpose of operating the fish hatcheries and feeding stations for fish and for the protection of fish, game and birds; for printing the report of the commissioners of inland fisheries and game.

### Senate Reports

Ought not to pass on resolve asking for an appropriation of \$6000 to repair the highway from Stratton village in Eastis to Bigelow plantation, Franklin county; ought not to pass on resolve appropriating \$1000 to rebuild Capt. Rosier bridge over Goose Falls in town of Brooksville.

Brann of Winthrop—Act to amend the law relating to fishing in the tributaries to Berry pond in Winthrop, Kennebec county, closing the pond to all fishing.

Pierce of Houlton—Act to amend the Public Laws of 1913 relating to the registration of guides, providing that before a certificate is issued the applicant shall file with the commissioners of inland fisheries and game a certificate and affidavit signed by the municipal officers of the town in which he resides, setting forth that the applicant is a person of good moral character and sobriety and is deemed by them to be a suitable person to receive a certificate.

## NOMINAL LICENSE WOULD HELP

### Every Resident Should Realize the Immense Benefit from Outside Sportsmen.

To the Editor of Maine Woods:

Check enclosed for \$1.00 to pay subscription for "Maine Woods."

As a non-resident I think that a nominal license for residents would help the enforcement of the game laws because a warden could ask for a license and know positively where the hunter came from.

If a man in the woods with a gun doesn't have a license to hunt or a reasonable excuse for having the gun in his possession a game warden has a chance to prevent illegal hunting.

As the law is now, a non-resident can claim to be a resident and the warden can't disprove it without considerable trouble to himself and if he makes a mistake, he is in hot water.

Every resident of the state should realize that the game in his state brings thousands of dollars to it, that would not come if there was no inducement for outside sportsmen to spend their vacation in Maine, and a nominal fee for gunning and fishing for residents is not unfair when the general good for all is considered and if there is fish and game in plenty lots of money will come from outside the state and more than make up the small amount of a resident license. Particularly to the sporting camp owners and indirectly to the railroads, hotel keepers, merchants, etc.

I have been spending about two months in Maine for the last fifteen years and from my own experience I know that the game is getting scarcer every year, and a law that will prevent, if possible, the illegal killing by jacking and killing game before and after the season, particularly by the gunners employed by the lumber camps will conserve the game.

Non-resident sportsmen do not kill a great deal of game. They do get game some way or other, enough to encourage them to come again but if the game is much scarcer there won't be much inducement for them to come.

I should say that every deer killed, actually shot by a "sport" costs him at least \$50.00 and the argument is, it is worth saving all the deer you can, rather than kill them for meat at possibly a value of \$5.00 on the average.

This is an outsider's view of the value of Maine's game resources and I trust that it is not contrary to what the thinking men of your state believe.

Sincerely yours,  
Chas. J. Black.

## LOOKS GOOD FOR MAINE

George M. Moughon of Bangor, passenger traffic manager of the Bangor & Aroostook Railroad Co., has returned from New York, where he was in attendance at the great sportsmen's show there. He reports that the exposition was a big success and that the large amount of interest manifested in Maine summer resorts by visitors, gives promise of a most prosperous season in this state.

Maine certainly has an immense number of delightful and picturesque resorts which could well entertain the tourists of the nation with room to spare around the edges, and the state is becoming better known each year to the people of even distant states. In past seasons strangers have come from as far west as the states on the Pacific coast, ranging from that to the New England states.

The excellent advertising given the state of Maine by the Bangor & Aroostook and Maine Central has had an effect upon the visitors, who expend many thousands of dollars annually in their trips to Maine. The results are demonstrated in many practical ways, which leave no doubt in the minds of the promoters that their labors bear fruit.

## RAW FURS

Highest prices paid for all kinds of skins by a manufacturer

A. WEIBEL,  
476 Fulton St., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

## SANDY RIVER & RANGELEY LAKES RAILROAD TIME TABLE

In Effect, December 14th, 1914.

FARMINGTON Passenger Trains leave Farmington for Phillips, Rangeley, and Kingfield, at 6.23 A. M., and 1.37 P. M. For Phillips at 12.37 P. M., and for Phillips and Rangeley at 5.47 P. M. and for Phillips and Bigelow at 2.10 P. M.

MIXED TRAIN arrives at 9.35 A. M. and leaves at 11.40 A. M.

STRONG PASSENGER TRAINS leave for Farmington, at 6.23 A. M., and 1.37 P. M. For Phillips at 12.37 P. M., and for Phillips and Rangeley at 5.47 P. M. and for Kingfield at 5.50 P. M.

Passenger trains arrive from Farmington at 12.37 P. M. and 5.47 P. M. From Bigelow at 1.25 P. M.

MIXED TRAIN arrives from Phillips at 8.45 A. M. and from Bigelow at 2.10 P. M., and from Farmington at 11.45 A. M. Leaves for Phillips at 1.40 P. M. and for Farmington at 8.45 A. M.

PHILLIPS PASSENGER TRAINS leave for Farmington at 6.00 A. M. and 1.15 P. M. For Rangeley at 6.15 P. M.

Passenger trains arrive from Farmington at 12.55 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. From Rangeley at 12.20 P. M.

MIXED TRAIN leaves for Farmington at 7.30 A. M. Rangeley 2.20 P. M. and arrives from Farmington at 2.15 P. M. Rangeley 10.15 A. M.

RANGELEY PASSENGER TRAINS leave for Farmington at 10.40 A. M. and arrive at 8.00 P. M.

MIXED TRAIN arrives from Phillips at 8.45 P. M. and leaves at 7.30 A. M. SALEM PASSENGER TRAIN leaves at 1.00 P. M. for Farmington and arrives at 6.16 P. M.

KINGFIELD PASSENGER TRAIN leaves for Bigelow at 9.00 A. M. and 6.39 P. M. For Farmington at 12.40 P. M.

BIGLOW PASSENGER TRAIN leaves for Farmington at 10.50 A. M. Arrives from Kingfield at 10.00 A. M.

F. N. BEAL, Gen'l Manager,  
Phillips, Maine.



## MAINE WOODS

ISSUED WEEKLY

J. W. Brackett Co.  
Phillips, Maine

L. B. BRACKETT,  
Business Manager

### OUTING EDITION

pages ..... \$1.00 per year

### LOCAL EDITION

12 and 16 pages ..... \$1.55 per year  
Canadian, Mexican, Cuban and Panama sub-  
scription 50 cents extra. Foreign subscription  
75 cents extra.

Entered as second class matter, January 21,  
1909, at the postoffice at Phillips, Maine, under  
the Act of March 3, 1879.

The Maine Woods thoroughly covers the entire  
or Maine as to Hunting, Trapping, Camp-  
ing and Outing news, and the Franklin county  
daily.

Maine Woods solicits communications and fish  
and game photographs from its readers.

When ordering the address of your paper  
changed, please give the old as well as new  
address.

THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1915.

## SPORTSMAN'S NEW YORK SHOW

Maine's Exhibit Said to Be the  
Best in the Building.

There was a strong effort made  
this year to revive the old fashion-  
ed show, and the management under  
general management of Capt. J. A.  
H. Dressel, the manager of former  
successful shows, met with very flat-  
tering success from the standpoint  
of getting back old patrons, the old  
fashioned sportsman who wants to  
see a good show. The comments by  
these people were very satisfactory.

Maine's exhibit was unanimously  
said to be the best in the building.  
The general attendance was good and  
of people looking for a place to  
spend the summer vacation rather  
than mere visitors for an evening's  
entertainment. There was no pad-  
ding, i. e., the bringing in of a lot  
of Boy Scout Schools for deaf and  
dumb, etc., to make things look like  
a big attendance, but a straight bus-  
iness proposition from start to fin-  
ish.

A very large amount of advertising  
was placed and well placed, going  
into the hands of people who came  
to the show to find out where to  
spend the summer.

A meeting was called by the man-  
agement on Thursday evening the  
25th, to frankly talk over and criti-  
cize the show. The only criticism  
made was that there was a lack of  
action, i. e., the building of canoes,  
making snow shoes, and a few such  
things the man from the city likes  
to see being done.

All this will be remedied next  
year as an election of officers for  
the Sportsman's Show Association  
was held and the machinery set in  
motion for the next show, giving a  
whole year in which to get up the  
next show instead of a few months,  
and in the case of Maine a few  
weeks.

An outline of the organization and  
officers will be given out as soon as  
the full report is received.

It was decided to hold the next  
show in the first half of March, thus  
bringing it nearer the time when  
people are studying where to go.

There is no question but that the  
New York Sportsman's Show has  
been and is the best business get-  
ter Maine has ever had, and for that  
reason should be heavily backed by  
Maine.

Too much cannot be said of the  
work of Capt. J. A. H. Dressel who  
worked day and night to make this  
show a success.

At a business meeting held, J.  
Waldo Nash was elected vice presi-  
dent of the association and he will  
begin at once to organize for next  
year.

### Jude Johnson Going Back.

Speaking of lost arts, Jude John-  
son can't steal chickens half as clev-  
erly as he used to.—Atchison Globe.

### At the Dentist's.

I asked this question of my daughter  
last night: "Did your little daughter  
make much fuss when the dentist was  
filling her teeth today?" My daughter  
replied: "She never opened her  
mouth."—Exchange.

