

T. P. WILLIAMS FUND FOR BANGOR SEMINARY

The idea of raising a fund for Bangor Theological Seminary in the shape of a Memorial for the late T. P. Williams is something which is meeting with the approval of his many friends.

While no actual work has as yet been started, plans are well under way for getting a substantial sum for this good work and before long an opportunity will be given to subscribe.

Those who wish to contribute to this fund may send their money to Mrs. L. S. Black, treasurer of the Congregational society, who will give proper receipt for same. It is hoped that every one in the community may have an opportunity to give.

MRS. FLEETWOOD PRIDE

Many Houlton friends mourn the death of one of its well known and respected women, in the passing away of Mrs. Fleetwood Pride, which occurred at the Aroostook hospital Wednesday morning last after a long and painful illness.

Mrs. Pride's death did not come as a surprise, for her friends have realized for several weeks that there was little hope for recovery, but death, although expected, brings with it surprise and sorrow.

Mrs. Elizabeth A. Dow Pride was born in Island Falls 54 years ago and was a daughter of the late Joseph Edwards and his widow, now Mrs. Benjamin Walker. She was educated in the public schools and for a few years was a most successful teacher. She was married to Wilnot Dow of Island Falls when 20 years of age and after a few years went with him to the West where they were with Wm. W. Sewall in the employ of the late President Roosevelt on his ranch in Dakota. Mr. and Mrs. Dow remained there for a few years, returning to Island Falls early in the nineties and soon after Mr. Dow passed away, leaving besides his widow, three sons. Mrs. Dow about five years later was married to Fleetwood Pride, also of Island Falls.

Kind and noble hearted Mrs. Pride was a wonderful mother. To the second marriage one daughter, now 13 years of age, was born. In 1905 Mr. and Mrs. Pride moved to Houlton and during her stay in this town made many warm friends. She was generous, thoughtful, always ready to minister to the needy and her house was always open and ready to receive any friends whom she knew. During the past several years she has been in failing health and has been obliged to enter the hospitals at Presque Isle, Bangor and Houlton for treatment. Mrs. Pride during her years spent in Houlton took an active part in its social life. She was worthy matron of Fidelity Chapter Order of the Eastern Star and during her term of office did much for the uplift of this organization. She was also a past president of the Houlton Women's Club of Houlton and always took an active part in everything in connection with the work of this club. She was a faithful member of the Congregational church of Houlton, and here also she worked as far as her strength would allow.

During her long illness she was full of courage and always looked forward to the time when she could return to her home and again take up her work.

The funeral was held from the Congregational church in Island Falls on Friday afternoon. Besides her husband she leaves three sons, Wilnot, Levi and George, Dow, one stepdaughter, now Mrs. Doris Emerson and one stepson and one daughter, Lona, Pride, also a mother and several sisters and brothers. The sympathy of all is extended to the family in their great sorrow.

TEACHERS' CONVENTION

The Aroostook County Teachers' Convention, formerly scheduled for November 11 and 12, will meet at Presque Isle December 9 and 10. The preliminary program which is to be published within a few days contains many things of real value to the teachers of the County. Group Meetings are to be held Thursday afternoon and Friday morning. The General Sessions, two in number, are to meet on Thursday evening and Friday afternoon.

The people of Presque Isle assure the visiting teachers that every courtesy and comfort possible will be theirs during their visit. Homes will be generously opened and the best available will be gladly accorded the guests.

NEW COUNTY TREASURER

On Wednesday last, Gov. Milliken appointed Col. Frank M. Hume as Treasurer of Aroostook County, to succeed the late Thos. P. Putnam.

The appointment is a very fitting one and the people of the county can be assured that the duties of the office will be well looked after under the Colonel's regime.

HOW TO GET BEST PRICES FOR THE FARM PRODUCT

Letter from a Man Who
Visited the Markets to See
What Was Wanted

The following letter published in the Produce News from a man in Los Angeles, Cal. who visited New York City and the east, gives the result of his trip and what he saw and learned can be taken advantage of by Aroostook county farmers as far as relates to shipment of potatoes, and is along the lines advocated by the TIMES in different issues.

This advice is what has put California on the map as regards its soil products as well as Oregon apples which are sold all over the country and which are put up in such attractive packages, and while it may not add to the quality of the contents of any package, it shows that quality is what brings the top price in anything sold on the market.

Los Angeles, Nov. 19.—Geo. H. Peters, president of the Peters Farm Co. of Bakersfield, Cal., and better known as the Potato King of Kern County, returned recently from an extended tour of the Eastern markets. While East he visited his father and brother in Illinois, whom he had not seen in a number of years. In addition to making a closeup study of South Water St., Chicago, he spent much time on the piers at New York, making an extended series of observations as to the handling of California products.

In speaking of his trip, Mr. Peters made special mention of the fact that he found that the appearance of a package has more to do with the selling price than he had ever imagined. He found that the New York market calls for quality as well as attractive pack, and that neither should be neglected unless the shipper expects to take a loss.

"My trip was the best investment I have ever made," said Mr. Peters. "One often reads suggestions and even hears them without getting the full import of their meaning. Probably the best investment a grower's organization could make would be to adopt a regular program of sending a selected committee East each season to study the large markets. Such a committee should be always changed so that within the course of a few years a number of the leading members would have seen at some time the actual conditions as they exist on South Water St., or on the piers at New York."

"Take New York, for example. The piers must be cleaned off every day to make room for the many scores of cars waiting to be unloaded. If there is the least lull in demand, the least slackening of the process of distributing to the jobbers and retailers, the price must simply be cut to a point where the goods will move. For move they must, to get out of the way of cars on the way or those which have arrived and are awaiting unloading."

"The process has proven to me conclusively not only that there cannot be too much attention given to packing and grading but, unless the pack is a superior one the goods must go for what they will bring. It is simply suicidal for a shipper to imagine he can get away with any old thing in the way of packing and can get even cost out of his goods. The result will be that he will get 'red ink' even for ordinary quality. In New York the buyer has the say, and he says it sharp and quick, and that is all there is to it. This is why an attractive package pays, since it commands his attention right from the start. The average buyer does not have the time to make a study of what particular line of goods he will or will not take. He must act on the hair trigger, and he does it, right or wrong."

"What struck me particularly was the appearance that New York is constantly getting more produce than can be sold to advantage. There were literally hundreds of cars offered every day which, in my judgment, would have fared better had they been stopped at some interior point and sold for even less money. Once the cars reach the great market there is no time to divert, for the goods must be sold and gotten out of the way. The word congestion does not half express the meaning. It applies to the people as well, for there are so many of them in such a restricted area that they get in each other's way."

"Any distributing system which calls for any large share of the product to reach New York before final sale is faulty. I quite agreed with the program of selling the interior markets first and sending only the very finest quality and pack to New York, or where there is an abundance sending New York only the excess. This applies to anything from potatoes and onions to oranges and grapes."

"The largest potato operator in the country, at Chicago, gave me a number of valuable pointers, concerning California potatoes, showing the absolute necessity for the closest grading and sizing if we expect to keep California potatoes at the front."

The Christian Endeavor of the Free Baptist church will hold the regular service Sunday, Nov. 28, '20, at 6 p. m. The topic is Home Missions Work. The leaders are Miss Ruby Hovey and Miss Bernice Hagerman. The leaders are capable of the topic. Come and enjoy a real live service. There is business to be discussed when every member is expected to be present. Come and bring a friend with you. There will be special music and interesting talks to boost Christian Endeavor.

THE NEW SNELL HOUSE

A traveling man called at the TIMES office last week and during the conversation he spoke of what a change had been made in the Snell House under the new management.

When he got into bed he remarked to his room-mate "I must be in the wrong bed, I never slept on a bed like this before in the Snell House." Every bed in the house has had new mattresses. On the train another man said to him, in getting into Houlton on the noon train, "well I suppose I will have one of those cold Snell House dinners today," and in speaking to the same man later in the day he said, "Did you get a cold dinner today?" "Not what you would notice," he said, "it was a good as I could get at any hotel anywhere at the right time."

Last Sunday 35 travelling men spent the day in town at the Snell House and all enjoyed the hospitality of the Mercier Co., who are catering to the wants of their patrons. As was remarked in the last issue of the TIMES a satisfied customer is the best advertising in the world, and among traveling men it will not take long for them to find out that Houlton now has the best hotel in Eastern Maine.

GRAND CIRCUIT WIZARD

BUYS "LADY GRATTEN"
AND "BILL SHAREN"

During Thos. W. Murphy's visit to Fredericton, N. B. to complete the purchase of the famous trotting machine "Bill Sharen," 2:11 1/4, he also took along for good measure "Lady Gratten," 2:09 1/4, both of whom were shipped direct to Poughkeepsie, N. Y. on Wednesday.

This sale of two of the most promising Canadian horses for record prices, has caused much excitement in racing circles, and these horses will be watched with much interest by race smiters in this section.

POTATOES

Local buyers are offering \$2.50, the market having been dropping for the past few days, the reason being large shipments to selling points.

An interesting fact in the daily reports published by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture is the daily report of shipment on Saturday to market from different states as shown herewith.

| | |
|--------------|----------|
| Colorado | 50 cars |
| Idaho | 70 cars |
| Maine | 72 cars |
| Minnesota | 159 cars |
| New Jersey | 40 cars |
| New York | 60 cars |
| Pennsylvania | 33 cars |
| Virginia | 35 cars |
| Wisconsin | 90 cars |
| Canada | 17 cars |

The Produce News says: The receipts continue heavy and while the advent of the cold weather has had a stimulating effect on values in producing sections although it had no perceptible result on prices in the local market. Arrivals from New York and Pennsylvania are increasing, but very few lots are closely enough graded to exceed \$4 per 165-lb. bag, while closely graded would command \$4.12@5.25, but many of those coming are not exceeding \$3.50. Jersey Giants are cleaning up and best lots sold at \$3@3.10 at the first of the week, but \$3 was difficult to reach at the close and some lots were shaded under.

Maine potatoes in quite free supply, but meeting a slow demand at \$4 per 165-lb. bag, rarely higher, but most of the stock coming so far is green, and must be put into immediate use. Long Island potatoes continue to arrive freely, but are mostly going into special channels, and the best of them are selling at \$4.50 per 11-pow. bag. Southern second crop are arriving more freely and working out at \$3@3.25 per barrel, a few up to \$3.50.

H. H. S. FOOTBALL

TEAM ENTERTAINED

This Tuesday evening the High School football team will be tendered a complimentary banquet by supporters of the team, at the Snell House, at which time about 30 persons will participate, following which they will go to the Medway-Clark Club where a social time consisting of a musical entertainment, bowling, speeches, etc. will take place.

All members of the club are requested to be present and help to give the boys a good time.

Dr. Mitchell and James Nason are making arrangements for the affair, and an especially pleasant evening is anticipated.

COMPLIMENTARY TO

HOULTON TIMES

A writer in "News Print" has the following in the last issue, which is very complimentary to the Houlton TIMES.

The writer received the copy of the Houlton Times that was sent him, and I want to say that it is a very neatly and attractively arranged publication. The front page is entirely free from advertising and its makeup is excellent, being well balanced and nicely arranged. With a continuance of the excellent quality of workmanship that goes into the Houlton Times I can see a prosperous future ahead for its publishers.

NINETY-FIRST BIRTHDAY

At the home of Mrs. Sally Atherton of Houlton, last week, was a surprise party, given in honor of her ninety-first birthday. She is the wife of the late Benjamin Atherton. They were one of the first settlers and have lived on the same farm where they came seventy-three years ago when they were married.

Mrs. Atherton is a remarkable smart woman of her age. She has spun yarn and knit both mittens and stockings for the winter sale. At noon the table was spread for an elaborate dinner, of which in the center was the birthday cake with ninety-one candles set burning for the relatives and friends. Mrs. Atherton received cards and money from relatives afar.

She has five children living, Mrs. John Lincoln of Ohio, Mr. A. Atherton of Michigan, her three daughters were with her, Mrs. Lizzie Parks who stays with her mother, Mrs. Fred Barton and Mrs. Burnham Bell, also her niece Miss Kate Atherton who has always lived with her, besides her grandchildren and great grandchildren.

They departed for their homes at a late hour, wishing her many happy returns of the day and in hopes to meet again on such an occasion.

CARLTON COUNTY

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY
ELECTS OFFICERS

At the annual meeting of the Carlton County Agricultural Society No. 41, held in Woodstock, Nov. 11th, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year.

Honorary Pres., T. W. Caldwell M. P. Pres., Col. F. H. J. Dibblee Vice Pres., Wm. Hay, W. G. Kearney, C. H. Gray, H. W. Rogers Secy., J. S. Leighton Treas., D. V. Storm

A report of the officers showed that despite the rainy weather during the past fair week, that the society cleaned up and had a balance of \$824.93 in the treasury.

THE NEAR EAST RELIEF

A pathetic cry comes to us from the Near East. It is the cry of a great multitude of little ones representing at least 100,000 orphaned and homeless children. Their fathers fought with our Allies in the late war. These helpless children have bright minds and warm hearts and want an opportunity to live, and serve their God and their country. They are looking across the trackless deep to America for help. Our country has always responded nobly to such cries as these coming from helpless sufferers. We believe that she will do it again.

The State of Maine is asked this year to feed 1675 orphans, on the basis of \$60.00 a year for each orphan. Houlton is asked to feed 17 orphans on this same basis. In terms of cash this represents \$1020.00. A union Thanksgiving service will be held Thursday afternoon, Nov. 25, at 4 p. m. in the Unitarian church, Military St. An offering for the Near East Relief will be taken at this service which we hope will be a very generous one. The need is great and the call is loud for a large offering. Freely ye have received, freely give.

B. & A. TRAINMEN

MEET FOR ANNUAL SESSION
Sunday, Nov. 21, Houlton Lodge B. of R. T. met in Houlton for its annual meeting.

Special trains from both north and south arrived during the late forenoon, bringing about 120 members of the order.

A special Sunday dinner was served for them in Woodman Hall, and as one of the visitors was heard to remark on his way to the station "It was some dinner."

The business session occupied the most of the afternoon and the following officers were elected:

P. Pres., W. C. Clifford Pres., V. McIlroy Vice Pres., A. O. Grant Secy., A. S. Humphrey Treas., J. A. Henderson Agent Public Publication

Chaplin, W. C. Lawson Legislative Representative

F. M. Moore, F. M. Dickinson, C. Alwood, T. Cummings, H. Harbison

The reports of the various officials showed the lodge to be in a flourishing condition, and every body was well satisfied with the annual get-together meeting.

Fred Blothen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Blothen, has still higher honors in Boston where he is attending school, having passed the commercial examination and is now a first class radio operator. He has also been chosen assistant manager for the New England Radio League and will go to New York the coming week.

His many Houlton friends are pleased with his success and look for a bright and prosperous future.

STATE INSPECTOR OF MILK VISITS HOULTON

What He Found Out About
Houlton's 20 Cent
Milk Supply

State Milk Inspector Brooks Brown of Augusta was in town last week and while here made a thorough examination of the Daries and Milk supply which is being given to Houlton.

As is well known the milk supply in the different communities is under control of the state, regulated with certain rules and laws which it is Mr. Brown's duty to see enforced, and with that in view he made a number of visits to the men who are handling the Milk supply for the town and did not find them in the condition that he had wished.

