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SPECIAL NOTICES.

jul27 sntf

CARPET BEATING NOTICE.

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13 Preble St., Opp. Preble House.

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Examine my stock, and you will find the best line, and the largest assortment of Salmon and Trout Flies to be found in the State. Special bargains in fine Lancewood, Bamboo and Split Fly, and Trolling Rods and all kinds of Fishing Tackle. Agent for the "New Mail," and American "Ideal" Bicycles, none better made. Also, the "Ivel" safety wheel. Agent for Du Pont's Powder Mills, and Atlas Powder. Wholesale and retail. G. L. BAILEY, 263 Middle Street, Guns and Sporting Goods.

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Address all communications to

PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 27.

The indications for New England are fair, followed Friday afternoon by local rains, stationary temperature and variable winds.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

PORTLAND, ME., July 26, 1888

	8 A M	8 P M
Barometer	30.018	29.997
Thermometer	65.	64.
Dew Point	54.	58.
Humidity	64.	82.
Wind	W	S
Velocity	3	2
Weather	Cloudy	Cloudy

Mean daily bar....30.008 | Maximum ther....72.8
Mean daily ther....65.0 | Minimum ther....56.3
Mean daily d'wpt..56.0 | Max. vel. wind...12 S
Mean daily hum...73.0 | Total precip..... 0

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

(July 26, 1888, 8.00 P.M.)

Observations taken at the same moment of time at all stations.

Place of Observation.	Height of the Barometer.	Thermom't'r Exposed.	Thermom't'r Change in last 24 hours.	Wind Direction.	Wind Velocity.	State of the Weather.
Eastport, Me	29.98	64	−2	W	....	Cloudy
Portland, Me	30.00	64	−4	S	....	Cloudy
Northfield	30.00	60	−4	N	....	Cloudy
Boston, Mass	29.98	68	−4	SE	....	Cloudy
Block Island	30.00	66	0	SW	....	Fair
Nantucket	30.00	64	+2	SW	....	Fair
Albany, N. Y	29.94	76	+4	W	....	Cloudy
New York	29.96	78	+4	W	....	Cloudy
Philadelphia	30.00	78	0	SW	....	Fair
Galveston	29.94	84	0	SE	....	Clear
Washington	30.00	78	+2	SE	....	Clear
Norfolk, Va.	30.02	74	0	E	....	Clear
Hatteras	30.02	76	0	NE	....	Fair
El Paso	29.80	80	0	SE	....	Fair
Jacksonville	29.98	86	−2	E	....	Cloudy
Montgomery	29.98	82	−8	N	....	Cloudy
New Orleans	29.96	86		SW	....	Fair
Cincinnati, O.	29.92	86	−4	W	....	Cloudy
Pittsburg	29.94	78	+4	NW	....	Cloudy
Buffalo, N.Y.	29.98	68	+2	SW	....	Cloudy
Oswego	30.00	66	+2	Clm	....	Cloudy
Cleveland	29.96	68	0	E	....	Cloudy
Detroit	29.98	68	−8	S	....	Cloudy
Dodge City	29.86	88	−12	S	....	Fair
Des Moines	29.86	84		NE	....	Clear
Grand Haven	29.92	72		E	....	Cloudy
Santa Fe	29.78	86	+8	SE	....	Fair
Marquette	30.06	56	−14	N	....	Cloudy
Chicago, Ill.	29.92	76	+12	NE	....	Fair
Duluth, Minn	30.08	54	0	NE	....	Clear
St. Paul, Minn	29.90	88	+12	N	....	Clear
Leavenw'rth					....	
Assiniboine	29.87	78	−	N	....	Cloudy
St. Vincent	29.98	76	+6	SE	....	Clear
Helena	29.92	64			....	Cloudy
Cheyenne	29.94	66		E	....	Fair
North Platte	29.88	80	−2	E	....	Cloudy
Denver, Col.	29.82	76	+2	SE	....	Fair
Montreal	30.00	56		NW	....	Cloudy
Yarmouth	30.00	56		W	....	Fair

E. P. JONES, Observer.

FREEPORT'S REPUBLICAN FLAG RAISING.

The Event Enthusiastically Celebrated by a Rousing Rally.

Speeches by W. H. Looney, Esq., and Clarence Hale, Esq.

Bath Republicans Open the Campaign in Old Sagadahoc.

[Special to the Press.]

FREEPORT, July 26.—Freeport Republicans turned out in great numbers tonight to witness the raising of a campaign flag. The large handsome flag was greeted with a volley of cheers, and H. T. Brewer, Esq., made a brief speech. Then the assemblage adjourned to the town hall, which was packed to the doors. Dr. G. W. Witham presided, and introduced W. H. Looney, Esq., of Portland, as the first speaker. Mr. Looney was greeted with hearty applause, which was continued at intervals during his remarks.

MR. LOONEY'S SPEECH.

Mr. Looney discussed the issues involved in the campaign substantially as he did in his Brunswick speech, dwelling, however, more at length upon the tariff. Theoretically, he said, free trade is an impossibility. This is manifest when we consider that the annual expenses of the government are upwards of $315,000,000, and that the larger part of this sum must be raised by customs duties, for direct taxation is oppressive and condemned by all practical statesmen and economists.

The practical question is how shall the duties be levied. The position of the Republican and the protectionist is that they shall be so levied as to discriminate in favor of American industry and American labor. The Democrat and free trader, on the contrary, contends that in levying duties to defray the expenses of the government no such discrimination shall be made; in a word, that the duties shall be levied for revenue only. This is the vital distinction between the protectionist and free trader.

The policy of the Democratic party, as defined in the President's message and the speeches of the Democratic leaders, is the British economic policy. Whenever tried in this country, it has been followed by a paralysis of all forms of industry, widespread bankruptcy, business and financial distress.

It is a policy, the object of which is to reduce all other nations to the condition of consumers, the policy which ruined Turkey, degraded India, pauperized Portugal, and exhausted the life blood of Ireland.

It is a policy, which, if crystalized into legislation here, would close every manufacturing establishment in Maine. It would dwarf American skilled industry, crush American manufacturing enterprises, at once make this country a market of the shop worn goods of Europe, and consign it for all time to the class of nations second in rank which can only produce raw material, but can never rise to skilled industry.

Clarence Hale, Esq., was the next speaker. Mr. Hale was warmly received, and the audience, during his speech, gave abundant evidence of their appreciation of his remarks.

MR. HALE'S SPEECH.

There can be no more inspiring sight than the American flag floating over a happy, peaceful community, bearing upon its folds the names of Republican standard bearers in a contest for distinctively American interests, and for the advancement and protection of American citizens, native and naturalized, in American homes.

It has been the habit of Democratic orators and partisans in political campaigns of the past few years to cry that there were no great issues before the people, and that hence there would be no harm done in retiring the Republican party from power; in ignoring its great services and in searching through its long record of achievement to find out and punish its errors. To be sure this was a kind of confession that so long as there were issues the Republican party was certain to be on the right side; it was a very pointed reminder of the history of tardy Democratic progress in the past twenty-five years; a progress that has come only so near keeping pace with Republican progress that it has kept a few years behind the Republican party in occupying Republican positions, and has finally got the party on the right side of nearly every question several years after the particular question was settled. Undoubtedly that party by the cry of "no issues" succeeded in obscuring their own bad positions and in covering up their true inwardness. Even years ago they succeeded in making a great portion of the country believe that the question of protection to home industries was not vitally involved in the contest, and that their party was really a very good protection party. But this year the issue is too well joined to permit anybody to be fooled. The Republican platform is "unconvincingly in favor of the American system of protection." The Democratic position is the President's free trade message. That message in its teaching and tendency, if not in its outright expression, is as plain a free trade utterance as was the statement in the constitution of the so-called Southern Confederacy that "taxes on exports or taxes on importations from foreign nations shall be laid to promote or foster any branch of industry." That message assumes that tariff laws are "a scheme which permits a tax to be laid on every consumer in the land for the benefit of our manufacturers." And since that message every power of a Democratic administration has been brought to bear to strangle the late protection wing of the Democratic party. So that the Democratic creed is now "interpreted" by that message, and is that message. The Democratic platform is the hand of the Democratic party, but the voice is the voice of the President. A French Republican in 1803 said it was folly for Napoleon to pretend to be in favor of popular government so long as he killed every agitator who raised his voice for popular government. A Democratic President cannot decently pretend to be one of the Democratic profession sentiment in his party while he is putting his heavy office-shod foot on the neck of Mr. Randall. Mr. Cleveland's message not a free trade pronunciamento? Why, the English people have known something of free trade for many years; they would be likely to know a free trader when they see him; and their leading papers spoke of the message in such language as the London Times when it complimented Mr. Cleveland on employing "the same arguments which Mr. Cobden used to employ 45 years ago and which any English free trader would employ now." The message is the germ of the Mills bill which is just passed by a Democratic majority; and that majority is now hastening to apologize for it and to assure the terrified business interests of the country that there are no free trade tendencies in it. To be sure they praise their work in free trade sections by by admitting that it is "only a step in the right direction," and what that "direction" is may be guessed at by the former and greater speech of Mr. Mills which our own Representative, the leader of the Republicans, forced the leader of the Democratic ways and means committee to acknowledge as his own language. That language was: "We must let wealth, the creation of labor, grow up in all the homes of our people. Then every industry will spring forward as a bound, and wealth prosperity land power will bless the land that is dedicated to free men, free labor and free trade." Is there any doubt about the leader of the Democratic majority being a free trader?

The Republican party is for protecting American labor and diversifying American industry. It says to every laborer in the land, "Seek out for yourself such work as you can do best, engage in the manufacture of such articles as your life has best fitted you to engage in, and we will do our best to make a market in America for the product of your labor. It is visionary and foolish to suppose that we can open the closed doors of France and Italy and Belgium for the results of your toil but we can develope and maintain home markets and from year to year the great industries built up by wise financial and economic policy on American soil are filling the land with prosperity, giving employment to all who seek to be employed, and at the same time are producing that wholesome competition which keeps the prices of the things we all require as such cheapness that the laborer in every department can live in comfort and educate his children, while the laborers of free trade England are struggling in poverty." With the activity of the hand comes also the activity of the brain, to economize the waste materials, to invent new and better machinery, and thus to cheapen the commodities of life and make the manufacturing villages of America the homes of a happy, contented, prosperous people.

Such has been the policy of the Republican party for 25 years. Against the preaching of doctrinaires and the theories of the pamphleteers and book-writers of a past century, we are teaching the world by an object lesson more illustrative than words, how great a nation can become by fostering its industries and protecting its labor.

But a favorite cry of the Democratic orator is that we are keeping up war taxes by our high tariff. "War taxes?" Why, since the war Republican legislation extended the free list until the value of products that are duty free has gone from less than $15,000,000 in 1868 to more than $228,000,000. No honest man can pretend that this bears even a semblance of keeping up war taxes.

To be sure we have been prosperous and we have a surplus. But a Democratic administration instead of dealing with it as a prosperous householder deals with his "surplus," seeks to make a scare of it. Mr. Sherman in whose financial ability even our enemies profess to believe has pointed out how the administration might legally and properly and in a statesmanlike way have dealt with the surplus in paying the debt in building a navy and in coast defences, but no heed is given to this and it is sought to foist upon us the old Southern and English free trade dogmas as the only solution of the question.

Mr. Hale here showed how the Mills bill, if it were a law, would affect the industries of Maine especially lumber, wool and starch and that this bill is a geographical bill shaped to aid in getting Democratic votes in close States. He then briefly referred to the hollow pretenses of President Cleveland before election as to civil service reform and showed that the decline and fall from these pretenses had been so abrupt and absurd that even George William Curtis, prince of the Mugwumps, admitted that there had been a complete partisan reconstruction of the civil service.

Mr. Hale closed by urging Republicans to activity in their neighborhood and home circles in enforcing the clear truths of the Republican position; and prophesied, if this were done, in every State, the triumphant election of a Republican President.

The meeting then adjourned with cheers for the candidates and speakers.

Three Flags Unfurled at Bath.

BATH, July 26.—One of the leading campaign openings in this city was made tonight by the Republicans. A procession, consisting of two large companies of enthusiastic Republicans mounted and carrying blazing torches, headed by St. John's band, formed on Front street and marched to the residence of Thomas A. Brown, Esq., of Dummer street, where a large flag, bearing the names of the Republican candidates, was unfurled amid rousing cheers. The procession then moved to Centre street, where another campaign flag was run out from the business house of R. C. Harris, after which the column moved to Custom House square, together with 2000 people, where a huge Harrison and Morton flag, beautifully inscribed, was unfurled amid great enthusiasm.

The Demonstration came to an end by a Republican rally at the Alameda Opera House, which was packed. Ringing speeches were made by Judge Savage of Lewiston, Hon. James W. Wakefield, General Thomas W. Hyde, William E. Hogan and others. There was singing by the Bath Glee Club and music by St. John's band.

The Vermonters in Line.

BURLINGTON, Vt., July 26.—The grand Republican rally under the auspices of the Vermont State Republican League opened here auspiciously this morning, the day being all that could be asked for. Large delegations came in from every county in the State, and Eastern New York was largely represented.

At 11 o'clock the main county delegations came, Franklin county's contingent numbering nearly 2000. Two trains came from St. Albans, bringing 26 cars, one train from Morrisville county, with 13 cars and three trains from Rutland division, with 34 coaches, three trains from the central division, with 32 cars, bringing delegations from Washington, Windsor and other eastern counties. At noon a train of 15 cars arrived from Lamoille and Caledonia counties.

The programme opened with a grand parade under command of Gen. T. S. Peck, Chief Marshal. It was the most imposing parade ever seen in Vermont, and was nearly an hour passing a given point.

An attractive feature was a log cabin on a wagon drawn by a six-horse team. It was built of spruce logs and on the roof was a live coon, while a young bear was tied on the platform.

All the clubs bore numerous flags, banners and mottoes, while the men who did not wear helmets or flag apparel on board. Harrison and Morton, carried small flags in their hands. Among the mottoes were: "In protection we trust; in Cleveland we bust." "Look for the largest Republican gains in Franklin county." "No English flag or red bandanna for us." "Free trade ruined Ireland and would ruin the United States." "We want meat more than once a year." "Protection, prosperity, plenty." and others.

One silk banner bore a cartoon in which John Bull was weeping over an expiring English laborer, while Cleveland said, "If I get there he'll be all right."

At the speaker's stand, Hon. Warner Miller spoke at length on the tariff and was followed by Congressman Butterworth of Ohio, on the same subject. The glee club sang "Tippacanoe and Morton too." Judge Thurston, of Nebraska, then spoke, being followed by Senator Edmunds who briefly eulogized Candidate Harrison.

MAINE INDUSTRY.

A Boom for Lewiston if the Mills Bill is Defeated.

[Lewiston Journal.]

BOSTON, July 26.—Your correspondent learns that after the new probable defeat of the Mills free trade bill, there will be starting up of the Lincoln Mill, soon after the annual meetings of the corporations to be held in September in Lewiston. From information which I have, I shall be disappointed if there are not 20,000 more spindles operating in Lewiston within a couple of months. The Lincoln is in good condition, ready to start up production of goods to-morrow if water were turned on to the wheel.

Good News for Madison.

[Special to the Press.]

AUGUSTA, July 25.—Deputy Marshal Andrews of Portland, was in Madison Wednesday to sell the personal property of the East Madison woolen mill auction. The mill has remained closed since July 12 by reason of financial difficulties. The officer postponed the sale for a week and meanwhile it is likely that a settlement will be reached and the mill started up at an early day.

Waterville's Mills.

WATERVILLE, July 26.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cascade Woolen Mill at Oakland was held at the Elmwood Hotel yesterday afternoon. The following officers were chosen: Clerk, R. W. Dunn; treasurer, John Ayer; directors, R. W. Dunn, J. B. Mayo, John Ayer S. M. Milliken, T. B. Curtis; president, R. W. Dunn.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lockwood Company was held at the office of the corporation in Waterville yesterday forenoon. The usual semi-annual dividend of three per cent was declared, to be paid August 1st. The following officers were chosen: Clerk, A. M. Kennerson; treasurer, John W. Danielson; directors, Reuben B. Dunn, Josiah B. Mayo, James H. McMullan, R. Wesley Dunn, Joseph S. Wheelright, Seth M. Milliken, John W. Danielson. The directors afterwards met and organized by the choice of J. W. Danielson as clerk and R. B. Dunn as president.

Canada's Explanation.

OTTAWA, July 26.—With regard to the alleged discriminations which the Dominion government is charged with having made against United States vessels, ports and citizens in the use of Canadian canals, which subject is now engaging the attention of Congress, Mr. Bowell, minister of customs, stated to a correspondent in Ottawa yesterday that the Dominion government had considered the matter carefully, and had within the past few days forwarded, through the British minister at Washington, a full explanation of the case, for the information of the government of the United States, which he believed would be satisfactory.