## LEGISLATIVE BUSINESS

### Bills, Petitions, Etc., Presented and Recommended.

The following bills, petitions, etc.,  
were presented and on recommenda-  
tion of the committee on reference  
of bills, were referred to the follow-  
ing committees:

#### Inland Fisheries and Game

By Mr. Gerrish of Greenville: An  
Act additional to Chapter 32 of the  
Revised Statutes, as amended by  
Chapter 206 of the Public Laws of  
1913, relating to fishing in the tribu-  
taries to Ship Pond stream, in Pis-  
cataquis County.

By the same gentleman: An Act  
to amend Chapter 32 of the Revised  
Statutes, as amended by Chapter  
206 of the Public Laws of 1913, re-  
lating to ice fishing in the Kenne-  
bec river.

By Mr. Michaud of Van Buren:  
Petition of J. A. Pelletier and 64  
others, relating to closing of Violette  
Brook from Hammond's Mill up, all

the several bills and resolves order-  
ed printed under the joint rules.

Mr. Gerrish from the committee on  
inland fisheries and game, reported  
"ought not to pass" on bill, An Act  
to provide for a non-resident fishing  
license.

Same gentleman from same com-  
mittee reported "ought not to pass"  
on bill, An Act relating to the pro-  
tection of deer in the county of Sag-  
adahoc.

Same gentleman from same commit-  
tee reported "ought not to pass" on  
bill, An Act to prohibit the shooting  
of wild birds or wild animals on  
Hancock Point.

Same gentleman from same com-  
mittee reported "ought not to pass"  
on Resolve in favor of screening  
Long pond.

Same gentleman from same com-  
mittee, reported "ought not to pass"  
on bill, An Act to amend Chapter  
32 of the Revised Statutes, as am-  
ended by Chapter 206 of the Pub-  
lic Laws of 1913, relating to fishing  
in Davis Stream and Monson Pond  
Stream in the county of Piscataquis.  
(Tabled pending the acceptance of  
the report on motion by Mr. Wise of  
Guilford.)

Same gentleman from same com-  
mittee, "ought not to pass" on bill,



H. A. Furbish

kinds of fishing for two years.

#### Judiciary

House 534: An Act to amend  
Chapter 32 of the Revised Statutes,  
as amended by Chapter 206 of the  
Public Laws of 1913, relating to fish-  
ing in the pool at Upper Dam and in  
the river from said pool to Lake  
Mollychunamunk, in the county of  
Oxford. House 535: An Act to am-  
end Section Two of Chapter Thirty-  
two of the Revised Statutes, as am-  
ended by Chapter Two Hundred  
and Six of the Public Laws of Nineteen  
Hundred and Thirteen, relating  
to ice fishing in Lower Kezar Pond,  
in the town of Fryeburg in Oxford  
County, and in the town of Bridgton,  
in Cumberland county.

House 536: An Act to amend Sec-  
tion Two of Chapter thirty-two of the  
Revised Statutes, as amended by  
Chapter two hundred and six of the  
Public Laws of nineteen hundred and  
thirteen, relating to fishing in Rapid  
River between Lower Richardson lake  
and Umbagog lake, and in Pond in  
the river, in the county of Oxford.

#### First Reading of Printed Bills and Resolves

House 506: Resolve in aid of nav-  
igation on Sebec Lake.

House 507: Resolve in aid of nav-  
igation on Rangeley Lake, Mooselook  
meguntic Lake and Cupeptic Lake.

House 508: An Act to make valid  
the aid in repairing the Lake road in  
Oxford county.

Mr. Wilkins from same committee  
reported in a new draft under same  
title and "ought to pass" Resolve in  
favor of aid in building a highway  
bridge across the Sandy river in  
the town of New Sharon, Franklin  
county.

The reports were accepted and

An Act to provide a bounty on crows  
in the towns of Lubec and Tres-  
cott.

Same gentleman from same com-  
mittee, reported "ought not to pass"  
on bill, An Act relating to the pro-  
tection of deer in the towns of York,  
Wells, Kittery, Eliot, South Berwick  
and North Berwick, in the county of  
York.

Same gentleman from same com-  
mittee, reported "ought not to pass"  
on Resolve providing for the screen-  
ing of Jones Pond, in Gouldsboro,  
Hancock county.

Same gentleman from same com-  
mittee, reported "ought not to pass"  
on Resolve providing for the screen-  
ing of Moose Pond, so-called, in  
Hartland and Harmony, in the coun-  
ty of Somerset.

#### Reports of Committees

Mr. Gerrish from the committee on  
inland fisheries and game, reported  
"ought to pass" on bill, An Act to  
amend Section 38 of Chapter 32 of  
the Revised Statutes, as amended by  
Chapter 206 of the Public Laws of  
1913, relating to the closed season on  
wild hares or rabbits.

Same gentleman from same com-  
mittee, reported "ought to pass" on  
bill, An Act to repeal certain priv-  
ate and special laws relating to use  
of motor boats in hunting sea birds,  
ducks and water fowl on the coast  
of Maine.

Same gentleman from same com-  
mittee, reported "ought to pass" on  
bill, An Act additional to Chapter  
32 of the Revised Statutes, as am-  
ended by Chapter 206 of the Public  
Laws of 1913, relating to the hunt-  
ing of water fowl and other wild  
birds in Back Bay, so-called, in Port-  
land.

Same gentleman from same com-  
(Continued on page eight).

## AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION

### Will Send Out Petitions to Cet Ne- cessary Signers.

Following up its intention of try-  
ing to get prison labor used on the  
highways of Cumberland county as  
an experiment during the coming sum-  
mer, the Maine Automobile Associa-  
tion will soon send out petitions  
throughout the county in an effort  
to get the necessary signatures to  
require the County Commissioners to  
give the plan a tryout. Based on  
the law passed two years ago, be-  
tween 700 and 800 signatures will  
be required, and as it is known that  
Sheriff William M. Pennell favors  
the plan, it is believed that it will  
meet with no serious opposition. On  
the other hand, it is expected that  
it will be welcomed in all quarters  
as prison labor bids fair to be about  
the only means of obtaining roads in  
Cumberland county in the future, out-  
side of state-aid road work, unless  
the towns and cities make direct  
appropriations for them.

Providing the State Highway Com-  
mission builds the section of road  
between Portland and the York coun-  
ty line at Dunstan and completes  
the Federal Aid Road between Port-  
land and Brunswick, there seems to  
be no possibility of Cumberland coun-  
ty getting any great additional am-  
ount of the \$2,000,000 bond issue  
appropriated for the construction of  
state highways. With this money  
exhausted, so far as Cumberland is  
concerned, and with two of its most  
important arteries of travel still un-  
touched, it is believed that prison  
labor will be its only hope for the  
construction of good roads at a low  
cost.

The heaviest artery of tourist  
travel into Maine is the Portsmouth-  
Portland highway which it is esti-  
mated handles about 90 per cent of  
this traffic. Much of this spreads  
out, on reaching Portland, and un-  
doubtedly one of the next heaviest  
routes of travel in Maine is the high-  
way between Portland and Brunswick  
and thence on to Rockland. These  
two important roads will be well  
taken care of by the bond issue. Two  
of the heaviest routes of travel in  
Maine are the road between Portland  
and Fryeburg via Bridgton, which  
handles most of the White Mountain  
business into Maine, and that be-  
tween Portland Lewiston and Augus-  
ta which takes care of the tremen-  
dously heavy Poland Spring, Range-  
ley Lakes, Bangor and practically  
all of the central and northern Maine  
traffic. These two routes probably  
will receive no improvement from the  
bond issue in Cumberland county and  
it is believed that prison labor could  
be used on them to the greatest  
advantage.

With the completion, probably this  
year, of the section of the Ports-  
mouth-Portland state highway, be-  
tween Dunstan and Saco, it is practi-  
cally certain that York county's share  
of the \$2,000,000 bond issue will also  
be exhausted. For this reason it  
is believed that prison labor should  
be used upon the roads throughout  
this important section as the only  
road money to be used in the future  
in York county outside of the State-  
aid funds, will have to come from  
the towns in that district.

With York and Cumberland counties  
taking care of practically nine-tenths  
of the tourist travel coming into  
Maine, it is absolutely necessary that

they have the very best roads so  
the travelers will not become dis-  
couraged on first entering Maine, and  
retrace their steps after reaching  
Portland. With the completion of  
the Portsmouth-Portland highway the  
coming summer, this possibility is  
eliminated, but there are a vast num-  
ber of important roads branching both  
north and south from this state  
highway which would be rebuilt and  
maintained and this work in the  
future can only be done by the coun-  
ties and the towns themselves, and  
prison labor, it is believed is the  
cheapest and best means of doing  
it.

During the next two or three years  
all of the other counties in the state  
except Cumberland and York will be  
receiving money from the bond is-  
sue, but notwithstanding this fact, it  
is believed that it will be advisable  
for all of the counties to take up the  
question of prison labor on the roads  
and make plans for trying it out in  
their respective sections.

In the past it has been a common  
custom for towns through which a  
state highway runs to abandon work  
on it and wait for its construction  
by the state. Now that it is be-  
coming known that \$2,000,000 cannot  
possibly build all the state highways,  
it is hoped by good roads advocates  
that the towns will awaken to the  
fact and resume work on their state  
highways and put them into good  
shape themselves.

