PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

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THE WEATHER.

SIGNAL OFFICE, WAR DEP'T, WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 29, 1888, 8 p.m.

The indications for the next 24 hours for New England are fair and warmer weather, westerly winds.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.
PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 29, 1888.

	8 A M	8 P M
Barometer	29.544	29.688
Thermometer	44.5	40.2
Dew Point	40.	32.
Humidity	84.	74.
Wind	W	W
Velocity	15	8
Weather	Clear	Clear

Mean daily bar...29 621 | Maximum ther....46.0
Mean daily ther...42.0 | Minimum ther....37.5
Mean daily d'wpt..36.0 | Max. vel. wind...29
Mean daily hum...79.0 | Total precip.....53

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.
(Oct. 29, 1888, 8.00 P.M.)

Observations taken at the same moment of time at all stations.

Place of Observation.	Height of Barom'r.	Thermom'r Exposed.	Thermom'r Change in last 24 hours.	Wind Direction.	Wind Velocity.	State of the Weather.
Eastport, Me	29.54	38	.....	W	14	Clear
Portland, Me	29.69	40	-10	W	6	Clear
Boston, Mass	29.80	46	-8	W	12	Clear
Block Island	29.86	48	-2	NW	28	Clear
Nantucket	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York	29.92	48	-4	SW	24	Clear
Philadelphia	29.96	52	-4	W	14	Cloudy
Washington	29.98	50	-2	W	12	Clear
Norfolk, Va.	30.04	52	-2	S	10	Clear
Hatteras	30.14	54	-8	W	8	Clear
Wilmington	30.14	56	+2	W	14	Clear
Jacksonville	30.18	62	-12	NE	6	Clear
Galveston	30.22	70	0	E	6	Clear
Montgomery	30.22	62	-2	Clm	...	Clear
New Orleans	30.20	66	-6	SE	14	Fair
Knoxville	30.20	56	+2	SW	6	Clear
Memphis	30.22	66	+10	NW	22	Clear
Cincinnati, O.	30.12	60	+10	NW	14	Clear
Pittsburg	30.02	52	+8	NW	6	Fair
Buffalo, N.Y.	30.00	42	-2	W	16	Cloudy
Cleveland	30.06	52	+8	NW	6	Fair
Detroit	30.12	44	+4	E	16	Cloudy
Chicago, Ill.	30.18	42	-2	NE	12	Clear
St. Louis	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Paul, Minn.	30.16	44	0	E	14	Fair
Duluth	30.18	42	-4	W	6	Fair
St. Vincent	30.06	44	-8	S	8	Clear
Denver, Col.	29.98	66	+2	S	6	Clear
Halifax	29.54	42	-14	W	8	Cloudy
Montreal	29.76	36	-8	W	16	Cloudy
Bismarck	29.92	50	-	E	8	Clear
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

GENERAL NEWS.

Meredith Stanley, aged 23, jumped from the suspension bridge at Cincinnati yesterday afternoon, a distance of 100 feet, and then swam ashore.

The newest greenback issued by the Treasury Department is a $20 silver certificate with a fine engraving of the late Daniel Manning on the face.

Miss Mossel McGann, of Canada, teacher of articulation in the Mississippi Institute for the deaf and dumb, died yesterday. She was widely known as a teacher.

The Clyde Line steamer Saganaw, sank yesterday, while loading at her dock in East River, New York, for the West Indies. No lives were lost.

About noon yesterday an unknown man, about 60 years old, attempting to board freight train No. 24 near the Boston & Maine depot in Portsmouth, fell on the track and was killed, several cars passing over and terribly mutilating his body.

The Boston police have discovered some of the $5000 worth of goods stolen from the jewelry store of W. M. Maynard, on Brattle Square, October 17. The police also say they have a clue to the principals in the robbery and hope to arrest them shortly.

Fire yesterday morning destroyed the Farday carbon works and Auburn & Ackerman's axle factory in Pittsburg. Loss, $90,000; fully insured. The Fariday Company had 100,000 carbons ready for shipment which were destroyed.

The Spanish consul general in New York received the following cablegram from Havana yesterday: "The famous bandit, Victor Fevgozo, has been killed and some of his companions wounded by the civil guard of Cuba."

Judge Blodgett delivered an opinion in the case of the Bell Telephone Company vs. the Cushman Telephone Company, at Chicago, yesterday, granting an injunction restraining the Bell Company against the Cushman Company, according to the prayer of the bill.

A Jacksonville despatch says that criticisms on St. Luke's Hospital, in a letter by Dr. Mallett to the Bath, Me., Independent, have caused considerable excitement, and the board of health may take up the matter in defence of the hospital.

Surgeon Hutton, at Camp Perry, Florida, and Surgeon Urquhart, at Live Oak, Florida, have telegraphed to Surgeon General Hamilton at Washington, that they have undoubted evidence of the existence of the yellow fever in Baldwin, Florida.

Congressman Boutelle having spent two weeks on the stump in New York has cancelled his later engagements in that State, and by invitation of General Harrison, will speak in Indiana during the last week of the campaign.

Michael Rizzoli is under arrest for the murder of Paymaster McCline and his body guard near Wilkesbarre, Pa. Sheriffs who spent two weeks among the Italians in the woods, claim to have evidence which will convict Rizzoli and three others.

The New York police yesterday morning obtained 257 warrants for parties who have illegally registered. These will be used in the sixth precinct, where it is said there are a number of colonizers on election day. The colonizers will have to swear in their vote and then they will be arrested.

In regard to the government's action on the Sacksville case, the President is reported to have said to a Boston Globe reporter that there must be no haste in the matter, but the people must be patient and rest assured that everything had been done which the government could consistently do.

The Boston Record has been canvassing the political opinions of railroad passengers. The 5.40 p. m. train on the Eastern railroad from Boston for Salem, and the early evening "theatre" train from Lynn to Boston were polled Saturday, the result being: Total interviewed, 296; Harrison, 179; Cleveland, 104; Fisk, 13; undecided, 2.

In an opinion rendered by Justice Bradley in the drummer tax case of Wm. G. Asher against the State of Texas, the Supreme Court of the United States yesterday declared unconstitutional all State laws imposing a license tax upon commercial travellers, not residents of the State imposing the tax.

The trouble with the Italian laborers at work on the Hereford railroad in Quebec has broken out again and the situation is far more grave than at the first outbreak. The striking Italians are in possession of the company's camp and stores. Troops have been called for and a bloody fight is thought to be inevitable.

The London correspondent of the New York Evening Post cables as follows: "I am assured, on authority to which I can personally vouch, that Mr. Parnell is prepared with evidence that will leave not the faintest doubt that the famous Times letters were forged. So conclusive is this evidence that his bitterest enimies will no longer be able even to profess to doubt it. More than this I cannot say at present.

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BELLIGERENT DRUMMERS.

A Fight for Trade in a Skowhegan Grocery Store.

[Special to the Press.]

SKOWHEGAN, Oct. 29.—There is much agitation in traveling men's circles over a little unpleasantness between two drummers which occurred in a well known Skowhegan grocery store last week, one being a seller of coffee goods and the other a dealer in general groceries. One had entered the store a few minutes in advance of his rival, and proceeded into the back office. Commercial man no. two came in, and was in the act of showing samples of his goods when no. one emerged. Each claimed that he was ahead of the other. An altercation followed, and they opened a fistic and scratching combat, finally grappling and coming to the floor. Several ladies in the store were badly frightened, and one of them screamed. Both the combatants were light weights, and when nearly winded the proprietor undertook to expel them from his store. In the melee he got a black eye, being the only man who bore marks of the contest. Becoming exhausted, all finally ceased their exertions, and the drummers left the establishment in a crest-fallen condition. The fraternity on the road are enjoying much sport at their expense.

CALLAHAN IN JAIL.

The Outcome of the Shooting Affray at Richmond.

[Special to the Press.]

RICHMOND, Oct. 29.—Thomas Callahan, who shot Thomas Ormand (not Norman as first reported) at East Bowdoinham last Thursday night, was taken before Justice Hagar today and being unable to obtain a $500 bond was sent to the Augusta jail to await the result of Ormand's wounds. The latter was comfortable today, but his physician hainks he cannot live.

MAINE.

Fire at Damariscotta Mills.

[Special to the Press.]

DAMARISCOTTA, Oct. 29.—The barn of James W. Clarke, at Damarjscotta Mills, was burned Saturday night, together with hay, horses and farming tools. The fire was of incendiary origin. Loss, $1,500; no insurance.

Mr. Currier's Work.

[Special to the Press.]

HALLOWELL, Oct. 29.—The Hallowell artist, Alger V. Currier, is engaged at present in painting a portrait of a little girl for the annual exhibition of the Portland Art Club. The model is seven years old, wears a red dress and large hat, and will be represented on a red background. Mr. Currier has had four applications from people in this vicinity who desire to have portraits painted, but he has accepted none of these as yet. He labors under the disadvantage of not having a suitable studio. But he has in contemplation the equipping of one in Augusta. The young artist has received a flattering offer from the management of the Portland Art School for his services as instructor one or two days out of a week this winter.

Burglars Ferreted Out by Detective Heald.

[Special to the Press.]

OAKLAND, Oct. 29.—Detective John S. Heald, of Portland, who has been in Oakland for a short time in the interest of the Maine Central Railroad Co., has successfully ferreted out and arrested the guilty parties who broke into and entered the depot and car of the Maine Central Railroad Co., containing valuable freight, on Tuesday night, October 23d. Mr. Heald is a sharp, active man, and always makes sure of his victim. It is hoped that the company will spare no pains in prosecuting these offenders. There is another case in town which, it is understood, Mr. Heald will take at once. The parties were brought before George W. Field, Esq., and bound over in the sum of $800 for their appearance at the Superior Court in Augusta in December next. The names of the culprits are Fred Billadeaux and Frank Knox, aged 21 and 20 respectively. Bilideaux is an old offender. Deputy Sheriff Hersom rendered Detective Heald valuable assistance.

Sheriff McFadden a Candidate.

[Special to the Press.]

AUGUSTA, Oct. 29.—It is reported here that C. R. McFadden, the retiring sheriff of Kennebec county, is a candidate for warden of the State Prison, which officer is to be appointed shortly by the Governor.

Two Fires.

ROCKLAND, Oct. 29.—The dwelling, barn and furniture belonging to Delia C. Elwell at Seal Harbor, was totally destroyed by fire Saturday night, caused by the explosion of a lantern in the barn. The property was insured for $1,450.

The buildings at Ash Point, belonging to Cora L. Moore, were burned to the ground this morning. Cause unknown; insured for $750.

Suicide in Norridgewock.

SKOWHEGAN, Oct. 29.—Alvan Hunnewell of Norridgewock, was found dead in his bedroom this afternoon from the effect of a pistol shot, evidently inflicted upon himself. He was arraigned some months ago charged with an attempt to poison his wife.

The Fever Again Spreading.

JACKSONVILLE, Oct. 29.—Gainesville reports ten new cases of fever today. The authorities have asked the government to send an agent there. The fever is said to have broken out at Live Oak. Enterprise today made requisition for four hundred rations for two weeks. Seventeen cases and two deaths are recorded for the past 48 hours. Jacksonville's report is 36 new cases and four deaths.

Saved by Speed.

PUTNAM, Ct., Oct. 29.—A herd of 60 cows was struck by the Hartford and Putnam train, Saturday night at a grade crossing and curve near Bolton and fourteen were killed. The high rate of speed alone saved the train from being derailed and hurled down a forty-five foot embankment.

SCHEMING TO CARRY NEW YORK.

Various Plans in the Minds of Democratic Bosses.

General Newton Tells a Story of the Days of Boss Tweed.

Ben Butler Speaks in Detroit on Harrison and Protection.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Eugene Higgins said late Saturday night over a game of faro up town that if the Sackville-West letter had appeared Thursday or Friday the cause of Democracy for 1888 would have been entirely lost. This remark from one so close to the Democratic manager in whom all hopes are centered just at present—Arthur P. Gorman of Maryland—is a complete epitome of the desperate situation of the Cleveland ticket. It shows, too, how the representative Democratic intellect runs to letters in the last stages of a campaign, and besides all this teaches that it is the determination of the Democratic managers, if their fight is lost fairly on the issues, to win it unfairly—on the Barnum ground that any means, no matter how unscrupulous, justify the end—by some trap or cheat.

Yesterday furnished the first tangible evidence that the next resort to be tried to retrieve their shattered fortunes is nothing less than the arrest of Chairman Quay of the Republican national committee.

Half a dozen tips a day on the average had been brought to persons a good deal interested in the Harrison and protection cause during almost the whole week. Yesterday the details of the conspiracy became known more completely. The method is similar to that used by the Democratic managers in New Jersey. They conspired to have some worthless fellow swear that General Ramsay, a universally respected citizen, a soldier, a candidate for the assembly last year, who had been counted out by some Democrats already indicted, and at present—and here is the main point—a member of the Republican State Committee, had hired him to procure a false registration. It was the first sign that the Democrats, in spite of all their bluster, were not satisfied with the Jersey outlook. So of the proposed Quay arrest. The Democrats are not pleased with the outlook in New York or in the country. They have been specially troubled since the West letter was written, and more so after the advertised 70,000 business men who were to have paraded turned out 12,000 in the first bad weather the President ever ran up against.

New devices must be turned to. The anti-Chinese riot was discounted and would not do. The letter of the President, purporting to be called for by representative Knights of Labor, and to be written for their especial benefit, was to demolish trusts at one fell swoop. That may still be issued; but it has not yet suited the emergency. Rev. Mr. Vincent, whoever he is, has been heard from in several quarters as the coming Burchard. Yesterday, so far as known, the clergy and the sermons afforded the Barnum-Brice-Gorman people no bounding satisfaction. They look forward, it is true, to next Sunday for better results. But that may be too late. Something must be done at once; for, according to the Higgins idea, Thursday is about the right day to let go a death dealing campaign settler.

Two suppositions are most probable. One is that a forged letter will be issued that shall purport to be General Harrison's own, and that shall admit to be true all the charges made by Dollar a Day Liar Gould. The other is that some forgery or outrage will be fastened on Senator Quay. What that may be cannot be imagined at present, but meantime the scheme to arrest him is on foot. Somebody is to be procured to swear that the Republican chairman offered him money to procure illegal registrations. There are plenty such to be hired. The scheme, the Democrats think, might result in a good temporary annoyance to Senator Quay, and to the serious and perhaps fatal discomfiture of the Harrison cause; for it might take two or three days for the character to right itself, and meantime, the Democratic press, itself loyal and desperate, could be trusted to make the most of it.

Oaths to Tammany Leaders.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Gen. Newton of the Department of Public Works yesterday issued his second answer to the charges made against him by Sheriff Grant, and at the same time charged Richard Croker, the head of Tammany Hall, and other men of the same organization, with binding themselves by oath to the will of Tammany leaders when they were aldermen in the days of Tweed.

Gen. Newton says that Mr. Grant well knows that the Department of Public Works can be made the strongest and worst political influence in this city with its control of its many millions of expenditure. Today it knows no politics, and is a purely business department. "Your course" referring to Sheriff Grant, "even before you have been elected to the office you covet, is proof that, should you be elected, you would take possession of it as quickly as possible, which will be to place it in commission for Tammany Hall. You are the candidate and representative of that body and Richard Croker is its head. It may be well for the people of this city to have an object lesson in Mr. Croker's history and practice as to subordinating duty to the public to loyalty to the machine. You, as a Tammany man, must know; the people do not. When Tammany Alderman of this city Richard Croker first took an oath to obey the laws and subsequently took an oath to obey the bosses. Does he expect less of his subordinates in the machine than he, when a subordinate was willing to concede to the machine?"

The object lesson is the oath taken by the aldermen of 1870. General Newton makes this comment on the oath:

"I give you a copy of it (the oath) in the form in which the original came into my possession, and call your attention to the fact that, so far as I know, all the persons whose names appear either in the body of the document or as signers, and are still alive, are now supporting your candidacy, and Mr. Stevens is in your employment."

The fac simile of the oath is somewhat bewildering. General Newton furnished the block from which it is printed, and also a type written letter alleged to be a copy of this affidavit. It was not a copy, however, inasmuch as the conjunction "and" which appears in the fac simile does not appear in the type written copy. Moreover, the type written copy did not, of course, bear the remnants of a name or names which apparently headed the list. The block, to the ordinary observer, gives the impression that it has been chopped, and there were other names upon it which General Newton did not wish to make public, and for that reason chopped them out of the block. The work was, however, clumsily done and the telltale evidence remains. What are the names chopped out, and why were they not permitted to remain with the others? A reporter last night called upon General Newton, Dick Croker and others, and discovered conclusively that the block had been tampered with. The Tammany men said they signed the document to defeat Tweed. They therefore bound themselves to obey Harry Genet, who was Tweed's friend.

Committeeman Haynes.

[Special to the Press.]

