PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

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PORTLAND, MAINE, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 26, 1888--WITH SUPPLEMENT.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.

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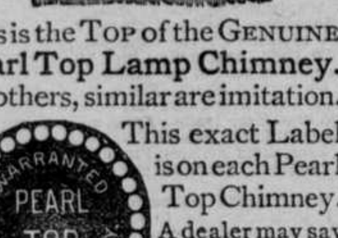

GENERAL NEWS.

What was left of the business portion of Fort Hill, Ont., after the fire three weeks ago, burned last night.

Burlington engineers, firemen and switchmen have voted to continue the strike by a large majority.

Rev. Lyman Abbott, D. D., was elected permanent pastor of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, last night, by a vote of 400 to 60.

Winnebago Indians in Wisconsin have suffered great hardships during the winter. They were forced to sell their ponies and are now at the point of starvation.

Frank Mills, a sub-freshman at Harvard, died last night from excessive opium smoking. Two of his companions are seriously ill from the same cause.

Students of Princeton, Cornell, Columbia, Pennsylvania and Harvard universities formed an inter-collegiate chess association last night.

A despatch from Scranton, Mass., says that the schooner Lizzie S. James of Philadelphia, was struck by lightening Thursday, instantly killing the captain and injuring the crew of five men.

Cornell University is to have a department of journalism. Professor Brainard Smith will give a series of lectures on the condition of newspaper work today in the great cities, and classes will be organized very much like the city staff of a large newspaper.

The managers of the Western and Northwestern railroads met in Chicago yesterday and unanimously adopted an agreement for the conduct of competitive business taking effect June 11. The new agreement provides for monthly meetings of the roads. No rates within the territory of the association can be changed unless notice has been made five days previous to the regular meeting.

There was an exciting scene on a crowded ferryboat in New York Thursday. A new team of horses worth $3,000, belonging to the Long Island Express company was on the forward part of the boat. The horses took fright and dashed forward, tearing away the iron gates and, with the heavy load behind them plunged overboard. One horse managed to kick loose and arose to the surface. He was caught by a man in a row boat and was saved. The other horse and wagon are still at the bottom of the river.

A few weeks ago a man of mysterious manner living in Green county, Georgia, called himself the "Holy one" and claimed to possess a divine nature. He promised to free the negroes from the bondage of false religion and worked on their superstitions to such an extent as to induce a dozen families to sell all they possessed and put their money into his hands. At the night appointed for the start the man did not appear and it was learned that he had skipped. The negroes pursued him, caught him, hanged him to a tree, and lashed him until they believed him dead. Then they left him. He was found later and cared for by white people, but he cannot recover. He is a white man but he stained his face and hands to pass for a negro.

Sons and Daughters of Maine.

ABINGTON, Mass., May 25.—A reunion of sons and daughters of Maine of the towns of Abington, Whitman, Rockland and North Abington was held here tonight. Nearly 1000 people were present. Ex-Gov. Chamberlain responded to the toast "The State of Maine." Hon. Llewellyn Powers, of Maine, responded to the toast "Maine in Congress."

THE PORTLAND DAILY PRESS,

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SPECIAL NOTICES, one-third additional.

Under head of "AMUSEMENTS" and AUCTION SALES," $2.00 per square per week; three insertions or less, $1.50.

THE MAINE STATE PRESS.

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PORTLAND PUBLISHING, CO.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 26.

The indications for New England are stationary temperature, local rains, preceded by fair weather, in Maine and New Hampshire, fresh to brisk easterly winds.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

PORTLAND, Me., May 25, 1888.

	7 A M	3 P M	10 P M
Barometer	29.95	29.95	29.94
Thermometer	54.	55.	51.
Dew Point	47.	45.	43.
Humidity	79.	70.	74.
Wind	NE	SE	Calm
Velocity	9	8	0
Weather	Clear	Clear	Clear

Mean daily bar	29.95	Maximum ther	58.6
Mean daily ther	53.3	Minimum ther	46.0
Mean daily d'wpt	45.0	Max. vel. wind	9
Mean daily hum	74.3	Total precip	0

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

(May 25, 1888, 11.00 P.M.)

Observations taken at the same moment of time at all stations.

Place of Observation.	Height of the Barometer.	Therm'etor		Wind		State of the Weather.
		Exposed.	Change in last 24 hours.	Direction.	Velocity.	
Eastport, Me	30.04	52	+8	SW	....	Clear
Portland, Me	30.04	50	+2	Clm	....	Clear
Northfield...	29.98	56	-2	S	....	Clear
Boston, Mass	30.02	50	-2	NE	....	Cloudy
Block Island	......	......	......	......	....	....
Nantucket...						
Albany, N. Y	29.98	62	0	SE	....	Cloudy
New York...	29.96	60	-6	N	....	Cloudy
Philadelphia.	29.98	56	+2	E	....	Rain
Galveston....	29.86	78	+4	S	....	Fair
Washington..	29.94	60	0	E	....	Cloudy
Norfolk, Va.	29.90	58	-2	E	....	Rain
Hatteras.....	29.94	68	+2	SE	....	Clear
El Paso......	29.62	82	+4	W	....	Clear
Jacksonville.	29.98	72	-2	SW	....	Cloudy
Montgomery	29.92	78	+2	Clm	....	Cloudy
New Orleans	29.96	68	0	NE	....	Cloudy
Cincinnati,O.	29.86	66	-2	W	....	Fair
Pittsburg....	29.80	64	+2	E	....	Cloudy
Buffalo, N.Y.	29.82	64	+2	SE	....	Rain
Oswego......	29.88	62	0	SE	....	Cloudy
Cleveland....	29.74	64	-2	S	....	Cloudy
Detroit.......	29.74	58	-2	NE	....	Rain
Dodge City..	29.74	68	+10	SE	....	Fair
GrandHaven	29.78	52	-14	W	....	Foggy
Marquette...	29.82	48	-14	NW	....	Cloudy
Chicago, Ill..	29.82	62	0	S	....	Fair
Des Moines..	29.88	64	+2	Clm	....	Clear
Duluth, Minn	29.86	56	+14	NW	....	Cloudy
St.Paul,Minn	29.84	60	+2	Clm	....	Fair
Leavenw'rth	29.88	68	+6	N	....	Clear
Santa Fe....	29.64	62	+6	SW	....	Fair
Assiniboine..	29.80	62	+6	SE	....	Fair
St. Vincent..	29.86	58	+4	N	....	Clear
Rapid City...	......	......	......	......	....	....
Cheyenne.....	29.74	50	+2	E	....	Cloudy
North Platte	29.76	60	+2	E	....	Cloudy
Denver, Col..	29.64	60	-12	NW	....	Cloudy
Halifax......	30.06	40	-4	Clm	....	Fair
Montreal....	29.94	64	-2	S	....	Clear

E. P. JONES, Prv't S. C., U. S. A.

MAINE.

Mr. Putnam to Take the Stump.

[Special to the Press.]

AUGUSTA, May 25.—It is learned here that Hon. Wm. L. Putnam, Democratic candidate for Governor, will, as soon as he can arrange his business affairs, take an active hand in the management of the campaign and take the stump in different sections of the State.

Mr. J. H. Manley departed for Washington, D. C., today. Newspapers with lively imaginations will no doubt conclude that he goes in the interest of Mr. Blaine.

Young Beal's Chances.

AUGUSTA, May 25.—Jude Hall of Waterville was in Augusta yesterday, and in reply to a question as to how the Beal case was getting along he said that he felt encouraged and confident of obtaining a new trial. Beal's counsel have been diligently at work in a quiet way and have gathered together a number of important facts. Many of the new facts, Judge Hall says, have come to light that go to show suicidal intent on the part of Mr. Beal.

Nearly Burned to Death.

ELLSWORTH, May 25.—The house and stable of J. W. Shaw, near Ellsworth, was entirely consumed by fire last night. The furniture was partially saved. Loss $1,500; insurance $1,000. Mrs. Shaw and a child who were asleep in bed came near being burned to death. The neighbors broke open the house and dragged Mrs. Shaw from her bed, which was the first she knew of the fire.

Horse Thieves Arrested.

BETHEL, May 25.—George Johnson and Percy Milliken, of Bangor, were arrested in Bethel today by Sheriff Wormell, with a stolen team in their possession. The team was taken from John Connors of Bangor, Tuesday night.

Fell Down Stairs.

BRUNSWICK, May 25.—Mrs. Harvey Otis, of Brunswick, fell down stairs this forenoon and was severely injured about the head and arms. It is expected that she will recover, however.

Suicide at South Berwick.

NO BERWICK, May 25.—Mrs. Edward Knight, of South Berwick, cut her throat last night and will die. Domestic trouble was the cause.

Captain John Gregory.

ROCKLAND, May 25.—Captain John Gregory, a well known retired sea captain of this city, died this morning, aged 88 years. Capt. Gregory was one of the early Maine master mariners and a successful one. His two sons, Weston and Frank, are among Rockland's best known master mariners.

Buildings and Cattle Lost.

ATHENS, May 25.—The farm buildings of Everett Goodrich of Athens, about two miles from Athens village, were burned Thursday morning, at about eight o'clock. One pair of cattle and some other stock burned. The loss is about $2,500; insured for $2,000.

At the laying of the corner stone of the confederate monument in Jackson, Miss., yesterday, Miss Winnie Davis was given a silver crown for her father who was too sick to be present.

THE GREAT BARROA MURDER CASE

To Be a Notable Event in the History of Maine Courts.

Thirty-Seven Witnesses to be Examined by the Defence.

Business of the Middle District Law Court.

[Special to the Press.]

AUGUSTA, May 25.—The hearing before the law court in Bangor, in July, on the motion for a new trial for Stain and Cromwell, will be one of the most interesting events of the kind which ever occurred in the State. It will assume a magnitude greater than that of ordinary criminal trials in capital cases. The defence alone will examine thirty-seven witnesses, sixteen of whom will come from Massachusetts, besides introducing a large amount of written testimony. Should the government have many witnesses the hearing is likely to be extended a week or more. The defence will be allowed to amass testimony until June 5th, after which the government will be given until the third Tuesday in June to present their evidence; and to close the case Messrs. Barker and Gillin, counsel for the prisoners, are to be allowed two weeks in which to introduce in rebuttal. The counsel for the defence are quite positive that they have sufficient evidence to secure a new trial. From evidence recently obtained it is believed that the man who wrote the letter which young Stain received at Carney's has been found, and he had no connection with the "Stain gang" either.

Law Court Business.

The Law Court of the Middle District, which has been in session here, finished all its business today, except the hearing on the Mike Burns imported liquor case, and the judges adjourned to meet in Augusta next Tuesday, when the arguments of the counsel in the case will be heard. The following cases have been argued thus far:

SOMERSET COUNTY CASES.

Edward Merrill & al. v. Philena Wyman. Merrill and Coffin for the plaintiffs; Walton & W.

Samuel Suckling v. Selden Cleveland. Walton & W.; Merrill & C.

James Wright v. E. F. Fairbrother. Wright; Walton & W.

John A. Fletcher v. Daniel H. Record. Augustus Simmons; A. H. Ware.

Joseph Pomroy v. Jefferson, apl. Wright; Walton & W.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

Lucy A. Comery v. Albert E. Howard & al. Robinson & Rowell; Gould.

SAGADAHOC COUNTY.

State v. Geo. W. Hall. Buker; Gilbert.

KNOX COUNTY.

Samuel Counce, in equity, vs. John R. Studley. Gould; Littlefield.

Mary A. Ulmer & als. vs. James R. Farnsworth. O. G. Hall; Robinson & Rowell.

Joshua B. Allen, appellant, vs. Joel E. Smith, administrator. Littlefield; Gould.

Frederick W. Stackpole vs. Town of Thomaston. Littlefield; Gould.

Andrew Pressey vs. Geo. L. Snow. Gould; Robinson & Rowell.

Same vs. Lucy A. Snow. Gould; Robinson & Rowell.

State vs. Andrew J. Small. Robinson & Rowell for defendant.

In the following liquor cases which went up on demurrers, exceptions have been overruled and the parties will come up for sentence next September:

State vs. Joseph Foye; three inictments; John Leighton, three indictments; George Laundry, four indictments; Marshall Hayes, two indictments; Rose Lasnus, same; Mary C. LaFontain, three indictments; Eleazor Lessor, two indictments; L. J. Cote, Mary Lessor, Almond Bowman, three indictments; Richard Connors, Chas. P. Lynch, Devine Rouchie, two indictments; L. D. Cooke, Fred Noyes, F. A. Gilman, Greenwood Stevens, two indictments; A. D. Bowman, same; Chas. Tibbetts, same; L. D. Cooke appealed.

SENATOR HALE'S COMMITTEE

Finds a Large New York Family Filling Good Berths.

NEW YORK, May 25.—The investigation of the custom house was begun here yesterday morning, with only Senators Spooner and Blackburn in attendance, Senator Hale being sick with rheumatism. The first witness was J. O. Conway, an assistant weigher who entered the service in 1886 under a civil service examination, and claimed that he was discharged without cause. He had always been a Democrat. No reason, he said, was ever given to him for his discharge. He tried to see the collector, but the latter would not see him, and referred him to the surveyor. From Mr. Rafferty, in the surveyor's office, he learned that there was no charge against him in that office, but there was a charge in Brooklyn. Mr. Fallon, who was superintendent of assistant weighers and laborers, asked him with an oath what business it was of his what he was dismissed for.

Herman Davis, a brother of Judge Noah Davis, testified: He was past 67 years of age. In 1863 he was appointed in the customs service as invoice clerk in the naval office. He was a Republican. Last July he was removed. He did not know the cause of his removal. The roundsmen among the inspectors, the witness said, went about and looked after the inspectors to see that they were on duty, that their uniforms were all right, etc. A roundsman named Penfield had reproved him for taking off his uniform buttons seven minutes before the end of the day's duty. The next day, when he asked Penfield why he did not rebuke a new man on duty who was not in uniform at all, Penfield replied, "He isn't the kind we are hunting for."

An official that will receive special attention at the hands of the committee is Deputy Collector "Charley" Davis, of the Marine Division. The treasury regulations declare that "whenever there are two or more members of a family in the service covered by the Civil Service Act, no other member of such family shall be eligible to appintment to any of said grades." Davis draws $3,000 a year himself. His son, as a clerk in the Civil Service Board, receives $1,200. A brother-in-law, one Plough, is a clerk in the Marine Division at $1,400 a year. Another brother-in-law, Capt. Johnson, gets $1,200 as a night watchman. A cousin by the name of Bishop is on the rolls as a clerk in the Storekeeper's Department at $1,200 a year, and Division Inspector Hubert's relationship to Davis is distant but near enough to enable him to draw $1,460 annually. In all it is said that the Davis crowd gets a good deal more than $10,000 out of the service.

ANCIENT AND HONORABLES.

The Boston Company's Visit from the English Organization.

NEW YORK, May 25.—Eighteen members of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of London arrived on the steamer Trave this afternoon. A reception committee from the Boston company of the same name chartered a tug and went down the bay to meet the steamer. The visitors started for Niagara on the late afternoon train. On Sunday they will go to Washington and will be received by the President and Minister West. Thursday they will visit Gettysburg, and Friday return to this city and meet the Boston company, with the Old Guard of this city, and all three companies will start for Boston.

The Boston company was organized June 4, 1638. It is the offspring, and the only one, of the Honorable Artillery Company of London, which was brought into existence in the year 1537. Last year the London company celebrated its 350th anniversary. At that time, in response to a most cordial invitation Col. Henry Walker, the present commander of the Boston company, together with Lieut. Fottler and several past commanders and privates, went to England and participated in the anniversary rejoicing of the parent company.

Monday, the 4th of June, is the great day, and will be celebrated in the Ancient and Honorable way—a way that will be then 250 years old. In the first place the officers of the company will be summoned at sunrise by the roll of drums, and at Faneuil Hall an old-fashioned New England breakfast will be served at 8 o'clock. Re-enforced by the English delegates and the Old Guard, the company will march past the State House and be reviewed by Gov. Oliver Ames of Massachusetts, and as many of the governors of the 13 original States as are present. Joined then, after the review, by the governors and 200 guests, the march will be resumed, and this time the new Old South Church will be the objective point. In that church the "election sermon" will be preached by Rev. Phillips Brooks. After the sermon they will return to Faneuil Hall, where a dinner of 746 covers will be served. Among those who are expected to be present are President Cleveland, Secretaries Endicott, Whitney and Bayard, the United States Senators and Representatives of Massachusetts and Collector Saltonstall.

Mrs. Cleveland in Princeton.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 25.—Mrs. Cleveland is expected to arrive tomorrow morning and go directly to President McCosh's house. With Mrs. McCosh she will receive the faculty and college students at 11.30.

At 12.30 Prof. Marquand will give Mrs. Cleveland a lunch at his place in the outskirts. After luncheon Prof. Marquand will drive Mrs. Cleveland to Evelyn College, and thence to the University athletic grounds, where she will witness a base ball game between Yale and Princeton.

THE POLITICAL FIELD.

The Mills Bill Making Trouble for New Hampshire Democrats.

BOSTON, May 25.—The tariff issue has already begun to sow the seeds of dissension in the Democratic ranks in New Hampshire. The proof of this comes from men of the highest executive and business character. Charles A. Busiel, of Laconia, a wealthy hosiery manufacturer and a man high in the councils of the Democratic party, has stated to the Journal representative that he would not vote for the re-election of Cleveland on a platform embodying the views of the President's tariff message and of the Mills bill in Congress. Mr. Busiel is a member of the Democratic State Committee and of the Executive Committee of Ten, and has long been regarded as one of the ablest managers in his party. His brother, John T. Busiel, a lifelong Democrat and his business partner, will not only refuse to support Cleveland for re-election, but is writing and publishing articles advocating a continuance of the present laws governing the tariff on everything entering into not only woolen but common manufacturing. The defection of such men as the Busiel brothers will create a decided sensation in the Democratic party.

Gen. Gibson's Speech.

NEW ORLEANS, May 25.—Gen. Gibson, who was yesterday re-elected United States Senator, was invited to address the legislature, and did so. In the course of his remarks he said: "There never was a people who, by the heat of a tremendous civil conflict, were so fused together as the people of the United States. It is true that here and there is to be found a man, a camp follower during the war, perhaps, or a demagogue, some man brave in bravado, some man who never wore a uniform or carried a musket, who would make you believe that the northern men were bent on humiliating the people of the South, and that they distrust and despise them. Fellow citizens, this is not true. The people of the Northern States, in my judgment, are anxious and willing to recognize the people of the South as their fellow-countrymen. I believe they are proud to do it. This is our Union, our Constitution, and if I can do anything in my public career to bring the hearts and sympathies of the Southern people to cherish the Union and the Constitution, I would feel that my task had not been in vain. It is true that the Constitution has been changed, and that slavery has been abolished in the organic law of the land. It is true that the principles of secession have been eliminated from this structure of the Federal Constitution. I think the wisest and best thing is for the Southern people to make up their minds that they will accept in good faith the amendments to the Constitution of the United States, which we have all sworn to support."

A Hornet's Nest for Sherman.

COLUMBUS, O., May 25.—The rejection of Congressman Outhwaite's joint resolution granting national aid to the Ohio Centennial, has created great indignation in this city. The event has attracted the greatest attention all over the country, and the State at large is deeply interested in its success. A short time ago the local exhibition in Cincinnati received national recognition by an appropriation, and there was no reason to doubt that the celebration here would be liberally treated. The adverse report of the committee has awakened grave fears that the Cincinnati exhibition will be the only one favored. The Evening Dispatch, independent Republican, viciously assails Senator Sherman for his lack of interest in the matter:—"If Senator Shermrn is nominated at Chicago and desires to carry the State of Ohio, he will see that the Ohio Centennial Exposition is not euchred out of government aid. This demand is made on behalf of the people of Ohio for the reason that Mr. Sherman's influence and vote largely helped to to get government aid for an exhibition which is to be held at Cincinnati under the auspices of a private corporation. This demand is made for the further reason that the State of Ohio for almost 35 years has honored Mr. Sherman as no other man within her borders."

Ohio Cold Water Men.

TOLEDO, May 25.—The Prohibition State convention today adopted a platform favoring woman suffrage and arbitration to prevent strikes, and denouncing trusts and the importation of labor. The ticket nominated was:

Secretary of State—Walter F. Payne, of Fostoria.

Board of Public Works—J. W. Penfield, of Willoughby.

Supreme Judge—John F. Moore, of Jackson.

A delegate was chosen to the National convention.

EXECUTION BY ELECTRICITY.

The Result of New York's Search for Humane Methods.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 25.—Governor Hill has before him the new bill in regard to executing sentences of death by electricity instead of hanging. He will undoubtedly sign the bill. A circular was prepared soliciting views upon the present mode of punishment, asking for observations made at hangings, and inquiring for suggestions in regard to some more humane method. The circular was widely distributed, especially among judges, district attorneys, sheriffs and physicians. About 200 replies came. Of these 80 were against a change, 87 favored electricity, 8 poison, 5 the guillotine, 4 the garrote, and the rest for various methods. After an evidently careful consideration of all the replies and much outside inquiry and study, the commissioners decided in favor of electricity.

The bill, as passed, provides that execution must be not less than four weeks and not more than eight weeks after the sentence. The time of the execution within said week shall be left to the discretion of the warden, to whom the warrant is directed; but no previous announcement of the day or hour of the execution shall be made, except to the persons who shall be invited or permitted to be present at such execution. No account of the details of such execution, beyond the statement of the fact that such convict was, on the day in question, duly executed, according to law, at the prison, shall be published in any newspaper. Any person who shall violate this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

The Methodists.

NEW YORK, May 25.—The Methodist Episcopal conference elected the following agents for the Book Concern: J. M. Phillips, Sandford Hunt, both of New York, Eastern agents, and Earl Cranston, of Colorado, and W. P. Staine, of Wisconsin, Western agents, at a salary of $4,000 a year. The following resolutions were ordered placed in the discipline of 1888:

We are utterly opposed to the enactment of laws that propose, by license, taxing, or otherwise to regulate the drink traffic because they provide for its continuance and afford no protection against its ravages. We hold that the proper attitude of Christians toward the traffic is one of uncompromising opposition and while we do not presume to dictate to our people as to their political affiliation, we do express the opinion that they should not permit themselves to be controlled by a party organization managed in the interest of the liquor traffic. We advise the members of the church to aid in the enforcement of such laws as do not legalize or endorse the manufacture and sale of intoxicants to be used as a beverage and, to this end, we favor the organization of law and order leagues wherever practicable. We proclaim as our motto, voluntary and total abstinance from all intoxicants as the true ground of personal temperance, and complete legal prohibition of the traffic in intoxicating drinks as the duty of civil government.

The conference then proceeded to the election of three missionary secretaries, 13 nominations being made. Before the result was made known, the convention adjourned.

The Esmonde Reception.

NEW YORK, May 25.—The attendance at the reception to Sir G. Esmonde, at the Academy of Music tonight, was very large. The boxes and platform were crowded with political leaders. Every reference to Chamberlain, Salisbury, Balfour and Churchill was loudly hissed. The names of Parnell and Gladstone were vigorously applauded. Besides Esmonde, Govs. Green of New Jersey, Lounsberry of Connecticut, Briggs of Delaware, ex-Postmaster General James, Charles A. Dana, ex-Judge Davis, and Rev. W. T. Lloyd were speakers. All declared Chamberlain greatly mistaken in saying that Americans do not favor Irish home rule.

Lowther's Companion Liberated.

NEW YORK, May 25.—Thomas Moore, the companion of Fred Lowther, who tried to liberate two New York crooks from jail at Bangor, Maine, by means of false keys, was arraigned for trial today in the general sessions court and the case dismissed from lack of evidence.

THE FISHERIES TREATY UNDER FIRE.

Senator Morgan Hints of Some Interesting Possibilities.

Its Effect Abroad: The Mills Bill Starting Welch Furnaces.

The Latest Reports of the Nature of General Sheridan's Illness.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The Senate spent several hours again today in secret session, ostensibly discussing the motion of Senator Sherman to proceed to the consideration of the fisheries treaty with open doors, but in reality debating the merits of the treaty itself. Senator Morgan was the principal speaker, and said the colloquy between Senators Edmunds and Morgan in regard to things the President was likely to do, if the Senate does not ratify the treaty, would be read with interest if made public. No action was taken on the treaty. Though under discussion, is has not yet been formally taken up.

The Alaska Fisheries.

In reply to an inquiry by Captain Solomon Jacobs of the fishing schooner Mollie Adams of Gloucester, which is on a fishing expedition in Alaskan waters. Assistant Secretary Thompson, in the absence of Secretary Fairchild, has made the following ruling respecting the rights of American sealers in Alaskern waters:

Seals cannot be killed, except by persons authorized by statute in the Territory of Alaska or in the waters thereof ceded by Russia to the United States, nor can any one kill female seals, nor any seals less than one year old, in any locality. Vessels entering the American part of Behring Sea with seal skins on board, to be exempt from seizure, must show affirmatively that they were not taken within the limits of the territory ceded by Russia, and that they are not the skins of females or young seals. None but natives of Alaska are allowed to kill sea otter, and the use of firearms is restricted.

The Adams is the schooner which had such a checkered experience in 1886 at the hands of Canadian officials, twice being obliged to run home short of food and water, one occasion being after the rescue of the crew and material of a Canadian vessel. The Canadian authorities would not allow the Adams to land the material and nobody would take the crew off the captain's hands, Jacobs finally giving them $60, enough to pay their fare home and provisions for the trip. The Mollie Adams was driven from the Atlantic fishing grounds by these hardships and sought a new field in the Pacific.

General Sheridan's Condition.

One of General Sheridan's aides says today that the General is not so well; that, in fact, he has lost about what he gained yesterday. There has been a physician constantly in attendance since Tuesday. It is further stated by the same authority that his serious attack on Monday was due to heart failure, and there was a slight recurrence of that trouble this morning.

General Sheridan was reported as being much better in the afternoon.

BOSTON, May 25.—A Washington despatch to the Journal says: "There are alarming reports again as to the illness of Gen. Sheridan. The report is to the effect that his illness is caused by fatty degeneration of the heart; that this was the cause of the alarm on Tuesday; that he improved so much that it was hoped that he would speedily recover; that he had a serious relapse last night, and that his condition is now critical. An inquiry at his house within a few minutes was answered by the statement that he is now better. When it was suggested that there is a report that he had a serious relapse the answer was: "He is resting easier now." The conclusion from the best information obtainable is that Gen. Sheridan is very ill and that his family and physicians are exceedingly apprehensive."

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Gen. Sheridan's condition is critical. His physicians and family tonight feel much encouraged at the improvement shown since morning. He had several bad attacks early in the day, during which he exhibited great weakness. Valvular trouble of the heart has shown itself during these weak spells and given much alarm. It was feared the action of the heart might fail while he was suffering from one of these attacks. The General rallied in each instance, and the spells grew less dangerous as the day wore on and his strength increased. He has taken a great deal of nourishment, chiefly peptonized milk. Digitalis is administered to counteract the heart trouble. A physician has been in constant attendance, day and night, for the last few days, and the symptoms are closely watched. At a consultation at 8 o'clock tonight the following statement was concurred in by all the physicians and given to the press:

The patient is sitting up; his voice is strong, and he is bright, cheerful, and hopeful. The oedema of the legs has diminished; his pulse is 110, the normal pulse rate being 106, and firm and regular. The heart sounds are clearer. Respiration is 30 and regular. He has had no nausea and taken sufficient nourishment. His tongue is clearer; and his condition, in general, has improved since the morning visit.

Its Effect Over the Water.

A despatch from Pittsburg says: "An iron worker named Phillips of this city has received a cablegram from Pontypool, Wales, apprising him that ten sheet mills and 130 pudding furnaces are about to start at that place, and asking him to return and take charge of one of the departments. A letter from a friend brings the information that the greatest activity prevails there over the probable passage of the Mills bill, and that it is on the strength of such a probability that mills idle for a long period are about to resume. Putting glue on the free list of the Mills bill has already closed a glue factory in Elizabeth, and thrown the entire trade in doubt and confusion."

Approved by the President.

The President has approved the joint resolution to enable the President to extend to certain inhabitants of Japan a suitable recognition of their humane treatment of the survivors of the crew of the American bark Cashmere; also, an act authorizing the President to arrange a conference between the United States, and Mexico, Central and South America, Hayti, San Domingo and Brazil.

The Pacific Roads.

The House committee on Pacific railroads today began the consideration of the case of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, adopting as a basis for its action the bill for the settlement of the company's debt, proposed by the Pacific Railway Commission.

Maine Matters.

The following Maine pensions were granted today:

ORIGINAL, INVALID.

Eli Merriman, Litchfield.

INCREASE.

Horace W. Haynes, Cooper; Andrew Malone, Linneus; John D. Canny, Surry.

Notes.

Cardinal Gibbons and all the other church dignitaries who took part in the laying of the corner stone of the Catholic university yesterday, called at the White House at noon today by special appointment, and paid their respects to the President.

Mr. Hale has concluded to act with the other Republican Senators in favor of an open discussion of the fisheries treaty.

The Republicans will caucus immediately after the House adjourns tomorrow, and the Democrats at 8 p. m.

Lth CONGRESS--FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 25.

Senator Blair introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution to the effect that no State shall ever make or maintain any law respecting the abolishing of religion or prohibiting free exercise thereof, and that every state shall establish and maintain a system of free public schools, but that no money raised by taxation shall ever be appropriated, applied, or given for any school, institution, corporation, or person, whereby instruction is given in any doctrine, tenets, beliefs, ceremonials, or observations of a religious sect. It was laid on the table at Senator Blair's request.

A resolution was adopted instructing the committee on Indian affairs to examine into the condition of the State bonds held by the United States in trust for the Indians.

Senator Turpie introduced a bill for the making and printing of a register of labor, being a modification of the amendment offered by him the other day to the bill for a department of labor. Referred.

The Senate considered the House bill making an appropriation to supply the deficiency in the appropriation for the expenses of collecting the revenue from customs. An amendment was reported by the committee on appropriations to strike out the clause repealing the law making a permanent annual appropriation of $5,500,000 for the expenses of collecting the revenue from customs, and was agreed to. Other amendments reported were also agreed to and the bill passed. The Senate then proceeded to executive business.

The Senate continued in secret session until 5.40 and then adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE.

Private business having been set aside, the House went into committee of the whole, Mr. Blount of Georgia in the chair, on the legislative and judicial appropriation bill, which was read by paragraphs for amendment.

An amendment offered by Mr. Taylor of Ohio, to increase the salary of the chaplain of the House from $900 to $1200, was rejected.

The greater part of the afternoon was consumed in dreary discussions upon the proposed increase of salary for House employes and a tedious debate on points of order. No material changes were made in the bill.

Mr. McComas of Maryland, offered an amendment increasing the clerical force of the civil service commission. He declared that in the whole century there had never been such a clean sweep of general officers as under Cleveland. Now, this sweep was made under the guise of the most colossal hypocrisy that ever graced the office of Lord High Executioner. The Democrats would deceive nobody but morally dyspeptic mugwumps, who, for free trade, had dickered away civil service reform.

Mr. Hopkins of Illinois asserted and commented on the assertion that throughout the United States, Cleveland's federal officeholders had captured the Democratic State Conventions and elected delegates to St. Louis, regardless of the wishes of the people.

Mr. Reed of Maine said he could remember how the gentlemen on the other side, in season and out of season, used to point out the melancholy spectacle of Federal officeholders participating in nominating conventions. He remembered they used the language of violent reprobation at the appointment and removal of men for political purposes. They asserted that if they ever came into power they would end that thing, and declared it was to the interest of the Republic that it should end. Carrying out the sentiments of this virtuous oratory, President Cleveland, at the beginning of his term, proclaimed that he intended to stop Federal office-holders participating in nominating conventions, not having a prophetic eye on the recent Pennsylvania convention or the New York convention. [Laughter.] What the Republicans pointed out was that the gentlemen on the other side, after all their virtuous oratory, as soon as they got into power did precisely the same thing about which they were so indignant before they got into power. They retorted by saying "You did it." That was just what they had said before election. That was precisely the gravamen of their charge. That was precisely the fault they were going to correct., and now, when they committed this fault themselves, they reiterated what they had said before election, forgetting that the conditions had changed. The accusation made against the gentlemen was, and he hoped he was not unparliamentary, that their conduct compared with their previous declarations, savored of hypocrisy. [Laughter.]

Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts said that the providing of an additional clerical force for the commission was simply a statement on the part of Congress that it believed the civil service law should be extended and maintained.

After further debate, the pending vote being upon the McComas amendment, the committee rose and the House took a recess until 8 o'clock.

At the evening session the House passed 38 private pension bills, and at 10.30 o'clock adjourned.

LIFE IN THE COUNTRY.

Useful Hints Regarding the Entertainment of City Guests.

[Mrs. Sherwood in the N. Y. Sun.]

The country neighborhood in England means a collection of villas, neighboring great houses, where hospitality goes on all the time, and where there is something near which is of historical interest to see. American country life must be very simple in comparison, and it is for the most part so lonely to the rich that they forsake their country places and go to Newport or to Mount Desert, where they find company. Half the once historic houses on the North river are forsaken. Half of this objection to living in the country comes from the servant nuisance. The cook is always free to decamp on Saturday night, and the guests who come down for Sunday may take care of themselves as best they may. But many young people still like the country and have their country in the neighborhood of all large cities. They like to entertain their city guest without much parade or expense. Now, how to feed them? Every country household should try to have a vegetable garden; for peas, beans, young turnips, and salads freshly gathered are very superior to those which can be bought. Of all the country luxuries fresh vegetables are the greatest. Especially does the tired city, delight in green pease, the crisp lettuce, and fresh strawberries. The large family of salads can make the plainest dinner delightful. Given a clear beef soup, a slice of fresh fish, or a bit of spring lamb with mint sauce, some green pease and fresh potatoes, a potato salad with onion, and one has a good dinner. An egg salad is a very good dish for a hungry company, and a cold ham on the side-board will feed a multitude. A country garden is a boon to a tired city, particularly if it is one of the old-fashioned gardens, with lilacs, hollyhocks, mignonette and violets. And for a country dinner the table should be near window or windows, if possible. In fine weather it should be on the veranda, looking into the garden. And if one must dine in a small room, let the carving be done outside, and all the greasy dishes kept out of sight. There should be a sideboard and side tables, relays of knives, and spoons. Dishes and glasses not in use can stand; the soiled dishes should be carried out of sight. A maid servant should be taught how to carve and how to serve the dinner neatly. Soup for a country dinner should be clear Julienne, or chicken, or some light affair. The heavy soups are not in order. If the lady of the house has a talent for cooking, she will have her soups made the day before, so they will be free from grease, and she should season them herself, unless she has a good cook. It is better in a country house to have some cold dish that will serve as a resource if the cook should leave. Melton veal is an admirable thing to fall back upon. It can be made on a Saturday and will last a week. It is made of alternate layers of veal and ham, highy seasoned and baked in a pastry, and is very nice. No lady should attempt to entertain much in the country, unless she has a good cook and a competent waiter, else it is but a slavery. There is a curious lack in America. The dining rooms of country houses are generally small and not cheerfully furnished. The more modern houses are improving in this respect, and we have lately seen many a large room with a good outlook, or with hard wood floor or matting, or with Indian rugs. The table should be round or oval. The chairs of some hard wood, with cane. The table cloth of fine damask, smelling of lavender; colored cloths are permissible for dinner and tea. The matter of lighting rooms troubles people who live in country neighborhoods. If there is no gas, candles are pretty, but very troublesome. The wind blows the flames to and fro, insects flutter into the flame, an unhappy moth seats himself on the wick, and burning into an unsightly cadaver, makes a gutter down one side; the red paper shades take fire, and there is endless trouble. Kerosene smells abominably. However, a pretty carcel or moderator lamp with transparent shade is the best thing, and, now that they come with long brass standards, are very convenient.

A Live Yankee.

To the Editor of the Press:

The following is from the Chicago Times of May 22d. It refers to my friend of many years, John L. Woodcock, Esq., who was born, reared and married in Calais, Me., and who is a true son of the Pine Tree State. A few years ago he passed the summer at Robbinston, on the banks of the beautiful and historical St. Croix river. It was during this time that the yoke was made. If Maine men should visit Chicago and call upon him at the Clifton House and present him with a piece of our pine, I will guarantee them a cordial reception, especially if they are Blaine men.

W. H. S.

Mr. Woodcock, of the Clifton House, is a Maine man, and early contracted the habit of whittling. He has a knife now, which he has carried for years, and the blades are worn down like a butcher's knife, and all from whittling. Some days ago, in a paragraph of gossip, it was mentioned that he was keeping up the business of whittling, just as he did in Maine. The result of this was that some of his friends sent him around a bundle of pine wood for whittling purposes.

A few years ago, Mr. Woodcock's health began to fail, and he went back into Maine to see the men who were boys when he was a boy, and wandered around on the beach. His old friends came to see him, and each one brought him a nice piece of wood to whittle. During his stay he made a yoke with his knife, and his daughter painted it, and had the pins tipped with gold. This he gave to an old raftsman away up on the Kennebec river. The gift was accompanied by "a bit of a poem," which is still in existence. I have surreptitiously obtained a copy of it "all unbeknownst" to Mr. Woodcock, and spring it on him here:

The Yankee boy is full of life.
His chiefest treasure a pocket-knife;
He whittles a tune on his way to school,
And whittles his desk against the rule.

As the years go by he begins to trade;
His wits are sharp, and so is his blade.
He makes sharp bargains as he shaves the wood,
And gains some dollars—as all men should.

His health may fail—then he longs for rest,
So he hies him away to the old home nest;
With his knife in hand he cuts rough toys,
And he gets a rest as he talks with "the boys."

One day at "Old Quoddy"—just for a joke,
From a piece of birch he whittled this yoke.
'Tis a symbol of patience, union and strength—
Don't be in a hurry, that your days may have length

Accept it—may it ever bring you good luck—
With a true pulling mate you can never get stuck.

It will be seen from this effusion that mine host Leland is not the only poetical Boniface in Chicago.

HISSED IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Confusion Among the Presbyterians Caused by a Misunderstanding.

Dr. Paxton Sets Himself Right and is then Warmly Applauded.

The Qusstion of Union Finally Referred to a Committee.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26.—There was a large attendance at the Presbyterian general assembly in Philadelphia this morning. The first thing done was to vote to meet next year in the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian church, Philadelphia. The report of the judiciary committee was approved until the appeal of Judge Charles T. Drake against the synod of Baltimore in the case of Rev. George A. Little was reached, in which the synod had refused to condemn responsive reading of Scriptures in public worship. The judiciary committee recommended that the appeal be not sustained on the ground that the general assembly of 1886 had passed upon the matter by declaring that it was not prepared to recommend to the session that responsive reading was a subject for discipline. On Dr. Crosley's motion the case was referred back to the committee, with instructions to report only upon the orderly character of the appeal, and the same disposition was made of the committee report on Judge Drake's appeal in the case of Rev. Mr. Hamlin, of the Baltimore synod, which was similar in every respect.

The report of the standing committee on foreign missions was next called. Dr. Johnson, chairman of the committee, made a very encouraging exhibit of the work among the heathen. Every reference to organic union brought out applause. The discussion of this question is awaited with uncommon interest.

Every seat on the floor and every nook and corner in the gallery was occupied this afternoon, as it was known that the question of an organic union of the two great bodies of the Presbyterian church would be fairly upon the General Assembly in the consideration of the report of the committee of conference with the corresponding committee of the Presbyterian Church in the United States (the Southern General Assembly). Rev. J. T. Smith, D. D., of Baltimore, read the report of the committee of conference. The question of the relation of colored people in the South to the church is thus disposed of in the committee's report; "We are of opinion that our assembly will agree to a basis to organize a union by which the present boundaries and constituencies of the presbyteries and synods in the South shall remain in statu quo, to be changed only with the consent of the parties interested, and all new churches and presbyteries hereafter established shall be established by and received into connection with the presbyteries and synods respectively, as the interested parties mutually agree."

Dr. Smith said this was merely designed to give the members of the colored churches the liberty of entering into such associations as they deemed proper and was in no sense mandatory upon the colored people, who could associate with the white presbyteries or not, as in their judgment seemed proper.

Rev. Everard Kempshall, D. D., of New Jersey, moved the recommitment of the report, with instructions to report to the next general assembly. The solemn issue involved required that haste should be made slowly, and the continuance of the committee, with the addition of several members from the section of the general assembly not now represented, would conduce to the union so fondly hoped for.

Rev. John R. Paxton, of New York, favored Dr. Kempshall's resolution for the recommitment. During his remarks occurred one of the most remarkable demonstrations yet seen upon the floor of the General Assembly. He referred to the faternal spirit engendered by the visit of the Southern Assembly and their reunion in yesterday's centennial celebration. "Science at this time is golden," he said, "there stands the Negro; may God curse the day when he came from Africa's sunny strand." Here the assembly and spectators broke into a perfect storm of hisses which the moderator vainly strove to suppress, breaking his gavel in the effort to do so. Dr. Paxton explained that he loved the colored men and his remark had been misunderstood. What he did mean was that the Negro had been stolen from his home, robbed of his heritage, and sold into slavery. The assembly rewarded this sentiment with loud applause. Dr. Paxton's plea was for a campaign of masterly inactivity.

Rev. Dr. Crosby, of New York, Rev. Dr. Thomas A. Hoyt, of Philadelphia and others favored immediate action. Justice Strong, Dr. McCosh and other speakers approved of delay.

Rev. Wm. H. Franklin, D. D., colored commissioner from Tennessee, got the floor to say the Negro in the South was not degenerating. He was called down on a point of order, however, when he said the colored people did not want to separate the presbytery and synods as the committee's report intimated.

An amendment finally offered by Governor Beaver was adopted referring the entire matter before the Assembly to a special committee with Justice Strong as chairman, to report to the Assembly at the earliest possible moment, its report to take precedence over any other order before that body. The moderator appointed as a special committee, Justice Strong and Drs. Crosby, Young, Hoyt and Sanders. The Assembly then adjourned.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

THE HAVERHILL AND LAWRENCE ROAD.

The directors of the Haverhill and Lawrence railroad tried again Thursday to secure from the Lawrence aldermen the right of way through the city on the proposed route to Boston. Their plan asked for a route as follows: Beginning at a point on the boundary of Lawrence and Methuen near the Merrimac river, passing the City Almhouse and Industrial School; thence, insteading of following the northerly bank of the river, the line, turns to the left, crosses the Merrimac river by a bridge 800 feet in length that runs to Merrimac street; a spur track begins on the above described line; swinging northwesterly, follows the valley of Sour Brook, crossing East Haverhill street, near where the street crosses the brook. As the line approaches the head of the brook it swings to the left, passing under Prospect street, follows down Valley Bloody Brook, crossing the brook, it terminates at Berkley street, near Jackson street, where a station is to be erected. The matter was postponed until next Monday evening, that the city engineer and city solicitor may consider the question.

NOTES.

The Bartlett and Albany Railroad Company has entered into an agreement with the Boston & Maine railroad, whereby the latter is to furnish the iron for the construction of the Bartlett and Albany railroad from a point near the company's mills in Bartlett to or into the Swift River Valley.

On and after Monday, May 28th, an additional passenger train will be put on the Boston & Maine road between Rockport and Boston. The train will leave Rockport at 7.35 a. m., and arrive in Boston at 8.55 a. m.

The stockholders of the Maine Shore Line Railroad Company will meet at Bar Harbor on June 6th.

Chicago Strangely Visited.

[Chicago Tribune.]

Chicago had two puzzling visitations last week. They were harmless and no worse effect than to cause the entomologists and the ornithologists to rack their brains in vain and ordinary folk to ask a good many un answered questions. Thursday night suburban residents who took the midnight train on the Illinois Central found the sidewalk at the foot of Randolph street under the the electric light strewn with a multitude of large "bugs," unlike anything anybody had seen before. They ranged in length from one to two inches, and had the general characteristics of the locust. They were so large and so unusual that they attracted the attention of everyone that was around at that time of night; in fact the trainmen pinned several of them up on a big placard and threw knives at them. A bug big enough for a target is considerable of a bug. So far as is known they were noticed in no other part of the city. It is suggested that they were seventeen-year locusts, which would account for the ignorance displayed concerning them, but the insect in question does not make its appearance at this season of the year. At any rate, they were undoubtedly bound for some other place, and were carried out of their way by some sudden change in the atmospheric programme.

That same night and the next day a multitude of small birds unlike anything ever seen before made their appearance. They settled down on Michigan Avenue and many of them dashed themselves to death against the electric lights. They were pretty little birds, a trifle smaller than the English sparrow, and had bright plumage—yellow, red, green and darker shades. They were exhausted as if from a long flight, and quite a number were caught by pedestrians. Though nobody seems to be able to give any definite information, they were similar to what the small boys call "summer birds," which appear with the first real summer weather. Why they should have arrived here at this season is not explained. It may be that they as well as the "bugs" were caught by a heavy wind and driven out of their course. In the interest of science some of Chicago's ornithologists should capture a specimen—many of them recovered and took to the leafless woods in the suburbs—and establish the identity of the little visitors.

BASE BALL.

Portland Stays in the League for the Present.

A meeting of the New England Base Ball League was held at Boston, Mass., last evening, all the clubs being represented. Thomas A. Gill, of Nashua, was appointed a league umpire in place of Charles A. Marston, and James F. Mullen was dropped from the staff of substitute umpires. It was voted to instruct the umpires that when an umpire is hit by a batted ball, the batter is entitled to resume his place at the bat. No base shall be run, and no ball or strike shall be called.

The matter of the withdrawal of the Portland club from the league was considered, and it was decided that Portland shall hold its place for the present and play games according to the schedule.

The Sheffler assault case was also investigated. Sheffler, of the Manchesters, made an assault on Umpire Mullen, for which he was fined $100 by the umpire, and $100 additional by the Manchester management. After both sides had been heard the league decided that the umpire's fine could not stand as he had no right to impose it after the players had left the field. The league, however, imposed a fine on Sheffler of $50, besides the $100 already imposed by the management. The meeting then adjourned.

LYNNS, 10; PORTLANDS, 9.

The Lynns outbatted and outfielded the Portlands yesterday, but came within an ace of losing the game after having it well in hand, owing to the erratic work of Ferson in the pitcher's box. Stine, of the Portlands, played perfectly, and made one brilliant fielding play. Laroque did some sharp hustling that saved him errors. The work of Corcoran, Black, Terrien and Lynch was particularly good. The score:

	AB.	R.	BH.	TB.	PO.	A.	E.
Laroque, 3b	6	2	2	2	1	4	0
Black, cf	6	0	3	5	1	1	0
Spill, ss	6	1	1	2	2	3	2
Behan, 2b	4	2	1	1	1	3	2
Corcoran, 1b	5	1	1	1	13	1	0
Lynch, lf	5	2	2	4	2	0	0
Cook, rf	5	1	2	2	1	0	0
Terrien, c	5	0	1	1	9	0	3
Ferson, p	4	1	1	1	0	7	9
Totals	46	10	14	19	30	19	16

PORTLANDS.

	AB.	R.	BH.	TB.	PO.	A.	E.
Fusselbach, 3b	6	1	2	2	3	2	2
Koons, 2b	4	2	2	3	1	2	1
Prince, rf	6	0	1	1	1	0	1
Householder, 1b	5	1	3	3	12	0	1
Lyons, cf	5	0	0	0	1	1	3
Brady, lf	4	1	0	0	2	0	0
Stine, ss	4	2	2	2	4	7	0
McAuliffe, p	5	1	1	1	0	9	6
McCloskey, c	5	1	0	0	6	1	7
Totals	44	9	11	12	30	22	21

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Lynns	3	0	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	1	—10
Portlands	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	3	1	0	— 9

Two base hits—Spill, Koons. Three base hits—Black, Lynch. Stolen bases—Laroque (2), Black (2), Lynch (2), Behan, Ferson, Cook, Spill, Stine (2), Terrien, Brady, McCloskey. First base on balls—Ferson 3; McAuliffe 2. First base on errors—Lynns, 4; Portlands 5. Struck out—Cook (2), Spill, Terrien, Laroque, Lyons (3), McAuliffe. Double play—Lyons and Koons. Passed balls—Terrien 2; McCloskey 4. Wild pitches—Ferson 4; McAuliffe 2. Hit by pitched ball—Koons. Time—2h. 25m. Umpire—Bond.

The other New England League games resulted as follows:

AT LOWELL.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Manchesters	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	— 5
Lowells	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	— 4

Base hits—Manchesters, 9; Lowells, 7. Errors—Manchesters, 7; Lowells, 2. Batteries—Burns and Murphy, Ellis and Mahoney.

AT SALEM.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Salems	0	0	6	3	8	2	3	0	3	—25
Worcesters	4	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	— 7

Base hits—Salems, 36; Worcesters, 13. Errors Salems, 11; Worcesters, 14. Batteries—Turner and Hines, Henry and Derby.

The Standing.

The following is the standing of the clubs in the New England League:

CLUBS.	Manchesters	Salems	Lynns	Lowells	Worcesters	Portlands	Games Won	Percentage
Manchesters	...	3	3	3	2	3	14	.666
Salems	2	...	1	3	4	4	14	.666
Lynns	1	1	...	2	2	4	10	.588
Lowells	1	2	1	...	3	4	11	.523
Worcesters	2	1	1	2	...	3	9	.450
Portlands	1	...	1	...	...	...	2	.100
Games Lost	7	7	7	10	11	18	...	......

The National League.

The following games in the National League were played yesterday.

PHILADELPHIA, 4; BOSTONS, 1.

The Boston and Philadelphia clubs arrived in Boston from the West at 11.15 a. m. yesterday. A great crowd met them at the depot, and 15,000 people went to the grounds in the afternoon to see the opening league game in the city. The new $75,000 pavilion was packed, many State and city dignitaries being present. Everybody expected the Bostons to win except a few cranks, who remembered that the home team never wins on a holiday or when the grounds are invaded by a crowd. The stumbling block was Casey. Johnson was the only Boston player sufficiently clear sighted to follow his curves. The men were sleepy, and the game was sleepy, and was soon over. The only plays worthy of mention were the difficult fly catches in the crowd by Andrews and Ward. Johnson covered the entire outfield for the Bostons, and did all that was done at the bat.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Philadelphias	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	— 4
Bostons	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	— 1

Base hits—Bostons 5, Philadelphias 8. Errors—Bostons 5; Philadelphias 2. Batteries—Clarkson and Kelly, Casey and McGuire.

AT NEW YORK.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Washingtons	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	x	— 3
New Yorks	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	— 1

Base hits—New Yorks 5; Washingtons 3. Errors—New Yorks 7, Washingtons 5. Batteries—Welch and O'Rourke, O'Day and Deasley.

AT CHICAGO.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Chicagos	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	— 3
Detroits	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	— 2

Base hits—Chicagos, 5; Detroits, 8. Errors—Chicagos, 4; Detroits, 6. Batteries—Krock and Flint, Conway and Ganzel.

The Pittsburg-Indianapolis game postponed on account of rain.

Other Games.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyns, 4; Louisville, 1.

Notes.

The Maine State College team and the Nationals of St. John, N. B., played two games at St. John Thursday. Both were won by the former team. The score of the forenoon game was 12 to 8, and that of the afternoon game 10 to 1. Andrews was in the box the first game, and Small the second.

The base ball season will open in Skowhegan Decoration Day with a game between a strong team composed of the best men in the Colby team, enforced by Billy Donavan and several other fine Waterville players, and Skowhegan's representative nine. The Athens band has been engaged to furnish music for the occasion.

The Duster base ball club of Saco would like to play some strong club from Portland May 30th, at Saco, in the forenoon, and will give them their expenses. Address Fred Burns, Saco.

The Shamrocks accept the challenge of the Splendids, and will play them this afternoon on the Western Promenade at 2 30 o'clock.

STATE POLITICS.

CLAIMED BY BURLEIGH.

Mr. Burleigh claims the delegates from Kingsbury, Avon, Concord, Lexington, Highland Plantation, Dead River, Flagstaff and Forest City, nine in all.

NOTES.

Hon. L. G. Downes, Judge of Probate of Washington county, declines a nomination for that office at the county convention, and the Republicans of Calais are almost unanimous in favor of George R. Gardner.

The Republicans of Jefferson have organized a campaign club. W. A. Jackeon is president, and J. J. A. Hoffses and J. H. Bond vice presidents.

Mr. H. S. Hobbs, of Rockland, has returned from Cincinnati, where he went to attend the Union Labor national convention. He reports that very few delegates from the Eastern States were there, but quite large representatives from some of the Western and South-western States. He will endeavor to organize the party in Maine.

The Oxford County Republican convention has been called to meet at Paris, June 27th, for the purpose of nominating two senators, one county commissioner, judge of probate, register of probate, county attorney and treasurer.

The delegates from Hartland telegraph the PRESS that they are for Burleigh instead of for Marble, as has been stated.

Ex-chairman S. S. Brown on Thursday received a telegram from Congressman Milliken extending congratulations on his nomination and giving assurance of a pleasant campaign.

WANT THE CONSTITUTION REVISED.

Agitation in France for the Dissolution of Parliament.

Canada Declines to Pay Damages for Seizing the Bridgewater.

How the Southampton Election is Regarded in London.

PARIS, May 15.—The groups of the Right have reaffirmed the necessity of a revision of the constitution and the dissolution of Parliament, and appointed a committee to organize an agitation throughout the country in favor of dissolution.

The Southampton Election.

LONDON, May 25.—Southampton is a surprise to both sides. The Liberals did not expect to win it; the Tories did not expect to lose it. Wherefore, though prior to election it was admitted by both that the contest was conducted chiefly on a side issue, the Liberals having won naturally claim the result as a victory for Home Rule and a protest against coercion. The Tories say "No; you chose to fight on local matters, some peculiar to Southampton, and some broader, involving one of the critical points in the local government bill. But even this they say with wry faces. Whatever may be true of Home Rule, our Conservative friends have clearly got a blow. They took issue with the temperance party, which is very strong in Southampton. They softened to some extent their proposals about compensation for quashed licenses, but they stood by the principle of Mr. Ritchie's measure. On that, at any rate, they have been beaten. Southampton is the first constituency in which this question has been fought out, and the result is plain enough. Mr. Ritchie will have to modify, if not abandon, these licensing clauses of his bill.

Looked at more broadly, with reference to Home Rule, Southampton is not, they say, a cause of unmitigated grief either to Lord Randolph Churchill or Mr. Chamberlain. Lord Randolph is likely to see in this defeat another proof of his Preston argument about broken pledges and the futility of mere coercion as a permanent policy. Mr. Chamberlain, now Sir William Harcourt's guest at Lyndhurst in New-Forest, has been flying a kite. A journal, which sometimes serves him as an organ, published this week a new draft of his old scheme of Irish Councils as a substitute for an Irish Parliament. It cannot be said that the reception of this suggestion was on either side very flattering. The Tories, for the most part, passed it over in silence. The Gladstonians said: "This will never do." Still, they found it interesting as evidence that Mr. Chamberlain, like Lord Randolph, felt that something must be done and some policy offered to the country.

Another Canadian Injustice.

OTTAWA, Ont., May 25.—The Canadian government has refused to grant J. H. Allen, of New York, owner of the American ship Bridgewater, any compensation for the unjust seizure and detension of his vessel by the Customs Collector at Shelburne, Nova Scotia. The vessel put into Shelburne in July last in distress for repairs and unloaded her cargo. She was then seized by the Collector at Shelburne, who claimed 25 per cent. duty upon its value. The seizure was approved by the Commissioner of Customs at Ottawa, but the owner of the Bridgewater protested through the United States Consular agent at Shelburne, and the Acting Minister of Customs ordered the vessel released, but his orders were not obeyed. and the Collector sent a letter to Allen informing him that he might repair the vessel and take her away, provided he would abandon all claims against the government for damages and pay the costs of seizure. Allen would not accept these conditions and the vessel was detained for eighty days, until finally released unconditionally by the Minister of Customs. Mr. Allen has prepared a memorial to Secretary Bayard, to whom he will submit his case, and edeavor to obtain redress through diplomatic channels. Leading Canadian papers condemn the government's treatment of Mr. Allen as outrageous. The Minister of Justice in his report on the case does not attempt to justify the seizure of the vessel, but says Allen has no recourse at law.

Foreign Notes.

The village of Harlan, in Roumania, burned yesterday and four hundred families homeless.

Austin Corbin has arranged a London syndicate to issue $56,000,000 of 4 per cent. bonds for the Reading Railroad Company.

The National League yesterday endorsed the Parnellite manifesto on the Papal rescript.

Lieutenant General Sir John Ross, the new commander of the British forces in Canada, arrived at Halifal on the Caspion yesterday and was received with salutes from the citadel.

More forged Bank of France notes are in circulation than was supposed and public confidence is becoming shaken.

THE STATE.

AROOSTOOK COUNTY.

Miss Ellen Cummings, daughter of Mrs. L. K. Cummings of Fort Fairfield, who has been in Africa for several years, is expected home some time next month.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

In Bridgton the girls are so smart that they are crowding the boys out of the apothecary business. The News says that Miss Flossie, daughter of Geo. A. Lord of that village is to enter the employ of F. P. Bennett as clerk in his drug store, the first of June. His present chief clerk, Miss Mary B. Gibbs, will remain till the fall, when she intends to enter the Massachusetts College of Pharmacy, Boston.

Summit Hill, in Harrison, is a busy place these days, extensive repairs being made in the Whitman House. Another story with French roof will be added, while a long wing extending towards the spring will be a feature in the improvements. The new hotel will not be erected this summer owing to the lateness of the season. The house will be open the first of July.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

Rev. Martin S. Howes of Litchfield, will be united in marriage on the Fourth of July to Miss Addie Kennedy, formerly teacher in the Augusta schools. He is to be pastor of the Baptist church in Islesboro. Miss Kennedy graduated from the Augusta High school in the class of '77. She is the first of the ten ladies in her class to be married.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

W. H. Miller, Esq., whose appointment as postmaster at Washington was reported last week, succeeding Mr. I. W. Johdson, who has held the office for the past twelve years, is not a voter in the town, and the event caused much surprise. The facts have been sent to the Postmaster General, and the Rockland Opinion hears that the appointment will be withdrawn.

OXFORD COUNTY.

The Norway Advertiser reports that Hon. E. E. Rand has sold out his interest in the firm of E. E. Rand & Co., of Locke's Mills, to C. A. B. Libby of Lewiston. The business will be carried on under the firm name of the Tebbets Manufacturing Company's store. Mr. Libby is a son-in-law of John G. Tebbets, Mr. Rand's partner.

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

A daring trip was made one day this week by a party of seven Canadian Pacific railroad contractors and others in the steamer Carrie D., which is owned by Starrs, Askwith & Co., over the Moose River rapids, the principal inlet of Moosehead Lake. They wished to get the steamer below the rapids in order that she might carry the supplies which were being taken to the scene of operations on the Canadian Pacific line, and concluded to shoot the rapids. Mr. Charles Jackson, of Monson, was taken as pilot and the steamer entered the rushing waters. After an exciting run through the waters which ran at great speed over the rocks, the steamer emerged safe and sound. The shooting of the rapids has never been accomplished before by a steamer. The Carrie D. is a boat about thirty feet in length and draws about five feet of water.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Benj. Lincoln, Esq., of Dennysville received 40,000 salmon eggs from the State Commissioner last February for stocking the river at that place. The young fish are yet in the hatching house and will be put into the river some time in June. Mr. Lincoln has had remarkably good success with this lot and thinks that at least 39,990 of the eggs hatched. For the past six years young fish have been put in every season but one, and there are a large number of salmon in the river now.

Rev. J. S. Ross, the Methodist clergyman of Wesley, is raising money by subscription to buy an organ for the church. Enough has already been subscribed.

Blake, Day & Co., of Wesley, have just finished driving a million and a half of logs out of Brewer Dam Brook. It is the quickest run ever made.

J. L. Day, of Wesley, a veteran of the late war, is in feeble health with no hope of recovery. He is a good neighbor, a kind father and a loving husband.

YORK COUNTY.

Mr. and Mrs. MacLellan, of Biddeford, on account of failing health, started yesterday on an extended trip to the provinces. A friend's yacht awaits them at Halifax, whence they will sail to Labrador and, health permitting, on to Iceland and Norway, returning the latter part of the summer.

THE PRESS.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 26.

We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are in all cases indispensable, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot undertake to return or preserve communications that are not used.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A Republican State Convention will be held in

CITY HALL,

Portland, Tuesday, June 12, 1888,

At 11 o'clock, A. M.,

for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor, to be supported at the September election, and transacting any other business that may properly come before it.

The basis of representation will be as follows: Each city, town and plantation will be entitled to one delegate, and for each seventy-five votes cast for the Republican candidate for governor in 1884 an additional delegate, and for a fraction of forty votes in excess of seventy-five votes, a further additional delegate. Vacancies in the delegation of any city, town or plantation, can only be filled by residents of the county in which the vacancy exists.

The State committee will be in session in the reception room of the hall at 9 o'clock on the morning of the convention, for the purpose of receiving the credentials of delegates.

All electors of Maine, without regard to past political differences, who believe in protecting the industries of this State and its agricultural products; who believe in protecting the laborer and the wage-earner in every right; who believe "in choosing a policy which inspires labor with hope and crowns it with dignity, which gives safety to capital and protects its increase, which secures political power to every citizen, comfort and culture to every home"; giving free popular education to the people; in favor of free suffrage and an honest counting of ballots; who approve the prohibition of the liquor traffic and the promotion of the cause of temperance; in an economical, just and efficient administration of public affairs; a faithfully administered civil service; and who uphold all judicious measures for the encouragement of American ship building, are cordially invited to unite with the Republicans in the selection of delegates to this convention.

Per order Republican State Committee.

J. H. MANLEY, Chairman.

WILLIS H. WING, Secretary.

The Bangor Whig appears to be gradually getting back to a peace footing.

The Mayor of Gloucester, Mass, has resigned because his conscience will not allow him to sign liquor licenses.

The Burleigh papers all agree that the Press has injured Mr. Cleaves's candidacy. Strange to say, however, not one of them appears to be grateful.

The Calais Times alleges that the success of Mr. Bass in the fourth district Democratic convention was due to free passes, forged credentials and dishonest methods. Evidently the quarrel among the brethren down there is far from harmonized.

Mr. Randall's defeat in the Pennsylvania convention will undoubtedly seriously affect his influence with the protection Democrats of the House, and henceforth his following is destined to diminish rather than increase. The chances of the passage of the Mills bill are therefore materially improved by Mr. Randall's downfall. Indeed it was no doubt with a view to that largely that his defeat was planned and executed. That the Pennsylvania Democrats are sincerely in favor of the Mills bill is however not likely.

It seems to be a fair inference from a paragraph in the Augusta Age on the Democratic State convention that the chief reason why the convention did not adopt a license plank was because it was thought it might distract attention from the great question of tariff reform. The Age thinks that one question is all the people are capable of considering at one time. After tariff reform is secured, then the party will be in a condition to develop the Belfast plan of promoting temperance by establishing in every town a certain number of legalized rumshops.

The result of the bye-election in Southampton has proved very inspiring to the Gladstonians with the contrary effect on the Conservatives. A Conservative had occupied the seat and the Conservatives expected to retain it. Everything seemed in their favor for the Liberal candidate was absent and all the campaigning done for him was done by his wife and daughter. Nevertheless the Conservatives were routed and the Liberal candidate elected by a thousand majority. Perhaps a part of the victory may be credited to the efficiency of women as electioneering agents.

The Burlington strike has been officially declared off. It was practically off weeks ago, for the road had all the men it needed and was doing its business as regularly as if no strike had ever been inaugurated. The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers is perhaps the most intelligent and the most able labor organization in the country, and there is reason to believe that in this case they had right on their side. The failure is due to the fact that there are plenty of engineers outside their organization who cannot be controlled by it, and it has demonstrated anew that a monopoly of labor is practically impossible.

