The Oxford Democrat.

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The Oxford Democrat

IS

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GEO. H. WATKINS,

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
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FRANK H. TILTON M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
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Office and Residence, Cottage Street, near Beal's Hotel. Office Hours 12 m. to 2 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m.

C. D. HILL M. D.
Physician & Surgeon.
BETHEL, ME.

E. B. HOLDEN, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon,
SOUTH PARIS, MAINE.
Diseases of the CHEST a specialty.
Office at Holden's Drug Store.

S. B. MORSE, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon,
PARIS, MAINE.
Office at residence of Mrs. A. H. Mason, Paris Hill.

L. D. TUBBS, DENTIST,
MASON'S BLOCK, NORWAY, MAINE

DR. G. P. JONES,
DENTIST,
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Teeth inserted on Gold, Silver or Vulcanized Rubber.

MAINE HYGIENIC INSTITUTE.
Devoted Exclusively to Female Invalids.
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W. P. SHATTUCK, M. D., Superintending Physician and Operating Surgeon. All interested will please send for Circular.

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Business by mail promptly attended to.

ISAAC BAGNALL,
Woolen Manufacturer!
Manufactures CASSIMERES, SATINETTS, COTTON and WOOL, and all WOOL FLANNELS. FROCKINGS and YARNS. CUSTOM CLOTH DRESSING and ROLL CARDING.
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SMITH AND MACHINIST,
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MANUFACTURER of general machinery, steam engines, mill work, spool machinery and tools, bolts, set screws, taps, dies and drills made and repaired. Sewing, mowing and threshing machines, pumps of all kinds, presses, guns, pistols, knives, traps, &c., neatly and promptly repaired. Steam and water piping done to order.

R. T. ALLEN,
Carriage and Sleigh Manuf'er,
MILTON, OXFORD CO., MAINE.
I have now on hand and will make during the coming season a large number of Carriages and Wagons. These vehicles will be made in a
Thorough Workmanlike Manner, and from the Best Material.
All persons who intend to purchase, should make me a
Call, and see Goods and Prices

OXFORD, SS.—At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford the third Tuesday of March A. D. 1882.

ON the petition of Ceylon Rowe, administrator of the estate of Caleb Rowe, late of Bethel, in said county, deceased, praying for license to sell and convey the homestead farm of said deceased for the payment of debts estimated at nineteen hundred dollars, and cost of administration.

Ordered, That the said Petitioner give notice to all persons interested by causing an abstract of his petition with this order thereon to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris in said County on the third Tuesday of April next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon and show cause if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

R. A. FRYE, Judge.

A true copy attest: H. C. DAVIS, Register.

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AGENTS MAKE $15 TO $40 PER WEEK.

We have stores in 15 leading Cities, from which our agents obtain their supplies quickly. Our Factories and Principal Offices are at Erie, Pa. Send for our New Catalogue and terms to agents. Address

M. N. LOVELL 17 Battle Square, BOSTON, MASS.

Burnham

THE PHOTOGRAPHER AT NORWAY, MAINE

Is prepared to receive orders for Christmas

PHOTOGRAPHS.

The styles of frames this year, are varied and very beautiful. Now if you wish to make a present of this kind, and what more acceptable than your portrait beautifully framed, please call at my rooms, and give your order.

The days are so short now please come early. If you have a picture to be enlarged and finished plain, or in color please come with it. Remember we have a month more only to work up pictures assigned for Christmas.

J. U. P. BURNHAM.

Rooms near THE BEALS HOUSE. Norway, Maine.

Maine Steamship Co.

Semi-Weekly Line to New York

Steamers Eleanora and Franconia

Will until further notice leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 P. M., and leave Pier 38 East River, New York, every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 4 P. M.

During the summer months these steamers will touch at Vineyard Haven on their passage to and from New York. Price, including Staterooms, $3.0.

These steamers are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this a very desirable route for travellers between New York and Maine. Goods destined beyond Portland or New York forwarded to destination at once.

From Dec. 1st, to May 1st, no passengers will be taken by this line.

HENRY FOX, General Agent, Portland.
J. F. AMES, Ag't Pier 38 E. R., New York.
Tickets and State rooms can be obtained at 74 Exchange street

JUST OUT!

Morris & Ireland's

NEW IMPROVED

EIGHT-FLANGE

Fire-Proof Safes.

The only 8-Flange Safe in the World AND CONTAINING

More Improvements than any Safe made, such as

THE PATENT

Inside Bolt Work,

More secure from Burglars than any other Fire Proof Safe, and no expense in repairing Bolts or Locks.

Patent Hinged Cap,
Four-Wheel Locks,
Inside Iron Linings,
Solid Angle Corners

These Safes are now being sold in this State in

LARGE NUMBERS,

AND GIVE THE

Greatest Satisfaction,

Being the Most Highly Finished,

Best Made, and Cheapest First-Class SAFE ever produced.

These Celebrated Safes hold the

CHAMPION RECORD

IN THE

Great Boston Fire

and since that time GREAT AND IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENTS have been made.

Before giving your order to any other concern, send for prices and descriptive Catalogue.

MORRIS & IRELAND
64 SUDBURY ST.,
BOSTON MASS.

For The Oxford Democrat.

A PARENT'S PRAYER.

O God, can's't Thou not hear
Through silence of the sky,
My voice that cries to Thee,
My heart that asks Thy aid?
See'st Thou not all my pain,
The sorrow of my soul,
My anguish and distress,
And wilt Thou not reply?

Are all things Thine indeed,
Subject to Thy high will?
Are all the powers of time
Servants to do thy word?—
Then hear and answer me,
Fulfill my deep desire:
O, Heavenly Father, spare
A father's only child!

O give to my sad heart
A little longer yet,
This fragrance pure and bright,
This flower of love from Thee.
O give to me his speech,
His looks, his love, his life,
Bless him with happy health,
Restore him safe to me!

O God, can'st Thou not hear?
I hear his every wish;
By night and day I list
To him, and all he asks.
O God, can'st Thou not love
Like me, and do for Thine?
Or art Thou cold and dead—
To all our woe and want?

Reply, O Father great,
Assist my son this hour;
Put forth Thy power to help
Thy pity, Lord, and save!
Let life grow round my life
To praise Thy holy name,
And celebrate Thy works,—
Lord, hear my prayer, and save!

W. BRUNTON.

RUTH'S PROFESSOR.

Hillsboro people were very musical. They took short trips to Boston very often to attend concerts and opera, and when the city teachers came out to Hillsboro they were always sure of a good class.

Professor Bahr held a two weeks' convention, and intended to wind up with an entertainment at the first church (no matter what the denomination was), in which all the leading singers were to take parts.

Now there ought to be harmony among musicians; but there isn't always. There wasn't in Hillsboro, just at present. Miss Lucy Slemmons had been the leading soprano for many years. Not because she deserved to be, but because, like a good many other people in this conceited little world, she had assumed the place herself and wouldn't be put down.

Professor Bahr, with his quiet, German manner, and his sharp, far-seeing German eye, saw through Miss Slemmons directly, and bore with her arrogant ways very patiently all through the convention.

It was true that several times when he wanted a difficult passage interpreted, he called sweet, brown-eyed Ruthie Gordon to the piano to sing it, and never seemed to notice that Miss Slemmons sulked the rest of the evening and would not sing at all.

Still, he gave her quite place and attention enough to satisfy any reasonable woman. But Miss Lucy wasn't reasonable, and wouldn't be satisfied. She was mad enough to tear Ruthie's pretty brown hair out; but she meant totally to eclipse her on the night of the grand concert, and so now she could afford to smile and be gracious.

"I do hope to goodness Professor Bahr will put Ruth in first soprano, and leave Lu Slemmons clear out," said the leading alto, when they were discussing probabilities on rehearsal to-night.

"So say I, Miss Clement," remarked the best basso.

"Don't believe he'll venture. The Slemmons is too strong to be put down," remarked a tenor.

"Strong she may be—sweet she isn't," said the basso. "And I think I know what Professor Bahr will do."

"Well, we shall soon see," said Miss Clement, as they were called to order.

What Professor Bahr did do was to assign Miss Slemmons two or three parts, but not the best ones. When he came to them he said, in his odd way:

"Mees Gordon, you vill sing de aria in 'Angels Ever Bright and Fair,' and you vill sing 'Who's at My Window;' Mr. Braun vill play the accompaniment. Mees Slemmons, you vill sing the solo in de next chorus, and de second soprano in de 'Greeting.'"

Miss Slemmons bridled and her black eyes snapped.

"I'll do no such thing!" she said. "I've been used to the leading parts."

Professor Bahr fixed her with his quiet gaze.

"Who is de leader of dis class?" he asked.

"I suppose you are!" retorted Miss Lucy, insolently.

"Den you vill obey my orders or you vill leave de class; it matters not to me," said the professor.

Ruth, who sat silent and blushing, tried to speak, to say she did not care for her parts, but the professor marched grimly on to the next row and gave her no chance, while Miss Lucy, who had no idea of being put clear out, subsided. But inwardly she was furious, and watched for a chance to revenge herself on Ruth, and the professor, too.

After the rehearsal was over Ruth went up to the piano where Professor Bahr was arranging his books, and said:

"Professer, please let Miss Slemmons sing my solos, won't you? I don't care about them."

"What, you naughty, too? No, I vill not let Miss Slemmons sing dem. Her voice is not good. You vill do dem. May I see you home, Mees Gordon?"

"If you please," said Ruth, blushing hotly, and retreating very quickly for her cloak and books. It wasn't the first time Professor Bahr had walked home with Ruth Gordon or paid her little attentions.

But as they passed Miss Slemmons she smiled oddly. Perhaps her revenge was not far off.

They rehearsed nightly, the week of the concert.

For two or three nights Miss Slemmons was very friendly and cordial to Miss Gordon, praised her singing, and behaved wonderfully well. Wednesday night she came very early and had a little chat with Ruthie about a certain piece they were drilling upon, and was very kind and pleasant. Presently she said:

"Ruthie, I'm an old friend, you know. May I venture the least little bit of advice?"

"Why, certainly," said Ruth.

"Then I wouldn't, if I were you, let Professor Bahr walk home with me so much. Of course there's no harm in it; but when a man has a wife, you know, it—"

Ruthie turned white, then scarlet, and said, huskily.

"A wife! Professor Bahr is not married!"

"Why, didn't you know it, Ruthie? I supposed every one knew it. He was married five years ago in Boston. It's a positive fact and I can prove it."

But Ruth had recovered herself now.

"It doesn't matter to me at all," she said, proudly. "Of course he meant no harm by mere politeness. I thank you for your caution, Lucy. I shall not invite gossip."

She walked away and Miss Lucy smiled again. Her work was well done, she thought She wondered if Ruth would be so distressed she could not sing. But, no, indeed! Never had Ruth sang clearer or sweeter. Professor Bahr was proud of her. He meant to tell her so after rehearsal; but when he looked for her she was gone. And he walked home alone with a clouded brow.

While Ruthie, hastily bidding goodnight to the friends who were with her, ran home and flew up to her chamber to give vent, alone, to the shame and agony which were wringing her heart. She could not doubt what she heard. Lucy said everybody knew it, and it could be proved. And, that being true, Professor Bahr was—why, he was a villain, that was all! But he shouldn't break her heart. Thank goodness, after the concert he would go away, and she need never see him any more; and until then she could treat him so he would never guess she cared.

She met him the next day and was very coldly polite; and at rehearsal she brought her father with her, and left before it was fairly over.

Professor Bahr met her again on the day before the concert, but she was still cold. He meant to speak to her, but she slipped away from him again.

"She does not sing one note till I know vat dish means!" growled the professor as he strode away.

He was not able to spare a moment to go to her; but fortune favored him.

The singers were to meet in the small library back of the main room where the stage had been erected for the performers. Professor Bahr was there first, running over a list of pieces to be given as encores. In a moment Ruthie came in, leaving her escort at the door. She would gladly have retreated, but it was too late. Professor Bahr called her and asked her some questions regarding her first solo. She answered him and threw off her cloak and hood, wishing some one else would come in. The professor stood and looked silently at her for a moment. Her costume was a cardinal satin skirt, with white satin polonaise, looped at one side with cardinal ribbon, a second cluster of ribbons falling from her left shoulder; rich, soft lace puffings filled the square neck and fell to the long white gloves which hid the whiteness of her dimpled arms, while a single cluster of cardinal flowers rested in her brown braids. The bloom of youth and beauty lit cheek, lips and soft bright eyes, and it was no wonder the stern German heart was moved as the professor looked at her. One instant—then he strode to her side.

"Mees Gordon, tell me why it is you haf run away from me?"

"I—have I?" stammered Ruthie, flushing hotly.

"You know you haf! I haf not deceived you. I haf not lied to you! I will know what I haf done dat you treat me so!"

His look and tone compelled obedience. In spite of herself Ruth answered:

"Why did you not tell me you had a wife?"

"Because I have not."

When Professor Bahr was strongly excited he dropped the slight accent which clung to him.

"You have!" said Ruthie, clearly. "Miss Slemmons told me you were married, in Boston, five years ago, and she could prove it, for she knew well."

A strange light come into the professor's face.

"Ah, is that all? That is quite true what she told you. But why did she not tell you that my wife died in less than one year? She knows that well, too! I suppose you knew I was—and am—a widower."

"Oh, no, I"—but Ruthie broke down there.

Somehow Professor Bahr had the little white-gloved hands fast in his.

"I shall always be, unless you promise to be my wife and go to Boston with me. You know I love you. I have enough to keep you in comfort. My little liebchen, say yes."

"Yes," whispered Ruthie. "Oh, let me go! Some one is coming!"

She snatched away her hands, and when the group of singers, who had arrived, came in, Ruthie was very busy with her music and Professor Bahr was tuning his violin industriously.