AUGUSTA, Oct. [29.—Hon. J. Manchester Haynes, member of the National Republican committee for Maine, starts for New York the last of the week and will be in attendance at Republican headquarters during the last days of the campaign. He speaks very highly of Chairman Quay's ability to manage the campaign as evidenced by his work thus far. The committee was two days in selecting a chairman. Mr. Haynes voted for Quay.

A Warning to Republicans.

[Special to the Press.]

AUGUSTA, Oct. 29.—Commissioner of navigation, Col. Chas. B. Morton, has been flooding the State with a circular headed "Maine's Opportunity," in which he assures the Democrats of the election of Cleveland, intimiates that the Republicans can be caught napping at the November election and urges that every Democrat be sure and vote. This ought to be a warning to Republicans to be on their guard and bring every man to the polls.

Illegal Registration.

NEW YORK Oct. 29.—Nine cases of alleged illegal registration have reached the District Attorney's office so far. To-day bills in each were presented to the grand jury. Police Captain McCullough has taken out thirty-three warrants for persons he believes have registered illegally. The cases are mostly of lodgers in the neighborhood of Mulberry Bend. Arrests will not be made until after each one has voted on election day.

Both Will Parade.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 29.—Mayor Denny to-day called together the chief marshals of the Democratic and Republican parties' parades set for Saturday evening and also the chairmen of the Democratic and Republican county committees. They were in consultation a long time. Both parties refused to abandon the intended demonstration. Finally it was agreed that each party should parade only upon certain streets. To this end, the Mayor drew a formal written agreement, giving the line of march and the time for starting and disbanding of each column. Both signed the agreement. The Mayor hopes the arrangement may avert a conflict. Both sides are redoubling their efforts to get out clubs and make a great showing. Ex-Senator McDonald today expressed the opinion that the letter of Mr. West will help instead of hurting the Democratic party, because "its chief effect will be to show the desperation of the Republican cause."

Harvard Republicans.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 29.—Final arrangements have been completed for a Republican rally under the auspices of the Republican club of Harvard University. The meeting is to be held at Tremont Temple, Boston, Friday evening, November 2d, at 8 p. m. Hon. Geo. F. Hoar, Hon. John D. Long, Hon. Henry Cabot Lodge, Hon. Geo. D. Robinson and other prominent Harvard graduates will be among the speakers. Rev. Edward Everett Hale will preside.

Butler at Detroit.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 29.—Gen. Butler spoke to the largest political gathering of the campaign in this city at the rink to-night. The large building was completely packed and several thousnnd people got no nearer than the outside rooms. The General was in poor voice and was with difficulty heard. He began by saying he was an old man and his political days were over. He had been a greenbacker and was proud of it. There no longer existed any necessity for the greenback party, as they had secured all they wanted. It made no difference to him who was president. The president could not do much harm any way, but he preferred to see Gen. Harrison elected because he believed in protection for capital and labor. He then proceeded to an elaborate discussion of the tariff and the Mills bill. Referring to the Sackville-West letter, he said it made no difference whether the Murchison letter was a forgery or not, the minister's letter was not.

Thurman's Travels.

WHEELING, W.Va., Oct. 29.—Judge Thurman, his son Allan, and newspaper representatives left Columbus at 11.20 a. m., on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. At Zanesville, 400 or 500 men greeted the "Old Roman." He thanked them and spent a short time in handshaking. Cambridge turned out 200 people with whom the Judge carried on a lively conversation during the time the train stopped. He congratulated them on their recent big strike on natural gas, jokingly suggesting that he thought they had "found the place where a lot of stump speakers were buried and then tapped them." Some one in the crowd asked, "Will the West letter have any influence on the election?"

"Oh no, that fellow has not English brains to hurt anything," laughingly replied the Judge. "It was too transparent a trick to draw him into a scrape, to have any influence on the people. It is simply a ridiculous campaign dodge."

When the Wheeling depot was reached, a crowd of most enthusiastic Democrats gave a rousing welcome to the party, fireworks adding to the noise. Judge Thurman was at once driven to the Windsor hotel. To-morrow morning there will be a parade, in the afternoon a number of speeches and in the evening a torchlight procession, and Judge Thurman's address at the rink.

THE GOVERNOR AMES.

A Maine Built Schooner with Five Towering Masts.

WALDOBORO, Oct. 27.—In this town, one of the oldest settlements in the Pine Tree State, many large ships, noted for staunchness and good sailing qualities, have been built. But of late years the decline in shipbuilding has left its mark in this staid old town. For some years past not a square-rigged vessel has been built. A few fore-and-aft schooners have been put up, but the number of vessels have been small. At the present time there is only one vessel building here, and it can well be termed the Great Eastern of schooners, for such it is, a vessel larger than many ships. The tremendous piece of marine architecture is to have five masts, the first vessel of that rig built in the United States.

Lewitt Storer, who has constructed many ships, is the builder, and at the present time he has more than 150 men at work on the "big schooner," as she is called here, in order to insure her completion before the river closes for the winter, which generally occurs about the 1st of December.

The new schooner will be known as the Governor Ames. Her owners are Oliver Ames, Fred L. Ames and Oakes A. Ames, of Easton, Mass.; Wm. T. Hart, John Goldthwaite, Willard Dalrymple and Henry C. Delano, of Boston; S. H. Tingley, D. W. Davis, George Bucklin, John Heathcote, of Providence; George H. Chase, Edward K. Morse, Captain E. G. Davis and J. B. Westgate, of Fall River; A. Longstreet, of Chicago; Albert H. Winslow, of Taunton; Hon. F. H. Stevens, of Swansea; N. R. Davis & Son, of Assonet, and Wm. P. Hood, J. F. Davis and C. A. Davis, of Somerset.

Work on the Governor Ames began the latter part of July, the lines being taken from a model by Albert H. Winslow, designer, of Taunton, Mass. The dimensions of the Governor Ames are as follows: Length of keel, 232 feet; length over all, 265 feet; breadth of beam, 50 feet; depth, 21 feet; lower hold, 15 feet; between decks, 8 feet. Her tonnage register will be between 1800 and 1900, and her coal carrying capacity 3000 tons on a draft of 20 feet, light water draft, 9 feet.

HEATING CARS BY STEAM.

New York Railroad Commissioners Enforce the Law.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 29.—The report of the late action of the railroad commissioners in the matter of the application of a number of railroads for an extension of time in which to comply with the provisions of Chapter 189, of the laws of 1888, in respect to heating passenger cars other than by stoves or furnaces kept inside the cars or suspended from them, has been made public. The Newburg, Dutchess and Connecticut Railroad is granted an extension of time for one year on account of its running mixed trains, and at a rate not exceeding twenty miles per hour. The other railroads, viz., the Grand Trunk, Long Island, Northern, Central & Western, New York & Pennsylvania, Delaware & Hudson, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, Pennsylvania & New York, Vermont Central & Elmira, Cartland & Northern railroad companies and the Pullman Palace Car Company have been granted an extension to January 1st, 1889, to comply with the law. The Wagner Palace Car Company is ready to live up to the law in the State, their cars being fully equipped for steam heating. For cars used on Western roads which run into this State on the Grand Trunk of Canada and other lines, which have not as yet adopted steam heating, but use stoves, instructions are given to let the fires die out within an hour of reaching this State, and steam apparatus be put into operation.

The Imprisoned Whalers.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Oct. 29.—The anxiety of friends of the endangered Arctic whalemen in this city continues without abatement. No additional news of importance has been received except that the Lucretia saw the fleet September 25th, two days earlier than the first report, in latitude 72° North. Opinion prevails among some experienced captains that the fleet can be got out of the ice right, but others hold to the first statement, that it is one chance in 20. Nothing can be learned until the arrival of vessels at San Francisco with news of the fleet.

Terrible Destitution.

GREAT BARRINGTON, Mass., Oct. 29. State Agent Anderson, in Montville, Mass., found Daniel Ellis, his wife and six children living in a shocking state of squaler and wretchedness. The house was ricketty and the family were huddled together in two rooms, without food and scarcely any clothing. Ellis kept his emaciated horse in the cellar. The court placed the five oldest children in the care of the state board of charities leaving the baby with the parents. Ellis is said to be willing to work, his wife being both unwilling and incapable to help him. The oldest of the children was twelve years.

Houses Sinking Into the Earth.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 29.—There was a big cave-in this morning over the abandoned mine of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad at Curry Hill, Plymouth. The house of John Fox sank in 12 feet. The inmates were thrown out of bed and seriously injured. Several other buildings are damaged. The cave-in covers an area of three acres. About 100 people will have to vacate their houses.

At the Democratic city caucus in Nashua, N. H. last evening, Charles H. Burke was nominated for mayor.

SAM RANDALL TRUE TO HIS COLORS.

As Firm a Believer in Protection as He Ever Was.

Another Traveller Brings Good News from New York.

Dr. Mary Walker Tells Her Sisters to Vote or Bring Suit.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Ever since Samuel J. Randall was attacked by severe, and as many of his friends believed fatal, illness four or five months ago, partisans of the administration have been busy spreading falsehoods about him. Thus they repeatedly and vehemently asserted early in July that he would vote for the "Dark Lantern" bill, although he had delivered a vigorous and earnest speech against it in May. His manly letter, asking to be paired against the bill, was dictated while he lay prostrate on a bed of illness, from which many did not expect him to rise. It gave the lie to the assertions, and for a time his enemies were quiet. The attempt to punish him by preventing his renomination had to be abandoned as hopeless by Scott and the other agents of the administration, but they set their wits to work again to misrepresent his view. The scheme was cunningly devised, and a member of the committee to apprise him of his nomination was chosen to carry it out. By twisting and distorting some expressions used by Mr. Randall on that occasion, this tool of the administration undertook to create an impression that Mr. Randall had recanted his views on the tariff and had sworn allegiance to the Cleveland policy, free trade and all. There never was a shadow of foundation for this report, but it is still industriously circulated in quarters where administration partisans think it important to use Mr. Randall's name in some parts of Virginia and West Virginia as well as in New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania, this falsehood is in active use today.

Mr. Randall today stands precisely where he stood in May, when he delivered his unanswerable speech against the so-called Mills bill and when he was paired against it in July, on the side of American labor and industries, and in favor of the American system of protection. Reports have been circulated to the effect that Mr. Randall's mind has become impaired by his illness, and that he is a victim of hallucination, to use the mildest term. These reports also are false, and probably ought to be set down as the offspring of administration malignity.

Dr. Walker's Advice to Her Sisters.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Dr. Mary Walker issues an impassioned appeal tonight, addressed: "To the great sisterhood all over the land," urging all women to register and vote. She says if women are prevented from the exercise of their clearly guaranteed rights, money will be forthcoming to prosecute such persons as may attempt to interfere, and, if necessary, the suits will be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, when, she says, the truth of woman's crowning constitutional argument would be decided.

A Republican House.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Look out for a Republican House in the Fifty-first Congress. This is the way the probabilities, so far as learned, are footed up by Edward McPherson, who is supplying literature for the congressional campaigns and noting the outcome carefully. He is full of enthusiasm over the outlook, and his figures are usually very accurate.

The present House is composed of 172 Democrats, or quasi Democrats, and 153 Republicans, thus giving the Democrats a majority in full House of 19.

These are some of the changes coming:

In New Hampshire—A gain of 1 for Republicans, Miss Stockton was nominated unanimously by acclamation. Almost before the nomination was declared four young delegates in the front row got up, turned about and facing the convention led off in sweet ravishing tones with the national hymn, "America." Not less than 15 soft voices joined in the singing, the entire convention standing the while. When the singing was finished Miss Stockton was enthusiastically escorted to the platform.

Beyond question she is the handsomest and most magnetic candidate that ever was nominated for any office in the world. All during the proceedings her modesty had kept her silent and secluded, and now that the chief honor of the day had been thrust upon her the blood leaped to her cheeks and she hid her eyes, while her devoted followers all wanted to cry out with joy and affection.

Miss Stockton is a tall, queenly beauty, with fine, regular features, and a delicate, artistic figure. Her hair is brown and her eyes nearly black. She was dressed richly, yet simply, with scarcely an inch of superfluous cloth in her elegant gown, and not a pennysworth of jewelry displayed. The drapery of a drawing room would be far fitter as a background than the dusty, bare walls of Bracebridge Hall.

All her life her taste for reading has been of a social and economic character, but she has never before ventured to the front in a public movement. She was attracted to Mrs. Lockwood while occupying the relation of a client to the celebrated woman lawyer, and for several years the leader of the Equal Rights party has received her generous and substantial support of Miss Stockton.

The granddaughter on her mother's side of a venturesome and successful Massachusetts shipmaster, Miss Stockton is also a daughter of Clarence K. Stockton, who for many years represented in China his father-in-law's house. At Hong Kong Miss Stockton was born only 26 years ago, although her sober costume and mature address yesterday made her seem five years older. Her mother died when Miss Stockton was only a child, and her father's death 15 years ago, she an orphan, the heir to a great fortune and the last of two old families, was taken from China to Europe, where for eight years she was under the tuition of every accomplishment that becomes a young woman. Only seven years ago she first saw the land of her fathers, and coming to Massachusetts she took up her home in the old family house at Wenaton, where it is her habit to spend the summer and autumn in a simple way, dispensing a refined hospitality and seeking out among her less fortunate neighbors chances to do good. The rest of the year is divided between New York and southerly climes in both hemispheres.

Her little speech to the convention was very happy and earnest. She dwelt with special emphasis on the idea that the activity of women in political affairs should not divide families but strengthen them. And she asserted that there was no more reason why man and wife should clash in politics than in religion. Love, she said, was a link that nothing could break, and she expressed the hope that it should become an element in the government of nations.

Miss Stockton's speech was exceedingly plain and very forcible. It was 6 o'clock when the committee on platform and electors offered to report, but Miss Stockton observed that if the convention should try to do everything at one session some poor husbands and children might have to go suppertless to bed. This remark settled it, and with three charming cheers for Lockwood, Love and Stockton the convention adjourned.

She Smelled the Tableau.

[Washington Letter to N. Y. Tribune.]

Among his Democratic colleagues Mr. Call, of Florida, has the reputation of knowing everything—at least he thinks he does. "Call," one Senator will say, "did you hear that the President was going to do so and so to-day?"

"Oh, yes, I heard that this morning."

"Call," another will remark, "we have decided to make this a party question."

"I knew that," answers Call.

"Call," says a third, "I have just received a dispatch which says that—"

"Jones told me so last night," Call will interpose promptly. And so on—there is absolutely nothing that you can tell him which he doesn't know already. He is a great man.

This little idiosyncrasy on the part of the Florida statesman was being discussed by some of his colleagues the other day in the cloak room on the Democratic side of the Senate when a North Carolina humorist remarked quietly:

"You know, gentlemen, Brother Call is very much like an old lady who lives in my town and who makes frantic efforts to keep abreast of the times. Circumscribed, however, in her social sphere and with limited opportunities of development, this is difficult; and she is compelled sometimes to resort to her imagination. The effort is vain to tell her anything she does not already know, or startle her with information. One day she went to the church sociable, and as she entered the room, one of the young ladies said:

"'Good evening, Auntie, I am glad you came. We are going to have tableaus this evening.'"

"'Yes, I know, I know,' promptly replied the old lady. 'I smelt 'em when I first came in.'"

The responsive laughter which greeted the recital of this anecdote showed how hard the nail had been hit on the head.

Owing to Saturday afternoon being a half holiday in New York the question is discussed whether the 30,000 voters who registered after 12 o'clock on that day will be disqualified from voting at the approaching elections.

strange schooner was steering badly and was falling astern. He watched for signals of distress and was prepared to render assistance. A little later, being then about a mile and a half in the rear, the unknown schooner suddenly sank and Captain Tugts has no doubt that all on board went down with her. The unknown schooner was loaded under the deck, carried a maintopmast and had a new foresail. She appeared to be of about 120 tons and American build.

A BEAUTY FOR GOVERNOR.

Massachusetts Women Nominate a Candidate Rich as Ames, Young as Russell and Handsomer than Either.

BOSTON, Oct. 29.—Exactly 21 women, blondes and brunettes, young and old, comely and otherwise, met in Bracebridge Hall at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon and organized the most novel State convention ever held in Massachusetts. They had come together in response to a special invitation from a small group of active and earnest spirits who were anxious to see Massachusetts take her place in the Equal Rights movement, led in the presidential campaign by Lockwood and Love. A pretty young girl, who could hardly have seen her twenty-first birthday, pinned on the bosom of each of the merry, chattering delegates a carnation pink. Half an hour was spent in introductions and social greeting. Then Mrs. Sylvie Hume, of Boston, a tall, strongly, yet finely-built woman, with a large head covered with iron gray hair, smoothly combed, stepped to the presiding officer's chair, laid aside her cape and bonnet, drew off her kid gauntlets, and said: "Fellow sufferers! Oh how dearly should I love to say 'Fellow citizens!' Please come to order. At the risk of being thought officious, strong-minded and short-haired, a few inexperienced women of Massachusetts are bravely met to-day to mingle the banner of this proud old State with the ensigns of those of her sisters in the Union of States that are already lifted in behalf of equal rights for all Americans and in support of that dauntless and irreproachable leader, Belva Ann Lockwood of the District of Columbia."

