PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

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BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y. ly2d&wtf

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Steam Carpet Beating Machine, Pat., at

FOSTER'S FOREST CITY DYE HOUSE,

13 Preble St., Opp. Preble House.

Carpets cleansed at all seasons of the year. oct17 sn eodly

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Garments Cleansed or Dyed Whole, and Pressed ready for wear,

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FOSTER'S FOREST CITY DYE HOUSE,

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GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY,

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All kinds of property insured at lowest rates. First-class companies, American and Foreign. oct20 sntf

CAUCUSES.

North Yarmouth.

The Republicans of the town of North Yarmouth are requested to meet at the Town House, on Saturday, August 4th, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing two delegates to attend the County Convention, to be holden at Portland, August 8th. Per order Town Committee.

Pownal.

The Republicans of Pownal are requested to meet at the Town House in said town, on SATURDAY, the 4th day of August next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, to choose delegates to the County Convention to be held at Portland, August 8, 1888. Per order of Town Committee.

Pownal, July 27, 1888.

Yarmouth.

THE Republicans of Yarmouth are requested to meet at the Selectmen's office on SATURDAY EVENING, August 4th, at 7.30, to choose delegates to the County Convention.

Per order Rep. Town Committee.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

(Aug. 1, 1888, 8.00 P.M.)

Observations taken at the same moment of time at all stations.

Place of Observation.	Height of the Barometer	Thermoet'r Exposed.	Thermoet'r Change in last 24 hours.	Wind Direction.	Wind Velocity.	State of the Weather.
Eastport, Me	29.78	62	0	SW	....	Clear
Portland, Me	29.86	66	-4	SW	....	Clear
Northfield	29.92	60	-14	S	....	Clear
Boston, Mass	29.92	70	-4	W	....	Clear
Block Island	29.96	62	-4	S	....	Clear
Nantucket	29.92	60	0	S	....	Clear
Albany, N. Y	29.92	72	+4	W	....	Clear
New York	29.94	72	-6	SW	....	Fair
Philadelphia	29.96	82	-4	NE	....	Cloudy
Galveston	29.98	86	+2	S	....	Clear
Washington	29.96	80	-2	SW	....	Clear
Norfolk, Va.	30.00	86	+2	S	....	Fair
Hatteras					....	
El Paso					....	
Jacksonville	30.00	82	+2	SE	....	Clear
Montgomery	30.00	78	-8	E	....	Clear
New Orleans	29.98	84	+4	SW	....	Clear
Cincinnati, O.	30.02	66	-2	S	....	Cloudy
Pittsburg	30.00	74	-8	NW	....	Clear
Buffalo, N.Y.	30.02	70	-6	SW	....	Clear
Oswego	29.98	68	-2	W	....	Fair
Cleveland	30.08	70	-12	W	....	Clear
Detroit	30.08	70	-4	NE	....	Clear
Dodge City	29.84	92	0	SE	....	Clear
Des Moines	29.92	84		SE	....	Clear
Grand Haven	30.00	68	-4	NW	....	Clear
Santa Fe	29.96	68	-4	SE	....	Fair
Marquette	30.04	66	+6	S	....	Cloudy
Chicago, Ill.	30.10	70	0	NE	....	Clear
Duluth, Minn.	30.06	65	-2	SW	....	Cloudy
St. Paul, Minn	30.00	72	+2	E	....	Cloudy
Leavenworth	29.82	80	+16	E	....	Cloudy
Assiniboine	29.78	80	+2	E	....	Cloudy
St. Vincent	29.92	70	0	S	....	Cloudy
Helena					....	
Cheyenne	29.90	68	-10	NE	....	Cloudy
North Platte	29.70	90	+10	SE	....	Clear
Denver, Col.	29.80	72	-8	SW	....	Clear
Montreal	29.86	70	.....	SW	....	Fair
Yarmouth	29.84	54	.....	W	....	Clear

E. P. JONES, Observer.

Horsford's

Bread Preparation,

THE HEALTHFUL AND NUTRITIOUS

Baking Powder,

Restores to the flour the strength-giving phosphates that are removed with the bran, and which are required by the system. No other baking powder does this. It costs less and is stronger and more wholesome than any other powder.

mar13 1sto4thparmTu&Th&weow6m

The Lewiston Journal says: "There is to be a big libel suit instituted by Stewart & Co., of St. John, who failed a year ago, against all the Boston and two New York papers. Mr. Chamberlain, of the Boston Post, and Samuel Hoar, Esq., son of E. Rockwood Hoar, are in Bangor looking up evidence for the defence."

Charles H. Stuart, of Boston, died suddenly on the steamer Star of the East, Tuesday night, while on his way to join his family, who are stopping at Georgetown.

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ILLUMINATED IN MR. BLAINE'S HONOR.

How August a Will Be Lighted at the Great Reception.

General Alger Has no Doubts About the Prospect in Michigan.

A Western Democrat Converting the Faithful at a Great Rate.

[Special to the Press.]

AUGUSTA, Aug. 1.—Mr. Blaine's arrival in the city will be celebrated, in addition to other ways, by a blaze of electric light, something new for Augusta. Fifty arc lights are to be placed in position along State street and about his residence, and will be operated for the first time by the new dynamos at the east end of the dam. This will mark the introduction of electricity into the city for public lighting.

Alger Speaks for Michigan.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 1.—General Alger, who visited General Harrison yestday, said: "I have not the least doubt in the world that the Republicans will carry Michigan. The Democrats are claiming everything, and expect in this way to gain strength. I think the Republicans are going to make a clean sweep in the North. I thoroughly believe it. General Harrison and Mr. Morton will be elected. They are growing in strength every day. The Republicans are receiving accessions constantly, and, so far as I know, there are no defections. The issues of the campaign are defined. There are many Greenbackers in Michigan who are Protectionists, and Protectionists are not Democrats this year. Moses W. Field, one of the leading Greenbackers, is now making protection speeches, and there are others, I understand, who will take the stump.

When Gen. Harrison's Indianapolis friends were urging him for the Republican nomination for President, Court E. Whitsett, a Democrat, who has for several years been quartermaster of the Indiana Grand Army of the Republic, remarked to a group of friends one day that if Gen. Harrison should be nominated he would not only give the Republican ticket his support, but would pledge the votes of a number of Democratic friends. When Harrison was nominated Mr. Whitsett joined in the Republican demonstration and he is now fulfilling his promise to bring other Democrats over to the Republican ranks in a way that is astounding the politicians of both parties. When the organization of a regiment of Harrison Guards was undertaken a few days ago Mr. Whitsett was made captain of a company. "I will furnish my own men," he quietly remarked, "and they will all be Democrats." At a meeting of the regimental officers tonight, he was asked how many men he had in the company.

"One hundred and thirty-five," was the reply, "and they are all Democrats. Before I quit work I will have 200."

The Blaine Reception.

[Special to the Press.]

AUGUSTA, Aug. 1.—The executive committee on Mr. Blaine's reception has issued the following address:

"Mr. Blaine is expected to arrive in Augusta on Friday, August 10, at 7.15 p. m. We are desirous of giving our distinguished citizen, after his long absence abroad, a grand ovation on his return home. Special trains with low fares will run from all sections of the State. All Republican campaign clubs in the State are especially invited to take part in the reception. It is desirable that clubs be uniformed when practicable. A collation will be given to clubs upon their arrival in Augusta. An early and favorable reply is requested stating the probable number of members and whether or not the club will be accompanied by music. Address L. A. Dyer, Augusta, secretary of the committee."

BANGOR BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

Good work of a Prosperous Queen City Enterprise.

[Special to the Press.]

BANGOR, Aug. 1.—Five hundred and twenty shares of stock of the Bangor Loan and Building Association have been sold since July 1st. This brings the monthly receipts up to $2600. At the last meeting seven loans, aggregating $6700, were made. It is now declaring regular semi-annual dividends of three per cent. Mr. R. T. Thompson, the secretary, predicts dividends at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum in the course of another year. The number of members is now 455; mostly young men employed in foundries, machine and shoe shops, stores and counting rooms. The association assisted in building and buying eleven houses last year. The outlook of the present year indicates that upwards of thirty houses will be secured to owners this year. The rapid growth and splendid outlook of this society, which is the most flourishing in the State, is attracting attention of the best business men in the community as the means of building up the city and introducing manufacturing. The business management is in the hands of its president, Wm. T. Pearson, secretary A. T. Thompson, and the finance committee, Messrs. Peter Dwinell, M. C. O'Brien, F. H. C. Reynolds and Willard Cutler, to whom much of this prosperity is due. Under their management over thirty houses have been bought and built for permanent proprietors. This is a considerable addition to Bangor, having added more than $15,000 to the inventory of the taxable property.

A society has just been organized at Oldtown and is having good success, and another is talked of at Farmington.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.

The indications for New England and Eastern New York are fair, nearly stationary temperature, winds generally westerly.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 1, 1888.

	8 A M	8 P M
Barometer	29.875	29.865
Thermometer	65.	66.
Dew Point	46.	54.
Humidity	50.	68.
Wind	N	SW
Velocity	14	8
Weather	Clear	Clear

Mean daily bar...29.666 | Maximum ther....77.2
Mean daily ther...65.5 | Minimum ther....57.2
Mean daily d'wpt..50.0 | Max. vel. wind...20 S
Mean daily hum...58.0 | Total precip..... 12.

IN SESSION BY THE SACO.

Yesterday's Proceedings of the Maine Chautauquan Assembly.

Mrs. Livermore Talks of the Life of Wendell Phillips.

An Old Castle as Portrayed in Words by Professor Winchester.

[Special to the Press.]

MARTHA'S GROVE, Fryeburg, Aug. 1.—The heavy showers of last night made this day perfect. Never was the beautiful mountain view from the river bank more clearly seen. Morning prayers were conducted by Dr. Carlton Kimball. Rev. A. T. Dana continued his normal instructions to Sabbath School teachers at 8 a.m., with these topics:

Necessity of preparation, on account of: 1. Limitation of time. 2. Condition of the pupil. 3. Nature of the subject. 4. The dignity of the work.

Departments of preparation: 1. Analysis of the lesson text. 2. Parallel passages. 3. Explanation of the text. 4. Adaptation of the lesson to the class. 5. The lesson plan.

The chorus, under Professor Morse, rehearsed in Normal Hall, while in the auditorium Mrs. H. C. Westwood defined the qualifications of a successful primary teacher to be a love for children, enthusiasm for the work and an inspiration born of communion with God. The teacher or head of the primary department should never lose sight of her subordinate position in relation to the Sunday School superintendent and the church.

The fourth normal hour, conducted by Rev. W. F. Berry, was devoted to the "Land of the Bible," especially its geography.

By advice of the leaders, the Chautauquans do not attempt to do all the normal work, but each elects that best suited to his or her needs. Therefore, though the attendance at the early maetings does not equal that at the lectures, it shows no lack of interest.

MRS. LIVERMORE'S LECTURE.

Promptly at 11 a. m., Mr. Dunn presented Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, who spoke on the life and character of Wendell Phillips. It is impossible to present anything of the life and character of Wendell Phillips, except on the background of American slavery. We are indebted to Great Britain for the introduction of slaves to this country. Everyone of the thirteen original States were slaveholders. The framing of the Constitution, ordinance of 1787, the Missouri Compromise and the Kansas and Nebraska bill were briefly reviewed. A cargo of slaves arrived from Africa about the same time the Pilgrim Fathers landed at Plymouth. When America had a population of 3,000,000, 600,000 were slaves.

Wendell Phillips often said the invention of Eli Whitney's cotton gin immediately raised the price of every new-born negro baby to $100. In 1830, Daniel Webster arraigned New England for conniving to help the slave trade. Slaves were raised for market precisely as were fine breeds of cattle in the North. Marriage was thus nullified.

The story of William Lloyd Garrison and the Liberator was told. Garrison was not, in the beginning, an educated man, but the splendid training and superb education came at last, after forty years' struggle. Mr. Garrison's first work was to show the people of the North what slavery really was. One column of his paper was headed "The Refuge of Oppression." Before the paper had been in existence nine months, rewards of $1500 were offered in the South for the apprehension of any man furnishing Mr. Garrison with information, and later, $5000 for Garrison, dead or alive. Slavery was continually kept before Congress as temperance is today.

Mrs. Livermore then gave very interesting personal recollections of Henry Ward and some of her own experiences as a teacher at the South. When anyone espoused the cause of the Garrisonian Abollitionism he had to burn his ships behind him. Churches were cleft in twain, and members were expelled for becoming Abolitionists. Sermons were preached against Garrison and his doctrines.

At a meeting held in Faneuil Hall, where the men who destroyed Elijah Lovejoy's printing press were compared to those who threw the tea into Boston harbor, a young man of remarkably fine personal appearance came forward to defend Lovejoy and the cause of anti-slavery. He was Wendell Phillips, with the best blood in the world in his veins. His ancestors for hundreds of years had been brave men and women and had stood for religion and education. Of the same blood have been the founders of the Phillips Academies, a president of the United States Senate, Phillips Brooks, Oliver Wendell Holmes and Rev. R. S Storrs, D. D. Phillips was born on Beacon street and there are people in Boston who still think if you are born on Beacon street you are absolved from all necessity of being born again. Gifted with all in the power of fortune to bestow: family, riches and honor, this young man was in the estimation of most people about to make a fool of himself and throw himself away. When he went into the movement it had not a follower who had more possessions. When he came out there was not a man in Boston so poor. Compare him with all the Greek or Roman heroes. There is not such another instance in all history.

Mrs. Livermore then gave a sketch of his marriage and life long devotion to his wife. Their's was a home that was a refuge for all who were distressed. From 1854 to 1861, gifts to the amount of $60,000 were given away by Ann and Wendell Phillips and at his death less than $8000 of his large property was left. His last speech in the Old South at the unveiling of the statue of Harriet Martineau, by Miss Anne Whitney, which now belongs to Wellesley College, was graphically described—how feeble he seemed at first so that Mrs. Livermore herself, who presided at the meeting, took his arm to steady him up the steps of the platform and how he conquered his body, waxing more and more eloquent like his old self, feeling that it was as he afterward said to her, his last speech; and how two weeks later thousands black and white crowded to see him in his last sleep.

Although Mrs. Livermore spoke for nearly two hours, none left the crowded auditorium. Hearty applause often interrupted her and still greater applause greeted the announcement of the managers that Mrs. Livermore would lecture again this evening in place of Rev. Dr. Nourse, who has failed to appear.

AN OLD CASTLE.

At 2 p. m., Rev. George D. Lindsay announced, according to the programme, the lecture on "An Old Castle," by Professor C. T. Winchester of Wesleyan University, Middleton, Conn.

Professor Winchester spoke as follows: In the west of England, on the border of Wales, in the midst of a beautiful landscape, at the junction of two rivers, lies the town of Ludlow, well worth seeing, but rarely visited by travellers. There stands the old castle of Ludlow, on entering which, one seems to have stepped into the Middle Ages. Time has laid his hand gently on the old castle though it is slowly yielding to decay. A view is here had, of one of the bloodiest battlefields of the Wars of the Roses. Lying here on a dreamy summer afternoon we may review some of the scenes that have here transpired. Here for a short time lived the two princes before their cruel death. Here, too, came Catherine of Aragon, before the death of her boy husband Arthur, after which she wedded his brother, Henry VIII. From 1560 to 1600 was the time of greatest interest for us in this castle. What a time was that in English history. It was a period of transformation. For 50 years preceding old plate to the value of at least $75,000 in our currency might be found in any nobleman's house. The Puritans carried the day for us in matters of dress, but the costumes of that day were dazzling in color and decoration. What else were gold and jewels for and the land was full of them, when Sir Francis Drake came home bringing gems and gold to the value of $25,000,000. Harrison tells of the increase in chimnies, pillows and drinking cups. Still more striking was the change in ideas. A boy at the beginning of the period would not be likely to learn to read. French was a priest's tongue and other languages unknown. The world was a great flat plane and not so very large, you might go the circle any day. The most you had to do was to take care of yourself in this world, with your good right hand and the priest would take care of your hereafter. Now, there was learning enough; the new tongue, Greek, was taught in the universities. You had learned that the world was round. Our time is doubtless best for us, but never was there more to stir the heart and energies of a young man than in England under the Virgin Queen.

The lecture was made up of a series of graphic word photographs of the noted men and women—and they were many—of the 16th century. All who heard this gentleman will be glad to hear his lecture tomorrow afternoon on "An evening in London 100 years ago."

Thursday is to be mainly devoted to the children and young peoples' societies.

Among Wednesday's arrivals are Thomas Tash, Esq., F. M. Howe, Portland; Jennie E. Phinney, Julia H. Johnson, Gorham; Frank E. Simpson, Kineo; R. H. Jordan, Knightville; Carrie G. Pierce, Monmouth; Mrs. A. T. Dunn, Lewis H. Dunn, Freeman C. Blake, Vetta Merrill, Jennie E. Reynolds, Edward C. Reynalds, Portland; F. H. Beal and wife, Augusta; C. T. Winchester, Middletown, Conn.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill Passed in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—In the Senate, today, after a large number of unimportant bills were passed, consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill was resumed, the pending question being on Senator Call's amendment, appropriating $10,000 for the recovery of the property of the late Confederate States now held in adverse possession to the government. Senator Call supported the amendment.

Senator Edmunds said he had been a member of the committee a few years ago which investigated the whole subject and was satisfied that the appropriation would be a useless waste. The wisest thing to be done with the assets of the late Confederacy, as with the late unpleasantness itself, was to forget all about them. The ships referred to might be located, perhaps just as in the old fox hunting times, the fox might be located in a narrow cave in the mountain, but the question was how to get him out. Every cent spent in the matter would be lost.