On every hand indications point  
to the season of 1915 being the  
greatest in Maine's history for sum-  
mer tourist travel and it is esti-  
mated that considerably over one-  
half of this will come in over the  
road by automobile. If these tour-  
ists find that Maine's roads are  
good, they will come again next  
year, and in fact every year, and  
good roads advocates all over the  
State are doing all in their power  
to awaken Maine people to the  
realization of the fact that they  
must do everything possible to keep  
their main highways in good con-  
dition during the coming season that  
the thousands of strangers who un-  
doubtedly will visit the state, will be  
so pleased with it that they will  
want to come annually.

#### Persist in Belief.

Only believe in your idea, and it  
will carry you through every difficulty.  
If you live you will do great things;  
if you die, well, how can you die bet-  
ter? And your idea will not die.—  
Hubert Hervey.

#### Quite in Accord.

"When we were married we thought  
our tastes were congenial!" says she.  
"Well," answered he, "they are. We  
both like to argue." -- Washington  
Star.

#### War—Feel

Let the gullied fool be told of war  
pursue, where blood is many is en-  
rich the few.—Shakespeare

## THE PLEASURE Of an Occasional Trip to PORTLAND

### Will Be Greatly Enhanced If the NEW CHASE HOUSE

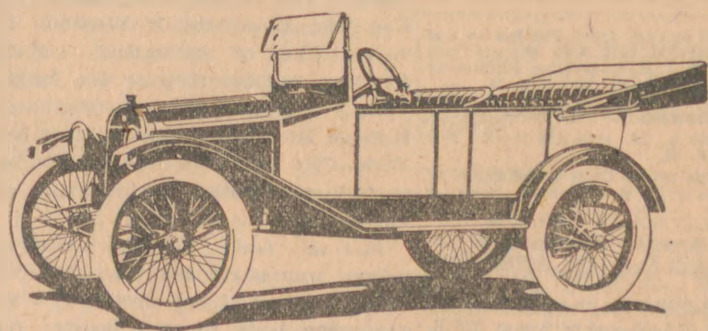
Is the Hotel Decided Upon as a  
Home During Your Stay.

Positively the Only First-Class Modern  
House in the City, With All Conven-  
iences Including Hot and Cold Running  
Water and Local and Long Distance  
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Just a step from Monument Square

Restaurant Connected. Rates Reasonable.  
Take the "Jitney" or Munjoy Hill car from  
Union Station.

H. E. THURSTON. R. F. HIMMELEIN,  
Proprietors.



METZ "25"

The Quality Car

\$600 Touring Model, Equipped Complete,  
Including Electric Starter and Electric Lights

CHAS. W. SKILLINGS,

R. F. D. 4,

Farmington, Me.



## CLASSIFIED

Do not put a word in advance. No headline or display. Subjects in a, b, c. order

**PRICE** of shovel handle blocks, winter and spring 1915, X X blocks, 4 cents; X blocks, 60 cents; No. 3 blocks, 24 cents per dozen. Ames Shovel & Tool Co., D. G. Bean agent, Bingham, Me.

**FOR SALE**—Wood saw outfits: 3 H. P. complete \$85; 4 1/2 H. P. \$110; 6 H. P. \$126; 6 H. P. \$150. Guaranteed for five years. 28 inch saw \$50. Other sizes in proportion. Thirty days free trial. Thorndike Machine Co., Portland, Maine.

A competent housekeeper wishes to do general housework in a small family. Has a bay, 13 years old whom she wishes to take with her. Send answers to Mrs. George Allen, Wilton, Maine.

**CANVASS** canoes recanvassed. Banister fillers used. Satisfaction guaranteed. Row boats repaired. New row boats for sale. Martin L. Fuller, Rangeley, Maine.

**FOR SALE**—Cows, A. S. Beedy, Phillips, Me.

**FOR SALE** or rent—Seven room cottage near inlet on Rangeley Lake. E. B. Lamb, Rangeley, Maine.

**WANTED**—A housekeeper. For further information write to Box 67, Bangor, Maine.

**WANTED**—Two first class experienced table waitresses for hotel work. Steady work the year round. Hazel Eagle, Brunswick, Maine.

## FOXES WANTED

Live, unhurt, all kinds, old or young. Also fox cubs, martens and fisher. Will handle above animals at all times of year. Write or even what you have to offer, stating lowest price. Fur farmers wanting stock should write for prices and information before buying. M. F. STEVENS, Dover, Maine

Box 64, 15

**WE GUARANTEE TO INCREASE YOUR CATCH OF RAW FURS IF OUR BAITS ARE USED.** With each bait we give a written guarantee, and if not satisfied your money will be returned. We must please you or lose money.

**500 BOTTLES HAVE ALREADY BEEN SOLD AND NOT ONE TRAPPER HAS ASKED FOR HIS MONEY BACK.**

**ANIMAL ATTRACTOR**  
Will lure all flesh eating animals such as the raccoon, mink, skunk, civet, ermine, wolf, fox, lynx, opossum, martin, etc. Price (100-150 sets) \$1.00 postpaid.  
**MUSKRAT ATTRACTOR**  
For luring muskrats only. Price (100-150 sets) \$1.00 postpaid.

**BEAVER ATTRACTOR**  
For luring beaver only. Price (100-150 sets) \$1.00 postpaid.  
**TRAIL SCENT**  
For making trails to and from sets. Very powerful odor. Economical to use. Price \$1.00 postpaid.

3 Bottles \$2.50 6 Bottles \$5.00  
**DON'T WASTE YOUR TIME AND MONEY WITH BAITS THAT MAY OR MAY NOT BE GOOD. USE ATTRACTORS AND BE SURE OF RESULTS—AN INCREASED CATCH.**

**Animal Attractor Company,**  
Stanwood, Iowa, Box M.

## WHY WASTE TIME FRETTING?

Common Form of Foolishness Most Noticeable Among Those of Weak Character.

There is one sin which, it seems, is everywhere and by everybody under estimated, and too much overlooked in valuation of character. It is the sin of fretting. It is common as air, as speech—so common, that unless it rises above its usual tone of discord and complaining, we do not even observe it. Observe any ordinary meeting of people, and see how many minutes it will be before somebody makes more or less complaining statements of something or other which probably everyone in the room, or in the street may be, knew before, and probably no one can help. Why say anything about it? It is cold, it is hot, it is wet, it is dry; somebody has broken an appointment, ill-cooked a meal; stupidity or bad faith somewhere has resulted in discomfort.

There are plenty of things to think about. It is simply astonishing how much annoyance may be found in the course of every day's living, even of the simplest, if one keeps a sharp eye out on that side of things. Even Holy Writ says we are "born to trouble as sparks fly upward." But even to the sparks flying upward, in the blackest of smoke, there is a blue sky above; and the less they waste on the road, the sooner they will reach it. Fretting is all time wasted on the road.

## A PROTEST FROM PHILA. MAN

**Wants Maine If They Can Have Her Under Right Conditions.**

Phila. Pa. March 8, 1915.  
To the Editor of Maine Woods:

A recent article published in the columns of your valued paper relating to the proposed "Buck Law" has led me to reply hoping that my few remarks may have some influence against the further mutilation of the game laws in your good state,

killed 17 deer, moose and caribou, in the region embraced by New Hampshire, Maine and New Brunswick, and in only three or four cases has it been possible for me to know whether I was shooting at doe or buck until the animal was down; this because the end carrying horns in almost all cases was away from me and travelling through thick forest growth at a rate that would admit of no inspection.

Also if the "Buck Law" is enacted it will be found that many hunters will shoot first and investigate afterward, with the result that many a dead doe will be left to rot where she falls. This will really mean increasing the number killed, as the average hunter will not wish to leave

honorably try to eliminate.

Of the numerous deplorable shooting accidents the great majority are due to careless handling of fire-arms by incompetents. From all that the writer has been able to learn, he is of the opinion that not three per cent of human beings killed in the woods are "shot for deer!" And when and where can an instance be pointed out where an experienced hunter has made such a frightful error. All sport is accompanied with more or less risk, riding, driving, boating, foot ball, motoring, etc., but none of these mentioned are subjected to much legislative restrictions. Why then constantly hamper at and harass the man with the gun, and his smaller death-rate than

## FEE OF \$1.10 REQUIRED IN N. J.

**Thinks Maine Should Exact as Much If Not More.**

East Orange, N.J., March 1915.  
To the Editor of Maine Woods:

Regarding the matter of the hunting and fishing license which is now under consideration in your state, would say that in our state (New Jersey) a fee of \$1.10 is required for hunting and fishing by residents and a fee of \$10.00 for non-residents.



THE MOUNTAIN VIEW HOUSE AND COTTAGES, RANGELEY LAKES

which have already suffered most severely during the past three years at the hands of ignorant but aspiring legislators.

First it is to be noted that the article above referred to cites cases of certain periods, notable two years in one State and two years in another, but different periods, in which it is made to appear that practically no shooting accidents occurred, where "Buck Laws" existed, and to offset same an appalling death rate was given, in States where does as well as bucks were shot. This illustration is deliberately unfair, and purposely made to deceive.