Here 40 gloved hands went pit-a-pat and a dozen sun umbrellas beat the floor.

"Women," continued the warm, sweet voice of Mrs. Hume, "I await your pleasure as to the organization."

An elderly delegate, wearing spectacles, moved that Mrs. Hume permanently preside over the deliberations of the convention. This motion prevailed in a delightful chorus of "Ayes." Twice was more hand clapping as the slight, delicately moulded young girl

THE PRESS.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCT. 30.

We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are in all cases indispensable, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot undertake to return or preserve communications that are not used.

FOR PRESIDENT,

BENJAMIN HARRISON,

OF INDIANA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

LEVI P. MORTON,

OF NEW YORK.

For Presidential Electors.

At Large—Horace H. Shaw, of Portland.
Samuel N. Campbell, of Cherryfield.
First District—Mark F. Wentworth, of Kittery.
Second District—T. R. Simonton, of Camden.
Third District—Albert W. Cushman, of Ellsworth.
Fourth District—Lambert Sands, of Sebec.

Minister West would do better to stay in America. Here the majority only laugh at him. Over in England they are cursing him.

Actual count makes the number of men in the business men's parade in New York Saturday less than thirteen thousand—not a big crowd for a city the size of New York.

Lord Sackville can't get much satisfaction out of the English papers. Indeed they are more severe upon his performance than the American.

The Solid South and the slums of New York city are the Democratic reliance. Were the Democrats not assured of the support of the latter they would have not the slightest hope of re-electing Grover Cleveland.

On Staurday we asked the Argus to kindly inform us whether it was for free trade or protection. Not receiving any answer we take it for granted that the Argus overlooked our question. Therefore we repeat it.

The Indianapolis Journal, referring to General Harrison's admirable series of home speeches, say that "that he has stumped the United States by telegraph." This is why there has been nothing slow about his campaign.

Jeff Davis, who, like Minister West, is a conspicuous foreigner, says that he, too, if he had a vote, should cast it for Cleveland and Thurman. It is remarkable what curious support the Cleveland and Thurman net does drag in.

According to our Augusta dispatch Col. C. B. Morton, commissioner of navigation, has conceived a scheme for capturing the electoral vote of Maine for the Democrats. The Colonel is smart but that job is a good many sizes too big for him.

The managing editor of the New York Sun predicts that Harrison will carry both New York and Connecticut. That, assuming that Harrison will carry all the States that Blaine carried, will give him 224 electoral votes, 23 more than a majority.

The Republicans of San Francisco have acceded to the spirit of progress and put six women on their ticket for school directors. The Democrats refused to do this and ran a straight hunker ticket of twelve men. We predict that the hunker ticket will have a hard time on election day.

George William Curtis marched in the ranks of the Democratic procession reviewed by Mr. Cleveland in New York on Saturday. Did the Star-eyed Goddess whisper in his ear the words of Solomon:

My son, walk not thou in the way with them; refrain thy foot from their path: for their feet run to evil—?

It must be that she did. But Mr. Curtis has become deaf.

No doubt the Democrats will not hesitate to resort to fraud to swell their vote in New York city, if that becomes necessary, and there is nothing very improbable in the story told by the Tribune that they have arranged to get early reports of the Republican majority above Harlem bridge so as to know how much they have got to overcome with a view of supplying deficiencies in the New York city vote by false counting. It is a matter of history, and is acknowledged now by the Democrats themselves, that this game was once played by them and played successfully.

Of course no one ever doubts the Democratic orators when they declare that their party is the party of the poor man, foreordained from the beginning of its existence to an unceasing conflict with wealth and corporate influence and monopoles. There are so many facts to prove their assertion that no one can very well doubt it. For instance, in that great procession which Mr. Cleveland reviewed in New York there were in the ranks such eminent sons of poverty and enemies of corporate wealth and monopoly as W. K. Vanderbilt, Edward Cooper, August Belmont, Roswell P. Flower, David Dudley Field, Amos R. Eno, William R. Grace, and and Henry Villard.

If anything were needed to show that the Lord Sackville letter had thrown the Democracy into a panic the various devices to explain it away would fully supply it. These devices are all exceedingly puerile and only show that the Democratic intellect for the time being has lost its balance. It has subbeen found out, for instance, that the relations between Mr Bayard and Lord Sackville have been "cold and formal" for some time back; that Lord Sackville dislikes Cleveland; and that his letter was really written for the purpose of embarrassing the administration. When our esteemed Democratic contemporaries recover their senses they will read these explanations with anything but delight.

The present railway complications in Manitoba are the continuation of the old fight between the Province and the Canadian Pacific Railway, which is backed by the Dominion government. The Canadian Pacific want the monopoly of the transportation of Manitoba, so they can fix their own prices for carrying her grain to the seaboard and for bringing back the manufactured articles. The people of Manitoba, on the other hand, who are ready to fight rather than allow themselves to be subjected to a monopoly, have projected after much expense and tribulation, a line from Winnipeg south along the red river of the North to the United States, where a junction may be effected with the Canadian Pacific. This prospective road, which has already been leased to the Northern Pacific, is called the Red River Valley Railway, and is so nearly completed that the people of Manitoba had hoped, before the present complications arose with the Canadian Pacific, that they would have the advantage of the competing line in sending this season's crop of wheat to the market. It is probably for the purpose of defeating this plan and preserving its monopoly for one year more, that the Canadian Pacific is obstructing the work of building the Red River Valley road across its line.

The opinion of the President of the United States on the letter of Minister West is of considerable interest, both because he is the President and because he may be said to be an interested party. The Boston Globe contains a long account of an interview with Mr. Cleveland, the interesting part of which is as follows:

"If it is a fair question, may I ask, Mr. President, what is your opinion of the propriety of the British minister's writing this letter?"

The President paused a moment before replying, and then said, choosing his words carefully:

"I do not think I care to criticise the action of the minister in this matter. Our estimation of it is a matter which has been officially communicated by the State Department to the British government."

"There is another question, no less delicate, which I should like to ask you. What motive impelled the British ambassador to so transcend ordinary diplomatic usages?"

The President hesitated some little time before replying, and when he did he did not make a direct answer, but said:

"I do not understand how anyone with the least intelligence could not have understood the full intent of the letter of inquiry. It contains a trap in every line. Compared to it the Morey letter was nothing."

Mr. Cleveland has never been distinguished for his gratitude to those who have labored in his interest. Poor West did the best he could for Cleveland, and is now turned off as a person who, as G. Cleveland understands it, has not the "least intelligence."

CURRENT COMMENT.

A BEAUTIFUL PAGEANT.

[Lowell Courier.]

The great political spectacle in New York is the sight of the Republican majority coming down to Harlem river.

ALL OF THE NORTH AND SOME OF THE SOUTH.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.]

It now looks as if the Republicans would surely carry every Northern State, with Missouri and the two Virginias added to make the result peculiarly splendid, and to insure similar successes for the next quarter of a century.

TAMMANY'S LEADER.

How His Wife Helped Him Into John Kelly's Shoes.

[N. Y. Mail and Express.]

The local political situation in New York city is of National importance, and Richard Croker is one of the most important persons in local politics as the head of Tammany Hall and the successor of John Kelly. Therefore Mr. Croker is one of the greatest factors in the Presidential contest, and much depends upon his action as to which party will win in November. Should he be disposed to be the least contrary the Democrats would lose New York. For a man holding such a conspicuous position and who might control the future of his party, little is known of Croker outside of his political career, even among the people interested in politics in this city.

Yet his life is almost romantic. If a man's career can be made by any one Croker's was made by his wife. She is a lady of a remarkably strong character as well as of a lovely disposition. She was a Miss Margaret Frazier, a member of a well-to-do Irish family and it was after she had graduated with honor at one of the convents here that she met Croker. Being a girl of many excellent traits of character and refined tastes it was a matter of wonder to his friends that she should take a fancy to a man of Croker's stamp. At this time he was the rudest of ward politicians, and his ability as a pugilist made him successful in his calling. He confined himself to a ward that was populated by the roughest element of the city. Politics were different in those days from what they are now, and every election meant bloodshed Even among these rowdies Richard Croker was a terror as well as a leader. He was incapable of fear, and there were no better rough-and-tumble fighters than he was; and this was at a time, too, when John Morrissey and other men of his stamp were prominent political leaders. Croker was always on the side of John Kelly, and so faithful was he to his chief that Kelly became very fond of him

Croker was the son of a wealthy Protestant gentleman in the North of Ireland. As so many North Ireland Protestants are Orangemen, possibly Croker thought if his history became known he would be suspected of being an Orangeman, and a man of that stripe would be as much out of place in Tammany Hall as Jay Gould would be among a gang of Anarchists. Nor could he have hoped to have been a leader of his ward, controlled by Irish Catholics. So Dick Croker preferred to have it supposed that he was an ill-bred Irishman instead of the son of a gentleman, who had received every educational advantage. He was too wild to suit his strict Presbyterian father, which resulted in his leaving home and coming to this country. Like most boys of well-to-do parents in Ireland, he had a natural liking for sport and had learned boxing from the men employed on his father's farm.

As his career has shown, he was a born leader of men, and, fighting qualities being requisite in a politician who had to begin at the bottom of the ladder, he soon became a useful man to John Kelly. He was holding some small office when he accidently became acquainted with Miss Frazier. The shrewd girl was not long in discovering that beneath Dick Croker's rough exterior there was excellent stuff. Then she fell in love with him

When her parents learned where she had placed her affections they were shocked. It seemed impossible to them that their daughter, whom they had so finely educated could see anything in such an ill-bred man as Croker was supposed to be. They would not consent to the match, and Croker confided the secret to John Keily, who interceded for him with the young lady's parents. Kelly was already a man of great importance but still he had a weary task to perform: but as the young lady was deeply in love, her father finally relented. Croker being a Protestant was another great objection, but after the marriage Miss Frazier converted him her to faith. The marriage was private, only a few persons being present, and John Kelly being best man.

Immediately Croker threw off his rough disguise and then his wife's work of polishing up began. People who knew the Tammany chieftain then and now say the change has been wonderful, and it is hard to recognize him as the same man. There never was a more devoted husband and father. Besides he is a man of much refinement. He has a taste for art, which he is cultivating more and more as he grows better off, and for a busy politician he is well up in literature.

A Famous Doctor

[illegible] at the secret of good health consists in keeping the head cool, the feet warm, and the bowels open. Had this eminent physician lived in our day, and known the merits of Ayer's Pills as an aperient, he would certainly have recommended them, as so many of his distinguished successors are doing.

The celebrated Dr. Farnsworth, of Norwich, Conn., recommends Ayer's Pills as the best of all remedies for "Intermittent Fevers."

Dr. I. E. Fowler, of Bridgeport, Conn., says: "Ayer's Pills are highly and universally spoken of by the people about here. I make daily use of them in my practice."

Dr. Mayhew, of New Bedford, Mass., says: "Having prescribed many thousands of Ayer's Pills, in my practice, I can unhesitatingly pronounce them the best cathartic in use."

The Massachusetts State Assayer, Dr. A. A. Hayes, certifies: "I have made a careful analysis of Ayer's Pills. They contain the active principles of well-known drugs, isolated from inert matter, which plan is, chemically speaking, of great importance to their usefulness. It insures activity, certainty, and uniformity of effect. Ayer's Pills contain no metallic or mineral substance, but the virtues of vegetable remedies in skillful combination."

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Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

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A limited amount of the capital stock remains unsold and can be purchased at par. It is as safe an investment as any guaranteed Land Bonds, and offers the additional advantage of securing to the stockholders the entire profits of the investment.

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Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

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GUNS,

Rifles, Revolvers, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle and Sporting Goods.

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Our Children's Department is packed with hundreds upon hundreds of Children's Suits, Overcoats, &c. Many of them from some of the most celebrated New York houses.

Our Men's Department is running over with cords and cords of Ulsters, Suits, Reefers and all kinds of Men's Clothing.

Our Basement, which we have recently finished, is also crammed with goods.

Our Furnishing Goods Department contains hundreds of dozens of Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, Hose, Collars and Underwear that is being sold as low as smaller dealers pay for it.

Mr. Chas. H. Redlon, formerly with the well known house of C. D. B Fisk & Co., and Mr. Kenney, the Clothiers; Mr. Fred A. Crawford, Mr. John H. Hannaford, for several years with Mr. C. J. Farrington; Mr. William H. Mason, who is extensively known to the clothing trade here; Mr. Eugene Breman, Mr. C. E. Mansfield, Mr. Alex Stephenson and Mr. Ed. Gay, all invite their friends to attend this Great Sale at Clark's One Price Clothing House, No. 482 Congress Street, Portland.

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WE SAID WE WERE GOING TO GIVE THE PUBLIC A BENEFIT.

Read, and see whether we are or not. This week we will pay our attention to the Workingman.

For every one hundred cents he gives us he will receive one hundred and twenty-five cents in goods.

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Oil Tanned Leather Jackets	$ 4.00,	worth $ 6.00
Raritan Overcoats	5.00,	" 8.00
Gray Mixed Overcoats	6.00,	" 9.00
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Five Different Styles of Suiting	9.00,	" 12.00
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Come to Our Store! Examine Our Goods! Our Low Prices will Surprise You!

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C. D. CUNNINGHAM. - - - - T. H. FLAHERTY.

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NEARLY MANUFACTURERS' PRICES FOR SOME LOTS.

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The $35.00 Cloaks at $22.00 and the $25.00 Cloaks at $17.00 are nearly all sold and cannot be duplicated.

Low prices for the finer goods, including the finest manufacture. We have just purchased a lot of fine Black Silk Velvets at about one-third their value, to be sold at 75 cents, usual price $2.00.

The entire lot of Cheney Bros.' Jersey Silks will be closed out soon at a special price.

Our very large stock of fine Dress Goods is being sold under price.

TURNER BROS.

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Largest stock and finest goods in the city, at very low prices. My line is complete in

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MORRISON & CO., Jewelers,

Offer Special Bargains in new and beautiful designs in Silver and Plated Ware for Wedding Presents.

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HASKELL & JONES

MANUFACTURING

Clothiers and Men's Furnishers!

MARKET SQUARE,

Invite an inspection of their

FALL and WINTER CLOTHING.

We manufacture all Garments sold by us, and the superior workmanship and elegance in style and fit commend them to the buyer.

Our Stock of Custom Made Winter Overcoats

IS THE FINEST EVER SHOWN BY US.

And any gentleman who thinks of buying a Custom Overcoat should examine these garments.

NOBBY SCOTCH SUITS FOR YOUNG MEN.

In Cutaways and Sacks. Suits from $5.00 to $25.00.

Fall and Winter Overcoats in Great Variety of Quality and Prices!

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

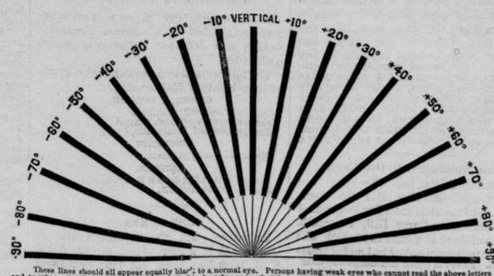
We have a large and elegant stock of Neckwear, in Four-in-Hands and Teck's. Shirts, Night Shirts, Gloves, Hosiery, Underwear in all grades. Collars and Cuffs, Fine Silk Umbrellas, Canes, &c. We are agents for the best MACKINTOSH COAT in the market

HASKELL & JONES,

Lancaster Building, 470 Congress Street.

oct13 eodtf

Spectacles and Eye Glasses!



These lines should all appear equally blac; to a normal eye. Persons having weak eyes who cannot read the above letters and to whom the lines do not appear equally black at five or ten feet, have a visual imperfection which common spectacles will not improve. They must have special lenses ground to correct the deformity of their corneas. This defect is called ASTIGMATISM. THIS PRINT should be read with ease at ten inches and is a test for NEAR VISION.

We have a large assortment and are prepared to adjust the same upon scientific principles. We use NACHET'S TRIAL CASE, together with the OPTHALMOSCOPIC TEST LENSE, combining the best methods known for detecting all optical defects of the eye and determining the lenses needed for their correction.

GEORGE C. FRYE corner Congress and Franklin Streets.

je16 ST&Ttf

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY OF PORTLAND.

SEWER ASSESSMENTS.

IN BOARD OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN, October 8, 1888.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON DRAINS AND SEWERS.

The Standing Committee on Drains and Sewers, to whom was referred the construction of Sewers during the present year, having estimated and assessed upon such lots or parcels of land as are benefitted by the sewers constructed during the year 1888, and enumerated in the report of the City Civil Engineer accompanying this report, such sums not exceeding such benefits as we consider just and equitable, hereby respectfully submit the same for the action of the Mayor and Aldermen.

JOHN P. HOBBS,
Chairman of Committee on Drains and Sewers.