Senator Gibson opposed the amendment, being convinced on the surrender at the close of the war, that the officers of the Confederate army and navy delivered up all public property under their control. He had the honor himself of being the commissioner for the surrender of one of the armies and bore willing testimony to the courtesy and kindness of commissioners of the opposing army and to the generosity of the terms extended. He submitted that it was not proper, at this late hour, to call in question the validity of the surrender made by the officers of the Confederate forces on land or sea. The Conferate States died a noble death on the field of battle many years ago, and all that survived being that sentiment of honor which had beaten high in the hearts of the men who represented that fallen power. For one, he would have engraved on its tombstone the epitaph engraved on Shakespeare's:

Good friend for Jesus sake forbear
To dig the dust enclosed here;
Blest be ye man yt spares the stones,
And curst be he yt moves my bones.

Senator Dawes said that he thought the inquiry ought not to be embarked in unless the President or the Secretary of the Treasury should say he had in his possession such information as justified him in recommending it.

After further discussion Senator Allison moved to lay the Call resolution on the table, and the motion was agreed to without division.

Senator Evarts offered an amendment appropriating $1500 for an oil portrait of Chief Justice Waite, to be hung in the robing room of the Supreme Court, which was agreed to, as was an amendment appropriating $15,000 for B. F. Stephenson's manuscript of documents relating to early history of the United States, taken from the archives of France, England, Spain and Holland.

The Allison amendment to appropriate $277,693 for the purchase of Gen. Butler's property south of the capitol was disagreed to. The bill then passed.

Senator Allison, replying to a question, said he thought all the appropriation bills would be disposed of by next week.

Senator Sherman said that no one could tell when the tariff bill would be brought into the Senate.

Senator Hoar's Speech.

Senator Hoar has written a letter in reply to the charges that he made reflections upon the character of Scandinavian sailors in his speech on the fisheries. The passage to which exception was taken did not occur in the speech, but was part of a letter by Admiral Porter, which the Senator quoted. Senator Hoar meant no disrespect to the Scandinavians, and does not think Admiral Porter did. The passage alluded to was in reference to the probable refusal of Scandinavian sailors in a foreign navy, to fight against their country in case of war.

Notes.

Senator Evarts from the committee on foreign relations has reported back the Senate joint resolutions authorizing and requiring the President to take such measures as in his judgement may be necessary to obtain indemnity promptly for injuries, losses and damages suffered by the Venezuelan Steamship Co of New York by reason of the company's steamer in 1871.

The decrease in the public debt for July was $4,127,000.

The House spent the day in discussing the army bill. Senator Hawley's amendment providing for the manufacture of guns was not concurred in.

MAINE.

Old Town's New Mill.

[Special to the Press.]

OLD TOWN, Aug. 1.—The Old Town woolen mill is now up to the second story, and the water wheels have arrived. Orders for the mules, cards and other machinery are being placed for delivery in October. Superintendent Thomas W. Beattie of Camden, N. J., has arrived. Manufacturing will probably begin in December.

Fire in Smyrna.

HONLTON, Aug. 1.—John Watson's shingle mill in Smyrna was burned last night; loss $2000, with no insurance. He will rebuild immediately.

Don't Want It Anyway.

FARMINGTON, Aug. 1.—The Farmington Village Corporation, at a meeting this afternoon, again voted not to contract with the Farmington Water Company for a supply of water for fire purposes. The vote stood: No, 81; Yes, 76.

OLD ORCHARD MEETINGS.

Recognition Day for Chautauquans at Ocean Park.

OLD ORCHARD, Aug 1.—Rev. George W Coon, of Milton, Mass., preached at the campground this afternoon. His text was Paul's advice to the Hebrews. A surf meeting was held at 6 o'clock, followed by an evening preaching service. The sermon was by Rev. W. B. Osborn of the Missionary Training Institute, in Brooklyn.

Today was one of the principal days in the Chautauqua Assembly at Ocean Park. It was Recognition Day, and the attendance of Chautauquans and friends was very large. The 11 o'clock address was delivered by Rev. Smith Baker, D. D., of Lowell, Mass. The graduating exercises of the Chautauqua class of '88 were held this afternoon. The under-graduates formed in line, and headed by Jones's Band, marched to the Granite State house, where the graduating class was met and escorted to the temple. Rev. Edward Everett Hale delivered an address to the class. Nine young women and six young men composed the graduating class.

LIABLE TO MILITARY DUTY.

Quota of the Men in the Towns of Cumberland County.

[Special to the Press.]

AUGUSTA, Aug. 1.—Following are the number of men in each town of Cumberland county who are liable to Military duty as derived from the enrollment returns made to the Adjutant General:

Baldwin	201	New Gloucester	190
Bridgton	401	North Yarmouth	99
Brunswick	676	Otisfield	122
Cape Elizabeth	654	Portland	5,251
Casco	152	Pownal	122
Cumberland	282	Raymond	168
Deering	809	Scarborough	315
Falmouth	220	Sebago	137
Freeport	217	Standish	257
Gorham	441	Westbrook	738
Gray	215	Windham	278
Harpswell	315	Yarmouth	361
Harrison	157		
Naples	146		13,114

Chicago despatches from various points in northern Illinois and southern Wisconsin report Tuesday the hottest day of the season. The temperature ranged from 92 to 105. Kansas City, Missouri, reports seven deaths in that city within the past 24 hours from heat. The temperature there was 97.

At Omaha, Nebraska, Tuesday morning, Clement Emmons was taken from the jail at Pawnee City by a mob and lynched from a railroad bridge. Emmons killed Miss Bertha Schultz by stabbing, last Thursday evening, because she refused to marry him.

The crusade against bobtail cars reached its climax in New York yesterday in the action of the city council. On the motion of Alderman Storms, it was resolved that, from August 10, the Twenty-third street railway company must abolish all bobtail cars from its lines, and provide every car with a conductor and driver.

A LIVELY NIGHT IN THE COMMONS.

Resumption of the Debate on the Commission Bill.

Mr. Gladstone Declares that the Public Shall Know the Truth.

Harcourt adds a Word as to the Nature of the Inquiry.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—On the resumption of the debate in the Commons today, on the Parnell commission bill, Mr. Balfour said that the speech of Mr. Matthews last night, in which he said, "The judges already had power to select such of the charges as they deemed worthy of an inquiry," contained what the government had all along stated.

Mr. Gladstone said his party would let the country understand these proceedings, and that he was justified in concluding that there must be a motive for the way that the letters were being thrown into the shade.

Mr. Balfour said that the remarks were improper, and denied that the government had altered the bill or changed their position.

Mr. Reid wanted to inquire into the charges.

Mr. Sexton believed the government wanted outside persons to fall back on, in case the charges against members broke down.

Mr. Matthews said the inquiry was not into the conduct of members, as members, but in their capacity as members of an outside organization.

Sir William Harcourt said the opposition were at last trying to detect the real meaning of the bill. It now appeared that the government's object in creating the commission was not to give the Parnellite members an opportunity to clear themselves of foul and calumnious charges but to inquire into a political organization. If that were so, why had not the government instituted the inquiry long ago. The government, wishing to escape the responsibility for the commission, asserted that its formation was proposed at the instance of Mr. Parnell. Yet the House were now told that its object was to inquire into apolitical organization.

After further debate, Mr. Reid's amendment was rejected.

News From Ermin Bey.

A despatch from Zanzibar says that two native messengers who were captured from an earlier expedition by tribes in the Uganda district bordering on the Albert Nyanza and who escaped from their captors the beginning of April, have just arrived here and report that Emin Bey was in a situation of great difficulty April 4th, when he received a summons from the Mahdi, dated Khartoum, to surrender and disband the troops, the Mahdi threatening to attack if Emin refused. Emin also received a letter purporting to be from Lupton Bey, urging him to surrender as the only means to avert a massacre of Europeans at Khartoum and Wadelai. Emin's outposts confirmed the reports of the Mahdi's advance.

Foreign Notes.

Dr. Schweinfurth, of London, says that Stanley may have reached the Southern portion of the vast ill-defined region known as Bahr Gazelle, whence there are no available routes to Wadelai. He thinks that Stanley is safe, if he is well supplied with ammunition.

The Centennial exhibition at Melbourne, Australia, was formally opened yesterday.

A despatch from Berlin states that the Emperor William intended to stay in Copenhagen three days but anti-German articles in two conservative papers caused him to shorten his visit. It was said that when the emperor was embarking at Copenhagen, King Christian expressed his regret on hearing groans mingled with the cheers of the people.

The complete text of Premier Crispis's despatches with reference to the Massowah disputes is published. The despatches attribute France's deliberate and habitual unfriendliness to Italy to national jealousy. M. Goblet, the French foreign minister is preparing a circular note to the powers on the subject.

It is rumored in London that Justice Day has refused the position tendered him on the Parnell commission.

GENERAL NEWS.

The State Republican convention at Ocala, Florida, Tuesday night, nominated Major V. J. Shipman, of Pensacola, by acclamation for Governor. The remainder of the ticket will be nominated today.

On the logging road fifteen miles east of Otsego Lake, Michigan, yesterday, a train of empty cars struck a fallen tree and jumped the rails. Twenty-five workmen are reported wounded, 16 seriously. Nearly all were Polanders.

The 10th annual convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America met in Tremont Temple, Boston, yesterday morning, Father T. J. Conaty, of Worcester, presiding.

New Hampshire Patriarchs Militant are in cantonment at Weirs.

The post office at Atlantic City, N. J., was robbed of about $1,400 Tuesday night.

The American Cotton Oil Trust held its annual meeting in New York yesterday. The Trust is prosperous and is composed of 163 corporations.

Tax Collector Prout, of Pittsfield, Mass. who was reported to be in financial trouble and indebted to the town, has returned. He says his affairs are all right, the current rumors being the work of an enemy.

The Supreme court of New Jersey has affirmed the constitionality of the high license and local option law and the rum-sellers are unhappy.

Dr. Reilly, who has arrived at Nonquitt, finds General Sheridan greatly improved in his absence,

RAILWAY MATTERS.

NOTES.

The preliminary survey of the Patten route of the "Direct line" railroad from Aroostook has been finished, and a survey for the location of the road has been commenced.

The railway bridge at Frederickton has been connected with the New Brunswick railway by one branch of the Y. The Northern & Western will begin running their trains and carrying freight across the bridge at once. It is not known just when the New Brunswick Company will begin to use the bridge.

The New Brunswick Railway Company are doing quite a piece of work at McAdam in the shape of providing for a plentiful supply of water. A few hundred yards to the west of the railway works is quite a stream, running in a southerly direction, across which they are constructing a dam, which will be 500 or 700 feet long, thereby intercepting the running of the water in the largest part of the stream. When completed, it will give them a never failing supply of water. The work is under the superintendcy of Mr. Haggerton.

Don't Fail to Say It.

[Kennebec Journal.]

When a Democrat says the Republicans wish to keep taxes on food and refuse to reduce the revenues, don't fail to reply to him that the Republican representative from Maine, Hon. Seth L. Milliken, offered a bill in the House to entirely remove the duties on sugar, reducing the revenues nearly sixty mil lions of dollars per annum, and that this bill was strangled by the Democratic committee on ways and means.

When a Democrat boasts about his party being in favor of making cheap food by reducing the taxes, don't fail to tell him that the Democratic majority of the House voted to keep a heavy protective duty on rice, thus squarely endorsing sectionalism for the benefit of the Bourbon planters of the South.

When a Democrat prates vociferously about reforming the tariff for the benefit of the people, don't fail to tell him that the Democratic majority of the House voted solidly against the Dingley proposition to reduce the tax on sugar one-half and thus cut down the national surplus many millions.

Political Notes.

The Tippecanoe Club of Bangor has completed its organization with the following officers: President and Captain, Albert G. Davis; Lieutenants, W. A. Bartlett, Will W. Fowler. The club now numbers forty members, and it is rapidly increasing.

The Republicans of Brewer are soon to raise two campaign banners, one at each of the two upper corners.

The Republicans of East Corinth have elected as delegates to the Penobscot county convention Joseph B. Wheeler, A. M. Bragg, William Spratt, James B. Trim.

The Prohibitionists of Gardiner unfurled a large flag, Monday evening, bearing the names of Fiske and Brooks and Volney B. Cushing.

The friends of J. W. Mitchell, Esq., of the Androscoggin Bar, are making a very active canvass to secure his nomination for county attorney. Jesse Libby, of Mechanic Falls, who at present holds this office, it is understood, does not seek a renomination. Mr. Mitchell is in every way qualified for this place, having the unanimous indorsement of the people of this community, who believe that the interests of Androscoggin county would be safe in his hands, and that a strict enforcement of the law would be insured by his election.

The young Republicans of Bowdoinham formed a Young Men's Republican Club, Tuesday evening. The following officers were chosen: President, J. A. Cone; secretary, M, B. Umberhind; treasurer, W. P. Carr; vice presidents, W. B. Kendall, I. H. Purinton, J. P. Card, E. U. Carr, T. W. Fogg, Alonzo Cutler and W. W. Browne.

Tuesday evening the Republicans of Bath held a meeting in City Hall. One hundred and fifty names were placed upon a list for a city Republican club. A permanent organization will be effected next Tuesday night.

Judge Rounds of Calais and A. J. Blethen of Minneapolis spoke at a Republican flag raising in Calais last night.

BASE BALL.

New England League.

The New England League games yesterday resulted as follows:

AT SALEM.

Salems, 9; Portsmouths, 4. Base hits—Salems, 15; Portsmouth, 8. Errors—Salems, 6; Portsmouths, 12. Batteries—Mitchell and Knowlton; O'Connell and Ryan.

AT WORCESTER.

Manchesters, 4; Worcesters, 1. Base hits—Manchesters, 4; Worcesters, 4. Errors—Manchesters, 4; Worcesters, 5. Batteries—Ferson and Mahoney; O'Connell and Terrien.

The Standing.

The following is the standing of the New England League:

	Won.	Lost.	Played.	Per Cent.
Lowells	36	23	59	.610
Worcesters	31	28	59	.525
Salems	33	34	67	.491
Manchesters	31	36	67	.462
Portsmouths	3	6	8	.333

The National League.

The following games in the National League were played yesterday:

AT BOSTON.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Philadelphias	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	— 4
Bostons	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	— 2

Base hits—Philadelphias, 5; Bostons, 4. Errors—Philadelphias, 2; Bostons, 5. Batteries—Buffinton and Clements; Sowders and O'Rourke.

AT CHICAGO.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Pittsburgs	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	— 6
Chicagos	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	— 4

Base hits—Pittsburgs, 11; Chicagos, 5. Errors—Pittsburgs, 4; Chicagos, 18. Batteries—Galvin and Miller; Baldwin and Daly.

AT DETROIT.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Indianapolis	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	x	— 4
Detroits	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	— 1

Base hits—Indianapolis, 6; Detroits, 7. Errors—Indianapolis, 1; Detroits, 7. Batteries—Shreve and Myers; Gruber and Sutcliffe.

AT NEW YORK.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
New Yorks	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	— 5
Washingtons	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	— 4

Base hits—New Yorks, 10; Washingtons, 6. Errors—New Yorks, 10; Washingtons, 7. Batteries—Keefe and Ewing; Widner and Mack.

The Standing.

The following is the standing of the clubs in the National League:

	Won.	Lost.	Played.	Per Cent.
New Yorks	48	28	77	.636
Detroits	47	30	77	.610
Chicagos

THE PRESS.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 2.

We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are in all cases indispensable, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot undertake to return or preserve communications that are not used.

FOR PRESIDENT,

BENJAMIN HARRISON,

OF INDIANA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

LEVI P. MORTON,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR GOVERNOR,

EDWIN C. BURLEIGH.

For Representatives to Congress,

First District—THOMAS B. REED.
Second District—NELSON DINGLEY, JR.
Third District—SETH L. MILLIKEN.
Fourth District—CHARLES A. BOUTELLE.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republicans of Cumberland County are hereby requested to send delegates to a County Convention to be held at

RECEPTION HALL,
City Building, Portland,
— ON —
Wednesday, the 8th of August, 1888,
at 10 o'clock in the Forenoon

to nominate candidates for the following offices: Four Senators, County Attorney, Sheriff, Judge of Probate, Register of Probate, County Treasurer, one County Commissioner; and also to choose a County Committee for two years and do any other business which may properly come before the convention.

The basis for representation will be one delegate for each city and town, and one additional for each 75 Republican votes cast for Governor at the last State election, and one delegate for a fraction of 40 votes. The delegates have been apportioned upon the foregoing basis as follows:

Baldwin	3	Naples	3
Bridgton	6	New Gloucester	4
Brunswick	7	North Yarmouth	2
Cape Elizabeth	6	Otisfield	3
Casco	2	Portland	43
Cumberland	2	Pownal	2
Deering	8	Raymond	2
Falmouth	3	Scarborough	3
Freeport	5	Sebago	2
Gorham	6	Standish	4
Gray	8	Westbrook	8
Harpswell	3	Windham	5
Harrison	3	Yarmouth	4
Total			146

The County Committee will be in session at the hall at 9 o'clock in the forenoon on the day of the convention to receive the credentials of delegates and attend to such other business as may be necessary.

ISAAC W. DYER, Chairman.
AUGUSTUS R. BROWN, Secretary.
Portland, July 9, 1888.

The Democrats truckle to the South as of v[illegible] Northern industries are slashed by [illegible] bill unmercifully, but rice and sugar, two of the staples of the South, are left heavily protected.

The Boston Globe regards the chances of the Hon. William L. Putnam as very good. If the Globe means the chances of his becoming Governor of Maine, the Globe is entitled to take high rank among the humorous papers.

The alternative to leasing the the Ogdensburg to the Maine Central is keeping it and continuing to run it under the present conditions. There is no prospect that an offer either for sale or lease will come from any other source. The citizens of Portland are therefore, to choose today between leasing the road and getting $50,000 a year for its use, and keeping it and getting nothing.

The citizens of Portland should not neglect to vote on the question of the lease of the Portland & Ogdensburg railroad to the Maine Central. It is a matter which affects every one of them, and about which they should have settled convictions. These convictions should be expressed at the polls. There is every indication that a large majority of the people are in favor of the lease, but this fact must be demonstrated at the polls, and the only way that can be done is for the friends of the lease to walk up and vote.