To do away with the killing of

the woods without his two deer (bucks) whereas he would be content with doe were it not for an absurd "Buck Law." In addition if the method of driving comes into general use in my opinion it will mean the extermination of deer by the butchering process, where they now exist in great numbers and are holding their own from year to year against the best efforts of hunters who use right methods.

If deer are to be conserved, let the wardens direct their best efforts against the year round slaughter at camps, lumber and otherwise; by the jack-light process; by salt-licks; yes and even the killing of does in

any of the above named.

As nearly everyone interested knows, the \$25.00 non-resident license fee practically ruined the business of guides, keepers of hunters' camps and small inland hotels, and kept out of the State of Maine hundreds of thousands of dollars which could have been used to good advantage by all. Yet in spite of that silly act, now comes forward some ambitious legislator who wishes to make a name for himself, who probably never fired a rifle, and who by further tinkering will make hunting conditions practically impossible for non-residents, and injure sport and revenue for the home folks.

I love the State of Maine with her vast forests, lakes, streams, hunting, fishing and recreation. I believe in good game-laws well kept. For two years I have remained outside on account of legislative tinkering. I want to come back. My hunting brothers, real sportsmen, are you going to say a word that may help?

I think I voice the sentiments of

For what this state has to give in return it seems to me that Maine should exact as much if not more from its resident and non-resident hunters and fishermen.

If the moose is saved for the state a fee of \$25.00 for hunting could not be called excessive, but, if a 5-year closed time on moose could be secured at \$15.00 non-resident license until the expiration of the closed time no moose it seems to me would be fair.

Yours very truly,  
E. G. Kent.

all non-resident sportsmen to whom Maine is a "Happy Hunting Ground," when I say that we want Maine if we can have her under right conditions, and I know that Maine and her good people want us. Then why not the square deal for all!

Chas. R. Palmer.

Scotch Thrift.  
McSparran (leaving home)—No, Janet, dinna forget to mak' Jeetle Sandy tak' his glasses off when he's na lookin' at nothin'.



FISHERMEN ARRIVING AT KINEO, MOOSEHEAD LAKE

does is to absolutely ruin the finest sport in the world, viz: deer stalking, and substitute in its place one of the meanest and most cowardly viz: deer driving. Deer stalking calls forth the very finest qualities and best skill of any legitimate hunter and the element of danger to other humans who may be in the vicinity is much less than where the method of deer driving is followed. Personally I have done no deer hunting in my own State where a "Buck Law" exists and where the "driving" method is followed exclusively. But have known of two most sad cases where "drivers" were shot dead while forcing their way through thick undergrowth in the vicinity of hunters who were standing on runways waiting for deer to appear and keyed up to the highest nervous tension in expectancy.

On the other hand where the hunter "jumps" his deer the extraordinary prominent flag instantly fixes the object positively as being a deer and nothing else. At the same time with a rifle in the hands of the most skilled marksman, the fleeing deer has an even chance for his life. To get one out of two jumped under such conditions is extra good work, as any old hunter will tell you.

During the past ten years I have

spring and summer-time, who are accompanied by young fawns, whom they will not leave. These are scandals that all Maine natives are well aware of, and which all should

**NYOIL**  
FOR GUNS AND FISH-RODS

William F. Nye is the greatest authority on refined oils in the world. He was the first bottler; has the largest business and NYOIL is the best oil he has ever made.

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Beware of scented mixtures called oil. Use NYOIL on everything where a light oil is needed. It prevents rust and gives perfect lubrication.

Sportsmen, use it liberally on your firearms and your rod. You will find it by far the best. Hardware and sporting goods dealers sell it in large bottles (cheaper to buy) at 25 c. and in trial sizes at 10 c. Made by

**WM. F. NYE,**  
New Bedford, Mass.

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Conducts a first class job printing department which specializes on Camp and Hotel work

**Why not let us help you with your advertising?**

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**J. W. BRACKETT CO.,**  
**PHILLIPS, MAINE**



## BEFORE FISH AND GAME COMMITTEE

### Senator Dutton Expresses His Opinion On Mass of Special Legislation.

Hon. Frank L. Dutton of Augusta, former senator from Kennebec, spoke right out in meeting at the session of the committee on inland fisheries and game Wednesday afternoon. The particular object of his attention was the mass of special legislation in regard to hunting and fishing in the State that is being asked and granted and also the power vested in the commissioners of inland fisheries and game to pass regulations when the Legislature is not in session. The measures that provoked these remarks were two acts; one would deprive the commissioners from making any regulations and the other would give them power only in cases of emergency.

"Under the present condition of affairs," said Mr. Dutton, "no man can ever tell just what the law is in regard to a particular locality. He may think he knows all about it and may have read the books of fish and game laws from start to finish, only to find that when he arrives at the place he is planning to fish, the law has been changed."

"I say that it is pernicious to allow the commissioners of inland fisheries and game to make regulations. All special laws are more or less pernicious and unnecessary when the best interests of the State are considered. There is no more reason for one law in regard to fish in Kennebec county and another law in Cumberland county than there is for one law in regard to felony or any other misdemeanor in Kennebec and another in Cumberland. I would guarantee to put on one page of typewriter all the law that is needed for the protection of fish and yet you have pages and pages of it."

Mr. Dutton further argued that, with the commissioners of inland fisheries and game being allowed to make regulations they were clothed with an authority superior to that of the Legislature. He even challenged the legality under the Constitution of this situation where an emergency might exist and thought an exception should be made in this regard. To Senator Colby, Mr. Dutton said he couldn't give an instance of an emergency.

Commissioner Austin and Senator Walker of Somerset also spoke in favor of the bills under discussion. The latter allowed that the people of the State ought to be permitted to rest in peace for two years, after a Legislature had adjourned, without having the commissioners of fish and game ruffle their tempers and their pastimes.

Harry C. Wilbur of Portland, and George C. Orr of Portland, the latter the secretary of the Cumberland County Angling association appeared

on behalf of a resolve appropriating \$10,000 to provide new feeding facilities for fish at the Raymond hatchery at Sebago lake. Mr. Wilbur discussed the subject from a business standpoint and said this money was necessary to protect what was already invested in the hatchery and also to care for the interests of the summer visitors who form the second largest asset in the State.

Salmon in the Penobscot river came in for a little attention at the hearing when a petition from F. C. Barton and G. W. Hawthorne and 74 others of Bradley was read. This asked that it be legal to use drift nets in catching salmon in the waters of Penobscot river from the Waterworks dam at Bangor to Seboeis river by restoring the law passed two years ago. A letter from Frank Perkins, the chief warden in Penobscot county, in support of such a provision was read. He suggested that one person be allowed to take one salmon a week by this method.

J. B. Mountain of Bangor, in a short speech, strongly opposed the use of drift nets. He said the fishing is growing worse year by year and that the State authorities are not paying enough attention to the river.

A bill to close the towns of York, Wells, Kittery, Eliot, South Berwick and North Berwick to fishing was also given a hearing. Representative Littlefield of Wells appeared in favor, but said that the Berwicks should not have been included. Dr. C. M. Sleeper of South Berwick, with the exception noted, didn't oppose the bill to any great extent, but did think it was class legislation.

Many other matters of a special or private nature governing lakes and rivers were taken up at the hearing but there was no opposition to any of them.—Bangor Daily News.

## OPPOSITION BY CAMP OWNERS

### Must the Noble Moose Be Exterminated for Selfishness.

Utica, N. Y.  
To the Editor of Maine Woods:  
Your paper of February 25 on closed season on bull moose reads opposition claimed by camp owners that such law would render certain camp property useless.

Must the noble moose be exterminated to satisfy camp owners? It is silly and as usual, selfish again. Greatest good to greatest number and law to preserve, not to exterminate. Selfishness is a most unwise and unjust condition.

S. E. Stanton.

## BOOTHBY WRITES FROM MAGNOLIA

The Waterville Sentinel has received a note from Col. F. E. Boothby, from Magnolia Springs, Fla., in which he says, "We leave here on the 14th via Southern Pines, N. C., to attend another meeting of the directors of the Chamber of Commerce of the U. S. A. at Washington, March 17 and 18. We will probably stay in Washington for four days, then go to Boston for a few days, arriving home sometime the last week in March."

## FAST ICE RIDING BY AUTOMOBILE

An unknown sportsman had a great deal of fun at Lake Auburn recently speeding on the lake with his touring car. With him were two ladies and another man and the entire party appeared to be enjoying the sport. It is claimed that the distance from Harlow's Point to the Grove was made in a little more than two minutes and since the distance is approximately two miles the car must have been traveling about 50 miles an hour.

Maine Woods Will Keep You In and Game Laws of the State. Sub scribe Now and Keep Posted.

## HANDSOME HOME OF THE FURBISHS

### Erected in the Town Which the Owner Has Helped to Make Prosperous.

It was in the summer of 1879 a lad but thirteen years of age came from his home in Lewiston to West Farmington, which at that time was as far as the iron horse had come to this part of Maine.

At the old depot he climbed into the stage coach by the side of "Uncle" John Pickens, who cracked the whip over the four horses, and, with the mail bags and express under the seat, they rattled off over the hills.

At Strong they stopped long enough to leave the mail, then on to Phillips that night.

