PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 23, 1862. VOL. 13. PORTLAND, TUESDAY MORNING JULY 21, 1874. TERMS $8.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.

THE PORTLAND DAILY PRESS

Published every day (Sundays excepted) by the

PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.,

AT 109 EXCHANGE ST. PORTLAND.

TERMS: Eight Dollars a Year in advance. To mail subscribers Seven Dollars a Year if paid in advance.

THE MAINE STATE PRESS

is published every THURSDAY MORNING at $2 50 a year, if paid in advance, at $2 00 a year.

RATES OF ADVERTISING: One inch of space, length of column, constitutes a "square."

$1 50 per square daily first week; 75 cents per week after; three insertions, or less, $1 00; continuing every other day after first week, 50 cents.

Half square, three insertions or less, 75 cents; one week, $1 00; 50 cents per week after.

SPECIAL NOTICES, one third additional.

Under head of "AMUSEMENTS," and "AUCTION SALES", $2 00 per square per week; three insertions or less $1 50.

Advertisements inserted in the "MAINE STATE PRESS" (which has a large circulation in every part of the State) for $1 00 per square for first insertion, and 50 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

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BUSINESS CARDS.

WOODFORD & BABCOCK.
MODEL MAKERS & JOBBERS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Watch and Chronometer Makers's Tools, Mathematical, Optical and Philosophical Instruments, School Apparatus, &c.,
56 Market Street, Printers Exchange,
PORTLAND, ME.
C. F. WOODFORD, C. P. BABCOCK.
my19 d&w6m

W. C. CLARK,
103 FEDERAL STREET,
5 Doors East of Temple St.,
GAS AND WATER PIPING.
ap21 tf

J. M. PAYSON,
PAVER AND CONTRACTOR,
EDGE-STONES SET,
Streets, Places, Sidewalks, and all kinds of Paving done Promptly.
Paving Materials furnished if desired.
Office at Street Commissioner's Office
my11 PORTLAND, ME. 3m*

W. H. SIMONTON,
—DEALER IN—
Hackmatack Knees, Ship Timber, Masts and Spars, Deck Plank and all kinds of Hard Wood sawed to Order
HOLYOKE'S WHARF.
COMMERCIAL STREET. mh3dtf

Banking House of
LIVINGSTONE & COMPANY,
10 Pine St., New York.
Specially organized for the business of out-of-town Banks, Bankers, Corporations and Individuals. Like an Incorporated Bank. Grants all facilities usual with City Banks. Drafts on all the principal cities of Europe. 5 per cent. interest allowed on daily balances. Collections on New England and Middle States credited at par for Correspondents. Accounts current rendered weekly. Special facilities for the negotiation of Miscellaneous Securities.
ju12 dly

JAMES O'DONNELL,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
has removed to
NO. 84 1-2 MIDDLE STREET,
(2nd door below Canal Bank,)
PORTLAND, MAINE.
Commissioner of deeds for the several States.
feb10

EDGAR S. BROWN,
Counsellor at Law.
All collections promptly attended to by E. A. LEIGHTON, Constable and Bill Collector.
80 MIDDLE ST.
my9 dtf

American Printers' Warehouse
19 SPRING LANE.
C. C. KIMBALL, Boston.
Every kind of Printing Material on hand or made to order. Every thing used in the art of printing furnished at short notice, and at the lowest cash prices. feb3d6m

PORTLAND MACHINE WORKS
Engineers, Iron Founders, Boiler Makers and Blacksmiths.
MANUFACTURERS OF
MARINE, STATIONARY AND PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES.
Agents for R. Ball's Wood Working Machinery, and Blanchard's Patent Boiler.
215 COMMERCIAL STREET,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
FOR SALE—One New Portable Engine, 40 horse power, built to order.
ap14 tf

LANE & AUSTIN,
Fresco Painting, House Painting and Paper Hanging.
Order slate at W. P. Hasting's Organ Manufactory, corner Exchange and Federal Streets. All orders promptly attended to.
C. M. LANE. C. S. AUSTIN.
eb14d6m Residence 154 Pearl Street.

E. J. MORRELL & CO.,
House and Ship Painters and Grainers.
Office at 11 Danforth St., Up Stairs.
Order Slate at WHIPPLE & CO.'s, 21 Market Square.
Prompt attention paid to all orders. Special attention given to polishing hard wood. Contracts taken in all parts of the State.
E. J. MORRELL. B. C. MORRELL.
my26dtf

W. L. KEILER,
FRESCO PAINTER,
NO. 333 CONGRESS STREET,
RESIDENCE 6 MAY STREET.
Portland Me. jy17 tf

CHARLES PEARCE.
Fractical House & Ship Plumber.
WITH Twenty-six years Practical experience, I am prepared to do any and all kinds of Plumbing Work on Houses or Ships, and can safely guarantee satisfaction. Charges moderate. Work First Class.
127 Federal St., under U. S. Hotel,
ma1 PORTLAND, ME. tf

GEO. E. COLLINS,
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST,
316 CONGRESS STREET,
is prepared to make all the various styles of Card Pictures, Rembrant, Medallion, &c., from Retouched Negatives. By this process we Get rid of Freckles, Moles and other imperfections of the Skin. For all of which no extra charge will be made. All work warranted to leave. Call and examine for yourselves mc18dtf

JOSEPH G. EUGENE,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Imported and Domestic Cigars
and manufacturer of all Brands,
NO. 360 CONGRESS STREET.
ju2 PORTLAND, ME. 3m

M. PEARSON,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
Silver & Plated Ware,
Door Plates, Numbers, &c.
Silver Spoons made, and replating of all kinds done and warranted.
22 TEMPLE ST.
ju27 tf

WM. M. MARKS
Book, Card & Job Printer
109 EXCHANGE ST.,
(DAILY PRESS PRINTING HOUSE.)
Every Description of work promptly and carefully executed, and at the lowest prices
ap22 tf

T. P. McGOWAN,
Catholic Bookseller, Bookbinder,
and dealer in
Pictures, Religious Articles, &c.
254 CONGRESS STREET,
Under Congress Hall.
Bibles Sold on Instalments. jy2tf

S. C. ANDREWS,
Counsellor at Law,
88 MIDDLE STREET,
(in Canal Bank Building,)
PORTLAND, MAINE.
Will practice in Androscoggin and Oxford Counties de9eod&wtf

H. & J. W. KNOWLTON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
15 Fluent Block, opposite City Hall,
ju20 Entrance 162 Exchange St. 2m*

J. H. HOOPER,
UPHOLSTERER
Nos. 31 and 33 Free St.,
MANUFACTURER OF
Parlor Suits, Lounges, Spring Beds, Mattresses,
McDonough Patent Bed Lounges, Enameled Chairs, &c.
All kinds of repairing neatly done. Furniture boxed and matted. oct5-'69T T&Stf

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,
Window Frames, Glazed Sash, Glass, &c.
BLINDS PAINTED TO ORDER.
Special prices to contractor.
H. FRANK FARNHAM & CO.,
301 COMMERCIAL STREET
jn17d1m*tf Opposite Holyoke, Benson & Co.

J. B. MATHEWS & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in First Quality
State of Maine Roofing Slate,
NO. 119 COMMERCIAL STREET
PORTLAND, ME.
J. B. MATHEWS. S. G. DORMAN. JAMES L. FOGG.
ju9 dtf

WILLIAM SCHUMACHER.
FRESCO PAINTER,
Office at Schumacher Brothers,
5 DEERING BLOCK.
I respectfully inform the public that I have taken the business of Chas. J. Schumacher and will attend promptly to all jobs entrusted to me. I shall endeavor to keep the reputation which my predecessor has held for so many years.
WM. SCHUMACHER.

A CARD.
I take great pleasure in recommending Mr. Wm. Schumacher as one of the best house decorators ever in Portland, and have no doubt that Mr. Wm. Schumacher will execute all work entrusted to him durably, tastily and satisfactorily.
CHAS. J. SCHUMACHER,
jul d3m Ecclesiastical Decorator.

INSURANCE.

BOSTON
Marine Insurance Co.
17 STATE STREET.
CASH CAPITAL, - - $300,000.
Marine Insurance on favorable terms. No Fire risks written.
R. B. FULLER, President.
HENRY WASHBURN, Secretary.
Risks placed and made binding according to contract at
No. 5 Exchange Street,
ALBERT MARWICK.
je27 1m

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS

CITY OF PORTLAND.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Joint Standing Committee on Laying out new Streets, to whom was referred the petition of Chas. E. Barrett, for Grand Trunk Railway Company, will meet on Fore Street, at Engine House, near foot of Hancock Street, at three o'clock P. M. on FRIDAY, the 24th day of July, to hear all parties interested, and there determine and adjudge whether public convenience requires that the southerly side line of said Fore street, for a distance of one hundred feet, westerly, from the westerly corner of the protection of said engine house adjoining said street shall be changed from its present angular direction to a curved line parallel with the northerly side line of said Fore street, distant three rods therefrom.

Also on petition of J. J. Gerrish and others for straightening the southerly line of Eastern Promenade from the angle near foot of Beckett Street to Atlantic Street, and from thence to change the line of Fore Street to correspond with that line. The said committee will meet on Fore street, at foot of Atlantic street, at 3½ o'clock p. m. on said FRIDAY, July 24th, to hear all parties interested, and then determine and adjudge whether public convenience requires such changes, and if so adjudged, will then and there lay out the same and fix the damages as required by law.

GEO. P. WESCOTT, MICAH SAMPSON, F. W. CLARK, EDWARD THURSTON, WM. E. DENNISON, LEMUEL M LOVEJOY, } Com. on Laying out New Streets.
jy20 d5t

City of Portland.
CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, June 9, 1874.

To Owners or Occupants of Buildings and Lots on State, Congress, Cumberland and Pine Streets:

NOTICE is hereby given that the above-named Streets have by Order of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, been re-numbered, according to plans in the City Civil Engineer's Office, and all parties interested are hereby notified that the numbers so designated must be affixed to the buildings on said streets within sixty days from the first day of August next.

And any owner or occupant of any building or part of a building who shall neglect or refuse to affix to the same the number designated by the Mayor and Aldermen, or who shall affix to the same, or retain thereon more than one day, any number contrary to the direction of the Mayor and Aldermen, shall forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars, and a like sum for every subsequent offence. Per order,

H. I. ROBINSON, City Clerk,
jn9 eod6tau1

PROPOSALS.

Proposals will be received at this office until 10 o'clock A. M. on Saturday the 15th day of August next for improving the following named rivers and harbors, viz.:

1. **Machias River, Me.**, for about 20,000 cubic yards of **dredging.**
2. **Penobscot River, Me.**, for about 25,000 cubic yards of **dredging.**
3. **Camden Harbor, Me.**, for about 23,000 cubic yards of **dredging.**
4. **PROPOSALS** will also be received until 10 A. M. on Friday, the 31st day of JULY for the removal of about 500 cubic yards of **sunken ledge** in the "Upper Narrows" of **Cocheco River in Dover, New Hampshire.**

Persons desiring to make proposals for any of the above works, are requested to apply to the undersigned at his office, No. 11 Clapp's Block, Congress Street, Portland, Maine, for specifications and further information concerning the same.

Proposals must be made *separately for each work*, as required by the specifications and be accompanied by the reputable guaranty—each proposal and guaranty to be in *duplicate* on printed forms which will be furnished on application at this office, and when transmitted must be so endorsed, on the *sealed* envelope, as to indicate before being opened the particular work bid for.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject all bids which, in his opinion, are not reasonable; also the bid of any person who, in his belief, will not faithfully, satisfactorily and promptly perform the contract.

U. S. Engineer Office, Portland, Me., July 16, 1874. } GEO. THOM, Lieut. Col of Engineers, Bvt. Brig. Gen. U. S. A.
jy16 d6t

FOR SALE.
Steam Tug Aid.
THE above First Class Tug will be sold at a bargain if sold at once. Hull is ten years old, top new this year. Boiler new, Engine and Machinery in first-class order.
Length of Keel.....60 ft.
Breadth of Beam.....17 "
Cylinder.....20x20 ft.
Diameter of Propeller.....7x2 "
Tanks hold 6000 gallons water. Coal bunkers hold twelve tons. Everything in good order and condition. For further particulars enquire of or address the undersigned. They can be seen at work any day in Saco River.
JAMES M. ANDREWS, CHARLES H. CRAGDON,
ju6dtf Biddeford, Maine.

COAL!
OF THE BEST GRADES. ALSO
DRY WOOD, SLABS AND EDGINGS,
— FOR SALE BY —
RICH & JUDKINS,
118 Commercial, foot of Exchange Street,
mh26 PORTLAND. eod7m

Notice.
THIS is to caution all persons from trusting any one on our account, as we shall pay no bills contracted by any person without an order from us from this date. JOHN MITSMANN,
MRS. C. B. MITSMANN.
Westbrook, July 18, 1874. jy18d1w*

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Booksellers and Stationers.
HOYT, & FOGG, No. 94 Middle Street.
T. P. McGOWAN, 254 Congress St.

Book Binders.
WM. A. QUINCY, Room 11, Printer's Exchange, No. 111 Exchange St.
SMALL & SHACKFORD, No. 35 Plum Street.

Confectionery.
L. J. PERKINS manufacturer of plain and fancy Candies, 287 Congress St., Portland Me.

Carpenters and Builders.
WHITNEY & MEANS, Pearl Street, opposite Park.

Dye-House.
FOSTER'S Dye House, 24 Union Street.*

Furniture—Wholesale and Retail.
WALTER COREY & CO., Arcade, No. 18 Free Street.
GEORGE A. WHITNEY, No. 56 Exchange St. Upholstering of all kinds done to order.

Furniture and House Furnishing Goods.
BENJ. ADAMS, cor. Exchange and Federal Streets.
HOOPER & EATON, Old Post Office, Exchange Street.
L. F. HOYT, No. 11 Preble Street. Upholstering done to order.

Furniture and Upholstering.
DAVID W. DEANE, No. 89 Federal St. All kinds of Upholstering and Repairing done to order.

Hair Goods and Toilet Articles.
J. F. SHERRY, No. 9 Clapp's Block Congress Street, opposite Old City Hall.

Horse Shoeing and Carriage repairing
Done the cheapest and best by S. YOUNG, at No. 102 Fore St.

Jewelry and Fine Watches.
ABNER LOWELL, 155 Middle Street. Agents for Howard Watch Company.

Watches, Jewelry, and Silver Ware.
J. A. MERRILL & CO., 139 Middle St.
J. A. MERRI A. KEITH.

Manufacturers of Trunks, Valises and Carpet-Bags.
J. R. DURAN & CO., 171 Middle and 113 Federal Streets.

Masons and Builders.
N. E. REDLON, 233 1-2 Congress St.

Pattern and Model Maker.
J. I. BARBOUR, 250 Fore Street, Cor. of Cross, Portland.

Photographers.
A. S. DAVIS & CO., No. 80 Middle Street.
J. H. LAMSON, 152 Middle St., cor. Cross.

Plumbers.
JAMES MILLER, No. 91 Federal Street.

Real Estate Agents.
JOHN C. PROCTER, No. 93 Exchange Street.

Rooters.
J. N. McCOY & CO., 28 Spring Street.

Sign and Awning Hanging.
S. YOUNG, No. 102 Fore Street. ja5d1y

Silver and Plated Ware.
ABNER LOWELL, 155 Middle Street.

Stair Builder.
B. F. LIBBY, No. 252 Fore Street, cor. Cross St., in Delene's Mill.
G. L. HOOPER, Cor. York & Maple Streets.

Watches, Jewelry, &c.
J. W. & H. H. MCDUFFEE, Cor. Middle & Union Sts.

HOTELS.

Orchard Beach House,
A few new, pleasant and well situated
ROOMS TO LET!
for Offices, Sitting Rooms or Lodging, to parties bringing good References, Apply to
MRS. H. T. LORD,
jy20d2w* Old Orchard Beach, Saco, Me.