In his last report the minister of inland revenue states that, in compliance with the request of the forwarders and shippers of Montreal, the reduction of tolls on grain was made. In their request these forwarders and shippers showed that by making this discrimination or reduction of tolls a large volume of traffic, which was then going to the seaboard through the United States channels, would be divered to the St. Lawrence and Montreal route. The treaty clearly provides that the British government will urge upon the government of Canada the use of the Welland and St. Lawrence and other canels in the Dominion to citizens of the United States on terms of equality with the inhabitants of the Dominion.

Mr. David Simonds, of Charlestown, Mass., has been swindled out of $3,000 in Boston by bunco steerers. One man passed as a son of a friend of Mr. Simonds and induced him to join in some species of lottery drawing. Simonds depositing $3,000 to secure his winnings, after which he was told luck had turned and the two, who had first gained $15,000 had lost it all.

HAWLEY'S PLAN FOR MAKING BIG GUNS.

Senators Vote in Its Favor and Pass the Army Bill.

Bayard's Treaty the Subject of a Lively Colloquy.

Eloquence on the Fisheries in Order for Some Time to Come.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The Senate resumed consideration of the army appropriation bill, the pending question being on the amendment offered by Senator Hawley, appropriating $750,000 for an armory and gun factory at Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y.; $5,000,000 for the purchase of steel for high power coast guns; $500,000 for the purchase of submarine mines and $100,000 for submarine controllable torpedoes. The amendment was agreed to and the bill was reported back to the Senate.

Senator Berry called for a separate vote on Senator Hawley's amendment and addressed the Senate in opposition. Senator Gorman also opposed the amendment. He was opposed to making an appropriation for manufacturing large guns exclusively in a government work shop. If large appropriations were to be made for such purposes, the Senate ought to go into the matter fully and appropriate enough to enable mechanics and manufacturers outside of the government shops to come forward and compete and to have all the various inventions tested under rules established by the war department. He proposed as an amendment a proposition appropriating $38,000,000 to be expended in certain amounts yearly up to 1902.

After a lengthy debate, in which Senator Hawley characterized Senator Gorman's plan as a scheme for the nourishment of cranks, the amendment was rejected. Senator Hawley's amendment was then agreed to and the bill passed.

The Fisheries Treaty.

The Senate to-day considered the fisheries treaty in open session and was addressed by Senator Wilson, of Maryland, favoring its ratification. When he had finished, Senator Saulsbury took the floor and said he would address the Senate tomorrow. Senator Vance gave like notice for Saturday. Senator Frye said he would ask the Senate to meet at 11.00 a. m. Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, and until a vote was reached on the treaty, adding that shortly the tariff bill would be before the Senate and would occupy all of its time.

Senator Teller commented upon what he called some of the "Remarkable statements" in the speech of the Senator from Maryland. A long colloquy ensued between Senators Teller and Wilson. Senator Teller charged that the Democratic Senators had been whipped into their support of the treaty by the administration though their judgement opposed it.

Senator Wilson denied this and said he was once opposed to the treaty but had been convinced of its wisdom by a long study of the question.

Senator Teller also charged that the Secretary of State he become an open propagandist of the treaty which was unprecedented.

Senator Morgan charged that the treaty had been carried into the Republican caucus and voted upon and it had been determined that the treaty should be opposed by the whole Republican party and no amendments be allowed to it.

Senator Teller denied this charge and said there never had been a Republican senator in favor of it and no Democrat could have voted for it if it had not come from a Democratic administration. The Republican opposition was not to the details of the treaty but because the treaty was a surrender of the American case.

Senator Morgan insisted that the Democratic Senators were as much the friends of the country and its honor as the Republican Senators and there was no occasion for such irritating thrusts at the Senators on the Democratic side. The Senator miscalculated the temper of the American people if he believed the people would respond to such trash and stuff, such slang whanging and vituperation.

After further discussion, participated in Senators Evarts, Teller, Hoar and Vance, the matter went over without action.

Business in the House.

The House today passed a resolution providing for the army until September 1st. Bills were passed requiring notice of deficiencies in the accounts of their principals to be given to sureties on the bonds of United States officials, authorizing juries of the United States circuit and district courts to be used interchangeably, and extending the jurisdiction of United States circuit and district courts over the Great Lakes and adjacent waters.

The Pension List.

The following Maine pensions have been granted:

RESTORATION AND INCREASE.

Elisha D. Emerson, St. Albans.

RESTORATION, REISSUE AND INCREASE.

James M. Moor, North Farmington.

INCREASE.

John F. Bancroft, Mechanic Falls.
Frank A. Brown, East Dover.
Thos. O'Connor, South Lagrange.
Starling Mower, Brownsville.
Joseph Cram, Jr., Bangor.
A. J. Pickard, Bath.
Edwin E. Hall, Waterville.
Langdon Guppy, National Military Home.
Robert A. Talbot, South Addison.
Abner Haskell, South Vassalboro.
Henry B. Cooper, Plymouth.

REISSUE.

George E. Morang, Lincolnville.
Henry Esmier, National Military Home.
Silas Thomasen, Charlotte.
Nason R. Pratt, Dover, South Mills.
Reward A. Sturtevant, Oakland.
Benj. Mills R. Marston, Augusta.
Daniel Vilbreth, Livermore.

ORIGINAL, WIDOWS, ETC.

Sarah, widow of Phillip Badger North Bradford.
Mary E., widow of George H. Trafton, Sanford.
Clara A., widow of Daniel G. Lamb, Camden.

Notes.

It is now thought that the tariff debate over the Senate bill may not be as long as it was thought it would be and that Congress may adjourn in six or seven weeks.

The post office at Bridgton Valley, Cumberland County, Maine, will be discontinued from August 5th.

The President vetoed another pension bill today, and a bill granting right of way to a railroad in Indian Territory.

GENERAL NEWS.

MAINE.

Joseph Bangs.

FARMINGTON, July 26.—Joseph Bangs, a respected citizen, died this morning, aged 73. He had represented the Salem district in the Legislature and filled various offices of trust in that town.

Old Orchard Meetings.

OLD ORCHARD, July 26.—Today was mission day at the camp ground. The ladies of Portland Methodist District were in charge of the meetings which were held in the grove. Mrs. Van Cott gave an address on home mission work in the morning, and Rev. Dr. Whitaker of Portland, spoke on foreign missions in the afternoon. Mrs. Freeman presided. Tonight the service was conducted by Mrs. Israel Luce of South Berwick, and the principal addresses were made by Mrs. Freeman and Mrs. Robinson of Woodfords.

The exercises at Ocean Park tonight opened with a devotional service at half past six. At eight came the children's normal music class under the direction of Mr. M. D. Shepard. The intermediate normal class met at nine, in charge of Rev. L. Dexter. The advanced normal class in the chapel was taught by Rev. A. E. Dunning. Other normal classes met at the regular hour. The afternoon lecture was by Rev. H. L. Hastings of Boston, on "The Mistakes of Moses." He held that the mosaic laws were not those barbarism, but were specially adopted to that people and indeed form the basis of our present laws. Tonight the Hotchkiss family of bellringers gave an entertainment at the Temple.

Charged with Perjury.

BIDDEFORD, July 26.—Lawyer George F. Haley is pushing a case against the new horse railroad. After causing the arrest of a driver for alleged overloading of his car on Sunday and prosecuting the trial, which resulted in the acquittal of the driver, Haley has now brought action for perjury against Conductor Manning. The writ was served this afternoon. At the trial the conductor testified that there were 48 people on the car when the arrest was made. Lawyer Haley produced a witness who said he counted 65. The case will be tried tomorrow morning.

Hon. Alexander Campbell Dead.

CHERRYFIELD, July 26.—Hon. Alexander Campbell, the last survivor of the well known and long established lumber firm of A. Campbell & Co., who died at Cherryfield today, was born at Cherryfield, March 14, 1806. Mr. Campbell was formerly a Whig and has been an active and influential Republican since the formation of the party. He has been prominent in the public affairs of his town and county and has been honored by service as State Senator, delegate to the national convention and elector at large on the Presidential ticket. He was for a long time a member of the board of trustees of Colby University. He leaves a widow, four sons and three daughters. Services will be held at the Baptist church Sunday morning.

Safe in Port.

CALAIS, July 26.—Schooner E.L. Higgins, Capt. Nason, of Boston for Calais, corn laden, was dismasted off Matinicus some days ago. She arrived today all right in tow of the tug Wm. Hinds, and will discharge and go on the railway for repairs.

Demented Frank Lewis.

BIDDEFORD, July 26.—Frank Lewis, recently from New Bedford, has been sick and has wandered away from his boarding place in a demented condition. It is feared that harm has come to him. He is unmarried, a tailor, and member of Saco Grand Army Post 6.

The Muster.

AUGUSTA, July 26.—Adjutant General Gallagher has decided not to hold the muster on the State grounds this season, but instead, on the Milliken farm, so-called, located on the top of a high hill about a mile west of the city and used for barracks during the war. The rifle range has been fixed in a large pasture south of the grounds.

At Bar Harbor.

BAR HARBOR, July 26.—The new carriage road to the summit of Green Mountain was formally opened to travel today. The distance from Bar Harbor to the summit is about four miles. The cost was $8000. It was built and is owned by a corporation.

The annual tennis tournament will begin August 15, when the Mossley Hall $500 challenge cup will be played far. The present holder is L. R. Beckman of New York.

Regular hops will be held at the different hotels every evening hereafter during the season.

MR. BLAINE'S HOMECOMING.

Preparations in Progress for the Great Reception.

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Canada and the Fisheries.

OTTAWA, July 26.—The Dominion government has remitted the fine of $400 imposed on each of the American vessels Annie Hodgdon and Arthur Stoyor for landing men at Shelburne, N. S., without reporting to the custom officers. The government steamer Cruiser has left Kingston for Georgian Bay to protect fishing grounds from Americans who are using illegal bait.

General Harrison's Visitors.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 26.—Over two thousand strangers paid their respects and shook hands with Gen. Harrison today. The principal delegation came from Clay county, Indiana, and vicinity, and was composed of coal miners and other citizens, nearly all of whom have been employed in mining industries. Conspicuous in the delegation were one hundred or more negro miners.

MAINE.

Joseph Bangs.

FARMINGTON, July 26.—Joseph Bangs, a respected citizen, died this morning, aged 73. He had represented the Salem district in the Legislature and filled various offices of trust in that town.

Old Orchard Meetings.

OLD ORCHARD, July 26.—Today was mission day at the camp ground. The ladies of Portland Methodist District were in charge of the meetings which were held in the grove. Mrs. Van Cott gave an address on home mission work in the morning, and Rev. Dr. Whitaker of Portland, spoke on foreign missions in the afternoon. Mrs. Freeman presided. Tonight the service was conducted by Mrs. Israel Luce of South Berwick, and the principal addresses were made by Mrs. Freeman and Mrs. Robinson of Woodfords.

The exercises at Ocean Park tonight opened with a devotional service at half past six. At eight came the children's normal music class under the direction of Mr. M. D. Shepard. The intermediate normal class met at nine, in charge of Rev. L. Dexter. The advanced normal class in the chapel was taught by Rev. A. E. Dunning. Other normal classes met at the regular hour. The afternoon lecture was by Rev. H. L. Hastings of Boston, on "The Mistakes of Moses." He held that the mosaic laws were not those barbarism, but were specially adopted to that people and indeed form the basis of our present laws. Tonight the Hotchkiss family of bellringers gave an entertainment at the Temple.

Charged with Perjury.

BIDDEFORD, July 26.—Lawyer George F. Haley is pushing a case against the new horse railroad. After causing the arrest of a driver for alleged overloading of his car on Sunday and prosecuting the trial, which resulted in the acquittal of the driver, Haley has now brought action for perjury against Conductor Manning. The writ was served this afternoon. At the trial the conductor testified that there were 48 people on the car when the arrest was made. Lawyer Haley produced a witness who said he counted 65. The case will be tried tomorrow morning.

Hon. Alexander Campbell Dead.

CHERRYFIELD, July 26.—Hon. Alexander Campbell, the last survivor of the well known and long established lumber firm of A. Campbell & Co., who died at Cherryfield today, was born at Cherryfield, March 14, 1806. Mr. Campbell was formerly a Whig and has been an active and influential Republican since the formation of the party. He has been prominent in the public affairs of his town and county and has been honored by service as State Senator, delegate to the national convention and elector at large on the Presidential ticket. He was for a long time a member of the board of trustees of Colby University. He leaves a widow, four sons and three daughters. Services will be held at the Baptist church Sunday morning.

Safe in Port.

CALAIS, July 26.—Schooner E.L. Higgins, Capt. Nason, of Boston for Calais, corn laden, was dismasted off Matinicus some days ago. She arrived today all right in tow of the tug Wm. Hinds, and will discharge and go on the railway for repairs.

Demented Frank Lewis.

BIDDEFORD, July 26.—Frank Lewis, recently from New Bedford, has been sick and has wandered away from his boarding place in a demented condition. It is feared that harm has come to him. He is unmarried, a tailor, and member of Saco Grand Army Post 6.

The Muster.

AUGUSTA, July 26.—Adjutant General Gallagher has decided not to hold the muster on the State grounds this season, but instead, on the Milliken farm, so-called, located on the top of a high hill about a mile west of the city and used for barracks during the war. The rifle range has been fixed in a large pasture south of the grounds.

At Bar Harbor.

BAR HARBOR, July 26.—The new carriage road to the summit of Green Mountain was formally opened to travel today. The distance from Bar Harbor to the summit is about four miles. The cost was $8000. It was built and is owned by a corporation.

The annual tennis tournament will begin August 15, when the Mossley Hall $500 challenge cup will be played far. The present holder is L. R. Beckman of New York.

Regular hops will be held at the different hotels every evening hereafter during the season.

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THE PRESS.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 27.

We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are in all cases indispensable, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot undertake to return or preserve communications that are not used.

FOR PRESIDENT,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
OF INDIANA.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
LEVI P. MORTON,
OF NEW YORK.
FOR GOVERNOR,
EDWIN C. BURLEIGH.

For Representatives to Congress,
First District—THOMAS B. REED.
Second District—NELSON DINGLEY, JR.
Third District—SETH L. MILLIKEN.
Fourth District—CHARLES A. BOUTELLE.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republicans of Cumberland County are hereby requested to send delegates to a County Convention to be held at

RECEPTION HALL,
City Building, Portland,
— ON —
Wednesday, the 8th of August, 1888,
at 10 o'clock in the Forenoon

to nominate candidates for the following offices: Four Senators. County Attorney, Sheriff, Judge of Probate, Register of Probate, County Treasurer, one County Commissioner; and also to choose a County Committee for two years and do any other business which may properly come before the convention.

The basis for representation will be one delegate for each city and town and one additional for each 75 Republican votes cast for Governor at the last State election, and one delegate for a fraction of 40 votes. The delegates have been apportioned upon the foregoing basis as follows:

Baldwin	3	Naples	3
Bridgton	6	New Gloucester	4
Brunswick	3	North Yarmouth	2
Cape Elizabeth	6	Otisfield	3
Casco	2	Portland	43
Cumberland	2	Pownal	2
Deering	8	Raymond	3
Falmouth	3	Scarborough	3
Freeport	3	Sebago	2
Gorham	6	Standish	4
Gray	3	Westbrook	8
Harpswell	3	Windham	5
Harrison	3	Yarmouth	4
Total			146

The County Committee will be in session at the hall at 9 o'clock in the forenoon on the day of the convention to receive the credentials of delegates and attend to such other business as may be necessary.

ISAAC W. DYER, Chairman.
AUGUSTUS B. BROWN, Secretary.
Portland, July 9, 1888.

The roasted ox is to be washed down with sarsaparilla.

The Argus has issued a supplement filled up with defences of the fishery treaty. It needs them all.

Speaker Carlisle had promised to make several free trade speeches in Georgia, but when he found that he was to be followed by Major McKinley, he suddenly discovered that prior engagements would prevent him from going to Georgia at all.

The liquor men of New York are combining to make their influence felt in the coming election for Governor of New York. Of course they are to a man for David Bennett Hill, the liquor dealers' friend, and present Governor of the State.

The Argus devoted a column yesterday to prove that Grover Cleveland had signed more pension bills than any other President. Now let it devote another column to showing what is the fact, that Grover Cleveland has vetoed and killed by refusing to sign more pension bills than any other President. If it is anxious to still further illuminate its readers in regard to Cleveland's attitude toward the soldier, it might publish some of his sneering veto messages.

Our free trade contemporaries have not yet found time to explain to the workingman, how, if their theory is adopted and American industries are placed in competition with English industries, his wages are to be kept up to their present standard. It is not to be denied that at the present time wages in this country are higher than in England, and therefore it would seem to follow that the English manufacturer can produce goods at lower cost that the American manufacturer. Now when the goods of the former are placed in competition on equal terms in the markets of the United States with the goods of the latter, how is the American manufacturer to keep his head above water except by cutting down the price he pays for labor? It is all very fine to say that with free raw materials we can contest with England for the markets of the world, but it is perfectly clear to anybody that examines the question that free raw materials are not sufficient to enable us to carry on such a contest. We must have cheaper labor.

