

HOULTON TIMES

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CAREFULNESS A

GOOD INVESTMENT

With the cold weather which we
will have every week or so during the
winter, the liability of serious results
from overheated stoves or furnaces,
or carelessness in leaving fires is
increased, and extra care should be
taken.

The papers last week contained
numerous accounts of disastrous fires
in several cities and towns, and if
Houlton is to continue in the list of
towns in which, to a greater degree,
in which few fires occur, continued
vigilance along prevention should be kept up.

Although nothing has developed along
the line of lower insurance rates,
those working on the matter have not
yet given up hope that something may
yet be done to secure quite a
reduction along this line.

The results which carefulness in
fires will produce will be a great help
in securing the desired reduction, and
while carelessness may affect only the
individual owner directly, it will be
a hindrance in accomplishing the
object of reduced insurance rates,
which are bound to come if the
record already established continues,
and the town can officially conform
to a few minor restrictions.

WHAT WOOD SAID AT GARY

Just what Major General Leonard
Wood did at Gary to nip strike riot-
ing in the bud has been veiled in a
mystery that is gradually being dis-
sipated. It seems that one of his first
acts was to summon John F. Fitzpatrick,
one of the strike leaders.

"Mr. Fitzpatrick," said Wood, "I
am here on behalf of the Govern-
ment to see that any man who wants
to work shall do so without fear; and
that any man who does not want to
work shall refrain without fear—if
we have to shoot the man who inter-
feres with either."

We do not know what the employ-
ers thought of this pronouncement.
It is said that Fitzpatrick went im-
mediately to his associates and said,
"Boys, it's all right; we're going to
get a square deal," which would seem
to indicate what the strikers thought
of it. But we do know that the vast
majority of the American people feel
that General Wood put the whole
question of strikes into a
nutshell when he spoke as he did. It
may be that this is the reason why
Wood is so far in the lead as a pres-
idential candidate.

START SAVING NOW

One of this country's most success-
ful business men recently said:
"Make a list of the extra things you
must know or do in order to earn a
larger salary; then put your spare
time and energy on the problem of in-
creasing your bank account."

That is sound advice for any young
man. Should you not have a bank ac-
count now, start one today, with only
a dollar if that is all you can spare.
A man who makes only \$10 a week
and saves a dollar of it is making
more than the man who makes \$100
a week and saves nothing.

Buy on the budget plan. If you
have never kept an account of your
personal expenditures do so for six
months; then you will know how
much you waste and one of the first
signs of wisdom for any man is to
know how much he wastes.

Apply at the banks near you for in-
formation or literature on personal
finance. Every bank will give it to
you or tell you where to find it.
Plan your investments in advance
with at least as much enthusiasm as
you plan your vacations abroad.

Every man should be a dreamer, a
colossal dreamer, but the greater the
dreamer the less his usefulness until
he has beneath him a solid basis.

Money is good for nothing but to
make your dreams come true.

Start saving now.

IS THE OX COMING BACK

Seldom have the praises of the ox
been sung. Yet he was the animal
of universal service in the days of
the pioneers East and West, and the
adventurers who migrated over the
Alleghenies, then beyond the Mis-
sissippi, and finally across the prair-
ies, hitched their wagon not only to
a star, but to slow, sure, safe, strong
ox-teams. The ox was almost the
only draught animal. Coarse fare he
converted into amazing amounts of
power. Reliable as Gibraltar he of-
fered abundant compensations for
that slowness of movement which
has exposed him to ridicule.

Now that many say the tractor
and the motor truck are to super-
sede the draught horse it may be
that the ox is about to "come back."
He became almost extinct at the
start of the twentieth century, but
now his numbers again are increas-
ing. Through the war he helped great-
ly in producing the biggest field crop
the northeastern states had grown in

years. Says a recent writer: "His re-
markable record of the world by automobile,
niche is on back farms, remote from
a railway, where farming is secondary
to lumber production. These farmers
throughout New England and the Mid-
west grow one excellent crop of white pine
in a lifetime on their rough pastures,
that the Dominion government has
awarded \$200,000 annually, and get their
economical living as they go from
small, rough, rocky fields. Oxen
easily do their little plowing. Oxen
function better than horses in their
winter logging. Oxen cost little to
keep, and sell up to \$200 a head when
killed for beef."

Nowadays blacksmiths are learn-
ing what had become a lost art, the
shoeing of oxen. And one New
Hampshire family, said to have bred
Devons for a generation, recently
lined up "five fancy trained yoke,"
sold at a New England fall fair.
One pair of 10 months sold for \$160,
another for \$195; a 2-year-old pair
brought \$225; another pair, expertly
grown, but of the same age was sold
for \$330; while a pair of 6-year-olds
yielded \$515. The family that raised
these oxen made a good profit, and
the farmers who purchased them
wanted them for work and finally for
beef.

BELGIUM'S GUMPTION

The courage with which Belgium
met the invading Germans when the
war began is matched today by the
grit with which she faces the prob-
lems of industrial rehabilitation. The
situation in that remarkable little
country is of interest to all Ameri-
cans if only because figures gathered
by the United States department of
commerce show that Belgium is the
fifth market of the world for Ameri-
can goods, and that during the first
nine months of this year our sales
made an average of \$37 for every
Belgian, a total of more than \$283,
000,000.

Last September the output of Bel-
gian coal reached 88 per cent. of the
output of the Belgian mines for the
corresponding month of 1913, and
this in spite of the condition in which
the Germans left the mines and of
the shortage of labor. Moreover, in-
asmuch as before the war some coun-
tries depended upon Belgian coal and
Belgium had pledged herself to ex-
port a certain proportion of her pro-
duct, she has of late consistently
adhered to that policy, although it
has involved in some cases a short-
age in her own industries.

The passenger traffic on Belgian
railways for nine months of 1919
shows an increase of about 10 per
cent. over the corresponding period
of 1913. Freight receipts also show
an increase, but this is more appar-
ent than real, because the tariff is
double that of six years ago. Never-
theless the showing is remarkable in
that for months in the present year
many roads were entirely out of
commission and only of late has a
traffic approximately normal become
possible.

More significant than all else, per-
haps, has been Belgium's success in
handling her labor problem. Strikes
have been rare, settlements almost
always reasonable. The population
is 7,600,000; from Jan. 1 to Aug. 1
there were 194 strikes affecting 733
establishments, and but 42,470 work-
men. Of the strikes 29 ended in favor
of the strikers and 37 in favor of the
employers, while 108 settled by ar-
bitration ended in an acceptable com-
promise. And this industrial hive
of a country was counted upon by
the Bolsheviks as fertile soil for
their seed-sowing.

NEW BRUNSWICK ALIVE

TO HIGHWAY NEEDS

At last New Brunswick is to have a
highway outlet from St. John, in that
province, to Calais, in Maine, which
means that after years of agitation its
citizens are to be able to enjoy tour-
ing in the United States, something
that has been nearly impossible in the
past. The greater part of New Brun-
swick's population is in its southern
and eastern sections. In these are the
larger centers of St. John, the metropoli-
s; Fredericton, the capital; Mon-
ton, its great railroad headquarters,
and many other places. Traffic from
these cities has to go across to Calais
over almost impassable roads, except
in favorable weather conditions, or else
has to follow the St. John River to
Woodstock, N. B., a long distance north
and then into Maine through Houlton
and then south to Bangor and Port-
land. Its great length has been a
tremendous barrier and the roads in
some places are poor.

On the other hand there is no escape
north. One may go up along the east-
ern shore of New Brunswick to Camp-
bellton where he finds an almost im-
passable highway ahead of him to
Quebec. In other words the provin-
ce has been virtually marooned from the
standpoint of roads and these poor
thoroughfares have served as an equal-
ly effective barrier for Nova Scotia.
Now things are to be changed, the
worm has turned, and New Brun-
swick is to have a new highway be-
tween St. John and Calais which will
effectively release all of this pent up
traffic and give it a chance to see the

VALUABLE ASSETS

Any business firm which makes any
pretense of being a really business con-
cern makes a list of its assets and li-
abilities once in a while. Some make
this list very often, for personal satis-
faction, some only occasionally, to
strike a balance. But in either case
wherever you find these items placed
in order for summing up, you will find
one item called "Upkeep," and a very
important item it is. Any person who
purchases a thing and expects it to re-
main in perfect condition under usage
or even if put away ever so nicely
counts without his loss. And any firm
that expects its business to run with-
out attention to replacements and re-
pairs makes the same bad mistake.
Up-keep means paint and varnish
sometimes; rest and recreation some-
times; it means continual looking over
to see where weak spots are develop-
ing or weak places coming to light
it means continual care to hold all
concerned to standards; and it means
incidentally in a business concern con-
siderable money for expenses and
repairs. This item is never forgotten
when a really business person sits
down to see where he really stands in
relation to his profit or loss.

Did you ever stop to think that there
must be an up-keep in the social world
as well as in the business world or
sooner or later one loses out even
when feeling most secure? Did you
ever stop to think that just getting a
friend, or making an acquaintance is
only the beginning of the thing we call
social life, just as the purchase of an
auto or the opening of a store is the
very beginning of that sort of transac-
tion? Perhaps the social up-keep of
life is even more important than the
material, because one can, if the worst
comes to worst, be so beautifully
balanced socially that much else is
forgotten and overlooked. A person who
is 100 per cent efficient as a friend
sometimes can be very shabby
materially, very slow on repairs and no
one may notice it, so much more im-
portant is the other thing. As a
concrete illustration, a seat in a fiver
offered with the downright cordiality
of the real friend, is preferable to the
finest upholstery which is not kept
soft by real kindness. That same
principle worked out another way is
what causes one to turn to some
person who may be old and humble
but whose sympathy is sweet when
trouble overtakes one.

Friendship is a thing which needs
constant nourishing, constant food to
keep it flourishing and alive. It is not
enough to know that once one had a
friend and to take it for granted that
no matter what comes that sentiment
will endure. Time and chance work
strange effects as days and years go
by; absence and neglect make sad in-
roads upon patience and upon thought;
carelessness has done more to destroy
love than ever wickedness did. Mere
friendships have died for lack of up-
keep than any other reason. It is not

KEEP THEM VIGOROUS

When a child suffers from
the slightest exposure
and is thin, listless
and easily tired, that child
ought to receive plenty of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

regularly. It is an essential
factor in the health records of
thousands of children. Given
regularly, with or after meals,
it helps keep them in normal
weight, vigorous and spirited.

Try SCOTT'S for your boy or girl.

The Norwegian cod-liver oil used
in Scott's Emulsion is super-refined
in our own American Laboratories.
Its purity and quality is unsurpassed.
Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N.J. 19-31

Dodge a cold

Some folks are fortunate enough always to breathe pure air, and
never get run down by overwork or exposure. Even these lucky
people do not always escape the contagious colds which prevail at
certain seasons to such an extent as to be almost epidemic. It
is wise to be prepared for troubles of this kind, nature in our climate,
and the one all-important thing is to have at hand a safe, efficient,
and reliable remedy to ward off the trouble and danger of such an attack.
For sixty years "L. F." Atwood's Medicine has been a household
standby for emergencies of this kind. It starts up the liver and
bowels, prevents congestion, and restores the functions to their
normal condition. If you have never used it, get a 50 cent bottle
from your dealer, or write for a free sample to the
"L. F." Medicine Co., Portland, Maine.

each must be kept in mind, fostered, and loy-
ally followed, and if it is to endure.

How often we hear people say care-
lessly: "Oh well, that's only so-and-so."
"She's all right; we don't have to
think about her, she's my friend!" as
though a friend was something once
achieved to be tucked away in a pigeon
hole and forgotten till needed. It is a
well known tradition that we treat
worst those who are nearest to us;
that is, we use less finesse and less
consideration for them, feeling that
their very nearness makes them im-
mune from the sensitiveness which
we assume the world in general to
hold. If there are those to be slighted
to be put off, to be forgotten, whom
as a general thing we put into that
list because "it's only so-and-so, she
won't mind?" Isn't it apt to be mother
who gets the fewest letters; or sister
who is put off when a more interesting
because less frequent invitation comes
in; who but father gets the small end
of the deal when family affairs are on
the tapis? In short, it's generally the
family who are apportioned the drum-
sticks when the birds are carved.

On the same principle friendships
which are not given due attention, and
friends who are left too much to them-
selves lose interest, courage and affec-
tion in a large degree. There is
seldom likelihood in these days so full
of business that friends will be too
closely followed, too much waited up-
on; it is more likely that we will find
if we think about it that we have
drifted away from the close relations
of former times insensibly to our-
selves, and become less kind, less
considerate than we should have been
and too much wrapped up in ourselves.
This is the time of stock taking; why
not take stock ourselves, of how much



When

your mouth tastes
like all the mean
things you ever did
mixed together, then
you need Beecham's
Pills. Your mouth is a good indication
of the condition of stomach and bowels.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

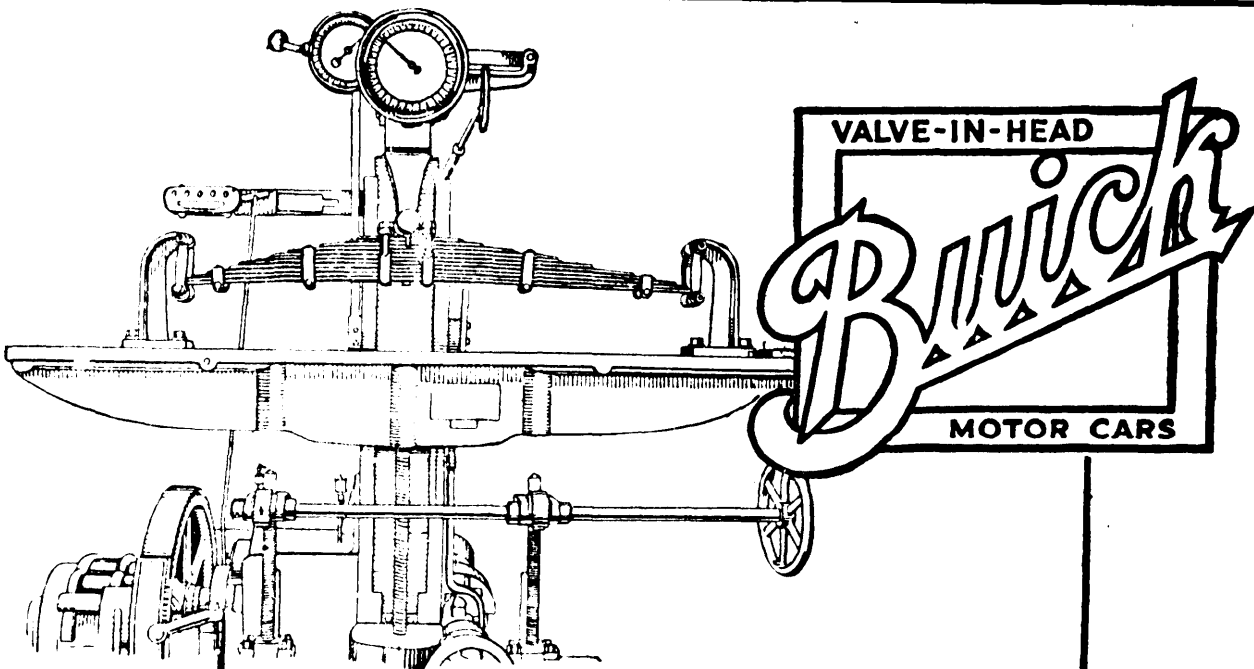
Sold everywhere.
In boxes,
10c., 25c.
Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World

Now sold in a new waxed board
package — a great improvement
over the old lead package

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

Sold only in sealed packages

124



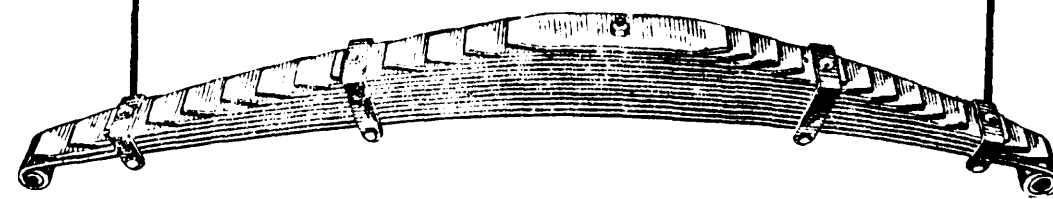
The Buick Built Spring

This Long Sweeping Buick Cantilever
Spring, With Its Fourteen Broad
Heavy Leaves, Abounds In Comfort

It absorbs hundreds of jolts,—It eliminates
thousands of jars and distributes pleasing com-
fort with equal care to both front and rear seats,
so smooth in action, that each passenger is
thrilled with its dependable performance.

Such efficiency is not only the result of con-
struction, but is obtained thru the well balanced
position in which each spring is hung to the
sturdy Buick frame.

For Buick engineers by their modern methods
of manufacture have placed upon this unit the
responsibility of the full load of each car's
capacity—a duty in which quality and endur-
ance so reliably work hand in hand.