The friends of the lease of the Ogdensburg must not flatter themselves that the lease is going through without opposition. Though very little opposition has made itself apparent so far, there is good reason to believe that there will be a good many "noes" thrown today. Various influences are at work to defeat the measure. It would be, we believe, a serious misfortune to the people of Portland if this lease should fail. It would entail upon us for an indefinite period a load which we have been struggling under for many years, and which, now there is an opportunity to get rid of.

The chief argument, if it can be called such, employed against the lease of the Ogdensburg, is that the road is liable to fall into the hands of the Boston & Maine. Well suppose it does, and suppose that this corporation is as hostile to Portland as it is the fashion to represent it, will we be any worse off than we are now? The Boston & Maine has just as much power now to turn freight from the west coming on to this road to Boston and away from Portland as it would have had if it owned the whole line. But the contingency of the road passing into the hands of the Boston & Maine is a very remote one.

Gen. Dow expresses the opinion that the talk of free trade is all bosh. If such is the case why does Candidate Putnam devote all his speeches to showing that the protective system is disastrous to the country, that it is unconstitutional and that it ought to go? Why does Mr. Charles E. Allen, Democratic candidate for Congress from the Second District, welcome the Mills bill as a step toward free trade? Why does the Argus fill its columns daily with attacks on the protective system, denouncing it as robbery? Why does the Lewiston Gazette, another Democratic organ, do the same? Are these men and these organs shouting against protection with no purpose in view but to make a noise? Mr. Putnam says great principles are involved in this contest. If the two tariff systems are not in issue then it is difficult to see where the great principles come in.

The Conservative members of the British House of Commons appear to be acting in a very dishonorable way toward Mr. Parnell. The London Times having made certain charges against the Irish leader, of a character which if true must make him infamous, Mr. Parnell has asked the government that a commission be appointed to examine into their truth. This the government has granted. Mr. Parnell has also asked that the inquiry of the commission be confined to the specific charges against him, so that the issue may not be clouded, and the result be clearly understood by the people. This, however, the government does not appear willing to concede. Apparently the government is anxious to mix in a lot of other matter so as to distract public attention from the real issue and conceal its discomfiture, provided the charges of the Times, which it has identified itself with, are overthrown.

The official reports of exports and imports for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1888, show a balance of trade against us amounting to twenty-eight millions (27,890,527). That is, our people bought of foreigners the past year that large amount of twenty-eight millions more than they sold to foreign purchasers. Commenting on this rather surprising condition of affairs, the Philadelphia Times, an able independent journal, discusses the causes of this unwelcome exhibit—Argus.

Why should an advocate of free trade, or a tariff for revenue only, regard this as an unwelcome exhibit. Is not an excess of imports over exports an ideal condition of things in the view of the free trader, and does not the policy that he advocates look to that end? The Argus has been drinking deep drafts of Bastiat's Sophisms of Protection of late. How does it happen that it has overlooked his sophism of the balance of trade. M. Bastiat says "the profits accruing to the nation from any foreign commerce should be calculated by the overplus of the importation above the exportation. This overplus, after the deduction of expense, is the real gain." Bastiat says this theory, which he regards as the true one, leads directly to freedom in trade. But the Argus finding an overplus of imports under protection arraigns protection for causing it and appeals to free trade to remove it. Our contemporary is getting mixed.

Free trade, says its advocates, will cheapen the laboring man's clothes and his blankets. Perhaps so. But it will also cheapen his wages, or destroy his opportunity of earning any. For it is not possible that an American manufacturer can compete with an English manufacturer in the markets of the United States when those markets are as free to the latter as to the former, and continue to pay double the wages of his rival. The American manufacturer must then shut up his mill or reduce his wages. Consequently his employes must be turned out of employment or put up with much smaller incomes. But, says some one, this is a theoretical case. The Mills bill does not withdraw protection to the manufacturer. That is true. But it withdraws it from the wool raiser. Now how long will the wool raiser consent that the woolen manufacturer shall be protected while he is exposed to foreign competition? Not a great while we may be sure. The authors of the Mills bill foresaw that this partiality to the wool manufacturers as against the wool growers would assist in their ultimate purpose of withdrawing protection from the manufacturers. They used such manufacturers as they could hoodwink to help them remove the duty from raw materials, well knowing that the producers of raw materials later on would help them remove the duty from manufactures. Protection if maintained at all must be maintained as a system. If one part of the system is destroyed the tendency of the whole is to fall. With raw materials on the free list the free traders will have succeeded in destroying a part of the system.

An "Insidious Installment."

The Argus is convinced that the PRESS knows what the Mills bill is. The PRESS has never professed ignorance on that point, but it confesses itself under deep obligation to the Argus for a very happy description of it. The PRESS has been wont to describe it as a step toward free trade. It acknowledges however that this description is far inferior to that given by the Argus which is, one of the "insidious installments" by which the protective system is to be gotten rid of. An "insidious installment" expresses it exactly. It is insidious in that by leaving the present tariff on certain industries it lulled them into fancied security and prevented them from opposing its passage. It is insidious also because by showing partiality to certain sections it gained their votes for a scheme which when carried to its conclusion will inevitably prove disastrous to those sections as well to those already attacked by it. It is an installment because it only partially accomplished the object its authors had in view and is to be followed by other bills of like tenor until their full purpose is achieved. Oh, yes, "insidious installment" was a happy phrase. It expresses the PRESS's opinion of the Mills bill much more accurately than the PRESS itself could express it. By the way we observe that the Argus is quoting the London News to show that the bill is a protective measure. But the other day the Argus contended that English newspapers meant precisely the opposite from what they said. When therefore the News says it is a protective measure according to the rule of interpretation laid down by our esteemed contemporary it must mean that it is a free trade measure.

Mr. Goodall and the Argus.

Our esteemed morning contemporary last Saturday asked Mr. Ernest M. Goodall for information and when he sought to give it it very impolitely slammed the door in his face and told him to go to the PRESS. We are glad to say, however, that a little reflection convinced our generally genial, though on this occasion decidedly grouty neighbor that its conduct had been unbecoming. This explains why Mr. Goodall's letter appeared in the Argus of yesterday; and the explanation is one altogether creditable to our contemporary. This was the Argus's request:

We should be extremely gratified for the information, if Mr. Goodall can show us why the Mills bill will not, with free wool and reduced tariff on woolen goods, afford woolen manufacturers the advantages they require for success in their business.

And this is Mr. Goodall's response:

SANFORD, Me., July 30, 1888.

Editor of the Argus:

In your issue of Saturday you ask why, with free wool and the tariff reduced on manufactured goods, the American manfacturer could not be benefitted. As regards our business we have been successfmily manufacturing mohair plushes for about four years, having started the business six years ago. We spent our money and put in two years of time before we made a success of it. We have met with sharp competition from the French and German manufacturers since the time we put the first piece of goods on the market. The price has gradually dropped, until to-day mohair plush can be bought in open market in this country 40 per cent. cheaper than four years ago. As the foreign goods gradually dropped in price, we increased our works in order to reduce the cost of production to a minimum, as every manufacturer knows that the larger the production the less the average cost is per yard.

Now the Mills bill proposes to remove the duty on the raw material used in the manufacture of plushes (Angora goat hair), which is 12c. per pound. It also removes the specific duty on the manufactured goods, which is 35c. per pound. As these goods weigh 12 ounces per yard it will enable the importer to put them on our market 25¼ cents per yard cheaper than under our present tariff, while we are enabled to buy our raw material but 8c. per yard less than now. This being the fact, will you kindly explain wherein we should derive any benefit from the Mills bill?

Yours truly,
E. M. GOODALL.

Planets in August.

[Providence Journal.]

Jupiter is evening star. He stands first on the list as the most interesting planet of the solar brotherhood during August. There are many points in his course that will attract the attention of the lover of the stars. He is in quadrature with the sun, or 90° east of him, on the 20th at 3h a. m., is on the meridian at that time about sunset, and is beautiful to behold, as with stately step he traverses his western path until he sinks below the horizon. He is not seen under his best conditions on account of his great southern declination and his increasing distance from the earth. His meridian altitude is low, and the arc he describes in the heavens less in extent than it is when he reaches his greatest northern declination and describes his most extended arc in the sky. As it take the planet a year to pass through one constellation of the zodiac and twelve years to complete a revolution round the sun, several years are still required to bring him to a position when his stay above the horizon is the longest, and his size and brilliancy are the greatest to northern observers. If at that time, he chances to be near opposition and perihelion, the prince of planets is visible under the most favorable circumstances that can exist for terrestial observers. Such was the case at the perihelion of the planet of 1880, and his majestic aspect at that time will ever be remembered by those who witnessed it. Meantime the Jupiter of the present month is a charming object as he moves on his unerring course in the serene starlit evenings, enthroned among the stars of the beautiful constellation Scorpio, drawing near to Beta Scorpii and perceptibly lessening the distance that intervenes between him and the red star Antares. He is conveniently situated, also, for the observer needs only to command a view of the southwestern sky to follow his course from sunset until he disappears. He sets on the 1st about four hours and a half after the sun, and on the 31st about three hours after the sun.

Jupiter sets on the 1st at 11h. 29m. p. m. On the 31st, he sets at 9h. 37 p. m.

Mars is evening star. He shares with Jupiter the honor of being visible in the western sky in the early evening, though in a subordinate degree, for he is lower down in the west and his brightness and ruddy glow are fast diminishing. The approach of Jupiter and Mars is the most attractive planetary incident of the month. Both planets are travelling eastward, but as Mars moves faster he will gain upon his competitor in the race, as any one who notes the position of the stars may easily see. Mars sets on the 1st about an hour before Jupiter: on the 31st the planets are so near each other that the former sets about a half-hour earlier than his planetary companion. The conjunction of Mars and Spica was a pleasing feature of the evening sky in July, the ruddy hue of the planet being finely contrasted with the silvery white light of the star. The approach of Mars to Jupiter during the present month will be more interesting, for planet draws near to planet. Planets are our fellow-travellers, linked in inextricable chains to the same central orb and bound together in the same destiny. Stars are suns so far away that even the light they give has grown old in the long distance that intervenes before it reaches the round world on which we live.

Saturn is evening star for a few hours on the 1st, and after that time morning star. He is in conjunction with the sun on the 1st at 8h p. m.; when passing beyond the sun he reappears on the western side. He will remain invisible for a part of the month, but may be easily found, with the help of an opera glass, at its close, when he rises two hours before the sun. Saturn is in conjunction with Mercury on the 13th, being 39' south. Both planets may be found in the same field on the morning of the 14th, with the assistance of a field glass.

Saturn sets on the 1st at 7h. 4m. p. m.; on the 31st he rises at 3h. 2m. a. m.

Mercury is morning star until the 23d, and then evening star. He is in superior conjunction with the sun on the 23d at 8h. p. m., when he commences his course as evening star.

Uranus is evening star. Observers using an opera glass may find him west of Spica, and not far from Theta Virginis.

Neptune is morning star. He is in quadrature with the sun on the 20th at 3h. a. m., being 90° west of the great luminary.

Venus is evening star. She is slowly emerging from her concealment in the sunbeams, setting on the last day of the month about a half hour after the sun. Sharpsighted observers may pick her up just after sunset about 4° south of the point where the sun went down.

Venus sets on the 1st at 7h. 22m. p. m. On the 31st she sets at 6h. 53m. p. m.

Mercury, Venus, Uranus, Mars and Jupiter are evening stars at the close of the month. Saturn and Neptune are morning stars.

THE MOON.

The August moon fulls on the 21st at 11h. 20m. a. m. She is in conjunction with Neptune on the 1st at 2. 47m. p. m., being 2° 55' south. She is in close conjunction with Mercury on the 6th at 2h. 51m. a. m., being 18' south. She is in conjunction with Saturn on the 7th at 4h. 20. a. m., being 16' north. She is near Venus on the 8th at 3h. 40m. a. m., being 42' north. Veranus lies next in her path, and the conjunction takes place on the 11th at 4h. 30m. p. m., the moon being 4° 34' north. Mars is next reached in her course, the conjunction occurring at 3h. 40m. p. m., the moon being 6° 51' north. Our satellite is at her nearest approach to Jupiter on the 14th at 6h. 35m. p. m., being 4° 8' north On the 28th, at 11h. 31m. p. m., she is in conjunction with Neptune for the second time during the month, being 2° 47' south.

THE SUN.

The sun rises on the 1st at 4h. 39m. a. m., and sets at 7h. 4m. p. m., making the length of the day 14h. 35m. The sun rises on the 31st at 5h. 10m. a. m., and sets at 6h. 22m. p. m., making the length of the day 13h. 12m. The decrease in the length of the day during the month is 1h. 13m. The decrease in the morning is 31m. and in the evening it is 42m. Observers will note that the days decrease more rapidly as the sun approaches the autumnal equinox. The decrease in July is 44m., while in August it is 1h. 13m.

The sun will be partially eclipsed on the 7th. The phenomenon will be invisible in Providence, but visible in the Arctic ocean, Norway and Sweden, portions of Denmark and Greenland and the extreme northerly parts of North America and Asia.

THE AUGUST METEORS.

The August nights from the 8th to the 12th will be enlivened by the display of meteors which are sure to descend through the atmosphere in greater or less numbers. The meteors, as is well known, come from the great meteor zone whose perihelion is on the earth's orbit and whose aphelion extends beyond the bounds of Neptune, the most distant planet in the solar system. The earth, about the 10th, plunges through the zone, the meteors are set on fire by the concussion of the earth's atmosphere and descend in the form of shooting stars. The radiant point of the August meteors is in the constellation Perseus, and they are therefore called Perseids. Perseus rises on the 10th in the northeast about 9 o'clock, and observers who watch the sky in that direction will be rewarded by the sight of several hundred meteors as the hours of the night pass on. Many of them will be brilliant, and as large as stars of the first magnitude, and many of them will leave trails of luminous vapor lasting several seconds.

AUGUST

is one of the best months of all the year for studying the stars, for the dreamy atmosphere inclines to meditation and invites the companionship of the twinkling mysteries that stud the heavens. The mountain heights are excellent observatories, and the seashore with its grand sky-reach is favorable for observation. The star-lit nights will be radiant with clustering constellations, while Jupiter in quadrature, and Mars following on his track and gaining in the race, will lend a charm to the southwestern sky, as soon as the twilight glow dissolves into the evening shades. The full-orbed August moon will be glorious with the lights and shades, flooding the earth with silvery brightness and seeming to prolong the summer days as it rises for several nights with only an average difference in times of twenty-six minutes. Truly, the heavens above are fair to see, and so is the earth beneath during the charming summer nights.

SPEED OF RAILWAY TRAINS.

The Fastest Time is Made Between Baltimore and Washington.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.]

An examination of the official time tables for June, made by the Railroad Engineering Journal, shows that the fastest trains now scheduled are two on the Baltimore and Ohio, which are timed to run the forty miles from Baltimore to Washington in forty-five minutes, without stops, making the rate of speed fifty-three and three-tenths miles hn hour. No other train can be found which makes over forty miles an hour, and the nearest approach to it is a train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, which runs from Jersey City to Philadelphia, making one stop at an average speed of 48.3 miles an hour. On the opposition—Bound Brook—line one train makes the distance from Jersey City to Philadelphia at the rate of 45.9 miles an hour, without allowance for the four stops. The quickest train between Philadelphia and Baltimore runs at the rate of 41.6 miles an hour. The fastest long distance run is that of the Chicago limited on the New York Central and Hudson River Road, which averages 41.6 miles an hour from New York to Albany, and 40.6 miles from Albany to Buffalo. The corresponding train on the Pennsylvania Road runs at the rate of thirty-eight miles an hour from Philadelphia to Pittsburg.

The trains which are timed to run over forty miles an hour are: Four found to be very few in number, and there are not many which are called upon to make more than thirty-five or, indeed, over thirty miles for any considerable distance. It should be remembered, however, that a train whose average speed is forty miles an hour must make much faster time than that in parts of its run.

What is the slowest passenger train is not easy to determine, but an "express" on a North Carolina line, which takes nine hours to run 100 miles—an average of 11.1 miles an hour—is a very promising candidate for the honor.

TO HOLDERS OF United States Bonds

At present market prices, 4 1-2's only pay 2 1-4 per cent and the 4s less than 2 3-8 per cent. Many of our clients are exchanging these issues for other high grade securities yielding from 3 3-4 to 6 per cent.

We recommend such an exchange and shall be pleased to furnish descriptive lists and prices on application.

Brewster, Cobb & Estabrook

35 CONGRESS ST., BOSTON.
apr26 ThS&T6m

HEADQUARTERS for FLAGS, BANNERS, TENTS, TORCHES, UNIFORM, NAMES of CANDIDATES, BANDANNAS, FLAG HANDKERCHIEF and BUNTING.

C. W. SIMMONS & CO,'s,
32 to 34 North Street, BOSTON.
jy19 eodnrm3m

AGENTS WANTED

To canvass for one of the largest, oldest established, BEST KNOWN NURSERIES in the country. Most liberal terms. Unequalled facilities. FONTHILL NURSERIES, Ont. Established 1842.

STONE & WELLINGTON,
J. W. BEAL, Manager. Montreal.
je28 eod3mnrm

MISCELLANEOUS.

UNAPPROACHABLE BARGAINS IN MIDSUMMER SUITS FOR GENTLEMEN!

In accordance with my regular custom I take great pleasure in offering to my patrons all my broken lines of Gentlemen's Suits in Light and Medium colors, suitable for half season wear. I have reduced the price on all the various lines of Spring and Summer Suits on account of the lines being broken, and garments which retailed the entire season for $12.00, $15.00, $18.00 and $20.00, will be closed out at the extremely low figures of $8.00, $10.00 and $12.00.