Read and accepted.

IN BOARD OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN, October 8, 1888.

Ordered, That the City Clerk give required notice that a hearing will be given upon the subject matter of the assessments on sewers constructed during the year 1888, on Monday, the 5th day of November, A. D. 1888, at 7.30 p. m., at the room of the Mayor and Aldermen, City Building, by this board, in accordance with section 3 of the Ordinance on Drains and Sewers.

Read and passed.

CITY OF PORTLAND.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, October 15, 1888.

Notice is hereby given that a hearing will be given to all interested in the subject matter of the sewer assessments of 1888, in accordance with the above report and order, which are made a part of this notice.

By order of the Mayor and Alderman.

GEO. C. BURGESS, City Clerk.

SEWER ASSESSMENTS.

BOYNTON COURT SEWER.

Beginning at a manhole in Boynton Court, 10 feet north of the southerly line thereof, and 85 feet west of the westerly line of Weymouth street; thence easterly through Boynton Court 85 feet to a point on the westerly line of Weymouth street 9 feet south of the northerly line of Boynton Court; thence with an angle to left 42 feet to the sewer in Weymouth street 28 feet north of the northerly line of Boynton Court produced easterly. Total length 127 feet.

Sewer is of 10 in. cement pipe laid 4 feet deep at point of beginning and 9 feet at terminus.

Cost of Sewer	$139.34
City's proportion	$118.60
Sum to be assessed	20.74
Area assessed, 3,727 sq. ft.	
Rate per 100 sq. ft., $0.55 647-1000, same as Weymouth street.	

NAMES.	AREA.	RATE.	AM'T.
Lucinda Hanson	3,727	$0.55 647-1000	20.74

CONGRESS, EASTERN PROMENADE AND EMERSON STREETS SEWER.

Congress and Eastern Promenade:—Beginning at a manhole in the centre of Congress street and on the easterly side line of Howard street produced; thence easterly through centre of Congress street 260 feet to a manhole on the easterly side line of Emerson street produced; thence same course 442 feet to a manhole on the westerly side line of the Eastern Promenade; thence on a curve to left with a radius of 54 feet a distance of 86 feet to a point; thence northerly through the Eastern Promenade and on a tangent to said curve 283 feet to a point; thence on an angle to left of 142° 50' a distance of 214.5 feet to a manhole in Turner street sewer where it crosses said Promenade.

Length 1285.5 feet.

Sewer is of 12 in. cement pipe for the first 260 feet, then 442 feet of 15 in. cement pipe and the remaining 583.5 feet of 13x18 cement pipe, laid 8.8 feet deep at point of beginning, 6.7 deep at the manhole on the easterly line of Emerson street, 8.3 deep on the easterly line of Morning street, 7.5 deep on westerly line of the Eastern Promenade, 6.6 deep 23.5 feet north of angle and 5.3 deep at terminus.

Emerson street:—Beginning at a point in centre of Emerson street 213 feet north of the northerly line of Congress street; thence southerly through centre of Emerson street 213 feet to the northerly side line of Congress street; thence with a curve to left 48.5 feet to the manhole in Congress street.

Length 259.5 feet.

Sewer is of 10 in. cement pipe, laid 6.85 deep at point of beginning and 6.6 deep at terminus.

Total length of Congress, Eastern Promenade and Emerson streets sewer 1, 545 feet.

Cost of Sewer	$1,570.99
City's proportion	523.66
Sum to be assessed	1,047.33
Area assessed, 138,959 sq. ft.	
Rate per 100 sq. ft., $0.75 369-1000.	

NAMES.	AREA.	RATE.	AM'T.
Samuel Groves ½	3,600	$0.75 369-1000	27.13
Joseph & Conway ½			
Gardiner & James M. Floyd	3,200		24.12
Harry M. Fessenden	3,200		24.12
Francis Fessenden	6,400		48.24
Henry Deering et als	12,804		96.50
Francis Fessenden	3,564		26.86
James D. Fessenden	3,564		26.86
Alice P. Anderson ½			
Sophia E. Preble 1-6	7,252		54.66
Mary A. P. Tucker ½			
Henry W. Straw	4,195		31.62
Chas. D. Richards	3,277		24.70
Chas. D. Richards	2,447		18.44
Anders G. Johnson	2,666		20.10
Chas. J. Richards	4,318		32.54
Frank W. Neely	4,318		32.54
Moses Gould	3,304		24.90
Hattie E. Wheelock	3,385		25.51
John Dryden	6,500		48.99
Alice P. Anderson ½			
Sophia E. Preble 1-6	4,090		30.82
Mary A. P. Tucker 1-3			
Alice P. Anderson ½			
Sophia E. Preble 1 6	4,090		30.82
Mary A. P. Tucker 1-3			
Frank W. Bradford	3,960		29.85
Henry Deering et als	3,960		29.85
Harry M. Fessenden	3,960		29.85
James D. Fessenden	3,960		29.85
Henry Deering et als	3,913		29.49
Henry Deering et als	3,913		29.49
Francis Fessenden	3,913		29.49
Francis Fessenden	3,915		29.51
Henry Deering et als	4,058		30.59
Henry Deering et als	4,066		30.65
Maine Wesleyan Board of Education	6,678		50.33
Moses Gould	6,489		48.91
	138,959		$1,047.33

FREDERIC STREET SEWER.

Beginning at a point in the centre of Frederic street 214 feet south of the southerly side line of Congress street; thence northerly through centre of Frederic street 252 feet to sewer in Congress street.

Total length 252 feet.

Sewer is of 10 in. cement pipe laid 8.2 feet deep at point of beginning, 9.1 deep 69 feet south of Congress street and 7.9 deep at terminus.

Cost of sewer	$251.59
City's proportion	$127.52
Sum to be assessed	124.07
Area assessed, 25,700 sq. ft.	
Rate per 100 sq. ft., $0.48 278-1000 for the system.	

NAMES.	AREA.	RATE.	AM'T.
Geo. Shackford	8,200	$0.48 278-1000	$39.59
Lindley M. Moore	6,800		32.83
Peter Nollett / Emily Q. Moores	5,700		27.54
Geo. B. Buzzell	5,000		24.14
	25,700		$124.07

GILMAN AND CARTER ST. SEWER.

Beginning at a manhole in centre of Gilman street 114 feet north of the northerly side line of A street; thence northerly through centre of Gilman street 173 feet to the southerly side line of Congress street; thence same course across Congress street 72.5 feet to the northerly side line of Congress and centre of Carter streets; thence same course through centre of Carter street 677 feet to the southerly side line of Portland street; thence with a curve to right 33 feet to sewer in Portland street.

Total length 955.5 feet.

Sewer is of 10 in. cement pipe for the first 173 feet and the remaining 782.5 feet of 12 in. cement, laid 9.3 feet below grade at point of beginning, 7.4 feet at south line of Congress street, 8.6 feet at north line of Congress street, 9 feet 57 feet north of Congress street and 13.2 feet at terminus.

Cost of Sewer	$804.95
City's proportion	$268.32
Sum to be assessed	536.63
Area assessed 147,300 sq. ft.	
Rate per 100 sq. ft., $0.36 431-1000	

NAMES.	AREA.	RATE.	AM'T.
Samuel H. Jose	5,281	$0.36 431-1000	$19.24
Winfield L. Smith	3,520		12.82
William B. Jordan	6,125		22.31
Edward N. Atwood	2,626		9.56
Elizabeth Ragsdell	2,249		8.19
Elizabeth M. Milliken			
Caroline M. Emerson	22,165		0.76
John B. Brown Est	30,015		109.35
J. H. & H. St. Johns			
Edward E. Proctor	31,729		115.59
Sarah E. Sawyer	3,600		13.12
Mary B. Wadsworth	3,600		13.12
Winfield S. Walker house	3,690		13.44
Joseph Walker 2d heirs	3,600		13.12
Honora Griffin	3,600		13.12
Edward Harlow	4,980		18.14
Maine General Hospital	20,520		74.75
	147,300		$536.63

GREENLEAF STREET SEWER.

Beginning at a point in the centre of Greenleaf street 51 feet north of the northerly side line on Oxford street; thence northerly through centre of Greenleaf street 129 feet to the southerly side line of Munroe street; thence with a curve to left 28.5 feet to a manhole in Munroe street. Total length 157.5 feet.

Sewer is of 10 in. cement pipe laid 9 feet deep at point of beginning, 9 feet at south line of Munroe street and 8.4 feet at manhole.

Cost of Sewer	$ 183.46
City's proportion	$ 61.15
Sum to be assessed	122.31
Area assessed 12,764 sq. ft.	
Rate per 100 sq. ft. $0.95 831-1000.	

NAMES.	AREA.	RATE.	AM'T.
Charles H. Adams	2,200	$0.95 831-1000	21.08
James H. McDonald	3,477		33.32
Elias Thomas	1,727		16.55
Ann O'Reilley heirs	2,680		25.68
Rose Breslin	2,680		25.68
	12,764		$122.31

LINCOLN STREET SEWER, BETWEEN PEARL AND WILMOT STREETS.

Beginning at a point in the centre of Lincoln street 22 feet east of the easterly line of Pearl street; thence easterly through centre of Lincoln street 218 feet to the westerly line of Wilmot street; thence with a curve to left 22 feet to a manhole in Wilmot street 15 feet south of the northerly line of Lincoln street.

Total length 240 feet.

Sewer is of 12 in. cement pipe laid 4.75 feet deep at point of beginning and 5.2 deep at terminus.

Cost of Sewer	$373.31
City's proportion	$126.10
Sum to be assessed	252.21
Area assessed, 23,654 sq. ft.	
Rate per 100 sq. ft., $1.06 63-100.	

NAMES.	AREA.	RATE.	AM'T.
Mary E. Gould	1,728	$1.06 63-100	18.43
Alexis Abbott	1,728		18.43
Wm. Thompson h'rs	1,708		18.21
Portland Savings Bank	1,757		18.73
Chas. Q. Clapp	3,263		34.79
Eli ridge W. Locke	2,484		26.49
Eli ridge W. Locke	2,414		25.74
Ellen R. Thompson	1,632		17.40
Geo. G. Green	2,145		22.87
Helen M. Newton	2,411		25.71
Mary E. Gould	2,386		25.44
	23,654		$252.21

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEWBURY STREET SEWER, BETWEEN FRANKLIN AND HAMPSHIRE STREETS.

Beginning at a point in centre of Newbury street 61.5 feet east of the easterly side line of Franklin street; thence easterly through centre of Newbury street 132.5 feet to sewer in Hampshire street.

Total length 132.5 feet.

Sewer is of 10 in. cement pipe laid 9 feet deep throughout.

Cost of sewer	$194.28
City's proportion	$148.49
Sum to be assessed	45.79
Area assed 5,994 sq. ft.	
Rate per 100 sq. ft. $0.76 4-10 same as Franklin St.	

NAMES.	AREA.	RATE.	AM'T.
Josiah C. Ward	3,096	$0.76 4-10	23.65
Eunice Lawrence	2,898		22.14
	5,994		$45.79

PORTLAND STREET SEWER, BETWEEN CONGRESS AND MARSTON STREETS.

Beginning at a point in the centre of Portland street, 48 feet east of the boundary line between the City of Portland and Town of Deering; thence easterly through the centre of Portland street 628.5 feet to a manhole, said manhole being 85 feet west of the westerly side line of Marston street.

Total length 628.5 feet.

Sewer is of 15 inch cement pipe, laid 9 feet deep at point of beginning, 9 feet 170 feet from point of beginning, 9 feet 270 from point of beginning, 9 feet 20 feet west of the westerly side line line of Lowell street, 9 feet 72 feet east of the easterly side line of Lowell street, and 5.9 feet at terminus.

Cost of sewer	$647.31
City's proportion	$215.77
Sum to be assessed	431.54
Area assessed, 93,962 sq. ft.	
Rate per 100 sq. st., $0.45 927-1000.	

NAMES.	AREA.	RATE	AM'T.
Hugh Murray	13,870	$0.45 927-1000	$63.74
Bartholemew Quinn	3,506		16.10
Minerva Berry, hrs.	5,200		23.88
Ira P. Farrington	5,061		23.24
Francis Tibbetts	4,477		20.56
Francis Tibbetts	5,347		24.55
Theodore E. Harmon	9,256		42.51
John B. Brown estate	13,774		63.26
J. H. and H. St. J. Smith			
Henry A. Hart, hrs	3,141		14.42
Henry A. Hart, hrs	2,696		12.43
Henry A. Hart, hrs	2,829		12.99
Ira P. Farrington	2,793		12.83
Ira P. Farrington	3,905		17.93
Ira P. Farrington	3,910		17.95
Moses Hunt	11,051		50.75
Frederic W. Clark	3,137		14.40
	93,962		$431.54

**SHERIDAN STREET SEWER, BETWEEN

THE PRESS.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCT. 30.

WIT AND WISDOM.

Addle—Every time I go to the museum my admiration for the old Egyptians increases.

Mrs. Addle—I should like to know what there is about an Egyptian mummy to admire!

Addle—They knew the secret, which died with them, alas! of drying up their wives and daughters.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Intimidation:
Reginald—Papa, can't I have a piece of mince pie?

Father—You may if you won't tell mamma that I gave it to you. (Pie is devoured in silence).

Reginald—Please can I have some more?

Father (sternly)—Not any more.

Reginald—If you don't let me I shall tell mamma.

He got it.

The best remedy for neuralgia, chronic rheumatism and gout is Salvation Oil. Price 25 cts.

"If I had to walk ten miles for it, I would not be without Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in my family," is what we heard a lady say a few days since.

Guest—You say I can have a room up two flights or one up four flights. Is there any preference?

Hotel clerk—Not that I know of. Six in one and half a dozen in the other.

Guest—Well I think I'll go to a house where I can have a room to myself.

What is sweeter than roses
That bloom in the beauty of June?
Or the stately and fragrant lilies
Whose bells ring a summer tune?
Ah, sweeter the roses blowing
On the cheeks of those we love,
And the lily of health that's glowing
The cheeks' red rose above.

But how soon the lily and the rose wither in the faces of our American women. Why is it? Simply because so many of them are victims of weakness, irregularities and functional derangements incidental to the sex. If they would use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription all these beauty and health-destroying ailments might be warded off, and we would hear less about women "growing old before their time."

To regulate the stomach, liver and bowels, Dr. Pierce's Pellets excel. One a dose.

The Editor's Drawer in Harper's Magazine culls an interesting bit of biographical information from the examination paper of a small boy, who wrote:

"Abraham Lincoln was born in Kentucky in 1492, at the age of 7 years."

No wonder the name of Burnett is so well known; ask for the best Flavoring Extracts in any part of the world and Burnett's are handed you. At last the foreigners are finding this out.

"What do the Indians live on?" asks a pupil of the public schools.

We don't know, but it must be something pretty good, because the agents live on the Indians and get fat in from two to four years.—Burdette.

I have been a great sufferer from dry catarrh for many years, and I tried many remedies which helped me, but I had none which did me so much benefit as Ely's Cream Balm. It completely cured me.—M. J. Lally, 39 Woodward Ave., Boston Highlands, Mass.

I suffered from acute inflammation in my nose and head—for a week at a time I could not see. I used Ely's Cream Balm and in a few days I was cured. It is wonderful how quick it helped me—Mrs. Georgie S. Judson, Hartford, Conn.

Apply Balm into each nostril. Price 50 cents.

Brown—I do not pretend to be thoroughly well informed upon everything. I am sensible of my limitations.

Fogg—Great Cæsar! How much you must know.

More cases of sick headache, biliousness, constipation, can be cured in less time, with less medicine, and for less money, by using Carter's Little Liver Pills, than by any other means.

"And so," said he, bitterly, when he realized that she had rejected him, "and so you have been trifling heartlessly with me all the while." Well, thank heaven, I have found you out at last!"

"Yes," she replied, "you have; and what is more, I think you will always find me out hereafter when you call."

Do not suffer from sick headache a moment longer. It is not necessary. Carter's Little Liver Pills will cure you. Dose, one little pill. Small price. Small dose. Small pill.

"And so you are married? And I suppose you are perfectly happy?"

"Well, I don't know. Tell you the truth, Mary isn't what I thought she was. She used to tell me, before marriage, how she loved me; but we hadn't been married a week before she quit dressmaking. That shows how much you can depend upon a woman's love."

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

PORTLAND WHOLESALE MARKET.

PORTLAND, Oct. 29, 1888.

Flour is firm with an increased demand, and we note an advance of 25c ⅌ bbl on Spring Wheat Flours; an advance has been established of from 10 to 15c on Winter Wheat Flours. The market here is nearly bare of Corn, and prices are without change, but at the West prices are easier. Pork is steady, while Lard shows a decline. Sugar is quiet and ¼c lower at 7¾c for granulated and 7⅜c for Extra C. Eggs are steady at 25c.

Business is reported excellent for all kinds of groceries.

