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BUSINESS CARDS.

American Printers' Warehouse
19 SPRING LANE.
C. C. KIMBALL, Boston.
Every kind of Printing Material on hand or made to order. Every thing used in the art of printing furnished at short notice, and at the lowest cash prices. fe13d6m

PORTLAND MACHINE WORKS
Engineers, Iron Founders, Boiler Makers and Blacksmiths.
MANUFACTURERS OF
MARINE, STATIONARY AND PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES.
Agents for R. Ball's Wood Working Machinery, and Blanchard's Patent Boiler.
215 COMMERCIAL STREET,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
FOR SALE—One New Portable Engine, 40 horse power, built to order. ap14 tf

DR. COLEMAN DENTIST,
135 Middle Street, Portland.
apr1d3m

LANE & AUSTIN,
Fresco Painting, House Painting and Paper Hanging.
Order slate at W. P. Hasting's Organ Manufactory, corner Exchange and Federal Streets. All orders promptly attended to.
C. M. LANE. C. S. AUSTIN.
feb17d6m Residence 154 Pearl Street.

W. L. KEILER,
FRESCO PAINTER,
NO. 388 CONGRESS STREET,
RESIDENCE 6 MAY STREET,
Portland Me. jy17 tf

CHARLES PEARCE.
Practical House & Ship Plumber.
WITH Twenty-six years Practical experience, I am prepared to do any and all kinds of Plumbing Work on Houses or Ships, and can safely guarantee satisfaction. Charges moderate. Work First Class.
127 Federal St., under U. S. Hotel,
mal PORTLAND, ME. tf

GEO. E. COLLINS,
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST,
316 CONGRESS STREET,
Is prepared to make all the various styles of **Card Pictures, Rembrant, Medallion, &c., from Retouched Negatives.** By this process we **Get rid of Wrinkles, Moles and other imperfections of the Skin.** For all of which no extra charge will be made. All work warranted to please. Call and examine for yourselves. mch18dtf

REMOVAL.
GEO. D. JOST,
FRESCO PAINTER,
Office at F. F. Hale's, Cor. Cross and Free Streets.
All Orders left there will be promptly attended to. me9 d3m

W. C. CLARK,
103 FEDERAL STREET,
5 Doors East of Temple St.,
GAS AND WATER PIPING.
ap21 tf

J. M. PAYSON,
PAVER AND CONTRACTOR,
EDGE-STONES SET,
Streets, Places, Sidewalks, and all kinds of Paving done Promptly.
Paving Materials furnished if desired.
Office at Street Commissioner's Office,
my11 PORTLAND, ME. 3m*

Clothes Cleaner!
Thomas Brown,
64 FEDERAL STREET,
Clothes Cleansed and Repaired on Short Notice.
Second hand Clothes Bought and Sold. ap4dtf

W. H. SIMONTON,
—DEALER IN—
Hackmatack Knees, Ship Timber, Masts and Spars, Deck Plank and all kinds of Hard Wood sawed to Order
HOLYOKE'S WHARF.
COMMERCIAL STREET. mh3dtf

MOTLEY & BLETHEN,
ATTORNIES AT LAW.
49 1-2 EXCHANGE STREET,
(Over Dresser & McLellan's Book Store.)
WM. H. MOTLEY. ALDEN J. BLETHEN.
mar5-3m

JAMES O'DONNELL,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
has removed to
NO. 84 1-2 MIDDLE STREET,
(2nd door below Canal Bank,)
PORTLAND, MAINE.
Commissioner of deeds for the several States. feb10

WM. M. MARKS
Book, Card & Job Printer
109 EXCHANGE ST.,
(DAILY PRESS PRINTING HOUSE.)
Every Description of work promptly and carefully executed, and at the lowest prices
ap22 tc

G. A. CLARK, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician,
4 BROWN STREET.
Office hours from 2 to 4 P. M. my15d1w

EDGAR S. BROWN,
Counsellor At Law.
All collections promptly attended to by E. A. LEIGHTON, Constable and Bill Collector.
80 MIDDLE ST.
my9 dtf

J. H. LAMSON,
PHOTOGRAPHER,
No. 152 Middle Street.
PORTLAND, ME.
Copying and enlarging done to order.
All the new styles, Berlins, Rembrants, Medallion he Porcelain, or Mezzotint card, and the retouched card, by which new process we get rid of freckles moles, wrinkles and all imperfections of the skin. Call and judge for yourselves.
☞Motto—Good work at Moderate Prices, Aim to Please, may 20

BUSINESS CARDS.

R. K. GATLEY,
Plasterer, Stucco and Mastic Worker,
Whitening, Coloring, Whitewashing, Cementing, &c.
No. 21 Union Street,
PORTLAND, ME.
CONTRACTOR FOR CONCRETE WALKS, DRIVES, STREETS, &c.
apr1eod3m

WOODFORD & BABCOCK,
MODEL MAKERS & JOBBERS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Watch and Chronometer Makers' Tools, Mathematical, Optical and Philosophical Instruments, School Apparatus, &c.,
56 Market Street, Printers Exchange,
PORTLAND, ME.
C. F. WOODFORD, C. P. BABCOCK.
my19 d&w3m

CHAS. J. SCHUMACHER,
Fresco Painter,
Office at Schumacher Bros., 5 Deering Block.
I respectfully inform my patrons, that I will be happy to attend to any jobs which may be entrusted to me, large or small, and that no one is authorized to take jobs in my name. mc6d3m

Craig, Jackson & Brackett,
SUCCESSORS TO
Sheridan, Griffiths & Brackett,
PLASTERERS,
STUCCO & MASTIC WORKERS,
NO. 6 SOUTH STREET.
Whitening, Whitewashing, and Coloring.
Splendid assortment of Centre Flowers, Brackets, Trusses, &c.
ap3 eodtf

E. C. FARNSWORTH,
Teacher of the
PIANO FORTE AND ORGAN
Enquire at Stockbridge's Music Store. fe21d3m*

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Bakers.
W. C COBB, Nos. 28 and 30 Pearl Street. On direct route between New Custom House and Post Office, near the Market.

Booksellers and Stationers.
HOYT, FOGG & BREED, No. 91 Middle Street.

Book Binders.
WM. A. QUINCY, Room 11, Printer's Exchange, No. 111 Exchange St.
SHULL & SHACKFORD, No. 35 Plum Street.

Confectionery.
L. J. PERKINS manufacturer of plain and fancy Candies, 287 Congress St, Portland Me.

Carpenters and Builders.
WHITNEY & MEANS, Pearl Street, opposite Park.

Dye-House.
FOSTER'S Dye House, 24 Union Street.*

Furniture--Wholesale and Retail.
WALTER COREY & CO., Arcade, No. 18 Fore Street.
GEORGE A. WHITNEY, No. 56 Exchange St. Upholstering of all kinds done to order.

Furniture and House Furnishing Goods.
BENJ. ADAMS, cor. Exchange and Federal Streets.
HOOPER & EATON, Old Post Office, Exchange Street.
L. F. HOYT, No. 11 Preble Street. Upholstering done to order.

Furniture and Upholstering.
DAVID W. DEANE, No. 89 Federal St. All kinds of Upholstering and Repairing done to order.

Hair Goods and Toilet Articles.
J. F. SHERRY, No. 9 Clapp's Block Congress Street, opposite Old City Hall.

Horse Shoeing and Carriage repairing
Done the cheapest and best by S. YOUNG, at No. 102 Fore St.

Jewelry and Fine Watches.
ABNER LOWELL, 155 Middle Street. Agents for Howard Watch Company.

Watches, Jewelry, and Silver Ware.
J. A. MERRILL & CO., 139 Middle St.
J. A. MERRI A. KEITH.

Manufacturers of Trunks, Valises and Carpet-Bags.
J. R. DURAN & CO., 171 Middle and 116 Federal Streets.

Masons and Builders.
N E. REDLON, 233 1-2 Congress St.

Pattern and Model Maker.
J. I. BARBOUR, 250 Fore Street, Cor. of Cross, Portland.

Photographers.
A. S. DAVIS & CO., No. 80 Middle Street.
J. E. LAMSON, 152 Middle St., cor. Cross.

Plumbers.
JAMES MILLER, No. 91 Federal Street.

Real Estate Agents.
JOHN C. PROCTER, No. 93 Exchange Street.

Rooters.
J. N. McCOY & CO., 28 Spring Street.

Sign and Awning Hanging.
S. YOUNG, No. 102 Fore Street. ja5d1y

Silver and Plated Ware.
ABNER LOWELL, 155 Middle Street.

Stair Builder.
B. F. LIBBY, Le. 252 Fore Street, cor. Cross St., in Deleno's Mill.
G. L. HOOPER, Cor. York & Maple Streets.

Watches, Jewelry, &c.
J. W. & H. H. MCDUFFEE, Cor. Middle & Union Sts.

EDUCATIONAL.

St. Augustin's School for Boys,
45 Danforth Street, Portland, Me.
Rt. Rev. Henry A. Neely, D. D., Visitor. O. L. Billings, Principal. Send for Circular. oc16tf

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Maine Medical Association.
THE Maine Medical Association will hold its annual Meeting at Army and Navy Union Hall, 301½ Congress Street, Portland, commencing on Tuesday, June 9th, at 10 o'clock A. M., and continuing three days. CHAS. O. HUNT, Secretary.
my19 d3w

Notice—Annual Meeting.
THE Proprietors of Portland Pier are hereby notified that their Annual meeting will take place at the Clerk's office on the Pier on MONDAY, June 1st, next, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the choice of officers and the transaction of such other business as may legally come before them.
DANIEL CHOATE, Clerk.
Portland, May 18, 1874. eodtd*

Portland Gas Light Company.
THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Portland Gas Light Company, will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 55 Exchange St., Portland, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M., to act upon the following articles: 1st, To receive and act upon the reports of the President and Treasurer; 2nd, To choose Directors for the ensuing year; 3d, To do any other business that may legally come before the meeting.
my15td EDWARD H. DAVEIS, President.

HOTELS.

CONGRESS HALL,
Sheldon Springs, Sheldon Vermont
Eight miles East of St. Albans.
Mineral water and baths. Pure air. Excellent Table.
Write for Circulars of terms and rooms.
Address Dr. S. S. FITCH, 714 Broadway, New York, 25 Tremont Street, Boston, or at Congress Hall.
Board very low. Open May until December.
apr6eod5mo

AMERICAN HOUSE, Boston.
REDUCTION.
In order to meet the wishes of the Travelling Community, we have this day reduced the price of Board for our upper, medium-sized rooms to $3.00 per day. The House contains Passenger Elevator, Cafe, etc., and will continue to be kept as a First-Class Hotel in every respect. The large and excellently furnished rooms will be $4.00 per day. Those with bathing and water conveniences adjoining $1.00 per day extra.
my9d1m LEWIS RICE & SON.

REAL ESTATE.

Real Estate for Sale.
BY—
WM H. JERRIS, Real Estate Ag't,
Next East of City Hall.

A Nice Suburban House to Rent, for One Year.
A GOOD Brick House on Stevens' Plains, containing twelve rooms, beside bath room, with hot and cold water. The lot contains one acre, with small fruits, grapes, &c. Also a good stable. Horse cars pass the door every half hour. Apply to
WM. H. JERRIS, Real Estate Agent.
my14d1w

F. G. Patterson's Real Estate BULLETIN.
Money to Loan.
ON first class Real Estate Security, in Portland, or vicinity—Rents collected, taxes paid, &c., on Commission. Houses bought and sold. Apply to F. G. PATTERSON, Dealer in Real Estate, Office 13 Fluent Block. oc4dtf

Two Story House for $1250!!
A 2½ Story House, 10 rooms, arranged for two families, good well, small stable on the premises, lot 40 x91. Terms, $400 cash, balance on mortgage for two years at 6 per cent. interest. This property is known as the "Frost" property, and is situated on Sawyer St., Ferry Village, C. E., within a few minutes' walk of the Ferry. This is a rare opportunity for a mechanic to secure a home. Apply to
F. G. PATTERSON,
my7*2w 13 Fluent Block.

Railroad Tickets for Boston for Sale at Reduced Rates.
BOSTON & MAINE R. R. Tickets from Portland to Boston only $2.50. A liberal discount made to parties ordering packages of twenty-five or more. Apply to F. G. PATTERSON, 13 Fluent Block.
my18 dtf

Beautiful Sea Side Lots for Sale.
WE offer for sale on very easy terms some of the prettiest lots for Summer Cottages on the coast of Maine. We have a tract fronting on the sea for ½ of a mile, land high and dry; magnificent view of old ocean for 25 miles; facilities for Fishing, Gunning, Boating and Bathing unsurpassed. Lot well surveyed, traversed by numerous streets, and a nice pond and grove reserved. Lots of all good size. Many have already been sold to good parties, and no objectionable ones allowed to locate. One mile from the "Pool," a famous resort, (good hard beach all the way), and only an hour's ride from depots at Biddeford. Plans and view at office. For full particulars address or call on
GEO. B. GOODWIN & CO.,
my8eod6t City Building, Biddeford, Me., Room 2*

For Sale.
HOUSE 107 Cumberland Street. Enquire at the House from 3 to 5 o'clock P. M., or at 29 Commercial Street during business hours of
mh30eodtf J. B. DONNELL.

For Sale.
A SMALL place, three miles from Portland, pleasantly located on what is known as the Foreside road, consisting of a story and a half House with ell, good barn with shed attached, together with ten acres of good land. Said buildings are in good condition as to wood work. The above desirable property will be sold on easy terms. For particulars inquire at 21 Merrill, corner of Turner street, Portland.
J. A. WELCH.
my13 deod1m*

FOR SALE.
Little Chebeague—The Most Beautiful of all the Islands of Casco Bay.

It contains one hundred and forty acres of land, thirty of which is covered with a beautiful Grove. The balance is the very best of tillage land. The buildings consist of
The Sunny Side Hotel,
a large, new house, completely finished and furnished throughout; large barn and farm-house, bowling alleys, ice house, and a dancing floor in the grove; never failing well of good water. The location of this Island, with its advantages for fishing and boating, its beautiful grove and building, renders it one of the most desirable places among all the islands for picnics and parties.
For further information apply to WM. SENTER, No. 54 Exchange St., Portland. mc9eod6t

For Sale or to be Let.
IN the flourishing town of Houlton, Maine, an Iron Foundry and Machine Shop. The Foundry is fitted with patterns, flasks, &c., ready for operation, and the Machine Shop contains large and small engine, lathes, iron planer, drilling machine, forge, tools, &c. The Works are situated about 1½ miles from the Public Square, and in a population of thirty thousand in Aroostook County there is no competition. The machinery is driven by never-failing water power. Terms moderate. Please address,
CARY, BROTHERS,
my7d3w&w4w19 Houlton, Maine.

For Sale.
IN Cape Elizabeth, 1½ miles from Portland Bridge, near the Baptist Church, Town House, Store, &c., on Ocean House road, a 1½ story House of 9 rooms. Also small Stable, and one or two acres of land, or more, if wanted. For particulars enquire of E. B. ROBINSON, at C. E. Jose & Co.'s, or J. L. PARROTT, at Store near the premises.
my16 dtf

Suburban Residence FOR SALE.
TWO Story House, 12 rooms, nearly new, good cellar, plenty water. Large lot. On Forest Avenue Street, near Morrill's Corner. Price 2,600. Apply to WM. H. JERRIS, Real Estate Agent.
Portland, May 16, 1874. my16d3w*

For Sale
IN Yarmouth Village, a two-story House, finished throughout, with stable attached. Also a good garden lot. Inquire of L. F. WALKER,
my7d1m* Yarmouth, Me.