WHEN BETTER AUTOMOBILES ARE BUILT BUICK WILL BUILD THEM

L. S. Bean, Distributor for Aroostook County

U. S. R. R. ADMINISTRATION
Director General of Railroads
BANGOR & AROOSTOOK R. R.

TIME TABLE

Corrected to September 29, 1919

Trains Daily Except Sunday	
8.28 a. m.	From HOULTON
9.23 a. m.	For Bangor, Portland and Limestone and Van Buren.
11.30 a. m.	For Ashland, St. Francis, Ft. Kent, Washburn, Presque Isle, Van Buren, via Squa Pan and Mapleton.
1.40 p. m.	For Bangor, Portland and Limestone, Bangor, Portland and Bangor.
6.26 p. m.	For Bangor, Portland and Bangor, Bangor, Portland and Bangor.
8.02 p. m.	For Bangor, Portland and Bangor, Bangor, Portland and Bangor.
Due HOULTON	
8.19 a. m.	From Bangor, Portland, Ban- gor, Bangor, Portland and Bangor.
9.19 a. m.	From Van Buren, Caribou, Ft. Fairfield.
12.58 p. m.	From Bangor, Portland, Ban- gor, Greenville, Dover & Foxcroft.
2.54 p. m.	From St. Francis, Ft. Kent, Van Buren, Washburn, Presque Isle, via Squa Pan and Mapleton.
6.21 p. m.	From Van Buren, Limestone Caribou, Fort Fairfield.
7.59 p. m.	From Bangor, Portland, Ban- gor, Bangor, Portland and Bangor.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

JOHN O. WILLEY, D. O.

OSTEOPATH
Graduate American School of Osteopathy
Kirkville, Mo.
Suite 10-11 New Masonic Building
Phone Hours 9 to 12-2 to 5
HOULTON, MAINE

C. E. WILLIAMS, M. D.

OFFICE AT RESIDENCE
129 Main St. Houlton, Me.

NEW DENTAL PARLORS

Corner Pleasant Street and
Highland Ave.

DR. L. P. HUGHES

Ransford W. Shaw Seth S. Thornton

SHAW & THORNTON

ATTORNEYS
Prompt attention to all business
Houlton, Maine
Probate matters have Special
Attention

DR. F. O. ORCUTT

DENTIST
Fogg Block

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OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN
Suite 22, Mansur Block
Tel. 156 Houlton, Maine

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CHIROPRACTOR
Chiropractic Adjustments Remove the
Cause of Disease
Suite 8-9 Mansur Block Houlton

JOHN P. COSTELLO

UNDERTAKER AND LICENSED
EMBALMER
Room 10 Mansur Block, Phone 51-M
Res. 17 Elm St., Phone 381-M

MORAL; EAT AN APPLE

The subject of food is and ever will be a subject of intense interest to all and sundry. If man must live, man must eat. The only question, therefore, open to debate is just what and how, and starting with this apparently simple material, long and fierce are the battles that have raged.

The public has passed through the stage of the nothing-but-cooked-food cranks, the nothing-but-raw-food fans, and the one-hundred-chews-to-a-bite advocates; and now the apple, with one fell swoop, demolishes—on paper, at least—the hopes and expectations of the dentist, the doctor, and the beauty specialist.

According to the apple growers of Idaho, Washington and Oregon, the apple is it, containing all the medicinal and food values so highly praised by dietitians.

These growers are conducting a regular campaign to educate the public on the all-important question of the apple.

"An apple eaten at night," they assert, "is a splendid scourer of the teeth." And to the sufferer from rheumatism they say: "Eat apples, for the magnesia contained in the raw apple will prevent rheumatism by puri-

tying the blood and by," oh, well, other things.

Phosphorus, sulphur, iron, magnesia, lime—they're all in the apple—and all in the "literature," which informs the public that:

Life cannot exist without phosphorus, and there is a full dose of this excellent nerve tonic in its most soluble form, phosphoric acid, in the apple.

For just the right dose of iron eat apples, for there is enough to keep a sufficient number of those important little red corpuscles in the blood, without which the blood cannot do its work. The iron found in apples is more easily taken into the blood in this form than that gotten at the chemist's.

Apples are better for the complexion than all the cosmetics ever made; the sulphur has an especial beneficial effect upon the skin and skin diseases.

Rickety children should by all means have plenty of apples to eat. They form nourishment for the bones and the teeth. The lime and phosphoric acid contents of the apple are so beautifully combined that they make an ideal dose for this sort of trouble.

Alternate a teaspoonful of scraped

apple with orange juice for the child of one and a half years.

To aid digestion, clear the voice, obtain a beautiful complexion, relieve insomnia, and reduce the high cost of living, depend upon the apple.

Tony.

"Would you like me to insert a half-tone picture of yourself?" asked the interviewer.

"Certainly not," replied Mrs. Newrich. "I don't wish it to look as if the question of expense was considered in the slightest. Let it be a whole tone or nothing."

HOULTON PEOPLE PREVENT APPENDICITIS

Many Houlton people are using simple glycerine, buckthorn bark, etc., as mixed in Adler-I-ka. This flushes BOTH upper and lower bowel so completely it removes all foul, accumulated poisons from alimentary canal and prevents appendicitis. Adler-I-ka relieves ANE CASE gas on stomach or sour stomach. Often CURES constipation. In one case of chronic stomach trouble ONE bottle produced wonderful results. O. F. French & Son, druggists.

Come in and Look Over Our Holiday Stock

Of course you are planning to give

Useful Gifts

If you trade at Berman's Christmas Shopping will be a pleasure, beside lightening the burden on your pocket book. Our Christmas stock of useful gifts is now

spread out, and because of economical buying you are assured many a money saving value

CHRISTMAS WAISTS

Silk, Voile and Muslin, many beautiful styles. A gift any woman would appreciate.

DAINTY NECKWEAR

Lace Collars, Collar and Cuff Sets, Georgette Collars, Organ-die Collars.

Besides our splendid assortment of

Coats, Suits, Dresses, Skirts, etc.

for Ladies and Misses that are always appropriate for gift purposes, we have stocked many novelties that will surely appeal to the prudent buyer

HOSIERY FOR LADIES

Light and heavy weight Silk, Lisle, Silk Fibre in black and colors, many of which are packed in Holiday boxes. A nice gift

Hundreds and Hundreds and Hundreds of Christmas Handkerchiefs--

A dainty handkerchief is always desirable, always pleasing. Here we have them in a wonderful assortment.

Sweaters and Scarf Sets

We have on display a splendid variety of Wool Sweaters, Worsted Sweaters, Silk Sweaters, all colors and all styles. Wool Scarf Sets for Ladies, Misses and Children.

CHOOSE YOUR APRONS EARLY

—buy early for we cannot duplicate any of these as they are sold out. We have aprons for every occasion.

GLOVES

We have just received a new shipment of Gloves in black, white and fancy colors—also special Fabric Gloves in all shades of Silk and Chamoisette

Gift Furs

Fur Coats, Fur Sets and Single Fur Pieces at prices that will challenge comparison. What would make a nicer Christmas gift than a set of Furs

Our Christmas Stock is ready now, but you should come as early as possible—Buying early means satisfaction all around

NOVELTY LEATHER GOODS

Hand Bags, Purses, Collar boxes, Vanity Cases, Writing Pads, etc. in a marvelous variety.

Something to Wear for Christmas

Nothing is more appreciated. Nothing else recalls the giver to mind so often. Nothing so sure to be "Just What I Needed Most—Look over the List presented by this

Ideal Christmas Store

and you will immediately decide that we are first aid to the puzzled Christmas Shopper

Neckties 50c to \$2.00
Mufflers 50c to \$4.00
Hosiery 35c to \$2.00
Suspenders 50c to \$1.00
Handkerchiefs 10c to \$1.00
Hats \$3.00 to \$6.00

Bath Robes \$7.50 to \$12.00
Suit Cases and Bags \$2 to \$20.00
Sweaters \$2.00 to \$10.00
Shirts \$1.50 to \$6.00
Gloves 25c to \$6.00
Cuff Links 25c to \$1.00

Our store is in perfect readiness with reliable and trustworthy merchandise. Let us assist you in selecting.

Men's Suits \$20.00 to \$40.00
Boys' Suits \$8.00 to \$18.00
Overcoats \$18.00 to \$45.00
Packard Shoes \$6.00 to \$18.00

Boy's Overcoats \$5.00 to \$20.00
Fur Coats \$25.00 to \$250.00
Boys' Mackinaws \$8.00 to \$12
Emerson Shoes \$5.00 to \$9.00

Make your Selections Early While the Picking is Best

Ervin & Ervin

The Store that Satisfies



Gift Buyers are respectfully urged to visit

Osgood's

"Little Store with the Big Stock" at this Season

Our showing of Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and Novelties in all desirable styles and qualities is sure to meet your highest approval and expectations

All Goods sold will be Engraved by Hand Free and delivered in Handsome Boxes. Two Engravers make Quick Service

Four competent Salesmen who take pleasure in showing goods and assisting our customers in making their selections

During the times of High Prices and High Living Costs, the public is quick to recognize Fair Dealing and Fair Prices such as are always found at OSGOOD'S. Our Goods have been bought for Strictly Cash and our Customers receive the full benefit of this foresight. NO PROFITEERING AT OSGOOD'S. Bona Fide Discounts given to Clerks and Working Girls—just mention what you work at and we will allow a Special Discount without further question

Canadian Money accepted at Osgood's without Discount

BUY

Christmas Gifts of Osgood, "The Accommodating Jeweler"

Houlton, Maine

RECLAIMING JUTLAND SOIL

Five and fifty years ago Denmark was prey to dark despair; today she is one of the most prosperous and contented countries in all Europe. Yet half a century is only a small span in the life of a nation. It is a great achievement in that time—and less than that time—for a country to have lost its soil and to have found it anew, writes a special correspondent of the London Times.

In 1866, the year of the foundation of the Danish Heath Society, most Danes saw no tolerable future before them. Two-fifths of Denmark had been stolen in an unjust war—and Europe had stood by silently, an accessory after the theft. All that Denmark could apparently expect was a career of poverty and subservience, a process of gradual absorption, economic if not political, by the great neighbor she had such good reason to fear.

That she has so fully recovered her prosperity and with it her soul and her faith in her national destiny, is due in no small measure to the faith, the perseverance, and the vision of one man, Lt.-Col. Enrico Myllus Dalgas, who in the hour of his country's deepest humiliation, gave her a new motto and a new hope. When he founded the Danish Heath Society, Dalgas reasoned thus, and thus expounded to his countrymen the faith that was in him: "We have lost much of Denmark. We must see to it that the lands that remain are made to pay in full and more than pay in full for all we have lost." Jutland was a land of many heaths and barren moors from which not even the most devoted industry could wring a scanty livelihood. It was through the initiative of Dalgas that Danes resolutely set about the reclamation of the heath, the fertilization of barren moors, the irrigation of dry and desolate solitudes, the plantation of rich woods and forests.

Membership of the Heath Society, which has never flagged in its fight with the wild places, is open to any Dane on payment of a minimum annual subscription of 5s.—many gladly pay a good deal more—and the present number of members is 9416. The society also, and very properly, depends

to a considerable extent on state aid. The record of its activities is inspiring. In 1860 there existed in Jutland 2,411 square miles of heath, 396 square miles of marsh and 220 square miles of uncultivated down. Now this area of unproductive land is reduced by more than one-half, nor will the Heath Society relax its labors until not one ounce of soil remains which does not contribute its share to the national economy.

The work of the society is largely educative and advisory. It has taught the dwellers on the heath to help themselves, has shown them how by scientific methods and by wise co-operation they can turn moors into smiling landscapes. By scientific plantation of the most unpromising soil, first with mountain pine, then with spruce, then by treatment with marl, it has been found that desert may be turned into arable land in some 30 years' time.

There is, too, a very flourishing forestry industry. In Jutland there are now over 2200 plantations and each year their number is increasing. It is all the result of working with an eye to the future, of being content to sow for the next generation, or perhaps for the generation after that. Up in Northern Jutland there are state plantations of fir and spruce where once reigned the desolation of sand dunes, for all the world like those of the Lincolnshire coast, saying that they are more barren and that the breezes blow the sand about more swiftly. Is there any reason why in Lincolnshire as round the Scaw there should not be flourishing and prosperous plantations of pine and spruce?

Round about the ancient city of Viborg where the Heath society has its central offices (I should mention that one of its prominent officials today is another Dalgas) one can best see the progress of the work of reclamation. Let me mention one instance only of scientific reclamation which I have been privileged to see.

In 1895 a small Danish farmer succeeded to an inheritance of some 115 acres. All this land was barren, save for 10 acres under cultivation and 7 acres under the plow. He had no stock and no farm buildings. He had a capital of 68, which he spent in dig-

ging a well. He married and his wife brought him no dowry besides her abundant industry.

Now, where was once black and barren heath, there is a pretty modern farm, a garden full of old-fashioned English flowers, and broad and fertile fields. Farm stock in 1895 did not exist. Today our farmer and his wife are proud possessors of two horses, 12 cows, seven heifers, five sheep and a round dozen of pigs. The yield of corn has increased tenfold and of potatoes twelffold. This, be it noted, is only one typical instance out of many. The sense of personal proprietorship, of pride in ownership, is naturally a great factor in the stimulus of reclamation, and wisely do the advisers and counsellors of the Heath Society encourage ownership. "The magic of property," wrote Arthur Young, "turns sands into gold." A visit to agricultural Denmark almost persuades one to believe in the literal truth of that familiar tag.

Convict labor is used to dig the marl which is used to cultivate these barren uplands. We saw some convicts at work with only one amiable and apparently unarmageddon warder in sight. Yet the convicts seemed to be working with good will. They receive some trifle of pay for their work and we were told they enjoy it and regard their visit to work the marl in the Gollus area as a veritable summer holiday. It did not look much like a holiday to us, but—chacun a son gout!

One point about the Heath Society is very striking to those accustomed to the extravagance in personnel of the new English bureaucracy, and that is the very small staff by which it is worked. Advice and instruction are given to all who apply and great schemes of reclamation are put in hand by a staff of little more than 80.

In the central office at Viborg are 20 people only. In addition the Heath Society employs 12 foresters and 20 assistants, 10 ploughmen, six engineers and, last but not least, 15 agricultural experts.

IMPORTANT

FERTILIZER RULING

The Maine Department of Agriculture, recently ruled and made public its ruling that no commercial fertilizer could be sold in Maine that contained any amount of boron. As a result of this ruling, a conference was asked with the department by the National Fertilizer Association. It was of course granted and was held last week at the office of Commissioner J. A. Roberts, three representatives of the association being present, with Commissioner Roberts, Charles D. Woods, director of the agricultural experiment station at

Orono, James Bartlett, chemist at the experiment station and A. M. G. Clark, chief of the Division of Agriculture.

The committee of the National Fertilizer Association filed with the commissioner a protest against the recent ruling. The argument was lengthy and very pointed.

The department, having had the matter under careful consideration, has advised the committee from the Fertilizer Association that no change will be made in this ruling, believing that the rights of the people of the State of Maine and the best interests of the people engaged in growing potatoes and will be better protected by insuring for them a product as free from boron as it is possible to manufacture.

It is also interesting, that as a result of the press publicity given the ruling, the department is receiving numerous inquiries from fertilizer

control officials in other states, who are apparently greatly interested in this important subject, that has particular bearing on the quality and purity of commercial fertilizer.

(As it is impossible to get potash without a trace of boron, what the outcome will be is interesting.)

Difficult.

A certain judge, after passing sentence, always gave advice to prisoners. Having before him a man found guilty of stealing, he started thus:

"If you want to succeed in this world you must keep straight. Now, do you understand?"

"Well, not quite," said the prisoner; "but if your lordship will tell me how a man is to keep straight when he is trying to make both ends meet, I might."

CHRISTMAS GIFTS FOR MEN

AT YOUNG'S

26 State St.

We carry the largest and most up-to-date line of smokers' articles that can be found east of Boston. We take pleasure in showing our stock. Whether you buy or not, you receive the same courteous treatment that we extend to all.

Visit our store before buying his Xmas gift.

Watch Our Windows for Suggestions

HOME OF THE
BCM
5c for \$3.25

Agents for
Page & Shaw's CANDIES

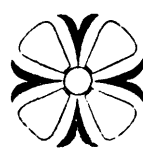
HOME OF THE
BCM
5c for \$3.25

We'll Welcome You!

Shop Early and get the Benefit of Fresh Stocks

LET Your Christmas Store be PERRY'S where QUALITY reigns supreme. The Christmas Gift selected here carries with it the guarantee of quality which will be immediately recognized by the recipient and which is always essential to the satisfactory gift. The whole store is in Holiday Dress. The most superb stocks of useful, practical gift merchandise in its entire history. Let this store be your Christmas Store this Christmas.

A glimpse of our mammoth display will start the ball of suggestion rolling. What to give is easily and inexpensively solved at that. Don't let another day pass without making acquaintance with the PERRY GIFT STORE.



Below we enumerate a portion of the line we carry, isn't there something here to interest you?
Diamonds, Wrist Watches, Cut Glass, Sterling Silver and Plated Ware, Gold Beads, Community Silver, Neck Chains, Pendants, Waldemar Chains, Fobs and Charms, Cigarette Cases, "La Tausca" Pearl Necklace in Gift Boxes, Rings, Parlor and Mantle Clocks, Cuff Links, Fountain Pens, Films and Accessories, Parasols in all Fancy Colors, Mahogany Serving Trays, Kodaks, Ladies' Hand Bags, Persian Ivory, Ladies' and Gents' Pocket Books, Thompson's Water Color Framed Pictures.
Our New Department—"Haviland" Minton and Nippon China in sets and odd pieces, "Royal Doulton" and Pickard's Hand Painted China in a great variety, Glassware in dainty etched patterns, also a full assortment of the old reliable English white ware.