CONGRESS HALL,
Sheldon Springs, Sheldon Vermont
Eight miles East of St. Albans.
Mineral water and baths. Pure air. Excellent Table.
Write for Circulars of terms and rooms.
Address Dr. S. S. FITCH, 714 Broadway, New York. 25 Tremont Street, Boston, or at Congress Hall.
Board very low. Open May until December.
apr6 eod5mo

OCEANIC HOUSE,
Peaks' Island, Maine.
This new Family Hotel, situated near Evergreen Landing on the largest and most beautiful island in Portland harbor, three miles from the city, is now open for the reception of guests. Shady groves, pure spring water, fine lawns, boating, bathing, fishing, &c., give this attractive summer resort the combined advantages of both country and seashore. Steamers leave Custom House Wharf, Portland, at 6, 9 30, 10 35, A. M.; 2 30, 3 30, and 7 15 P. M.
ROBERT T. STERLING, Proprietor.
jy16d1w*

BAY VIEW HOUSE.
This finely located House, situated at Ferry Beach, Saco, Maine, adjoining Old Orchard Beach, and near the New Camp Meeting Ground, will open June 1, 1874. The house is situated near the water, fine grove, rooms large and airy, *en suite* and single, and all command a view of the ocean, fine fishing, boating, bathing, riding, pine grove. The house is first-class throughout. Coaches always in attendance at the depot in Saco to take passengers to the house. Terms moderate.
jy15d1m* J. H. MOULTON, Manager.

WILKINS HOUSE,
DEERING, ME.
Pleasantly located at the entrance of Evergreen Cemetery, five minutes walk from the station on the Portland & Rochester and Maine Central R. R. The horse cars pass the house from Portland every half hour. Board by the day or week. Lunches at all hours. Stable connected with the house.
jy15d1w* WILKINS & SON, Proprietors.

Mt. Pleasant House.
BRIDGTON, ME.
The above House will be opened to the Public
JULY FOURTH, 1874,
The Mountain road has been put in first-class condition, and with the new Mountain Wagons or Saddle Horses the ascent can be easily made. Excursion tickets from Portland via Portland & Ogdensburg Railroad and steamers of
SEBAGO STEAMBOAT CO.,
to Bridgton, and coach to the Mountain and return $5. Fare from Portland to Naples, Bridgton, No. Bridgton and Harrison and return $2.50.
Tickets at Depot, or at Rollins, Loring & Adams, No. 22 Exchange street, Portland.
CHARLES E. GIBBS,
jy3tf Proprietor.

OCEAN HOUSE,
CAPE ELIZABETH BEACH,
This well known and popular Hotel having been thoroughly repaired during the past winter will be opened for the season on SATURDAY, June 6, 1874.
J. P. CHAMBERLAIN, Prop'r.
ju3 tf

Alfred House,
ALFRED, MAINE
THIS House is pleasantly situated near Depot, Court House and other places of interest, shaded by large and beautiful elms. It is within a short drive of the Shaker Settlement. Persons or families in search of a quiet, well conducted place, cool, healthy and pleasant, will, we trust, not be disappointed by selecting this House during the Summer months. R. H. GODING, Proprietor.
ju17 dlm.

BILLINGS HOUSE,
CENTRE LINCOLNVILLE, ME.
THE location is very desirable for those seeking health and pleasure. Only 6 miles from Camden, 12 from Belfast, and 14 from Rockland. Beautiful scenery, pleasant drives, superior facilities for fishing, &c., &c. Charges moderate.
ju10d2m C. D. BILLINGS, Proprietor.

FAIRBANKS' SCALES.
THE STANDARD OF THE WORLD.
Highest Prizes at Paris in 1867.
Vienna, Montreal, Macon, 1873
The most Accurate.
The most Durable.
The most Convenient.
In every respect worthy of the most implicit confidence: Warehouses:
2 MILK STREET, BOSTON,
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
311 Broadway, New York,
FAIRBANKS & CO.
ju11 taw6w

Notice.
CLOTHES Colored, Cleansed and Repaired in good order by
JAMES JOHNSON, 9 Free Street,
je23-1m* near H. H. HAY'S.

REAL ESTATE.

A French Roof Brick House
ON Cumberland Street for Sale. Contains ten Rooms, Sebago Water and Gas. Two minutes' walk from City Hall. A nice location for a business man. Price $6,000. Apply to
jy20d2w* WM. H. JERRIS.

For Sale.
A NEW TWO STORY HOUSE on New High Street, containing twelve rooms. Sebago water and gas, and all modern improvements. For further particulars inquire at 91 Middle Street, up stairs.
A. S. FERNALD.
jy16d2w

For Sale or to Let.
A TWO-STORY house situated on the northeasterly part of Peak's Island, near Evergreen Landing, Portland Harbor. Apply to
jy4tf J. STERLING, on premises.

The Most Desirable Property in the Vicinity of Portland for Sale.
WE offer the Property situated on Ocean Street, Woodford's Corner, Deering, and known as the Phiney Property, consisting of about 11½ acres of finely located land, in the highest state of cultivation, having cut 30 tons of Hay in one season. There is abundance of choice Fruit. The buildings are ample, thorough and substantial, consisting of a large and finely arranged House, with wood-shed, carriage house and barn connected. The barn is one of the best and most conveniently arranged in the State. There is also a large hay barn on line of street, recently built, at considerable expense. The late Mr. Phiney spared neither time nor money to make this a first class property. It is situated within 15 minutes' ride of Portland, most of the way over a shell road. Horse Cars, Maine Central and Portland & Rochester Railroad Cars stop at Woodford's, a few minutes walk from the property. Across Back Bay you get one of the finest views of the city to be obtained. Church and school privileges excellent. For further information inquire of
F. O. BAILEY & CO.,
je29tf 15 Exchange St., Portland, Me.

FOR SALE.
A LOT of vacant land, situated on the west side of High, between Pleasant and Danforth, Sts. This lot has a front of about 61 feet and is about 194 feet deep, and plans have been drawn by Howe, for a block of seven or nine genteel and convenient residences, and adapted for the same. Enquire of
EDWIN CHURCHILL,
No. 4 Portland Pier,
mar28 From 12 to 2 o'clock, P. M.

For Sale in the Town of Westbrook.
A FINE residence one-half mile from the Railroad Depots, Post-office, good Schools and Churches, six miles from Portland; House and Ell two stories thirteen finished rooms, double parlors with marble mantles, Wood-house and Stable connected—all in good repair, painted and blinded. Barn 40 x 60 on the premises; grounds contain 15½ acres, excellent land, well fenced, 30 apple and pear trees, ½ acre choice strawberries, three good wells of water upon the place and good cistern in the cellar, cellar under whole House, fine cement bottom; grounds ornamented with fine shade trees. This is one of the finest residences in the county. Terms easy. Enquire of S. R. Davis & Co., Portland, or Otis Brown, Westbrook.
mar21tf

For Sale.
A PLEASANT two story dwelling House, in good repair, suitable for two families, situated on the southerly corner of Pearl and Lincoln Streets. Enquire at the House any time after 10 A. M.
my20 tf

F. G. Patterson's Real Estate BULLETIN.
Money to Loan.
ON first class Real Estate Security, in Portland, or vicinity—Rents collected, taxes paid, &c., on Commission. Houses bought and sold. Apply to F. G. PATTERSON, Dealer in Real Estate, Office 13 Fluent Block. oc4dtf

A Fine Country Residence for Sale.
A TWO story Mansard roof House, containing ten rooms, cellar under whole house, cistern 22 hogsheads capacity, carriage house 22 x 24, stable 26 x 30, hennery, ice house with about thirty tons of ice, nineteen acres of land, four of which is under a high state of cultivation and devoted to fruit, 150 to 200 apple trees in bearing condition that yielded 290 barrels last year and will yield many more this season, grapes, currants and gooseberries in abundance, twelve acres of valuable mowing land that will cut from 12 to 14 tons of hay. This property is pleasantly situated in West Durham, Me., healthy location commands a delightful view of the White Mountains and surrounding country. Church, school and post office within a few rods. Distance from Lewiston 12 miles, Portland 21, Dunn's station, M. C. R. R., 7 miles, station Grand Trunk R R. 5 miles. A great bargain is offered. Price only $3500. Terms cash. Apply in person or by letter to
F. G. PATTERSON,
jy18dtf 13 Fluent Block, Portland.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Atlantic & St. Lawrence R. R. Co.
THE Stockholders of the Atlantic & St. Lawrence Railroad Company are hereby notified that the Annual Meeting will be held at the office of the Treasurer, in Portland, on Tuesday, the fourth day of August, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of making choice of nine Directors for the current year, and for the transaction of any other business that may legally come before the meeting.
F. R. BARRETT, Clerk.
Portland July 10, 1874. jy11S&Wtd.

Portland Rolling Mills.
THE Stockholders of the Portland Rolling Mills are hereby notified that the Annual Meeting of said Company will be holden at the Treasurer's Office, 196 Fore Street, Portland, on TUESDAY, July 21st, 1874, at 3 o'clock, P. M., for the following purposes, viz:
1st. To choose a Clerk, Treasurer, and five Directors for the ensuing year.
2d. To transact any other business that may legally come before the meeting.
GEO. E. B. JACKSON, jClerk.
Portland, July 8, 1874. y9dtd

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL
ABSOLUTELY SAFE. PERFECTLY ODORLESS.
ALWAYS UNIFORM, ILLUMINATING QUALITIES
SUPERIOR TO GAS
BURNS IN ANY LAMP WITHOUT DANGER OF EXPLODING OR TAKING FIRE
MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY TO DISPLACE THE USE OF HIGHLY VOLATILE AND DANGEROUS OILS.
ITS SAFETY UNDER EVERY POSSIBLE TEST AND ITS PERFECT BURNING QUALITIES
ARE PROVED BY ITS CONTINUED USE IN OVER
500,000 FAMILIES,
WHILE NO ACCIDENT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY HAS EVER OCCURED FROM BURNING, STORING OR HANDLING IT.
THE MANY IMITATIONS & COUNTERFEITS OF THE
ASTRAL OIL THAT HAVE BEEN THROWN UNSUCCESSFULLY ON THE MARKET IS FURTHER PROOF OF ITS SUPERIOR MERIT
THE ASTRAL HAS NOW A WORLD WIDE REPUTATION AS THE SAFEST AND BEST.
THE INSURANCE COMPANIES AND FIRE COMMISSIONERS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY
RECOMMEND PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL
AS THE BEST SAFEGUARD WHEN LAMPS ARE USED
CHS. PRATT & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1770.
108 FULTON ST. NEW YORK.

Capen, Sprague & Co.,
Nos. 6 and 8 Custom House Street,
BOSTON,
NEW ENGLAND AGENTS.
jul7 deod&w

SAVE THE ADVANCE ON ICE!
Dry Air Refrigerators
in all Styles, Grades and Sizes.
The Largest and Best Assortment in the State, combining all the latest Improvements, called
THE PEERLESS.
It is unsurpassed in Simplicity, Ease of Management, Durability, Dryness and Purity of Air and ECONOMY of ICE.
Wholesale and Retail at Manufacturers' Prices. Cheaper than any other. CAN SAVE THE ADVANCE IN ICE IN ONE SEASON, and get a better article by buying of manufacturer or agent. Don't fail of being convinced of this fact before buying.
Salesroom 253 Fore St., J. F. MERRILL. Manufactory, Rear of No. 10 Cross St.
PORTLAND, MAINE.
may26dtf

The Steamer C. A. Warren

Will take parties to the Islands on application to
CHARLES SAWYER,
jy15 No. 123 Commercial Street. dtf

TO LET.

To Let.
HOUSE No. 24, Gray Street, with all modern improvements. Fine location and good neighborhood. Possession given immediately. Inquire of
jy18dtf J. W. WATERHOUSE, 36 Park St.

To Let.
TWO pleasant Tenements, four rooms each, at No. 65 Washington St. Rent low. Apply at No. 8 Danforth St., to
jy18 J. DUNPHY. 3t*

Tenement to Let.
NUMBER 28 BRAMHALL STREET. Apply to W. A. MORRIS, at N. M. PERKINS & Co., Free Street, or to L. M. BOWDOIN, Saco.
ju15 dtf

House to Let.
HOUSE No. 53 Spring Street, near Park. Inquire of GEO. E. DAVIS, 84 Commercial St
jy10 tf

A Good Furnished House.
TO BE LET—pleasantly located, 10 rooms, Sebago, gas, furnace, bath room and a fine large garden. Apply to WM. H. JERRIS, Real Estate Agent.
Portland, July 4. jy4dtf

To Let.
TWO desirable and pleasant Rooms, 318 Congress St. Supplied with Sebago water, &c. Fitted up for dressmaker. Apply to
JOHN C. GERRY,
ju11tf 312 Congress St.

TO LET!
Pleasant Rooms With Board.
m10eodtf At 30½ High St., S. S. KNIGHT.

To Let.
A PLEASANT and very convenient Upper Tenement of 5 Rooms to a small, quiet family. Rent $20 a month. Address,
1862 P. O. BOX 1614. tf

To Let
STORE No. 90 Commercial Street, Thomas Block. Apply to
F. J. ROLLINS,
ap14tf 22 Exchange Street.

BOARD.

Summer Board.
In Saco, on the road leading from Saco to Portland—about two miles from
OLD ORCHARD
and a few minutes walk from the famed
Cascade and Mineral Spring.
This place is four miles from the city of Saco and eleven miles from Portland, on the Portland road. The road from the house to Old Orchard is a most beautiful one, shaded nearly the whole distance by large trees. The house is nearly new and fitted up this season for a few country boarders. Parents who wish to send their children will find this a rare chance. Good stable for horses and carriages. Pleasant walks and drives, and good fishing in the vicinity. A good team will be in readiness for Old Orchard Beach at all times. Apply to Mrs. C. M. Banks, on the place, or "S," PRESS office between 1 and 3 p. m. jy17

Board Wanted.
BY a young man in the southern portion of the city. Address for four days
jy18 H. F. F., City.

Rooms To Let.
TWO Gentlemen and their wives and two or three single gentlemen can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and board at 75 Free street. oc7tf

Board.
TWO Gentlemen or a Gentleman and his Wife can be accommodated with first class Board and Rooms at No. 20 Brown Street. my19dtf

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
For Young Ladies.
Miss A. C. MORGAN'S School for Young Ladies,
AT PORTSMOUTH, N. H.,
Will commence the fall term September 24. All branches of English education, French, German, Latin, Music and Drawing will be taught by the most competent instructors; the Languages by a lady from Europe.
The School Building is new; situated in the pleasantest part of the city, and furnished with all conveniences for health and comfort.
REFERENCES—Rev. A. P. Peabody, Cambridge; George B. Emerson, Esq., and James T. Fields, Esq., Boston; Ex-Gov. Goodwin and Rev. James DeNormandie, Portsmouth.
For full particulars send for Circular.
jy17 deod1m&w2m29

EDUCATIONAL.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
No. 12 Pine St., Portland.
THE Misses SYMONDS will reopen their School for Young Ladies on THURSDAY, Sept. the 17th. For Circulars, containing the particulars, address the Principal, No. 12 Pine St. jy17eod2m

State Normal & Training School,
CASTINE, MAINE.
This school, for the preparation of teachers, will open
TUESDAY, August 18,
and continue fourteen weeks.
Tuition and many Text Books Free.
Good accommodations for family, club or self-boarding. For particulars address,
G. T. FLETCHER,
Principal.
jy8 d&wtd

Westbrook Seminary,
STEVENS' PLAINS, ME.
The Fall Term of this Institution will commence on
TUESDAY, Aug. 18, 1874,
and continue fourteen weeks.
EXPENSES.
Board, including Fuel and Light,
For full term, per week.....$3.50
For less than a full term, per week..... 4.00
Washing, per dozen, average..... 60
Room rent, per term, with room-mate..... 1.00
" " " alone..... 7.00
Library Fee..... 25
No deduction will be made for absence the first or last week of the term, nor for absence during the term in any case excepting that of protracted sickness.
Students will furnish their own quilts, sheets, pillow-cases, towels, and toilet soap. All articles needing to be washed should be plainly marked with the owner's name.
TUITION.
PER TERM OF FOURTEEN WEEKS.
Common English.....$5.50
Higher English..... 6.50
Highest English..... 7.50
Latin and Greek..... 8.50
French and German, each, (extra)..... 2.50
Music, 24 lessons, (extra).....12 00 to 24.00
Use of Piano, (extra)..... 3.00
Church Organ, 20 lessons, (extra)..... 35.00
Penmanship, 24 lessons, (extra)..... 2.00
Book-keeping, single entry " 2.00
" double " 4.00
Drawing, 20 lessons (extra)..... 5.00
Crayoning, " " 8.00
Painting in oil, 20 lessons, (extra)..... 12.00
Painting, water colors " 6.00
Wax Work, Flowers, &c., " 6.00
Applied Chemistry, " 5.00
No student will be charged with less than half a term's tuition.
Half term's expenses required in advance, and the balance at the close of the term.
Text Book, Stationery, &c., for sale at Seminary. For further information address
G. M. BODGE, A. M., Principal,
jy14d4w Stevens' Plains, Me.