For Sale.
A TWO Story House in good repair. Containing 9 finished rooms. Convenient for two families. Enquire at 55 York St.
apr14 dtf

For Sale in the Town of Westbrook.
A FINE residence one-half mile from the Railroad Depots, Post-office, good Schools and Churches, six miles from Portland; House and Ell two stories thirteen finished rooms, double parlors with marble mantles, Wood-house and Stable connected—all in good repair, painted and blinded, Barn 40 x 60 on the premises; grounds contain 15½ acres, excellent land, well fenced, 30 apple and pear trees, ½ acre choice strawberries, three good wells of water upon the place and good cistern in the cellar, cellar under whole House, fine cement bottom; grounds ornamented with fine shade trees. This is one of the finest residences in the county. Terms easy. Enquire of G. R. Davis & Co., Portland, or Otis Brown, Westbrook.
mar21tf

Tannery for Sale at a Great Bargain.
IN Deering (Stroudwater Village) containing 118 Vats, mostly covered. The buildings are in good repair. The Tannery is supplied with water by two aqueducts, the best of water for manufacturing purposes; the location is very good for purchasing hides and bark, being located within a few rods of the Canal and the Portland and Ogdensburg Railroad. The bark is ground by water power. There are about 20 acres of land; the purchaser can have one acre to the whole. There is no doubt that the town would exempt the capital of the Tannery for some years from taxation. A large portion of the purchase could remain on a mortgage.
For particulars enquire of GEO. R. DAVIS, Real Estate Broker, or Jonathan Smith, on the premises.
mc21 d3m

FOR SALE.
A TWO STORY HOUSE at Woodford's Corner, Price $2500. Enquire of
GEORGE RACKLEFF,
mc20dtf Woodford's Corner.

FOR SALE.
A LOT of vacant land, situated on the west side of High, between Pleasant and Danforth, Sts. This lot has a front of about 61 feet and is about 194 feet deep, and plans have been drawn by How, for a block of seven or nine genteel and convenient residences, and adapted for the same. Enquire of
EDWIN CHURCHILL,
No. 4 Portland Pier,
mar28 From 12 to 2 o'clock, P. M.

COAL!
2000 Tons Coal must be removed from Maine Wharf in order to make repairs.
Parties wishing to purchase large or small lots will do well to call and get our prices before purchasing.
RANDALL & McALLISTER,
NO. 60 COMMERCIAL STREET,
mc4 OPPOSITE CUSTOM HOUSE. tf

G. A. SUSSKRAUT
will keep constantly on hand at his store
No. 231 Middle Street
all the fashionable styles of
HATS, CAPS, &c.
—ALSO—
MADE to ORDER at SHORT NOTICE,
MILITARY HATS & CAPS
of all descriptions in the very best styles and at
REASONABLE PRICES.
ap7 d3m

A Young Man
CAN obtain a partnership in a well established manufacturing business that will pay him more than ordinary profit if he has $2000 to invest. Must be of good habits and prefer that he should understand bookkeeping. Address A. B. C., Advertiser office. ap26d4*

WANTS.

Wanted.
A GIRL to do general housework at No. 17 Boyd Street. No children in the family.
my19 d1w

Girl Wanted.
A GOOD Girl is wanted at No. 1 Arsenal St., near Brackett, to do general housework. Family small and no children. References required.
my19 *d1w

Wanted.
A SECOND Girl at 97 Free St. my19 1w

Wanted.
A LADY Music Teacher, to board, one mile from the city, on line of horse cars. Will take part payment in music lessons. Use of Piano free. Address, BOX 853.
my18d1w* Portland, Me.

Partner Wanted.
PARTNER WANTED with from $3000 to $5000 in a profitable and safe business, well established and making money. Address P. O. Box 1390 with full particulars. All communications will be treated as strictly confidential.
my16 1w*

Wanted at the Orphan Asylum.
A PROTESTANT Woman, to do general housework. Apply at No. 42 Park St., afternoons.
my15 tf

Wanted Immediately,
A CAPABLE GIRL for general housework at 31 Chestnut Street. References required.
my15 1w*

Cook.
A GOOD Cook, with suitable references, wanted at No. 33 Free St. by C. W. GODDARD.
my15 eodtf

Pleasure Boat Wanted.
20 Feet, More or Less.
J. P. SMITH, 100 Exchange St.
me17 eodtf

Wanted.
A FIRST Class Milliner at 269 Congress Street.
my14d1w*

Wanted.
A SECOND-Hand Shifting Top, Jump Seat Carriage. Enquire of E. T. MERRILL
my13tf 241 Middle St.

Wanted.
A PARTNER with cash capital of $700. Business in the city well established and paying a good profit. For particulars inquire of UPHAM & GARDINER, No. 7 Exchange street. my8 2w

Good Cook wanted at 249 Congress Street.
my8 tf

Wanted.
A CAPABLE Servant to do general housework in a family of four, one and one-half miles from the city. Address Box 1565, Portland, Me. my6tf

Wanted.
VESSELS to load with Lumber at Pensacola, Florida, for Northern ports; also for the River Platte, South America. Facilities for taking in cargo unsurpassed. Apply to
MOWE, COLE & RENSON,
Lumber Commission Merchants,
140 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.
ap24 d1m

Wanted Immediately.
ONE or two Carriage Trimmers. Apply to
C. P. KIMBALL.
ap23 d1m

WANTED!
A Cook at No. 98 Free Street
ap15 tf

Situations Wanted.
FOR two Swedes to take care of Horses or work in Gardens. Good recommendations given. Enquire of MAGNUS A. R. LINDBERG, Swedish and Norway Consul, 29 Middle Street. ap7tf

LOST AND FOUND.

Picked up Adrift.
A FOURTEEN ft. Dory was found adrift outside May 15. The owner can have the same by calling upon D. D. SMITH,
my16d1w* Ferry Village.

Lost.
APRIL 11th, on Lewis street, a Gentleman's Amethyst SCARF PIN. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at No. 9 Lewis street. ap18dtf

BOARD.

Board.
TWO Gentlemen or a Gentleman and his Wife can be accommodated with first class Board and Rooms at No. 20 Brown Street. my19dtf

To Let with Board.
A LARGE Front Room on second floor suitable for a gentleman and his wife at 49 Pleasant street.
my16 d2w*

Board.
TWO connected Rooms for gentleman and wife, and single rooms with Board, at
my14dtf 119 Cumberland, cor. Franklin St.

Summer Board.
AT Newry Corner, five miles from Bethel Depot. Good fishing and hunting. Charges moderate. Refers, by permission, to Abner Lowell, 155 Middle Street. Address,
H. S. HASTINGS,
BETHEL, MAINE.
my6 dtf

Wanted.
A YOUNG Man of good habits, wishes board in a private family where there are no other boarders. Must be near the City Building. Address
ap10dtf M., Press Office.

NEW BRITAIN PURE WHITE LEAD
AFTER ample experience in practical use, this lead is now conceded to be all that is claimed for it, and is guaranteed fully equal to any in the market.
It is STRICTLY PURE, containing nothing but fine white lead and the best refined linseed oil.
It is unexcelled in BODY.
It is unsurpassed in PURITY OF COLOR.
It is of EXTRAORDINARY FINENESS.

STATE ASSAYER'S OFFICE,
20 State St., Boston.

Gentlemen:—I have analyzed and examined the White Lead manufactured by The New Britain White Lead Company, with results as follows:—This white lead is entirely free from adulterations or make-weights of any kind, and is ground in pure linseed oil. It is fine, very dense, has good covering power, and is in every respect of standard quality.
Respectfully, S. DANA HAYES,
State Assayer and Chemist, Mass.

Trustees Hartford, Providence & Fishkill R. R. Repair Shops.
HARTFORD, Conn. Feb. 18, 1873.

New Britain White Lead Co.:
Gentlemen—We have given your white lead a very thorough trial, and are satisfied that it is equal to any now manufactured. Your Truly,
V. P. PERRY,
Master Car Builder, H. P. & F. R. R.

W. W. WHIPPLE & CO.,
Sole Agents, 21 Market Square,
fe23 PORTLAND, ME. eod1y

PALMER KNOX.
This fast trotting and perfect Stallion is nine years old, dark brown, 15½ hands, weighs 1100 pounds; Sire Gen. Knox. Dam of Palmer Knox was by the Robinson Horse," he by Bucephalus. Palmer Knox is half brother to Plato, record 2.27, Gilbreth Knox, 2.26½, Lady Maud, 2.22½, Camors, 2.20½, and many other fast horses. He won the two best purses on two succeedings days at the State Fair in Bangor, 1873, trotting the full mile in 2.38 without skip or break. The next week at Portland he won the best purses on two succeeding days in three straight heats, making *but one break in each day.* Shortly afterwards the Fair at Saco awarded him the first premium for the best stock horse, also the best purse for the best and fastest trotting Stallion. This Stallion will stand at Coffin's Stable, on South Street, in Portland, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays of each week, and at McKenney's Stable in Biddeford the rest of the time.
Terms $50 season, cash or note at time of first service. Season from May 1st to August 1st. For particulars see posters or address E. H. McKENNEY, Biddeford, or M. G. PALMER, Portland.
ap27 eod6w

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.
OFFICE OF THE LIGHT-HOUSE BOARD,
WASHINGTON, May 12, 1874.
SEALED Proposals will be received at this Office until 11 o'clock A. M. on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of June, 1874, from ship-builders only, for furnishing the materials and labor of all kinds necessary to construct a first-class Light-ship, in accordance with specifications and drawings, bearing date as above, copies of which may be had on application at this Office, and to the Light-house Inspectors at the Custom-house, Portland, Maine; at No. 14 Pemberton Square, Boston, Massachusetts; at Tompkinsville, Staten Island, New York; and at No. 209 South Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
JOSEPH HENRY,
my183taw3w Chairman.

Locust Treenails.
100,000 best Rift Locust Treenails.
150,000 best Sawed White Oak do.
20,000 best quality Canada Knees.
—ALSO—
White Oak & Hard Wood Plank & Wedges
AT LOWEST CASH PRICES
L. TAYLOR,
178 COMMERCIAL STREET,
mh12 PORTLAND, ME. dtf

LADIES!
GOOD CUSTOM BOOTS can be obtained at 179 Middle St., made to measure. Also uppers furnished and repairing done. J. F. SMITH.
ap30 d1m

TO LET.

TO LET!
Pleasant Rooms With Board,
no10eodtf At 30½ High St., S. S. KNIGHT.

To Let.
ABOUT seventy-five acres of Pasture land at the end of Portland Bridge, or pasturage for ten cows. WM. MAYBERRY,
Cape Elizabeth, May 16, 1874. d1w*

To Let,
STORE No. 90 Commercial Street, Thomas Block. Apply to F. J. ROLLINS,
ap14tf 22 Exchange Street.

Rooms to Let With Board.
TWO unfurnished Rooms for Gentleman and wife, without children. At No 4 Locust St. mc28tf

To Let.
WITH BOARD, large pleasant rooms. Suitable for families or single gentlemen.
At 52 Free Street. ja24*1w then tf

To Let.
LOWER tenement in House No. 114 Spring Street. Inquire of MATTOCKS & FOX, 83 Middle Street. fe4dtf

Rooms To Let.
TWO Gentlemen and their wives and two or three single gentlemen can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and board at 75 Free street. oc7tf

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS

City Ordinance.
1. No dog shall be permitted to go at large or loose in any street, lane, alley, court, or travelled way, or in any uninclosed or public place in this city, until the owner or keeper of such dog, or the head of the family, or the keeper of the house, store, shop, office, or other place where such dog is kept or harbored, shall have paid to the city marshal two dollars for a license for such dog to go at large.
2. The City Marshal shall grant a license to any citizen for his or her dog to run at large, on the payment of two dollars; which license shall expire on the first day of May next after the same is given.
These ordinances will be strictly enforced.
ap30d3w GEO. W. PARKER, City Marshal.

City of Portland.
CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,
May 12, 1874.
SEALED Proposals will be received at this Office till THURSDAY, 21st inst., at 12 o'clock noon, for supplying the different departments of the City with such Blank Books and Stationery as may be required during the present municipal year. Samples may be seen at the City Clerk's Office. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved by the city.
H. I. ROBINSON, City Clerk.
my13 dtd

Tukey's Bridge.
NOTICE is hereby given that for two weeks from and after WEDNESDAY, May 20th, the Bridge will be impassable to travel, the draw being up for repairs. T. H. PAYSON,
my13d2w Commissioner of Streets.

CITY OF PORTLAND.
IN BOARD OF HEALTH, March 13, 1874.
ORDERED, that until otherwise directed, we do hereby designate the dump at the foot of Hanover street (City Stable lot) and the dump at the foot of Franklin and Smith streets as the places for deposit of rubbish, such as dirt, shavings, saw dust, ashes, cinders, soot, hair, shreds, manure, oyster or lobster shells, or any other matter of any kind (except dead animals) which may be removed from any house, cellar, yard, or other place within the city limits.
Approved April 21, 1873.
I hereby give notice that the "City Ordinances" relating to the deposit of rubbish in any Street, Lane, Alley, Court, Square, Public Place or unoccupied lot within the city limits, except the lots designated in the foregoing order, will be strictly enforced.
GEO. W. PARKER, City Marshal.
mh14 d3m

City of Portland.
IN BOARD OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN,
May 18, 1874.
ORDERED, That the City Clerk give notice to all parties interested, by publishing a copy of this order in two daily papers of this city, for three weeks successively, that this Board on WEDNESDAY, the third day of June, next, at 5 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's Room, in City Building, will hear all parties interested in the petitions for Sewers in the following named streets:
High street, from Congress to connect with sewer near Spring street.
Deer street.
Danforth street, from High through Maple to York street.
Munjoy street, from Wilson to Congress street.
Cotton street, from Free to Fore street.
Salem street, Emery to Orange street.
Pleasant street, from near foot of South towards Maple street.
Congress street, from Washington street up about four hundred feet.
And that thereafter this Board will determine and adjudge if public public convenience requires the construction of Sewers in said streets.
Read and Passed.
Attest: H. I. ROBINSON, Clerk.
A true copy,
Attest: H. I. ROBINSON, City Clerk.
my19 d3w

CITY OF PORTLAND.
IN BOARD OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN,
May 18, 1874.
ORDERED, That all petitions for Sewers to be built in this city during the present Municipal year must be presented on or before the first MONDAY of July next, as after that date all petitions for Sewers will be referred to the next City Council.
Read and passed.
Attest: H. I. ROBINSON, Clerk.
A true copy,
Attest: H. I. ROBINSON, City Clerk.
my19 d1w

COPARTNERSHIP.

Copartnership Notice.
THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm and style of
THOMPSON & HALL,
for the purpose of carrying on a **General Commission and Produce Business** at No. 163 Commercial Street, and we trust by prompt and careful attention to business to receive a liberal share of patronage. Consignments solicited.
CYRUS THOMPSON,
JAMES H. HALL.
Portland, Mry 14, 1874. my18d2w

Copartnership Notice.
THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of
SNELL & ADAMS
and will continue the business of
Horse Shoeing at No. 70 Federal Street. Portland, Me.
my14d1w* E. F. SNELL, S. W. ADAMS.