The following are to-day's closing quotations of Grain, Provisions, &c.:

Flour.		Grain.	
Superfine and low grades	4 25@5 00	H Mxd Corn	58@59
X Spring and XX Spring	5 00@5 35	Corn, bag lots	60@62
Patent Spring	5 00@5 35	Meal, bag lots	58@59
Wheats.....	7 75@8 00	Oats, car lots	37@38
Mich. straight roller	4 25@4½	Oats, bag lots	40@42
do clear do	5 25@5 50	Cotton Seed, car lots	26 00@26 50
Minn. straight stone ground	5 50@5 75	do bag	28 50@28 00
do clear do	5 25@5 50	Sacks'Bran, car lots	19 50@20 50
St Louis straight roller	4 50@5 00	do bag	21 00@22 00
do clear do	5 75@6 00	Middlings	21 00@26 00
Winter Wheat Patents	7 00@7 25	do bag lots	22 00@27 00
Fish.		**Provisions.**	
Cod, ⅌ qtl—Large Shore	4 50@4 75	Pork—Backs	20 00@20 50
Large Bank	4 50@5 00	Clear	19 00@19 50
Small	3 50@4 00	Mess	18 25@18 50
Pollock	2 75@3 00	Beef—Extra Mess	9 25@9 75
Haddock	2 00@2 50	Ext Plate	11 50@12 00
Hake	2 00@2 25	Ext Plate	12 00@13 00
Herring—Scaled ⅌ bx	25@27	Lard—Tierces	9 @10
No 1	00@00	Pails	9¼@12¼
Mackerel ⅌ bbl—Shore 1s	00 00@00 00	Hams ⅌ lb	12½@13
Shore 2s	00 00@00 00	do covered	14½@14¾
Med. 3s	00 00@00 00	**Oil**	
Large	00@00 00	Kerosene—Ref. Pet	9¼
Produce.			
Cranberries—Cape Cod	9 50@10 50	Fruit's Astl'r	bbl. 13
Pea Beans	2 25@2 40	Devoe's Brilliant	
Medium	2 20@2 35	Lloyd's	10¾
German red	00@2 25	Centennial	10¾
Yellow eyes	2 75@3 00	**Raisins.**	
Sweet potatoes	2 25@2 75	Muscatel	2 00@3 00
		London Lay	2 85@3 25
Potatoes, bush	55@60c	Ondura Lay	9@9½c
Onions in bbls	2 25@2 50	Valencias	7½@8
		Sugar.	
Chickens	14@16	Granulated ⅌ lb	7¾
Fowls	13@14	Extra C	7¼
Geese		**Seeds.**	
Ducks		Red Top	4 00@3 10
Apples.		Timothy Seed	2 00@2½
Green	1 50@2 25	Clover	10 @12c
Evaporated ⅌ lb	8@9c	**Cheese.**	
		Vermont	11½@13½
		N.Y. factory	11 @13
		Sage	14 @15
Lemons.		**Butter.**	
Palermo	4 00@4 50	Creamery ⅌ lb	25@27
Messina	0 00@0 00	Gilt Edge Ver	24@26
Malagers		Choice	18@20
Oranges.		Good	17@19
Florida	@	Store	16@18
Valencia	@	**Eggs.**	
Messina and Palermo ⅌ bx	0 00@2 00	Eastern ex	23@25
		Can & Western	23@24
		Limed	

Railroad Receipts.

PORTLAND Oct. 27, 1888.

Receipts by Maine Central Railroad—For Portland 99 cars miscellaneous merchandise for connecting roads; cars 135 miscellaneous merchandise.

Grain Quotations.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

Saturday's quotations.

WHEAT.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec
Opening	116	115⅝	117¼
Highest	116	11-⅝	118
Lowest	116	115⅝	117
Closing	116	116½	118
CORN.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Opening	41½	41½	39⅝
Highest	40⅞	41⅝	39¼
Lowest	41	41	39⅛
Closing			
OATS.			Oct.
Opening			2 ¼
Highest			24¼
Lowest			24¼
Closing			24¼

Monday's quotations.

WHEAT.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec
Opening	116⅝	117¼	118⅝
Highest	116⅝	117¼	119½
Lowest	116⅝	116½	118
Closing	116⅝	116½	118
CORN.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Opening	40⅝	40¼	39¼
Highest	40⅝	40⅝	39¼
Lowest	40½	40¼	39
Closing	40⅝	40⅝	39
OATS.			N v
Opening			24⅜
Highest			24⅜
Lowest			24⅜
Closing			24⅜

Boston Stock Market.

[By Telegraph.]

The following quotations of stocks are received daily:

New York and New England Railroad..... 45½

do pref 110
Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad com..... 35
do pref 100
Eastern Railroad..... 81
C. B. & Q..... 109½
Atch., Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad..... 62⅞
Bell Telephone..... 225
Mexican Central..... 13¼
Chicago, Burlington & Northern..... 45
California Southern Railroad..... 29½
Wisconsin Central..... 17
Wisconsin Central preferred..... 38½
Old Colony Railroad..... 173½
Boston & Albany..... 198½
Boston & Lowell Railroad..... 158½
Boston & Maine R..... *190

*Ex-dividend.

New York Stock and Money Market

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 29, 1888.—Money on call has been easy, ranging from 1½ to 2½ per cent., last loan 2, closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper at 4⅝@7 per cent. Sterling Exchange dull and steady. Government bonds are dull and steady. Railroad bonds are quiet and weak. The stock market closed quiet and weak at about lowest prices.

The transactions at the Stock Exchange aggregated 240,900 shares.

The following are to-day's quotations of Government securities:

United States 3s	
New 4s, reg	127½
New 4s, coup	127½
New 4½s, reg	108⅝
New 4½s, coup	109⅝
Central Pacific 1sts	115
Denver & R Gr. 1sts	120½
Erie 2ds	100½
Kansas Pacific Con sols	113
Oregon Nav. 1sts	110
Union Pacific 1st	113½
do Land Grants	
do Sinking Funds	

The following are closing quotations of stocks:

	Oct 29.	Oct. 27.
Adams Express	146	146
Am. Express	111	111
Central Pacific	35½	36
Chesapeake & Ohio	19	20
Chicago & Alton	135	135
do pref	160	160
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	109¼	110
Delaware & Hudson Canal Co	118	118¾
Delaware, Lacka. & Western	138¼	139¼
Denver & Rio Grande	18	18
Erie	28½	28⅝
Erie pref	64½	64¾
Illinois Central	115½	116
Ind. Bloom & West	16	17
Lake Erie & West	16¾	17¼
Lake Shore	103¼	103⅝
Louis & Nash	59	60
Manhattan Elevated	94	95
Michigan Central	88	89
Minn & St. Louis	7	7
do pref	14	15
Missouri Pacific	73⅝	74¼
New Jersey Central	88	88
Nor. Pacific common	26	26½
do pref	59	61½
Northwestern	110⅞	111⅝
Northwestern pref	142¼	142¼
New York Central	109	109⅝
New York, Chicago & St. Louis	19⅝	20
do pref	75	76
Ohio & Miss	23⅝	23½
Ont. & Western	16	17¼
Oregon Trans-Cont'l	29⅝	30
Pacific Mail	36¼	36¾
Pullman Palace	166½	166½
Reading	49	50⅝
Rock Island	10	107½
St Louis & San Fran	27⅝	28⅝
do pref	64	66¾
do 1st pref	110	110
St. Paul	65¾	66⅝
do pref	107	107¼
St Paul, Minn & Man	104	104
St. Paul & Omaha	38	38½
St. Paul & Omaha pref	104	104½
Texas Pacific(new)	24	24⅝
Union Pacific	54	55⅝
U. S. Express	79	78½
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific	14½	14½
do pref	27	27⅝
Western Union	84	84⅝
C. Tenn. pref	10	10
East Tenn. pref	73	73
Wells, Fargo Express	138	138
Oregon Nav	94	94
Houston & Texas	16	16
Mobile & Ohio	9¾	9¾
Metropolitan El	127	127
Alton & Terre Haute	44	44
do pref	82	82
Richmond & West Point	28⅞	28½

New York Mining Stocks.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29, 1888.—The following are to-day's closing quotations of mining stocks:

Col. Coal	34 50
Hocking Coal	21 50
Homestake	1 00
Ontario	32 00
Quicksilver	8 50
do pref	37 50
Amador	2 25
Con. Cal. & Va	11½
Belcher	2 10

Petroleum Market.

BOSTON, Oct. 29

Pipe Line Certificates.

10.00	85⅞
10.30	86
11.00	85⅝
11.30	85⅝
12 M	85½
1 P. M.	85⅝
3.00 P. M	83½

Chicago Cattle Market.

By Telegraph.]

CHICAGO, Oct. 29, 1888.—Cattle market—receipts 14,000; shipments 3,000; slow and steady; steers at 3 00@5 25; stockers and feeders 1 90@3 35; cows, bulls and mixed at 1 25@2 90; Texas cattle 1 40@3 05; Western rangers 1 80@3 90.

Hogs—receipts 1,000; shipments 400; strong and higher; mixed at 5 15@5 50; heavy at 5 30@5 62½; light 5 20@5 55; skips 3 50@5 15.

Sheep—receipts 8000; shipments 1,000; steady; natives—Western at 3 00@3 45; Texas 2 75@3 25; lambs at 3 75@5 75.

Domestic Markets.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 29, 1888.—Flour market—receipts 41,934 packages; exports 1199 bbls and 7000 sacks; opened firmer and closed weak with Wheat demand moderate; sales 1,700 bbls; low extra at 2 50@2 65; city mills extra 5 25@5 65; city mills patents 6 40@7 50; winter wheat low grades at 3 00@4 25; fair to fancy 4 35@6 35; do patents at 5 85@7 00; Minnesota clear 4 85@5 25; straights do at 4 75@5 85; do patents 6 25@7 50; do rye mixtures 4 65@5 85; superfine at 3 05@3 30; fine at 2 35@3 00; Southern flour dull and easy; common to fair extra 3 65@4 25; good to choice do 4 35@7 10. Rye flour is dull; superfine at 3 60@4 00. Buckwheat flour lower; sales at 2 00@2 85. Wheat—receipts 47,000 bush; exports—bush; sales 86,000 bush; unsettled, and easy with a moderate milling demand: No 2 Red 1 15⅝@1 16 elev, 1 14½@1 15½ afloat, 1 14⅝@1 15⅝ f o b No 3 Red 1 05½@1 06; No 2 Chicago 1 16 store; No 2 Mil 1 14⅝; No 1 White at 1 12@1 13; No 1 Red at 1 18@1 19. Rye is firm. Barley is steady and more active. Corn—receipts 92,000 bush; exports 46,370 bush; sales 142,000 bush; moderately active, ¼@¾c lower and weak; No 2 at 48⅝@48¾c elev, 48⅞@ 49¼c afloat; No 2 White at 50c. Oats—receipts 91,700 bush; exports 50 bush; sales 136,000 bush; irregular, easier and moderately active; No 3 at 29½c; White do at 32½c; No 2 at 30⅝@30¾c; White do 33½@33¾c; No 1 at 31c; White do at 40c; Mixed Western 28@31½c; White do 30@40c; White State 32@39c; No 2 Chicago at 31⅝c. Coffee—Rio dull and lower; fair cargoes 15¼c. Sugar—raw dull and depressed; refined quiet; C at 6⅞c; Extra C 6⅝@6 11-16; White Extra C 6 11-16@6⅝c; Yellows 5-16@6⅝; standard A 7⅛; Mould A 7⅝; Confectioners A 7⅝c; off A 6 9-16@7c; powdered 7⅝c; granulated 7⅝c; Cubes 7⅝c; cent loaf and crushed at 8¼c. Petroleum quiet and steady—united at 83½c. Beef steady. Pork dull. Lard higher on manipulation West, and dull—Western sim 8 66; city steam 8 00; refined dull and easier; Continent 8 75; S A at 10 25. Butter quiet and weak. Cheese is dull.

Freights to Liverpool strong.

CHICAGO, Oct. 29, 1888.—The Flour market firm. Wheat weak: No 2 Spring at 1 15⅝@1 16; No 2 Red at 1 15⅝@1 16. Corn quiet and lower—No 2 at 40½c. Oats—No 2 at 24¼c. No 3 Rye at 56½c. Provisions—Pork steady and higher at 14 60. Lard stronger and higher at 8 20. Dry salted shoulders 8 00@8 25; short clear sides at 8 12½@8 25. Whiskey at 1 20.

Receipts—Flour, 13,000 bbls, wheat 52,000 bu, corn 275,000 bu, oats 210,000 bu, barley 82,000 bush, rye 14,000 bush.

Shipments—Flour 18,000 bbls, wheat 46,000 bush, corn 167,000 bush, oats, 124,000 bu, barley 67,000 bush, rye 6,000 bush.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 29, 1888.—The Flour market is quiet. Wheat firmer, but business is small—No 2 Red at 1 11. Corn is quiet; No 2 at 36c. Oat are stronger; No 2 at 22½. Rye is easy—No 2 at 52@52½c. Barley dull and weak. Whiskey is steady at 1 14. Provisions easy; Pork 15 00. Lard—prime steam 8 25; dry salted meats—shoulders at 8 25; longs and ribs at 8 87½@8 89; bacon—shoulders 8 25; longs and ribs at 8 87½@8 89; short clear 9 25@9 35. Hams—$11 00@$13 50.

Receipts—Flour, 6,000 bbls; wheat, 46,000 bush; corn 43,000 bush; oats 54,000 bush; rye 6,000 bush; barley, 49,000 bush.

Shipments—Flour, 12,000 bbls; wheat, 27,000 bush; corn 104,000 bush; oats, 71,000 bush; rye 1,000 bush, barley 5,000 bush.

DETROIT, Oct. 29, 1888.—Wheat—No1 White 112; No 2 Red 1 13¼. Corn—No 2 at 43. Oats—No 2 at 27½c; No 2 White 29½c.

Receipts—Wheat 18,000 bush, corn 500 bush, oats 900 bush.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 29 1888.—Cotton market easy; middling 9 5-16c.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 29 1888.—Cotton market is quiet; middling 8 15-16c.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 29, 1888—Cotton market dull; middling 9 3-16@9¼c.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 29, 1888.—Cotton market is steady; middling at 9 5-16c.

MOBILE, Oct. 29, 1888.—Cotton market is easy; middling at 9¼c.

European Markets.

By Telegraph.]

LONDON, Oct. 29, 1888.—Consols at 97 5-16 for money and the account.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 27.—The Cotton market—dull with prices generally in buyers' favor; middling uplands 5 13-16d; do Orleans 5 13-16d; sales 8000 bales; speculation and export 500; bales; receipts 14,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 29, 1888—Quotations—Winter 8s 2½d; Spring wheat 8s 2½d; Club Wheat at 8s 4d@8s 5d. Corn—mixed Western 4s 7½d. Peas 6s 3½d. Provisions, &c.—Pork, prime Eastern mess at 78s 9d; Bacon 47s 0d for short clear and 45s 6d for long clear. Cheese 51s. Lard 43s. Tallow 29s 0d.

SAILING DAYS OF STEAMSHIPS.

	FROM	FOR	
Arizona	New York	Liverpool	Oct 30
City of Rome	New York	Liverpool	Oct 31
Celtic	New York	Liverpool	Oct 31
Lahn	New York	Bremen	Oct 31
Manhattan	New York	Havana	Oct 31
Vancouver	Quebec	Liverpool	Nov 1
City of Paris	New York	Panama	Nov 1
Valencia	New York	Laguayra	Nov 3
Cienfuegos	New York	Cienfuegos	Nov 8
Pavonia	Boston	Liverpool	Nov 3
City of Berlin	New York	Liverpool	Nov 3
Servia	New York	Liverpool	Nov 3
Devonia	New York	Glasgow	Nov 3
Werra	New York	Bremen	Nov 3
Rotterdam	New York	Rotterdam	Nov 3
Waesland	New York	Antwerp	Nov 3
La Bretagne	New York	Havre	Nov 3

MINIATURE ALMANAC.....OCTOBER 30.

Sun rises	6 16	High water	6 36
Sun sets	4 33		7 02
Length of day	10 17	Height	8 1-5 in
Moon rises	12 38		8 6-7 in

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF PORTLAND.

MONDAY, Oct. 29.

Arrived.

Steamer State of Maine, Hilliard, Boston for St John, NB.

Sch Stephen G Hart, Smith, New York—coal to Me Cent RR.

Sch Amelia G Ireland, Evans, New York—o to Kerosene Oil Co.
Sch Annie F Kimball, Kimball, Boston.
Sch Laura & Marion, Eastman, Boston.
Sch Wm Keene, Snowman, Gloucester.
Sch Oliver Dyer, Emerson, Saco, to load for Glen Cove.
Sch Glenzil, Cha to, Saco.
Sch Trenton, Woodward, Jonesport.
Sch Lincoln, Wilson, Cherryfield for Lynn.
Sch Electric Light, Machias for Boston.
Sch Gazelle, Pembroke for Boston.
Sch Hannah Grant, Strout, Millbridge for Boston
Sch Jas Holmes, Bryant, Belfast for Boston.
Sch Gertie May, from Western Banks, with 2000 lbs halibut.