Eaton Family School for Boys,
At NORRIDGEWOCK, ME.
THE Eaton School, which has been under the charge of its present principal for 18 years, offers unequaled advantages as a Home School. Fall Term will commence August 16. For circular apply to HAMLIN F. EATON.
ju27 2m

St. Augustin's School for Boys,
45 Danforth Street, Portland, Me.
Rt. Rev. Henry A. Neely, D. D., Visitor. O. L. Billings, Principal. Send for Circular. oc10tf

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL,
DR. G. A. CLARK
has removed to 334 Congress Street. Office hours from 2 to 4 P. M. jy9dtf

Removal.
WILLIAM ROSS, Treasurer of the Portland, Bangor and Machias Steamboat Co., has removed his Office from 179 Commercial Street to Railroad Wharf at the landing of the Co's Steamer.
mar23 dtf

For Sale or to Let.

The yacht "Ethel," length 63 feet, 16 8-12 feet beam, depth 5 9-12, tonnage 34 62-100. Has superior accommodations, and in every way fitted for a pleasure craft. Will be sold low, or chartered on favorable terms to pleasure parties. Apply to
J. S. WINSLOW & CO.
jy18 dtf

Colby's Book Store.
119 Exchange Street.
Has reopened with the largest Stock in the city. We retail all books at lowest wholesale prices. Second hand books bought and sold.
Albert Colby's Sons.
my6 tf

WANTS.

Wanted.
TWO Rooms, with bath room on the same floor, or a whole flat if conveniently arranged, in the western part of the city. Address,
J. D. PROCTOR,
jy18dtf New Casco, Me.

Wanted to Purchase.
A HOUSE worth from $2000 to $5000 for cash. Address Box 1834 confidentially
Jy18d3t CASH.

Horse Wanted.
A SOUND, KIND, FAMILY HORSE, Prompt driver, entirely safe for lady to drive, weight 950 to 1000 lbs. Address with particulars, price &c., "FAMILY," P. O. Box 719.
jy16d1w*

Situation Wanted.
BY a young man as travelling salesman. Best of references furnished. Address F. F. DUNNING, Portland, Me. jy16d1w

Wanted.
A BOY to learn the Drug Business. Apply to
Jy15 P. O. BOX 1897. tf

WANTED.
Persons having houses to sell on Congress or Cumberland Streets, or in any central part of this city, will hear of cash customers on application to
JOSEPH REED,
Real Estate Agent, 80 Middle Street.
jy7 eod1f&cwtf

Wanted at the Orphan Asylum.
A PROTESTANT Woman, to do general housework. Apply at No. 42 Park St., afternoons.
my15 tf

Wanted.
A CAPABLE Servant to do general housework in a family of four, one and one-half miles from the city. Address Box 1565, Portland, Me. my6tr

LOST AND FOUND.

Found.
A BUNCH of KEYS which the owner can have by calling at this Office and paying for advertisement. jy20d3t

Lost.

THE PRESS.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1874

FOR GOVERNOR,

NELSON DINGLEY, Jr.

For Representatives to Congress

1st District—JOHN H. BURLEIGH.
2d District—WILLIAM P. FRYE.
3d District—JAMES G. BLAINE.
4th District—SAMUEL F. HERSEY.
5th District—EUGENE HALE.

EVERY regular attache of the PRESS is furnished with a *Card* certificate countersigned by Stanley T. Allen, Editor. All railway, steamboat and hotel managers will confer a favor upon us by demanding credentials of every person claiming to represent our journal, as we have information that several "bummers" are seeking courtesies in the name of the PRESS, and we have no disposition to be, even passively, a party to such frauds.

We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are in all cases indispensable, not necessarily for publication but as a guaranty of good faith.

We cannot undertake to return or reserve communications that are not used.

THE London *Times* publishes a letter from the best authorities on the subject which states that the grain crops all over the world promise a good harvest. This will be good news to the greater part of the civilized world, so called.

IT requires six long and wide columns of the New York Trade *Reporter* for a lady to tell the Gothamites about some of the delightful summer resorts in eastern New Hampshire and Maine. The clever writer has not exhausted the subject.

THE Secretary of the Treasury will not be a favorite in official circles if he persists in keeping the expenditures of his department to the figures of the appropriation bill. Mr. Bristow is making a thorough overhauling of matters. The secret service force will doubtless be transferred to the list of the "has beens," and now it is said that the special agency business is to be inspected. By all means let the procession be kept moving.

ABOUT this time it is very strange if a great many people do not consider that the country has witnessed enough of college regattas. The incidents at Springfield, where the regattas have taken place before this year, and the rumors of that pool-selling, betting and dissipation which we look for in connection with the most disreputable class of sporting-men at horse races, have led many people to look with suspicion upon these annual exhibitions of college muscle and muscular skill. But the occurrences at Saratoga last week—the disgraceful spectacle of the crews of the two oldest and most influential colleges in the land practising tricks upon each other while rowing which would cause the course of any horse-trotting association to be barred against a horseman who might engage in jockeying of a similar character; the taunts, sneers and bitter reproaches of these two crews which almost led to a general melee and did result in personal collisions; the rowdyish if not drunken scenes which followed the race, making the night hideous—are enough or ought to be enough to convince sensible people that the college regatta of 1874 should close up that business. It is a reproach to liberal education in this country when in their seasons of recreation one can distinguish between the collegiate and the rough only by the garb they wear. If this be culture let us have ignorance; if Saratoga afforded us the results of physical training and progressive ideas in our colleges, let us go back to the old ways and thus avoid being brutal.

THAT clause of Speaker Blaine's letter to his constituents in which the authority of the President and Senate to make a treaty which will affect the revenue of the nation is combated, has aroused a discussion of constitutional law and federal policy respecting the limits of the treaty-making power. Among the journals which took issue with Mr. Blaine was the New York Evening *Post*, which did so in an extended and moderate argument. In reply to this editorial, a letter dated at Bangor appears in the *Post* of Saturday. The writer addressing himself to the *Post* says:

> If correctly understood, you maintain the right of the President and the Senate, by treaty-making power, to regulate for any period of time the duties on imports. In the proposed treaty of reciprocity, the plan is to have a certain scale of duties on Canadian articles for one year, and thereafter importation to be free for twenty-one years. If thus on Canadian articles why not on English, and then on French, and then on German? And if the President and two-thirds of the Senate agree, why, under the power you claim for them, might they not make treaties of this kind to continue for a hundred years, thus depriving the next three generations of all power over the revenues of the country?
>
> The writer next cites cases where an appropriation of money was required to carry out the provisions of treaties, and in every instance the bill appropriating the money originated in the House of Representatives. Having established this point, he argues that the treaty-making power (the President and two-thirds of the Senate) have no more power to regulate the revenues by treaties than it has to originate bills appropriating money to carry out a treaty; indeed, not so much, for the Constitution expressly declares that "all bills for raising revenues shall originate in the House of Representatives." The writer further claims that the framers of the government designed to keep the power and mode of raising taxes in the hands of the people. The people vote only in the House of Representatives while the state votes in the Senate. The people are not represented in the Senate simply because twenty-five states having two-thirds of the Senate, embrace a population of but three-eights of that of the whole country. Having made this statement the writer thus puts the case to the *Post*:
>
> Do you seriously contend that these senators, constituting two-thirds of the whole body, and yet representing states that contain only a minority of the people of the country, have the right by treaty to agree to the admission of English, Canadian, French and German fabrics free of duty for the next generation, and thus deprive the House of Representatives of the right to originate any bill of revenue involving a tariff on imports from those countries? If so, the House would be confined to internal taxes as the only mode of raising revenue, and we should witness the singular spectacle of a minority of the people acting through an alleged constitutional power in the Senate absolutely controlling the majority and preventing the exercise of a plain power conferred on the House.

The *Post* promises at an early day to renew the discussion of this very important topic.

Current Notes.

It is the opinion of the New York *Times* that no more striking comment on the impenetrable density of the average Democratic intelligence can be found than the preposterous revival of the repudiation theory in the Indian platform.

Foster's *Democrat* published at Dover, N. H., is pleased at the action of the legislature in not repealing the prohibitory law. It says that "a Republican legislature enacted the prohibitory law, and now a Democratic legislature has adopted it as its own by refusing to repeal it and by refusing to enact the license and local option principle in its stead. This ought to settle the policy of our state, and put this vexed question out of our party politics. We shall not disturb the settlement, and anybody who attempts to do so should be considered as no real friend of the Democratic party. The representative sovereignty of the state in Democratic hands has spoken and let all the people say Amen."

The coolest piece of assurance is the attempt of some of the Democratic papers to represent that the Republicans of Indiana made as bad a declaration on the finances as the Democrats. It is enough to say in answer that the Democrats pronounced for repudiation, and that no Republican anywhere has approached it.—*Albany Journal.*

Mr. Israel Holmes, who died at Waterbury, Conn., on Wednesday, aged 74 years, is called, by the Hartford Courant "the father of the brass manufacturing interests of Connecticut." He introduced into this country the manufacture of brass wire and brass kettles. From 1834 to 1845 Mr. Holmes resided in Wolcottville. In 1845 he became president of the Waterbury Brass Company.

Our New York Letter.

Tilton's coming Pronunciamento—An Indictment of the Sensational Order—The complaints in regard to the Plymouth Church investigation—Beecher's probable course.

NEW YORK, July 18, 1874.

There is very little room for doubt that the forthcoming pronunciamento of Tilton, which he is understood to be preparing with great elaboration, and which is promised on Monday evening, will be exceedingly defamatory of Mr. Beecher. Tilton evidently begins to realize what a desperate position he has placed himself in, and the sense of it is very likely to goad him to madness. The length of time he is taking to compose his narrative is not calculated to prepossess one in favor of its straightforwardness and simplicity. It will undoubtedly be woven with a careful eye to startling situations and dramatic effect. But Mr. Beecher's friends entertain no apprehension that it will contain any statements *susceptible of proof*, which will sully his fair fame. Allegations, whether wholly unsupported or bolstered up by hearsay, will have very little effect at this late day. There has already been a nauseating surfeit of that sort of thing. Mrs. Woodhull overdid it tremendously in her "wicked and horrible scandal."

Tilton has largely discounted the force of his recital by making such a ridiculous amount of preliminary fuss over it. And then, there is so much cold-blooded malignity manifested in the devotion of days and nights of literary skill to a production which, after all, is represented to be merely a reluctant exhibit of the "plain, unvarnished" truth, that by the time the witness comes into the box, he will present such indications of having been coached and crammed for the purpose, that the public will be prepared to reject every iota of his tale that isn't substantiated by overwhelming collateral testimony.

Mr. Tilton's sole organ already begins to whine about the composition and mode of selection of the committee, and to crawfish by talking of packed juries. This isn't a jury case at all. The simile is inapplicable. Mr. Beecher has, very properly, invited some of the leading members of his church and congregation to inquire and ascertain whether there are a sufficient number of grains of truth in certain vague, shadowy, incoherent, rambling, incomprehensible stories about him, which were originally put in circulation by a couple of notorious women, and are now revived by two men who profess to have been his friends, not only at the time of the occurrences narrated, but for years subsequently,—one of them going so far as to affect, even now, to "love" him—whether these indefinite, intangible webs of gossip contain so much of the element of veracity as to impair the confidence of his parishoners in his ministry. That's all there is of it. And yet the organ aforesaid modestly suggests that Mr. Tilton ought to have been accorded the choice of half the committee, albeit he is neither a member nor an attendant of Plymouth church, and has not the slightest interest in its affairs. The case is not one of arbitration, or subject to judicial rules. Mr. Beecher in effect says that he has been grossly defamed and maligned—that as long as the slanders had no more decent sponsors than the base women who first gave them currency, it was impossible for him to notice them, but now that they have found an equivocal kind of endorsement in a less disreputable quarter, he requests the fullest investigation concerning them, for the satisfaction of his own religious society.

The most natural thing for his accuser to have done, if he simply desired to get out the facts, would seem to have been to have gone before the committee, and stated verbally in concise and inartificial language precisely what he was driving at. The idea of writing it all out before hand, punctuating it, interlarding it perhaps with exclamation points, tricking it tastefully with typographical gewgaws in dime-novel style—there may be wood-cuts for what I know—is so repugnant to the ordinary sense of propriety, that I am quite sure the means taken to make the thing go off with *eclat* will have precisely the opposite effect, and lead to a tame and spiritless performance. The long advertised "thunderbolt" which Mr. Tilton is forging by the midnight lamp irresistibly brings to mind the bifaltin ukase in which Macawber declared his purpose to pulverize Heep. Here is a choice extract from Mr. Micawber's brochure:

> "Without more directly referring to any latent ability that may possibly exist on my part, of weilding the thunderbolt, or directing the dynamite, I may be permitted to observe, in passing, that my brightest visions are forever dispelled—that my peace is shattered and my power of enjoyment destroyed—that my heart is no longer in the right place—and that I no more walk erect before my fellow men. The canker is in the flower. The cup is bitter to the brim. The worm is at his work and will soon dispose of his victim. The sooner the better."

The world in general is much too prosaic to appreciate so lofty a style, especially when it is applied to the affairs of every day-life. And when it is employed in such a serious matter, as the portrayal of incidents affecting character and entailing incalculable suffering upon vast numbers of the worthiest people in Christendom, it becomes positively revolting.

It is impossible to contemplate this painful domestic drama, in any of its phases without feelings of intense sadness. It has yielded a harvest of sorrow already. A dismembered household, and irreconcilable alienation from life long friends are among the calamities it has brought to the chief accuser. And then Mr. Beecher is so loved and honored, not for his marvelous talents alone but for his genial, kindly, large hearted nature that his myriads of friends regard any imputation upon his name as a personal indignity. They steadfastly refuse to believe him capable of any mean or unmanly act. There is a sentiment of intense exasperation prevailing in Brooklyn and its vicinity, that one so great and good should have been singled out for assaults from batteries so skilfully masked, that it has been extremely difficult hitherto, to avert or return the fire. As the time wears on and the smoke of these volleys in ambush darkens the atmosphere, the public faith in, and sympathy for, the intended victim becomes stronger and deeper, and the wrath against his assailant gathers accumulated force.

From all the information I can gather, there is a probability of a practical conclusion of this trying case, in the early part of next week. Mr. Tilton will exhaust his magazine of complaints. They will be found to be general instead of specific, inferential rather than positive, declamatory in lieu of being demonstrable. It is expected that he will make little or no reference to his own putative grievances, but confine himself to hearsay allegations, concerning other people. The moment he goes outside of the record, the committee of investigation will decline to entertain or consider his charges. He will then take an appeal to the public through the newspapers. Mr Beecher on the other hand, will come out with a full statement of all the facts, and they will not only constitute an explanation of his conduct, but a vindication of his fame. The mysterious letter, which is really the only thing thus far which tends to throw on him a suspicion of wrong doing, will be accounted for in such a way as to relieve him of any inexpiable offense. Those who know Mr. Beecher best, and share his confidence, express the sanguine conviction that he will pass through the ordeal, unscathed and triumphant. The strict silence he has hitherto observed, will be shown to have been prompted by consideration for others, rather than for himself. The pure gold of his character, stripped of the dross with which calumniators have sought to tarnish it, will glitter with renewed beauty, and his name will be cherished by contemporaries, and posterity as one of the brightest ornaments of religion and humanity the century has produced. YARMOUTH

News and Other Items.