Two years ago when Robert J. Vance was nominated for Congress in the First Connecticut District a platform was adopted declaring "that taxes should not be imposed on the people for any other purpose than the support of the government." Of this platform one of its framers remarked that it did away with "that old bugbear of portection;" and the convention adopted it unanimously. But so great was the uprising against this platform in the district that a new convention was called, at which the paragraph was reconsidered and rejected. But in two short years the Democratic party of the nation has sent Randall to the rear; and under the domination of the Southern wing, with Carlisle and Watterson and Mills for leaders, is working heart and soul for a tariff for revenue only, which means virtual free trade. It is interesting to await the action of those Democrats in the First District of the manufacturing and politically doubtful State of Connecticut. Two years ago they ran away from the free trade issue after they had made it; they cannot do it successfully this year, when behind them is massed the whole Democratic party of the nation.

In one of his reports on labor Mr. Carroll D. Wright of Boston presents the results of a careful investigation made by agents of the Massachusetts labor bureau of the wages that labor receives in England and Massachusetts, in twenty-four industries. The results are given in the following table:

Industries, 1884.	General average weekly wages paid to all employes. Massachusetts.	Great Britain.
Agricultural industries	$10.25	$ 8.45
Artisan's tools	11.80	4.89
Boots and shoes	11.63	4.37
Brick	8.53	4.16
Building trades	14.99	7.21
Carpettings	6.08	4.11
Carriages and wagons	13.39	4.89
Clothing	10.01	6.71
Cotton goods	6.45	4.66
Flax and jute goods	6.46	2.82
Food preparations	9.81	2.72
Furniture	11.04	7.96
Glass	12.22	6.94
Hats—fur, wool and silk	11.01	5.51
Hosiery	6.43	4.67
Liquors, malt and distilled	12.87	12.66
Machines and machinery	11.75	6.93
Metals and metallic goods	11.25	7.40
Printing and publishing	11.37	5.52
Printing, dyeing, bleaching and finishing cotton textiles	8.67	4.94
Stone	14.39	8.58
Wooden goods	12.19	5.67
Woolen goods	6.90	4.86
Worsted goods	7.32	3.60
All industries	$10.31	$5.86

It will be seen that the average wages of industries in England is only about half as much as the average wages in the United States. Now the free traders propose to admit the products of English industries to our markets free of duty. They propose to enable the English manufacturer to sell his goods, which cost him but half as much as far as labor is concerned, alongside of the goods of the American manufacturer. And they tell us that the effect of this will be neither to drive the American manufacturer out of business nor to compel him to reduce the wages of labor. Our English brethren, however, do not agree with them. Their journals are even now congratulating English manufacturers over the brilliant outlook for British goods due to the free trade tendencies of Grover Cleveland and his party. Says the London Colliery Guardian:

Congressman James E. Campbell, is a Northern Democrat from the State of Ohio. He is also a protectionist, but as has been the fate of other Northern Democrats almost from the foundation of the government, has been dragooned by the Southern wing of his party into supporting a measure which his conscience does not approve. "I voted," he says, "for the Mills bill and it is true we have passed it by a larger majority than we anticipated when the compilation of the measnre was begun. It is true that we secured three Republican votes and lost but four Democrats, but I have a premonition that we have made a bad job of it." Mr. Campbell's premonition is not based upon any superstitious fears but upon an intelligent comprehension of the sentiment of the voters in his district and in the districts of others of his party associates from the North. He readily admits: "I do not expect to see more than four or five Democratic members returned to the next House from New York State. I am not a candidate for re election and I do not believe I could be reelected. I am what you would term a mild protectionist, and yet I have voted for a bill with strong free trade tendencies. If this bill means anything it means a long step directly toward free trade, because it has put many of our leading productions on the free list." Mr. Campbell believed in protection; the prosperity of his State and district under the system of protection had taught him the wisdom of the policy and the great advantages of its results; down in the depths of his heart he had no sympathy with the free trade ideas of the slave-holding oligarchy which have returned in this generation to pester the free laborers of the North and retard the industrial emancipation of the millions of pauper laborers of the South; he no doubt felt like revolting when the power of the administration patronage was turned loose to crush the Randall wing of his party; yet he submitted to his Southern masters as the old Doughfaces did years ago, and voted against the dictates of his conscience and his intelligence. The self sacrifice of Northern Democrats before the power wielded by their Southern masters is a spectacle of folly and madness strongly suggestive of the useless self-destruction of the devotees of Juggernaut.

MARIASTEIN.

An American Fourth of July in Castle and Cloister.

[Special Correspondence of the Press.]

BERNE, Switzerland, July 6, 1888.

And so it came about that we must decide what to do on the "Fourth." The different ways in which Americans spend the Fourth abroad mark them distinctively as American citizens. It probably didn't occur to Adams and Jefferson when they signed that long Declaration so many years ago, on no doubt a very hot Fourth of July, to what extent they were nationalizing a whole race of people.

At first we thought we would unite with others in a big dinner, which is a favorite way here for Americans to spend the Fourth. And perhaps this is the most characteristic thing to do, since they say the average American thinks more of what he eats than any other nation. And certainly it is not so much what other nations eat as what they drink which concerns them. Well, the usual method is a rousing great dinner, and afterwards spread-eagle speeches, and toasts to Independence, Liberty, and long life to the nation and friends at home, with plenty of good cheer and kindliness. This is not a bad way to spend it, as this sort of thing makes the ties of country stronger. But the bond between Americans here is already very strong and amounts to a kind of Free Masonry. But we decided to let the eating go and improve our tastes generally—to take a picnic dinner and go out to Landstrone and Mariastein. To me what we were going to do was considerably indefinite. I knew that Landstone was an old ruin of an ancient castle; but what Mariastein was I had not the faintest idea. I thought it was a village with something more or less curious about it, with perhaps a Catholic graveyard, for I had heard that this was a Catholic section of country. We couldn't decide positively about going, not even the night before, since we had had nothing but rain for three weeks, and following the same order it would for the most part be a rainy day; but I recalled the fact that since it had been introduced as a national holiday there had never been but one rainy Fourth, and that was in 1851, the year that the "Fugitive Slave Law" was passed, and there had never been any doubt in anybody's mind but that this indicated that Providence and the Goddess of Liberty frowned because Congress had passed and the President had signed a bill which would weld more strongly the shackles of American slavery. But it finally occurred to somebody that, since there was no Goddess of Liberty here to be offended or appeased, and no Declaration of Independence to be violated, it might rain or not just like any other day, and so our courage became a little modified, especially when we waked up in the morning and heard the rain, and peering out with half open eyes could see only clouds without a bit of blue sky nor ray of sunlight, but as we were to start before eight o'clock, we must go ahead with our preparations precisely as if we were certainly going, while awaiting the signs of the elements. When the moment came for us to start for the station, it was still raining a little, as it had done all the morning periodically, and as we were to go part of the way by rail and part by Post, we decided to take the part by rail and wait developments. When we got off the train, as there had been no particular change of weather we made up our minds to proceed by Post to Mariastein. Not only the telegraph here is under the control of the Postoffice Department, but passengers by Post also. There is plenty of red tape about it. One must go to the postoffice and have a way bill of himself made out to be sent along with the coach, taking nothing to identify himself as the said passenger. But at last we found ourselves in a very neat little coupe, arranged for four persons, with the seats running sideways, the windows occupying all the space above the seats. It was not at all like the stage coach proper, but more like carriages used in cities, and we felt quite reconciled to an hour and a half drive in it through a country full of the very richest Swiss scenery. It took us along among valleys between woody hills, and through gorges in the mountains, with their great boulders overhanging on every side, some of the gorges becoming nests for pretty Swiss villages, which are often the embodiment of peace and contentment. We saw everywhere along the road women and little girls busy in the fields hoeing, with old handkerchiefs tied over their heads, their faces bronzed and hardened by toil until intelligence was almost stamped out of their visages; this with their occupation and attire made it difficult to class them in the same genus with beautiful women of society, refined by education and polished by culture, and fitted for the higher duties of life by mingling in scenes of usefulness. It recalled the subject which has been fermenting now for a good many years in American society—the question of the upward and onward tendencies of the age as being the means of unsexing the sex—of making them more masculine and less refined, and we couldn't help wondering what could more unsex these women, whom at a distance we could not tell from men, as they assumed the same attitude and masculine manner of working. It didn't seem as if they could look or act more like men with a ballot in their hands, on the way to some quiet ward-room, arranged by cultivated women, to deposit a vote for the ameliorating of their hard lot.

We passed many villages on the way. There are no farm houses scattered along the road-side as at home but the whole rural population collects into frequent villages, and cultivates, near by, the little farms, garden-plots, as we should call them, never allowing a square inch of ground to be wasted. After a while we saw Mariastein a little way ahead on a cliff high above us, and we thought we had arrived, for by this time we had found out that it was a Catholic church with various underground chapels, the windows of one of which we could see looking so curious in the side of a great mountain crag high above the road over which we were now driving. We thought we had arrived but how were we ever to reach a place so many feet above us? But still we kept driving on, and ascending so gradually that it seemed hardly the ordinary ascent of a hill; finally we turned abruptly and went back in the same direction, until we suddenly stopped in front of the Post bureau before the church of Mariastein. On the whole I think it is the most satisfactory Catholic church which I have ever seen, though I believe there is one more in Switzerland still more unique and curious.

There can be nothing finer in architecture, more beautiful in design, or more aesthetic in conception than the Catholic religion furnishes for its places of worship. They make their devotees, by appealing to the senses, by beautifying for the eye and casting such a haze of glory about their followers, that, in their hallucination, they accept all the old formulated creeds as anchors on which to rest their eternal hopes. The outside of the church is very striking. It is covered with all sorts of inscriptions and devices. The inside is filled with a mellowed light and shimmer. Its altars are fairly shining with tapers, crucifixes and the crucified, with Virgins, Saints and Angels all in one great halo of splendor. The frescoings are all upon the same great theme, the passions of the Savior, his Annunciation, birth, life, cruel death and glorious Resurrection. After admiring the church for a while we commenced our explorations. We went down some stairs, which we had hardly seen, through an almost dark corridor, at the further end of which we found the first underground chapel, where incense is always burning before the altar, and the sides are covered with sacred pictures of the sufferings of Christ. The walls of the corridors through which we had passed were covered with votive offerings to the Virgin Mariastein (*Maria im stein*). This is one of the two churches in Switzerland celebrated for pilgrimages for the sick and suffering, for healing and consolation, and the memorials are thank offerings for cures effected through the intercession by prayer before the altar of Mariastein farther down in the chapel below. There were here hands, legs and arms like those healed, eyes the image of those restored, crutches which had been left behind when the maimed and the halt went leaping and jumping on their way. There was a picture of a woman who had taken up her bed and walked, and of children who like Jairus' Daughter, had been raised almost from death itself—all accomplished by pilgrimages to Mariastein. After this we went down and down into the heart of the rock, and found the chapel lighted by the windows which we had seen when on the road-side cut through the solid cliff. This is the gem of Mariastein and a very sacred place. It is much restored and excepting its walls and ceiling of solid rock almost too new. There is a modern little pulpit, like all the queer pulpits here, and a gallery with a fine organ, and way in the corners separated by an iron net work a body of Christ made of wood. It must be very old as it seems just ready to fall to pieces from decay but the face is full of mortal agony still. Before this body and at the altar prayers for recovery are made. There is a very fine image of the Virgin in marble on one side of the altar with the infant Jesus in her right arm and angels around and above and on the other side an image of the Virgin all clothed in royal apparel with a crescent at her feet and a crown on her head with a little infant Jesus also in royal apparel in her arms. This is Mariastein, who in the fullness of her royal strength accomplishes the wonderful healing. There is near by a curious box with a place for contributions and above it a notice that who ever puts alms therein will receive prayers and blessings. Whether our offering was rightly given perhaps future years will reveal.

But all the time in which we had been coming, and coaxing Mariastein, the glorious day of Independence had been proceeding dark and lowery. When we came out of the church it looked dull and there was a searching March wind instead of a sultry July breeze—but we had the day before no rain or shine. As we could not take the Post to get home before 6 o'clock, we started off through a mile or two of country for Landstrone, the ruined old castle perched high up on a Jura crag. It had been like an ephemeral *chateau en espagne* like the "phantom ship," all the morning, first tempting us on by its nearness then receding far away, and at times lost to sight as at present. And again in an unexpected moment appearing almost among the clouds, but always a charming thing to view. We had seen it at the very start, seen it when we took the Post. We had been behind it, before it and around it, and now where was it? We inquired and took a narrow path leading towards it. Always going up, always ascending as we had been doing for hours. At the brow of the first hill we caught sight of it in all of its majestic beauty, like "Drachenfels frowning o'er the Rhine," only this smiled rather than frowned. It now looked near, but we walked a long time first up and then down and finally up an almost perpendicular path which ended in an underground arch beneath the walls of the castle. These castles used to be built like ramparts and could defend themselves from approaching armies, which must approach single file in the one beaten foot-path. They are usually built on jutting boulders and half hollowed out of the rock itself. They seem perfectly immense and still do not contain the room of a 5th Avenue brownstone front mansion. Landstrone has two beautiful lofty round towers situated at right angles, and is very picturesquely got up. The parts of the walls which are not rock, are fifteen or twenty feet thick, and the wonder to me is not, that such ruins exist after so many centuries, but that they can be destroyed or ever crumble away. There are several large courts inside the castle itself and the whole is enclosed inside a very high circular wall. Outside of the wall are the ruins of several watch towers which must have been alarm posts to signal approaching foes. An old woman came out from a farm house at the foot of the castle and gave us the key, so after entering and passing under the portcullies we went way around to the very back of the castle and found the door which finally yielded to the great key and we entered, a formerly very beautiful court, long and wide with rooms beyond and a section of spacious room at the side which I believe had been the living rooms. The old stone steps have, for the most part, fallen down and been replaced by wooden steps for the benefit of sightseers. These steps lead up through all the corridors in the different stories to the lofty tower above, which affords such a fine view of the surrounding country and from which also the approach of an enemy from afar could be seen. This castle was built in the 11th or 12th century, and was no doubt inhabited at first by some lawless baron, who had to have his perch high up in the mountains, as a protection against marauders wishing to avenge themselves for his numerous depredations. We found a room upstairs with conveniences for our picnic dinner, and, after eating it we commenced to explore. One flight of stairs further up we found a parapet, over which we could see among the ruins, the dining room and above it what had been evidently an elegant drawing room, very fine in shape with arches and apertures, well encased in masonary, which had served as windows but how filled it is impossible to tell, since in those days there was nothing like glass in castle or cot. It had many cosy nooks and corners and even in its tumble down condition was very suggestive. It suggested mirth, cheer and gaiety it suggested visions of beautiful women and knightly men whirling in the dance or listening to music from some old Klavier, the tones of which were brought out by the touch of fairy fingers, centuries since mouldering in dust. One could almost imagine that they heard the voices and saw the faces and forms moving about in their quaint and rich attire. Back of this parapet was a dungeon with only a single square, cut through the solid rock for just a glimmer of light. It was a solitary place and looked like Sir Walter Raleigh's dungeon in the tower of London. After this we ascended to the top of the great tower over numerous flights of steps, and peered into many old chambers, filled with many weird spectres of the past. The top of the circular tower is now overgrown with grass and willow trees are growing quite large, so curiously out of the solid wall. It was quite a novelty to see foliage and verdure so high above the earth.

As soon as we were inside the castle it had commenced to rain again, and just as we had got to the top of this high tower and were looking at the beautiful prospect far and wide, the glorious Fourth burst forth in a great rain storm. So, hardly lingering long enough in our position to see the Jura Mountains, the Vosges way in the distance before us, the Black Forest at our right, and on the other side woods and vine-clad hills and fertile valleys covered with wavering grain, we descended. The castle is in Alsace the boundary line, between Switzerland and Germany. We had passed where two paths met just before we ascended to the castle. When we went back near this place we saw a cross, before which we stopped and read, that the repetition of five "Ave Marias" and five "Vater runsers," would obtain for any sinner the indulgence and remission of sins for forty consecutive days. We had no time for the "Ave Marias" or "Vater runsers," but we speculated on the good or bad fortune of those who could so long gain immunity from the consequences of unbridled selfishness and sin. It seemed to us, since such a cross can be found in such a civilized age and country, that the world needs another reformation and another Luther to stop the gift, or "Sale of Indulgences."

A.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPECIAL SALE!

Boys' Shirt Waists.

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

I Shall mark my entire line of Shirt Waists, in all sizes, from 5 to 12 years, at 50 cents.

These goods are manufactured by the celebrated "Star" and "Diamond" Shirt Waist Co.'s, and have always been sold at $1.00 and $1.25 a piece. Don't neglect this great opportunity to secure these waists at less than 50 cents on a dollar.