ALL GOODS PURCHASED HERE ENGRAVED FREE

J. D. PERRY

Jeweler-Optometrist

MARKET SQUARE

HOULTON, MAINE



Start 1920 Right

On New Year's Day some folks swear off and some swear on. The swearers-off include the smokers and the chewers; the swearers-on resolve to do such sensible things as going to church and reading

The COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

There's no better time to start a good habit than the first of a new year. That's why I'd like to get your name on the subscription list in time for you to start with the first issue of January—and that means send me your dollar today.

Nineteen-twenty is going to be a great COUNTRY GENTLEMAN year—big issues, full of sound, practical, helpful farm articles; clean, entertaining fiction stories; powerful, pointed cartoons and illustrations; cover pictures that you'll want to save and frame. The

best way to get all of it is to subscribe for a year—52 big issues, each costing you less than the price of a two-cent postage stamp. In a single issue you may find suggestions that will make or save you hundreds of dollars! Start the New Year right. Order, and—

Order—Through Me—Today

A. C. TOZIER

80 Pierce Ave.

Phone 527—1

Houlton, Maine

The Country Gentleman The Ladies' Home Journal The Saturday Evening Post
12 issues—\$1.00 12 issues—\$1.75 52 issues—\$2.00

Our Merry Christmas Is Best

Shown by Our "Worth the Money" Gifts

A MERRY CHRISTMAS

While wishing everybody a "Merry Christmas" we desire to call attention to the fact that Christmas Day is just around the corner, and it is now high time to be considering what to give "him"!

If the problem is a difficult one, come here for relief.

GIFTS for MEN

COME TO A MAN'S STORE FOR A MAN'S GIFT

We've excellent Suits, Overcoats and Raincoats, Hats and Caps of every style. Handsome and Exclusive Neckwear. A fine showing of Bath Robes, House Coats, Night Robes, Pajamas, Shirts, Gloves, Underwear, Hosiery, Suspenders and many other items in Choice Haberdashery.

You'll not find another store in this vicinity showing so many appropriate Christmas Gifts for Men and Boys. Our outfitting is exclusive and entirely different. We've moderate prices with the best of values attached.

COME AND SEE HOW WELL WE CAN PLEASE YOU WITH A CHOICE AND "JUST RIGHT" CHRISTMAS GIFT FOR "HIM"

L. S. PURINGTON, - - HOULTON, ME.

URGE FRANCE TO LET US CLAIM OUR DEAD

The United States Government has decided in the affirmative the question of whether the bodies of American soldiers and sailors buried in France and other European countries shall be brought to this country. In this decision the Government is opposed by the Government of France, and a new effort has been begun to induce France to consent to the removal of the bodies. About 65,000 American dead are interred in France, and the return of approximately 40,000 is desired by their relatives.

Instructions have been sent to the American Embassy in Paris to make a strong effort to reach an understanding with the French Government which will result in the removal of the bodies from France to America.

The French order prohibiting the exhumation and removal of military dead did not apply to those buried outside the Zone of the Armies, and the War Department has already authorized the return of the dead not buried in that zone.

In a statement authorized by the War Department today the situation is thus summarized:

"During the Summer of 1918 an agreement was concluded between the French and American Governments which provided that 'as soon as hostilities have ceased the Government of the French Republic will examine conjointly with the American Government the measures to be taken to insure, in conformity with the laws and police regulations regarding hygiene, the transport and return to the United States of the bodies of American soldiers or sailors interred in France.'

"Following the armistice and during the period in which the War Department was engaged with the huge task of transporting the expeditionary forces back to America, the French Government gave consideration to the many problems involved in the possible removal of 4,500,000 graves of allied and enemy dead in French territory, and orders were thereupon issued forbidding the removal from French soil of the bodies of the military dead of all nations.

"Representation was immediately made through diplomatic channels of the desire of the American Government that exception be made in its favor from the operation of this prohibition. The French Government, however, asked that there be a consideration of its situation, first of all, by the American military authorities as preliminary to further diplomatic correspondence. It gave assurance of its desire to meet the wishes of the American nation in every way consistent with its obligations and the well-being of its own people and emphasized its wish to set apart appropriate cemeteries as a service of gratitude and to assist in their maintenance with becoming dignity.

"It stated that it had given due consideration to the various aspects involved in the transportation of the millions of military dead over its national railways, or highways, and pointed out what it considered the insuperable difficulties of transportation, sanitary regulations, the public health, effective registration, and problems of reconstruction. It further stated that, should an exception be made in the case of American dead, it would at once involve each of the other nations in clamorous agitation for like action to satisfy its own people, and called attention to the very extensive operations in the upheaval of cemeteries which would result from a compliance with the American request and the consequent depressing effect on the public morale.

"From the American standpoint it has been felt that there were many considerations which differentiated the case of American soldiers buried in France from those of other allied nations. It was realized that to make an exception in favor of America was by no means free from difficulty; but, notwithstanding the apparently determined opposition of the French Government, it was believed that the American Government should do its utmost to keep faith with the relatives of our soldier dead who had been led to believe that when the war ended the bodies of such soldiers, if it was desired by their next of kin, would find their final resting place in their own country, and the following considerations were suggested as constituting reasons why such exception might reasonably be asked:

"(a) The great distance between France and America and the expense involved together make it impracticable for the large majority of relatives to visit graves, as is easily possible for those who live in the other allied countries.

"(b) The comparatively small number of American soldiers buried in France whose removal is desired by their next of kin. It is stated by the War Department that of 4,500,000 soldiers dead only 65,000 are American soldiers, and of these the next of kin

do not desire in excess of 40,000 returned to America.

"(c) A large proportion of American dead are buried in or near battlefields, and arrangements can probably be made to avoid transportation over any considerable portion of France, thus avoiding any great interference with traffic or a depression in morale, which seems to be the principal reason for the French Government's opposition.

"(d) This Government has approached the other countries regarding the return of bodies from those countries in number about 4,600. It is pointed out that such return will necessarily create toward France an unfavorable impression because of the persistent refusal of the French Government to allow similar action. The War Department, influenced by the agreement with the French Government referred to above, sent out inquiries to all next of kin to ascertain if return was desired. It would now be very embarrassing for the War Department if it were compelled to inform relatives that France refuses to permit the return of bodies, such information arousing resentment against France of relatives of Americans who gave their lives in defense of France."

AMERICAN FARMER LEADS THE WORLD SAYS HOUSTON

The American farmer leads the world in individual production of crops, Secretary Houston of the Department of Agriculture, asserted in his annual report. While countries such as Belgium, under intensive farming, get a higher acreage yield, he said, taking both acreage and yield per acre into account, the American agriculturist produces two and a half times as much as his Belgian and German rivals, 2.3 times as much as the British farmer, 3.2 times as much as the French, and more than six times as much as the Italian.

The result of this and of the American farmer's war work is shown in the 1919 American crop production, placed at three times greater in value than the average annual output during the five year period preceding the European war. The aggregate value of all crops this year is placed at \$15,873,000,000 as compared to \$14,222,000,000 in 1918 and an average of \$5,829,000,000 during the five year period.

Live stock on farms this year was valued at \$8,830,000,000 as against \$8,248,000,000 in 1918.

The average yield for all crops for the decade ending in 1918 is about 16 per cent. greater than for the average for the decade ending with 1890, the report said. The average rate of increase for the past 25 years is about one-half of one per cent a year.

Estimates in the report put the 1919 wheat production at 918,471,000 bushels and corn at 2,910,250,000 bushels. Cotton is expected to reach 10,696,000 bales and tobacco 1,316,553,000 pounds.

"The farmers of the Nation in 1919 planted an acreage in leading cereals greater by 33,000,000 than the pre-war annual average which, it is estimated, will yield 635,000,000 more than the pre-war average," Mr. Houston said of war work on the farms. "They increased the number of milch cows over 1914 by 2,700,000, of other cattle by 8,500,000, of swine by 16,700,000 and of horses and mules by 1,000,000 or a total of 28,900,000.

"The planting operations of the year began before the fighting ceased and the call was still for more wheat. The department suggested a maximum fall acreage of 47,208,000 acres, an increase of 12 per cent over 1918. There was actually planted 29,261,000, the largest acreage in the Nation's history, 6,960,000 acres more than in 1918.

"The spring wheat acreage was 22,593,000 while the winter and spring plantings combined amounted to 71,854,000 acres or 7,200,000 more than the preceding record.

"It is estimated that the yield will exceed that of 1918 by 1,000,000 bush-

els and will be the Nation's second record wheat crop. The estimated corn crop of 2,910,000,000 bushels will be 300,000,000 greater than that of 1918."

The Nation can further expand its output of commodities by cultivating unused tillable land, estimated at more than 60 per cent of the total, the report states. Expansion is limited, however, by the supply of capital and labor.

No step to promote farmers' cooperative associations along the right lines, should be omitted, the secretary said. It is estimated that these organizations market annually approximately \$1,500,000,000 worth of commodities.

Included in Mr. Houston's recommendations were the following:

The building up, primarily under state law, of a system of personal credit unions, for farmers whose financial status and operations make it difficult to secure accommodations through the ordinary channels; expansion of facilities for aiding in marketing, especially extension of the market news and food products inspection service; continuation of Federal participation in road building through an appropriation of \$100,000,000 for each of the next four years; regulation and control of stockyards and packing houses; Federal legislation to protect consumers against adulterated feeds and fertilizers; increased state support for rural schools and more definite instructions as to rural problems and conditions; legislation to improve rural sanitary conditions and provide hospital and medical facilities.

HUDSON'S BAY CO. TO SELL ITS LAND

"The Government and Company of Adventures of England Trading Into Hudson's Bay," otherwise known as the Hudson Bay Company, is closing out to farm settlers the land that represents the last vestiges of its former empire," says a Winnipeg dispatch.

With two centuries and a half of history behind it, the company has adopted new policies that have transformed it into an up to date business institution. With a name that, in the popular mind is a synonym for romance, it has become one of the great merchandising corporations of Canada.

A chain of department stores extending across western Canada has been established. The company now has stores in Winnipeg, Calgary, Vancouver, Edmonton, Lethbridge, Macleod, Kamloops, Nelson, Vernon, Victoria, Qu'Appelle and Yorkton. Those in Calgary and Vancouver are among the finest stores in Canada and are comparable to the great department stores of the United States. The company is now planning a build in Winnipeg the largest department store in the Dominion.

The company is still one of the world's greatest fur traders. It still has 142 fur posts. It still sends to England annually millions of dollars worth of raw furs. But with the wonderful growth of its business as a general merchant, it no longer has need of land.

Under its charter, granted by King

INFLUENZA starts with a Cold

Kill the Cold. At the first sneeze take

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years

At All Drug Stores

CHICHESTER PILLS

DIAMOND BRAND

Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes.

LADIES! Ask your Druggist for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS in RED and GOLD metallic boxes sealed with Blue Ribbon. TAKE NO OTHER. Buy of your Druggist and ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS for twenty-five years regarded as Pure, Safe, Always Reliable.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

TIME TRIED EVERYWHERE. WORTH TESTING

Ask Your Dealer

Remington UMC

Grand Prize Modern Firearms & Ammunition

Write for Catalogue

THE REMINGTON ARMS U.M.C. CO. INC.

NEW YORK CITY

TAKE A BOTTLE TO CAMP

An Old Family Doctor's Favorite Prescription

BALLARD'S GOLDEN OIL

Relieves Colds, or Croup, Good for Insect Bites. Nothing better for Sprain, Strains, Burns, Bruises, etc. An all around remedy. Sold Everywhere. No poisons or opiates

At a Glance You Will Be Able to Distinguish the Difference Between Our Method of Pressing Clothes and the "Old Time Methods Used by Others"

'TIS EASY ENOUGH TO LEARN THE DIFFERENCE

We give your clothes the natural body shape, better creases and a thoroughly uniform finish.

Cleaning Repairing

— THE DRYSDALE PRESS SHOP —

Opp. Snell House, Houlton

Charles II in 1670, the Hudson Bay Company became practically sole owner and ruler of three-fourths of North America. Its territories extended from the Great Lakes to the Pacific, and from the Arctic ocean far south across the present American boundary line to the Spanish settlement in California.

It surrendered its authority over this vast region to Canada in 1869. It received as an indemnity \$1,500,000 and retained one-twentieth of all the land in the fertile belt between Lake Winnipeg, Lake of the Woods, the waters connecting them and the Rocky mountains and between the North Saskatchewan river and the international boundary.

The land comprises the whole of section 8 and three-quarters of section 26 in every four consecutive townships and the whole of both sections in every fifth township. It amounted to 3,200,000 acres at the end of October. It forms little oases of soil untouched by the plow since Indian days in the midst of the richest farming sections of western Canada.

It is dotted through western Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Farmers of districts that hem it in have long cast covetous eyes upon it. In a few years it will be dotted with the farms of settlers, and grain fields will wave over the last remnants of the Hudson Bay Company's ancient empire, and one of American history's most romantic chapters will be closed.

SPEEDING SHIPS TO BE NAVY GUN TARGETS

American blue jackets will be given an opportunity to test their marksmanship on real battleships steaming at full speed under actual battle conditions, it plans now being worked out at the navy department materialize. The bureau of ordnance, it was learned today, contemplates taking several obsolete ships to the target range and using them for targets moving at full speed, and steered by an electrical "distant control" system.

CALLUS? 'GETS-IT' WILL PEEL IT OFF!

Nothing on Earth Like Simple "Gets-It" for Corns or Calluses. A callus, or thickened skin on the sole of the foot, which often makes walking a misery is of the same nature as a corn. "Gets-It" removes it as easily as it does the toughest corns. By using a few drops of "Gets-It" on the callus you will be



Use "Gets-It" and Dance, Even with Corns

able to peel it off with your fingers, in one complete piece, just as you would a banana peel. It leaves the skin free and smooth as though you never had a callus. You need no more fussy plasters, sticky tape, "Pain-killers," bandages, knives or scissors for corns or calluses. "Gets-It" is the national corn remover, the biggest on earth, used by millions. It never fails. You'll work, play and dance at ease in spite of corns.

"Gets-It" is the only sure guaranteed money-back corn-remover, costs but a trifle at any drug store. Mfd by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

Sold in Houlton and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by O. E. French & Son, Leighton & Peasey and Munroe's West End Drug Store.

the navy, Mr. Daniels declared. Reduced personnel has not been allowed to cause disproportion in the naval organization, the secretary declared, and the navy is today in form and spirit a solidly welded fighting unit.

109 years

is the proud record of success that belongs only to

JOHNSON'S Anodyne LINIMENT

A doctor's famous prescription—Internal and external use—for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Grippe, Bronchitis, Tonsillitis, Cramps, Chills, Sprains, Strains, etc. A safe, sure and satisfying anodyne that soothes, heals, and stops pain.

WRIGLEY'S

5c a package before the war

5c a package during the war

5c a package NOW

THE FLAVOR LASTS SO DOES THE PRICE!

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

WRIGLEY'S PEPPERMINT CHEWING GUM

WRIGLEY'S FRUIT CHEWING GUM

WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT CHEWING GUM

157

Your finest silk waists--How would you like to use them to sift your flour? Sounds extravagant, doesn't it?--Yet we do practically the same thing with

William Tell Flour

Every pound of WILLIAM TELL Flour is sifted through finest silk--not once, but thirteen times.

Expensive? Yes, but WILLIAM TELL must be the finest and best flour that can be made, and silk sifts the flour better and finer than any other material yet discovered.

This is only one of many expensive processes which we employ in our efforts to make WILLIAM TELL a perfect flour for you.

Better tell your Grocer today--William Tell

It costs no more to use the best

PROMPT RELIEF

for the cold-distressed stomach, try two or three

KI-MOIDS

after meals, dissolved on the tongue--keep your stomach sweet--try Ki-moids--the new aid to digestion.

MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE

MARKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION

PORTLAND MAN HAS GAINED 40 POUNDS

Eats Better, Sleeps Better And Feels Better After Taking Tanlac

Charles T. Brock of 43 Myrtle St., Portland, Maine, who was a sergeant in the U. S. Army during the great world war, saw active service in nearly all the big battles, gassed twice on the Flanders front in France and laid up in the hospital for fifteen months, called at Guppy's drug store, September 27th and stated that Tanlac has not only put him in shape to where he is feeling fine, but that he has made an actual gain of forty pounds in weight, besides. Mr. Brock has been a resident of Portland for a number of years and is popular with all who know him. He is employed by the Sargent Dennison Company.

"For the benefit of my comrades, who may be suffering as I was," said Mr. Brock, "and for the sake of anyone else in need of a medicine to build them up I want to tell what Tanlac has done for me. After being gassed and lying in the hospital so long my stomach got in such a bad fix that I could hardly eat anything and I became so badly run-down that I weighed only one hundred fifteen pounds. I finally got to where I could not eat anything scarcely except rolled oats and even the sight of food would make me sick at the stomach. I couldn't sleep more than ten hours a week and suffered worse than I can find words to tell. There was such a tight, depressed feeling through my chest at times, especially after eating, that I could hardly breathe, and the pain in my stomach was intense. My nerves were in a terrible condition and I could not get out anywhere, much less work."