These goods are trimmed in my usual first-class manner, and in construction and general excellence are unsurpassed. I make these generous reductions to close out if possible all my Summer Clothing during the next 15 days to make room for Fall and Winter Stock now making.

BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

I have marked all my Short Pant Suits, ages 5 to 16 years, which have sold all the season at $6.00, $7.00 and $8.00, at $5.00 per suit.
Blouse Suits, former price $2.00 to $5.00, now . . . . . $1.00 to $3.00
There still remains a few more Shirt Waists as advertised this week. If in want of any of these garments you will make a mistake if you don't examine these goods before purchasing. These cut prices are for spot cash.

C. J. FARRINGTON,

180 OLD STORE, MIDDLE STREET. 182.
jy28 dtf

MARRINER & COMPANY, GROCERS,

203 Federal St., - - Whitney Building,

TELEPHONE 501 B.

We have Just Received a Large Lot of

CHOICE FORMOSA OOLONG TEA,

Which we shall sell at the very Low Price of

35 CENTS PER POUND.

3 Pounds for $1.00.

This is the best bargain in Tea that ever came to Portland as the New York Importer needed money more than a profit and sold it at a price far below its value in consideration of our taking the whole lot for cash.

We guarantee it equal to any 50 cent Tea you ever purchased.
jy30 dtf

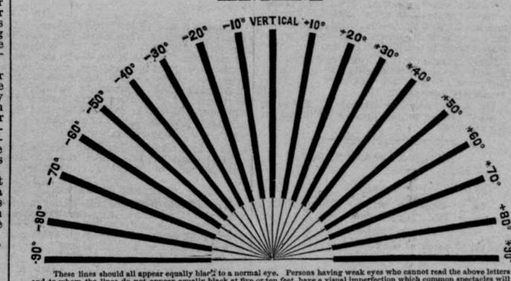
GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICE FOR JULY.

Before taking account of stock August 1st, we shall offer our entire stock at reduced prices.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware at Cost.

MORRISON & CO., 565 Congress Street.
UNDER G. A. R. HALL, NEAR GREEN STREET.
jy3 eodtf

Spectacles and Eye Glasses!



These lines should all appear equally black and of a normal eye. Persons having weak eyes who cannot read the above letters and to whom the lines do not appear equally black at five or ten feet, have a visual imperfection which common spectacles will not improve. They must have special lenses prepared to correct the deformity of their corneas. This defect is called ASTIGMATISM. THIS PRINT should be read with ease at ten inches and is a test for NEAR VISION.

We have a large assortment and are prepared to adjust the same upon scientific principles. We use NACHET'S TRIAL CASE, together with the OPTHALMOSCOPIC TEST LENSE, combining the best methods known for detecting all optical defects of the eye and determining the lenses needed for their correction.

GEORGE C. FRYE, corner Congress and Franklin Streets.
je16 ST&Tf

THE TEACHER'S REST

In Summer from PIANO, CLASS and VOICE instruction is quite compatible with making a plan of campaign for the Winter's work, and a visit to one of the famous Ditson & Co. Music Stores of

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston,
C. H. DITSON & CO., 867 Broadway, N.Y.
J. E. DITSON & CO., 1228 Chestnut St., Phila.,

or to their Branch Instrument Store:

J. C. HAYNES & CO., 33 Court St., Boston

New music books to be examined, are:

Song Manual, (400) Emerson. Book II	For Schools
United Voices, Emerson. (50 cts.)	
Kindergarten Chimes. Wiggin. ($1.25)	For Young Children
Songs for Kindergarten and Primary Schools. Menard. (30 cts.)	
Children's Diadem. Abbey and Munger. (30 cts.)	Sunday Schools
Piano Classics. ($1)	For Players and Singers.
Classical Pianist. ($1)	
Young People's Classics. ($1)	
Song Classics. For Soprano. ($1)	All superfine collections
Song Classics. Low Voices. ($1)	
Classic Tenor Songs. ($1)	

Any book mailed for retail price. Correspond for information.

Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston.
jy17 TuTh&S&w2w

EXCURSIONS TO CALIFORNIA

EVERY WEEK VIA ALL LINES.

For tickets and information, apply to the Ticket Agent, Boston & Maine R. R., Commercial street station. Lowest rates to all points West and South. dec20dtf

FLORIDA!

PEOPLE who are thinking of going to Florida with an idea of investing for

A HOME OR AN ORANGE GROVE

Can learn something of interest by addressing "HOME," drawer 5307 Boston, Mass. FSeod3t

DRINK LEMON ICE

— AT —
SCHLOTTERBECK & FOSS'.

PORTLAND MISFIT CLOTHING COMPANY

Under United States Hotel,
NEAR CONGRESS STREET, - - MARKET SQUARE.

Special Announcement!

The season for Merchant Tailors being nearly over, we have succeeded in closing out from the leading Merchant Tailors in New England the best of Custom Clothing at absolutely less than half its original measured price. This clothing has been left on the tailors' hands for various reasons and this is way we offer the best Custom Clothing at nearly FIFTY CENTS ON A DOLLAR. It comprises the choicest fabrics and styles that the Merchant Tailors make. It consists of Spring Overcoats, Three and Four Button Cutaways, Frock and Sack Suits, Prince Alberts, and a variety of Nobby Pantaloons. Look at the prices: $40.00 Custom Overcoats $20.00. $42.00 Custom Prince Albert Coat and Vest $28.00. $40.00 Custom Sack Suits $18.00. $45.00 Custom Cutaway Suits $25.00. $12.00 Custom Pantaloons $7.00. Remember we sell them as fast as we get them, and they are STRIKING BARGAINS. Please call and examine for yourselves and be convinced that we mean business at our MISFIT PARLORS.

je26 FULL DRESS SUITS FOR SALE OR TOLET STRICTLY ONE PRICE. TT&S8tf

CLOSING OUT STOCK AT TURNER BROS.

A large extension to our store is being built, making it necessary to move our stock, and probably close our store a part of August.

We have decided to close out our present stock if possible previous to that time. We sh not hesitate at any sacrifice.

CLOAKS, SILKS AND DRESS GOODS

At Prices Never Yet Known!

SALE COMMENCES TO-DAY.
jy14 dtf

A NEW CARD TO THE PUBLIC

"The best advertisement for an article is quality--- the next consideration is price."

Articles.	Price.	Articles.	Price.
Lubin's Toilet Powder	.15	Hooper Tooth Powder	.15
" Perfumes, bottles	.55	Sozodont	.49
" " bulk, per oz.	.20	Jewsbury & Brown's Tooth Paste	.39
" Soap	.28, .42, .60	Calder's Dentifrice	.15
Pear's Soap	.13, .15, .19	Our Own	.15
" Shaving	.18, .26, .45	Brown's	.15
Colgate's Violet Water	.15	Murray & Lanman's Florida Water	.47
" Cashmere Bouquet	.15	Hoyt's German Colognes	.15
" Perfumes	.25	Swan Down Face Powder	.10
" Violet Water	.38, .70	Hiker's "	.17
" Rosodora Water	.38	Saunders' "	.24
" Cashmere Bouquet Water	.70	Lablache "	.36
" Soap, Rosodora	.14	Lazell's Perfumes, bulk, oz.	.25
" " Pansy	.14	Vaseline	.12
" " Cashmere Bouquet	.31	Imported Bay Rum, per pint	.40
" " Spermaceti	.30	Guyer & Co's Cologne Waters, per pint	.65
" " Violet	.30	Oriental Cream	.95
" " Glycerine	.14	Coudray's Brilliantine	.40, .50
" " Marguerite	.14	" Lavender Water	.45, .60
" " Vaseline	.15	Pinand's " "	.60, .65
" " Tar	.11	Our Own Beef, Iron and Wine	.35
" " Eau de Cologne	.18	" Wine of Cocoa	.50
" " Naiades	.14	" Florida Water	.20, .35
Cutieura "	.15, $1.75 per doz.	Hagan's Magnolia Balm	.50
Hinds' Honey and Almond Cream	.35	Laird's Bloom of Youth	.50

And an immense stock of Tooth, Nail and Hair Brushes, Combs, Puffs and Puff Boxes, and other Toilet Articles too numerous to mention.

C. H. GUPPY & CO., Corner Congress and Preble Streets.
mar23 eodtf

WARM WAVES

Are rolling in. You can't escape them; but you can escape the sleepless nights, loss of appetite, and languid feeling that result from draining the nervous force by muscular or mental exertion in summer's torrid days. The use of Paine's Celery Compound, that great nervetonic, will at once strengthen the nervous system, and fortify it against the attacks of summer debility. This preparation is a medicine—not a drink. It is a scientific combination of the best tonics, giving lasting benefit to body and brain. It cures all nervous diseases, and has brought new life and health to thousands whose weakened nerves were the cause of their many ills. It is especially valuable at this season, when feeble persons are so liable to sunstroke, a disease which is nearly always fatal. Paine's Celery Compound, by restoring perfect health, almost entirely removes the liability to this dread disease. If you feel the effects of summer's heat, you can't afford to delay another day before gaining the vitality only obtained by the use of this great medicine. *Sold by Druggists. $1.00. Six for $5.00.*

Send for eight-page paper, with many testimonials.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO. BURLINGTON, VT.
jan11 eod&wnrmly

TRUSSES. TRUSSES.

In our stock may be found

HARD RUBBER, LEATHER AND ELASTIC

of every kind. Our long experience enables us to furnish TRUSSES practically constructed of the best material. A PERFECT FIT is guaranteed in every instance. We would call special attention to our improved pad. By their use the most difficult forms of HERNIA can be retained.

GEO. C. FRYE,
Corner Congress and Franklin Streets, - - Portland, Me.
je16 M,W&Ff

UNION DEPOT CAFES.

WE would announce to our patrons that we are now prepared to do general catering in the best possible manner, making a specialty of

EVENING SPREADS.

Fancy Ices, Sweets, Soda, etc. For the convenience of our patrons keep open every evening. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. We invite all to favor us with an early call.
jy18tf GEO. E. WOODBURY & SON, Props.

OFFAL NOTICE.

ALL persons who have any complaints to make for the non-removal of offal or any apparent neglect of duty on the part of the drivers, will confer a favor by notifying the undersigned, instead of making complaints elsewhere, as quicker attention will be given the matter by so doing. G. M. STANWOOD & CO., Nos. 261, 263 and 265 Commercial street. Telephone 980. je29d3m

FINANCIAL.

TO THE HOLDERS OF

United States 4 1-2 Per Cent Bonds,

DUE 1891.

We beg to call your attention to the fact that the above mentioned United States Bonds at the present price yield only

Two and One-quarter Per Cent

(2 1-4) interest, and that as they approach maturity the price will decline until the whole premium will be wiped out.

We therefore advise the holders of these Bonds to sell or exchange them for other securities. We have on hand a desirable list of City, County, Railroad and Water Bonds, suitable for Trust Funds, and would be pleased to have the holders of the above mentioned Bonds communicate with us.

Woodbury & Moulton

Cor. Middle and Exchange Sts.,
PORTLAND, - - - ME.
my25 dtf

THE NorthernBankingCo.

— OFFERS FOR SALE —

5 Per Cent Debenture Bonds of the Company, a legal investment for Savings Banks.
7 Per Cent First Mortgage Loans on Real Estate in the best sections of Kansas.
8 Per Cent First Mortgage Real Estate Loans of the Maricopa Loan and Trust Company, of Phœnix, Arizona.
Also Bank Stocks and other investments.
mh10 ST&Ttf

PORTLAND 6s

Maturing Nov., 1888,

paid at our office on presentation, and for which we will allow a premium and accrued interest. We would also invite the attention of holders of

State of Maine 6s, due 1889,

[which have now only ONE YEAR more to run]

to the importance of availing of the premium which can now be realized upon them, as few months hence they will command no premium at all. We think it is also important to convert the

United States 4 1-2 Per Cent Bonds,

[which now have but little over THREE YEARS to run]

in order to obtain the present high premium which must gradually and surely become less as they approach maturity. We are offering some excellent securities which we can recommend to holders of above bonds, or in exchange for any other securities soon to mature, and we shall be happy to communicate or confer with them regarding such exchange.

SWAN & BARRETT,
186 Middle Street, Portland, Me.
jy18 dtf

BONDS.

$20,000	
Androscoggin & Kennebec R. R.	6s.
$7,000	
Maine Central R. R. 5s.	Due 1923.
$7,000	
Maine Central R. R. Consols Coupon and Registered.	7s.
$25,000	
Portland Water Co. 40 year Gold Coupon and Registered.	4s.
$5,000	
Portland Water Co. 6s.	Due 1891.

For Sale by H. M. Payson & Co.
my17 Bankers, 32 Exchange St. dtf

AMUSEMENTS.

Largest Live Rattlesnake
in the World on Exhibition.
Seven feet in length. Captured at Dungeon Rock, Lynn, Mass., by N. E. Brown, Prospect, Me. Everybody go and see him. Now on exhibition at
104 1-2 EXCHANGE ST.
Admission 5 Cents. aug2d1w

GREENWOOD GARDEN OPERA HOUSE.
Peak's Island, Portland Harbor.
C. H. KNOWLTON, - - - - Manager.
COMIC OPERA.
COMMENCING MONDAY, JULY 30.
MUSKETEERS
— BY THE —
WILKINSON OPERA COMPANY.
Reserved Seats, 5, 10, 15, 20 and 25 cents. jy30dtf

BASE BALL.
South Portlands vs. Boston Blues, FRIDAY, AUGUST 3.
South Portlands vs. Presumpscots, SATURDAY, AUGUST 4.
at Portland Grounds. Admission 25 cents. Ladies free. Game called at 3 o'clock. aug1 d4t

FIRST GRAND EXCURSION
— OF THE —
Truckmen and Teamsters
AT LONG ISLAND,
SATURDAY, AUGUST 4th, 1888.
Tickets $1.00 for Round Trip and Dinner. jly30d5t

Sunday Excursion!
CASCO BAY STEAMBOAT CO.
SUNDAY, AUGUST 4th,
if pleasant, the new steamer
Forest Queen
will make an excursion to
Fort Popham and Bath!
Leave Custom House Wharf at 9 a. m., stop at Bath for dinner, returning, leave at 3 p. m.
Fare for Round Trip $1. Tickets Limited to 300.
aug2d3t C. W. T. GODING, Gen. Agent.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATE OF MAINE.
TO THE ELECTORS
— OF THE —
City of Portland.

PURSUANT to warrants from the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Portland, I hereby notify and warn the inhabitants of said City of Portland, qualified according to law, to meet at their respective wards in said City on the first THURSDAY in August, A. D., 1888, being the second day of said month, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, then and there to give in their ballots upon the following question:

Wether the legal voters of the City of Portland will ratify the lease from the City of Portland and Ogdensburg Railway to the Maine Central Railroad Company; which was approved and authorized to be executed by the Directors of the Maine Central Railroad Company on the twelfth day of July, A. D. 1888; and by the Directors of the Portland and Ogdensburg Railway on the sixteenth day of July, A. D., 1888; in accordance with Chapter 507 of the Private Laws of 1885 of the State of Maine, entitled An Act in relation to the Portland and Ogdensburg Railroad Company.

Such questions shall be determined in the following manner, that is to say, Each voter in favor of ratifying and confirming such lease, shall express his preference by a ballot bearing the word "Yes," and each voter opposed thereto, by a ballot bearing the word "No."

The polls on such day of election to remain open until four o'clock in the afternoon, when they shall be closed.

I also give notice to said inhabitants that the Aldermen of said city will be in open session at the Aldermen's Room, in City Building, from nine till twelve o'clock in the forenoon, and from two to five o'clock in the afternoon, on each of the four secular days next preceding said day of election, for the purpose of receiving evidence of the qualification of voters whose names have not been entered on the list of qualified voters, in and for the several Wards, and for correcting said lists.

GEO. C. BURGESS, City Clerk.
Portland, July 26, 1888. jy26dtd

CITY OF PORTLAND.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Committee on Public Buildings, at the Mayor's office, City Building, until WEDNESDAY, August 15th, 1888, at 12 o'clock noon, for furnishing materials and performing all labor required in the erection and finishing of a brick addition to the engine house of Casco Engine, No. 5, near the corner of Congress and Market streets, according

THE PRESS.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 2.

THE PRESS.

May be obtained at the Periodical Depots of N. G. Fessenden, House Railroad Station; Marquis, 76 Exchange St.; Armstrong, E. & M. C. R. R. Depot; Hodgson, 96½ Portland St.; John Cox, 560 Congress St.; Costello, 7 Exchange St.; Holden, 47 Middle St.; Jewett, 504 Congress St.; Peterson, 2 Exchange St.; Gould, corner Congress and Chestnut Sts.; Chisholm, 109 Congress St.; Hopkins, Commercial, corner Park; Morrill, 243 Congress St.; Ross, 198 Congress St.; Beardsworth, 87 India St.; Abbott, 248 Spring St.; and of Chisholm Bros.' agents on all trains running out of the city.

Auburn, Haskell & Reynolds.
Augusta, J. F. Pierce.
Bath, J. O. Shaw.
Biddeford, F. M. Burnham.
" A. L. Jellerson.
Boston, Mass., American House.
Brunswick, B. L. Dennison.
Cumberland Mills, K. S. Raymond.
Damariscotta, E. W. Dunbar.
Freeport, W. A. Mitchell.
Fryeburg, J. G. Gerry.
Fairfield, E. H. Evans.
Farmington, White & Marwick.
Gardiner, Palmer & Co.
Gorham, Jas. H. Irish & Co.
Lewiston, Chandler & Estes.
Long Island, T. M. Glendenning.
Mechanic Falls, A. W. Bridge, Merrill & Denning.
Norway, S. L. Crockett, A. O. Noyes.
Old Orchard, Geo. E. Fogg.
Orrs Island, S. C. Prince & Son.
Richmond, G. A. Beale.
Rockland, O. S. Andrews, R. H. Burnham & Wm. H. Hyde.
Saccarappa, W. B. Boothby.
Saco, H. B. Kendrick & Co., Wm. Stackpole.
So. Paris, A. M. Gerry.
Springvale, C. H. Pierce.
Skowhegan—Bixby & Buck.
Thomaston, S. Berry.
Vinalhaven, A. B. Vinal.
Waldoboro, G. Bliss.
Waterville, C. H. Hayes.
Yarmouth, W. F. Bennett.