To a TIMES representative he stated that many things that he found were not so much deliberate violations of the law as a carelessness on the part of those selling the milk, in the proper handling of it. To one man he told that he ought to be ashamed to conduct his business as he was doing, knowing what he did about how milk should be handled.

Inspection of Milk to be Sold

Very interesting results were given from an inspection of bottles containing milk which were on the carts ready for delivery, and this information was given, Mr. Brown said, not so much in the nature of a complaint, as that the consumers who at 20c per quart are paying for the best and cleanest milk that can be produced, are not getting it. The inspection of bottles resulted in finding many bottles on the carts which contained dirt and sediment and were as follows:

| | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------|
| 1 | 5 bottles examined | 8 dirty milk |
| 2 | 5 bottles examined | 4 dirty milk |
| 3 | 12 bottles examined | 2 dirty milk |
| 4 | 8 bottles examined | 6 dirty milk |
| 5 | 3 bottles examined | 2 dirty milk |

By dirty milk in the above is meant that there was a sediment in the bottoms of the bottles. Of course in the short time that Mr. Brown was in town he could not examine the milk for Bacteria, as that would require laboratory work and more time than he had at his disposal. He made certain recommendations as to the best way to correct this fault, and practically all the men selling milk agreed to remedy this defect, which with the present price of this commodity he said should be done in order to give the consumer value received.

Mr. Brown also gave out the following information, that there were in Houlton 43 licensed dealers in milk, that they sold 1531 quarts of milk and 179 quarts of cream, and that there were 12 dealers who sold from 50 to 210 quarts of milk per day.

ROTARY CLUB

The regular meeting of the Rotary Club was held at Elmcroft on Friday evening.

There were present as guests of the club, Hon. John A. Morrill, Justice of the S. J. Court, and Brooks Brown, State Dairy Inspector, both of whom made very interesting remarks which were attentively listened to by the members present.

During Mr. Brown's remarks he recommended that steps be taken by the town at the next annual meeting to raise money enough to equip a laboratory for examination of the milk supply of Houlton and also enough for a Milk Inspector who could look after the work as it should be done. This would cost not over 15 cents per inhabitant for the first year and 11 cents for the following years, and by having the laboratory at the High School building and arrangements made for the instructor in Chemistry to do this work, the cost might be reduced to a certain extent.

SOLICITING FOR

NEAR EAST RELIEF

Mrs. Margaret Pennington is chairman of the Near East Relief Committee for the town of Houlton. Her committee will make a house to house canvass soon for funds for the Near East Relief, 100,000 orphaned children whose fathers fought side by side with our Allies in the late war, are crying for help.

The cry is a very pathetic, one Houlton's quota in terms of human life represents 17 orphans for one year. In terms of cash it represents \$1020.00. Houlton went over the top last year. We feel that she will do so this year. The cause is a very needy one. The cry is a loud one, inasmuch as ye did it unto one of the least of these, ye did it unto Me, said the Master.

Hon. Leonard A. Pierce and son Leonard Jr. are in town this week, while Mr. Pierce is attending court.

SOCIAL EVENT ON

WEDNESDAY LAST

One of the prettiest social events of the season was the reception given in Houlton from 4 to 6 on Wednesday afternoon last, when Mrs. J. K. Plummer received.

Guests were received by Miss Ellen Gorham and Miss Elizabeth Ebbett who played delightful selections on the victrola throughout the afternoon. In the dining room, Mrs. Frederick A. Powers and Mrs. Albert K. Stetson, sisters of the hostess, poured and they were assisted by Mrs. F. W. Mitchell, Mrs. P. L. Rideout, Miss Edna Gentle, Miss Dorethea Stetson, Miss Lydia Rideout and Miss Doris Hassell, while Mrs. Fred Hall served the ice.

The decorations were yellow chrysanthemums. There was a large attendance notwithstanding the disagreeable weather.

YOUR RED CROSS DOLLAR

If a citizen of this town joins the American Red Cross as a \$1.00 annual member in the Fourth Roll Call, what disposition will be made of his dollar?

In the first place one-half of it goes to the local Red Cross Chapter to meet local needs. It may help pay the salary of a Public Health Nurse, the preparation of emergency aid, the cost of lessons in home hygiene and care of the sick, the mitigation of distress of the unfortunate or any one of a number of expertly conducted activities designed for the relief of the individual or the welfare of the community. Whatever it may be, the work that the half-dollar does will be of benefit to the place from which it came.

No citizen can afford to preserve an attitude of aloofness toward conditions in his home town. However indifferent he may be to personal risks or however uninterested from a business point of view there must be someone—wife, children or friends—towards whom he feels a sense of responsibility. Especially must he feel a protective impulse toward all little children. It is not enough that we should put our own house in order. So long as conditions prejudicial to health exist in any home there is always the possibility of disease germs being carried from that home to the school, the playground and the street and to other homes.

The selectmen of a town will aid the destitute where such cases are brought to their attention, but they cannot hunt them out. The Red Cross through its Home Service, can and does.

The selectmen of a town will do their best to see that insanitary conditions are improved wherever they become aware of such conditions. The Red Cross through its educational methods, aims to prevent such conditions from arising. One-half of the citizen's \$1.00 will help, therefore, to bring it to pass that the people shall actually put into practice the doctrine that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure.

The other half of the citizen's \$1.00 goes to the National headquarters of the Red Cross at Washington, to be used partly for national relief work and partly for relief work abroad.

The Red Cross foreign activities are being rapidly narrowed down to relief work among the suffering children. No one can say that those children are to blame for the situation in which they find themselves, or that they could have foreseen it and made provision for it. They are wholly guiltless, as guiltless as the children in our own New England.

Eleven million of them are war orphans. The parents of millions of others are quite or nearly destitute. Their own governments are too busy with vital economic and political problems to look after them. In other words a whole generation of children in Central Europe is growing up in a state of physical and mental neglect. Thousands of course will die. It is too late now to help them. What sort of future citizens will the others make? Putting aside the question of their undeserved sufferings, what sort of men and women will be formed out of these millions of under-nourished bodies and stunted minds?

BOB OTT CLOSSES

A SUCCESSFUL WEEK

IN HOULTON

The Bob Ott Musical Show which has been playing a weeks' engagement at the Temple theatre to capacity houses, closed Saturday night, and it was pronounced by those who attended to be one of the very best of its kind ever seen here.

Mr. Ott himself stands alone as a comedian and he supported by a splendid company.

The costumes were handsome, all of the musical numbers were tuneful and catchy, pretty girls in the chorus, all good dancers, in fact every thing that a first class musical show should have to please the crowd.

This was Mr. Ott's first visit east of Bangor, but he expects to include Houlton in future booking in Maine, and he is sure of a welcome when he comes to Houlton.

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THANKSGIVING
The celebration of Thanksgiving Day takes on a special significance this year of 1920, it being the 300th anniversary of the Pilgrims landing at Plymouth, and which has had celebrations in different parts of New England during this year.
Like many other public holidays the significance of the day is some- times lost sight of in the passing of time, nevertheless to those who think of the significance of the day cannot but give thanks for the many blessings which have been bestowed upon the State of Maine, and this vicinity for bountiful crops, for peace and prosper- ity and good health, and while to some it may seem that they have nothing to be thankful for, it should be a season to consider that mis- fortunes are sometimes a blessing in disguise and to look at the silver lining which every cloud has.
The day in Houlton will be observ- ed in the usual way with Union services by the churches, family gatherings and the closing of places of business, so that all may enjoy the day and what it should mean to everyone.

PROHIBITION LAW VIOLATIONS
The people who do not believe in the prohibition law have two ways in which they can work to get rid of it. First, they can agitate through the press and all agencies of public opinion, to have the law changed, or another constitutional amendment adopted, modifying the new provision. Or they can try to bring the law into discredit by a concerted plan to violate it.

The first method of agitation is perfectly legitimate. But a very large body of people would seem to be try- ing by the second method, to make the law so ineffective that the people will be sick of it. This is a course capable of doing great damage, prin- cipally to the people who are resorting to it. Much of the bootleg stuff is sim- ply rank poison, while many people who experiment with home products are producing vile concoctions.
The prohibition amendment could never have secured the ratification of 45 states, unless it was desired by a large majority of the people. Since that time many persons who original- ly were opposed to the idea, have be- come convinced that it will work, and accomplish many good results. It has greatly cut down the jail population, and is leading millions of men to spend their money on their families instead of for hot stuff to pour down their throats. It promotes regularity of work.

A modification of the amendment to permit the manufacture of beer and wine would be an entering wedge for the repeal of the whole thing, and would defeat the good ends already being attained.

A change supported by so great preponderance of public sentiment is likely to prove permanent. The senti- ment of the women, who now control the fates of candidates inclining to- ward wet sentiment, will make it more than ever difficult to take the back track.

A SURPRISE OF THE RAILROADS
Railroad executives who met in New York last week to discuss re- sults of private operation and gen- eral traffic conditions, surprised themselves by the record they had made when the figures of mileage and tonnage of freight cars under private operation were read and compared with those of operation under Fed- eral control. The roads were re- turned to their owners March 1, 1920, and during the six months to Sep- tember 1 gains in efficiency have been made which represent cash value of \$2,000,000,000.

The railroad experts arrive at this amazing conclusion in this way: At the end of Federal control the aver-

age number of miles per car per day was 22.3 and the average tonnage of each car was 28.3. On September 1 the average number of miles per car per day was 27.4 and the average ton- nage per car was 29.6. Comparison of these figures shows a gain in car movement of 22.34 per cent and a gain of over 7 per cent in capacity loading. At the present time 2,350,000 freight cars are in use and it was shown that the growth in effi- ciency has added the equivalent of 500,000 cars to the total number. The cash saving, reckoned at \$4000 a car, amounts to \$2,000,000,000.

This has all been done with fewer cars actually available for use than during the period of Federal opera- tion, the reports showing that 135,000 cars have been scrapped since March 1. On the other hand, the chairman of the association of railway execu- tives authorized a statement that "the traffic has been the heaviest in the history of the railroads, heavier even than it was at the height of the war movement in 1918."

Railroads centering at Chicago found that government management left them with from 10 to 15 per cent more employees than they needed, and, although the volume of business has greatly increased, they have been able to lay off large numbers of unnecessary hands.

These things seem like anomalies; they seem like impossibilities. How can efficiency increase while equip- ment is being scrapped and hands laid off,—and volume of business grows steadily greater? They are the sequel of the story of govern- ment mismanagement, under which waste of effort was marked; increase in number of employees the rule, no matter what the conditions of traffic; deterioration of equipment uncheck- ed; and business methods notably absent.

CANADA REGAINS HER FEET
A notable result of the recent war has been greatly to increase the im- portance of Canada as an industrial country. There are probably a third more persons employed in Canadian manufactures than were so engaged before the war, according to recent data. Some 2,000,000 people, or nearly 25 per cent of the entire population are said to be now dependent, direct- ly or indirectly, upon manufacturing industries.

The value of manufactured prod- ucts has increased from \$1,666,000,000 in 1911 to \$3,451,000,000 in 1918, a 300 per cent rise, altho complete figures are not yet available. In the same period the value of agricultural prod- ucts rose from \$663,000,000 a year to \$1,975,000,000.

The war brought about in Canada, much earlier than would otherwise have been the case, a transition from a status where agriculture predomi- nated to one where manufacturing industries are of the greatest im- portance.

Canada interchanges more business with the United States than any

other nation in the world, although the trade is not a balanced trade. The imports from the United States large- ly exceed Canada's exports to the United States.

From the point of view of the United States, Canada has for years ranked, with one exception, as our best customer among all nations. The one exception is Great Britain. The war conditions placed France ahead of Canada in 1916 and 1917. However, this was a temporary situation, and the indications are that for years to come Canada will probably be our most important customer next to the United Kingdom.

The business of Canada with the United Kingdom and foreign nations established a new record in the first quarter of the present fiscal year (April to June 1920 inclusive). The total trade reached \$583,500,000, com- pared with \$445,000,000 in 1919. As usual the United States had the bulk of the business. Out of the total trade, the trade with the United States was \$334,500,000, or just under 60 per cent.

Canada incurred a debt due to the war of \$2,499,000,000, equal to about 15 per cent of her national wealth or \$300 a head for every person of her population. Though she contributed unstintingly to victory, Canada emerg- ed from the war the least heavily bur- dened of any belligerent excepting the United States. Her debt burden is only 19 per cent of the national wealth and the yearly interest cost is \$15 per capita—less than one-half of that of England and one-third of France's per capita interest expendi- ture.

SAVE OUR PARKS
When Congress convenes the first Monday in December there will be one important duty to fulfill. Just before the adjournment last spring the precedent-making Smith bill had passed the Senate and was pending before the House. It would empower administrative control of the water- ways and water projects in our na- tional parks. The advocates of the bill claimed that the land they wished to use in the Yellowstone National Park was "of absolutely no scenic value." The national parks service, for lack of information about the area, asked time for in- vestigation and report. But the urgency of the farmers' needs was used as an argument for immediate decision, as such things to it seemed plausible. It is only by a narrow margin that those interested in our parks succeeded in holding up the bill until the close of the session.

Since then the following facts have been brought out: The "swamps" are firm, beautiful meadows, over which horses can be galloped freely, interspersed with pleasant woods and bordered by one of the most remark- able and lovely series of waterfalls in any of the national parks. The place is a "Campers' Paradise," which a small amount of inexpensive road- building will open to scores of thou-

sands of campers, chiefly from the western states, who now overcrowd the camp sites along the existing roads.

The proposed reservoirs would flood these meadows in spring, and in the dry season, which is also the season of park visitors, would replace them by a widening expanse of mud-flats. This is strikingly exemplified by the now dreary shores of the once beau- tiful Jackson Lake, a few miles south of Yellowstone Park. For the essence of all storage reservoirs is that the water be drawn off when needed for economic use, regardless of the inevi- table injury to the scenery.

Unless we follow consistently a policy of "Hands off the National Parks"; unless we exclude from the parks every commercial development which by any possibility can impair their quality as exhibits of native America and as places for the un- adulterated enjoyment of natural scenery, we cannot avoid the gradual and progressive diversion of the na- tional parks from their proper pur- poses.

Senator Root hit the nail on the head when he wrote in connection with another proposition for using one of the national parks for a pur- pose wholly worthy in itself, but po- tentially injurious to the natural scenery:

"Many years of conflict against all sorts of incursions have shown me that the only safety is in beat- ing back every invasion."

THE ISSUE WITH JAPAN
The large majority by which the voters of California have recently adopted the "Initiative measure" aimed against Japanese leasing or ownership of land was expected, and does not materially change the situ- ation, except so far as the size of the vote, following upon a bitter and acrimonious campaign, may in- crease the resentment of Japan. The chairman of the executive commit- tee of the Japanese Exclusion League of California, which conducted the campaign for the measure, explained, on the eve of the election, that "Cal- ifornia is not doing anything or con- templating anything which is unjust to the Japanese, which is not neces- sary for the protection of American citizens and American institutions, and which is not along lines already pursued for many years past by Japan in properly protecting her people and her institutions." But it is hard to reconcile this statement with the avowed objects of the campaign just over.