The next day, when the Rangeley stage left Phillips, they had one passenger, and as they drove over Beech Hill through the wilderness, the boy took a great interest in everything he saw and the vast forest presented to him a wonderful picture.

In the afternoon the stage drove down the long hill from Greenville into the little village where there

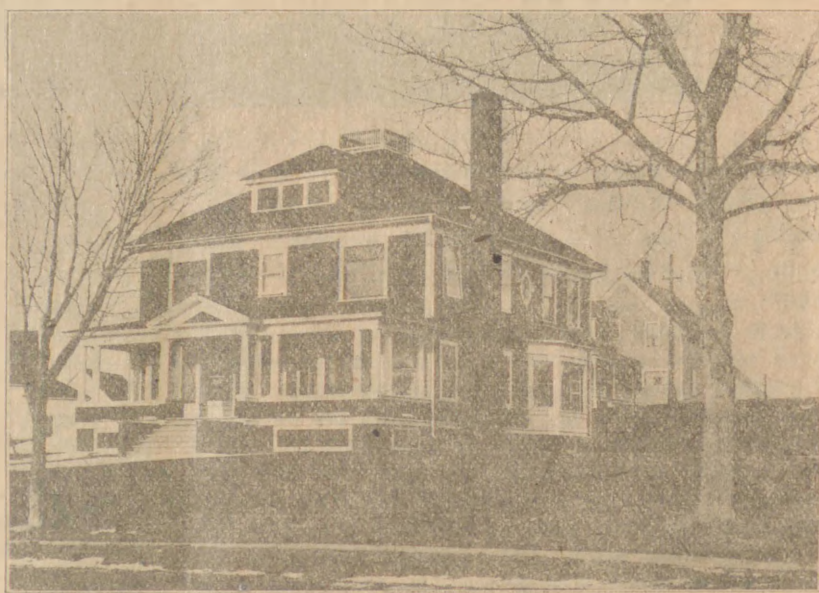
large was the Elias Haley farm.

The fisherman and tourist began to come to the lakes in continually increasing numbers. Young Furbish took pride in all the improvements and the welfare of the town. He was chosen a member of the board of selectmen and for years has been Justice of the Peace.

In 1887 Mr. Furbish married one of the popular Rangeley young ladies, Miss Elizabeth M. Porter, and bought a little home on Main street, which was once a part of the Haley farm; later they purchased the two adjoining lots, also the land on the opposite side of the street extending to the lake.

In 1903 the town chose Mr. Furbish for their Representative to Augusta, and in 1905 he was elected State Senator.

In 1906 the Rangeley Trust Company built their handsome bank building on Main street, and Harry A. Furbish was chosen Treasurer and Director, the position which he so ably continues to fill, and is also Director and Treasurer of the Rangeley Water Company, the Kempton Lumber Company, the Kennebec Hotel Company and Kennebec Land Company, and a most efficient Director of the Wilton Trust & Banking Company, the Maine and New Hampshire Granite Corporation of North Jay and Redstone, N. H., the Stratton Land and Lumber Company, the



RESIDENCE OF HON. H. A. FURBISH.

were only a few dwelling houses, two country stores, a blacksmith shop, saw mill, schoolhouse and tavern, and Harry A. Furbish was welcomed to Rangeley by his uncle, George W. Young.

Who, of the old residents as they met the boy assisting his uncle in the little country store, and soon became a favorite with everyone as he helped some old person or in his kind-hearted way greeted those he met, could look into the future and see that in forty years this merry, jolly lad, would be one of the leading men in this part of the state and accomplish so much for the town?

The old Burke store was then run by E. A. Rogers, firm of Burke & Rogers, and, seeing the need of an enterprising young man, Harry was

Round Pond Improvement Company, the Franklin County Land Company and Riddle's Pharmacy.

Mr. and Mrs. Furbish have always loved the town where they have taken such an interest in the welfare of the place and people, and for years have often enjoyed an evening planning for a new home.

But it was not until last year they decided to build, and there was much work to do before they could begin the work. Their house and stable where they had lived for years was first moved back onto High street, and have been remodelled into two pretty and cozy dwelling houses with modern improvements, making a great addition to the street and village, and a large garage built in the rear of the lot.

Plans for the new house were made



RANGELEY TRUST COMPANY

taken into the store and when less than twenty-one years of age became a member of the new firm, Burke & Furbish, Mr. Rogers going to California to live.

Then followed years of hard work, and the village commenced to grow. The public highway extended only part way to Mountain View, and what is now a part of the vil-

and the contract let to H. P. Cummings Construction Co., of Ware, Mass., who put W. I. White, the well-known builder of Rumbold, in charge of the work, and every part is done in first-class shape.

There is a concrete and cement cellar under the whole house with a room for vegetables, a laundry and furnace room, the place being heated

by hot water.

Bids were asked for and the firm of M. D. Tibbetts & Sons was given the heating and J. A. Russell & Co. the plumbing, Isaac Mitchell the painting and papering, all Rangeley men whose work cannot be excelled in the city.

The house, built in the center of the lot, is of Colonial style 37 x 37 painted a brown with white trimmings.

As one enters the large hall running through the house they cannot but be surprised and delighted. At the right is the living room, with an open fire, and, beyond, the dining room, both handsomely finished in oak, and to the left the large parlor in white, while beyond is the stairway and the kitchen. Up stairs are two large sunny front rooms, and in the rear the maid's and other rooms.

The bath room is most perfect and complete with white enamel furnishings. There is a large linen room and big closets, while everywhere the newest electric light fixtures have been installed. The third floor is finished into a large room that would make a good billiard or dancing hall. There are hardwood floors all over the house, and no modern improvement or convenience has been forgotten.

One of the attractions of this home like home is the many pieces of old furniture, pictures and bric-a-brac, that have been in the family for years, and the house is furnished with much taste.

There is always a pleasure "when dreams come true" and a satisfaction after years of toil in accomplishing what one most desires. The new home has been built and completed and the residents of this thrifty and enterprising New England town take great pride in the fine residence of their townspeople and hope for years to come as they watch the sunset across the lake, which forms a wonderful picture painted by the Great Artist, that only joy and blessing will come to Mr. and Mrs. Furbish.

Rangeley Maine, March 10, 1915.

## THINKS MAINE WOODS O. K.

Biddeford, Mar. 1, 1915.

To the Editor of Maine Woods:

Enclosed please find \$1.00 bill to renew my subscription to the Maine Woods as I do not want to miss a copy. I think the Maine Woods O. K. Just what I like, a steady breeze all the year.

Yours truly,

Howard H. Burnham.

## BUTLER APPEARS FOR PROPONENTS

There was no opposition at the hearing in Augusta before the legislature last week on the bill that would allow the transmission of Maine generated electricity to places outside the state.

Amos K. Butler of Skowhegan appeared for the proponents.

## LaGrippe THE DEADLY WEAKER

La Grippe in itself is seldom fatal. But the weakness, lassitude and loss of appetite induced by it leaves the system easy prey to the ravages of other ills.

"L. F." Atwood's Medicine is an unfailing remedy for these dangerous after-effects. It tones up the entire system, builds up the appetite and restores strength.

Mrs. Croxford's letter tells the whole story: Carmel, Maine:

"I was very poorly after an attack of La Grippe. A friend recommended 'L. F.' Atwood's Medicine and I got a bottle. It has done me lots of good. I shall always keep it on hand."

(Signed) Mrs. M. L. Croxford.

Ward off La Grippe with "L. F."

Big 35 Cent Bottle at Dealers.

FREE Trial Sample by Mail.

"L. F." MEDICINE CO., Portland, Me.

### For Bread Cake or Pastry!

Just order a sack of William Tell Flour and you needn't worry about baking day. Bread? Always light, fine and white. Cakes and pies? Biscuits? The best you ever tasted! Besides, William Tell goes farthest—worth remembering when living is so high. Think of all this, and instead of ordering "flour" order

## William Tell Flour

C. H. McKenzie Trading Co., Phillips, Maine.



# Target Tips and Hunting Helps

by Alfred P. Lane

Send questions to Mr. Lane  
care of this paper



## A New Questions and Answers Department of Interest to Shooters

### The "Arsenal."

Just about this time of year, when old man Winter is beginning to feel his age, the dyed-in-the-wool sportsman decides that the "arsenal" needs a going over.

From mysterious closets, drawers, and cupboards appear firearms of various kinds ranging from the little .22 repeater to the powerful big-game rifle and the graceful shotgun. Cleaning rods, rags, bristle brushes, and the necessary nitro-solvent oil next make their appearance and then a regular revel of cleaning, oiling, and polishing starts in.

What a flood of pleasant memories the handling, or I might almost say fondling, of a well liked rifle or shotgun calls to mind! The supreme moments of the hunt which repaid a thousand fold the energy, time, and money expended!

L. W. McJ., Chicago, Ill.

1. Through inheritance, I have come into possession of a fine shotgun. It has been little used for a number of years. The barrels are very foul and apparently considerably rusted. What cleaning preparation and process would you recommend?

Ans. I would suggest that you take the matter up with the manufacturer and see if they can refinish inside and out for you.

2. Is it likely that a gun would be ruined by rust if fired off occasionally during several years and not cleaned?

Ans. The chances are about one hundred to one that such treatment would ruin a shotgun barrel beyond redemption.