But Ruthie's face was so bright and happy, and she sang so gloriously, that Miss Slemmons saw her little plot had failed somehow, and was ready to bite herself with vexation. But she couldn't afford to spoil her own voice, therefore she controlled herself.

The concert was a grand success, and pretty Ruth Gordon the star of the occasion. And after it was over Professor Bahr walked up to Ruth, right at Miss Slemmons' side, drew her hand through his arm and walked away home with her, happy as a king.

How Plate-Glass is Made.

It is not very well known that nearly all the plate-glass so common nowadays is manufactured on the other side of the ocean and imported here, though the home business is protected by a duty of 150 per cent. The manufacture of plate-glass was in Europe originally controlled by the royal families and the process of its manufacture was a royal secret. At the present day the most skillful workmen in the factories of France and Belgium earn $5,000 a year, and consequently have no reason for emigrating. As a rule the artisans that do come here are inferior workmen. Plate-glass is manufactured too hastily here. The art is a fine one, and the utmost patience and skill is needed to produce the finest article. The largest plate-glass ever exhibited in this country was that seen at the Centennial in 1876. Its dimensions were twenty-two feet by ten feet six inches. It was manufactured in France. This plate in its entirety never had any practical use, and was afterward cut up and used. The largest plate made in this country was nine feet in length.

The process of manufacture is very long and tedious. The glass is melted in large clay pots holding about a thousand pounds of liquid each, which is subjected to a very intense heat. The most advanced manufacturers use the "Siemens" gas-burner, for the use of which in this country a very large royalty is charged. The preparation of the pots is most important. They are made of German or "Stourbridge" clay, and to properly dry them from five to six months are required. Unless thoroughly made there is liability of breakage in the fire, involving the loss of the pot and its contents—a loss of about $100. When the "batch" has been sufficiently melted the furnace door is opened and by means of a crane the pot is elevated and the metal cast upon a heated steel table. Over the molten mass a heavy roller is drawn which produces a level surface. When partially cooled the plate is pushed into a "carriage" which has a surface of mortar. It is then rolled rapidly into annealing ovens, where it remains until it is properly tempered. The glass is now what is commonly known as "rough plate-glass," and so much of it as is not sufficiently good in quality is subjected to the further expense of grinding and polishing and is sold for sky-lights and vault-lights. Now the plate is fit for grinding. The methods of doing this differ somewhat in different factories, although the common practice is to put two plates of glass together and then move them rapidly one over the other. Very ingenious machinery is used in England for the succeeding stages. The glass is cast usually of a thickness of one-half inch, but by the successive processes of grinding is reduced to as near one-quarter of an inch as possible. If the surface is free from defects and uniform when the thickness of three-eighths of an inch has been reached, the plate is finished, as the thickness is not objectionable, although one-quarter of an inch is the standard. The final polishing is done by hand, and large numbers of girls and children are employed in many of the factories for this purpose. It is not uncommon that at this stage of the manufacture an accident will break into fragments the finished plate. The pieces are gathered up and melted over again to go through the same process. After completion of the polishing the plate is carried to the stock-room and there awaits its sale.

The Coming Sculptor.

"What are you going to make out of your boy Bill?" asked one Austin parent of another.

"I think Bill will be a great sculptor," was the reply.

"Has he any talent that way?"

"I should say so. He chisels all the other boys out of their marbles."—*Texas Siftings.*

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

While at Santa Fe, N. M., a short time ago one of the commissioners appointed by the President to examine the Atlantic and Pacific railroad beyond Albuquerque, dropped in at the "Nacional palace" to pay his respects to Governor Sheldon. The governor happened to be opening his correspondence, and, as an illustration of frontier justice and procedure, he read to his visitor the following communication from the sheriff of an adjoining county "I have the honor to inform you that we traced two of the cowboys to the house of a third one. On breaking open an inner door of one of the rooms we found these men lashed together very tightly and hanging to the beam overhead by a rope with a noose around their necks—nearly cold in death. I notified the coroner, a jury was summoned and an inquest held. The jury returned a verdict, 'Death by suicide.'

The hardship, danger and death encountered in the Arctic regions seem rather to stimulate a spirit for exploration than to discourage it. Lieutenant Cheyne now proposes to reach the North pole by balloon. He wants three balloons, to cost $20,000 each. Next June he proposes to leave for St. Patrick's bay, 500 miles from the pole, where there is an immense bed of surface coal, on which a house is to be built for the manufacture of hydrogen gas. Each balloon will be equipped for a voyage of fifty-one days, and will reel out telegraph wires as it moves along. Lieutenant Cheyne is confident that he can land within ten miles of the pole. In summer, he thinks, it will be so warm that the occupants of the car can work with their coats off, and in twenty-four hours they will reach the pole, which he thinks is a mass of solidly packed ice, which sailing or steam vessels cannot penetrate.

Shall we have a Mormon war? On this subject a New York daily paper says: Dr. Meyer, of Vienna, who has recently spent some time in Utah, expresses the opinion that it would take an army of 150,000 men for the United States to put down a rebellion of the Mormons, and that the conflict would probably last several years. Such an opinion should command the attention of the whole country. It is impossible for the nation to regard Mormon polygamy with tolerance as a permanent institution. It is futile to hope for its extinction except by force, although some affirm that the progress of its decay has been perceptible for years. The strong arm of the government must be lifted up against the evil, and the sooner it is done the better for the entire republic. The Mormons are rapidly growing in wealth, population and power, and ten years hence they would be vastly more formidable in rebellion than at the present time. Prompt and wise action by Congress, according to the plan laid down by Garfield and indorsed by his successor, might eradicate polygamy from Utah without provoking a rebellion. But if a Mormon war is inevitable, the sooner it comes the better, both for the Mormons and for the Gentiles of the republic.

Distances in Siberia.

A writer on Siberia in *Fraser's Magazine* says: Few have an idea of the dimensions of that enormous colony. I extract the following figures from Mr. Lansdell's book, giving the statistics of area and population:

	Square miles.	Population.
Tobolsk	800,000	1,102,302
Tomsk	500,000	848,000
Yeneseisk	1,000,000	372,000
Irkutsk	300,000	380,000
Yakutsk	1,500,000	235,000
Trans-Baikal	240,000	430,000
Amour	173,000	22,000
Primorsk	733,000	62,000
Saghalin	32,000	15,000

Are these totals not appalling? I confess they confuse me. But if you take a map of Siberia one could form some idea of its size by cutting out the size of Germany, France, Austria and Hungary; for there would be sufficient land still left over to create Great Britain and Ireland out of the single province of Yeneseisk. But all that enormous expanse is empty. The population of Yeneseisk is only 372,000, or about half the population of Moscow. The whole population of Siberia is less than the population of London.

Siberians do not seem distressed at these distances, and think nothing of riding 100 miles to attend a ball or a banquet, but entertainments of that sort are only held in towns, which are very few, only seventeen having more than 5,000 inhabitants. Of course, much of Siberia is not fit for colonization; the land is evidently greatly altered since the times of the mammoths and other antediluvian animals. But nevertheless there is evidently a great want of population.

To supply that want has been the constant thought of Russian statesmen. It is that which partly has led them to establish penal settlements in Siberia. There is a certain appropriateness about that which is quite undesigned. It is perhaps not altogether unfitting that Siberia, conquered by a half-brigand, should become the home of the convict. Yet it deserves a better fate, and it is sure to have it sooner or later—I hope sooner than later.

A corn dodger—The man who wears easy shoes.

"ROUGH ON RATS" Ask Druggists for it. It clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed-bugs, flies, vermin, insects, 15c.

Speak low, if you speak love.

Should you be a sufferer from dyspepsia, indigestion, malaria, or weakness, you can be cured by Brown's Iron Bitters.

The gerrymander rages everywhere.

No cheap mixture to impose on credulous humanity is Wheat Bitters. It is a most potent tonic and recuperant. Try it and be convinced.

The coming corn is a serious movement on foot.

THE DISTINGUISHING CHARM.—A delightful fragrance of freshly gathered flowers and spices is the distinguishing charm of Floreston Cologne.

The tailor knows how to get around a customer.

THE "GOLDEN BLOOM OF YOUTH" may be retained by using Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," a specific for "female complaints." By Druggists.

Learning by rote—the man who is rotated out of an office.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, Influenza, Consumption and all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Chest. 50 cents and $1 a bottle.

A fowl in the hencoop is worth two in the base-ball field.

"When I publicly testified that I had been cured of a terrible skin humor by the Cuticura Remedies, I did so that others might be cured, and do not regret the time given to answering inquiries."—Hon. Wm. Taylor, Boston.

Write plainly on all postal cards. The time of a postmistress is valuable.

The old need them; the young want them; the sick crave them; the well take them; dyspetics need them; epicures like them; men will have them; ladies must have them; children cry for them. Hops and Malt Bitters. 4-11-44.

You may know mock modesty as you do mock turtle, from its being the product of a calf's head.

A RENOVATING REMEDY
Is to be found in BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. As an antidote for sick headache, female weakness, biliousness, indigestion, constipation, and other diseases of a kindred nature, these bitters are invaluable. Price, $1.00.

The average life of a locomotive is said to be thirty years. If they did not smoke so much they might live longer, says a modern reform journal.

BANKERS,
Doctors, Lawyers, Carpenters, Druggists, Engineers, Mechanics, in fact we have recommendations from people in all stations of life, testifying to the wonderful cures Sulphur Bitters have effected. Send for testimonials. See another column.

"What part," asked a Sunday-school teacher, "of the burial of Sir John Moore do you like the best?" The boy thought a moment and then replied, "few and short were the prayers we said."

MONEY FOR A RAINY DAY.—"For six years my daughter was sick from kidney and other disorders. We had used up our savings on doctors, when our dominie advised us to try Parker's Ginger Tonic. Four bottles effected a cure, and as a dollar's worth has kept our family well over a year, we have been able to lay by money again for a rainy day."—*A Poor Man's Wife.*

It is strange that young ladies do not learn to play the violin instead of wasting time over a piano. A lady's right arm shows to good advantage in violin playing and it always draws a bow.

I always keep your medicines in stock. Downs's Elixir is selling better than any Cough Medicine I have, and with good results. C. M. SMITH, Druggist, Clarkston, Mich.

Dr. Baxter's Mandrake Bitters give the best satisfaction of any medicine I sell. They have advertised themselves, and I warrant every bottle. N. DEKRIEF, Druggist, Zeeland, Mich.

Henry & Johnson's Arnica and Oil Liniment, for external use is equally good.

"I tell you," continued Pingrey, "Brown isn't fit for the place. In fact, I don't know of a place that he is calculated to fill." "Don't be intemperate in your remarks, Pingrey," said Fogg; "you forget his stomach."

A STITCH IN TIME.
Your children are always getting into trouble of some sort or other. They cut or burn their hands, sprain their ankles, crush or hurt themselves in many ways. They have sudden attacks of cramps, diarrhœa or dysentery. A physician is sent for, delay ensues, and frequently the consequences are serious. This could all be avoided by having a suppy of POND'S EXTRACT at hand. Nothing will relieve pain so quickly, stop bleeding or heal wounds, bruises, etc. Its action is quick, sure and unfailing. Full directions are supplied with each bottle.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

Is designed to meet the wants of a large portion of our people who are either too poor to employ a physician, or are too far removed to easily call one, and a still larger class who are not sick enough to require medical advice, and yet are out of sorts and need a medicine to build them up, give them an appetite, purify their blood, and oil up the machinery of their bodies so it will do its duty willingly. No other article takes hold of the system and hits exactly the spot like

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

It works like magic, reaching every part of the human body through the blood, giving to all renewed life and energy.

My friend, you need not take our word. Ask your neighbor, who has just taken one bottle. He will tell you that "It's the best dollar I ever invested."

LEBANON, N. H., Feb. 19, 1879.
MESSRS. C. I. HOOD & CO.: Dear Sirs—Although greatly prejudiced against patent medicines in general, I was induced, from the excellent reports I had heard of your Sarsaparilla, to try a bottle, last December, for dyspepsia and general prostration, and I have received very gratifying results from its use. I am now using the second bottle, and consider it a very valuable remedy for indigestion and its attendant troubles.
Yours truly,
F. C. CHURCHILL,
(Firm of Carter & Churchill.)

A gentleman who has been suffering from the *Debility* and *Languor* peculiar to this season, *Gained 10 Pounds* says: "HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA is putting new life right into me. I have gained ten pounds since I began to take it." Has taken two bottles.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA is sold by all druggists. Price $1 per bottle; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Oxford Democrat.

PARIS, MAINE, APRIL 18, 1882.

Newspaper Decisions.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the office—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is *prima facie* evidence of fraud.

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

For twenty-five cents we shall send the OXFORD DEMOCRAT during the campaign. Beginning with June 6th, we shall continue it till September 19th, making 16 weeks, equal to 4 months, for 25 cts. Postmasters and friends of the DEMOCRAT are invited to get up clubs. We shall send clubs of five copies for $1.

HEBRON ACADEMY.—The Summer Term of this old educational institution will begin on Tuesday, May 9th, 1882, and continue eight weeks. W. W. Mayo, A. B., will continue in charge with Miss Isabella Cromwell, A. B., as Preceptress. Geo. M. Atwood is Principal of the Commercial Department, and Hattie P. Bailey is teacher of Music. We commend this school to all who wish to make good progress in their studies.

CATTLE SHOW.—The Directors of Oxford County Agricultural Society have changed the date previously announced for holding the annual fair to Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, October 3rd, 4th and 5th. This change is made because the State Fair is to be held on the days selected for our exhibition.

PORTLAND LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

PORTLAND, April 13, 1882.

"And I do recommend to the Christian people of our State to keep their annual fast; refrain from labor, business, amusements, and, in their homes and houses of public worship, humble themselves before Him whose mercy endureth forever."