California sentiment is inclined to regard this question as a local issue, to be settled in accordance with local sentiment and interests. Cal- ifornia regards Japanese immigra- tion as injurious, and looks upon all Japanese as "undesirables," and there- fore proposes to exclude them. Why may she not do so without criticism? Simply because she is only one of forty-eight states, constituting the United States, and for whatever she

does, affecting international relations, the United States will be held responsible. Indeed, the very form of the proposal upon which Cal- ifornia has just voted recognizes this fact, for it limits the land-owning and leasing rights of aliens indig- nity to citizenship to the terms of "any treaty now existing between the gov- ernment of the United States and the nation or country of which such alien is a citizen." The question is thus immediately raised whether the proposed restrictions are or are not in accord with existing treaties, and that changes it from a local to a national issue.

A question so momentous and far- reaching as this is not to be settled offhand, in a spasm of local feeling, but deliberately, with regard to na- tional pledges and responsibilities. The validity of the proposed restric- tions will probably be carried to the United States supreme court by Japanese residents in California. And it is intimated that the Japanese government would be ready to en- act a law, prohibiting all emigra- tion to the United States, on the condition that the Japanese now in California be given full civil and property rights. But, whatever ar- rangements prove to be possible, it is the course of wisdom and justice, as well to seek a solution which will not arouse needless resentment.

About the most disagreeable habit that anyone can get into is the nag- ging habit. We all have times when we feel like nagging and the best way for anyone to avoid unpleasant-

ness at such times is to go off by oneself and get out of the nag- ging mood. Nagging has ruined more homes than anyone realizes because it is at the state of many more con- spicuous evils.

It doesn't pay to gossip about one's neighbors. Let us have only kind thoughts and good words for every one, and be sure to lend a helping hand whenever occasion calls for it. In trying to lighten another's bur- den, we forget our own; and the kind thoughts we send out come back to us like echoes.

BANGOR & AROOSTOOK R. R.

| TIME TABLE | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Corrected to Sept. 27, 1920 | |
| Trains Daily Except Sunday | |
| From HOULTON | |
| 8.40 a. m. | For Fort Fairfield, Caribou, Limestone and Van Buren. |
| 9.13 a. m. | For Bangor, Portland and Boston. |
| 11.30 a. m. | For Ashland, Fort Kent, St. Francis, also Washburn, Presque Isle, Van Buren via Squa Pan and Mapleton. |
| 1.02 p. m. | For Fort Fairfield and Caribou Limestone. |
| 1.42 p. m. | For Greenville, Bangor, Port- land and Boston. |
| 6.26 p. m. | For Bangor, Portland and Boston Buffet Sleeping Car Caribou to Boston. |
| 8.03 p. m. | For Ft. Fairfield, Van Buren. |
| Due HOULTON | |
| 8.31 a. m. | From Bangor, Portland, Ban- gor, Buffet Sleeping Boston to Caribou. |
| 9.09 a. m. | From Van Buren, Caribou and Fort Fairfield. |
| 12.54 p. m. | From Bangor, Portland, Ban- gor and Greenville. |
| 1.37 p. m. | From Limestone, Caribou and Fort Fairfield. |
| 3.00 p. m. | From St. Francis, Fort Kent, also Van Buren, Washburn, Presque Isle, Van Buren. |
| 6.21 p. m. | From Van Buren, Limestone, Caribou, Fort Fairfield. |
| 7.59 p. m. | From Bangor, Portland and Bangor. |

Time tables giving complete information may be obtained at ticket offices.

GEO. M. HOUGHTON,

General Passenger Agent, Bangor, Maine.

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Osteopathic Physician
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That is because it contains certain elements which are injurious to many people.
If coffee disturbs your health, change to

POSTUM CEREAL

This pure cereal drink is healthful and wholesome, has a delightful coffee-like flavor, but contains none of coffee's harmful elements.

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is used in tens of thou- sands of homes every day. It improves the appetite, pro- motes growth and sustains strength.

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FOR several years the source of supply of German Potash has been cut off. An adequate supply for our requirements is now available.

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This mixture provides the kind of plant food especially needed by the growing potato plant. It is available throughout the season. It supplies the needs of the crop from the time the seed goes into the ground until the plant is matured.

Fertilizers manufactured by the Lowe'll Fertilizer Company are reliable and active all the time. They insure largest returns upon the investment.

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CHURCH SERVICES

Free Baptist
 Rev. F. Clark Hartley, Pastor
 Morning service at 10.30 A. M.
 Sunday school at 12.00 M.
 Young People's meeting 6.00 P. M.
 Evening service at 7.00 P. M.
 Special music by choir.
 Choir practice Monday nights.
 Tuesday night church prayer and praise service.

Church of the Good Shepherd
 Rev. H. Scott Smith, Rector
 Sunday Services
 Holy Communion at 8 a. m.
 Also on the first Sunday in the month at 10.30
 Morning Prayer and Sermon at 10.30
 Evening Prayer and Sermon at 7
 Sunday School at noon

First Baptist
 Court St.
 Rev. Henry C. Speed, pastor.
 10.30 morning worship with sermon.
 12.00 Bible School with classes for men and women.
 6.00 Senior C. E. Service
 7.00 Song service followed by sermon.

Church prayer meeting, Tuesday evening at 7.30.
 Choir rehearsal Friday evening at 7.30.
 All Seats free.

First Congregational Church
 Rev. A. M. Thompson, pastor.
 Morning Worship at 10.30.
 Sunday School at 12 o'clock with classes for men and women.
 Young People's Meeting at 6 p. m.
 Evening service at 7 o'clock.
 Prayermeeting Tuesday evenings at 7.30.
 The Ladies' Guild meets Monday evenings weekly.
 The Ladies' Circle meets Wednesday afternoons weekly.
 The Ladies' Missionary Society meets the second Wednesday of each month.

Methodist Episcopal
 Corner School and Military Streets.
 Rev. Thomas Whiteside, Pastor.
 10.30 a. m. Public Worship with sermon
 12.00 m. Sunday School with Organized and Graded Classes for all.
 2.30 p. m. Junior League Meeting and Preparatory Members Class.
 6.15 p. m. Young People's meeting under the auspices of the Epworth League.
 7.00 p. m. Praise and Preaching service with vested chorus choir.
 General prayer meeting at 7.30 every Tuesday evening.

Christian Science
 Corner Military and High Streets
 Sunday Services
 11.00 a. m. Regular Service
 12.15 p. m. Sunday School
 Testimonial meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30

FIRST CHURCH OF HOULTON
 Unitarian
 Military Street at Kelleran
 Preaching Service regularly every alternate Sunday at 10.30 a. m.
 Sept. 19, Oct. 3, 17 and 31st.
 Sunday School every Sunday at 12:00
 Dwight F. Mowery, Minister
 114 Court Street Tel. 186-W

THE 'GOOD ROADS' WOMAN' BEHIND THE JACKSON HIGHWAY

Down in Alabama is at least one woman who believes in the new good-roads religion, and who is doing missionary work in expounding the doctrine and bringing converts to the faith. Miss Alma Rittenberry, of Birmingham, has been called the most famous "good-roads" woman in the United States. It was she who originated the idea of the Jackson Highway, which was publicly launched in the spring of 1911 under the auspices of the Alabama Daughters of 1812. The road was considered to be a fitting memorial to Andrew Jackson's military triumph and civic achievement in redeeming Alabama from the savages. It stretches down the Middle Basin from Chicago to Mobile, on to New Orleans, and traverses the States of Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana. Thus it was planned and launched under the chairmanship of Miss Rittenberry.

Miss Rittenberry is well informed about the old roads and trails in America, and is cognizant of almost everything that ever happened along the Santa Fe Trail, one of the oldest, the beginning of which was in 1520, when Francisco Vasquez de Coronado led an expedition of exploration and conquest from Mexico up into Kansas, and which in 1825 was made an authorized road by Congress. She also has a fund of information about the "Old Post Road" in New York, famous in history, and about the Nolichucky Trace, often called the "Wilderness Road," and which led through the Waxhaw settlement on the Catawba River, the birthplace of Andrew Jackson and James K. Polk. And she can tell many interesting facts about the Natchez Trace, which Jackson converted into a military road.

As chairman of the Jackson Highway, Miss Rittenberry has given much of her time and thought to the work. Much discussion was had as to the route of the Jackson Highway, but it was finally decided at a meeting of the Jackson Highway Association that the main line to New Orleans would go over the old Jackson military road, the route over

which Andrew Jackson returned to "The Hermitage" after the Battle of New Orleans, the other branch going over a portion of the Jackson Trace intersecting the main line along the Mississippi Gulf coast. Miss Rittenberry has traveled extensively in the interest of the highway, and, several years ago, nothing daunting, she made two trips over the proposed route, paying her entire expenses to Chicago and return, each time, by selling a copyrighted picture post-card of Andrew Jackson and "The Hermitage."

"The women of America," says Miss Rittenberry, "who are the greatest monument-builders in the world, should apply their time and energy toward the construction of memorial highways instead of bronze and marble statues. There can not be built a greater or finer monument to the memory of man than a national highway, a monument that benefits the living while honoring the dead. Our efforts have been to create sentiment and arouse interest in the building of this highway, connecting the lakes and the gulf, as a monument to Andrew Jackson; to advocate and by example push a policy of 'road education'; to awaken interest in the cities and country; to particularly show the coming generation the value of roads as monuments. The plan of building was from county to county, State to State, arousing enough interest along the selected route to get the counties to issue bonds and repair the old North and South turnpikes and build in the missing links. In this work we have been in perfect accord with the ideas of the Director of Public Roads. It is not only his hope but belief that every State will eventually adopt a system, the most important essential of which will be the Trunk Line Road supplemented by intercommunicating roads, in which a graduated system of State control will be exercised and which will receive State aid, according to their importance. In all patriotic organization work of this kind, with no financial backing, it is a long-drawn-out, persistent work, and more or less indifference and opposition are encountered.

"In the South we need the influx of our neighbors above the Mason and Dixon's line and from the great Northwest. The national highways throughout the country are as important to our National Government's prosperity as are our waterways and canals. To me the Jackson Highway and the Lincoln Highway are just as important as the Panama Canal. Good roads are avenues of progress, the best proof of intelligence. They aid the social and religious advancement of the people; they increase the value of products; they are the initial sources of commerce which swell in great streams and flow everywhere, distributing the products of our fields, forests and factories; their benefits are shared by all, and all should contribute to them.

"One of the fine features of good roads is the benefit the rural schools derive from them. The Trunk Line Road should be built first, then it will be supplemented by intercommunicating roads. Every lane between farms will be improved, then we will have consolidated school-houses. The library and reading-room of a school will be the library and reading-room of the neighborhood. Country people are hungry for good literature. With an established school center well located with regard to roads and accessibility, churches would soon spring up near by and the location

become a social center. When this condition is brought about by our legislators, voters and citizens, we can readily wipe out illiteracy.

"As chairman, I interested the various commercial bodies in the different cities through which the Jackson Highway passes. In nearly all of the cities and small towns over the route, I was supported in my work. Nashville, the home of Andrew Jackson, naturally was interested, and all the way down the old Louisville and Nashville turnpike I met with the same courtesy and encouragement. Twice I have been over the road discussing the plans and purposes of the work with those along the route. It was an unusual work for a woman, but a most delightful work inasmuch as I met many charming people, many my old friends, and made a number of new ones."

COLLEGE OWNS MOUNTAINS

Berea College, at the foot of the Cumberland Mountains in Kentucky, has the unique distinction of owning two mountains, 4,000 acres of forest and its own sawmill, but has never cut a sound tree. This wood is used by the college for power, heat, and in the many cozy fireplaces in the dormitories and in the great open fireplace which delights every traveler who stops at Boone Tavern.

The sawmill and the 4,000 acres of forest reserve provide not only ample practical experience for the students, but also actual labor for those students who work for their education, points out a writer in the American Forestry Magazine. The sawmill is operated by steam and, like every other industry at Berea College, is run by students who work at least two consecutive hours per day under the supervision of a superintendent of labor who in turn is responsible to the Dean.

Students at Berea are given an opportunity to earn their expenses and they may select the work, paid for at regular rates, according to the student's ability and efficiency. As every student in the college must work a minimum of two hours per day, suitable occupation must be provided by the Dean of Labor. In the forestry department the students patrol the forest, marking the dead timber, hauling the fallen timber to the sawmill, cutting it there for required lengths, and then hauling the logs to wherever needed on the campus.

CHEESE

According to tables put out by the food department of the United States department of agriculture, a practical guide in planning meals is to allow daily about 3 1/2 ounces of protein for a young or middle-aged man, of average size, and doing a moderate amount of muscular work. It is advisable to obtain this protein from a variety of foods, such as meat, fish,

eggs, wheat and dairy products. When one goes further down the tables, however, and sees that one ounce of this 3 1/2-ounce protein allowance may be furnished by four ounces of whole milk cheese, one gets a clearer idea of the importance of cheese in the dietary. Like milk, cheese is an inexpensive food, no matter what the price.

It is safe to speculate that cheese owed its origin to some accidental souring and ripening of sour-milk curd; for, long before refrigeration was known, cheese was the form in which milk was preserved for future use. Today, the coagulating element that produces the curd is rennet, and the ripening (the process that gives the characteristic flavor to each variety) is due to the action of different kinds of bacteria. This results in a very wide variety of cheese, from the cream cheese that requires only a few hours in the home preparing to the French cheese exposed to the mould of months in damp caves.

All good cheeses are pure, healthful foods, the high flavors being due to natural ripening processes.

Cheese has an important mission in the dietary. Served as an accompaniment, it adds some food value, flavor and distinction; or, in large quantities, it materially increases

the food value of a dish.

adds to the flavor and the protein value of many dishes. In Italy, where make an appropriate finish to a meat has always been scarce and bountiful meal; bread and cheddar expensive, cheese is added to the soup cheese provide a hearty lunch for as well as to the ever-present spaghetti, a hungry man, and grated cheese, hetti, rice and macaroni.

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for internal and external use that has a nation wide reputation for great merit.

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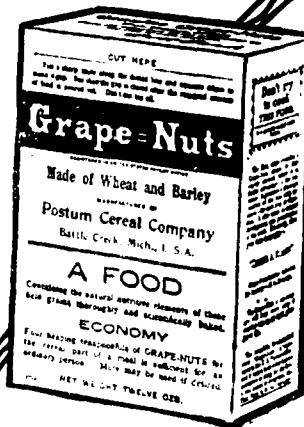
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For reliability and results, use New England Animal Fertilizers. Order your supply today.

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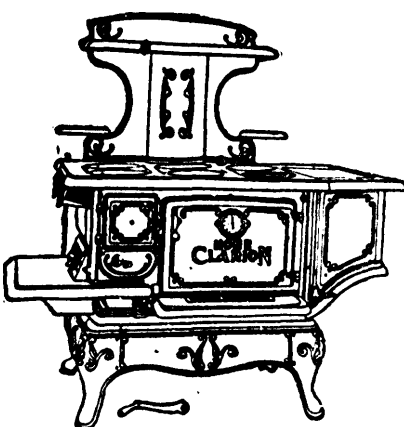
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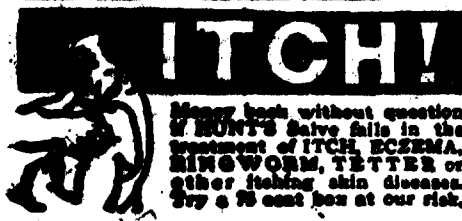
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SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT November Term, 1920. Houlton. Nov. 16, 1920. HON. JOHN A. MORRILL, Justice Presiding.

Hon. John A. Morrill of Auburn is the presiding justice at the November term of the Supreme Judicial court which convened here on last Tuesday morning. This is his first term and he has made a most favorable impression with the members of the Aroostook bar.