Dudley W. Adams, master of the national grange, wants to go to Congress.

Chicago has ordered 6000 feet of new hose, to supply the loss by the fire.

Pewter nickles are taking the place of common cents in Cincinnati.

A Kentucky husband told his wife to take a hammer and a nail and knock out all his teeth, and she remembered her marriage vow and did it. And now he rises up and calls her several participial adjectives, but blessed is not one of them.

The railroads leading from Chicago to the southwest have decided not to pool their earnings, but to make a general advance of ten per cent. in their freight rates. This will rewove all opposition between the companies.

There are signs of a resumption of business at Havana, and one of the suspended exchange offices has already re-opened its doors. House rents are said to be advancing outrageously, in order to enable the landlords to pay the extra taxes exacted.

Bowdoin College.

BRUNSWICK, July 18, 1874.

To the Editor of the Press:

Your correspondent, signing himself "Student," treating of "affairs at Bowdoin College," opens his batteries upon "Parent" with the the profound remark that "if all the articles had been written by capable men, men who thoroughly understood the affairs of the institution, their opinions would have far greater weight." So say we all of us. But when he adds that in that case, "people in general would sympathize with them in their endeavors either to help or injure the college," I, for one, beg leave to differ. I do not believe that even a minute fraction of the public would sympathize with any endeavor to *injure* the college. But it rather seems to me, Mr. Editor, that the college is in much the same condition with the forlorn old veteran who cried out in his distress, "God save me from my friends and I'll take care of my enemies myself."

I cannot help thinking that Bowdoin's first and greatest need is to purge herself of all humbugs and shams. A *real* "student" is pretty sure to detect them, however clad or behalded, before he finishes his college course, and in spite of all palaver, it will affect his love and respect for the institution they fasten on.

The prosperity of a college cannot be advanced by a high sounding manifesto, unless the performance is made equal to the promise. Young men are proverbially impatient of pretentious mediocrity. The dignity of a college professorship is better preserved by a faithful and capable discharge of its duties than by any display of power to inflict college censures and punishments. The faculty of the college should know that their cause cannot be aided by newspaper announcements that the indications are that the class will be fully up to the average in numbers, when less than a score present themselves for examination; nor by describing empty pews at commencement exercises as crowded houses; nor by such vulgar abuse as the Brunswick Telegraph pours out upon men who, like "Parent," would be glad to send their sons to Bowdoin.

Perhaps it is hardly fair to hold the faculty responsible for what may be only the bilious vagaries of the editor of the Telegraph; but I submit that it is not wise for the friends of the college to bully and affront the public whom "Parent" represents with such a reply to his communication as this, which I extract from the Brunswick paper of July 17:

> And while referring to college matters, let us just allude to a communication signed "Parent" which appeared in the PRESS of Tuesday 14th. The writer is a "sorehead" of the old school, and vigorously denounces the existing condition of affairs. He would remove President Chamberlain, and pretty much everybody else, we guess, and go back to the good old times when it was of far more consequence for a man to be a good talker in a village prayer meeting, than a competent instructor of college classes. "Parent" says he has a son that he can't send here as things now are, and whom he will not send to the two other colleges in the state. If the boy is like the father, we suggest that he be sent to a school of idiocy, such as may be found abroad if not at home. The dishonesty of the writer is conspicuously obvious, where he speaks of Bowdoin as a broken down institution, and cites in evidence that only seventeen applicants presented themselves for examination on the Friday previous to commencement. Does not "Parent" (George Washington's parent didn't teach him to lie) know that the time of that examination was exceptional, and that but few people knew such an examination was to take place? Certainly he did, and we might with as much justice argue that all parents are fools because one who appears in the PRESS is magnificently so.

The sneer contained in the above at the sterling old corps of college professors who gave their unsinted labors for the prosperity of the college during a long course of years, for small compensation, without grudging, complaining, or shrinking, is especially ill-timed just now. I do not believe it is judicious, when the college is constantly calling on the alumni for funds, to make such unsavory allusions to the memories of Cleaveland and Upham and Newman and Smyth and Goodwin and others associated with them. Would that their successors could be induced to imitate their self denying devotion to the institution! If some of them were "good talkers in the village prayer-meeting," I never before heard it intimated that they were not all as "competent instructors of college classes" as any of the set of men "who are of yesterday" etc.

I do not suppose that either the faculty or the boards of the college are so wise and farseeing as to require them imperatively to resent any suggestion respecting the management of the college through the public prints, whether it comes from "Parent or any other friend of education. I therefore take the liberty to say that I heard with regret, of the action of the boards in bringing almost the whole vacation of the year into the summer-time. I believe it will operate to the disadvantage of those who rely in part upon their own earnings to enable them to go through college. In order to teach the winter schools which have heretofore given them a congenial employment by which they gained not only ready money but mental discipline, knowledge of human nature, and tact in dealing with their fellowmen in favorable positions, they must now stay out of college and forego whatever advantage there may be in lectures, recitations, etc. If they devote themselves during the summer to employments less suited than teaching to promote their own improvement, they are brought here by the new order of things at a time of year when the increased expenses of fuel and lights impose an additional burden upon pockets not too well furnished.

Yet that class of students has been and is likely to be the one to which any Maine college must look for much of its support, and it is the one which is most likely in after-life to do credit to its *alma mater*. It is no answer to this to say that the summer is the best season for yachting, or for needy students to get employment as table waiters at mountain or seaside houses. The fact still remains that with such an arrangement of terms, the college must be less useful as an educator of poor men's sons. For one I fear that it will contribute to increase the growing disregard for a college education; and this I deprecate. For while I do not believe that any of the colleges have been improved by the recent changes in their arrangement, I do not think the desertion of them would advance either learning or good morals. But if a college would thrive it must learn to conform to the wishes of the great body of its patrons; and I cannot help thinking that a little solid learning is better in a college faculty than much self-conceit.

ALUMNUS.

[Reported for the Press.]

Commencement at Colby.

Boardman Missionary Society Anniversary—Junior Prize Declamation, Etc.

WATERVILLE, July 20.

Commencement week at Colby promises to be of unusual interest the present year both on account of its exercises and the number of the college alumni and friends that will be present. The town is looking its best, which is saying a great deal, for there is no more beautiful village in New England.

BOARDMAN MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

The exercises of the week at Waterville began with the annual sermon on Sunday evening before the Boardman Missionary Society of the college. After the opening services, which were conducted by Prof. Wilkinson, D. D., of Rochester, N. Y., the sermon was delivered by Prof. Heman Lincoln, D. D. of Newton Centre, Mass. The discourse was delivered without notes and was listened to with much interest by the large audience assembled. The text chosen was I Cor. xv. 25—"For He must reign till He hath put all enemies under His feet." We give an abstract of the sermon: The kingdom of Jesus Christ is an universal kingdom, including all nations, all kingdoms, all worlds and all ages. He himself predicted its ultimate triumph. But the tendency of scientific thought at the present day is to reject the kingdom of Christ in the striving after unity in all things. Unity of law in every department of nature and morals, and even in religion is sought by those who are prominent as scientific investigators. There are some who would resolve into one primordial germ all forms of matter, and interpret the creation of man as a mere process of evolution. In this scientific speculation there is great danger of confounding fact and theory. Theologians have done the world and truth good service by confining these men to well proved facts. The men of science are striving to establish a science of religion, in which Christianity is considered as only one factor, like Buddhism, being presented as a merely human invention, stripped of its supernatural attributes. It is impossible to reach the truth in this way. It is as if a naturalist should compare man and brute and leave reason out of the account. The supernatural cannot be separated from Christianity. The religion of Christ is peculiarly fitted for a universal faith and is the only abiding religion. Christ has shaped it to meet the need of the human soul. In the first place, it gives unity of origin to the whole human family. Nothing can be more truly sublime than the account of the creation of man as recorded in the Bible, it invests man with a spiritual nature. It declares to him a grand religion to live by, in comparison with which the fables of the classics are puerile. The heart yearns for something better than evolution can give it. This yearning finds expression in the songs of our best poets who in all ages have reflected the voice of humanity. The Bible alone teaches that men are divinely born. This is needed to raise the grovelling races of earth, the despending and the sensual, to a hope of better things. Christianity is an universal religion because it teaches a unity of nature. God has made of one blood all the nations of the earth. The old religions were local, they divided the race. The Greek despised the barbarian, while the Jew detested the Gentile—as the Hindoo does the Pariah. Equality of race must be taught by the religion which aims to be universal.

The social distinctions of other days have gone by. Kings no longer rule "by the grace of God." The theory that some races are born to rule and others to serve, has gone down. The idea of a common humanity, man—one, under all colors, in all climes,—is born of the Bible.

Our religion teaches a unity of worship. What can the poor Hindoo do with his million of Gods to be worshiped? Who could possibly remember all the deities of the old Pantheon, with the worship due to each? This Bible relieves us from this perplexity. It says: "The Lord our God is one God;"—thus filling a universe vaster than Homer or Virgil ever dreamed. This sublime idea of one God for the philosopher and the infant, for the dweller in Arctic snow and Africa's sun, lays the foundation for a universal religion. Christianity teaches another unity, the unity of redemption. Nothing can be more repulsive than the idea of Law as Lord. Its advocates own that it punishes blunders, as it does sin, and that the blow falls before the warning is uttered. Law is always inexorable. Some tell us that penalty is bound up in the sin, forgiveness is simply impossible and regeneration a simple fiction. How can a sinful nature be made holy? Only by the interposition of God and the atonement provided for human needs. No other religion brings redemption to man. In the gospel, God is just even while he forgives sin, and the great problem of uniting mercy and justice is solved. The Creator comes down to the world He has made, the lawgiver submits to his law, and by this means man may be made holy. All this the scientific writers call illusion. But the Bible abounds in instances of the regenerating power of Christianity, and our eyes are witnesses to the same miraculous renewing of the hearts of the impure in every community. The fountain of a pure life is opened by Christianity, and its visible transformations of sinful nature are a prophecy of its future triumph. Christianity teaches also unity of destiny. The grand march of humanity is onward, from the garden of Eden to the Celestial City, from the humble manger of Bethlehem to the Great White Throne. The grave is not the end of human life; it opens a realm of infinite progress beyond. Aside from the Bible no clear light can anywhere be found on the problem of human destiny. Buddhism teaches the utter loss of identity through transmigration. And much of the ideal philosophy of the day looks for the absorption of the finite mind into the great Oversoul. If the power of the human soul have no higher destiny than is annihilation preferable. Nothing penetrates the cloud of blackness which lies beyond this life. Cicero received no comfort from his fame nor solace from his studies, when he sought to solve this last great problem of the destiny of man, and in our day the sad spectacle has been repeated in the case of the late John Stuart Mill.

When this eminent scholar laid his beloved wife away in the tomb, he believed that her noble soul had ceased to be, and could only comfort himself by living a large portion of the year in a foreign land by her grave.

But this religion of ours speaks with words of cheer. From the lips of Jesus come the words of hope. "I am the resurrection and the life." This religion makes this world but a shadow while the other is the substance. It gives us a victory over the future. Is it not worthy to be accepted as the absolute religion. This faith bids every weary toiler look up, and says to all men, "Ye are of one blood." Hence the duty of giving Christianity to the most degraded nations of the world. The sunken races need the elevating idea of the divine parentage. The way upward lies not through civilization to Christianity but through Christianity to civilization. Thought is stimulated and labor quickened by the great idea "whatsoever ye would that men should do unto you, do ye even so to them." Hence too, reasonableness of personal piety. To love the one revealed God, near to every one of us, not an abstraction of infinite attributes but a personal God, is what honor and conscience and gratitude prompt. It expands the soul. Eternal death is eternal separation from God. The soul must be lifted to the Father's bosom by infinite love. Be full of zeal therefore to give this eternal religion to those for whom it is prepared.

JUNIOR PRIZE DECLAMATION.

The Junior Prize Declamation came off at the church this evening, which was well filled as is usual on such occasions. The following is the programme:—

Prophetic Intimations in History and Science, Josiah Oden Tilton, Milford, N. H.
Reforms and Reformers, Edward Hawes Smiley, Fairfield.
The Ministry of the Beautiful, Samuel Austin Read, Gardiner, Mass.
The Aspects of American Society, Cyrus Knapp Merriam, Houlton.
The Permanency of Words, Henry Hudson, Jr., Guilford.
The Anglo-Saxon Race, George Washington Hall, Hermon Center.
Appearances, William Goldthwait, Lawrence, Mass.
Ideals, Leslie Colby Cornish, Winslow.
[illegible] Herbert Tilden, Lewiston.
Grecian Literature, Edward Andrew Read, Gardiner, Mass.
The Founders of New England, Gust vus Isaac Peavey, Waterville.
Impatience of the Speculative Intellect, Edward John Colcord, Parsonsfield.
War and Arbitration, George Bassett Howard, Winslow.
The Geography and the People of America, Charles Francis Hall, Oxford.
Individuality, John Hosmer Cox, Waterville.
Physical Culture, *Mary Caffrey Low, Waterville.

*Not speaking for the prize.

VISITORS, &C.

Among the strangers already arrived, we notice Prof. W. C. Wilkinson, D. D., of Rochester, N. Y., Prof. Wm. Mathews, LL. D., of Chicago, Prof. C. E. Hamlin, LL. D., of Cambridge, Rev. G. W. Bosworth, D. D., of Haverhill, Mass.

Through the Notch.

As the old time mariner of the Mediterranean looked out between the pillars of Hercules upon the Atlantic, he pictured to himself beyond the unknown sea an earthly paradise where death and all the minor evils did not come. Were he of an adventurous disposition, he probably set sail for the green, fortunate isles and was never heard of again. Something of the same feeling possesses the imaginative tourist who sits on the piazza of the Crawford House and looks for the first time down the gate of the Notch. He stands at the threshold of a trip contemplated, perhaps, for years, and unless his imagination has been debauched by the perusal of guide books, he will picture to himself sights as wonderful as those which stirred the fancy of the sea loving Phœnician as he shot his galley past Gibraltar.

It is better to have heard of the White Mountain views vaguely, if at all. The minute descriptions of the green covered books paralyze the imagination, and the inflated rhetoric prepares one for beauties to be found in no land under the sun. If the traveler must read a guide book, let him wait until he gets back from the mountains.

The square stones which form the gate, the left crumbled a little by that great modern Vandal, the Portland and Ogdensburg, greet the eye at all hours. They loom up black in the dusk, and one can easily bring himself to imagine that the unpleasant and much quoted Italian inscription is blazoned somewhere on the rocks. It is well, however, to trust to the imagination in the matter of inscriptions, for the only legends to be found upon the mountain side are the cabalistic "S. T.—1860—X," or the startling announcement in staring yellow letters, "Ringold's Elixir, good for Pin Worms."

If the visitor has plenty of time he will do well to linger at the Crawford. The gate is always before him, and the great ravine which they call the Notch deserves at least that period of thought and preparation enjoined upon the devout Brahmin before he enters the temples of his triune gods. He can sit and watch the green summit of Willard, that long line of granite, standing out yellow in the sun, bare of verdure, which some man, gifted with a sense of the eternal fitness of things, has christened Webster. A little pool, prolific of mosquitoes, and with edges skirted with a green scum, is pointed out as the head-waters of the Saco. That stream, little more than a trout brook, brawls through the ravine below, making a great deal of noise for its size, in that respect much like the cities which sit at its mouth and make faces at each other. Nearly at the entrance to the Notch the Elephant's Head, a rock which really has a remarkable resemblance to the huge pachyderm whose name it bears, looks down benignly at the traveler, according to the wont of the elephant tribe—as set forth in the rudimentary zoologies for children. A little back of the house the pretty water-fall called the Beecher cascade, leaps down the rocks. (Immediately upon the visitor's arrival here, an employe of the house is detached to tell him the story of Beecher and the hornet's nest, and the sermon preached about it the next Sunday. The great preacher appears to have turned over the business of stirring up hornet's nests to his quondam friend Tilton.)