Cleared.

Barque Evanell, Colcord, Bangor, to load for Aspinwall—Bain, Russell & Co.
Sch Julia Ann, Rice, East Bluehill—J H Blake.
Sch Tiara, Condon, No Brooksville—J H Blake.
Sch Wm Mason, McLain, Kennebec, to load for New York—Chase, Leavitt & Co.
Sch Louisa Frances, Thorndike, Rockland—S C Chase.

SAILED—Barques Nereid, Mizpah; schs Grace Andrews, Luther A Robbins.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

FROM MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

Ar at Dunkirk 26th, barque Au Sabie, Preston, New York.

Ar at Rio Grande prev to 26th, sch Rosa Mueller, M'Leary, New York.

Ar at Rotterdam 26th, barque Veronica, Payson, New York.

Ar at Dunkirk 26th, sch Maggie S Hart, Cheney, Philadelphia.

Off Havre 29th, sch Frank T Stinson, Reed, fm New York for Roun.

Sld fm Rio Janeiro 5th inst, ship Cora, Ray, for So-West Pass; 6th, barque H B Cann, Cann, for Barbadoes.

Ar at St Pierre prev to 28th inst, barque Hancock, Guptill, New York.

Sld fm Turks Island 25th, brig Harry Stewart, Blake, Bangor.

Memoranda.

Barque Mary C Hale, Higgins, from Vera Cruz before reported at New Orleans in distress, encountered a hurricane about forty miles from Vera Cruz, during which the vessel sprung aleak. She is now quarantined.

Portsmouth, Oct 27—Sch Duroc, Anderson, fm Boston for Portland, which arrived here 27th in distress, reports, 25th, between Boon Island and Cape Porpoise, sprung a bad leak and headed for Portsmouth. She was boarded by some fishermen morning of 26th and piloted inside of Whale's Back Light. She had over three feet water in the hold when she arrived.

Domestic Ports.

SAVANNAH—Ar 27th, sch Carrie E Woodbury Bryant, Pedro Cays.

APALACHICOLA—Ar 28th, sch Rebecca F Lamden, Diggins, Galveston.

SATILLA RIVER—Ar 28th, sch Satilla, Skolfield, Kennebec.

DARIEN—Cld 27th, sch Erta A Stimpson, Bunker, New York.

CHARLESTON—Cld 27th, sch Chas H Haskell, Silsbee, Doboy, to load for New York.

BALTIMORE—Ar 27th, schs Ralph M Hayward, Barter, Boston; King Phillip, Coombs, from Bangor.

PORT ROYAL, SC—Cld 27th, sch Helen Montague, Cookson, Darien.

PHILADELPHIA—Ar 27th, sch Jona Bourne, Thompson, Salem.

Cld 27th, schs Mary L Allen, Willey, Kennebec; Meyer & Muller, Perkins, Darien; Charles E Colcord, Colcord, Bangor; T W Dun, Gilchrist, New Orleans; Mollie Rhodes, Watts, Vinalhaven; Geo E Prescott, Truworthy, do.

Ar 28th, schs Helen A Chase, Southard, Kennebec; Genevieve, Haley, Charleston; Grace K Green, Seward, Kennebec.

PERTH AMBOY—Ar 26th, schs Bramhall, Drinkwater, New York; Ringleader, Thomas, do.

NEW YORK—Ar 27th, ship Iroquois, Nickels, San Francisco 105 days; schs Olive, Nova Scotia; Ada Barker, do; Mary A McGuire, Bangor; James Ponder, Ellen Perkins, Charley Lowe, Flora Condon, Lizzie Cochran, Alpine, John Douglass, S L Davis, Post Boy, Anna W Barker, Abbie Thaxter, Lackawana, W S Doughton, Franklin Nickerson, and Martinique, from Bangor; A Tirrell, Bath; Sarah Eaton, Calais; Ernest T Lee, and Alabama do; Georgietta, Ellsworth; Isaac H Tillyer, and Sarah Wood, Kennebec; Magnolia, Lubec; A J York, Portland; E Arcularius, Rockland; Annie J Russell, and Racehorse, do; J A Berkele, do; Lucia Wheatley, Rockport; Wm Marshall, and N J Miller, do; Jed F Duren, and Richmond, Red Beach; Henry, do; A Hammond, Saco; Seventy-Six, and Franklin, from Sullivan; Orizimbo, Frankfort.

Ar 28th, schs Alma, from Nova Scotia; Willie Martin, St John, NB; Hattie E King, do; Damon, Bangor; David P Suser, Sullivan.

Ar 29th, barque Emita, Nash, Fernandina.

In Hart Island Roads 27th, schs Emma Crosby, from Bangor; Alice Bella, Carver's Harbor; Phil South Gardiner; Hyue, do; Zampa, Machias; Ira E Wight, Rockland; Helen, do; Alice, fm Vinalhaven.

Cld 27th, ships David Crockett, Anderson, for Havre; Robt L Belknap, Staples, San Francisco; barque Havana, Rice, Buenos Ayres; sch E Pillsbury, Pitcher, Laguayra.

Sld 27th, ship Eclipse, for Philadelphia; schs L A Lewis, and Luella A Snow.

Passed the Gate 28th, schs Modoc, New York for Saco; Mary, do for Boston; Emma K Smalley, Hoboken for do; Gamma, Amboy for do.

Passed the Gate 28th, schs Minnie C Taylor, fm New York for Portland; Addie Jordan, New York for Boston.

PROVIDENCE—Ar 26th, sch M B Mahoney, Thurston, Bangor.

WICKFORD—Ar 27th, sch Peiro, Kelley, from Calais.

DUTCH ISLAND HARBOR—Ar 28th, schs H E Willard, Lewis, Rockland for New York; Charlotte Fish, Pendleton, Bangor for do.

NEWPORT—Ar 27th, sch Caroline Knight, Ward, Rockland for Taunton.

NEW BEDFORD—Sld 27th, sch Seth W Smith, Martin, New Haven.

Ar 27th, schs Hiram, Hibbard, and John Somes, Robbins, Calais.

Sld 27th, schs C H Eaton, Sinclair, Portsmouth, RI, to load for Weymouth.

VINEYARD-HAVEN—Ar 26th, sch Blanche H King, Newport News for Portsmouth.

In port, brigs Ellen M Mitchell, H B Hussey, Shannon; scns A K Woodward, Adam Bowlby, Hortensia, Hannibal, S J Waterhouse, Oceola, Quromo, Menawa, H E Willard, Maud, Two Brothers.

HYANNIS—Ar 27th, schs Lizzie J Call, Call, New York for Boston; Reuben Eastman, Eastman, Philadelphia for Hallowell; M L Varney, Weeks, New York for Dover; Cayenne, Stimpson, do for Eastport.

BOSTON—Ar 28th, schs W Abrahams, Snow, Baltimore; Brigadier, Tollman, Rondout.

Cld 27th, sch H I Whitney, Rich, Kennebec and Baltimore.

Ar 29th, schs Etna, Reynard, Glace Bay, CB; Hattie Turner, east bound west.

Cld 29th, schs H J Cottrell, Haskell, Pensacola; Appian & Amelia, Willard, New York.

Sld 29th, barque Xenia; schs Oliver S Barrett, Nellie Star, Jessie Hart, S A Reed, Lugano, L B Sargent, J Kennedy.

SALEM—Ar 27th, sch Anita, St John, NB, for New York.

Also ar 27th, schs Ann Elizabeth, Bangor for New York; Decora, Nova Scotia for do; Pavilion, New York for Calais; Emma Green, do for Bangor; W G R Moore, Calais for Mott-Haven; Maggie Todd, Calais for New York.

In port, schs Ada S Allen, Yankee Blade, Susan, Marcia Bailey, H E Willard, Mary Clifford, J M Morales, Python, Nellie Doe, E S Leonard, Jas A Gray, Joseph Oakes, Wm Boardman, Charlotte Buck, H Curtis, Hunter, Inez.

GLOUCESTER—In port, schs Emily A Staples from Penobscot for Boston; Pushaw, Bangor for Provincetown; John Somes, Calais for Providence; Jane, Amboy for Saco; Merrill C Hart, Bangor for New Bedford; Laconia, from New York for Rockland.

Also in port 27th, schs Caroline C, and Dolphin, Boston for Bangor; M J Rowe, Port Johnson for do; Deer Isle; Amelia F Cobb, Provincetown for do; L Strapps, Boston for Dresden; H M Mayo do for Eastport; Jas A Gray, New York for do; Sarah J H DeWitt, Boston for Bristol; Rose E, do for Boothbay.

PORTSMOUTH—Ar 27th, sch Delaware, Arey, Vinalhaven for Dover.

Below 27th, sens Ann, and Enterprise, Amboy for Saco; Everett, New York for do; Emma Willis, do for Rockland; Telumah, do for Bangor; A T Boardman, Salem for do; Watchman, Boston for do; Republic, Camden for Boston; Meiville, Bangor for do; Sea Queen, Deer Isle for do; Nightingale, Salem for Bangor; Allie Oakes, Boston for Rockland; L M Zelis, do for Belfast; Wm Keene, Boston for Portland.

BATH—Sld 27th, schs Warren Adams, Colcord, Philadelphia; R W Denham, Oliver, New York.

Foreign Ports.

Sld fm Galle Sept 29, ship Reporter, Spaulding, New York.

Ar at Colombo 25th, barque Freeman, Howes, Cardiff.

Ar at Bristol 26th, brig Charles Purves, Small, New York.

Ar at Limerick 25th, brig Daisy Boynton, Harding, New York.

Sld fm Sierra Leone 21st, sch St Croix, Wilson, Boston.

Ar at Montevideo Sept 19th, sch Severn, Gormley, Portland; 25th, barque Addie Morrill, Andrews, Buenos Ayres.

Ar at Cabarien 20th, sch Ariadne, Colby, from Portland.

Ar at Havana 22d, barque Mabel, Snow, Lobos de Afuera.

Spoken.

Sept 16, lat 8 N, lon 28 W, barque Nellie Brett, Knight, from New York for Buenos Ayres.

Oct 23, lat 32 25, lon 73 26, barque M & E Cann, from Buenos Ayres for Portland.

MISCELLANEOU

IMPORTANT TO EVERYBODY

for Everybody wears Rubbers, and

Pure India Rubbers

are what we beg to call your attention to. We believe it to be a fact that ninety-nine out of every one hundred purchasers of RUBBER FOOTWEAR of any make have for a long period been dissatisfied with their wearing qualities and have repeatedly asked "why don't they make better Rubbers?" In order to meet this great demand, we have had made especially to our order by the GOODYEAR GLOVE RUBBER CO., of NEW YORK, (who are conceded by all to make the best Rubber goods in the world) a very large line of SUPERIOR QUALITY

PURE INDIA RUBBERS

for Ladies, Misses and Children, Men and Boys in every conceivable style and shape. In order to get these goods made as we wanted them, we were obliged to order very largely believing that the public would appreciate our efforts. Although they will cost us considerably more than the ordinary FIRST QUALITY goods, we have decided to sell them at the same price as all STANDARD GOODS are sold thereby, we believe, giving them a more extensive sale. As a guarantee of the genuineness of the goods, and as a protection to ourselves against other and inferior makes of so-called "GOODYEARS," we have had stamped on every pair our name,

DEAN BROS., PORTLAND, ME.,

and in order to get this SUPERIOR QUALITY we ask you to see that this stamp is on them. We shall carry this line exclusively for our BEST GOODS in Light, Medium and Heavy Weights, and guarantee them

SUPERIOR TO ANY RUBBER GOODS

yet offered to the Portland public. The old fault of slipping at the heel is entirely obviated in these goods, as they are all made on new and improved lasts. We ask particular attention to our line of Men's and Boys' Rubber Boots in Light and Heavy Weights, they are extra nice fitting, being made on regular calf boot lasts, and we warrant every pair.

OUR SPECIALTIES:

Ladies' extra fancy Light Weight Rubbers, Footholds and Sandals; Ladies' Light Weight, Jersey cloth, high button Overshoes; Ladies' Heavy Pure Gum Sandals; Misses' and Children Spring Heel Rubbers and Spring Heel, Jersey cloth, high button Overshoes; Children's Spring Heel Rubber Boots; Men's and Boys' Warranted Rubber Boots; Men's Footholds, Sandals, and Heavy Lumbermen's Overs; Men's extra Light, Jersey cloth Arctics and Alaskas. To all those who have had trouble with the wearing and fitting qualities of their Rubbers, we would extend an invitation to give this line a trial.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT 455 Congress Street. **DEAN BROS.** MEN'S DEPARTMENT 453 Congress Street.
oct25 eod2m

MAKE HENS LAY

NOTHING ON EARTH WILL MAKE HENS LAY LIKE SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER.

WE SEND BY MAIL A LARGE 2¼ POUND CAN FOR $1.20, TWO FOR $2. SMALL PACKS 50 CTS POST PAID.

Sheridan's Condition Powder

is absolutely pure and highly concentrated. One ounce is worth a pound of any other kind. Strictly a medicine, to be given in the food, once daily, in small doses. Prevents and cures all diseases of hens. Worth its weight in gold when hens are moulting, and to keep them healthy. Testimonials sent free by mail. Ask your druggist, grocer, general store, or feed dealer for it. If you can't get it, send at once to us. Take no other kind. We will send it by mail as follows:—A new, enlarged, elegantly illustrated copy of the "FARMERS' POULTRY RAISING GUIDE" (price 25 cents; sells how to make money with a few hens, and two small packages of Powder for 40 cents; or, one large 2 1-4 pound can and Guide, $1.20. Sample

THE PRESS.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCT. 30.

PORTLAND AND VICINITY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

White, 480 Congress street—2.
Heading makers take notice.
For sale—Investment bonds.
Eastman Bros. & Bancroft.
For sale—Grocery store.
Pianos—C. R. Cressey.
M. O. M. association.
Real estate for sale.
To let—Office room.
Messenger's notice.
Owen, Moore & Co.
Wanted—Agents.
Tenement to let.
Rooms to let—2.

DESPERATE STRUGGLE FOR LIFE.

Mr. C. D. Slattery, of Cape Elizabeth, Rescued after Twenty Years of Suffering.

Mr. C. D. Slattery, of Cape Elizabeth, Me., has been at death's door for the past twenty years. He had been reduced in flesh from 205 pounds to 97. He was first taken with a pain in the side. It would come one day and disappear the next. This continued for a month or two; then the pain became constant, and his general health became impaired. His heart became very sore. He suffered from distressed breathing and general swelling of the chest and abdomen; terrible pains would seize him in different parts of the body, and he says at times he would have such a jumping pain in his limbs that he would feel as if they were loosened from his body. His to gue was heavily coated and attended with a disagreeable taste in his mouth, and a dizzy, full sensation in the head. His sleep was disturbed with frightful dreams, and his arms and legs would become numb. His stomach became very sore, and the food eaten distressed him. His complexion changed to a dark saffron. His hair dropped out, and his bowels were terribly constipated. He became wasted to a mere skeleton. During all these long years of suffering Mr. Slattery had doctored constantly, and always declared there was something that would eventually restore him to health. Two months ago he heard of Drs. Smith and McMullen, the magnetic physicians, at the U. S. Hotel, and at once placed himself under their treatment, and his restoration to health has been wonderful indeed. He is now a well and happy man, and enjoys to the fullest extent the comforts of health. Mr. Slattery says after he read the advertisement of Drs. Smith and McMullen, he dreamed he went to them and was cured, and his dream has come true.

Drs. Smith and McMullen are permanently located at the U. S. Hotel in the city of Portland. They treat successfully every form of chronic disease. Consultation free from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

oct29 dtf

Always avoid harsh, purgative pills. They first make you sick and then leave you constipated. Carter's Little Liver Pills regulate the bowels and make you well. Dose, one pill.

oct23 d&w1w

Mrs. Chas. Smith of Jimes, Ohio, writes: I have used every remedy for sick headache I could hear of for the past fifteen years, but Carter's Little Liver Pills did me more good than all the rest. oct30d&w1w.

F. O. Bailey & Co. will sell at 3 o'clock today at the office of F. W. Robinson, 396 Congress street the real estate No. 97 and 99 Oak street, consisting of house and about 3500 square feet of land.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation; Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation; Gives healthy sleep; also aids digestion; Without narcotic stupefaction. oct5d&w1y

HARPER'S BAZAR—This beautiful weekly publication is a welcome visitor to the parlor circle. The number for the ensuing week has been received by N. G. Fessenden, 484 Congress street.

In Brief, And To The Point.

Dyspepsia is dreadful. Disordered liver is misery. Indigestion is a foe to good nature.

The human digestive apparatus is one of the most complicated and wonderful things in existence. It is easily put out of order.

Greasy food, tough food, sloppy food, bad cookery, mental worry, late hours, irregular habits, and many other things which ought not to be have made the American people a nation of dyspeptics.