Thursday's docket was all disposed of with only one jury trial, this being the case of Michael McHann vs. T. P. Watson and A. J. Barker, action brought on account, 250 barrels of potatoes being involved. Herschel Shaw appeared for the plaintiff and Archibalds for the defendant. The case reached the jury at 4 p. m. and a verdict in favor of the plaintiff in the sum of \$234 was returned.

In the case of Guy D. Foster vs. Herbert G. Dibblee which was heard on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 17, being an action over the sale of an automobile, a verdict in favor of the plaintiff was returned in the sum of \$160. R. W. Shaw for plaintiff and W. S. Lewin for defendant.

Other cases settled were as follows: Israel Shur vs. Phillip Isaacson; George J. Keegan and A. S. Crawford for plaintiff; L. V. Thibodeau and W. S. Lewin for defendant; neither party, no further action.

William O'Brien vs. William Nesbitt, Apt.; action on account, Doherty & Tompkins for plaintiff; W. S. Lewin for defendant, neither party.

Roy Bell vs. Edward B. Corey, action growing out of notes, was defaulted.

Consolidated Rendering Co. vs. Harry R. Burleigh, action on account; R. W. Shaw for plaintiff; Herschel Shaw for defendant; was reassigned to a later date during present term.

James M. Dysart vs. Henry L. Smith, defaulted for the sum of \$115. This was an action over notes. H. M. Briggs for plaintiff; R. W. Shaw for defendant.

Ethel M. Banks vs. Curtis E. Davenport, action over notes, was defaulted. Howard Pierce for plaintiff; S. H. Hussey for defendant.

James F. Jackins vs. Frank P. Clark, charge of trespass; marked neither party. Archibalds for plaintiff H. M. Briggs for defendant.

Helen M. Linton vs. Allison J. Barker, action on account, defaulted. Archibalds for plaintiff; Herschel Shaw for defendant.

Many of the cases marked for trial are being disposed of rapidly and on Friday only one case on the assigned list was tried before a jury, all being settled out of court. The case tried was that of L. A. Hill vs. Harry Robinson of Littleton, the case being one of replevin, the plaintiff claiming as his property a potato sprayer which the defendant claimed was sold to him by a man by the name of London. London testified that he secured an old sprayer while working on a farm owned now by Mrs. Dibblee. It is claimed that the sprayer was discarded as junk and that new parts had been secured, a new pole and axle made and after it was sold to Mr. Robinson the defendant paid out considerable to have the sprayer put into good shape. A verdict was rendered in favor of the defendant. Archibalds appeared for the plaintiff and W. S. Lewin for the defendant.

On Saturday it was found that all the cases on the assigned list for the day had been settled by the attorneys before reaching a jury. The only case to be tried on Saturday was the last case on the assigned list for the day, involving an action on account representing about \$250, the parties in the case being Barney Doherty vs. Elias Hughes. R. W. Shaw appeared for the plaintiff and W. S. Lewin for the defendant. This case occupied a greater part of the day and just before five o'clock a verdict in favor of the plaintiff was returned for \$206.

Monday the case of Randall vs. the B. & A. R. R. was tried. This case is one where Randall seeks to recover from the defendant \$300 for the loss of a horse which was struck by a train at Bennett's siding, so called. The case was finished Monday and a sealed verdict was rendered which was announced Tuesday. Verdict for Plaintiff for \$375.

The following named persons received their final papers in Naturalization at Houlton, November 17, 1920: Alexander Robert Porter, Houlton; David A. McCloskey, New Limerick; Archie Stewart Virgie, Fort Kent; Elbridge Clifton Dunphy, Island Falls; Benjamin Franklin Hanning, Monticello; Ernest Johnson, Presque Isle; James Aubrey Henderson, Houlton; Henry Pulkey, Island Falls; Robert Roy Nichols, Monticello; John Eastman Vincent, Houlton; Arthur Richard Stanley, Hersey; William Allen Babcock, Oakfield; Beverly Charles Shaw, Littleton; William James Carson, Houlton; Hubert Elwood Smith, Fort Fairfield; Frank Harold Shaw, Presque Isle; Carl Emel Hjalmar Stolorbrand, Eagle Lake; Edmond Blair, Eagle Lake; Everett George Grant, Presque Isle; John Henry McDaniel, Caribou; John Raymond Bubar, Limestone; Harvey Elijah Estabrooks, Littleton; Turney Edward Berry, Presque Isle; Malcolm S. W. Dingwall, Presque Isle; Robert Burns Atkinson, Fort Fairfield; George Henry Dawson, Limestone; Snowdon

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Donald Hunter, Island Falls; William Albert, Houlton; James Alexander McGarrigle, Fort Fairfield; Blanchard Clark, Fort Fairfield; Richard Randolph Clark, Fort Fairfield; William John McGarrigle, Fort Fairfield; William Manning Fowler, Oakfield; Maurice Young Haley, Ludlow; Frederick Charles Bold, Portage; Edison Frederick McCormick, South Bancroft; William Halbert Rosborough, South Bancroft; John Richard Rosborough, South Bancroft; Joseph Peter Lee, Bancroft; Amos John Lee, Weston; Aaron Harvey Hanington, South Bancroft; Bayfield Gillis, South Bancroft; Elmer Lee, South Bancroft; Allie Beacher Giberson, Mars Hill; William Amon Sennett, Mars Hill; Percy M. Hallett, Mars Hill; Ernest Sennett, Mars Hill; Wallie George Saunders, Mars Hill.

CHANGE OF TIME ON C. P. R. Nov. 28, 1920

Departures
10.45 A. M.—For Woodstock, N. B., Presque Isle, Edmundston, N. B., Fredericton, N. B. Via Gibson Branch.
2.10 P. M.—For McAdam, St. John, N. B. and East, Montreal and West Boston, Mass.
6.55 P. M.—For Woodstock, N. B. only.
Arrivals
12.10 A. M.—From St. John, N. B. and East, Montreal, and West.
4.39 P. M.—From Woodstock, N. B., and North, Fredericton, N. B. Via Gibson Branch.
8.15 P. M.—From St. John, N. B. and East.

HOULTON MUSIC CLUB

The Houlton Music Club held a very interesting and instructive meeting at the home of the Misses Buzzell, Court street, on Thursday evening, Nov. 18.

The attendance was large and the usual spirit of good cheer and enthusiasm was exaggerated if possible. The program, in charge of Mrs. Anna Goodridge and Miss Dorothy Lyons, proved to be an excellent one. Miss Lyons was unable to be present but sent her carefully prepared papers on the evening's subjects to the club.

BANKRUPT'S PETITION FOR DISCHARGE

In the matter of Edmund Burleigh, Bankrupt.
To the Hon. Clarence Hale, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine.
EDMUND BURLEIGH of Masardis in the county of Aroostook and State of Maine, in said District respectfully represents, that on the 7th day of October, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of Court touching his bankruptcy.
Wherefore he prays, That he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankruptcy Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.
Dated this 15th day of November A. D. 1920.

EDMUND BURLEIGH, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON

District of Maine, Northern Division, ss.
On this 20th day of November A. D. 1920, on reading the foregoing petition, it is
Ordered by the Court, That a hearing be had upon the same on the 31st day of December A. D. 1920, before said Court at Bangor in said District, Northern Division at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Houlton Times, a newspaper printed in said District, Northern Division, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest, may appear at the said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.
And it is Further Ordered by the Court, That the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.
Witness the Honorable Clarence Hale, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Bangor in the Northern Division of said District, on the 20th day of November A. D. 1920.

(L. S.) ISABEL SHERMAN, Deputy Clerk
ISABEL SHERMAN, Deputy Clerk

A true copy of petition and order thereon
ISABEL SHERMAN, Deputy Clerk

Somebody's in luck this evening

Is it You?

You will find that the service of T and K Tea in your home makes the meal so much more enjoyable.

T and K Tea is so good—so popular—almost all dealers hereabouts sell it. Ask for T and K Tea.

For Sale

The Bangor Inn

A Substantial twenty-four room brick hotel, with steam heat, electric lights, colored marble fireplaces, bathes and all modern conveniences, fully furnished and doing an excellent business; centrally located near department stores, opera house, garages, business section and Union Station (one block from the new clothing factory) an ideal home and investment, that will go quick at the price we are asking. Terms and particulars upon request.

G. W. Cooper, 48 Summer St., Bangor, Maine

CLASSIFIED ADS

Unbreakable Watch Crystals at Osgood's only.
Efficient housekeeper wanted in a small family. Call 155-R. 247
Dry Hard Wood, 4 foot length for sale by Shirley Benn. Tel. 401-15. 247p
For Rent—Two furnished room in good location. Apply to Mrs. Bryson, Green street, Tel. 113-1. 247
White Chester pigs, 5 weeks old Nov. 22, for sale at \$2.50 each. Chas. B. Porter, Littleton, Me. Tel. 315-4. 247
For Sale—One Gray Horse Power and one Gray Drag Saw in good condition. Apply to H. W. Baston, Bridge-water, Me. Tel. 24-2. 247p
Girls Wanted for Clothes Pin Factory at Davidson. Good wages and steady work. Inquire at office of Summit Lumber Company, Houlton or write to above Company at Davidson. 247
Wanted by the Bangor Lumber Co. at Sherman 50 Tie Makers. Good chance. For particulars write or telephone Chas. W. Bowers, Sherman Mills, Me. 543p
Rough Pulpwood Wanted. In large or small quantities, loaded on cars, on B. & A. R. R. south of Houlton. Write or telephone Chas. W. Bowers, Sherman Mills, Me. 1244
For Sale—15 cords, 2 foot wood. Will load if wanted. All cut, split and yarded on skids in March. At Ludlow Sta. Tel. 317-11. Also have green cord wood. W. E. DeWitt. 147p

CLASSIFIED ADS

Buy White Stone Pins and Brooches at Osgood's.
Emblem Pins and Buttons for all Societies at Osgood's.
Oliver Typewriter For Sale. Practically new. May be seen at the TIMES office. 28
Wanted At Once—Capable girl for general housework in family of three. Tel. 146-13. 147
Milk at 18 cents per quart. That is what it can be bought for at Miller's Court street grocery.
For Sale—Several patchwork quilts, all ready for use. Inquire of Mrs. Sophia Barker, Bowdoin St. 246p
A Valued Subscriber says "Every time that I have used these columns for selling articles, they have been successful." Try them.
Typewriter Ribbons for all Machines as well as Carbon Paper made by Webster—There's none better. Call or send to TIMES Office.
Wanted to purchase collections of old postage stamps, old envelopes containing postage stamps issued prior to 1880. E. B. Brown, 56 Chambers street, New Haven, Connecticut. 9p
Sleigh for Sale—Old comfort sleigh, very comfortable, good condition. Also two buffalo cloth fur robes, good for sleigh or automobile. Premont Wilson, 11 South St. or Tel. 207-3. 247p
90-Acre Equipped Farm with valuable timber and every provision for comfortable winter. Close delightful village; fertile tillage, cutting 30 tons hay year; 10-cow wire-fenced pasture, heavy growth woodland, 200 apple trees; good warm 10-room house big barn, carriage house, etc. To settle affairs at once owner includes horse, cow, haymaking machinery, cart, farming implements, tools, stoves, some furniture, cream separator, large quantity potatoes, apples, oats, beans, 25 tons hay, stove wood. \$2400 takes everything, half down, easy terms. Clyde H. Smith, Skowhegan, Me. 147

CLASSIFIED ADS

Several Styles and Prices in Alarm Clocks at Osgood's.
Cabbage in any quantity may be had by phoning 25-1. A. R. Cumming, Houlton, Me.
Buy Pearl Necklaces of Osgood and save at least one third on the cost of same.
Coupons for typewriter ribbons may be exchanged at the TIMES office for any machine.
Subscriptions for any Magazine or Newspaper may be left at the TIMES Office, where the lowest price can be obtained.
Rhode Island Red Cockerels for sale. April hatched weigh 7 lbs. Big laying strain. Also one dozen pullets ready to lay. O. A. Hodgins, 1 Cleveland St. 246
For Sale—One pair of up-to-date driving horses. A good trade for a quick sale. If interested call or write to Frank Friel, Sherman Station, Maine, Box No. 42. 446p
For Sale—One Chestnut Mare 5 years old, weighs 1500 lbs., also 1 Black 3 yr. old Percheron colt. Apply to Henry F. Cassidy. Tel. 408-4. R. F. D. 2 Houlton Me. 246
Bank Book No. 17581 issued by the Houlton Savings Bank is reported lost, and this notice is given, as required by law, that a duplicate book may be issued. L. O. Ludwig, Treas. 345
A chance to own a desirable home of 7 rooms and bath, situated on Bowdoin street, corner Maple, containing two-thirds of an acre of land, house contains all modern conveniences, hardwood floors, furnace and electric lights. Price on application to Mrs. Mary Drake, Tel. 341-4. 247

SAY

when getting ready for that hunting trip don't forget your

B. F. A.

CIGAR

It's the universal choice of all smokers who relish a good smoke—All dealers.

CAUTION
Whereas my wife Lulu Day having left my bed and board, I hereby forbid anyone trusting her on my account, as I will pay no bills of her contracting after this date.
Roland C. Day
Littleton, Me., Nov. 17, 1920. 347

W E WISH to announce to the people of Houlton and surrounding towns that we have secured the services of Mr. H. T. BLETHEN, a Licensed Embalmer and Funeral Director, who has had eight years' experience, and is thoroughly competent to continue this part of the business, as it has been carried on for the last twenty years at the
HOULTON FURNITURE CO.
BUZZELL'S

THE HOULTON BUSINESS COLLEGE

It's not HOW MUCH you know, it's the useful knowledge that counts. No education comes so near to meeting the needs of the average young man or woman as a business education. It costs little and pays big. Right now is the time to get it. New up-to-date courses. O. A. Hodgins, Prin., Houlton, Me.

"Tell your mother

KEMP'S BALSAM

will stop that cough, Bill. My mother gives it to me when I get a cough, and you don't hear me coughing all the time."

And Johnnie is right, too. Get a bottle now from your druggist.

LE ROY, N. Y.

Roast Turkey, Mince Pie -and Clothes

Won't You Make Us a Thanksgiving Call?

You'll find a mighty interesting showing—and a politely cheerful salesgirl to help you look; equally cheerful whether you buy or not. Why not come in today? To eat well—to DRESS well—is to feel well—within and without. Surely you need a new Suit or Coat. Especially at the prices we quote. Sitting down to your Thanksgiving dinner, wont you feel kind of dressed up with a new

Georgette Crepe Waist and a Plaided Plaided Skirt

—And we have some lovely ones— You will find at this store—

Variety Value Service Style

Joe Bernstock

LADIES GARMENT STORE

MARKET SQUARE EVERYTHING IN LADIES WEAR HOULTON MAINE

OF LOCAL INTEREST

Subscribers should bear in mind that all subscriptions are payable in advance and the paper will be discontinued at expiration. Notice of such expiration will be sent out the first of each month.

Mr. Joseph L. Cyr of Keegan was a visitor in town Monday.

Mrs. Susan Briggs is quite ill at her home on Columbia street.

A. H. Bradstreet of Bridgewater was in Houlton Tuesday on business.

Geo. A. Hall Jr. left Saturday on the Pullman for Boston where he has business.

Mrs. Charles H. Fogg returned Monday from a month's visit with friends in Boston.