"I suffered this way until I came to Portland, after my discharge from the army and my wife got me to taking Tanlac. It certainly was lucky for me that I took it, for I am now a well man and able to work hard every day. My appetite is so big I can hardly get enough to eat. Why, a cornbeef dinner is only a lunch for me and my stomach is in such a good shape that I can eat just anything. I have actually gained forty pounds in weight, for I now weigh one hundred fifty-five pounds, and my nerves are as steady as the fidelity building out there. I don't get tired any more, although I'm working and on the go all day, and sleep; why, after going to bed at night I'm dead to the world until morning. I have never felt better in my life and I want to tell everybody that Tanlac did it."

Tanlac is sold in Houlton by Munro's West End-Drug Store, Island Falls by S. R. Crabtree, Fort Kent by Stanley Burrill.—Adv.

JUDGES FOR AROOSTOOK

The following assignments for Aroostook County have been made:

First Tuesday of February, Justice Philbrook; third Tuesday of April, Justice Spear; first Tuesday of September, Justice Dunn; third Tuesday of November, Justice Morrill.

NOTICE ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may legally be brought before them will be held at the Banking room on Tuesday, Jan. 13 at 10 o'clock A. M.

R. F. WARD, Cashier

Houlton, Me. Dec. 1, 1919.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE

Whereas Holman D. Foss, then of Houlton, in the County of Aroostook and State of Maine, by his mortgage deed dated May 15, 1909 and recorded in the Aroostook Registry of Deeds in Vol. 241, Page 157, conveyed to Houlton Trust Company, a corporation having its place of business at said Houlton, certain real estate described as follows:—The Homestead lot, situated on the North side of Heywood Street, so-called, in the village of said Houlton, being part of lot numbered thirty-three (33) in the South Division of said Houlton, described as follows, to wit:—Beginning at a point ten rods and thirteen links east from the east line of Kellerman Street on said Heywood Street, thence northerly six rods to land formerly owned by Walter Mansur, thence easterly four rods, thence southerly six rods to the center of said Heywood Street, thence west on the center line of said Heywood Street to the place of beginning and being lot numbered three (3) on the north side of said Heywood Street, according to the plan and survey of John C. Carpenter, also another parcel being part of my said Homestead lot, bounded as follows, viz:—Beginning at a stake on the North line of said Heywood Street six rods east from the east line of said Kellerman Street at the southeast corner of lot of land sold by A. P. Heywood to A. S. Collins, thence North on east line of said Collins lot five (5) rods to land formerly owned or occupied by Donald McLeod, thence easterly along the South line of said McLeod lot four (4) rods and thirteen links, thence southerly parallel with first mentioned line five rods to the North line of said Heywood Street, thence westerly on the north line of said Heywood Street four rods and thirteen links to the place of beginning.

Second:—Part of said lot numbered thirty-three (33) in the South Division of said Houlton, described as follows:—Bounded North by said land formerly owned or occupied by Donald McLeod, east by my said above described homestead lot, south by said Heywood Street and west by said Kellerman Street. Said above premises being same conveyed to me by Isaac H. Davis by his two deeds dated Dec. 29th, 1906 and March, 2nd, 1896, respectively, and respectively recorded in Vol. 113, Page 355 and Vol. 152, Page 281 of Aroostook Registry of Deeds."

Now, therefore the condition in said mortgage is broken by reason whereof said Houlton Trust Company claims a foreclosure of said mortgage and upon this notice for that purpose.

Houlton, December 1, 1919.

HOULTON TRUST COMPANY, by its Attorneys

Archibalds.

ROYAL NEIGHBORS

At the regular meeting of North Star Camp held on Thursday evening at Woodmen Hall the Royal Neighbors elected the following officers to serve for the coming year:

Annie Hutchinson, re-elected as oracle; Agnes Hanagan, vice-oracle; Annie Miller, chancellor; Mabel M. Cates, recorder; Blanche Chamberlain, receiver; Grace Starkey, marshal; Ella Carson, inner sentinel; Catherine Wright, outer sentinel; Dr. Potter, Dr. Bates, Dr. Mann, physicians; Mary Rafford, manager. At the close of the evening refreshments were served and a social hour spent.

THE PERFECT GIFT

The diamond is an imperishable gift it is as lasting as the hills themselves and no gift will be more appreciated. Our exhibit this Christmas contains Solitaires and fancy combinations that excel in beauty and worth. Come early and make your selection.

J. D. PERRY

COLLECTOR'S ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE OF LANDS OF NON RESIDENT OWNERS STATE OF MAINE

Unpaid taxes on lands situated in the Town of Sherman, in the County of Aroostook, for the year 1919.

The following list of taxes on real estate of non-resident owners in the Town of Sherman aforesaid, for the year 1919, committed to me for collection for said Town on the 30th day of June, 1919, remain unpaid; and notice is hereby given that if said taxes with interest and charges are not previously paid, so much of the real estate taxed as is sufficient to pay the amount due therefor, including interest and charges, will be sold without further notice at public auction at Town Hall in said Town, on the first Monday in February, 1920, at nine o'clock A. M.

Name of Owner	Description of Property	Amount of Tax Due Including Interest and Charges
Jos. T. Piper	Starch factory buildings at Sherman Mills on lot 31	\$124.80
John Kelly	House, store, stable and lot on Aroostook road	31.20

JERE O'ROAK, Collector of Taxes of the Town of Sherman

COLLECTOR'S ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE OF LANDS OF NON RESIDENT OWNERS STATE OF MAINE

Unpaid taxes on lands situated in the Town of Oakfield, in the County of Aroostook, for the year 1919.

The following list of taxes on real estate of non-resident owners in the Town of Oakfield aforesaid, for the year 1919, committed to me for collection for said Town on the 6th day of June, 1919, remain unpaid; and notice is hereby given that if said taxes with interest and charges are not previously paid, so much of the real estate taxed as is sufficient to pay the amount due therefor, including interest and charges, will be sold without further notice at public auction at Grange Hall in said Town, on the first Monday in February, 1920, at nine o'clock A. M.

Name of Owner	Description of Property	Amount of Tax Due Including Interest and Charges
Carry B. Stewart	Lot No. 118, acres 119, value \$225	\$113.35
Heirs of D. E. Nelson	West part of Lot No. 95, acres 80, value \$175	9.05
Theodore W. Shields & R. B. Young	North part of Lot No. 120, acres 50, value \$150	7.90

Dated this 15th day of Dec. 1919.

HENRY WRIGHT, Collector of Taxes of the Town of Oakfield

The Great Opportunity for Investors for Maine

The time has come when the Central Maine Power Company can present a Great Opportunity to the people of Maine.

For 20 years the Company has been working along, beginning very small and growing slowly as things grow with us here in the East studying the power situation and its possibilities, adding to its water power holdings and enlarging its market as chances presented themselves. It has gradually increased its revenues and its list of stockholders.

All the while the Company had bided its time and built its organization against the day when a real development of the water powers of Maine for the use of the general public could be begun along cooperative lines.

The time has come and we are ready.

The use of electricity for all sorts and kinds of purposes is increasing in leaps and bounds. The steadily rising cost of fuel and its growing scarcity are forcing power users to turn to electricity generated from water power.

We have the water power. Maine's great industrial opportunity is at hand. We urge you to join with us in working out our plan to meet this situation and to share with us in the profits.

To meet the urgent demand for more water power, the Central Maine Power Company has begun a water-power development at Skowhegan that, when tied into the Company's lines, will more than double its hydro-electric capacity.

When this plant is finished, the Company's most important work to date will have been completed and the intrinsic value of its securities tremendously increased.

As soon as the new development is put in operation it will save the Company approximately \$120,000 a year—the money now spent for coal and for the purchase of power from other companies.

If contracts now under consideration can be secured, the earnings of the Company will advance to \$1,700,000 a year and possibly more. Even if no new contracts are secured, the earnings for 1920 should be right around \$1,500,000.

When the full installation

has been made at the new Skowhegan development 58,000,000 KW will be produced in the average year. If it is all sold at our present average price of \$.018 it will add \$1,040,000 to the gross income of the Company.

Unexpected conditions and circumstances are always springing up, but it seems difficult to see how the Skowhegan development can fail to result in a very large increase in the net earnings of the Company, which Company officials believe will have increased in four years' time by at least \$250,000.

To finance part of this great project, 5,438 shares of 7% Cumulative Preferred Stock have been issued. It is the Company's purpose to offer a participation in the ownership and the profits of this great development first of all to the people in Maine.

The Company officials have the highest confidence in the safety and stability of its preferred stock as an investment. It has paid dividends 52 consecutive times.

The stock stood the test of war and reconstruction days and at a timewhen most similar securities suffered from the effects of the financial disturbance, the price of Central Maine Power Company preferred was maintained at \$107.50 a share. Now that the world is so early ready to emerge into more stable financial conditions and now that the future of hydro-electric companies and especially Central Maine Power Company is so brilliant, due especially to the price and shortage of coal, financial experts believe that this preferred stock offers not only exceptional safety and stability, but also a reasonable chance for appreciation in value.

If a Maine security which drives its income from water, the strikeless coalless source of light heat and power backed by a company ably managed, Maine owned, a security tax exempt in Maine, a legal investment for Maine savings banks—if such a preferred stock appeals to you, you can send your order direct.

The price—\$107.50 a share. The yield—6½% net.

We had hoped to send some salesmen to Aroostook before January 1, but find we can not do so until later; so orders for January 1 delivery must be sent to the home office.

Central Maine Power Co.

Augusta, Maine

HOULTON TRUST COMPANY Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Houlton Trust Company will be held at the Banking Rooms of said Company, Tuesday the 6th day of January, 1920, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Trustees and Executive Board from said Trustees and such business as may legally be done.

Houlton, Me. Dec. 8, 1919.

WILFORD FULLERTON, Treasurer

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors

In the District Court of the United States for the Northern Division of the District of Maine. In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of Emory Donovan, Debtor.

To the creditors of said Emory Donovan, of Carleton in the County of Aroostook and District aforesaid, bankrupt: Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1919, the said Emory Donovan was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Edwin L. Vail, in Houlton, on the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1920, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated at Houlton, December 17th, 1919.

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Dated at Houlton, December 17th,

OF LOCAL INTEREST

Theo. J. Fox was in Presque Isle several days last week on business. Miss Della Whittier went to Boston Friday to spend the holidays with relatives.

Carl C. Gray, who has been spending 10 days in Boston, returned home Friday noon.

Mrs. Charles G. Lunt has returned home from a week's visit with relatives in Canterbury, N. B.

Larry Carroll returned home last Wednesday from a 10 days vacation which he spent in Boston.

Hon. and Mrs. R. W. Shaw returned last week from Boston, where they visited their daughter Mrs. Larkin.

Guy C. Porter was called to Augusta last week to attend a Fertilizer hearing in which his company is interested.

The annual Christmas Vesper service will be held as usual next Sunday afternoon at the Congregational church at 4 P. M.

H. B. Crawford and wife were passengers on Monday morning train for Bangor to attend the session of the Maine State Grange.

The Houlton Ice Co.'s teams are delivering to customers each day ice during this winter. It is good quality but not over 6 inches thick.

Mrs. L. H. Brockway leaves this week for Portland, where she will spend the holidays with her husband, who has a fine position there.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Burke have returned to their home in Boston after a month's visit with Mrs. Burke's parents. Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Whittier.

Geo. Davis of Gardiner, Maine is visiting his brother-in-law, Geo. McNair, coming here to accompany his wife home, having been here for treatment.

The Odd Fellows social held Friday evening at their hall was well attended and a good time is reported. Music for the dancing was furnished by Miss Smith and Niles.

A special Advent Service will be held in the Church of the Good Shepherd next Thursday evening at 7.30. Preacher, Rev. E. M. Willer, Rector of Caribou.

G. B. Churchill went up country Wednesday, joining Mr. A. S. Black and E. J. Hosen of the Black Theatres Inc. on a business trip connected with their new corporation.

Hon. Chas. P. Barnes has announced his candidacy as a delegate to the Republican National Convention to be held in Chicago June 8, from the Fourth Maine district.

The many Houlton friends of Fred D. Goud of Van Buren will be interested to know that he is gradually recovering from an operation at the Presque Isle hospital.

Mrs. H. E. Ring of Auburn, who has been in town during the past two weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Cosseboom, Cleveland street returned home last week.

Rev. A. M. Thompson was unable to occupy his pulpit at the Congregational church on Sunday last. Prof. Stover of Ricker delivered a very interesting sermon, in taking Mr. Thompson's place.

Herbert L. Rand of the Pickering Boys School in Salem, Mass., has purchased the sporting camps at Eagle Lake, which are known as Cooper's Camps and will conduct them for the benefit of the public.

Houlton Tent K. O. T. M. held a meeting in the Woodman Hall Friday evening, with a good attendance. State Deputy Ward was present and addressed the meeting on matters pertaining to the good of the Order.

Miss Eva Hackett of this town, who went to New York City last summer to study for the stage, has been very successful in her chosen vocation. She is now playing at the Capitol Theatre in New York City and is taking a prominent part, according to a Houlton man who witnessed the performance: A Musical Revue, with a 70 piece orchestra.

Gordon Hagerman is in Boston on business.

Miss Virginia Donnell spent a few days last week in Davidson with friends.

Robert D. Clark of Bangor is in town for a few days calling on old friends.

A large number of Houlton Grangers are in Bangor this week attending the annual meeting.

Yarn for knitting may be obtained from the Red Cross rooms at \$2.45 per pound, in light gray and natural colors.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Stuart of Bangor are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a 9 pound girl, Dec. 12, 1919.

Friends of Miss Bertha Dow, who recently submitted to an operation for appendicitis at the Madigan hospital, will be glad to learn that she was able to return to her home on Bangor street Tuesday.

Aroostook L. O. L. No. 211 will hold a special meeting on Monday evening, December 22. Election of officers and other business will be brought before the Lodge. A full attendance is desired. Refreshments.

Dobbins & Dobbins whose garage has been located in the rear of the Snell House for the past two years, have removed to a building on Military street near Kendall street, where they will continue to do repairing.

Christian Science Services held each Sunday at 11 A. M., Presbyterian church, Dec. 21st, subject: "Is the Universe, Including Man, Enveloped by Atomic Force?" Wednesday at 7.30 P. M. Testimonial Service. Cordial welcome to all.

The Congregational Ladies' Circle will meet with Mrs. Fred Hall, on Friday afternoon. This will be the annual meeting, at which officers will be chosen for the coming year. A good attendance is requested. Don't forget the day, Friday instead of Wednesday.

Mrs. Cora M. Putnam returned home Saturday from Augusta, where she attended a school of instruction for the R. N. of A. Mrs. Putnam is State Camp V. Oracle and responded to the address of welcome given by one of the local officers of Lombard Camp of that city.

Mrs. Chas. P. Barnes' Sunday school class will conduct a social and sale of candy and Japanese novelties at the Court street Baptist church on Thursday evening of this week. All the Baptists and their friends, both old and young, are invited to come and enjoy the good time.

A surprise was given Mr. and Mrs. Horace Bither at their home on Columbia street last Saturday evening, in honor of their 20th Anniversary. About 25 relatives and friends were present. They were presented with several pieces of hand painted china. Delicious refreshments of ice cream and cake were served, friends leaving before 12 and wishing Mr. and Mrs. Bither many returns of the day.

CONSOLIDATED RENDERING COMPANY

40 North Market Street
Boston, Mass., Dec. 2, 1919.
Mr. T. L. Marshall,
Fort Fairfield, Maine.

Dear Sir:—
No doubt you will be pleased to note that we have two small shipments of German High Grade Muriate of Potash on vessel now in New York Harbor.

This is a portion of an order for 4000 tons which we have placed with the Syndicate. We are reserving all this High Grade German Muriate of Potash that we receive for our Aroostook County trade the coming season, using none other.

Yours respectfully,
CONSOLIDATED RENDERING COMPANY
H. W. Heath,
Adv. Manager

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT

November Term, 1919. To be held at Houlton, Nov. 18, 1919.

HON. GEO. M. HANSON, Justice Presiding.
Michael M. Clark, Clerk
Walter B. Clark Deputy Clerk.

The following sentences were pronounced at the last session of the S. J. Court, which adjourned last week.

The case of State vs. Charles F. Cyr on charge of manslaughter was not tried. The respondent pleaded guilty. This was an action brought by the state charging the respondent with driving a car while under the influence of liquor and while driving his auto running over a young man by the name of Currier, of Caribou, aged about 20 years, and resulting in the young man's death. The sentence was nine months in the county jail.

Walter Parsons and Horace F. Russell on charge of breaking, entering and larceny at several sporting camps. The sentence for Parsons was 30 days, he having already been confined in the county jail over two months. Russell who has been out on bail was given three months. Everything taken had been returned.

Bickford of New Hampshire, charged with larceny, having served over four months already and being ill, was sent back to his home.

Leonard Smith of New Brunswick on charge of forgery of a small check, having served six months in county jail and being only 18 years of age, was also allowed to go, the count being placed on file.