Copartnership Notice.
ROUNDS & DYER
have formed a copartnership for the carrying on of the business of
Coal and Wood Dealers
and have taken the stand formerly occupied by
JOHN T. ROGERS,
No. 160 Commercial Street,
HEAD OF UNION WHARF,
and intend to keep on hand a full supply of the best grades of
COAL AND WOOD.
CHARLES F. ROUNDS,
WILLIAM W. DYER.
ap2 dtf

Copartnership Notice.
THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of
NUTTER, KIMBALL & CO.,
for the purpose of carrying on the
Shook, Heading and Hoop Business
at the old stand of G. S. Barstow & Co., Widgery's Wharf, Portland.
All consignments promptly attended to.
E. T. NUTTER,
GEO. L. KIMBALL,
FRANK C. NUTTER.
Portland, April 1, 1874. my5d3w

Copartnership Notice.
SHURTLEFF & CO
have formed a copartnership for the carrying on the business of
COAL AND WOOD DEALERS,
No. 162 Commercial St.,
and intend to keep on hand a full supply of the best grades of
COAL AND WOOD.
my15d1m S. SHURTLEFF, D. S. WARREN.

BLACK DIAMOND,

This beautiful and noted young Stallion will make the present season at the subscriber's stable in Cornish Village. Black Diamond was sired by Penobscot Boy; he by Old Drew from a Messenger mare. Black Diamond has trotted a three in five race during the last year, winning with ease and making his best mile in 2.51 without fitting. He is eight years old, sixteen hands high, weighs eleven hundred pounds, of black brown color and has fine natural trotting action.
Terms—To warrant $25. WM. H. WARREN.
Cornish, April 13, 1874. ap15eod3m

S. MATHIAS
MERCHANT TAILOR!
98 EXCHANGE ST.
The Largest & Finest Assortment.
A NEW AND SKILLFUL CUTTER.
THE LOWEST PRICES.
ap9 dtf

REMOVALS.

Removal.
WILLIAM ROSS, Treasurer of the Portland, Bangor and Machias Steamboat Co., has removed his Office from 179 Commercial Street to Railroad Wharf at the landing of the Co's Steamer.
mar23 dtf

GRAND
Industrial Exhibition
under the management of the
PORTLAND
Board of Manufactures
THE
PORTLAND INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION
will be holden in
City Hall Building
COMMENCING
Tuesday Evening, June 9th, 1874
AT 7 1-2 O'CLOCK,
And continue, Day and Evening, ten Days or More.

The object of this Exhibition is to gather together specimen products from all our factories and workshops, thereby demonstrating the importance of Portland as a manufacturing center.
A deep and widespread interest is manifest on the part of manufacturers, artizans and inventors of the city.
The applications for space already received is ample assurance that the Exhibition will possess all the attractions that space in City Building will permit.

Letters relating to the Exhibition should be addressed to the SEC'Y PORTLAND INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION, who will extend any desired information, and file all applications for space and entry.
The Exhibition will be open daily from 9 A.M. to 10 P. M.
The prices of admission will be: Single admissions 25 cents. Children under 12 years of age 10 cents. Schools will be admitted as a body, in charge of their teachers, at reduced rates, made known by the Secretary upon application.

C. P. Kimball, W. L. Dana, J. B. Brown, C. E. Jose, Geo. E. B. Zackson, Wm. Curtis, W. W. Thomas, Jr., Board of Manufacturers.
C. P. KIMBALL, C. E. JOSE, W. W. THOMAS, Jr., } **Exec. Com. on Portland Industrial Exhibition.**
M. A. BLANCHARD, Cor. Sec.
my2 d&wtf

DAVIS & CO.
KID GLOVES!
Just opened a full line of
Thomson's Seamless Kid Gloves,
in all the choice colors, together with our regular large variety of other popular makes.
HOSIERY!
in all the popular makes and styles.
Special Bargains in Ladies' Balbriggan Hose at 35 cents, worth 50.
Children's White, Plain and Fleeced, all sizes, at 25 cents.
Children's Fancy Hose in all the new Stripes.
CORSETS!
Our assortment is now perfect, having added a few new French patterns. We now claim to excel all previous seasons.
Laces and Trimmings!
New and desirable Yak and Malta Laces and Passamenterie for Dress and Sacque Trimmings.
Buttons, Ornaments and Beads.
NECK WEAR.
Every

THE PRESS.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 20, '74

EVERY regular attache of the PRESS is furnished with a *Card* certificate countersigned by Stanley T. Fallon, Editor. All railway, steamboat and hotel managers will confer a favor upon us by demanding credentials of every person claiming to represent our journal, as we have information that several "bummers" are seeking courtesies in the name of the PRESS, and we have no disposition to be, even passively, a party to such frauds.

We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are in all cases indispensable, not necessarily for publication but as a guaranty of good faith.

We cannot undertake to return or reserve communications that are not used.

A Lesson of the Disaster.

Elsewhere will be found a letter of reminiscence and comment, suggested by the frightful disaster among the Hampshire villages, from a graceful pen that touches nothing which it does not adorn. Now, while the horrors of that day of death and destruction are fresh in the minds of all men, it may be useful to call attention to some practically relevant lessons. In the first place, generally, inspectors of all things which may be dangerous should reflect that any laxity in their examinations or requirements is likely to bring upon their consciences the crushing responsibility for human lives. Several men in Massachusetts are now conscious within themselves, however they may be regarded by their fellow men, that they are jointly and severally the murderers of more than a hundred human beings. Every man who had aught to do with the continuance of the insecure reservoir must feel an individual responsibility for the result. So everybody, whose duty it is to inspect, to or the protection of the public, steam engines, railroad bridges, boats, walls or dams, should perform his task with the feeling that if he yield an iota in the strictness of his inquisition, the mark of Cain may be justly set upon him. And every owner or constructor of buildings, dams or structures of any kind, who feels tempted for economical reasons to lessen the proper thickness of his walls or use inferior materials, should thing of what befell in Massachusetts from a similar pennywise policy.

There are undoubtedly many places in the country where a similar casualty is quite possible and a great deal of overhauling and strengthening of dams will ensue. In our own immediate vicinity this possibility exists. More apprehensions have been for years entertained about the security of the dam at the outlet of Sebago Lake than were ever excited by the condition of the Williamsburg reservoir. This Seabgo dam is a venerable structure of more than forty years standing, and, we believe, is composed of logs. It is thrown across the point where the waters of the lake pour into the Presumpscot River and it raises the surface of the lake from four to eight feet according to the season. Near this outlet, with a narrow intervening bank of earth, is the opening of the Cumberland & Oxford Canal, with a shaky old lock to transfer boats between lake and canal. Should any break occur in this dam—over which a thick sheet of water flows at some seasons of the year,—or the canal bulkhead, or should the water work through the earth between them and undermine the end of the dam, the Massachusetts disaster would be rivalled, if not excelled. Of course it is impossible to foresee the course of a vast volume of water let loose in this way, but it seems quite certain that it would substantially follow the present channel of the river as far as Saccarappa, where a part of it would be likely to seek the old channel to Fore River at Stroudwater or across the isthmus to Back Cove. The destruction of Gambo, Little Falls and Saccarappa would be inevitable, river side farms would be inundated, the Ogdensburg railroad would suffer largely and the miscellaneous damage would be immense.

An alarming feature of this situation is the lack of any official power to obviate the danger. Several attempts have been made by parties whose property is threatened to secure protection, but the owners of the dam say it is safe enough"—just what they said at Williamsburg—and this menacing flood still hangs, like the sword of Damocles, over the Presumpscot valley. There seems to be no authority under our laws for inspection and improvement, and we must depend, until the session of the next Legislature, upon the conscience of the dam-owners, quickened, we may hope, by the events of Saturday.

A REMINISCENCE of the golden age comes from Brunswick in the shape of a bill bearing the date of 1807, against a prominent citizen of that town, who must have been addicted to mighty potations in his day. The yellow paper is strewn thickly with charges for gallons of rum and quarts of brandy, among which, like specks of gold in the unproductive quartz of a wildcat mine, are occasionally to be seen debits for a quarter of a pound of tea or a pint of molasses. The month of September of that year appears to have been a very dry month, as witness these items: 7th, 1 qt. rum; 8th, 1 pt. brandy; 11th, 1 gall. rum; 13th, 1 pt. brandy; 14th, 1 quarter pound tea; 15th, 2 qts. rum; 17th, 1 qt. brandy; 19th, sundries; 23d, 2 qts. rum; 25th, 2 qts. brandy; 29th, 1 pair pantaloons, and 1 gall. rum—the last answering for a waistcoat, probably. In the good old days this was called a grocery bill. Truly the manners of men change with the times. If the gentleman in whose face this bill was thrust by some dirty-faced boy sixty-seven years ago was a fair sample of Brunswick men the dealer in wet groceries must have reaped a rich harvest in the course of a few months. Possibly with the proceeds he built one of those fine old houses which line Federal street of the college town.

CHARLES A. BOUTELLE is again seated firmly in the editorial chair of the *Whig*, and is directing the destinies of that journal with his pristine vigor and efficiency. It is subject for congratulation for Bangor and for the State that the leading newspaper of the east is to remain in the hands of a gentleman of so high personal character and a journalist of so large capacity and with so high an appreciation of the dignity and responsibility of his profession as Capt. Boutelle. It is a good thing for the Republican party, too, that the *Whig* is sure to be faithful without subserviency, and will always represent the best side of things within the party—will fully and strongly maintain the only true ground in politics, that the road to purity and reform is inside and not outside that party.

THE overthrow of the De Broglie ministry savors of poetical justice. It came into power about a year ago, through the efforts of a coalition of the extreme right with the left centre, and it goes out of power through a vote of want of confidence carried by the same coalition. The adherents of the pretenders, Bonaparte and Bourbon, supported the septennate as a temporary expedient, a sort of breathing-spell. De Broglie appears to have been honest in his desire to sustain it, and by his persistency provoked the revolt of the monarchists. Advantage was taken of the issue of the electoral law, a temporary union formed between radicals and reactionists, and the ministry overthrown. The situation is an embarrassing one. The President cannot form a cabinet out of the discordant elements of the temporary majority, and he has shown no disposition to appeal to the people.

THE unlooked for speech of Earl Russell in the British House of Lords on his motion for information respecting the action of the English government in the matter of damages sustained by the Fenian raids into Canada from the United States, touched the subject of the Geneva arbitration. Indeed, if so great a man could do such a thing, the noble Earl evidently made the Fenian business the pretext of a speech on the negotiation which resulted in the award, which of course he denounced. He said that the late elections indicated what the country thought of it. The revival of this subject by Earl Russell is taken by the leading English papers as a signal for violent dissent to the treaty of Washington and the Geneva award.

ONE of the delegates to the National Prison Reform Congress in session at St. Louis struck the right key when he said that the true work of the Congress should be to establish "tormatories," and then there would be but little need of reformatories. The care of the little ones is the initial point of reform, he thought, and he strongly advocated the establishment of schools for educating homeless and school-less boys. People like to give for such a purpose, while they don't understand nor sympathize with all the plans for prison reform. These suggestions were received very favorably, and one delegate remarked that though he believed in making prisons reformatory, he could not advocate making purgatory more agreeable than heaven.

THE American Farmers *Advocate* for May, published at Indianapolis Ind. devotes much of its space to criticisms of the organization known as Grangers. The *Advocate* asserts that the motives of nine-tenths of the members are pure but is very doubtful respecting the designs of the balance. The principal charge made is that the leaders of the organization are fostering a class spirit at variance with the liberal spirit of our free institutions, doing practically what the labor reformers have failed to do respecting labor and capital. The *Advocate* also goes very sharply after Senator Morton for his efforts to expand the currency.

ENGLAND for years has been famous for the high character of her seamen of all grades, and from the fostering care that the government and people of that nation give to this source of wealth and greatness, it is evident that Britannia yet proposes to rule the wave. As an evidence of this, is the fact that sixteen large training ships are supported for the merchant service for homeless and destitute boys and as a means of discipline for boys of vicious tendencies. These school ships are supported in part by the government and partly by voluntary subscriptions.

ST LOUIS is rejoicing over the presence of a party of New York gentlemen whose aggregate capital is estimated at one hundred and sixty millions of dollars, and whose influence controls two hundred millions more. These capitalists have large interests in Missouri and Kansas internal improvements, and are making a thorough examination of the railroads, mines and iron furnaces of the first named state, with a view to further investments. St. Louis looks them over complacently, and winks triumphantly at Chicago, as who should say, "Score one for me."

IT is to be hoped that the opinion of prominent Senators that the Northern Pacific bill has no chance of success, is well grounded. Its friends may not push it; but the Northern Pacific, Southern Pacific, Centennial and other lobbies, if they should unite, would form a combination that would make up a force of such power as to quite overcome the resistant power of a weak-kneed Congressman.

Current Notes.

The New York *Herald* is seeing war clouds in Europe. It thinks that Bismarck is intent on war with France.

The St. John *Telegraph* calls attention to the fact that Monday was the ninety-first anniversary of the landing of the American loyalists in that city who left the thirteen colonies for their love of "king and country" to make a home in the wilderness.

The Board of Education of Philadelphia has voted 18 to 9 to allow colored teachers to instruct in white schools. The *Press* says that the most noteworthy thing in the vote is that both parties voted for it; or in other words, three Democrats voted for it and one against it.

The New York *Tribune* is not pleased with the election or probable election of Mr. Eaton as United States senator by the Democrats of Connecticut. "The election of Mr. Eaton to the United States Senate, much as it might please the Administration party, would be a gratuitous offense to the Liberals and the Conservative Republicans who supported the ticket." Isn't it about time that the *Tribune* should know that Democratic party isn't run in the interest of the Liberals or other scattering voters?

The New York *Herald* in noticing the rapid scattering of the Arkansas factions when President Grant took a hand in the business, remarks that we have a strong government at Washington as there is in the world and that "when an issue is made the federal government is supreme and powerful enough to overrule State authority. Jackson showed this in the Nullification act of South Carolina, and it was tested, though severely and at an enormous cost of life and money, in the late secession war."

John Boyle O'Reilly publishes in the Boston *Pilot* a piece of poetry entitled, "The Ride of Collins Graves," who is the heroic man who alarmed the people of the villages below, that the treacherous Williamsburg dam had burst.

Parson Brownlow has written a sharp letter in defence of his position on the Civil Rights bill. He declares that "the 25,000 white Republican voters of East Tennessee have resolved to get along without the colored voters sooner than submit to this sum of villanies and quintessence of abomination, known as the 'co-education of the races.'"

The Springfield *Republican*, in its comments on the Williamsburg calamity, says: "By and by, perhaps, we shall get it beaten into our heads that sham, considered from a purely business point of view, doesn't pay; indeed, is the poorest of all possible investments."

John Bright has written a letter to Mr. Dorman B. Eaton of the Civil Service Commission in which he strongly commends that reform. He says the working of the system in England has met with general approval, and, after the experience of some years, it would now be impossible to go back to the old system. He adds: "Your proposed reform is a great undertaking. I hope the good sense of your people will enable you to complete it."

Necrology.

Gen. George L. Hartsuff who died in New York on the 16th inst., was born in Tyre, N. Y., May 28, 1830. He graduated from West Point in 1852, and was commissioned second lieutenant in the artillery. In 1862 he was appointed brigadier general, and in a few months after was promoted to major-general. He approved himself an able officer, and won much renown by his valor at Stone Mountain and Antietam. His death was hastened by wounds received in the service.

Baron Henri de Triqueti, whose death is announced by cable, was a sculptor whose name has been associated with French art for more than forty years. His "Death of Charles the Bold," first brought him into notice in 1832. Since that time he has executed many works, the most noticeable of which is the "Petrarch and Laura."