PORTLAND POST OFFICE.

Summer Arrangement.

OFFICE HOURS.

Cashier's Office, (Sunday excepted), 7.30 a. m. to 7.00 p. m. Money order department, 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Registry department, 9.00 a. m. to 6 p. m.

General Delivery, (Sunday excepted) 7.30 a. m. to 7.00 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 10 a. m.

Carrier's Deliveries, (Sunday excepted)—In business section of the city between High and India street at 7 and 10 a. m., 12.30, 1.45 and 5 p. m. In other sections at 8 a. m., 1.45 and 5 p. m. Sunday delivery at Post Office window, 9 to 10 a. m. Collections from street boxes at 7 and 11 a. m., 4 and 8 p. m. Sunday 6 p. m. only.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Southern and Western, via Boston and Maine railroad (Eastern division)—Arrive, 12.25, 5.05 and 11.25 p. m.; Close 8.00 a. m., 12 m., 5.15 and 9 p. m.; Supplementary, 12.15 and 10 p. m.

Boston, intermediate offices and connections, via Boston & Maine railroad, (Western division)—Arrive at 12.30 and 8.30 p. m.; Close 8 a. m. and 2.45 p. m.

Eastern, via Maine Central Railroad—Arrive, 2 a. m. and 1 p. m.; Close 12.00 m. and 9 p. m.; Supplementary, 12.40 and 10 p. m.

Augusta, intermediate offices and connections, via Maine Central railroad—Arrive at 2 and 9 a. m., 1 and 6.00 p. m.; Close at 8.15 a. m., 12 m., 4.30 and 9 p. m.; Supplementary, 12.40 and 10 p. m.

Farmington, intermediate offices and connections, via Maine Central railroad—Arrive at 2 p. m. and 1 and 6 p. m.; Close at 12 m. and 4.30 and 9 p. m.; Supplementary, 12.40 and 10 p. m.

Rockland, intermediate offices and connections, via Knox and Lincoln railroad—Arrive, 1 and 6.00 p. m.; Close at 6.15 a. m. and 12 m.; Supplementary, 12.40 p. m.

Skowhegan, intermediate offices and connections, via Maine Central railroad—Arrive at 2 a. m. and 1 p. m.; Close at 12 m. and 9 p. m.; Supplementary 12.40 and 10.00 p. m.

Auburn and Lewiston,—Arrive 2 and 8.35 a. m. and 1 and 6 p. m.; Close, 6.30 a. m., 12 m., 4.30 and 9 p. m.; Supplementary, 12.40 and 10 p. m.

Bangor—Arrive at 2 a. m. and 1 and 6 p. m.; Close at 8.15 a. m., 12 m. and 9 p. m.; Supplementary 12.40 and 10.00 p. m.

Canada, intermediate offices and connections, via Grand Trunk railroad—Arrive at 12.25 p. m.; Close at 1.00 p. m.

Gorham, N. H., intermediate offices and connections, via Grand Trunk railroad—Arrive at 8.35 a. m. and 12.25 p. m.; Close at 6.30 and 8.45 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.

Swanton, Vt., intermediate offices and connections, via Portland and Ogdensburg railroad—Arrive at 8.15 p. m.; Close at 8.00 a. m.

Bartlett, N. H., intermediate offices and connections, via Portland & Ogdensburg railroad—Arrive at 900 a. m. and 8.15 p. m.; Close at 8.00 a. m. and 12.00 m.

Rochester, N. H., intermediate offices and connections, via Portland & Rochester railroad—Arrive at 1.45 p. m.; Close at 7 a. m. and 12 m.;

Eastport, (tri weekly) via steamers International Steamship Co.—Arrive at 5 a. m. Sunday, Thursday and Saturday; Close at 4.30 p. m. Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Chebeague, Long and Cousin's Islands—Arrive at 9.30 a. m.; Close at 4.30 p. m.

Peak's Island—Arrive 10 a. m. and 4.30 p. m. Close 8 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

Stage Mails, &c.

Duck Pond, Westbrook, Windham, Raymond and South Casco—Arrive at 11 a. m.; Close at 2 p. m.

Emery Beach, Ocean House and Knightsville—Arrive at 10 a. m.; Close at 3 p. m.

South Portland, Ferry Village and Willard—Arrive at 8 a. m. and 2.30 p. m.; Close at 8 a. m. and 2.30 p. m.

East Deering—Arrive at 7.30 p. m.; Close at 7.00 p. m.

WIT AND WISDOM.

Customer—How is your brother doing, Isaacstein, who went to the oil country a year or so ago?

Mr. Isaacstein—Ah! poor Abraham, he was blown oop by dynamite. Poor boy! He died.

Customer—You don't tell me! Were his remains found?

Mr. Isaacstein (overcome)—My frent, not more as t-wenty-five per cent. Choost think of dot—only t-wenty-five per cent. Dot vos awful!

Women with pale, colorless faces, who feel weak and discouraged, will receive both mental and bodily vigor by taking Carter's Iron Pills, which are made for the blood, nerves and complexion.

Ethel—Who was that old gentleman who took you into dinner?

Clara—An old bachelor friend of papa's. He is delightful.

Ethel—I shouldn't think you would find a baldheaded old bachelor a very delightful companion at dinner.

Clara—Oh, but he was; he attracted all the flies.

GOOD housekeepers are fast finding out that a pure Extract made by Joseph Burnett & Co., costing a cent or two more a bottle, goes farther and makes the most delicious of dishes. Avoid goods only recommended by their cheapness.

Speaking with a lady, a gentleman mentioned that he failed to keep abreast of the scientific advance of the age.

"For instance," he said, "I don't know at all how the incandescent electric light, which is now used in some buildings and in railway cars, is procured."

"Oh, it's very simple," said the girl. "You just turn a little button over the lamp, and the light appears at once."

Those unhappy persons who suffer from nervousness and dyspepsia should use Carter's Little Nerve Pills, which are made expressly for sleepless, nervous, dyspeptic sufferers. Price 25 cents.

"Young man," he said, "why don't you give up this life of idleness and luxury and try to make a name for yourself?"

"Twy and make a name for myself? Why, my dear sir, my little English fox hound took the first pwize at the dog show, b'jove!"

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

REVIEW OF PORTLAND WHOLESALE MARKET

FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUG 1.

In Breadstuffs and Provisions there has been a decided improvement in the demand as well as prices. Flour has advanced from 10c to 15c a barrel, and it looks as though the advance had come to stay. Pork is firm with a good inquiry and quoted about 50 ⅌ bbl above last week's figures. Lard is fully ¼c higher. Fresh Beef is steady for the best grades, while lower grades are generally weak, and for such prices have declined; we now quote sides at 6¼@6c ⅌ lb, hind quarters 9@12½c, fore qtrs 5@6½c, rounds with flanks 6@7½c, rump loins 14@17c, rumps 11@14c, loins 12@20c, rattles 4c, backs 6@7½c, chucks at 5@5½c, short rib cuts 14c; mutton 9c. The Sugar market is easy and ⅛c lower at 8⅛c for granulated and 7⅝c for Extra C; stock in the four ports at latest dates was 108,838 tons against 167,151 tons in 1887 and 191,471 tons in 1886. Molasses is strong at the recent advance; stock in the four ports at latest dates was 3310 hogsheads against 7766 hogsheads in 1887 and 7682 hogsheads in 1886. New Orleans Molasses is more firmly held in New York at 37 to 40c, as to quality. Turpentine higher at 41@48c. Paints are off 25c. Burning Oils ½c better. Stove Coal firmly held at $6.

Railroad Receipts.

PORTLAND, July 31, 1888.

Receipts by Maine Central Railroad—For Portland 27 cars, miscellaneous merchandise; for connecting roads 95 cars miscellaneous merchandise.

Grain Quotations.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

Monday's quotations.

WHEAT.

	July.	Aug.	Sept.
Opening	84½	84	84⅛
Highest	85¼	84½	85
Lowest	83¾	83⅝	84
Closing	84⅝	83¾	85

CORN.

	July.	Aug.	Sept.
Opening	45¼	45	45
Highest	45¾	45⅝	45
Lowest	45¼	45	44¾
Closing	45⅝	45⅛	45

OATS.

	July.	Aug.	Sept.
Opening	..	..	..
Highest	..	..	29¼
Lowest	..	..	28¼
Closing	..	..	28¼

Tuesday's quotations.

WHEAT.

	July.	Aug.	Sept.
Opening	84	83⅝	84¼
Highest	84	83¾	84⅝
Lowest	82	82	82¾
Closing	82	82	82¾

CORN.

	July.	Aug.	Sept.
Opening	45⅝	45¼	45¼
Highest	45⅝	45⅝	46
Lowest	45⅝	45⅝	45⅛
Closing	45⅝	45½	45½

OATS.

	July.	Aug.	Sept.
Opening	..	..	28½
Highest	..	..	28½
Lowest	..	..	28¼
Closing	..	..	28½

Boston Produce Market.

BOSTON, Aug. 1, 1888.—The following are today's quotations of Provisions, &c.:

Pork—Long cut 18 00@18 50; short cuts 18 00@18 50; backs 18 50@19 00; light backs 17 50; pickle tongues 19 00.

Lard—Choice 9¾@9¾c ⅌ lb in tcs; 9½@9¾c in 10-lb pails; 9¾@10c in 5-lb pails; 10@10¼c in 3 lb pails.

Hams at 11½@12½c, according to size and cure; pressed hams 12½@13c.

Hogs—Choice city dressed hogs at 8⅜c ⅌ lb; country do at 7½c.

Butter—Western extra creamery at 20@21c; ext firsts at 19@20c; firsts at 17½@18c; extra imitation creamery at 17@18c; do seconds at 15@16c; factory, choice at 16c; do fair to good 15@16c; New York and Vermont extra creamery 21c; do ext firsts at 21c. The above quotations are for receivers' prices for strictly wholesale lots. Jobbing prices 1@2c higher.

Cheese—Northern choice 9@9¼c; lower grades as to quality: Western at 8¼@8½c; sage at 9c. Jobbing prices ½c higher.

Eggs—Eastern extras 18½@19c; fancy near-by stock higher; Eastern firsts at 18c; extra Vt and N H at 18@19c; fresh Western 17@17½c; N S and N B 18@18½c; Michigan choice at 18c. Jobbing price 1c higher.

Poultry—Choice spring chickens 25@27; Western at 17@18c; Northern dressed fowls at 13@15; Western iced fowls 12@13c; dressed ducks 15@17c; live fowls at 11@12c; live chickens at 14@17; live spring ducks at 12@14c.

Beans—Choice small N Y hand picked peas at 2 80@2 90 ⅌ bush; choice New York large hand picked do 2 80@2 85; small Vermont hand-picked do at 3 05@3 10.

Hay—Choice prime hay 19 00; some fancy $20; fair to good at $16 00@18 00; Eastern fine $14@15; poor to ordinary $13@$15; Eastiswale 10@$11. Rye straw, choice, at 21 00@$22 00; oat straw 10,00@11 00.

Potatoes—$2 00 ⅌ bbl for choice new Norfolks, 1 50@1 75 for fair to good. 2 25@2 57½ for Jerseys.

Brighton Cattle Market.

For the week ending Wednesday, Aug. 1, 1888.

Amount of stock at market—Cattle 1211, Sheep and Lambs 7,040; Swine 19,315; veals 65 shorses 255; number Western Cattle 1069; Northern and Eastern Cattle, cows, &c., 378.

Prices of Beef Cattle ⅌ 100 lbs, live weight Extra quality 6 12½@6 50; first quality 5 75@6 00; second quality 5 4 75@5 00; third quality 3 75@4 62½; poorest grades of coarse Oxen, Bulls, etc., at 3 00@3 50.

Brighton Hides 6½c ⅌ lb.

Brighton Tallow 3¾c ⅌ lb.

Country Hides 5@5½c.

Country Tallow 3½@3¾c ⅌ lb.

Calf skins 5@6c ⅌ lb.

Dairy skins 15@50c.

Sheepskins 20c each.

Lamb Skins 40@50c.¶

Sheep and Lambs—Those brought in were all owned by butchers. Lambs sold at 4 75@5 62½; fall sheep 4½@5c ⅌ lb live weight landed at the yards.

Swine—Western fat hogs are costing 6 20@6 40 ⅌ lb live weight.

Chicago Cattle Market.

By Telegraph.]

CHICAGO, Aug. 1, 1888—Cattle market—receipts 9,000, including 4500 Texans and Western cattle; shipments 2900; best natives are higher; choice to extra beeves 5 40@6 10; stockers and feeders 2 25@3 65; cows, bulls and mixed 1 75@3 15; Texas cattle weak; steers at 2 20@3 50.

Hogs receipts 9,000; shipments 6000; fairly active and lower; mixed 6 10@6 65; heavy 6 20@6 60; light 6 30@6 70; skips —.

Sheep—receipts 3,000; shipments 1140; active and shade higher; natives at 3 75@4 00; Western at 3 50@4 10; Texas 3 00@3 80; lambs 5 00@6 52 ⅌ 100 lbs.

Domestic Markets.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 1, 1888.—Flour market—receipts 7,365 packages; exports 1419 bbls and 13,705 sacks; sales 32,000 bbls.

Flour quotations—Fine at 2 10@2 75; superfine Western and State 2 80@3 10; common to good extra Western and State at 2 85@3 40; good to choice do at 3 10@5 00; common to choice White Wheat Western extra at 4 50@4 70; fancy do at 4 75@5 10; common to good extra Ohio at 2 85@5 10; common to choice extra St Louis at 2 70@5 00; patent Minnesota extra good to prime at 4 60@4 80; choice to fancy do at 4 85@5 10, others unchanged; including 2300 bbls city mills, extra at 4 50@4 75; 1500 bbls fine do at 2 10@2 85; 2700 bbls superfine at 2 50@3 10; 1400 low extra at 2 85@3 40; 8700 bbls winter wheat extra 2 85@5 10; 13,700 bbls Minnesota extra 2 85@5 10. Southern flour quiet and firmly held; common to fair extra 3 00@3 90; good to choice do 4 00@5 10. Rye flour firm. Wheat—receipts 34,650 bush; exports 61,992 bush; sales 137,000 bush; higher, closing firm; trade very moderate; No 2 spring nominal 95c; No 1 hard at 97⅞c delivered; No 2 Red at 95@97c elev, 98c afloat, 97@97½c f o b. Barley is nominal. Corn—receipts 1100 bush; exports 20,581 bush, sales 87,000 bush; higher and only moderately active; No 2 at 56¾@57¼ delivered to arrive. Oats—receipts 61,000 bush, exports 36 bush; sales 102,000 bush; higher, closing firm; No 3 at 37c; White do at 39½c; No 2 at 38⅝@38¾c elev, 39c delivered; do White at 40¼@41c; No 1 White 44c; Mixed Western at 37@39c; do White at 42@50c; White State at 40@45c. Coffee—fair Rio is nominal at 14c. Sugar is dull; refined dull; C at 6¼@6½c; Extra C at 6 7-16@6½c; White Extra C at 6⅝c; Yellow at 6@6¼c; standard A 7c; Mould A at 7¾c; Confectioners A at 7⅛c; off A 6¾c; powdered 7¼c; granulated at 7⅛@7⅝c; Cubes 7¾c. Petroleum is firm; united at 82c. Pork is firm, Beef dull. Lard is higher and very quiet; Western steam at 9 15; city steam 8 60; refined quoted at 9 00 for Continent; S A $10 10. Butter weak and lower; State 14@20½c; Western at 11@19c. Cheese quiet and steady.

Freights to Liverpool dull.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1, 1888.—The Flour market is firm and higher. Wheat excited; No 2 Spring at 83½c; No 2 Red 85½@86c. Corn higher; No 2 at 47¼@47¾c. Oats higher; No 2 at 28@28¼c. Rye at 46½c for No 2. Barley—No 2 at 62c. Provisions—Pork active and stronger 14 75@14 80. Lard at 8 95@8 97½. Dry salted shoulders 7 26@7 40; short clear sides 9 10@9 20. Whiskey at 1 20.

Receipts—Flour, 22,000 bbls; wheat, 72,000 bush; corn 338,000 bush; oats 120,000 bush; rye 1,000 bush; barley, 8,000 bush.

Shipments—Flour, 7,000 bbls; wheat, 23,000 bush; corn, 112,000 bush; oats, 28,000 bush; rye 1,000 bush, barley 1,000 bush.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 1, 1888.—The Flour market is quiet but firm. Wheat quiet, strong and higher; No 2 Red at 83@83¼c. Corn active and higher; No 2 at 44⅝@44¾c. Oats are active and strong; No 2 at 22½@23½c. Rye very strong; No 3 at 42c. Whiskey steady at 1 14. Provisions firmer; Pork 15 50 in job lots. Lard, prime steam at 8 85, but choice 8 80. Dry salted meats shoulders at 7 50; longs and ribs at 8 ¢2½@8 75; short clear at 9 12½; Bacon—shoulders at 8 25; longs and ribs 9 60@9 62½; short clear 9 75@9 87½. Hams $12 50@$14.

Receipts—Flour, 2,000 bbls, wheat 10,000 bush, corn 41,000 bush, oats 35,000 bush, barley, 000 bush, rye 0000 bush.

Shipments—Flour 8,000 bbls, wheat 10,000 bush, corn 16,000 bush, oats, 20,000 bush, barley 0,000 bush, rye 00,000 bush.