The excellence of the above extract from our Governor's Fast Proclamation is indisputable. How fitting for the children of the Pilgrims, who, not so very long ago, ordained this fast, to keep the day as recommended. Places of business were closed, all or a part of the day, churches were opened for morning and evening worship, places of amusement—were crowded at matinee and evening performances. Patience at City Hall; the Mascotte at the Theatre. Are the "*Christian* people of our State" then so very few? Public sentiment approves or these things would not be. At Free-st. church Rev. Mr. McWhinnie preached on the subject of the "Scriptural doctrine of marriage and divorce." The Baptist and Congregational Societies united. First Parish and Park-st. Unitarian united in a service at the First Parish church. Rev. Mr. Alger, pastor of Park-st., preaching the sermon. Chestnut-st. Methodist Anniversary Concert in the evening. Congress-st., St. Lawrence-st., Williston and Gospel Temperance Mission held services of prayer. The day, like all our days, was cold and raw. "The wind is in the east" all the time this spring. Even Easter was no exception. The sun shone a part of the time, and the streets were crowded and the churches packed, all day to see the beautiful flowers. Sermons appropriate to the day were preached in all the churches and music of a high order of excellence was rendered by their respective choirs. At High-st., Easter Carols were sung by the children at the evening Easter Concert. The floral decorations were very elaborate in many churches, while all made some display of these beautiful gifts of our loving Father. The memorials were numerous and in refined taste. Pure white azalias and japonicas with pale-tinted rosebuds, delicate smilax, and sweet-scented English violets arranged in pillars, crosses, crowns, anchors, stars, harps, broken columns, as well as baskets and vases of rare and fragrant tokens of loving remembrance. At First Parish the display was noticeably elegant. A bank of evergreen and callas surmounted the pulpit. The communion table was covered with tributes to the departed. In the centre of the table was an exquisite emblem contributed to our dead poet Longfellow by his sister, Mrs. Pierce. Two long glossy palm leaves were crossed and between them lay a magnificent passion flower in full bloom. This church, High-st. and Congress-square made the most lavish display. At High st. there was a bank of brilliant flowers extending from the communion table to the altar top. A vase of callas and one of easter lilies surmounted this. In addition, there were many choice memorials. At Congress-square the eye was caught, on entering, by a large white cross at the rear of the plat. form. The cross was wreathed with pure white flowers and covered with smilax, as was the triple base upon which it stood. Through the delicate tracery of the vines, the letters I. H. S. and the words, "Jesus, Savior of Men," were plainly visible. A wreath of bright flowers was festooned across the pulpit arch caught up in the centre by a large cluster of callas. The desk had been removed and upon easels and brackets a separate collection of flower tributes were grouped. Williston, Casco-st., Park-st. and the New Jerusalem churches were very prettily and tastefully decorated; much more being done in that direction than in former years. Lack of space forbids particular mention.

The following facts may be of interest. It is generally known that the Easter Festival falls on the first Sunday following the first full moon after the 20th of Mar. It fell on April 9 in 1871, as this year. The next time it falls on April 9 will be in 1944. In 1886 it will be on April 25, its latest possible date, the first time it has occurred since the introduction of the new style in 1652. After an interval of 57 years it will again fall on the 25th, then again after 163 years have passed away. Further than that we have little care, for long before that date all who now look upon this fair earth will have passed

"Beneath that low green tent
Whose curtain never outward swings"

H. S. A.

—Geo. Clark sold the oxen he advertised last week, Monday afternoon.

—Wardwell & Martin, of Andover, have put in a large stock of Ready-made Clothing, which they propose to sell at low rates. They have also added a large selection of Wall Papers, Borders, etc.

OXFORD COUNTY LOCALS.

ANDOVER, Apr. 13.—The usual Fast-day exercises were held at both churches.

The name of Mrs. E. E. Merrill was accidentally omitted from the published list of subscribers to the bell fund; her subscription was $25.

A movement has been started by C. A. J. Farrar, of lake fame, to connect the lakes with Andover by either telegraph or telephone line.

It is Robert, not Mrs. Robert, Hewey, as we were made to say last week, that has leased L. M. Hewey's farm.

Whether it is desirable or not to restore capital punishment in Maine, was discussed at the Lyceum last Monday evening. Able arguments were offered on both sides, but the prevailing sentiment seemed against the restoration of the death penalty. A mock trial will be held at Union Hall next Thursday evening. E.

BETHEL.—The Congregationalist sewing circle held entertainments at Pattee's Hall, Friday and Saturday evenings. Friday evening "The Hanging of the Crane," broom drill, etc., called out a full house, who were delighted with the performance. Saturday evening there was a mock trial of a breach of promise case, before Judge Foster; Wm. E. Skillings and F. E. Timberlake for the plaintiff, Herrick and Mason Edwards for the defendant, which afforded abundant amusement, and was highly appreciated by the large audience. The entertainments were a financial success.

Easter was observed in the churches, which were fragrant with the perfume of flowers, and the services were in every way fitted to bring to mind the scenes of the resurrection.

April 14.—The citizens of Bethel, irrespective of religious creeds, or party politics, assembled at the Congregational church, Thursday, 13th, and were addressed on the subject of Polygamy, and its dangers to our free institutions, and its opposition to our republican form of government, in earnest and well chosen words by Rev. David Garland of the Second Congregational Church; Rev. A. Bosserman of the Universalist Church; Rev. B. F. Pease of the Methodist Church, and Rev. S. L. Bowler of the First Congregational Church. The following resolutions, presented by E. W. Woodbury, who explained the nature of the law recently passed by Congress, and showed its necessity, were seconded by Dr. Horton, and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, Polygamy strikes a fatal blow at the family, which is the corner-stone of our Republic, and the bulwark of our free institutions, and is subversive of all our religious and educational institutions;—*therefore*,

Resolved, That we hail with joy the recent legislation by Congress, intended to destroy this practice in the Territories of the United States, and to wipe this dark blot from our National escutcheon.

Resolved, That we pledge to the Executive Department of our Government, our sympathy, and prayers, as well as moral and physical support, in the enforcement of the present law, and all other laws that may be deemed necessary, for the speedy extirpation of this gigantic evil. W.

CANTON.—Robins and bluebirds made their appearance here April 1st.

Nature's bridge across the Androscoggin river at Canton has been abandoned on account of its unsoundness, and the public are now crossing on the new bridge just completed by the Canton Bridge Co. It is located at the upper end of Gilbertville village, so called. This shortens the distance from Canton to Canton Point, and travelers will find a much better road. The Jay, Wilton, Farmington, Dixfield and up-country travel will naturally take this route. A bridge at the place has long been needed, and it is a great accommodation to the public generally.

Canton Steam Mill Company are making preparations for the drive. It is the intention of this Company to have lumber enough to keep their mill running through the year, hereafter.

Rev. Mr. Gould, residing on the Livermore road, was thrown from his carriage a few days ago, while taking a pleasure ride. His injury was not very serious, but the lady who was with him was badly hurt.

The Good Templars Lodge at Canton is in a prosperous condition. A Juvenile Temple has been organized, and is in charge of Mrs. H. C. Munson. This is very interesting for the young folks, and ideas learned here will be a great advantage to them in years to come.

Easter services were observed at the Universalist church last Sunday. The floral decorations were beautiful. The pastor, Rev. H. C. Munson, delivered a most excellent sermon from Matt. XXVIII: 6, John XX 30-31, and also composed some very appropriate hymns, entitled "Easter Day," "The Resurrection" and "Easter Memories."

Rev. Mr. Roice has accepted a call from the Free Baptist Church, and will begin his labors May 1.—*Journal.*

FRYEBURG, April 15.—The temperance meeting held here the 11th, under the auspices of The Woman's Christian Temperance Union, was a very interesting and successful meeting. Sessions were held in the morning, afternoon and evening. Mrs. Wm. Stickney, President of the Co. organization, presided. Mrs. Crocker, of Portland, gave a Bible reading in the morning. Mrs. L. M. Stevens, President of the State Union, made addresses at the several sessions. She spoke to the children in the afternoon, of whom a goodly number were present. She was followed by M. K. Mabry of Hiram, Mr. Collins, and others, who gave answers to questions sent up. In the evening Mrs. Stevens opened the meeting with an interesting address, showing by story and illustration the fearful inroads this terrible evil is making, and has already made upon the peace and well-being of society. Mrs. S. was followed by Dr. Mason upon "the attitude of the church towards intemperance;" by Mr. Stone upon "how to save our boys from intemperance," and Mr. Collins upon "agitation." The exercises were interspersed with music by a choir of village singers.

Walter Hill lost a part of the middle finger of his left hand yesterday, by a circular saw in J. B. Fellows's steam mill.

Fast-day services were held by Mr. Stone Wednesday evening, and by Dr. Mason on Thursday morning. The Doctor took a most hopeful view of the good influences at work in the church, society and the world at large. M.

GILEAD, April 13.—The weather, since April came in, has been much warmer than March, but the snow does not disappear very fast, and the wheeling is very poor. The ice holds in the river yet, and is crossed at some points. The prospect for a good sugar season is dubious.

John W. Bennett has begun work on his new mill. He has bought a steam engine and board saw of parties near Portland, which arrived last week, and will have it running shortly.

Measles are quite prevalent at the village and quite a number of the little folks are down with them. B.

MEXICO.—Daniel A. Whitman of Mexico, aged 44 years, was buried on Monday, the 10th inst. Rev. Mr. Munson, of Canton, conducted the services. Mr. Whitman was a member of Co. C, Twentieth Maine Regiment, during the war of the rebellion. He was an earnest Republican, a good citizen, a faithful friend, and an honest man. FLAKES.

OXFORD.—The Congregational church in Oxford having been closed four weeks for repairs, was opened Sunday for interesting Easter services. The floral decorations were very fine, and the music by a quintette was especially well adapted to the occasion. The audience room in its new dress has a very neat and attractive appearance. The frescoing, by George C. Jost, of Portland, is in excellent taste. New stained glass windows, fresh paint, a new carpet, new book racks and books in pews, new chandeliers and bracket lamps, altogether have transferred the room from its former dilapidated and cheerless appearance to an inviting place of worship. A slight deficiency in the amount to pay the repairs was made up at the opening service, Sunday. The Rev. Mr. Emrich, the very able pastor, who divides his time between Mechanic Falls and Oxford, with an occasional service at Poland Corner, will leave the present week for a four weeks' vacation. He goes to Chicago by invitation to spend four Sabbaths, and some fear is felt by his many friends in Oxford that he may be induced to settle over a church in Chicago. Mr. Emrich has carried forward to completion repairs of the churches at Mechanic Falls, Poland Corner and Oxford, and in each case has opened the churches free from debt.—*Journal.*

PARIS.—The Universalist Circle will meet Wednesday evening with Mrs. Ellen H. Jackson. All are invited.

Governor Perham was in town Fast Day.

A meeting of citizens has been called at the Clerk's office for next Saturday evening, to consider the question of building a telegraph line from Paris Hill to South Paris. Let there be a general attendance of the property owners.

SOUTH PARIS.—W. J. Wheeler, esq., has sold his prime Jersey cow to Oliver Curtis. Mrs. Curtis is one of our best butter makers in town. She sends most of her butter to Boston, and gets 35 cts. per pound for it.

Mrs. Geo. A. Briggs and daughter will start for Minn. in a few days to vist her mother and other friends. She will be gone several months.

The *Advertiser* says Rev. I. G. Sprague will give a lecture, or Bible readings at Norway Lake every other Sabbath, at 5 o'clock, beginning May 14th.

We regret to chronicle the removal of several familes from So. Paris this spring. Among those who have moved or will move away are, George W. Daicy and family, R. Penfold and family, G. W. Brown and family, and Cyrus A. Allen and family.

S. B. Locke, a prominent manufacturer of Snow's Falls, Paris, was in the city, Friday, looking for water power in this vicinity, convenient to a railroad, of from 100 to 400 horse-power, for the purpose of running paper and pulp mills.—*Bangor Commercial.*

RUTH.

The presentation of Ruth, their second Cantata, by the Esther Club, Friday evening, was another triumph eminently satisfactory, and one that could never be acquired in the absence of real worth and true merit. R. N. Hall, esq., leader and director, and Mrs. Cora Briggs, accompanist, have spared neither time nor labor to bring this organization to its present perfection, and much credit is due them. Three days' notice was all that was necessary to fill New Hall to overflowing.—The music of Ruth, compared with Esther is decidedly inferior, but this fact only makes their success more deserving. The beautiful fields of standing grain—the brilliant costumes—the fine acting—were among the things that held the interest of the audience and brought forth round after round of applause.—The selection of the *dramatis personæ* could not have been better. Mrs. Geo. A. Wilson as Naomi showed careful study, and was entirely satisfactory. Miss Gertie Whitman as Ruth, was indeed the star of the evening. Her unaffected and modest mien—her sweet alto voice—her distinct articulation, won for her on this, her first appearance, a high place as a musical actress. Mr. George A. Briggs as Boaz, sang so tenderly that the dropping of a pin would have disturbed the stillness of the listeners. F. A. Thayer as the First Reaper, sang well and acted naturally. Miss Agnes Briggs as Orpah, made a very favorable impression, and in the parting scene from Naomi, her acting was splendid. Miss Lizzie Winslow, Mr. F. P. Burbank and Mr. Fred Howe sang their parts very acceptably.—By special request, the Cantata was repeated Saturday evening to a fair house. B.

EAST SUMNER.—The season thus far has been very unfavorable for maple products, and syrup is scarce and high.

Gilbert Tilton has sold his farm at West Sumner to David Andrews of Paris.

I hear that Mr. Isaac Richardson, of Hartford, has sold his farm to Philemon Hewett, of Livermore. Mr. Richardson will probably remove to Washington Territory, where he has two daughters living. Mr. R. is a worthy and reliable citizen, and many will regret to have him leave the vicinity.

Mr. John Thompson has a lamb that weighed nearly 14 lbs. when only a few hours old.

R. A. Huse & Son will add to their business by a contract to furnish enameler's goods for parties in Providence, R. I. SLOCUM.