Gabriel Charles Gleyre, the artist, whose death was announced Saturday, was a native of Switzerland, but passed nearly all his life in Paris, and was emphatically a painter of the French school. He painted classical subjects principally, and many of his best works, such as Hercules and Omphale, are well known in this country through the medium of Goupil's charming engravings. His greatest painting, now in the Museum at Lausanne, is that representing the Romans put under the yoke by the Swiss, a composition of great power. Gleyre was sixty-seven years old.

Edward Kauffer, who died on the 13th ult., was one of the most successful of the minor German poets, and his writings during the year of revolution, 1848, gained for him much reputation. Of late years he resided in the suburbs of Leipsic, where he had built himself a home—which became noted as the most artistically arranged house in all Germany.

Prof Loomis, of Yale College, like ex-President Caswell, of Brown University, has been making comparisons between the April which has just left us and its predecessors for 69 years, and he finds that it had a mean temperature of six degrees below the average of any of them. The records have only been kept at New Haven for 69 years, but that is long enough to give our youngest April a very bad reputation.

Washington News and Gossip.

RESULTS OF THE SENATORIAL CAUCUS.

The Senate caucus on Monday considered the civil rights bill, the Arkansas matter, and the time of adjournment. The differences in regard to the civil rights bill is upon the sections applying to schools and asylums. The caucus was unable to agree on these. An attempt was made to commit the caucus to a proposition for investigating the condition of affairs in Arkansas. There was, however, very little strength developed for this project. The general feeling was that it was best now to let the matter quiet down there with as little interference from Washington as possible. A resolution for adjournment on the 22d of June was agreed to, and will be passed and sent to the House to-morrow. It was decided to rush the appropriation bills rapidly, and to soon take up the question of transportation.

SERIOUS ASPECT OF EX-MINISTER WEBB'S CASE.

In regard to the card published in the interest of ex-Minister Webb, claiming that some of the despatches in regard to the settlement of the matter in question were lost, the answer of the State Department is, that all of Mr. Webb's despatches were numbered, and the whole series is now complete. There has been no explanation of the fact that $25,000 of the fund in dispute was deposited by Mr. Webb to his own private account in London. Judge Hoar read the entire correspondence of Mr. Webb in regard to the matter before he made his statement of the case on the floor of the House. The Department is anxious to have Mr. Webb return to this country, and it is said in the card that he will.

BUTLER CIRCUMVENTED.

On the 23d of March last, on motion of Mr. Pierce of Boston, the House of Representatives passed a resolution "directing the architect of the Capitol to cause the telegraph instruments located in the corridors of the south wing of the Capitol to be so isolated that it shall be impossible to for any unauthorized person to hear and obtain messages," &c. Mr. Edward Clark, in a letter to Speaker Blaine, relates the difficulties in the way of accomplishing this object, and recommends that the instruments be muffled in the manner recommended by Superintendent Smith of the Franklin Company. The recommendation of Mr. Smith is as follows: "My own idea of the best way to accomplish what seems to be required would be to enclose the office with suitable surroundings, corresponding nearly to that of the present office of the Western Union Company, then to place in the office a silent instrument, comparatively; that is, an instrument requiring an ear trumpet leading from the instrument to the operator's ear, similar to a description of instrument used at one time by competing companies when the Western Union controlled the Morse patents. Mr. Knapp is familiar with them, and can describe them fully to you. Also to place around the hand of the operator a screen, so that the motion of his hand when transmitting cannot be observed by persons looking into the office. This would seem to me preferable to any attempt to place the operator in a secluded room, as he might in such case allow people inside his office unobserved; whereas, situated in the corridor, the office is so public that an operator will not dare to do such a thing as it would be too readily observed." Mr. Leonard Whitney, the manager of the Western Union office, writes to Mr. Clark, proposing another plan for accomplishing the object. He says: "I note your suggestion that the sound of the instrument be muffled, but I do not think it would accomplish the object. A more satisfactory arrangement, I think, is to dispense entirely with the sounder, which has been done in our public office, leaving the operator only his relay to read from, which reduces the sound to the minimum necessary for his own ear. I think you will agree with me that this will effectually secure the object."

A Highway for the Nations.

The return of the Government Commission from an examination of the Nicaragua and Napipi routes for a proposed interoceanic canal revives the interest felt in this subject. The Commission will probably not be ready to make a report to this session of Congress, several months being necessary for a careful comparison of the merits of the two routes, as well as for deliberation on all the attendant questions of interest. Captain Selfridge will probably make his report to the bureau, this week, but his statement must necessarily be simply a review of the details of the trip over the Napipi route, as he was not one of the Commission, but went in the capacity of a guide over the route which is so familiar to him. Of the nature of the recommendations to be made by the Commission nothing can be learned from the Commissioners themselves; indeed, they state that without further careful consideration of the subject, they are not prepared to express any opinion as to the comparative merits of the two routes.

Among those, however, who are familiar with the results of the various explorations made during the last one hundred years, there can be but one opinion as to the question to be considered by this Commission. As we have repeatedly shown, the Napipi route is much the most feasible and practicable of all those surveyed. In this question, however, as in other great matters of national concern, local prejudice and personal preference will be brought to bear, even against the plans which, viewed apart from such influences, is the best of any that can be proposed. The people of Panama are naturally arrayed in opposition to any canal project which does not promise to conduce to the prosperity of their isthmus. Hence they strongly oppose any plans based on surveys made in other localities. The Panama papers and the Panama correspondents of the New York dailies are exercising every possible influence to throw discredit upon the merits of the Atrato surveys. The correspondent of one paper even goes so far as to invent a report to the effect that the Commission had already condemned the Atrato route before starting for home.

We have authority for stating that the Commisssioners deny having expressed any judgment on the subject. The proposed interoceanic canal must necessarily be a matter in which the commerce of the whole world is interested, and the effort to make the selection of a route dependent on local issues can have but little influence when the final tests are applied. Napoleon III. once dreamed that his destiny would lead him to the successful solution of this great problem of connecting the waters of the Atlantic and the Pacific; but the explorations under his patronage resulted with as little benefit to the world's commerce as did his raid in Mexico to the prestige of the French throne. The work of building the long-talked-of canal is but a question of time, and we trust it will be the glory of the American nation, as it manifestly is its privilege if not its duty, to accomplish the great undertaking.—*Boston Globe.*

Crusade Notes.

In Jackson, O., twelve out of sixteen grog shops have been closed up through the persuasions of the crusading ladies.

Mrs. Stewart of Clinton, Iowa, has obtained a verdict for $11,500 against a liquor dealer who sold to her husband.

At Lincoln, Nebraska, the crusading ladies are visiting the saloons in pairs, to avoid the ordinance which prohibits praying assemblies.

At Pittsburg, Pa., the crusaders are at work, in spite of the Mayor's proclamation against them. At Logansport, Ind, the crusade has just been inaugurated.

The temperance laborers in Worcester find encouragement in recent statistics which show that the number of places where liquor is sold in that city was 632 in 1872; 395 in 1873 and is now only 238, being a decrease in two years of 379.

Mrs. Minnie E. Smith has recovered $500 damages against the hotel keeper in Guilford Centre, Vermont, for injuries resulting from selling intoxicating liquors to her husband and father.

The newly-elected City Council of Cincinnati were in such a great hurry to repeal the Sunday liquor ordinance that they could not wait for the regular meeting, and called a special meeting for the purpose. Their conduct so far has been such that it would be a difficult thing to elect them over again.

The ladies of Chicago are circulating pledges in English, German, Swedish and Norwegiane Active work is being done in this way, and there have been also a series of successful mass temperance meetings. The various Catholic temperance societies made an imposing public demonstration recently.

The temperance women of Columbus, O., in spite of the bitter opposition they have met with, have accomplished a good deal of genuine work. Their League numbers 516 members; they have obtained 6000 signatures to the citizens' pledge; ten druggists' signatures; seventeen physicians' signatures; sixty property holders and four saloon keepers signed the pledge, and six stopped selling without signing; and fifteen grocers have closed their bars.

SOUTH CAROLINA OFFICIALS IN TROUBLE.—Governor Moses and ex-Treasurer Humbert of Orangeburg, S. C., have been indicted by a Republican grand jury on charges of breach of trust and fraudulent intentions, and for grand larceny. Solicitor Butler moved that Judge Gorham issue bench warrants for the arrest of the parties. The Judge reserved his decision. The indictment charges Moses with having counselled and advised Humbert, the defaulting County Treasurer, to use $6000 of the State taxes to pay his [Moses's) private debts. The Court granted bench warrants for the arrest of Moses, and the sheriff left Orangeburg Monday night for Columbia The order fixes the bond at $6000 for trial at the present term. The Attorney General promises to be in Orangeburg on Wednesday to prosecute the case.

This is the season for fish and storm stories in the South, and some of the narratives that have found their way into print already this spring are of a lively character. Oglethorpe, Georgia, is excited over the fall of a perch, over five inches in length, into a gentleman's buggy and Corrollton, Kentucky, is priding itself over a hail scower, in which the stones ranged from the size of a bird-shot to that of a goose-egg.

The Williamsburg Disaster.

To the Editor of the Press:

The late calamity at Williamsburg renews the recollection of other similar disasters, the particulars of which have a special interest at this time.

The town of Glover in Orleans county, Vermont, had a pond originally known as Long Pond, and now better known as Runaway Pond. "It was," says the author of the "History and Description of New England," "one and a half miles long and about half a mile in width, and discharged its waters to the south, forming one of the head branches of the river Lamoille. On the 6th of June, 1810, about sixty persons went to this pond for the purpose of opening an outlet to the north into Barton river, that the mills on that stream might receive from it an occasional supply of water. A small channel was excavated, and the water commenced running in a northerly direction. It happened that the northern barrier of the pond consisted entirely of quicksand, except an incrusting of clay next the water. The sand was immediately removed by the current, and a large channel formed. The basin formed by the incrustation of clay was incapable of sustaining the incumbent mass of water, and it broke. The whole pond immediately took a northerly course, and in fifteen minutes from this time its bed was left entirely bare. It was discharged so suddenly that the country below was instantly inundated. The deluge advanced like a wall of waters sixty or seventy feet in height and twenty rods in width, levelling the forests and the hills and filling up the valleys, and sweeping off mills, houses, barns, fences, cattle, horses and sheep as it passed, for the distance of more than ten miles, and barely giving the inhabitants sufficient notice of its approach to escape with their lives into the mountains. A rock supposed to weigh more than one hundred tons was conveyed more than half a mile from its bed; the waters moved so rapidly as to reach Memphremagog Lake, distant twenty-seven miles, in about six hours from the time they left the pond." A minute account of this occurrence appeared in one of the scientific journals of the period, and it was also made the leading incident of a novel written some years afterward by John Galt, father of the present Sir Alexander T. Galt.

Some thirty or forty years ago in Switzerland, a glacier of immense size fell across a mountain stream and dammed it up, causing an immense accumulation of water behind it. The inhabitants consulted engineers and finally decided to have the glacier tunnelled at its base so as to draw off the water gradually. Before this could be accomplished, however, the glacier melted, weakened and broke, letting loose a flood of water which swept away villages and their inhabitants, with a havoc which will long be remembered.

Some years ago a proposition was introduced into the Legislature of Maine for the chartering of a corporation with power to divert water from Richardson Lake so as to reach the Androscoggin at Rumford through Ellis River. This was opposed by mill owners in New Hampshire, who claimed that they had vested rights to the use of the water which it was sought to divert. There were also fears among the inhabitants of the region through which the water thus diverted would pass, that the Vermont experience might be repeated, and that Richardson and its associate lakes, might, on suitable temptation find for themselves a new outlet. The proposition was not successful with that Legislature, and has not since been urged.

I find among my memoranda the following extract from a manuscript history of Groton in Massachusetts, written by Caleb Rutter, many years ago. I do not know that it has ever been published:—"On the eastern bank of Groton is Massapog pond, formerly of more than a mile in area. The outlet of the pond was anciently on the easterly side, and a considerable millstream entered at the south end. At the north end was a ridge of land about six rods in width and to the north of that the land was about forty feet lower than the common surface of the pond. At this place one Adams built an overshot mill and conducted the water to the wheel by a sluice across the sand-bank. About the year 1700, (the exact time is not known) the water found a small passage by the side of the sluice, and the sand being very loose a large chasm was soon formed, the sand bank rent to its base, the mill overwhelmed and the water of the pond, more than thirty feet in depth, rolled off in an irresistible flood. As the pond bottom was uneven, large quantities of fish were left in the cavities. The remaining pond is now about a mile in length and half a mile in breadth. The mill stones have never been found, though diligent search has been made for them. A small brook now enters the pond at the place of the ancient outlet from the meadow through which the brook formerly passed. The water which carried the mill found its way along the lowland about three or four miles and then fell into the natural brook. The water which rolled off on the demolition of the sand-bank, took the same course, and that is now the outlet of the remaining pond. If we suppose the water which left the pond to have been equal to a square mile in area and thirty feet in depth (not an exaggerated supposition) its whole weight was more than twenty-three millions of tons. The ground which was left bare is now principally woodland, on which are white pines and white and red oaks two and a half feet in diameter. The prevailing growth is white and yellow pines.

It is a traditionary story that Adams' servant saw the water first making its way by the side of the sluice, when as he afterward said, he could have stopped it with a hat full of sand; but being disaffected toward his master for not allowing him butter in his porridge, which he used himself, he chose to let the water take its course, and enjoy the gratification of his taste for the sublime instead of that for butter."

G. T. D.

News and Other Items.

Building is stagnant in New York.

The wine crop of the United States is 20,000,000 gallons.

Alamo, Ind., proudly points to George Fruits, who is 111 years old and has 100 descendants.

As is customary at this season, the papers are beginning to announce that this is the year for the seventeen year locusts.

Bennett, it is said, is anxious to challenge Weston as soon as that gentleman accomplishes his present failure.

California is enjoying a bountiful crop of strawberries. On the 3d inst., 40,000 pounds of the fruit arrived at San Francisco, selling for more than $4,500.

Joseph Arch, it is said, is working himself to death in the cause of the British laboring men. His voice is hollow and his physical weakness painfully evident.

Tea and coffee may be superseded by a Brazilian tree, which produces a fruit about the size of a walnut, whose active principles identical with that found in tea and coffee.

A Mississippi man has recovered $25,000 from the Southern Railroad for killing his wife, and is preparing to invest in another matrimonial speculation. He says it beats cotton planting all hollow.

Peter Baker of Indianapolis has had his nose broken four times. That nose ought to be crusaded. It evidently has a bad habit of being out till 3 o'clock in the morning and going home intoxicated.

The Adamses, for some remarkable reason, didn't attend the late Democratic reunion. Probably they had no invitation; and really no one can tell at this period how things will turn out in 1876.

"The most expensively dressed man I ever saw," writes a sailor correspondent, "was an African chief. His wives had anointed him with palm oil, and then powdered him from head to foot with gold dust."

Sojourner Truth, who is still hale and hearty, partook of the communion in the Methodist Metropolitan Church, in Washington, last Sunday, being the first colored person who ever enjoyed the sacred rite there.

Jeff. Davis, when last heard from, had attended a recent examination of deaf and dumb children in London, and Earl Granville introduced him as a "distinguished stranger who wished to inform himself of the method of their education."