But Greene's August Flower has done a wonderful work in reforming this sad business and making the American people so healthy that they can enjoy their meals and be happy.

Remember:—No happiness without health. Use Greene's August Flower brings health and happiness to the dyspeptic. Ask your druggist for a bottle. Seventy-five cents.

ATTENTION HARRISON GUARDS.

Every member of the Harrison Guards is requested to meet at No. 98 Exchange street, THIS TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 30th, at 7.30 o'clock, to drill for the Rochester, N. H. trip tomorrow. Every member will be expected to be present or send in his uniform tonight.

Per order, J. D. PRINDABLE, Capt. Commanding Co.

L. H. TIBBETTS, Clerk.

ATTENTION HARRISON ARTILLERY.

Every member of the Artillery is requested to meet at their Headquarters, this evening at 7 30 sharp, to make arrangements to go to Rochester to-morrow night.

Per order J. H. B. MORRILL, Captain.
W. A. MOXCEY, Clerk.

U. S. COMMISSIONER'S COURT.

BEFORE COMMISSIONER RAND.

MONDAY—The hearing on the application for the extradition of William J. Best, for assault with intent to kill on Edward M. Batson, at Campobello, Oct. 5th, was finished today. The arguments in the case were made by George A. Curran, Esq., of Calais, for the Dominion authorities and by Hon. Henry B. Cleaves for Best.

Hon. Henry B. Cleaves, counsel for Best, contended that the testimony of every witness in the case shows that Best was in the store without making a disturbance; that he was there in a public place, a public store. He was coming the second time in a peaceable manner, making no assaults upon any person, threatening no person, and Batson tells him he don't want him there, and without giving him an opportunity to go, seizes him, and as these witnesses say, "shoved him out of the door." Under a sudden impulse and in anger this unarmed and crippled so-diers did take his revolver from his pocket and fire. He may have committed a grievous offence under the law, but under the statute definition of murder, an attempt feloniously and maliciously to murder, has not been made out. This court has got to be satisfied, and satisfied beyond all reasonable doubt, that the offence under this treaty has been committed—an attempt to murder. If the court finds that fact, after the court is satisfied upon that point, then the question is whether there is probable cause to believe that this respondent committed the offence.

They must show the court, in order to show that this is an extraditable offence, that the specific intent to kill existed in the mind of this man when he fired that shot. Murder is defined to be the unlawful killing of any human being with malice aforethought either express or implied. The common law definition of express malice is, when one with a sedate and formed design, does kill another, which formed design is evidenced by external circumstances, discovering the inward intention; as lying in wait, antecedent menaces, former grudges, and concerted schemes to do him some bodily harm.

Is there any evidence of any concerted scheme on the par of this man to murder Edward Batson? Is there any evidence here of lying in wait? There cannot be a witness produced to testify that the slightest ill feeling ever existed between William J. Best and Edward Morley Batson. The testimony in this case shows that they were on friendly terms, and the court is asked to infer from this shooting under a sudden provocation, when this man was being pushed from a public store that an extraditable offence has been committed. Not if there is probable cause from these circumstances for holding him, but the court is asked to infer from this evidence that there was an intent feloniously and maliciously, of his malice aforethought to murder and kill, when the testimony shows that the shooting was a sudden affray, and that he, in the heat of passion discharged his revolver.

Where an indictment is preferred for an assault with an intent to commit murder, it seems that the intent as laid, must be fully established in order to support the indictment. It is the gist of the offence and must be proved.

These are questions that enter into the consideration of this case in determining this first question, whether an extraditable offence has been committed. Has the Dominion government proved here to your satisfaction that the intent existed to kill and murder? We admit here that the law holds him to have intended the actual result. And what was the result? A wounding which is punishable under another statute, and an offence not extraditable. The government must establish under this extradition treaty, and satisfy you that there was an intent to commit murder by someone. That is a question to be decided by the court upon the testimony in the case in the first instance whether an offence under the language of this treaty has been committed; whether there was a deliberate purpose and formed design on the part of anyone to shoot with an intent to murder.

We claim in this case, that the evidence does not disclose that under the terms of the extradition treaty there was an attempt feloniously and of malice aforethought to kill and murder, and the only thing that he could be held for, the only thing that he could be liable for under this testimony, would be a lesser offence, and an offence that is not extraditable under this treaty.

The Court—I understand you to substantially admit that if there was a section there making it an extraditable offence to attempt to commit man laughter, that this would fall within that. You do not admit that there was an attempt to kill, or to do anything more than manslaughter.

Mr. Cleaves—He might be held for discharging his revolver with an intent to maim, disfigure or disable. The court is to judge of the intent by all the evidence in the case, and by all the facts, and by considering whether the intent of to maliciously kill and murder existed. The court must take into consideration any angry passion that might have been excited by the assault upon him by Edward Medley Batson, because if he did this under sudden agravation and great provocation, produced by Edward Medley Batson, the extraditable offence has not been committed.

Commissioner Rand, in giving his decision, addressed the respondent, as follows:

I deem the evidence against you, under the provisions of the treaty of August 9, 1842, between the United States and her Majesty, Victoria, Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and order that you be committed to the county jail in Portland, there to remain, until upon warrant issued upon the requisition of the proper authorities of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland you shall be surrendered, according to the stipulations of said treaty.

A copy of the evidence in the case will be sent to the secretary of state at Washington, who is empowered to issue a warrant for Best's surrender, upon the requisition of the Dominion authorities.

BAIT TRAPS.

A Plan For American Fisermen to Get Bait from Americans.

Some two years ago Charles A. Dyer, the fish packer conceived the plan of establishing a series of fish traps along the coast by which American fishermen would be able to get all the bait they wanted without being dependent on Canada, and he built a trap at Richmond's Island to show his idea. He drove stakes in with a pile driver to the depth of about five feet. Cords were attached to these stakes making a big enclosure of netting, heart shaped and with another enclosure leading out of this also heart-shaped, called the bowl. A long leader of netting, some 300 yards in length, led the fish into the heart and then into the bowl from whichy the couldn't escape, and then boats went up the netting to the bowl and scooped out the fish.

The trap cost $2500 and has served to furnish his vessells that supply his factory with all the fish wanted without their having to go all the way to Eastport, and he figures it has saved him $10,000 in the past few weeks.

Mr. Dyer says a series of these traps, if the government would appropriate $25,000, could be built, say five in number—one of them at Deer Isle and one at Eastport and another at Cod Ledge where the fish are usually found in large numbers. They should be set at the outer shoals and made strong. They would prove of inestimable value to Gloucester as well as Maine fishermen.

BRIEF JOTTINGS.

The cloud effects at sunset were very fine last night.

Ivanhoe Lodge, K. of P., will confer the Amplified Third rank this evening.

The postponed costume party of the young people of the New Church will be held tonight at Thatcher Post Hall.

Hadattah Lodge of Odd Fellows will be incorporated next Wednesday evening, and will confer the initiatory degree upon eleven candidates.

The schooner Annie B. Cannon landed 25,000 pounds of halibut yesterday, and the George Cushing 15,000 pounds of cod and haddock.

A petition for the establishment of a new Knights of Pythias lodge in this city is in circulation. It is understood that it has a large number of signatures.

Pythian Sisterhood, No. 1, of Maine, will meet next Friday evening at 8 o'clock, at 24 High street. A full attendance is desired. The charter list will remain open until that meeting.

The owners of the schooner Sarah have admitted their liability in the collision with the Morelight, and have surrendered the vessel. She will be sold at auction, at Bath, Friday, to meet the claims.

The First Parish Society are notified that there will be a reception at the Parish rooms, 511½ Congress street, Friday evening, Nov. 2d, from 8 to 10. The committee will be in attendance to receive cake, which the ladies are requested to send.

A meeting of the Old Orchard Steamboat Company was held at the office of Hon. Geo. P. Wescott yesterday. It was voted to sell the steamer S. E. Spring at public auction Nov. 20th, and the meeting was adjourned to that day.

The many friends of Mr. Walter Wescott, the banjo player, who was seriously injured by being run over by the cars at Gorham, N. H., recently, and who lost an arm, are to tender him a benefit in City Hall. The affair is being arranged by Mr. John Andrews.

Mrs. Oliver Gerrish.

The announcement of the death of Mrs. Gerrish reminds me of her life and appearance when we both were young. Although she was several years my senior, I recollect her school days, and afterwards as a belle, and an heiress, (as country people considered her,) in the right of her mother, she being her only child; of the giving of her away in marriage, by my father as her guardian, (she being an orphan), to the young appearing bridegroom. And now after a married life of sixty-six years, she is taken from his side, when he has reached the great age of 92 years. True he has a devoted daughter and two sons, yet the wife's death makes sad the last years of an honorable life.

Mrs. Gerrish was the daughter of Paul Little, who came to Falmouth Neck from Newburg in 1761, with John Butler a silversmith of whom he had learned the trade. Parson Smith records on the third day of September, "Butler and Little came here to live." The next year Mr. Little married Hannah Emery of Newbury. She died in 1771, and he married widow Souther, a native of Ipswich. Mr. Little's third wife was widow Emery of Poland, who was the mother of Mrs. Gerrish. She was born in Windham in 1802. Paul Little, the father had a silver-smith's shop on the west corner of Middle and India streets which was burnt by Mowatt in 1775. His loss as set down by the committee, was 683 pounds. He afterwards moved to Windham where he served six years as a selectman, and for many years as trial justice of the peace. He was always spoken of as "Squire Little," squires were not as plenty then as now. He died in 1818. From Mr. Little's first arrival in what is now Portland, to the death of his daughter here, extends over an period of 127 years.

W. G.

Ellen M. Conant.

The death of Miss Ellen M., daughter of William H. and Mary E. Conant, is a particularly sad one. Taken from life at that age which is full of youthful hope and promise, and possessed of all those lovable traits which endeared her to so large a circle outside of her immediate family, the shock is all the greater and harder to be borne. Everything that could be done by her parents to stay the progress of her disease had been done; travel South and elsewhere to escape the rough New England climate was all in vain. She has gone at the age of nearly twenty years, and as far as human sympathy can go, her bereaved family will meet with it from every one who knows them.

The Grattan Literary Society.

The Grattan Literary Society will reorganize this evening. The members of the association will meet at 8 o'clock in the parlor of the United States Hotel, elect officers and informally discuss the work for the rest of the year; also listen to the report of a committee which has selected rooms for the future meeting of the society. There will then be a banquet, followed by toasts, speeches and music. It is proposed to have a series of interesting and entertaining meetings this winter.

A Fine Store.

One of the handsomest stores in the city is that now occupied by Nelson "Tenney & Co., in the new Jose block on Exchange street. The large windows are very attractive with their display of fine stoves, brass grate furniture, etc., while the store itself is of admirable proportions and admirable calculated for the exhibit of wares. One of the most attractive features of the store is the sign painted by Mitchell, which is not only in good taste, but in its lettering and adornments quite a work of art.

Attention Republican Voters.

At Republican Headquarters, 98 Exchange street, can be found a copy of the voting lists for the November election. Every Republican voter is earnestly solicited to call at headquarters and make certain that his name is correctly returned. The headquarters will be open from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m., until after election.

HERBERT G. BRIGGS,
Chairman Rep. City Com.

Settled With the Railroad.

It is reported that Mr. Zenas Thompson, who was so severely injured in the Boston and Maine disaster at Bradford, and Mr. Kimball who occupied the seat with him and also suffered serious injuries, have settled with the railroad company for $30,000 apiece.

Merely an Ancient Bum, Now.

[Kennebec Journal.]

The clerk of the weather was formerly known as Old Probabilities, but now he is simple Old Prob. probably because he has lost his abilities

MR. DINGLEY TO THE PORTLAND CLUB.

He Believes in Republican Victory Next Tuesday.

Harrison Sure of the States which Voted for Blaine.

Connecticut, Indiana and New York Coming Into Line.

The meeting at the rooms of the Portland Club last evening was marked by hearty good feeling and general sanguine hopes as to the result of the national election in November. Everybody seemed to feel as if there was every reason to congratulate each other on the political outlook, and of course all this could not detract, to say the least from the equally hearty enjoyment of the escalloped oysters, salads and delicacies innumerable which the 65 gentlemen were surrounded by and later themselves surrounded.

The spread was one of the best ever given by the club and great credit is due the steward therefor.

Several gentlemen from out of town were present, most prominent of all, of course, being Ex-Gov. Nelson Dingley. Then there were Dudly Freeman, Esq., of Yarmouth; Col. John Depew, of Connecticut; Col. Edward Moore, of Deering; Dr. Osgood, of Yarmouth, and others.

At half-past seven President Dow called the club to order and in a few brief but complimentary remarks, introduced the speaker of the evening, Congressman Dingley, who was applauded in true Republican style and said;

Mr. President and Members of the Portland Club:

I accept this kind welcome not for myself, but for the cause for which you are associated and gathered here tonight. When your president kindly invited me to be present at this gathering I accepted very gladly because I had a very pleasant remembrance of a former meeting with you and having tasted the quality of your social surroundings as well as the quality of your Republicanism, I was certainly glad to have the opportunity to join with you in this meeting tonight

I think, my friends, there must be something peculiarly tender in Portland, and indeed in Maine, Republicanism, for when it administers the severest blows to our Democratic opponents the blow is not so killing but that they have the courage to rise and say that "it might have been worse." Indeed, I have noticed that, notwithstanding the fearful drubbing which we gave them in September last, every point north where I have visited during the autumn there have been certain Democrats bobbing up, as it were, from the waters that were choking them all about ready to exclaim, like the venerable antideluvian when the waters of the flood had reached Mt. Ararat, that "after all it wasn't much of a shower." But I am glad to meet you tonight for the reason also that we are just closing the most important campaign, probably, that we have ever passed through. But there are some of the incidents, some of the shadings of the issues through which we have passed that are certainly amusing, if not profitable.

It was in hopes when we entered upon this campaign that we should at least have a square issue with reference to the great principle which had been proposed so forcibly by the President of the United States in his message and it seemed to me discussed so thoroughly in the halls of Congress.

There is one thing satisfactory in this campaign and that is that there has been no Democratic orator, or so far as I have heard, a Democratic organ that has had the hardihood to refer to the fact that four years ago the Democratic party came into power declaring from one end of the country to the other that the Republican party had been profligate in its expenditures, corrupt in its administration, that it had created useless officials in every direction and if the Democratic party could only be given power we should see at once a change in all these things.

But there is no desire now to refer to their promises of four years ago and to the peculiar manner in which they have failed to keep them in every direction. The expenditures have been enormously increased and during the four years of Democratic rule will exceed by ninety million dollars the expenditures of the administration of Garfield and Arthur.

Not a single official position has been done away with; not a salary has been reduced, but hundreds of new offices created and hundreds of salaries increased in every direction.

You remember that when the administration came in the first thing that was done was to set on foot an investigation of every department of government to find what frauds had been perpetrated by the Republicans. But up to this hour not a single fraud not a single dollar of money has been discovered to have been stolen. All has proved to be beyond our utmost expectations. Is it not gratifying that after all our accounts during the many years of administration have been thoroughly investigated to find that there is not a single blot upon our escutcheon?

Another thing, my friends, you will remember that one of the stock charges made in that campaign was that the Republicans had accumulated over four hundred millions of idle money, and that if the new administration should be put in power this idle money would all be taken from the treasury and used in the redemption and payment of the interest bearing debt. But at the hour the new administration came in, it was found that there were but eight millions of idle money except that held for the redemption of greenbacks, and within six months after the administration of President Cleveland began this eight millions of so-called idle money in the treasury had been increased to $66,000,000, notwithstanding the three per cent bonds were redeemable at call. And this so-called idle money has gone on increasing, until at this very hour it is larger by more than one hundred millions than it was when the administration of President Arthur ceased. And all this has been done simply to bearjupon the country to carry out the project of the Southern wing of the Democratic party, break protection and introduce free trade, or a tariff for revenue only.

You will remember that when those men who undertook to destroy the Union framed the Confederate constitution, they inserted in it a clause providing that the Congress of the Confenerate States should have no power to impose duties for the protection of industries flourishing in this country. That is the central idea of the free trade theory. And when those men had assumed control of their party they began to plot to commit the Democratic party to the same theory respecting tariff legislation that the Southern Confederacy had had. It commenced when Samuel J. Randall was defeated in the 48th Congress and John G. Carlisle made speaker of the House of Representatives. But it found that as a national election was near at hand it was necessary to proceed cautiously and so the platform of the Democratic party four years ago adopted a resolution that could be construed two ways, one way in one State and another way in another State. It was necessary that they should deceive the people in order that they might get control of the administration. So my friends, was elected the President of the United States without intimating in his letter of acceptance, or in any public declaration that he was in accord with the free trade ideas which had put Mr. Carlisle in the speakership.

The next step in this conspiracy in the direction of free trade was to commit him to the programme. You will remember that in his first message he dodged the question also, but in his message last December at the opening of the 50th Congress President Cleveland was thoroughly committed to the free trade conspiracy which has culminated in the Mills bill.