LETTER FROM FRYEBURG.

EASTER IN FRYEBURG.

Easter was observed by the New Church (Swedenborgian) in Fryeburg with appropriate services.

The floral tributes were arranged with pleasing effect, a varied abundance of plants being grouped about the pulpit platform and suspended from the windows.

The anthems sung breathed the inspiration of the Easter morning.

A discourse was preached by the pastor from Luke XXIV:5—"Why seek ye the living among the dead?"

He said that the Resurrection showed the Lord to be the possessor of that essential element of the divine nature—Life. Therefore he could not be holden of death and the grave. The Lord is the living God, who alone hath immortality. And he is the Life of every creature that breathes and moves. Inert matter is the opposite of the Divine Life; it is dead. Now man, while he lives from God, is yet more or less affected by the body and material limitations. There he stands midway between life and death. If he turns from God to the body and the world and permits their influence to be the ruling force, then his life receives thereby a material and mortal quality. Then he seeks life in death, the living among the dead. We may see this tendency of human nature exhibited in many forms:

1st. In those who seek life in the mere letter of Scripture. The Word in order to be adapted to men in the flesh is written as to the letter in natural imagery and worldly expression. Therefore the letter by itself is dead. "The letter killeth." But it is vitalized by the Divine Spirit, living Truth, dwelling as an animating soul within it. Hence those who read the Word of Life attending only to the most external material sense, go to an empty sepulchre to find a risen Lord.

2nd. In those who, to a greater or less extent, identify the mortal body with the living human spirit. The spirit is man. Our affection and intelligence, our appetites and sensations, our very substance, form, and personal identity, belong to the spirit alone. The body is dust of the ground. But because it is interpenetrated, or organized and spiritualized by the spirit, it is natural, judging from sensual impressions to impute to the flesh what is solely the property of the spirit. Hence the deserted corpse is to us the man we have known and loved; and because it moves not, the vital spark seeming to be quenched, we call him dead, though never so fully alive as now; and burying *it* we think we bury *him*. Or if there is a superstitious imagination of a formless shade, a ghost, flitting about in an unknown somewhere, nevertheless the solid man that the heart clings to is deemed to be resting dreamlessly beneath the sod. And even the processes of corruption that destroy the last vestiges of life and humanity, leaving but a handful of black mould, do not disillusionize this idea. Of course men taught by Christian doctrine know better. But in spite of doctrine, in spite of reason, there is a vague feeling born of sense, often far too strong, that draws men to seek the living among the dead. Would that every heaven-ward-pointing monumental stone might bear this witness: "He is not here: he is risen."

3rd. In those who look back and long for the life of the past. Our existence begins upon the earth, and at first is chiefly earthly. Physical desires, sensations and ideas from natural objects characterize the experience of infancy and childhood. But there is unfolded gradually clear intelligence, spirituality, eternal life. Human progress is from Earth toward God, that is from death to life evermore. To look regretfully back like Lot's wife is to become a dead statue. There must be something wrong with one who knows nothing better than the innocence, peace and purity of his early days. The best of the land is always before us. Then, "Let the dead past bury its dead," while we set our faces toward the Life to come.

4th. In those who would find their life in wealth. Wealth at the best can only minister to certain animal needs. And the full limit to which it can do this much is quickly reached. Vast accumulations, excessive luxury and pleasure, from their mortal nature, do but destroy our physical well-being, comfort, and happiness. Even a man's bodily life consisteth not in the abundance of the things that he possesseth. But what is far worse, the higher spiritual life is quenched in the sordid selfish greed, the distrust of Providence, and the contempt of heaven, which are the effect of making dead wealth our god and our all. In gaining the world men lose their own souls.

From the view presented, the significance of life and death as used in Scripture now becomes evident. Life is not bare breathing and existence; it is the Spirit of God in the soul of man. Death is not corporeal dissolution or annihilation; it is that divine Life perverted, disordered, debased by carnal and material influences. It is turning the back upon the Lord and looking to the world and the body. Would that all such dead might this blessed Easter day hear the voice of Jesus saying: I am the Resurrection and the Life. He that believeth in me though he were dead yet shall he live; and whosoever liveth and believeth in me shall never die. Amen.

DRAMATIC.

The young people of Fryeburg have won considerable distinction, and met with flattering success, whenever they have "taken to the stage." We have not forgotten what a run the "Children's Pinafore" had two years ago, under the direction of Miss Hattie Pike; nor, later, "Mother Goose," which was under the direction of Miss Margaret Farrington. Last winter, "Foiled," played by the Village Improvement Dramatic Club, had crowded houses two nights.

The event in this direction this month will be "Naval Engagements," which is to be played at Court Hall, Thursday evening, the 27th, assisted by the Orchestra. It will be seen by the cast of characters, that the public can feel assured that a first-class entertainment is in store for them.

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

"Admiral Kingston,"	B. Walter McKeen.
"Lieut. Kingston, R. N.,"	Warren Towle.
"Short,"	Willard Powers.
"Dennis,"	John Osgood.
"Mrs. Pontifex,"	Miss M.V. Farrington.
"Miss Mortimer,"	Miss Lutie Towle.

PRESENTIMENTS.

AN INVESTIGATION OF THE CAUSES OF THOSE DARK FOREBODINGS WHICH MAKE POWERFUL MEN WEAK.

[Golden Rule.]

Much apprehension has been occasioned throughout America from the announcement made by Prof. Proctor, that the return in nineteen years of the great comet of last summer will cause the destruction of the earth. But while people are becoming so strangely exercised over this announcement, an event of far more serious importance, which is taking place today, seems to be almost wholly over-looked. The nature of this most vital subject can be best explained by relating the following experiences:

Bishop E. O. Haven, known to the entire land, was unaccountably awakened one night out of a sound sleep, and lay awake until morning. His mind seemed unusually active, and he not only reviewed his past life, which had been an eventful one, but laid extensive plans for the future. He did not feel especially ill, but could not account for the unusual activity of his brain, nor for the restlessness which seemed to possess him. In the morning he had but little appetite, but was apparently well in other respects. In a few days, however, he began to feel restless and morbid, although he tried to overcome the feeling which had taken possession of him. But try as he would the shadow of some evil seemed to follow him, and he was conscious of a gradual sinking and wasting away of all his physical faculties. He had been an earnest and diligent worker, and in his zeal frequently over-taxed his strength, and being absorbed in his duties failed to observe the common symptoms with which he was afflicted, thus permitting the work of destruction to go on unheeded. But the end finally came in a most peremptory manner. Shortly before his death he wrote a letter—the last one he ever indited—in which he speaks as follows: "A belief that death is near affects different minds differently, but probably all who are in a fair condition of physical and mental strength instinctively shrink from it with an indefinable dread and horror. A dying man is no more able of himself to foresee his own destiny or the destiny of those he leaves than he was before he began to die."

The recent sad and sudden death of the Hon. Clarkson N. Potter is one of the most serious warnings ever given in the long list of innumerable cases of fatal neglect. It is not sufficient to say that many other brilliant men, including Everett, Sumner, Chase, Wood, Wilson and Carpenter, were swept away by the same fatal trouble. The question is, were these men sufficiently careful of their health, and could they have been saved? The Albany *Argus*, in speaking of Mr. Potter's sudden illness and death, says:

"One of the physicians who attended Mr. Potter here was interviewed last evening. He stated that Mr. Potter's inability to converse had for some time served to baffle the physicians in their efforts to determine the root of his illness. It seems, however, that Mr. Potter, some two years ago, suffered a slight attack of kidney disease. Unwise dependence upon a robust constitution and naturally perfect health, and neglect of proper clothing, doubtless sowed the seeds of a disease that needed but some such personal neglect as that of Tuesday morning to develop. From the symptoms at first shown, it was thought that his only trouble was nervous prostration; but his long continuance in a semi unconscious state led to the belief that his illness was seated in a chronic difficulty more mysterious and dangerous."

Up to the latter part of last year Mr. Edward F. Rook, a member of the New York Stock Exchange, was doing business in Wall Street, N. Y. He had everything to encourage him, and make life happy, but was the victim of unaccountable uneasiness. His experience, as described by one who knew, was as follows: "At unexpected times, and occasions when he had the greatest reason to feel joyous he was irritable and haunted with strange feelings of discontent. He endeavored to check these feelings and appear pleasant, but it required a great effort to do so; after which he would again relapse into his former morbid mood. This feeling continued for a number of months when he became conscious of an added sensation of lassitude. He was tired even when resting, and although experiencing no acute pain, had dull, aching sensations in his limbs and various parts of his body. Shortly afterward his head began to ache most frequently and his stomach failed to digest properly. Being told that he was suffering from malaria, he consulted an eminent physician, who informed him that his kidneys were slightly affected, and gave him medicine to restore them. But he grew worse instead of better. He then consulted other eminent doctors of another school, and was informed that he had a brain difficulty somewhat in the nature of a tumor, but in spite of all efforts to the contrary he continued to grow worse. At this time his condition was terrible. What were at first simple symptoms had developed to terrible troubles. He was flushed and feverish, constantly uneasy and yet always weary. He had an intense appetite one day and very little the next. His pulse was irregular, his breathing labored, and every moment of existence was a burden. These disastrous symptoms continued, his face and body became discolored, his heart was irregular in its action, and his breath came in short, convulsive gasps. He grew constantly worse, notwithstanding the utmost precautions of his friends and finally died in the greatest agony. After his death an examination as to its actual cause was made, when his brain was found to be in a perfect condition, and the reason of his decease was of an entirely different nature."

The experiences which have been cited above all had a common cause and were each the result of one disease. That disease, which so deceitfully, yet surely removed the people above mentioned, was Bright's disease of the kidneys. In the case of Mr. Rook the examination after death, while showing the brain to be in perfect condition, revealed the terrible fact that he was the victim of a slight kidney trouble, which had gone on unchecked, until it resulted in acute Bright's disease. The leading physicians and scientists of the world are fast learning that more than one-half the deaths which occur are caused by this monstrous scourge. It is one of the most deceitful maladies ever known to the human race. It manifests itself by symptoms so slight and common, as to seem unworthy of attention; and yet these very insignificant symptoms are the first stages of the worst complaint known in the history of the world. Thousands of people have died from troubles that are called heart disease, apoplexy, pneumonia, brain fever, and similar diseases, when it was, in fact, Bright's disease of the kidneys. The ravages of this disease have been greatly increased from the fact that until recent years no way was known to prevent its beginning nor check its increase when it had become once fixed upon the system. Within the past two years, however, we have heard of more than four hundred pronounced cases of Bright's disease many of them much worse than those above described, and most of whom had been given up by prominent physicians, who have been completely cured. The means used to accomplish this end has been Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, manufactured in Rochester, N.Y., a remedy that has won its way into the confidence of the public solely upon the remarkable merits it possesses. As a result, it is more widely used and thoroughly praised than any medicine which has ever been before the American public. Indeed, there is not a drug store in the entire land where it cannot be found.

Although Bright's disease is so common in cities, it is still more prevalent in the country. When eminent physicians in the largest cities are not able to recognize Bright's disease, it is only natural that in the country, where there are few physicians of any kind, and those few so unacquainted with the disease as to call it by some other name, it should rage terribly and yet unknown to the ones who are suffering with it. Thousands of people can look back and recall the death of friends from what was supposed to be some common complaint, when it was really Bright's disease, AND NO ONE KNEW IT. The terrible pleuro-pneumonia, which has been so dreaded, is usually the result of uremic or kindey poison. Lung fever can be traced to a similar source. Most cases of paralysis arise from the same difficulty, as well as innumerable fevers, lung, throat, head and bowel troubles. A vast number of ladies have suffered and died from complaints common to their sex called, perhaps, general debility, when, could the real cause have been known, it would have been found to be Bright's disease masquerading under another name. In marked contrast to the sad cases which have been above described are the experiences of many prominent people who were as low as any of the persons mentioned, but who were remarkably restored to former health and vigor by this same remedy. Among this number are the following prominent names: Col. John C. Whitner, Atlanta, Ga.; B. F. Larrabee, Boston, Mass.; Gen. C. A. Heckman, Phillipsburg, N. J.; Rev. D. D. Buck, D. D., Geneva, N. Y.; Dr. F. A. McManus, Baltimore, Md.; Edwin Fay, Davenport, Iowa; Rev. A. C. Kendrick, LL. D., Rochester, N. Y.; J. S. Matthews, Portland, Mich.; C. W. Eastwood, New York; Dr. A. A. Ramsey, Albia, Iowa; Chancellor C. N. Sims, D. D., Syracuse, N. Y.; Dr. S. P. Jones, Marienette, Wis.; T. S. Ingraham, Cleveland, O.; Henry T. Champney, Boston, Mass.; Elder James S. Prescott, North Union, O., who is a prominent member of the Shaker community, and many others.

To all candid minds the force of the above facts must come with special power. They show the importance of promptness and attention to the first symptoms of disordered health before disease becomes fixed and hope departs. They show how this can successfully be done, and that the dangers which await neglect can only with difficulty be removed.

GLADIOLUS.

EDITOR OXFORD DEMOCRAT:

I have a large and choice collection of Gladiolus Bulbs that I would like to send the readers of your paper. They are my own growing from hybridized seed, and are unsurpassed in beauty of Coloring. I will send one or more packets to any address on receipt of twenty-five cents each, to pay postage and packing. For a club of ten, one packet extra. Each packet contains one dozen flowering bulbs or twenty-five assorted sizes for first, second, and third years flowering. Ready May 1st. Will return money after my stock is exhausted.

D. B. WOODBURY,
Box 91, Paris, Maine.

April 14, 1882.

There are mushroom growths in medicine. The sensational style of advertising forces them for a brief space, into public notice. Trust only such medicines as are of established reputation. You can make no mistake in choosing AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, to cleanse the blood and put new life and energy into the system. It is the most powerful blood-purifier ever produced, and the best Spring medicine.