During the war a Mr. Pallum of Monroe, Mich., was confined and beaten in Libby Prison by a rebel officer named Cady. He has ever since nursed the insult, and last week, meeting Cady in Munroe, he settled the little difference by pummelling him grandly.

The President on Monday informed several members of Congress who called to see him, that he could distinguish but little difference between the Senate Finance bill now pending in the House, and the one which he vetoed, and that he would regret to see it pass the House. The latter body, therefore, will know how to save valuable time.

STATE NEWS.

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY.

In the case of Dr. Trask, indicted for child murder, which has been on trial at Auburn for some days, the jury on Tuesday returned a verdict of guilty.

The Journal says the stallion Black Sultan owned by C. Butman of Plymouth, was brought to Lewiston Friday, on his way to Buckfield. He was put into a stable to be fed, where he choked himself with a mouthful of hay. He coughed violently for half an hour, before relieved at all, but was so as to be taken to Buckfield Saturday. He seemed much better, but on Sunday, congestion of the lungs supervened and he died in the afternoon. Mr. Butman has refused $10,000 for the horse.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

The valuation of Waterville has been raised about $318,000 during the past year. The Selectmen are placing the town debt at six per cent., which will be something of a saving over previous rates.

Thirty-one candidates were baptised by immersion at Pishon's Ferry, Clinton, last Sunday.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

Launched at South Bristol, May 13th, by A. & M. Gamage, a steamboat of about 90 tons, owned by Thomas F. Price and others of Greenport, N. Y.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

The merchants of Bangor are alarmed by the presence of a "fire bug" who seems determined to burn the business portion of the city. Sunday night an attempt was made to fire the east side, but the fire-ball went out without communicating to a pile of shavings, for which it was intended.

Saturday afternoon O. E. Eames, esq., of Oldtown, had a very narrow escape from drowning by being thrown from a raft of lumber, which he was running from Great Works. While going through Corporation falls he was thrown by the oar from the raft into the swift current, but by good fortune dragged his oar with him and managed to keep himself above water till aid arrived.

Potatoes were selling lively on the Bangor market Monday at $1 00 to $1 10 per bushel.

The Bangor Whig says notwithstanding the fears to the contrary the Spring has thus far been unusually favorable for driving on the rivers, and the last rain has much helped matters.

A Catholic Total Abstinence Union was recently formed at Orono, which now numbers thirty members.

The Whig says a river driver named Libby lay down on the outer ends of the sleepers of the E. & N. A. Railway track, near Kingman, Saturday, and fell asleep. He was rudely disturbed by a passing train, and attempting in his half-awakened state to arise, he was struck on the head and in the side by the cars above him. His clothes were nearly torn from him, and his companion took offence at the force with which a boot struck him in his dreams. No serious injury was done.

YORK COUNTY.

Our Springvale correspondent says on Sunday, the 17th inst., an union baptism took place on the Mousam river, Springvale, when thirty-two converts experienced the rite. A lovely day in addition to the novelty of the affair attracted a large concourse of people, and fully fifteen hundred persons witnessed the scene from the river's banks.

S.

Put the System in Fighting Tune.

The great object in cases of indigestion and its accompanying derangements of the liver, bowels and nerves, is to put the stomach in a condition to dissolve, readily and without pain, the food submitted to its action. This is accomplished, and much more than this, by the daily use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. A dose should be taken before every meal. The good effect will soon be apparent. The loss of flesh, strength and energy which usually occurs in dyspepsia will be arrested. The determination of bile to the skin will cease, and that cathartic fluid will pass into the bowels and assist in keeping them free. Every organ connected with or dependent upon the stomach will be toned and renovated. The kidneys, the sliters of the system, will be beneficially influenced, as well as the liver, the alimentary canal and the pores. In short, the whole organization will be put in the fighting trim necessary to resist and expel disease. If the medicine is taken regularly and persistently, this result will inevitably follow.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

New Shawls, Dress Goods, Percales, Prints, Children's Cloaking,
&c., &c., at the very lowest prices at
my20sn3t A. B. BUTLER'S.

Wilbor's Cod Liver Oil and Lime.

The friends of persons who have been restored from confirmed consumption by the use of this original preparation, and the grateful parties themselves, have, by recommending it and acknowledging its wonderful efficacy, giving the article a vast popularity, in New England. The Cod Liver Oil is in this combination robbed of its unpleasant taste, and is rendered doubly effective in being coupled with the lime, which is itself a restorative principle, supplying nature with just the agent and assistance required to heal and reform the diseased lungs. A. B. WILBOR, Boston, is the proprietor. Sold by all druggists.
my20 eod1w

Notice.

All persons having bills or accounts against the "Portland Army and Navy Union" will please present them for payment to T. J. LITTLE, Treasurer, 49½ Exchange Street, on or before the 21st inst.
my18 sn3t

LADIES' SKIRTS, SKIRTING AND UNDERWEAR
in good variety at
A. B. BUTLER'S.
my20sn3t 154 Middle Street.

Schlotterbeck's Moth and Freckle Lotion

A safe and sure remedy for removing Tan, Pimples, Moth Blotches, Freckles and Eruptions from the Skin, rendering it soft and fresh and imparting to it A MARBLE PURITY.

PRICE FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.

Prepared only by A. G. SCHLOTTERBECK & CO., Apothecaries and Chemists, 393 Congress street, one door above Brown, Portland, Me. au26sn1t

THE MOST
Wonderful Discovery of the 19th Century.
DR. S. D. HOWE'S
ARABIAN MILK-CURE
— FOR —
CONSUMPTION,

And all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST and LUNGS. (The only Medecine of the kind in the world.)

A Substitute for Cod Liver Oil.

Permanently cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Loss of Voice, Shortness of Breath, Catarrh, Croup, Coughs, Colds, &c., in a few days, like magic. Price $1 per bottle.

ALSO

DR. S. D. HOWE'S
Arabian Tonic Blood Purifier,

which DIFFERS from all other preparations in its IMMEDIATE ACTION upon the

LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BLOOD.

It is purely vegetable, cleanses the system of all impurities, builds it right square up, and makes Pure Rich Blood. It cures Scrofulous Diseases of all kinds, removes Constipation and regulates the Bowels For "GENERAL DEBILITY," "LOST VITALITY," and "BROKEN DOWN CONSTITUTIONS," I "challenge the 19th century" to find its equal.

Every Bottle is Worth its Weight in Gold.

Price $1 per bottle. Sold at retail by all druggists. W. F. PHILLIPS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Portland.

DR. S. D. HOWE, Sole Proprietor,
161 Chambers St., New York.
mar7snWS&M3m&weow11

Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets and Fancy Goods
CHEAP AT
A. B. BUTLER'S.
my20 sn3t

DR. CARLTON KIMBALL
May be found at his Office as usual, on and after
MONDAY, MAY 18th,
and will give his undivided attention to the practice of
DENTISTRY
in all of its branches. my16sn1f

Don't do it!

Solid comfort is only obtained by a smoke when the article consumed is really good. A poor cigar is worse than none. Don't pay a *high price* for a *domestic*, when you can buy an **Imported** Havana Cigar, *The Feliciana*, for $9 00 per 100 or 11 for $1.00. This brand is much admired by all who try them.

WM. ALLEN, JR.,
No. 11 Exchange St.
my18

The best Place to Purchase
SUN UMBRELLAS & PARASOLS
At A. B. BUTLER'S, 154 Middle St.
my20 sn3t

REMOVAL.
MRS. SPRINGER
has removed her Studio to
ROOM 3, CLAPP'S BLOCK,
Where she will receive pupils in Object-drawing and Painting, as usual.
mar23 sntf

RAILROAD TICKETS
— FOR —
BOSTON,
ONLY $2.50.
— PER —
BOSTON & MAINE,
— OR —
EASTERN RAILROAD.

Liberal discount made on packages of twenty or more. For sale by
WM. ALLEN, JR.,
NO. 11 EXCHANGE STREET.
my18 sndtf

FOR SALE.

New House on west side of Emery Street, head of Cushman Street, 10 rooms, with all the modern improvements. Apply to
A. B. STEPHENSON,
121 COMMERCIAL STREET.
Also lots of land on Cushman, Lewis and Clark Streets. my5sntf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO LET.

One large Store House on Custom House Wharf, suitable for heavy storage or Fish packing.

—ALSO—

One store suitable for Grocery or other light business, with dock privilege.
Apply to
GEO. W. EDDY,
fe5sneodtf 91 Middle Street, Room 7.

Partner Wanted.

Partner wanted with from $3000 to $5000, in a profitable and safe business, well established and making money. Address P. O. Box 1260 with full particulars. All communications will be treated as strictly confidential. my19sn1w

COUNTY BONDS.
CITY BONDS.
SCHOOL DISTRICT BONDS.
REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES.

All carefully selected in the west, paying 10 to 12 per cent interest. Very safe as well as profitable.

CHARLES M. HAWKES,
96 MIDDLE STREET.
Jun13 sntf

Farewell, O farewell to thee, Shop round the corner,
Thy close, narrow walls were no refuge to me,
And the man who once shaved there was after a scorner.
Thus the Knight of the Razor sung proudly and free.

No longer all hampered, the Tonsorial Artist
Must bend to his work in the close-stifled room,
For he speaks, and all Portland proclaims him the smartest,
And he and his partner have passed from their gloom.

MORRELL & DELANO! Exchange Street is smiling,
To think that "100" is now called *your* place,
Where cool fragrant baths all our sorrows beguiling
And the keen razor glides o'er each glad smiling face.

O shop round the corner, in gladness we leave thee,
Thy glo m and thy darkness o'ershadowed us long,
And had we swect roses we never would weave thee
A garland—or give you a place in our song!

MORRELL & DELANO

Have left the Little Shop round the Corner, and are now at Smith's Old Stand, at

100 EXCHANGE ST.,
my14 PORTLAND. sn1w

MARRIED.

In Ferry Village, May 16, by Geo. F. Henley, Esq., Otis C. Sprague of Millbridge and Cora J. Doughty of Cape Elizabeth.

In Augusta, May 11, Clarence C. Steward and Persis Z. Barker.

In Waldoboro, May 2, Layfayette W. Benner and Miss Hattie E. Hahn.

DIED.

In Bath, May 17, Jane M., daughter of Wm. F. and Janet B. Cutler, aged 17 years 6 months.

In Bath, May 19, Col Jeremiah Cotton, aged 73 yrs.

In Saginaw City, Mich., May 18, Merwin A. Jones, aged 4 years 10 days.

[Funeral services Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, at No. 232 Cumberland street.

DEPARTURE OF OCEAN STEAMERS

Name.	From	For	Date
Abyssinia	New York	Liverpool	May 20
City of Merida	New York	Havana	May 21
Metropolis	New York	Bermuda	May 21
Olympia	New York	Glasgow	May 21
Acapulco	New York	Aspinwall	May 23
India	New York	Glasgow	May 23
City of Richmond	New York	Liverpool	May 23
Baltic	New York	Liverpool	May 23
Atlas	Boston	Liverpool	May 23
Nevada	New York	Liverpool	May 26
Columbus	New York	Havana	May 26
Nevada	New York	Liverpool	May 26
Hansa	New York	Bremen	May 26
Portl	New York	Bermuda	May 27
Russia	New York	Liverpool	May 27
Ville de Paris	New York	Havre	May 30

Miniature Almanac ..... May 20.

Sun rises.....4.34 | Moon sets..... AM
Sun sets.....7.19 | High water..... 3.15 PM

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF PORTLAND.

Tuesday, May 19.

THE PRESS.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 20, '74

THE PRESS

May be obtained at the Periodical Depots of Fessenden Bros., Marquis, Robinson, Brunell & Co., Andrews, Wentworth, Glendenning, Moses, Henderson, and Chisholm Bros., on all trains that run out of the city.
At Biddeford, of Pillsbury.
At Saco of L. Hodgdon.
At Waterville, of J. S. Carter.
At Gorham, of News Agent.
At Bath, of J. O. Shaw.
At Lewiston, of French Bros. and Stevens & Co.
At Kennebunk, of C. E. Miller.

CITY AND VICINITY.

New Advertisements To-Day.

AUCTION COLUMN.
Plants—F. O. Bailey & Co.
Horses, &c—F. O. Bailey & Co.
SPECIAL NOTICES.
A. B. Butler's Announcements—4.
Wilbor's Cod Liver Oil and Lime.
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
Gladiolus—Wm. Morton & Son.
For Sale—A pleasant two story House.
The Ladies—Geo. C. Robinson & Co.
Rubber Hose—Hall.
To Let—Furnished Chamber.
Wanted—Lobenstein.
Evergreen Cemetery—Flower Vase.
Trees, &c—Wm. Morton & Son.
Sale of Forfeited Goods—I. Washburn, Ja.
A Rare Business Chance.
Wanted—E. S. Percival & Co.
Wanted—Girl.

Stated Meetings.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

The regular meetings of the City Council take place the first Monday evening of each month.

The School Committee meet the fourth Monday evening of each month.

MASONIC

At Masonic Hall, No. 95 Exchange Street.

YORK RITES.

BLUE LODGES—Ancient Land-Mark, first Wednesday; Portland, second Wednesday; Atlantic, third Wednesday.

CHAPTERS—Greenleaf R. A. C., first Monday; Mt. Vernon, R. A. C., third Monday.

COUNCIL—Portland C. R. & S. Masters, second Monday.

COMMANDERIES OF K. T.—Portland, fourth Monday; St. Albans, second Thursday.

GRAND BODIES—Grand Lodge, first Tuesday in May; Grand Chapter, first Tuesday evening in May; Grand Council, Wednesday 3 P. M.; Grand Commandery, Wednesday evening.

MASONIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION—Fourth Wednesday in every month.

ANCIENT ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITES.

LODGE—Yates Grand Lodge of Perfection, firs Friday.

COUNCIL—Portland Council P. of J., second Friday.

CHAPTER—Dunlap Chapter Rose Croix de R., third Friday.

CONSISTORY—Maine Consistory, S. P. R. S., fourth Friday in March, June, September and December.

I. O. O. F.

At Odd Fellows' Hall, No. 88 Exchange Street.

LODGES—Maine, on Monday evenings; Ancient Brothers, on Thursday evenings; Ligonia, on Friday evenings; Beacon, on Tuesday evenings; Ivy, D., of R., second and fourth Saturday.

ENCAMPMENTS—Machigonne, first and third Wednesdays; Eastern Star, second and fourth Wednesdays; Portland, first and third Saturdays.

RELIEF ASSOCIATION—Every third Tuesday in the month.

TEMPLARS OF HONOR.

At Templars' Hall, No. 100 Exchange Street.

COUNCIL—Maine, first and third Mondays in each month.

TEMPLE—Forest City, No. 1, every Wednesday evening.

MAINE CHARITABLE MECHANIC ASSOCIATION—Corner of Congress and Casco streets. First Thursday in each month.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—Corner Congress and Casco streets. Every evening.

PORTLAND FRATERNITY—No. 333½ Congress street. Every evening.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Bramhall Lodge, No. 3 Thursday evenings; Munjoy Lodge, No. 6, Monday evenings. At their Hall, Clapp's Block, Market Square.

PORTLAND ARMY AND NAVY UNION—Corner Congress and Brown streets. First Tuesday in each month.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE—Portland Division, No. 95; Sons of Temperance Hall. Friday evening.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS—Arcana, Monday; Mission, Wednesday; Forest City Saturday—in Williams' block, Congress street. Mystic, Thursday; Atlantic, Tuesday;—at Sons of Temperance Hall, Congress street. Iron Clad, Thursday, West End.