The accidents from the electric light wires in New York city are becoming so frequent that a grave problem is suggested to the people of great or even moderate sized cities, where the telegraph, telephone and electric light wires are strung near together. One of the newspapers of the metropolis not long ago investigated the conditions of the wires in the city. It was found that over the dangerous electric light wires are strung hundreds of telegraph, telephone, fire, police and messenger wires, ready to carry the deadly current into homes, stores and offices, or to break and carry death to unwary pedestrians in case accident or the effects of time destroy the insulation of the heavily charged light wires. Several deaths and severe fires have been caused in this way. Thursday papers reported a destructive fire in one of the New York telephone stations, caused by a telephone wire falling on to an electric light wire at a place where the insulating cover had probably worn off. The intense electric current was carried on the telephone wire to the central office, where it set fire to the switchboard. The flames spread instantly and a fifty thousand dollar fire was the result. Fires of this sort are likely to occur often in New York city, because of the great number of wires. In a recent inquest over the body of a man killed by the wires, Chairman Moses, of the National Electric Light Company, gave a vivid description of the danger that lurked in the most innocent looking wires. He was of the opinion that in the electric light wires themselves there was little danger, but he thought that in the old telephone and telegraph wires that were not well cared for, there might be great danger. If one of them came in contact with an electric light wire and should be hit accidentally by a person, any current which might be in the ground would be attracted and the person, being the means of completing the circuit, would of course be killed. He would give to the public the advice he gave his children: "Never touch a wire." In smaller cities where the wires are fewer and better cared for, such sweeping advice may not be needed; but it is nevertheless a good plan to try no experiments with the wires anywhere. They may be loaded.

Politics and the Treasury.

The Republican party appears to be in danger of committing an act which in the future it may have cause to regret. It ought to set its face strongly against mixing up the treasury in politics. Instead of that it seems inclined to set a precedent in favor of this very thing by nominating for governor a state treasurer during his term in office. We are happy to say, however, that thoughtful Republicans are beginning to realize the danger of such a course, and to make themselves heard in opposition. The Hon. J. W. Wakefield, one of the best known Republicans in the State, has written a strong letter in opposition to this course, which has already been given to our readers. In this week's issue of the Farmington Chronicle is a letter from the Hon. J. W. Fairbanks, one of the most prominent Republicans of Franklin County, in which he points out in language strong, but none too strong, the evil of the course that the supporters of Mr. Burleigh are urging upon the Republican party. Mr. Fairbanks says:

> Mr. Burleigh is now Treasurer of the State, and his term of office does not expire until his accounts are audited by a committee, which is to be chosen when the Legislature meets in January, 1889. The time required for settlement is about two weeks, and the Treasurer's bond holds good until a new Treasurer is elected and qualified, and his bond accepted. The Treasurer and his employes have no moral right to be engaged in *politics* or *speculation*. Our financial credit is the key to the success of all the industries of the State. We have had one experience of maladministration since the Republican party was formed, in Benjamin D. Peck. If the rule not to meddle with outside matters had been strictly adhered to in his case the tax payers of Maine would have been saved something like from fifty to one hundred thousand dollars. Can the Republicans of Maine ignore the obligations which the oath requires of the Treasurer, by aiding him in his present political campaign? The *precedent* is a *dangerous one.*

The constitution of Maine forbids the treasurer to engage in any business of trade or commerce during his term of office. By the letter of the law he is not forbidden to engage in politics. But the obvious purpose of the constitution is to guard the treasurer against temptation, and to prevent him from engaging in any business that would seriously distract his attention from the duties of his office. May not the temptation of a political campaign, which cannot be conducted without expenditures of money and time be quite as serious as the temptations of any business of trade or commerce are likely to be? Shall the Republican party observe the letter of the fundamental law, or shall it live up to the spirit of the law as well? How would the stockholders of a large corporation enjoy having their treasurer, whose duty it was to take care of their funds, engage in a political campaign in his own interest, which might require a large expenditure, on his part, of both time and money? Would they not detect some impropriety in it, and would they not protest against it as setting a dangerous precedent, even though they anticipate no harm from the particular act? Is the case any different when the corporation is the State and the stockholders are the whole people?

It will be urged that no immediate harm will come to the State from allowing Mr. Burleigh to engage in a political campaign. We do not claim that there will. No doubt many of our State treasurers could have engaged in the business of trade or commerce without inflicting injury to the State. But a bad precedent is always dangerous. And to encourage the Treasurer of the State to engage in politics is, as Mr. Fairbanks says, to set a bad precedent.

CURRENT COMMENT.

A LITTLE HARD TO SEE.

[Bridgton News.]

The question is purely one of fact. If the statement of the Whig be true, and that of the Press and of Gen. Hamlin false, then of course the charge of discourtesy preferred against Bangor Republicans falls to the ground. But, for the life of us, we cannot see how it happened that Mr Hamlin was defeated, if the Burleigh majority were as magnanimous as they claim to have been.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

The History of Parsonsfield, from 1771 to 1888. To write a good town history requires a peculiar order of talent; hence, good town histories are rare. But anything which preserves, even in an imperfect form, the records of a community for a considerable period is of value, and the efforts of any individual who collects and puts in permanent form such records, should be commended, and his name should be inscribed upon the honored roll of public benefactors. The book before us is one of the better class of town histories which are now so frequently dropping from the press, and it not only treats of the beginnings of the town and its national growth and prosperity, but presents to the reader personal sketches of its people in all walks of life; its lawyers, ministers, physicians, merchants, politicians, authors, teachers, *et id genus omne*. There are also to be found in the five hundred pages which comprise the volume, interesting accounts of the schools and churches of Parsonsfield; genealogies of its principal families, etc., etc., in fact, the work covers a wide field and must not only prove valuable to the historical student, but have an especial interest for natives of the town both at home and abroad. Among the names mentioned in the book, which are familiar to Portland people, may be found the following: Hon. James W. Bradbuay; L. D. M. Sweat, Esq.; Dr. John M. Buzzell; Judge Nathan Clifford and Rev. Asa Dalton. The three first are natives of Parsonsfield, and the latter a connection of Samuel Dalton, formerly a prominent citizen of the town. A sketch of the Rev. Asa Dalton, accompanied by a portrait, which hardly does the reverend gentleman justice, are to be found in the volume. Of the portraits in the book, some are excellent and others unsatisfactory. Book makers should learn that a book is better without illustrations than with poor ones. Upon the whole, however, the book is creditable to the author, though we could wish that such a queer statement as the following had been left out; viz: "During this time he *ma* Miss Blank." Such an abbreviation is proper enough in a condensed genealogical table, but in a biographical sketch is improper. We are also told that a certain enterprising firm "deserve *brief* mention," though the writer does not intend to speak disparagingly of it. Such faults as these, however, are to be overlooked, for, it not only requires special training, but, as before remarked, exceptional talent to write the model town history, and at this early stage of our national existence we should not expect too much. Not only does the book contain a vast quantity of valuable matter but it is well printed and made up, and the price is low; namely, $3.50 for cloth, $4.50, library, and $6 for morocco, to which should be added 32 cts. for postage. Orders should be directed to J. W. Dearborn, John Bennett or Chas. F. Sanborn, Parsonsfield. (Portland: Brown Thurston & Co.)

In Nesting Time. By Olive Thorne Miller. One of the most attractive books that has lately appeared is this correction of sketches of birds, most of which have appeared from time to time in the magazines. The descriptions are mostly of birds in confinement, though several are the result of studies of the feathered creatures in their native woods, the most notable one being Bird Study in a Southern State. Mrs. Miller's birds have the freedom of the "bird room," and thus their manners and customs can be very closely observed, and as much individuality of character is found in them as in human beings. To bird lovers the book will be fascinating. Even persons caring little for birds cannot fail to be interested in these charming sketches. All the "tricks and manners" of her pets the author has caught and reproduced in the most delightful series of word-pictures. (Boston: Houghton, Mifflin & Co.; Portland: Loring, Short & Harmon.)

Life. By Count Tolstoi. Count Tolstoi is widely known and admired as a writer of brilliant novels. He is also deeply religious and interested in all that relates to the life of man. The Life of Man, what is it? Is it merely the sum total of the functions which resist death? Is it the phenomena of organic existence? The brevity, the uncertainty, and the sufferings of life are trueisms as old as history. Yet life must have a basis which is rational and moral, as well as physical. Whet is the end of our existence? It is not found in the pleasures of sense, for they are short and unsatisfying. Selfish pursuits degrade and destroy the true life of man, which is found only when we renounce sensual and selfish ends, surrender ourselves to God, accept the doctrine of Christ, and like Him live to promote the highest welfare of all mankind. (New York: Thomas Y. Crowel & Co.)

The History of Judaism. By Rabbi Solomon Schindler. The object of Rabbi Schindler is to show that Judaism was not ushered into the world full grown like Minerva, but was gradually developed, from the calling of Abraham, and was a gradual revelation of God's purposes not only as affecting the Jews, but Gentiles as well. The volume consists of a series of lectures given in Boston, and are somewhat rationalistic in sentiment. The writer does not belong to the Orthodox wing of the Jewish Church, but to the advanced, though he evidently regards the history of his race with pride and profound satisfaction. (Boston: Lee & Shepard; Portland: W. H. Stevens & Co.)

The Governor of Kansas has made an interesting innovation in the use of the pardoning power by remitting the sentence of a wife murderer upon the condition that he abstain in future from the use of intoxicating liquor.

PERSONAL AND PECULIAR.

Senator John W. Daniel has accepted an invitation to deliver the oration at the unveiling, on the 13th of June, of the monument at Chancellorsville, Va., which will mark the spot where Stonewall Jaakson received his mortal wound.

The French astronomer Perrotin, of the Nice observatory, states that he has discovered, by the aid of powerful glasses, that the planet Mars, beside being inhabited, has a number of gigantic canals connecting her seas, some of which canals are still in course of construction.

Ex-Governor Berry, now residing at Bristol, N. H., and in his ninety-second year, organized in 1826 the first temperance society in the State. It was formed at Hebron, where he was a manufacturer of leather, and was known as the "Tanners' Temperance Society."

The efforts of the American war department to fit the army with a better field glass have brought to light the fact that the eyes of the Americans are nearer together than are the eyes of other nations. Foreign field glasses, especially those of Germany, the best now in use, were tried, but the glasses were too far apart to fit American eyes.

George Francis Train is coming back from Nova Scotia. It will be remembered that when the Chicago Anarchists were hanged he shook the dust of his country from off his feet and declared he would never enter its borders more. But a short residence in Nova Scotia has convinced him that his country is a pretty good sort of place after all.

The oddest strike yet on record is reported from the Argentine Republic. The government thought the people were paying too high a tax for priestly services in the matter of masses, marriages, burials and other ecclesiastical functions, and issued an order lowering these rates. The priests appear to have jointly determined to resist this encroachment upon their prerogatives; have closed the churches, and even discontinued the ringing of church bells.

Women are competing more and more with men in the mechanic arts. There are now probably a thousand women in Pittsburg who work in iron mills making bolts, nuts, hinges and barbed wire. Three years ago the men who had been working in the bolt works gave such dissatisfaction that the proprietors decided to try girls at the same work. The venture was such a success that nothing would induce them to go back to the boys and men. A similar experiment in the wire works resulted as favorably.

Letters have been received from Mr. Blaine's party in Europe, indicating that the ladies will not take the coaching trip in Scotland with the Carnegies. Mrs. Blaine expects to sail for home by the French line on June 16. She will be accompanied by her daughter, by Miss Abigail Dodge (Gail Hamilton) and by Misses Elkins and Davis. The two young women last named have been making a tour covering a period of nearly a year, and extending to Turkey. They joined the Blaine party in Rome.

Two famous costumes, preserved at the Smithsonian Institution, were carefully photographed, recently, that their form may be preserved when the material shall have rotted away. They were the suits worn respectively by Washington when he resigned his commission, and by Jackson at the battle of New Orleans. A clerk in the Smithsonian wore the clothes for the photographing, and the result in the first case is said to be a striking picture of Washington, the gentleman resembling him very strongly in figure and feature.

Our minister to Siam has been floored by a little task which the State department assigned to him. He begs leave to report that he has nothing to say about the Siamese budget for the reason that he knows nothing about it and has sought in vain for enlightenment. According to Minister Child the King of Siam pockets all the government cash, disburses it as he pleases, and is the only man in the country who knows anything about its financial affairs. As his Majesty did not choose to take Mr. Child into his confidence, that gentleman's report has the merit of great brevity. In a few graphic lines he vividly depicts his own dense ignorance of the subject, pictures the the King as the watch dog and sole custodian of the treasury, and assures us that the Siamese "will give you no information, but reply with the politest of evasives."

SAVINGS BANK BOOK LOST.

We have been notified in writing, as required by Revised Statutes, Chapter 47, Section 112, by Francis Fickett that his Deposit Book, No. 41,348, is lost and that he desires a duplicate Book issued to him.

MAINE SAVINGS BANK,

by Alpheus G. Rogers, Treasurer.

Portland, Me., May 12, 1888. my14d1awMgw

MISCELLANEOUS.

FURNITURE.

FINANCIAL.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Portland Widow's Wood Society.

A special meeting of the members of the Portland Widow's Wood Society will be held at their room, City Building, on Monday evening, June 4th, 1888, at seven and a half o'clock. A full attendance is requested as business of importance will came before said meeting.

S. H. COLESWORTHY, Sec'y.

Portland, May 19, 1888. my19d2w

ANNUAL MEETING.

The stockholders of the Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad Company are hereby notified that their annual meeting for the choice of directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may legally be presented, will be held on the first Monday, the fourth day of June 1888, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon in the Company's hall near the station in Kittery.

F. R. BARRETT

Clerk of the Company.

Portland, May 18, 1888. my19td

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the subscriber has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of administrator with the Will annexed of the estate of

JACOB McLELLAN, late of Portland,

in the County of Cumberland, deceased and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

GEORGE R. B. JACKSON, Administrator. c.t.a.

Portland, May 15, 1888. [illegible] d1aw3wM

AMUSEMENTS.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS

CITY OF PORTLAND.

NOTICE of HEARING.

Whereas the Portland and Rochester Railroad has petitioned the City Council to discontinue a part of two Streets or Public Ways in said city, namely:

To discontinue that part of Cedar street which lies below Somerset street; and

To discontinue that part of Wilmot street which lies below a point 175 feet northerly from Somerset street; and

Whereas said petition was referred by the City Council, May 7th, 1888, to the undersigned, for them to consider and act upon; therefore

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that the Joint Standing Committee of the City Council on laying out new streets, will meet to hear the parties and view the proposed way on FRIDAY, the 1st day of June, A. D. 1888, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the corner of Cedar and Somerset streets, and will thereafter proceed to determine and adjudge whether the public convenience requires said portion of said streets or ways to be discontinued.

Given under our hands on this 24th day of May, A. D. 1888.

CHAS. J. CHAPMAN, Mayor,
NATHAN E. REDLON,
WM. H. SMITH,
JOHN F. RAND,
FRANCIS HIGGINS,
J. HENRY CROCKETT,
} Committee on laying out New Streets.

my25 dtd

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned until four o'clock p. m., Monday, May 28th, for building a pavillion at the Maine Insane Hospital at Augusta, Maine. Plans and specifications may be seen, and all information obtained at the office of G. M. Coombs architect, Lewiston, Me., and at the office of Dr. B. T. Sanborn, Superintendent at the Hospital, on and after Monday, May 21st. Proposals will be received for the whole work; or stone, mason and carpenter work in separate proposals. All proposals to be left with the Superintendent at the Hospital. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all proposals.

JAMES WEYMOUTH,
E. A. THOMPSON,
D. O. BOWEN,
B. T. SANBORN
} Building Com.

may19 dtd

Proposals for Subsistence, Quartermaster's and Hospital Stores.

Office Treasurer Eastern Branch,
N. H. D. V. S., Togus, Me., May 15, 1888.

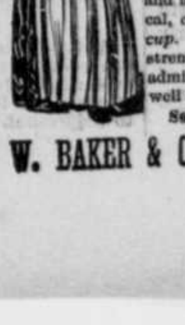
Sealed Proposals subject to usual conditions will be received at this Office until 12 o'clock M., June 5, 1888, for furnishing and delivering at this Home, the Subsistance, Quartermaster's, and Hospital Stores required for the fiscal year, commencing July 1st 1888, and ending June 30, 1889, and which consist in part of the following, viz: Tea, Coffee, Groceries, Flour, Fresh and Corned Beef, Mutton, Veal, Fresh and Salt Pork, Smoked and Corned Shoulder, Hams, Fresh and Salt Fish, Butter, Cheese, Lard, Onions, Potatoes, Corn, Oats, Shorts, Household Articles, Plumbing Material, Hospital Supplies, Tobacco, Gasoline, Kerosene, and Coal.

Schedule giving the kind, and estimated quantities required, full particulars as to the conditions to be observed and terms of contract and payments will be furnished on application.

my19eodtJe5 H. A. COBAUGH, Treasurer

The Selectmen of Standish invite written proposals from responsible parties for building a stone abutment for a bridge over the Presumpscot River at Eelweir Bridge. Parties wishing to make proposals are requested to write to the selectmen for plans and specifications. Proposals must be presented before June 6, 1888.

Standish, May 21, 1888. my22d1w&w2w



THE PRESS.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 26.

WIT AND WISDOM.

She—Ah, John, before we were married you were always wishing you were one of the knights of old so that you might show your devotion, and now—

He—Great heavens, Maria, did you ever hear of one of those old chivalry fellows jumping up from his paper to chop wood?

If you had taken two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring you would not have had that coated tongue or bad taste in the mouth this morning. Keep a vial with you for occasional use.

Scene: Foreign music shop in New York.

Fashionable lady, to German clerk—Has Schubert written any new songs lately?

Clerk—No, madam, not since he died.

GOOD housekeepers are fast finding out that a pure Extract made by Joseph Burnett & Co., costing a cent or two more a bottle, goes farther and makes the most delicious of dishes. Avoid goods only recommended by their cheapness.

"Edward, why do I hear that you have disobeyed your grandmother, who told you not to jump down these steps?"

"Grandma didn't tell me not to, papa. She only came to the door and said, 'I wouldn't jump down these steps, boys.' And I shouldn't think she would, an old lady like her!"

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Augustus Popinjay—Now, really, Miss De Smith, is Miss Travis a well-informed girl?

Miss De Smith—I should say she was! She knows everything that goes on in this town.

Harsh purgative remedies are fast giving way to the gentle action and mild effects of Carter's Little Liver Pills. If you try them, they will certainly please you.

Emaciated tramp (to business man)—I'm a survivor of the Mexican war, an' I want you to help me a little, Cap'n.

"Get out o' this!"

"Look here, Cap'n! what have you got against a survivor of the Mexican war?"

"All I've got against you is that you survived."

I was troubled with catarrh for thirty years. Have suffered a great deal. My eyes, ears and throat were greatly affected. Mr. Kinney, the druggist, induced me to try Ely's Cream Balm and for the past two years have had very little trouble. I have lived in Webster, Mass., and Rockville, Conn. Very respectfully, J. W. Pratt, Monson, Mass.

I have improved greatly since using Ely's Cream Balm for catarrh. I feel like a new man. It is a blessing to humanity.—John D. Farrell, Hartford, Conn.

Deacon (to oyster dealer)—We are getting up a church festival for Wednesday night. What kind of oysters have you got?

Oyster dealer—Blue Points and Saddle Backs, sir.

Deacon—Well, I hardly know which to buy.

Oyster dealer—Why not take one of each, sir?

The Moxie Secret.

It is three years since Lieut. Moxie first sent the rich South American nerve food plant called Moxie to Dr. Thompson, in Lowell, Mass. Since, over 8,000,000 bottles have been sold, and to-day it is undoubtedly the most popular beverage and nerve support in the world. Is has become the ordinary drink of hundreds of thousands of people all over the world. This business has grown like a mushroom. When it was discovered to be a rich nerve food, there was a struggle to possess it. The contest before the United States Courts has developed the fact that it has actually recovered a very large number of old cases of helpless paralysis, old drunkards, nervous wrecks, and invalid women suffering from nerve exhaustion. It has the same effect of other rich foods. The secret lies in the mode of artificial digestion, by which no action of the digestive organs is necessary to make it fit for immediate absorption by the nervous system. This was discovered by Dr. Thompson. The process will dissolve an albuminoid so finely that it can be evaporated like water. It has to be as fine as this to enter the nerve circulation. The women are crazy after it, and the druggists say the sale is just immense.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Imports.

SOBER ISLAND, NS. Schr J B Dolliver—1453 cs canned lobsters to Burnham & Morrill.

Grain Quotations.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

Thursday's quotations.

WHEAT.

	June.	July.	Dec
Opening....	85	86	87½
Highest....	86½	87¾	89½
Lowest.....	85	85¾	87⅜
Closing.....	86½	87½	89⅜

CORN.

	June.	July.	Aug.
Opening....	55⅜	55⅞	56⅛
Highest....	56¾	56⅞	56¾
Lowest.....	55⅜	55⅝	55⅞
Closing	56¼	56⅜	56⅞

OATS.

	May.
Opening....	35½
Highest.....	36½
Closing.....	36½

Friday's quotations.

WHEAT.

	June.	July.	Dec.
Opening.........	86¼	87⅜	89⅜
Highest.........	87¼	88⅜	90
Lowest.... ...	86⅝	87⅜	88⅜
Closing.........	86⅝	87⅝	89¼

CORN.

	June.	July.	Aug.
Opening.........	56¼	56¼	56¼
Highest.........	56¼	56½	56¼
Lowest.........	55⅜	55⅜	55¾
Closing.........	55⅜	55⅝	55⅞

OATS.

	May.
Opening........	36⅝
Highest.........	38
Lowest.........	36⅝
Closing.........	38,

Portland Daily Press Stock List.

Corrected by SWAN & BARRETT, Bankers and Brokers, 186 Middle street.

STOCKS.

Descriptions.	Par Value.	Bid.	Asked
Canal National Bank	100	157	159
Casco Nat. Bank	100	146	148
First National Bank	100	115	117
Cumberland National Bank	40	50	51
Merchants' National Bank	75	123	124
National Traders' Bank	100	136	138
Portland Company		95	100
Portland Gas Company	50	70	75

BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked
State of Maine 6s, due 1889	102	103
Portland City 6s, Municip'l various	100	115
Portland City 6s, R. R. aid 1907	123	125
Portland City Funding 4s	101½	102½
Bath City 6s, Mun. various	102	105
Bath City 6s R. R. aid various	101	103
Bangor City 6s, long R. R. aid	113	116
Bangor City 6s, long Mun	120	122
Belfast City 6s, R. R. aid	104	106
And. & Ken. R. R. 6s, various	103	104
Portland & Ken. R. R. 6s, 1895	109	111
Leeds & Farming'tn R. R. 6s	109	111
Maine Central R. R. 1st mtg 7s	118	120
Maine Central R. R. Consol 7s	130	132
Maine Central R. R. Skg Fund 6s	105	106
Portland Water Co.		
" " 2d mtg 6s	105	106
" " 3d mtg 6s	110	112
" " Consol 4s		98

Boston Stock Market.

[By Telegraph.]

The following quotations of stocks are received daily:

Calumet & Hecla	245
Bell Telephone	231¼
Mexican Central	14⅜
New York and New England Railroad	39¼
do pref	120
Wisconsin Central	17¼
Wisconsin Central preferred	36
Eastern Railroad	122½
Atch., Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad	87¼
Boston & Albany	200
Old Colony Railroad	169¾
Boston & Maine R	211¼
Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad com	42
do pref	106
C. B. & Q	113¼
Chicago, Burlington & Northern	52½
Mexican Central 4s	66½
Boston & Lowell Railroad	164

*Ex-dividend.

New York Stock and Money Market

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, May 25, 1888.—Money on call has been easy, ranging from 1 to 2 per cent; last loan at 1½, closing at 1½@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper at 4½@6½ per cent. Sterling Exchange is active and steady. Government bonds quiet and steady. Railroad bonds quiet and irregular. The stock market closed quiet but quiet at about best prices.

The transactions at the Stock Exchange aggregated 339,230 shares.

The following are to-day's quotations of Government securities:

United States 3s	
New 4s, reg	127⅝
New 4s, coup	127⅝
New 4½s, reg	107
New 4½s, coup	108¼
Central Pacific 1sts	115⅛
Denver & R. Gr. 1sts	119
Erie 2ds	97½
Kansas Pacific Consols	109
Oregon Nav. 1sts	
Union Pacific 1st	114
do Land Grants	
do Sinking Funds	

The following are closing quotations of stocks:

	May 25	May 24
Adams Express	138	138
Am. Express	109	109
Central Pacific	30½	30½
Chesapeake & Ohio	2	
Chicago & Alton	135	135
do pref	155	155
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	113½	112½
Delaware & Hudson Canal Co	109⅞	109⅜
Delaware, Lacka. & Western	129⅛	128¼
Denver & Rio Grande	17	
Erie	24¾	24⅝
Erie pref	55½	54½
Illinois Central	119	118½
Ind. Bloom & West	11	11
Lake Erie & West	14¼	14
Lake Shore	91⅜	90⅜
Louis & Nash	55⅛	
Manhattan Elevated	92	90½
Michigan Central	79	77½
Minn & St. Louis	5¾	7
do pref	12	13½
Missouri Pacific	76	75½
New Jersey Central	83¼	82
Nor. Pacific common	22⅞	22⅞
do pref	50¾	49⅞
Northwestern	108⅝	108
Northwestern pref	143	144⅜
New York Central	105¾	105
New York, Chicago & St. Louis	14½	14½
do pref	65	65
Ohio & Miss	20¼	18½
Ont. & Western	16¼	16⅜
Oregon Trans-Cont'l	23⅝	23
Pacific Mail	33	33
Pullman Palace	147¼	146
Reading	62½	60
Rock Island	107⅞	107½
St Louis & San Fran	28¾	28½
do pref	66¾	66⅝
do 1st prf	112	112
St Paul	67⅝	66⅝
do pref	109⅝	108¼
St Paul, Minn & Man	100½	101
St Paul & Omaha	31	36
St. Paul & Omaha prf		105
Texas Pacific (new)	20	19⅝
Union Pacific	54⅞	54
U. S. Express	71	70½
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific	13⅛	13
do pref	24⅛	23½
Western Union	75⅞	75½
E. Tenn, new	9½	9¾
East Tenn. pref	60	61
Wells, Fargo Express	135	135
Oregon Nav	96¼	94½
Houston & Texas	13	13
Mobile & Ohio	8	8
Metropolitan El	136	138
Alton & Terre Haute	37	36
do pref	72	73

New York Mining Stocks.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, May 25 1888. The following are closing quotations for mining stocks to-day:

Colorado Coal	34 50
Hocking Coal	20
Homestake	10½
Ontario	29 00
Amador	2 15
Quicksilver	9
do preferred	35¼
Con. Cal. & Va	11¾
El Cristo	1 75
Sierra Nevada	4 25
Yellow Jacket	5⅝
Hale & Norcross	7⅞
Ophir	7¾

Petroleum Market.

BOSTON, May 25.

Pipe Line Certificates.

Opening	86¾
10.30	86½
11.00	85¾
11.30	86
12 M	85¾
1 P. M.	86½
2.30 P. M	86⅝
Closing	86⅞

Gloucester Fish Market.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING, May. 24.

We quote Shore Mackerel at $20 ℔ bbl for 1s; 2s at $17½@$18; 3s at $15; Bay 1s $17½@$18; 2s at $16. Bloaters $20.

Georges Codfish at $3¾@$0 ℔ qtl for large and $3½ for small; trawl Bank $3½ for large; Shores $3¼; large Dry Bank at $5; medium at $3¾.

Cusk quoted at $3 ℔ qtl; pollock at $2½; slack salted do $3; haddock at $2½, and hake $2¼.

Boneless and prepared fish at 3½@5c ℔ ℔ for hake, haddock and cusk, and 5@7c ℔ ℔ for codfish, as to style and quality. Smoked halibut at 8@11c ℔ ℔; smoked salmon 15c; do haddock 6c. Medium herring at 10c ℔ box; tucks 18c; lengthwise 17c; No 1s at 15c; Bloaters at 70c; canned trout $1½; fresh halibut at $1¼; fresh salmon at 2.25; clams 1 35; lobsters 1 60.

Labrador Herring $5@$5¼ ℔ bbl; medium split $4½; Newfoundland do $5; Eastport $3½; pickled codfish $6½; haddock $5½; halibut heads at 3¼; tongues $8; sounds $11; tongues and sounds 8 50; alewives 3 25; trout $14½; California salmon at $11; Halifax do $20; Newfoundland do $18. Clambait $7 to $7½; slivers $7.

Refined medicine oil at 55c ℔ gal; crude do at 40c; blackfish oil 55c; cod do 27c; porgie at 25c. Livers at 25c ℔ bucket.

Fish scrap $6 ℔ ton; liver do $4.

Fish skins $20@$40; fish waste $5@$10; halibut guano at $6.

Boston Produce Market.

BOSTON, May 25, 1888.—The following are today's quotations of Provisions, &c.:

Pork—Long cut 17 00@17 50; short cuts 17 50@17 75; backs 17 75@18 00; light backs 17 00; pork tongues 18 00.

Lard—Choice 0@9¼c ℔ ℔ in tcs; 9¾@9⅞c in 10-℔ pails; 10@10¼c in 5-℔ pails.

Hogs—Choice city dressed hogs 7¾c ℔ ℔; country do at 7c.

Hams at 11@12c, according to size and cure; pressed hams 12@12½c.

Butter—Western extra fresh made creamery at 24c; some fancy Elgin higher, extra first Western creamery at 23c; do firsts at 22c; do fancy fresh imitation crmey 22c; do seconds at 19@20c; Vermont fresh extra crmry at 24c; do extra firsts at 23c. The above quotations are receivers' prices for strictly wholesale lots. Jobbing prices 1@2c higher.

Cheese—Northern choice at 12½@13c; Ohio choice nominal; lower grades at 7@12c; new Western 8@9c. Jobbing prices ½c higher.

Eggs—Eastern extras 15@15½c; some fancy nearby stock higher; Eastern firsts 14½c; ex-Vt and N H 15@15½c; choice fresh Western 15c; NS and NB at 14½@15c; Michigan choice at 15@15½c; Southern nominal. Jobbing price 1c higher.

Poultry—Western young frozen turkeys 13@13½c for extra; do fair to choice, at 11@12c; Northern fresh killed chickens choice at 22@25; do fair to good at 15@20c; Northern fresh killed fowls at 13@15c; New York iced fowls at 11½@12½c; live fowls 12c.

Beans—Choice small N Y hand picked pea at 2 90@3 00 ℔ bush; choice New York large hand picked do 2 85@2 90; small Vermont hand picked do at 3 10@3 15.

Hay—Choice prime hay 19 00; some fancy $20; fair to good at $16 00@$18 00; Eastern fine $14@$15; poor to ordinary $13@$15; East swale 10@$11. Rye straw, choice, at 23 00@$24 50; oat straw 10 00@11 00.

Potatoes—Aroostook Rose at 75c; do hebrons at 75c; prolifics at 75c; White Brooks at 60c.

Chicago Cattle Market

[By Telegraph.]

CHICAGO, May 25, 1888—Cattle market—receipts 8,000; shipments 3900; steady; fancy 5 55; steers at 3 80@5 00; stockers and feeders at 2 90@4 15; cows, bulls and mixed 1 75@3 60; Texas steers 2 75@4 25.

Hogs receipts 20,000; shipments 5,300; strong early, closing weak; mixed 5 45@5 70; heavy at 5 55@5 90; light at 5 40@5 65; skips 4 00@4 20.

Sheep—receipts 6000; shipments 20,000; market is steady; natives at 3 75@5 25; Western 4 00@5 00.

Domestic Markets.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, May 25, 1888.—Flour market—receipts 28,980 packages; exports 6408 bbls and 1000 sacks; steady with light trade; sales 14,000 bbls.