Sold by all druggists. Ask for AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, and do not be persuaded to take any other. Price $1; six bottles for $5.

MARRIED.

In Paris, April 8, by Rev. A. Hill, Ezekiel L. Porter of Paris, and Mary A. Brooks of Auburn.

In Bethel, by S. W. Sanborn esq., Eugene C. Bolt of Bethel, and Miss Etta M. Holt of Hanover.

In Gilead, April 2, by Geo. H. Brown esq., Mr. Allison Brown of Albany, and Miss Anna Stiles of Gilead.

DIED.

In Rumford, March 26, 1882, Sarah Virgin Farnam wife of Gen. Stephen Farnam of East Rumford, aged 77 years.

In Bethel, April 2, Samuel L. Bean, of paralysis of the brain, aged 42 years.

In Mason March 29, Mrs. Mary Fay, aged 96 years, 8 months. The oldest person in town, she had retained her faculties in a remarkable degree, to within a short time of her death. Her end was quiet.

In Hebron, April 7, Mr. Levi Maxim, aged 76 years and 8 months. For more than 40 years the deceased was an esteemed member of the Baptist church in Hebron.

SEEK

health and avoid sickness. Instead of feeling tired and worn out, instead of aches and pains, wouldn't you rather feel fresh and strong?

You can continue feeling miserable and good for nothing, and no one but yourself can find fault, but if you are tired of that kind of life, you can change it if you choose.

How? By getting one bottle of BROWN' IRON BITTERS, and taking it regularly according to directions.

Mansfield, Ohio, Nov. 26, 1881.

Gentlemen:—I have suffered with pain in my side and back, and great soreness on my breast, with shooting pains all through my body, attended with great weakness, depression of spirits, and loss of appetite. I have taken several different medicines, and was treated by prominent physicians for my liver, kidneys, and spleen, but I got no relief. I thought I would try Brown's Iron Bitters; I have now taken one bottle and a half and am about well—pain in side and back all gone—soreness all out of my breast, and I have a good appetite, and am gaining in strength and flesh. It can justly be called the *king of medicines*.

JOHN K. ALLENDER.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is composed of Iron in soluble form; Cinchona the great tonic, together with other standard remedies, making a remarkable non-alcoholic tonic, which will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Malaria, Weakness, and relieve all Lung and Kidney diseases.

New Advertisements.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

ANDREWS & CURTIS,

West Paris Me.

Would very respectfully announce to their patrons and the public in general, that they have just received their new

SPRING STOCK,

CONSISTING OF

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

—OF—

DRESS GOODS,

Including the popular shades Bronze, Drabs Greys, Garnets, Blues, etc.,

Also a nice line of Cashmeres which will be sold at bottom prices.

We also have Silks, Satins and Plaids, for making up above goods, also shawls, Spring Cloakings and Dolman Cloths. We have a large stock of

FANCY GOODS,

Including Hosiery buttons, Fringes, Gimps, etc., and an immense line of Hamburgs, to which we would call special attention. We would call special attention to our large stock of wool ens which we will cut and make up at lowest cash price. We are also agents for Oak Hall Clothing House, Boston.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

—o—

All full. In all of the following departments we have a larger stock than ever, viz: Groceries Boots and Shoes, Paints and Oils, Hats & Caps, Hardware, Room Papers and grass seeds. We would call the farmers attention to the fact that we have the soluble Pacific Guano, which is one of the best fertilizers in the market.

Thanking the public for their generous patronage in the past we will endeavor to make it an object to trade with them in the future, by making "Quick Sales and Small Profits," our motto.

Very respectfully,

ANDREWS & CURTIS.

STOP

$5000 GOLD, SPECIAL NOTICE.

BEWARE of Counterfeits and Imitations. The high reputation gained by ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM for the cure of

THIEF.

COUGHS, COLDS, BLEEDING OF THE LUNGS ASTHMA AND CONSUMPTION has given rise to spurious compounds. The genuine

Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam

is prepared only by FRANK W. KINSMAN & CO., Sole Proprietors. To protect yourselves from imposition, examine the bottle and see that the

$5000

name of F. W. KINSMAN, Druggist, Augusta, Me., is blown in the glass of the bottle. A reward of $5000 gold is offered for a better article. We also offer a reward of ten thousand dollars to the proprietor of any remedy showing more testimonials of genuine cures of Asthma and Lung Disease in the same length of time.

REWARD!

ADAWSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM is for sale by all Druggists and Dealers at 10 cents, 35 cents and 75 cents per bottle.

ITALIAN BEES

For sale in good movable frame hives. Send for circular to,

JAMES B. MASON,

Mechanic Falls, Maine.

Freedom Notice.

THIS certifies that I have this day given to my son Charles F. Philbrick his time to act and trade for himself and I shall claim none of his earnings and pay no debts of his contracting after this date.

WM. T. PHILBRICK.

Witness:—EBEN BLAZO.
Porter, April 12 1882.

EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS.

All persons intending to teach in the town of Paris, during the spring and summer of 1882, are hereby notified to meet the Superintending School Committee of said town at the Brick School House Paris Hill, on

SATURDAY, APRIL 29, AT 9 O'CLOCK A. M.

When they will be in attendance and hold a public examination and issue certificates to those qualified to teach.

H. A. FULLER, S. S. Com.
S. B. MORSE, of
A. J. CURTIS, Paris.

Paris, Me., April 14 1882.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

OXFORD, ss:—At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the third Tuesday of March A. D. 1882.

ON THE petition of Edward C. Walker, Administrator of the estate of Frank W. Mekeen late of Lovell, in said County deceased, praying for license to sell and convey certain real estate described in his petition on file in the Probate Office, sufficient to pay the debts and charges of administration estimated at fifteen hundred dollars.

Ordered, That the said Petitioner give notice to all persons interested by causing an abstract of his petition with this order thereon to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris in said County on the third Tuesday of April next at nine o'clock in the forenoon and shew cause if any they have why the same should not be granted.

R. A. FRYE, Judge.

A true copy—attest: H. C. DAVIS, Register.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice that she has been duly appointed by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Oxford and assumed the trust of Administratrix of the estate of

WILLIAM H. CATES late of Bethel, in said County deceased, by giving bond as the law directs; she therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon to exhibit the same to

LUCINDA CATES.

March 22d 1882.

OXFORD ss:—At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the third Tuesday of March, A. D. 1882.

HARLAN P. WHEELER, administrator on the estate of Lucy M Everett, late of Gilead in said County, deceased, having presented his account of administration of the Estate of said deceased for allowance:

Ordered, that the said Administrator give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, in said County, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris, in said County on the third Tuesday of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be allowed.

R. A. FRYE, Judge.

A true copy—attest:—H. C. DAVIS, Register.

OXFORD, ss:—At a Court of Probate held at Paris, on the third Tuesday of March, 1882.

HANIBAL G. BROWN, guardian of Alvin Judkins, a person of unsound mind of Paris, in said County, having presented his final account of guardianship of said ward for allowance.

Ordered that said guardian give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Court of Probate to be held at Paris, in said county, on the third Tuesday of April next at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause if any they have why the same should not be allowed.

R. A. FRYE, Judge.

A true copy—attest:—H. C. DAVIS, Register.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice that she has been duly appointed by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Oxford and assumed the trust of Administratrix on the estate of

THOMAS C. WRIGHT, late of Canton, in said County deceased by giving bond as the law directs; she therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment and those who have any demands thereon to exhibit the same to

EMILY WRIGHT.

March 22, 1882.

OXFORD, ss:—At a Court of Probate held at Paris within and for the County of Oxford, on the third Tuesday of March, A. D. 1882.

DAVID P. HOLMES, named executor in a certain Instrument purporting to be the last Will and

STANDARD SUPERPHOSPHATE.

GUARANTEED to be the best manufactured in New England at the price per ton. The analysis guaranteed the highest of any brand made in New England, at the same price per ton.
GUARANTEED equal to and in many cases superior to any brand manufactured in New England.
GUARANTEED to give satisfaction every time.
FARMERS buy only guaranteed goods. "We state what we sell, and sell what we state.

TESTIMONIALS.

—(o)—

Analysis which we guarantee. Pamphlets and other information given upon application. Address,

MASON BROTHERS

SOLE AGENTS FOR NORWAY AND PARIS,

MASON'S BLOCK, - - - - NORWAY, MAINE.

Norway, Maine.

Mason Brothers.
In reply to your inquiry would say, I used the Standard Superphosphate the past season and found it all you represented it, proving equal to any that I ever used. Shall use again this year.
N. A. FOSTER.
Norway, Maine.

Mason Bro's.
I have used the Standard Superphosphate the past two years on general farm crops, and can say that it is as good as any I ever used, I can recommend it to anyone who desires a good reliable article of fertilizer.
J. A. BOLSTER.
Norway, Maine.

Mason Brothers,
I used the Standard Superphosphate on my corn last spring and was well satisfied with the result. I do not hesitate to recommend it as a good article.
IRVING FROST.
Norway Lake, Maine.

Mason Brothers,
I have used your Standard Superphosphate on my farm crops the past season and it proved very satisfactory.
W. D. EARL.
Norway, Maine.

Mason Brothers,
I used the Standard Superphosphate the past season on general farm crops, and will say it gave me entire satisfaction shall use again on other crops.
DANIEL GREENE.
East Waterford, Maine.

Mason Brothers,
I used the Standard Fertilizer the past season upon sweet corn, along with three other kinds treating the different strips as near alike as possible, in all respects the standard gave fully as good if not better results than the others, although they were higher priced.
S. M. SANDERSON.

NORWAY, MAINE.
MESSRS. MASON BROS., Ag'ts Standard Fertilizer Co.:
Dear Sirs:—By request I will give you my experience with the Standard Superphosphate that I purchased of you last spring. I drew my green dressing from the barn-yard, spread upon the greensward, plowed it under, planted my corn about the 25th of May, putting a large tablespoonful of Standard Superphosphate in each hill, with no other dressing. I planted six rows with the standard, and then six rows with another well known brand, alternating through the piece. I called the attention of my neighbors and townsmen to the piece of corn, asking them if they could see any difference in the growth; they invariably decided that they could not. The corn was so uniform in growth that any one examining it would conclude at once that the dressing was the same throughout the piece. I have used nearly all the most noted brands of Superphosphate and can truly say that the standard was equal to the best of them.
[Signed] C. W. RYERSON.

NORWAY, MAINE.
MASON BROS. Agents Standard Fertilizer Co:
Gentlemen.—I tried the Standard Superphosphate that I bought of you last spring, on corn this season, with two other kinds, viz., Bradley's XL and Bay State, fully equalling in results either of the other kinds, and I do not hesitate to recommend it to my brother farmers. Shall use it again next season. Yours respectfully,
[Signed] M. J. ROWE.

NORWAY, MAINE.
MASON BROTHERS:
Dear Sirs.—The Phosphate I had of you has proved to be all you represented to me. I tried it with Bradley's and Cumberland, and find it equal or superior to either, and recommend it to all who plant any kind of a crop.
Yours with respect,
[Signed] C. F. MILLETT.

OXFORD, MAINE
MASON BROTHERS:
I have used nearly all of the Phosphates sold in this market, the standard included, and find all so nearly alike in results, that I am unable to say which I prefer.
S. S. SMITH.

1882.

NEW

ROOM PAPERS

AND

BORDERS.

The largest stock ever seen outside the city,

OVER 150

Different Patterns

OF

NEW STYLES,

FROM CHEAP BROWN

UP TO

THE BEST GILTS,

WITH

BORDER TO MATCH.

All papers trimmed and delivered free in Norway and South Paris villages.

NOYES'

DRUG AND BOOK STORE,

Norway, Maine.

For the Mines. POCKET MAGNIFIERS, suitable for Mineralogists to examine ores, also for Botanists use, at 50, 60 and 75 cents each. For sale by HENRY M. WATKINS' PARIS HILL, ME.

J. W. PENNEY,

MANUFACTURER OF

IMPROVED STEAM ENGINES.

Combining with Elegance of Design: Excellence of Workmanship; Efficiency and Durability—Embodying principles of the latest practice in Steam Engineering to give the best results.

Sizes built from 1 to 20 Horse power. Sizes now ready for immediate delivery 5 and 15 Horse Powers. Write for full particulars, prices &c.

Also dealer in Steam Boilers of every description, New and second hand (AT BOSTON PRICES.) Boiler Pumps, Feed Water Heaters, Inspirators, Steam Traps, Steam Gauges, Waters's and other Governors, Valves, Steam Pipe, and all kinds of Steam Fittings.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS DONE WITH DISPATCH.

J. W. PENNEY,

MECHANIC FALLS, MAINE.

Carriage Wheels

Will be Manufactured at

SOUTH WATERFORD, MAINE,

THE COMING SEASON.

Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Shafts, &c.,

FURNISHED AT REASONABLE RATES.

WHEELS may be found at S. RICHARDSON & CO.'S Hardware Store, So. Paris, Me.

For Price List, call on or address

GEO. A. HALL & CO.,

South Waterford, Maine.

January 31, 1882.

JUST READY!

POCKET MANUAL of WRITERS' & TRAVELLERS' READY REFERENCE BOOK. A marvel of condensation and practical worth. Time and money spent without stint by experienced Agents to make an honest thing that there is satisfaction and profit in handling. Don't make arrangement for business until you have heard from us. Investigation solicited. We make no extravagant statements, but will send promptly full particulars for stamp, or samples for $1.25 and guarantee such satisfaction as you seldom get. A few **General Agents or County Managers** wanted. **W. A. SAFFORD & CO., 10 Federal Street, Boston.**

SPRING STYLE

Nobby Stiff Hats for old men young men and boys. A large variety of the new shapes just received at

H. N. BOLSTER'S,
South Paris.

Notice.

THE firm of C. M. Daicy, & Co., shoe manufacturers at South Paris, Maine, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. The liabilities are hereby assumed by C. M. Daicy.
C. M. DAICY,
JAMES S. ROBBINS.
South Paris March 28, 1882.