PORTLAND TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION, No. 75—Corner Congress and Casco streets. Second Saturday in each month.

PAYSON LITERARY SOCIETY.—Meetings every Monday evening, Brown's Block, cor. Brown and Congress streets, at 7½ o'clock.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION, Congress Hall Block. Second Monday in each month. Delivery of books, 2 to 6, 7 to 9, day and evening.

BOSWORTH POST G. A. R.—Meetings every Friday evening in Mechanics' Hall, corner of Congress and Casco streets.

PATRIOTIC ORDER SONS OF AMERICA—Camp No. 1 convenes at Aroana Hall, Williams' block, corner of Congress and Chapel Sts., Tuesday evening; No. 2 at School House, Turner's Island, Cape Elizabeth, Friday evening; No. 3 on Wednesday evening and No. 4 on Monday evening at Temperance Hall, No. 351½ Congress street.

Supreme Judicial Court.

JUDGE VIRGIN PRESIDING.

TUESDAY.—Harriet N. Wood vs. John C. Proctor. Trover for $5000 in Portland City bonds. On trial.
Strout & Gage. Strout & Holmes.

Superior Court.

MAY CRIMINAL TERM, 1874—SYMONDS, J., PRESIDING.

SIXTH DAY.

TUESDAY.—Court came in at half past eight.—Judge Symonds delivered a very able and exhaustive charge to the jury occupying fifty-two minutes. Our limited space prevents us from giving even a brief abstract of the charge but he instructed the jury in substance as follows: If you find that the respondent took his wife, as he says, gently by the arms and carried her from one room to the other and placed her lightly upon the sofa then he is guilty of no unlawful act and he is entitled to a verdict. If, on the other hand, he seized his wife by the hair, dragged er from one room to the other and threw her with more or less violence on the sofa, then I say to you there is no justification, and it would constitute an assault and battery. If you further find from the testimony in the case that such an assault and battery was committed and that by reason of that unlawful act death ensued the crime is manslaughter and a general verdict of guilty should be rendered.

The jury retired at a quarter of ten. At a quarter of twelve they returned into Court and requested that the testimony of Deshon might be read to them which was done and they then retired.

During the afternoon it was rumored that on the first ballot they stood ten for conviction and two for assault and battery, and shortly after eleven for conviction and one for assault and battery.

At six o'clock the jury returned into Court with a verdict of guilty of manslaughter.

When the foreman announced the verdict Pike, whose conduct and bearing during the case has been exceedingly mild and candid under the circumstances, turned a little pale and requested the officer to send for his counsel, Gen. Mattocks, who was absent at the time.

Exceptions will probably be filed by his counsel during the term.

The case of State vs. Austin Leonard of Windham for incest with his daughter was then taken up and was on trial when Court adjourned.

Municipal Court.

JUDGE MORRIS PRESIDING.

TUESDAY.—Charles Dumphy, Frank Horr, Alfred Izatt & William Parks. Intoxication. Fined $5 each with costs.

John Donovan, John Leonard and Margaret Welch. Intoxication. Thirty days each.

James McDonald. Larceny. Sixty days.

George A. Cole. Assault with intent to commit a rape. Continued.
Reed. A. A. Strout.

York County S. J. Court.

BEFORE JUDGE WALTON.

TUESDAY.—Court organized. Rev. Joseph A. Kyte chaplain. J. D. Pulsifer stenographer.

The grand jury the same as last term. The traverse jury are:

1st jury—Horace Bodwell, Acton, foreman; John M. Allen, Saco; Obed T. Bickford, Dayton; Charles E. Chick, Limington; Ansel Chick, Lebanon; Eliot P. Day, Cornish; Moses W. Emery, Sanford; Frank Fall, Sanford; Samuel Fernald, 3d, Kittery; Wm. A. Fernald, Kittery; Charles Pray, Shapleigh; Sumner S. Richards, Saco.

2d jury—Moses G. Hill, Buxton, foreman; Amzi L. Foss, Limerick; John W. Foss, South Berwick; Isaac P. Gooch, Kennebunk; John H. Goodwin, Alfred; Robert P. Kendall, Biddeford; Stephen Martin, Parsonsfield; Thomas J. McDaniel, Hollis; Albert C. Mildram, Wells; Freedom Porcher, Biddeford; W. H. Randall, Berwick; Ivory C. Smith, Waterboro.

Ten jurors excused. Five supernumeraries.

Forenoon session—Docket called. 593 continued actions, more than half of them at first call put upon trial list. County Attorney Lunt is with the grand jury.

Brief Jottings.

Clearing weather.

Mr. Fuller, the curator of the Natural History Society, had a fine variety of jelly-fishes on exhibition at the society rooms yesterday afternoon.

It is reported that one of the conductors on the Eastern road is going to sue the officers of the road for defamation of character. He lays his damages at $25,000.

An attempt was made the other day to scare one of the conductors on the Boston & Maine by telling him that the officers of the road had detectives on his train, but the old gentleman wouldn't take the sell.

Officer Coombs of Lewiston, has found the team of George Deering of Deering, which was stolen in Deering on the 5th of this month. He found the wagon in Auburn and the horse in Durham.

Parts 11 and 12 of Guizot's France have been received at Coffin's book store.

Maginley & Co.'s menagerie and circus is on the way to this city.

Gov. Dingley arrived in town last night on the ten o'clock train from Boston, and is the guest of Benjamin Stevens, jr., esq.

Conductor Bodge says he has been sick two weeks, but has had no notice of the suspension which has been rumored. He intends to go to his position on the road as soon as he recovers from his illness.

The ordinance respecting the numbering of carts, etc., was enforced when Mr. Heald was Marshal with good results—so we are told.

MARINE ACCIDENTS.—A dispatch was received at the Merchants' Exchange yesterday, saying that the schooner Edith L. Steers from Portland to Sidney, Cape Breton, struck Soldiers' Ledge, Sunday, and put into Yarmouth, N. S., with rudder and part of her keel gone.

The bark Charles S. Fobes from Halifax, arrived in the harbor yesterday morning. When off Cape Sable, in a thick fog, she was run into by a schooner, and the starboard rail cut down to the deck. Some other damages were done, but two or three hundred dollars will pay for the repairs. The unknown schooner left her head-gear on the brig. It is not known what became of the schooner. She had a small cargo of coal for Randall & McAllister.

ARMY & NAVY UNION.—The Army & Navy Union held an adjourned meeting last evening to hear the reports of the committee who were appointed to make arrangements for their anniversary and to consider the matter of accepting the invitation of the Grand Army to turn out Memorial Day. They voted to celebrate their anniversary on the 26th by going to the Kirkwood House, and to start at nine o'clock, and go by the Boston & Maine. There will be excellent music for the occasion, and they are anticipating a good time generally.

They also voted to join the Grand Army in observing Memorial Day. A committee was appointed to make all necessary arrangements for the occasion.

PHILIPS PHILLIPS.—This celebrated singer will give one of his fine concerts at City Hall Friday evening, The Philadelphia Age speaks of his singing as follows:

"Last evening, at a large meeting held in the Academy of Music, Mr. G. H. Stuart introduced Mr. Phillips, remarking that, although his friends told him he had no ear for music, he was not ashamed to say he had eyes that could weep with President Lincoln, as Mr. Phillips sang his touching songs in the Hall of Representatives at Washington. The singer then sang, and was rapturously encored, again and again."

BASE BALL.—At a meeting of the Base Ball Clubs of the State, a State Association was formed with the following officers: President, S. R. Small of Portland; 1st Vice President, ——Glasford of Hallowell; 2d Vice President ——; Seeretary and Treasurer, Frank Day of Stevens Plains. The clubs have until June 6th to enter the Association, and pay their entrance fee, which is five dollars for seniors and three dollars for juniors. They can then send delegates to Brunswick.

SMITH'S WHARF.—The Boston & Maine are repairing Smith's wharf for their freight business. They are laying three rails the whole length of the wharf. To do this they have to widen it several feet, which is being done by driving piles the whole length. At the further end they are putting in a drop landing to accommodate the Eastern steamers which will touch there to take the freight directly from the cars.

INDIA STREET ENTERTAINMENT.—The young ladies of the India street Universalist Society will bring out the delightful operetta known as "Little Maud," this evening, at the vestry of the church. This society know no such word as fail, and we are sure the young laides of it will not be the first to learn it. Give them a good house.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—Mr. Francis Murphy will speak on temperance at Saccarappa this evening. Mr. Murphy has been making a lecturing tour through Aroostook and Piscataquis counties, where he has been doing a good work. He is President of the State Reform Club Association, and labors under their auspices.

ANNUAL ELECTION.—Emerald Boat Club have elected the following officers: President, D. D. Hannegan; Vice President, Edward F. Brady; Thomas J. Welch, Recording Secretary; R. H. Parker, Corresponding Secretary; L. O'Connell, Treasurer; Board of Trustees, E. Brady, A. H. Larkin, E. McShane.

STREET SPRINKLING.—Capt. Hall has completed his preparations for sprinkling the streets with salt water. He has finished his tank on Cross street and now pumps water from the dock into it, and from the tank into his sprinklers.

PORTLAND CADETS.—The Portland Cadets made a fine display last night on the street. They turned out with a good number of muskets and were headed by Chandler's Band of eighteen pieces. They marched through the principal streets and returned to their armory.

MUSIC HALL.—Ward's variety troupe is meeting with great success. The managers are well pleased with their success here and are determined to place the best artists to be had before the public. The house was filled last evening.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—There will be a union temperance prayer meeting in the chapel of the State street church this evening at 7 1 2 o'clock. The Rev. I. Luce will preside. The invitation is cordially renewed that all interested be present at this meeting.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES.

F. O. BAILEY & Co., sell to-day at their salesroom a splendid assortment of plants in pots and baskets, from the conservatory of Albert Dirwanger. See auction column.

RINES & ROBERTSON are selling great bargains in cashmere shawls. apr27eodtf

25,000 CONSUMPTIVES in the United States are to-day using Dr. S. D. Howe's Arabian Milk Cure for Consumption. It gives immediate relief with the most satisfactory prospects of being permanently cured. For coughs, co'ds, hoarseness, catarrh and asthma it is infallible.—*See Advertisement.*

MRS. MANCHESTER, so long and favorably known for the wonderful cures she has made, is still at the U. S. Hotel, where she will remain ten days longer.

OPEN EVENINGS.—For the better accommodation of our customers we shall keep our store open every evening until 9 o'clock, and Saturdays until 10 o'clock, from this date to July 4th. GEO. C. ROBINSON & CO., proprietors of the Cogia Hassan store. my19-2t

FLOUR.—A choice line of St. Louis and Patent Flour can be found at Wilson & Co.'s, at prices to conform with the times. my19-2t

2,000 Pairs Kid and Doeskin Driving Gloves, 75 cents, worth $2.00, at J. Burleigh's 89 Middle street.

FOR Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic, and Bilious Fevers, use Dr. S. D. Howe's Arabian Tonic Blood Purifier. ap16-4t

MINOR TELEGRAMS.

The river St. John, New Brunswick, is rising fast in consequence of recent rain, and the hopes of lumbermen are reviving.

The Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Rochester, N. Y., Thomas Raines manager, closed its doors yesterday morning. The failure of a heavy dry goods firm a few days since is supposed to have been the immediate cause of the failure.

The mill operatives in St. John have given notice that they have abandoned the eighth section of their constitution, which required members not to work in the same mill with those not belonging to the association. This will have the effect of settling all difficulties.

In Chicago Monday night a mass meeting of the workingmen was held. Resolutions were adopted endorsing the platform of the national convention and denouncing the efforts to abrogate the eight hour law.

George Holleran, aged 31, and Charles Paterson, aged 30, were drowned in Gloucester, Mass., Saturday night, while intoxicated. Paterson was a Swede and one of the crew of the schooner Henry B. Stanwood. Holleran leave parents and other relatives in Woburn.

Base ball at Baltimore—Bostons 3, Baltimores 2.

The wheat crop of Texas is now out of danger.

A. Liscomb, an esteemed citizen of Taunton, Mass., hanged himself in his barn in that city yesterday. Ago 60 years.

Aid for the Sufferers.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 19.—Mayor Lewis has just returned from the scene of the catastrophe in Massachusetts, and has called a meeting of citizens for to-morrow night to take further measures for the relief of the sufferers. The cashiers of all the city banks have been appointed agents for the receipt of subscriptions. Gov. Ingersoll has appointed a committee to go at once to the ruined district on behalf of the State, and to draw from the appropriation made to-day in the Legislature.

The Swing Heresy Trial.

CHICAGO, May 19.—In the Swing heresy trial yesterday the entire morning was consumed in settling points of order. Resolutions were adopted limiting the time allowed each voter to explain his vote. Rev. Dr. Patterson spoke two hours. His speech was the strongest effort made on behalf of Swing. He argued the question from a theological stand point.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MATTERS IN MAINE,

Found Guilty.

LEWISTON, May 19.—The case of Dr. Peleg B. Trask, charged with manslaughter by the death of an infant through criminal negligence, was given to the jury Monday evening. The jury were out all night and this morning brought in a verdict of guilty.

Launching.

BATH, May 19.—Goss, Sawyer & Packard launched to-day a fine barque of 1175 tons, named Xenia. She is owned by the builders and others and Capt. Abel Reynolds, Jr., late of barque Xenia sold to a German house and now called Jonann Ludwig.

Maine Sunday School Convention.

BANGOR, May 19.—The annual session of Maine Sunday School Convention opened here to-day with full attendance from all parts of the State. Hon. J. S. Wheelwright was elected President. The day was occupied in listening to papers and discussions on Sunday school topics.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Robery.

LANCASTER, May 19.—The store of G. W. & N. W. Labby at Whitefield was entered by burglars last night. They blew open the safe with powder and took therefrom $300 or $400 in currency besides papers of value. Although the store is centrally located the report of the explosion failed to attract attention and the robbers were permitted to escape with their booty unmolested.

Novel Legislation.

MANCHESTER, May 19.—Leading democrats are making active preparations for the June session of the legislature at Concord to expediate business. Sub-Committees were appointed some time since by the State Central Committee to draft important bills, among them a license law, a new judicial and senatorial bill and a bill to redistrict the wards of Manchester. Some prominent democrats advocate the adoption of the provisions of the United States with reference to the license question. The State officers to be elected by the legislature is a prominent topic. Hon. Wm. Butterfield of Concord, late editor of the Patriot, will probably be Secretary of State; Hon. Wm. Barrows of Plymouth and Hon. Albert Hatch of Portsmouth, are the leading candidates for the Speakership of the House, and Samuel R. Jackson of Littleton, and Charles Smith of New Market for clerkship, Joseph G. Dearborn of Weare is the leading candidates for State Treasurer in the field. section. E. C. Eastman of Concord is a prominent candidate.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Effects of High Freights.

BOSTON, May 19.—The high cost of railroad freights on grain and other products from the West have compelled the Cunard Company to seriously contemplate withdrawing all their steamers from the Liverpool and the Boston route and transferring them to New York. The proposition causes much feeling in in business circles and efforts are being made to induce railroad managers to lower their rates.

Aid for the Hampshire County Sufferers.

At a meeting of the citizens held in City Hall to-day, committees were appointed and other arrangements made for sending prompt relief to the suffers from the Mill River disaster, at which $3000 were subscribed at the meeting. A committee of five were appointed to visit the scene of the flood.

New Projects.