Mr. Dingley then dissected and argued the inconsistency and danger of the Mills Bill. Later in his address the speaker said: Only one week more and in my judgment industrially speaking a most important election is to be decided, and I am happy to say to you tonight that although it is utterly impossible to speak with perfect confidence about matters of this kind, still all the indication that I can get from the National Committee and from personal visits to ten States, and from conversation with leading members of the party, my belief is that Harrison and Morton are to be elected a week from next Tuesday. [Applause.] Now I think it may be regarded as settled that not a single State that gave its vote for James G. Blaine in 1884 will depart from the Republican ranks. Michigan and Minnesota are called doubtful, but I have had a letter within the last twenty-four hours from Michigan which says that we are going to increase our majority and gain two members of Congress.

Now as to Minnesota. Mr. Nelson, who declared for the Mills bill in the last Congress, has come out for Harrison and Morton. Minnesota will give 40,000 majority for Harrison.

From California, I have had a letter from Congressman Morrew, in which he says: "We are going to give a very large majority for Harrison." Now the question comes with reference to the four pivotal States from which we must obtain 19 electoral votes. I have spoken twice in Connecticut, and I find that the Republicans, and the Democrats too, privately, admit that it may be set down as sure for Harrison. That would give us six of the necessary 19. Indiana would give us two to spare, and our friends there express the utmost confidence that we will carry the State. I was in New York last week, and Mr. John C. New of Indiana told me that there could not be any question but what it would go for Harrison. We are going to have New York. We are coming down to Harlem river with 80,000 Republican majority, and I do not believe New York and Brooklyn can overcome this. And Senator Hiscock told me a day or two ago that he felt sure of New York. I believe, my friends, that we are to win, and win by a great majority."

At the close of his address a vote of thanks to Mr. Dingley showed the appreciation of his auditors.

ONE OF THE GRADUATES.

A Full Jewelled Young Fellow Pulled in by Officer Hussey.

Yesterday afternoon Officer Hussey learned that a young man, wet through and generally demoralized so far as looks went had turned up at the Eagle hotel last Friday morning, where he registered under a very honest looking name. But as he hadn't given any account of himself and appeared to have nothing to do, Officer Hussey thought it might be well to investigate him a little. So he called to see him a little after 5 o'clock last evening. The young man didn't seem glad to see the officer and when the latter insinuated that he had better answer promptly or he would arrest him, he very independently asked, "Where is your warrant?"

"Right here," said the officer and he gathered the young fellow in.

He proved to be a prize. When taken to the station his grip sack was found to contain jewelry enough to fit out the feminine half of a good sized dancing party. There were gold neck chains, rings, gold pens and and pencils, opera glases, etc., etc. The young man said he was 18 years old and that his name was Leon Hutchins. He got the jewelry, he said, in Milliken's jewelry store in Saco, which was broken open by burglars about a month ago. He claims that he did the job alone, by breaking the shutters and glass and turning the window catch. He was in a contrite mood last night and made a confession to the officers as to other spoils of his exploits. It is is evident from what he confesses that he has been a very industrious young man in his line of business. Officer Hussey says he is a graduate of the State Reform School. Among his outfit the officer found several masks made of cloth, large enough to cover his face and completely disguise him.

NOT TO BLAME.

The Engineer Tells How Mr. Fickett Was Killed.

The coroner's jury met yesterday to hold an inquest on the body of Nathan S. Fickett, run over and killed by a train on the railroad bridge leading to Turner's Island.

Mr. Fickett, as has been said, was deaf The important evidence was given by the engineer of the incoming train which struck and killed Mr. Fickett. He said he saw Mr. Fickett some distance off, walking on the planks at the side of the track. He was in no danger then and the engineer did not think of such a thing as an accident. He, however, kept his eye on the old man. Just as the train was running to the draw, Mr. Fickett stepped upon the draw and began to walk on the plank between the rails, directly in front of and towards the locomotive. His head was bent and his eyes were directed towards his feet. He evidently did not suspect the approach of a train.

The engineer says his train was running slowly, about eight miles an hour. He was horror struck at the apparent unconsciousness of the old man. The engineer shouted at the top of his voice, blew the whistle and reversed his engine, putting on the air brakes at the same time. Mr. Fickett even then had plenty of time to turn and get out of the way. He raised his head, looked the engineer full in the face, appeared dazed, and then commenced to run directly toward the engine. The train struck him and he was thrown upon the cow-catcher and carried along until the train stopped. He breathed but a few moments.

The coroner's jury returned a verdict exonerating the road and its employes from all blame in the matter.

PERSONAL.

Hon. W. F. Lunt left for Arizona yesterday.

Sheriff Wormell of Bethel is at the United States Hotel.

Dr. Lapham of Augusta is at the Falmouth Hotel.

Hon. W. W. Thomas, Jr., left yesterday for New York, where he is to be engaged in stumping during the closing week of the campaign.

Stanley P. Dennett, son of Mr. Charles H. Dennett of Bangor, has been elected president of his class, numbering over eighty, at Annapolis Naval Academy.

The Republican State Committee of New York have engaged the services of Stanley Plummer, Esq., of Skowhegan, Me., who will speak all this week in Allegheny county.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Gerrish took place yesterday afternoon. A number of our best known citizens were present. Rev. Mr. Dunham officiated, and Rev. Mr. Hayden read a short sketch of the deceased.

Mr. P. W. McIntyre, associate editor of the Argus, has returned to the city, having spent a number of weeks in the country for his health. Mr. McIntyre's many friends will be glad to learn that he is better.

Mr. Fred A. Little, who for the past twelve years has been in the employ of S. S. Brooks & Co., of Augusta, is to travel through the western part of the State for the hardware firm of Smith, Tibbetts & Co., of Portland.

Dr. Albion P. Carr, of Mechanic Falls, who went to the war as surgeon of the 4th Maine Regiment, died Saturday afternoon, aged nearly 64 years. He had been sick for several months, his disease probably arising from a wound received at the battle of Chancellorsville.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

NOTES.

Mme. Hading's Camille is a more whole some and a less morbid Camille than has been seen before, and it is an interpretation far more pleasing than the traditional interpretation of our stage. Mme. Hading is contented to make a deep and pathetic impersonation, bringing out the redeeming power of great love, and in this she is more than successful.

Signor Italo Campanini was expected to reach New York Sunday morning by the Transatlantic line. With the exception of a violinist, the popular tenor-impresario's company is now complete. It includes, with himself, Signor Stehle, a *secondo tenore;* Signor del Puente, baritone; Signor Bologna, *basso cantante;* Signor Carbone, buffo; Signora Clementina De Vere, soprano; Miss Marie Groebl, contralto; Signor Dall Aglio, accompanist. Signor Campanini's opening concerts occur at Steinway Hall, Nov. 16th and 17th. It appears in the Stockbridge course.

Among recent arrivals of artists should be noted that of Miss Madge Wickham, a young American violinist, who studied with Joachim and met with great success in concerts given throughout Germany. Miss Wickham is a very tall and pretty brunette; as a performer she is understood to belong to the corps of players that Germany has qualified for artistic work the world over.

Of Mr. Theodore Thomas and symphony orchestras in general, the Sun's capable musical writer says: "Mr. Thomas's friends are diligently striving to raise a fund of money that will permit their favorite conductor to reorganize his band. The amount required to gather its *disjecta membra* and keep them together for the season is about $70,000. Doubts are expressed as to the possibility of getting so large a sum, but in any case there will be no difficulty in securing a sufficient number of subscribers to arrange a brief series of Thomas symphony concerts in New York, and most people will prefer half a loaf to no bread.

Odd Fellows Mutual Relief, of Portland.

A special meeting of the Odd Fellows Mutual Relief Association, of Portland, was held last evening, at which amendments were offered affecting the by-laws as follows:

1.—To substitute for the $1,500 now paid to families of deceased members, one dollar for each member of the Association.

2.—Making a semi-annual assessment of one dollar and a half, payable in January and July, instead of the present one dollar annual assessment.

3.—Opening the field of the association from the present district to include the whole State.

4.—To make the death assessment one dollar and ten cents in place of one dollar as at present.

5.—Increasing the time for paying the death benefit to the family from thirty to sixty days.

The meeting was adjourned to Monday, December 3d, when other amendments may be presented to be acted upon either at the annual meeting in January, or at a special meeting to be called for that purpose. There was a full meeting and great interest manifested.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

NOTES.

The weekly market letter of Cordley & Co., treats the Eastern situation in this wise:

"In respect to a dividend, the Eastern's relations to the Boston and Maine remind us of the old story about the two little girls and the apple. Says one little girl (the Eastern) to the other (the Boston and Maine): 'Won't you give me a bite of your apple?' 'No, I won't,' says the Boston and Maine girl. 'Then please to give me the core,' beseeches the Eastern girl. 'There won't be any core,' was the reply.

The papers of the Dexter and Piscataquis Railroad Company were filed at the office of the Secretary of State of Augusta, on Friday. On them Secretary Ormandel Smith had issued his certificate certifying that the corporation was legally organized and established. The capital stock is $110,000, at which five per cent has been paid in cash. The number of shares of stock is 1.100 at a par value of $100 each. The following are the Directors: Josiah B. Mayo, Foxcroft; Joseph B. Peaks and Stephen O. Brown, Dover: Francis W. Hill, Exeter; Josiah S. Maxey, Gardiner; Treby Johnson, Augusta; George A. Abbott, Dexter; George Fisher, Bath; W. B. Bacon, Boston.

SUBURBAN NEWS.

YARMOUTH.

The Young Men of No. 7 held their regular business meeting last Friday evening at the First Parish chapel. Three new members. R. H. McQuillan, F. A. Wilson and Thomas Brewer were elected. An original essay was read by Irving True, subject: "Getting on in the World." The plan of a public reading room, to be conducted by the society, was discussed. The following officers were elected:

President—John W. Gooch.
Vice President—A. G. Barbour.
Secretary—E. G. Gooding.
Executive Committee—E. G. Gammon, S. P. Soule, C. E. Greeley.

Ice Cream Served Free.

We shall serve ice cream and Sherbert at our Congress Street Store today and tomorrow flavored with FOSS PURE FLAVORING EXTRACTS for the purpose of showing their superiority as flavors. FREE to all; come and try it. The receipt for making the Cream and Sherbert may be had at the counter. GEO. C. SHAW & CO.

MARRIAGES.

In Robbinston, Oct. 22, Sethley H. Hall of Portland and Miss Emma G. Laughlin of Robbinston.
In Wiscasset, Oct. 23, John D. McBrian and Isa Rines.
In Wiscasset, Oct. 17, Evan C. Somes and Miss Abbie L. West.
In Round Pond, Oct. 23, Henry H. Chamberlain of Bristol and Miss Annie Louise Wright of Tomkinsville, N. Y.
In East Pittston, Oct. 14, Wm. C. Kennessy of Dresden and Miss Mabel A. Thompson of East Pittston.
At Swan's Island, Oct. 4, Oscar L. Drown of Gorham and Miss Melvina Mosher of Swan's Island.
In Norway, Oct. 22, Albert G. Clark of Bridgton and Miss Emily M. Kimball of Waterford.

DEATHS.

In this city, Oct. 29, Ellen M., daughter of Wm. H. and Mary E. Conant, aged 19 years 6 months.
[Funeral service at 37 High street on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice.
In Cape Elizabeth, Oct. 29, Mary K., wife of Benjamin B. Dyer, aged 74 years 2 months.
[Funeral service Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock at her late residence.
In Saco, Oct. 6, Eleanor, widow of the late Samuel Burnham, aged 71 years 2 months.
In Saco, Oct 17, Mark Fernald, aged 80 years.
In Biddeford, Oct. 26, Mary F., daughter of Alonzo R. Small, aged 71 years 11 months.
In Old Orchard, Oct. 27, Joseph D. Emery, aged 65 years 8 months.
In Brunswick, Oct. 24, Frank W. Toothaker, aged 9 years.
In Wiscasset, Oct. 11, Wm. H. McFadden, aged 25 years 2 months.

Experience

Teaches that certain vegetables exert in digestion a powerful influence on the blood; deficient nutrition is stimulated, the burdened current is unloaded, and poisons withheld from the parts which they polluted and defile. This simple, natural action, purifying the blood, is promptly accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla, a skilful combination of such vegetable extracts, whose activ qualities and native excellences are concentrated by a process peculiar to itself, and found in no other preparation.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Does actually strain out impurities, remove obstructions, and open the natural outlets of the system. No rack, no strain, no pain accompanies the administration of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"For three years I suffered with dyspepsia, growing so bad that I was completely broken down in health. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and soon gained strength and appetite, and was restored to my former health." J. E. RUSSELL, Clerk Commercial Hotel, Brookville, Penn.

Is the Best Medicine

"I use Hood's Sarsaparilla in my family and find it the best medicine we can buy for our use. My trouble is canker in stomach. It helps me more than all the medicine I ever took. I can't speak too highly of Hood's Sarsaparilla." E. M. HAYDEN, Goodale's Corner, Me.

N. B. If you want a good medicine, get

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1, six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

ap27 d&w1y

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively Cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating, a perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Messenger's Notice.

Office of the Sheriff of Cumberland County, State of Maine, Cumberland ss., Oct. 29, A. D. 1888.

THIS is to give notice, that on the twenty-ninth day of Oct., A. D. 1888, a Warrant in Insolvency was issued out of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Cumberland, against the estate of

WILLIAM H. STURGIS, of Standish,

adjudged to be an Insolvent Debtor, on petition of said Debtor, which petition was filed on the twenty-ninth day of October, A. D., 1888, to which date interest on claims is to be computed.

That the payment of any debts to or by said Debtor, and the transfer and delivery of any property by him are forbidden by law.

That a meeting of the Creditors of said Debtor to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Insolvency to be holden at Probate Court Room, in Portland, on the twelfth day of November, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Given under my hand the date first above written.

H. R. STARGENT,
Deputy Sheriff, as Messenger of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Cumberland.

oct30&nov6

Real Estate For Sale.

UNLESS sooner sold at private sale, I shall sell at public auction on the premises, at 3 p. m., WEDNESDAY, October 31, 1888, the real estate of the late Annie M. Josephs, No. 65 Hanover street, this city.

MELVILLE A. FLOYD, Administrator.
oc30d2t Office 105½ Exchange St.

WANTED.

AGENTS of successful experience to work up one or more counties for our Christmas books, sold only by agents. Price from 50 cents to $3.50. A liberal commission to parties who can control ten or more agents. Give experience and territory wanted. Send this. CASSELL & COMPANY, B. B. S. D., 104 Fourth Avenue, New York. oct30eod3t

M. C. M. Association.

A STATED meeting of the M. C. M. Association will be held in the Library Room, Mechanics Building, on THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 1st, at 7.30 o'clock. R. B. SWIFT, Secretary.
oct30d3t

HEADING MAKERS TAKE NOTICE. I have a machine that splits and drives two dowels into heading as fast as you can put it into the machine; a boy can use it, and three times as fast as any man can by hand; there is only one of these made but I am ready to fill any order and will sell the first ten machines for 35 dollars each, after that they will not be sold for less than fifty; will sell out rights. Address all orders to CHAS. J. FOSTER, West Gloucester, Maine. 30-1

FOR SALE—$500—Investment Bonds payable in ten years, yielding over 9 per cent, compound interest, paid in monthlyments of thirty dollars yearly; also Sewall Safety Car Heating Stock. GARDINER & ROBERTS, Oxford Building, 185 Middle St. 30-1

FOR SALE Pianos little used for sale at a bargain; Henry F. Miller Sq. $125; Schubert Up. $190; Woodward & Brown Up., original price $400, will be sold low; 6 grands at $25, $50, and upwards. C. R. CRESSEY, 416 Congress street. 30-1

TO LET—A small office room at 114½ Exchange Street; also a fine piano and organ; a small second-hand piano for sale. Enquire at Ware Rooms of W. P. HASTINGS. 30-1

TO LET—A large front room furnished for a gentlemen and wife, with board at 112 FREE ST. 30-1

TO LET—Nice rent of 8 rooms, near Morrill's Corner, Deering. Enquire of F. O. BAILEY & CO., 18 Exchange street. 30-1

FOR SALE—An elegant oak hall stand for sale at a bargain. Inquire at No. 216 MIDDLE STREET. 30-1

WANTED—The public to know that all styles of Goodyear rubbers may be found at WHITE'S, 480 Congress st. 30-1

WANTED—The public to come to WHITE'S for the Goodyear rubbers.

TO LET—A pleasant front room. Enquire at 161 CUMBERLAND ST. 30-1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

E. B. & B.

Fur Lined Circulars.

We have just received a complete assortment of these garments ranging in price from fifteen to one hundred dollars, and we invite all who think of purchasing one to call and see us before they invest. Fur Circulars are as desirable as ever, and are as sensible and comfortable a garment as a lady can buy for this cold climate.

We p