Before going through the Notch and winding round to the Glen, there to ascend Mt. Washington by the great carriage road, the tourist should view the mountain from this side, or if a good walker, should climb up by the old bridle path from the Crawford. Then he is prepared to swing around the circle and nestle in the Glen for a time, at the very foot of the mountains, where the Messrs. Milliken extend a welcome to the finest of the mountain houses, one worth a day's ride to visit. While at the Crawford one would do well to climb Mt. Willard. The carriage road to the summit is very easy, and but a mile and a half in length. The view is one of the finest in the mountains. The Notch lays completely exposed to view, from the gate to the hooked nose of Mt. Crawford. The old Crawford and the Willey houses are in sight, and far up on the side of Mt. Webster the Silver Cascade and the Flume are to be seen. Rocks bound the horizon on all sides, and great ravines stretch out below. One can easily persuade himself that the Norse Thor has been there with his hammer, or that that other Scandinavian god with the very disagreeable eye, a glance from which splits rocks, has been "peeking" about. The minor mountains of the Washington range, Clinton, Franklin, &c., are distinctly seen, and one gets a glimpse of the presidential hills. This is better in one respect than a full view. That sprawling, lubberly Mt. Washington does not thrust itself into your face and insist that it is a bigger hill than Adams, a far finer and better put together mountain. What a pitty that Washington happens to be a few feet higher than its shapely neighbor.

Nameless mountains are scattered about here in all directions, probably waiting for some eminent statesman to die and leave them his name. In the matter of monument building the American people are prudent. They seize upon one of these unappropriated mountains and christen it by the name of the popular favorite. It makes an imposing, durable monument; the first cost is nothing, and it takes but a trifle to keep it in repair. But there are more mountains than statesmen, and it is greatly to be feared that some of them must go unnamed forever. In very despair we may begin to name them after members of Congress. Pardon the thought.

After the full preparation indicated above the tourist is fit to enter the Notch. There he will find pulpit rock, the "baby" and the other wonders which have been described a thousand times. He will miss the young man of the mountain, the Portland and Ogdensburg having unceremoniously crunched that unfortunate youth's bones; but it is no great loss, for it was only a mean parody of that great stone face of which Hawthorne wrote and Whittier sung. The tourist must pass through the Notch and describe it himself, for it has been written to death. But don't let him read the guide books—at least until he has been through.

After reaching Glen station Saturday, a portion of the Portland party, about twenty in number, rode up through the Notch and passed Sunday at the Crawford. Monday morning they started for home, having enjoyed themselves hugely.

The trip through the Notch was a fitting close to the highly successful M. L. A. excursion. The participants in that excursion will not easily forget its pleasant incidents, the ascent of Mt. Washington, and the royal reception by the Messrs. Milliken at the Glen. M.

Dominion Notes.

Canadians propose to present George Brown, the oarsman, with a handsome testimonial.

The Good Templars in Nova Scotia now number 118 lodges with 6900 members, an increase during the year of 2000 members.

In Truro, Nova Scotia, owing to the action of the authorities in the matter of license all the hotels are closed and the proprietors refuse to entertain any one.

The quantity of lumber brought into Montreal during the past month, was 2,650,000 feet; for the corresponding month of 1873, 3,618,000; exhibiting a diminution of about 1,000,000.

A Newfoundland letter says the present summer has been the coldest for 22 years. At the date of the letter (July 18) potatoes were just peeping above ground, and the grass was short. The cod fishery has been good. During the spring the inhabitants of Battle Harbor captured 10,000 seals.

At a recent meeting of Toronto merchants, resolutions were passed condemning the removal of the 10 per cent. duty on tea and coffee imported from the United States, and a committee was appointed to prepare a memorial to the government, asking for a re-imposition of the differential duty so long as the Americans impose a differential duty on tea and coffee imported from Canada.

STATE NEWS.

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY.

The Grand Trunk and Franklin Company have settled up their trouble in Lewiston.

Mr. Rufus Beals of Turner, died last Saturday at Monmouth, the effects of over indulgence in ice water during a journey from his home at North Turner Bridge to Monmouth.

A man was carried over the dam at the Barker Mill, Lewiston, Saturday. He escaped with some bad flesh wounds.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

(Press Correspondence.)

The High School house in this place was discovered on fire Sunday morning, between six and seven o'clock, and with great exertions was extinguished. Damage to the building about $1,000; covered by insurance. The fire was incendiary and probably set not long after twelve o'clock a. m.

HANCOCK COUNTY.

Mr. Reuben William died suddenly at his residence in Bucksport, of neuralgia of the heat, Friday morning.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

The freshman class of Colby had their class supper at the Mansion House, Augusta, Friday evening. The oration by Looney of Portland, history by Wyman of Livermore, poem by Files of Gorham, and the Prophecy by Nichols, of Haverill, Mass., were delivered to the admiration of all. Appropriate odes were sung with spirit. Toasts were proposed by the toast master, H. W. George, to Haynes, Burnham, Davis, Sturtevant, Drummond and Hallowell.

As soon as the drive of logs gets by another attempt will be made to complete the iron bridge above Waterville village.

KNOX COUNTY.

Jackson Robinson of Warren, was severely kicked in the bowels by a horse a day or two since and died last week from the effects.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

In Bangor doting parents administer belladonna leaves to their children to ward off the scarlet fever. Several have been nearly killed by the dose.

Benjamin Ricker, who was arrested for setting on fire Capt. Charles Pierce's barn in Hampden, proved an alibi and was discharged.

YORK COUNTY.

It is now supposed that the fire at the Boston and Maine House at Old Orchard, caught from a cigar carelessly dropped in some rubbish. The following is a list of insurance: German of Erie, $1500; First National, Worcester, $1000; Rochester German, $1000 at the agency of Garey & Shaw. Humboldt, Newark, $1000; Globe, Chicago, $1000; Planters, Memphis, $1000, at the agency of Frank J. Goodwin. Fire Association, Philadelphia, $1000; St. Paul, $7000. On the furniture, Clay, Newport, $1500; Safeguard, Philadelphia, $300. On the bowling alleys, Peoples', Philadelphia $500. Mr. Holmes claims his loss to be $10,000. Mrs. Holmes lost $200 in money and a servant lost a small sum.

Fraud Loves a Shining Mark.

A great medicine is always a target for fraud. Shallow cheats, without the talent to originate anything useful, or the decency to permit an article of superior excellence to perform its mission, without striving to turn a dishonest penny by attempting to substitute trash in its place, are now engaged in imitating and counterfeiting Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the most popular tonic and restorative in the civilized world. A brood of local bitters, mixtures of damaged drugs with worse liquor, has cropped out all over the country. Although the sales of these pernicious slops are too insignificant to affect the interests of a staple remedy, it seems a duty to warn the public against them. The color of the true specific may be simulated, but its cures of dyspepsia, liver complaint, rheumatism, intermittent fever, constipation, nervous debility, &c., cannot be imitated

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Certain parties in the city having circulated a rumor that the Cigars which I sell as Havana filled, are not as represented, I am ready to prove by experienced Cigar manufacturers that they are either telling a falsehood or know no more about Tobacco than a certain Boiler maker and apprentice now in the Cigar manufacturing business.

Should the gentleman in Exchange street and the other in Fore street be ready to back their opinion I am ready at any time for them with any amount from $100 to $1000.

My method of doing business is not to humbug the public, but to sell my goods for what I represent them to be, and I am ready to prove all I advance.

I do not sell goods worth $27 at $.0, nor do I sell a box of Cigars worth $2.50 for $5.00 in clothing and $2.50 in cash, although I pretend to make profit enough to live on.

My facilities for manufacturing are such to-day that I can sell better goods at lower rates than any other Cigar manufacturer in Portland.

Come, gentlemen, back your opinion with your money.

E. PONCE.

jy21 sn1t

COUNTY BONDS.
CITY. BONDS.
SCHOOL DISTRICT BONDS.
REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES.

All carefully selected in the west, paying 10 to 12 per cent interest. Very safe as well as profitable.

CHARLES M. HAWKES,
96 MIDDLE STREET.
jun13 sntf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

GREAT REDUCTION IN RATES

To New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, San Francisco and all points West.

We sell tickets via Lake Shore and Michigan, Southern, Pennsylvania Central, Erie, Baltimore and Ohio, Great Western and Michigan Central and Grand Trunk Railways, and Fall River and Stonington Line Steamers.

At less rates than any Agency in Maine.

Excursion Tickets to New York and Return.

Steamer and Railroad Tickets from Portland to Boston at reduced rates.

ROLLINS, LORING, & ADAMS,
22 Exchange St., Portland.
ju6 d2msn

I. O. O. F.

The monthly meeting of the Odd Fellows' Mutual Relief Association will be holden at Odd Fellows' Hall, Tuesday evening, July 21st, at 7½ o'clock.
jy18sn3t Per order, JOSHUA DAVIS, Sec.

HALE'S SUBSTITUTE FOR CASTOR OIL

The most reliable and safe vegetable substitute for Castor Oil ever compounded. Instantly relieves Colic, Cramps, Diarrhœa, and all diseases of children teething. Causes natural and healthy sleep, gives rest to mother and child, regulates the bowels, assimilates the food, and builds the child right square up, from suffering, puny weakness to strong and robust health. A perfect *medicine chest for our little ones. Only 25 cents*, by all dealers. jy3sod3m

DR. SCHENCK'S

Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic, and Mankrake Pills.

These medicines have undoubtedly performed more cures of Consumption than any other remedy known to the American public. They are compounded of vegetable ingredients, and contain nothing which can be injurious to the human constitution.

Other remedies advertised as cures for Consumption, probably contain opium, which is a somewhat dangerous drug in all cases, and if taken freely by consumptive patients, it must do great injury; for its tendency is to confine the morbid matter in the system, which of course, must make a cure impossible.

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup is warranted not to contain a particle of opium: It is composed of powerful but harmless herbs, which act on the lungs, liver, stomach and blood, and thus correct all morbid secretions, and expel all the diseased matter from the body. These are the only means by which Consumption can be cured, and as Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed

THE PRESS.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1874

THE PRESS

May be obtained at the Periodical Depots of Fessenden Bros., Marquis, Robinson, Brunell & Co., Andrews, Wentworth, Glendenning, Noyes, Henderson, and Chisholm Bros., on all trains that run out of the city.

At Biddeford, of Pillsbury.
At Saco of L. Hodgdon.
At Waterville, of J. S. Carter.
At Bath, of J. O. Shaw.
At Lewiston, of French Bros. and Stevens & Co.

CITY AND VICINITY.

New Advertisements To-Day.

ENTERTAINMENT COLUMN.

Excursion—Allen Mission.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

To the Public—E. Ponce.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Maine Wesleyan Seminary.
Wa ted Immediately.
Houses to Let—Mattocks & Fox.
To Let—L. N. Kimball.
Rooms to Let.
Summer Resort—G. O. Robinson.
New Sewing Machine—S W. Eaton.
New Millinery—Mrs. S. J. Townsend.
For Sale—Horses.
Wanted—Furnished Room.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES.

P. M. Frost's Announcements.

Cumberland County Republican Convention.

The Republicans of Cumberland County are requested to send Delegates to meet in Convention in

Reception Room of City Hall, Portland,

— ON —

Thursday, August 20th, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M.,

for the purpose of nominating candidates for 4 *Senators, Sheriff, County Treasurer* and *County Commissioner* to be supported at the State election in September.

Also to choose a County Committee, and to act upon any other business which may properly come before the Convention.

The basis of representation will be as follows:—Each city and town will be entitled to one Delegate and one additional Delegate for every 60 votes cast for Sidney Perham for Governor in 1872. A fraction of 35 votes additional to the full number will entitle the city or town to an additional Delegate. This basis will give the following delegation and apportionment:

Baldwin	3	Naples	3
Bridgton	7	New Gloucester	4
Brunswick	9	North Yarmouth	3
Cape Elizabeth	3	Otisfield	3
Casco	3	Portland	48
Cumberland	3	Pownal	3
Deering	7	Raymond	3
Falmouth	4	Scarborough	3
Freeport	7	Sebago	2
Gorham	8	Standish	5
Gray	4	Westbrook	6
Harpswell	3	Windham	6
Harrison	3	Yarmouth	5
Total			164

Vacancies in delegations can only be filled by actual residents of the town which they represent.

The County Committee will be in session at the above room at 9 o'clock on the day of the Convention for the purpose of receiving credentials of delegations

THOMAS HANCOCK, Gray,
T. G. HUTCHINS, Cape Elizabeth,
H. R. MILLETT, Gorham,
LUTHER BILLINGS, Bridgton,
DANIEL ELLIOT, Brunswick,
WM. T. SMALL, *Chairman*, Portland,
L. B. CHAPMAN, *Secretary*, Deering,
Republican County Committee.

Stated Meetings.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

The regular meetings of the City Council take place the first Monday evening of each month.

The School Committee meet the fourth Monday evening of each month.

MASONIC

At Masonic Hall, No. 95 Exchange Street.

YORK RITES.

BLUE LODGES—Ancient Land-Mark, first Wednesday; Portland, second Wednesday; Atlantic, third Wednesday.

CHAPTERS—Greenleaf R. A. C., first Monday; Mt. Vernon, R. A. C., third Monday.

COUNCIL—Portland C. R. & S. Masters, second Monday.

COMMANDERIES OF K. T.—Portland, fourth Monday: St. Albans, second Thursday.

GRAND BODIES—Grand Lodge, first Tuesday in May; Grand Chapter, first Tuesday evening in May; Grand Council, Wednesday 3 P. M.; Grand Commandery, Wednesday evening.

MASONIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION—Fourth Wednesday in every month.

ANCIENT ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITES.

LODGE—Yates Grand Lodge of Perfection, firs Friday.

COUNCIL—Portland Council P. of J., second Friday.

CHAPTER—Dunlap Chapter Rose Croix de R., third Friday.

CONSISTORY—Maine Consistory, S. P. R. S., fourth Friday in March, June, September and December.

I. O. O. F.

At Odd Fellows' Hall, No. 88 Exchange Street.

LODGES—Maine, on Monday evenings; Ancient Brothers, on Thursday evenings; Ligonia, on Friday evenings; Beacon, on Tuesday evenings; Ivy, D., on R., second and fourth Saturday.

ENCAMPMENTS—Machigonne, first and third Wednesdays; Eastern Star, second and fourth Wednesdays; Portland, first and third Saturdays.

RELIEF ASSOCIATION—Every third Tuesday in the month.

TEMPLARS OF HONOR.

At Templars' Hall, No. 100 Exchange Street.

COUNCIL—Maine, first and third Mondays in each month.

TEMPLE—Forest City, No. 1, every Wednesday evening.

MAINE CHARITABLE MECHANIC ASSOCIATION—Corner of Congress and Casco streets. First Thursday in each month.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—Corner Congress and Casco streets. Every evening.

PORTLAND FRATERNITY—No. 353½ Congress street. Every evening.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Bramhall Lodge, No. 5 Tuesday evenings; Munjoy Lodge, No. 6, Monday evenings; Pine Tree, No. 11, Friday evenings. At their Hall, Clapp's Block, Market Square.

PORTLAND ARMY AND NAVY UNION—Corner Congress and Brown streets. First Tuesday in each month.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE—Portland Division, No. 95; Sons' of Temperance Hall. Friday evening.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS—Arcana, Monday; Mission, Wednesday; Forest City, Saturday—in Williams' block, Congress street. Mystic, Thursday; Atlantic, Tuesday;—at Sons of Temperance Hall, Congress street. Iron Clad, Thursday, West End.

PORTLAND TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION, No. 75—Corner Congress and Casco streets. Second Saturday in each month.