H. T., Decorah, Iowa.

Will you kindly inform me as to the standard range for twenty-two calibre rifle and revolver shooting? Also the diameters of the respective bull's-eyes.

Ans. The standard range for indoor .22 rifle shooting is twenty-five yards. The bull's-eye is one-half inch in diameter. Add one-half inch for each succeeding ring. For revolver shooting, the standard range is twenty yards, the bull's-eye being one and one-tenth inches in diameter. R. C., Chicago, Ill.

1. Kindly tell me the correct name for the hell-diver, and are hunters allowed to shoot them?

Ans. The "Hell-Diver" is a popular name for the dabchick or grebe. The scientific name of the most important species is podilymbus podiceps. I am under the impression (better look this up in your state, to be sure) that this bird is classed with the water fowl in the Game Laws. It is hardly a pleasing morsel to eat, however, as I understand it is almost as tough as the loon.

2. Kindly tell me which shotgun is most suitable for duck shooting, the hammerless pump gun or the double-barrel hammerless?

Ans. Both types are suited to the work. It is simply a choice based on personal preference.

3. Are hunters permitted to shoot killdeer?

Ans. The "Killdeer" is a species of ring-necked plover. The open season on plover is September 2d to December 16th.

4. Kindly tell me the location of the Chicago Gun Club, and are strangers permitted to watch the contestants.

Ans. The Chicago Gun Club is located at Kensington. Spectators are permitted at open contests. At other times, telephone the secretary for a permit.

A. C., Kendal, Ont.

1. Which would be the best, a .22, .25, .32, or .38 calibre rifle for farm use?

Ans. The .22 calibre rifle handling the .22 Long Rifle cartridge is the most popular for farm use where it would be used mostly for shooting small game and exterminating pests.

2. From whom can rifle tubes be bought to fit a 10 or 12 gauge shotgun?

Ans. I do not know that they are made in this country at present. You might try some of the larger hardware and sporting goods jobbers.

3. Can you shoot accurately with a rifle tube?

Ans. A properly constructed rifle tube should shoot with a fair degree of accuracy.

4. How far will a .32 bullet carry?

Ans. You do not state which one of the numerous .32 calibre cartridges you wish the range for, so I cannot answer this question.

A. G., West Chicago, Ill.

Kindly inform me as to the law relative to spring shooting in Illinois?

Ans. The Federal Game Law permits shooting ducks and other water fowl from September 2d to December 16th. The Illinois State Law has been changed to conform to the Federal Law and there is therefore no spring shooting in Illinois. G. P. S., Brooklyn, N. Y.

As the Sullivan Law of N. Y. State prohibits one from keeping a revolver in the house, and as there is no ban on rifles and shotguns, I would like to find out which rifle comes nearest to being a revolver; that is, in regard to length of barrel and number of shots fired.

What I would like to get is the shortest and lightest magazine rifle made and still not come under the ban of the Sullivan Law as a revolver. I would prefer one with a safety device. I want to use it as a protection against porch climbers.

Ans. I would suggest that a shotgun with short barrel, loaded with buckshot would be more effective for home protection than a rifle, as it has a spread of shot which does not require such careful aim.

N. Y., Lula, Miss.

Does the calibre of a rifle or pistol have reference to the area of the bullet or the diameter? When you speak of a .50 calibre rifle, does that mean one-half inch in diameter or one-half inch in area?

Ans. The calibre of a rifle or pistol is the diameter of the bore expressed in inches. Thus, a .50 calibre rifle has a bore the diameter of which is one-half inch. There are of course many slight variations. R. D. H., Chicago, Ill.

Would you please tell me about hunting license. How old do you have to be to buy one, and how much are they?

Ans. As far as I can determine, there are no restrictions as to age limit in Illinois. Resident hunting license costs \$1.00.

E. E., Chicago, Ill.

1. What is the calibre of the 30-30 rifle?

Ans. .30 calibre.

2. What is the range of the Savage Arms Co.'s 30-30 and 303 cartridge when used in a 26-inch barrel Savage rifle?

Ans. The ranges of these two cartridges are about the same. They are good for about 500 to 700 yards. S. T., Danville, Ill.

Ans. So far as I know the model to which you refer is satisfactory.

A. J. E., Jamestown, N. Y.

I intend to buy a repeater shotgun and would like to know if you would kindly advise me as to what you consider the best make.

Ans. This is a matter upon which I cannot give an opinion in this column. I would suggest that you write to the manufacturers of standard American makes and secure their catalogs.

*Alfred P. Lane*

## A GOOD NEIGHBOR TO ALL MANKIND

Put Out Food for the Birds Who  
Do So Much for You.

Now is the very best time of year for their human friends to express some return interest in the bird neighbors which have been doing so much for mankind.

A feast of cracked nuts, suet, sunflower seed, fruits and grains spread daily at some community center easily accessible to all the Bird Folks, but protected from their enemies, would be especially appreciated by the feathered residents, now that food is scarce and hard to obtain, even by the most industrious workers. Some of the friendliest of the little folks will come to a window-sill festal board where you may observe their pleasure in your treat.

Without rude intrusion or rough investigation to see if they are comfortable in whatever homes they have found, you might provide some neighborhood shelters where all the feathered inhabitants of woods and fields would be safe and welcome.

And then proceed to get acquainted with the little folks themselves. If you care about such things you will find out in "Who is Who in Bird Land," that many of your unassuming little neighbors have a pedigree of which any one might be proud.

Highest in point of development is the Sialia sialis, one of the earliest comers of the most exclusive of the blue-bloods. Their ancestors have never been accused of stealing fruits or preying upon crops of any kind. These Bluebirds subsist entirely upon a diet of wild fruits and insect enemies of man.

You may have been a little suspicious about the Night Hawks who go abroad at hours when honest folks should be in bed. They are great sportsmen and such expert aeronauts that no winged insect is safe from them. They contribute greatly to the healthfulness of the section where they live, by disposing, in a most effective and hygienic manner, of several species of mosquitoes, among them, the anopheles, the transmitter of malaria.

Mrs. American Barn Owl is quite content with her homely name, satisfying her artistic nature with a harmonious costume of buff, overlaid with grayish, spotted with white and dotted with black. She is the radical leader of all progressive movements among her sisters, refuses to make a nest and goes out at night unaccompanied. She maintains her independent economic status in the civic plan of the bird Republic by ridding the community of meadow mice, rats, beetles, shrews, gophers and other undesirable settlers in the fields.

Not anything you read or hear about these folks will be half so interesting or convincing as what you may find out for yourself by respectful observation. Especially, if you will look for good in both permanent and migrating neighbors.

Even the Common Crows, the blackest of them all, who have had their pictures put in the Rogues' Gallery more than once, are great co-operators. They are shrewd and crafty folk, not easily outwitted and

interesting because of their individualistic tendencies and variable temperaments. It is true they do not like to follow plans nor pick up corn laid down for them by mere man, preferring to get at the root and kernel of the material themselves, but all of this is not pure mischief or love of stealing, of which these birds have so often been accused and for which they have been condemned to death. They go after and capture the wireworms, cutworms, white grubs, grasshoppers and other parasitic hangers-on which render no useful service in return for the food they steal and destroy.

By signing and sending in to The Liberty Bell Bird Club of The Farm Journal, Phila. Pa., the following pledge you may, without cost, become a member of this Club which is encouraging bird study and protection:

"I desire to become a member of The Liberty Bell Bird Club of The Farm Journal, and I promise to study and protect all song and insectivorous birds and do what I can for the Club."

## SUPPOSING THE SQUIRREL CASE

Is the Hunter Still Going Around  
the Squirrel or the Tree.

Toledo, Ohio, Mar. 3, 1915.  
To the Editor of Maine Woods:

I have read in your issue of February 25th, loaned my by a friend, that you invite opinions on the time worn problem of the Hunter and the Squirrel. There will no doubt be two sides to the question as long as there are hunters and squirrels, and men with innate desires for argument.

A man walking around a circle walks around anything within the circle whether it is stationary or moving, visible or invisible, behind a tree or under a bushel.

Supposing the hunter is walking for argument's sake and not for game, and the squirrel with curiosity instead of fear keeps on the side of the tree nearest the hunter, is the answer not the same?

Suppose we place the squirrel on the opposite side of the tree and nail it there then set the tree on a pivot and turn the tree as the hunter makes the circuit. Has he not gone around the tree even though it revolves?

Suppose we remove the tree and place the squirrel on a pivot with its back to the hunter and let the squirrel revolve, keeping its back to the hunter as he again makes the circuit; has he not gone around the pivot, then he has gone around the squirrel, its nose as well as its back.

Suppose once more, the squirrel instead of moving around on the tree moves on the ground, in the same relative position, and while it and the man are making the circuit let us remove the tree, is not the hunter still going around the squirrel or is he only going around the hole in the ground where the tree stood?

Very truly yours,  
C. H. Baldwin.

## GREETINGS FROM PHILADELPHIA

The following is taken from a personal letter received from Miss Kathryn Roesonen of Philadelphia several days ago:

"Your very cheerful progressive 'Maine Woods' just arrived and was eagerly read and served its purpose, to renew enthusiasm for the favorite haunts in Maine.