At an adjourned meeting of the Old Colony Railroad stockholders to-day, the committee to superintend the voting on the question of purchasing or subscribing for shares in an incorporated company, running steamboats in connection with the road to New York to an amount not exceeding $750,000, and in a company running to the islands in Vineyard Sound for an amount not exceeding $40,000, reported that the whole number of shares was 66,921, of which 34,461 were necessary for a vote, and that upon the question 35,206 had been cast in favor and 3,369 against. The report of the committee having been accepted the meeting adjourned.

Various Matters.

LOWELL, May 19.—It is proposed here to divide the Lonisiana subscription, and give a portion to the sufferers by the recent calamity at Haydenville and contiguous towns.

The committee of the City Council on public banking will organize to-morrow afternoon and commence the erection of bathing houses along the banks of the Merrimack.

A hearing was granted the remonstrants against the street railroad extension by the City Council this evening. Definite action was not taken, but so grave were the objections urged that it will probably be amended radically before it is passed.

The Mill River Disaster.

SPRINGFIELD, May 19.—Several thousand more people visited the ruins in Mill River Valley to-day. Some twenty of the missing dead bodies have been dug out of the ruins of the buildings and deposits of sand, and 25 or 30 more are still to be recovered. The Legislature committee has examined the reservoir and found it was very poorly built. The specifications were not fulfilled and the dam seems to have been built to slide off as it did. Some 400 volunteer laborers were at work today digging over the ruins for dead bodies, and a thousand are expected to-morrow. All the destroyed villages but Skinnerville will probably be rebuilt, and already enough relief—some $50,000—has been contributed to take care of the poorer victims of the disaster.

NEW YORK.

The Case of Mr. Shanks of the Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The Supreme Court has affirmed the decision of Judge Gilbert that Mr. Shanks of the Tribune, shall answer as to who was the author of an article which appeared in that paper. Mr. Shanks sailed last Saturday for Europe.

Burglars.

After nearly a week's operations burglars worked through the walls of a tenement and bonded warehouse on Washington street, where they cleared out a case or two of satin worth only $400, with which they got clear last night. They left several cases of lace and silk untouched.

Nice Officers.

The action of a policeman, who arrested the manager of a rink for styling him a fool because he (the policeman) objected to a new doorkeeper being placed on duty in place of one who had been stealing, was endorsed by one of our magistrates, and Police Commissioner Gardner boldly stated yesterday in the examination of the Teresa Small abduction case, that he would enter any man's house without a warrant from the court if he thought fit to do so.

Sporting.

The United Schutzen Association continued its opening festival in Schutzen Park, Union Hill, N. J., to-day. The attendance was large, and the different corps well represented. The shooting was remarkably good. Theo. Klein of this city, shot ten times in the bull's eye. Mr. Bird of New York, made 73 rings on the target of honor, being the best shooting on record. Mr. Harting of Philadelphia, made 40, and Mr. Belcher 34 rings.

Various Matters.

The subscriptions for the Mill river sufferers now exceeds $3500.

The remains of Gen. Hartsuff were buried at West Point to-day.

Ex-Gov. Washburne of Wisconsin, sailed today for Europe.

Thomas J. Barr, a custodian of Fenian funds has not been arrested. He claims $10,000 of the $16,000 expended in counsel fees.

A commission of physicians has been appointed to inquire into the shanty of Kate Stoddard.

William M. Evarts and George Ticknor Curtis have given opinions that Schroeder's resignation of the Brooklyn Comptrollership was complete, that he cannot withdraw it, and that the Common Council is authorized to fill the vacancy by ballot.

Mrs. Maloney who, in a dispute struck Hermann Schmitt a terrible blow with a brick in Brooklyn a week ago, has been arrested, as Schmitt's injuries are likely to prove fatal.

Sixty of the striking coopers returned to work to-day, their employers agreeing to their terms.

WASHINGTON.

The Sanborn Matter.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The Committee of Ways and Means had before it this morning a Mr Dickerman, a Boston lawyer, who furnished the committee with an interesting history of F. A. Prescott, Sanborn's lawyer. He detailed the circumstances by which Prescott fleeced a New Bedford boot and shoe dealer out of $900 on pretence of settling for him a case of insufficient income tax. He gave a succinct history of Prescott's career from the time he was a clerk in the internal revenue bureau, when he divulged correspondence from the Boston District Attorney's office, until the time when this same District Attorney (Mr. Hilliard) made a motion for Prescott's admission to the bar in ignorance of his antecedents.

As to Sanborn, he scouted the idea that he was a mysterious man. He would as soon think of mentioning Daniel Pratt in that character. He believed that Sanborn was simply put forward as a man through whom knowledge and information of revenue frauds might be utilized by others.

The Pacific Mail Subsidy.

The House Committee on Postoffices to-day agreed to report that the contract made with the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., giving a subsidy of $500,000 per annum for additional mail service, is null and void by reason of the non-fulfillment of the contract; that this sum heretofore appropriated be covered into the treasury, and that no additional appropriation be made under the contract.

Treasury Balances.

The following are the Treasury balances to-day:—Currency, $10,497,842; special deposit of legal tenders for redemption of certificates of deposit, $55,490,000; coin, $88,230,129, including coin certificates $35,928,400; outstanding legal tenders, $382,000,000.

The Approaching Marriage of Miss Grant

Workmen to-day commenced the decoration of the ast room of the Executive Mansion, in which is to take place Thursday morning the marriage of Miss Grant to Mr. Sartoris. Three hundred invitations have been issued. The object on the part of the President's family seems to have been to render the wedding as private as possible, carefully avoiding everything that would give to it an official character. The only foreign representatives present will be Sir Edward Thornton, together with Lady Thornton, they being of the same nationality of Mr. Sartoris. The guests will be the more intimate friends of the President's family, such as Justices of the Supreme Court, members of the Cabinet, Speaker Blaine, Senators Conkling, Frelinghuysen and A. G. Thurman, Gen. Sherman, Admiral Porter, George W. Childs, A. J. Drexel, Adolph E. Borrie, together with the ladies of their respective households and others of various cities. During to-day a large number of splendid and valuable presents were received.

The District Investigation.

In the District investigation to-day testimony was given by Senator Harlan as to the circumstances already published under which he offered to pay Mr. Corcoran's taxes for ten per cent. less than their face, the object being thereby to collect bills due the Chronicle. He also stated that N. S. Ordway had had a mortgage against the Chronicle amounting to $10,000, and that it was released by Henry D. Cook accepting notes and mortgage held by Ordway as security for the amount advanc by Cooke. Cook gave him to understand the money was his brother Jay's. He did not know the sum advanced belonged to the poor fund of the city, which is in part made up by the Washington Market Co., of which Ordway is the managing director.

Col. Wright Rivers, a West Point graduate and Civil Engineer, was recalled and gave as the result of the measurements made by him prior to commencement to the District investigation specifications showing that the government has overcharged by the board upwards of 190,000. He never found but one instance in which the United States were undercharged.

Forty-Third Congress—First Session.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 19.

Six Senators were present at the opening, but a quorum arrived in a quarter of an hour.

A joint resolution for the adjournment of Congress June 22d was taken up and passed.

The bill for the benefit of occupying claimants on public lands was passed.

Mr. Wright introduced a joint resolution proposing an additional amendment to the constitution that all claims and demands against the United States be presented or prosecuted within ten years after they accrue, or else be forever barred.

The bill authorizing San Francisco to use the Presidia reservation as a port was taken up. The bill went over at the expiration of the morning hour, and the legislative appropriation bill was taken up.

Mr. Hamlin moved to strike out the proviso making the office of Congressional printer appointive by the President instead of elective by the Senate, from the date of the first vacancy. Carried unanimously, and the Superintendent of Public printing remains an office in the Senate.

Mr. Morrill of Vt., submitted an additional section repealing the clauses of the last sundry civil appropriation bill, which appropriated $600,000 to replace worn out and mutilated national bank currency, each national bank to reimburse the treasury for printing its notes.

Mr. Sargent said the effect would be to relieve national banks from the cost of printing their notes, and raised a point of order that it was new legislation and could not be received under the rules adopted yesterday.

The Chair (Mr. Ingalls,) sustained the point of order and ruled the amendment out.

Mr. Morrill appealed but the decision was sustained.

An amendment providing for the employment of 62 clerks of class three, instead of 57, in the office of the Auditor for the Postoffice Department was agreed to.

The appropriation for contingent expenses in the executive office was increased from $4000 to $6000.

Several minor amendments were adopted providing for the Third Assistant Secretary of State, allowing additional clerks in the State Department, etc., and authorizing the unexpended balance of the $250,000 appropriated for the Geneva Commissioners to be used towards the payment of expenses of the Fishery Commission which meets at Halifax in July next.

Ten chiefs of divisions were authorized in the Treasury Department.

Mr. Edmunds submitted an amendment to the third section, which prohibits civil officers of the government receiving perquisites or making private use of public property so as to provide that it should not prevent the employment and payment by the Department of Justice of district attorneys, as now allowed by law, for the performance of services not covered by their salaries and fees. Agreed to.

The pay of the officers of the document room increased yesterday, was replaced at the old figure

Several amendments for the increase of the salaries of subordinate officers were ruled out on points of order.

Mr. Morrill of Vt., moved to amend the 3d section of the bill in the clause forbidding civil officers using the government property for their own private use, so as to exclude the Commissioner of Agriculture from the operation of the section.

After some discussion Mr. Morrill withdrew his amendment.

Mr. Frelinghuysen submitted an amendment providing that the section should not be construed to prevent the Commissioner of Agriculture from residing in the Department, and said that he offered the amendment in good faith.

Mr. Edmunds said the fact of the Commissioner residing in the Department had been a reproach in the eyes of the people of the country for years.

Mr. Pratt inquired if the rooms in the building occupied by the Commissioner as his residence, were necessary for public service.

Mr. Edmunds said government was paying from $100,000 to $200,000 annually far the rent of a building in this city, and if these rooms were not needed for the Agricultural Department they could be used by the Interior department.

Mr. Cameron defended Judge Watts, while Mr. Saulsbury denounced the Agricultural Department as useless.

Mr. Morrill of Maine, moved to lay the amendment on the table. Lost—yeas 22; nays 24.

The amendment was then rejected. Yeas 21, nays 22.

On motion of Mr. Howe, the appropriation for the purchase of books for the library of Congress was increased from $8000 to $9000.

Mr. Windom submitted an amendment for an increase of four in the clerical force of the office of the Comptroller of Currency, which reinstates the number dropped by the House. Agreed to.

Mr. Morrill of Maine, offered an amendment authorizing the Sdcretary of War to detail enlisted men for duty in the Adjutant General's office. Agreed to. He also submitted amendments to reinstate five clerks in the office of 1st Comptroller of the Treasury, and two in the office of the 1st Auditor. Agreed to.

Mr. Sargent moved to strike out the following words in the first section of the bill, "or shall make any private of such property or of services or labor of any person in the employment or service of the United States, which service or labor is paid for by the United States, provided this shall not be construed to deprive any officer of the United States of such fees as are or may be expressly provided by law in addition to the salary or compensation of such officer, or of the use of such property as may be expressly by law to the use of such officer." Agreed to.

The section as amended reads that no civil officer of the government shall hereafter receive any compensation or pequisite directly or indirectly from the Treasury or property of the United States beyond his salary or compensation allowed by law, provided that this shall not be construed to prevent the employment and payment by the Department of Justice of district attorneys as now allowed by law for the performance of service not covered by their salaries or fees.

Mr. Flanagan moved an amoudment fixing the compensation of the pages of the Senate at $3 instead of $2 1-2 per day. The amendment was ruled out on point of order under the rule adopted yesterday.

Mr. Frelinghuysen moved an appropriation of $2500 for the museum of the Agricultural Department. Rejected—yeas 14, nays 26. He next moved an appropriation of $1500 for chemicals and apparatus and $3000 for microscopes for that department. Agreed to.

The bill was then reported to the Senate and the amendments of the committee agreed to with the exception of the section relating to covering into the Treasury of unexpended balances, which was modified so to provide it should take effect July 1st, 1875, instead of 1874, as the committee recommended. The clause appropriating $15,400 for an assay office at Charlotte, N. C., which the Committee on Appropriations struck out, was reinstated by the Senate with an amendment striking out the item of $11,000 for a clerk.

The bill was then read a third time and passed.

Mr. Sargent, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported with various unimportant amendments the sundry civil appropriation bill, which was ordered to be printed.

Mr. Frelinghuysen moved to proceed to the consideration of the civil rights bill, upon which motion the yeas and nays were ordered. The roll call showed but 33 Senators present, and there being no quorum, at 5.30 the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

The House took up the Senate amendment to the naval appropriation bill, in which some concurred and others non-concurred. The latter was sent to a committee of conference. The Speaker appointed Messrs. Hale of Maine, Scofield of Penn., and Marshall of Ill.

The bill to remove the political disabilities from Thomas Claiborne of Tennessee, was passed.

The House took up the bill from the Ways and Means Committee, to amend the custom laws and to repeal moities.

Mr. Dawes of Mass., moved to strike out the third section and add a provision to the sixth section, that any informer may have perpetual right of action against a federal officer who is paid any money by an informer.

Mr. Beck of Ky., offered an amendment prohibiting any member of Congress acting as agent or attorney for persons sued by the government.

Mr. Roberts explained the bill.

Mr. Beck opposed the third section of the bill, which requires parties to produce books and papers. He considered the moiety system a disgrace to any country, alluded to Ben. Butler and Senator Conkling as counsel for custom house officials.

Mr. Wood followed at considerable length in discussion of legislation as it affects taxation and revenue.

Mr. Beck of Ky., in the course of his remarks alluded to the statement of Judge Davis before the Committee on Ways and Means that when the Phelps Dodge matter was settled in the Treasury Department, Senator Conkling and Gen. Butler were standing by and demanding these penalties, a thing he said, which no Senator and no representative ought to be allowed to do and if my amendment prevails they never will do any more.

Mr. E. H. Roberts of New York, asked:—Does the gentleman think it just the thing to say a man is guilty because no evidence is submitted that he did not receive pay?

Mr. Beck—No guilt attaches at all. He had the right to be there under law, but I say that law should not exist. I deny that a man who is a leading administration Senator should have the right to go and advise against citizens and to have weight of his influence and his name and his authority, standing as a menace of a man who comes here to demand justice. I insist that this third section should be struck out of the bill as perpetuating a system which ought not to exist for one minute. Custom houses have become dens on account of their political power to contract the primary elections, pack conventions, stuff ballot boxes and perpetrate frauds such as ought to be impossible in any free country.

Mr. Kasson of Iowa, another member of the Committee on Ways and Means, while condemning the law under which such outrages had taken place, warned the House against sweeping away all guards and barriers. In this position he said he was supported by a majority of the merchants who had appeared before the Committee. He defended the third section of the bill and argued that it ought not to be retained. In regard to the abolition of all moities he expressed the fear that in fleeing from one set of evils they were going to encounter some others.

Mr. Burchard, another member of the Committee on Ways and Means, gave his cordial and hearty support to the bill but intimated he would have liked to have seen the whole system of custom house oaths abolished.

Mr. Niblack, another member of the Committee on Ways and Means, also advocated the bill, except as to the third section, which he opposed as anomalous and unusual. The government should be allowed to find its evidence, just as private citizens, without having to call on the adverse party for books and papers.

Mr. Beck said he had been informed by Mr. Roberts that his (Beck's) amendment might endanger the passage of the bill and as he regarded the bill too important to run any risk in the matter he would withdraw the amendment and offer it with the bill which will be reported in the Sanborn contracts.