Flour quotations—Fine at 2 25@3 00; superfine Western and State 2 50@3 25; common to good extra Western and State at 3 00@3 50; good to choice do at 3 60@5 25; common to choice White wheat Western extra at 4 40@4 65; fancy do at 4 75@5 25; common to good extra Ohio at 3 00@5 25; common to choice extra St Louis at 3 00@5 25; patent Minnesota extra good to prime at 4 60@4 85; choice to fancy do at 4 95@5 40. others unchanged; including 2200 bbls city mills extra at 4 65@4 80; 900 bbls fine do 2 30@3 00; 850 bbls superfine 2 50@3 25; 1100 bbls low extra at 3 00@3 50; 4300 bbls winter wheat extra at 3 00@5 40, 6400 bbls Minnesota extra 3 00@5 40. Southern flour in light request; common to fair extra 3 40@4 10; good to choice do 4 10@5 40. Rye flour is quiet; superfine 3 30@3 75. **Wheat**—receipts 165,050 bush; exports 31,946 bush; sales 90,000 bush; more active and lower; No 2 Red at 95¼@95¾c store and elev, 97@97½c delivered, 96@96c f o b; No 1 Red and No 1 White 1 00 nominal. Rye is dull. **Barley** is dull. **Corn**—receipts 43,000 bush; exports 30,048 bush, sales 82,000 bush; a shade lower and only moderately active; No 3 at 64@64¼; steamer 64@64¼c, 65½c delivered; No 2 at 65½c in elev, 66¾c delivered. **Oats**—receipts 66,600 bush, exports 250 bu; sales 109,000 bush; trifle higher and moderately active; No 3 at 37½c; do White 43@43½c; No 2 do at 38@39c; White do 44@45; No 1 White 45½c; Mixed Western 36@40c; do White 42@47c; White State 45@47c. Coffee—fair Rio firm at 16¼. The **Sugar** market is firm; refined is and unchanged; C 5½c; Extra C 5⅝@5¾; White Extra C at 5⅞c; Yellow at 5 5-16@5⅝c; standard A at 6¼c; Mould at A 7c; Confectioners A at 6⅝; cut loaf and crushed at 8c; off A at 6@6 1-16; powdered at 7c; granulated at 6¾; Cubes at 7c. **Petroleum** firm—united at 86⅞c. Pork steady. Beef dull. **Lard** firm; Western steam quoted 8 87½; city steam at 8 35; refined quoted 8 50 for Continent; S A 9 00. **Butter** is dull and rather easier; State 19@24c; Western 17@23½c. **Cheese** in fair demand.

Freights to Liverpool dull.

CHICAGO, May 25, 1888.—The Flour market is dull. Wheat is active; No 2 Spring at 86½@87c; No 2 Red at 90½c. Corn moderately active; No 2 at 56½c. Oats are higher; No 2 at 37¼@37½c; No 2 Rye at 67½c. Barley—No 2 at 70@73c. Provisions are weaker; Mess Pork 14 35@14 37½. Lard at 8 00. Dry salted shoulders at 6 00@6 25; short clear sides 8 15@8 20. Whiskey 1 19.

Receipts—Flour, 19,000 bbls; wheat, 20,000 bush; corn 357,000 bush; oats 213,000 bu; rye 5,000 bush; barley, 11,000 bush.

Shipments—Flour, 25,000 bbls; wheat, 18,000 bu; corn, 161,000 bush; oats, 201,000 bush; rye 30000 bush, barley 40,000 bush.

ST. LOUIS, May 25, 1888.—The Flour market is very strong and active. Wheat higher; No 2 Red at 90c. Corn is weak and lower at 55c. Oats are higher 36⅝@37½c. Whiskey at 1 13. Provisions firm. Pork at 15 00. Lard 8 25. Dry salted meats—shoulder 6 00; long clears 7.75; clear ribs at 7 87½; short clears at 8 12½. Bacon—shoulders at 6 50@6 62½; long clear at 8 50; clear ribs 8 55@6 60; short clear at 8 75@8 85. Hams at 10@12.

Receipts—Flour, 3,000 bbls, wheat 14,000 bus, corn 42,000 bush, oats 46,000 bush, barley, 0000 bush, rye 0000 bush.

Shipments—Flour 6,000 bbls, wheat 3,000 bush, corn 25,000 bush, oats 15,000 bush, barley 0,000 bush, rye 0,000 bush.

DETROIT, May 25, 1888.—Wheat—No 1 White at 98½c; No 2 Red 94½c. Corn—No 2 at 57½c. Oats—No 2 at 37c; No 2 White at 40½.

Receipts—Wheat 6200 bush.

NEW ORLEANS, May 25 1888.—Cotton is easy; middling 9½c.

SAVANNAH, May 25, 1888.—Cotton quiet; middling 9 9-16c.

CHARLESTON, May 25, 1888.—Cotton quiet; middling 9 11-16c.

MEMPHIS, May 25, 1888.—Cotton steady; middling at 9 9-16c.

MOBILE, May 25, 1888.—Cotton is quiet; middling 9⅜c.

European Markets.

By Telegraph.]

LONDON, May 25, 1888.—Consols 99 1-16 money and 99⅛ for the account.

LIVERPOOL, May 25, 1888.—Cotton market—quiet without quotable change; Uplands at 5⅜d; Orleans 5 7-16d; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1000 bales.

LIVERPOOL, May 25, 1888.—Quotations—Winter, wheat steady at 6s 9d@6s 10d; Spring wheat at 6s 9d@6s 11d; Club wheat at 6s 10d@7s. Corn—mixed Western at 5s 5d; peas at 6s. Provisions, &c.—Pork at 70s. Tallow 23s 6d. Bacon at 41s for short clear and 38s 6d for long clear Cheese at 47s. Lard at 43s 0d.

SAILING DAYS OF STEAMSHIPS.

	FROM	FOR	
City of Chicago	New York	Liverpool	May 26
Umbria	New York	Liverpool	May 26
Furnessia	New York	Glasgow	May 26
Fulda	New York	Bremen	May 26
Schiedam	New York	Amsterdam	May 26
Pennland	New York	Antwerp	May 26
La Bretagne	New York	Havre	May 26
Cephalonia	Boston	Liverpool	May 26
Santiago	New York	Cienfuegos	May 26
Alaska	New Y	Liverpool	May 29
Adriatic	New York	Liverpool	May 29
Trave	New York	Bremen	May 30
Athos	New York	Hayti	May 30
Philadelphia	New York	Laguayra	May 30
Hammonia	New York	Hamburg	May 31

MINIATURE ALMANAC..........MAY 26.

Sun rises........4 03 | High water { ....12 19 / 1 05
Sun sets 7 13
Length of day ...15 10 | Height.... { ....10 ft 6 in / .... 9 ft 8 in
Moon sets 8 33

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF PORTLAND.

FRIDAY, May 25.

Arrived.

Steamer Cumberland, Thompson, Boston for Eastport and St John, NB.

Sch Rebecca M Walls, Truss, New York—coal to Randall & McAllister.

Sch Maggie Ellen, Littlejohn, New York—clay to Portland Stoneware Co.

Sch Lincoln, Wilson, Boston.

Sch J B Dolliver, Rich, Sheet Harbor, NS—canned lobster to Burnham & Morrill.

Sch Glide, Sypher, Fredericton, NB—R R ties to J P Wescott.

Sch Laura & Marion, Eastman, Harpswell.

Yacht Restless, from New York.

Cleared.

Sch Saml Dillaway, Brendige, Baltimore or Norfolk—master.

Sch Amelia G Ireland, Evans, Philadelphia—Portland Kerosene Oil Co.

Sch J Nickerson, Winslow, New York—Berlin Mills.

Sch A J York, Wallace, New York—New York and Maine Granite Paving Co.

Sch Maggie, (Br) Reed, Rockport, NB—Ryan & Kelsey.

Sch Julia S, (Br) Odell, St John, NB—master.

Sch Magnet, Eastman, Jonesport—J H Blake.

Sch H W Cushman, Brown, Mt Desert—J H Blake.

Sch Alfala, Thurston, East Bluehill—J H Blake.

Passed by—Brig M M Norwood, with coal for Bath.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

WISCASSET, May 24—Ar, sch Millie Washburn, Brown, Boston.

Sailed, sch Coquette, Orne, Boston; Belle, Dunton, do.

SACO, May 25—Ar, schs Mail, Caswell, New York; Helen Mar, do.

EAST MACHIAS, May 22—Ar, sch J Baker, Chase, New York.

May 24—Ar, sch James Freeman, Jasper, Portland.

FROM MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

Sld fm Antwerp 24th inst, barque C Southard Hulbert, Davis, New York.

Sld fm Sierra Leone 5th inst, brig Sullivan, Wright, coastwise.

Ar at Barbadoes 21st, barque Arlington, Davis, Buenos Ayres.

Sld fm Black River, Ja, 5th inst, sch Martinique, Lowell, New York.

Sld fm Kingston, Ja, 14th, sch Henry, Falkingham, New York.

Sld fm Cardenas 18th, barque Ethel, Thompson, New York.

Cld at Caibarien 16th inst, sch Brigadier, Tollman, Philadelphia.

Memoranda.

San Francisco, May 18—Ship Iroquois, Nichols, arrived here last evening in 120 days from New York, beating three other ships that left several days ahead of her. The outward passage to New York was made in exactly the same time.

Fishermen.

Ar at Vineyard-Haven 23d, sch Lizzie Maud, from Portland, mackereling, (and sld 24th.)

Ar at Canso 23d, sch Cynosure, from Banks.

Cld at Halifax 23d, sch Annie G Quiner, Nicholson, (from Bucksport) for Banks.

Domestic Ports.

PORT TOWNSEND—Ar 17th, ship Normandy, Tukey, San Diego.

PORT HADLOCK—Sld 17th, ship J B Brown, Cameron, San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO—Ar 18th, ship B F Packard, Jackson, Baltimore, (Dec 31.)

Ar 19th, ship Palestine, Hayden, Tacoma; Gen Fairchild, Boyd, Seattle.

Sld 19th, ship C F Sargent, Morse, Nanaimo.

PENSACOLA—Cld 24th, barque Shetland, Haskell, Matanzas.

FERNANDINA—Ar 24th, sch Stephen G Loud, Torrey, New London.

DARIEN—Ar 24th, schs Eva B Hall, Hall, from Philadelphia; Annie P Chase, Poole, fm Philadelphia.

BRUNSWICK—Ar 24th, sch R D Spear, Farr, New York.

Ar 23d, schs Jos Souther, ——; Agnes I Grace, Seavey, Providence; Flora Rogers, Francis, from Friendship.

Sld 24th, sch Marion Hill, Armstrong, Belfast.

ST SIMONS—Ar 23d, sch Fannie E Wolston, Cummings, Boston.

PORT ROYAL, SC—Ar 24th, sch A D Lamson, Smith, Philadelphia.

CHARLESTON—Sld 23d, sch City of Augusta, Meady, Philadelphia.

NORFOLK—Ar 23d, sch Jennie Hall, Hall, New York.

NEWPORT NEWS—Sld 23d, sch Walker Armington, Drinkwater, Providence.

BALTIMORE—Sld 23d, sch Jas Boyce, Duncan, New York.

PHILADELPHIA—Ar 23d, sch Chas E Baylis, Manson, Kennebec.

Ar 24th, schs Chas H Haskell, Manson, Bath; Thomas W Hyde, Sherman, Kennebec; Lucy E Friend, Collins, do.

Cld 24th, sch Julia S Bailey, Gould, Gardiner.

Below, sch San Domingo, from Cardenas.

Newcastle—Passed down 23d, barque Au Sable, from Philadelphia for Matanzas; sch Loring C Ballard, do for Boston.

Sld fm Delaware Breakwater 24th, barque Sherwood, (from Barbadoes) for Portland.

In port 24th, barque Carrie E Long, Park, from Matanzas for New York.

PERTH AMBOY—Ar 23d, schs Brave, Stanley, and Ellen Morrison, Fernald, New York.

PERTH AMBOY—Sld 23d, sch Ida L Ray, Haskell, eastward.

NEW YORK—Ar 24th, schs J K Souther, Belano, Matanzas; Abner Taylor, and Chattanooga, Bangor; G B Ferguson, do; L F Warren, Machias Alaska, Providence.

Also ar 24th, schs Decora, Nova Scotia; July Fourth, and Alpine, from Bangor; Hattie Paige, Carver's Harbor; A Taylor, and W Saulsbury, Bangor; Emm McAdam, Calais; Georgietta, fm Ellsworth for New York; Bramhall, Hallowell; Grace Cushing, Sullivan; Ella F Crowell, do; J L Newton, Boston; Minquas, Vinalhaven; Lugano, and Standard, New Haven.

Cld 24th, barque Antonio Sala, Pierce, Havana; sch Mima A Reed, Dickson, Ponce.

Passed the Gate 23d, schs Ruth Darling, from Port Johnson for Boston; Isaac Orbeton, Amboy for Bangor; J C Clifford, Philadelphia for Saco.

PROVIDENCE—Ar 24th, schs Mellville, Gross, and Judge Venney, Hamm, Bangor.

Sld 24th, schs Capt John, Chatto, Ellsworth; Wm Deming, Hodgdon, Machias; F G Russell, Hamilton, New York.

HYANNIS—Ar 24th, sch Pushaw, Ludwig, Osterville for Calais.

VINEYARDHAVEN—Ar 23d, schs Ida, Amboy for for Cherryfield; Alfred Keen, Rockland for Richmond.

Ar 24th, schs Lizzie C Rich, fm Cattage City for Bangor; Crusoe, Calais for Providence; Mindoro, do for Newport.

BOSTON—Ar 24th, schs Nellie G Davis, Davis, Barrington; Lewis Clark, Bartlett, Port Johnson; H J Holway, Libby, and Eben Fisher, Reynolds, Hoboken; Helen, Jameson, and Chas E Sears, Turner, Rondout; Corvo, Kennedy, New York; Madagascar, Tinker, and F L Higgins, Nason, Calais; Josie, Smith, Machias; J H Butler, Brown and J Warren, Stinson, Deer Isle; Eagle, Duffy, Ellsworth; Amazon, Smith, Penobscot.

Cld 24th, schs Vineyard, Cummings, Alma, NB; E M Golder, Johnson, Kennebec.

Ar 25th, barque H A Burnham, Ross, Philadelphia; schs Hannah F Carlton, Bryant, Fajardo; Hannah D, Campbell, Westport; D W Hammond, Flanders, Rockland; Hannah D, Campbell, Westport; E C Dennison, Garland, Saco.

Cld 25th, sch Abby L Low, Townsend, Kennebec and Philadelphia.

DANVERSPORT—Ar 23d, sch Alice T Boardman, Norwood, Port Liberty.

SALEM—Ar 24th, schs B L Eaton, Grierson, Pert Johnson; E G Sawyer, Sawyer, Amboy.

LYNN—Ar 24th, schs Etna, Reynolds, and J C Nash, Crowley, Philadelphia; Jachin, Hart, and Sylvi, Curtis, Bangor.

NEWBURYPORT—Ar 22d, sch Olive, Frye, New York; G M Brainard, Mullen, Baltimore.

Sld 23d, sch Ada S Allen, Dudley, Eastport.

PORTSMOUTH—Ar 24th, sch John Bird, Nelson, Perth Amboy.

BATH—Sld 23d, schs J M Morales, Littlejohn, New York; Wm M Birl, Reed, Baltimore.

Ar 23d, schs J Manchester Haynes, Matthews, Portland, (and proceeded up); Vandalia, Betts, from New York; Norman, Kreger, Darien.

Ar 24th, brig H B Hussey, Hodgdon, Boston, (and proceeded up, to load for Charleston.)

Sld 24th, schs Lackawana, Closson, New York; Frances Ellen, Whitten, Boston; C B Church, Gallagher, Philadelphia; Rival, Stuart, New York Mary L Varney, Weeks, Boston.

Foreign Ports.

At Tuspan 7th inst, sch H C Higginson, Fales, for New York.

Ar at Annapolis, NS, 21st, sch Ferland, LeCain, Portland.

Cld 19th, barque Alice, Kalr, Havana.

Cld at Sheet Harbor, NS, 19th, sch J B Dolliver, Reed, Portland.

Ar at Moncton 23d inst, sch J P Ames, Crocker, Portland.

Cld at Moncton 23d, sch Crown Prince. Cole, for Portland.

Spoken.

March 15, lat 10 S, lon 34 W, ship W R Grace, Wallnut, from New York for San Francisco.

April 21, lat 9 S, lon 34 W, barque Emma T Crowell, Pendleton, from New York for Shanghai.

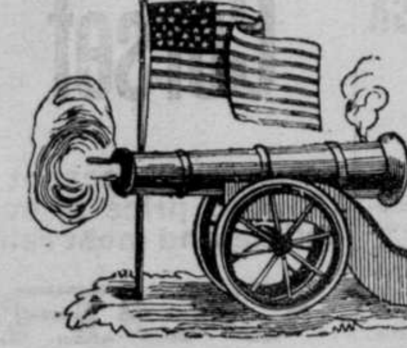
May 3, lat 19 N, lon 130 25 W, ship Wm McGilvery, Dunbar, from New York for Dan Diego.

May 21, 5 p m, fifty miles SE of Cape Cod, bark Ormus, Pressey, from Fernandina for Portland.

May 22, thirty-five miles South of Hatteras, sch Gen A Ames, from New Orleans for Saco.

No date, lat 58 S, lon 75 40 W, ship John C Potter, from New York for San Francisco.

MISCELLANEOUS.



INVESTMENTS.

We offer for sale a Choice Selection of Municipal and Railroad Bonds suitable for Savings Banks, Trustees and Conservative Buyers.

BONDS

yielding from 3 1-2 to 6 per cent. will be found on our monthly list, which will be furnished on application.

Brewster, Cobb & Estabrook,

35 CONGRESS ST., BOSTON.

apr26 ThS&T6m

Administratrix's Sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE OF SALE BY AUCTION.

PURSUANT to a license from the Hon. Judge of Probate, for the County of Cumberland, I shall sell at public auction, on Saturday, June 16, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on the premises, all the right, title and interest which Barbour B. Porter, late of North Yarmouth, in said county, deceased, had in and to the following described real estate, viz: A certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the town of North Yarmouth, aforesaid; bounded on the north by land of Isaac Hayes; on the east by land formerly owned by Ammi Loring; south by Royal river; west by road leading from and past house of Isaac B. Hayes to Dunn's depot, in North Yarmouth; containing thirty acres, more or less, subject to right of dower of widow therein. Terms given at sale.

EMELINE P. PORTER,
Administratrix of Estate of Barbour B. Porter, deceased.

North Yarmouth, May 12, 1888. my12d1awS3w

MISCELLANEOUS.

INSURANCE!

Fire and Marine Insurance Agency.

WM. ALLEN, JR., - 28 Exchange Street, Portland, Me.

Losses Promptly settled and paid at this office. Marine Insurance on Hulls and Cargoes to and from all parts of the world. Insurance can be placed in this agency at as low rates as any agency in Portland. I take pleasure in again presenting to the public the Annual Statements of the Insurance companies represented in this Agency. They are prompt, popular and progressive; sound, solid and successful. Leading English and American Companies.

GUARDIAN ASSURANCE CO.,

OF LONDON.

ORGANIZED 1821.

Statement Jan. 1, 1888.

Subscribed Capital	$10 000,000
Cash Capital	5,000,000
Net Surplus as regards policy holders	8,060,185.51

TOTAL ASSETS, $20,986,001.55

UNITED STATES BRANCH STATEMENT,

January 1, 1888.

ASSETS.

U. S. Bonds (market value)	$1,004,000
Cash held by Trustees	338,820
Other admitted assets	49,104
	$1,391,924

LIABILITIES.

Reinsurance reserve	$528,230
Unpaid losses	58,214
All other liabilities	12,114
Surplus	793,366
	$1,391,924

GIRARD FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.

ORGANIZED 1853.

Statement Jan. 1, 1888.

CASH CAPITAL $300,000.00.

Reserve for Unearned premiums, Unpaid losses and other claims	$508,460
Net Surplus as regards Policy Holders	910,443

TOTAL ASSETS - $1,418,904

BUFFALO GERMAN INS. CO.,

OF BUFFALO, N. Y.

ORGANIZED 1867.

Statement Jan. 1, 1888.

CASH CAPITAL $200,000.00

All Invested in United States Bonds.

Reserved for Unearned Premiums Unpaid Losses and other claims	$335,276
Net Surplus as regards Policy Holders	932,451

TOTAL ASSETS, - $1,267,728.

CITIZENS INSURANCE CO.,

OF PITTSBURGH, PA.

ORGANIZED 1849.

Statement Jan. 1, 1888.

CASH CAPITAL $500,000.00.

Reserve for Unearned Premiums, Unpaid Losses and other Claims	$179,074
Net Surplus as regards Policy Holders	488,648

TOTAL ASSETS - $667,543.

PRESCOTT INSURANCE CO.,

OF BOSTON.

ORGANIZED 1872.

Statement Jan. 1, 1888.

CASH CAPITAL $200,000.00

Reserve for Unpaid Premiums, unpaid Losses and other Claims	$182,092
Net Surplus as regards Policy Holders	242,679

TOTAL ASSETS - $424,772

my24

SCOTTISH UNION & NATIONAL INS. CO.

OF EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND.

ORGANIZED 1824.

Statement Jan 1. 1887.

Subscribed Capital	$30,000,000
Cash Capital	1,412,855
Net Surplus as regards Policy Holders	$30,625,976

TOTAL ASSETS, - $45,520,138

UNITED STATES BRANCH STATEMENT,

January 1, 1888.

Gross Assets	$1,421,749
Gross Liabilities	348,497
Surplus over all Liabilities	1,073,252

Fire Insurance Association

(LIMITED,)

OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

Statement of United States Branch January 1st, 1888.

ASSETS.

United States State and City Bonds	$569,270.00
Railroad and other Bonds and Stocks	126,150.00
Cash on hand and in bank	108,175.81
Premiums in course of collection	97,352.19
Interest due and accrued	4,909.50
	$905,857 50

LIABILITIES.

Re-Insurance Reserve, and all other Liabilities	$535,573 78
Net Surplus	$370,283 72

MERCHANTS INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

ORGANIZED 1858.

Statement Jan. 1, 1888.

CASH CAPITAL $400,000.00.

Reserve for Unearned Premiums, Unpaid Losses and other Claims	$444,781
Net Surplus as regards Policy Holders	867,249

TOTAL ASSETS, - $1,312,031

WESTCHESTER FIRE INS. CO.,

OF NEW YORK.

ORGANIZED 1838.

Statement Jan. 1, 1888.

CASH CAPITAL, $500,000.00.

All Invested in United States Bonds.

Reserve for Unearned Premiums, Unpaid Losses and other Claims	$760,881
Net Surplus as regards Policy Holders	582,704

TOTAL ASSETS - $1,343,586

New Hampshire Fire Ins. Co.,

OF MANCHESTER, N. H.

ORGANIZED 1869.

Statement Jan. 1, 1888.

CASH CAPITAL, $500,000.00.

Reserve for Unearned Premiums, Unpaid Losses and other Claims	$504,344
Net Surplus as regards Policy Holders	764,744

TOTAL ASSETS, - $1,269,088

MARINE.

The Delaware Mutual Safety Ins. Co.,

OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Is Represented at this Agency.

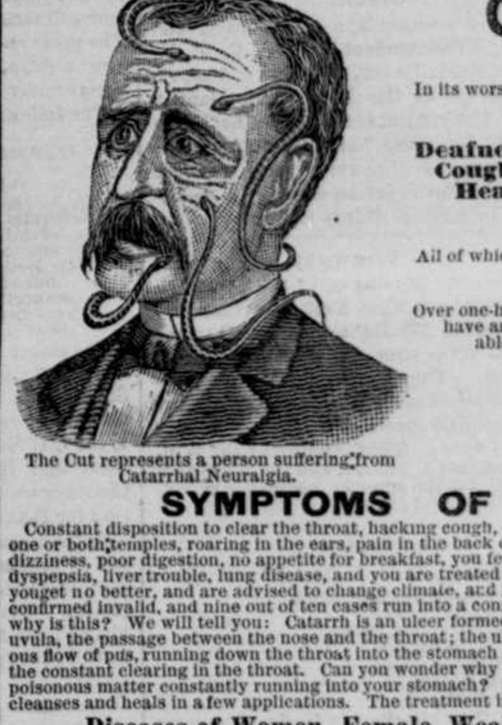
Total Assets over Two Million Dollars.

WM. ALLEN, JR.,

28 EXCHANGE STREET.

eod3w

MISCELLANEOUS.



The Cut represents a person suffering from Catarrhal Neuralgia.

Maine Medical Association.

THE thirty-sixth annual meeting of this association will be held at City Building, Portland, on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, June 12th, 13th and 14th, 1888.

may21d3w CHAS. D. SMITH, Sec'y.

THE PRESS.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 26.

PORTLAND AND VICINITY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES.

A series of triumphs.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Marriner & Company—203 Federal street.
John F. Proctor, centennial block—9.
C. J. Farrington—180 Middle street.
Members of Cumberland bar.
Horses—P. C. & Edw. Sands.
Manson G. Larrabee and Co.
For sale—Baxter engine.
The double ve waist.
Tenement to let—2.
Owen, Moore & Co.
Rines Brothers—2.
House for sale.

AUCTION SALES.

Furniture, piano, &c.

A SERIES OF TRIUMPHS.

What an Eminent Specialist is Doing in Portland.

Dr. Nicholls, the eminent English specialist, although he came among our people almost unheard of and comparatively unknown, has in the past few months of his sojourn here proved by his marvelous skill in the treatment of all chronic diseases a most worthy follower of Galen. With him the healing art seems to be an inspiration rather than a science, although he proceeds to treat his patients according to the very latest scientific methods. Already hundreds of grateful people in this community stand ready to attest his success in ridding them of ailments, many of long standing. His practice has grown to stupendous proportions and every ill that flesh is heir to has been brought to him for riddance and he has yet to record a failure. Few physicians can boast as much.

Dr. Nicholls is a specialist; not in the ordinary acceptation of the term; but for the treatment of all diseases. He devotes his entire time to fulfilling the Scripture injunction "Heal the Sick." His days and nights are devoted to his art and success crowns his efforts in the cause of suffering humanity. Courteous, affable, sympathetic, he attaches his patient to himself and wins their confidence and esteem at the outset just as he secures their everlasting gratitude afterward for the relief he affords them.

In this climate catarrh is the bane of the people and if there is any one trouble in the treatment of which Dr. Nicholls is more successful than any other it is catarrh. Verily he is doing good work, a grand work here. d&w

All disorders caused by a bilious state of the system can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

may22 d&w1w

A WARNING.

The modes of death's approach are various, and statistics show conclusively that more persons die from diseases of the Throat and Lungs than any other. It is probable that everyone, without exception, receives vast numbers of Tubercle Germs into the system, and where these germs fall upon suitable soil they start into life and develop, at first slowly, and is shown by a slight tickling sensation in the throat, and if allowed to continue their ravages they extend to the lungs, producing Consumption, and to the head, causing Catarrh. Now all this is dangerous, and if allowed to proceed will, in time, cause death. At the onset you must act with promptness; allowing a cold to go without attention is dangerous, and may lose you your life. As soon as you feel that something is wrong with your Throat, Lungs or Nostrils, obtain a bottle of Boschee's German Syrup. It will give you immediate relief. nov8-d1y-cT

Sunday Services.

☞The Sail Loft Meetings are held at No. 6 Central Wharf every Sunday morning, commencing at 10.30 a. m. Strangers and others are cordially invited to be present. All are welcome.

CHESTNUT STREET M. E. CHURCH—Rev. N. T. Whitaker, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. and 3 p. m. Topic, 3 p. m., "Our Homes and their Perils." Young people's meeting 6.30 p. m. 78th anniversary of the Maine Bible Society 7.30 p. m.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH—(Universalist). Rev M. Crosley, pastor. Memorial services tomorrow at 10.30 a. m. Thatcher Post and friends will attend. Sunday school at 12 m. 7.30 p. m., an address to the young people.

CONGRESS SQUARE CHURCH.—(First Universalist)—Rev. Henry Blanchard, pastor. Services 10.30 a. m. Sunday school 12.15.

CONGRESS ST. M. E. CHURCH—Rev. J. M. Frost, pastor. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. and 3 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 1.30 p. m. Prayer meeting at 7.30 p. m.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, Opp. Lincoln Park.—Rev. A. K. P. Small, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting at 7.30 p. m.

FIRST FREE BAPTIST CHURCH — Plymouth, Congress St. Rev. J. M. Lowden, pastor, will preach at 10.30 a. m. Sunday school at 12 M. Prayer and social meeting at 7.30 p. m.

FIRST PARISH CHURCH—(Unitarian) Congress St., Rev. Thomas Hill, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. by the pastor. The vesper service will be ommitted in favor of the Bible Society meeting to be held at Chestnut street Church at 7.30 p. m.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Williams Hall, Congress street. Sunday school at 2 p. m. Preaching at 3 and 7.30 p. m. by Rev. Joseph S. Cogswell. Subjects — "Forsaking all for Christ" and "Will this earth be destroyed by fire?"

FREE CHURCH, Western Avenue, Deering—Sunday school at 2 p. m. Preaching at 3 p. m. by Rev. F. T. Bayley Gospel service at 7.30 p. m. All are welcome. Seats free.

HIGH STREET CHURCH—Rev. Wm. H. Fenn. D. D., pastor. Preaching at 10.30 a. m.; Sunday school at 12 m.; Lecture in the evening at 7.30. Subject—"A search after a better form of worship."

NEW JERUSALEM CHURCH, New High Street—Rev. Howard C. Dunham pastor. Divine Worship and preaching by the pastor Sunday morning at 10.30 a. m. Sunday school at 12 m. All are welcome.

PINE STREET M. E. CHURCH.—Rev. Theodore Gerrish pastor. At 10.30 a. m., the subject, of the pastor's discourse will be: "Christian achievment." Sunday school at 2.30. In the evening at 7.30 a memorial discourse upon "Our fallen comrades and the great debt we owe them". The seats in this house are all free, and a cordial reception will be extended to all.

PORTLAND LIBERAL FRATERNITY meets in Mystic Hall, 457½ Congress street, at 10.30 a. m. Subject—"Forces in Adam all die, even so in Christ shall all be made alive." Opening remarks by J. B. White. Mrs. Lincoln will lead the choir. The meeting will be devoted to the death of Mrs. John M. Todd.

PORTLAND SPIRITUAL TEMPLE, 457½ Congress street—Andrew Cross of this city will lecture tomorrow evening at 7.30 p. m. Subject, "An Historical Sketch of Spiritualism." Seats free.

PREBLE CHAPEL.—Sunday school at 2 p. m. Preaching at 3 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school concert at 7.30 p. m. A cordial invitation to the public.

SECOND ADVENT CHURCH, Mechanics' Hall, corner Congress and Casco streets.—Preaching by Rev. Frank Burr, of Somerville, Mass., at 10.30 a. m. and 3 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Social service at 7.30 p. m.

SECOND PARISH (CONGREGATIONAL) CHURCH, Congress, Cor. of Pearl street, Rev. C. H. Daniels, pastor. Preaching service at 3 p. m. Sunday school 1.45 p. m. Social service 7.30 p. m. Chinese class 12 m.

ST. LAWRENCE ST. CONG'L CHURCH.—Rev. A. H. Wright, pastor. Rev. F. Southworth, will preach at 10.30 a. m. Sunday school at 1.30 p. m. Social service at 7.30 p. m.

STATE STREET CHURCH.—Rev. F. T. Bayley, pastor. Memorial services at 10.30 a. m. Bosworth Post of the Grand Army of the Republic will attend by invitation. There will be no evening service on account of the Union service of the Bible Society, at Chestnut St. Church.

THE YOUNG MEN'S LIBERAL ASSOCIATION meet in Science Hall, corner of Congress and Temple Sts., entrance on Temple, at 2 p. m. Subject: "The Rev. Dr. Dewitt Talmage's sermon against the spiritualists." Mrs. L. H. Libby will lead the choir with her cornet.

VAUGHAN STREET CHURCH.— Rev. D. W. LeLacheur, pastor. Prayer meeting at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday school at 1.30 p. m. At 3 p. m., the pastor, by request, will repeat the sermon which he preached Easter Sunday, from I Cor. 15th, 3-4.

WEST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—Rev. S. K. Perkins, pastor. Preaching service at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday school at 11.45 a. m. All seats are free.

WILLISTON CHURCH—Corner Thomas and Carroll streets, Rev. L. H. Hallock, pastor. Preaching by pastor at 10.30 a. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Evening service omitted, that all may attend anniversary of Bible Society of Maine at Chestnut street church.