DETROIT, Aug. 1, 1888.—Wheat—No 1 White at 88½c; No 2 Red at 88½c. Corn—No 2 at 48. Oats—No 2 at 34½c.

Receipts—Wheat 50,000 bush.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 1, 1888.—Cotton is nominal; middling 10½c.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 1, 1888.—Cotton is firm; middling 10c.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 1, 1888.—Cotton is quiet, middling 10c.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 1, 1888.—Cotton steady; middling at 10c.

MOBILE, Aug. 1, 1888.—Cotton is firm; middling 9⅞c.

European Markets.

By Telegraph.]

LONDON, Aug. 1, 1888.—Consols 99 9-16 for money and 99⅝ for the account.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 1.—The Cotton market—steady with fair demand; middling uplands at 5 5-16d; do Orleans at 5⅝d; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1000 bales; receipts 5000 bales.

Portland Wholesale Prices Current.

For the week ending Aug. 1, 1888.

Flour.		**Grain.**	
Superfine and		H Mxd Corn	60@61
X grades	2 95@4 00	Corn, bag lots	60@62
X Spring and		Oats, car lots	44@44
XX Spring	4 35@4 60	Oats, bag lots	47@48
Patent Spring		Cracked Corn,	
Wheats	5⅝@5 50	car lots	25@25 50
Mich. straight		do bag	26 00@27 00
roller	5 00@5 25	Sack'd Bran,	
clear do	4 75@5 00	car lots	19 00@20 00
stone ground	4 50@4 75	Middlings,	21 00@22 00
St. Louis st'ht		do bag lots	21 00@25 00
roller	5 13@5 25	**Provisions.**	
clear do	5 00@5 25	Pork	
Winter Wheat		Backs	18 75@19 00
Patents	5⅝@5 50	Clear	18 50@19 50
Fish.		Mess	16 75@17 00
Cod, ⅌ qtl		Beef—	
Large Shore	4 50@4 57	Extra Mess	8 00@8 50
Large Bank	4 75@5 00	Plate	9 00@9 25
Pollock	2 50@3 00	Ex Plate	9 50@10 00
Haddock	2 00@2 25	Lard—	
Hake	2 00@2 25	Tubs ⅌ p	@9⅝c
Herring		Tierces	@9⅝c
Scaled ⅌ bx	20@22	Pkgs	10 00@11 00
No 1	10@00	Hams ⅌ lb	12½@
Mackerel ⅌ bbl—		do covered	14½@
Shores	20 00@22 00	**Oil**	
Shore 2s	17 00@19 00	Kerosene	
Med. 3s	$12@14	Po Ref. Pet	8¼
Large	$15@16		
Produce.		Pratt's Ast'l	9bbl. 11½
Cranberries—		Devoe's Brilliant	10¾
Cape Cod	00@00 00	Elgin	9½
Jersey	00@3 25		
Medium	2 50@2 75	Centennial	9½
German	00@2 50	**Raisins.**	
Yellow	2 00@2 25	Muscatel	2 25@3 35
Potatoes, bush	1 00	London Lay	2 85@3 25
		Muscatel and	2 25@2 50
New Potatoes, bbl	2 50@3 00	Valencia	7@7½
	2 50@3 00		
Ber Onions, cr	2 00@2 25	**Sugar.**	
Yea Beans	2 00@3 25	Granulated ⅌	8⅛
Medium	2 50@2 75	Extra C	7⅝
German	00@2 50		
Yellow	2 00@2 25	**Seeds.**	
Potatoes, bush	1 00	Red Top	4@4½
		Timothy Seed	3 00@3 10
		Clover	8¼@12½c
Duck		**Cheese.**	
No 1	33	Vermont	9½@11¼
No 3	30	N Y, factory	9½@11¼
No 10	20	Skim	3@6½
8 oz	18	**Saleratus.**	
10 oz	20	Saleratus	5@5½
Gunpowder—Shot.		**Spices.**	
Blasting	3 50@4 00	Cassia, pure	15@17
Sporting	6 25@6 50	Cloves	25@28
Drop shot	9	Ginger	13@15
Buck	7	Mace	75@90
		Nutmegs	65@70
Hay.		Pepper	22@26
Pressed	$12@14	**Starch.**	
Straw	8 @8 11	Laundry	3½@7½
Iron.		**Teas.**	
Common	2½@2¼	Souchong	18@50
Refined	3 @2¾	Oolong	20@30
Norway	4 @4½	Ex do choice	35@50
Cast steel	.12 @15	Japan	25@30
German steel	5 @7	do choice	35@40
Shoe steel	3	**Tobacco.**	
Sheet iron—		Best brands	50@60
Common	3¾@4¼	Medium	30@40
H.C.	4¼@4½	Common	25@30
Russia	13½@14	Half ⅌	
Galv	7@8½	Natural leaf	60@70

SAILING DAYS OF STEAMSHIPS.

FROM	FOR	
Trave	New York	Bremen Aug 1
Rhynland	New York	Antwerp Aug 1
Cienfuegos	New York	Cienfuegos Aug 2
Valencia	New York	Laguayra Aug 2
Atlas	New York	Hayti Aug 2
Cephalonia	Boston	Liverpool Aug 4
City of Chicago	New York	Liverpool Aug 4
Etruria	New York	Liverpool Aug 4
Furnessia	New York	Glasgow Aug 4
Werra	New York	Bremen Aug 4
La Gascogne	New York	Havre Aug 4
Alaska	New York	Liverpool Aug 7
City of Rome	New York	Liverpool Aug 8
Celtic	New York	Liverpool Aug 8
Westernland	New York	Antwerp Aug 8

MINIATURE ALMANAC.....AUGUST 2.

Sun rises	4 30	High water	7 04
Sun sets	7 04		7 14
Length of day	14 34	Height	7 ft 6 in
Moon rises	12.07		8 ft 2 in

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF PORTLAND

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 1.

Arrived.

Steamer Cumberland, Thompson, Boston for Eastport and St John, NB.

Sch Emma W Day, Grindle, Boston.
Sch Emma, Littlejohn, Kennebec for Philadelphia, (lost foresail.)
Sch Laura & Marion, Eastman, Harpswell.
Sch Mary Elizabeth, Dunton, Boothbay.

Cleared.

Steamship Eleanora, Bennett, New York—J B Coyle.
Barque Skobelef, Tucker, Kennebec, to loap for Baltimore—S Winslow & Co.
Sch B C Cromwell, York, Philadelphia—Chase, Leavitt & Co.
Sch Chas A Briggs, Hammett, Norfolk, to load for Boston—Ryan & Kelsey.
Sch C V Minot, Hathaway, Machias—J H Blake.
Sch J C Jameson, Hatch, Deer Isle—N Blake.
Sch Brilliant, Hooper, Port Clyde—J H Blake.
Sch W C Pendleton, Webber, Damariscotta—J H Blake.

SAILED—Ship Annie Bingay; schs B C Cromwell, Chas A Briggs, and Emulator.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

WISCASSET, July 31—Ar, sch Melissa A Willey, Willey, Portland, to load for Pensacola.

Aug 1—Sld, schs Millie Washburn, Brown, for Boston; Douglass Haynes, Greenleaf, for New Haven.

PORT CLYDE, July 31—Ar, U S steamer Iris, Johnson, Portland; sch C M Gilmore, Hooper, do; Abby Morse, with 10,000 lbs fish.

FROM MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

Ar at Gala prev to 27th, barque Edwin Reed, Fulton, Colombo.

Sld fm Swansea 30th, ship Challenger, Thompson, Acapulco.

Sld fm London 31st, barque Mohican, Berry, for Buenos Ayres.

Passed Tuskar 28th inst, barque Girard C Tobey, Delano, Liverpool for San Francisco.

Sld fm Aspinwall 28th inst, barque M S Ames, Crocker, Pedro Keys and Savannah.

Memoranda.

Rockport, Mass., Aug 1—Sch W A Duboscq, (of Bangor) Wheeler, home for Salem, yesterday, went ashore at Mouth Island this morning and will probably be a total wreck. Wreckers are saving material.

New York, July 31—Sch Fannie H Stewart has been in collision with schr James E Woodhous, in East river, and lost bowsprit, cutwater, and all attached.

Fishermen.

Ar at Vineyard-Haven 30th, schs Albert Woodbury, and Lizzie Maud, seining.

Passed Fort Mulgrave 30th, schs Gertie May, from Anticosti for Portland; Harry G French, North Bay for Gloucester.

Ar at Gulphoro 28th, sch Gracie C Young, from Rockland for Banks.

Ar at Bort Hawkesbury, CR, 28th, sch Orient, Lee, from North Bay for Gloucester, with 160 bbls mackerel.

Domestic Ports.

SEATTLE—In port 25th, ship Baring Brothers, Marsters, for San Francisco; Invincible, Lewis; Prussia, Reynolds; Jas Nesmith, Jackson; J B Walker, Wallace, and Levi G Burgess, Rock, for San Francisco; Harvester, do.

TACOMA—In port 25th, ships Wm J Rotch, Gibbs, from Junagadhe; Wm McGilvery, Dunbar for San Francisco; State of Maine, Nickels, do.

SAN DIEGO—Ar 31st, barque Theobald, Reed, Puget Sound.

RICHMOND—Ar 31st, sch Wm Cobb, Chase, Kennebec.

NEWPORT NEWS—Ar 31st, sch Bradford C French, Hammett, Portland.

Sld 31st, sch Viking, Church, Portland.

BALTIMORE—Ar 30th, sch Harry Messer, Sears, and E C Allen, Mecy, Kennebec; Walter Armington, Drinkwater, Providence.

Cld 30th, schs Benjamin Tollman, Newbury-port; B F Pools, Davis, Providence.

Ar 31st, schs Warren Adams, Colcord, Kennebec; Fred Jackson, Tolman, do.

Off Wolf Trap 29th, sch Chas H Haskell, for Portland.

PHILADELPHIA—Ar 30th, schs Franconia, Young, Sullivan; Geo L Fessenden, R T Maull, F C Yarnell, Mary S Judge, Georgie Clark, Mary Shandiss and Corn, from Kennebec; J H May, and H W Middleton, do.

Ar 31st, schs Falmouth, Clark, Kennebec; Fostina, Philbrook, Portland; Anna W Barker, Sargent, Mt Desert.

Old 31st, brig Maria W Norwood, Coombs, for Bangor.

NEW YORK—Ar 30th, schs Lizzie May, Hutchinson, Black River, Ja; Ann Elizabeth, Linnell, Bangor; Emma Warren, Philbrook, do.

Ar 1st, barque Lizzie Carter, Goodman, Apalachicola; schs Louise Hastings, Gray, Tampico; Fanny Fern, Warren, Philbrook, do.

Cld 31st, barques C S Hulbert, Davis, for Portland, O; Mary C Hale, Higgins, Vera Cruz; Annie Reed, Warren, sydney, NSW; Samuel E Spring, Rose, Portland.

STONINGTON—Ar 30th, sch Andrew Peters, Brit, Rockland.

PROVIDENCE—Ar 31st, sch J P Wyman, Hodgdon, New York.

NEW BEDFORD—Sld 31st, sch Abner Taylor, Dodge, Bangor.

VINEYARD-HAVEN—Ar 30th, schs Nellie, from Boston for New York; J L Malloy, Vinalhaven for do; E M Cook, Calais for New Haven; Lavolta, and Wesley Abbott, Ellsworth for Rondout.

EDGARTOWN—Ar 29th, schs Silver Spray, Maloney, Northport for Boston; Charleston, Erskine, Vinalhaven for do.

HYANNIS—In port 31st, schs John Lenthal, Carver, Bangor for Fireland; Fanny & Edith, Ryder, do for New York; Ada Barrett, Preble, Gardiner for New Rochelle; Clara Jane, Allen, Hillsboro for do; Susan Snow, Snow, and S J Gillmore, St John NB, for do; Diadem, do.

BOSTON—Ar 21st, schs Jas Boyce, Jr, Duncan Baltimore; Maud Briggs, Nolan, Philadelphia; Alice McDonald, Dukeshire, do; Teluman, Marshall, Hoboken; Sadie Willcutt, Hart, Hoboken; Marcenus, Frankland, Hoboken; Josie, Smith, Bangor; Polly Philbrook, Rockland; J M Kennedy, Whitaker, Ellsworth.

Sld 31st, schs Emma McAdam, T A Lambert, D S Lawrence, and Rebecca F Lamben.

Ar 1st, schs Luis G Rabel, Smith, Cardenas and Calibarien; schs Augusta S Hall, Hall, Pensacola; Joseph W Fish, Hart, Galveston; Sophia Willey, Quinn, Bangor; Willie, Knowlton, Deer Isle.

Cld 1st, brig Akbar, Holmes, Bear River; sch Fred Jackson, Soule, Hillsboro.

Cld 1st, barque Saml H Nickerson.

SALEM—Ar 31st, schs Nettie Cushing, Fuller, Hoboken; A Heaton, Pettee, Elizabethport.

NEWBURYPORT—Ar 30th, sch Neptune, Sanborn, New York.

Sld 30th, sch Hannah F Kimball, Kimball, for Rockland and New York.

PORTSMOUTH—Ar 31st, schs H E Russell, Turner, New York for Dover; Clifford, Hodgkins, Port Johnson; Petrel, Hallock, from Camden for Boston; Maine, Ryan, from New York for Dover; Sarah Eaton, and W M Snow, New York.

Sld 31st, sch Florence J Allen, Dunton, Bath.

BATH—Ar 31st, schs Geo Nevinger, Jordan, New York; Julia, Strout, Boston; F Edwards, Browne, East Demits; Cambridge, Fletcher, from Boston; Rival, Strout, do.

Sld 31st, schs Emma, Littlejohn, and Georgia Plumer, Moore, Philadelphia; Ida M Stubbs, Blair, Baltimore; F Edwards, Hutchings, Greenport; Nancy J Day, Fountain, New Haven; M L Varney, Weeks, Boston.

Foreign Ports.

Ar at Victoria 18th, ship Edw O'Brien, Taylor, San Pedro via Port Townsend.

Ar at Lorient 29th, ship Martha Cobb, Crosby, Chatham, NB.

Sld fm Dunkirk 27th, ship Indiana, Morrison, Cardiff.

Sld fm Queenstown 30th inst, ship Louisiana, Oliver, from San Francisco for Havre.

Sld fm Frontera 14th, sch H J Fowell, Mason, New York.

Ar at Curacoa 14th, brig Harry Smith, Hutchins, Bangor.

Ar at Port Medway, NS, 25th inst, sch A L Butler, Foster, Boston, to load for Havana.

Sld fm Saga 25th, barque Alice, Kair, Philadelphia.

Ar at Hillsboro 28th, sch F T Drisko, Pierce Jonesport.

Cld 28th, schs T A Stuart, Kelley, Newark; Jas Warren, Falkingham, do; Hunter, Hall, do; Sawyer, Sawyer, Newark.

Cld at Moneton 23d, sch Crown Prince, Cole, for Portland.

Ar at St John, NB, 30th, brig Aldine, Carty, Sydney; 21st, schs Saarbrenk, Clark, Machias; Etna, Reynard, Boston.

Cld 30th, schs D Sawyer, Beal, Saugerties; 31st, Carrie C Ware, Keene, Boston.

Cld at do 30 h, sch Nellie V Rokes, Gould, for New York.

Spoken.

June 17, lat 40 N, lon 14 E, ship Pactolus, fm Hong Kong for San Francisco, 25 days out.

July 5, lat 49 25 N, lon 147 17 W, ship Occidental, from Sydney for San Francisco.

July 29, lat 34[illegible] lon 29, sch Lucia Porter, Grindle, from Turks Island for New York.

July 23, lat 28, lon 72, brig Mattie M Bain, McDonald, from Boston for Aspinwall.

THEY DID IT.

What? Cured among others the following. They write:

86 Central Ave, Cincinnati, O., January 4th, 1888.

Athlophoros Pills have cured me of liver complaint and dyspepsia. I have got rid of the Pills to a friend who is troubled with indigestion and he has improved wonderfully. F. H. HOWKAMP.

16 Rosette St., New Haven, Ct., February 26th, 1888.

Athlophoros Pills worked wonders in my case of dyspepsia. EMMA L. CLARK.

Ath-lo-pho-ros Pills are small and pleasant to take, yet wonderfully effective. Invaluable for kidney and liver complaints, dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, headache, etc. They'll take away that tired feeling giving new life and strength.

☞Send 6 cents for the beautiful colored picture, "Moorish Maiden."

*THE ATH

THE PRESS.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 2.

PORTLAND AND VICINITY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

Largest live rattlesnake in the world.
Sunday excursion—Forest Queen.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Fred R. Farrington, 208 Middle street.
Citizens' mutual relief society.
Boston conservatory of music.
An experienced bookkeeper.
For sale—Lodging house.
Owen, Moore & Co.
Wanted—House.
Annual meeting.
Rines Brothers.
Wanted—Cook.

Smart Weed and Belladonna, combined with the other ingredients used in the best porous plasters, make Carter's S. W. & B. Backache Plasters the best in the market. Price 25 cents. july31d&w1w

AN EXPLANATION.

What is this "nervous trouble" with which so many seem now to be afflicted? If you will remember a few years ago the word Malaria was comparatively unknown,—to-day it is as common as any word in the English language, yet this word covers only the meaning of another word used by our forefathers in time past. So it is with nervous diseases, as they and Malaria are intended to cover what our grandfathers called Biliousness, and all are caused by troubles that arise from a diseased condition of the Liver which in performing its functions finding it cannot dispose of the bile through the ordinary channel is compelled to pass it off through the system, causing nervous troubles, Malaria, Bilious Fever, etc. You who are suffering can well appreciate a cure. We recommend Green's August Flower. Its cures are marvelous! nov1 d1yeTu

THE PRESS FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The PORTLAND DAILY PRESS will be furnished from now until September 15th, postage prepaid, for **75 Cents.** From now until the November election, for **$1 50.**

The MAINE STATE PRESS, which is published every Thursday, will be furnished from now until September 15th, for **15 cents.** From now until the November election, for **40 cents.**

The cash must accompany all orders.