C. J. FARRINGTON,
180 MIDDLE STREET 182
NEAR EXCHANGE STREET.
je12 dtf

MARRINER & COMPANY,

GROCERS,

203 Federal St., - - Whitney Building,

TELEPHONE 501 B.

Special Sale for a Few Days Longer!

IMPORTED SARDINES---P. & C. BRAND.

Small boxes - - - 30c each.
Large boxes - - - 40c each.

We are headquarters for

PICNIC SUPPLIES

of all kinds. Out of town orders carefully packed and promptly shipped, freight prepaid. We keep only the highest grades of goods obtainable, and guarantee satisfaction both in quality and price.

TRY OUR TEAS AND COFFEES!
jy9 dtf

Mrs. Dart's Triplets.

President Cleveland's Prize for the three best babies at the Aurora County Fair, in 1887, was given to these triplets, Mollie, Ida, and Ray, children of Mrs. A. K. Dart, Hamburgh, N. Y. She writes: "Last August the little ones became very sick, and as I could get no other food that would agree with them, I commenced the use of Lactated Food. It helped them immediately, and they were soon as well as ever, and I consider it very largely due to the Food that they are now so well." Lactated Food is the best Food for bottle-fed babies. It keeps them well, and is better than medicine when they are sick. Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1.00. At druggists. Cabinet photo of these triplets sent free to the mother of any baby born this year. Address WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.
jan11 eod&wnrmly

A RARE CHANCE
TO BUY
Ready Made Clothing

In all the Leading Styles and of the finest Materials.

Stock too Large and I am Bound to Reduce It!

Suitings ranging in prices from $8, $10, $12, 15, $18, $20, $23, $25, $30. They are all Bargains.

We keep a large and Stylish line of

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.

---ALSO---

Children's Flannel Blouses.

Our Goods are of the Best Make, and Prices Low.

FRED R. FARRINGTON,
The Clothier and Furnisher,
Under Falmouth Hotel,
208 MIDDLE STREET, PORTLAND, ME.
apr23 eodtf

WE, the undersigned Photographers in Portland, do hereby agree to close our places of business on Saturday afternoon of each week, from date to August 31st inclusive.

Those desiring photographs on that day should call before 12 m.

Signed. CHARLES W. HEARN, THE WRIGHT STUDIO, M. F. KING, C. H. CUMMINGS, GEO. E. BROWN, JACKSON & KINNEY, THE LAMSON STUDIO.
Portland, July 25. Th&FAug31

A WINTER IN SOUTHERN EUROPE
A party sails Dec. 29 for the South of FRANCE, ITALY, SICILY, and other delightful resorts.
EGYPT A Second Party for the HOLY LAND, GREECE, TURKEY, The NILE, and the chief countries and cities of Europe, sails same date. Send for Circular.
E. TOURJEE, Franklin Sq., Boston.
je11 eod3m

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE Stockholders of the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railroad Company are hereby notified that their annual meeting, for the choice of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally be presented, will be held at the office of the Company, in Portland, on the first Tuesday, the seventh day of August, 1888, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.
F. R. BARRETT, Clerk of the Corporation.
Portland, July 16, 1888. jly16eodtd

Hearn
THE
LEADING PHOTOGRAPHER
514 CONGRESS STREET,
PORTLAND - - ME.
febs dtf

my23 WF&Meowtf

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made in NEW YORK.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Standard Clothing Co.

INCORPORATED 1887. CASH CAPITAL $500,000.

The following notice is one of considerable importance to the Clothing Buying public of Portland and vicinity:

PORTLAND, July 2, 1888.

On and after this date Mr. W. C. Ware, so long Manager of the Portland Branch of our business, becomes a member of the firm.
STANDARD CLOTHING CO.

A BIG BOOM in our business is predicted this Fall, and in order to make it complete and successful we shall begin **NOW** by a

SWEEPING MARK DOWN

of prices in our entire stock of Summer Goods. It will pay you to investigate these bargains. WE MAKE LOWER PRICES ON FINE GOODS THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE. We call particular attention to the Making, Trimming, Fit and Finish of all our Garments, and cordially invite your inspection. If you are going on a vacation and want anything in the way of Clothing for yourself or Boys VISIT OUR HOUSE.

NOW FOR BARGAINS!

Men's all wool homespun Sack Suits, sizes 34 to 44, a regular $12 suit and worth it today—handsome mixed goods—lots of service in them and offered today at only **$8 per suit.**

At **$10 and $12** we have some rare bargains left in sack and frock suits, all wool, $15 and $18 quality, including the celebrated Franklin's Imported Scotch Tweeds, Homespun and other reliable fabrics, sizes 33 to 48.

YACHTSMEN—we have some superior bargains in Blue Flannel Suits, single and double breasted, at only **$8, $10, $12 and $15,** heavy and light weight, that are worthy of your attention.

We ask your close attention now. We can show you suits at **$15 and $18,** including fine Black Whipcords, handsome Blue Serges and fine Cassimeres in dark and light colors, cut in sack and frock patterns, that are especial y desirable.

BUSINESS MEN who are in the habit of having their clothing made to measure would do well o see these goods.

Crinkley Seersucker coats and vests to match at only **$1**; were cheap at **$2**.

Large lot of odd thin Vests at only **50c each.**

Fine Black Alpaca sacks in all grades at **$1.50, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4, and $5.**

Travelling Dusters in both linen and mohair at low prices.

Boys' fine all wool Sailor Suits, best goods there are made up, and retail price has been $4, $4.50 and $5, now offered in several of the latest and leading styles, at only **$2.50 per suit.** Best values known in the annals of trade. Also Sailor Suits at 85c. regular price $1.50.

250 doz. Boys' Shirt Waists, 25c and 35c quality, marked down to only **15c each**, sizes 4 to 12 years.

Extra quality Boys' Shirt Waists in both dark and light colors, including the Star and other goods known to be fast and durable colors and serviceable, only **50c each.**

Special bargains in Shirt Waists for boys 12, 13 and 14 years of age.

500 pairs of Boys' All Wool Knee Pants, sizes 4 to 14 years, made to retail at $1.25 offered at **65c per pair.** Just think of it.

Headquarters for Boys' Blouses, Shirts and Shirt Waists of all kinds. We are selling Boys All Wool Long Pant Suits at **$5, $6 and $6.50** that are exceptions, made to retail at $8, $10 and $12. Our price today for the quality of goods surprises even the closest buyer.

We would not be calling attention to our **Biggest Bargains** if we did not mention the special values in **Trousers** for Men, Young Men and Boys—great mark downs have been made and extraordinary values are offered.

Bycycle Suits in Blue Yacht Cloth and Homespun Goods, White Pants and Coats for yachting purposes. White Vests in large variety.

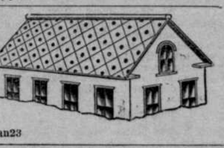
STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

Standard Clothing Co.,

255 MIDDLE ST., PORTLAND, ME.,

Largest Manufacturers, Jobbers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in New England.

Headquarters and Wholesale Rooms 395 to 403 Washington Street, Boston.
jly23 dtf



BEST ROOF
In the World is the Montross Patent
Metal Shingles.
Send for Circulars and Price-Lists Free.
E. VAN NOORDEN & CO.,
383 Harrison Ave., Boston, Mass.
jan23 Tu&F6m

A NEW CARD TO THE PUBLIC

"The best advertisement for an article is quality--- the next consideration is price."

Articles.	Price.	Articles.	Price
Lubin's Toilet Powder	.15	Hood's Tooth Powder	.15
" Perfumes, bottles	.55	Sozodont	.49
" " bulk, per oz	.29	Jewsbury & Brown's Tooth Paste	.39
" Soap	.28, .42, .60	Calder's Dentifrice	.15
Pear's Soap	.13, .15, .19	Our Own "	.15
" " Shaving	.18, .26, .45	Brown's "	.15
Coate's Violet Powder	.15	Murray & Lanman's Florida Water	.47
" Cashmere Bouquet	.15	Hoyt's German Cologne	.15
" Perfume	.25	Swan Down Face Powder	.10
" Violet Water	.38, .70	Riker's "	.17
" Rosodora Water	.38	Saunders' "	.24
" Cashmere Bouquet Water	.70	Lablache "	.30
" Soap, Rosodora	.14	Lazell's Perfumes, bulk, oz	.25
" " Pansy	.14	Vaseline	.12
" " Cashmere Bouquet	.21	Imported Bay Rum, per pint	.40
" " Spermaceti	.30	Guppy & Co's Cologne Waters, per pint	.95
" " Violet	.30	Oriental Cream	.95
" " Glycerine	.14	Coudray's Brilliantine	.30, .40
" " Marguerite	.14	" " Lavender Water	.45, .50
" " Vaseline	.15	Pinaud's " "	.60, .65
" " Tar	.11	Our Own Beef, Iron and Wine	.35
" " Eau de Cologne	.18	" " Wine of Cocoa	.50
" " Naiades	.14	" " Florida Water	.20, .35
Cuticura "	.15, $1.75 per doz.	Hagan's Magnolia Balm	.50
Hinds' Honey and Almond Cream	.35	Laird's Bloom of Youth	.50

And an immense stock of Tooth, Nail and Hair Brushes, Combs, Puffs and Puff Boxes, and other Toilet Articles too numerous to mention.

C. H. GUPPY & CO., Corner Congress an Preble Streets.
mar23 eodtf

CLOSING OUT STOCK
AT
TURNER BROS.

A large extension to our store is being built, making it necessary to move our stock, and probably close our store a part of August.

We have decided to close out our present stock if possible previous to that time. We shall not hesitate at any sacrifice.

CLOAKS, SILKS AND DRESS GOODS
At Prices Never Yet Known!
SALE COMMENCES TO-DAY.
jy14 dtf

TRUSSES.

TRUSSES.

In our stock may be found
HARD RUBBER, LEATHER AND ELASTIC

of every kind. Our long experience enables us to furnish TRUSSES practically constructed of the best material. A PERFECT FIT is guaranteed in every instance. We would call special attention to our improved pad. By their use the most difficult forms of HERNIA can be retained.

GEO. C. FRYE,
Corner Congress and Franklin Streets, - - Portland, Me.
je16 M,W&F1f

FINANCIAL.

BONDS.

$20,000 Androscoggin & Kennebec R. R. 6s.
$7,000 Maine Central R. R. 5s. Due 1923.
$7,000 Maine Central R. R. Consols 7s. Coupon and Registered.
$25,000 Portland Water Co. 40 year Gold 4s. Coupon and Registered.
$5,000 Portland Water Co. 6s. Due 1891.

For Sale by H. M. Payson & Co.
my17 Bankers, 32 Exchange St. dtf

PORTLAND
TRUST COMPANY
First National Bank Building.

City, County and Railroad Bonds, and other First-Class Securities.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS
je10 eodtf

TO THE HOLDERS OF
United States 4 1-2 Per Cent Bonds,
DUE 1891.

We beg to call your attention to the fact that the above mentioned United States Bonds at the present price yield only

Two and One-quarter Per Cent

(2 1-4) interest, and that as they approach maturity the price will decline until the whole premium will be wiped out.

We therefore advise the holders of these Bonds to sell or exchange them for other securities. We have on hand a desirable list of City, County, Railroad and Water Bonds, suitable for Trust Funds, and would be pleased to have the holders of the above mentioned Bonds communicate with us.

Woodbury & Moulton
Cor. Middle and Exchange Sts.,
PORTLAND, - - - - ME.
my25 dtf

MANHATTAN TRUST COMPANY,
NO. 10 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
CAPITAL.....$1,000,000

DIRECTORS:
F. O. French, N. Y. H. W. Cannon, N. Y.
H. J. Cross, N. Y. John R. Ford, N. Y.
H. L. Higginson, Boston. T. J. Coolidge, Jr., Boston
Augustus Belmont, Jr., N. Y.
E. D. Randolph, N. Y. James O. Sheldon, N. Y.
G. F. Livermore, N. Y. A. S. Rosenbaum, N. Y.
C. C. Baldwin, N. Y. Wm. Dowd, N. Y.
Chas. F. Tag, N. Y. Samuel R. Shipley, Phila.
Henry Field, Chicago. R. T. Wilson, N. Y.
John I. Waterbury, N. Y.
Francis Ormond French, President.
John I. Waterbury, Vice-President.

Authorized to accept and execute Trusts of every description.
Trustee for investment and management of real and personal estate.
Deposits at interest subject to cheque through the Clearing House.
Registrar and Transfer Agent.
je29 eodlmF,M&W

PORTLAND 6s
Maturing Nov., 1888,

paid at our office on presentation, and for which we will allow a premium and accrued interest. We would also invite the attention of holders of

State of Maine 6s, due 1889,

[which have now only ONE YEAR more to run]

to the importance of availing of the premium which can now be realized upon them, as a few months hence they will command no premium at all. We think it is also important to convert the

United States 4 1-2 Per Cent Bonds,

[which now have but little over THREE YEARS to run]

in order to obtain the present high premium which must gradually and surely become less as they approach maturity. We are offering some excellent securities which we can recommend to holders of above bonds, or in exchange for any other securities soon to mature, and we shall be happy to communicate or confer with them regarding such exchange.

SWAN & BARRETT,
186 Middle Street, Portland, Me.
jy18 dtf

J. B. BROWN & SONS,
BANKERS,
218 Middle Street, Portland, Me.,
— DEALERS IN —
Investment Securities!
STERLING EXCHANGE
drawn and Letters of Credit issued, available in all the principal cities in Europe.
dec28 eodtf

STATE OF MAINE.
TO THE ELECTORS
— OF THE —
City of Portland.

PURSUANT to warrants from the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Portland, I hereby notify and warn the inhabitants of said City of Portland, qualified according to law, to meet at their respective Ward Rooms on the first THURSDAY in August, A. D. 1888, being the second day of said month, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, then and there to give in their ballots upon the following question:

Whether the legal voters of the City of Portland will ratify and confirm the lease from the Portland and Ogdensburg Railway to the Maine Central Railroad Company; which was approved and authorized to be executed by the Directors of the Maine Central Railroad Company on the twelfth day of July, A. D. 1888; and by the Directors of the Portland and Ogdensburg Railway on the sixteenth day of July, A. D., 1888; in accordance with Chapter 507 of the Private Laws of 1885 of the State of Maine, entitled An Act in relation to the Portland and Ogdensburg Railroad Company.

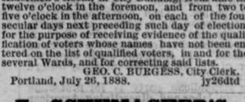
Such questions shall be determined in the following manner, that is to say, Each voter in favor of ratifying and confirming such lease, shall express his preference by a ballot bearing the word "Yes," and each voter opposed thereto, by a ballot bearing the word "No."

The polls on such day of election to remain open until four o'clock in the afternoon, when they shall be closed.

I also give the notice to said inhabitants that the Aldermen of said city will be in open session at the Aldermen's Room, in City Building, from nine till twelve o'clock in the forenoon, and from two to five o'clock in the afternoon, on each of the four secular days next preceding such day of election, for the purpose of receiving evidence of the qualification of voters whose names have not been entered on the list of qualified voters, in and for the several Wards, and for correcting said lists.

GEO. C. BURGESS, City Clerk.
Portland, July 26, 1888. jy26dtd

F. SCHUMACHER'S



ROLLED AVENA From Best White Oats.
PARCHED FARINOSE From Ohio's Best Wheat.
Prepared for table in two minutes. White Wheat Graham Flour, roller process.
Be sure you get Schumacher's Oat Meal, Rolled Wheat, Cracked Wheat, Pearl Barley, Rolled Barley, Rolled Oats, Hominy, Yellow Granulated Corn Meal, in original packages, sold by all Grocers.
S. M. Pennock & Son, N. E. Agt's, Boston.
jun1 F,M&W6m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of

GEORGE BROCK, late of Portland,

in

THE PRESS.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 27.

THE PRESS.

May be obtained at the Periodical Depots of N. G. Fessenden, Horse Railroad Station; Marquis, 76 Exchange St.; Armstrong, E.& M. C. R. R. Depot; Hodgson, 96½ Portland St.; John Cox, 560 Congress St.; Costello, 7 Exchange St.; Holden, 47 Middle St.; Jewett, 554 Congress St.; Peterson, 2 Exchange St.; Goold, corner Congress and Chestnut Sts.; Chisholm, 109 Congress St.; Hopkins, Commercial, corner Park; Morrill, 243 Congress St.; Ross, 193 Congress St.; Beardsworth, 57 India St.; Abbott, 243 Spring St.; and of Chisholm Bros.' agents on all trains running out of the city.