WOODFORD'S CLARK MEMORIAL M. E. CHURCH Rev. Roscoe Sanderson, pastor. Sunday school at 1.30 p. m. Preaching at 2.30 p. m. Young People's meeting at 6.30. Song and social service at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting Tuesday evening; Class meeting Friday evening at 7.30.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—Prayer meeting at 9.15 a. m., leader, Chas. Dunn, Jr. Afternoon service 4.30. Leader, Howard Hanson. Address by Rev. J. W. LaLacheur. All young men cordially invited to attend.

MUNICIPAL COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE GOULD.

FRIDAY—Thomas Coleman. Search and seizure; fined $100 and costs. Paid.

Important to Ladies.

BOSTON, May 25.—The ladies who want to have beautiful forms and faces should read how to get them in Shirley Dare's article in THE BOSTON SUNDAY GLOBE tomorrow. She will tell also how to avoid headaches and the loss of beauty they cause; also about corsets and stays, and how the Greek girls preserved their beauty.

Returned to His Cab.

Isaac McLellan, the Grand Trunk engineer who killed John Stanley and who was acquitted by the coroner's jury, has returned to his engine. His employers have not taken any action in regard to the matter as yet, but it is expected that he will be allowed to remain in his present position.

The Bible Society.

The Rev. N. T. Whittaker, D. D., will deliver the annual address before the Bible Society of Maine at the Chestnut Street church tomorrow evening at half-past seven. A collection will be taken in aid of the society.

BRIEF JOTTINGS.

Will today be marked by the usual Saturday storm?

The Clerical Club supped at the Preble House last evening.

John McEachran was thrown from a team in Deering, Thursday afternoon, and slightly injured.

The patrol wagon and horses were photographed by Engineer Cook, of the City Building yesterday morning.

Between eight and ten thousand pounds of fish were landed by small Cape fishing boats yesterday.

Mr. O. F. Blake's horse fell on Exchange street yesterday breaking the shaft of the meat wagon to which he was attached.

Every spoke of the wheel of an overloaded lumber cart was pulled from the hub on Commercial street yesterday, letting the load fall to the pavement.

E. S. Pendexter has furnished the Deering High School class of '88 with class rings. They are broad gold bands with the figures '88.

The schooner James Dyer was the first mackereler to leave this port this season. She left yesterday.

Bosworth Post and Shepley Camp, Sons of Veterans, will attend service at State Street church tomorrow morning and Thatcher Post will attend the Church of the Messiah.

An elegant picture of Hon. Jacob McLellan, appropriately framed, was presented by the family of the late mayor to Bosworth Post, G. A. R., last evening through Past Commander Sawyer.

The Deering Land company closed a contract yesterday with Mr. Houston of Deering to build four new houses on their tract this summer. The houses will be such as generally sell for $2,500 or $3,000.

Cherry blossoms appeared Thursday, May 24th, thirteen days later than last year. In 1882 and 1873 they were as late, and the latest recorded, May 31st, was in 1726. The earliest recorded was in 1760, May 1st.

Mr. J. Henry Rines, of the firm of Rines Bros., has purchased of the Whitney heirs the land and buildings on the southerly side of Congress street, between the Sweetsir Block and the Durant House and will erect a brick block thereon.

A man in attempting to jump on the tender of a moving locomotive on Commercial street, missed his footing and was struck by the tender and fortunately knocked off the track instead of being run over. The wheels came within about an inch of his feet.

Fred Wilson a boy thirteen years of age and a resident of Ligonia, was sent by Trial Justice Robinson to the Reform School Thursday, during his minority. The boy had by reason of being light-fingered, become a source of much trouble to the people at Ligonia.

Tomorrow evening at 7.30, Rev. T. Gerrish will preach a memorial sermon in the Pine street M. E. church. upon "Our Fallen Comrades, and the past debt we owe them." The public is cordially invited to attend. Mr. Gerrish was for three years a member of the 30th Maine Regiment and participated in all its battles, save when absent on account of wounds.

Mrs. Wentworth, Mrs. Gammon, Mrs. Williamson, Mrs. Bond, Mrs. Day, Mrs. Sawyer, Mrs. Randall, Mrs. Coffin, Mrs. Trefethen, Miss Ella Trefethen, Mrs. Richards, Mrs. Horr, Mrs. Lincoln, Mrs. Wildes, Mrs. Perry, Mrs. Elwell, secretary of Bosworth relief corps, and Miss Sadie Trefethen of this city were present at the annual inspection of Sheridan Relief corps of Biddeford, Thursday evening. The inspection was conducted by Mrs. A. M. Sawyer who was afterward presented with a handsome bouquet of flowers by Mrs. J. H. Smith of that city.

An Exciting Runaway.

Mr. J. W. Thompson, Canton, of the Horse Breeders' Monthly, hired a team yesterday, at one of our livery stables, and started to go to Woodfords Corner. The horse that he drove was a spirited mare, and when Deering's bridge was reached became frightened at a dredge which was working in Back Bay. Mr. Thompson endeavored to check his horse and in so doing the left rein broke near the bit, and the horse dashed rapidly forward, the driver realizing that he was in a rather critical position. Men from both sides of the thoroughfare tried in vain to stop the horse, and so Mr. Thompson decided, as a last resort, to run the team into the fence by pulling on the rein that was not broken. In his efforts to do this the right rein broke, and this left him without any control whatever, over the horse. The animal was running away now in earnest, and Mr. Thompson was puzzled what to do. Ahead some distance he saw one of the teams of the Portland Stone Ware Company, and called for the driver to stop his horse. The man heard him, left his team, and succeeded in catching the runaway by the bit and stopping him. It was a narrow escape on the part of Mr. Thompson, who was frightened, but not hurt, and the team and the man that stopped it likewise escaped without injury.

Young People's Christian League.

Thursday evening the young people of Pine street church met and organized a "Young People's Christian League." They adopted an original and novel constitution and elected officers for the ensuing six months. The object of the society is to promote the spiritual growth of its members and to aid in all possible ways the carrying forward of the cause of Christianity. The young people, under their new pastor, Rev. T. Gerrish, feel a new impulse to work and look for grand results, as an outgrowth of their new organization.

Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Tomorrow evening Mrs. J. R. Barney, the National Superintendent in the W. C. T. U. of prison and jail work, will give a temperance address in the Free street Baptist church. Her subject is announced as "From Jericho to Jerusalem," and the lecture deals with the question of moral reform and the relation of crime to intemperance. A collection will be taken to defray expenses.

The Winthrop.

The steamer Winthrop, of the New York line, arrived from New York Thursday evening, bringing 175 Italians, who left on the midnight train over the Maine Central for Greenville. They were a stalwart, good-looking class of men, and during the voyage their songs and speeches amused the boat's crew very much. The furniture of the Winthrop has been put in, and the steamer is now ready for the summer passenger travel, which is expected to be unusually large.

Alpha Lodge.

Alpha Lodge, No. 1, K. T., held the quarterly election last evening as follows:

P. P. Charles L. True.
P. C.—Harrington L. Plummer.
D. C.—Fred H. Oliver.
T. C.—Alfred S. Goody.
C.—Lewis H. Jack.
S.—John F. Massure.

After the election, refreshments were served by Mr. Oliver, and a very enjoyable occasion was held.

Sons and Daughters of Maine.

The second reunion of the Sons and Daughters of Maine was held at Franklin Hall, Abington, Mass., last evening. Ex-Gov. J. L. Chamberlain, Hon. Charles J. Noyes, Hon. Llewellyn Powers and Hon. Harrison Hume were among the speakers. A large delegation from the association at Brockton was present.

Marriner & Company.

Those who have not yet visited Marriner & Company's store No. 203 Federal street are not aware that they have one of the largest and best arranged grocery stores in New England. This firm make an announcement in our advertising columns this morning that will prove interesting to purchasers.

Paint and Oil Club.

The Paint and Oil Club will hold its last meeting of the season at the Preble House tonight, and an unusually enjoyable time is expected. The ladies will be invited, and both vocal and instrumental music will be enjoyed.

Injured While Coupling Cars.

George Wilson, a Grand Trunk switchman, had his hand badly jammed while coupling cars at Pownal, and E. Wood, a brakeman on the same road, had a finger crushed while coupling cars at South Paris yesterday morning.

The Old City Hall.

The committee has awarded the demolition of Old City Hall to F. W. Cunningham, who bid $375, and the work of removing the building will commence on Monday next.

PERSONAL.

Mr. J. W. Thompson, of the Horse Breeders' Monthly, is in town.

Mr. Franklin Simmons is visiting in Lewiston.

Rev. Miss Angell is to preach the memorial sermon at Harrison.

Lieutenant George L. Dyer, formerly of Calais, has been appointed Hydrographer in the United States Navy Department.

Mr. Harold F. Roberts, editor and publisher of the Rockland Free Press, was in the city yesterday.

J. W. Monson, Esq., of Pittsfield, with Mrs. Monson, is on a western tour, Minneapolis being their destination.

Lieutenant Colonel Jared A. Smith has been ordered from Portland to Fort Knox, Me., on temporary duty.

Rev. Mr. Dunham of the New Jerusalem church, returned home yesterday from the session of the General Convention recently held in Boston.

Senator Frye, as usual at this season of the year, will spend a short time at his camp at Rangley, and will enjoy himself fishing for the trout.

Tomorrow evening Rev. J. S. Cogswell will speak at the Presbyterian church on the subject: "Will this earth be destroyed by fire?"

Dr. Heber Bishop, secretary of the Megantic Fish and Game Club, left Boston on Tuesday for Spider Lake, Quebec, to arrange for a site for the proposed club house.

Mr. Louis Gatcomb, lately with the American Express Company, has been promoted to Assistant Superintendent of Adams Express Company, with headquarters in Boston.

The Pythian Knighthood, cautious and courageous as they are as a fraternity, have learned the level-headed maxim, "When you have a good thing, keep it." This is why the Maine Grand Lodge has re-elected Grand Keeper of Records Joseph F. Chute for the tenth term.—Bridgton News.

Among the Memorial Day orators recently announced are Frank L. Noble, Esq., of Lewiston, at Weld; Herbert M. Lord, Esq., editor of the Rockland Courier-Gazette, at Liberty; S. J. Walton, Esq., of Skowhegan, at Athens; and E. C. Ryder, Esq., of Springfield, at Bangor.

A party composed of Supt. Jonas Hamilton of the Portland & Ogdensburg, Lieut. Leary of Fort Preble, Mr. Alpha Thomes of Portland, and Frank Gibbs and Eugene Chaplin of Bridgton, have been having excellent success fishing in Sebago lake. In twenty-four hours they pulled in six fine specimens of salmon, the largest, caught by Mr. Gibbs, weighing 10 1-2 pounds, and some others weighing eight and six pounds. A nice large one was taken by Mr. Hamilton. The fish were gamey, and in some instances it required from one hour to an hour and a half to land the victim.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

DANIEL SULLY.

Mr. Sully made his first appearance in Portland last evening in his domestic drama of "Daddy Nolan." Those who imagined from the title that they were about to witness a roaring, tearing Irish play, were agreeably disappointed. The play is a well written, well constructed drama, abounding in terse and witty passages, and in strong emotional scenes and situations. Mr. Sully as the old father, "Daddy Nolan," proved himself an excellent actor; natural, forcible, effective. He was well supported by a good company. The working model of the Brooklyn Bridge was a decided feature of the piece. Mr. Sully was heartily applauded.

Tonight Mr. Sully will appear in "The Corner Grocery," a comedy full of fun and bright dialogue. It has no kinship to "Peck's Bad Boy" in any way, but it has received the unqualified approval of the press wherever it has been presented. Those who go tonight will witness the last performance to be given at Portland Theatre until the end of next August.

NOTES.

The Ryan concert will net about $75 for Mr. Ryan, the blind boy, and he returns thanks to all who so kindly assisted him on that occasion.

Memorial Day in Portland.

Memorial Day this year will be observed by the Grand Army of the Republic and Sons of Veterans in the following manner. During the forenoon the smaller cemeteries will be decorated. At Cavalry, John Gooding will be in charge, and the line will be made up of Chandler's band, the Montgomery Guards and comrades from the two posts and camp. At the Western Cemetery, Comrade Alonzo W. Sawyer will have charge, and at Forest City cemetery, Comrade John Evans. The exercises will consist generally of music, prayer and short addrasses by diffeient clergymen. Lincoln Tree, Garfield Tree and Eastern cemetery will also be decorated in the forenoon by Thatcher Post who will have the Cape Elizabeth band, and the usual ceremonies of vocal music and prayer will be carried out at the two memorial trees. A somewhat more extended programme than usual will be carried out at the Eastern, consisting of reading of roll of honor by Commander C. W. Hadlock, reading of memorial poem by Miss Anna B. Allen, and an historical address by John T. Hull, Esq. Comrade D. W. Scribner will have charge of the decoration of graves of soldiers of 1812 near Quebec street, and will be assisted by the Rev. W. T. Phelan, Mrs. Phelan, and the children of the Sabbath School of Preble Chapel.

In the afternoon the procession will be made up under command of C. N. Lang, chief marshal, with Edward L. Prindall and Waldo H. Perry, aides. The escort will be composed of all the military companies in the city under command of Col. J. J. Lynch, and will form in Market Square at 1 o'clock. The posts and S. of V. will form in Congress Square, and will be joined there by the escort under Col. Lynch.

The following will be the formation:

Platoon of Police.
Chief Marshal C. N. Lang and Aides.
Chandler's Band.
Col. J. J. Lynch and Staff.
Co. A—Light Infantry, Capt. B. A. Norton.
Co. E—Montgomery Guards. Capt. T. E. Hartnett.
Portland Cadets, Capt. Barrows.
Latin School Cadets, Capt. Strout.
Co. B—Mechanic Blues, Capt. Davis.
Maine State Fife and Drum Corps.
Bosworth Post, Commander Melcher.
Thatcher Post, Commander Hadlock.
Sons of Veterans, Capt. Whitcomb.

The escort will march from Market Square through Center to Free, up Free to Congress Square, where the posts and Sons of Veterans will be received, thence down Congress to the City Building where the City Government and invited guests will join, and thence down Pearl to Kennebec street and cars for Deering taken.

In the evening at City Hall, the exercises will be opened by Chandler's Band, and will consist of vocal music by the Weber Club, Shaw's Quartette, composed of Messrs. Shaw, Thurston and Bowdoin. Hon. Henry C. Peabody will make the introductory remarks, followed by Hon. J. J. Perry in a short address, and an original poem will be read by George C. Burgess, Esq.

The committee having the evening programme in charge have taken into consideration the fact that all will be tired and have made their programme short accordingly. The meeting will close by singing America, in which all will be invited to join. We are assured that the vocal selections, some of which are original and composed especially for this occasion, are unusually fine.

Bosworth Relief Corps.

Bosworth Relief Corps yesterday elected these officers:

President—Mrs. William H. Wentworth.
Vice President—Mrs. Charles D. Clark.
Chaplin—Mrs. Geo. A. Brackett.
Secretary—Mrs. Edward L. Elwell.
Treasurer—Mrs. A. M. Sawyer.
Conductor—Miss Minnie B. Trefethen.
Guard—Mrs. Ellen L. Horr.
Delegates to Convention at Rockland June 25th and 26th—Mrs. O. R. Legrow, Mrs. D. S. R. Turner, Mrs. Geo. A. Brackett, Mrs. Charles F. Foye.
Alternates—Mrs. Edward L. Elwell, Mrs. H. A. Thompson, Mrs. J. B. Allen, Mrs. C. H. Mitchell.

The Corps accepted a polite invitation to attend a special service at Pine street church Sunday evening.

The Suicide.

The following telegram was received by Coroner Gould yesterday afternoon, in reference to Adrian Chausse, the French Canadian who committed suicide at the Preble House last Tuesday night:

MONTREAL, May 25.

James S. Gould:

Let him be buried respectably in Portland, and send bill of expense and certificate of death to Madame A. Chausse, corner of Rochelle street and Papileau road.

Later, Coroner Gould received another despatch from the sender of the first one, asking him to keep the body until today, when it would be sent for.

GRAND ARMY.

An Appeal from Department Chaplain Shinn.

Department Chaplain Shinn, G. A. R., makes the following appeal to the posts in Maine:

Comrades throughout the State:

For the purpose of improving the observance of the sacred day it is ours to keep and consecrate in memory of our country's noble dead, may I earnestly request every Post in the Department of Maine to keep a definite record of all the exercises and doings of this day, and to carefully report all the facts called for in this blank circular. Let the matter be attended to as soon as the facts can be gathered after Memorial Day.

Last year I received reports from all the Posts in the Department, but three of them came since the meeting of the Department Encampment, viz.: Nos. 41, 73 and 149. I desire to commend the promptness of the following Posts which sent their reports next day after Memorial Day: R. W. Mullen Post No. 33; J. P. Harris, No. 60; John A. Hodge, No. 70; E. S. Parker, No. 99; Grover, No. 126. The important statistics of last year's observance are as follows: Sermons preached on Memorial Sunday, 144; comrades attending in a body, 4,658; burying grounds visited, 288; graves decorated, 9,482; graves never decorated before, 310; comrades taking part in decorating graves, 6,478; speakers who gave addresses, 137; bands, 71; drum corps, 36; choirs or quartettes, 45.

May I emphasize the propriety of keeping the day sacred; not as a common holiday, for trivial amusements, but for holy and patriotic meditations. And I recommend that a request go up from each Post to the preachers who shall address congregations on the Sunday before Memorial Day, that they publicly deprecate the abuse and desecration of the day, and also that they urge their hearers to participate in its holy observances. I also advise all the Posts in the State to appeal to the people through local newspapers, urging that base ball games, racing and the like be discountenanced.

Trusting I may receive a good report from every Post in this Department,

I am truly yours, in F., C. and L.,
G. H. SHINN,
Department Chaplain.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers of real estate in this county have been recorded at the Registry of Deeds:

Portland—City of Portland to Carl Garsoe. et al. $700.
City of Portland to Sylvester Doe. $726.72.

SUBURBAN NEWS.

DEERING.

There will be a meeting tonight of the citizens of Deering, at Lewis Hall, Woodfords, to take steps toward forming a fire company, the need of which is sorely felt. It is hoped that there will be a large attendance.

William H. Scott of Woodfords, is on a fishing trip down east.

SCARBORO.

The following are the newly installed officers of Stephen Sewall Lodge, I. O. G. T., at Dunstan's Corner:

C. T.—Noah Pillsbury.
V. T.—Mrs. Noah Pillsbury.
C.—Rev. M. B. Pratt.
S.—E. L. Waterhouse.
T.—Joseph C. Snow.
M.—Liberty Fenderson.
Sentinel—Bert Carter.
Guard—Berta Snow.
D. M.—Lettie Pillsbury.
Assistant S.—Gussie J. Banks.

SACCARAPPA.

Eight teams of gypsies passed through the town yesterday morning.

A young man called upon Mr. Frost, a merchant on Portland street, in Portland, and presented what purported to be an order for $3.50 from Frank Woodman of this place. The order was a forgery, but the young man got the money.

FREEPORT.

Memorial Day will be observed by J. D. Fessenden Post, G. A. R., No. 98. Sunday, comrades will attend the Baptist church, where the pastor, Rev. J. B. Wilson, will preach a sermon commemorative of the occasion. Wednesday. line will be formed at 9.30, and preceded by Davis's band, the Post will march to the Village and Bass cemeteries, where the graves will be decorated. At noon the Post will partake of a dinner, prepared by the ladies of Freeport Relief Corps. At 2.30 line will again be formed, and the Post will march to the Congregational church, where an address will be delivered by Rev. P. B. Wing, of Hopkinton, Mass. Friends having flowers to give the committee will confer a favor by leaving them at the hall or post office. Refreshments for the dinner can be left at the hall in the morning.

Sixteen Pages—3 Cents.

Tomorrow's Telegram will be the biggest and best Sunday paper ever issued in Maine. It will have lots of special features, lots of pictures and lots of readers. Order early.

MARRIAGES.

In Fryeburg, May 24, by Rev. B. N. Stone, Dr. John A. Sweat of Greenville and Miss Mary F. Towle of Fryeburg.

In Livermore, May 7, Hartley Jones of Lewiston and Miss Lilla Piper of Livermore.

In Auburn, Lewis L. Phillips of Hebron and Miss Emma L. Whiting of Auburn.

In Monmouth, May 10, Laroy T. Sherman and Miss Sarah W. Jackson.

In Rockport, April 26, Edgar E. Rokes and Miss Lilla Ingraham.

DEATHS.

In this city, May 24, Willie F., infant child of George P. and Julia Haskell, aged 4 months.

[Funeral on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, at No. 157 Franklin street.

In this city, May 25, Susie E., wife of Charles Wilson and daughter of the late John Monroe, aged 35 years.

In Brunswick, May 21, William Marriner, aged 67 years.

In Bath, May 23, Mrs. Mary A., wife of Jesse Mitchell, aged 66 years 5 months.

In Bath, May 23, Emma A., wife of John W. Blaisdell, aged 39 years 9 months.

In Bath, May 23, Mrs. Frances F. Hooker, aged 65 years.

[The funeral service of the late George A. Wright will take place on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at his late residence No. 69 State street. Burial at convenience of the family.

[The funeral service of the late Clinton T. McIntire will take place on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from No. 19 Brattle street. Burial private.

Why We Win

Because Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best spring medicine and blood purifier.

Because it is a concentrated extract of the best alterative and blood purifying remedies of the vegetable kingdom.

Because, by a peculiar combination proportion and preparation, it possesses curative power peculiar to itself.

Because it is the only medicine of which can truly be said "100 doses one dollar," an unanswerable argument as to

Strength and Economy

Because it is unequalled for the cure of scrofula, salt rheum, boils, pimples, humors, etc.

Because there is nothing equal to it for curing dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, indigestion.

Because it rouses the kidneys and liver and keeps these organs in healthy condition.

Because every article entering into it is carefully scanned, none but the best is used and all the roots and herbs are ground into our own drug mill—which makes impossible the use of anything impure or inferior. Because it is an

Honest Medicine

and every purchaser receives a fair equivalent for his money.

Because its advertising is original and not dependent upon the brains of competitors.

Because when given a faithful trial it is reasonably certain to effect the desired result.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

apr24 d&wtf

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. TRADE MARK

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

The Best 10c. Cigar.

W. and O. Grand.

my24 dtf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Nervous and Sick HEADACHE.

HEADACHE is a most common and troublesome affection. In many cases the pain will be in the forehead over and between the eyes, while in other cases it will be a dull, heavy and oppressed feeling. Often the pain will be in one or both temples, attended at times with a throbbing which the slightest movement aggravates. The top of the head is frequently the seat of the trouble. The most serious form of headache is that of the back part of the head or upper portion of the spine. With it there is often a stiffness in the neck, or a feeling as if the head was partly disjointed from the spine. In the most common form of nervous headache the head seems to ache all over, while in sick headache the nerves which go from the brain to the stomach are involved, and there is added to the anguish of the head a sickness at the stomach.

All the above forms of headache are of a nervous charactor, and are caused by a weakness, irritation, or disease of the brain tissues or nerves of the head, and in order to cure such cases, it is absolutely necessary to use a nerve remedy, which, by acting directly upon the affected portions of the nervous system, restores their natural and healthy condition.

The best known remedy for this disease is Dr Greene's Nervura Nerve Tonic. Many persons who suffer from headache have, by repeated failure to find relief, despaired of a cure. To such we would say, by all means secure a bottle of this wonderful remedy, and you will be surprised and pleased at its marvellous effect. IT IS THE MOST PERFECT KNOWN CURE FOR HEADACHE.

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA NERVE TONIC.
PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.
FFR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Dr. Greene, the great specialist in the treatment and cure of nervous and chronic diseases, may be consulted free of charge, personally or by mail, at his office, 24 Temple Place, Boston, Mass. His book, "Nervous Diseases; How to Cure Them," mailed free.

Manson G. Larrabee & Co.

Perfect Avalanche

—OF—

HOSIERY!

It starts in New York, and stops at Manson G. Larrabee & Co's, 246 Middle Street. Caused by the wet and backward season.

Our buyer never daunted by quantity when quality and price are an object.

Immense stock of several lots closed out for less than one-half prices, and the benefit to be given to our customers.

This sale to commence Saturday.

We mention just a few of the many lots.

One lot Children's Fancy Hose, sizes 5 to 8 1-2, 5 pairs for 25 cents.

One lot Children's Black Hose, sizes 6 to 8 1-2, 4 pairs for 25 cents.

One lot Children's Colored Hose, sizes 6 to 8 1-2, 4 pairs for 25 cents.

150 dozen Ladies' Fancy Hose, 3 pairs for 25 cents.

One lot Gents' Colored Hose, Splendid quality, at 25 cents; former price 37 1-2.

One lot Ladies' extra fine, Fast Black Hose at 37 1-2 cents; worth 50.

And many other lots, including Hosiery up to $1.00 a pair, that we guarantee to be the best value to be found in Portland for the money.

An examination solicited.

Manson G. Larrabee & Co.,

NO. 246 MIDDLE ST.,

Successors to HORATIO STAPLES.

my26 dtf

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED,

Members of Cumberland Bar,

Agree to Close our Offices at

4 O'CLOCK P. M.

From June 1st, to Sept. 1st, 1888.

Strout, Gage & Strout.
William L. Putnam.
Symonds & Libby.
Drummond & Drummond
Edwin L. Dyer.
William Henry Clifford.
Woodman & Thompson.
John H. Fogg.
N. & H. B. Cleaves.
A. A. Strout.
Henry S. Payson.
Elliot King.
Geo. C. Hopkins.
Geo. M. Seiders.
Richard Webb.
Edward C. Reynolds.
Edward M. Rand.
Byron D. Verrill.
Charles B. Merrill.
L. B. Dennett.
I. L. Elder.
Chas. A. True.
Wilford G. Chapman.
Edw. F. Tompson.
C. Thornton Libby.
Geo. F. Gould.
Albro E. Chase.
W. R. Anthoine.
Geo. E. Bird.
A. W. Bradbury.
Charles Sumner Cook.
John C. & F. H. Cobb.
Holmes & Payson.
Locke & Locke.
William H. Looney.
David W. Snow.
V. C. Wilson.
John J. Lynch.
Geo. E. B. Jackson.
Charles Dunn, Jr.
H. R. Virgin.

Frank W. Robinson.
Clarence Hale.
Augustus F. Moulton.
W. E. Ulmer.
J. W. Spaulding.
Frank & Larrabee.
Herbert G. Briggs.
John Rand.
Frank S. Waterhouse.
Wm. H. Motley.
W. A. Golden.
Melville A. Floyd.
Seth L. Larrabee.
F. V. Chase.
C. W. Goddard.
Geo. D. Rand.
John B. Card.
Elgin C. Verrill.
W. W. Thomas, Jr.
Henry W. Swasey.
Henry Deering.
George W. Verrill.
I. W. Parker.
H. & W. J. Knowlton.
Isaac W. Dyer.
Wm. M. Sargent.
T. F. Keating.
Lewis Pierce.
Henry St. John Smith.
George Libby.
Geo. F. McQuillan.
James L. Rackleff.
W. M. Payson.
Carroll W. Morrill.
John A. Waterman.
Geo. Walker.
Geo. H. Townshend.
John J. Perry.
D. A. Meaher.
L. H. Dyer.

my26,29,31&je2

NOTICE.

Wadsworth Homestead.

THE undersigned will open her house for Summer Boarders on the last of June. The situation is retired and beautiful. Terms reasonable. Apply early.

MRS. J. P. HUBBARD.

Hiram, Me., May 15, 1888. my26d3t

HORSES——HORSES.

We have just received a lot of Horses from the Country. All acclimated. A superior lot. For sale or exchange at fair value and honest representation by P. C. & EDW. SANDS, No. 175 Main St., Saco, Me.

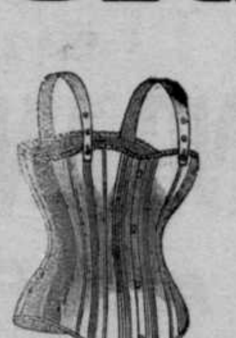
my26 d3t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Corset Department!

Below we present cuts, together with a description and price of each style, of several of our best selling and most reliable makes of

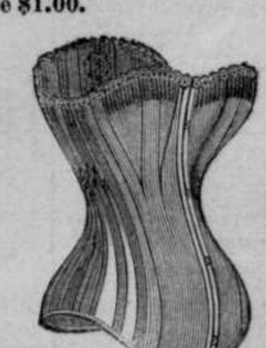
CORSETS!



Our Misses' 50 cent Corset, length 13 inches, White and Drab, sizes 18 to 28.

R. & G. Summer Corset, made of net and fine Whalebone. They are light, flexible and perfect in form. Price $1.00.

The justly celebrated P. D. Corset, made of French Coutelle, in all sizes. Price $1.50.



French Woven Corset, closely boned, Silk stitched. Price $1.25,

R. & G. steam moulded Corset, in White and Drab, finished at top with lace and ribbon. This is the best low priced Corset ever offered in Portland. being perfect in shape as well as strong and durable. Price 75 cents.

Roth's celebrated double side bone Corset, made of French Coutille, in Drab. and White. This Corset is made with two rows of bones on each side in place of side steels, thus making it extra strong. Price $1.25

We do not wish to claim too much for our stock of Corsets, but simply ask those interested to call and examine the goods and judge for themselves.

RINES BROS.

MARRINER & COMPANY,

GROCERS,

203 Federal St., - - Whitney Building,

TELEPHONE 501 B.

Largest Store! Finest Stock!

Lowest Prices!

We carry the largest and finest assortment of

TEAS and COFFEES

of any store in Maine, and we know by actual comparison that we are giving finer goods in this department than can be obtained else where at the same prices. We are selling

Flour at Wholesale Prices!

We carry the finest line of Canned Goods, Preserves, Dried Fruits, Imported Fancy Groceries, etc., in the city. Call and get our prices.

my26dtf

COTTON DRESS GOODS

AND

Summer Skirtings!

100 pieces Striped snd Plaid Prints at	4 1-2c yar
200 pieces Light and Dark Prints at	5 1-2c yard
500 pieces Dark and Medium Prints 6 & 7c	yard
200 pieces Real Indigo Blue Prints at	7c yard

NEW,

THIS YEAR'S CHAMBRAYS 9 CTS. YARD

15c Imitation Scotch Ginghams only	10c yard
10c Apron Ginghams only	7 1-2c yard
12 1-2c American Satines only	10c yard

BUY YOUR SKIRTING WHILE IT IS LOW.

15c Striped Summer Skirting	11c yard
Other Striped Skirting, fancy,	10, 14 and 19c yard

RINES BROS.

FOR SALE—Two story house, ell and stable, together with one acre of land, covered with fruit and ornamental trees, corner property, situated about 8 minutes drive from postoffice; must be sold, as the owner is going West. JOHN F. PROCTOR, Centennial Block. 26-1

FOR SALE—A 1½ story house, thoroughly built, situated on Melbourne street, with lot 40x86, house has 8 rooms, nicely finished, good work-shop on the lot; price low and terms easy; immediate possession. JOHN F. PROCTOR, Centennial Block. 26-1

FOR SALE—On Munjoy Hill, a cottage house containing 8 finished rooms, in first class condition, cemented cellar and good drainage, lot 50x80. Apply to JOHN F. PROCTOR, Centennial Block. 26-1

FOR SALE—On Congress street, nice brick house with French roof, containing 12 rooms, with modern conveniences; very desirable location for a physician; must be sold at once. Apply to JOHN F. PROCTOR, Centennial Block. 26-1

FOR SALE—Forty thousand late styles and handsome room paper and borders to match. for 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 cents a roll. Gilt room papers, with borders to match, 12½ to 15 cents a roll. Call and see the room papers at COLESWORTHY'S Book Store, 92 Exchange street. 26-2

FOR SALE—On Waterville street, 2½ story house, arranged expressly for two families, has 14 rooms, piped for gas and Sebago; lot 40x80; terms liberal; must be sold at once. JOHN F. PROCTOR, Centennial Block. 26-1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Double Ve Waist

Pat. Nov. 10th, 1885.

For BOYS and GIRLS, ages from 1 to 13 Yrs.

Style No. 52 especially for Ladies & Misses.

The VERY BEST Garment Ever Made.

WHY? Because it SUPPORTS Stockings and Underclothes from the SHOULDERS, and has NO CORDS nor USELESS HARNESS TO BOTHER.

Manufactured by FOY, HARMON & CHADWICK, New Haven, Conn.