Lawrence Gillen left Monday for Boston where he will enter a hospital for treatment.

Howard F. Lunt was a passenger on Monday night's train, going to Portland on business.

About Dec. 1st the Dalton barber shop will be removed to the Thibodeau block on Broadway.

James W. Skeehan has accepted a position during the winter with the Shoe Store.

Rev. E. C. Speed of the Baptist church will deliver the sermon at the Thanksgiving church on Thanksgiving afternoon at 4 p. m.

Mrs. Robert Esters has returned home from a three weeks' visit with friends in Bangor, Me.

Mr. Geo. F. Merritt has gone to Washington, D. C. to visit his son Frank for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. W. E. Constantine of Portland is the sister of her mother, Mrs. Susan Briggs, on Columbia street.

Mrs. Grace Hall of Portland is visiting her mother, Mr. and Mrs. James Archibald, on Elm street.

Capt. and Mrs. Farmer left last Friday for Bangor to attend an important meeting of the Salvation Army.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Craig of Spring street are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter on Friday.

Mr. J. H. Henzie, Genl. Manager of the Houlton Woolen Mill, left Saturday night for New York on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard B. Tingley arrived home Saturday from a two weeks' visit with relatives in New Hampshire.

There was one session of school on Saturday last so that two days might be enjoyed over Thanksgiving and the following day.

Mrs. Geo. A. Shea returned last week from Bangor, where she has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Francis Frawley.

Mrs. George E. Dunn left Saturday for Stillwater where she attended the funeral of her grandmother, Mrs. Averill, who died in Boston.

Dr. J. A. Donovan accompanied by Brooks Brown of Augusta spent the weekend at J. P. Darling's camp at St. Croix as the latter's guest.

The many friends of Geo. A. Hall will be interested to know that he is around the house and able to go out of doors a little while each day.

Arthur Whitney and George Russell arrived home from Bowdoin college Saturday to spend the Thanksgiving recess here with their parents.

Lee M. Friedman left last week for Boston and New York and during his absence he attended the football game at New Haven between Harvard and Yale.

Harry Nevers of this town and Carl Hanson of Presque Isle left Saturday night for New York where they will attend the Old Glory Auction Sale of trotting horses.

Ira J. Porter and Mrs. Thos. Whitehead left Tuesday morning for Bangor to attend a meeting of laymen in Maine in the interests of the Deaconess Hospital of Boston.

Friends of Joe Gillin will be glad to learn that he is recovering rapidly from a recent surgical operation, having returned to his home and expects to soon be out on the street again.

Mr. Walter Coes of Mars Hill, who now located here in Supt. Darling's office at the B. & A., has moved his family to Houlton and is occupying one of the Gray houses on Military street.

The Editor was the recipient of a delicious piece of venison on Saturday, Nov. 13, the donor of which is unknown. If he will kindly let us know who it was, due thanks will be tendered.

TURKEY TIME TALK

Spices, herbs and seasonings. The purest of products such as we sell offer the cook the best of advantages. Place your orders early. Make Mr. Turkey and the "fixings" right for a successful dinner.

Munro's West End Drug Store

Buy where the stocks are good and trade where the service is excellent.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Robinson of Alamosa, Colorado are in Houlton on a visit with Mrs. Robinson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Gellerson, Court street, and will probably remain through the winter.

Mrs. David Noddin and children of Kenduskeag are visiting at the home of John S. Murray, Riverside street. Mrs. Noddin will soon move to Chicago, Ill. where her husband has a fine position awaiting him.

Messrs. Farrar and Deakin, formerly employed by the Cates Garage, have purchased the auto repair business of Maxell Bros. in Union Sq., which they have already assumed and are prepared to do all kinds of automobile repairing.

For Christmas Gifts, the TIMES Publishing Co. can furnish Engraved calling cards, subscriptions to any periodicals published, including the TIMES, all or any of the latest Novels published, Embossed Stationery and any or all kind of printed matter.

Clerk of Courts Michael M. Clark wishes to announce that all cases assigned for Wednesday of this week in the S. J. Court are to be taken up on Tuesday. All cases assigned for Friday will be taken up on Wednesday next. All other cases assigned for later in the term are to be taken up next Friday.

TEMPLE THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION

We are all on our way To Thanksgiving Day With Turkey and Pies galore. With such good things to eat The day's not complete Until we read the Templegram o'er. It certainly looks fine So after we dine To the Temple will surely go, Where to our delight Both afternoon and night Wallie Reid will do his might In 'What's Your Hurry?'

Also 2 Reel Animal Comedy. The funniest comedy with the funniest monkey you ever saw. A great Holiday Program for the whole family. In the evening there will be an orchestra in attendance.

"DOWN THE POLISHED LANE"

Once more the lowly "Scrubs," captained by "Father Lunt," have humbled Capt. Farmer and his cohorts, trimming them Tuesday night two games out of three and winning the pin fall by 22 pins.

This is three times that these two teams have clashed, and the "Scrubs" have won the last two contests handily. They are now looking for more worlds to conquer, and it is quite necessary that some team hand these shape a severe trimming. Tuesday night they piled up their best total—1812. Hughie McElwee was the big noise, chalking up a 95 average for the evening, closely pressed by "Pa" Lunt, who had high single for the

evening—102—and a nice average of 92. Dunphy got away to a bad start, but came across with 92 and 100 in the second and third games. None of Farmer's "shock troops" succeeded in getting a 90 average for the evening, but three of them had 89 or better.

We would like to see some Houlton team roll a total of 1500 this winter, but it seems like a mighty remote possibility at the present time, with more totals in the 1200 class than there are in the 1300. The "Outlaws" succeeded in getting a 1409 total earlier in the Fall, but even that is quite a step from the coveted 1500.

The score in detail for Tuesday night's scrimmage is as follows:

| "Scrubs" | | | | |
|----------|----|-----|-----|-----|
| Dow | 78 | 85 | 87 | 250 |
| C. Lunt | 80 | 102 | 95 | 277 |
| McElwee | 93 | 99 | 94 | 286 |
| H. Lunt | 73 | 76 | 81 | 230 |
| Dunphy | 77 | 92 | 100 | 269 |

| Farmer's | | | | |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Stapleford | 401 | 454 | 457 | 1312 |
| Farmer | 100 | 82 | 85 | 267 |
| Bither | 93 | 93 | 83 | 269 |
| Sawyer | 86 | 92 | 91 | 269 |
| G. Adams | 78 | 79 | 92 | 249 |
| | 78 | 77 | 81 | 236 |

| | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|------|
| 435 | 423 | 432 | 1290 |
|-----|-----|-----|------|

The Meduxnekeag club will start their fall tournament Wednesday evening. Twelve teams composed of five men each will roll. It will be a contest of Youth versus Extreme Old Age. There will be six teams composed of youths who were ushered into this cruel world between the years 1890 and 1913 A. D., and six teams made up of fossils who happened anywhere previous to 1889. Some of the members of the latter teams like Doc. Mitchell, Ed Wilkins and Jim Moir can remember even as far back as the time when Dolly Madison had to scoop up the White House silver in her checkered apron and beat it for Reno, Nevada, on account of the British red-coats insisting on dining at the Capitol. It is hardly a square deal as it simply means that the grandfathers will have to pay for our fun.

"Scrubs" 1512—Elks 1437 The score above tells the story of the visit of the "Scrubs" to the Elks Club Monday night, and the score was a surprise all around.

The "Scrubs" had a lineup that differed from the regular team, a six man team with two substitutes toed the foul line.

During the first game it looked as though it was going to be a "nip and tuck" contest, and when the score announced that the visitors had won by one solitary pin, the rooters sat back expecting to see a battle royal for the balance of the evening, but alas, the visitors set the pace too fast, the second game going also to the "Scrubs" by a good margin.

In the third game the visitors let loose, Dow and Prugh both passing the century mark, and when the smoke had cleared it was found that the visitors had won the 3 games by a pinfall of 81.

This game is the first of a series of Monday night games arranged by "Generalissimo" Gellerson for the purpose of familiarising his team with the firing line, and some good contests are anticipated.

The score:

| "Scrubs" | | | | |
|----------|----|----|-----|-----|
| Dow | 77 | 83 | 106 | 266 |
| Nason | 76 | 84 | 87 | 247 |
| Lunt | 93 | 83 | 81 | 257 |
| White | 76 | 81 | 67 | 224 |
| Prugh | 83 | 83 | 102 | 278 |
| Dunphy | 85 | 83 | 88 | 256 |

| | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|------|
| 490 | 497 | 531 | 1518 |
|-----|-----|-----|------|

| Elks | | | | |
|------------|----|----|----|-----|
| McPartland | 64 | 77 | 84 | 225 |
| Putnam | 84 | 73 | 78 | 235 |
| Duffy | 81 | 85 | 73 | 239 |
| Chapman | 84 | 81 | 77 | 242 |
| Smith | 78 | 81 | 79 | 238 |
| Doc Palmer | 98 | 76 | 84 | 258 |

| | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|------|
| 489 | 473 | 475 | 1437 |
|-----|-----|-----|------|

EDWARD GORDON

Ed Gordon, who was brought to Houlton Monday from Stockholm where he had been working, passed away Monday afternoon from intestinal trouble at the Aroostook Hospital.

Mr. Gordon was born in Halifax, Sept. 1850 and came to Houlton in 1884 where he has since resided. He was a mason by trade and was a man well skilled in his line of business, and during the past few years he has been in much demand and when he was taken sick was doing some work at the Standard Veener Co.

He leaves to mourn his loss, a wife and one son Roy R. and several brothers and sisters in Halifax. The funeral will take place this Wednesday afternoon from his late residence on Brook street, Rev. A. M. Thompson officiating.

Thanksgiving Dinner

TOMATO SOUP CHICKEN SOUP
BOSTON CELERY
ROAST NATIVE TURKEY
CRANBERRY SAUCE
MASHED POTATOES
SQUASH TURNIPS
PLUM PUDDING
MINCE PIE SQUASH PIE
ICE CREAM
CAKE COFFEE

\$1.25

Reserve your table by calling 32-R

FITZPATRICK & RUSH

EXCHANGE BLOCK
PROPRIETORS

WOMAN'S CLUB

The regular meeting of the Houlton Woman's Club was held in Watson Hall Monday afternoon, Nov. 22nd. Professor Huddleston, who was to have been the speaker of the afternoon, was unable to be present and Professor Ellis, head of the English department of the University of Maine kindly came in his stead. He spoke very interestingly on the subject "The Frontier in American Literature" and his remarks held the closest attention of every person present.

To illustrate points made in his address the speaker read "Society on the Stanislaus" by Bret Harte, and closed with one of Kipling's poems. A musical number was given at the beginning and another at the close of the program. The first was a pleasing vocal solo by Miss Ethel Thompson, accompanied by Miss Margaret Hanson piano, and Roy Niles violin. The last number was a selection by a quartette of High School girls. This was well received and brought to a fitting close the afternoon's program. The teachers and clergymen of the town were the guests of the club for the afternoon.

We take pleasure in announcing that

MR. HAROLD T. GOSS

Houlton, Maine

will represent us in Aroostook County

Coffin & Burr

Incorporated

60 State Street
BOSTON

Union Mutual Building
PORTLAND

61 Broadway
NEW YORK

For Your Thanksgiving Table

HAVE YOU SEEN OUR BEAUTIFUL LINE OF

Community Silver

IT'S IMMENSE. ISN'T THERE SOMETHING YOU WOULD LIKE TO BRIGHTEN UP YOUR TABLE—FOR THE THANKSGIVING FEAST—REMEMBER, WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF HANDSOME CUT GLASS, FANCY CHINA WARE, BESIDE THE HUNDRED AND ONE OTHER THINGS USUALLY TO BE FOUND IN AN UP-TO-DATE JEWELRY STORE

WATCH FOR OUR HOLIDAY ANNOUNCEMENT

J. D. Perry

JEWELER AND OPTOMETRIST
MARKET SQ., HOULTON

Canadian Issues

Principal and semi-annual interest payable in United States Gold in New York

| | |
|--|-------------------------|
| City of Calgary, Alberta, 6's..... | Due 1924—To yield 8.00% |
| City of Montreal, Que., 6's..... | Due 1922—To yield 8.00% |
| Province of British Columbia, 6's..... | Due 1923—To yield 7.30% |
| City of London, Ont., 6's..... | Due 1923—To yield 7.20% |
| Province of Manitoba, 5's..... | Due 1926—To yield 7.10% |
| City of St. John, N. B., 4's..... | Due 1951—To yield 6.90% |

Special Circular upon request

E. H. ROLLINS & SONS
23-24 FIRST NATIONAL BUILDING
BANGOR, MAINE

Boston New York Chicago Philadelphia
San Francisco Denver

Carnation Pinks and
and
Chrysanthemums

In all colors—Fresh cut from our conservatories

Chadwick
The Live Wire Florist

Conservatories 16 High Str.
Houlton, Maine

Lane & Pearce Going Out of Business Sale Still

Going On

Everything must be sold, hurry up and get in on some of the tremendous bargains that are being offered.

Here are a few samples

| | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| Ginghams | Per yard \$.25 |
| Georgette Crepe | " 1.98 |
| \$2.50 Silk Hosiery | 1.89 |
| Bungalow Aprons | 1.39 |
| Germantown Yarn | .45 |
| \$1.50 Serges | Per yard .89 |
| Linen Crashes | .39 |

and 200 other items

All Fixtures at a Bargain

Lane & Pearce Store
Market Square
Houlton, Maine

MEMORIAL BRIDGE BETWEEN KITTERY AND PORTSMOUTH

A bill was passed by the New Hampshire Legislature in 1917 authorizing the appointment of a commission to investigate the feasibility of the construction of a free highway bridge across the Piscataqua river between Kittery, Me., and Portsmouth N. H., in honor of the soldiers and sailors of the states of Maine and New Hampshire who gave their lives in the world war.

The original New Hampshire commission consisted of United States Senator Jacob H. Gallinger, the Hon. Calvin H. Page and Gov. Henry W. Keyes. Senator Gallinger's death was followed by the appointment of Mr. Shattuck, who also later died.

The 79th Maine Legislature in 1919 took up the matter and passed a bill authorizing the raising of \$500,000 for such a bridge, provided the state of New Hampshire appropriated a like amount. This law is found in Chap. 44 of the Public Laws of 1919, and also provided that it should be a memorial bridge. The Legislature delegated the members of the Maine highway commission to represent the state as a commission similar to that of New Hampshire. At the first meeting of the two commissions Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire was unanimously elected chairman and Paul D. Sargent, chief engineer of the Maine highway commission, was elected secretary. To the late Lewis B. Jones, bridge engineer for the Maine highway commission, was delegated the task of the preparation of preliminary plans and estimates for a bridge, which were finally selected, and it was upon these plans and estimates—which were approved by the joint commission—that the appropriations of \$500,000 each were made by the Legislatures of the states of Maine and New Hampshire.

The federal government, as a part of the naval appropriation bill, also donated \$500,000 by virtue of the fact that this bridge will lessen the distance between Portland and Kittery Navy Yard by about one-half the present distance by highway.