Address PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.,
97 Exchange street, Portland, Me.

ATTENTION ARTILLERY.

All members are requested to meet at their headquarters, Park Garden, Federal street, Friday evening, August 3d, at 7.30 o'clock.

Per order J. H. B. MORRILL.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.

LAW TERM—WESTERN DISTRICT.

Peters, C. J., Presiding.

WEDNESDAY—The following cases were argued orally, and occupied all day.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

Thomas Gilpatrick et als., in equity vs. Daniel Flidden, administrator.
Baker & Cornish. Farr-Spear
James Walker vs. Joseph S. Bradstreet and al.
Spear. O. D. Baker.
The Stain-Cromwell case and medical registration mandamus case are next in order, and one of them will be taken up this Thursday morning.

MUNICIPAL COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE GOULD.

WEDNESDAY.—John Smith and John Patterson. Intoxicated; each fined $4 and costs—half cost.

Edward Canary, Thomas Quaby. Intoxicated; each fined $3 and costs.

Patrick Feeney. Common drunkard; 30 days in county jail.

Philip Homes and Michael Dugan. Assault; each fined $5 and costs.

Lewis Emmett otherwise called Lewis Francis. Larceny; fined $5 and costs.

Eugene Smith. Larceny; 60 days county jail.

Eugene Smith. Larceny; bound over to the grand jury in the sum of $400.

BRIEF JOTTINGS.

About fifty names have been changed or added to the voting lists the past four days.

The French Canadians of Lewiston and Auburn will go to Peak's island today.

The 1st-10th-20th Maine Regimental Association will go to Long Island August 9th.

There was a bad break in the water main on Congress street near Brown street yesterday afternoon.

There is on exhibition on Exchange street, opposite the Tucker printing house, a big live rattlesnake, seven feet long.

Bishop Healy and the Catholic priests chartered the Cadet and went on a deep sea fishing trip yesterday.

Coal went up to $6 per ton at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. Earlier than that it was selling at $5.75.

The child lately scalded so severely, who resided on Cleaves street, was named Emmett, and is an Italian child.

Officer McDonough yesterday recovered a watch stolen from William Clark's vest some time ago, and arrested William Pervis, the thief, who lives on Chatham street.

Mr. C. S. Rawles, who has been with Small & Perry for the past year, has accepted the position of editor of the Cadillac News, Michigan.

The committee on police will go to Boston Friday to investigate the new police signal system which is under consideration for use in this city.

Cumberland Council, No. 31, United Fellowship, held their annuol excursion yesterday, going to Spurwink, in one of Fairfield's teams.

The first district Third Party committee met yesterday and arranged for a mass meeting at Lake Sebago to be held at a date not yet fixed.

An elegant new hose wagon has been placed in Machigonne, No. 1's, house. It is built by Talbot & Moulton, and is beautifully painted by Hudson, giving a fine view of Market Square with the old City Hall.

There will be a young men's prayer meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening at 7.30 o'clock. Leader, Mr. Arthur puddington. All young men are cordially invited to attend.

The Eagle Sugar Refinery, of which Mr. George S. Hunt is manager, has shut down for the season, having used over 8,000,000 pounds of raw sugar and over 500,000 gallons of distilling syrup.

An invitation has been received by Thatcher Relief Corps to attend the assembly at Ocean Park, August 3d. It is hoped that as many as can will accept. All members are requested to wear their badges.

A very pleasant afternoon and evening was spent at Mr. Shorey's by members of Thatcher Relief Corps Wednesday. A bountiful supper was served at 7 o'clock, after which they were entertained by vocal and instrumental music.

Off for Bangor.

The various Democratic organizations left on a noon special yesterday, over the Maine Central, for Bangor. The streets were well filled through which the procession passed, for it was the first parade in uniform of any of the political organizations. The uniforms were brilliant, and made a very attractive spectacle, and they would have been even more effective if there had not been cases where an ordinary hat was worn for a uniform hat, or a black Derby for a white plug hat. There were some 300 in line, not by any means all voters, but the lads filled the uniforms. Chandler's Band played with spirit. The companies expected to get back at 6 o'clock this morning.

Burglars Arrested.

Some days ago the store of Albert Thrasher, at Cape Elizabeth, was entered by burglars—as reported at the time—and a quantity of goods taken. From investigation officers Thrasher and Moore became satisfied that they were on the track of the burglars, and Tuesday evening they laid in wait for four hours at one of the wharves and succeeded in capturing a man named Lord, who had with him a boat load of the stolen goods. They then went to Fort Preble, and, by the kindness of Major Rawles, the commandant, they arrested one of the soldiers, named Adams, as an accomplice. Adams is one of the men who lately deserted from the fort.

Be at the Polls Today.

Today the voters of Portland will cast their ballots on the proposed lease of the Portland & Ogdensburg to the Maine Central. The polls will open in the various ward rooms at 10 a. m., and remain open until 4 p. m. Those in favor of ratifying and confirming the lease, as proposed, will vote yes; those opposed, no.

Successful Detective Work.

Officers McDonough and Sparrow Tuesday night arrested William Purvis for stealing a watch from John Clark, on the 14th inst. The watch was sold here and then resold in New Hampshire. It was traced by Officer McDonough and is now again in the possession of its owner.

THIRD PARTY CONVENTION.

County Officers Nominated Yesterday Afternoon.

A Lively Breeze Over A Senatorial Nomination.

Yesterday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, in Reception Hall, the Third Party county convention was called to order by the chairman of the county committee, Mr. Charles Thornton Libby.

Rufus Deering, of Portland, was elected temporary chairman, and W. L. Larry, of Windham, temporary secretary. The organization was, later, made permanent.

About fifty persons were present at the opening of the convention.

The county committee was made a committee on credentials and reported 36 delegates present representing eleven cities and towns. The report was accepted. Later they made a supplementary report that there were 54 delegates present representing 13 cities and towns, which was also accepted.

Mr. Libby moved that a committee of one from each town be appointed to select candidates for the county ticket, the list to be acted on name by name. Mr. Larry moved to amend by having the committee present candidates for senators, but that the rest of the county officers be nominated from the floor. The amendment was adopted in place of the original motion, Mr. Larry stating that there was going to be a little rivalry for county officers and each man should have a clear field.

Mr. L. B. Chapman, of Stroudwater, moved and Mr. C. T. Libby seconded the motion, that no man's name be offered as a candidate for office who was not identified with the national prohibition party. The motion prevailed.

A recess was taken while the committee composed of the following gentlemen, prepared their report on senatorial nominations.

Casco—S. S. Welch,
Deering—L. B. Chapman,
Freeport—J. S. Chickering,
North Yarmouth—W. H. Foster.
Portland—H. C. Pinkham,
Fowside—S. L. Tryon.
Raymond—L. M. Jordan,
Westbrook—N. H. Wight,
Windham—C. A. Nichols,
Yarmouth—J. H. Doughty,
Gorham—M. H. Moses,
Gray—E. Quint,
New Gloucester—A. H. Jordan.

The following county committee was appointed during the recess:

Portland—C. T. Libby, E. T. Burrowes, S. F. Pearson.
Deering—L. B. Chapman.
Gorham—M. H. Moses.
Windham—C. A. Nichols,
Casco—S. S. Welsh,
Raymond, Naples and Sebago—J. E. Barker.
Gray and New Gloucester—T. Quint,
Westbrook—Dr. John Swan.

The committee was authorized to fill vacancies, and, it was also voted that the old county committee hold over until January 1st, 1889, when the new committee will go into office for a term of two years. An appeal, by Mr. Libby, was made for funds for missionary work, especially in weak towns where there is little or no third party sentiment as yet. He said several hundred dollars were wanted and at the end of the convention, papers were circulated for subscriptions with good success. About $70 was raised.

The committee on senatorial nominations reported the following candidates:

Portland District—Rufus Deering, Portland.
Eastern District—S. Soule, Yarmouth.
Western District—James T. Fellows, Windham.
Northern District—C. E. Stuart, Harrison.

It was on the senatorial question that the breeze of lively discussion entered into the convention. Mr. C. T. Libby moved to substitute the name of Dr. John Swan of Westbrook for that of James T. Fellows of Windham, as the representative of the Western District. Mr. Libby thought that Dr. John Swan's intelligence, education and work in the prohibition cause fitted him so fully for the position that the party would be greatly strengthened by his nomination.

Mr. L. B. Chapman thought when he came here as a delegate, there was to be no packing of the convention, and such was the feeling the committee had when they retired. Several candidates' names were brought up in the committee, and if the committee should divulge what was said, it would be very improper, because to give those statements to the convention was to give them to the public.

Mr. Jewett of Deering, wanted to know if he understood Mr. Libby, in endorsing Dr. Swan, to endorse the taking a man who had belonged to one of the old political parties. The time will come when the Third Party will be worth buying. The Republican and Democratic parties will be urging fusion and offering to divide the offices as a reward to the Third Party people for fusing. When that time comes the Third Party work will be finished. He didn't like to reward any man with an office who left one of the old parties. Last spring the Democratic party tried to shackle the Third Party by nominating Neal Dow for mayor. The speaker was glad Mr. Dow failed, for, if successful, it would have been a great blow to the party. He wanted the men nominated to be above reproach.

Mr. Jewett's remarks brought Mr. White, the orator of Cumberland Mills, to his feet with a bound. He said he didn't care what party a candidate came out of provided he belonged to the great Third Party of today. No man, he declared, had done more good for the cause of temperance, the Third Party and Cumberland Mills than Dr. John Swan. The Doctor, he said, puts both work and money into the cause. It was the duty of the convention to help those who helped the party.

Mr. Libby was quite astonished at the tempest. He said he was in hearty accord with the gentleman from Deering. But he must put the gentleman, who had lately spoken, right. Mr. Dow was not nominated by the Third Party for the purpose of fusion. The Democrats took him up after the Third Party, and not only him but others of the party's candidates. There was no "jining drives." All the reason why he advocated Dr. Swan in place of Mr. Fellows was because, as he had stated, he believed from his work, his position, his education, he would be the more valuable man to the party.

The question was called, and the report of the committee was adopted.

These gentlemen were nominated for sheriff:

John Day Spiller, Casco.
David K. Jackson, Westbrook.
Eben N. Ferry, Portland.

Mr. Libby, in proposing Mr. Perry's name, said he was the best sheriff we ever had; that the lawyers had endorsed him; that he had made lots of enemies; that he didn't believe the stories told of him; and, while Mr. Perry wasn't willing to put his shoulder to the wheel and avow himself one of them he voted the prohibition ticket.

Mr. George N. Kimball thought Mr. Perry's nomination inadvisable and Mr. Parker of Portland, thought, under the resolutions, that Mr. Perry was disqualified having been a Republican. Mr. Spiller withdrew and gave his strength to Jackson. The vote stood 49 for Jackson to two for Perry, 51 votes being cast.

Charles Thornton Libby was nominated for county attorney, J. W. Munger for judge of probate, William H. Hobbs for register of probate, and L. B. Chapman for county treasurer, unanimously.

Mr. J. D. Spiller was nominated for county commissioner over Charles W. York by a vote of 34 to 11, there being 45 votes cast.

During the convention Mr. Volney B. Cushing entered with Rev. Q. H. Shinn. Mr. Shinn threw a Fiske & Brooks banner over the desk amid loud applause. Mr. Cushing was most warmly received and spoke briefly, saying he should speak again in City Hall in the evening.

AT CITY HALL,

The flag raising and rally last evening drew perhaps 300 people to the vicinity of City Hall, and at half past seven, as Mr. Volney B. Cushing commenced to speak from the steps of the City Building, a flag was unfurled across Congress, at the head of Market street, bearing across the top the motto "Protection to Our Homes" and under this the names Fiske and Brooks, while at the bottom were the words: "For Governor, Volney B. Cushing; For Representative to Congress, Timothy B. Hussey.

Mr. Cushing said the two great political questions in our history, the adoption of the federal constitution and the salary question had both been settled and that the question of most importance now is the suppression of the liquor traffic. And any party that is subject to the liquor influence cannot settle the question. He closed his remarks by inviting the crowd to the hall meeting.

Before the meeting in the hall had been called to order Rev. Mr. Shinn advanced and with the words: "We want to know what kind of a meeting this is here tonight" dropped a flag bearing the names of the party leaders over the front of the speakers desk.

Bent's orchestra opened the exercises with music. There were, perhaps, a thousand people present.

Mr. Chas. T. Libby called the meeting to order and Rev. Mr. Atkinson offered prayer. General Neal Dow was then introduced as presiding officer of the meeting and said in commencement: ("We have formed a new party with the express purpose of suppressing the liquor traffic. We know that it involves a great deal of work and we do not expect any great results at first, but we are glad to see that it is growing, and that very rapidly. It is very much larger than it was four years ago, but there are hundreds of thousands of prohibitionists who have not joined the party yet."

General Dow spoke at some length of his own clinging to the Republican party, in which connection he had said when asked to desertv: "'I cannot do that in Maine. It would be ungrateful toward the Republican party to do it.' That party in Maine has always had prohibition in its platform, as we ourselves would like to have it. But it was not a long time before I found it was a sham and a great cheat all through, and I have since been led to believe that the suppression of this evil can only be done through a special party for that special object." He spoke, too, of the tariff issues in the candaign. He claimed the Republicans were trying to delude the people. There is not the slightest danger of free trade in this country, for if a free trade measure was able to get through the House of Representatives it could not pass the Senate. This cry of free trade by the Republican party is all bosh, it is all bugaboo, and the Republicans who talk that way do not pay a very good compliment to the people they are talking to. The Democrats are as interested in the prosperity of the nation as the Republicans are.

General Dow went on to declare that he was a protectionist himself but that he believed the prohibition question was far more important.

Passing on he said: "The Republican party in this State and in every State and in the United States is in league with the grog shops, deliberate league with the grog shops and the bargain is 'give us your votes and you may send the people to the Devil just as soon as you like,' and I want the Republican papers to answer this if they can."

The speaker was warmly applauded. He then introduced Hon. Volney B. Cushing as the next speaker. Mr. Cushing said: I will simply give a best reasons why church men and business men and patriotic men should unite with the Prohibition party. The mission of the church is to establish the kingdom of God in the world. The kingdom of righteousness, peace and love, and the greatest barrier to its uncoming is the liquor traffic. Ours is the party whose purpose in the world is the distruction of the liquor traffic and the promotion of this kingdom of God. Ours is the party which represents as no other party does the mission of the Christian church, and church men should not disregard its claims. If you would apply Christian principles to political life your place is in the Prohibition party. A business man should support this party. The tariff as a financial question is not to be compared with the temperance question. Can we hope to settle the labor question before this is settled. $500,000,000 of our national drink bill comes from the pockets of the wage workers and this in silver dollars would make a pile 789 miles high, which represents only a third of the entire amount consumed.

Nothing can affect labor and capital like this. The patriotic men should lend us their support. Patriotism starts in love of one's country to defend it against enemies, and the liquor traffic is the greatest enemy of this republic.

At the close of Mr. Cushing's remarks a collection was taken up, and then the Rev. J. W. Bashford was introduced.

Mr. Bashford expressed pleasure at being able to again address a Portland audience, and then turned his remarks to finding out what was the difference of the two parties on the tariff question. "Let me state in the first place," he said, "that the tariff is not a question of principle, but one of expediency, and on this point I base my words upon no less an authority than the Hon. James G. Blaine." (Applause.) Mr. Bashford then quoted from Mr. Blaine's "Twenty Years of Congress," substantiating this statement and also saying that the tariff questions had always been, mainly, one of selfishness. Mr. Bashford, continuing, said: "And now we come to put before you, men and women, a question which rests upon something higher and better than mere expediency and selfishness."

Mr. Bashford went on to argue the President's last message was not a free trade message nor the Mills bill a free trade measure. "I will tell you," he said, "why I think President Cleveland has laid so much upon the tariff question. It is because he did not care to make another canvass upon his personal character, and I don't blame him, nor on civil service reform either, because he has not been able to carry out that. In this he has been an exceedingly good politician, but a poor statesman."

Mr. Bashford then spoke of the enormity of the liquor traffic and of its terrible evils. He compared Portland with Buffalo in the matter of saloons, saying that allowing that there were 50 saloons in Portland there ought to be 350 in Buffalo, which is seven times our size, while as a matter of fact there were 2500 there, and he thought that prohibition law enforced there as it is in Portland would reduce the rum influence seven-eighths per cent.

Mr. Bashford closed his remarks with words concerning the candidates of the party.

PERSONAL.

Hon. Leonard Swett of Chicago, and wife, arrived at the Falmouth Hotel last evening.

Mrs. Secretary Whitney and party arrived in Bar Harbor last evening where the Whitneys will occupy the Endfield cottage.

Mrs. J. H. Dean and son, A. F. Dean, are spending a few weeks at Pleasant Beach, South Thomaston.

Rev. J. B. Morrison of the Unitarian Society at Littleton, N. H., has received a unanimous call to Ellsworth.

Rev. Marion Crosley of Portland, will preach at the Universalist meeting in the Congregationalist church, Riverside, Saturday evening.

Messrs. Wildes and Mortland, railroad commissioners, are at the Preble; also, National Bank Examiner Heard and W. F. Duff of Boston.

Miss Grace Kimball, who has been missionary of the American Board at Van, Turkey, for a number of years past, arrived in Bangor Monday evening on a year's absence.

Prof. L. D. Ventura, who is well known in Bangor, where he has had classes in French and Italian, has had a call to the chair of philology in the University of Athens, Greece, but it is not probable that he will accept.

Thomas Gray, Esq., an old resident of North Anson, died quite suddenly Wednesday evening. Mr. Gray has been in declining health for some time, but his death was not expected so soon. He was 87 years of age.