Notice.

WHEREAS my wife Irez A. Hangood, has without cause deserted my bed and board. All persons are forbidden to harbor or trust her on my account, as I shall not pay any debts contracted by her after this date.
JOHN HAPGOOD.
Bethel, April 11, 1882.

1882.

NEW

WALL PAPERS

We have received our

NEW PAPERS

AND BORDERS,

FOR

SPRING TRADE.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT and the best styles we have ever shown

Call early before the assortment is broken

N. D. BOLSTER,

SOUTH PARIS.

Feb. 24, 82.

33 Per Cent Interest

Can be saved if you are in want of a good warm

OVERCOAT

Also Heavy Suits,

Cardign Jackets

&c. &c.,

For the month of February and March, 1882, by buying of

F. Q. ELLIOTT,

NORWAY, MAINE.

$10 DISCOUNT!

Having decided to leave South Paris in the spring and go to a large Maine city, I shall sell the

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE,

AT THE REDUCED PRICE OF

$35.00.

The Agent who takes my place will sell at the established price, **40** and **45** dollars. Now is your time. **10.00** saved is **10.00** earned. No extra charge for 3 months credit if desired. I challenge the world to point to a **New Home** that has not given perfect satisfaction, or one that has ever been out of order.
G. W. BROWN, Agent,
South Paris, Me.

GREAT BARGAINS

—IN—

OVERCOATS.

HEAVY SUITS OF ALL KINDS

—AT—

STOWELL'S

CLOTHING ROOMS,

For the Month of February and March. Remember at the

SOUTH PARIS CLOTHING STORE,

(Under Masonic Hall)

South Paris, Maine.

Bradley's X. L. Superphosphate one of the best and most reliable in the market. Always Good—a fresh supply just received and selling low, at

H. N. BOLSTER'S
South Paris.

Freedom Notice.

THIS is to certify that I have this day given to my son Elliott Rich his time to act and trade for himself, and I shall claim none of his earnings and pay no debts of his contracting after this date.
J. G. RICH.
Witness:—G. L. KEMPTON.
Greenwood, April 5, 1882.

For the Democrat.

BOSTON NOTES.

BOSTON, March 31st, 1882.

Mr. Editor: The principal event in this vicinity, that which has struck home to the hearts of the people, is the death of Longfellow. Although it was known that his health was failing, his death was not expected. The funeral services were held Sunday afternoon. The private services at his home in Cambridge were attended only by the family and personal friends; among the latter were Ralph Waldo Emerson, Oliver Wendell Holmes, George William Curtis. The ceremony consisted of Scripture readings and a brief address by the poet's brother, Rev. Samuel Longfellow. After the private services and burial at Mount Auburn, a public service lasting an hour was held at Appleton Chapel. The chapel was crowded and many were obliged to go away from lack of room. Among those present were the Presidents of Harvard and Bowdoin Colleges, Dr. G. Washburn of Roberts College, Constantinople, Dr. Asa Gray, etc. A harp, nearly three feet high, of white and yellow roses, lilies and smilax, was placed near the altar,—a broken string signifying the people's loss. The music was furnished by the college choir, Prof. Paine as organist. Then followed readings from the Scriptures and Mr. Longfellow's works by Rev. Francis G. Peabody, and an address by the Rev. Charles Carroll Everett. Mention of the public loss, and tributes to the deceased poet were made in the sermons at many churches. Rev. E. E. Hale in giving out as a hymn the "Psalm of Life," spoke of it as the embodiment of that simple, central Christian statement which quickened all the poet's life. At the conclusion of his sermon he said: "One cannot but remember to-day that this simplest of all possible gospels was the inspiration of the Psalm of Life and of all its author's religious poetry. Now he looks into the silent land of which he has sung in one of his finest poems"; and closed his remarks by quoting the well-known "Silent Land."

An event of considerable interest has occurred in the visit of the Zuni Indians to this city under the guidance of Mr. H. H Cushing, an educated gentleman who has been so interested in the traditions and customs of these people that he has become one of them for the purpose of learning more of their ways. The principal object of their visit was to obtain water from the "ocean of sunrise" to carry back with them for their mystic rites and ceremonies and initiate Mr. Cushing into one of their orders. They have held several receptions at the Old South, and the interest of the Bostonians is shown by the crowded house and the numbers turned away. Some one, in speaking of these people, said the natives of the United States might be divided into three groups: the wandering tribes of the North, the agricultural tribes of the South, and the dwellers in cities of the South-west. With this classification it is easy to see how the Zuni differ from the usual idea of the Indian race. They are dwellers in cities, having many accessories of civilized life.

On Thursday afternoon at the Old South Mr. Cushing gave some account of the religion and folk lore of the Zuni. He told how their people came to the earth led by "the two who fell from the hand of the Lord." They came from the center of the earth and the first land they set foot upon was a high mountain, the rest being covered with water, etc., etc. These legends, which Mr. Cushing called the Zuni Iliad, are handed down among the priests, and to obtain possession of this, Mr. C. has become one of them. After Mr. Cushing's lecture, the Indians gave some songs and dances. Nai-lin-tchi and Na-na-he showed how they used their shields.

On Friday, accompanied by about two hundred guests, they went to Deer Isle to perform their mystic ceremonies and get the sacred water.

They have visited Cambridge and Wellesley, and many of the places of interest in the city, and are much interested and entertained at the enterprise of the American people.

The chief event of a musical nature for the past month has been the appearance of Patti in the operas of Il Traviola, Lucia and Faust. Knowing that there would be a large attendance, in order to accommodate more than would be possible in any theatre, Manager Abbey engaged the Mechanics' Fair Building. The numbers present at each performance fully justified him in this act. The attendance on Saturday afternoon, when Faust was given, as shown by the receipts from tickets was between 9,000 and 10,000. Madame Patti's receipts for the three performances were over $20,000. Manager Abbey also netted a handsome sum.

There have been several auction sales of oil paintings for the past few weeks; Williams & Everett, Doll & Richards, Noyes & Blakeslee, each disposing of a large stock. Probably none of these attracted as much attention as the sale of the collection of the late Alvin Adams of the Adams Express Co. The cost of this collection was about $100,000, and was disposed of at about $40,000.

Owing to the breaking of a shaft, the City of Berlin, one of the Inman line of steamers, was obliged to stop in Boston harbor for repairs, instead of proceeding to New York, her destination. As it is an unusual occurrence for so large a steamer to visit Boston, she received many visitors.

In millinery stores the spring openings are the order of the day. Hats and bonnets of all shapes and sizes are seen, and some looking as if they had been deliberately stepped on—others, really works of art.

Jordan & Marsh have a new conceit in window advertising. This is a representation of the Patte D'oi at Toulouse France, an arch several feet high composed of buttons, gimp, etc. The arch is in the background, and in front beds of flowers are represented by cakes of soap, bottles of perfumery, etc. Some idea of the size is given by the quantity of materials used: three hundred and fifty yards gimp, one hundred and fifty yards fringe, two hundred gross buttons, sixty-five gross soap, and forty gross of toilet water being used in its construction. Smilax and flowers adorn the arch.

—The Portland *Press* of Saturday came out with its telegraph news on the first page, according to the latest taste in such matters. We trust the *Press* will keep abreast of the times in other matters.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Saturday: Three sisters in Philadelphia who were supposed to be in usual health, died suddenly within half an hour.

Sunday: The observance of Easter was more general throughout New England than ever before.——"Jumbo," Barnum's big elephant, arrived in New York harbor and was safely landed by means of a derrick.

Monday: A Chinese Masonic Lodge was organized in Boston.——One of the Pacific Mills in Lawrence was started up, and some of the late strikers resumed work; all were offered a chance to do so.——Judge Wylie sustained all the indictments against the star route swindlers, and their trials are to take place immediately.——Parnell, the Irish agitator, was released from prison on his parole for one week.

Tuesday: Congressman Cox of South Carolina, in a speech declared "the tax on whiskey is an infringement of the rights of freemen."——The fine new opera house at Bangor was formally opened.

Wednesday: Wm. E. Chandler was confirmed by the Senate as Secretary of the Navy.——John F. Slater of Norwich, Ct., has donated $1,000,000 for the education of the colored portion of our population.——The crew of a vessel in Portland harbor mutinied, and were taken to jail.

Thursday: A boiler explosion at Baltimore killed nine persons.——The Connecticut Legislature enacted a local option liquor law.——A hurricane devastated portions of Louisiana.

Friday: The latest rumor is that ex-Secretary Blaine will be either a candidate for Governor of Maine or Congress.——Walker Hall, Amherst College, is to be rebuilt.——The First National Bank of Buffalo, N. Y., closed its doors; it was transacting more business than it had capital for.——There was a $150,000 fire at Titusville, Pa.——Lawrence, Mass., is now suffering from a small pox scare.——A flood damaged the city of Fargo, D. T., to the extent of $100,000.

TEMPERATURE LAST WEEK AT 7 A. M.—Sunday, 28°, clear; Monday, 18°, clear; Tuesday 22°, clear; Wednesday, 23°, cloudy; Thursday, 30°, clear; Friday, 31°, cloudy; Saturday, 31°, clear.

—Andrews & Curtis of West Paris, advertise their usual stock of spring goods. They have one of the largest and best stocks to be found in the country, and they sell at bottom prices. The firm is responsible and reliable in every particular.

—*Them Steers* comes to us this week running the name of Charles P. Adams as Greenback candidate for Governor of R. I. He was run down by the usual Republican majority at an election before the last edition of this euphonious journal was run off.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. New York.

STATE OF MAINE.

Whereas the County Commissioners of the County of Oxford, in the month of September A. D. 1880, made an inspection of all the County roads duly located and open for travel, lying in the unincorporated townships and tracts of land hereinafter mentioned in said County, and found and adjudged the county roads therein defective; and thereupon made an estimate of the amount needed in each of said townships and tracts, to put the defective roads therein in repair, during the year A. D. 1881, so that the same might be safe and convenient for public travel; and at an adjourned session of the September term of said Commissioners' Court, held in said county on the 27th day of December, 1880, said Commissioners for the purpose raising a tax to repair said defective roads, in the said respective townships, and tracts, assessed upon said respective townships, and tracts the respective estimated sums which they deemed necessary, for making said repairs on the roads in each of said respective townships and tracts exclusive of lands reserved for public uses, and at the same time appointed agents to superintend the expenditure of said assessments on said defective roads as the law requires; who gave their respective bonds with sureties, approved by said Commissioners, to expend the money faithfully, and to render account thereof on demand; the said respective estimated sums in each said townships and tracts, which they deemed necessary for making said repairs is hereinafter stated; and the said Commissioners, after making said assessment, published a list of said townships and tracts of land as aforesaid assessed, with the sums assessed, on each, and the said roads on which the same was to be expended, in the Kennebec Journal, the State paper printed at Augusta, State of Maine, and in the Oxford Democrat, a public newspaper printed at Paris in said County of Oxford, three weeks successively in each, the last publication in each being within three months from the said date of said assessment. And the said commissioners, on the fifteenth day of June A. D. 1881, made an actual examination of said County roads, and thereupon found and adjudged that the respective owners of said townships and tracts of land, so assessed, had not repaired the said roads in their respective townships and tracts of land, to their acceptance, and as the law requires, and thereupon said agents proceeded immediately after said fifteenth day of June, to repair said roads, and lawfully expended thereon, within one year from the same assessment, so much of said assessment, as was necessary to put said roads in such repair that the same were thereby made safe and convenient for public travel; and the several owners of the following said townships and tracts have failed for more than two months since said fifteenth day of June, and still do fail to pay the several sums assessed upon their respective townships and tracts as aforesaid, or any part thereof, and the same now remain due, and unpaid, as certified to this office by the County Commissioners aforesaid, as follows, viz: The rate being three mills on the dollar—

Owners.	Description.	No. acres.	Value.	Tax
Unknown,	N. W. ½ of lot 3, R. 7,	100	$200	$ 60
Unknown,	Lots 2 3, 4, 7, & 8, R. 3,	1000	500	1 50
Unknown,	Lot 8 R 4.	20.0	50	15
Ephriam & Henry Wight,	Lots 2 in 12 & 13 Range, & South ½ of 2 in 11th Range,	590	800	2 40
Samuel Fames,	southwest half of Lot 2 R. 8 & E. half of 3, R 8,	150	150	45

Now, therefore, pursuant to Chapter 6, Section 55, Revised Statutes, notice is hereby given to the owners, proprietors and all interested in the above described lands, that, I shall sell at public auction and convey by deed to the highest bidder, if such bidder at said sale shall bid an amount not less than the amount due on each said township and tract, for the tax costs, and interest at 20 per cent, per annum, from the time prescribed for the payment of such tax, at the County treasurer's office in Paris, in said County, on the third day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, so much of each of said townships and tracts of land, so assessed as aforesaid, on which said taxes, interest and lawful charges shall then be unpaid, as shall be necessary to pay the several taxes thereon, respectively, then due, with interest at 20 per cent, per annum, from the fifteenth day of August A. D. 1881, to said day of sale, and legal costs, and all of said townships and tracts of land, on which said taxes, interest and costs shall then remain unpaid, and shall not be as aforesaid sold will be offered to said County. The sale and conveyance of said lands and forfeiture will be made subject in the owners, or part owners, or tenants in common of the same to redeem their respective interests within two years from the day of sale or forfeiture by payment to the purchaser, or the County, the sum for which the respective townships and tracts were sold, or became forfeited with interest at twenty per cent. per annum, and any sums subsequently paid for State and County taxes thereon. GEO. H. WATKINS.
County Treasurer for Oxford County.
County Treasurer's Office,
Paris, April 8, 1882.

HORATIO STAPLES,

THE GLOBE KID GLOVE

SOLD BY

HORATIO STAPLES,

Is a fine grained very soft, elastic, three button Kid Glove, we sell them at $1.00 a pair.