Under the new legislation enacted providing for the construction of a bridge and making appropriations therefor, a new commission was organized, consisting of Josephus Daniels, secretary of the navy; Gov. John H. Bartlett of New Hampshire and Gov. Carl E. Milliken of Maine. Each of these commissioners appointed an engineer-commissioner to represent him. Secretary Daniels appointed Commander E. H. Brownell, C. E. C.; Bartlett named W. A. Grover, division engineer of the New Hampshire highway commission, and Gov. Milliken appointed Lewis B. Jones, bridge engineer of the Maine highway commission, who two weeks ago lost his life while engaged upon this work. Commander Brownell was placed in charge of investigating the foundations conditions. Mr. Grover was placed in charge of making all the general and detailed surveys, and Mr. Jones was given the task of the preparation of the general design for the structure and the preparations of the detailed plans for the superstructure.

For the past eight months the engineering commission has been at work upon these plans and specifications. Each branch of the work of each engineer from time to time was passed upon by the full commission, before being submitted to the bridge commission for final approval. They were finally ready and bids were advertised for, being opened Sept. 15 last at the Portsmouth office of the engineering commission. They were found to be all higher than the total of the appropriations, \$1,500,000, and the matter was again taken under consideration.

Gov. Milliken and Engineer Jones made several trips to Boston for conferences with the contractors in an endeavor to have the bids revised so

that they would come within the appropriations. Mr. Jones, the bridge engineer of the Maine highway commission died, and the matter is held in abeyance for the present.

The Kittery-Portsmouth Memorial bridge is to connect Kittery, Me., with Portsmouth, N. H., running from Badger's island, on the Kittery shore, to Brewery wharf, in Portsmouth. The bridge will be about 900 feet long, with a 250-foot fill on the Kittery end. It will have three spans of 300 feet each, two fixed spans and one Strauss double-leaf bascule, giving a ship channel 260 feet wide through the bridge. It will be constructed of steel, on combination concrete and granite piers.

The two piers will be about 250 feet high, with 75 feet of each below the low-water mark. The weight of the structures carried on these piers will be about 7,600,000 pounds, or 3800 tons. About 200,000 board measure feet of timber will enter into the construction of the fender piers, together with over 300 pilings, each about 80 feet long. It will require 13,000 cubic yards of masonry and concrete for the piers and abutments.

All engineers agree that there is no more difficult place on the Atlantic coast for the construction of a bridge than on the Piscataqua river, on account of the swift tides, whirling eddies and currents an exceedingly deep water for a river. The only place which compares with the Piscataqua is the St. John river at St. John N. B.

REPAIR WORK SLOW ON CATHEDRAL AT RHEIMS

It will cost 125,000,000 francs at the present rate of exchange to repair Rheims Cathedral, says Cardinal Lucon. Work of repair could not be finished in less than fifteen years, even if funds were forthcoming immediately.

Apparently officials of the cathedral are discouraged by the failure of friends of Catholicism to come to their rescue, the only aid so far received being from the French government, which has given 1,000,000 francs that the roof of the cathedral might be replaced, for temporary tiles and for the erection of supports so that the cathedral might be used for religious services.

A note of anxiety regarding the offer by the Knights of Columbus of \$10,000 for the fund for restoring the cathedral is beginning to appear in authorized interviews with Cardinal Lucon. He admits he received nothing from Supreme Knight James A. Flaherty, and, moreover, that the Knights did not specify whether their gift was to be used for the restoration of the cathedral or for the impoverished clergy. The latter, according to Cardinal Lucon, gets only \$60 a year from the cathedral fund, and are compelled to visit five or six villages every day, besides the calls they make on persons who are ill, and their work of organizing collections for the stricken districts.

PETITION AND ORDER

Houlton, Me., November 8, 1920. To the Selectmen of the town of Houlton, in the county of Aroostook and State of Maine:

The Houlton Water Company, a corporation duly organized under the laws of said State, existing according to law and having its place of business at said Houlton, hereby requests license and written permit from you, to erect poles with wires, arms and fixtures thereon and construct its lines, with side lines therefrom, for the transmission of electricity, and electric current for heat, light and power purposes, in, upon and along the following highways, public roads and streets, in said town of Houlton, to wit:—On the Hussey road, so called, from the Ludlow to the County road, on the County road from intersection of Hussey road West to West line of Town of Houlton. On the Ludlow road from the homestead of A. E. Mooers to the West line of the town of Houlton.

HOULTON WATER COMPANY
By B. B. MCINTYRE, Supt.

Houlton, Me., Nov. 5, 1920. On the foregoing petition of the Houlton Water Company, it is hereby ordered that a hearing on same will be held at the Selectmen's office on Monday, Dec. 6, 1920, at nine o'clock A. M. and that said petition and this notice of hearing thereon be published three times in the Houlton Times, a newspaper published in said Town, the last publication to be at least fourteen days prior to said hearing.

Given under our hands this eighth day of November, 1920.

FRANK A. PEABODY
HOWARD WEBB
ALTON E. CARTER
Selectmen of Houlton.

MANILA IS WELL AMERICANIZED

In connection with the congressional inspection tour to Hawaii, the Philippines and the Orient, the National Geographic Society has issued a series of bulletins concerning the points to be visited, of which the following, dealing with Manila, is the first:

"As the transport wends inward from the China sea, the visitors will pass the island of Corregidor, beyond which stretches Manila bay, whose 120 mile circumference could surround the navies of the world. Its rival will not be found in the far East. On the right of its entrance stand Cavite, where Dewey sank the Spanish fleet.

"From the bay the city of Manila seems to lie almost at water level with hazy mountains for a background. Before the United States came to the islands, Manila was a sleepy town, sprawled lazily beyond the bay and the wharves of the river Pasig, which bisects it. Its streets were quiet and almost deserted at times, its suburbs shady and pretty, and a general air of 'manana' prevailed its atmosphere.

"Today its estimated population equals that of Jersey City, Indianapolis or Kansas City, Mo.; the river is alive with launches and vessels of every description, including the houseboats of a literally floating population of 15,000; and through its port it sends yearly to other countries nearly \$100,000,000 worth of hemp, sugar, copra, tobacco and other commodities.

"The natives are alert and have something of the Spaniard's suave manner. Many have adopted the American fashion of dress, but some of the native men of the lower class still wear the white cotton trousers and a transparent shirt that hangs on the outside. The women adhere to the wide-sleeved, narrow-shirted native costume in bright colors. The vaulting price of shoes has in no wise ruffled poorer classes in Manila. They have solved the problem simply; they don't wear any. And the children!

(Copy)

LIBEL FOR DIVORCE

To the Hon. Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court, next to be held at Caribou, in the County of Aroostook and State of Maine; on the first Tuesday of February, A. D. 1921.

W. H. Southard of Presque Isle in said County of Aroostook, respectfully represents that on the 25th day of July, A. D. 1910 at Andover in the County of Victoria, Province of New Brunswick and Dominion of Canada he was lawfully married to Beatrice M. Southard, whose maiden name was Beatrice Maher, by the Reverend Mr. Sissons of said Andover, a minister of the Gospel duly authorized to solemnize marriages that ever since said time he has conducted himself towards said Libelee as a faithful, true and affectionate husband but that said Libelee, regardless of her marriage covenant and duty, on the 10th day of August 1910, utterly deserted your Libellant without cause, and that said desertion has continued to the present time, being more than three years, during which time he has contributed nothing to her support.

That your Libellant has resided here in good faith for more than one year next prior to the date hereof. That you, Libellant, has made diligent inquiry, but that the residence of said Libelee is unknown to your Libellant, and cannot be ascertained by reasonable diligence. That there is no collusion between them to obtain a divorce; but that your Libellant believes that said bonds of matrimony ought to be dissolved, wherefore he prays that a divorce may be decreed.

W. H. Southard
Dated at Presque Isle this 30th day of October, 1920.

Signed and sworn to before me this 30th day of October, 1920.

Jasper H. Hone
Justice of the Peace
(L. S.) STATE OF MAINE
ARROOSTOOK, ss.

Supreme Judicial Court
In vacation, Houlton, November, 12th 1920.

In this action it is ordered by the court that notice be given said Libelee by publishing the libel and this order of court three successive weeks in the Houlton Times, a newspaper printed and published at Houlton in said County of Aroostook, the last publication to be at least thirty days before the next term of this court in said County of Aroostook to be held at Caribou, in said county, on the first Tuesday of February 1921; that she may then and there appear and defend if she sees fit.

Leslie C. Cornish,
Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court.

A true copy of libel and order of court thereon:

Attest: Michael M. Clark, Clerk.

The Creator and the sun have given them a lovely brown tint.

"There is much of interest to be seen in this town that is vying with Hongkong for the commercial supremacy of the East. The traveler will find local color on the south side of the river in the walled city or Intramuros, one of the finest examples of a fortified city of the seventeenth century, with its narrow and Spanish-looking streets, the houses with barred windows, the quaint corners, and the vistas through open courtyards. There are to be found nipa bangalows of the natives, the quaint old residential palace of the governor, now used for an office building, and the happy, idle people themselves. In this section the churches include the imposing, relatively new cathedral, the Gothic Santo Domingo, the Jesuit church with its museum, and the old Augustinian church completed in 1605, which has withstood the storms and earthquakes of the centuries.

"A unique sight in Manila is the Pace cemetery, which at present has fallen into disuse. It is composed of two concentric walls about 6 feet thick, honeycombed with holes, just large enough for a coffin. In the olden days these were leased for periods of five years. At the end of that time if no one was sufficiently interested in the remains of an inmate to pay his rent for another five years his bones were thrown on a heap at the back of the cemetery. Imagine the 'shimmy' the flesh of an ancestor-worshipping Chinaman's back bone would perform should he behold the queue of one of his progenitors protruding from this Golgotha!

"Out from the Walled city near the bay shore is Luneta, a small amusement park, and Wallace field, used for sports and the annual carnival. In the days of Spanish rule Wallace field

"Gets-It" ---Painless Corn Remover

This Corn Remover is Guaranteed

Remove "Gets-It"

Simply apply this corn remover to your corns. It is guaranteed to remove them. It is a safe, sensible, quick, painless, and effective remedy for corns. It is a safe, sensible, quick, painless, and effective remedy for corns. It is a safe, sensible, quick, painless, and effective remedy for corns.

The Safe, Sensible, Quick, Painless, and Effective Remedy for Corns.

Simply apply this corn remover to your corns. It is guaranteed to remove them. It is a safe, sensible, quick, painless, and effective remedy for corns. It is a safe, sensible, quick, painless, and effective remedy for corns. It is a safe, sensible, quick, painless, and effective remedy for corns.

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The Safe, Sensible, Quick, Painless, and Effective Remedy for Corns.

was an execution ground for political prisoners, and here Dr. Jose Rizal, and restaurants, giving this portion the Filipino surgeon, novelist and of the city an up-and-doing air. Advertisements of American-made products and ice cream placards and soda north of the river, and enterprising water lures familiarly greet the Filipinos, Americans and Chinese thirsty Americans."

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S
CASCARA QUININE
FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous
Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.
Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache
Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opium in Hill's.

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WRIGLEYS

The children love Wrigley's—and it's good for them.

Made under conditions of absolute cleanliness and brought to them in Wrigley's sealed sanitary package.

Satisfies the craving for sweets, aids digestion, sweetens breath, allays thirst and helps keep teeth clean.

Costs little, benefits much.

Still 5c Everywhere
THE FLAVOR LASTS



It's dollars to doughnuts—

no man ever smoked a better cigarette at any price!

CAMELS quality, and their expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos hand you a cigarette that will satisfy every smoke desire you ever expressed. You will prefer this Camel blend to either kind smoked straight!

Camels mellow-mildness will certainly appeal to you. The "body" is all there, and that smoothness! It's a delight!

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Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes, or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.



Camel CIGARETTES

MONEY FOR THE FARMER

Boggs Potato Grader



Will Save Time and Potatoes. No machine on the market can do such rapid work and do it so well. We have some with motors. Call and let us show you.

James S. Peabody

Bangor Street

AMERICA LEADING TOWARD WORLD PROHIBITION

Science has joined hands with the Church in a world-wide prohibition movement, and among thirty nations represented at the recent meeting in Washington of the International Congress Against Alcoholism John Barleycorn was condemned by moralist, doctor, and scientist alike. The conference, which meets every two years, is composed of scientists, and it was from the physical standpoint that the effect of alcohol was principally discussed and condemned. With sentiment unanimous that alcohol must be banned from pole to pole, the delegates generally declared that the rest of the world looked to the United States to lead in the movement. It is only another example of the authority wielded by the richest and most powerful nation in the world. America has a responsibility to God in the way of world leadership which is only dimly perceived at this time, but which will grow clearer with the passing of time. Interviews and platform statements revealed, according to press dispatches, that prohibition has already gone further in many countries than the average American suspects. Scotland is now testing a form of "local option." England, it was explained, will be forced to prohibition soon as a measure for food conservation, which was one of the prime reasons for restrictions placed on the sale of alcohol during the war. In Holland some form of local option is soon to be enacted. France has banned absolute, and temperance workers are trying to stop the manufacture and sale of all distilled liquors, and are said to be likely to succeed. In Italy plans are afoot to convert the grapes of the hillside into food products instead of wine. There was no delegate from Germany, but a Swiss representative said that German beer has no more "kick" now than the "soft" product of America. Three of the provinces of Mexico are under prohibition. Provincial legislation has practically outlawed the liquor traffic in Canada, including Newfoundland. The Canadian still remains a source of supply for her southern neighbor. Uruguay has a law which provides for temperance instruction in the public schools, and in other parts of South America the labor-unions are reported to have gone over to prohibition in several instances, and in one place to have refused to unload ships which contained liquor. The King of Denmark has signed prohibition laws for Iceland and Greenland, and offers to do the same for Denmark. The Cuban delegate said that his country had no alcoholic troubles, and, perhaps considering the fondness which some Americans display for Havana, added that Cuba had been misrepresented in this respect. Reports from Scandinavia were said to be encouraging to prohibitionists. In many areas in New Zealand, Australia, and Ceylon "no-licence" has been secured by means of local veto, and "throughout India there is a general feeling that under further measures of Home Rule prohibition will be almost universal." The W. C. T. U. is doing a very successful work in Japan. One of the great facts which the Congress revealed is that Europe is moving against alcohol from the scientific and the economic side almost entirely.

"Men of science from some of the finest universities of Europe came with their arguments; physicians of renown told of their experiments in the laboratories and hospitals with a terrific indictment against alcohol as the murderer of mind and body. Statesmen, members of parliaments, came to tell what an enemy drink is to well-organized society, and what difficulties they meet in securing and enforcing laws against it. There was not a minister of the Gospel among the foreign delegates with perhaps one or two exceptions. In America the preacher has been the leader of the alcohol movement from the beginning. Father Mathew, the founders of the prohibition party, the organizers of the Anti-Saloon League, nearly all of them were ministers, and Frances Willard organized the Woman's Christian Temperance Union from a religious motive, and held most of her meetings in the Christian churches.

"There was no disposition on the part of the American Christian to criticize the action of the European leaders for using the scientific and economic arguments mainly for the destruction of the liquor traffic, for God is in science and God is in economy, and we welcome our friends who assail the demand from the economic and scientific side. It must not be forgotten that the preachers and Christian people did not make much headway against alcohol till the scientists and scholars gave them the results of their experiments as weapons to be used against John Barleycorn."

BAD BLOOD

Impure, Thin, Weak, Afflicts the Great Majority of People

Whether in scrofula, sores, boils, and eruptions; or as rheumatism with agonizing pains and aches in limbs, joints, and muscles; or catarrh with its disagreeable inflammation and discharge; in disturbed digestion, or debility and tired feeling,—it is corrected by Hood's Sarsaparilla, that most economical and reliable blood remedy and building-up tonic. Thousands use this medicine and praise it for wonderful relief. Made from the most valuable remedies that physicians know, and unparalleled in character, quality, taste and curative power. For a cathartic use—Hood's Pills.