Mr. Dawes, chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, closed the debate in a speech supporting the measure.

Mr. Butler of Mass., asked his colleague to state that he (Butler) had been first to introduce a bill this session to prevent customs officers receiving any part of the fines, penalties and forfeitures.

Mr. Dawes—I believe that it is true, but that bill was to take away from officials their share of these moities and to leave it to the informer. The informer is to have half of the whole. In every position in society, in every place and in every calling the informer is an odious and despised being. Everybody shrinks from him. By the common sense of justice, decency and honor, he is universally despised when he goes about making it his business to inform against his neighbor. But let him do it for pay. Let him be understood to go up and down the earth paid to inform against his fellow men, and the intensity of the hatred with which he is despised and with which he ought to be hunted around the earth is increased ten fold. Add to that he is to have one-half of all he can make out or his calling. He is bad enough when he volunteers without compensation, from a motive of malice or otherwise to inform against his neighbors, but when he does it for half of of the fruit of his cursed employment, the door of decent society ought to be and will be shut against him. The lesser may be tolerated among men, he may be regarded with pity and compassion, but the foul, putrid, putriscent informer who goes about the earth assured of half of what he can make by his information finds no harbor of countenance or society among men. But should the government of the United States take the wages of his sin and of his iniquity and divide them with him? It is he who has the last refuge of this system. One after another the others are let go or thrown overboard, but the man who is under no control who is fool loose, is to be saved and guarded by new legislation.

The official service of the United States is being sapped and mined, and no such thing as honest public service for fair and reasonable compensation in the revenue service can long be maintained unless some radical reform like this is made. The evil does not stop with the informer. The moiety system which has existed for the last ten or fifteen years, growing every year in the enormity of the amounts gathered by the men, like a ball of snow that has been growing little by little, until it has become a great and overshadowing evil.

The House proceeded to vote on Mr. Dawes amendment to strike out the 3d section of the bill and to add to the 6th section. The amendment was agreed to, 97 to 93, and the bill as thus amended was passed.

The bill has been heretofore published, the 3d section is struck out and the 6th section modified as follows:

Sixth section—That except in cases of smuggling as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for any of the officers of the Internal Revenue Department, directly or indirectly, to receive, accept or contract for any portion of the money which may under any of the provisions of this act accrue to any such person furnishing information, and any such officer who shall so receive, accept or contract for any portion of the money that may accrue as aforesaid, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be liable to a fine not exceeding $5000 or imprisonment for no more than one year at the discretion of the court, and shall not thereafter be eligible to any office of honor, trust or emolument; or any such person so furnishing information as aforesaid who shall pay any such officer of the United States or any person for his use, directly or indirectly, any portion of said money or any other valuable thing on account of or because of such money, shall have a perpetual right of action against such officers or other persons and his legal representative to recover back the same or the value thereof.

Mr. Smith of New York, from the Election Committ

POETRY.

The Long Days

Yes, they are here again, the long, long days,
After the days of Winter, pinched and white;
Soon, with a thousand minstrels comes the light.
Late, the sweet robin-haunted dusk delays.

But the long days that bring us back the flowers,
The sunshine, and the quiet-dripping rain,
And all the things we knew of Spring, again,
The long days bring not the long-lost long hours.

The hours that now seem to have been each one
A Summer in itself, a whole life's bound,
Filled full of deathless joy—where in his round,
Have these forever faded from the sun?

The fret, the fever, the unrest endures,
But the time flies. . . . Oh, try, my little lad,
Coming so hot and play-worn, to be glad
And patient of the long hours that are yours!

—*Atlantic Monthly for June.*

Donna Evornia.

Translated for the Press from the French of Biart.

CHAPTER III.

The Mexican custom of exposing the bodies, faces uncovered, never wrapping them in shrouds, placing them uncoffined in the ground,—was it introduced into the country of the Montezumas by emperors, or was it only an Atzec tradition? Satisfactory documents are wanting to give light upon this point of archaeology, and I had often promised myself to search it out. But life is short. It scarcely suffices to those who wish to study—to discover only a few truths. It is true that the bodies of the Indian chiefs were exposed publicly before being burned, nevertheless it would be rash to conclude anything from the standpoint of modern customs.

Evornia had sent away the women from her chamber, but she had not been able to hinder them from arranging the body of her husband for a last view. Don Felipe lay upon a bed strewn with flowers, his face turned to the window, holding between his fingers a chaplet of beads. He was crowned with marigolds, and at his head six enormous candles were burning. A blind old priest with a prayer book recited in a slow, heavy, monotonous tone some prayers that he was pretending to read.

At midnight, without any ecclesiastical assistance, the body of the young man would be carried without noise to the parish church, to be placed under the stones of a chapel founded by one of his ancestors.

Alone, her face hid in her hands, Evornia was kneeling near her bed when I entered her chamber. On hearing the door open she turned and glanced at me with an irritated look. Her babe lay at her feet upon a pillow crying bitterly.

"You must be reasonable, listen to me, obey me," I said to the young woman, assisting her to rise up; "you are a mother, Evornia, and you seem to forget it."

"I have no milk," she said, placing her hands upon her breast.

She walked back and forth, and approaching the window, looked out. I drew her away, fearing that she would see the judge pass by with his escort.

"You must have courage, my child. They will come soon to perform the last rites. Promise me to be calm."

"Have I cried? Have I cried since yesterday? I know nothing; I see nothing, hear nothing., doctor. Will they carry him away soon?"

"The ceremony will not be a silent one, perhaps; the alcade, the judge must bring here a man suspected of the murder."

"A man!" cried the widow, "a man! Who is he?" she asked anxiously."

"Valentine Solar."

"One of the lovers of this woman that you call La Grecque?"

Evornia pronounced this name in a manner so strange, with an expression of disdain, and anger so marked, that I regarded her with surprise.

"You think always that I am six years old, my dear friend. Do you think that I alone am ignorant that Felipe loved this woman, and that he was there yesterday?"

Evornia knew the truth. I had now an explanation of her vexed irritable manner, of the sombre thoughts which troubled her. Wrath and jealousy bit with their sharp teeth this warm generous loving heart, which struggled against the grief of an irreparable loss, and thought to conquer it. But the hour of reaction must come sooner or later, and I was afraid of the fearful crisis which must bring inevitably so many tears, and heartaches.

I compelled her to sit down, and placed her child in her arms. I knelt down by the poor martyr, filled with a profound pity for this unnatural grief which was tearing out at all of this poor child, who had grown up at my side, and whom I loved as my own child. I was troubled, and knew not what to say—my eyes were full of tears and I repeated some childish words, soft, tender caressing. I would have been glad to have taken Evornia in my arms, to rock her, as, when she was a child she slept on my breast, to the refrain of an old French song that she loved.

Nevertheless, she listened to me; little by little her features relaxed, and lost their rigidity. She seized my hand, kissed it, and embraced her son. She sighed, a tear sparkled in her eyes. Yes a moment and she would cry—escape from fever and madness. But rising abruptly with a frightened air, she cried.

"Leave me. You break me, you make me desperate."

"Cry," I said to her.

At this moment, stealthily making signs, the nurse came to inform me that the judge desired my presence.

I must obey him. I kissed Evornia, saying that I would soon return, requesting her again not to be disturbed if she should hear any noise. I censured severely the conduct of those who had sown in her heart the seeds of this jealousy, entreating her to think that her husband, guilty of thoughtlessness, had never for a moment ceased to love her. She listened, bowed her head, and watched me as I went out, without answering a single word.

My anxiety was a little relieved. It was only ordinary grief, and as soon as the nine days required by the Mexican customs had passed, I thought to send Evornia to Puebla or Cordova. Change of place is a remedy for grief of the soul; then the love maternal, this flame which burns in the heart of mothers, would little by little conquer the despair of the young widow; but now, how to act, what sentiment must I invoke? I must appeal to the christian virtues, to resignation or to forgetfulness, two impossibilities.

I kept my own secret, and obeyed the instructions of the judge who begged me not to be disturbed. I took my place near the blind priest, in front of the door by which they would introduce La Grecque. The judge expected tears, cries, a fainting fit, and consequently I had taken all necessary precautions.

More than twenty wax tapers were burning around the dead, so the chambers despite its vast dimensions was sufficiently lighted in every part. Upon a motion of the judge they brought in Valentin. At the moment of entering, the young man stopped, dazzled, uncovered his head, made the sign of the cross, then with a firm assured step, he approached the body, which he sprinkled with holy water.

"Valentin Solar," said the judge to him, "do you know this man?"

Valentin smiled disdainfully with an irreverant shrug.

"He has coolnes," murmured the judge in my ear.

"He is innocent," I answered.

"Wait doctor. You are in to great a hurry to decide."

The blind man having recommenced his prayers they commanded him to be silent, and Valentin was sharply reprimanded for the want of respect he owed to the law. The judge gave the order to bring in Hermeniglida Ybanes—La Grecque

Like Valentin, the young woman was for a moment confused. She drew back, uttered a low cry at the sight of the body; but soon advanced with a quick step, and knelt at the feet of Felipe, sobbing

"Rise," said the judge imperiously, "and tell me if you recognize the body here present."

"It is that of Don Felipe Aceval, God protect his soul," said the young woman.

"You know how he died?"

"I know," she replied, "that I would willingly give my life to purchase his."

"What have you to reveal to us?"

"Nothing. Alas!"

"Whom do you suspect?"

"No person."

She drew near Valentin, who was watching her with compassion and leaned upon the arm of the young man.

The confrontation seemed finished. I was on the point of returning to Evornia when an Alguazil introduced a *man* who, confused at first, saluted the dead man, the blind priest and the officer.

He was a *peddler*, a stranger in the city, who for a week had sold his wares, at the entrance of the bridge. The judge carried the crucifix to him.

"Upon the image of God, dead for you, swear to the truth," he said.

Placing his hat ornamented with silver on the ground the pedlar repeated the oath as they requested.

"Now look around you, continued the judge and tell us, listening only to the voice of your conscience, if you recognise here the man to whom you sold a double edged knife yesterday."

"I recognise him," said the pedlar.

I looked at Valentin, he did not move The large eyes of La Grecque were raised anxiously to the young man on whose arm she was leaning.

"Designate the one whom you recognise" continued the judge, after having made a sign to the officer.

"There he is," said the man, pointing to the body.

There was a moment's silence; this unexpected revelation, overturned all our Ideas, upset all our suspicions, calling in question again the cause of the crime.

Ten times questioned, the pedlar confirmed his statement, describing even, the purse from which he took the silver to pay him, and this purse was the same as the one which the dead man ordinarily carried. The judge perplexed, not knowing what part to take, ordered them to remove Valentin and La Grecque, whom he would not release, when a movement was made at the door, where the guards and a few curious persons had collected; they made a passage and suddenly Evornia appeared.

I started to go towards her; the judge rudely withheld me. The young widow, seeing the body of her husband, leaned against the wall. her look fastened on the dead man and one could hear her nails *scratching* the stones. Her lips moved. She seemed to see no one but him. Nervous spasms agitated her bosom, then she seemed to forget to breathe for a moment, and the air penetrated with a wheezing sound her exhausted lungs. The blind man believing himself alone the cause of the silence commenced his singing. At the noise of this voice Evornia turned her head suddenly and perceived La Grecque. She advanced a step, the blood rushed to her pale cheeks and she stretched out her arm towards her rival.

At the sight of Evornia, La Grecque fell back close to the window. There, one knee upon the ground, her hands clasped, she watched with terror the contracted features of the widow. What a pitiful, ineffaceable, living impression of that scene still remains! Those two beautiful creatures of a type so indifferent, formed a strange contrast. La Grecque whose splendid arms could have crushed, conquered, Evornia, was humble, oppressed, overcome. Her black hair fell in disorder around her brown cheeks, her head leaning against the wall was slightly bowed. Her red lips half open, showed her white teeth which chattered, while her soft grand eyes veiled in tears seemed to ask pardon. Evornia on the contrary, shaking her long golden hair, her tearless eye, and her little hand extended seemed a lioness fascinating her prey, transfixing her, marching toward her, cold, resolute, terrible,

"Ah, she said, in a husky voice, thou wast right to come here, I waited for thee!"

Once more I wished to interpose, but it was Evornia who repulsed me, without even looking at me.

"Endeavor to warm thy lover, to give him back the life thou hast taken," she continued. Evornia took another step. Escaping from the fascination of which she seemed the object, La Grecque arose, ran towards the judge.

"By the soul of your mother, Senor, she cried, pointing to Evornia. Look, there is the murderer of Don Felipe. Look at her eyes." At this accusation Evornia raised her hands quickly to her forehead her restless look encountered again the livid face of her husband.

"Pardon!" she said.

And she fell into my arms and those of Valentin to whom I made a sign, foreseeing the end of this sad scene. We carried the young widow into her own room, they opened the bed to lay her down, and under the bolster, they found a knife, that the pedlar recognized as the one he had sold.

What did that signify? I swore at the judge, who spoke of arrest, questions, 'proces verbal'. Despite her prayers and tears, he ordered La Grecque to be sent to a convent, then announced to Valentin that he was free. The young man offered me his services which I accepted.

The neighbors so urgent the evening before ran away from this miserable dwelling, and it was Valentin who was left to see to the burial of one who had been his rival, of whom he had been believed to be the murderer.

Evornia's child cried unceasingly. After having been fed for four days on milk poisoned by fever, the poor little child was seized with convulsions. The nurse having deserted, I called an old native who was devoted to me to take care of the infant. Towards midnight an apparent calm reigned in this mansion, formerly so joyous. where so many terrible events had happened. I was sitting near the bed of the sufferer, trying to collect my thoughts. The judge walked back and forth in the corridor, watching the return of consciousness to the invalid. The step of this man irritated me.

Evornia had recovered, but she remained with her eyes closed, and made no reply to my questions. Near one o'clock she asked for water, complained of pain in the head, and begged me to relieve it. The judge drew near. Despite my pacific temper, and my respect for his person, my respect for the law, I was tempted to take him by the collar and throw him out of doors. What did this man seek? a culprit, more blood, another victim. Alas! what good would it do?

Evornia, hearing him speak, opened her eyes. "What do you wish to know?" she murmured.

"The name of the murderer, senora."

"Ah, well. That which La Grecque once said she would do, I did. Now leave me."

As the judge asked another question and came near her, she arose, saying, "I alone am guilty—what more do you want?"

She looked sternly at the magistrate, and then turned towards me.

"Ah," she murmured in my ear, clasping her arms around my neck, and laying her face close to mine, "I am not an object of horror to you—you pity me, you love me for all that. How has it all happened? I do not know. I learned his treachery; I wished to despise him; I could not; I loved him too much. I made him buy a knife, then I begged him not to go away; to stay with me. He went away laughing at my tears. In the evening this father, this traitor husband, unworthy, perjured, returned singing; my brain was on fire. I stood before him. He opened his cloak to take me in his arms—but why make me say it—you know the rest."

She closed her eyes and was silent. The judge withdrew at last; he consented to leave Evornia prisoner in her own house, under my care. What a fearful night! I heard the sentinel, stationed on guard over the young woman, answer from hour to hour the night watch, and it recalled to me the reality, against which my spirit rebelled. About four o'clock the infant expired. At this moment Evornia gave one terrible cry, pronounced two or three words that I could not understand, then in the frightful delirium of brain fever she struggled against a bloody spectre.

(To be continued.)

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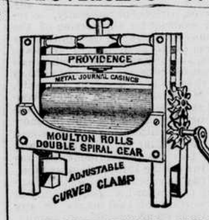

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