IN COLORS AND IN BLACK

AND WARRANT EVERY PAIR,

Should they Rip, Tear, or Strain Out

IN TRYING ON

A NEW PAIR WILL BE GIVEN FOR THEM.

SENT BY MAIL POSTAGE FREE ON RECEIPT OF PRICE.

—(o)—

HORATIO STAPLES,

PORTLAND, MAINE.

HOLDEN'S DRUG STORE,

SOUTH PARIS.

DR. HOLDEN'S NEW LINE OF MEDICINES.

Holden's Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla with Iodide Potassium.

It is employed with advantage in chronic affections of the skin, Scrofula and Scrofulous affections, such as Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, *Salt Rheum, Chronic Rheumatism,* and various other diseases arising from impurities of the blood

Holden's Liver Regulator.

For all bilious disorders, such as Dyspepsia, Bilious headache, Sour Stomach, Jaundice, Nervousness, and disorders arising from torpidity of the liver.

Holden's Rheumatic and Gout Cure.

For prevention and cure of Rheumatism, both acute and chronic; also that distressing disease, the Gout.

Holden's Cascara Bitters.

A remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Ague, Constipation, etc. This must not be confounded with the Whiskey Bitters which flood the country, as it is a purely medicinal bitter. The ingredients are printed on each bottle, and we are ready to place it with any Bitter that is in the market.

Baby Carriages of All Descriptions sold at Lowest Prices.

E. B. HOLDEN, M. D.

☞Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded.

CONSULT YOUR OWN INTERESTS.

And save money by using

BAUGH'S TWENTY-FIVE DOLLAR PHOSPHATE.

A RELIABLE MANURE

PRICE $25 PER TON, OF 2000 LBS.

On cars or boat in Philadelphia.

Circulars Giving Guaraneed Analysis sent free upon application

BAUGH & SONS Sole Manufacturers, Philadelphia, Pa.

Our room papers and borders have just arrived, we have a big variety both in styles and qualities, fresh and new, prices lower than the lowest

H. N. BOLSTER'S So. Paris.

Notice of Foreclosure.

RUBEN F. EAMES and Charles R. Eames both of Newry in the County of Oxford by their deed dated the ninth day of December A. D. 1878, and recorded in the Oxford Registry of Deeds book 162 Page 347 conveyed to me the undersigned in mortgage a certain parcel of real estate situated in Milton Plantation in the County of Oxford bounded and described as follows, viz: on the West by lot of land owned by the Hutchins heirs on the North by Rumford town line on the East and South by lands unknown being the same land formerly owned by the town of Rumford and by said town of Rumford deeded to me the undersigned. Now the condition of the aforesaid mortgage being broken, I the undersigned by reason thereof claim a foreclosure of the same.
WILLIAM F. STEVENS.
Dated, April 31 A. D. 1882.

Dissolution Notice.

The Co partnership heretofore existing between us, doing business under the name of Whitman & Shurtleff was dissolved by mutual consent, April 8th, 1882.
A. E. SHURTLEFF.
A. M. WHITMAN
So. Paris April 8, 1882.

STATE OF MAINE.

TREASURER'S OFFICE. AUGUSTA, APRIL 6, 1882.

Upon the following townships or tracts of land not liable to be taxed in any town, the following assessments for State Tax of 1882 was made by the Legislature on the sixteenth day of March, 1881.

COUNTY OF OXFORD.

Fryeburg Academy Grant,	$ 36 00
A. R. 1, (Riley pl.)	84 60
Andover N. Surplus,	41 36
Andover W. Surplus,	18 00
C,	62 34
C Surplus,	53 19
No. 4, R. 1,	73 96
No. 5, R. 1,	124 70
No. 4, R. 2,	89 42
No. 4, R 3,	70 21
No. 5, R. 3,	93 47
No 4, R 4,	97 65
No. 5, R. 4,	158 46
No. 4, R. 5,	39 56
No. 5, R 6,	92 02
No. 5, R 5, S. half,	43 93
No. 5, R 5, N. half,	44 93
Rcheider's Grant,	45 00

S. A. HOLBROOK, State Treas.

STATE OF MAINE.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, AUGUSTA, APRIL 6, 1882

Upon the towships or tracts of land not liable to be taxed in any town, the following assessments for County Tax of 1882, were made by the County Commissioners of Oxford County on the sixteenth day of March, 1882.

Fryeburg Academy Grant,	$8 60
Riley Plantation, or A. R.,	18 80
Andover N. Surplus,	9 19
Andover W. Surplus,	4 00
Letter C.,	13 85
C Surplus,	12 60
No. 4, R. 1,	16 44
No. 5, R. 1,	27 71
No. 4, R 2,	19 87
No. 4, R. 3,	15 60
No. 5, R. 3,	21 44
No. 4, R. 4,	21 70
No. 5, R. 4,	35 21
No. 4, R. 5,	6 70
No. 5, R. 6,	7 12
No. 5, R. 5, S. half,	9 76
No. 5, R. 5, N half,	9 76
Bachelder's Grant,	10 00

S. A. HOLBROOK, State Treas.

TO LET.

Two Rooms over the Post-Office, Paris Hill, one large front room, and small back room connected, suitable for dress-maker, or milliner, either room will be let, or both together.

Also to let good office over the Oxford Democrat office, recently occupied by Alva Black esq., as a law office.

GEO. H. WATKINS.

Paris, Maine, April 8, 1882.

MANHOOD

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.

Just published, a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple certain and effectual by means of which every sufferer no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically.*

☞This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann St., New York, N. Y.; Post Office Box, 450.

SPRING OPENING

—AT—

M. M. PHINNEY'S.

I have just bought direct from Boston Jobbers an immense stock of Spring Dress Goods including the new shades of

Bronze, Sage Drabs, Greys, Garnets and Blues, With Watered Silks, Satins and Plaids, for making up with same.

ALSO A LARGE STOCK OF

BLACK DRESS SILKS.

Just bought from the importer's that I shall sell very cheap. In our **Black Goods Department we have an elegant line of French Diagonals, Corderets Matelasse Cloths, and a large stock of Black Cashmeres from 37c. to $1.00. per yard. We also have a large stock of**

SHAWLS,

SPRING CLOAKINGS,

AND

DOLMAN CLOTHS,

In the New Spring Shades.

In our FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT we are Heavily stocked, Including a large line of Gimps, Cord and Tassels Fringes, Laces, Veilings, Hoop Skirts, Hamburgs &c. &c.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

We shall continue to sell our best yard wide

Sheeting for 7 1-2 cents and 40 inch for 8 1-2 cents,

And equally as good bargain!

Colored Shirtings, Tickings, Crashes, Pound Prints, Table Linens, Woolens for men and Boys' wear, Prints, Scotch and American Ginghams. Also a large line Gent's fine unlaundried Shirts, all sizes 75c. well worth $1.00.

—o—

This year I shall keep a larger Stock than ever and hope by honest dealing and attending strictly to business, to merit a share of the public patronage. Very respectfully,

M. M. PHINNEY,

Norway Village.

ABSTRACT

—OF—

CRIMINAL COSTS

ALLOWED AT MARCH TERM, S. J. COURT, 1882.

State vs. Caswell, Daniel Brown, Justice,	17 04
State vs. McKenzie et al, S. F. Gibson, Justice,	51 59
State vs. David Dunn, S. F. Gibson, Justice,	9 98
State vs. Damon, Alfred Cole, Justice,	14 62
State vs. M. B. Thomes, Hiram A. Ellis, Justice,	20 51
State vs. Lowell, S. D. Wardsworth, Justice,	14 41
GRAND JURY WITNESSES,	
State vs. McKenzie,	129 12
State vs. Caswell,	9 42
State vs. Bridgham,	8 10
State vs. Morrill,	3 90
State vs. Everett,	14 00
State vs. Gilbert,	3 30
BEFORE COURT.	
Sate vs. Thomes,	24 24
OFFICERS' BILLS.	
State vs. Caswell,	7 12
" " Bridgham,	2 82
" " McKentie,	14 90
" " McAlhorn,	4 00
" " Thomes,	13 81
" " Newry,	2 32
" " Upton,	2 74
" " Poland,	10 00

COSTS ALLOWED BY COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

JANUARY TERM, 1882.

State vs. Intoxicating Liquors, J. S. Wright, Justice,	5 47
State vs. Intoxicating Liquors, J. S. Wright, Justice,	4 12
MARCH TERM.	
State vs. Larder, S. B. Bean, Justice,	24 70
" " Brown, Seth Webb, Justice,	21 18
" " Morrill, Thomas S. Bridgham, Justice,	6 16
" " Intoxicating liquors, Thomas S. Bridgham, Justice,	6 44
" " Jaques, C. F. Whitman, Justice,	3 87
Board of prisoners,	67 65

GEO. H. WATKINS, County Treasurer.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
Paris, Me., March 28, 1882.

Groceries of all kinds best qualities at lowest prices.

H. N. BOLSTER,
South Paris.

E. COREY & CO.,

IRON and STEEL,

Heavy Hardware,

AND

CARRIAGE WOOD WORK

125 & 127 COMMERCIAL ST.,

PORTLAND.

All Best Prints are sold for Seven Cents per yard at H. N. BOLSTER'S, South Paris.

Flour of best grades, Fall ground very low, at

H. N. BOLSTER'S

SOUTH PARIS.

A good stock of Boots, Shoes, and Rubber Goods for all Classes and ages.

H. N. BOLSTER, South Paris

Norway Cigar Manufactory,

NORWAY, - MAINE.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Fine HAVANA and DOMESTIC Cigars

Manufacturers of the celebrated brands,

„Royal" and "Oxford Bear."

Spring Styles of woolens, for suits, for gent's wear, just received, and the same cut and made to order.

H. N. BOLSTER, South Paris.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address STINSON & Co. Portland Maine.

USE ONLY

RUBBER PAINTS.

S. P. MAXIM & SON, AG'TS

SOUTH PARIS.

N. B. We desire to call special attention to the SUPERIOR QUALITIES of this paint. During the past TWO years over FOUR HUNDRED gallons of it have been used in THIS VICINITY, giving in EVERY INSTANCE the very best of satisfaction.

It is well known that the best lead and oil, mixed in the usual way will in a short time lose its gloss and rub off or chalk. Rubber Paint is guaranteed not to CRACK, CHALK, OR PEEL.

We are aware of a great prejudice against mixed paints but we confidently recommend this, believing it to be the most beautiful durable and economical paint in the market.

Remember this Rubber Paint is composed of pure White Lead, Zinc, Linseed Oil and India Rubber, with the best coloring pigments that can be obtained, ground in. A careful examination of buildings on which it has been used will convince the most skeptical of its merits.

We refer to the following parties who have used our paint viz:

J. C. Marble, O. A. Maxim, J. Daniels, Paris Hill, N. J. Cushman, North Paris, S. F. Briggs, R. N. Hall, D. N. True, F. C. Merrill, and L. S. Billings, So. Paris. A. M Trull, Norway

Send for circular and price list.

To one and all we say whenever you are in want of anything in the line of store goods call and try the prices at

H. N. BOLSTER'S
South Paris.

BONNER SPIRIT OF '76

This highly bred Messenger and HAMBLETONIAN STALLION will make the season ending Aug. 15, 1882, at the stable of the subscriber, at $15 to insure a live foal.

BONNER was got by Robert Bonner, jr. by Robert Bonner, by Rysdyks Hambletonian; dam Old Kate, by Grey Eagle, by Hunton Horse, by Bush Messenger, by Winthrop Messenger, by Imp. Messenger; gran-dam a large bay mare by Quicksilver; Robert Bonner jr's dam, a very fast pacer by Hiram Drew; gran-dam said to be thoroughbred; Robert Bonner's dam by L. I. Black Hawk, gran-dam by Abdallah.

BONNER was foaled June 5, 1876; stands 15 hands 2½ inches high, weighs about 1,100 lbs; is a bright chestnut color, with star and narrow strip in face, and white hind ankles, has a fine head and ear, neck of medium length, shoulders well sloped, short back, full over loin, with wide spread and powerful hind quarters, large and muscular limbs, with immense hocks and knees, with the best of feet; is a good looker, and has a good way of going, and has been awarded premiums three successive seasons, at our County Fairs.

Being so well bred and so level headed it is no wonder he is the fastest untrained stallion in the State, nor that the best judge of horses, in this section, should give him the name of *The Perfect Horse.*

For further light, come and see the horse or address,

S. R. HUTCHINS,
Rumford, Maine.

LOOK HERE!

Window Frames at Wholesale Prices.

Common pine	**45c @ 70c**
Hard Pine Pulley style,	**90c @ 1.10**
Spruce and Pine Fence Pickets, $8 @ $12.05 per 1000.	

For Sale by

S. P. MAXIM & SON,
SOUTH PARIS.

BUY YOUR

Doors, Windows, Blinds

MOULDINGS,

Stair Rail, Balusters, Newels,

ASH AND PINE SHEATHING,

WINDOW and DOOR FRAMES,

BRACKETS, PICKETS, &C.

—OF—

S. P. MAXIM & SON.

SOUTH PARIS, MAINE.

—o—

PRICES LOW.

N. B. Every description of House Finish furnished at short notice.

☞Planing, Matching, Band Sawing and general jobbing attended to.

GRAND TRUNK R. R.

Winter Arrangement.

On and after Oct. 17, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

GOING WEST.

Express trains for Lewiston, will leave Portland at 7:10 a. m., 12:25 and 5:15 p. m.

For South Paris, Norway, Montreal, Chicago and the West, will leave Portland at 1:30 p. m. Lewiston 1:57 p. m., South Paris at 3:37 Norway 3:20 p. m., and Gorham at 5:35 p. m.

Mixed trains for South Paris, Norway and Gorham will leave Portland at 7:30 a. m., and 4 p. m., South Paris at 10 a. m., and 7:40 p. m.

GOING EAST.