For Sale by Leading Dry Goods Houses IN PORTLAND.

my26 d3t

The cold and unpleasant weather for the past few weeks, has, no doubt, caused many people to feel that the old suit is as good as the weather.

This is good logic for a rainy day, but when the warm days come you will be surprised to know that many of the nobby and most desirable things have either been sold or the line of sizes badly broken. Anticipating the wants of the late buyer we have been in the market the past week and replenished our stock with the most complete line of Men's, Youths' and Children's Suitings we have ever shown, and will give our customers the full advantage of having bought them cheap for cash.

C. J. FARRINGTON,

180 Middle Street 182

NEAR EXCHANGE STREET.

my26 dtf

PARASOLS.

We shall sell TO-DAY, (SATURDAY) a lot of 100 Black Satin Coaching Parasols, with fancy silk linings and fine English sticks, at $2.00 each, worth fully $3.00.

UNDERVESTS.

150 dozen Ladies' Summer Undervests in long and short sleeves, handsomely finished with silk binding and embroidered neck, at 25 cents each. All sizes from 26 to 40 inch. Never sold less than 38 cents before.

BOMBAY DRAPERY.

We have received a small lot of very pretty cross stripe Drapery Goods that has never been sold before less than fifteen cents that we shall offer at 10 cents per yard.

OWEN, MOORE & CO.

FOR SALE—Farm, with house and two barns, situated on Cobb's Lane, in Deering, containing 90 acres and cutting 100 tons of hay, in fine state of cultivation, most valuable hay farm in Deering. Apply to JOHN F. PROCTOR, Centennial Block. 26-1

FOR SALE—Cape Elizabeth; near residence of W. G. Davis; cottage containing 7 rooms, heated with steam, nice stable. Apply to JOHN F. PROCTOR, Centennial Block. 26-1

FOR SALE—Genteel residence on Thomas street, containing 9 rooms, with modern conveniences, corner lot. Apply to JOHN F. PROCTOR, Centennial Block. 26-1

TO LET—A tenement of six rooms in good order, with Sebago. Apply to W. W. CARR, No. 26 Quincy street. 26-1

BEFORE YOU PAINT YOUR HOUSE

examine our stock of reliable standard Leads, Colors and Prepared Paints, and see samples of new and desirable shades for outside and inside work; also Stains of all kinds. We have a large line of Brushes and Painters' Materials.

H. H. Hay & Son,
262 Middle Street,
Portland, Me.

ap10 eod2m-1stor4thp

ALL OVER TOWN.

W. and O. GRAND CIGARS,

y24 H. H. RICKER & CO., Ag'ts. dt

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of

LUCIUS A. WEBB, late of Gorham,

in the County of Cumberland, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

RUFUS S. WEBB, Adm'r.

Gorham, May 1st, 1888. my15d1awTu3w*

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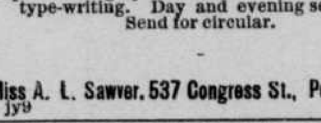

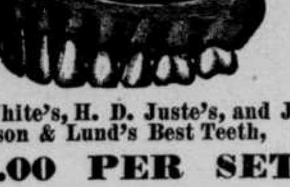

THE PORTLAND DAILY PRESS,

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READING HUMAN NATURE.

Personal Characteristics as Shown by the Features.

[Washington Post.]

"The proper study of mankind is man," is the way a scientist greeted a reporter the other day who called to learn something about the art of reading human nature "This faculty of reading a man at a glance," he continued, "is extremely interesting, and enables one to discriminate wisely in business as well as in social life. It is also a great aid in making a discreet selection of friends and associates, and it often saves one from becoming the dupe and victim of unscrupulous and designing persons. I remember once," continued the scientific man, "when delayed in a small town in Western Maryland on business, I missed the train and was compelled to put up at the inn, the only one for miles around. A s luck would have it it was fair time and the town was crowded, as was the inn, and when I applied for a room I was not surprised to learn that it would be necessary to have a bed-fellow. Being tired I went up stairs early and looked over my new quarters. It would be impossible for me to describe the room, but it was a very dirty one, and the bed, while clean enough, threatened every moment to deposit you on the floor. I had just turned in when the door opened, and in stalked my bed fellow. Tall, lank, with top boots and trousers stuck in them, he possessed anything but a pleasing appearance. I was struck with the peculiar glare of his eye, the shape of his nose and mouth, and came to the conclusion that he was crazy, or bordering on that state. I determined to keep awake, and it was well I did, for about an hour after when all was still, a form passed the window through which the moonlight was streaming, and approached the bed. Instinctively I reached for my pistol, which was in convenient reach and waited. In less time than it takes to tell it I was seized by the throat. I tried to halloo, but could not. In my fright the pistol was forgotten, but recovering my presence of mind I pushed it to his waist and fired. His hand relaxed, and uttering a cry of pain he disappeared through the door. I was arrested the next day and came very near being sentenced, the man swearing I had entered the room for the purpose of stealing, and when he went to interfere was shot. After I had given my testimony a young physician stepped forward and swore the man was crazy. This ended the trial and I was released. The man was afterward sent to the insane asylum, where he died.

"I told you this story," continued the speaker, "merely to show you how, with the knowledge of reading the human face, I undoubtedly saved my life."

"What are the signs?" queried the *Star* man, "by which an ordinary person can tell the character of a stranger?"

"Well," answered the scientific man, "by the eyes, the hair, the nose the mouth, the forehead, the chin, and last, but not least, by the walk. In my opinion this faculty should be included in the education of youth, and every person should become thoroughly familiar with the fundamental principles, at least. It is a well known fact that animals possess in a large degree this talent—in fact it could be called an intuitive perception of character. This is more especially menifest in the more intelligent classes of animals—for instance, observe how a cat, a horse or a dog will watch and read the character of their masters, and acting as they do upon the conclusions thus drawn, regulate their conduct. Women also have in a large degree the faculty of reading human nature, and their conclusions are usually correct.

"But," he continued, "to go into detail we'll commence with the eyes, the most eloquent features of the countenance. In fact, they are minature windows through which every desire, passion and impulse looks out and differ widely in color, brightness, size, shape and expression. For instance, a large, bright eye denotes quick perception, and is indicative of great susceptibility to external influences, while small, dull, sunken eyes will retain impressions longer. Beautiful eyes, with finely arched eyebrows, when found in a man, indicate one of truly refined and artistic nature, and one who is an ardent admirer, and appreciative of symmetry, elegance and loveliness wherever they appear."

"How about beautiful eyes in women?" asked the reporter.

"Why, when beautiful eyes, with finely arched eyebrows, appear in a woman they denote a character fond of dress, pleasure, music and other artistic pursuits, although at times they are indicative of a cruel, spiteful nature. Large, full eyes, resembling a cat's, are indicative of a timid, stupid, treacherous nature, and the possessor of such eyes will seem frightened and apprehensive when engaged in conversation with you."

"Before you give me your opinion relative to black eyes," ventured the reporter, "let me call your attention to the color of my own."

After assuring the reporter that he would be careful, he continued: "When you meet a person possessed of a black eye you must look out; they are apt to be artful, crafty, treacherous and always scheming. Secretive in a marked degree, they are possessed of unrelenting malignity, and when once resolved upon an undertaking are thoroughly reckless. Beware of putting confidence in persons possessed of such eyes. While the majority of black are bad, some of them are exceptions indicating frankness, warm affection and a great degree of character. There is one thing, however, to be remembered about black eyes; don't rouse them. They are capable of taking fearful vengeance, and never forget an injury, and will bide their time.

"Blue eyes, or I might add," he continued, "light eyes, because they are in the same category as a rule, are cunning. Being full of tactics they keep their secrets well, and are like snakes in the grass. While professing the greatest friendship for you they are likely to be plotting your ruin. Like black eyes, there are some exceptions, and these able truthful, affectionate. Once perverted to evil, however, they will assume the character above described and seek your ruin. Lastly, in speaking of the eyes, let me call your attention to gray eyes. These, taken as a rule, make good friends, although possessed of a good deal of selfishness, and persons having such eyes are generally painstaking, intelligent and thrifty."

"The forehead," he continued, "is another important factor in the general make-up of a person. It is the seat of reason, and here intellectual powers reside. Directly over the eyes are located the perceptive faculties, and directly over these and occupying the upper part of the forehead are the reflective faculties, the literary powers being found between the two. A person, therefore, possessing a wide and high forehead generally has quick perception and great intelligence."

"How about the mouth?" said the reporter. "What important part does that play in reading the character of a person?"

"A very important one," answered the scientist, "a large mouth belongs to a coarse, vulgar person. Lips with a cherry redness having a cushioned appearance, belong to domestic natures, fond of kisses and caresses, they make affectionate friends. Lips, on the other hand, that are thin denote a great deal of self-control, and an indication of coldness and unsociability. You have often seen persons with their lips habitually open. Well, they belong to a class that thirst for notoriety, applause and commendation. Generally speaking, they are deficient in passions, emotions."

"One of the most eloquent and important factors in the general make-up of a person's character is the nose. When wide and prominent it indicates a character strong in its composition and one determined to accomplish everything undertaken. Indicative as it is of a commercial nature, a person with such a nose would make a good business man, while the opposite type of nose, i. e., narrow is indicative of rather an effeminate character, with a great deficience in business pursuits. When turned up, continued he, as yours is, it denotes a prying and inquisitive character, an indefatigable news hunter. Should the nose be the reverse, however, that is, convex like an eagle's beak, look out for the possessor of such a proboscis, as be is exceedingly revengeful, never forgetting an injury and never forgiving one. It is also indicative of a quarrelsome disposition."

"Perhaps you don't think it, but the chin is another guide to character," continued the scientist. "A broad, full one shows strong unchanging affection, and a narrow one, while possessed of more intensity, lacks in power and constancy. A pointed chin is an adjunct to a warm and impulsive character. The square, massive chin, though, is the indicator of a strong, determined and persistent character, and one possessed of great will power. These are the ones that achieve success in this world and have stamped themselves like Cæsar indelibly on the communities, the countries and the times in which they have lived.

"Lastly comes the hair, black belonging to the bilious temperament, thereby giving great power, strength and great endurance to the possessor, while light hair is indicative of fineness and delicacy of organization, and denotes the lighter or less robust type of character. Auburn hair denotes a delicate physical organization. "Do you see that white horse?" queried the scientist. "Well, that reminds me of red-haired persons. There is nothing specially of importance to observe in a person of this type, except that they should pursue, as far as possible, outdoor life. They are generally fiery, impetuous and passionate, the curly haired type being excitable, emotional, and impulsive.

"And now," said the scientist, "my time is drawing to a close, and I will have to stop, touching slightly upon that last great requisite in the make up of a character—the walk Now, every one has a style of gait peculiar to himself or herself, denoting firmness, decision of character, fickleness and instability. Those who step firmly may be regarded as possessing a firmness and solidity of character, while a light step indicates that the possessor is of a mirthful disposition, and apt to be secretive. A graceful step belongs to a person who transacts his business in an easy manner. The brisk, rapid walker is a person of ambition, energy and hopefulness, while those of a shuffling gait are almost in every case traitors, usually resorting to treason and stratagem to accomplish their ends."

OVER NIAGARA FALLS.

How a Boy Solved the Problem that has been Fatal to Experts.

[W. O. Stoddard in Harper's Young People.]

The boat in which Rob Norris decided to make his trip over Niagara Falls was built like a yawl. It was not so very sharp, but was wide and deep and buoyant. It was ever so much better for the purpose than a barrel or a suit of blown up India rubber, or than any kind of diving armor. He intended to use oars, and he rigged a mast and sails forward, for he meant to make the trip some day when the wind should be blowing strongly down the river. What he most relied upon to steady the boat was his drag-board. This was made of two boards, each twelve feet long and one foot wide, nailed together at the edges so that it looked like four yards of a wooden gutter. He fitted two iron rings into the edge of one board. They were six feet apart, and when a rope was put through the rings and fastened to the stern of the boat, it was plain that the drag-board would drag tremendously.

"You don't seem to take along any provisions, do you?" asked Jim Hooker.

"Of course not," said Rob. "It's one of those things it don't take a great while to do."

"And you won't need any lantern," said Jim, "unless you drift into the cave under the falls after you get down. Do you s'pose you will?"

"No," said Rob, "there isn't any danger of that. All I want is to go over steady, and come down right side up. It's too misty there to see anything, lantern or no lantern. The river runs right along, and the boat'll go out with the river."

"I'd take a lantern if I was going," said Jim. "Everybody ought to have a candle or something when they're going into a strange place."

Rob thought about it, and concluded that, after all, he had better have some lunch put up, but there wouldn't be any place around the bottom of the falls dry enough to scratch a match on, and so a candle would be of no use. It was better, too, to go barefooted than to wear rubbers, and a tin dipper was worth more than a sponge to bail the boat with, if any water should come in.

Of course everybody knew that Rob was going over the falls, and some people talked against it, and said there was too much risk in it. Rob himself thought there might be some, and he expected to get wet, but he had a great deal of confidence in his drag-boat. When the day came, and the trip was to be made, all the boys were at the landing, just as Rob expected. It was perfectly natural that they should come, and that all of them should feel disappointed because he would not let them have seats with him in the boat; but they ought not to have called him stingy, nor to have said that he wanted to have his ride, and the falls too, all to himself. What he really was afraid of was that if one of them came along, especially Jim Hooker, he might be all the while meddling with the drag-board and disturbing the balance of the boat, so that we should not go over the falls well.

As for other people, it was just as Jim Hooker said it would be: Everybody that lived within 20 miles was there. Both banks of the river swarmed with them—men, women and children. Rob counted 14 Sunday schools, banners and all, and some Turnvereins' and a Schutzenfest, and a free labor labor procession, and an association for the improvement of general information, besides a militia regiment and some fire companies. All along the bank of the river people had built great wooden stair platforms, to let out seats at 10 cents each, and they were all full, and Rob wished that they had to divide the profits with him. Considering that he was the boy that was to go over the falls, it would have given him no end of pocket money.

The moment Bob set the boat loose and pulled out from shore, people began to cheer and wave their handkerchiefs, and the militia regiment fired a salute.

Bob threw over his drag-board, put up the sail, and began to row hard right down stream. The rapids carried the boat along so swiftly that everybody cheered again. At the same time the sail and the rowing kept the boats going a little faster than the rapids, so that the drag-board away out behind, more than six feet from the stern of the boat, had a fair chance to drag and to keep things perfectly steady.

Rob had never before felt so proud in all his life, for he knew he was beating all the men that ever jumped over from anywhere into anything. It would surely make him famous forever, and every boy in the world is anxious to become a great man. and have all sorts of things said about him, and have his name in the papers.

The boat swam splendidly, and the wind blew harder and harder, and the falls roared louder as they came nearer: that is, as Rob and his experiment came nearer to them.

The crowds along the shore took a deep interest and cheered a great deal, and several boys tried to see if they could throw stones as far out as the boat was. Two of them succeeded, and the stones they threw came right into the boat, but they didn't happen to hit Rob. He knew that all great men have stones thrown at them and he didn't mind it.

The falls roared louder, the wind blew harder, the water ran swifter, the drag-board worked better and better, and Rob was sure he saw a rainbow in the mist ahead of him.

"There's the edge!" he shouted, as he took in his oars and turned around. "I must be looking ahead when I go over, or I sha'n't see what's coming."

It was the last chance for the boys on shore, and some of them threw stones with all their might, but they missed their aim, and had nothing whatever to brag of.

"Now for it!" shouted Rob, as the boat shot clean out from the edge of the falls with the impetus she had gathered all the way, and with the force of the wind upon the sail.

It was just as he had expected. The water kept hold of the drag-board, and it took the boat down nicely all the way, with the face of the great falls about four feet behind the stern. If it had not been for the drag-board, the boat would have either tipped over or gone down end wise and spilled Rob out. As it was, she came down into the water at the bottom steadily and evenly, as buoyant as a cork, and shot away down stream. Rob felt proudly than ever for just one moment, while he thought of how great a man it would make him; but the drag-board began to pull a little too strongly, and there was so dark a fog he wished he had followed Jim Hooker's advice and brought a candle or a lantern. It drew and it drew, and it was pulling him under the falls. The water began to come down right on his face and into his mouth, and just as he was gasping and choking he heard Jim Hooker exclaim:

"Well, Rob Norris, the bell's just rung to let out school. Never knew you to sleep so hard before. Took a whole spongeful to start your eyes open."

"Guess 'twas the arithmetic did it," said Rob, rubbing his eyes; "but there must have been a quart of water in that sponge."

Seafaring Sparrows.

[Rockland Courier-Gazette.]

Capt. Mark Pierce, of the steamer Katahdin, has just found two unique pets on board his boat, and probably a similar instance cannot be discovered anywhere. Around the foregaff there are a number of hoops, and these being unattached fell in against the mast. Inside these hoops a pair of English sparrows have built their nest and are proceeding to raise a happy family. They accompany the boat back and forth between this city and Boston and seem very much at home all the time.

Boulanger's newness to the public in France is shown by the disagreement of the French newspapers as to his first name. Some called him Ernest and some called him George. As a matter of fact his name is George. An elder brother, a scapegrace who disappeared years ago, was named Ernest, and that name is also repeated as the general's middle name, being a family favorite. The somewhat British look in the general's face is accounted for by the fact that his his mother was a native of Wales. Her family name was Griffith.

ITEMS FOR HORSEMEN.

Views of a Fairfield Correspondent on Horse Breeding.

Horse Breeding in Maine Said to be on the Increase.

Interesting Facts About the Great Horse Dexter.

FAIRFIELD, May 16.

To the Editor of the Press:

I will occupy a small space in your valuable paper by describing a few of our horses and colts in this section. Age, length of years, whether pertaining to humanity or or horsmanity—other things being equal—should and does command respect therefore, with due courtesy to others I will first speak of Broadway, the seven year old stallion, property of A. F. Gerald. Without going into details suffice it to say he is bred standard three generations back on both sides and has to his honor Electioneer and Volunteer as grandparents. This horse has never been handled for speed but is fast demonstrating to his patrons that they have made no mistake in breeding to him. His first get, Longway, now two years old, stands 15-3 and weighs 1000 pounds. This colt is entered in the colt stakes and I am going to lay him up for a winner. Three other Broadway colts are entered—all gifted with speed and game. Look out for Somerset County. One other stallion here I scarcely need mention for he has had his good clothes on and appeared in public as a first class actor too many times not to be well and favorably known. Lawrence record is 2.29½. He can well afford to rest on his laurels until the strength of years shall enable him to carry his present gait, a mile in 2.20.

Maud R., the property of Mr. Nye, is being jogged daily. She is looking strong and healthy and those who have had the pleasure of seeing her trot a 2.25 clip, with an even rapid stride believe in her capabilities to go the present season in 2.20 or better. Mr. Nye is also working Shylock. This colt has improved greatly with his wintering and can now trot fast.

The writer has the misfortune to be defraying the expenses of two stallions. One four years old got by Harbinger, dam by Gen. Knox, stands 15-2, weighs 1000 pounds, trotted a full mile as a three-year-old after serving thirty mares, in 2.47. I have also a three year old by Gen. Withers, dam by Gen. Lightfoot, her dam by Green Mountain boy. This colt stands 15-3 and weighs 1050 pounds He can trot a 2.40 clip easy and for style, action and strength of limb has no superior in the State. They are both in service.

Quite a number of good colts are owned in this vicinity, representing all the royal blood lines from Kentucky to the wilds of Maine, but there seems to be a scarcity of gentlemen's driving horses. In fact it would be hard to find around here, for sale, a horse that would fill the bill. In may judgment a great mistake is being made by many of our farmers in trying to breed speed regardless of size, style, etc. If you neglect these essentials and fall short a minute in speed, as you probably, will, how are you going to reconcile your purse? In riding through the country and coming in contact with farmers I have been amused and instructed in looking over their prospective wealth. It seems strange that a sane man will persist in breeding from an old toothless nag with a broken constitution whose blood is so slow that it hardly makes a revolution in 24 hours. I actually saw last week an old sorrel mare, ears at right angles, abdomen hugging spinal cord, knock kneed and puffed, ancestry dito, which I was told by the proprietor, with an air of pride and satisfaction, was booked to one of the best stallions in the State. What will the harvest be? We are slow to comprehend the fact, simple as it is, that the colt is as closely related to its mother as to its sire. What should you think of a man who would breed to a sire with the attributes of the sorrel dam I have described above? Yet reverse your glass and you have your man, mare, sire and ass all complete for throughout all nature there runs that unchangable law, "like begets like." Let us use common sense and expect to reap just what we sow, and not let our prejudices run away with our judgment not flatter ourselves because the "old mare" has been faithful in taking us to and from the mill, cemetery, church and town meeting that she will be a producer of speed.

I. P. TASH, M. D.

The little trotting beauty, Katie B., record 2.30, by Lord Nelson, son of Lander's Knox, by Gen. Knox, has been sold by Mr. Luther Hutchinson of Weld to a Rhode Island gentleman, for about $2000. This record was obtained at Lewiston during the State Fair, and the sale of this mare removes a possible candidate for the free-for-all of '88.

One of the finest and most promising colts in the vicinity of Belfast is to be seen at the stable of Mr. William H. Blodgett of Morrill, sired by Black Diamond, who is the father of many fine colts in this section. He is two years old next June, stands 15½ hands high, color, black, and will weigh upwards of 950 pounds. He has a fine style and action, and is a very promising animal in every respect.

Dr. F. B. Lancaster of Norridgewock likes a good horse, generally has one or more of them and is giving attention to the rearing of some fine colts. He has two colts by Dictator Chief, a stallion and a filly and one by Daniel Boone that are very promising.

Mr. Albert Murray, of Skowhegan recently imported a finely formed young Clydesdale stallion, from Prince Edwards Island, four years old, that weighed 1700 lbs. The horse has since been sold to parties in eastern Maine for $800. He will be known as "Barrister, Jr.," and is a full brother to Mr. Murray's fine stallion, Frank Barrister.

Mr. J. Q. Lander's justly celebrated trotter, "Gray Terror," of Piscataquis county, has wintered well and come out in fine shape. This fine stallion is well known in eastern Maine and also in Boston as one of the great promising trotters of this great horse raising State. "Grey Terror" has trotted in private in 2.34. He is a half brother to "Plumed Knight," formerly owned by Mr. Lander, but now the property of a Mr. Davis of Cambirdge, Mass. Plumed Knight trotted in 2.35 and has a record over Mystic Park, of 2.36¾ in the fourth heat. These two fine animals were sired by the celebrated "Mike Logan," owned by Mr. P. M. Jeffords, formerly of Foxcroft, but now of Atkinson, Ill. "Mike Logan" was raised in Foxcroft by the late Daniel Wyman, and was purchased by Mr. Jeffords who soon after took him to Illinois, where he has raised some good colts, many of his get showing up in fine shape. There are a good many horsemen who are looking for great things from these very promising animals.

E. T. Monroe purchased, recently, says the Piscataquis Observer, a pair of bay mares which looked so much alike and so near of a size as to cause much speculation as to the probable difference in their weight. Upon being carefully weighed each tipped the beam at exectly 1050 pounds. This is somewhat remarkable, as they were raised by different parties, in different parts of the county. There is but slight difference in their ages, both being three years old. They are after Mr. Monroe's well-known stallion, Fred Lothair. One was raised by George Plummer, of Dover, the other by John Bennett, of Sangerville.

Sheriff Poole of Piscataquis county has sold his fine mare to R. G. Palmer of East Dover for $200. She was after the Lanpher horse "Victor," which is a Knox and Drew stallion. The mare was a good one and will undoubtedly bring a good price in the Boston market where she will be offered for sale.

Oxford county can now boast of three stallions whose speed and pedigree is such as to enable them to command $50 for service. These three are Baby Dean, by Daniel Boone, owned by Robinson Dean, Buckfield; Westland, by Colonel West, owned by Barrett Bros., West Sumner, and Hebron, owned by M. L. Horne, Norway.

Mr. W. J. Wheeler, of South Paris, has completed arrangements with a horseman of Fryeburg, to take his three-year-old stallion Ned V., and stand him at Fryeburg for the benefit of the breeders of that section. Ned V. has size, speed and good breeding, his sire being Thomas Carlyle, by Gen. Withers, son of Almont, and his dam being a fine large mare by Gen. Lyons, by Diamond, son of old Drew, and his 2d dam by Gideon. Gen. Lyons was recently mentioned in the Cultivator, as being a very successful sire of gentlemen's roadsters.

Throughout the United States horsemen are evidently giving more attention to the breeding of fine animals for the turf as well as for gentlemen's driving horses, and the fall exhibitions of trotting horses promise to be of more interest than ever before. The purses for trotting horses throughout the West and generally in our own State have been or will be raised and extra inducements offered to bring out the "best ones." Lewiston has raised its purses several hundred dollars, the Oxford county agricultural society have increased their purses some $275, the Cumberland county agricultural society will, without doubt, follow with a similar movement, and other park associations will do likewise.

In 1876 only two horses had ten or more 2.30 trotters to their credit. They were Hambletonian and Volunteer. When a horse sires ten trotters he may fairly be classed a successful sire. In the following table we have grouped all sires now having ten or more 2.30 trotters, with the number to the credit of each:

Year foaled.	SIRE.	Performers.
1856	George Wilkes	54
1854	Blue Bull	52
1849	Hambletonian	41
1863	Happy Medium	34
1864	Almont	31
1858	Daniel Lambert	30
1854	Volunteer	26
1863	Electioneer	24
1866	Strathmore	22
1870	Princeps	17
1858	Wood's Hambletonian	17
1864	Harold	17
1866	Swigert	16
1863	Dictator	16
1855	Bashaw (Green's)	16
1864	Belmont	15
1865	Messenger Duroc	15
1875	Sultan	14
1871	Gov. Sprague	14
1861	Hambletonian (Whipple)	14
1866	Aberdeen	14
1862	Mambrino Patchen	14
1870	Nutwood	13
1855	Gen. Knox	13
1853	Champion 808	13
1864	Jay Gould	13
1855	Edward Everett	13
1874	Red Wilkes	11
1863	Woodford Mambrino	11
1852	Columbus 95	11
1862	Phil Sheridan	10
1868	Masteriode	10

The new-comers to this table are Gov. Sprague, Red Wilkes and Masteriode. The most remarkable features in this list, as contrasted with a similar table to the close or 1887, are the decided lead taken by George Wilkes over all other sires as a producer of performers, and Happy Medium's move from sixth to fourth place. Electioneer has been getting toward the head of the class rapidly, and probably at the end of another season he will press close on Almont.

A Smart Young American Catches a Tartar.

[Albany Journal.]

A young bank clerk in Albany is wiser than he was a year ago. In the bank where he was a clerk a new man was given a somewhat inferior position. The new-comer was a small, slight-framed Frenchman, whose English was decidedly lame, but who so seldom spoke that it made but little difference. The senior clerk had a decided penchant for fencing, and compared with most fellows of his age and position, was unquestionably a good swordsman. In addition he was a most insufferable braggart, and his military accomplishments was his one topic of thought and conversation. He had about him a very patronizing air, which he proceeded to inflict upon the inoffensive Frenchman, and his familiar slap on the back evidently displeased the stranger. Finally, a particularly emphatic thump between the little Frenchman's shoulders produced as response a stinging slap in the face, which left the red mark of a small hand sharply prominent against the otherwise deathly pale face of the young American.

Speechless with rage the young man found his desk, and shortly afterward, through a friend, challenged the Frenchman to mortal combat. The latter apologized, in fact did all in his power to undo the mischief of his hasty blow in vain. "Nothing but blood can wipe out that insult," the young man said haughtily. The details were arranged, the Frenchman, as the challenged party, choosing rapiers. Greatly to the surprise of the hot-blooded young challenger, the cashier of the bank, who knew the Frenchman well, acted as the latter's second. The day came and the hour. The principals stepped to position, saluted, and the blue blades crossed with that smooth, gliding sound which is music to the ear of the true swordsman. The Frenchman, whose familiarity with his weapon was evident at the start, confined himself at first entirely to defense, turning opponent's point with a grace of movement and absence of fear or nervousness which were poetry in action. The young man grew bolder, his thrusts began to have an air of ferocity which seemed to anger the Frenchman a trifle, and, turning aside his opponent's thrust, he made a quick lunge and the young American barely parried.

Another quick thrust and a turn of the wrist were too much for him. There was a sharp snap and the top button of his coat flew across the room. Angry at this evident trifling, the button's owner made a spiteful lunge, which was quickly parried, and the next button was snapped away. One after another the shining buttons on his natty blue-braided jacket were cut off by the Frenchman's ready point. Decidedly "rattled" at his opponent's skill and the irrepressible smiles of the seconds and surgeon, the clerk, with greater rapidity and less caution, made fierce lunges, any one of which would have driven the short rapier through the body of the cool Frenchman, while the little man, quietly parrying, with the sharp point of his weapon stripped the front of the young man's jacket to ribbons. The contest had lasted some twenty minutes, when suddenly the Frenchman caught the swiftly-advancing point of his opponent, turned it aside, slipped his own sword quickly down the other's blade, turning it with a quick wrist motion so that it partly wound around it, and with a sharp wrenching motion tore the weapon away and sent it flying across the floor. Then he saluted, threw his weapon down and left the room. It subsequently transpired that the foreigner was, and is, a member of a once noble French family, a captain in the French army, and his teachers have been some of the best swordsmen in France. The young American has not challenged any miscellaneous foreigners since then, and is less inclined to talk of his experience and skill.

A New Use For Fish Hooks.

[Stockton (Cal.) Mail.]

"Bill Charters was a very original man—that is, if he was out of a job he'd devise some way of his own to procure the wherewithal to keep a fire in the grate and provisions in the pantry," said a man in a Main street cigar store. Bill was also fond of fishing. On winter evenings at home, if he had nothing better to do, he would haul out his fishing tackle and inspect it thoroughly, and then, after making two or three new-fangled fly hooks he'd place the outfit back in his box, at the same time knowing that he'd be unable to use his tackle for probably six months.

"Bill lived in Boston when I first knew him That was 18 or 20 years ago. He was a tinsmith by trade. I went up to see him one night concerning housework he had been engaged on for several days. Bill was in the dining room examining his fishing tackle when I entered. After settling our tinsmith business he began explaining the different methods used to catch the various species of the finny tribe. This hook was fine for trout early in the morning, that brown tackle was immense at noon when the sun was shining, and that white moth fly hook was simply perfection in the evening just about the time the sun was setting.

"One huge batch of hooks attracted my attention. There were probably 30 very small eye-hooks, all sewed securely to a jagged piece of cloth drilling—about the size of your hand. 'Bill,' said I, taking the hook-covered cloth in my hand, 'did you ever catch any fish with this arrangement.'

"'Yes, sir,' he answered with a laugh; 'I caught a sucker on that collection last fall that weighed 160 pounds.'

"'where and how?' I asked, hardly knowing what Bill meant, as I had never seen a sucker that weighed more than three or four pounds. 'Just this way,' replied Bill. 'One night my wife and I decided to go to the theatre. When we reached the box-office there was a perfect jam of people. I left my wife near the door while I struggled bravely to reach the ticket window. I asked for two dress circle tickets, and when I put my hand in my pocket to get the money to pay for them I discovered that my pocketbook was gone. 'Stolen!' exclaimed I, and retreated.

"'Mrs. Charters and I walked home. She felt disappointed; she wanted to see that play. A thought struck me instantly, and just as quickly as possible I put my plan into execution. Turning my money pocket inside out I hastily sewed all the small fish-hooks I had to the inside of that pocket in such a manner that when my pocket was shoved back to its proper position the barbs of the hooks stood out and pointed downward.

"'I took some more money with me—but I placed it in another pocket—and again we started for the theatre. There was still a considerable of a crowd in the neighborhood of the box, and once again I began edging my way through for the purpose of procuring tickets. I allowed my fish-hook money pocket to look after itself.

"'Just as I was being handed my tickets I felt a bite. I attempted to turn round, when I found I had hooked a very fine-looking sucker in the shape of a well-dressed man who wore a shiny tile. I paid no attention to his tugging at my pocket, as I knew after one or two tugs he'd quit. When I reached my wife she said: 'William, who is this gentleman with you?' I told her he was a very particular friend of mine.