William McCarthy for larceny of watch was given 30 days in county jail.

Timothy Page for abusing a horse, while under the influence of liquor, was sentenced to 30 days in jail.

The following divorces were granted: Minnie Grant from George D. Grant; Mary G. Smith from Franklin Smith; Amber A. Currier from William E. Currier.

Esther Pluard from Thomas W. Pluard.

Virginia M. Shattuck from Walter B. Shattuck.

Maud McKeen from William McKeen.

James A. Haney from Carrie S. Haney.

Lula P. Rockwell from William W. Rockwell.

Carrie E. Burtchell from James H. Burtchell.

Beulah Henderson from Lewis Henderson.

Mary A. Goodger from William H. Goodger.

Ethel A. Tapley from Edward Tapley.

Linnie V. Small from Lerastus Small.

Ruth Manley from Roy L. Manley.

Leslie C. Porter from Lula V. Porter.

Letitia Happeney from Peter E. Happeney.

Alice E. Seames from William G. Seames.

Margaret Dunford from Benjamin J. Dunford.

Maude Tibbetts from Benjamin W. Tibbetts.

Pearl Gentle from Edwin B. Gentle.

Carrie H. Merrithew from L. Merrithew.

Laura L. Stinson from Edwin W. Stinson.

William H. Nickerson from Elsie N. Nickerson.

Lydia Fewer from Patrick Fewer.

Inez I. Davis from Ulpie Davis.

Etta M. Bolstridge from Eben F. Bolstridge.

Addie K. Fletcher from Burney Fletcher.

Gladys Thibault from Hallett Thibault.

Martha J. Kearney from Hillial K. Kearney.

Harvey Furge from Della M. Furge.

Ethel E. Springer from Howard G. Springer.

Edward F. Rafford from Mamie F. Rafford.

Olive Brown from Barney Brown.

Minigrey Maines from William J. Maines.

Velma M. Chandler from Emmons R. Chandler.

POPULAR SONG HIT

Quite a pretty song is now the vogue in New York. It is a very plain, home-like affair, in which the lovelorn laddie finds his ideal in a beautiful girl. The idea seems to take with the fair sex, for they eagerly pay their little dime for copies of the music. Here is a portion of the chorus:



DEAR HEART

CHORUS.
Dear heart, don't you know, my
Dear heart, don't you know, my
Dear heart, don't you know, my
Dear heart, don't you know, my
Dear heart, don't you know, my
Dear heart, don't you know, my
Dear heart, don't you know, my
Dear heart, don't you know, my
Dear heart, don't you know, my
Dear heart, don't you know, my

Although this song is written with a high note, quite an effect is obtained by the simplicity of the arrangement. Orchestras are using the Happeney melody as a waltz. This can be had Alice E. Seames from William G. Seames nos.

USEFUL XMAS GIFTS

BOYS' WORK OR DRESS SHOES
\$3.28 to \$6.48

WOMEN'S DRESS OR COMFORT SHOES
\$3.98 and \$4.68

MEN'S WORK OR DRESS SHOES
\$3.68 to \$9.98
NO SHOES OVER \$10.00

HOULTON SHOE HOSPITAL

Exchange Bldg. 18 Court St.

AN UP-TO-DATE

Fish Market

Having taken over the business of the Bar Harbor Sea Food Co. we shall carry in stock

Fresh Fish of Every Kind

Cod, Haddock, Mackerel, Halibut, Smelts, Lobsters, Clams, Oysters, Salmon, Finnan Haddie and Scallops. We have arrivals every day direct from the fishermen.

All are strictly fresh and ready to use
Special attention to Parcel Post Orders

McEachern & Stanley Co.

— Successors to Bar Harbor Sea Food Company —

Telephone 45

Daily Delivery

SLIPPERS

For Christmas

We have the largest assortment this season we ever had. Men's, Women's & Children's Felt and Moccasin Slippers--Best Gift Out--Useful and nice, always acceptable

Palmer's Shoe Store

BARGAINS

Men's hand knit mittens, Boys' wool gloves, Men's heavy oversocks, Boys' oversocks, Boys' knit caps, Boys' winter overcoats, Boys' rubbers, Men's fur caps.

FOX BROS. CO

\$1700.00

\$1700 buys a comfortable home with suitable place for auto or horse, good cellar, large lot of land 66x165 feet just the place to raise garden truck. Only 10 minutes walk to Square. Worth a great deal more but must be sold at once. Don't wait come at once and get a real bargain.

FOX BROS. CO

Real Estate and Life Insurance

Geraldine Farrar

By arrangement, Morris Gest
Appears in photo-plays produced by

Jesse L. Lasky Feature Play Co.



AT THE DREAM Program Week of Dec. 15 '19

WEDNESDAY
MADGE KENNEDY in
"THE FAIR PRETENDER"

THURSDAY
BRYANT WASHBURN in
"LOVE INSURANCE"
Ye Old Time Dance at the Heywood

FRIDAY
GERALDINE FARRAR and
WALLACE REID in
"MARIA ROSA"
14th Episode of "The Lightning Raider"

SATURDAY
JACK PICKFORD in
"GREAT EXPECTATIONS"
ROSCOE (Fatty) ARBUCKLE in
"THE SHERIFF"
15th Episode of "The Lightning Raider"

"The Mystery of the Yellow Room"
Starts Monday for a Three Days Run.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next week.

"DOC" REIMER IS AT THE DRUMS

Special for Friday
Geraldine Farrar
and
Wallace Reid
in
"Maria Rosa"

Paramount Pictures Corporation
OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY
NEW YORK, N.Y.

The
trade
mark

Paramount
Picture

that
stands
for
quality

This Christmas "Say It with Flowers"

WONDER how many of us there are who have the real Christmas spirit and the suggestive idea of Christmas Giving. How often do we thoughtlessly and even unwillingly convey in our giving, the sentiment of "Had to give something", when that was far from our desire; but we had to give something, so we got "something" and let it go at that.

When you come to that point where you do not know just what some friend may appreciate for a gift, allow me to suggest that you think of Flowers or Plants as a solution. There is nothing that can take their place as a gift, for their beautiful and joyous faces radiate the feelings, the real Christmas spirit you wish to accompany all Christmastide greetings.

Let me ask you to consider how attractive is a Primrose, a Christmas Cherry, a Cyclamen, a Fernery, or a beautiful bunch of cut flowers, and how appropriate as a gift.

My greenhouses are now full of choice plants and blooms, and I invite your inspection.

I have some extra nice Laurel Wreath in large and small sizes.

Chadwick

100 W. High St.
Houlton, Maine

CHURCH SERVICES

Free Baptist
 Rev. Mr. Jenkins, Pastor.
 Morning service at 10:30 A. M.
 Sunday school at 12:00 M.
 Young People's meeting 6:00 P. M.
 Evening service at 7:00 P. M.
 Special music by choir.
 Choir practice Monday nights.
 All are cordially invited to come and hear the Rev. Mr. Jenkins.
 Tuesday night church prayer and praise service.

Church of the Good Shepherd, Houlton, Maine

Rev. H. Scott Smith, Rector.
SUNDAY SERVICES
 Holy Communion at 8 A. M. also on the first Sunday in the month at 10:30.

Morning Prayer and sermon at 10:30.
 Sunday School at 2:30.
 Evening Prayer and sermon at 7:30.

First Baptist

Court St.
 Rev. Henry C. Speed, pastor.
 10:30 morning worship with sermon.
 12:00 Bible School with classes for men and women.

4 P. M. Junior Christian Endeavor.
 7:00 gospel song service and sermon.
 8:00 Aftermeeting.

Tuesday evening at 7:30 mid-week prayer service.

Choir rehearsal each Tuesday evening at the close of the regular prayer meeting.

First Congregational

Rev. A. M. Thompson, pastor.
 Morning service at 10:30.
 S. S. at 11:45.

Junior C. E. Society at 2:30 P. M.
 Senior C. E. Society at 6:30 P. M.
 Prayer meetings Tuesday evening at 7:45.

Methodist Episcopal

Military St.
 Rev. Thomas Whiteside, Pastor.
 Public worship at 10:30 A. M.

The Sunday School at noon has organized classes for men and women.

Junior League meeting and class for preparatory members at 3:00 p. m.

Epworth League meeting at 6:15 p. m.

Praise and Preaching, at 7:00.

Prof. J. H. Lindsay, organist and choir master.

Prayer meeting at 7:30 Tuesday evening.

Christian Science

Sunday Service at Presbyterian Church, 11 A. M.

FIRST CHURCH OF HOULTON

Unitarian

Military Street at Kelleran
 Preaching Service regularly every alternate Sunday at 10:30 a. m.

In December on the 14th and 28th
 Sunday School every Sunday at 12:00

Dwight F. Mowery, Minister

114 Court Street Tel. 186-W

33,000,000 CAME TO U. S.

"High hope for the proposed Americanism program is held out by a study of the remarkable way the United States has absorbed the amazingly large foreign element of its population," says a bulletin from the National Geographic Society.

In describing the volume of this influx, not generally realized, which was halted by the European war, the bulletin quotes from a communication to the society as follows:

"Who can estimate our debt to immigration? Thirty-three million people have made the long voyage from alien shores to our own since it was proclaimed that all men are born free and equal, and liberty's eternal fire was kindled first on American soil! It is as if half the former German empire should embark for America, or all of pre-war England except for the county of Kent. It is as if all the population of all the states of the United States west of the Mississippi, plus that of Alabama, should have come boldly to America.

"History records no similar movement of population which in rapidity or volume can equal this. Compared to it the hordes that invaded Europe from Asia, great and enormous as they were, were insignificant.

"Of the 33,000,000 who have come, more than 14,000,000 still live with us, and their children and children's children are now in good truth bone of our bone and blood of our blood.

"Not long ago America crossed the hundred-million line in the number of its citizens, and it is interesting to note the composition of that population.

"To begin with, there are 11,000,000 colored people, including Negroes, Indians, Chinese, etc. Then there are 14,500 people of foreign birth among us. In addition to these, there are 14,000,000 children of foreign-born fathers and mothers and 6,500,000 children of foreign-born fathers and native mothers, or vice versa. When all of these have been deducted from the 100,000,000 only 54,000,000 remain of full white native ancestry.

"Yet the 35,000,000 American people who are of foreign stock—that is, foreign born or the children of a foreign-born parent—include some of the most illustrious citizens of our republic. Even the President of the United States himself has only one ancestor who was born in America, and the list is long and notable of statesmen, captains of industry, leaders of finance, inventors, makers of literature and progress, who have strains of blood not more than one generation on this side of the sea.

"An examination of the statistics of American immigration shows that since the foundation of our government the United Kingdom of Great

Britain and Ireland has contributed 8,400,000 of her people and Germany more than 6,000,000. Ireland with more than 4,000,000; Great Britain with a little less than 4,000,000 and Scandinavia, with something less than 2,000,000 have together with Germany, contributed more than half of the total immigration to our shores since the beginning of the Revolutionary war.

"When we take the German immigration of the United States between 1776 and 1890 and compare it with that from other countries, a somewhat startling result, and one usually unsuspected, is disclosed. The total arrivals of aliens in those 114 years aggregated 15,689,000, of whom more than 6,000,000 were British and Irish and 5,125,000 were Germans, which shows that one alien out of every three arriving in America during more than a century of our existence was a German. Only the United Kingdom shows a greater production.

"Since 1890 the trend has been very different. With more than 17,000,000 immigrant arrivals since that date, only 1,023,000 have been Germans. If from his number a proper deduction is made for those who returned to their home-land and those who have died since their arrival, it will be seen that there are fewer than a million former subjects of the Kaiser in this country who have not been here more than 29 years. Of more than 8,000,000 people of German birth and immediate ancestry among us, less than 1,000,000 fail to have the background of birth or long residence in America behind them.

"It is interesting to note the other foreign elements that have entered into the make-up of American population since 1776. What a wealth of blood that wonderful little island, Ireland, has given us! More Irish people have crossed the seas to become part of us than have remained behind. It is remarkable that so small an island—smaller, indeed, than the state of Maine—could in a century and a half send us enough people to duplicate the present population of our states having an aggregate area as large as the United Kingdom. France, Germany and Austria-Hungary together.

"Austria-Hungary stands next on the list of contributors to the immigrant stream that has flowed from Europe to America. Although Austro-Hungarians began to immigrate in considerable numbers only when the arrival from western Europe had begun to fall off, sufficient have come from the dual monarchy to populate the state of Texas to its present density. Italy has sent us enough of her people to duplicate the population of Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Oregon, Nevada, Utah, Colorado, Arizona and New Mexico, while England's and Scotland's contribution, 3,889,000 in all, together with Ireland's 4,500,000 gives a total of 8,389,000, or plenty to populate all the states lying west of Texas and the Dakotas. The Russians who have come to our shores number 3,419,000. They could replace one-half of the population of New England."

NO QUITTING WORK NOW

We suppose there are many who set out, perhaps 20 years ago, to save \$20,000, an amount which at 5 per cent would net \$1000 a year—an income upon which an elderly couple could then live without great sacrifice of pride or comfort. But what \$1000 would buy in 1900 and what it will buy now are great in their difference. There is nothing for the man to do but to keep the pack on his shoulder and abandon that picture of the pleasant autumn of life which was his stimulant in his years of thrift.

Meanwhile the man hears their cries crying that the high prices have come because earnings rise to meet them. Earnings of men beyond three scores, bookkeepers and clerks and little storekeepers? Not on your efficient life, professor! Meanwhile, also, the man sees the administration fussing around the edges of the food problem and never touching the base. He sees the administration putting out a list of fair food prices which has no result except mirth on the part of the grocer and the butcher. He sees stupidity and extravagance paid for with taxes; and he pays the taxes.

Then the man looks at his bank book or his railroad stock, and he, too, would like to laugh, but the joke on him is too ghastly. No golf or elvish improvement for him. Back to the old stool!



ONCE IN YOUR LIFE
 you are in extreme danger.
 If that cough goes to your lungs,—What Then?

KEMP'S BALSAM
 might have prevented this illness and expense.

STOP THAT COUGH NOW
 with
KEMP'S BALSAM
 Guaranteed.

NATIONAL BLUE SKY

LAW IS PROBABLE

Alarmed by the multitude of fake and fly-by-night promotions get-rich-quick schemes which are menacing the investment market and making capital scarce for legitimate development projects, Congress is preparing to enact a National "blue sky" law at this session.

President Wilson has called upon Congress for such a law in his message on the high cost of living. He urged the passing of this measure, saying: "There is a bill now pending before the Congress which, if passed, would do much to stop speculation and to prevent the fraudulent methods of promotion by which our people are annually fleeced of many millions of hard earned money. I refer to the measure proposed by the capital issues committee for the control of securities issues. It is a measure formulated by men who know the actual conditions of business and its adoption would serve a great and beneficial purpose."

Many thousands of Government employees struggling along on meager salaries are being induced by luring prospectus to make investments in these fake or highly speculative stock-selling schemes. The officials in every Government department have heard of hundreds of such cases. The Liberty bonds which all Government workers bought are being lost in this way, as a number of the promotions schemes do a land office business in swapping the speculative stocks for the bonds behind which the Government stands.

The Treasury department has issued repeated warnings against such stock deals and Houston Thompson, a Federal trade commissioner, has made a campaign, speaking before a number of large organizations on this subject.

One statistician in the Government service, has figured out that there are 44,800 companies whose stocks and bonds are practically "mere scraps of paper" and this does not begin to reach the total of defunct corporations promoted within the last three years.

World's Work recently listed the names of 1,086 of the worst of these stock-selling schemes. Oil promotion ventures that are considered by Government experts to be "not worth the paper on which they are printed," have a capitalization of \$486,000,000. All sorts of industrial organizations have recently been floated and are selling their paper right and left, with a capital of more than a billion dollars. Mining promotions are listed at about the same figures.

In the special session of Congress the House made a start on legislation to curb this swindling of the public. Representative Edward T. Taylor of Colorado, who has a wide and sympathetic interest and experience in mining developments, and who is desirous of fostering legitimate, honest development of oil prospects in his home state, is father of a bill on which extensive hearings have been held by the judiciary committee. Secretary Glass of the Treasury Department, Paul V. Keyser, representing the Investment Bankers Association of America, and others prominent in the financial field strongly urged passage of this measure.

With the support of Government departments and agencies and legitimate investment enterprises Representative Taylor proposes to press this measure for passage as early as possible in the session which opens today.

MEXICAN BORDER SMUGGLERS

Prevention of smuggling on the border is a problem which has not been satisfactorily solved. The United States custom force is small and inadequate. At Presidio, Texas, for instance, smuggling is the chief occupation of many of the Mexicans on both the American and Mexican sides of the Rio Grande—it is their livelihood.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE

Whereas Frank H. Murphy of Fort Fairfield, in the County of Aroostook and State of Maine, by his mortgage deed dated March 6, 1912, recorded in Aroostook Registry of Deeds, Volume 259, Page 280, conveyed to me, the undersigned, certain real estate situated in said Fort Fairfield being a portion of the south half of lot numbered sixteen (16) according to Gardner's survey of the west half of Plymouth Grant township north of the Aroostook River, reference to said mortgage deed or to the record thereof being hereby expressly had for a more particular description of said premises and whereas the condition of said mortgage has been broken, now therefore by reason of the breach of the condition thereof, I claim a foreclosure of said mortgage.