The Rev. G. T. Rygh was besieged last night by a number of his congregation, who attacked him with chairs, tin-ware, crockery and etc. No damage was done, however, and the occasion was simply to show the esteem in which he is held by his parish.

Senator Eugene Hale and family passed through Bangor Tuesday for their home in Ellsworth. Mrs. Hale and her children have just returned from a trip to Europe, and they were met upon their arrival by the Senator. Mr. Hale will return to Washington in a few days.

Rev. Arthur J. Lockhart, of East Corinth, is among the authors to appear in a volume of selections from Canadian and Arcadian poets to be issued in London the coming autumn. Its editor is Dr. D. W. Lighthall of Montreal. The book is intended to be thoroughly representative of Canadian life.

Canadian Press Excursion.

A large number of the members of the Canadian Press Association arrived in this city late yesterday afternoon, and went at once to the Ottawa House, on Cushing's Island, where there was an informal reception in their honor. The party will remain in the vicinity some days, making the popular hotel on Cushing's Island their headquarters. It is to be hoped that their visit will be enjoyable, and that their impression of Maine and its metropolis may be favorable. The following are the members of the party:

James Shannon and wife, and L. W. Shannon, Kingston; F. W. Wilson and Miss H. Ellen Wilson, Port Hope; P. E. W. Noyes, Misses Noyes and Snyder, Berlin; Mr. an Mrs. James Young, Galt; W. T. R. Preston, Rev. Dr. Dewart and wife, H. H. Dewart and F. E. Maclean, Toronto; William Waatt, Jr., Brantford; R. Tathason and Miss Tathason, Bellaville; Miss Palmer, Oakville; John King, Mrs. King and Thomas H. MacGuire, Berlin; William Buckingham and Miss Buckingham, Brantford; Mrs. J. C. Mussen, J. C. Dent and J. F. Kelso, Toronto B. Way and wife, Hamilton; H. Hought, Toronto; J. E. Atkinson, Port Hope; J. J. Crabbe, Toronto; Miss Ehoroutgh, Deseret; A. G. Malafield, Renfrew; W. F. Clark and two daughters, R. T. Beadh, D. W. Beadh, Guelph; E. G. Vense, Kingston; George MacGuire, Oxbridge; W. R. Clinnie and wife, Miss Lizzie Clinnie, Bowmanville; R. G. Pattlo, Wootton; J. W. Way, Lisbon.

FIFTH MAINE ASSOCIATION

Dedicate Their New Memorial Hall Yesterday.

A Delightful Reunion and Large Attendance.

The Fifth Maine Regimental Association dedicated the new Memorial Hall, just erected by them on Peaks' Island, at the annual reunion yesterday. A full description of the building was published in the PRESS of Tuesday last.

The day was all that could be asked for. After the heavy showers of the preceding night, the air was fresh and pure, the waves danced and glittered in the sunlight, and, on reaching the island, every leaf and every blade of grass sparkled as if crusted with diamonds. The Forest Queen left Custom House wharf at 10 o'clock, and among the hundred and fifty veterans, with their ladies, we noticed the following well known members:

Gen. Clark S. Edwards, Gen. S. H. Manning, Wilmington, N.C.
Capt. H. T. Bucknam,
Capt. R. M. Stevens,
Capt. S. H. Pillsbury,
Capt. Geo. E. Brown,
Adjt. Rev. G. W. Bicknell, Lowell, Mass.
Gen. H. G. Thomas, U. S. A.,
Lieut. John A. Packard, Springfield,
Col. H. D. Millett,
Sergt. D. W. Scribner,
Henry Murphy,
S. B. Brackett,
J. L. Parker,
Nelson Tenney,
D. Horace Holman,
J. Cole,
J. A. Chase,
Cyrus F. Berry,
James G. Sanqorn,
B. A. Norton,
John French,
James A. Colley,
J. B Hammond,
S. N. Littlehale,
Ezra Woodsome,
Crawford Dunn,
John Smith,
D. H. Towle,
Horace Cole,
William Lubee.

On arrival at the island a procession was formed and marched to Memorial Hall. Here, after the members and their families had thoroughly inspected the building and expressed their satisfaction at its beauty and comfortable arrangements, the assemblage was called to order by the president, Col. H. R. Millett of Gorham. Captain Brown was secretary. The Portland Male Quartette sang "The Soldiers' Chorus" in fine style. Mrs. J. A. Packard, wife of Lieut. John A. Packard of Springfield, Mass., then delivered the following appropriate poem entitled "The Guard of Honor."

THE GUARD OF HONOR.

Across a dark and widening sea,
Which reaches far beyond Time's shore,
There sails a ship with banners free,
Whose sails gleam white forevermore.

With steady head she holds her course,
No wind, no wave, no heavy sea;
No hidden rock, with sullen force,
Can stay or change her destiny.

With fearless purpose, bearing straight,
She rides each foaming, white-capped wave,
She brings to us her loving freight—
Sweet memories of the true and brave'

Though adverse winds and tossing spray
Have sometimes swept her from our view,
Yet, still she keeps her onward way,
With courage bold and purpose true.

How well she knows the faithful minds,
That set her course by compass gauge,
Will lead to no tempestuous winds,
'Til safe within her anchorage.

With anxious hearts we watch her beat
Against the waves that hide our view
With lips that quiver; now we greet
With silent grasp her phantom crew.

O noble ship, which sailed away
And spread thy white wings long ago,
Drop anchor now in this fair bay
Whose waters sweetly ebb and flow.

In sight and sound of ocean blue,
Bounded by wave and rippling tide,
We meet today like pilgrims true,
A band of comrades' old and tried.

The unseen crew the good ship brought,
And at our feet with blessing laid
Just now we crown in solemn thought
With laurel wreaths that never fade.

Beneath our own, our native sky
We take thy freight, Love's golden fleece,
A dearer boon than wealth can buy,
The precious argosy of peace.

Within these walls that outlined stand
Against a bank of glowing green,
'Mid sound of waves that kiss the strand,
In ripples soft of sparkling sheen,

We gather here, with hearts that beat
In unison and rythm true,
With clasping hands we once more greet
Each comrade old that wore the blue.

We cannot see the shadowy guard,
Who trod the deck of that old ship,
We cannot hear the greeting word
Which trembles on each unseen lip.

But still they keep their watch and ward,
O'er living friend and grass grown grave,
And over hills and vallies broad
Free floats the flag they died to save.

Twine ivy for each unseen guest,
Go crown with palm the idle sword,
Our honored guard, they have the best,
That earth could give, or Heaven afford.

Could greater glory e'er be theirs,
To lie in blossom covered bed,
While other eyes shed dewy tears,
And other footsteps softly tread?

Though time, with sure relentless hands,
Shall dim the eye and chill the blood,
Yet still the guard of honor stands
Round every spot where heroes stood.

They keep in fearless, watchful care
With vigilance their solemn trust,
To watch and guard in silent air,
The honor of the silent host.

And still around these heroes left
To guard with care the honors won,
They throw a hallowed influence soft
The consciousness of deeds well done.

The summer winds their low beds seek,
Their graves are sweet with songs of birds,
And yet, ten thousand voices speak
In mystic tones these solemn words,

"Comrades, ye fall on calmer times,
The perils of the sloth,—the sleep—
Insidious foes that undermine
Foundations vast, and high, and deep.

"The tree we planted in those days
Of carnage fierce, and battle dim,
Now grown in symmetry of grace,
Trembles and sways in every limb.

"Comrades,—our solemn laying down
Of life and love seemed then no myth,
No dream the parting kiss,—the groan,
The deep despair of wounds and death.

"No myth the severed bonds of love,
No dream the broken earthly ties,
But Justice, pointing far above,
Demanded, then, the sacrifice.

"Comrades,—be yours the waking thought
To guard with ceaseless watchful care,
The blood-stained heritage we bought
And sealed with gift of value rare.

"Yours to uphold the Ship of State,
That rides the wave in doubtful calm,
To analyze and separate
The good from carelessness of harm.

"In dying we bequeathed to you
The germ of what we might have been,
Oh, make the harvest rich and true,
For other hands to gather in.

"We stretch to you the clasping hand,
From the bright hills of Paradise,
Comrades, guard well your native land
On which God's peace and glory lies.

At the close of the poem the quartette sang "Boys of '61," and then Captain Brown from the building committee read a report of the receipts and expenditures in erecting the hall. A vote of thanks was extended to Captain Shannon for his donation of a thousand dollars towards the building.

The quartette sang the "Gunner's Song," and then Rev. George W. Bicknell, of Lowell, delivered the address.

MR. BICKNELL'S ADDRESS.

Comrades and Friends:

Down through the avenues of the past, lined with the changeable scenes and views of human experience, soft-shaded, dark-shadowed, now light, now sombre, come angel-winged memories, bearing to us, gathered here today, their flower-wreathed gifts of honor, nobility, loyalty and manhood. Out of the ranks of the hundreds who left their peaceful and happy homes a quarter of a century ago and more, to battle for country and principle, a few whom mercy shielded have here assembled; and upon this spot, consecrated by the best tributes of our love and respect, we would dedicate to the memory of the fallen, this gift of affection and treasure which we feel honored in being able to bestow. Yet can we say that only to ourselves is this act known? that we are alone? that we alone remember and recount the acts of the past? Are we alone in this dedication to manly honor? Nay. Shot and shell, sabre and death may have destroyed the earthly frame in which men did such grand work; but yet, no power in Union or Confederate governments, no power yet known to mortal—destroyed the men who fought and sacrificed for principle and righteousness. From the now peaceful scenes of the South and West, there come the recollections of what was done; and to this beautiful spot, come it may be, in glad companies—though unseen by mortal eyes—some of the actors in the terrible tragedy of devotion and death. Your theologies—most of them born in human brains—may teach what they choose; but even as we love to gather and rehearse the best of the past, so may others; and if there is memory and manly pride in the beyond, if there is reward in eternity through a satisfied consciousness of well doing on earth, if it was heroic to struggle and to battle, if it was right to preserve immaculate this glorious gift of country, then there will be joy in reunions even in heaven, where the best of earth may be rehearsed, and where the darkest scenes shall be resolved into pictures of light, revealing to humanity that "God knew best." And as heaven is all around us, as the infinite temple fills the universe, as commingling with the minor note of sadness, is the Te Deum of gladness, so not only we who experienced the sadness, and now sound the joyous notes which success and peace give us, but after the sadness of the struggle, noble men passed on can now chant their triumphant hymns, and in this niche of God's house our souls unite as one in joyous commemoration. We are not alone. We remember the fallen heroes of the grand old Fifth; and as heart affection lives, as souls survive, they remember us. And so, as a connecting link between the still struggling on earth and the living beyond the veil, we consecrate this memorial building to the holiest the heart can prompt and the memory revive.

The speaker then paid a tribute to the noble mothers and fathers who sent their sons to the fray: to the sacrifice to principle made by those who fought. Heand urged that government should use its surplus for the education of the negroes and thus make men of them.

At the close of Mr. Bicknell's remarks, which were warmly received, the quartette sang "The Vacant Chair," closing the exercises in the hall.

After an admirable dinner at Greenwood Garden, the comrades re-assembled and the following officers of the Fifth Maine Association were elected for the ensuing year:

President—R. C. Shannon.
Vice President—Nelson Tenney.
Clerk and Treasurer—Geo. E. Brown.

These officers of the Memorial Hall Corporation were elected:

President—J. L. Millett.
Clerk—D. W. Scribner.
Treasurer—Geo. E. Brown.

Rev. H. P. Winter's Resignation.

As has been previously stated, after four months as pastor of the M. E. Church at Wilton, Rev. H. P. Winter has been obliged to tender his resignation on account of a throat trouble, which his many friends hope will be speedily cured. The following endorsement of his work in Wilton will be read with interest:

WILTON, ME., July 28, 1888.

To whom it may concern:

This certifies that the bearer, the Rev. Henry P. Winter, has been employed by me as supply for Wilton charge since the last session of the Maine Conference, and retires from the pastorate on account of a throat difficulty. His long and successful experience as General Secretary of the Portland Y. M. C. A. makes it superfluous for me to add aught relative to the lines of work covered by that office. It only remains for me to add, and I do this with great pleasure, that his few months of service have demonstrated that he can preach an excellent sermon. He has given complete satisfaction as a preacher and conductor of social service.

GEO. C. ANDREWS,
Presiding Elder of Augusta District.

Rev. Mr. Winter preached his farewell sermon last Sunday morning before a large audience, at the close of which Hon. G. R. Fernald presented the following resolution as an expression of the feeling of the church and congregation in regard to Mr. Winter's services as pastor, and of sympathy with him in his sickness, which was unanimously adopted by the congregation by a rising vote:

"It is due the Rev. H. P. Winter, who has resigned as pastor of the M. E. church, of Wilton, that an expression be given by the church and congregation in appreciation of services rendered, for able sermons and sound doctrine, also for his interesting manner in conducting the social services of the church. Although he goes from us his work will remain, and we all sincerely hope he may soon be restored to health."

Mr. Winter will make Portland his headquarters for the present. He may be addressed care of Y. M. C. A.

Monthly Weather Report.

Mr. E. P. Jones, of the Signal Service furnishes the following summary of meteorological observations at the Portland station in the month of July:

Mean barometer	
Highest barometer, 18th	30.29
Lowest barometer, 12th	29.20
Monthly range of barometer	1.09
Mean temperature	65.5
Highest temperature, 5th	87.1
Lowest temperature, 12th	50.5
Monthly range of temperature	36.6
Greatest daily range of temperature, 30th	27.5
Least daily range of temperature, 27th	7.4
Mean daily range of temperature	16.2

MEAN TEMPERATURE FOR THIS MONTH IN

1873	68.7	1881	68.4
1874	68.0	1882	71.4
1875	68.6	1883	69.8
1876	72.3	1884	67.5
1877	68.7	1885	67.6
1878	72.2	1886	66.5
1879	68.9	1887	70.1
1880	70.9	1888	

Mean daily dew point	
Mean daily relative humidity	
Prevailing direction of wind (3 p. m.)	South
Total movement of wind (miles)	5603
Highest velocity of wind, direction and date, 30, W. 12th	
Total precipitation	1.90
Number of days on which .01 inch or more of percipitation fell	10

TOTAL PRECIPITATION (IN INCHES AND HUNDREDTHS) FOR THIS MONTH IN

	Inches.		Inches.
1873	3.52	1881	3.94
1874	5.41	1882	2.00
1875	1.81	1883	5.05
1876	6.00	1884	6.78
1877	2.81	1885	5.63
1878	4.56	1886	3.63
1879	3.80	1887	4.70
1880	3.12	1888	

Number of clear days	12
Number of fair days	10
Number of cloudy days	9
Dates of frost (light),	
(killing), 0	

The Reform Club.

At a meeting of the Portland Reform Club, held Tuesday evening, President Phillips presiding, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That this club approve of the course taken by the President and other members of the club present at the meetings at Sebago last Sunday in declining to go upon the stage or to address the so-called "Reform Club meeting" on that occasion.

Resolved, That this club protests against the course of the managers of the Sebago Lake temperance meetings in attempting to connect the Reform clubs with any political party or political movement.

Resolved, That the Recording Secretary be directed to request the publication of these resolutions in the papers of this city.

J. W. THORNDIKE,
Recording Secretary.

Fire at Gorham.

The two and one half story house and large barn, owned by Charles Alden and occupied by Charles and John Graffam, with their families, at Gorham, was totally destroyed by fire at noon yesterday, with a horse, two hogs, a large amount of hay and farming utensils. About half the furniture was saved in a damaged condition. No insurance on the building; small amount of insurance on Graffam's furniture. Cause, either children playing with matches or sparks from the chimney setting the hay in the barn on fire.

Index Soap is never sold till it is at least six months old.

MARRIAGES.

In this city, July 26, by Rev. W. H. Fenn, D. D., Oren R. Swett and Miss Grace Robbins, both of Falmouth.

In Freeport, July 30, by Rev. C. L. Nichols, Chas T. Craig and Miss Della Wilson, both of Freeport.

In Brownfield, July 16, Bradley Allen, of Hiram and Clarice F. Fessenden of Brownfield.

In Oxford, July 21, John M. Ellsworth and Nellie M. Wood.

In Pittsfield, July 29, Dr. W. Cushman and Miss Ida M. Holmes.

DEATHS.

At Woodfords, July 31, Minard Elliott Pike, only son of Samuel H. and Annie I. Pike, aged 15 years 7 months.

[Funeral this Thursday afternoon at 2.30 o'clk. Burial private.]

In Knightville, July 31 Henry Lamont Woodside, aged 50 years.

[Burial at Brunswick.]

In Gorham, July 26, Mrs. Hannah, widow of the late Joseph Martin of Naples, aged 82 years 28 days.

In Livermore, N. H., Aug. 1, Carl Baymond, child of Samuel and Annie Knowles, aged 8 months 14 days.

Funeral service this Thursday afternoon at 2. O o'clock, at No. 15 Hampshire street.

In Paris, July 25, Hepsibah Vose Mann, wife of Cyrus Chipman, aged 75 years 5 months.

In Paris, July 28, George Tucker, aged 80 years 6 months.

In Lisbon Falls, July 24, August Shaultz, aged 22 years.

In Biddeford, July 29, Frank C. Noyes, aged 38 years.

Weak and Weary

Describes the condition of many people debilitated by the warm weather, by disease, or overwork, Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine needed to overcome that tired feeling, to purify and quicken the sluggish blood, and restore the lost appetite. If you need a good medicine be sure to try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"My appetite was poor, I could not sleep, had headache a great deal, pains in my back, my bowels did not move regularly. Hood's Sarsaparilla in a short time did me so much good that I feel like a new man. My pains and aches are relieved, my appetite improved." GEORGE F. JACKSON, Roxbury Station, Conn.

"I was all run down and unfit for business. I was induced to take a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it built me right up, so that I was soon able to resume work. I recommend it to all." D. W. BRATE, 4 Martin street, Albany, N. Y.

N. B.—Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

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