"'An officer standing at the door accompanied my friend and me, at my request, into an adjoining room, where I explained matters. I recovered my lost pocketbook and greenbacks. It was keeping company with seven other similarly situated purses. I had to cut the pocket out to hand the thief over to the officer, but it was returned to me after the doctor succeeded in getting the hooks out of the fellow's hand.

"'Yes,' concluded Bill, 'he was the biggest sucker I ever caught—must have weighed at least 160 pounds. And this is no fish story, either.'"

PARSON JIM.

[Chamber's Journal,]

The express trains of that monument of engineering skill, the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, now daily traverse the extreme eastern portion of the Rocky Mountains, lying between the city of Denver on the north and Pueblo on the south; and summer tourists, as well as all-the-year-round men of business, pass over the picturesque road by hundreds and by thousands in the course of a single year. There was a time, however—not very long since either—when white men were very scarce in that section, and when the only means of locomotion was a much dilapidated Concord Coach, whose trips were alleged to be weekly, though, as a matter of fact, the time-schedule of said coach was practically filled out to suit the driver, as he, with much "cussing" and little speed, carried Uncle Sam's mails from stage to stage.

Rather more than twenty years ago there was, about midway between Denver and Colorado Springs, a point on the road where the broad valley narrowed into a deep and wild gorge, known as the George Washington Gulch. The gorge is there yet, I presume, but the name has apparently disappeared, there being no such station on the railway, nor, so far as I can discover, such a place on the revised maps of Colorado. But in those old days George Washington Gulch was a relay station of the Denver stage line. Leaving Indians out of the question, they being of a ubiquitous nature, the resident poulation of the Gulch numbered three souls, all told, while a census would have revealed the fact that these all occupied the same dwelling-house. There was in those times no town or settlement of any account between Denver and the Springs, so that the Stage company was compelled to establish a number of stations at perfectly wild and unpopulated points, to effect proper changes of horses. So a rough shed had been erected in the Gulch to do duty as a barn for the accommodation of the four horses usually to be found there; while adjoining was a frame mansion, consisting of one apartment, which served as bed-room, parlor, dining-hall and kitchen for the three inhabitants, as well as being the official headquarters of the Hon. Samuel Green, who, in addition to his position as agent of the Stage company, held a postmaster's commission from the President of the United States.

The Honorable—be it remembered that Mr. Green was a government official, though no postoffice business had ever passed through his hands, not even a letter to or from himself, unless we count those which had to do with the stage business and went "deadhead"—the Honorable Samuel Green's companions in the solitude of the Gulch were a negro named Ananias—doubtless from his propensity for prevarication—who was chief groom of the stables, and a half-breed Indian, whose main occupation was to trap and shoot game and then cook it. The latter individual was known as Francis Murphy, and his chief failing was a fondness for undiluted whiskey.

At the close of a fair summer day, the Honorable Samuel Green, with Messrs. Murphy and Ananias, sat together on a bench placed along the front of their residence. The two last-named gentlemen were still enough to justify one in the supposition that they must be sleeping; but the Honorable Samuel was busily engaged in rapping and rubbing two little pieces of rock which lay in the palm of one of his hands. He was evidently much interested.

"Nias!" said he at last.

"Sah?" responded the woolly-headed darkey, rubbing his heavy eyes.

"I'm a-goin' through to Denver with Bill to-morrow." (Bill was one of the drivers on the stage line; the other was Si—abbreviated from Silas). "You an' Francis Murphy keep awake part o' the time, an' sorter watch things while I'm gone—do yer ketch on?"

"Yes in course, sah."

Four days later the Hon. Samuel Green returned to the Gulch from Denver, and brought with him a regular mining kit—picks, mattocks, hammocks, shovels, blasting powder and other useful articles.

Two weeks passed, and again the postmaster of George Washington Gulch "went through with Bill"—this time loaded down with samples of rich silver ore.

By the following spring the Gulch was alive with a population of over three hundred white men and three women—not counting Indians and Chinese. George Washington Gulch contained a rich vein of silver—enough to make it a scene of much activity for five whole years.

About a year after the Postmaster's important trip to Denver the Gulch was floating bravely on a floodtide of wealth and prosperity. The Honorable Samuel Green actually had considerable postal business to transact, besides which a double coach service had to be put on the road, while Gulch passengers arrived or departed with every coach. Add to this the fact that the Postmaster owned an interest in the richest claim in George Washington Gulch, and it will be readily understood that he had developed into an individual of some importance.

Still if one had quietly at that time investigated among the strange characters who formed the curiously cosmopolitan population of that Colorado valley, with a view to learning who among their number was held in the highest esteem, the Honorable Samuel's name would scarcely have received mention. The Parson was the favorite among "the boys;" and hardly a man but would gladly have given his last dollar, ay, or his life's-blood, had anything so serious been necessary to help the parson out of a tight place. Never let it be imagined for a moment that the Parson at the Gulch was the orthodox pastor, in the habit of wearing broadcloth of clerical cut and white cravats. He wore a broad-brimmed hat, but it was of the approved cowboy pattern; to a coat he was well-nigh a stranger, being content to appear in a heavy red woollen shirt; while for trousers he substituted the highly ornamented and picturesque buckskin breeches affected by Mexicans, Indians, and other denizens of the Far West. It is also certain that the title of Reverend had never been, verbally or in writing, prefixed to his name; and yet he knew, and the boys knew, that to be called "Parson Jim" was in itself a mark of distinction in a district where men were supposed to have no official titles or surnames, while Christian names were invariably reduced to monosyllables.

Parson Jim's record and capabilities were hardly such as would recommend him as a candidate for church werk in communities laying claim to advanced civilization. He could not read the Pentateuch in the original Hebrew; nor discuss the Thirty-nine Articles; but he was a dead-shot with a revolver, and could gracefully ride the back of a bucking broncho. The Westminister Catechism was a sealed book to Parson Jim; but he could set a broken limb, raise a tent, or build a shanty with the next man. And because he was as cool as ice when fiery blood coursed through the veins of other men—because he was as brave as a lion—because he was as gentle as a woman with sick men—because he had a big heart—because he spoke kindly words, and because nothing came amiss to Parson Jim, the rough specimens of humanity in George Washington Gulch loved and respected him as they never could have respected a grave and learned Doctor of Divinity from the East.

Now, in a Western mining town it is a gross breach of etiquette to make inquiries as to a man's pedigree, or to attempt to learn more than he chooses to tell of his history prior to his arrival in the camp. So long as he is "square" and behaves himself, he is one of "the boys," and as such is bound to them by a sort of freemasonry. Hence, when Parson Jim came to the Gulch and announced himself as a preacher, the miners asked no questions. They did not take "much stock" in preaching, but they were disposed to give the newcomer a "show;" and when time passed, and Parson Jim proved to their satisfaction that he was made of the right "stuff," they not only tolerated him, but made him heartily welcome.

There was no church in the Gulch; there was no school-house; there was, however, a large frame shanty used for a whisky saloon, named by its proprietor "The Rocky Mountain Sample Rooms." In the West, be it remembered, all the drinks are samples, no matter if the same consumer gets away with fifty glasses from the same barrel.

Parson Jim made his appearance in the Gulch during the winter immediately following the summer when the Hon. Samuel Green made his important discovery of the existence of silver in the valley. He arrived on a handsome roan mare, without bag or baggage, and made his quarters at the rude hotel connected with the Rocky Mountain Sample Rooms. During the evening there was a scuffle in the large barroom, and the newcomer looked in through a door to see what was the trouble. A young and slender lad of perhaps twenty years was struggling with a brutal, muscular giant of twice his age. It was only a question of minutes when the big rough fellow would "down" his young opponent, and yet the dozen or so of onlookers made no attempt at interference. Just as the new arrival appeared on the scene the younger combatant got in a blow which evedently hurt and irritated his opponent. Quick as lightning the big fellow drew his bowie knife and raised it preparatory to plunging it into the lad.

"Hands off, you bully!" shouted the stranger in the doorway. The burly fighter glanced rapidly in the direction from whence these words came, but did not drop the hand which gripped the ugly knife.

"Drop that knife!" thundered the stranger, at the same time laying his hand on his pistol pocket.

The bully noticed the last named action, and letting go the boy, yelled with added oaths: "Curse you, shut up! Who are you, anyway?" He was evidently very angry. He held the knife in his left hand, and with his right drew a heavy revolver, which he proceeded to level at the stranger.

"Throw up your hands, quick!" shouted the latter. But the fellow did not heed this warning. Click! went the hammers of the pistols. It was a question of quarter-seconds now. Bang! went one revolver—the stranger's—and the big man fell—dead.

Then there was a momentary silence, followed by some queer ejaculations: "Dead as a injun!" "Sarved him right!" "Stranger's a plucky un!" "Be-ewtiful shot!" "Who air you, stranger, anyhow!"

"Boys," said the new arrival, when at last he had a chance to speak, "this is a sort of business that I am not fond of. Sometimes it is necessary, though, as it was to-night. I am sorry; but let us say no more about it. I pay the funeral expenses and answer all questions. You want to know who I am? Well, I'm a preacher; and there'll be preaching in this room, with the landlord's permission, next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock."

It was a strange introduction for a preacher, but it was perhaps the best one he could have had in that wild place. Anyway, the respect of those rough miners was lastingly secured, and from that time he grew in favor as a man and a preacher.

In those old coach days there was one serious drawback to travelling between Denver and George Washington Gulch—the road was infested by a small, but hitherto invincible band of desperadoes, under the leadership of a regular dare-devil known as "Kansas." This man had attacked and robbed the coaches fifteen or eighteen times within six months; and though he had never been known to be accompanied by more than three confederates, his band was the terror of the stage drivers and their passengers. Once the proprietors of the stage line had organized a posse of armed men, who scoured the country in search of Kansas and his crew; but the outlaw remained at large, and within a week lightened a coach of seven thousand dollars' worth of silver ingots.

Late in the evening of a summer day, when, with the exception of a party of gamblers at the "Sample Rooms," all the citizens of the Gulch were soundly sleeping, a solitary horseman rode up to the unpretentious shanty which did duty for a parsonage. It was nothing but a two roomed hut, rudely constructed and roughly furnished.

On this occasion the "parsonage" was in sole charge of Ah Wing, a "heathen Chinee," who acted as Parson Sim's cook and chambermaid. Ah Wing was himself perchance in some Chinaman's paradise, for his sleepy features, usually utterly void of expression, were illuminated by a yellow smile. The Parson was off, as he frequently was, on a trip down the valley, and the parsonage being well removed from the main portion of the settlement, was seldom visited during his absence. The dreaming celestial was therefore much surprised, and indeed frightened, when he was awakened from his slumber by a violent hammering at the barred door. He cautiously drew back the wooden bolt, and peered out into the warm, starlit night. Close to the door he beheld a stalwart man with long black hair and a heavy moustache, holding in one hand the bridle of a large horse, while on his left arm he carried a girl—evidently dead or in a fainting condition.

"Where is the Parson?" asked the stranger in a firm but quiet voice.

"Parson Jim he go away muchee; he no come home till Sunday," replied the surprised Chinaman.

"Well, hold my horse, and hold him tight. This young woman is very sick, and I'm going to lay her on the Parson's bed."

He entered the room, and tenderly laid his burden on the camp cot which Parson Jim used for a bed. Then he tore a fly-leaf from an old book which he saw lying around, and, producing a short end of a pencil from his pocket, wrote hastily and somewhat clumsily a few words.

"See here," he said to the Chinaman, as he stepped to the door; "give this piece of paper to the Parson as soon as he returns. This young lady is hurt a little and frightened a great deal, and she has fainted. Pretty soon she will come around. When she does, see that you take good care of her, you yellow-skinned, white- livered duck! Perhaps you'll behave yourself all the better if I tell you my name is Kansas!

The Chinaman perceptibly trembled as he heard the dreaded name, but said nothing, and the handsome stranger sprang to his horse and rode away.

Ah Wing quietly surveyed his new charge, and saw that she was a yellow-haired, fair-complexioned girl of perhaps fifteen or sixteen years, slender, and evidently unused to work of any kind. The Chinaman faithfully kept watch all night, and noticed that the girl passed gradually from her faint into an easy slumber.

It was six o'clock in the morning and the girl was still sleeping, when Parson Jim returned. Ah Wing felt much relieved, and at once handed the note to his master. It was written in a rough, unknown hand, but this is what he managed to decipher:

PARSON: You are understood to be a pretty good fellow. This girl's father was accidentally shot this evening in a scuffle with the coach-people. She must be cared for; and I select you for the job. I know your record, and you are the only man in Colorado I would trust with an unprotected girl. I will see that you are supplied from time to time with money for her keep. Be true t this trust, or look out for KANSAS.

The Parson twirled the paper in his fingers, shoved it into his hip-pocket, and then asked a few questions of Ah Wing.

"What kind of a fellow brought the girl here?"

"Muchee fine Melican man," replied the little Chinaman.

"Would you know him again if you saw him, Ah Wing?"

"Yes, siree; Ah Wing no fool."

Half an hour later, the fair young stranger opened her eyes, and the Parson, in his homely but pleasant way, proceeded to make her feel at home.

"I am afraid, miss, that you have just passed through serious trouble; but try to feel that you are at least safe and among friends. You are welcome to all this poor house affords, and anything we can do for you shall be done."

But the girl burst into a flood of tears, and could speak no words but "Poor father—poor father!"

Later on, Parson Jim learned that she and her father were the only passengers on the preceding day from Denver, and that they were going through to Colorado Springs on their way to New Orleans. The coach was attacked by highwaymen, and as the girl's father, Mr. Winship, rather unwisely resisted them, he was shot dead. Then the girl had fainted, and remembered nothing until she found herself in Parson Jim's best room. Her name, she said, was Ethel Winship.

Putting the girl's story and the contents of the note together, it looked as though the desperado Kansas had killed the girl's father, and prompted by some feelings of remorse and pity, had undertaken to help the bereaved daughter.

A day or two later, when Ethel was somewhat rested, and her grief less poignant, Parson Jim had another talk with her.

"What would you like to do?" he said.

"Oh, sir, there is nothing for me to do. Get me work of some kind here in this place. We had no friends—father and I had lived and travelled together since my mother died, many years ago. We were getting poor, too, I know, and my father had some plans of his own, but what they were I do not know. If you will help me to get a living here I shall be much obliged, and I am willing to try anything."

"My poor child," said Parson Jim in his kindly voice, "I am truly sorry for you. If you can be content in my rough home for a while, stay here until we can manage something better for you. I have no one for whom I care, or who cares for me—only the boys in the camp. But those same boys will tell you that not a hair of your head shall be hurt while you stay under my roof. I have plenty of this world's wealth—more than the boys imagine—and I can afford a slight addition to my family."

So she stayed, and found that Parson Jim's words were true. She could not have been treated more as a lady had she been an earl's daughter and the guest of a dowager duchess. As the weeks passed, Parson Jim managed to add a couple of 'cute little rooms to the parsonage, one of which was "my lady's chamber," and the other the "parlor." Then, too, pretty carpets and furniture came from Denver, and the boys began to think the Parson was putting on "lugs." But they excused a good deal in the Parson, and really vied with one another in paying homage in their rough way to the Parson's ward.

Of course they soon knew the story; and Parson Jim had shown the Hon. Samuel Green and one or two others the note that Kansas had left with Ethel Winship.

Months fled, and Ethel stayed on at the Gulch. She became contented, and much appreciated the Parson's care and efforts to make her comfortable. She showed her gratitude in a hundred womanly ways, and kept the parsonage as neat and pretty as if it had been in Massachusetts or the English midlands, instead of in a wild Colorado valley. Only, every time news came of a robbery or murder by Kansas and his gang would the poor girl become agitated, and cry for vengeance on the man who took from her a dear father.

Three years slipped quickly away at George Washington Gulch. The robber had evidently not forgotten his promise to provide for the girl; for, at odd times, a package of money had been found on the outside of the Parson's window-sill, marked "From Kansas." It had alwas been placed there over night, in a mysterious manner, for no one was ever seen to do it. Parson Jim himself still preached every Sunday in the Sample Rooms, and was still a prime favorite with the miners, though they sometimes wondered why a man who was evidently so well "fixed" as the Parson should elect to stay in a rough, out-of-the-way place like the Gulch.

Ethel Winship had grown into a beautiful woman, and was as good as she was pretty. Parson Jim perceived this. Parson Jim was in love with his ward.

One evening in the springtime he told Ethel of his love, and asked her to be his wife.

"I cannot answer that question, dear Jim," said the girl. "Myself is the only reward which I can offer to any man, because I have naught else. So I have long ago made up my mind to keep myself to offer, if needs be, as a reward to the man who shall kill or capture Kansas. If it were not for that firm resolve, I would say 'Yes' at once, for Jim, you deserve my love and all I can give you. But do not ask me, dear. Perhaps Kansas will be captured, anyhow, and soon, by some one who will never think of reward. Then—well, don't think badly of me, Jim, dear; two things will make me a happy girl—vengeance on Kansas, and the right to call you my husband."

Parson Jim heard these words sadly enough; but he thought too much of Ethel and her resolves to seek hastily to turn her from her purpose even for his own benefit.

Early in the following summer, towards sunset, Ethel sat down on the porch of the parsonage quite alone. The Parson was away, and had been away all day, and might not return until the following evening. One of the men from the Gulch approached and doffed his hat.

"Parson in, miss?"

"No, Zeke; he is away to-day."

"Well, I wuz jest a-goin' to tell him that we've got news that Kansas is likely ter be up ter mischief 'way about ten miles along ther valley ter-night. It's the first time we e'er got a pointer as ter Kansas's tricks, an' some uv us thought as like enuff we might make a little crowd to down his nobs. Parson's mostly game fer business that's right an' squar', so I kim up ter tell him."

Ethel's eyes flashed, and the warm blood coursed quickly through her veins, as a wild thought occurred to her. She could ride like an Indian, and was a dead shot; Parson Jim had taken a special delight in making her a good horsewoman and clever with a pistol.

"I will go," she said. "I'm not going to ask if I may go; I'm going, Zeke."

"All right, miss; only it's risky work, an' not fit fer ladies. Mebbe the Parson wouldn't like fer yer to go?"

"Yes, he would, Zeke—yes, he would. Don't you know—don't you remember all about my poor, poor father? I *will* go; and if I get within range of Kansas I will shoot him without mercy."

So Ethel joined the party of fifteen or twenty armed men who rode out that night for the purpose of capturing, if possible, Kansas and his desperadoes They rode in as wide a line as the valley would permit, so that no company of horsemen might pass them unnoticed, and this plan proved a good one. About ten o'clock at night they espied four horsemen, evidently awaiting the coach, and closed in upon them. Zeke insisted on keeping Ethel Winship back, and made her promise to stay with him if the boys could effect a quick capture. But, no; the outlaws knew that certain death awaited them should they be captured, and resolved to fight dearly for their lives. There was a sharp, quick interchange of pistol-shots. Three of the robbers and three of their pursuers fell from their saddles. The fourth desperado put spurs to his horse and dashed right through the crowd of miners, who, in their surprise at this action, allowed him to pass. The desperate man emptied all the charges of his revolver behind him, as he galloped, threw the pistol down, and drew another from his belt. He rode in the direction of Ethel and Zeke, and they could see that he was a magnificent man, with long black hair and a black moustache.

"Kansas!" muttered Zeke.

Ethel no sooner heard that detested name than she levelled a revolver at the man riding rapidly past. It required a steady arm and a sure eye to hit such a mark; but she did it. Click—bang—and a bullet lodged in the brain of the highwayman. A dozen men rode up and lifted the man. He was dead.

They laid him back on the ground, and one of the men, more curious than the rest, proceeded to examine the wound in his temple. To do so, he brushed back the long black hair, and discovered that it was false. Then he looked closely at the heavy moustache, that also was false; so he pulled both wig and moustache from the dead man. As he did so, a long and piercing scream rent the air, and Ethel Winship threw herself upon the corpse of the highwayman.

'Oh, my God! my poor Jim! my poor Jim! I have murdered you!" And then she fainted.

"Parson Jim!" almost whispered a dozen men.

One of the slightly wounded ruffians who also stood near, between two of his captors, nodded his head and said: "Yes, Parson Jim. He fooled you boys badly. We called him Kansas!"

When they lifted the girl from the dead body of Parson Jim, or Kansas—Ethel Winship's lover and the slayer of her father—she, too, was dead. Kansas was punished, and Ethel's father was avenged.

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FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A smart and capable girl, at 88 PARK STREET. 23-1

WANTED—Immediately a cook until July 1st; references required. 21 DEERING ST. 22-1

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—House 827 Congress street lately occupied by Franklin Sawyer; said house contains 14 rooms; about 3700 square feet of land; on main thoroughfare to the new Union Depot; a very desirable location. Inquire on premises, or of WHITMAN SAWYER, 697 Congress street 25-1

FOR SALE—2 fine furnished cottages at Pine Point; 8 rooms each, in good repair and well furnished; everything ready for housekeeping; will be sold at a great bargain; both painted last year; good ¼ acre lots. N. S. GARDINER, 40 Exchange street. 25-1

HOUSE FOR SALE—For 10 days we offer a desirable house, situated on the line of horse cars, West End of city, containing 12 good rooms, bath room, with perfect drainage and ventilation, large lot with fruit trees, sunny exposure, This is an extra opportunity to secure a good house. N. S. GARDINER, 40 Exchange St. 24-1

FOR SALE—Desirable home in Deering, near horse cars and high school; two story house and ell with stable connected; good size lot with lawn well stocked with shrubs, grape vine and fruit trees; on easy terms. N. S. GARDINER, 40 Exchange St. 24-1

FOR SALE—Good stock and hay farm in Freeport, 2½ miles from corner, two miles from Wolf Neck, at which point improvements are to be made at once for a summer resort; contains 100 acres, good buildings, 100 fruit trees. N. S. GARDINER, 40 Exchange St. 24-1

FOR SALE—At a bargain—Cottage house with stable and about 3-4 acre land, situated at Morrill's Corner, Deering. For terms &c., apply to A. B. BROWN, No. 262 Cumberland St., Portland, Me. 24.1

HORSES FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Good Workers and good drivers. By THURSTON BROS., No. 13 Boyd St. 24-2

FOR SALE.—Mineral Spring with 200 acres excellent land, 100 under cultivation; 80 tons hay; good buildings; water equal to Poland Spring as shown by analysis. Hotel site commands a view of White Mountains and ocean; 40 rods from M. C. R. R. station; only 14 miles from Portland. Must be sold. W. H. WALDRON, 180 Middle Street. 23 1.

FOR SALE.—My residence at Gorham Village; also 34 acres good land near village; 11 acre field at Mallison Falls, Gorham: will be sold separate or together. A bargain can be had, as I am about to leave the State. GARDINER M. PARKER or N. S. GARDINER, 40 Exchange Street, Portland. 23-2

FOR SALE—Suburban residence in Deering, 2 miles out, in full view of city, 8 acres excellent land, 10 tons hay, nice orchard, fine class of buildings with large stable, all in perfect repair, will exchange for city property or sell cheap for cash. W. H. WALDRON, 180 Middle St. 22-1

FOR SALE—House No. 34 Park street, containing 8 finished rooms; lot contains 4000 square feet; will be sold at a bargain. JOHN F. PROCTOR, Centennial Block. 22-1

FOR SALE—One good phaeton in fine order Apply to F. W. STOCKMAN, of W. L Wilson & Co. 22-1

FOR SALE—A first class business in the vicinity of Portland. The business is in a prosperous and paying condition. Reason for selling good. This business will pay the right man $3,000 to $5,000. Capital required $8,000. Will bear the closest investigation. Address, MERCAHNDISE, Press Office, City. 21-1

FOR SALE—The spacious residence of Geo. W. Woodman. situated on Vaughan, Pine and Chadwick Sts.; one of the finest in the city; about 68,000 feet of land: will be sold as a whole or divided into lots. For particulars apply to JOHN F. PROCTOR, Centennial Block. 22-1

FOR SVLE.—A good black horse. Price $50. Call at house 180 Newbury St 21-1

FOR SALE—Low—Forty thousand rolls of late styles and handsome room papers. with borders to match, for 5, 6, 7, 8, 10c. a roll. Gilt room papers, with borders to match, 12½ to 15c. a roll. Call and see the room papers at COLESWORTHY Book Store, 92 Exchange St. 19-1

FOR SALE—A milk route fifteen cans all retail will be sold at a bargain. Address B 111 Congress street. 19-1

FOR SALE—A fine female English retriever, $5.00; St. Bernard female pup, $3.00; all liver color female spaniel, thoroughly trained for hunting, 2 years old, $8.00; thoroughly trained rabbit hound, 2 years old, $12.00; two handsome male Irish water spaniels, one 4 months old, one 1½ years old, $5.00 each; liver and white cocker spaniel with pups, from prize stock, small breed, $20.00. M. H. RANLETT, Rockland, Me. 18-1

FOR SALE—Near Woodfords Corner, two story house, barn and other out buildings, with from one to five acres of land, on line of horse cars and Sebago water. Address BOX 143 Woodfords, Me. 16-4

FOR SALE—A farm of 80 acres 1½ miles from Lisbon Village. 5½ miles from Lewiston City Hall; good soil; good buildings; well wooded and watered; large orchard; cuts 40 tons hay and all mowed by machine. N. BUCKNAM, Lisbon, Maine. 12-4

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR FARMING PROPERTY—A large and comodious house with L, containing twenty finished rooms, suitable for a convenient boarding house, can easily be changed into separate tenements, is nicely painted and blinded, is within four minutes walk of depots, schools and church, stores and mills. Lot is 70x100 feet. Stable with 3 stalls, Sebago water, good drainage; will sell at a bargain. Enquire of or correspond with G. D. WEEKS, Gorham, Me. 19 5

FOR SALE — Pleasant residence at Nason's Corner; good 2½ story house and a nice stable; also small house and store, and about three acres of land. Inquire of O. R. WISH, Argus office. 9tf

FOR SALE—1 second-hand 12 horse power engine, and one 14 horse power boiler with heated pump, inspirator and all fittings at a bargain. Address, BIDDEFORD STOVE FOUNDRY, Biddeford. Me. oc5tf

FOR SALE — House and lot 180 State St. Brick house and very desirable lot, number State street, westerly side, near Pine street; for terms apply to J. S. RICKER. feb22tf

NOTICE OF SALE.

THAT I will sell at Public Auction, if not disposed of before at my place, Elmwood House, Limington, at 2 o'clock p. m., June 9th, 1888, the following described property, viz: Over 200 acres land, situated in Standish, within one mile of Saco River, and within about two miles of Steep Falls Station, well covered with thrifty white pine timber, white hemlock, poplar, red oak, and a mixture of other hard wood. Its a very desirable lot for any one that's able to hold it a few years.

Also one orchard; pasture containing forty acres; there are over 500 thrifty healthy good bearing apple trees on it; it is situated in Limington, and is known as the west half of the late Daniel Moody place.

Also another lot on farm known as the Gotion, situated in Limington, containing one hundred and forty acres; it is a great hay farm, and there is on it a nice lot of thrifty white pine and abundance of white maple. C. H. MOODY, Limington, Me.
my17w2w&d1wmy25

FINE RESIDENCE

At Allen's Corner, Deering,

Four miles from Portland, built within seven years, at a cost of $7000. For sale at less than half its cost.

ROLLINS & ADAMS,
J. N. LORD,
F. O. BAILEY & CO.
my23-2w

FARM FOR SALE.

THE homestead of the late George Manson, in South Limington, Maine, of 116 acres: suitably divided into mowing, tillage, pasture and wood land; very delightfully located; stage passes the door daily to connect with trains on Portland & Rochester R. R.; large orchard of apples in great variety, especially Baldwins, also pears, etc.; two wells and never failing spring; house and barn and large wood shed; it is considered one of the finest farms in York County; sold to close the estate. Address P. M. HOPKINSON, South Limington, Me., or REV. EDWIN SMITH, Bedford, Mass.

Bedford, Mass., May 10, 1888. my12d1m

Horse For Sale.

BAY horse, 8 years old, sound and kind and weighs about 975 pounds; stands with a weight. Can be seen at HITCHING'S STABLE, Green Street.
may8 dtf

SAW MILL FOR SALE

TO close up a partnership, steam saw mill in first-class condition, situated at Carleton, St. John, New Brunswick; the machinery consists of gang, muley, six shingle machines, one clapboard machine, lath box, picket and tub machinery; this property is situated in the harbor of St. John and has a yearly capacity of sixteen million feet of spruce lumber, twenty million shingles, and eight hundred thousand clapboards, beside a large amount of short lumber. The mill can be run and lumber shipped the year round. For particulars address

F. STETSON,

surviving partner of Hayford & Stetson, Indiantown, St. John, N. B. my4d1m

FOR SALE.

IN West Falmouth, about one-half mile above Presumpscot Falls, and five miles from Portland, the valuable farm owned by the late Mr. A. GOWELL; the above was very much improved by the late owner; has a fine field, about 35 acres, with southerly exposure, extending to Presumpscot river; house is on high land and well situated; garden has numerous grape vines and fruit trees; land yields about 65 tons hay; good pasturage and wood lot; total 120 acres. BENJAMIN SHAW, 48½ Exchange street. my222w*

BOARD.

OXFORD, MAINE, Willow Brook Farm — Pleasant, genial summer home; healthful location; magnificent scenery; delightful walks and drives; excellent table; delicious fruits, vegetables, milk, cream, eggs, &c. 22-1

WANTED—Boarders, at No. 17 Chestnut street; none but responsible parties need apply; rates reasonable. 17-2

SUMMER BOARD—Pleasant place near Lake Marranocook, 2½ story house, large airy rooms, good board, pleasant drives, horses and carriages; references given. MRS. CHARLES STANLEY, Winthrop, Me. 28-4

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND.—An answer to those who ask where they can obtain the valuable preparations manufactured by the late Dr. Loring. They are always on sale at the old stand, corner Exchange and Federal streets, and at wholesale and retail drug stores generally. 33-1.

TO LET

COTTAGES TO LET—Westwood Park, Falmouth, Me., 4½ miles from Portland; near water; fine beach for bathing and boating, fishing; Pure Spring water; stable to accommodate 6 horses; steamer Alice will touch at this place four times each day. Address E. T. MERRILL, Portland, Me. 25-1

TO LET—Two cottages, furnished or unfurnished, on the south side Peak's Island. For particulars apply to DR. TORRINGTON, Peak's Island. 24-1

TO LET — Bicycle. Call on R. A. BACHELDER, 264 Middle St. 24-1

STORE TO LET—On Commercial street, with wharf attached; at head Union wharf; with free dock privilege; convenient for storage or fish business. J. H. TRUE, 202 Commercial street or J. DROWNE, 36 State street. 23-1

TO LET.—You know that if you have Dyspepsia, Constipation, Disordered Liver, Headache, or any of the troubles arising from poor digestion, you can buy a bottle of Loring's Celebrated Vegetable Specific, and it will surely cure you. Try it. 23-1

TO LET.—A pleasant, sunny up stairs tenement of 7 rooms; price $13.00. Inquire at 31 MECHANIC STREET. No children preferred. 23 1

TO LET—Rooms on the first and second floor, suitable for a physician or gentleman and wife; also rooms for single gentleman. 106 PARK ST. 22-1

TO LET—A flat of five rooms with Sebago and gas; suited for a small family. Enquire at No. 86 CLARK STREET. 22-1

TO LET—Nice rent of 5 rooms; house new and convenient; near new Union Depot. Enquire, C.P. WALDRON, 40 Exchange St. 19-1

TO LET—Lower tenement at No. 19 Henry St. Key at 651 Congress St. L. REDLON. 18-2

TO LET—Down stairs rent of seven rooms, newly painted and papered and in thorough repair. Apply to No. 281 Spring St., or 136 Commercial St. JAMES BAIN. 4-tf

TO BE LET—Old Orchard; a furnished cottage, on sea wall, 10 rooms, cellar, nice water, good drainage, and first-class neighborhood, with stable. Apply to IRVING BLAKE, 17 Church street, Cambridge, Mass., or LEONARD JORDAN, corner Free and Centre streets, Portland. 3-tf

TO LET — Store Nos. 117 and 119 Middle street; one of the finest stores in the city; suitable for wholesale or retail, or both; with a lovely basement, dry and lighted on three sides, almost equal to the first story; rent low to the right party. Inquire of H. E. THOMPSON, 164 Brackett street. apr28-2m

TO LET—Up-stairs rent of six rooms, and one-half of stable, Sebago water in house, on Maple St., Deerigg. Enquire of J. B. DONNELL, 79 Commercial St., Portland. 28-tf

TO LET—The spacious chambers 30x120, over B. B. Farnsworth & Co., in Woodman Block. GEO. W. WOODMAN, Agent. 29-tf

TO LET.