It is amazing how fast spring is approaching, bushes show signs of budding and songsters are arriving. The next symptom will be 'Maine woods fever.'

I expect to go to the Sportsmen's Show and hope many of the familiar Rangeley folks will be there. Wish Mr. and Mrs. Bowley would pay us a visit. At present we have Billy Sunday holding marvelous revival services here in Philadelphia. He is doing remarkable work. It is necessary to go hours before service begins to get in. People take their lunch with them. He preaches three times daily, averaging 10,000 persons."

## BIRD LAW TO BE ENFORCED

Provisions of Federal Law for Preservation of Water Fowl are  
Pretty Strict.

From the number of letters which they have received on the subject recently officials of the department of agriculture at Washington believe that sportsmen may unintentionally violate the provisions of the federal migratory bird law which it is the purpose of the government to enforce rigidly.

Under the provisions of this law no water fowl can be shot in the northern or breeding zone after January 15, except in New Jersey where the season extends to February 1. In most of the southern or wintering zone the season closes February 1, but extends to February 15 in Florida, Georgia and South Carolina.

These regulations were proclaimed on October 1, 1914. No change has since been made in them and no change is likely to be made until the constitutionality of the law has been passed on by the United States supreme court.

As a matter of fact, the law provides that all changes in the regulations must be considered for a period of 90 days, and then must be approved and signed by the president, before they become effective. It is thus evident that there is no possibility that the prohibition of spring shooting will be in any way modified this year.

The officials of the U. S. department of agriculture who are entrusted with the enforcement of the law are anxious that these facts be impressed upon the people because it is the intention to investigate carefully all reports of violations made to the department's inspectors and wardens and to prosecute all such violations in the federal courts. In this connection it is pointed out that prosecutions may be instituted at any time within three years of the offense.

## WINTER SPORTS AT POLAND SPRING.

Winter festivities rival summer gaieties at Poland Spring; February equally with August marks the apex of a brilliant social season, which in winter attains its height in Washington's birthday week. With the birthday on Monday as it is this year, the holiday festivities were prolonged making the winter vacation—now a recognized event amongst the leaders in business and social life—exceptionally happy. In winter as in summer, Poland Spring is pre-eminent in New England, and each year sees a rapid growth in the number of winter visitors, culminating, Washington's birthday week, 1915, in the greatest number of winter visitors that Poland Spring—or undoubtedly any other one New England winter resort—has ever seen. The Mansion House and Ricker Inn are both filled to capacity, and during the month the Rickers have had to decline accommodations to several hundred people, for lack of rooms. During the past week, Poland Spring has been especially enjoyable, and although conditions for winter sports have not been all that could be desired, owing to the recent thaw, yet the skating at the Mansion House rink is excellent and has been fully enjoyed; the toboggan slide is a mecca for enthusiastic visitors; others keep hob-fleds busy on the many enjoyable runs; through the fields and woods snowshoers and skiing parties are tramping daily; and on Saturday afternoon the Driving club races at Middle Lake had the biggest crowd of delighted visitors in their history. Capping this record week was the event of Saturday night—a grand ball at the Ricker Inn, which presented a scene not readily forgotten.

## MAINE AS A WINTER RESORT

At the semi-annual meeting of the State Board of Trade, to be held in Lewiston, March 11th, Mr. Arthur G. Staples, managing editor of the Lewiston Journal, will address the meeting on the subject, "Maine as a Winter Resort."



## Commonwealth Hotel Inc.

Opposite State House, Boston, Mass.

Offers room with hot and cold water for \$1.00 per day and up, which includes free use of public shower baths.

Nothing to Equal This in New England

Rooms with private baths for \$1.50 per day and up; suites of two rooms and bath for \$4.00 per day and up.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF  
Strictly a Temperance Hotel  
Send for Booklet

STORER E. ORFATS Gen. Manager



# Where To Go In Maine

## Lake Parlin House and Camps

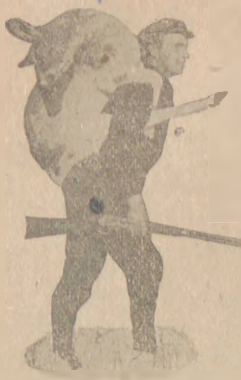


Write for booklet.

H. P. McKENNEY, Proprietor,

Jackman, Maine

Are delightfully situated on shore of Lake Parlin on direct line from Quebec to Rangeley Lakes, popular thorough-fare for automobiles, being a distance of 122 miles each way. Lake Parlin and the 12 out ponds in the radius of four miles furnish the best of fly fishing the whole season. The house and camps are new and have all modern conveniences, such as baths, gas lights, open rock fireplaces, etc. The cuisine is unexcelled. Canoeing, boating, bathing, tennis, mountain climbing, automobilng, etc.



## Are You Going Hunting?

If so, write me the number of persons in your party, how long you wish to stay in camp, and let me tell you

### THE EXACT COST

of your trip at Chase Pond Camps as I shall make cut rates to all during October and November. I will also send you names of parties who have hunted here that you may refer to in regard to hunting, camps, etc.

Guy Chadbourne, Prop., Bingham, Maine

## YORK CAMPS,

RANGELEY, MAINE

J. LEWIS YORK, Prop.

## FISHING

AT

### John Carville's Camps

at Spring Lake

Salmon, square tailed and lake trout. My camps are most charmingly situated on the shores of Spring Lake, well furnished, excellent beds, purest of spring water and the table is first-class, elevation 1,500 feet above sea level, grandest scenery and pure mountain air. Hay fever and malaria unknown. Spring Lake furnishes excellent lake trout and salmon fishing and in the neighboring streams and ponds are abundance of brook trout. Buckboard roads only 2-12 miles. An ideal family summer resort. Telephone communications with village and doctor. References furnished. Terms reasonable. Address for full particulars, JOHN CARVILLE, Flagstaff, Me.

## Blakeslee Lake Camps

JOSEPH H. WHITE, Proprietor

A famous resort for anglers and hunters. Write for illustrated booklet and map. Address, Oct. 15 till May 1st, Skinner, Me. Summer address, Eustis, Maine.

## WEST END HOTEL

H. M. CASTNER, Prop'r. Portland, Maine

Thoroughly first class. The hotel for Maine vacationists, tourists and sportsmen. All farm, dairy products, pork and poultry from our own farm, enabling us to serve only fresh vegetables, meats, butter, cream, eggs, etc. American plan. Send for circular.

### BELGRADE LAKES, MAINE.

The Belgrade. Best Sportsmen's Hotel in New England. Best black bass fishing in the world, best trout fishing in Maine. CHAS. N. HILL & SON, Managers.

### OUANANICHE LODGE.

Grand Lake Stream, Washington Co., Me. World wide known for its famous fishing, vacation and hunting country. Norway Pines House and Camps, Dobs Lake Most attractive situation in Maine. Good auto road to lodge. Plenty storage capacity for machines. From there one can take steamer to any part of the lake territory. The best hunting, fishing and vacation section of beautiful Washington Co. Address for particulars W. G. ROSE, Manager, Princeton, Me., Dec. 1st to April 1st.

# BIG RESULTS

## FROM SMALL ADS.

## - What have you for Sale or Exchange?

Look around and see if you haven't some Fire Arms Boats, A Dog, An Automobile, A Camera, Tent, Hammock or something else you don't want.

## Someone else is sure to want it

We have sold things for others, and we can do the same for you. Rates one cent a word in advance.

Address, Classified Department,

MAINE WOODS.

Phillips, Maine

### THE ATTEAN LAKE CAMPS

Unsurpassed fishing, hunting, canoeing, bathing and mountain climbing. Separate camps for all parties, with special accommodations for families. Sixteen trout ponds of fly and bait fishing, and a fever end of rivers and streams. Automobile tourists wishing to visit ATTEAN CAMPS, may come to Holden's Garage, one mile from camp, where motor boat will meet parties. Map and booklet of my territory on request. RUELE H. HOLDEN, Jackman, Maine

### VAUGHAN CAMPS

The Spectacle Lake Camps, which are known as the Kibby Camps, have been purchased by me and are open for Fishing and Hunting for the season of 1915. An ideal family summer resort. Telephone connections. A most beautiful climate during the summer months; cool, even and invigorating. Finest Deer Hunting in the State of Maine. Good Stream and Lake Fishing. Prices reasonable. For full particulars, address FRANK R. VAUGHAN, Prop., EUSTIS, - - MAINE

### War or no war

#### Pierce Pond Camps

will be open on time for large trout and salmon fishing. Best of reference furnished. Send for circular. C. A. Spaulding, Caratunk, Me.

## IMPROVEMENTS IN ROWE'S STORE

### Men's League Have Saturday Night Session and Matters for the Good of the Town Discussed.

#### (Special Correspondence.)

Rangeley, March 9.—C. L. Harnden was in Portland last Wednesday on business and Monday morning left for Boston.

Mrs. Harry Nelson underwent an operation at Central Maine General hospital Saturday. Mr. Nelson accompanied her.

Mrs. Sally Nice and Miss Ethel Nice of Gogatz, Pa., who have been guests of Miss Katherine Nice at the Tavern have returned home. Miss Katherine went as far as Phillips with them.

The northern lights gave a very spectacular exhibition Sunday night.