Auburn, Haskell & Reynolds.
Augusta, J. F. Pierce.
Bath, J. O. Shaw.
Biddeford, F. M. Burnham.
" A. L. Jellerson.
Boston, Mass., American House.
Brunswick, B. J. Denntson.
Cumberland Mills, K. S. Raymond.
Damariscotta, E. W. Dunbar.
Freeport, W. A. Mitchell.
Fryeburg, J. C. Gerry.
Fairfield, E. H. Evans.
Farmington, White & Marwick.
Gardiner, Palmer & Co.
Gorham, Jas. H. Irish & Co.
Lewiston, Chandler & Estes.
Long Island, T. M. Glendenning.
Mechanic Falls, A. W. Bridge, Merrill & Denning.
Norway, S. L. Crockett, A. O. Noyes.
Old Orchard, Geo. E. Fogg.
Orrs Island, S. C. Prince & Son.
Richmond, G. A. Beale.
Rockland, O.S. Andrews, R. H. Burnham & Wm. H. Hyde.
Saccarappa, W. B. Boothby.
Saco, H. B. Kendrick & Co., Wm. Stackpole.
So. Paris, A. M. Gerry.
Springvale, C. H. Pierce.
Skowhegan—Bixby & Buck.
Thomaston, S. Delano.
Vinalhaven, A. B. Vinal.
Waldoboro, G. Bliss.
Waterville, C. H. Hayes.
Yarmouth, W. F. Bennett.

WIT AND WISDOM.

Herbert—Really, Miss Edith, I am sorry I kissed you. I didn't think what I was doing. It is a sort of temporary insanity in our family.

Miss Edith (pityingly)—If you ever feel any more such attacks coming on you had better come right here where your infirmity is known, and we will take care of you.

Must not be confounded with common cathartics or purgative pills. Carter's Little Liver Pills are entirely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

"Going to take any vacation this summer, old man?" asked Briggs.

"You bet!" said Diggs, cheerfully. "Two weeks of solid fun!"

"Good! And where do you intend to go to spend it?"

"Oh, I'm not going anywhere," responded Diggs. "My wife's mother is going to spend a fortnight with my cousin."

When They Leave Us.

The exodus of our bodily troubles is doubly welcome if their departure is unaccompanied by pain. It is the fault of the best of commendable catharics, which act solely upon the bowels, that in operating they gripe and weaken these organs. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters produce a laxative effect, but neither cause pain nor weaken the abdominal region or the stomach. This is preeminently the alterative which a constipated, bilious or dyspeptic person should use, since a resort to it involves no bodily discomfort nor produces a violent reaction. The liver is aroused, the stomach benefited, and the habit of bodily speedily and permanently improved by it. Fever and ague, reumatism and kidney troubles are among the maladies for which recorded experience has proved it to be efficacious. It is a wholesome appetizer, and a far more reliable tranquilizer of the nerves than stomach-disturbing narcotics and sedatives.

A Purist:

Train on the Northern Pacific: "Pompey's Pillar," great rocky column, rising in the valley, so named by the explorer, William Clark, in 1805, comes in sight. Precise brakeman, probably from Boston, opens the car door and shouts:

"Pompey's Pillow! Pompey's Pillow!" Retires with the air of a man who has done his duty and rebuked the loose and slangy West.—Burdette.

The well known strengthening properties of IRON, combined with other tonics and a most perfect nervine, are found in Carter's Iron Pills, which strengthen the nerves and body, and improve the blood and complexion.

He was doing very nicely in the parlor when a solemn voice came through the open window from the porch:

"That young man makes me very tired."

"Don't be alarmed, Mr. Sampson," said the girl, as he hastily started up, "it is only Polly, our parrot."

"I understand it's the parrot," he replied, "but I would like to know who taught her to talk."

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Railroad Receipts.

PORTLAND, July 26, 1888.

Receipts by Maine Central Railroad—For Portland 36 cars miscellaneous merchandise; for connecting roads 99 cars miscellaneous merchandise.

Foreign Exports.

BUENOS AYRES. Bark Alice—602,020 feet lumber.

Grain Quotations.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.
Wednesday's quotations.

WHEAT.	July.	Aug.	Sept.
Opening	81	78⅞	78⅞
High ness	82	80⅝	80⅝
Lowest	81	79	78⅝
Closing	82	80⅝	80⅝
CORN.	July.	Aug.	Sept.
Opening	45⅝	45⅛	45⅛
Highest	46⅝	46⅛	46⅛
Lowest	45⅝	45⅝	45⅛
Closing	46⅝	46⅛	45⅞
OATS.	July.		
Opening	29⅝		
Highest	29⅝		
Lowest	29⅛		
Closing	29⅝		

Thursday's quotations.

WHEAT.	July.	Aug.	Sept.
Opening	82⅛	80⅝	80⅝
Highest	82⅛	80⅝	80⅝
Lowest	81⅝	79⅞	79½
Closing	81⅝	79⅞	80
CORN.	July.	Aug.	Sept.
Opening	46⅛	46⅛	45⅝
Highest	46⅛	46⅛	46
Lowest	45⅛	45⅛	44⅝
Closing	45⅛	45⅛	44⅝
OATS.	July.		
Opening	29⅛		
Highest	29⅝		
Lowest	29⅛		
Closing	29⅝		

Portland Daily Press Stock List.

Corrected by SWAN & BARRETT, Bankers and Brokers, 186 Middle street.

STOCKS.

Descriptions.	Par Value.	Bid.	Asked
Canal National Bank	100	153	155
Casco Nat. Bank	100	142	144
First National Bank	100	114	115
Cumberland National Bank	40	47	48
Merchants' National Bank	75	118	119
National Traders' Bank	100	133	135
Portland Company		95	100
Portland Gas Company	50	80	85

BONDS.

State of Maine 6s, due 1889		102	103
Portland City 6s, Municip'l various		100	115
Portland City 6s, R. R. aid 1907		123	125
Portland City Funding 4s		101½	102½
Bath City 6s, Mun. various		102	105
Bath City 6s R. R. aid various		103	108
Bangor City 6s, long R. R. aid		115	116
Bangor City 6s, long Mun.		100	102
Bethel City 6s, R. R. aid		104	106
Aug. & Kenn. R. R. 6s, various		105	108
Portland & Ken. R. R. 6s, 1895		109	111
Leeds & Farmington R. R. 6s		109	111
Maine Central R. R. 1st mtg.		119	121
Maine Central R. R. Consol 7s		131	133
Maine Central R. R. Skg Fund 6s		105	106
Portland Water Co.			
" " 2d mtg 6s		103	105
" " 3d mtg 6s		110	112
" " Consol 4s			98

Boston Stock Market.

[By Telegraph.]

The following quotations of stocks are received today:

New York and New England Railroad.	
do pref	116
Atch., Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad	*85⅝
C. B. & Q.	*115½
Mexican Central	14½
Wisconsin Central	17½
Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad com	40
do pref	100
California Southern Railroad	43⅛
Bell Telephone	232
Chicago, Burlington & Northern	94
Old Colony Railroad	*168¼
Boston & Lowell Railroad	*163
Boston & Maine R	216
Maine Central Railroad	130
Eastern Railroad	120
Eastern Railroad pref	130
Wisconsin Central preferred	37¼

*Ex-dividend.

New York Stock and Money Market.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, July 26, 1888.—Money on call easy, ranging from 1 to 1½; last loan 1½, closing 1½. Prime mercantile paper 4@6. Sterling Exchange quiet. Government bonds are dull and firm. Railroad bonds quiet and steady. The stock market closed fairly active and firm at best prices of the day.

The transactions at the Stock Exchange aggregated 267,328 shares.

The following are to-day's quotations of Government securities:

United States 3s	
New 4s, reg	127⅞
New 4s, coup	127⅞
New 4½s, reg	107⅝
New 4½s, coup	107⅝
Central Pacific 1sts	114⅝
Denver & R. Gr. 1sts	121
Erie 2ds	98
Kansas Pacific Consols	109¼
Oregon Nav. 1sts	109⅞
Union Pacific 1st	113⅝
do Land Grants	
do Sinking Funds	

The following are closing quotations of stocks:

	July 26.	July 25.
Adams Express	145	145
Am. Express	108½	108¼
Central Pacific	35⅝	36½
Chesapeake & Ohio		
Chicago & Alton	133	134
do pref	160	160
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	115½	115½
Delaware & Hudson Canal Co	114⅝	115½
Delaware, Lacka. & Western	134⅞	135¼
Denver & Rio Grande	18⅛	18⅛
Erie	26⅞	27⅛
Erie pref	61⅝	62
Illinois Central	119	119½
Ind. Bloom & West	13	13½
Lake Erie & West	15⅝	15⅝
Lake Shore	93	93
Louis & Nash	59⅝	60⅝
Manhattan Elevated	87¼	88⅞
Michigan Central	83½	83½
Minn & St. Louis	4⅝	4½
do pref	11⅝	11
Missouri Pacific	77⅝	78½
New Jersey Central	32⅝	33½
Nor. Pacific common	26¼	26¼
do pref	56⅝	57
Northwestern	110⅝	111⅞
Northwestern pref	141½	142
New York Central	105⅝	106⅛
New York, Chicago & St. Louis	15⅝	15⅝
do pref	69	69
Ohio & Miss	22⅝	22⅝
Ont. & Western	15⅝	15⅝
Oregon Trans-Cont'l	25⅝	25⅝
Pacific Mail	35⅝	35⅝
Pullman Palace	162½	162½
Reading	63⅛	64⅝
Rock Island	116½	107½
St Louis & San Fran	22	22
do pref	70⅛	71
do 1st pref	112½	113
St Paul	71⅛	72⅝
do pref	108½	105
St Paul, Minn & Man	105½	
St. Paul & Omaha	30	38⅝
St. Paul & Omaha pref	107½	107½
Texas Pacific (new)	23⅝	23⅝
Union Pacific	57⅝	58⅛
U. S. Express	76	76
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific	13½	13⅝
do pref	24⅝	25⅛
Western Union	79	79⅛
F. Tenn, new	10¼	10¼
East Tenn, pref	70	69
Wells, Fargo Express	139	138
Oregon Nav	92½	94½
Houston & Texas	13½	13½
Mobile & Ohio	9¼	9
Metropolitan	127	127
Alton & Terre Haute	43½	43
do pref	80	80

New York Mining Stocks.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, July 26, 1888. The following are closing quotations for mining stocks to-day:

Colorado Coal	35⅝
Hocking Coal	23
Homestake	10⅝
Ontario	31 00
Quicksilver	10 50
do preferred	39½
Amador	2 20

WIT AND WISDOM.

Herbert—Really, Miss Edith, I am sorry I kissed you. I didn't think what I was doing. It is a sort of temporary insanity in our family.

Miss Edith (pityingly)—If you ever feel any more such attacks coming on you had better come right here where your infirmity is known, and we will take care of you.

Petroleum Market.

BOSTON, July 26.

Pipe Line Certificates.

Opening	82⅝
11.30	82
11.00	82⅛
11.30	82⅝
12 M	81⅝
1 P. M.	82⅛
2.30 P. M.	82
Closing	81⅝

Boston Produce Market.

BOSTON, July 26, 1888.—The following are today's quotations of provisions, &c.:

Pork—Long cut 17 50@18 00; short cuts 17 50@18 00; backs 17 00@19 00; light backs 17 00; pork tongues 19 00.

Lard—Choice 9@9½c ⅌ lb in tcs; 9½@9¾c in 10-lb pails; 9¾@10c in 5-lb. pails; 10@10¼c in 3 lb pails.

Hams at 11½@12½c, according to size and cure; smoked hams 12½@13c.

Hogs—Choice city dressed hogs at 8c ⅌ lb; country do at 7c.

Butter—Western extra creamery at 00@21c; ext firsts at 20c; firsts at 18@19c; extra imitation crm at 18c; do seconds at 16c; do factory, choice at 16@17c; do fair to good at 13@15c; New York and Vermont extra creamery 21½@22c; do ext firsts 19 @20c. The above quotations are receivers prices for strictly wholesale lots. Jobbing prices 1@2c higher.

Cheese—Northern choice 9@9½c; lower grades as to quality; Western at 8½@9c; sage at 9c. Jobbing prices ½c higher.

Eggs—Eastern extras 18½@19c; fancy near-by stock higher; Eastern firsts at 18c; extra Vt and N H at 18@19c; fresh Western at 17½c; N Y and N H 18c; Michigan choice at 18c. Jobbing price 1c higher.

Poultry—Choice spring chickens 23@27; Northern dressed fowls at 15c; Western iced fowls 14c; dressed ducks 13@18c; live fowls at 11c; live chickens at 20; live ducks at 12@13c; live turkeys 12c.

Beans—Choice small N Y hand picked pea at 2 90@3 00 ⅌ bush; choice New York large hand picked do 2 85@2 90; small Vermont hand-pick do at 2 10@2 15.

Hay—Choice prime hay 19 00; some fancy $20; fair to good at $16 00@$18 00; Eastern fine $14 00@$15 00; ordinary $13 00@$14 00; Maine $16 @$11. Rye straw, choice, at 22 00@$23 00; oat straw 10 00@11 00.

Potatoes—$2 50@2 75 ⅌ bbl for choice new Norfolks, 2 00@2 25 for fair to good. 2 50@2 75 for Jerseys.

Chicago Cattle Market.

By Telegraph.]

CHICAGO, July 26, 1888—Cattle market—receipts 12,000; shipments 4000; slow and lower; beeves 4 00@6 25; cows and heifers 1 90@5 00; stockers and feeders 2 10@3 50; cows, bulls and mixed at 1 35@3 50; Texas cattle at 1 90@3 90.

Hogs—Receipts 35,000; shipments 8000; steady for light; others lower; mixed 5 95@6 40; heavy at 6 05@6 55; light 6 00@6 45; skips 4 10@5 85.

Sheep—receipts 5000; shipments 2000; steady; natives 2 90@5 40; Western sheep at 3 50@4 10; Texas do 3 00@4 40; lambs at 5 00@6 55 ⅌ 100 lbs.

Domestic Markets.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, July 26, 1888.—Flour market—receipts 23,925 packages; exports 547 bbls and 13,056 sacks; steady; sales 21,500 bbls.

Flour quotations—Fine at 2 60@2 75; superfine Western and State 2 40@2 95; common to good extra Western and State at 2 75@3 25; good to choice do at 3 30@5 00; common to fair extra White wheat Western extra at 4 40@4 70; fancy do at 4 75@5 00; common to good extra Ohio at 2 70@5 00; common to choice extra St Louis at 2 70@5 00; patent Minnesota extra good to prime at 4 50@4 75; choice to fancy do at 4 80 @5 00, others unchanged. Inspected 20 bbls city mills extra at 4 36@4 60; 1400 bbls fine do at 2 10@2 75; 1100 bbls superfine at 2 40@2 95; 1300 bbls winters at 2 75@3 25; 6300 bbls winter wheat extra 2 75@5 00; 8,200 bbls Minnesota extra 2 75@5 00. Southern flour in light demand, but steadily held, unchanged. Rye flour is dull at 3 80; good to choice do 4 00@5 00. Rye flour is quiet and steady. Rye—receipts 825 bush; exports 9617 bus; sales 12,000 bush spot; demand light; No 1 hard 94c delivered; No 2 Spring 89c and nominal; No 2 Red at 91⅝c f o b, 90⅝@93c store and elev, 92¼@92½c afloat. Barley—receipts 28,000 bush, exports 358 bush; sales 141,000 bush; lower and fairly active; No 2 at 85; Western do at 89c; No 2 at 86c; do White at 40@42c; No 1 White at 44c; Mixed Western at 35@38c; do White at 41@46c; White State at 42@44c. Coffee—Fair Rio nominal at 14½c. Sugar is dull and easier; refined is quiet; C at 6 50@6 ½; Extra C at 6¼c; White Extra C at 6 65@6 75; Yellow at 6⅛@6 56-100; standard A 7¼c; Mould A 7⅝c; Confectioners A at 7⅜c; cut loaf and crushed 8¼c; cut A 6⅝@7c; powdered 8c; granulated 7 81-100c; Cubes 8 ⅛c. Molasses is firm; united 31⅝c. Pork steady and moderately active. Beef dull. Lard is better (trade slow). Western steam 8 85; city steam at 8 20; refined quoted 8 50 for Continent; S A at 9 75. Butter heavy; State 14½@21c; Western at 11½@20c. Cheese quiet and about steady.

Freights to Liverpool quiet.

CHICAGO, July 26, 1888.—The Flour market is quiet. Wheat is nervous; to-day opening at 80⅛ @81⅝c; No 2 Red 81c. Corn is heavy; No 2 at 45⅝c. Oats dull and easy; No 2 at 29⅝@30c. Rye at 45c for No 2. Barley—No 2 at 62c. Provisions more active.—Mess Pork at 13 75@13 80. Lard higher at 8 65. Dry salted shoulders 7 25@7 40; short clear sides 8 75@8 87½. Whiskey at 1 20.

Receipts—Flour, 1,500 bbls; wheat, 4,500 bush; corn 16,000 bush; oats 79,000 bush; rye 5,000 bush; barley, 0,000 bush.

Shipments—Flour, 8,000 bbls; wheat, 121,000 bush; corn 248,000 bush; oats, 133,000 bush; rye 2 000 bush; barley 1,000 bush.