Dated at Fort Fairfield, Maine, November 25, 1919.

HEIRBERT W. TRAFONT, By his Attorney, M. P. Roberts.

stance, smuggling is the chief occupation of many of the Mexicans on both the American and Mexican sides of the Rio Grande—it is their livelihood. Though not especially profitable, and certainly an occupation fraught with great personal risk, it seems to be an attractive trade, for the Mexican would rather "put one over" the Customs Inspector than eat tortillas. His wares in this line are sotol and mesquite, native liquors with a taste like gasoline and an effect warranted to dispossess mental faculties.

Smuggling of sotol is accomplished in devious ways, sometimes the Mexican women and children aiding the men. There was a case of two inspectors who after a long wait, lying flat on the ground, saw a big Mexican who was suspected hide something behind a stack of wheat. They arrested the man, who seemed not in the least perturbed, and then inspected the wheat stack, which concealed a gallon jug of sotol.

The hacquele where the Mexican lived was also searched. The Mexican mother with a but full of children was perfectly calm, but it was noted that she called a 10-year-old child to her side. Later the child was discovered creeping along close to the wall toward the door. He was clutching in his stomach a pint bottle of sotol.

In another case a Mexican, after swimming the river floating a keg of sotol, which he steered with one arm, landed on this side, where several American soldiers happened to be strolling along the bank. The sight of the armed Americans filled the Mexican with terror, and he deserted his keg "pronto," and swam back to his own country.

Quite often the inspectors make seizures at a "baile," or on some occasions they have been successful in attending a wedding. At these jollifications there is always sotol or mesquite hidden away. Toward morning, for they dance all night, the revelers become so intoxicated with liquor that they forget to be discreet and it is not difficult to follow one of them to his jug.

These border Mexicans have a device for carrying wood on their burros. It is made of a branch of willow bent into a circle with strips of hide or rope fastened to it forming a network in basket shape. One basket is balanced on each side of the donkey, with wood piled high. Bottles of liquor are often concealed among the wood, topped usually by bundles of grass.

FRENCH TENANTS

TO SIT TIGHT

Sitting back lazily in his chair the tenant in France can smile and leisurely puff away on a cigarette while the irate landlord demands him to vacate. Even an expired lease will cause him no worry. He can continue

French Says
EATONIC
 (FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH)

Instantly relieves Heartburn, Bloating, Gas, Sour Stomach, Indigestion, and all stomach troubles. Aids digestion and appetite. Keeps stomach sweet and strong. Increases vitality and pep. EATONIC is the best remedy. Tens of thousands wonderfully benefited. Only costs a cent or two a day to use. Positively guaranteed to please or we will refund money. Get a big box today. You will see.

For Sale by O. F. French & Son
 Houlton, Maine

to laugh until President Poincare formally decrees the "cessation of hostilities." At which time the tenant may start worrying, although he has two years after that date before he need move to another apartment.

Of course the tenant has to keep up payment of rent. But the lease cannot be terminated until two years after the formal ending of the war. Many here are in France who consider this war measure of France as the one thing that will keep a roof over their heads until October, 1921.

Most of the French people live in apartments which they have leased for a period from one to 20 years. In ordinary times the landlord was required to give six months' notice to a tenant if he desired the apartment vacated. War and its sequels have made many landlords desire to change tenants or at least force them to a new lease with greatly increased rent. Hence a law was passed enabling tenants to keep their apartments after their lease expired, and in spite of the landlord's will, two full years after the legal cessation of hostilities.

Political economists and moralists say the law is all wrong. Property is property and such a law prevents the proprietor from doing what he wants with his property. But such arguments do not impress the tenant who is enjoying the protection given under the law.

One case may be cited where a tenant had been paying rent for 15 years in an apartment. At the time of the signing of the armistice, the landlord sent him a notice that to keep the apartment he must agree to pay higher rent, release the landlord from obligations of heating the house during the winter and accept a lease for only three months' time. In other words he was liable to be ousted every three months to make way for a tenant who would pay a little higher rent. Such a notice from the landlord was legal under the old law, but the tenant merely sent word by a return messenger that he would take advantage of the war-time measure. Now the tenant and his fellow-tenants have even agreed to serve a

sheriff's notice on the hapless proprietor if he fails to heed the apartment this winter.

There are other war-time regulations in France which will be affected by the legal ending of the war. The government controls the importation of all foreign articles. This measure will continue for four or six months—even longer in some cases—after the president's declaration. Should prices for farm products and other things not adjust themselves the government may continue to hold power as in war times.

The French Parliament itself is only holding over in virtue of extra constitutional war powers. Necessity, rather than law, keeps deputies and two-thirds of the senators in office, as their legal term has long since expired. Many French people believe that the elections following the president's decree will put things to right in the country.

Now the treaty has been ratified in the French Parliament, President Poincare will declare the legal end of the war.

KNOCKS OUT PAIN THE FIRST ROUND

Comforting relief from pain makes Sloan's the World's Liniment

This famous reliever of rheumatic aches, soreness, stiffness, painful sprains, neuralgic pains, and most other external twinges that humanity suffers from, enjoys its great sales because it practically never fails to bring speedy, comforting relief. Always ready for use, it takes little to penetrate without rubbing and produce results. Clean, refreshing. At all drug stores. 35c, 70c, \$1.40.

Sloan's
 Liniment
 Keep it handy

Will Not be One Day Without

PE-RU-NA

This Lady TELLS Her FRIENDS

Mrs. Mary Fricke, 507 Bornman St., Belleville, Ill., is just one of the many thousands of ladies throughout the country who, after an agony of years, have at last found health, strength and vigor in PE-RU-NA.

Her own words tell of her suffering and recovery better than we can do it: "I suffered with my stomach, had awful cramps and headaches so I often could not lay on a pillow. Saw your book, tried PE-RU-NA and got good results from the first bottle. To be sure of a cure I took twelve bottles. I have recommended PE-RU-NA to my friends and all are well pleased with results. I will not be one day without PE-RU-NA. Have not had a doctor since I started with PE-RU-NA, which was about fifteen years ago. I am now sixty-three years old, hale, hearty and well. Can do as much work as my daughters. I feel strong and healthy and weigh near two hundred pounds. Before, I weighed as little as one hundred. I hope lots of people use PE-RU-NA and get the results I did." An experience like that of Mrs. Fricke is an inspiration to every sick and suffering woman.

If you have catarrh, whether it be of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, or other organs, PE-RU-NA is the remedy. It is not new; it is not an experiment. PE-RU-NA has been tried. PE-RU-NA has been used by thousands who once were sick and are now well. To prevent coughs, colds, grip and influenza and to hasten recovery there is nothing better.

PE-RU-NA will improve the appetite and digestion, purify the blood, soothe the irritated mucous linings, eradicate the waste material and corruption from the system. It will tone up the nerves, give you health, strength, vigor and the joy of living. Do what Mrs. Mary Fricke and thousands more have done—try PE-RU-NA. You will be glad, happy, thankful.

Tablet or Liquid. Sold Everywhere.

Camel
 CIGARETTES

CAMELS supply cigarette contentment beyond anything you ever experienced! You never tasted such full-bodied mellow-mildness; such refreshing, appetizing flavor and coolness. The more Camels you smoke the greater becomes your delight—Camels are such a cigarette revelation!

Everything about Camels you find so fascinating is due to their quality—to the expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos.

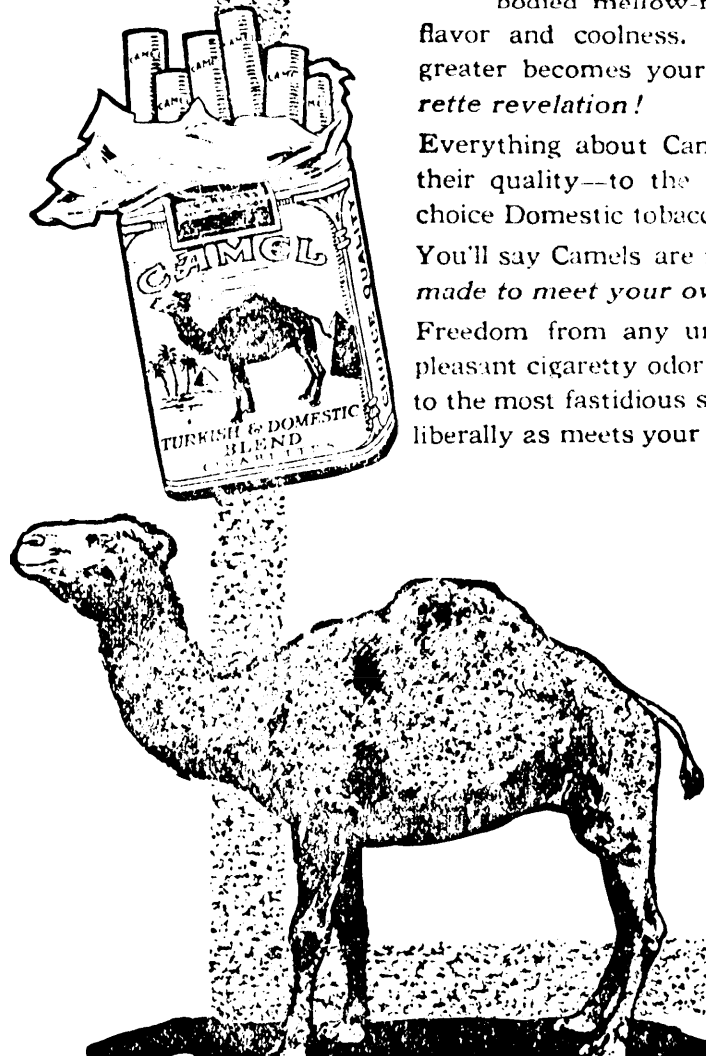
You'll say Camels are in a class by themselves—they seem made to meet your own personal taste in so many ways!

Freedom from any unpleasant cigarette after-taste or unpleasant cigarette odor makes Camels particularly desirable to the most fastidious smokers. And, you smoke Camels as liberally as meets your own wishes, for they never tire your taste! You are always keen for the cigarette satisfaction that makes Camels so attractive. Smokers realize that the value is in the cigarettes and do not expect premiums or coupons!

Compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price!

Camels are sold every where in the world. The leading cigarette brand in the United States and Canada. (200 cigarettes) in a "tossing-paper" covered carton. 35c. Strictly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.

R.J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY
 Winston-Salem, N. C.



PORTO RICANS

SHOW PROGRESS

Progress has marked the first 20 years of American administration in Porto Rico, in the opinion of Gov. Arthur Yager. The changes have been so remarkable, he adds, as to be without parallel.

These 20 years of American administration ended in April last. In a statement reviewing them, Gov. Yager said:

Greater Progress Coming

"These two decades of progress made by Porto Rico under the American flag, taken altogether, constitute a record which I believe cannot be equaled by any people anywhere in the world in the same length of time. It is a record creditable alike to the Porto Ricans themselves and to the great free republic to which they owe allegiance. Much of it is due to the liberality and generous aid of the American government and people, but most of the credit is due to the splendid co-operation of the Porto Ricans themselves. Without their co-operation little of this progress could have been made, but the people of the island have eagerly availed themselves of every opportunity offered them for improvement."

"With patriotic devotion to their island and with real aspirations for progress, they have made a quick response to all the changes that were necessary for development. In politics and government, in education, in commerce and industry, in social and moral improvement, they have offered their co-operation and aid to the forces that have made for betterment. This is the simple truth as to the past, and this is the best augury for the future. It seems easy to predict that, barring untoward and unexpected events, the next two decades will see even more wonderful progress and development."

"In the 20 years under American administration a public debt has been created, which at the present time is a little more than \$10,000,000. On the other hand, permanent public improvements have been built which are of lasting benefit to all of the people, both for the present and of the future."

No Graft or Waste

Against the public debt of \$10,056,000 there have been expenditures for permanent public improvements amounting to \$15,626,386—or more than \$1.50 in permanent improvements for each \$1 debt. This includes expenditures of \$6,490,982 for roads and bridges \$4,218,404 for public buildings and \$4,917,000 for an irrigation system. The cost of many minor improvements, including municipal water works, sewers and lighting systems, the Insular Telegraph and other items, aggregating many millions of dollars, are not included in these figures, although much of the municipal indebtedness is included in the public debt.

"In the face of a statement like this," says the Governor, "there is no room for charges of graft or waste or extravagance," and he points out that there are many larger countries today having four times the public debt and not half so much to show for the money."

School System Enlarged

Educational conditions today, when compared with what is to be desired, are as gratifying, although when compared with what is to be desired are still depressing. There has been created in Porto Rico a modern demo-

cratic school system offering free education to the children of the island. As a result of this system of instruction the percentage of adult illiteracy has been reduced from 79.9 in 1899 to less than 60 per cent. in 1919.

In 1899 there were 21,873 children attending schools as compared with 160,794 children in 1919-20. The number of teachers has increased from 525 to 2984. There were no public school buildings 20 years ago. Now there are 529. The expenditure for schools 20 years ago was \$288,098 and for 1918-19 the school appropriation was \$2,467,703.

In 1899 there were 169 miles of completed insular roads, now the island has 721 miles of road.

The courts are now administering practically an American system of justice. The public health service has been built up and health conditions "tremendously improved." A modern system of taxation has been developed. Wages are declared to have been increased and the condition of labor much improved.

"The large floating municipal debt, which in 1909 amounted to \$501,128, has completely disappeared," says the governor, "and now all the municipalities close their financial operations each year with cash surpluses on hand, while during the earlier period only debts remained."

HELIUM ONLY SAFE

GAS FOR BALLOONS

The navy department is building at Fort Worth, Tex., a huge plant for the manufacture of helium gas. The output will be for the use of the army and navy to fill war balloons.

It takes about 40,000 cubic feet of gas to fill an ordinary observation balloon, such as employed for directing gun fire. For a big military dirigible the requirement is from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 cubic feet.

Hence the obvious importance of making the stuff cheap. A year and a half ago it cost \$1700 a cubic foot to manufacture. Later, it came down to \$80. Today, it is very much cheaper; but nobody will say how much it costs, because of rapid change as processes are developed.

Natural gas in the region about Fort Worth contains 2½ per cent. helium. Thus, there is plenty of it, but the problem is to separate it without too much expense. Experiments have hardly more than begun, and experts think that possibly helium gas may yet be made available at 25 cents per 1000 cubic feet.

If this can be brought about within the next few years we shall live to see regular air lines of dirigible balloons operating, for freight and passenger service, between New York and Chicago and 'twixt other important points, even clear across the continent.

The air we breathe contains one part in 25,000 of helium. There is a good deal of it in volcanic gases. Barring hydrogen, it is the lightest of known substances. Reduced to a liquid, it is colorless. As a solid it would look like so much clear glass, but as yet it has not been brought to that condition.

A mixture of 85 per cent. helium gas and 15 per cent. hydrogen (contemplated for all-round airship use) has over 93 per cent. of the lifting power of hydrogen. One thousand cubic feet of it will lift 70 pounds. It is stored in steel cylinders under great pressure, each cylinder containing 200 cubic feet of gas. The wastage through fabrics is half that of hydrogen. It will burn and cannot explode.

Dirigible balloons in the war were rendered of small account by incendiary projectiles, which set them on fire. One spark, to ignite the hydrogen, and the biggest airship became almost instantly a mass of flame. Observation balloons, ordinarily stationed four miles behind the firing line, were fairly safe from gunfire, but often succumb-

ed to incendiary bullets discharged from airplanes.

All He Asked.

They were standing outside the front door having a final chat after his evening call.

He was leaning against the door-post, talking in low, distant tones, she

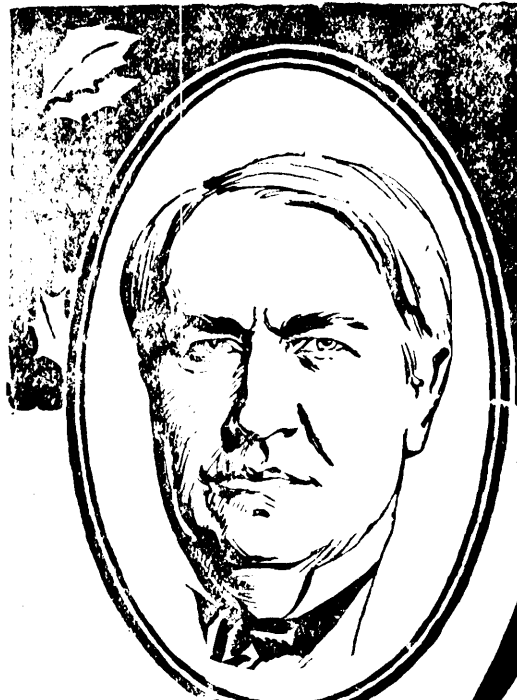
was listening and gazing up rapturously into his eyes.

Suddenly she turned round. The door had opened; and there, just inside, stood her father clad in a dress- ing-gown.

"My dear father," she asked, "what is the matter?"

Her father ignored her question.

"John," he said, addressing the young man, "you know I've never complained about your staying late, and I'm not going to complain now; but, for goodness' sake, stop leaning against the door-push. Other people have to go to bed even if you don't."