C. R. Rowe, Carl Jones, Karl Cakes, Merle Brooks and Maxwell Neal are attending the Boys' Convention at Portland, the two latter being delegates from the Rangeley Sunday school.

Mrs. J. Lyman Kempton has been suffering with a very bad cold the past week.

Dr. A. M. Ross was in Boston one day last week to visit his brother, DeBerna Ross, who is ill at the Massachusetts General hospital, Boston.

W. E. Tibbetts and H. A. Furbish returned home Saturday night from a business trip to Portland and Augusta.

Mrs. Frank Badger was operated on Sunday morning by Drs. Bell and Colby. Miss Galvin, a trained nurse is caring for her.

Miss Lina C. Weeks entertained a party of Senior and Junior girls Thursday evening, who are doing a little extra reading. After the reading was over refreshments of Welsh rarebit was served.

The Jolly Twelve met with Mrs. G. M. Carlton Thursday afternoon. Refreshments of hot biscuit, coffee jelly, cake and coffee were served.

Loring Haley left Monday morning for Boston for a few days' visit.

Mrs. Josephine Marshall is working for Mrs. E. L. Haley.

Almon Wilbur is having a big window added to his house.

Mrs. Etta Dill has been ill with grip the past week.

G. M. Esty returned home Saturday night from an extended visit with his daughter, Mrs. Geo. McGraves.

Miss Stella Tibbetts was admitted to the Pythian Sisters Thursday night. A supper of sandwiches, salads, cake and coffee were served.

A number of the men employed in the woods have completed their work and returned to their homes.

S. B. Hinkley and son, Fred Hinkley have returned from Madrid where they have been employed the past winter.

C. R. Rowe has had the petitions removed from his store and is having other charges and alterations made.

Mrs. Abbie Willard of Freeman visited her uncle, Elisha Stuart one day recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Elen Rowe are attending Quarterly meeting at West Farmington.

The Saturday night session of the Men's League was very interesting. Mr. Zachariah gave a talk on New Zealand. The proposed electric light project was discussed; also the question of a curfew law. Supper was served by the Ladies' Aid, consisting of bears, brown bread, salads,

rolls, pickles, cake, pie and coffee.

Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Tibbetts and son Verd, have returned from the Hardware Convention, after which they spent several days visiting relatives.

C. L. Stansbury was in town a few days recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Nate Ellis, who have been spending several weeks visiting at Passaic and Boston have returned home.

Chas. McDonald is acting as night operator at New England Central office.

Mrs. T. Freeman Tibbetts is at Portland, where she is taking treatment at St. Barnabas hospital. Mr. Tibbetts accompanied her.

Mrs. Fred Hinkley, who has been at Meredith the past few months, has returned home.

Miss Patia and Lona Moores are guests of Mrs. Herbert Moores.

Mrs. Addie Richardson entertained a party of ladies at her home Saturday afternoon with a social game of whist. The following ladies were present: Mdms. W. D. Cumby, James Mathieson, W. F. Oakes, F. B. Colby, C. H. Neal, Eugene Soule, E. I. Herrick. Delicious refreshments of cake, cookies and maple bisque were served by the hostess. No prizes were given.

Mial E. Lamb of Dryden arrived Monday night for a few days' visit.

The play given under the auspices of the Boy Scouts was a great success both financially and in its presentation. The parts were all well taken and a great deal of credit is due the members of the cast which numbered 35. About \$50 was realized from the evening's entertainment which will be used for apparatus to fit up Scout Hall.

G. W. Pickel and E. H. Lowell are enjoying a trip to Canada. Miss Iva Stafford is the guest of Mrs. Pickel during Mr. Pickel's absence.

Wednesday night occurred the Annual Ladies' Night of Entwistle lodge No. 146, I. O. O. F. Further details will be given next week.

### OBITUARY.

#### ANNIE H. SNOWMAN.

Rangeley, March 9.—Mrs. Annie H. Snowman whose passing was noted last week, was born at East Dixfield, Me., the daughter of Nathaniel N. Noyes, and eldest of a family of nine children. Her early education was received in the schools of East Dixfield and Wilton Academy, attending the latter institution to within one term of graduating.

In 1885 she was married to Bailey Emerson, two daughters being born of this union, Mr. Emerson and both daughters dying within three years time.

Nine years ago she was married to Mr. Snowman at Weld, and since that time had lived at Rangeley on the Kennebec Road.

Mrs. Snowman's illness was not of long duration, death following from a very critical operation from which the patient never fully rallied.

For several years Mrs. Snowman was a member of the Ladies' Aid and was formerly a member of the Pythian Sisters. Of a pleasant disposition, she made many friends and is sincerely mourned as a kind and loving wife and a sincere friend. Funeral services were held at her late home February 25. Mrs. Albert Carlton and Miss Muriel Hoar sang "The Many Mansions" and "Face to Face," O. R. Rowe playing the accompaniment. Interment was at Evergreen cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Allen, Wilton; Henry C. Noyes, Charlestown, Mass.; Mrs. Hutchinson, Weld; Mr. and Mrs. Rolla Snowman of Weld, relatives of the deceased were present at the funeral.

Among the flowers were the following: Wreath, Elmer Snowman; carnations, Dr. and Mrs. A. M. Ross; carnations, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Herrick; pillow, "At Rest," Miss Susie Wilbur, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Carlton, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Collins, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Richardson, Willard Hewey, Mrs. Julia Heath, Mrs. Leona Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bridgman, Mr. and Mrs. Riley Hinkley, Mrs. Lucy Hinkley, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Madden, Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Tibbetts, Mr. and Mrs. Ara J. Ross, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Tomlinson, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Russell, Mrs. E. P. McCord, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Kempton, Mr. and Mrs. Phineas Tracy; carnations, Mr. and Mrs. Earle Pillsbury, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Wilbur, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Philbrick.

### LEGISLATIVE BUSINESS

(Continued from page four.)

mittee, reported "ought to pass" on bill, An Act to repeal Chapter 120 of the Private and Special Laws of 1909, relating to the hunting of water fowl and wild birds in Back Bay, Portland.

Same gentleman from same committee, reported "ought to pass" on bill, An Act to repeal Chapter 120 of the Private and Special Laws of 1907, as amended by Chapter 120 of the Private and Special Laws of 1909, relating to the protection of golden eye or whistler.

Same gentleman from same committee on petition of citizens of bill, An Act to repeal Chapter 377 of the Private and Special Laws of 1907, relating to the protection of ducks in Lincoln County.

Same gentleman from same committee on petition of citizens of Paris, Greenwood and Woodstock, in the County of Oxford, that a law be enacted making it unlawful for any one person to take, catch, or have in possession more than five trout and landlocked salmon, both included, in any one day, from Overset Pond, so-called, situated in town of Greenwood in County Oxford, reported bill, An Act additional to Chapter 32 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by Chapter 206 of the Public Laws of 1913, relating to fishing in Overset Pond, in the town of Greenwood, Oxford County and that it "ought to pass."

Same gentleman from same committee on petition of the Lake Keegan Fish and Game Association, relating to changes in the laws applying to fishing in Lake Kezar and its tributaries, in Lovell, Stoneham and Stow, in Oxford County, reported bill, An Act to amend Section two of Chapter 32 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by Chapter 206 of the Public Laws of 1913, relating to fishing in Lake Kezar, in the town of Lovell, Stoneham and Stow, a Oxford County, and that it "ought to pass."

Same gentleman from same committee on petition of O. C. Doherty and 87 others that the fish and game laws be so amended as to limit the catch of trout and landlocked salmon to ten fish by any one person in any one day in Tutu Grindstone and Dutton Ponds, in the town of Kingfield, reported bill, An Act additional to Chapter 32 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by Chapter 206 of the Public Laws of 1913, relating to fishing in Tutu Dutton and Grindstone Ponds, in the town of Kingfield, Franklin County and that the same "ought to pass."

Same gentleman from same committee on petition of J. M. Drew of Greenville, and 16 others, citizens of Piscataquis county, asking that the tributaries to Upper and Lower Wilson's Ponds, in said county, be closed to all fishing, reported bill, An Act additional to Chapter 32 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by Chapter 206 of the Public Laws of 1913, relating to fishing in the tributaries to Upper and Lower Wilson Ponds, in the county of Piscataquis and that it "ought to pass."

Same gentleman from same committee on petition of the Lake Kezar Fish and Game Association relating to changes in the laws applying to fishing in Lake Kezar and its tributaries, in Lovell, Stoneham and Stow, in Oxford county, reported bill, An Act additional to Chapter 32 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by Chapter 206 of the Public Laws of 1913, relating to fishing in the tributaries to Lake Kezar and in the county of Oxford, and that it "ought to pass."

Same gentleman from same committee on petition of the Central Oxford Fish and Game Association, asking for a daily limit to be placed on smelts which may be taken from Bryant's pond and its tributaries, in Woodstock and Greenwood, Oxford county, reported bill, An Act additional to Chapter 32 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by Chapter 206 of the Public Laws of 1913, relating to the taking of smelts in Bryant's pond and tributaries, in the town of Woodstock and Greenwood, Oxford county, and that it "ought to pass."

Every Issue of Maine Woods Carries a Fresh Whiff of the Pine Tree State with it. Why Not Subscribe and Get a Steady Breeze All the Year.