ST. LOUIS, July 26, 1888.—The Flour market is quiet. Wheat opened lower, afterwards advanced—No 2 Red at 78⅛@78⅝c. Corn lower; No 2 at 43⅝c. Oats lower; No 2 at 25@25½c. Whiskey steady at 1 14. Provisions quiet: Pork 14 37½ @14 50; lard nominally 8 25@8 37½. Dry salted meats—shoulders at 7 25; long clear 8 2c; short clear 8 75. Bacon—shoulders at 8 00; long clear at 8 12½; ribs 9 12½@9 20; short clear 9 37½. Hams $12@$13 12½.

Receipts—Flour, 3,000 bbls; wheat 13,500 bu, corn 4,000 bush, oats 76,000 bush, barley, 0,000 bush, rye 0,000 bush.

Shipments—Flour 9,000 bbls, wheat 3,000 bush, corn 11,000 bush, oats, 9,000 bush, barley 0,000 bush, rye 00,000 bush.

DETROIT, July 26, 1888.—Wheat—No 1 White at 91c; No 2 Red at 84½c. Corn—No 2 at 47c. Oats—No 2 at 35½c.

Receipts—Wheat, 3,300 bush.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26, 1888.—Cotton is dull; middling 9⅝c.

SAVANNAH, July 26, 1888.—Cotton steady; middling 9⅝c.

CHARLESTON, July 26, 1888.—Cotton nominal; middling 9⅝c.

MEMPHIS, July 26, 1888.—Cotton steady; middling at 10c.

MOBILE, July 26, 1888.—Cotton is firm; middling 9⅝c.

European Markets.

By Telegraph.]

LONDON, July 26, 1888.—Consols 99 9-16 for money and the account.

LIVERPOOL, July 26.—The Cotton market—quiet without quotable change in prices; middling uplands at 5 9-16d; do Orleans at 5⅝d; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1000 bales; receipts 2400 bales.

LIVERPOOL, July 25, 1888—Quotations—Winter wheat at 6s 8d@6s 10d; Spring wheat 6s 8d@6s 10d; Club wheat at 6s 11d@6s 7d. Corn—mixed Western at 4s 7¼d; peas 6s 2d. Provisions, &c.—Pork at 70s. Bacon at 45s 0d for short clear and 44s 0d for long clear. Tallow at 22s 6d.

PORTLAND WHOLESALE MARKET.

PORTLAND, July 26, 1888.

The following are to-day's closing quotations of Grain, Provisions, &c.:

Flour.		Grain.	
Superfine and low grades	2 95@4 00	H Mxd Corn	61@62
X Spring and XX Spring	4 35@4 60	Corn, bag lots	64@66
Patent Spring Wheats	5⅝@5 50	Meal, bag lots	63@63
Mich. straight roller	5 00@5 25	Oats, car lots	44
clear do	4 75@5 00	Oats, bag lots	47@48
stone ground	4 50@4 75	Cotton Seed, car lots	25
St Louis st'rt roller	5 00@5 25	do bag	25 00@27 00
clear do	5 13@5 25	Sack'd Bran car lots	19 00@20 00
Winter Wheat Patents	5⅝@5 50	do bag lots	21 00@22 00
		Middlings, car lots	20 00@24 00
		do bag lots	21 00@25 00
Fish.		**Provisions.**	
Cod, ⅌ qtl— Large Shore	4 50@4 57	Pork— Backs	18 25@18 50
Large Bank	4 75@5 00	Clear	17 50@18 00
Small	3 50@4 40	Mess	16 25@16 50
Pollock	2 25@3 25	Beef— Ex Mess	8 00@8 50
Haddock	2 00	Plate	9 00@9 25
Hake	2 00@2 25	Ex Plate	9 50@10 00
Herring— Scaled ⅌ bx	25@27	Lard— Tubs	8⅝@9⅝c
No 1	00@00	Tierces	8⅝@9⅝c
Mackerel ⅌ bbl— Shore 1s	00@22 00	Pails	9⅝@10½
Shore 2s	17 00@19 00	Hams ⅌ lb	11⅝@12
Med. 3s	$12@14	do covered	12½@14
Large	$15@16	**Oil**	
Produce.		Kerosene— Po Ref. Pet	7½
Cranberries— Cape Cod	00@00 00	Pratt's Ast'l	11
Fea Beans	3 00@3 25	Devoe's Brilliant	10⅝
Medium	2 50@2 75	Lignonia	8⅝
German	2 50@2 75	Centennial	8
Yellow Eyes	2 50@2 75	**Raisins.**	
Potatoes, Bush	1 00	Muscatel	2 25@3 35
New Potatoes, bbl	2 90@3 50	London Layr	2 85@3 25
		Ondura Lay	6⅝@6⅝
Ber Onions, qt	00@2 25	Valencia	7⅝@7½
Turkeys	17@18	**Sugar.**	
Chickens	12@15	granulated ⅌ lb	8¼
Fowls	11@14	Extra C	7¾
Geese		**Seeds.**	
Ducks		Red Top	2¾@2⅞
		Timothy Seed	3 00@3 10
		Clover	8¼@12½c
Apples.			

Russets	@4 75	**Cheese.**	
Fancy Baldns	@	Vermont	9½@11½
Evaporated ⅌ lb	8@10c	N.Y. factory	9½@11½
		Sage	11 @12
Lemons.		**Butter.**	
Palermo	5 00@6 00	Creamery ⅌ lb	20@22
Messina	5 00@6 25	Gilt Edge Ver	20@22
Malagers		Choice	17@18
Oranges.		Good	16@17
Florida	@	Store	15@16
Valencia	@	**Eggs.**	
Messina and Pa-		Eastern ex	19@20
Palermo ⅌box	6 00@6 50	Cans & Western	19@20
Brena.		Limed	15@17
Pilot Sup	7½@8	**Lead.**	
do sq	5½@6	Sheet	8@8½
Ship	4½@ 5	Pipe	7 @7½
Crackers ⅌ lb	6@6½	Pig	5 00@5 52
Coal.		**Leather.**	
Cumberland	4 50@5 00	New York— Light	20@ 21
Acadia	@7 50	Mid weight	22@ 23
Chestnut	5 75@6 00	Heavy	23@ 25
Franklin	@7 00	Slaughter	32@ 34
Lehigh	5 75@6 00	Good d'mgd.	19@ 20
Coffee.		Am calf	90@1 00
Rio, roasted	18 @21	**Lumber.**	
Java do	25 @28	South pine, 30	00@40 00
Cooperage.		Clear pine— Uppers	$56@$65
Hhhd shooks and hds— Mol. city	1 50@1 75	Select	$43@$50
Sug. city	95@1 05	Fine common	$35@$40
Sug. s'd shk	50@ 70	Spruce	$13@$14
Pine sugar— Box shooks	@ 45	Hemlock	$11@$12
Sacar reading— Spruce 35 in 18	@ 20	Clapboards— Spruce. X	$28@$30
Pine 18	@ 20	Clear	$26@$28
Hard pine	@ 20	Ext clear	$20@$22
Mol. heading	22@ 25	No 1	$15@$16
Hoops— New 14 ft	$25	Pine	$25@$50
Old	$20@$22	Shingles— X cedar	3 50@3 75
Short do 8 ft	$10@$12	Clear cedar	3 00@3 25
7 ft	$8	X No 1	00@2 50
Pop'r staves	$12@$14	No 1 cedar	1 25@1 75
Spruce rough	12	Spruce	1 25@1 50
Oak hhd staves	$12 50@$14	Laths, spruce	2 00@2 15
Cordage.		**Lime—Cement.**	
Amer'n ⅌ lb	11@12	Lime ⅌ cask	1 05
Manila	13 @14	Cement	1 50
Manilla Bolt Rope	14	**Matches.**	
Russi do	16@17	Star, ⅌ gross	50
Sisal	11½@12½	Diriigo	39@ 4
Drugs and Dyes.		**Metals.**	
Acid Oxalic	12@14	Copper— 14x48 com	26 28
" tart	50@ 52	Cr.Copper, 14x48 plain	27@29
Ammonia— carb	15@20	Y M sheath	17
Ashes, pot	6¾@ 8	Y M Bolts	20
Bals coaiba	60@ 70	Y M Bottoms	30@32
Beeswax	30@ 33	Ingot	20
Bich bromides	5	Tin— Straits	21@ 23
Borax	10@ 12	English	21@ 23
Brimstone	2½@ 3	Char. I. C.	6 50@6 75
Cochineal	40@ 45	Char. I. X.	7 75@8 25
Cream tartar	37@ 38	Terne	6 25@7 00
Ex. logwood	12@ 17	Coke	5 25@5 50
Gumarabic	70@1 25	Antimony	14@15
Alocs caps	15@ 20	Zinc	7 00@8 00
Camphor	28@ 30	Solder ½x½	16@18
Myrrh	50@ 55	**Molasses.**	
Opium	3 25@3 50	Porto Rico	30@ 42
Shellac	25@ 30	Barbadoes	32@ 34
Indigo	85@1 00	Cienfuegos	26@ 27
Iodine	4 25@4 30	Boiling	22@25
Ipecac	2 00	Fancy Ponce	38@40
Licorice, rt	15@ 20	**Nails.**	
Lat ex	34@ 40	Cask	2 15@2 25
Morphine	2 25@2 50	**Naval Stores.**	
Oil bergamot	2 75@3 00	Tar ⅌ bbl	3 25@3 50
Cod liver	1 50@2 00	Coal Tar	5 00@5 75
Lemon	2 25@2 50	Pitch	3 25@3 50
Olive	1 25@1 75	Wil. Pitch	3 00@3 25
Peppermint	2 75@3 00	Rosin	3 00@4 00
Wintergreen	2 20@2 30	Turpt'ne, gall	40@ 47
Potass br'mide	40@ 48	Oakum	9½@10½
Chlorate	20@ 25	**Oil.**	
Iodide	3 10@3 25	Linseed	55@ 58
Quicksilver	72	Boiled	58@ 58
Quinine	53@58	Sperm	1 00@1 15
Rhubarb	75@1 50	Whale	50@ 60
Rt snake	35@ 40	Bank	30@ 35
Saltpetre	10@ 16	Shore	28@ 33
Senna	25@ 30	Porgie	@ 33
Canary seed	4@4½	Lard	60@ 70
Cardamons	1 00@1 75	Castor	1 25@1 30
Soda, bi-carb	3¾@ 6¾	Neatsfoot	90@1 00
Sal	2½@ 3	Elaine	52@ 55
Sulpur	2½@ 3½	**Paints.**	
Vincar leaf	20@ 25	Pure gro nd lead	6 50@6 50
White wax	55@ 60	Pure dry lead	6 00@6 25
Vitrol, blue	6@ 8	Eng Ven Red	3@ 3½
Vanilla, bean	8 7@ 14	Eng Red Lead	6 50@7 00
		Am. Zinc	5 00@7 00
		Rochelle Yellow	2½
Duck		**Rice**	
No 1	33	Rice, ⅌ lb	5½@ 7
No 3	30	Rangoon	5¼@5¾
No 10	26	**Salerats**	
8 oz	16	Saleratus	5@ 5½
10 oz	20	**Cassia.**	
Gunpowder—Shot.		Cassia, pure	15@ 17
Blasting	3 50@4 00	Cloves	25@ 28
Sporting	6 25@6 50	Ginger	13@ 25
Pigeon	7	Mace	75@ 90
Hay.		Nutmegs	65@ 70
Pressed	$12@$14	Pepper	22@ 26
Straw	$ 8@$11	**Tea.**	
Iron.		Laundry	3½@7½
Common	2½@2¾	Souchong	18@ 50
Refined	2½@2¾	Oolong	20@ 30
Norway	4 @5	Young Hyson	35@ 50
Cast steel	.12 @15	Japan	25@ 40
German steel	5 @7	do choice	35@ 40
Shoe steel	3	**Tobacco.**	
Sheet iron— Common	3¾@4¼	Best brands	50@ 60
H.G	4¼@5	Medium	30@ 40
Russia	13½@14	Common	25@ 30
Galv	7@8½	Half ⅌	
		Natural leaf	60@ 70

SAILING DAYS OF STEAMSHIPS.

	FROM	FOR
Gellert	New York	Hamburg July 28
Aurania	New York	Liverpool July 28
Circassia	New York	Glasgow July 28
Rhetea	New York	Hamburg July 28
Elbe	New York	Bremen July 28
City of Columbia	New York	Havana July 28
Samaria	Boston	Liverpool July 28
Finance	New York	Rio Janeiro Aug 1
City Alexandria	New York	Havana Aug 1
Colorado	New York	Aspinwall Aug 1
Claribel	New York	Jamaica Aug 1
Gallia	New York	Liverpool Aug 1
Britanic	New York	Liverpool Aug 1
Travel	New York	Bremen Aug 1
Rhynland	New York	Antwerp Aug 1
Cienfuegos	New York	Cienfuegos Aug 2
Valencia	New York	Laguayra Aug 2
Atlas	New York	Blanco Aug 2
Cephalonia	Boston	Liverpool Aug 4
Bothnia	Boston	Liverpool Aug 11
Philadelphia	New York	Laguayra Aug 15
La Bretagne	New York	Havre July 28
Nevada	New York	Liverpool July 31

MINIATURE ALMANAC. JULY 27.

Sun rises	4 23	High water	1 42
Sun sets	7 11		2 16
Length of day	14 48	Height	9ft 8 in
Moon rises	9 52		9ft 4 in

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF PORTLAND

THURSDAY, July 26.

Arrived.

Steamship Winthrop, Bragg, New York—pass sengers and mdse to J B Coyle.

Sch Ada M Barter, Maine, Hilliard, St John, NB, via Eastport for Boston.

Barque Skobeloff, Tucker, Philadelphia—coal to Sawyer, Dennison & Co. Vessel to J S Winslow & Co.

Sch Wm M Bird, Reid, Baltimore—coal to Sargent, Dennison & Co.

Sch Lone Star, Church, Boston.

Sch Lydia Webster, Webster, Boston.

Sch Abby M Deering, Coffin, Bath Quero, with 28,000 lbs halibut and 10,000 lbs cod.

Sch J P Ober, Denning, Rockport.

Sch Martha, Moon, Rockport for Boston.

Cleared.

Barque Alice, Swain, Buenos Ayres— R Lewis & Co.

Barque Martha Reid, (Br) Jones, Bowling—Berlin Mills Co.

Sch Mattie E Eaton, Gamage, Glen Cove—Portland Cooperage Co.

Sch Bradford C French, Hammett, coal port—Ryah & Kelsey.

Sch B L Eaton, Grearson, Calais, to load for New York—Peter S Nickerson.

Sch Mina Belle, Thompson, Clark's Cove, to load for Old Point, Va—Peter S Nickerson.

Sch Lone Star, Church, Cutler—J H Blake.

Sch Kate Shaw, Dawes, Tremont—J H Blake.

Sch Cinderella, Nichols, Round Pond—J H Blake.

SAILED—Barque Alice.

Sch Grace Cushing, of Portland, 158 tons, built at Pittston in 1870, has been sold by Gallagher & Co to parties at St John, NB. She will remain under the American flag.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

PORT CLYDE, July 26—Ar, sch Hattie McG Buck, from Washburn's Marine Railway for Rockport, to load for a southern port.

WISCASSET, July 25—

THE PRESS.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 27.

PORTLAND AND VICINITY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
Closing Out Sale—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft.
Rines Bros—Furnishing Goods.
For Sale—Boarding house.
Shoes—F. W. Dearborn.
Messengers Notice.
The J. V. Cigar.
Lost—Dog.
Florida Lands.

Advice to Mothers.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub, awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes Twenty-five cents a bottle.
jan16 FM&W&w1y

Frenchmen can properly be called "Knights of the table." They are good judges in all its refinements and delicacies. In order to stimulate the appetite and keep the digestive organs in good order they give pre-eminence to **Angostura Bitters.** When you try them be sure it is the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. Siegert & Sons. july23eod&w1w

There is no one article in the line of medicines that gives so large a return for the money as a good porous strengthening plaster, such as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters. july24d&w1w

F. O. Bailey & Co. will sell at 89 Middle street at 10 o'clock this morning all the household furniture and carpets, &c. See notice in auction column.

A WARNING.

The modes of death's approach are various, and statistics show conclusively that more persons die from diseases of the Throat and Lungs than any other. It is probable that everyone, without exception, receives vast numbers of Tubercle Germs into the system, and where these germs fall upon suitable soil they start into life and develop, at first slowly, and is shown by a slight tickling sensation in the throat, and if allowed to continue their ravages they extend to the lungs, producing Consumption, and to the head, causing Catarrh. Now all this is dangerous, and if allowed to proceed will, in time, cause death. At the onset you must act with promptness; allowing a cold to go without attention is dangerous, and may lose you your life. As soon as you feel that something is wrong with your Throat, Lungs or Nostrils, obtain a bottle of Boschee's German Syrup. It will give you immediate relief. nov8-d1y-cT

REPUBLICAN CAUCUSES.