ITALO-AMERICANS ARE EAGER FOR THE U. S.

All over Italy, in villages and towns there are hundreds of Italo-American ex-soldiers longing to get back to the United States, and only waiting until the vendemmia, or harvesting of the grapes, is over. How they came to return to their native land when they loved America, American cities and American ways is through one of the mistaken ideas of many ex-soldiers, who imagined that, once war was over, they would be happy in Italy, although they had fought in France under General Pershing, and had lived and made good money in America for many years.

When the armistice came and these Italo-Americans were given a chance of being demobilized in France they jumped at it, because at that time there was a rumor that fabulous prices were being paid to workmen in Italy. This fairy tale was true at that time as the government had still in operation her ammunition factories, and, of course, wages were kept at a high level, but, as the wages of farmhands and workmen of all sorts had also increased, the cost of living had increased more than three times in price compared to pre-war schedules.

Impulsively they sent for their families, who very often had to sell all they owned in order to pay for the steamship ticket to Italy. The many families settled down to live with the parents of the husband or wife, and after a short while suffered a great delusion, as things were not what they had imagined. While they had been away from their native land they had thought of it as picturesque and beautiful, with an ideal climate and congenial conditions. They forgot the discomfort of the old home with its lack of running water and modern improvements which these Italo-Americans had grown accustomed to in the new land of freedom.

The husbands could put up with it but the wives could not, as in many villages—in fact in nearly all those of Central Italy—the water must be carried from the village fountain. Whenever any washing was to be done the clothes in most cases had to be carried often a mile to the river as the supply of water in the village is never sufficient for washing clothes. Naturally to the many who had not only become accustomed to running water in their houses but also to modern washing machines, this way of washing did not appeal and they would not walk down to the washing place, but paid a woman to do their work. This meant a great deal of money every week, as Americans are considered to be millionaires or very near it, so the prices asked were always very high.

Then the cost of food now is sometimes higher than in the cities, as the produce in villages is generally what is left over from that exported to towns. Besides, plumbing in Italy, except in the big cities, is absolutely unknown; only primitive ways of bathing are indulged in and a bathroom in a village house is unknown. This is due to the great lack of water in villages all over Italy, although in reality in out-of-the-way woods there are wonderful springs, but the water runs to waste, as these sources are far removed from the villages and towns.

In one small village, in the province of Rome, called San Felice, nearly all the male adult, population over 25 years old has been to America, made a little money, returned to their families and bought a little vineyard, which they worked until a longing to return to the new country forced them to take ship and leave for New York. Some of these men have been four or five times in America, speak English and are longing to go again.

Many of them returned to Italy to serve their time during the war, and only now wait an opportunity to get away. Emigration now is not so easy, as one must have a job ready to step into as soon as the ship reaches New York. Many of them, who have their

families growing up and whose wives have never been to America, are planning to leave their families and go over for a year or so. Those whose wives have been to America and have lived there are returning with their families, as the wives refused to remain behind, as they find Italy too dirty. As one of these wives said: "When I was in America I had my nice little house in North Third street, in Philadelphia. There was running water, electric lights, a bath and a heater in the cellar to warm the house in winter. In the summer there was a nice porch, where I could sit with the children and sew, and when they wanted to play they could find a friend and play on the sidewalk. Here in this village when I want to sew I have to put my chair outside the door of my father-in-law's house, and watch the pigs and cows and goats walk down the street where my children are supposed to play. If they do not play with every one they are considered stuck up, and there is trouble between families. There may be liberty in Italy, but I prefer to go back to a clean place, where there are no smells."

As for the salaries, if the man is working at harvest time he gets 20 francs a day. If he is a bricklayer he will earn 15 francs, while a mechanic will make 30 francs or may make 20. There is one mechanic who was a chauffeur in New York before the war and came over with Pershing's army. He served his time and after the armistice he decided to come to his town of Terracina, near Rome, and start work as a chauffeur. In New York he was making \$100 a week, and hearing about the high wages in Italy he decided that he would return and live forever in his native town or near Rome. After three months' trial he has decided to go to America, as wages here are not to be compared to New York.

Two big shiploads of reservists leave Naples every week, and more are leaving during the next few months. The time limit of their returning at the expense of the government is drawing to an end, and the men who return to the United States afterward will have to pay their own way, as well as that of their families. Naturally the men who were discharged from the army in France after the armistice will have to pay their own and their families' passage, but even so they are determined to return to God's country."

FINGERPRINTS

The curious and elaborate patterns of tiny ridges that cover your fingers and toes remain unaltered through life, but recent study has shown that with advancing age the ridges show signs of "weathering," and are crossed here and there by cracks.

A comparison made of the fingerprints of Sir William Herschell, dated 1861 and 1914, proved that there had been no change whatever in the patterns during the intervening



Bunion Pains Go—Oh, So Quick!

We know **Fairyfoot** is an absolutely successful bunion remedy which not only relieves you instantly of all pain and inflammation, but literally melts away the bunion enlargement.

FAIRYFOOT

FREE TRIAL

Don't suffer any longer. Get a box of **Fairyfoot** today. If you are not absolutely satisfied, return and get your money back. We personally endorse and guarantee **FAIRYFOOT**.

O. F. FRENCH & SON

Cor. Court & Main Sts.

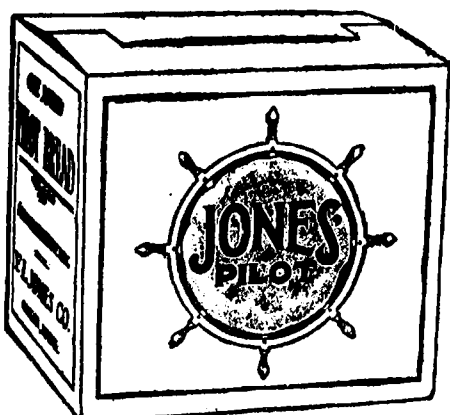


Ask for these packages at your neighborhood dealer's.

These Crackers are Hard to keep in the House.
They are so good, so totally different Everybody Likes Them

We will appreciate if you will send his name if your dealer should not happen to have JONES' Crackers.

F. L. Jones Co., Bangor, Me. Cracker Bakers 100 years.



period. It was he, by the way, who originated the fingerprint idea as a safeguard for documents. The notion of using them for the identification of individuals was developed later.

For purposes of identification, toe-prints are just as good as fingerprints. The entire sole of the foot, as well as the whole palm, is covered with the same sort of patterns, and in maternity wards of hospitals babies' foot-prints are commonly filed to prevent mixups.

SHERIFF'S SALE

Aroostook ss.
Taken this 28th day of October, 1920, on an execution dated August 16, 1920, issued on a judgment rendered by the Supreme Judicial Court for the county of Penobscot, at a term thereof begun and held at Bangor within and for said county of Penobscot, on the first Tuesday of April, 1920, in favor of Frank E. Blodgett of Suncook in the State of New Hampshire, and against Charles A. Shannon of Macwahoc Plantation in said county of Aroostook, for One Thousand Dollars, debt or damage, and will be sold at public auction at the office of Archibalds, in Houlton, in said county of Aroostook, the shire town of said county of Aroostook, on the twentieth day of December, 1920, at two o'clock in the afternoon, the following described real estate, and all the right, title and interest which the said Charles A. Shannon has in the same, to-wit: one-eighth in common and undivided of the four following parcels of real estate as follows:

1st: a certain tract in said Macwahoc Plantation, beginning at a stake, being the southeast corner of the Draham Lot, so called, thence south eighty six rods to land now or formerly of Willard Howard, thence east sixty four rods, thence north eighty six rods, thence west sixty four rods to first mentioned bounds, being the same conveyed to Neely Shannon by John Estes by deed dated Sept. 29, 1865, recorded in the Aroostook Registry of Deeds at Houlton in Vol. 29, Page 201.

2nd: the following parcel in said Macwahoc Plantation: Commencing at Neal Shannon's northwest corner and running west one hundred rods to line of the late Charles Kimball's lot, thence running south on said line to the Boobyer lot, thence one hundred rods east to Neal Shannon's corner, thence south to the first mentioned bounds, being the same conveyed to Neal Shannon by Frank P. Kimball by deed dated Dec. 8, 1882, and recorded in said Registry in Vol. 79, Page 453.

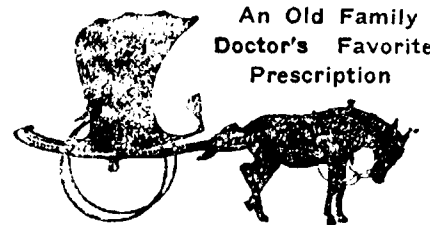
3rd: the following parcel in said Macwahoc Plantation bounded and described as follows: on the north by the Charles E. Kimball lot, on the east by the Wesley W. Kimball lot, on the south by a lot of land now or formerly occupied by Margaret O'Roak, and on the west by the Molunkus stream, being the same conveyed to Neely Shannon by Isabelle E. Stevens by deed dated Sept. 29, 1897, and recorded in said Registry in Vol. 165, Page 152.

4th: The east half of Lot numbered sixty four and a part of the west half of lot numbered sixty four aforesaid in Sherman in said county of Aroostook, bounded easterly by the road leading from said farm to land now or formerly of Charles A. Robinson, southerly and westerly by land now or formerly of Hiram G. Sleeper and northerly by the road leading from said Sleeper's to George H. Dunbar, being the same conveyed to Neil Shannon by Ole Hanson by deed dated May 13, 1895, and recorded in said Registry in Vol. 150, Page 152.

Also all the right, title and interest of the said Charles A. Shannon in and to a certain lot of land in Township One, Range Four in said county of Aroostook, being the same lot bought of F. E. Libbey April 22, 1880, recorded in said Registry in Vol. 69, Page 23, being a part of Lot one hundred and twelve as surveyed by Frank Martin, also Lot one hundred and sixteen in said Township One Range Four, the aforesaid being the same conveyed to Charles A. Shannon by Melville Johnson by deed dated Nov. 26, 1889, and recorded in said Registry in Vol. 119, Page 309.

A. B. SMART,
Deputy Sheriff.

TAKE A BOTTLE TO THE CAMP



FOR EMERGENCIES
BALLARD'S GOLDEN OIL
Relieves Colic, or Cramps. Good for Insect Bites. Nothing better for Sprain, Strains, Burns, Bruises, etc. An all around remedy. Sold Everywhere. No poisons or opiates.

IMPORTANCE OF AN EARLY START

Habits are more easily acquired in youth. Inculcate desirable habits before undesirable ones are formed. Start your boys and girls early to save by starting accounts for them with the Houlton Trust Company.

4% Interest Paid on Savings Accounts



Permanent 2nd Liberty Bonds

We will exchange these for Temporary Bonds now in circulation, free of charge for the service

First National Bank of Houlton, Maine

REVENUE IS BETTER THAN REGRETS

It is better to store up revenue than regrets. A weekly, systematic deposit with the Houlton Savings Bank will help you accumulate a fund for emergency or opportunity.

Start it now.

Dividends at the rate of 4% per annum have been paid for the past nine years

HOULTON SAVINGS BANK HOULTON, MAINE

"How is the cake coming?" Everybody's interested. You want to know that it's coming right and you test it time and again. That's the way to make sure of

William Tell Flour

We test it at every stage of its making—several times an hour.

We make absolutely certain of its uniform quality and purity.

Because we have thus made sure of the quality of the flour, you can be sure of the quality of your baking.

You will find that William Tell will give a delicious flavor and a uniform goodness to all your baking.

Don't take any chances on your flour. Tell your grocer, William Tell, and be sure.



SURROUNDING TOWNS

Subscribers should bear in mind that all subscriptions are payable in advance and the paper will be discontinued at expiration. Notice of such expiration will be sent out the first of each month.

NEW LIMERICK

To insure good results use New England Fertilizer. H. E. Thomas, Agent, Houlton.

Rev. H. H. Cozman will preach in the church at New Limerick 10.30 a. m., at Ludlow 2 p. m. Sunday school 1 p. m.

HODGDON

Mr. Guy Jackson and family have moved to Houlton.

Mrs. Olin Quint was operated upon last Monday and is gaining at this writing.

Mrs. William Brown entered the hospital last week to have her left eye removed.

There will be special sermon and music at the M. E. church on Thanksgiving evening.

To insure good results use New England Fertilizer. H. E. Thomas, Agent, Houlton.

Mrs. Milo W. Cone spent one day last week in Houlton, the guest of Mrs. C. O. Grant.

George Quint, Arthur Cordner and Miss Perrygo have been chosen to take part in the Sophomore Speaking Contest of Ricker Classical Institute, Dec. 8th.

Lloyd, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Perrygo, has been confined to the house the past three weeks with a bad eye, caused by chaff getting into the eye ball. At present his eye is gaining slowly.

EAST HODGDON

Mrs. Winfield Scott of Hodgdon is spending a few weeks with her father, Mr. Percy Brown.

Rev. Thomas Whiteside preached a fine Thanksgiving sermon at the Union church last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Butterfield of Island Falls were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Egears this Monday.

Mrs. Annie Lincoln has gone to Boston to be the guest of her daughters, Mrs. Brannan and Mrs. Roe, for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Atchison and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gorham of Houlton were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Homer Weston, Sunday.

Mrs. Benj. Aberton of Houlton had a birthday party last Friday, Nov. 19. She was 91 years old and is real well and able to be around all the time. Her daughter Mrs. Fred A. Barton of this place was present. There were her children, grandchildren and great grandchildren there. All report a good time. Many from this place sent her greetings and best wishes.

LUDLOW

Mrs. O. L. Thompson visited Mrs. A. E. Thompson, Sunday.

Mrs. Rachel Longstaff spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Clyde Thomas.

Mr. Charles Porter of Littleton preached at the Baptist church Sunday.

To insure good results use New England Fertilizer. H. E. Thomas, Agent, Houlton.

There will be a party at the Baptist parsonage Wednesday evening, for the benefit of the pastor.

Mrs. Edith Hand was called to Houlton Sunday by the illness of her father, Mr. John Hovey.

Mrs. Charles Porter and Mrs. Stone of Littleton attended the service at the Baptist church Sunday.

Miss Vera Thompson, a student of U. of M., was initiated into the Beta Gamma sorority last Monday evening.

The Ludlow allotment for the Near East relief is \$15. The committee appointed is Rev. H. H. Cozman, Mr. Stephen Taylor, Mr. William Scott and Mr. James Longstaff. Please help by giving your offering to any of these.

BRIDGEWATER

Will Jamison has been ill but is improving.

M. Wakum of Bath was in town recently.

Bessie Baston is clerking in J. H. Farley's store.

H. G. Stackpole was in Bangor on business recently.

The M. E. Aid will meet Wednesday p. m. with Mrs. M. A. Randall.

Mrs. H. G. Stackpole has been ill the past week but is improving.

See the display of turkeys and chickens at Randall's Meat Market.

Robert A. Grant of the U. S. N. Philadelphia, Pa. is visiting relatives in town.

Osgood repairs are good repairs. Send through the Bridgewater Drug Company.

Mrs. Harvey Lunt is being cared for by Mrs. K. Sargent since coming from the hospital.