PAYSON LITERARY SOCIETY.—Meetings every Monday evening, Brown's Block, cor. Brown and Congress streets, at 7½ o'clock.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION, Congress Hall Block. Second Monday in each month. Delivery of books, 2 to 6, 7 to 9. day and evening.

BOSWORTH POST G. A. R.—Meetings every Friday evening in Mechanics' Hall, corner of Congress and Casco streets.

PATRIOTIC ORDER SONS OF AMERICA—Camp No 1 convenes at Arcana Hall, Williams' block, corner of Congress and Chapel Sts., Tuesday evening; No. 2 at School House, Turner's Island, Cape Elizabeth, Friday evening; No. 3 on Wednesday evening and No. 4 on Monday evening at Temperance Hall, No. 394½ Congress street.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

PORTLAND POST OFFICE.

C. W. GODDARD - - - - POSTMASTER.
J. W. YORK - - - - - CHIEF CLERK

Office Hours.

From 7.30 a m to 8.30 p m, Sundays excepted.
Sundays—open for Carriers and General Delivery from 9 to 10 a m.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Boston and intermediate offices. Arrive at 12.50 and 10.30 p m. Close at 8.30 a m, and 2.40 and 9.00 p m.

Boston and the West. Arrive at 5.30 p m.

Intermediate or Way Mails via Boston and Maine Railway. Arrive at 12.50 and 10.00 p m. Close at 8.30 a m and 2.40 p m.

Great Southern and Western. Arrive at 12.55 and 10.30 p m. Close at 8.30 a m, 2.40 and 9.00 p m.

Bangor, Mattawamkeag, and connecting routes. Arrive at 3 p m. Close at 12 m.

Augusta and connecting routes. Arrive at 9.05 a m and 5 p m. Close at 12 m and 5 p m.

Express, Augusta, Bangor and the East. Arrive at 2 a m. Close at 5 p m.

Skowhegan, intermediate offices and the north. Arrive at 3 p m. Close at 12 m.

Canada and intermediate offices, via G. T. R. Arrive at 3 p m. Close at 12.45 p m.

Morning Northwestern by G. T. R. Arrive at 9 a m. Close at 6.30 a m.

Lewiston and Auburn. Arrive at 9.05 a m, 3 and 7.15 p m. Close at 6.15 a m, 12 m, and 5 p m.

Rochester, N. H., and intermediate offices. Arrive at 10.10 a m, and 3 p m. Close at 7 a m, 12 m, and 1 p m.

North Conway and other offices on the P. & O. R R. Arrive at 9.00 a m, and 3.00 p m. Close at 8.00 a. m, and 1.00 p m.

By the Bridgton Stage. Arrive at 3 p m. Close at a m.

Eastport, via each steamer. Arrive at 6 a m. Close at 5 p m.

Cushing, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Mount Desert, Millbridge, Jonesport and Machias, via each steamer. Arrive at 6 a m. Close at 9 p m.

Nova Scotia and Prince Edwards Island. Arrive Thursday at 9 a m. Close Saturday at 5 p m.

Foreign Mails, via New York, day previous to sailing of steamers. Close at 2.40 p m.

United States Circuit Court.

BEFORE JUDGE FOX—IN ADMIRALTY.

MONDAY.—Washington Ryan et als., libellants, vs. D. A. McFarland. Libel in admiralty by a majority of part owners for possession of the schooner Nellie F. Sawyer. The schooner was built under an agreement for Captain McFarland to go master with Ryan and Kelsey managing owners. Case was heard and it was then submitted to Judge Fox as a referee to determine what sum the remaining owners should pay Captain McFarland for his interest (1-32) and all claims. The judge decided that Captain McFarland should receive the original cost of his interest—$724.-80, and enough in addition to make up the sum of one thousand dollars, and that both parties pay their own costs.

Howard & Cleaves—Drummond for libellant.
Strout & Holmes for defendant.

Municipal Court.

BEFORE JUDGE MORRIS.

MONDAY—David W. Deane vs. Henry Wiswell & Trs. Action on account annexed for furniture—$10.40. Judgment for plaintiff.

Cobb & Ray. Vinton.

Charles W. Winslow vs. Peter S. Jenney. Action on note $17. Judgment for plaintiff.

Frank. Vinton.

I. A. R. A.—At a special meeting of the Irish American Relief Assoctation held last evening Wm. Melaugh was elected President. Additional arrangements were made for their excursion which comes of at Lake Sebago the 29th inst.

Brief Jottings.

Several of the oarsmen in this city are preparing to row in the boat race at Sebago Lake, the 29th inst. The race is open to all boatmen in the state.

The yacht Sparkle in command of Vice Commander J. P. Thomas of the city was at Rockland yesterday. She is on a cruise all along the coast.

The jury of inquest in the case of Thomas Barker brought in a verdict that he came to his death by falling from the haymow in his barn.

The fare on the Grand Trunk from Lewiston to this city is $1.00.

Blueberries have arrived in the market.

Workmen commenced taking off the old roof from Music Hall yesterday. The inside is to thoroughly renovated as soon as the new roof is finished.

A second attempt was made to break into the house of Dr. Morse on Free street Sunday night.

One of the street sprinklers ran into the carriage of Deputy Sheriff Adams yesterday and smashed one wheel.

The law term for the Western District begins in this city to-day.

A petition for review in the case of J. M. Thompson vs. H. P. Storer was heard by Judge Virgin yesterday.

The Supreme Court came pursuant to adjournment yesterday morning and was again adjourned, after some little business, till August 10th.

A man was robbed of a $120 watch at the islands, Sunday.

Capt. B. J. Willard had his carriage smashed while riding near the Two Lights, Sunday.

Town meeting at Cape Elizabeth, Tuesday, July 21st at 3 o'clock P. M.

The farmers of Cape Elizabeth have nearly one-half of their hay in their barns.

This evening Cole will give a private excursion to the islands on the Gazelle. All tickets must be bought of Mr. Cole.

Market Square was a bedlam indeed last evening. There were two noisy venders, a drum corps and two brass bands all trying to deaden each other.

POLICE NOTES.—A hackman found a young man on the street yesterday who appeared rather queer and he took him to the station where it was ascertained that he was insane. He was locked up.

Officers Rich and Gribben attempted to arrest two burly sailors on Commercial street yesterday, when they showed fight and attacked the officers. The latter put the irons on them after a hard struggle in which the sailors got handled pretty roughly. Both men were locked up.

The police are looking for a man who stole a watch in Cornish, Saturday.

It has turned out that the man who reported that he was robbed Saturday, was telling the truth, and yesterday, Deputy Williams and Bridges arrested the robbers. They found that Fred Haskell, a well known thief, had sold the coat. They arrested him, and he admitted that his partner was named Henry Martin from Boston. They tracked Martin from place to place and after some time found him hid in a stable near the Brighton House, with the gold watch upon his person. They arrested him but he refused to confess the robbery. He is known to be a hard character.

Officers Miles and Verry arrested two girls, who were intoxicated, for fighting on Middle street last night.

There were a number of arrests for drunkenness and disturbance.

ORGANIZATION OF A JEWISH SOCIETY.—A lodge of the order of "Bnai Breth," Sons of the Covenant, was instituted in this city Sunday, by the Grand Lodge officers of District No. 1, under the name of Portland Lodge No. 218. It is composed exclusively of Israelites who attend from all sections of the state, there being in every large town those who adhere to the Jewish faith, and including many of our most useful citizens. The objects of the order of the Sons of the Covenant is the elevation of the Jewish race, socially and politically among their Christian brethren; the relief of the poor and suffering; and promoting a spirit of fraternity among the scattered people of the "peculiar race." The ceremonies of the institution were very impressive and interesting. The following officers were elected: S. C. Abrams, Monitor; M. Stearns, Assistant Monitor; B. Aaronson, President; M. Wolfe, Vice President; S. Schreiver, Treasurer; Wm. Schriever, Recording Secretary; W. Hetzburg, Financial Secretary; A. W. Abrams, M. Matthias, J. Waterman of Bangor, Trustees. The lodge room is at No. 161 Middle street and the organization numbers forty members. We wish them the fullest success.

BASE BALL.—The closest and sharpest game of the season ended the junior tournament July 20 h, between the Dirigos and Haymakers of Portland, giving the second prize to the Dirigos, they winning four games and losing two.

SCORE.

Haymakers.	O.	R.	Dirigos.	O.	R.
Hayes, p.	3	1	Blades, c.	3	1
Lewis, 2d b.	6	0	McGlinchy, p.	3	1
Davis, c f.	2	2	Curtipan, 1st b.	4	1
Hisley, 1 f.	4	1	Lynch, 2d b.	5	0
Scott, 1st b.	2	1	Doherty, 3d b.	1	2
Green, s s.	3	2	Demaney, ss.	2	2
St. John, c.	2	1	Kyle, 1 f.	3	1
Cushman, 2d b.	3	0	Maney, r f.	3	3
Ring, r f.	3	1	Corcoran, c f.	3	2
	27	10		27	13

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Haymakers,	1	1	0	1	1	3	3	0	0	—10
Dirigos,	0	7	0	2	1	0	1	1	1	—13

Umpire, J. F. Day of White Stockings.
Scorers, Perry and Huntington.

The committee wish to express their thanks for the kind feeling which has generally prevailed, and would here thank every player individually for his obedience to all rules and orders of the tournament.

Personal.

Walter T. Goodwin of Saco, a graduate of the class of '74 of Bowdoin, has received and accepted a position as teacher of Greek and Latin in the Military School at Benicia, California.

J. S. Smith, Esq. of Bangor, and C.E. Gibbs, Esq. of Bridgton, are stopping at the Falmouth.

The salary of Mr. W. H. Lambert, principal of the High School at Fall River, Mass., is $2,800.

A SLIGHT SCARE.—Sunday evening a stranger was seen around Stafford's block, with his face broken out with some disease. Of course the dwellers in that locality thought that the man had the small pox and sent word to the station to that effect. Dr. Webster, the City Physician, was called to see him and pronounced it a case of measles, and as the man had no place to go he was sent to the hospital.

GRAND EXCURSION.—The Army and Navy Union have made arrangements to go on an excursion to Pleasant Mountain, Bridgton and Harrison on next Tuesday. As many as can be accommodated will remain over night and the next day go up the mountain. This will make a delightful trip and there is no doubt that there will be a large number join the Union.

NATIONAL CAMP MEETING.—The national camp meeting at Old Orchard bids fair to be largely attended. All the steamboat and railroad lines touching at this city will carry passengers for half fare. There are new tents and cottages being built every day and the place presents a busy scene.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES.

A GOOD assortment of Hermasias cheap, stripe grenadines at 12 1-2c, worth 37c; stripe linen 12 1-2c, worth 25c per yd; also plaid muslin and Victory lawn, pique, etc., cheap. jly21eod1w

A JOY FOR EVER.—Such is a fine head of hair. It's the pride of youth and the glory of age. Alcoholic and mineral washes should never be used; simple and healthful preparations are best; such is Bearine made by Perry Davis & Son. Use no other jy15daw1w

ANYTHING desired in a Catholic Bookstore can be found at T. P. McGowan's, Congress Block. je16tf

LIKE "QUAKER GUNS."—Artificial teeth are of little use and easily detected. Take care of the real ones. All you need is fragrant Zozodont; use it daily and your teeth will be the last of nature's gifts to fail you. jly20d&w1w

VISITORS to Mt. Desert should purchase the Illustrated Guide with Map, published by Loring, Short & Harmon, under Falmouth Hotel. july20-1m

DOES ADVERTISING PAY?—There is no instance on record of a well sustained system of judicious advertising failing of success.

"My success is owing to my liberality in advertising."—*Bonner.*

"I advertised my productions and made money."—*Nicholas Longworth.*

"Constant and persistent advertising is a sure prelude to wealth.—*Stephen Girard.*

"He who invests one dollar in business should invest one dollar in advertising that business.'—*A. T. Stewart.*

"Advertising has furnished me with a competence."—*Amos Lawrence.*

"Without the aid of advertisements I could have done nothing in my speculations. I have the most complete faith in printer's ink. Advertising is the royal road to business.—*Barnum.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

MATTERS IN MAINE.

[Special.]

Colby Commencement.

WATERVILLE, July 20.—The Junior prize declamation to-night was of marked interest, and the audience large and attentive. The class is evidently one of unusual ability and promise. Many of the themes evinced patient study and careful elaboration. Miss Mary C. Lowe's declamation on Physical Culture made a specially favorable impression, and much surprise and regret was expressed that she did not compete for the prize, which will be announced to-morrow.

Among the prominent arrivals are J. H. Drummond, Rev. Dr. Shailer, Rev. Dr. Bosworth, Congressman Dunnell of Minnesota, and Prof. Hamlin of Cambridge. Hon. Henry W. Paine of Boston, Gen. Butler and other distinguished alumni, are expected to-morrow.

The entering class, to be examined to-morrow, will be large.

[By Associated Press.]

American Conference of New Churches.

BATH, July 20.—The American Conference of New Church ministers met in this city today. Among the ministers present representing the New Church in various parts of the United States and Canada, are Rev J. R. Hibbard, D. D., of Chicago, President of the Conference; Revs. Messrs. Stewart, Gould and Sewall from Ohio; Rev. Messrs. Burnham and Tafel from Pennsylvania; Rev. Messrs. Pettee, Reed and Seward from Massachusetts; Rev. Chauncey Giles of New York; Rev. George Field of Canada; Revs. Samuel F. Dike, D. D., Wm. B. Hayden and George F. Stearns of Maine. The conference will sit during the week. The commission on the liturgy have concluded their session of a week and will present their report to the Conference early in the session.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Changes at the Portsmouth Navy Yard.

PORTSMOUTH, July.—Assistant Constructor Philip H. Richborn, U. S. N., at present attached to this station, has been ordered to New York for examination for promotion.

It is rumored that a change is soon to be made here in the Department of yards and docks.

A new civil engineer is expected to take the place of Engineer Chandler.

Death of a well-known Politician.

Mr. Gamaliel E. Smith, who erected for the late Prof. Morse the first line of telegraph poles in this country, between Washington and Baltimore, in 1848, died at his residence in Newfield, Me., a few days since, at an advanced age. He was for many years well known in political circles, being active and prominent.

Supposed Murder near Canaan.

CANAAN, N. H., July 20.—The people in the vicinity of Goose Pond, two miles from West Canaan station, were thrown into a state of much excitement on Saturday by the report that traces of a murder had been discovered in the woods near the pond.

An examination of the locality was made that night and continued on Sunday, in which a large number of the inhabitants joined, which resulted in finding a quantity of human hair and several pieces of scalp near a rock, which was spattered with blood. The largest piece of scalp was some two inches in diameter, and the fragments with the hair picked up made a double handful. A trail was found near by, as if a body had been dragged along, and a place where a few shovelfulls of dirt had been thrown out and then the work apparently abandoned. Appearances indicate that the deed had been done some time, and as a Frenchman named Ballie went away to work on the 2d of June and has not since been seen, it is the thought he is the victim of the tragedy which has undoubtedly taken place here.

MASSACHUSETTS.

The Murder of the Curran Child Confessed.

BOSTON, July 20.—Jessie R. Pomeroy made a full confession of the murder of Katy Curran, to Chief Police Savage to-day, which he read at the coroner's inquest. It was in the following words:—I opened my mother's store in the morning (March 18th) at half-past nine. The Curran girl came in for papers. I told her there was a store down stairs. She went down to about the middle of the cellar and stood facing Broadway. I followed her, put my left arm about her neck, my hand over her mouth and with my knife cut her throat, holding my knife in my right hand. I then dragged her behind the water-closet, laying her head farthermost up the place and put some ashes on the body. I took the ashes from a box in the cellar. I sent a boy to Hoyt & Lawrences store a week before and bought the knife for twenty five cents. The knife was taken from me when I was arrested. When I was in the office I heard my brother at the inside door, which I had locked. After the girl came in I ran up stairs and found him going towards the cellar in Mitchell's part. He came back. Two girls worked in the store for mother. They usually got there at about nine o'clock. Mother came later. My brother Charles and I took turns in opening the store until about April. My mother and brother never knew anything about the affair. I forgot to tell you that I washed my hands and knife, which were bloody, at the water-pipe.