The Republican voters of the several wards are notified to meet at their respective Ward rooms,

Monday Evening, July 30th,

AT 7.30 O'CLOCK

to elect six delegates from each ward to attend the Republican County Convention to be held at Reception Hall, Portland, on Wednesday, August 8th, at 10 o'clock a. m.

On Wednesday, August 1st, at 4 o'clock p. m., the delegates will meet at Republican Campaign Headquarters, Federal Street and select one del. egate at large. Per order Republican City Committee

HERBERT G. BRIGGS, Chairman.
LEROY S. SANBORN, Secretary.

THE PRESS FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The PORTLAND DAILY PRESS will be furnished from now until September 15th, postage prepaid, for **75 Cents.** From now until the November election, for **$1 00.**

The MAINE STATE PRESS, which is published every Thursday, will be furnished from now until September 15th, for **15 cents.** From now until the November election, for **40 cents.**

The cash must accompany all orders.

Address PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO., 97 Exchange street, Portland, Me.

ATTENTION ARTILLERY.

All members are requested to meet at their headquarters, Park Garden, Saturday evening, July 28th, at 7.30.

Per order of Committee.

HARRISON PIONEERS ATTENTION.

Every member of the Harrison Pioneers, is requested to meet at headquarters, the Park Garden, Federal street, FRIDAY EVENING, July 27, to obtain orders for uniform and for drill.

Per order, A. H. SPEAR, Clerk.
F. H. WEBSTER, Capt.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.

LAW TERM—WESTERN DISTRICT.
Peters, C. J., Presiding.

THURSDAY.—The following business was done today:

KNOX.

Larkin Thorndike vs. Inhabitants of Camden Argued orally.

Wm. G. Alden, in equity, vs. Samuel D. Carleton et als. Argued orally by plaintiff; defendant to submit brief in 30 days, or decide without.

LINCOLN.

William Weeks vs. Abiel Trask. Argued orally.

State vs. Benj. Dodge. Argued orally by respondent; county attorney submits on brief.

The case of Wm. N. Brockway vs. Rumford Falls & Buckfield Railroad Company, submitted this term, has been decided; plaintiff's exceptions overruled.

The Stain-Cromwell case will not be taken up until next week.

In the afternoon the court were in consultation. Court adjourned over until Saturday morning, and will attend the bar dinner, which takes place at the Ottawa House Friday.

BRIEF JOTTINGS.

Today the Aged Brotherhood will go on a trip to Long Island.

The Back Bay was terribly odorous last night.

A light rain fell about nine o'clock last evening.

Steamer Express will go on a deep sea fishing trip this morning at 7 o'clock.

The truckmen of Portland will go on an excursion Saturday, August 4, probably to Long Island.

Long Island Division, Sons of Temperance, will visit Portland Division this evening.

The truckmen and drivers will go on an excursion to Long Island, Saturday, August 4th.

Fraternity Lodge of Odd Fellows, of Woodfords, went to Long Island on a picnic yesterday.

The schooner Abbie Deering landed 25,000 pounds of halibut yesterday, and small boats 5,000 pounds of cod and haddock, 2,000 pounds of sword fish were also landed.

Today the Cumberland Bar Association will pass at Cushing's Island, on the annual excursion. The Supreme Court judges will be their guests.

The operators of the Telephone Exchange enjoyed the hospitalities of camp O. M. O. B. at Peak's Island Wednesday evening. Professor Ed. Burnham and Professor Ernest enlivened the evening with songs and music.

Next Saturday the Forest Queen will make an excursion to Fort Popham. She will be gone from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. The hotels at Fort Popham can take care of the excursionists.

There is a large school of porgies in the bay, the first for ten or twelve years. Any person seeing a vessel catching them with a seine will report at once to the sheriff or fish warden.

Commodore Gerry's steam yacht Electra, of the New York Yacht Club, sailed from this port to Bar Habor, a distance of 126 miles, in nine hours, or an average of 15 miles an hour against a head tide.

Work on the new Central Avenue at Peak's has commenced. Street Commissioner Staples sent down a crew of men, horses and implements and the work has begun in earnest. It will take about a week to construct the street.

Michael Lanters, while at work in the hold of a schooner at the Portland Company's wharf yesterday, was struck in the head by a large piece of coal which fell from a bucket. He received a severe gash on the top of the skull and was removed to his home in a wagon. Dr. Gordon was called and made an examination of the wound. He said that the skull was not fractured.

Temperance at Lake Sebago.

The National W. C. T. U., Mrs. Stevens, vice president, assisted by able speakers and fine music, holds its meeting at Sebago Lake today. This is the first day of the great three days' temperance meeting. Saturday will be children's day, and there is always a great attendance. Sunday closes the meeting. Trains will leave at 8.50 a. m. and 12.50 p. m., returning at 4.15 and 7.15 p. m. Sunday, trains will leave at 10 a. m. and 1 p. m., returning at 5.15 and 7.15 p. m., at excursion rates.

SERGT. WEATHERHEAD'S STORY.

Another Chapter in the History of the Captured Housebreakers.

Interesting Implements Exhibited in the Marshal's Room.

Sergeant Weatherhead, of the St. John, N. B., police department, arrived last night to renew his acquaintance with Mr. Raymond, the gentleman who was arrested on the St. John boat yesterday morning by Officers Norton and Williams. Mr. Weatherhead, who is the second man in command of the police department of his city, tells an interesting chapter in the career of the captured housebreakers. Sometime ago, the St. John officer learned that there was a man in that city having some peculiar shaped implements made which might be intended for use in ways which are dark. Sergeant Weatherhead was straightway detailed to watch the owner of these suspicious tools. Charles Moore, alias F. W. Lawrence, alias J. W. Lawrence, alias Frank Allen, is the man who came so near murdering Officer Frith the other day. He employed an ingenious machinist to make the tools for him, out of hours. He had a room in an unsavory quarter of the town and it was here that Sergeant Weatherhead, who was secreted on the premises, saw him busily at work, in his shirtsleeves, putting together the implements the parts of which had just been completed. Besides the time thus spent, he devoted a considerable part of each day to walking about the streets. Moore had a habit of looking carefully at various buildings, noting the surroundings and approaches and having a keen eye for the contents of show windows. During these expeditions, a St. John police officer was not far away and Sergeant Weatherhead, one night, watched Moore while he climbed up to the rear window of a large hardware store and surveyed the interior, after which he went to the front of the building and carefully located the position of the doorway by pacing to it from the nearest corner. The night before preparation for light had been made by the purchase of a wax candle. Sergeant Weatherhead had already notified the banks and large business houses that burglars were in town and extra watchmen were provided. Now, thinking that the break would be made at the hardware store, he stationed officers inside and was himself in readiness to follow the burglars to the scene of operations. But those worthies had taken the alarm and Moore left town, returning to this city, from whence he had come to St. John, originally hailing from Boston.

Raymond, while in St. John, was often in Moore's company but is not known to have had any ownership in the tools, which were made under Moore's orders. The machinist who did the work was not aware of the nature of the implements, as he was not allowed to put the parts together.

When Raymond took the boat for Portland arrangements were made for tracking him if he left the steamer at Eastport and the officers here were notified to be in readiness when the boat reached this city. The Sergeant learned that Moore when in Boston was known as Frank Allen and spent considerable time in a place known as Pie Alley.

With Sargeant Weatherhead, there came to this city Mr. Morgan, of Portland, N. B., from whose house was stolen his wife's watch, chain and pin. These articles were found in the property taken at Moore's room here and, also, two rings belonging to Miss Annie Hencelpecker, of Portland. Other Portland people have lost property and a description will be forwarded to this city.

The array of hardware spread on a table in the Marshal's office last night was quite imposing. The implements taken from Raymond's valise, with those furnished by Moore, make a pretty complete kit. First in importance is the large drill built in St. John and which the St. John machinist was told was for a business. The drill works in a frame provided with a clutch just about the right shape for firmly gripping a safe door knob. A crank makes the operation of the machine easy, and the whole may be taken apart for transportation. This device was brought by Raymond. Then there are a smaller drill, a peculiar implement called a devil's clutch, the exact use of which is not apparent, pincers for turning keys to remove them from locks skeleton keys, with which the locks might then be manipulated, and the revolver which figured in the exciting chase after Moore, made by Hughes and Frith. Besides these articles, there is a paper on which are drawn diagrams of a stone-boring machine, a bed spring, time lock, trunk lock, etc. The St. John machinist was told the articles he made were for a patent machine. Whether the patent is on the bed spring or the rock drill is not known.

Raymond is a man about 45 years old, stout, and with a black moustache. He smiles pleasantly when a visitor appears at his cell door, and talks freely. He said last night, in response to the statement that his tools made an interesting exhibit, that he wished he had thrown them all overboard. Sergeant Weatherhead has nothing against Raymond on which to secure his extradition, but the Portland authorities are confident of convicting him here, along with Moore. Raymond admits that he roomed with Moore, and shirts belonging to him were found in Moore's baggage.

It will be remembered that some time ago an attempt was made to break into the safe at Sawyer's seed store on Preble street. The safe was drilled, but not opened. A drill nut was found on the floor at the time by the police, and yesterday it was found that it exactly fitted one of the drills in Raymond's valise.

Knights of Honor.

Yesterday, the Knights of Honor went on an excursion to Peaks' Island, and were fortunate enough to have a pleasant day for the excursion. The Grand Lodge of Maine entertained Supreme Dictator Hon. L. A. Gratz of Knoxville, Tenn. As is well known the Knights of Honor is a protective fraternity, having been formed fifteen years ago. This grand jurisdiction includes 21 lodges, and there were about 600 excursionists at the island. The morning was taken up with social greetings and the meetings of the leading State Knights with the Supreme Dictator. In the afternoon the excursionists met in Knowlton's Opera House. Day's band discoursed excellent music. E. McMurdie of Augusta, Grand Dictator of Maine presided, and interesting speeches were made by Mr. Gratz and Supreme Vice Dictator Judge A. R. Savage of Auburn.

From the remarks of these gentlemen, we learn that the order throughout the country numbers 130,000 members, and is largely increasing, and the Supreme Dictator is making an effort to have it extended into Canada with every prospect of success.

During the fifteen years of its existence it has paid, in death benefits, $24,250,000; in sick benefits, $5,000,000; besides several millions in relief of needy and distressed members.

Visitors En Route.

Such is the title of a very pretty brochure issued by the Maine Central road, descriptive of places and objects of interest in this vicinity on the line of the road. There are 47 pages, handsomely illustrated, and a capital map. The book was compiled by Mr. Holman D. Waldron of the passenger department, and the covers are from special designs by Mr. Harrie D. Coe, clerk in the same department. The book was printed by the Tucker Printing House.

The Harrison Guards.

This fine campaign company was out for drill last evening. They numbered about sixty, and they marched with good precision and showed they had profited by their instruction. They passed up Exchange street by the PRESS Office and gave three rousing cheers for the Portland Daily PRESS. They will make a fine appearance when the campaign opens, in their attractive uniforms.

Ocean Park.

The lectures of A. E. Dunning, D. D., of Boston, delivered before his class of Chautauquans, are deeply interesting. They are given at 9 and 11 a. m. Dr. Phillips of Rhode Island will give a round table talk at 5 p. m. Friday. Sunday, at 10.30, there will be a sermon by Dr. Dunning, and one at 3 p. m. by Rev. Dr. N. T. Whitaker.

PERSONAL.

Hon. S. S. Brown of Waterville, was at the Falmouth Hotel yesterday.

Hon. T. R. Simonton of Camden, was in town yesterday.

The health of Capt. Charles W. Keyes, formerly proprietor of the Farmington Chronicle, is improving.

Rev. Dr. W. M. Barbour, principal of McGill College, Montreal, was in Portland yesterday. He has been visiting Mr. Harrison J. Libby at Oak Hill.

Reuben Ingalls of Auburn, aged 91 years, is on a visit to Portland. Mr. Ingalls walked to the Grand Trunk station in Auburn to the train.

Mrs. Lillian Hamlin Libby of this city, cornet soloist, has had a busy week in Hartford, Conn., and is engaged for two evenings next week in New Haven, Conn.

Hon. Wm. Emery of Alfred; Isaac T. Hobson of Wiscasset, and C. S. Edwards of Bethel, were at the United States Hotel last night.

Among the arrivals at the Waldo yesterday were Arthur F. Brown, Alfred J. Brown, New York; G. H. Rudoe, Portland; Mr. and Mrs. A. Grier and family, Montreal; Rev. Dr. Wardrope, Guelph, Ont.

Mr. M. M. Cuniff, with Messrs. Thomas J. Barry and John Donoghue, the sculptor, left Boston at noon Tuesday for a ten days' days' cruise down East on the steam yacht Rose G. They will stop at Portland.

Miss H. A. Deering, who was formerly connected with the Normal School at Gorham, is now on a visit home, having had charge of the Normal Department at Hillsdale College, Michigan, for the past two years.

Professor F. C. Robinson of Bowdoin, is now on a trip to California and other points in the West. While in California he attended the meeting of the Teachers' Institute. He will be absent about a month. Professor Robinson has recently purchased a lot nearly opposite the Congregational church at Brunswick, where he will soon erect a handsome residence.

The third reunion of the Wadsworth family is to be held at the Sea Shore Hotel, Old Orchard Beach on Wednesday and Thursday, August 29th and 30th. The secretary of the Wadsworth Family Association is H. A. Wadsworth, the publisher of Lawrence, (Mass.) Eagle, with whom the members of family desiring more particulars may communicate.

Hon. Increase Sumner Kimball of Sanford, the Nestor of the York County Bar, died yesterday morning at 12.45, aged 87 years and 11 months. He represented Lebanon in the Legislature in 1833-4, declining a renomination in 1835. He was the youngest member of Governor Kent's council in 1840. He represented Sanford in the Legislature in 1870, and during the last three years of the rebellion served as county attorney. His son, Sumner I. Kimball, is chief of the United States Life Saving Service.

Young Oarsmen's Association.

Yesterday the Young Oarsmen's Association went on their second annual field day to Long Island, headed by Drum Major Barry and Maine Fife and Drum Corps. Arriving at the island various sports were indulged in, the first being a game of base ball between nines chosen by James Dennis and Jake Barry. After a close and exciting game the Dennis nine won by a score of 9 to 7. After the game the party proceeded to Mitchell's to partake one of his shore dinners. After dinner there was speech making by Messrs. Donavan, McCarty and Dennis. This was followed by songs rendered by Foster, Dennis and P. A. Sullivan, after which the party proceeded to the ball grounds to finish the rest of the sports. The first on the list was the 100 yards dash for juniors, which was won by Con Murray; time, 11½s. 100 yards dash—senior,—won by C. McCarty, defeating J. Murray by one foot; time, 11s. Three standing jumps—won by J. McGovern, J. Ney second; distance, 36 feet. Putting the shot, 16 pounds—won by J. McGovern, P. Austin Sullivan second; distance, 31 feet. Sack race—won by W. H. O'Brion, John Robinson second.

The day's sports ended with the "tug of war," which was won by the Murray side after one long, steady and altogether pull for fifteen minutes. Mr. John Haley, of the Cribb Club, acted as master of ceremonies in a creditable manner.

Third Party Caucus.

In accordance with the published call about 15 representatives of the Third Party gathered in Reception Hall at 8 o'clock last evening.

Rev. Samuel F. Pearson called the convention to order and read the call for a mass convention for the purpose of selecting delegates to the County convention.

Hall C. Pinkham was elected chairman, and Charles Thornton Libby secretary.

Upon motion of Mr. Libby the convention resolved itself into ward committees to select delegates. After a long consultation the committees reported as follows:

WARD ONE.

H. Skillins, L. McDonald, H. W. Sears, F. H. Hatch, J. R. Gibson.

WARD TWO.

W. H. True, H. Billings, J. A. Grant, S. B. Stuart.

WARD THREE.

J. B. Donnell, H. S. Pride, Sam F. Pearson, T. A. Oakes.

WARD FOUR.

Daniel Hamblen, C. T. Libby, D. R. Frohock, G. N. E. Kimball.

WARD FIVE.

Rufus Deering, T. C. Lewis, Tristram Stevens Hall C. Pinkham.

WARD SIX.

Neal Dow, A. F. Dolley, C. S. Norcross, William H. Hobbs.

WARD SEVEN.

E. T. Burrowes, S. H. Jose, C. A. Parker, C. H. Wyer.

On motion of Mr. Libby it was voted that any delegate unable to attend should appoint his substitute.

The Union Depot.

The second story of the new Union Railway station has been handsomely fitted up. One room is devoted to Mr. Williams, the general agent of the Boston & Maine, and to the telegraph office, another to the conductors, a third to the brakemen, and one for the baggage master. They are all handsomely finished and prettily furnished. Those for the agent and baggage master overlook St. John street, and those for the conductors and brakemen the train shed. The latter rooms are provided with clothes lockers for the especial convenience of the men.