Arthur Collins went Saturday p. m. to Presque Isle to spend a few days with his mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Forest Bradstreet left Wednesday evening on their honeymoon trip amid a shower of confetti, rice and good wishes. Both young people are very popular in town and have many friends.

LITTLETON

The youngest child of Robert Henderson is very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Porter attended church services at Ludlow Sunday afternoon.

To insure good results use New England Fertilizer. H. E. Thomas, Agent, Houlton.

Miss Florence Wiley of Solon, Me. is visiting at the home of her uncle, Frank Griffith.

Mrs. W. O. Briggs spent Sunday in Houlton with her father, Wm. Hovey, who is seriously ill.

Rev. M. H. Turner preached in the Baptist church in Monticello on Sunday morning and evening.

Miss Laura Dickson was the weekend guest of her sister, Alice Dickson who is teaching in Linneus.

Mr. Amos Hitchcock of Brownville, N. B. was the weekend guest of his wife at the home of J. A. Wolvertson.

Rev. Howard Worden of Meductic, N. B. will preach next Sunday, Nov. 28, in the U. B. church at 10.30. Every body welcome.

James Stone is working in the potato house for the Federation of Farmers, while D. F. Adams is away on his annual hunting trip.

Miss Carrie Brown, a teacher in the public schools of Lowell, Mass., returned home Wednesday after spending 4 weeks at the home of her brother, Arthur J. Brown.

The next meeting of Littleton Grange will be held on Saturday evening, Dec. 4th. The officers for the ensuing years will be elected at this time and a good attendance is desired.

Firemen from Houlton came on a telephone call Monday forenoon for a fire which started in the Isaac Chase house. The family had just moved out but the cellar was used for storing potatoes, which was being heated by an oil stove, which probably caused the fire. The loss is estimated at \$5000, partially insured in the Grange Ins. Co.

LINNEUS

Mrs. Sarah E. Bither spent last week in Augusta with relatives.

Mr. David Graham sold his farm last week to Mr. John Sprague.

Miss Amy Little was obliged to enter the Madigan hospital for treatment.

Mrs. Ira E. Ruth of Houlton spent several days last week with Mrs. Geo. W. Stewart.

To insure good results use New England Fertilizer. H. E. Thomas, Agent, Houlton.

Mr. Byron Stewart and family of Houlton spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Stewart.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Porter of Grindstone were called here last week by the death of Mrs. O. L. Sawyer.

Mrs. Maurice Stewart and daughter Mame left last Saturday for a weeks visit with relatives in Danvers.

Miss Clarice Logie of Houlton spent several days the past week with her brother, Harold Logie and wife.

Mr. David T. Sawyer spent Saturday night and Sunday in Houlton with his daughter, Mrs. Horace Kelso.

Mrs. Jewett Adams and baby spent several days the past week in Houlton with Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Kimball.

Miss Dora O. Conner of Boston is spending her vacation of several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Gove.

Mr. and Mrs. Byron McQuarrie of Hodgdon were here Saturday to attend the funeral of their grandmother Mrs. Sawyer.

Mr. W. F. Glidden and son Alden of Mars Hill and Mr. Marion Glidden and Mr. Henry Adams are enjoying a hunting trip in the woods near Smyrna.

Quite a number of persons from Linneus attended Sunday evening meeting in Hodgdon M. E. church, where Miss Frances B. Adams is holding special services.

Mrs. H. F. Barber of Dover, Mass. and Mrs. W. E. Frost of Wollaston, Mass. were called here by the death of their aunt, Mrs. O. L. Sawyer, returned to their homes last Saturday evening.

Mrs. O. L. Sawyer

The many friends of Mrs. O. L. Sawyer were sorry to hear of her death on Wednesday, Nov. 17, 1920, at the age of 76 years 5 months and 11 days.

Mrs. Sawyer has been in poor health for some time. Before her marriage in 1868 she was Miss Nancy Steiritt.

Funeral services were held at the Union church Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Pressey officiating. The pall bearers were Coleman Giberson, Clarence Gove, Henry Howard and Hartly Howard.

The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful. Besides her husband she leaves to mourn her loss three daughters and two sons, Mrs. Eunice Lyons of Houlton, Mrs. Oscar Porter of Grindstone, Mrs. Garfield Burton, Isaac and Edwin Sawyer all of this town, besides several grandchildren.

The sympathy of a host of friends is extended to the bereaved family.

IMPORTANT MEETING AT HOULTON GRANGE

The Houlton Grange will hold an all day meeting on Saturday, Nov. 27. The first and second degrees will be worked in the forenoon and a large crowd is expected.

During the afternoon program Supt. Thomas Packard of town will speak on School Improvement and Dr. John Potter will give a talk on practical Health Hints and First Aid.

Pupils from Miss McGinley's classes in violin will entertain with several numbers.

There will be a button hole contest

for the girls under 18 years of age, and first and second prizes will be given to those who bring the two best worked button holes on one piece of cloth and passed to Mrs. Alfred Henderson before 10 o'clock.

It is hoped that as many as possible will take part in this contest.

Let us make this all day meeting one to be remembered. Everybody come.

FURTHER FIELD TRIALS WITH BORAX

The Limit of Safety for the Potato Crop

As is pretty generally known several divisions of the Federal Department of Agriculture are carrying on cooperative work with the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station, at its Aroostook Farm in Presque Isle. The Soil Fertility Investigations Division of the Bureau of Plant Industry of the Department had in its potato studies in 1919 certain borax containing potato salts. These were not intended as experiments to throw any light on borax, for when the crop was planted in the spring of 1919 borax had not come to light as of practical agricultural importance. The results in 1919 were not at all conclusive. As a supplement to the greenhouse studies made by the Maine Station in the fall of 1919 and to the more elaborate greenhouse studies made in the winter and early spring of 1920 as a cooperative project by the Experiment Stations of the Northeastern States, the Soil Fertility Division made at Aroostook Farm in 1920 a carefully planned experiment to see what the tolerance of potatoes to borax might be under field condition with fertilizer containing borax applied in the three different ways that are practicable in field management.

The land selected on the Aroostook Farm had been in potatoes in 1917, seeded to clover with oats in 1918 and had given a good crop of clover in 1919. The field was plowed late enough in 1919 so that a good second crop of clover was plowed under. This stubble and roots furnished a supply of organic matter to be converted into humus. The potato seed selected was from vigorous stock as free from disease as could be had. The fertilizer used was free from borax, was alike for the whole piece and carried 5 per cent of ammonia, 8 per cent of available phosphoric acid and 6 per cent water soluble potash and was applied at the rate of 2000 pounds per acre.

Borax was applied at the rate of 1 pound, 2 pounds, 3 pounds, 5 pounds, 10 pounds, 30 pounds, 50 pounds, 100 pounds, 200 pounds and 400 pounds per acre. It was thoroughly mixed with the fertilizer before it was applied to the land. In one series the fertilizer was applied in the furrow a week before the time of planting. In another series the fertilizer was applied in the furrow at time of planting. And in a third series the fertilizer was applied broadcast at time of planting. Every fifth plot was check plot. That is, it had the 5-8-6 fertilizer but was without borax. The yields were good and as uniform as one can expect in field work where unevenness of stand, slight soil differences and other conditions beyond the control of the experimenter are likely to arise. The check plots averaged about 325 bushels per acre.

The differences in yield between the plots carrying 1, 2, 3 and 4 pounds of borax per acre and the check plots were slight and within experimental error in all 3 ways of applying the fertilizer. When applied in the furrow 5 pounds per acre of borax apparently reduced the yield to a slight extent. When applied broadcast the yield was as large as on the check plots and the plots with the smaller amounts of borax. Ten pounds per acre in all 3

methods of application apparently reduced the yield about 25 bushels per acre. With 20 pounds of borax per acre where the borax was applied in the furrow a week before planting and where it was broadcast at time of planting the yield was about 200 bushels per acre. And where 20 pounds of borax was applied in the drill at planting the yield was about 150 bushels per acre. With 30 pounds of borax per acre there was a yield of about 80 bushels per acre where the fertilizer was applied in the furrow a week before planting and less than 50 bushels per acre when the borax was applied in the furrow at time of planting. The yield with 30 pounds of borax per acre broadcast at time of planting was practically the same as where it was applied in furrow a week before planting. The yields with 100 pounds, 200 pounds and 400 pounds, no matter how the fertilizer was applied, were so small as to be practically negligible.

In general borax, mixed with but not included in the crystals of the salts, had little effect no matter how applied up to 4 pounds per acre. As applied in the furrow a week before planting and broadcast at planting 5 pounds apparently had little or no effect in crop reduction. Ten pounds per acre was decidedly toxic even applied a week before planting or broadcast. But was still more toxic as shown by color of foliage and by the resulting crop when applied in the furrow at time of planting.

In the studies made by the Maine Station and the cooperative greenhouse studies the borax containing potash and nitrate salts where the borax was included in the crystals of the salts used in the manufacture of the fertilizers appeared to have a greater toxic effect than when borax was mixed mechanically with the fertilizer.

In all of these studies 5 pounds of borax per acre seems to be as far as one can go with safety in the growing of potatoes. Larger amounts no matter how applied apparently result in unhappy plants and decreased yields. There seems to be no reason for modifying in any way the Federal ruling against more than two-tenths of one per cent of borax in fertilizers and that if they contain greater amounts that fact and the percentage amount must be exactly and plainly stated.

By far most of the fertilizers sold in Maine in 1920 carried only very slight traces or else were entirely free

Week of Nov. 22, 1920 Temple Theatre

WEDNESDAY

TOM MIX in "The Terror"

A gripping, thrilling, exciting Tom Mix picture that you are going to enjoy to the utmost. The work of this star is full of breathless escapades and dare-devil stunts on horseback.

THURSDAY

Wallace Reid in "What's Your Hurry"

A thrilling picture richly staged. There is a thrilling auto race with a motor truck. Also the funniest animal comedy you ever saw. Fine Holiday performance for the children. Burton Holmes Travelogue. Orchestra in attendance.

FRIDAY

SHIRLEY MASON in "Little Wanderer"

Do you like Shirley Mason? If not there can be only one reason—you have never seen her. She is the dearest little star on the screen.

SATURDAY

ALICE BRADY in "New York Idea"

This production is one of the surprising kind. The story concerns the ultra-smart set of a metropolitan city, the staging is lavish and the gowns beautiful. Mutt & Jeff. 2 reel comedy "10 Nights without a Barroom."

from borax. And that is the condition to be asked for in the fertilizers of 1921. Users are again urged to sample the fertilizer as soon as received and send the sample to the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station, Orono, for testing for borax. If you have any doubts as to the correct method of sampling a fertilizer write the Station for directions.

CHAS. D. WOODS, Director.



THIRD NOTICE

A Christmas Magnified 52 Times

Surely the world is growing more sensible about Christmas giving. Shell boxes and push albums are growing scarce because givers are growing wiser. It is wise giving only that pleases permanently. You cannot do a better thing for anyone, anywhere, at Christmas than to make a present of a year's subscription to The Youth's Companion. For 52 weeks it will delight a whole family—every age—all wholesome tastes.

Great Serials, excellent Short Stories, Editorials that father cannot equal elsewhere, Family Page, Boys' Page, Girls' Page—and, well, 52 crowded issues. You cannot do better for your friends or better for your money. And a beautiful Christmas Gift folder to announce the gift, if you wish it.

Still \$2.50 for a year of 52 issues, but this price not guaranteed beyond January 1, next.

New subscribers for 1921 will receive:

1. The Youth's Companion—52 issues in 1921.
2. All remaining weekly 1920 issues.
3. The Companion Home Calendar for 1921.
4. All the above for \$2.50.

McCall's Magazine for 1920, \$1.50—the monthly fashion authority. Both publications for only \$3.50.

The Youth's Companion, Commonwealth Ave. & St. Paul St., Boston, Mass. New Subscriptions received at this office.

Safe, Sensible, Successful

—since 1879—in over 400,000 cases. Methods rational and humane, health always improved. No nausea, sickness or bad after effects—nothing "heroic". No confinement or publicity. Pleasant surroundings, ideal location, complete equipment. Special privacy for women. All business and correspondence strictly confidential.

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PORTLAND : : MAINE

The only one in Maine, New Hampshire or Vermont and nearest to Maritime Provinces



Potash arriving at an American factory

Plenty of Potash

AFTER five years of Potash famine there is now plenty of Potash to be had at prices that will permit it to be used at a good profit.

When Potash in mixed fertilizers was sold at five dollars per unit, everybody exclaimed that the price was "prohibitive." This was a state of mind. As a matter of fact, when the records of long continued experiments, east, south, and west, were carefully gone over it was found that there were plenty of cases where the crop increase from the use of Potash on corn, wheat, oats, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, vegetables and fruit returned over five dollars per unit, even valuing the crops at prices current before 1914.

Now prices of Potash are less than one-half of these "prohibitive prices," and prices of farm products are still high enough to make the purchase of the five to ten per cent Potash fertilizers a very profitable investment when yields alone are considered.

But this is not all. The shipping and keeping quality of many of our truck, fruit and special crops has suffered from lack of Potash. Plant diseases have increased for the same reason.

Our best lands have been overworked to the limit and need restoration.

The fertilizer manufacturer who really has the foresight to understand that he serves his own and his customers' interest best by furnishing what his community really needs will return to the formulas that were found most profitable for his community.

ity before the Potash famine upset things. Indeed this is putting the case mildly, for provision should be made not only to restore the old high Potash formula, but to use additional Potash to restore the drain on the soil during the past five years.

We never advised the use of Potash on soils where we had reason to believe it would not prove profitable, and never shall do so.

There is not a single crop on which Potash has not been found profitable on many types of soil.

In the readjustment period when farmers must use every means to assure success it is of utmost importance that they should not be turned aside in their efforts to buy fertilizers with a reasonable (five to ten) per cent. of Potash.

Potash Pays

and after five years of Potash famine it will pay better than ever. It takes time to produce and ship Potash and large stocks are not carried at Potash works.

Therefore it is imperative that you notify your dealer at once what brands of fertilizer you will require and that you should not be induced to change your order on any claim that the right kind of goods cannot be secured.

Stick to it and you can get what you know you want.

SOIL AND CROP SERVICE POTASH SYNDICATE

H. A. HUSTON, Manager
42 Broadway New York

Look for the Water Mark

Symphony

Lawn

Symphony Lawn

The Paper with the Lovely Finish

THE exquisite texture of Symphony Writing Paper provides a splendid writing surface. That is why it is the choice of so many smart women for their correspondence.

Symphony Writing Papers are to be had in three finishes and a variety of fashionable tints. Made up in many sizes and shapes, to meet every demand of good taste. May be purchased by the quire or the pound. Also correspondence cards, with envelopes.

L. A. Barker Company
Oakfield, Maine

Automobile Storage



We have plenty of warm storage room for your car. Rates on application

Overhauling and Painting by skilled mechanics.

Hibbard Brothers
Mechanic St., Houlton

Outlasts Two or Three Ordinary Wood Stoves

The Dowagiac is the heaviest air-tight stove made. Weighs 220 pounds. Built by the Round Oak Folks to outlast two or three ordinary air-tight wood stoves, the Dowagiac is by far cheaper to buy, length of service considered. Holds fire 24 hours.

DOWAGIAC
AIR TIGHT

Come in and examine this handsome, safe, durable heater at once, we may not be able to supply you later at any price.

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SMYRNA MILLS, MAINE