Thomas A. Edison wants to give you

an Amberola Christmas

Read This Remarkable Offer!

Edison, the greatest inventor of the age—whose numerous inventions have brought greater comfort and enjoyment into the daily lives of countless millions of people—has expressed the wish to see a phonograph in every home in the U. S. A. this Christmas!

Edison knows how much brightness and cheer music brings to the family circle—how a phonograph makes home more attractive to young and old alike—and he doesn't want money to stand in the way of any family obtaining this supreme enjoyment.

That is why we are able to offer you Edison's New Diamond Amberola—the world's greatest phonograph value—on practically your own terms!

Never mind how heavily the Christmas season will tax your financial resources—you don't have to go without a phonograph a day longer—you can have an Amberola in your home right away.

Come today to our store, and bring the family along. Pick out your Amberola and a selection of records to fill your Christmas with music. Then tell us just what terms of payment will suit you best and we will come to a satisfactory agreement. Whereupon we will send the Amberola and records to your home at once, and you will have the merriest Christmas your family has ever known.

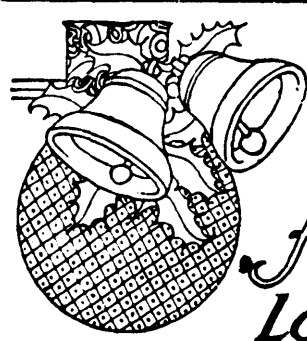
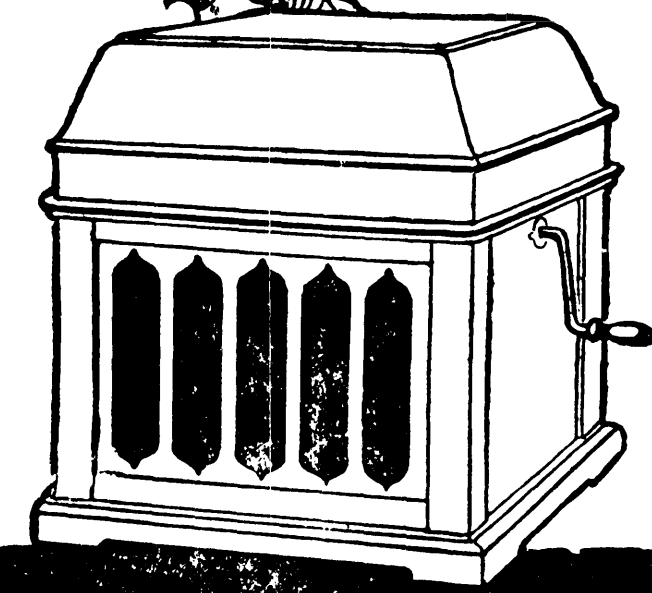
The genius of Edison makes his Amberola superior to ordinary phonographs and "talking machines" in purity of tone; in the permanent Diamond Point Reproducer (no needles to change); in the wonderful Amberol Records that are almost unbreakable and everlasting. You can get all the world's best music on Amberol Records; famous opera singers, latest popular songs and dances, bands, ballads, hymns. New records issued every month. Amberolas are priced from \$41.00 up.

This offer open until Christmas day—unless our stock of Amberolas is exhausted before then. So make sure of yours—come see us without delay.

Don't Miss This Chance To Get Edison's New Diamond Amberola On Your Own Terms

ASTLE MUSIC COMPANY

HOULTON, MAINE



What to Buy for Christmas Gifts?

Look Over These Suggestions

Would you buy him for Xmas

- A Hart Schaffner & Marx Suit
- A Hart Schaffner & Marx Overcoat
- A Good Beacon Bathrobe
- A Good Pair of Crossett Shoes
- A Good Pair of Straight line Overshoes
- A Patrick Mackinaw
- A Good Metropolitan Suit of Pajamas
- A Good Nightshirt
- A Good Bates Street Silk Shirt
- A Pair of Silk Hose
- A Real Fine Tie
- A Pair of real fine Pants
- A Pair of Good Arm Bands

You will find this the right time---this store the right place and in this store the right goods. You will please take notice that only Standard Brands find a place on our shelves. It would tickle to death, any one of the boys in the store to wait on you. Don't wait until the last moment, they can give you better attention now, so as long as it has to be done, you might as well have it over with.

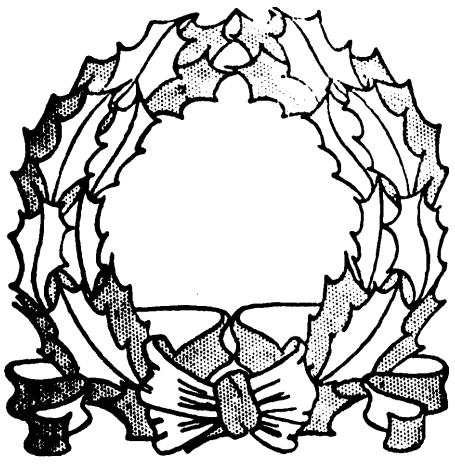
Green, "My Clothier"

AT YOUR SERVICE

- A Real Classy Muffler
- A Classy Silk Collar
- A Leather Vest
- A Pair of Fancy Suspenders
- A Fur Cap

Or For Sonny

- A fine Guaranteed Suit
- A Fine Suit
- A Fine Lubel Blouse
- An Extra Good Union Suit
- A Pair of Johnson Pants
- A Mackinaw
- A Cap or Hat
- A Belt
- A Pair of Stockings
- A Play Suit
- A Trunk



ONLY NINE DAYS MORE TO CHRISTMAS

Have You Done All Your Shopping Yet

The people of Houlton and Aroostook County have responded splendidly to the Holiday spirit and are flocking to our store to choose gifts of all kinds. We have prepared for this and while a lot of things have been sold, we still have a good selection of Christmas things for you to choose from, **BUT YOU MUST COME NOW**, before the best is sold.

For your convenience we are listing some of the items which we have and which will make appropriate Christmas gifts. Prices are reasonable

Georgette Crepe or Crepe de Chene Waists

Newest models, plain, beaded or embroidered. Priced as low as \$4.98 and as high as \$15.00

Plaited Skirts

Plain or Pleated models

We hereby guarantee that our's is the best selection of Plaited Skirts to be found in Houlton. No matter what kind of a Skirt you want—WE HAVE IT. Come and look them over. Priced \$6.98 and up to \$25.00

We also have a fine selection of Skirts in the plain cloths such as serges, poplins and velvets. All colors Priced \$3.50 to \$18.50

Furs

Can you think of a more suitable gift than a set of Furs. Or a separate scarf or muff. NO—you cannot and to get the right fur you must come to this store as we can assure you that our selection will meet with your approval. Raccoon, Red Fox, China Wolf or Fox, Fitch and Coney are only a few of the many kinds we have. Sets are priced from \$15.00 to \$100.00. Separate Scarfs from \$8.50 to \$50.00 and separate Muffs from \$5.00 to \$50.00

Variety Value Service Style

Hosiery

Always acceptable and always appropriate as a gift. Silk Hosiery \$1.00 to \$2.75. Boot Silk 59c to \$1.25. Lisle, Cotton Fleece lined and Cashmere at all prices.

Silk Petticoats

About 150 Silk Petticoats to choose from and almost every one a different color or style. Priced very reasonable from \$4.50 to \$7.98

Bathrobes

A good selection of Ladies and Misses Bathrobes can be had at a very reasonable price. A very good choice as a gift. Prices from \$3.50 to \$8.50

Boudoir Caps

A gift that will be appreciated by anyone. Our selection of dainty Boudoir Caps will please. Prices 50c to \$3.50



In addition to the above we would suggest

Ties
Belts
Bags
Purses
Ribbons
Rompers
Kimonos
Neckwear
Underwear
Fancy Aprons
Silk Camisoles
Silk Underwear
Men's House Slippers

Dolls
Toys
Gloves
Corsets
Mittens
Blankets
Housedresses
Floating Toys
Handkerchiefs
Silk Umbrellas
Bungalow Aprons
Flannelette Gowns
Cap and Scarf Sets

Suits
Coats
Beads
Waists
Perfume
Bloomers
Sweaters
Traveling Sets
Toilette Water
Talcum Powder
Children's Dresses
Shopping Baskets
Flannelette Petticoats

and Many Other Things



BULLET WOUND BETRAYS SEX OF GIRL SOLDIER

Included in the party of 1,000 Czechoslovak heroes which sailed for home recently from Newport News on the last lap of their long trip from Siberia, was a brown-eyed, good-looking young woman whose thrilling experiences during the past five years are going to make her as much of a heroine when she reaches her home in Prague as she has been to the valiant Czech soldiers with whom she has been associated for the greater part of that period. Her name is Anna Holikova, though her soldier countrymen, who idolize her, know her as Anna Holik. She is twenty year old.

Eight years ago Anna Holik, then 12 years old, was sent from her home in Czechoslovakia to her uncle in Warsaw, Poland, for the purpose of studying music. Two years later, the war broke out, and the Russians poured over Poland, arresting everyone whom they thought might have German tendencies. Though only 14, Anna was one of the first to be put into prison. For six months she languished in the filthiest kind of a jail. Then she was given a hearing and thrown back into prison on no other grounds than that she was a suspect.

Months of Soldiering

At the end of another six months, she was released. She went to Moscow where she was taken into the protection of friends until somewhat over the effects of the terrible year in jail. Upon the formation of the Czech army, she donned a man's uniform and for many months fought side by side with the Czech soldiers. One day she was wounded by a bullet in her chest and the physician in charge discovered that she was a woman. Upon her recovery, he refused to allow her to go back to soldiering, but permitted her to remain as a nurse.

This she did, exposing herself to constant danger and sparing herself nothing—her one thought being to nurse her beloved Czechs. She was wounded twice again, but always stoutly refused to leave the dangerous life she was following.

Then one ill-fated day she was captured by the Bolsheviks, and for three weeks was a prisoner again. When the Czech soldiers succeeded in rescuing her, she was in a bad mental condition subject to the wildest fits of hysteria.

In a clumsy way they attempted to take care of her and soothe the broken nerves, which had at last succumbed to the strain of years of horror and abnormal living. Just about that time there was a Czech sanitary train leaving for Vladivostok laden with invalids who were to be transported home by the American Red Cross on the steamer Madras. It was decided to send pretty Anna Holik along with them.

A. R. C. To the Rescue

The young girl was put on the train and nursed very tenderly during the five weeks trip to the coast. She responded quickly to the kind treatment and by the end of the trip she was practically normal and in the seventh heaven of delight at the thought of going home.

Another blow was dealt to her by an officer of the Czech forces in Vladivostok, who said that there was not only no room on the Madras for the little nurse, but there was also no room in Vladivostok, and ordered her to be returned to Omak.

Upon hearing this news, Anna suffered a relapse, the whole memory of the hardships and suffering she had endured bursting upon her. The Czech soldiers, who one and all idolized their brown-eyed sistrichka, were immediately up in arms and their intercession finally resulted in Anna being sent to the American Red Cross Hospital at Russian Island, a hospital for Czech soldiers near Vladivostok. The American nurses vied with each other in caring for her and it was not long before Anna's condition showed the greatest improvement.

She was not content, however, to remain in the hospital and do nothing. As soon as she was strong enough, she insisted on being put to working nursing the other invalids. It seemed as if she could never do enough for others. She waited on the ill, cheered the depressed, and in every way showed herself to be as sweet, womanly and lovable as if she had always lived a quiet, protected life at home. The only trace of her terrible experiences now remaining is an occasional nervous spell.

Before leaving Vladivostok she presented one of her friends with a small revolver with which she claimed to have killed two attacking Bolsheviks.

HAVE YOU SCROFULA?

Now Said to Be as Often Acquired as Inherited.

It is generally and chiefly indicated by eruptions and sores, but in many cases it enlarges the glands of the neck, affects the internal organs, especially the lungs, and if neglected may develop into consumption.

It causes many troubles, and is aggravated by impure air, unwholesome food, bad water, too much heat or cold, and want of proper exercise.

Hood's Sarsaparilla, the medicine that has been used with so much satisfaction by three generations, is wonderfully successful in the treatment of scrofula. Give it a trial.

If a cathartic or laxative is needed, take Hood's Pills,—there is nothing better for biliousness or constipation.

BERLIN TRIED TO GET KAISER OFF

PARIS, Nov. 29.—Germany has proposed to England, France and Italy that the allies forego their demand for Germans guilty of crimes against humanity during the war, in return for which Germany would agree not to object to treaty commissions lacking Americans. Prompt rejection of this proposal by the allies is the big feature of the present bizarre situation between Berlin and Paris today. This proposal also throw slight on what the German government seeks to gain from the failure of the American Senate to ratify the Versailles treaty.

By her signing and her ratification of the Versailles treaty Germany has of course agreed to surrender these men. She knows that a list of them has been prepared, and that their indictments have been drawn. She knows that as soon as the treaty comes into effect she will receive the list and will be expected to hand over the accused. The allies demand that she sign the protocol before the treaty is put into effect, coupled with the treaty situation in Washington, places Germany in a position where she thinks she sees an opportunity to bargain.

Knew She Could Make Trouble

I learn that when the German protocol commission met the allied representatives last week in the conference which has been somewhat shrouded in mystery, Von Lersner and Von Simson told them that Germany knew she could make difficulties by objecting to treaty commissions without American membership. Then the Germans made their proposals that the allies should not insist on their demand for the accused Germans. They said that to force Germany to hand over the men demanded by the allies would break up the nation.

When the allied representatives replied that they would not consent to such a trade, the Germans replied that the allies sought by putting the treaty into effect to break up Germany, and therefore, Germany was in no hurry to have such a treaty go into effect.

They also opposed the allied demand for reparation for the sinking of the Scapa Flow fleet and the conditions governing the return of German prisoners, but this opposition was only camouflage to hide the big deal to save the apostles of Kultur.

This goes a long way toward explaining why the supreme council has paid absolutely no attention to the German notes received, purporting to

be replies to the council's demand for the setting of a day when the Berlin government would sign the protocol and allow the treaty to go into effect. The Germans would apparently have done this at once if the allies had agreed to let their criminals go; but since the allies refused, they said they had to go home and talk it over with their government. And they went.

Return of Prisoners

There were other matters discussed, such as that of the return of prisoners and when the Berlin government intended to sign the protocol. The two notes received from Berlin put forward written arguments about prisoners and paying for the Scapa Flow fleet, but they don't answer the council's questions, nor do they affect the big issue of German war criminals.

In this question, which up to a few days ago was regarded as settled there is more at stake than appears on the surface. Many of the men demanded by the allies are members of the militarist faction in Germany and have high friends at court. Not only that, but they have friends in power throughout Germany, who not only stand for them, but approve acts for which they are indicted. The present German government is not very strong and apparently what has happened is that the militarists have made a demand on the Ebert government to save their friends and the government is seeking to oblige them.

This being the situation, both sides have their eyes turned toward Washington. The Germans move has hopelessly blocked the allied plans to put the treaty into effect Dec. 1. Germany wants to wait until the Senate takes up the treaty again, to see what happens; and, without meaning in any way to agree to any part of Germany's plea for her criminals, the allies feel that they may as well wait a week or so to see how the wind blows in the American capital.

BAD LUCK ALWAYS

ATTRIBUTED TO OPAL

Do you know why opals are considered unlucky? Of course you don't. It is a safe venture that none of your acquaintances will be able to tell you. Opals are not unlucky—no more unlucky than a diamond, a ruby or any other gem. But the superstition that they bring misfortune is universal. And no one person in a million knows why. The secret is found in the history of the opal.

In ancient times and in the middle ages the opal was one of the most highly esteemed of gems. It was

regarded as a talisman, and it was supposed to bring good luck and to make its wearer beloved. In fact, there was nothing to prove that bad luck ever was attributed to the wearing of the opal. However, in John Ruskin's "Ducal" is found the story of the libel and its refutation.

Sir Walter Scott was the creator of the opal myth. In "Anne of Geierstein," one of his novels written in the early part of the 19th century, he introduced an opal which was supposed to be endowed with magic powers and which brought disaster and tragedy to all who came within its influence. The story of the master romancer of his time was widely read and the superstition that all opals are unlucky was born. It traveled around the world and became firmly fixed in the popular imagination.

The Lightning Ridge opal fields in Australia were discovered a little after Sir Walter set the myth going. When Queen Victoria ascended the throne in 1837 her coronation gifts included some magnificent opals sent by her loyal subjects in the island continent. The young Queen was delighted with the gorgeous gems. She declared nothing so beautiful could be unlucky.

But, despite the efforts of this royal champion, the myth persists vaguely throughout the world today, when superstition is supposed to have been consigned to the limbo of forgotten nonsense.

GERMANS PREPARED FOR OUR DESTROYERS

Perhaps the Germans did not actually have advance information of the arrival of the first detachment of our destroyers, but they certainly did display remarkable skill in divining what was to happen. At least it was a remarkable coincidence that for the first time in many months a submarine laid a mine field directly off the entrance to Queenstown the day before our ships arrived. Soon afterward a parent ship of the destroyers arrived and encountered the same welcome; and soon after that a second parent ship found a similar mine field awaiting her arrival.

Farmers!

Why give hard earned money to the Fertilizer Companies? Buy better goods at lower prices. Use your own common sense and save money by ordering your chemicals of the Federation.