A suggestion has been made that will make a great change in the railroad facilities of the city if carried out. This suggestion contemplates a large, commodious station for the Boston & Maine, Portland & Rochester and Grand Trunk roads at the foot of Preble street, the Boston & Maine to enter the station through a tunnel extending from the bluffs at the western part of the city, near the Transfer station, to a place near the station.

Casco Five's Picnic.

Casco Five enjoyed its second annual excursion yesterday and Long Island was the objective point. About thirty attended, including ladies, and among the guests was Councilman Smart. Off hand target shooting was indulged in at the island and the day spent in many delightful ways. A capital shore dinner was served by Mitchell & Cushing, and when the party returned home they declared it was the best time yet.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers of real estate in this county have been recorded at the Registry of Deeds:

Portland—John Elliott to Portland Savings Bank. $500.

Peaks' Island—William H. Leslie to George C. Hamlin. $1 etc.

Drowned.

Yesterday Fred L. Wentworth, a young lad 11 years old, was drowned at Higgins's Beach, Cape Elizabeth. The boy was the son of William H. Wentworth of Cape Elizabeth.

Fancy Work for the Ladies.

[Belfast Age.]

In passing through West Frankfort we noticed that the ladies are this year doing the raking in the hay field with horse rakes, and they handle them very nicely and do their work well. One lady was raking at E. R. Gross' and another one at S. Lane's, and both were enjoying their work.

Attacked by Bees.

[Ellsworth American.]

We hear that Mr. Joseph Penney, of Otis, an old gentleman 80 years of age, was attacked by tame bees a few days ago, and before he could escape from them came near being killed. For some length of time afterward he was very low.

THE STATE.

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY.

Lewiston's pet stallion, Glenarm, won the 2.24 class at Saugus, Wednesdap, in three straight heats.

AROOSTOOK COUNTY.

Eighty-three Swedes have arrived this this season, nearly all of whom have settled in and about New Sweden.

The prizes for scholarship during the past year at the Ricker Classical Institute have been awarded as follows: $10 to Mary D. Chadwick in the college course, and $5 to Alice M. Porter in the academic course.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

President Hyde of Bowdoin, thinks that the proposed Bowdoin astronomical observatory can be built and equipped for $3000. Of this, $1000 has been promised by John J. Taylor of Fairbury, Illinois. The friends of the college have been invited to make up the balance.

Father Gorman's French Catholic Society of Brunswick, 500 strong, enjoying their annual excursion at Maranocook yesterday.

HANCOCK COUNTY.

S. P. Hall, Esq., who died in Bucksport Monday night, was one of the most prominent and highly respected citizens of the place. He was largely interested in shipbuilding in times past and much of the work done in the town in this line was due to him. He was also well known as a corn and grain dealer.

John J. Jameson of Ellsworth, has been bound over to appear at the October term of court to answer to the charge of burning the buildings of William B. Mitchell.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

There will be a competetive examination at Colby University, Waterville, on the 4th day of September, 1888, of candidates for appointment as Cadet of the U. S. Military School at West Point, and one alternate.

The dates set apart for the races in Augusta have been changed to the first week in September, as it was feared they would conflict with the muster which had previously been assigned the same days in August. The muster will be held on the Park, the association having leased the grounds for that purpose.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

Captain Newall Gray of Southport, who was out on Monday with a sailing party, discovered a little distance from Captain A. W. Gray's wharf the big fin of an ocean sunfish. He speedily transferred himself to a row boat and in a little time caught the fellow by his nose with his boat hook. The skin was so tough he could not penetrate it, and after a hard fight the fish escaped. He was probably 600 pounds in weight.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

Section Foreman Carter of the Maine Central railroad, lost a leg at Etna Wednesday while trying to get aboard a freight train.

WALDO COUNTY.

One of the most prominent of the recent weddings in Belfast is that of Mr. Ben Hazeltine and Miss Annie A. Durham. The young couple departed soon after the ceremony on the steamer Rockland for Rockland, where they took the train for Boston. They will settle in Washington Territory.

That insect so destructive to woolen carpets, known as the Buffalo bug, has made its appearance in Belfast. It is small, of a dark color, and the body covered with a coat of thick, short hair. Oil of cedar is said to be an eradicator.

Mrs. Maggie Van Cott of Catskill, N. Y., is expected to conduct a second camp meeting at Northport, beginning August 25 and continuing till August 31.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

A party of Western men, who are cruising along the eastern coast of this State, examining the bays and harbors to select and secure a point that would prove advantageous as a winter port, visited Garnett's Head a few days ago, and expressed themselves as well satisfied with that place for such a purpose. Garnett's Head is three miles distant from the business part of Pembroke, stands out in Cobscook Bay as a bold promontory and overlooks some of the finest scenery on the Atlantic coast.

Eastern Maine State Fair.

Wednesday, August 20th, will be Governor's Day at the Eastern Maine State Fair. Three of the New England League base ball clubs, the Manchesters, Salems and Lowells have been engaged for the week of the Fair, and one or two games will be played each day of the exhibition. Large entries have already been made in all of the departments. A large number of trotting horses have been entered, and some fast time will be made. Several of the fastest horses in the British Provinces have been entered for the running races. The ladies' department, including art, needle and fancy work, will be the finest ever shown in the State, and the baby and cat shows always please the visitors.

Several of the distinguished citizens spending the summer at Bar Harbor have accepted invitations to be present on Governor's day. President Cleveland's private secretary, D. S. Lamont, with his family, will spend the month of August at Sorrento, near Bar Harbor, and it is said that President Cleveland has arranged to make a visit to Mr. Lamont, and also at Bar Harbor during the last week of August, and in this case arrangements will be completed for the President and Mrs. Cleveland to spend some three hours at the Fair Grounds on Wednesday, the 29th of August.

Purity by the pound. Index Soap.

MARRIAGES.

In Yarmouthville, July 26, by Rev. H. J. McGill, assisted by Rev. D. M. Ryan, David W. Mahoney of Portland and Miss Mary A. Doran of Yarmouthville.

In Wells, July 11, Joseph S. Winn and Julia Roberts.

In Augusta, June 16, Timothy Currier and Flora M. Shastuck, both of Mt. Vernon.

In Augusta, June 24, Geo. E. Merrill and Miss Lydia A. Hayden.

In Searsport, July 5, Eugene F. Ames and Miss Effie A. Davis.

DEATHS.

In Cape Elizabeth, July 26, Fred L., son of Wm H. and Elizabeth V. Wentworth, aged 11 years 6 months.

[Funeral on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the residence of his parents, Cape Elizabeth.

In Biddeford, July 24, Martha F., widow of the late Philander Haines, aged 64 years 11 months.

In Buxton, July 23, Rufus Davis, aged 65 years.

In Topsham, July 23, Mrs. Olive D. Barron, aged 70 years.

In Brunswick, July 22, Daniel A. Stone, aged 66 years.

In Turner, June 13, Jas. W. Cushman, aged 23 years 10 months.

In Topsham, July 24, Mrs. Olive Barrows.

In Mercer, July 23, Dea. Joseph Tracey, aged 88 years.

Impure Blood

Appears in a thousand different forms and causes a vast amount of suffering. Scarcely a single person is entirely free from its effects. Hence the necessity of a reliable blood purifier like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which eradicates every impurity, and gives to the blood vitality and health. It cures scrofula, salt rheum, humors, boils, pimples, and all other affections caused by impurities or poisonous germs in the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla also overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite, cures dyspepsia, biliousness and headache, and builds up the whole system.

"My son was afflicted with the worst type of scrofula, and on the recommendation of my druggist I gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla. Today he is sound and well, notwithstanding it was said there was not enough medicine in Illinois to effect a cure." J. CHRISTIAN, Illipolis, Ill.

"I had salt rheum on my left arm three years suffering terribly. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and the salt rheum has entirely disappeared." H. M. MILLS, 71 French St., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar
apr23 d&w

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PERFECT FOOD.

Perfect food is that which, while prepared in the most appetizing form, is also the most wholesome and nutritious. It should never be necessary to sacrifice the wholesomeness of an article in order to make it more palatable, nor, as is too often the case, should we be compelled to take our bread or cake bereft of its most appetizing qualities in order to avoid injury to our digestive organs.

The Royal Baking Powder possesses a peculiar quality, not possessed by any other leavening agent, that applies directly to this subject. It provides bread, biscuit, cake, muffins, or rolls, which may be eaten when hot without inconvenience by persons of the most delicate digestive organs. With most persons it is necessary that bread raised with yeast should lose its freshness or become stale before it can be eaten with safety. Distressing results likewise follow from eating biscuit, cake, pastry, etc., raised by the cheap, inferior baking powders that contain lime, alum, phosphates, or other adulterants. The hot roll and muffin and the delicious hot griddle cakes raised by the Royal Baking Powder are as wholesome and digestible as warm soup, meat, or any other food.

A qualification which makes the Royal Baking Powder inestimable as a leavening agent.

BATHING SUITS!

BATHING TRUNKS!

BATHING HATS!

Bathing Suits for Ladies at $1.38, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50.

Bathing Suits for Misses at $1.38, $1.50 and $2.00.

Bathing Suits for Gentlemen at 87 1-2 cts., $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.68 and $2.50.

Bathing Suits for Youths at 68 cts., 87 1-2 cents, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.

Bathing Trunks 25, 40 and 50 cents.

Bathing Hats 25 and 75 cents.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF STYLES

—AND—

LOWEST PRICES

—AT—

RINES BROS.

GRAND SEMI-ANNUAL

CLOSING SALE

—OF—

LADIES' COTTON UNDEWEAR,

INFANTS' SLIPS,

DRESSES, CLOAKS,

Embroidered Blankets and Skirts,

—ON—

SATURDAY, JULY 28th,

AND CONTINUE UNTIL SOLD.

This Sale is to close the season's accumulation of ODD LOTS and soiled goods in all grades of Night Robes, Shirts, Chemises, Drawers and Corset Covers.

SPECIALLY LOW PRICES ARE MADE.

EASTMAN BROS & BANCROFT

492 AND 494 CONGRESS ST.

Jy27 d3t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Messenger's Notice.

Office of the Sheriff of Cumberland County, State of Maine, Cumberland ss., July 26, A. D. 1888.

THIS is to give notice, that on the twenty-sixth day of July, A. D. 1888, a Warrant in Insolvency was issued out of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Cumberland, against the estate of said

FRANK S. KIMBALL, of Portland,

adjudged to be an Insolvent Debtor, on petition of said Debtor, which petition was filed on the twenty-sixth day of July, A. D. 1888, to which date interest on claims is to be computed.

That the payment of any debts to or by said Debtor, and the transfer and delivery of any property by him are forbidden by law.

That a meeting of the Creditors of said Debtor, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Insolvency to be holden at the Probate Court Room in said Portland, on the third day of September, A. D. 1888, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Given under my hand the date first above written.

H. H. SARGENT,
Deputy Sheriff, as Messenger of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Cumberland.
jy27&aug3

FLORIDA!

PEOPLE who are thinking of going to Florida with an idea of investing for

A HOME OR AN ORANGE GROVE

Can learn something of interest by addressing, "HOME," drawer 5307 Boston, Mass. FSeod3t

FOR SALE—A centrally located Boarding House, containing 12 rooms; newly furnished within a year;—for sale, the furnishings and good will of house; a good opportunity to engage in the business. N. S. GARDINER, 40 Exchange street. 27-1

FOUND—The best trade yet in Oxford Ties slightly damaged in manufacturing; good fresh goods; good style; sizes from 2 to 7; goods which would sell if perfect for $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00; shall close them out at 75c, 85c, and $1.00. F. W. DEARBORN, 381 Congress St. 27-1

LOST, strayed or stolen, a pug dog; answered to the name of Fido; had a yellow ribbon a round his neck. If found, please return to 164 Federal St., and be suitably rewarded. 27-1

Manson G. Larrabee & CO.

No. 246 MIDDLE ST.

Grand Offer of Perishable Fruit.

When ripe, if not used, they will drop to the bed rock prices. These goods blossomed early in June and were good value at 50 cents; they are Ladies's and Gents' Balbriggan Undervests, full fashioned, silk bound, short and long sleeves. Remember the price, 25 cents a piece.

This fruit is foreign, and well-adapted to our summer season. It will not stand the frost, and must be sold at 50 cents a piece; Ladies' full fashioned, medium weight, Balbriggan Vests; please understand us, these goods are the regular $1.00 quality, but the lateness of the season affects the prices.

Not too ripe, but altogether too many for our regular demand at 75 cents; these are Ladies' and Gents' medium weight Underwear, blue mixed and white, long and short sleeves; those who have purchased these goods at our Middle Street Store, well know their value at 75 cents. By a glance at this department you will see the necessity of our making this low price, 48 cents a piece.

Without regard to season or price we shall put on sale the balance or broken sizes of Ladies', Gents' and Children's Underwear, at 25 per cent less than the cost to manufacture.

Gathering too much fruit before it was ripe, was disastrous to us. It has cramped us for room in the Hosiery Department. To make a quick clearance sale in this department, we shall make special inducements to purchasers of Hosiery. We commence at 12 1-2 cents; the best value for the money ever offered in Hosiery; 50 dozen Ladies' full regular Hose, finished seams, 2 pairs for 25 cents The next is 19 cents a pair, in colors and black; we have made these our leader this season at 25 cents; at this price, 19 cents, we shall soon have room for Fall goods. This price, 25 cents, a Hose that is worth 37 1-2 cents, in Black, Stripes and Plain Colors, splendid value at this price, 25 cents a pair.

CHILDREN'S HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Loaded so full they are dropping off; come prepared to take 5 pairs of these Children's Hose for 25 cents.

Then a little higher up on the tree of sacrifice will be found a full fashioned Hose, fast Black, for 12 1-2 cents per pair.

The next is Boys' Bicycle Hose, double threaded, in the colors blue, brown and black; their value cannot be equaled at 37 1-2 cents; they must go at our price, 25 cents a pair.

This is a warranted Hose, perfectly fast black; if they do not prove so; bring them back and we will refund the money; sizes 5 1-2 to 8 1-2, at 39 cents a pair.

Come prepared to gather in these choice bargains at our Middle Street Store.

Manson G. Larrabee & CO.
jy21 dtf

MAKE AN APPOINTMENT

—AT THE—

LAMSON STUDIO,

for a sitting when you have a leisure hour. Nothing gives as much satisfaction as a finely finished Photograph of yourself, your children or your friends. **Up only one flight;** making it easy for the children or older persons.

OPP. THE FALMOUTH HOTEL.
sep28 dtf

CAUCUSES.

Deering.

The Republicans of Deering are requested to meet at Lewis Hall, SATURDAY, July 28th, at 7.30 p. m., to select delegates to the County Convention, and to act on any other business that may properly come before them.

Per order Republican Town Committee.
Deering, July 24, 1888.

Windham.

The Republicans of Windham are requested to meet at the Town House, in said Windham, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of July, 1888, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, to select delegates to attend the County Convention at Portland, on Wednesday, the 8th day of August, 1888, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Per order of Town Committee.
Windham, July 19, 1888.

New Gloucester.

The Republicans of New Gloucester are hereby requested to meet at the town house in said town on Saturday, July 28th, at 2 o'clock p. m., to choose 4 delegates to attend the County Convention to be held in Portland, August 8th, 1888.

Per order of Town Committee.
July 21st, '88.

Westbrook.

The Republicans of Westbrook are requested to meet at Odd Fellows Hall, Saccarappa, on Saturday, July 28th, at 8 o'clock p. m., to select delegates to attend the Republican County convention to be held at Portland, Aug. 8th.

Per order Republican Town Committee.
Westbrook, July 21st, 1888.

Cape Elizabeth.

The Republicans of Cape Elizabeth are requested to meet in caucus at Town Hall, on TUESDAY, July 31, at 7.30 p. m., to choose delegates to attend the Republican County Convention, at Portland, August 8th. After adjournment of caucus, there will be speaking, and a cordial invitation to be present, is extended to all voters of the Town, irrespective of party.

Per order of Town Committee.

Scarborough.

The Republicans of Scarborough are requested to meet at the Town House on Tuesday, July 31st, at 4 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of selecting delegates to the County Convention, holden at Portland, August 8, 1888.

Per order of Town Committee.
Scarborough, July 23, 1888.

North Yarmouth.

The Republicans of the town of North Yarmouth are requested to meet at the Town House, on Saturday, August 4th, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing two delegates to attend the County Convention to be holden at Portland, August 8th. Per order Town Committee.

FURNITURE.

**The predictions of the Atkinson House Furnishing Co., at this time are that everybody will go visiting this Fall. Your husbands will be speaking on the tariff, and either favoring the election of Cleveland and Thurman, or Harrison and Morton. Or to come nearer home, each one of your sons will be visiting your neighbor's sons, and talking up the good qualities of Mr. Burleigh or Mr. Putnam for Governor. This of course means a great deal