Chief Savage also exhibited to the jury a plan of the cellar, which the Pomeroy drew from memory, that was remarkably well executed and very correct.

Mrs. Curran, the mother of the murdered girl, was the only witness examined. The jury adjourned till Wednesday.

Body Found.

The body of Mrs. Maria Cutter of Cambridge, a maiden lady of seventy, was found in Charles river near Craigie's bridge, this evening. She was partially insane and it is supposed she committed suicide.

NEW YORK.

The End of the Wrangle.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The following is printed here:

After the race Yale sent the following challenge to Harvard:

SARATOGA, July 18, 1874.

The Yale university crew hereby challenges the Harvard university crew to row a race under the regulations of the regatta of 1874, at a time to be appointed within a week.

(Signed) R. J. COOK,
Captain of Yale university crew.

The Harvard's reply was as follows:

SARATOGA, July 18, 1874.

After the conduct of the Yale university crew, not only during but also at the conclusion of the race just completed, the Harvard university crew refuse to entertain any challenge whatever from the Yale university crew.

(Signed) WENDELL GOODWIN,
Captain of Harvard university crew.

The Nathan Mystery.

An ex-convict sends a letter to a morning paper, saying that while he was in Sing Sing prison in June, 1870, he knew of the planning of the robbery of the Nathan mansion in this city. The plan was for one Sweeney, then a convict, to get the iron "dog" from the house of Ellis, his paramour, and other instruments, and then make the robbery with others. Ellis was then a convict and planned the whole robbery, so that the others might do the job and get money enough for him to bribe his way out of the prison. The burglary was placed in the hands of Henry Smith, a well-known burglar, assisted by Tucker, Brown and Sweeney. The latter was the only one who entered the house with Smith, and Smith was the one who killed Nathan. Forrester may have been in the secret, but it is doubtful. No murder was intended in the plan. It is thought that there is some truth in this statement.

The Jersey City Scandal.

Rev. John S. Glendenning, of the Prospect Presbyterian church in Jersey City, alluded to the scandal in connection with himself at the morning service yesterday, affirming his innocense and asking a suspension of opinion. He has been three times arrested, first on a charge of bastardy, second on a charge of seduction and third for breach of promise.

A Fraud.

It appears that the Horace Smith arrested in Worcester a few day since for being drunk and disorderly, is the head centre of a bogus charitable society called the New York Provident Society. In the name of the supposed charity he and one Ellis have collected moneys and goods amounting to several thousand dollars per year, using the names of several clergymen as reference. The clergymen all deny authorizing the use of their names.

Attempt to Assassinate a Clergyman.

Bullets have been found in the study of Rev. Dr. Miller, pastor of the Plymouth Baptist church in West 51st street. They were fired from a neighboring tenement house through the window, smashing the glass, but the glass being stained the would-be assassins could not see whether the Doctor was there or not. He happened to be absent. He has recently preached several anti Catholic sermons, especially against their efforts to drive the Bible from the public schools. He has received threatening letters and it is thought that some fanatical person of that creed has attempted to assassinate him.

Railroad Troubles.

Passengers were attempted to be carried over the Montclair railroad this morning for the first time since the injunction preventing the running of trains was issued on the 31st of March, but the rails for some distance were torn up by laborers, under orders of Julius H. Pratt, who got out the injunction, and is President of the Hudson connecting railroad, which road owns a part of the track and had disposed of the same to the Lackawana railroad, to form a connection with its Boston branch. The passengers held an indignation meeting, but were obliged to take the Midland,

The College Foot Race.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 20.—The College foot races came off this afternoon at Glen Mitchell. A large concourse was present. It is pronounced the most interesting affair of the regatta week. The one mile running race was won by E. Copeland of Cornell, in 4 minutes 58 1-4 seconds; the second prize by J. H. Vandewenter of Princeton in 5 minutes 12 seconds, and the third by S. A. Reed of Columbia, in 5 minutes 14 3-4 seconds. The 100 yards running race was won by A. B. Neven of Yale in 10 1-2 seconds, and the second prize by J. B. Potter of Cornell in 10 3-4 seconds. The three mile running race was won by W. H. Downs of the Wesleyan in 18 minutes 17 3-4 seconds and the second prize by J. T. Goodwin of Columbia, in 18 minutes 44 3-4 seconds. The hurdle running race of 120 yards, hurdles 12 yards apart, 42 inches high, was won by C. Maxwell of Yale in 20 1-2 seconds, beating A. Morquand of Princeton three feet. The third man, A. L. Rivers of Harvard, finished two feet in rear of Marquand. The seven mile walking match was won by J. E. Eustis of Wesleyan in 71 minutes; C. H. Hubbell of Williams, was second in 72 minutes 27 1-4 seconds; E. Prise of Columbia was third.

The prizes are very handsome and were given by James Gordon Bennett of the New York Herald.

The Williams College crew have pretty clearly established their claim to the fourth place in the race instead of Dartmouth. The Williams boat was awarded the fourth place by the judges, but the signal officers dispute the claim.

WASHINGTON.

The Safe Robbery.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Very important witnesses in the safe robbery are expected here to-day. It is believed that they will be able to disclose the entire secret history of this remarkable transaction. They are the persons for whom search has so long been made. One of them is said to be the first person who entered the conspiracy.

Treasury Balances.

The following are the Treasury balances today:—Currency, $13,606,779; special deposit of legal tenders for redemption of certificates of deposit, $60,930,000; coin, $70,158,338, including coin certificates $32,790,000; outstanding legal tenders, $382,000,000.

The New Bonds.

Secretary Bristow, in making arrangements for the five per cent loan, is not disposed to encourage any syndicate. He is in favor of a law permitting direct sales to the people. The present law, he finds, prevents speedy negotiation of the loan and practically forbids direct communication with the people. The Register of the Treasury has prepared several millions of the new bonds in anticipation of the bids, which will be opened on Wednesday.

The Indian Troubles.

The Indian news this morning is not more peaceful. Gen. Sheridan reports that yesterday a squad of soldiers near Fort Fetterman were attacked without serious loss. The Department of the Missouri has been extended south to the Canadian river on account of increasing depredations. Department commanders are reporting to General Sherman the great hardships which will result from reducing the companies by stopping enlistments, as provided by the recent act. Gen. Miles this morning reports from Fort Leavenworth that to stop enlistments will render some companies in that division unfit for service. Gen. Sherman returns these remonstrances with the indorsement that the companies must be reduced, although it is cruel in the case of companies in actual service with the Indians; but the law admits of no exception.

Indian Affairs.

There is no information at the War Department showing a combined hostile movement by the Indians.

The military authorities are anxious for the swift punishment of all Indian wrong doers, but find themselves checked somewhat by the peace policy. The heads of the War and Interior Departments will soon have a conference on Indian affairs, and it is thought will come to an understanding which will insure harmonious action concerning the present outbreaks.

Various Matters.

J. M. Edwards, chairman of the Republican Resident Committee, has sent out circulars asking Congressmen to contribute $100 each for campaign printing.

The colored clubs of this District are organizing to procure the defeat of the Republican Congressmen who voted against the civil rights bill, especially in the Virginia districts. They are sending both letters and speakers.

THE TILTON SCANDAL.

A Denial.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The statement has been made and printed frequently of late that the alleged offence of Henry Ward Beecher, against Theodore Tilton, was in advising Mrs. Tilton to leave her husband, she having requested the advice of Beecher on the ground of the alleged infidelity of Tilton with the Woodhull woman. This statement is exploded by the fact that Theodore Tilton did not know and did not speak to the Woodhull woman until three months after the confession and apology of Beecher to Tilton was written.

Tilton's Statement Ready.

At an interview between Theodore Tilton and the agent of the New England Associated Press, this afternoon, the former said that his statement was finished this (Monday) morning, that he had been before a notary of public and subscribed to an oath as to the truth of the different assertions therein contained, that he was simply at that hour (5 p. m.) awaiting the time of the meeting of the committee when he should proceed to their rooms and lay the document before them.

Of its contents he said perhaps it would be unwise to give any indication, and the publication rested with the committee. If they accept the document what would be done in regard to giving it to the press would largely depend upon their action. He said having finished his statement and handed it to the committee, it would be easily understood that the best course for him to pursue was that of silence.

Mr. Tilton looked and acted somewhat nervous, is very pale and seemed to be anxiously expecting to meet some person.

The interview took place at his residence in Livingstone street, Brooklyn. It is generally understood that after to-night Mr. Tilton vacates his residence, leaving it, that is, with his children, and that his wife will take possession to-morrow morning.

This course seems to be conceded the best to be pursued by Tilton, and was proposed by him, meeting the sanction of his personal friends. There are hopes, however, that such a turn may be taken in the affair as to preclude the breaking up of an interesting and hitherto happy family. The great interest is manifested to know the contents of Tilton's statement, and judging from numerous despatches received, asking for information, this interest is shared in by all parts of the country.

Tilton appeared before the Beecher investigating committee at eight o'clock to-night, accompanied to the door by Messrs. Carpenter and Moulton, and asked them to return for him at ten o'clock. The carriage returned at that hour but the committee were still in session yet at the meeting. There is no doubt that he read his statement.

THE INDIANS.

A Quaker Report.

ST. LOUIS, July 20.—The members of the Quaker commission returning from Kansas say that from 100 to 150 Cheyennes, Arrapahoes and a few Comanches, constitute all the Indians now on the war path in the southwest, and belonging wholly to wild tribes. Satana and Big Tree, who were so long confined in the Texas penitentiary, are true to their promises and maintain a peaceable course in good faith.

In Texas.

GALVESTON, Tex., July 20.—An Austin special says no official details are received of Major Jone's fight with the Indians near Jacksboro. Adjutant-General Steele has received advices that on the 9th 75 Indians attacked a small party of scouts belonging to Capts. Stevens and Yeckerd's command. The scouts were so greatly outnumbered that they avoided an encounter.

Dastardly Outrage.

ST. PAUL, July 20.—Ex Attorney General Clarke of Manitoba, was struck twice on the head with a slung shot last night in front of the Metropolitan Hotel by some person to him unknown. This morning as Clarke was leaving for the east, he was set upon by a crowd of ruffians from Minneapolis, headed by Mike Hay, chief of the police of that city, who beat and knocked Clarke savagely, and but for the interference of one or two of our citizens, he doubtless would have been killed. Clarke was taken into a railroad car and left on the train, but it is feared he is dangerously hurt, being in poor health. Hay was arrested and held for trial. He is one of the Minneapolis party who were imprisoned last year at Winnepeg for an alleged attempt to kidnap Lord Gordon, and the murderous attack on Clarke is in revenge for his action as public prosecutor.

The Latest Canard.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The Commercial Herald of San Francisco of the 11th inst., received this morning, states that they have authentic information that the Mexican Government has made overtures to the United States to cede all Mexican territory north of a line of latitude drawn directly from the mouth of the Rio Grande to the Pacific ocean. The point, character or amount of consideration is not settled. Heavy capitalists have recently been purchasing mines lying in the proposed ceded territory. If such a cession is carried out, the United States will acquire Nueva Leon, Coahuila, Sonora, Lower California and a portion of Sinaloa and Durango. It is probable that the postponement of the final decisions by the Mexican and American joint commission was based upon the consideration connected with this proposition.

End of the Gold Beaters' Strike.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.—The gold beaters strike, which has existed here since the 6th inst., terminated to-day in a victory for the men, who return to work to-morrow at unreduced rates.

The Child Stealing Case.

There are no new developments in the child stealing case. The District Attorney has little doubt that Wooster and his gang are implicated in the abduction.

An Advertisement.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 20.—A gentleman from the West, who was visiting Bridgeport to day, offered to bet $5000 that Mullen will not walk his 500 miles in six days in the Hippodrome. Mr. Barnum accepted the challenge and the stakes were at once lodged in the hands of the president of one of our banks.

Damage by Wednesday's Storm.

QUEBEC, July 20.—The storm Wednesday did considerable damage in the parish of St. Augustine. Thirty houses and barns were altogether or partially destroyed. No lives lost.

Boiler Explosion—Several Persons Scalded.

MADISON, July 20.—A boiler explosion occurred this morning in the extensive starch works of Johnson & Son. A battery of three boilers exploded, completely wrecking the boiler room and partially destroying the walls of the main building. The engineer, fireman, assistant fireman and a ferryman are badly scalded and otherwise injured. Mullen Coyle and Salyers probably mortally injured.

Indications of a General War.

OMAHA, July 20.—No further information has been received from the Indians. The military authorities are on the alert. Prominent officers and experienced frontiersmen express the opinion that the late raid into Fort Steele indicates a general Indian war. Since the establishment of Fort Steele no Indians were known to be in its vicinity.

The Ross Abduction Case.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.—Mr. Ross, father of the abducted child, received another letter from the abductors last Saturday, threatening the child with everything dangerous unless their demands are complied with. It is the most cruel and inhuman communication yet received. There has been no cessation in the correspondence as reported.

Bloody Work.

MEMPHIS, July 20.—To-day two negro butchers, Frank Warner and Sam Smith, fought with cleavers and butcher knives in their shop in Chelsea, inflicting mortal wounds on each other. Warner was disemboweled and Smith was cut with a cleaver, the wound extending from the shoulder to the groin.

METEOROLOGICAL.

PROBABILITIES FOR THE NEXT TWENTY-FOUR HOURS!

WAR DEP'T, OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., July 21, (1 A. M.)

For New England,

and the Middle States, partly cloudy weather will prevail, with local rains, southwest to northwest winds, falling temperature and rising barometer.

FOREIGN.

The French Cabinet.

PARIS, July 20.—In the Assembly to-day Gen. De Cissey, Minister of War, Vice President of the Council, announced that Baron De Champ bord la Tour has been appointed Minister of Interior, and M Mattieu Brodet, Minister of Finance. He further stated the Cabinet as now organized had not had a sufficient time to agree upon its policy, and moved a postponement of the constitutional debate until Thursday, which was agreed to.

French Politics.

The new ministerial appointments are considered a blow to the Bonapartists, who are now without a representative in the Cabinet. In the Assembly next Thursday M Chaegaricer will move a further postponement of the debate on the constitutional bills till January, 1875. On this question the ministry will remain neutral. The Left will oppose the motion. It is the general impression that the appointment of Chabard Latour is only temporary and that the ministry will be finally arranged after the vote on the constitutional bills. The disorganization of the Right is increasing.

Decided Measures.

MADRID, July 20.—A proclamation has been issued supplementary to the decree establishing a state of seige. It declares that charges of sedition or conspiracy against the state shall be tried by court martial, and persons convicted of interfering with the operation of railways and telegraphs shall suffer death.

Another Prince to be Cared For.

LONDON, July 20.—The Queen sent a message to Parliament to-day, asking for a grant for Prince Leopold, who attained his majority on the 7th of April last. The message will be considered in the House of Commons on Thursday.

Destructive Fire a Bathurst.

BATHURST, N. B., July 20.—This morning a fire broke out in a house owned by John Kerr on St. Georges street, the wind blowing a gale from the southwest. The fire extended with fearful rapidity along the street and towards the river. Among the buildings consumed were Ross & Desbrisays dry goods and gr

POETRY.

Two Veils.

BY SALLIE M. B. PIATT.

From the nun's wan life a buried passion
Blossomed like a grave-rose in her face;
"Sweet, my child," she said, "in what fair fashion
Do you mean to wear that lovely lace?"

"Thus"—and with a feverish hand and shaken,
Round her head the precious veil she wound,
"Faith in man," she said, "I have forsaken;
Faith in God most surely I have found.

"Yet, with music in the dewy distance
And the whole land flowing at my feet,
Though this convent-garment's dark resistance
Backward I can hear my fierce heart beat.

"Tropic eyes too full of light and languor,
Northern soul too pray with Northern frost:
Ashes—ashes after fires of anger—
Love and beauty—what a world I lost!"

"Sister," laughed the girl with girlish laughter,
"Sister, do you envy me my veil?"
"You may come to ask for mine hereafter,"
Answered very piteous lips and pale.

"No; for your black cross is heavy bearing;
Tedious counting these stone beads must be.
Oh, but there are jewels worth the wearing
Waiting in the sunny world for me!

"Sister, have a care—you are forgetting.
Do not broider thorns among my flowers,
Only buds and leaves; your tears are wetting
All my bridal lace." They fell in showers.

After years and years, beside the grating,
(Oh, that saddest sight, young hair grown gray!)
With dry borders and empty winds awaiting
At the cloister door, came one to pray.

"Sister, see my bride-veil! there were never
Thorns so sharp as those within its lace;
Sister, give me yours to wear forever;
Give me yours, and let me hide my face."

—*Atlantic Monthly for August.*

MILK
— OF —
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"SUPERIOR TO CALCINED OR CARBONATE OF MAGNESIA, WITHOUT THEIR DANGEROUS ASSOCIATIONS."

Indorsed and prescribed by the leading physicians throughout the country, as being the GREATEST ANT-ACID yet presented to the medical public. It immediately and certainly relieves

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AS A

LAXATIVE FOR CHILDREN

It is superior to any other preparation, requiring no persuasion to induce them to take it, and is also peculiarly adapted for females during pregnancy.

It is a positive preventive against the food of infants souring in the stomach. In cases of

Summer Complaints and Diarrhœa,

so common with young children, the

Milk of Magnesia

will be found invaluable. Try it once and you would not be without it.

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J. M. KIMBALL & CO.,
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The public are invited to call and examine work in process of construction and judge for themselves.

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The Leader!!

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" 3d. For Higher " " " " 60 "
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Boston. 711 B'dway, New York.

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It is unsurpassed in PURITY OF COLOR.

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Respectfully, S. DANA HAYES,
State Assayer and Chemist, Mass.

Trustees Hartford, Providence & Fishkill R. R. Repair Shops.
HARTFORD, Conn. Feb. 18, 1873.

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Master Car Builder, H. F. & F. R. R.

W. W. WHIPPLE & CO.,
Sole Agents, 21 Market Square,
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The best and Only Reliable One in the Market.

IT is indispensable to butchers, Provision dealers, Hotel Keepers, Grocers and Restaurants. Will save more than its cost every Summer. Butcher who use it, in its best form, will soon find their meats recommended by their customers. The internal arrangement is such that a current of cold air is kept constantly moving over the contents of the Refrigerator. The Patent upon this has been fully tested in the U. S. Courts and its validity established in eighteen cases.

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To whom all applications should be made, and who as full power to settle infringements. mch4eod1f

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor of the Will of JOHN McKEARNEY, late of Yarmouth, in the County of Cumberland, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

CHARLES HUMPHREY, Executor.
Yarmouth, July 7, 1874. jy8d1aw3w*f

Boat for Sale.

A NEW cat-rig Boat, 23 feet long, 9 feet beam. New Sail and Rigging. Also Skiff, Oars, Babbitt's patent anchor and very fast and in order for immediate use. Will be sold much less than actual cost, as the owner must leave the city at once. For trial and further particulars inquire of

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9 Exchange Street,
or of **ROBERT THAXTER STERLING,**
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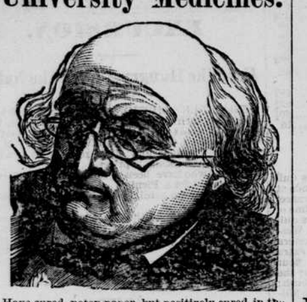
THE
NEW YORK University Medicines.



Have cured, not on paper, but positively cured in the New England States and Canada, within 3 years,

Over 2000 cases of	Rheumatism.	
" 3000	"	Catarrh.
" 1000	"	Deafness and Eye Diseases.
" 1000	"	Pulmonary Consumption.
" 2000	"	Female Diseases.
" 2000	"	Piles
" 3000	"	Spermatorrhœa.
" 10,000	"	Private Diseases.
" 3000	"	Scrofula.
" 2000	"	Salt Rheum.
" 1000	"	Dropsy.
" 500	"	Southern Fever.
" 1000	"	Kidney Diseases.
" 1000	"	Neuralgia.
" 300	"	Dyspepsia.

It will reach all cases that are curable.

It has cured thousands after their physicians had given them up. It has cured more chronic cases than all other medicines and doctors combined. It is not a patent medicine, but prepared by the most skillful physicians in the world. Hundreds of certificates of cures from citizens of Portland and vicinity can be had. Also a book free, explaining diseases, with the necessary remedies by writing to

DR. PELEG STAPLES, 250 CONGRESS STREET, PORTLAND ME.

General Agent for the New England States and the Dominion.

Cases can be treated by letter. Advice free.

Agents wanted in every town.

Staples' Compound Tar Ointment cures Piles in 24 hours, cures chilblains, chapped hands, sore lips, sore nose; good for all kinds of sores. Price 50 cents per package. The money will be refunded where it fails to give satisfaction.

The University Medicines cure diseases that physicians cannot cure and consequently pronounce them incurable. Catarrh (the mother of consumption,) Scrofula, Salt Rheum, and many other diseases hitherto considered incurable, readily yield under treatment of the University Medicines. Some of its greatest cures are of a nature that will not permit certificates to be made public. Such as Spermatorrhœa, the greatest destroyer of humanity on the face of the globe. How many bewail the loss of precious vitality without having the least idea of the cause. Their manhood is daily vanishing, and they are gliding into a state of hopeless decay. Its victims are among all ages, sexes and stations. It is dragging millions yearly to insanity and premature graves. Mothers, be careful whom you let your children associate and sleep with, lest the viper commence the work of destruction before you are aware of its deadly sting. You cannot exercise too much care to guard against this horrid evil. There is not one family in ten exempt from it. Any one can have a book treating on the malady by enclosing a stamp and sending to me for it. Fictitious names can be used if preferable. I have cured over 2000 cases of this life and soul destroying malady within three years in the New England States and Canada. I have invariably found that the foundation of destruction was laid before the victim was old enough to know of its evils. Do not let false modesty stand in the way of treatment before the constitution is ruined.

The blood is the life and all chronic diseases come from impure blood, either hereditary or contracted. Then how worse than useless it is to attempt a cure without removing the cause, by purifying the blood. If females, afflicted with diseases peculiar to their sex, will understand this natural law, they will never subject themselves to the use of the speculum or to caustic or drastic injections. An ulcer should be treated by keeping the parts clean and cutting off the fountain-head of the disease by purifying the blood, and it cannot be cured in any other way. If any ladies afflicted with this disease will address me by letter or personally, I will put them in a way to treat themselves successfully. Three bottles of the Extract of Cancer Plant will purify the blood more than all the apothecaries and patent medicines in existence.

For the want of room I can present but comparatively few certificates. Any one wanting more testimony can have it by sending for circular and book.

Kill that Mother of Consumption by curing your Catarrh which, with the right treatment is as curable as any other disease, in the opinion of all the doctors in the world to the contrary notwithstanding. In addition to hundreds of testimonials of cures, the following is from one of the oldest and most reliable citizens of Portland:

For two years my health has been failing, and after trying the different remedies and doctors without benefit, three weeks ago I called at the University Branch, 250 Congress street. The Doctor told me that Catarrh was the chief cause of my troubles, and he could cure me. My limbs were stiff and bloated, my eyes and throat sore, and my head felt as if I had a saw mill in it. I could not not have believed that three weeks could have wrought suce a change in me. I am now free from the above troubles. I would say to those that are afflicted, give the medicine a trial and not be scared by the cry of humbug. I received more benefit from it in one week than I ever did from all the doctors and apothecary medicine, in my life.

CHARLES SAWYER, Commission Merchant,
Aug. 1, 1873. 123 Commercial Street, Portland.

DR. STAPLES—*Dear Sir;* This is to certify that I have suffered with Scrotula on my leg for the last eight years. I have used almost all kinds of medicine I could think of and employed our best physicians all to no benefit. The doctors said they could do no more. I got discouraged and thought I never should get cured, but at last I heard of your University Medicine. Last Fall I sent to you and got it, and after using only four bottles of the Cancer Plant, with the May Apple Pills and Tar Ointment to go with it, I now consider myself entirely cured. I think the medicine is all that it is recommended to be and the best ever before the public. I would advise all suffering with Scrofula to use the University Medicines. Any one wishing any further proof of the benefit that I have received from your medicine I should be happy to answer all questions

Yours respectfully,
MRS. SUSAN CARTER.
Bluehill Falls, Maine, March 2d, 1874.

Ten years ago I found myself greatly annoyed with Catarrh. For seven years it grew worse and finally rendered me for business. Its ravages extended to my lungs so that I was continually coughing and raising from a half pint to a pint of consumptive matter daily. I was emaciated, my appetite gone, and my physicians told me there was no help for me more for me. I considered my case about hopeless when I heard of some of the wonderful cures of the University Medicines. I called at the branch office and the doctor told me my case was not hopeless, and I went under his treatment and in three weeks I was a well man. My vigor and strength speedily returned, and in three months I had gained fifty pounds in weight. Three years have elapsed and I have not had the least touch of the disease since. Any one doubting this statement can address me at my residence 119 Congress street, Portland, Maine.

Nov. 10. A. M. MORGAN.

Some ten months ago I contracted the Southern fever (fever and ague), in South Carolina. After trying several physicians and getting no better I was obliged to give up my vessel and stopped some time in Philadelphia to doctor, all to no benefit. I then came to Portland and put myself under treatment of Dr. Staples. At 48 hours my disease was broken up. In one week I was as well as ever.

CAPT. H. F. DAVIS, Knightsville, C. E.

This may certify that my little girl, five years old, was afflicted with scrofula swellings on the neck, and inflammation (opthalmia) of the eye, and nearly blind. She could not bear the light without great pain. She has been under treatment of the University Medicines about two months and the lumps have all vanished and her eyes are as well as ever.

ARTHUR A. GARDEN.
Nov. 10. 1873. Small Point, Maine.

For twenty years I have suffered with Scrofula and Salt Rheum. My head, back and legs were covered with scaliness of the skin. Have paid out hundreds of dollars to first class physicians without benefit. About four years ago, I put myself under treatment of the University Medicines and was cured in one month, and there has been no eruption since.

STEPHEN C. MUNSKY, Sailmaker,
No. 3 Commercial Wharf, house 27 Chestnut St.
Portland, Nov. 10, 1873.

For several years I have been troubled with Catarrh and Scrofula. About two months ago, my head was a continual rack of pain. My throat and lungs so badly effected that I could scarcely breathe, with a constant hard cough. My limbs badly swollen. My right knee was twice as large as the left one. I could scarcely move or bear my weight on it. My physicians said they could not help me. In this condition (without expecting a cure), but hoping for temporary relief, I employed Dr. Staples. In less than 48 hours after applying the Acupuncturator, I could breathe and walk with perfect ease, and I am now perfectly free from the above mentioned troubles.

MISS KATIE MILES.
Cumberland Mills, Mar. 5th, 1874.

For fifty years I have been troubled with Scrofula. Some fifteen years ago a fearful ulcer broke out on my leg. Three months ago it had extended from the ankle joint nearly to the knee. I could not move without pain. In this condition I commenced taking the University Medicines. At first it drove out a fearful humor all over me. In a few days the humor began to subside, and the ulcer is now healed and I feel like a new being.

ELIZABETH CHAMBERLIN.
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Non-Resident Taxes

In the Town of New Gloucester in the County of Cumberland for the Year 1873

THE following is a list of taxes on real estate of non-resident owners in the town of New Gloucester for the year 1873, in bills committed to Benjamin W. Merrill, Collector of said town, on the 21st day June, 1873, has been returned by him to me as remaining unpaid, on the 2d day of June, 1874, by his certificate of that date, and now remain unpaid, notice is hereby given that if the said taxes, interest and charges are not paid into the treasury of the said town within eighteen months from the date of the commitment of the said bills, so much of the real estate taxed as will be sufficient to pay the amount due therefor including the interest and charges will without further notice be sold at public auction at Sewall Gross' store Upper Gloucester, in said town, on SATURDAY, the 2nd day of January, 1875, at two o'clock, P. M:

Names.	Tax for 1873. Acres.	No. Lot.	No. Div.	Ratio of tax $1.15 on $100 valuation. Am't.
Samuel Tuttle,	10½	104	33	$1 5
Samuel Poole,		144	46	1 90
Charles P. Jordan,	3	104	33	1 37
Benj. Burnham,	6½	105	37	1 5
Elijah Bennett,	17			1 44
James H. Mayall,	35			
Samuel Tuttle,	10½			1 37
Samuel Poole,				1 90
Charles P. Jordan,	3			1 37
Benj. Burnham,	6½			1 52
Elijah Bennett,	14			1 44
James H. Mayall,	35	102	7	2 14
Shadoc Humphrey,	18			92
A. S. Hatch,	10			1 15
Mrs. Wm. True,	3	9	3	99
Daniel Merrill,	2	9	3	46
Joshua Pierce, hrs,	60			6 90
Tuttle & Lawrence, land formerly owned by Joseph M. Lawyer,				2 30
William Sweetsir,	20			2 30
Wm. Harmon, unpaid highway tax of 1872,				75
Charles H. Smith, known as the J. E. Cushman place, unpaid highway tax of 1872, balance due,				10 92

BENJAMIN W. MERRILL,
Treasurer of New Gloucester.
New Gloucester, June 21, 1874 jun25dtf

NOTICE.
SCHOOL TEACHER WANTED.

A MALE Teacher to take charge of the High School, Biddeford, Me. Applicants will be required to furnish satisfactory evidence of having graduated at some N. E. College, and of having had some experience in teaching a school of the above-mentioned grade. Salary liberal. Applications to be made prior to Aug. 10, A. D., 1874. Address,

S. S. COMMITTEE,
jy10dtf Biddeford, Me.

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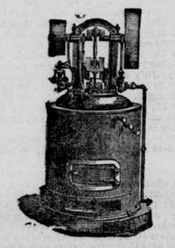

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The inventor of this Engine had in view, in its construction, the great need that exists for a perfect Steam Engine—of small power—adapted to all kinds of light mechanical work and that should also combine all that is good in Steam Engineering.

The first point was, to secure a perfectly philosophical Boiler and Furnace, in order to insure the most perfect combustion, and to take up *the greatest possible amount of heat in generating steam.*

The second point was, to make a perfect cut-off Engine, working steam expansively, and keeping up the temperature of the cylinder to prevent loss by radiation or condensation.

The third point was, to combine and make the whole a *mechanically and scientifically correct machine;* all its parts being provided with means to take up lost motion, so that it may be used for any number of years, and always run smoothly. In all these particulars as much care has been taken as in the largest and most perfect engine ever constructed.

The result is—THE GREATEST AMOUNT OF POWER PROPORTIONED TO THE AMOUNT OF FUEL CONSUMED—thus proving the fact—well known to men of science—*that water is the best medium to transmit the mechanical forces, generated in the combustion of fuel, to the production of motive power.*

Machinery for any purpose furnished at Manufacturers' Prices.

PLEASE SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

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Treatise on Nervous Diseases

— AND THE —

Cordial Balm of Syricum.

During the year 1865 Dr. G. Edgar Lothrop had a new and peculiar drug, from the interior of Africa, brought prominently under his notice by the very strange effect it produced on an animal who had accidentally swallowed a large quantity. Owing to this circumstance he was led to make many experiments on the lower animals, and he soon discovered that it had a very peculiar effect on the Nervous System. This induced him to experiment both on himself and some of his patients, and such was the wonderfully beneficial effects, and so rapid the cure of those afflicted with nervous diseases, that Dr. Lothrop came to the conclusion that he had discovered a new and valuable addition to the medicines of the pharmacopœa. He soon found that this medicine, in conjunction with some others, cured nervous diseases of all kinds with a certainty and rapidity of which he had no previous conception

A few words on that special disease generally known as Nervous Debility, or Weakness. This is in most cases brought on by total ignorance of the fearful pernicious effects, but it is also brought on in many cases by the unfortunate victim himself