HOTEL, known as the International House, corner India and Commercial streets, containing about forty rooms, including on the first floor two good stores and a room, suitable for a barber shop; the upper stories can be disconnected and are well arranged for a small hotel or boarding house; the above described property will be let as a whole or separately at a reasonable rental. Apply to AUG. P. FULLER, 432 Fore street. my19tf

Furnished Cottages

AT Mount Desert Ferry, near "The Bluffs" hotel for rent. Railroad station, water-closets, gas, post office, telegraph and telephone Address MT. DESERT HOTEL CO., Bangor, Me.
my19 d1aw84w

TO LET.

HOUSE with stable connected, both in first class condition. 88 Brackett street. By GEO. MILLIKEN. mh5tf

MALE HELP.

WANTED—Situation in a retail grocery store by a young man 21 years of age; have experience working in store and driving team; can give best of references. Address C. S., Press office. 23-1

PARTNER WANTED—A partner with a few thousand dollars. Address at once "L," Advertiser Office, Portland, Me. 22-1

WANTED—Carpenters; apply R. STRELOW, Eagle Hotel, after 6 p. m., or at Spicer building, Cushing's Island. 22-1

WANTED.—By a young man a position as assistant bookkeeper and collector. A1 reference and bonds given if necessary. 21-1 Z. Press Office.

WANTED—Men to collect small pictures to copy and enlarge in crayon, india ink and water color; salary paid and outfit free. Address with references for particulars EASTERN COPYING CO., 21 Main St., Bangor, Me. 14-tf

WANTED—A MAN OF TEMPERATE AND steady habits, seeking employment. to represent an old established house in his own State. Salary $70 to $100 per month. References exacted. SUPT. MANUFACTURING HOUSE, 30 Reade St., N. Y. my21d1awM4w

WANTED—Young men of energy and honesty to take orders for "Gately's Universal Educator," a thorough and complete encyclopaedia and business guide; indorsed as such by every one that has seen it, and by every paper of national reputation in this country and Canada. The *Boston Herald* says of the book: "It is a carefully prepared and thoroughly useful work, and those who buy it will get their money's worth." *N. E. Journal of Education* says: "No schoolroom in America can afford to be without this great work as a book of reference." It is the most complete, plain and practical educational work ever published, and is indispensable to the family and library. GATELY & CO., 592 Washington St., Boston. feb29d3m

Wanted.

Experienced grocery salesman by a reliable New York grocery house. Address, "GROCERY" P. O. box 672 N. Y. City.
may19 d1w

WANTED.

Live, Energetic Men to sell Fruit Trees. Small Fruits, Rose Bushes and Shrubs.

SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID.

State age and name references to insure a reply. Address S. T. CANNON & CO., Mention this paper. Augusta, Me.
may23 d3t*

WANTED.

A good live salesman to represent the State of Maine in selling oil; a large profit to the man who has had experience in selling goods.

Address OIL, BOX 235, BOSTON, MASS.
my22d1w

WANTED.

WANTED—A loan of $10,000 on two years security undoubted; margin ample. For further information apply to N. S. GARDINER, 40 Exchanget St. 24-1

WANTED—Boys and girls make 50 cents an hour selling our cards. Call or address PEARSON & LIBBY, 50 Temple St., Portland, Me. 24-1

WANTED.—The ladies to know that our limited sale of 1000 boxes of face powder for 19 cents is waiting for them at 518 Congress St. Warranted to be one of the best manufactured Also 500 five cent round combs for children only 2 cents each. Lovering's Paris Hair Store. 23-1

WANTED.—All to know that competent cooks, table, chamber, kitchen and laundry girls for hotels and private families can be found at my Employment Office 169 Federal St., over Park Restaurant. Mrs. N. H. PALMER. Also good help can find employment at once. 23-1

WANTED—At once a pianist as accompanist for musical engagements, one who can leave the city two or three days at a time. Address L. L., Press Office. 22-1

WANTED—A furnished cottage on Diamond Island; customer may be found at 177 MIDDLE STREET, city. 22 1

WANTED—A situation as stenographer. Terms reasonable; permanent position desired. Address Z, 40 Exchange St. 21-1

Printers Wanted.

SEVERAL good compositors, male or female, wanted at once.

B. THURSTON & CO.,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
971-2 Exchange Street.
may 21 1w

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—$3500 buys a first class baking business; consists of nice store, well fitted; runs 3 teams; horses and teams in first class order and condition; rent only $25 per month, including tenement 7 rooms and stable; located in a smart, thriving village, within 100 miles of Boston; established 20 years; using 12 barrels flour per week. W. F. CARRUTHERS, 11 Court St., Boston. 22-1

FOR SALE—$350 buys cash provision and vegetable market, located on one of the best streets in South Boston; rent low; a fine bargain at the price. W. F. CARRUTHERS, 11 Court St., Boston. 22-1

FOR SALE—$1000, worth every dollar, buys stock and fixtures of first class cash grocery store, established 9 years; one of the best streets in this city. W. F. CARRUTHERS, 11 Court St., Boston. 22-1

FOR SALE—$3,000 or at appraisal buys stock and fixtures of a first class cash and family grocery store, established 10 years; low rent; business $350 to $400 per week; located in smart city near Boston; change of busines cause of sale; an investigation will prove the above just as represented or no sale. W. F. CARRUTHERS, 11 Court St., Boston 22-1

FOR SALE—at appraisal stock and fixtures of a strictly first class family grocery store, business of over $200 per day, on the principal street in a smart city within 20 miles of Boston; trade best in the place; run by present owner 15 years; ill health cause of sale; investigation will prove as represented or no sale; capital required $5,000 to $6,000. W. F. CARRUTHERS, 11 Court St., Boston. 22-1

FOR SALE—$500 buys fixtures, stock at appraisal, of one of the best cash grocery stores in the city of Boston, established 30 years; not changed hands but once in that time; business between $300 and $400 per week; best of reasons for selling; good lease, low rent, on one of the best streets in the city. W. F. CARRUTHERS, 11 Court St., Boston. 22-1

FOR SALE—$400 buys fixtures and good will of one of the best optician and jewelry stores in this State, corner store, on a great thoroughfare, does a full business, low rent, splendid set customers, stock will amount to about $1500; best of reasons for selling. W. F. CARRUTHERS, 11 Court St., Boston. 22-1

ISLAND STEAMERS

Freeport Steamboat Co.

On and after April 9th, 1888. the steamer Phantom, H. B. Townsend, Master, will run as follows:

Between Freeport and Portland touching at Great Chebeague, Little John's and Cousins Islands.

Leave South Freeport daily (Sundays excepted) at 7.15 a. m.;

Returning will leave Burnhams wharf. Portland, at 3 p. m. E. B. MALLETT, Jr., Manager, Freeport.
apr11dtf

STEAMER GREENWOOD.

Burnham's Wharf, Portland.

Between Custom House and Boston Steamers.

TIME TABLE ON AND AFTER MAY 21, 1888.

Leave Portland 5.50, 6.45, 8.55, 10.25 a. m.; 2.00, 3.00, 4.45, 6.10 p. m.

Leave Jones', 6.25, 7.15, 9.15, 10.45 a. m.; 2.20, 3.20, 5.15, 6.40 p. m.

Leave Trefethen's, 6.15, 7.05, 9.25, 10.55 a. m.; 2.30, 3.30, 5.05, 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY TIME TABLE.

Leave Portland, 8.55, 10.25 a. m.; 2.00, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Jones', 9.25, 10.45 a. m.; 2.20, 5.20 p. m.

Leave Trefethen's, 9.15, 10.55 a. m.; 2.30, 4.50 p. m.

FARES:

Single ticket, round trip, adult.................$ .25
Children under twelve.................... .15
Twelve rides.................... 1.00
Twenty rides, scholars...$1.00 } for residents and
Sixty rides, adults........ 3.00 } cottagers only.

F. N. WEEKS, Manager.
F. M. WEBBER, Clerk. my18dtf

FOR DIAMOND ISLAND.

ON and after MONDAY, May 21, and until further notice, the STEAMER ISIS will run as follows (Sunday excepted:)

Leave Burnham's Wharf at 6.00, 7.00 and 10.15 a. m., 2.15, 5.00 and 6.15 p. m.

Leave Casco Wharf, Diamond Island, at 6.30, 7.45, 10.40 a. m., 2.45, 5.45 and 6.45 p. m.
may19dtf LEWIS A. GOUDY, Manager.

Harpswell Steamboat Co.

On and after September 19th 1887, steamer Gordon, Capt. James L. Long, will run daily as follows:

Leave Orr's Island for Portland at 6.25 a. m.; Bailey's Island 6.40; Harpswell, 6.55; East End Great Chebeague, 7.25; Jenk's, 7.40; Hope Island 7.45; Little Chebeague. 8.00; Long Island 8.20, arriving in Portland at 9.15 a. m.

Returning will leave Portland for Orr's Island and all intermediate landings at 2.00 p. m.
sep19dtf ISAIAH DANIELS. Manager.

Portland and Boothbay Steamboat Co.

STEAMER ENTERPRISE—CAPT. ALFRED RACE.

ON and after Saturday, May 5th, Steamer will leave Franklin Wharf every Tuesday and Saturdy for Squirrel Island, Boothbay, Heron Island, South Bristol, East Boothbay, Clark's Cove and Damariscotta.

Every Thursday at 8.30 a.m. for Squirrel Island, Boothbay, Heron Island, South Bristol, East Boothbay and Pemaquid.

Returning will leave Damariscotta every Monday and Wednesday at 7.00 a. m., for Portland and Intermediate Landings.

Every Fridy at 7.00 a. m., will leave Pemaquid for Portland and Intermediate Landings, arriving in Portland about 2.30 p. m., connecting with Boston boats from Portland. Through tickets sold on the boat to Boston.

Positively no freight received after 8.15 at Portlend on the day of sailing.

Freight received and delivered by W. H. Bohanon on the wharf.
my4dtf A. MONTGOMERY. Pres.

Casco Bay Steamboat Co.,

CUSTOM HOUSE WHARF.

WEEK DAY TIME TABLE,
On and After APRIL 30th, 1888.

Leave Portland for Peak's 5.45, 6.30, 8.00 9.00, *10.30 a. m., 2.15, *3.15, 5.00, 6.10 p. m.

Leave Portland for Cushing's, 6.30, 8.00, 9.00, *10.30 a. m., 2.15, *3.15, 5.00, 6.10 p. m.

Leave Portland for Long Island, 8.00, *10.30 a. m., 2.00, 4.20 p. m.

Leave Portland for Little and Great Diamond, Trefethen's and Evergreen, 5.45, 6.45, 8.00, *10.30 a. m., 2.00, 4.20, 6.10 p. m.

RETURNING—Leave Peaks' for Portrland 6.10, 7.00, 8.30, 9.20, *10.50 a. m., 2.35, *3.45, 5.25, 6.30 p. m.

Leave Cushing's for Portland, 6.50, 8.20. 9.30, *11.00 a. m., 2.45, *3.35, 5.35, 6.40 p. m.

Leave Long Island for Portland, 8.45, *11.15 a. m., 2.45, 5.05 p. m.

Leave Little Diamond for Portland, 6.20, 7.20, 9.10, *11.40 a. m., 3.10, 5.30, 6.50 p. m.

Leave Great Diamond for Portland, 6.15, 7.15, 9.05, *11.35 a. m., 3.05, 5.25, 6.30 p. m.

Leave Trefethen's for Portland, 6.10, 7.10, 9.00, *11.30 a. m., 3.00, 5.20, 6.35 p. m.

Leave Evergreen for Portland, 6.05, 7.05, 8.55, *11.25 a. m., 2.55, 5.15, 6.40 p. m.

SUNDAY TIME TABLE.

Leave Portland for Peaks', *9.00, 10.30 a. m., 2.15, 5.00 p. m.

Leave Portland for Cushing's, *9.00, 10.30 a.m., 2.15, 5.00 p. m.

Leave Portland for Long Island, 10.30 a. m., 2.00, 4 20 p. m.

Leave Portland for Little and Great Diamond, Evergreen and Trefethen's, *9.00, 10.30 a. m., 2.00, 4.20 p. m.

RETURNING—Leave Peaks' for Portland, *9.20, 10.50 a. m., 2.35, 5.25 p. m.

Leave Cushing's for Portland, *9.30, 11.00 a. m., 2.45, 5.35 p. m.

Leave Long Island for Portland, 11.15 a. m., 2.45, 5.05 p. m.

Leave Little Diamond for Portland, *9.35, 11.40, 3.10, 5.30 p. m.

Leave Great Diamond for Portland, *9.30, 11.35 a. m., 3.05, 5.25 p. m.

Leave Trefethen's for Portland, *9.25, 11.30 a. m., 3.00, 5.20 p. m.

Leave Evergreen for Portland, *9.20, 11.25 a. m., 2.55, 5.15 p. m.

*On stormy and foggy weather *trips will not be run.

FARES.

Single tickets, Round Trip..................25 cents
" " " Children.......15 cents
10-Ride Ticket...................$1.00
20-Ride Ticket for Scholars...................$1.00
50 " " " Adults.................. 3.00

Only to be sold to residence and cottagers of the islands after they move down.

C. W. T. GODING, General Agent.
ap25 dtf

SUMMER RESORTS.

BOAR'S HEAD HOTEL—HAMPTON BEACH, N. H
The most delightful seaside resort on the Atlantic coast; opens June 16, 1888; every facility for bathing, fishing, sailing, riding, etc; telegraph and telephone in house; six trains daily each way. S. H. DUMAS, Proprietor. my15d3w

MURDOCK'S RAW FOOD SUPPOSITORIES.

Each one contains 1-2 oz. of Murdock's Liquid Food.

For Nourishment and Support in all Cases where the Stomach Refuses Food

In Wasting Diseases.
In Severe Vomiting from any Cause.
In Constipation, Dyspepsia, Fevers, Seasickness.
After Severe Surgical Operations.

When sick, and the stomach is unable to retain food, you will find the Suppositories a great benefit, as they will nourish the system and rest the stomach so that it will be able to retain food in a few days, and quicker if five or ten drops four times daily, and increase to a teaspoonful, be taken of Murdock's Liquid Food.

When we remember that a large per cent. of all food is digested by absorption in the intestines, and knowing the value of Murdock's Liquid Food in making new blood when taken by mouth, and that each large Suppository contains as much nutrition as a full quantity of Liquid Food if taken by mouth, we can say no more in recommending the Suppositories than that the daily use of them in our Free Surgical Hospitals for Women, containing 112 beds, confirms our claim

1 doz., Adults - - - $1.20
1-2 " " - - - .60
1 " Infants - - .35

If not kept by your Druggist, we will deliver by mail.

The benefit of our Free Surgical Hospital for Women is being recognized in all parts of the United States by the medical profession, as they are sending ladies suffering for the want of an operation (known as capital case) from all sections.

TOTAL OPERATIONS
953,
WITH A MORTALITY OF 9 ONLY.

Remember, if a baby does not thrive, do not change its food, but add five or more drops of Murdock's Liquid Food at each feeding.

LIQUID FOOD is adapted for all ages, in health or disease, as by the use of one tablespoonful four times daily for an adult, it will cause a rapid improvement in nutrition, a better state of the blood and tissue, and a decided increase in strength. We use in our Hospital 200 large bottles of every lot made. This gives a guarantee of sweetness of every bottle sold, which is not given by any manufacturer of any preparation in the world. It is recognized by the Medical Profession as the ONLY RAW FOOD KNOWN free from insoluble matter, drugs, minerals, salts or acids and contains the blood corpuscles.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

Murdock Liquid Food Co., Boston.
mar28 WS&M

1263-1888. HISTORY NEW HAMPSHIRE.
in press; 8 vo., 600 pages, illustrated with wood cuts and steel engravings, to be issued about Sept. 1, 1888; orders should be sent to the author; sold by subscription. J. N. McCLINTOCK, Editor and Publisher Granite Monthly, Concord, N. H. my15d3w

STEAMERS.

BOSTON STEAMERS.

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alternately leave FRANKLIN WHARF, Portland, every week day evening at 7 o'clock; arriving in season for connection with earliest trains for points beyond.

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nov1tf J. B. COYLE. Manager.

Boston AND Philadelphia

DIRECT STEAMSHIP LINE.

From BOSTON every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.

From PHILADELPHIA every Tuesday and Friday.

From Long Wharf, Boston, 3 p. m. From Pine Street Wharf, Philadelphia, at 12 m.

Insurance one-half the rate of sailing vessel.

Freights for the West by the Penn. R. R., and South by connecting lines, forwarded free of commission.

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Meals and Room included.

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E. B. SAMPSON, Agent,
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PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

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California, Japan, China, Central and South America and Mexico.

From New York, pier foot of Canal St., North River, for **San Francisco via The Isthmus of Panama,**

COLORADO..........sails Friday, June 1, Noon.

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CITY OF PEKING sails Tuesday, May 29, 3 p. m.

For Freight, Passage, or general information apply to or address the General Eastern Agents.

E. A. ADAMS & CO.,
115 State Street, Cor. Broad St., Boston.
e10 dtf

MAINE STEAMSHIP COMPANY

For NEW YORK.

Steamers leave Franklin Wharf on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 6 p. m. Returning, leave Pier 38, East River, New York, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 p. m. J. B. COYLE,
sept21-dtf General Agent

International STEAMSHIP CO.,

— FOR —

EASTPORT, CALAIS ST. JOHN N. B., HALIFAX N. S

— AND ALL PARTS OF —

New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edwards Island, and Cape Breton.

SPRING AND SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS, 1888.

The Steamers of this Line will leave Railroad Wharf, foot of State street, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 5.30 p. m., for EASTPORT and ST. JOHN, with above connections.

Through tickets issued and baggage checked to destination. ☞Freight received up to 4.00 P. M.

For Tickets and Staterooms, apply at the Union Ticket Office, 40 Exchange St., or for other information at Company's Office, Railroad Wharf, foot of State street. J. B. COYLE,
nov14dtf Gen'l Manager.

TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR!

A GREAT DISCOVERY!

It is acknowledged to be the best, safest and most potent and effectual remedy known for this child-killing disease.

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jun13 1

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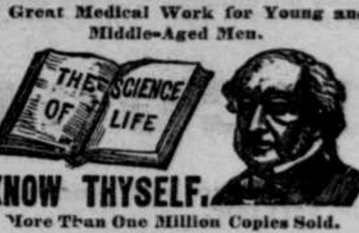

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EUROPEAN PLAN.

Rooms all large and comfortable; elegant suites with baths attached; ample public parlors; gentlemen's cafe and billiard-room added, and first-class in every respect.

ROOMS FROM $1.00 A DAY UP.

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Do your own Dyeing, at home, with Peerless Dyes They will dye everything. They are sold every where. Price **10c.** a package—40 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by D. W. Heseltine & Co., Druggists, corner Congress and Myrtle streets; N. G. Nichols, Druggist, 787 Congress, corner Grove street; E. W. Stevens, Druggist, corner Congress and Parris streets; Fred. A. Turner, Druggist, corner Congress and Washington streets; T. J. Looney, Druggist, corner Middle and Franklin streets; D. P. Horr, Druggist, 538 Congress street; William s. Banks, Druggist, junction Congress and Free Streets; T. B. Pollard, Druggist, 212 Danforth street; Cook, Everett & Pennell; John W. Perkins & Co.; H. H. Hay & Son, and A. W. Smith, Druggist, 107 Portland St., Portland, Maine. W. W. Whipple & Co., 21 Market Square, and Woodford's Corner, Deering, Me. jly11eod1y

On Accountof the the Death of Senior Partner the Stockof

R. STANLEY & SON,

will be sold low in the original package to close the estate.

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dec16dtf

WEDDING

INVITATIONS engraved or printed. W. W. DAVIS & CO., Engravers, 43 West street, Boston. 20 samples and estimates sent free.
jan14 eod6m

RAILROADS.

Portland and Ogdensburg R. R

PORTLAND and MONTREAL LINE.

Only line making direct connections with Canadian Pacific Westbound Trains leaving Montreal same Evening.

FALL ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing MONDAY, Oct. 10, 1877, and until further notice, Passenger trains will leave **Portland** as follows: **8.35 a. m.** for Bridgton, Fryeburg, No. Conway, Fabyan's, Bethlehem, Lancaster, Whitefield, Littleton, Wells' River, Montpelier, St. Johnsbury, Newport, Sherbrooke, St. Johns, Montreal, Burlington, Swanton, Ogdensburg and West.

3.15 p. m. Local, Portland to Bartlett and intermediate stations, with Stage connections for No. Windham, Standish, Limington, Sebago, Naples, Parsonsfield, Kezar Falls, Denmark, Lovell and Conway Corner; also for No. Bridgton, Harrison and Waterford via Bridgton.

Trains Arrive in Portland.

10.55 a. m. from Bartlett and way stations.
8.35 p. m. from Montreal, Burlington and West.

J. HAMILTON, Supt.
CHAS. H. FOYE, G. T. A.
Oct. 7, 1887 oct7dtf

Rumford Falls & Buckfield Railroad.

Summer Arrangement—In Effect May 21, 1888.

Leave Portland, via G. T. Railway, 7.10 a. m.; Lewiston 7.30; Mechanic Falls (mixed train) 9.00. Arriving at W. Minot 9.15; E. Hebron 9.52; Buckfield 10.00; E. Sumner 10.45; Hartford 10.55; Canton 11.15 a. m.

Leave Portland 1.30 p. m.; Lewiston 2.00, Mechanic Falls 3.15. Arriving at W. Minot 3.30; E. Hebron 3.40; Buckfield 3.50; E. Sumner 4.05; Hartford 4.10; Canton 4.25.

RETURNING—Leave Canton 5.00, 9.10 a. m.; arriving at Portland 8.45 a. m., 12.15 p. m.

STAGE CONNECTIONS.

DAILY — From W. Minot 10.00 a. m. and 3.30 p. m. for Hebron Academy; Buckfield 3.50 p. m. for W. Sumner and Turner; Canton 4.27 p. m.; arriving at Peru 5.30; Dixfield 6.00; Mexico 7.00 p. m.; also for Brettun's Mills, Livermore. Returning, leave Mexico 6.00, Dixfield 7.00 a. m.; arriving at Portland 12.15 p. m.

On Saturdays, only, an extra train leaves Canton 3.00 p. m.; connecting with train due in Lewiston 5.15, and Portland 5.45 p. m. Returning from train leaving Portland 5.15 p. m.

L. L. LINCOLN, Supt.
R. C. BRADFORD, G. T. A. my17dtf

BOSTON AND MAINE R. R

In effect Sunday, Oct. 23, 1887.

WESTERN DIVISION.

For Boston 7.30, 8.40 a. m., 12.40, 3.30 p. m. **Boston for Portland** 7.30, 8.30, a. m., 1.00, 4.00 p. m. (5.00 p. m. arriving **No. Berwick** at 8.00 p. m., connecting with 9.35 p. m. train for **Portland.**) **Scarboro Beach, Pine Point, Saco, Biddeford** 7.30, 8.40, 10.25 a. m., 3.30, *5.30, 6.15 p. m. **Old Orchard,** 7.30, 8.40, 10.25 a. m., 12.40, 3.30, *5.30, 6.15 p. m. **North Berwick, Great Falls, Dover** 7.30, 8.40 a.m., 12.40, 3.30, *5.30 p. m. **Exeter, Haverhill, Lawrence, Lowell,** 7.30, 8.40 a. m., 12.40, 3.30 p. m. **Rochester, Farmington, Alton Bay,** 8.40 a. m., 12.40, 3.30 p. m. **Manchester and Concord** (via Lawrence) 8.40 a. m., (via So. Newmarket Junction) 3.30 p. m.

*Via Eastern Div. to Scarboro Crossing.

SUNDAY TRAINS

for **Boston** 1.00, 4.15 p. m. via East Div. to Scarboro Crossing.

EASTERN DIVISION.

For Boston at†2.00 a.m., daily, †9.00 a.m., §1.00, †6.00 p. m. **Boston for Portland** 7.30, 9.00 a. m., 12.30 p. m. (**7.00 p.m. daily). **Cape Elizabeth,** 9.00 a. m. (5.30 p. m. West. Div. Pass.) **Saco** 9.00 a.m., 1.00 p.m. **Biddeford** 2.00, 9.00 a.m., 1.00, 6.00 p. m. **Portsmouth, Newburyport, Salem, Lynn** 2.00, 9.00 a. m., 1.00, 6.00 p. m. **Amesbury** 9.00 a.m., 1.00, 6.00 p. m.

†Connects with Rail Lines for New York.
§Connects with Sound Lines for New York.
**West Division—North Berwick to Scarboro Crossing.

Through Tickets to all points West and South for sale at **Portland Station Ticket Office and at Union Ticket Office, 40 Exchange Street.**

JAS. T. FURBER, Gen'l Manager, Boston.
D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. P. & T. A
M. L. WILLIAMS, Gen'l Agent, Portland
oct21dtf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after MONDAY, May 21, 1888, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURES.

For Auburn and Lewiston, 7.10 and 9.15 a. m. and 12.45 and 5.15 p. m.
For Gorham, 9.15 a. m. and 1.30 and 5.15 p. m.
For Montreal and Chicago, 9.15 a. m. and 1.30 p. m.
For Quebec, 1.30 p. m
For Buckfield and Canton, 7.10 a. m and 1.30 p. m.
For Danville Junction, (Mixed) 6.15 p. m.

ARRIVALS.

From Lewiston and Auburn, 8.45 a. m. 12.15, 3.15 and 5.38 p. m.
From Gorham, 8.45 a.m., 12.15 and 5.48 p. m.
From Chicago and Montreal, 12.15 and 5.48 p. m.
From Quebec, 12.15 p. m.
From Island Pond, (Mixed) 6.55 p. m.
From Danville Junction, (Mixed) 7.45 a.m.

Pullman Palace Sleeping cars on night train and Parlor cars on day train between Portland and Montreal.

TICKET OFFICE:

35 Exchange St., and Depot Foot of India Street.

Lowest fares from Portland, Yarmouth Junction and Danville Junction as follows: To Chicago, $21.00 and $19.00; Detroit, $16.75 and $16.00; Kansas City, $32.50 and $28.85; St. Paul $32.50 and $28.00; St. Louis via. Detroit, $25.00 and $21.25; St. Louis via. Chicago, $28.50 and $24.90; California, $82.50 and $63.75.

JOSEPH HICKSON, General Manager.
WM. EDGAR, G. P. A.,
May 21, 1887. J. STEPHENSON. Supt.

MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD

On and after MONDAY, April 2d, 1888, Passenger Trains will leave Portland as follows:

For **Auburn and Lewiston,** 7.00 8.35 a. m. 12.50 4.50 p. m.; **Lewiston via Brunswick,** 6.45 a. m., 12.55 ‡11.15 p.m. For **Bath** 6.45 a. m., 12.55 and 4.55 p. m., and on Saturdays only at 11.15 p. m. **Rockland and Knox and Lincoln R. R.,** 6.45 a. m. and 12.55 p. m., **Brunswick, Gardiner, Hallowell, and Augusta,** 6.45 a. m., 12.55, 4.55 and ‡11.15 p. m. **Farmington via Lewiston,** 8.35 a. m., 12.50 p. m.; **via Brunswick,** 12.55 p. m. **Monmouth, Winthrop, Readfield, Oakland and North Anson,** 7 a. m., 12.50 p. m., **Waterville and Skowhegan, via Lewiston,** 7 a. m. 12.50, **via Augusta,** 6.45 a. m., 12.55 and ‡11.15 p. m., and **Waterville** Saturdays only 4.55 p. m. **Belfast and Dexter,** 12.50 and ‡11.15 p. m. **Bangor** via **Lewiston,** 7.00 a. m. 12.50 p. m.; via **Augusta,** 6.45 a. m., 12.55 and ‡11.15 p. m. **Bangor & Piscataquis R. R.,** 6.45 and 7.00 a. m. and ‡11.15 p. m. **Ellsworth and Bar Harbor,** ‡11.15 and 12.55 p. m. **Vanceboro** 6.45 and 7.00 a. m., 12.50, 12.55 and ‡11.15 p. m. **St. Stephen (Calais), Aroostook County, St. John, Halifax, and the Provinces,** 12.50, 12.55 and ‡11.15 p. m.

☞All trains timed as above from Commercial Street Station, stop at

CONGRESS ST. STATION,

a few minutes later where through tickets and baggage checks may be obtained for principal points East and West. ‡Night express with sleeping car attached, runs every night Sundays included, through to Bangor but not to Skowhegan on Monday mornings or to Belfast and Dexter or beyond Bangor on Sunday mornings will run through to Bar Harbor on and after May 20th,

Trains are due in Portland as follows: The morning train from Augusta and Bath 8.45 a. m.; Lewiston, 8.50 a. m.; from Knox & Lincoln R. R. 12.20 p. m.; day trains from Bangor at 12.40, 12.45 p. m. The afternoon trains from Waterville, Bath, Augusta and Rockland at 5.35 p. m.; Flying Yankee at 5.45 p. m.; Farmington and Lewiston, 5.50 p. m. Night Pullman at 1.50 a. m.

Limited Tickets, first and second class, for all points in the Provinces on sale at reduced rates.

PORTLAND, MT. DESERT & MACHIAS ST'BT CO.

Steamer City of Richmond,

CAPT. WM. E. DENNISON,

(weather permitting), and until further notice will leave Portland Tuesdays and Fridays at 11 o'clock p. m. Returning, leave Machiasport Mondays and Thursdays at 6 o'clock a.m., connecting at Portland with the 7.30 a. m. train for Boston, arriving at Boston at 11.10 a. m.

PAYSON TUCKER, General Manager.
F. E. BOOTHBY, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agt.
Portland, March 30, 1888. oct21dt

PORTLAND & WORCESTER LINE.

Portland & Rochester R. R.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

On and after **Monday, May 14, 1888,** Passenger Trains will **Leave Portland:**

For Worcester, Clinton, Ayer Junction, Nashua, Windham and Epping at 7.30 a. m. and 1.00 p m.

For Manchester, Concord, and points North at **1.00 p. m.**

For Rochester, Springvale, Alfred, Waterboro, and Saco River at 7.30 a. m., 1.00 and (mixed) at **6.30 p. m.**

For Gorham at **7.30 a. m., 1.00, 3.00, 6.20,** and (mixed) at **6.30 p. m.**

For Saccarappa, Cumberland Mills, Westbrook Junction and Woodford's at 7.30 and 10.00 a. m., 1.00, 3.00, 6.20 and (mixed) ***6.30 p. m.**

For Forest Avenue (Deering) 10.00 a. m., 3.00 and 6.20 p. m.

The **1.00 p. m.** train from Portland connects at **Ayer Junct.** with **Hoosac Tunnel Route** for the West, and at **Union Depot, Worcester,** for **New York** via **Norwich Line,** and **all rail via Springfield,** also with **N. Y. & N. E. R. R** ("Steamer Maryland Route") for **Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington,** and the **South,** and with **Boston & Albany R. R.** for the **West.**

Close connection made at Westbrook Junction with through trains of Maine Central R.R. and at Grand Trunk Transfer, Portland, with through trains of Grand Trunk Railway.

Through Tickets to all points West and South may be had of S. H. HELLEN, Ticket Agent, Portland & Rochester Depot at foot of Preble Street.

*Does not stop at Woodford's.
oct22dtf J. W. PETERS Supt.

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offers for sale, at par and accrued interest, 6 per cent and 7 per cent first mortgage loans on farms in Iowa, Kansas and other Western States, valued at three and four times the amount loaned thereon and fully guaranteed by this company, Also its own 6 per cent debenture bonds, and further secured by deposit of first mortgage farm loans, as collateral, with Mercantile Trust Co., of New York trustee. A supply of mortgages and bonds constantly on hand, which investors are invited to call and examine. Coupons cashed on presentation. Please apply personally, or by letter, for list of references and other information. **C. C. CHAPMAN, Gen. Agent, Oxford Building 185 Middle Street, Room 2.**
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