These are the prices for High Grade materials delivered to the Locals:

4-8- 4	\$48.00
4-8- 6	53.00
4-8- 7	55.50
4-6- 8	56.00
4-6-10	61.00
5-8- 7	60.50
5-8- 8	63.00

We do not employ traveling salesmen and agents to sell on commission. Place your order with your nearest Local and save the salesman's commission.

These prices are subject to slight changes but are as likely to be lower as they are to be higher.

Arroostook Fed. of Farmer

The news that our destroyers had reached Queenstown actually appeared in the German papers several days before we had released it in the British and American press. Thanks to the vigilance and efficiency of the gallant British mine sweepers, however, the enemy gained nothing from all these preparations.

Stratagem.

"Some portions of your last speech were a trifle ungrammatical."

"Made 'em that way on purpose," replied Senator Sorghum. "There is no possible advantage in being mistaken for an uncompromising high-brow."



WHEN YOU DO YOUR CHRISTMAS SHOPPING

you'll find it safe, economical and convenient to pay by check—assuring a receipt for every payment. The Houlton Trust Company invites your account subject to check. Checking Accounts are solicited.

Houlton Trust Co.
Houlton, Maine

MORE VALUABLE EVERY CHRISTMAS

An account with the Houlton Savings Bank becomes more valuable every year. It is advisable because it helps to form habits of thrift.

Dividends at the rate of 4% per annum have been paid for the past nine years

HOULTON SAVINGS BANK
HOULTON, MAINE

EVERY DOLLAR

You Deposit in the

First National Bank

of Houlton, Maine

Is under the supervision of

United States Government

We pay 4% on Time Deposits



She made a hit upon the stage,
Her newest song was all the rage;
With truly operatic power
She sang the praise of Town Talk Flour.

Milled on Honor—Ideal for
Every Baking

TOWN TALK FLOUR

IT'S NOT YOUR HEART IT'S YOUR KIDNEYS

Kidney disease is no respecter of persons. The majority of the ill-suffering people today can be traced back to kidney trouble.

The kidneys are the most important organs of the body. They are the filters, the purifiers, of your blood.

Kidney disease is usually indicated by weariness, sleeplessness, nervousness, despondency, backache, stomach trouble, pain in loins and lower abdomen, gall stones, gravel, rheumatism, sciatica, and lumbago.

All these derangements are nature's signals to warn you that the kidneys need help. You should use GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules immediately.

The soothing, healing oil stimulates the kidneys, relieves inflammations and destroys the germs which have caused it. Do not wait until tomorrow. Go to your druggist today and insist on GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. In twenty-four hours you should feel health and vigor returning and will bless the day you first heard of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil. After you feel that you have cured yourself, continue to take one or two capsules each day, so as to keep in first-class condition and ward off the danger of other attacks. Ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL brand. Three sizes. Money refunded if they do not help you.



Buy your Xmas presents now
and get first pick.

BROADWAY PHARMACY

Next to Elks Club Prescription Druggist Main Street

Lay a bet on
rolling 'em with

**PRINCE
ALBERT**
the national joy smoke

ROLLING your own cigarettes with Prince Albert is just about as joyous a sideline as you ever carried around in your grip! For, take it at any angle, you never got such quality, flavor, fragrance and coolness in a makin's cigarette in your life as every "P. A. home-made" will present you!

Prince Albert puts new smokenotions under your bonnet! It's so delightful rolled into a cigarette—and, so easy to roll! And, you just take to it like you been doing it since away back! You see, P. A. is crimp cut and a cinch to handle! It stays put—and you don't lose a lot when you start to hug the paper around the tobacco!

You'll like Prince Albert in a jimmy pipe as much as you do in a home-rolled cigarette, too! Bite and parch are cut out by our exclusive patented process. You know P. A. is the tobacco that has led three men to smoke pipes where one was smoked before. Yes sir, Prince Albert blazed the way. And, me-o-umy, what a wad of smokesport will ripple your way every time you fill up!



Copyright 1919
by R. J. Reynolds
Tobacco Co.

Awaiting your say-so, you'll find tippy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors—and—that classy, practical pound crystal glass humidior with sponge moistener, top that keeps Prince Albert in such perfect condition!

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company
Winston-Salem, N. C.



SURROUNDING TOWNS

MONTICELLO

James Hoyet has moved his family from the Robertson building into the Baptist parsonage.

Dr. H. H. Cheney, who has been in town the past week, left Saturday morning for Montreal.

There will be a Christmas concert and tree in the Methodist church on Wednesday evening, Christmas Eve. There will be a social dance in Grange Hall Friday evening, Dec. 19th. Music by Hognans orchestra of Houlton.

Mr. Pearl Bubar and wife left Monday morning for Bangor to attend the State Grange being held there this week.

Postmaster A. B. Carter moved the post office last Monday to the McLeod store, where he will continue his jewelry business as usual.

Mr. Olle Flewelling died at his home on the Lake road Sunday morning after a lingering illness of about a year. He leaves a wife, father, mother, also a brother and sister to mourn his loss.

LINNEUS

Mrs. Elizabeth Hadley is real poorly at this writing.

Mrs. Bert Hand and two children are visiting relatives in Fryeburg.

Miss Nora Tozier was visiting with Mr. Henry Tozier in Houlton last week.

Mrs. Claud Ruth spent several days in Houlton last week with Mrs. John Stewart.

Mr. J. F. Rideout of Auburn, was called here by the death of his sister, Mrs. Geo. Bates.

Mr. and Mrs. Herb Rhoda of Hodgdon spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Harold Russell.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Pitman returned to their home in Fryeburg last week, after visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Harold Logie left last week for Gardiner where she is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Weed.

Miss Willa Stewart, who has been in Madigan Hospital the past month, was ble to return home last Saturday.

Mrs. Geo. W. Bates passed away last Thursday evening, Dec. 11th, at the age of 68. The deceased leaves husband, four sons, Howard, Gordon, Elmer and Karney and one daughter, Mrs. John Little, all of Linneus except Elmer who resides in Ludlow, a sister Mrs. Bert McIntosh of Houlton and Mr. Rideout of Auburn. Funeral services were held at the home on Sunday afternoon, Rev. Mr. Cosman of Ludlow spoke comforting words to the bereaved ones.

Mrs. Bates was a faithful true worker and a member of the Baptist Church in New Limerick. Three selections were sung by Mr. and Mrs. Tuell and Mr. and Mrs. Campbell. The four sons acted as Pall Bearers. The casket was covered with beautiful floral pieces. Interment in Linneus cemetery.

LITTLETON

Roy Crouse is expected home from the hospital this week.

Waldo Hanning, who has been ill with quinsy sore throat is better.

Friends of Mrs. Wm. Tilley will be sorry to know that she is still very ill.

Mrs. Samuel Adams is critically ill, having been stricken with paralysis one day last week.

T. H. Schobbs, Master of Littleton Grange, left Monday for Bangor to attend the State Grange.

Mrs. Arthur Griffin and daughter of Mapleton were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Hamilton.

Don't forget the basket social and concert at the Grange Hall Friday evening, Dec. 19th. Everybody welcome.

Rev. Mark Turner and wife and Charles B. Porter attended the Quarterly meeting at Hodgdon, returning home on Monday.

The many friends in Littleton of Mrs. George Bates of New Limerick, were grieved to learn of her death and extend sympathy to the bereaved family.

The next meeting of Littleton Grange will be Saturday evening, Dec. 20th. Ladies please remember the Harvest supper and bring a good supply of food.

Pauline Campbell, Lulu Campbell, Helen Adair, Byron Titcomb, Elwood Tracy, Gladys Henderson, Respa Lilley and Vesta Golding, are home from R. C. I. to spend their Xmas vacation.

Miss Eva Watson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Watson, was taken to the Aroostook Hospital on Tuesday for treatment. Her many friends hope that the out of doors treatment she is receiving may prove beneficial.

There was a large and enthusiastic gathering of farmers at the Federation meeting Friday evening, J. H. Philbrick, County Agent, addressed the meeting on home mixing of fertilizer. Many orders were received for fertilizer chemicals and quite a number of farmers joined the Federation.

LETTER B

Mrs. George Mitchell has been visiting relatives in Monticello.

Mr. and Mrs. John Shell attended the Quarterly meeting in Hodgdon on Sunday.

George Carpenter went to Milo Saturday for a short visit with relatives.

Mrs. C. L. Davidson of Houlton spent several days last week with relatives here.

Michael Rugan and family have moved to their home recently purchased in Houlton.

Miss Lilian Brown of Hodgdon, has been the guest of Mrs. James Gardiner for several weeks.

Miss Millie Scott closed a successful term of school on Friday with an interesting program, which was well carried out by the pupils of the school. Miss Scott will spend her vacation at the home of her parents in Hodgdon.

The members of the Sunshine Club gave a supper to their families at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Thompson on Wednesday evening. At seven o'clock the tables, temptingly laden with good things, were filled by 42 people who thoroughly enjoyed this delicious supper.

LUDLOW

Mrs. Rachel Longsaff visited Mrs. O. L. Thompson, Friday.

Don't fail to attend the box social and sale at the school house, Friday evening.

The Ladies' Aid of the Baptist church will meet with Mrs. Lyman Webb, Wednesday.

Rev. H. H. Cosman was called to Linneus Sunday to preach the funeral sermon of Mrs. George Bates.

extend congratulations.

Hundreds out to Hear Chaplain A. J. Croft

Seldom is a community stirred as is Hodgdon and vicinity by the Evangelistic services conducted by Chaplain A. J. Croft.

The Chaplain has a way of presenting the plain simple Gospel that gets a grip on folks and people hearing him once are anxious to hear him again. His methods are sane and sensible, he has a very pleasing personality, and all who listen to him feel that here is a man who is dead in earnest, a man with a deep religious experience, and with a message that can lift men.

Despite the bad weather of last week the people came in increasing numbers to the services till on Friday evening the church was filled even to the vestry.

On Sunday morning, though the snow was falling most unpleasantly, a congregation gathered that packed the main auditorium. In the evening nearly all the seats were taken half an hour before the time to open the service, and before the song service was ended there was standing room only. It is estimated that nearly three hundred persons were present at this service.

Tuesday evening will be Cary and Linneus night and large out of town delegations will be expected. Wednesday evening is Sunday School night. At this service the Sunday Schools of both churches are asked to be present and sit in classes. Every one above nine years of age whose name is on the Sunday school roll, or whose name should be on the Sunday school roll is urgently requested to be present on Wednesday evening.

Thursday evening is Ladies' Aid night. All the ladies who are members or should be members of either Ladies' Aid will be especially welcome at this service. Friday evening is mens night. On all these special nights seats will be reserved until 7:00 o'clock for the folks who are particularly invited to be present. The public will be made welcome at all these services.

Next Sunday will be the closing day of the Campaign and if the interest keeps growing the church will be far too small to accommodate the crowd that will come. All who wish to secure seats will please come early. When the church is full the service will begin.

On Saturday evening Chaplain Croft will deliver his popular lecture, "By Products of the World War." Tickets 35 cents for adults, children under twelve 20 cents. Tickets on sale at the office of G. H. Benn and at the Post Office. No one should miss hearing this lecture by a man who spent a year on the battle field of France.

SPECIAL CHURCH NOTICE

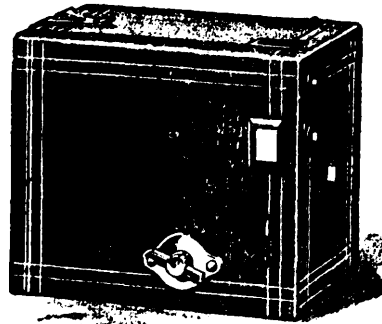
Christmas services will be held at the Methodist Church next Sunday at 10:30 A. M. and at 7:00 P. M. There will be a Christmas sermon at the morning service and Christmas hymns and selections at both services. A special feature in the evening will be the reception of a large number of young people on Preparatory membership.

Adults will be received the first Sunday of the New Year.



This Man Will Be At The DREAM NEXT MONDAY

For the Children's Christmas



No. 0 Brownie

Price, \$2.86

Pictures, 1 1/2 x 2 1/2 inches

HERE is an ideal camera for the children. With it they can do just what the grown-ups can—make good pictures. Pictures of childhood days, of sports and pets and playmates, made by the youngsters themselves—there's pleasure not only for them but for you.

Other Brownies up to \$19.95
Kodaks, \$9.49 up

BRIDGEWATER DRUG COMPANY

Do Your

Christmas Shopping NOW!

We have a full line of Christmas Goods. Our line contains gifts suitable for all ages. Call in and look them over. No trouble to show goods.

BRIDGEWATER DRUG CO.

For Winter Battery Storage

SEE

WALLACE R. GEROW

Storage Battery Expert

21 years Electrical experience
6 years at the Battery Business
5 years with the Electrical Supply Co. of Boston—the last two years as shop foreman

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HOULTON

YE OLDTIME DANCE

AT THE HEYWOOD

THURSDAY EVENING

BRYSON'S ORCHESTRA—6 Pieces

Concert & Pictures

8.00 till 9.00

Dancing

9.00 till 11.30

THE PICTURE

Bryant Washburn in "Love Insurance"

ORDER OF DANCES

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| 1 Waltz | 8 Portland Fancy |
| 2 Two-Step | 9 Fox Trot |
| 3 Lady of the Lake | 10 Waltz |
| 4 One-Step | 11 One-Step |
| 5 Waltz | 12 Waltz |
| 6 Five-Step | 13 Two-Step |
| 7 Two-Step | 14 Waltz |

ADMISSION 35c., including the tax

Thursday Evening, Dec. 18, 1919

TEMPLE THEATRE

Program Week of December 15, 1919

A Whole Week of REAL Pictures

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

Hearts of Humanity

Featuring

DOROTHY PHILLIPS

This wonderful production of humanity and the war is great, when people say they do not want war pictures they are not referring to productions like "Hearts of Humanity." Few pictures have equaled it. There is the most beautiful mother you ever saw, in this picture, unless it is your very own. Thrills, heart throbs, tears, smiles, all these emotions are given expression in this, the best of the best. A picture that will live in the hearts of spectators for years. Prices 17 and 28 cents.

FRIDAY

ROBERT WARWICK

in

Adventure in Hearts

(Notice: This picture was released Dec. 7th only twelve days old. Do you like new pictures?) Robert Warwick is peculiarly fitted to play dashing hero in this picture as he has recently been through some thrilling adventures in real life, serving for the period of the war in France. In his capacity as a member of General Pershing's staff he visited practically every front, went "Over the Top" in several drives and was discharged with the commission of Major. This is the third picture he has made since returning from service. The story is a picturization of Anthony Hope's novel "Captain Dieppe" will capture your heart, win your admiration and hold you for the entire performance. Also HOOLIGAN CARTOONS and ANIMAL REEL

SATURDAY

MADLAINE TRAVERSE

in

The Splendid Sin

A drama of High Life. This is described as a great drama of mother love and a woman's power to uplift others. A drama that tugs hard at the heart strings of men and women alike. Also Two Reel New SENNETT COMEDY and WEEKLY NEWS
4 Shows Daily 2. 3.30— 7. 8.30

Admission 11and 17c

MONDAY

MADGE KENNEDY

in

"Strictly Confidential"

The very essence of purity, enjoyability and refinement is embodied in this latest production featuring the petite Madge Kennedy and you will find here a soothing remedy for that wearied pent up chuckle. This is the film version of Jerome & Jerome's humorous story "Fanny and the Servant Problem. Also EDUCATIONAL WEEKLY

TUESDAY

IRENE CASTLE

in

"Invisible Bond"

Released November 23)
The most beautifully gowned woman in the world, in a strong compelling drama of a man and wife and their tragic mistakes. A powerful human story of life as it is. Also RED GLOVE and WEEKLY

Rev. Dr. Lowell a leading clergyman of Louisville sent an unsolicited testimonial claiming "The Miracle Man" as the best sermon preached in his city, another that he would gladly show "The Miracle Man" on Sunday. You can invite your most prejudiced friend here December 24 and Christmas Day. Prices 28, 39 and 55cts.

Christmas Goods

Practical Gifts such as

Community Silver

Pyrex the Glass Ovenware that is giving such good satisfaction

Liberty Aluminumware

Special Sale on this famous ware

Seed, Skates, Tubs, Snow Shoes

A. M. Stackpole, Jr.

Bridgewater, Maine

Christmas

SHOPPING NOW

We have a full line of Christmas Goods. Gifts suitable for all the family. Come in and see them. No trouble to show goods.

L. A. Barker & Company
Oakfield, Maine



Santa will give VALUABLE gifts this Christmas

YES, the buying public at holiday time, is growing more discriminating. Giving just for the sake of giving something is poor judgment at both ends. Why not bestow gifts that will last—that have genuine value—that represent something really worth while. This store, although a Jewellery Shop, is filled to Christmas brimming with just such gifts. Beautiful, valuable, highly prized gifts that endure. Cut glass, jewelry in a wonderful new variety, watches and clocks, dainty additions to Mr. and Mrs. Jeweller's silver service or a single piece of exquisite design. Make this a "JEWELRY STORE" Christmas—you will not regret it.

N. W. GERRISH
OAKFIELD, MAINE