Express trains for Portland will leave Lewiston at 7:10 a. m., 1:57 and 4:35 p. m.

For South Paris, Norway, Lewiston, Portland and Boston will leave Gorham at 9:02 a. m., South Paris at 10:45 a. m., and Norway at 10:58 a. m.

Mixed trains for Portland and Lewiston will leave Gorham at 3:15 a. m., and 11:10 a. m. South Paris at 6:10 a. m., and 2:15 p. m.

Trains will run by Portland time.

JOSEPH HICKSON, General Manager.

50 GOOD ENVELOPES, 10 different colors, by mail to any address 10 cents MAINE ENVELOPE CO., PARIS, MAINE

Dr. C. W. BENSON,

of Baltimore, Md., Inventor and proprietor of the

Celebrated Celery and Chamomile Pills.

These pills have met with the most remarkable success, as is attested by the immense sales they have attained. Hundreds have testified to the benefit they have derived from their use in the cure of Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Paralysis, Sleeplessness and Indigestion. It is a fully established fact, based on actual experience, and there is no kind of doubt but they will cure these diseases.

DR. C. W. BENSON'S CELERY AND CHAMOMILE PILLS are prepared expressly to cure Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Paralysis, Sleeplessness and Indigestion or Dyspepsia, and will cure any case, no matter how obstinate, if properly used. They are not a cureall, but only for those special diseases. They contain no opium, morphine or quinine, and are not a purgative, but regulate the bowels and cure constipation by curing or removing the cause of it. They have a charming effect upon the skin, and a lovely quieting effect upon the nervous system, simply by feeding its ten thousand hungry, yes, in some cases starving absorbents. They make or create nerve matter and give power, force and buoyancy to the nerves, and in that way increase mental power, endurance and brilliancy of mind. Nobody that has a nervous system should neglect to take them two or three months in each year, simply as a nerve tonic, if for no other purpose. Price 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, sent postage free. Sold by all druggists, and by W. F. PHILLIPS & CO., Portland, Maine, General Agents.

For sale by A. J. Rowe, Norway; J. A. Rawson Buckfield; A. M. Gerry, So. Paris.

Burdock Blood Bitters

Cures Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sores, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weaknesses and Irregularities, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and General Debility. Directions in eleven languages.

A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the most stupendous dose in the Celestial Empire or on earth.

PRICE, $1.00. TRIAL SIZE, 10 Cents.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop'rs, Buffalo, N. Y.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

A Never-Failing Cure for Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Cuts, Sores, etc.

After forty years of trial, Perry Davis' Pain Killer stands unrivaled. It is safe! It acts immediately! It never fails!

Editor of the St. John (N. B.) News, says:

From the Cincinnati Dispatch:

From I. S. Potter, U. S. Consul at Crefeld, Rhenish Prussia:

W. W. Sharpe, Valdosta, Ga., says:

From R. W. Adams, Saco, Me.:

R. Lewis says:

W. W. Lura, Nicholville, N. Y., says:

J. W. Dee says:

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER is not a new untried remedy. For forty years it has been in constant use, and those who have used it the longest are its best friends.

Its success is entirely because of its merit. Since the Pain Killer was first introduced, hundreds of new medicines have come and gone, while to-day this medicine is more extensively used and more highly valued than ever before. Every family should have a bottle ready for use. Much pain and heavy doctors' bills may often be saved by prompt application of the Pain Killer. Unlike most medicines it is perfectly safe even in the hands of a child. Try it once thoroughly, and it will prove its value. Your druggist has it at 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

PERUVIAN AN IRON TONIC SYRUP

Vitalizes and Enriches the Blood, Tones up the System, Makes the Weak Strong, Builds up the Broken-down, Invigorates the Brain, and

—CURES—

Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, General Debility, Neuralgia, Fever and Ague, Paralysis, Chronic Diarrhœa, Boils, Dropsy, Humors, Female Complaints, Liver Complaint, Remittent Fever, and

ALL DISEASES ORIGINATING IN A BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, OR ACCOMPANIED BY DEBILITY OR A LOW STATE OF THE SYSTEM.

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Supplies the Blood with its Vital Principle, or Life Element, IRON, imparting Strength, Vigor and New Life to all parts of the system. BLOOD FREE FROM ALCOHOL, its energizing effects are not followed by corresponding reaction, but are permanent.

SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors, 82 Harrison Avenue, Boston. Sold by all Druggists.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Colors, Brushes, &c., in fact painters Suppiles generally on hand at

H. N. BOLSTER'S

SOUTH PARIS.

Lime, Cement and Hair in large or small quantities, always on hand at

H. N. BOLSTER'S South Paris

It is reported that P. M. General Howe likes to put his feet upon the table.

MY WIFE, is the picture of health since she began the use of "Wells' Health Renewer" $1. Druggists.

The kings of Europe had better not hold a peace conference; nothing tends to raising a big war so like a peace conference.

A full feeling after meals, dyspepsia, heartburn, and general ill health relieved by Brown's Iron Bitters.

It is authoritatively stated that not a dog was lost in the Mississippi floods. A western man may let his family drown but be sure he'll save his dog.

BEAUTY REGAINED.—The beauty and color of the hair may be safely regained by using Parker's Hair Balsam, which is much admired for its perfume, cleanliness, and dandruff eradicating properties.

Atmospheric knowledge is not thoroughly distributed in our public schools. A boy being asked, "What is mist?" vaguely replied, "An umbrella."

One of the greatest statesmen that America ever produced, Hon. James G. Blaine, uses *Adamson's Botanic Balsam* in his family, and indorses it as a safe and effectual remedy for Coughs and Colds.

What can make more vocal noise than a boy driving ten cows through a town? Why, a boy driving two cows, of course. The more cows, the less noise.

PERUVIAN SYRUP cures Dyspepsia, General Debility, Liver Complaint, Humors, Boils, Chronic Diarrhœa, Nervous Affections, Female Complaints, and all diseases originating in a bad state of the blood.

A sentimental young man thus feelingly expresses himself: "Even as nature benevolently guards the rose with thorns, so does she endow women with pins.

TRIUMPHANT.

MRS. Seigfried, of Marion, O., says that THOMAS'S ECLECTRIC OIL was triumphant in her case; she used it for a severe cold and pain inside, and was relieved in a few minutes.

About right: Little Tommy Skidmore says Indian meal is either composed of roast grasshoppers or roast missionary, he doesn't remember which.

CATARRH.—Relief in five minutes in every case; gratifying, wholesome relief beyond a money value. Cure begins from first application, and is rapid, radical and permanent. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure. Complete cure for $1.

Isn't it a little singular that Peter, who had been in the habit of going a-fishing, should have been so staggered at the little lies told by Ananias and Sapphira?

Those who prepare Hops and Malt Bitters, 4-11-44, make no secret of its ingredients, but publish them on every bottle. Medical authorities say that these remedies are all that is claimed for them for the cure of Dyspepsia, Debility, Indigestion, Constipation, etc.

"Is the General on the retired list?" they asked of his wife the other evening. "Retired! No, indeed!" she replied; "he is down to the Club playing poker."

HOW TO SAVE.—All hard workers are subject to bilious attacks which may end in dangerous illness. Parker's Ginger Tonic will keep the kidneys and liver active, and by preventing the attack save much sickness, loss of time and expense. Delay at such times means danger.—*Detroit Press.* See other column.

Con-on-drum. Why is a kiss like rumor? Because it flies from mouth to mouth. Why is it like a sermon? Because it requires two heads and an application.

AN INTERESTING FACT.—In France, all patent medicines must be indorsed by an official board of physicians before they can be sold. In lieu of such a law in America, the people have resolved themselves into a National Committee which has endorsed Swayne's Ointment for allaying the itching accompanying the Piles, as the only reliable remedy in the market. It's a poor rule that won't work both ways.

Scandal, when it has truth in it, is like a grease spot on new cloth, but when there is no truth in it, it is like a splash of mud which will come off easily when dry.

OUR PROGRESS.

As stages are now quickly abandoned with the completion of railroads, so the huge, drastic, cathartic pills, composed of crude and bulky medicines, are quickly abandoned with the introduction of Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets," which are sugar-coated, and little larger than mustard seeds but composed of highly concentrated vegetable extracts. By Druggists.

A woman may not be able to sharpen a pencil or throw a stone at a hen, but she can pack more articles into a trunk than a man can in a one-horse wagon.

FOOD FOR YOUNG AND OLD.

Food and medicine for young and old, prepared *without fermentation*, from Canadian Barley Malt, Hops, Quinine, Bark, etc. MALT BITTERS are warranted more Nourishing, Strengthening, Vitalizing and purifying, by reason of their richness in Bone and Muscle Producing Material than all other forms of malt or medicine, while free from the objections urged against malt liquors.

The Yonkers *Gazette* says: "The sea of journalism is strewn with newspaper wrecks." Perhaps if some journalists were not so reckless there would be less wrecks.

THAT BABY OF MINE.

Auntie, three months ago had the Salt Rheum so bad that his head was a mass of sores, and I had begun to lose all hopes of raising him, but my druggist recommended Sulphur Bitters, and to-day he is as fat and chipper as any baby you ever saw, and he has not a sore on his head, and just think after paying out so much, that a few dollars worth of Sulphur Bitters should cure him.—*Mrs. J. C. Hall, Lowell.*

Oscar Wilde told a Chicago reporter that we eat finely in this country—far better than they do in England. There are none so æsthetic that they cannot get up an appetite.

Humor in the Stomach.

Much of the distress and sickness is attributed to dyspepsia, chronic diarrhœa and other causes is occasioned by humor in the stomach. Several cases, with all the characteristics of these complaints, have been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Other cures effected by this medicine are so wonderful that the simplest statement of them affords the best proof that it combines rare curative agents and when once used secures the confidence of the people.

In casting his eye over the universe, the Lowell *Citizen* man finds that a good many men will allow themselves to be cheated out of their eye-teeth under the impression that they are enjoying the excitement of speculation.

A FRAGRANT BREATH AND PEARLY TEETH Are easily obtained by cleansing your teeth daily with that justly popular dentifrice, SOZODONT. Composed of rare antiseptic herbs, it imparts whiteness to the teeth, a delicious aroma to the breath, and preserves intact, from youth to old age, the teeth. Acidity of the stomach will destroy the strongest teeth unless its effects are counteracted with SOZODONT, and this pure tooth-wash protects the dental surfaces by removing every impurity that adheres to them. Ask your Druggist for SOZODONT.

What Happened to

MR. JOSEPH BEACH.

Stone in the Kidney Expelled after Using Dr. David Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" About two Weeks.

One of the most remarkable cases that has ever been brought to the notice of the public is that of Mr. J. S. Beach of Stone Bridge Ulster County, N. Y. Mr. Beach had suffered since October 18th 1874, from the presence of Calculus or Stone in the right Kidney. No less than seven physicians were employed at different times, to whom Mr. Beach paid hundreds of dollars for medical treatment, with only temporary relief from his agony.

By the urgent solicitations of his friends he was induced to try Dr. David Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy"—experienced a marked improvement from the first day he began to use the medicine; on the 15th day of September he voided a stone as large as could be passed through the natural channel.

Mr. Beach concludes a long letter to Dr. Kennedy by saying: "It will always afford me pleasure to recommend the "Favorite Remedy" to those who may be suffering from difficulties of the Kidneys and Bladder, or any disorders arising from an impure state of the blood. The "Favorite Remedy" sold by all druggists. The Doctor's only address is Rondout, New York.

POND'S EXTRACT

THE WONDER OF HEALING!

Catarrh. The **Extract** is the only specific for this disease, Cold in Head, &c. Our "**Catarrh Cure,**" specially prepared to meet serious cases, contains all the curative properties of the **Extract**; our **Nasal Syringe** invaluable for use in catarrhal affections, is simple and inexpensive.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia. No other preparation has cured so many cases of these distressing complaints as the **Extract.**

Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or from any cause, is speedily controlled and stopped.

Diphtheria & Sore Throat. Use the **Extract** promptly. It is a sure cure. Delay is dangerous.

For Piles, Blind, Bleeding or Itching, it is the greatest known remedy.

For Ulcers, Old Sores or Open Wounds its action upon these is most remarkable.

Caution.—POND'S EXTRACT has been imitated. The genuine has the words "POND'S EXTRACT" blown in the glass, and our picture trade-mark on surrounding buff wrapper. None other is genuine. Always insist on having POND'S EXTRACT. Take no other preparation. It is never sold in bulk or by measure.

SPECIALTIES AND TOILET ARTICLES.

POND'S EXTRACT	50c., $1.00, $1.75.		
Toilet Cream	1.00	Catarrh Cure	75
Dentifrice	50	Plaster	25
Lip Salve	25	Inhaler (Glass 50c.)	1.00
Toilet Soap (3 Cakes)	50	Nasal Syringe	25
Ointment	50	Medicated Paper	25

Family Syringe, $1.00.

LADIES, read pages 13, 18, 21 and 26 of our New Pamphlet which accompanies each bottle.

OUR NEW PAMPHLET WITH HISTORY OF OUR PREPARATIONS SENT FREE ON APPLICATION TO

POND'S EXTRACT CO.,
14 West 14th St., New York.

Parker's Hair Balsam

Never Fails to Restore Grey or Faded Hair to the youthful color. Prevents scalp diseases and baldness.

Get the Best.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia and many of the best medicinal herbs are here combined, extracted and presented in the most palatable form. Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Nervous Debility, Kidney and Urinary Complaints, Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Female Complaints, Loss of Appetite, Sleeplessness, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, Liver, Blood, Lungs, Stomach and Nerves.

Great Health and Strength Restorer Ever Used.

It is a Mild Purgative, Tonic and Diuretic, and as such is unsurpassed. It is a Sure Cure for Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Kidney and Urinary Complaints, Female Complaints, Liver Complaint, Nervous Debility, Blood Impurities, Costiveness, Piles, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, Sleeplessness, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache