PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

W. D. LITTLE & CO.,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY,
Established in 1843.
NO. 31 EXCHANGE STREET.
All kinds of property insured at lowest rates. First-class companies, American and Foreign.
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FINE OFFICES TO LET
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APPLY AT THE BANK.
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DYE HOUSE NOTICE.
Garments Cleansed or Dyed Whole, and Pressed ready for wear,
AT —
FOSTER'S FOREST CITY DYE HOUSE,
13 Preble St., Opp. Preble House.
oct17 sneod1y

THE BEST,
THE MILDEST,
THE MOST RELIABLE
10 CENT HAVANA CIGAR,
— IS THE —
J. V.
Don't mistake the brand. Every Cigar is stamped J. V.
M. A. JEWELL & CO,
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444 to 448 Fore St.
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CARPET BEATING NOTICE.
Steam Carpet Beating Machine, Pat., at
FOSTER'S FOREST CITY DYE HOUSE
13 Preble St., Opp. Preble House.
Carpets cleansed at all seasons of the year.
oct17 sn eod1y

CAUCUSES.
North Yarmouth.
The Republicans of the Town of North Yarmouth are requested to meet at their Town House on SATURDAY, April 28, 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of choosing delegates to the Republican Convention of the First Congressional District to be held at Reception Hall in Portland, May 24, 1888, and as many as choose delegates to attend the Gubernatorial Convention.
Per Order of Town Committee.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS

SPECIAL NOTICE
— OF THE —
BOARD of HEALTH.
NOTICE is hereby given that all persons who have been notified by the Board of Health to have their privy-vaults cleaned, and all others who are proposing to have such work done, that all permits should be taken out as soon as possible, that the nuisance which accompanies the prosecution of such work during the hot months may be avoided. H. A. Libby and Chas. Trickey are the persons by the Board for this work. Orders for their services may be left at the office of the Deputy Marshals, Police Station.
Portland, April 13, 1888. ap13d2w

MAINE'S DELICIOUS CRUSTACEANS.
Commissioner Counce Talks About the Lobster Law,
Showing the Folly of Destroying the Little Fellows.
How an Ingenious Maine Firm Supplies the Market.
[Special to the Press.]
AUGUSTA, April 27.—Commissioner of Sea and Shore Fisheries Counce, while on a visit to Augusta recently, was seen by your correspondent concerning lobsters and the law regulating their capture and sale. While he does not regard the close time from Aug. 1st to Sept. 15th of vital importance, he believes that the section limiting the length to 10½ inches is doing effective service in the preservation of this valuable and much sought after crustacean. Twenty-five million lobsters a year are captured and sold on the Maine coast, yet it is estimated by Mr. Trefethen that not over 15,000,000 can be taken without detriment to the supply. Mr. Counce said: "A lobster that is 9 inches long in the spring will grow to 10½ inches in one season, increasing in value from four to five hundred per cent. If the small lobsters are caught and sold to the factories in the spring, they bring from 1 to 1½ cents each, while if cast back into the sea and allowed to grow they will reach 10½ inches in length and be worth 12 cents. Another reason why the young 9-inch lobsters should not be used is that a healthy 9-inch lobster never has any eggs attached to it, while the 10½ inch crustacean has from 15,000 to 25,000 each. It will be seen, without difficulty, that if the 9-inch lobster is destroyed before it comes to having eggs, propagation cannot be carried on. It would be just as good policy for the farmer to kill his chickens because they annoy him when he feeds the hens, as it is for the fishermen to destroy the short lobsters because they get into his trap and eat his bait. The great difficulty we have to contend with is the New York market, where there is no law regulating the length of lobsters sold. Short lobsters have been secretly shipped there in large numbers, and they have oftentimes been in bad condition before reaching their destination. One warden informs me that he saw lobsters which were being shipped to New York which were actually offensive."
Mr. Counce gave a very interesting account of a lobster speculation which has been carried on successfully the past season by Johnson & Young of Vinalhaven. They have a large pound, so-called, which is a pond of water several acres in extent, connected with the sea, the outlet being closed to the passage of lobsters by a wire netting. Last fall they purchased 900,000 10½ inch lobsters of the fishermen at 4 cents each, and placed them in the pound. They must have food, and to satisfy their hunger were fed on fish cleanings, consisting of inwards, fins and heads, which were purchased at $1 a barrel. Seven hundred barrels of this was fed to them in all. At once, after winter had set in, the lobsters were raked from the bottom as wanted, many being found in the mud at a depth of two feet, and shipped by rail from Rockland to the Boston market at the rate of about 25 barrels per day. To reach the shell fish it was necessary to cut holes through the ice and keep them open. The price received was some 20 cents a pound, and as the lobsters would weigh from two to three pounds each, and the original cost was but four cents apiece, the profit was a very handsome one. These fed lobsters were said to be of very superior quality.

MAINE.
For Violating Game Laws.
BONGOR, April 27.—The late raids of the game wardens are producing something more than wild meat. Thursday night, Constable Stevens brought from Patten, Frank Davis, who had been convicted of illegally killing one moose, two caribou and three deer. On the first count he was fined $200 and costs; on the second $100 and costs, and on the last $40 and costs,—in all, $425. Not being able to pay, he will pass the summer in the workshop of the Bangor jail.
Probably Fatally Burned.
BRUNSWICK, April 27.—Friday forenoon as Mrs. John Mahl was engaged in raking up and burning the leaves and rubbish in her yard, her clothes caught fire. Before assistance could be rendered, she was so badly burned, that probably she can live but a few hours. She is about fifty-two years of age.
The Old Orchard Campmeetings.
SACO, April 27.—The Old Orchard Campmeeting Association announces the following programme for the campmeetings the coming summer:
July 15 to 22—Evangelistic Convention, led by Mrs. Maggie VanCott.
July 28 to August 6—Convention for Christian fellowship, Rev. A. McLean, of Brooklyn, leader.
August 6 to 11—District campmeeting of the M. E. church, Rev. W. S. Jones presiding elder.
August 11 to 21—Christian Alliance, Rev. A. B. Simpson of New York City, leader.
August 25 to September 3—Salvation Army, Marshal Booth, commanding.
No temperance convention has been arranged for this year.
Suicide in Carroll.
Ezeriah Clery, a farmer living in Carroll, committed suicide, Wednesday, by hanging in his barn where his wife found him. No cause is assigned.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St. N. Y. ly2d&wtf

FOR SALE.
BRICK BUSINESS FOR SALE—I will sell the whole or a part of my Brick Yard to some man that understands the business and would like to go into the brick business, good stock and good trade, rent reasonable, a good chance for any one that wants to go into the business, and will sell at bargain if sold before May first,
RUFUS TIBBETS,
apr16 66 Bramhall St., Portland. d2w*

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Half square, three insertions or less, 75 cents; one week, $1.00; 50 cents per week after.
SPECIAL NOTICES, one-third additional.
Under head of "AMUSEMENTS" and "AUCTION SALES," $2.00 per square per week; three insertions or less, $1.50.
THE MAINE STATE PRESS.
Published every THURSDAY MORNING, at $2.50 a year; if paid in advance, $2.00 a year.
Advertisements in the "MAINE STATE PRESS" (which has a large circulation in every part of the State) for $1.00 per square for first insertion, and 50 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.
Address all communications to
PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.

WITH THREE ROUSING CHEERS,

Mr. Dingley Renominated by Second District Republicans.

The Earnest Desire Expressed that Mr. Blaine

Shall Again Be the Standard Bearer of the Party.

LEWISTON, April 27.—The convention of the Second District Republicans met in City Hall, Lewiston, at 11 a. m., Friday. The first delegates arrived Thursday evening, and by this morning the streets of Lewiston were full of delegates from all parts of the district. The headquarters of the convention in the early hours of the forenoon was at the DeWitt. Later, and by 10 a. m., they gathered in City Hall, and prepared for business.

The convention was called to order at 11.20 a. m., by Hon. T. R. Simonton of Camden, who read the call of the convention. He was accompanied to the stage by Rev. Geo. M. Howe of Lewiston, who offered prayer.

Hon. John P. Swasey of Canton, was called to the chair as temporary chairman and Jos. M. Hayes of Sagadahoc, Walter E. Holbrook of Franklin and Henry W. Oakes of Androscoggin, were appointed secretaries.

Mr. Swasey made a ringing speech on assuming the office. In conclusion he read this despatch:

Great consternation among Democrats. In spite of the Democratic press and medical experts James G. Blaine is in perfect health.

This despatch was received with great enthusiasm and called up a rousing round of applause.

The following committee on resolutions were appointed: Androscoggin, F. K. Drew; Franklin, R. B. Fuller; Knox, Wm. H. Hodgman; Lincoln, Dr. A. Blossom; Oxford, J. S. Wright; Sagadahoc, J. W. Wakefield.

Ex-Speaker Littlefield was called on for remarks; but said that in view of the brevity of the pause he would make no speech, thanking them cordially for the invitation.

The committee on credentials reported whole number of delegates 253, divided as follows: Androscoggin, 78; Franklin, 16; Knox, 35; Oxford, 56; Sagadahoc, 43; Lincoln, 25.

Mr. Bliss of Knox said that Republicans know that we are here and we give notice to the world that we are here, and shall be here in November and won't get left.

On motion of Mr. Bliss, vice presidents were appointed for each county. Knox presented the name of Hon. C. A. Leighton; Sagadahoc presented the name of N. S. Purington; Oxford presented the name of Hon. A. P. Bonney; Franklin presented the name of John M. S. Hunter; Androscoggin presented the name of J. E. Cloutier; Lincoln presented the name of Dr. A. Blossom.

Members of the District committee were nominated as follows:

Knox—Hon. T. R. Simonton.
Lincoln—Horace W. Metcalf.
Sagadahoc—Hon. E. S. Baker of Richmond.
Franklin—Everett B. Norton of Farmington.
Androscoggin—Hon. F. H. Drew of Lewiston.
Oxford—Seward S. Stearns.

The convention having finished its preliminary business, the name of Hon. N. Dingley, Jr., as candidate for the 51st Congress was presented by Hon. T. R. Simonton of Camden.

Hon. J. W. Wakefield seconded the nomination which was made by acclamation, every delegate rising and giving three rousing cheers.

The committee on resolutions through Col. F. M. Dew, chairman, made the following report:

Resolved, That while the recent bill passed by the Senate and vetoed by the President "for the relief of the Soldiers' Dependent Pension Bill" is adequate or that a grateful country ought to provide for its patriotic defenders in the late rebellion, their widows and orphans, the House of Representatives ought to give it a speedy passage, as affording the greatest relief at present attainable under a Democratic administration.

Resolved, That while the grandeur of the executive usefulness and the chivalrous magnanimity exhibited by the Hon. James G. Blaine in his letter of withdrawal from the presidential candidacy excite our first admiration, and his expressed wishes command our profound respect, yet we recognize the *higher* right of our country to the services of its most illustrious citizen, and therefore most heartily join the great multitude of our fellow citizens in all sections of the Union in the earnest desire that the National Republican Convention will summon him in the name of patriotic duty to again become our standard bearer, believing that he can best and most surely lead us to victory and thus best serve his country.

Resolved, That the convention cordially commend to the voters of this district, the nomination of the Hon. Nelson Dingley, Jr., for Representative to the 51st Congress of the United States and with pride point to his past faithful and distinguished services in office, and pledge to him our earnest support.

These nominations were then made:

For delegates to the National Convention—Hon. Geo. A. Wilson of Paris and Hon. John H. Kimball of Bath.

Alternates—Henry H. Richards of Farmington and David W. Chapman of Damariscotta.

The district committee met at the close of the convention, and organized by the choice of Col. F. M. Drew of Androscoggin as chairman, and Seward S. Stearns of Oxford secretary.

IN BEHALF OF THE WOOL GROWERS.

Tariff Speakers Attack the Dark Lantern Bill.

Free Trade Sympathy for Farmers' Imaginary Woes.

Reduction the Proper Labor of the Friends of Protection.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Mr. Brewer, of Michigan, opened today's discussion of the Mills bill in the House. He controverted the assertion that the tariff was a grievous burden upon the people. The people were not complaining that what they had to buy was too dear, but that what they had to sell was too cheap. He proceeded to examine the bill in detail, pointing out where, in his judgment, the proposed reduction would result in lowering the price of the latter while failing to reduce the revenue or surplus. He was especially earnest in opposition to the free wool clause, which he said would ruin an industry national in its importance. He was ready to cooperate with any party in further reducing the revenues but it must be done in continuance of the policy laid down by the Republican party.

Mr. Ford, of Michigan,

said the question presented now was one of tariff reduction, not its abolition. The main object of the measure was to reduce and not to abolish the tariff. In considering the question Congress should not seek to build up the industries of any one State at the expense of other parts or the country, but should consider the general welfare of the entire nation. A tariff which gave a comparatively small number of men opportunity to tax millions of our citizens 47 per cent. more than their goods would sell for in the open market, could not fail to result in building up and maintaining vast monopolies and trusts, whose enormous profits were swelled by the tribute which the tariff authorized them to levy from the pockets of the people. Congress had no right to take the part of a few manufacturers against the great body of consumers. The tendency of prices to cheapen constantly was not on account of the war tariff, but was due to the improved means of transportation and production. The prices of agricultural productions, which the war tariff did not neglect to any appreciable extent, had declined out of all proportion to those of manufacturers' commodities. As usual the farmer got the worst of it. His prices declined the world over; in free trade England and China as well as in the United States. In this country nearly every article on which a war tariff was imposed would be a good deal cheaper today if the tariff were reduced. He ridiculed the position that a high tariff increased the wages of American workmen. No industries showed more poverty, more destitution and more strikes than those so-called protected ones. There was not a hod-carrier in the United States but who earned more wages than the average person employed in the industries benefited by the war tariff.

Referring to the claim that a home market was the best market, Mr. Ford said, the result of this home market swindle is that the farmer is most beautifully deluded. The high tariff party gets his vote and trusts and monopolists get his money while the farmer gets the hot end of the poker. He did not believe a single man would be thrown out of employment by the passage of the Mills bill. But supposing there were, these men would not compete with the farmers because the reduction of the tariff would so stimulate those industries which our natural resources have fitted us for, that increased demand for labor would at once spring up in those pursuits. He (Republican) saw materially home manufacturers would be able to compete in foreign markets, and the reduction of the tariff would result in an enormous increase of production to supply the foreign demand which would increase the demand for labor to such an extent as to furnish employment for all idle men. Trusts and combines had got a monopoly of the market, and a grip on the pockets of the people. They have vilified and abused the advocates of a reduction in the tariff. They appealed to every instinct of the American people, selfish and patriotic to sustain a system of war taxation, but the time had now come when the people would speak in tones not to be misunderstood and demand relief.

Mr. Coff, of West Virginia,

spoke in opposition. The reduction of the tariff should be made by the friends of the protective system, not by its enemies. Just as the people had completed and beautified an edifice upon the construction of which they were about to enjoy the labor of their lives, one, who, by the strange mutations of political forces, temporarily held the place of architect-in-chief, astounded them with an order to proceed with the work of tearing it down. The manufacturing industry was self-sustaining and healthy, it invited the President's enmity and he at once suggested the pruning knife of tariff reform. President Cleveland's cold blooded indifference to the benefit of the people was entitled to precedence over all emanations from the Executive Mansion in all our history. The Mills bill was conceived by a mind impregnated with economic vicissitudes. Its passage would be the death knell of protection. If they succeeded now they proposed next year to take another step and gradually, but surely, the people were to be marched into the camp of those who contended for a tariff for revenue only. He declared himself a protectionist and a believer in the old biblical doctrine: "He who provideth not for his own household is worse than an infidel." The people had been deceived in the last Presidential campaign by the declaration that Cleveland was a protectionist. The hand of Esau would be offered again but the people would not again be deceived. The people had at last found out the Democratic party. Abraham Lincoln had once said, "A political party may fool part of the people all the time and all of the people a part of the time; but no political party can fool all of the people all of the time."

Mr. Goff said he was opposed to importing, under contract, the paupers and demoralized labor of the Old World and was opposed to importing under a like contract the manufactured products of that labor. He would not increase the surplus by reducing import duties, but should rather reduce it by repealing the internal revenue taxes and increasing the import duties. He did not believe in free raw material. There was no such thing as raw material in the sense in which it was used in this discussion. Coal unmined was raw material but when mined it was the miners' finished product, and entitled to protection. Iron ore was the result of the labor of the miner and as much entitled to protection as the rice fields of the South and the sugar plantations of the Mississippi Valley. Wool clipped from the sheep, was the farmers' finished labor. The duty of 1869 should be restored and an industry so essential to our prosperity and independence be stimulated. The protective system had enabled the government to perfect a system of finance which was the marvel of the age. It had fostered industries, built up manufactures, opened up a wilderness to dignified labor, and educated the people.

Mr. Landers, of Illinois,

argued in support of the bill and in opposition to the protective theory. While heartily advocating the bill, he regretted that it touched the whiskey and tobacco taxes which, instead of being reduced should be increased. He hoped the bill would pass and that every member who voted against it for the purpose of continuing the granting of enormous bounties to manufacturers would meet his political death and be buried under the ballot, in November next, below the resurrection line.

The committee then rose and the House took a recess until 8 p. m.

The House this evening passed 17 pension bills and adjourned.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

England's Flag Floating on Historic Pacific Isles.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—John Bull's motive in recently hoisting his colors on three little islands in the Pacific lying about midway between the Sandwich and the Society groups, still remains a matter of mystery, or at least of conjecture. The first supposition was that, having observed that Germany is poking about into every part of the Pacific, and appropriating every unclaimed island she can lay hands on, the British government had concluded to make perfectly sure of these three, lest their political status should be thought doubtful. Hence the war vessel Caroline was sent from Honolulu for that purpose. Since then it has been suggested that the real object was to make them stations on the route of the submarine cable with which Great Britain is planning to connect British Columbia and Australia. Still another supposition is that the formal act of raising the flag has been executed simply at the request of a London company which occupies these and other islands for various purposes, and likes to make sure of official protection for its operations.

The region in which these islands are situated is one where American exploration and enterprise have been conspicuous. Fanning Island takes its name from a Connecticut captain who discovered it long ago. For more than thirty years the British ownership of Fanning Island has been conceded, and geographers have definitely assigned it to the British government, so that the alleged action of the Caroline in raising her flag over this spot was quite superfluous.

Penrhyn and Christmas are the other islands and Great Britain's claim to them seems sustained. It was the claim to Christmas Island that was investigated by our state department nine years ago, when it was found to have been discovered by Captain Cook, of famous memory.

The upshot of the whole matter seems to be that whether Great Britain wants those islands for telegraphic cable purposes or merely renews her rights formally for commercial purposes, nobody will contest their possession. Enormous quantities of phosphates have been taken from islands in this part of the Pacific by American companies, under our laws, and employing numbers of laborers from the Hawaiian Islands have been employed by them in this business; but the three islands in question have not been the scene of these operations.

Revising a Bad Arrangement.

The Postmaster General today completed arrangements with the Postmaster General of Canada, establishing a uniform rate of postage of one cent per ounce on all merchandize, including grain, seed, cuttings, bulbs, scions and grafts, and one cent per two ounces of printed matter, in the mails exchanged between the two countries, now known as third class matter in the domestic mails of this country. The arrangement goes into effect May 1, and removes the objections to the recent postal convention with Canada, which went into effect March 1.

The President's Callers.

There was an unusually large attendance at the President's reception this afternoon included were the delegates to a religious convention, the Boston nine to ball team, many of the ballet of the "Mazulum" troupe and most of the chorus of a French opera company. A religious crank who informed the usher that he was "sent by God and the Bible" was denied admittance.

The Pension List.

The following Maine pensions were granted today:

ORIGINAL, INVALID.

John McKimer, navy, Castine.
Manley S. Tyler, Blanchard.
Pilip M. Mahoney, Hope.

INCREASE.

Henry L. Thomas, Sangerville.
Hutchings S. Cunningham, Newcastle.

RE-ISSUE.

Hiram Wormell, Waterville.

REISSUE AND INCREASE.

William Hamilton, Unity.
Philander B. Merry, New Portland.

Notes.

Monroe Peabody was today appointed postmaster of Canton, Oxford county, Maine, vice Alvarado Hayford, removed.

Mr. Dunn, of Arkansas, from the committee on merchant marine and fisheries, reported, and the House adopted a resolution calling on the secretary of the treasury for information relative to the seal fisheries in Alaska.

General Greely, chief signal officer, said today that he made a thorough investigation of the case of Sergeant Sherman, signal service officer at New Haven, Conn., charged with making immoral photographs, and that he had decided to relieve Sherman from duty at New Haven. Sherman will probably be dismissed.

Of Senator Sherman's tariff speech 300,000 copies have been distributed and of Senator Frye's, 200,000.

The Senate committee on finance has not come to any vote upon the House fractional currency bill, but it is the conclusion of members of the committee from the discussion which has already been had that the vote when taken will be in favor of an adverse report.

Wording Hall Accepted.

[Special to the Press.]

HOULTON, April 27.—The building committee of Wording Hall, consisting of Dr. Joseph Ricker, Hon. Moses Giddings, Hon. E. F. Webb, Hon. A. A. Burleigh and Chas. P. Teney met with the architect John Calvin Stevens, of Portland, and John W. Burroughs, also of Portland, on Wednesday and accepted the building which is now about completed and arranged for the dedication which is to occur on the last Thursday of June. Dr. Pepper of Colby will deliver an address and also a speaker to be selected by the citizens. Hon. E. F. Webb will report for the building committee and Hon. Moses Giddings deliver the keys into the hands of the principal.

Davis's Offer Rejected.

BOSTON, April 27.—The executive committee of the New England Amateur Rowing Association tonight voted to hold its regatta on Lake Quinsigamond, at Worcester, June 18th. Worcester parties offer nearly all the prizes which will aggregate about $700. Mike Davis, of Portland, offered $700 and free transportation of oarsmen if the regatta was held at Lake Maranocook, but the committee decided that it was for the best interests of the association to go to Worcester as the subscriptions at the latter place come from the public while in the former case they were offered by a professional oarsman.

GENERAL NEWS.

E. A. Whitehead, trader of Montreal, has assigned. Liabilities, $270,000.

Mayor John Gates, of Portland, Oregon, died last evening. He was the inventor of the Gates steering gear for steamboats.

The dwelling house and barn of Henry Hawley, in Paxton, Vt., burned yesterday. Loss, $4,000; insurance, $3,000. Mr. Hawley was badly burned.

The cannon ball train on the Burlington & Missouri railroad was wrecked yesterday by a bridge giving way and L. A. Town, of Grand Rapids, Mich., killed.

In the United States circuit court at New Orleans, decision has been rendered that the National Improved Telephone Company's instruments are an infringement on the Bell patents and the machines have been ordered to be delivered to the custody of the court.

Forty-two Italian laborers were swindled out of $5 each in Bridgeport, Conn., by a pretended agent, who charged them that amount for securing work for them.

Lack of enthusiasm among Canadian yachtsmen has killed the scheme to build a competitor for the America's cup.

The Republican convention in the Sixth Congressional District of South Carolina, Thursday, elected T. J. Towney, white, and E. H. Deas, colored, as delegates to the National Convention. Both will vote for Sherman on the first ballot.

The hall of the Democratic National Convention in St. Louis will seat 300 working reporters, the delegates and alternates, and 10,000 spectators.

Gov. Hill, of New York, is reported to have said that he was not a presidential candidate, and would head his State's delegation for Cleveland.

The election committee of the Massachusetts Legislature advises the adoption of the Australian system of voting.

The Northwestern Miller's reports of the winter wheat crop indicate a poor yield.

Mr. Peary, sub-chief engineer of the Nicaragua Canal Survey, is still at Camp Carazo, on the lower San Juan, pushing the surveys on that important portion of the canal line. The surveys have shown that several miles of the upper portion of the "Lower Route," as well as the part adjacent to Greytown, can be excavated by dredges.

MORE ABOUT HORSES.

Trotters to be Handled by Ira Woodbury this Season.

There is probably no better driven of trotting horses in this vicinity, if there is in the State, than Mr. Ira Woodbury of Deering Center. Owners of horses put the utmost confidence in him, and this season he will handle some of the best horses in Maine Jack Spratt and General Weaver will be driven by him, and also a number of very promising green horses. H. J. Fowler's Annie M. record 2.32½, a chestnut mare weighing 900 pounds and standing 15 hands three inches high, is ten years old and was sired by Lyfort. She got her record in 1886 and will be campaigned all this season by Mr. Woodbury.

Payson T, owned by G. E. Woodbury will also be handled by Mr. Ira Woodbury. Payson T is a six year old bay gelding weighing 10,000 pounds and stands fifteen hands and two inches high. He has no record as yet, but has trotted a trial in 2.40. He was sired by Von Moltke out of a fast mare owned in Bangor.

Dot, another green horse to be driven by Mr. Woodbury, is a very handsome and promising six year old bay mare that has trotted a mile in .35. She was sired by Baker Morrill, as son of Winthrop Morrill out of a Morgan mare, and has lately been purchased by Portland parties. She will be started at Lewiston in the 2.45 class.

Little Frank, owned by C. H. Wright of Oakland, California, is eight years old, weighs 950 pounds, stands 15 hands and one inch high and will be handled for a record. He is a brown gelding, sired by Knox Boy out of a Winthrop Morrill mare and has never yet been bred to trotted in a race. Although a green horse he trots well.

Besides having charge of these horses Mr. Ira Woodbury owns Redcross, record 2.35, that stands 15 hands, one inch high, weighs 950 pounds and is eleven years old. He was sired by Bridon out of a Knox mare. Last fall at Presumpscot Park he trotted a quarter in 33 1-5 seconds, timed by Mr. A. O. Clark. He will be campaigned this season, beginning in the June races at Lewiston.

Captain Sam, a three year old bay stallion, will be entered in the colt stakes to be trotted at Lewiston September 14th. He is owned by Geo. E. Woodbury of Brunswick, and can show a 2.40 gait. He, also, will be handled by Mr. Ira Woodbury.

Mr. Howard Woodbury has been wintering Kate, record 2.30, made on a half mile track, a chestnut mare owned E. J. Watts of Bridgewock, Maine. Kate will be trotted this fall. She is ten years old, stands 16 hands high and is a very promising horse.

L. P. Hawkins of this city, has sent his Mikado, record 2.32, to Massachusetts for training. Mr. J. A. Snow, proprietor of Franklin Park of Lynn, has the horse and will handle him on his park for the present. Mikado weighs 975 pounds and will be ten years old in June, although it has not been decided whether he will be brought back to Maine for the fall races, it is probable that he will.

Mikado colt, a three year old gelding from Patchen mare, is owned by Mr. Hawkins, as is also Mikado's mother, that is now with foal by stallion Tom Patchen, Jr. Mikado's brother to Mikado is now nineteen years old. Besides the Mikado colt, Mr. Hawkins has lately bought a Kentucky Wilkes stallion colt that is a fine animal and very promising.

Mr. Sargent, of the firm of Sargent, Dennison & Co., of this city, has a very promising ten months old stallion. He was sired by Dr. Franklin out of a fine mare that is owned by Mr. Sargent. A number of horsemen have seen the colt and several good offers have been made for him.

Mr. George Rose, of this city, has several horses that will be entered in the races this season if he does not sell them. His Doctor Morrill, bred in Kentucky, is a bay gelding fifteen years old, "that can trot," says Mr. Rose, "in 2.30." Doctor Morrill is a green horse and will probably be entered in the June races at Lewiston.

Tommy Shaw, another of Mr. Rose's horses, is a chestnut gelding with a record of 2.42, got at Gorham last fall. He is nine years old, stands fifteen hands high and weighs 850 pounds. He will be started in the 2.40 class at the Lewiston June race.

Kate is a chestnut mare, sired by a son of Almont, and Mr. Rose says that if he does not sell her before fall she will be entered in the races. Kate is seven years old, stands fifteen hands and two inches high and weighs 1000 pounds.

Mr. Rose also owns a pair of black mares, six years old, that weigh together 1570 pounds. These horses were sired by Tom B. Patchen and raised by J. Benson, who also bred Tom B. Patchen. Their dam was a McIntire mare. Mr. Rose says they can trot together in .40 and if there are any races this fall in which they can be started he will probably enter them.

Mr. Fred A. Maxwell's Kite, record 2.38¾, that was trotted last fall at Gray and other parks, stands 15 hands high and weighs 990 pounds. Mr. Maxwell has not yet decided whether he will enter him in this season's races or not.

Doctor E, an eight year old bay gelding, is owned by Dr. E. Maxwell of this city. He was sired by Portland Pilot and is said to be from an Ethan Allen mare. He weighs 1000 pounds and stands 15 hands and two inches high. He has no record, but his owner says that in a trial heat he has trotted a mile in faster time than 2.40. It has not yet been decided to enter Doctor E in this season's races.

The New York Sportsman has opened a special stake for Harry Wilkes, Belle Hamlin and Prince Wilkes at $1000 each, with $3000 added, winner to take $5000, second horse to save stake, G. W. Archer of Rochester to be stakeholder, to close May 5, race to be trotted at Rochester Driving Park July 4, best three in five, to harness.

STATE POLITICS.

Republican Delegates to State and District Conventions.

The following Republican delegates have been chosen:

WINDHAM.

To the District Convention in Portland.—Chas. Jones, John A Hammond, Chas. A. Rogers, Chas. M. Bailey and H. C. Hawkes.

Incorrect Reports Concerning Delegates.

Advices received yesterday from two of the three towns reported in Thursday's newspapers as having chosen Burleigh delegates, give the information that the statement was incorrect. These delegates are uninstructed by the caucuses and are opposed to the nomination of Mr. Burleigh. The report that the town of Sullivan has elected Burleigh delegates is a report of this sort.

An Old Offender.

Some time ago C. J. Harmon, who was thought to be insane, was arrested on a charge of disturbance and threatening his wife. He was also suspected of arson. Sheriff Webb, since Harmon has been in his care, learned that Harmon was wanted in Boston for breaking and entering in 1884. He telegraphed Capt. Coulter, of the Fourth Division, Boston, and that officer telegraphed back that he would send an officer for Harmon. The officer came last night, but Harmon refused to go with him without a requisition. This will be obtained.

Council of Presbyterians.

On Thursday evening there was in the city a commission of Presbyterian clergymen from the Boston Presbytery, consisting of Rev. Charles C. Wallace, D. D., Rev. Joseph W. Sanderson, editor of the New England Presbyterian, and Elder Gilchrist, a well known merchant of Boston. They viewed the site of the new church which is to be built on Chestnut street, on the lot by the Primary school house, and consulted for the interests of the denomination in the city.

THE HERO OF THE REBELLION.

Commemoration of the Birthday of General Grant.

Old Friends and Followers Speak of the Great Soldier.

Hon. Hannibal Hamlin a Guest of the Massachusetts Club.

NEW YORK, April 27.—The banquet at Delmonico's tonight in honor of General Grant's birthday was a very remarkable gathering. Instead of the old hayrake formation of tables they were set in the form of a great diamond. Thus there were eight separate conversational dinner parties, the whole forming an audience for the speakers. The centre of these tables bore masses of spring flowers.

There was but one regular toast, "The Day We Celebrate," and Mr. Chauncey M. Depew responded in a set oration. General William T. Sherman presided, and on either side of him sat Mayor Hewitt and Mr. Depew. When the orator of the evening had finished General Sherman threw open the meeting. There were a variety of speeches. Among those present were Gen. Mahone, Geo. W. Childs, Mayor Hewitt, Cyrus W. Field, Rev. John Paxton and Generals Ellis, Sharp, Pryor, Fitz John Porter and Woodford. Letters of regret were read from President Cleveland, Senator Evarts, Gens. Johnston, Longstreet, Fitzhugh Lee, Sheridan and Buckner, Senator Sherman, Admiral Porter, and others.

Col. Fred Grant a Guest.

PITTSBURG, April 27.—The Americus club this evening gave its second annual dinner in commemoration of General Grant's birthday. Among those present were Senator Sherman, Gov. Beaver, Benj. Harrison, John C. New and Col. Fred Grant. A draped portrait of Conkling hung on the wall and a letter from him, accepting the invitation to attend was read. Senator Sherman responded to the toast "U. S. Grant." Hon. J. P. Foster, of New York, responded to the toast "Party Organization."

At the Vendome.

BOSTON, April 27.—The banquet of the Massachusetts Club, held in honor of General Grant's birthday, at the Vendome this evening, drew together a notable array of eminent men. Prominent among those present were Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, General Charles Devens, Hon George J. Boutwell, of Gen. Grant's cabinet; Gov. Ames, Gov. Lounsbury of Connecticut, Gov. Davis and Gov. Elect Tatt of Rhode Island, Lieut. Gov. Fuller of Vermont, Hon. A. H. Rice Hon. A. A. Ranney, Hon. W. W. Crapo and others. Many of them were unavoidably absent, but sent a letter of regret. The hall was elaborately decorated. State Treasurer Beard presided, and addresses were made by Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, Hon. Geo. S. Boutwell, Gov. Lounsbury, Gen. Chas. Devens, Gov. Davis, Gov. Elect Taft, Gen. Banks, ex-Gov. Rice and ex-Congressman Crapo.

The Washington League.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The Republican National League of Washington, tonight celebrated the birthday of General Grant at the club house. Addresses were made by Gen. Beale, Gen. Burdette, Dr. George B. Loring, Rev. Dr. Newman and Hon. Simon Wolf.

Grant University Students Dine.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., April 27.—At Athens, today, Gen. Grant's birthday was celebrated by the students of the Grant Memorial University. A flag, the gift of ex-Gov. Patterson, of Pennsylvania, was presented to the University by Judge Rea, of Minneapolis, Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army.

BASE BALL.

The National League.

The following games in the National League were played yesterday.

AT WASHINGTON.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bostons	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	x— 4
Washingtons	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	x— 2

Base Hits—Bostons, 6; Washingtons, 5. Errors—Bostons, 6; Washingtons, 9. Batteries—O'Day and Mack, Clarkson and O'Rourke.

AT PITTSBURG.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Chicagos	0	0	3	0	3	0	1	0	x— 7
Pittsburg	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0— 2

Base hits—Chicagos, 12; Pittsburgs, 6. Errors—Chicagos, 7; Pittsburgs, 8. Batteries—Galvin and Miller, Baldwin and Daly.

AT INDIANAPOLIS.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Indianapolis	0	w	0	4	2	3	0	0	2—10
Detroits	3	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0— 7

Base hits—Indianapolis, 12; Detroits, 20. Errors—Indianapolis, 10 Detroits, 12. Batteries—Healy and Daily, Baldwin and Gilligan.

AT NEW YORK.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
New Yorks	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0— 2
Philadelphias	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0— 1

Base hits—Philadelphias, 4, New Yorks, 8. Errors—Philadelphias, 5; New Yorks, 4. Batteries—Welch and O'Rourke, Buffinton and McGuire.

Other Games.

At Brunswick—Maine State College, 24; Bowdoin Medics, 3.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyns, 6; Athletics, 2.

At Baltimore—Baltimores, 11; Clevelands, 7.

At Hanover—Manchesters, 7; Dartmouths 3.

Notes.

A grand ball advertised for April 30th, is means taken to raise money for the South Paris base ball club.

Tim Keefe has signed with the New Yorks at a salary of $4,000.

THE STATE.

AROOSTOOK COUNTY.

J. R. Kimball of Calais has concluded a contract to take the "Snell" house at Houlton.

HANCOCK COUNTY.

Frederick H. Moses, the Bucksport florist, is building two additional greenhouses, each 100x20,

THE PRESS.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 28.

We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are in all cases indispensable, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot undertake to return or preserve communications that are not used.

Republican District Convention.

The Republicans of the First Congressional Dis triet will hold a Convention in

Reception Hall, Portland, May 2, 1888,

at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for Representative in Congress, and Elector of President and Vice President of the United States, and selecting two delegates and two alternates to attend the National Convention to be held at Chicago, on Tuesday, June 19, 1888; and transacting any other business that may properly come before them.

The basis of representation will be as follows: Each city, town and plantation will be entitled to one delegate, and for each 75 votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1884, an additional delegate; and for a fraction of forty votes in excess of seventy-five votes, an additional delegate.

The District Committee will be in session at the Hall at one o'clock on the afternoon of the Convention for the purpose of receiving the credentials of Delegates.

Per order Republican District Committee,

ANDREW HAWES, Chairman,
SAMUEL W. JUNKINS, Sec'y.

Portland, March 26, 1888.

STATE OF MAINE.

A Proclamation by the Governor.

The Sixty-third Legislature of Maine passsed the following act, approved March 10, 1887:

"That the Governor shall annually set apart a day in the spring as Arbor Day, and shall issue a proclamation recommending that it shall be observed by the people of this State in the planting of trees, shrubs and vines, in the adornment of public and private grounds, places and ways, and in such other efforts and undertakings as shall be in harmony with the general character of a day so established."

In obedience to the foregoing, believing in its wisdom, and that it has been fully approved by the public sentiment, I, Sebastian S. Marble, Governor of Maine, do hereby designate

Tuesday, the 1st day of May, A. D. 1888,

to be observed as Arbor Day.

Experience has demonstrated that good results follow tree planting wherever practiced, and I do earnestly invite the people of Maine to prepare, and devote that day to the purposes in said act.

Given at the Council Chamber at Augusta this ninth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, and of the independence of the United States of American, the one hundred and twelfth. SEBASTIAN S. MARBLE.

By the Governor,
ORAMANDAL SMITH, Secretary of State.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A Republican State Convention will be held in

CITY HALL,

Portland, Tuesday, June 12, 1888,

At 11 o'clock, A. M.,

for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor, to be supported at the September election, and transacting any other business that may properly come before it.

The basis of representation will be as follows: Each city, town and plantation will be entitled to one delegate, and for each seventy-five votes cast for the Republican candidate for governor in 1884 an additional delegate, and for a fraction of forty votes in excess of seventy-five votes, a further additional delegate.

The State committee will be in session in the reception room of the hall at 9 o'clock on the morning of the convention, for the purpose of receiving the credentials of delegates.

All electors of Maine, without regard to past political differences, who believe in protecting the industries of this State and its agricultural products; who believe in protecting the laborer and the wage-earner in every right; who believe "in choosing a policy which inspires labor with hope and crowns it with dignity, which gives safety to capital and protects its increase, which secures political power to every citizen, comfort and culture to every home"; giving free popular education to the people; in favor of free suffrage and an honest counting of ballots; who approve the prohibition of the liquor traffic and the promotion of the cause of temperance; in an economical, just and efficient administration of public affairs; a faithfully administered civil service; and who uphold all judicious measures for the encouragement of American ship building, are cordially invited to unite with the Republicans in the selection of delegates to this convention.

Per order,
REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE.

Henry George's love of free trade is evidently stronger than his devotion to his land tax scheme. In the Standard this week he nominates Cleveland for President, and R. Q. Mills for Vice President.

The Bridgton News points out that if the Republicans are to nominate a candidate for governor on the locality claim, Gov. Marble should be the man, because to Lincoln county has never been accorded the honor of furnishing Maine's chief executive officer. But the Republicans are not going to nominate anybody on such an absurd claim.

Gov. Hill's difficulties thicken. The Crosby high license bill has passed both branches of the New York Legislature and he has now to choose between signing it or vetoing it. As the bill was changed to meet the objections raised by the Governor a year ago, his position is more perplexing than it was then.

Apropos of the great raid that is now going on against the rumsellers of Manchester, N. H., the Mirror of that city has made a computation of the amount spent each year in that city for rum. Manchester has 40,000 inhabitants, and the drink bill is estimated to amount to $1,274,000. This estimate is made from inquiry among the saloon keepers. The money would more than run the entire city government for a year, and if applied to schools, a public library, the city debt, or any other good purpose, would make Manchester a shining example among municipalities. But the problem is to get the money turned that way. The temperance people are making a beginning.

The Indiana Democrats declare in favor of a civil service "which gives preference to those who harmonize in principle and policy with the party in power." This is the most open declaration in favor of a revival of the spoils system yet made by any Democratic convention. Usually these bodies have dissembled to some extent, when they came to putting their ideas into a platform. The favorite phrase has been an "honest civil service reform," which means the same thing as the Indiana declaration probably, but sounds a little better. However the Hoosiers are entitled to the credit of saying what they mean in such plain terms that nobody can misunderstand them.

The Illinois labor party has laid over a programme that will keep it out of idleness for some years to come. It purposes first, to change the constitution so that United States Senators shall be elected by the people; then to place all the railroads in possession of the government; after that to devise a national monetary system in the interest of the producer. The first two of these things are not desirable, and the last is meaningless. More praiseworthy as well as more feasible purposes are contained in the declarations in favor of sustituting arbitration for strikes; abolishing the liquor traffic; and paying women the same as men for the same work. These reforms are desirable and practicable, and the labor party will do well to eliminate the first three planks from its platform and confine itself to the last three.

The foreign contract labor law, which has lately been invoked to prohibit the employment of Nova Scotians or American fishing vessels makes exceptions only for "professional artists, actors, lecturers and singers." When there was talk of bringing over an English divine to fill Mr. Beecher's old pulpit, an action under the law was suggested, but not undertaken as the clergyman did not come. But a trial is now in progress in New York in which action is brought by the government, through the district attorney, against the directors of an Episcopal church to prevent them from hiring a foreign rector. Of course the law was never intended to countenance any such ridiculous proceedings. Its object was to protect American laborers from the pauper labor of Europe. American clergymen need no such protection, for the harvest is plenteous and the laborers few.

The Bangor Commercial brings us the information that the two hundred thousand dollars needed to establish a pulp mill on the Penobscot River near Piscataquis Falls having been secured, the work of building a mill will begin at once, and adds this very sensible comment: "This is another new enterprise on the Penobscot, which will give employment to the young men of Maine and add to the increasing wealth of the State. The big woolen mill at Oldtown will be in full operation in a year or so, and other enterprises are spring ing up in every direction. The ball is to be kept rolling, and there will be no occasion for our people to emigrate in order to secure profitable employment, or to find good opportunities for engaging in profitable business." Yet the Commercial very strongly approves the Millsbill, which if it passes will be a trig of the biggest sort in the way of the business men who are keeping the ball rolling with such good effect in Maine.

There can be no mistaking the sentiment of the masses of the Republican party as to whom they will select to lead them in the coming Presidential campaign, provided they are free to make the choice that they desire. Recent conventions in Arkansas, Texas, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts and Maine show unmistakably that the tide is setting toward Mr. Blaine with a force that nothing but an absolute and unqualified refusal on his part can arrest. To be sure Ohio has expressed a preference for Sherman, but it was a sort of perfunctory preference, the offspring of local pride, rather than the result of any deep-seated conviction that Sherman would be the best man to nominate. Indeed the most careless observer could not fail to discover that beneath the surface in that convention there was a deep undercurrent of feeling in favor of Blaine, which was with difficulty repressed at Columbus, but which is sure to manifest itself at Chicago unless it is conclusively settled before the convention meets that Mr. Blaine will in no event accept a nomination. There can be no doubt that the enthusiasm for Blaine is spontaneous and that it pervades the great mass of the rank and file of the party. Did it manifest itself only at conventions it might be argued that it had been carefully worked up by leaders, and collected at these official meetings. But it is to be found everywhere, and breaks out on every occasion. The few leaders who have attempted to stem the tide, have found their efforts as futile as were Mrs. Partington's to sweep back the Atlantic ocean with her broom. Mr. Blaine's Florence letter, it is obvious enough, has not served to check the enthusiasm. While it might have been construed as an absolute and final refusal to accept the nomination, and would have effectively disposed of a candidate whom the mass of the Republicans or even a large part of them did not want, it has been construed simply as a declaration that he did not seek the nomination and should make no efforts to secure it. It has net weakened the desire of the Republicans that he shall be their leader, nor, apparently, has it shaken in the least their intention of making him their leader. Unless, therefore, before the convention meets word comes from him that he will under no circumstances accept the nomination we hazard little in predicting that he will be nominated and that too with substantial, if not absolute, unanimity.

CURRENT COMMENT.

GEORGIA AND THE SHERMANS.

[Pittsburg Chronicle.]

Georgia has declared for Sherman. Gen. Sherman captured the State years ago, and it seems to be still in the family.

THE "AGE" ARGUMENT.

[Bridgton News.]

The Portland Press very nearly floors the Bangor Whig as to its argument that Gov. Marble is "too old" to be nominated for Governor, when it calls attention to the fact that our present Governor is but a year older than was the lamented Bodwell; that in 1873 the Whig advocated the nomination of Edward Kent, then a sprightly lad of 73; and that the then as now frisky Hannibal Hamlin, always an idol at the Whig office, was 72 when he retired from the United States Senate. The Whig's "age" argument against Marble like its "locality argument in favor of Burleigh are recent discoveries, evidently advanced just now for a specific purpose. As the boys say, it's "too thin."

PORTLAND AND THE AFRICAN TRADE.

Interesting Reminiscences of the Last Century.

[Hon. William Goold.]

In 1791 William Widgery, then a representative to the Massachusetts general court from New Gloucester, obtained an act for holding one session of the court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county annually in January in that town. This continued until the organization of Oxford County in 1805.

The "Eastern Herald," of Portland, of January 9, 1792, notices the opening of the first session of the court at New Gloucester, and further says:

"At the first court at New Gloucester, an action was commenced against Col. John May of this town (Portland) for fitting out the ship Eagle to the coast of Africa, and importing slaves therein. It was claimed that the court had no jurisdiction."

The wife of the county attorney, John Frothingham of Portland, was Martha May of Boston. She was a relative, I think a sister, to the accused. This fact may account for the absence of any mention of the action in the court record. The plea of a "lack of jurisdiction" of the court was of course allowed, although the respondent did not deny the accusation.

Men of that time represented that the sentiment of the town's people, of Portland, was very strong against Col. May; so much so that he gave up his business and returned to Boston. His house in which was also his store, was the large two-story building, now a boarding house, on the south corner of Congress and Park streets. A third story was added thirty or more years ago.

Col. John May was one of the prominent May family of Boston. He came here in about 1791, and after his return he sold his property in 1794 to Wm. Gray, Jr., of Salem, for one thousand and fifty pounds. The ship Eagle's is the first mention of an African voyage from this port. No doubt others than Col. May at times were interested in this contraband trade. The next recorded venture to the coast of Africa was in legitimate trade. In the summer of 1824 Eli Merrill despatched the sloop "First Attempt," Capt. John Robinson, on a trading voyage to the coast. The sloop was of about sixty tons, and had a pink stern. She was reported in the papers of the time as sailing Nov. 24th from Goree for the Gold Coast. She made her voyage and returned with a cargo. Her success encouraged Merrill to despatch the topsail schooner Recover, for the same routine of trade. Her arrival home is thus reported:

"Feb. 11th, arrived schooner Recover, Safford, 43 days from Goree and 25 days from Bonavista, with specie, salt, goat skins, leopard skins and wine to Eli Merrill and Joseph Johnson."

The next year Merrill built in gun boat dock, Clay cove, a small full rigged brig of less than 200 tons, with standing royals, and all the kites, named "Sarah George." When the brig was about ready for sea at Railway wharf the captain was arrested for debt. On Sunday, at his request, the kind hearted jailor allowed the Captain to go out on his parole to visit his family, but instead he went to the wharf and within a very short time the brig's crew went aloft, loosed the sails, the fasts were cast off, and the jaunty little brig was careening before a west wind down the harbor and to sea; bound to Montevideo leaving the humane jail keeper in the lurch to pay the debt for his kind act. I think the Sarah George next made a voyage to Africa. Merrill, the owner of the brig, of course was in the plot to get the delinquent captain off to sea. Public sentiment was almost as strong against him as it was against Col. May 35 years before, causing, as was supposed, his removal to New York. Greely and Jones had a good schooner called the Huldah and Judah which in December, 1824 they sent to Goree and a market, in charge of Capt. Thompson.

John Cox was an active merchant in the African trade. He commenced in 1824 with the schooner Reporter, Capt. John Wait. He soon added the brig John, schooner Aretas, schooner Romp and brig Union. The brig John was of about 180 tons; she was built at Flying point. After being dismasted she was made into a full rigged ship with all the sky scrapers of a New York liner and light sails of all shapes to be set where and when there was a possibility of catching the light winds of the African seas. The John was Mr. Cox's favorite vessel and bore his name. He had an eye to beauty as well as gain, and grudged no expense to improve his fleet of little clippers. Ex-Mayor McLellan went mate of the John one voyage. It was the rakish appearance of the schooner Reporter that once saved the life of Governor Jehuda Ashman of the Liberia colony. He had taken passage in the schooner from Cape Mesurado to the Cape de Verde. The governor had a tooth extracted by a negro doctor before sailing, and it continued to bleed. A French frigate sighted the schooner, took her for a slaver and gave chase. The governor was growing weak from the loss of blood. Capt. Enoch Preble was in command, and allowed the frigate to come up and spoke her. On learning the circumstances, the French captain sent the surgeon of the frigate on board and staunched the bleeding, but not until Mr. Ashman was exhausted. I had this fact from the late Admiral Preble, who was a son of Capt. Enoch Preble.

On the first voyage of the Romp, in charge of Capt. John Waite, she was capsized in a gale off Georges shoal. The captain cut away her masts and righted her without wetting the cargo. He rigged jurymasts and worked the schooner back to port. When she was remasted she was rigged as a hermaphrodite brig, and Capt. Waite made the voyage without discharging the cargo. These vessels were all first class. Their first port was usually Madeira, selling what they could there and replacing it with wine for Portland. Then to Goree and Port Praya, where they got camwood, gold-dust and elephants' teeth. I recollect some of monstrous size which were landed at Long wharf—I see by an invoice that one lot averaged 33 pounds weight, but some were much larger. Salt at Cape Verde Islands was the last resort to fill up for home. The mention of salt reminds me of an anecdote of the time, related to me by a ship captain, who sailed his own vessel. He had arrived from St. Ubes with a cargo of salt, and was peddling it out at Central wharf. The ship John hauled in at Long wharf with salt from the Cape Verde. The Central wharf captain feared a glut in the market, and the next day went to take a look at the cargo of the John. It was at noon, the hatches were open and Mr. Cox's man-of-all-work (an Irishman) was the only person on board. About the time the John was ready to sail from the islands a New Bedford whaler called there and prevailed on the captain of the John to take some of his oil home on top of his salt on freight. For the want of dunnage bundles of goat skins were used to stow the barrels. On the passage the heat caused the oil to swell and the barrels to leak, which saturated the goat skins and stained the salt. The Irishman was spreading the skins to dry. They had a strong smell, and the Central wharf captain said to the man, "Those skins must be spoilt;" when he replied, "Not at all—at all. They are perfectly swate—it is the nature of the baste—they stinks alive they de." The captain went back to his vessel satisfied that the Cape Verde salt would not interfere with the sale of his.

In December, 1826, Mr. Cox despatched the brig Romp, Capt. Allen, to the coast. As supercargo, or clerk, he sent George Hayes, who had for some time been clerk in his counting room, and gave him written instructions how to proceed. He was then 17 years old. After Mr. Cox gave up business young Hayes obtained a commission as lieutenant in the revenue service, and was long on the Portland station. Since that his business has been as agent for the International line of steamers at Eastport. If he is alive he must now be in his 80th year. By the favor of the late T. R. Hayes, who was a brother, I have Mr. Cox's instructions to his clerk, which will give a thorough knowledge of the African trade as pursued by Mr. Cox at that time:

PORTLAND, Dec. 7th. 1826.

Mr. George Hayes:

Respecting the duty you will perform on board the Romp, it is my wish that you pay as particular attention to the accounts as if you were in any store where you bought and sold goods on a credit; every article ever so trifling that is sold make a charge of it, and every article that is purchased give credit for it. Charge the vessel with all that is taken for ship's use. As you will have much leisure time it is my wish that you learn navigation, and try to do the duty of second mate. It will be no disadvantage to you to have some employment. Try and assist Capt. Allen, and take as much care from him as possible—you will find him a different man from Captain Clough. Study to please him and all on board. You are now at a time of life when all depends on yourself, whether you will be a smart active man or the reverse. Be prudent as respects your health.

Do all you can to sell the cargo to good advantage. Have a new invoice made out and in such a way as will appear correct. Say to Mr. Cushman, (Governor of Liberia) that camwood will not answer for a return cargo. It has declined more than one half in America and London. The John's cargo fell short 7 tons and sold for $35 per ton on 8 and 12 months credit. Unless the price is reduced in Liberia it cannot be an object of trade. Be particular about the dry goods furnished by Mr. Vinton and Mr. Harrod, they ought to pay a great profit. Should you go down to Mesurado, keep a memorandum of what is wanted at each place for another voyage; what it will sell for and what can be had in payment and at what price. You must say to Mr. Ashman that a trade at Liberia can not be made profable unless a large quantity of ivory can be had or something better than camwood. It is a great distance to carry a cargo, and none but the first-class vessels will answer for the trade. Insurance is very high. I have to pay 9 per cent. on the Aretas and Romp this voyage.

It will not do to leave any more property on the coast, the risk is too much; besides it would compel me to send another vessel down before, or in, which I do not like to do. I do not wish anything more sold on credit or left behind. If ivory or something else cannot be had in payment the Romp must go down the coast. No doubt there is plenty of ivory, shell, gold dust, palm oil and hides to be had there, and tobacco, rum, cotton goods, pipes etc., will pay well there. The Aretas is to take all the proceeds that can be collected and come home immediately, calculating to get another cargo to the coast before the rainy season commences. I wish the Romp and Aretas both to bring home as much camwood as they can bring if nothing better can be had. You will recollect that the Union is also bound down the coast—at least it must be so understood by those persons whom you may fall in with at the Islands.

Let no opportunity pass without writing me, giving a full account of your voyage, trade, etc. When you leave the Cape Verde Islands leave letters to come home by the first vessel. Capt. Homer will go down the coast before the Romp, calling on his way at all places for trade, and I am in hopes he will get a cargo of hides and ivory and be in Portland in four months—shall also expect the Union to return in four months. If the Romp has to go down the coast I cannot set any time for her. Yours, JOHN COX.

The captain's compensation in Mr. Cox's vessels was usually $25 per month wages, 5 per cent. on the gross sales outward, and twenty barrels privilege; amounting usually to about $400 exclusive of the "privilege."

Mr. Joseph Harrod, a well known dry goods dealer and brother-in-law to Mr. Cox, was endorser for him and Gurney and Packard were his agents in Boston, making advances on bills of lading and endorsing for him. Mr. Harrod became alarmed at the amount of Mr. Cox's paper, on which he was endorser. He went to the banks and told the officers that his name was no security, as he was endorser already for more than he was worth. They quieted his fears by saying that the Boston firm was good. In about 1831 Gurney and Packard failed and Mr. Cox and Mr. Harrod went under in the same revulsion. W. G.

A Level-Headed Boy.

[San Francisco Post.]

"Be a good boy, Johnnie," said the minister, "and study hard. Pou may be the President of the United States some day."

"Well, I guess not."

"Why, Sohnnie, I'm surprised at you. Don't you want to be President?"

"No, sir, it's bad enough to write compositions to suit the school marm. When it comes to working over tariff essays that will suit a whole country full of kickers—excuse me."

HOW TO PROCURE NATURAL SLEEP.

SLEEPLESSNESS, with restless and wakeful nights, followed by a weak, tired and exhausted feeling on arising in the morning, are sure forerunners of physical prostration and complete nervous exhaustion, ending in insanity. Thousands allow themselves to drift toward the awful verge of insanity without knowing that the feelings and sensations which they experience day by day are fast hurrying them on to utter mental collapse and absolute prostration of nerve power. Save yourself from these terrible results while there is yet time by the use of that wonderful nerve restorer, Dr. Greene's Nervura Nerve Tonic, which is a purely vegetable remedy and perfectly harmless. It may be given to children or the most delicate invalid without fear. It soothes, calms and quiets the weakened, irritated and over-excited nerves, producing perfect repose and refreshing natural sleep; at the same time it imparts renewed life, strength, vitality and vigor to the nervous system and restores the physical energies and powers to perfect health and strength.

I have been troubled for the past ten years with what the doctors call nervous debility and disturbed sleep or wakefulness at night. I took Dr. Greene's Nervura Nerve Tonic, and the results are most gratifying. I am sleeping as quietly as an infant and feel that I have a new lease of life. For nervousness and sleeplessness I never found anything like it.

Mrs. W. F. ABBE,
10 Affleck st., Hartford, Conn.

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA NERVE TONIC. PRICE, $1 PER BOTTLE. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

The valuable book, "Nervous Diseases; How to Cure Them," mailed free. Dr. Greene, the great specialist in nervous and chronic diseases, may be consulted at his office, 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., personally or by letter, free of charge. ap28 S&Tu2tnrm

IT WASN'T THAT KIND.

"Mertilda, is you in lub with me?"

"G' way, Sam Johnsing, cose I isn't."

"Sho' Tilda, don't say dat, for my heart burns."

"Hold on Mister Johnsing, ef you has the heartburn, jest yo go and get a box of them

WOODBURY'S DYSPEPSIA KILLERS;

they will cure yo heartburn immediately at once, and ef you suffer from water-brash, Sam, they will cure that too."

"But Tilda, it ain't that kind."

"Never you mind, Sam; it must be indigestion then what makes you look so glum, and the

D. K.'S

will cure Dyspepsia and Indigestion quicker and cleaner than you can rob a hen roost, Mister Johnsing.—Good day.

Doolittle & Smith, 24 and 26 Tremont St., Boston, will send a box of Dr. Mark E. Woodbury's Dyspepsia Killers by mail, to any part of the U. S. on receipt of 50 cents; or a trial box for 25 cents. feb9 TuThS&S1t12dor4thpnrm3m

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made in NEW YORK.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COST
— OF —
Cream of Tartar
per BARREL of FLOUR.

Using the usual quantity per pound of flour, viz., two teaspoonfuls cream of Tartar to one teaspoonful soda, a barrel of flour will require:

8 lbs. Cream of Tartar, costing 45 cts. per lb. - $3.60

4 lbs. Soda, costing 6 cts. per lb. - - - .24

Total cost per barrel of flour, - - - $3.84

An eleven ounce package of Horsford's Bread Preparation will raise 25 lbs. of flour.

A barrel of flour will require 8 packages at 25 cts. - - - $2.00

SAVING on a barrel of flour by using HORSFORD'S Bread Preparation, - - - $1.84

mh24 d1awS&weow14nrm

REVERE.

The Finest Cigar sold for 10 cents.

No Predecessor and No Rival.

H.W.S.&Co. Number 7. THE KING of 5 Cent Cigars

The Original and Only 10c Cigar sold for 5c.

Costs the retailer more than any Cigar sold in the U. S. for 5c.

H. W. SPURR & CO., Proprietors Boston.

FOR SALE BY

C. W. DYER,
N. G. FESSENDEN,
A. T. HALL,
B. W. JONES,
S. M. KELLY & CO.,
C. E. SHAW & CO.,
MURPHY BROS.,
V. B. FULLER & SON,
GLOBE TEA CO.,
D. W. HAZELTINE,
S. JOHNSON,
E. W. MURPHY,
F. A. TURNER,
E. R. LANE.

ap12 eod1mnrm

FINE

Imported and Domestic Cigars

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

In boxes of 25, 50 and 100. We are selling the above at the same rate as by the thousand.

Schlotterbeck & Foss,

501 CONGRESS STREET.

ap14 eodtf

GENTLEMEN'S HOSIERY.

MILLETT, EVANS & CO.

We offer TO-DAY an extra bargain in Gentlemen's Hosiery for Spring and Summer wear, in Fancy and Plain colors, made without seams, and warranted superior to any ever offered at the price.

The lot consists of 100 dozen and will be sold at the following prices:

1 lot of 60 dozen in Fancy Lisle Ingrain and Fancy Striped Cotton, all sizes, at 25 cents per pair, regular price 38 and 50 cents.

1 lot Lisle Thread, in fancy colors, at 34 cents, never sold for less than 50 cents.

1 lot Lisle Thread, Fancy Stripe, at 42 cents; regular price 62 1-2 cents.

Modes and Slates, in Lisle Thread, at 50 cents.

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.

MILLETT, EVANS & CO., 517 Congress St.

ap27 d3t

$1000.00 SAYS THIS IS THE BEST FIVE-CENT CIGAR TO BE HAD IN PORTLAND.

5¢ PREBLE 5¢

Support home industry. Smoke the best 5 cent Cigar. No artificial flavoring. Manufactured and for sale only at THOS. CAREY'S CIGAR STORE, under Preble House, PORTLAND, ME.

Nov19 eod6m

J. A. Merrill & Co.,

JEWELERS.

J. A. MERRILL. A. KEITH.

Manufacturers and Dealers in Military and Society Goods, Lodge Outfits, Regalias, Gold and Silver Laces, Fringes, Badges, Medals, Etc., Etc.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

MIDDLE STREET,

PORTLAND. dtf

5000 Live Fowl and Cockerels

WANTED AT

GLEBE PLACE POULTRY FARM

Brown's Hill, Cape Elizabeth, Me.

ARTHUR W. PIERCE.

P. O. Cape Elizabeth Station, Me. ap17d2w*

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operation of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame." *Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half pound tins by Grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & Co., HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS, London, England.

T&S&wly

EXCURSIONS TO CALIFORNIA.

EVERY WEEK VIA ALL LINES.

For tickets and information, apply to the Ticket Agent, Boston & Maine R. R., Commercial street Station. Lowest rates to all points West and South. dec20dtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

MANSON G. LARRABEE & CO.

WILL PLACE ON SALE

SATURDAY, APRIL 28

SOME SPECIAL BARGAINS:

One case Ladies' Gauze Vests, 40 dozen, at	25	cents each
One case Ladies' Merino Vests, medium weight, at	50	cents each
One case Gents' Balbriggan Vests, at	25	cents each
One case Gents' Light Blue Mixed, at	37 1-2	cents each
ALWAYS SOLD AT 50 CENTS.		
One case Gents' Brown Mixed, extra fine, at	50	cents each
WORTH 75 CENTS.		
One case Gents' Balbriggan, extra fine, at	75	cents each
WORTH $1.00.		

HOSIERY.

We shall Offer in This same Sale

Some Special Bargains in Ladies', Gents' and Children's Hosiery.

One lot Balbriggan, full regular, former price 25c, at	12 1-2	cents
One lot Fancy, full regular, at 15c, two pairs for	25	cents
One lot great value, at	25	cents
One lot great value, at	37 1-2	cents
One lot great value, at	50	cents

Hosiery and Underwear a Specialty with this House

MANSON G. LARRABEE & CO.

Successors to HORATIO STAPLES,

Middle St., Junction of Free.

ap27 dtf

ANOTHER GREAT SALE

— OF —

TRICOTS and SILKS

AT

TURNER BROS'.

New Goods Just Purchased at Bankrupt Prices.

Best Broadcloth Tricots, yard and a half wide in 14 New Spring Shades, representing 3000 yards Reduced from $1.00 to 58 cents.

Farille Francaise Silks in 7 New Shades, reduced from $1.25 to $1.00.

21 inch $1.25 Black Satin Rhadames reduced to 89 cents.

$1.00 and $1.25 Colored Satin Rhadames reduced to 89 cents.

apr21 dtf

MAKE AN APPOINTMENT

— AT THE —

LAMSON

STUDIO,

for a sitting when you have a leisure hour. Nothing gives as much satisfaction as a finely finished Photograph of yourself, your children or your friends. **Up only one flight;** making it easy for the children or older persons.

OPP. THE FALMOUTH HOTEL.

sep28 d1y

Are You Familiar with the Plans

— OF THE —

Union Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF PORTLAND, ME!

DO you realize that this old and sterling company is a HOME INSTITUTION, chartered in 1848 under the laws of Maine?

ARE you aware that this Company has paid to policy-holders or their representatives more than TWENTY-THREE MILLION DOLLARS?

IT has to-day more than SIX MILLION DOLLARS IN ASSETS, and over THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS IN SURPLUS calculated by the most conservative standards known to the law.

IT pays its losses promptly. Its policies after three years are free from all limitations as to Residence, Travel, Suicide and Occupation. Military and Naval Service excepted.

IT has liberal plans. Its affairs are carefully managed by its Board of Directors and Officers, whose integrity and ability are unquestioned.

THE wise provisions of the Maine Non-forfeiture Law apply only to the policies issued by this Company, and under it extended insurance is provided for in case of lapse after the payment of three or more annual premiums in cash.

THE NEW MAINE LAW CONVERTIBLE POLICY of the UNION MUTUAL contains every desirable feature in a PERFECT LIFE INSURANCE POLICY.

If you will send your address to the Home Office, or to any of its agents, we shall be glad to furnish full information in regard to the Company and its plans.

THE UNION MUTUAL appeals to residents of Maine for their especial patronage, because it is a HOME COMPANY, and because of its age, experience, strong, financial condition, large surplus, equitable and attractive plans and conservative management.

DIRECTORS.

HON. JOSIAH H. DRUMMOND, Portland, Maine.
JOHN E. DEWITT, Portland, Maine.
HENRY C. HUTCHINS, Boston, Mass.
HON. PERCIVAL BONNEY, Portland, Me.
HON. MARQUIS F. KING, Portland, Me.
THOMAS A. FOSTER, M. D., Portland, Me.
HON. FRED. E. RICHARDS, Rockport, Me.
GEORGE L. DERLOIS, Boston, Mass.
EDWARD A. NOYES, Portland, Me.
HON. FREDERICK ROBIE, Gorham, Me.
FRANK E. ALLEN, Portland, Me.
JAMES YEAREANCE, New York, N. Y.

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ARTHUR L. BATES, Secretary.
J. FRANK LANG, Ass't Secretary.
THOMAS A. FOSTER, M. D., Medical Director
HON. JOSIAH H. DRUMMOND, Counsel.

BEN WILLIAMS,

Superintendent of Agencies, Eastern Department.

JAMES SINKINSON

Manager for City Agency, Portland.

feb8 eodtf

S .S. White's, H. D. Juste's, and Johnson & Lund's Best Teeth,

$5.00 PER SET.

These are the best Teeth manufactured in the world, and the prices for these teeth the past fifteen years have ranged from $10.00 to $15.00 and even $20.00 per set. Wilmington Teeth $4.00 per set. Gas free to all who wish to have one or more teeth extracted without pain. Gold Filling $1.00 and upwards. Silver Fillings 50 cts. to 75 cts. Cement or Bone Fillings 50 cents. Appointments by mail will receive prompt attention.

Dr. F. J. BONNEY, - Dentist,

499 1-2 Congress, Cor. of Brown.

mar29 dtf

FURNITURE.

THE ATKINSON

HOUSE FURNISHING CO.,

will make it profitable to the many hundreds who are thinking of making changes in their homes, if one-half of the time it would take to vist several stores will be passed in examining the wonderful pretty Carpets in our

CARPET

— AND —

RUG DEPARTMENT,

where a DOZEN OR MORE CARPETS can be matched and compared at one time. There is no reason why even the most particular cannot be perfectly satisfied in every detail, from our immense line of every grade of

Velvets, Brussels, Tapestry, Woolen,

— OR —

COTTON AND WOOL CARPETS.

There is no color or arrangement of designs but what we can show. Our overflowing Parlor Suites, made with upholstering in every imaginable shade of coloring is so close at hand that by placing any desired article from the suits upon the Carpets when matched an idea of harmony can be had that is impossible to get without enabling one to see just HOW THE CARPET WILL LOOK AT HOME. Our very handsome Rugs and Ottomans tend to make the display homelike and will certainly lessen the uncertainties and make easier the selections.

Our thoroughly competent salesmen are always glad to explain where any doubts exist and offer suggestions when desired.

Our light by day is unsurpassed and by night the best there is, and as everybody knows that have priced our Carpets 10 per cent. at least is saved by purchasing of us. We make and lay all Carpets when it is wished that we should, and entire satisfaction guaranteed.

As stated above our

Parlor Suit Floor

is but a step, via of elevator, above our

CARPET ROOM,

and no larger or finer sight was ever seen in New England, and we are proud to show the ELEGANT; COSTLY, MEDIUM and LOW PRICED Furniture that has never before been sold for the price we will offer for this and the coming week. The bad travelling throughout the State effects all our Branch Stores, which causes a blocking up at Headquarters here in Portland that must be lightened up, and as our contracts with manufacturers call for a certain number of Suits each month, they continue to pour in, and, consequently

Now is Your Time To Buy!

Come and see if we do not advise you rightly.

TO THE NEXT FLOOR

the elevator will take you, where a feast for the eyes awaits the purchasers of

Mahogany, Black Walnut, Cherry, Oak, Ash and Beautiful Painted

CHAMBER SETS,

Marble and Wood Top CENTER TABLES, SIDEBOARDS, HALL SANDS, WHATNOTS, MIRRORS, SECRETARIES, OFFICE DESKS, BOOKCASES, CHIFFONIERS, WARDROBES, EASELS AND BRACKETS.

There is hardly a style, quality or price but what may be seen here, and almost at a glance, so nicely is everything arranged, and yet you have not seen the two upper floors where may be found the

FEATHER AND MATTRESS DEPT.

Spring Beds, Cots, Hammocks, and Folding and Mantel Beds. Camp Chairs, Extension Tables, Upholstered Easy Chairs and Rockers, Rattan and Reed Goods Almost without Number.

We have until now omitted our

STOVE AND RANGE DEPARTMENT.

Of course we have got as we have to have the Best and Most Extensive line in the country. Buy from this department and no more trouble from the kitchen. So we say, leaving aside the prices, that we know and can convince you that we are the lowest in New England, and if New England, also in the United States. As we say, leave the prices out. We can offer the greatest inducements to the great or small, Cash or Time Buyer of any house in existence. There is no article made but what we can furnish. Our goods are all kept in one store, and the best assortment in the world, and it will cost nothing to come and see if we have exaggerated.

THE ATKINSON

House Furnishing Co.

Cor. PEARL and MIDDLE STS.

Isaac C. Atkinson, Gen. Manager.

ap21 dtf

Hearn

THE

LEADING PHOTOGRAPHER

514 CONGRESS STREET,

PORTLAND - - ME.

feb8 dtf

Sanitary Plumbing.

To parties contemplation erecting New Houses or making changes in their old fixtures, I would respectfully invite to my new store and inspect all of the latest and most approved Water Closets that I have set up on exhibition with water running as in buildings; you can better select by seeing these Closets in actual operation.

JAMES MILLER,

18 TEMPLE STREET. 18

apr11 d2mos

NICKLE PLATING.

MEGQUIER & JONES,

Brass Founders and Finishers.

Fire Place Furnishings, Wire Work, Fencing, and Iron Work for Buildings. Estimates Given.

31 and 33 Pearl St., Portland.

apr21 eod1m

ICE SEASON 1888

BURNHAM & CO.,

With their regular house supply of

"KIMBALL BROOK ICE,"

Having also purchased the stock of ICE secured this season by the "Androscoggin Ice Co.", offer by wholesale and retail, Ice of purest quality and at lowest prices.

We are prepared to answer and fill all orders promptly, at

Office, Nos. 71 & 73 Cross Street.

Telephone 241. ap1d3m-is

Potatoes For Sale.

A cargo of 1200 bushels nice Early Rose Potatoes at south side of Union Wharf, wholesale 85 cents, retail 90 cents per bushel. Inquire at the schooner J. W. Raymond, or

TWITCHELL, CHAMPLIN & CO.

ap24d1w*

Miss A. H. Everett,

STENOGRAPHER,

**21 CHESTNUT STREET

THE PRESS.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 28.

THE PRESS.

May be obtained at the Periodical Depots of N. G. Fessenden, Horse Railroad Station; Marquis, 76 Exchange St.; Armstrong, E. & M. C. R. R. Depot; Hodgson, 90½ Portland St.; John Cox, 500 Congress St.; Costello, 7 Exchange St.; Holden, 47 Middle St.; Jewett, 504 Congress St.; Peterson, 2 Exchange St.; Gould, corner Congress and Chestnut Sts.; Chisholm, 109 Congress St.; Hopkins, Commercial, corner Park; Morrill, 243 Congress St.; Ross, 159 Congress St.; Beardsworth, 87 India St.; Abbott, 243 Spring St.; and of Chisholm Bros.' agents on all trains running out of the city.

Auburn, Haskell & Reynolds.
Augusta, J. F. Pierce.
Bath, J. O. Shaw.
Biddeford, F. M. Burnham.
" A. L. Jellerson.
Boston, Mass., American House.
Brunswick, B. L. Dennison.
Cumberland Mills, R. S. Raymond.
Damariscotta, E. W. Dunbar.
Freeport, W. A. Mitchell.
Fryeburg, J. C. Gerry.
Fairfield, E. H. Evans.
Farmington, White & Marwick.
Gardiner, Palmer & Co.
Gorham, Jas. H. Irish & Co.
Lewiston, Chandler & Estes.
Long Island, T. M. Glendenning.
Mechanic Falls, A. W. Bridge, Merrill & Denning.
Norway, S. L. Crockett, A. O. Noyes.
Old Orchard, Geo. E. Fogg.
Orrs Island, S. C. Prince & Son.
Richmond, G. A. Beale.
Rockland, O. S. Andrews, R. H. Burnham & Wm. H. Hyde.
Saccarappa, W. B. Boothby.
Saco, H. B. Kendrick & Co., Wm. Stackpole.
So. Paris, A. M. Gerry.
Springvale, C. H. Pierce.
Skowhegan—Bixby & Buck.
Thomaston, S. Delano.
Vinalhaven, A. R. Vinal.
Waldoboro, G. Bliss.
Waterville, C. H. Hayes.
Yarmouth, W. F. Bennett.

WIT AND WISDOM.

Dudely Canesucker (who is not as big a fool as he looks)—Did you, ah, give my card to Mith Bondclipper?

Servant—Yes, sir.

Dudely—What did she thay?

Servant—She told me to tell you that she was sorry she was not in.

Dudely—Ah, indeed! Pleath tell your mithtreth that I wath glad I didn't call.

AMERICA again takes the lead. "We could hardly believe our good luck when we ventured to ask for Burnett's Extract of Vanilla in Paris to have it handed us; it was like meeting an old friend."

Lady at the polls—I want to vote, sir.

Election judge—All right, mum; how old are you?

Lady (flushing)—What?

Judge—How old are you?

Lady—Do I have to tell that?

Judge—Certainly.

Lady (handing in the ticket)—Thanks, I don't want to vote that bad. Good morning.

For any case of nervousness, sleeplessness, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia, try Carter's Little Nerve Pills. Relief is sure. The only nerve medicine for the price in the market.

Give me your advice as a man of the world, Gus. Which of the Misses Wilson shall I take in to supper?

"Well, if you take the handsome one, you'll have to flatter her; if you take the other she'll flatter you. To a man who doesn't want to marry, like yourself, I should recommend the first as the less dangerous of the two."

Backache is almost immediately relieved by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters. Try one and be free from pain. Price 25 cents.

Little Girl—Mrs. Brown, ma wants to know if she could borrow a dozen eggs. She wants to put 'em under a hen.

Neighbor—So you've got a hen setting, have you? I didn't know you kept hens.

Little Girl—No'm, we don't, but Mrs. Smith's go in' ter lend us a hen that wants ter set, an' ma thought if you'd lend us some eggs we've got the nest ourselfs.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Send 2¢ Stamp for Four

Hoyt's German Cologne Book Marks.

TRADE RUBIFOAM MARK

RUBIFOAM A DELIGHTFULLY FRAGRANT AND HEALTHFUL LIQUID SUBSTITUTE FOR TOOTH POWDER

KEEPS THE TEETH WHITE THE BREATH SWEET AND THE GUMS HEALTHY

CONTAINS NO GRIT, NO ACID NOR ANYTHING INJURIOUS.

DIRECTIONS DIP THE BRUSH IN WATER, SPRINKLE ON A FEW DROPS OF RUBIFOAM AND APPLY IN THE USUAL MANNER.

PRICE 25¢ A BOTTLE PUT UP BY E. W. HOYT & CO. PROPRIETORS OF HOYT'S GERMAN COLOGNE. LOWELL, MASS.

myb fw&wdTT&S&wtopofc0thp

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Railroad Receipts.

PORTLAND, April 27, 1888.

Receipts by Maine Central Railroad—For Portland 49 cars miscellaneous merchandise; for connecting roads 101 cars miscellaneous merchandise.

Grain Quotations.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.
Thursday's quotations.

WHEAT

	July.	May.	June.
Opening	82⅞	80⅞	82
Highest	83⅛	81⅜	82½
Lowest	82⅝	80⅝	81⅞
Closing	82	81	82⅛

CORN.

	July.	May.	June.
Opening	54½	55	54½
Highest	55⅝	56⅛	55⅝
Lowest	54½	54⅝	54⅝
Closing	55	55⅝	54⅝

Wednesday's quotations.

WHEAT.

	June.	May.	July.
Opening	82½	81½	82½
Highest	82½	81½	83⅝
Lowest	81⅛	80½	82½
Closing	81⅝	80½	82½

CORN.

	June.	May.	July
Opening	55⅛	55⅝	55⅝
Highest	55⅝	56⅛	56⅝
Lowest	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝
Closing	54½	55	54⅝

Portland Daily Press Stock List.

Corrected by SWAN & BARRETT, Bankers and Brokers, 166 Middle street.

STOCKS.

Descriptions.	Par Value.	Bid.	Asked
Canal National Bank	100	157	159
Casco Nat. Bank	100	146	148
First National Bank	100	115	117
Cumberland National Bank	40	50	51
Merchants' National Bank	75	121	123
National Traders' Bank	100	136	138
Portland Company		95	100
Portland Gas Company	50	65	70

BONDS.

State of Maine 6s, due 1889	102	103
Portland City 6s, Municip'l various	100	115
Portland City 6s, R. R. aid 1907	123	125
Portland City Funding 4s	101½	102½
Bath City 6s, Mun. various	102	105
Bath City 6s R. R. aid various	101	103
Bangor City 6s, long R. R. aid	113	116
Bangor City 6s, long Mun.	120	122
Belfast City 6s, R. R. aid	104	106
And. & Ken. R. R. 6s, various	103	104
Portland & Ken. R. R. 6s, 1895	109	111
Leeds & Farmington R. R. 6s	109	111
Maine Central R. R. 1st mtg 7s	118	120
Maine Central R. R. Consol 7s	130	132
Maine Central R. R. Skg Fund 6s	105	106

Portland Water Co.

"	2d mtg 6s	105	108
"	3d mtg 6s	110	112
"	Consol 4s		98

Boston Stock Market.

[By Telegraph.]

The following quotations of stocks are received daily:

Wisconsin Central	18
Wisconsin Central preferred	39
New York and New England Railroad	41
do pref	*120½
Mexican Central	*15⅞
C. B. & Q.	*123½
Mexican Central 4s	70½
Atch., Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad	*9⅞
Bell Telephone	*228
Chicago, Burlington & Northern	58
Boston & Albany	197
California Southern Railroad	45
Eastern Railroad	124
Calumet & Hecla	*237
Boston & Maine R.	*210

*Ex-dividend.

New York Stock and Money Market

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, April 27, 1888.—Money on call has been easy, ranging from 1½ to 2½ per cent; last loan 2, closing at 1½@2 per cent. Prime paper at 4½@5½ per cent. Sterling Exchange is quiet and steady. Government bonds quiet and firm. Railroad bonds active and firm. The stock market closed active, leaving prices in most cases but small fractions above first figures.

The sales transactions at the stock exchange aggregated 440,473 shares.

The closing are to-day's quotations of Government securities:

United States 3s	
New 4s, reg	126½
New 4s, coup	126½
New 4½s, reg	107½
New 4½s, coup	107½
Central Pacific 1sts	114⅞
Denver & R. Gr. 1sts	121⅛
Erie 2ds	98⅝
Kansas Pacific Consols	109½
Oregon Nav. 1sts	110½
Union Pacific 1sts	114¼
Land Grants	
do Sinking Funds	

The following are closing quotations of stocks:

	Apr. 27	Apr. 26
Adams Express	135	135
Am. Express	109	109
Central Pacific	32¼	32¾
Chesapeake & Ohio		
Chicago & Alton	136	135
do pref		160
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	123½	123
Delaware & Hudson Canal Co.	109½	109⅝
Delaware, Lacka. & Western	130⅝	130⅝
Denver & Rio Grande	18	19
Erie	26⅝	26⅞
Erie pref	58½	
Illinois Central	121	120¾
Ind. Bloom & West	13½	13¼
Lake Erie & West	15⅛	14⅞
Lake Shore	92½	91⅞
Louis & Nash	57¼	57⅜
Manhattan Elevated	95½	93
Michigan Central	80	80½
Minn & St. Louis	8¼	6¾
do pref	17	15½
Missouri Pacific	78¾	77¾
New Jersey Central	82½	83¼
Nor. Pacific common	24	24⅞
do pref	50	50
Northwestern	110	110⅝
Northwestern pref	143	143¾
New York Central	107¼	107
New York, Chicago & St. Louis	15⅛	16
do pref	67	67
Ohio & Miss	20¾	21¼
Ont. & Western	17	16¾
Oregon Trans-Cont'l	24¼	24⅝
Pacific Mail	34½	34½
Pullman Palace	144⅝	144
Reading	*34¼	34¼
Rock Island	113	113
St Louis & San Fran	28¾	29
do pref	67¾	67⅝
do 1st pref	113½	112
St Paul	73⅝	74
do pref	115½	114
St Paul, Minn & Man	103	104
St. Paul & Omaha	40½	41
St. Paul & Omaha pref	109½	109
Texas Pacific	26¾	26½
Union Pacific	56⅛	57½
U. S. Express	74	74¼
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific	14¾	14¼
do pref	26¼	26
Western Union	77⅛	77¼
E. Tenn, new	10⅛	10¼
East Tenn, pref	61½	62
Wells, Fargo Express	135	135
Oregon Nav	93½	92¾
Houston & Texas	14½	16
Mobile & Ohio	8¼	8¼
Metropolitan El	133½	135
Ilon & Terre Haute	35¾	37
do pref	70	73

New York Mining Stocks.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, April 27, 1888 The following are closing quotations for mining stocks to-day:

Colorado Coal	37
Hocking Coal	22
Ontario	28 00
Quicksilver	2 30
do pref	2 25
Con. Cal. & Va	15¼
Homestake	11 00
Quicksilver	11
do preferred	55¼
Standard	2 50
Plymouth	5 00
Sierra Nevada	4 55

Petroleum Market.

BOSTON, April 27.

Pipe Line Certificates.

Opening	85¼
10.30	85½
11.00	84¾
11.30	84¾
12 M	84⅝
1 P. M.	84⅝
2.30 P. M	84⅝
Closing	85⅛

Boston Produce Market.

BOSTON, April 27, 1888.—The following are to-day's quotations of Provisions, &c.:

Pork—Long cut 17 00@17 50; short cuts 17 50@17 75; backs 17 75@18 00; light backs 17 00; prime pork nominal 16 00.

Lard—Choice at 8⅝@8¾c ⅌ lb in tcs; 9@9¼c in 10-lb pails; 9¼@9½c in 5-lb pails.

Hams at 11@12c, according to size and cure; pressed hams 11½@12c.

Hogs—Choice city dressed hogs 7½@7¾c ⅌ lb; country do at 6½@7c.

Butter—Western extra fresh made creamery at 26c; some fancy Elgin higher, extra first Western creamery 24@25c; do firsts at 22@23c; do fancy fresh imitation crmery 22c; do seconds at 20@21c; Vermont fresh extra crmy 26½@27c; do extra firsts at 25@26c. The above quotations are for receivers' prices for strictly wholesale lots. Jobbing prices 1@2c higher.

Cheese—Northern choice at 12½@13c; Ohio choice nominal; lower grades at 7@12c; Northern sage 14c. Jobbing prices ½c higher.

Eggs—Eastern extras at 14½@15c; some fancy near-by stock higher; Eastern firsts at 14; extra Vt and N H at 14½@15c; fresh Western at 14@14½c; N S and N B at 14@14½c; Mich 14¼@14½c. Jobbing price 1c higher.

Poultry—Western young fresh killed turkeys, extra small at 13@14c; do fair to choice at 12@12½c; Northern fresh killed chickens at 20@22; do fair to good at 14@18c; Northern fresh killed fowls at 14@15c; Western fowls and chickens 10@13c.

Beans—Choice small N Y hand picked pea at 2 90@3 00 ⅌ bush; choice New York large hand picked do 2 85@2 90; small Vermont hand picked do at 3 10@3 15.

Hay—Choice prime hay at 17 00@18 00; fair to good at $15 00@16 00; Eastern line $12@$15; door to ordinary $12@$14; East swale 10@$11. Rye straw, choice, 23 00@$24 00; oat straw 9 50@10 00.

Potatoes—Houlton Rose at $1 05 ⅌ bush; do Hebrons 85@90c; Aroostook Rose 1 05; do Hebrons at 85c; prolifics at 75c; White Brooks at 65c.

Chicago Cattle Market

[By Telegraph.]

CHICAGO, April 27, 1888—Cattle market—receipts 7,000; shipments 3000; strong; steers 3 65@5 20; stockers and feeders at 2 35@3 60; cows, bulls and mixed 1 75@3 70; Texas catt e 3 50@4 10.

Hogs, receipts 20,000; shipments 6 00; strong; mixed 5 30@5 60; heavy 5 45@5 65; light 5 30@5 55; skips 4 00@5 00.

Sheep—receipts 4000; shipments 1,000; steady; Western 4 25@6 00; Texans at 4 00@6 00. Lambs 5 00@7 25.

Domestic Markets.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, April 27, 1888.—Flour market—receipts 15,331 packages; exports 2469 bbls and 13,231 sacks; less activity; sales 18,300 bbls.

Flour quotations—Fine at 2 10@2 75; superfine Western and State 2 45@3 10; common to good extra Western and State at 2 85@3 40; good to choice do at 3 50@5 10; common to choice White wheat Western extra at 4 50@4 75; fancy do at 4 80@5 10; common to good extra Ohio at 2 85@5 10; common to choice extra St Louis at 2 85@5 10; patent Minnesota extra good to prime at 4 50@5 75; choice to fancy do at 4 80@5 10. Including 2,600 bbls city mill extra at 4 00@4 75, 1400 bbls rye mixed do 2 10@2 75; 1500 bbls superfine 2 40@3 10, latter an extra; 1300 bbls extra Ohio at 2 85@3 40; 5,400 bbls winter wheat extra at 2 85@5 10, and 5 25 for fancy; 5500 bbls Minnesota extra at 2 85@5 10. Southern flour is steady and only moderately active; common to fair extra 3 30@4 00; good to choice 4 10@5 10. Rye flour quiet. Wheat—receipts 2,500 bush; exports—bush; sales 40,000 bush; very dull; No 2 Spring at 92¾c; No 2 Red at 91¾@95¼c store and elev, 91¾@96¾c delivered. Rye nominal. Barley dull. Corn—receipts 25,200 bush; exports 17,447 bush, sales 26,0 0 bush; dull and easier; No 2 at 56c elev, steamer at 56½c elev; No 2 at 67¾@68¾c elev. Oats—receipts 73,000 bush, exports 1159 bu h; sales 49,000 bush; 2@3c off; No 2 at 37½c; White do at 42c; No 2 at 39@39½c; do White at 43c; No 1 White at 44½c; Mixed Western at 37@39c; White do 42@45c; White State 43@49c. Coffee—fair rio steady 14¾c. Sugar is quiet and steady; C at 5⅛c; Extra C at 5⅝@5¾c; White Extra C 5⅞c; Yellow 5 5-16@5⅝c; standard A 6¼c; Mould A 7c; Confectioners A at 6⅝; cut loaf and crushed 8c; off A 6 1-16; powdered 7 87½c; granulated at 6¾c; Cubes at 7c. Petroleum steady—united at 85⅞c. Beef steady. Lard is lower and very dull, closing steady; Western steam 8 25; city steam 7 85; refined is quiet at 8 00 for Continent; S A 9 10. Butter firm; Western 16½@27c. Cheese easier; demand is fair.

Freights to Liverpool dull.

CHICAGO, April 27, 1888.—The Flour market is neglected; prices steady. Wheat unsettled and lower; No 2 Spring at 80@80¼c; No 2 Red 83¾. Corn irregular; No 2 at 54½@54¾c. Oats are and heavy—No 2 at 32@32½c. No 2 Rye at 64c. Barley—No 2 at 77½@78c. Provisions dull and weak—Mess Pork at 13 50. Lard at 7 80. Dry salted shoulders at 5 75@6 00; short clear sides 7 70@7 75. Whiskey at 1 15.

Receipts—Flour, 28,000 bbls; wheat, 28,000 bush; corn 14,000 bush; oats 104,000 bu; rye 3000 bush; barley, 12,000 bush.

Shipments—Flour 24,000 bbls, wheat, 22,000 bu; corn, 40,000 bush; oats, 3,000 bush; rye 5,000 bush, barley 9,000 bush.

ST. LOUIS, April 27, 1888.—The Flour market is quiet and weak, ranging from at 2 50@4 30. Wheat weak and lower—No 2 Red at 8⅜@85¼c. Corn strong early, closing easier at 51@51¼c. Oats firm and higher at 31⅛@32¼c. Whiskey at 1 09. Provisions easy. Pork at 14 00. Lard at 7 40. Dry salted meats—shoulders at 5 75@5 87½; long clear at 7 12½@7 25; clear ribs at 7 25@7 37½; short clear at 7 50@7 62½. Bacon—shoulders at 6 37½; long clear at 7 85@7 87½; clear ribs 7 90@7 95; short clear at 8 15@8 25. Hams 10 00@12 00.

Receipts—Flour, 2,000 bbls, wheat 9,000 bush, corn 28,000 bush, oats 17,000 bush, barley 1,000 bush, rye 1000 bush.

Shipments—Flour 600 bbls, wheat 8,000 bush, corn 21,000 bush, oats 13,000 bush, barley 00,000 bush, rye 1,000 bush.

DETROIT, Apr 27, 1888.—Wheat—No 1 White at 88¾c; No 2 Red at 88c. Corn—No 2 Red at 56c. Oats—No 2 at 35c.

Wheat—receipts 4100 bush.

NEW ORLEANS, April 27, 1888.—Cotton is quiet; middling 9 7-16c.

SAVANNAH, April 27, 1888.—Cotton steady; middling 9 7-16c.

CHARLESTON, April 27, 1888.—Cotton firm; middling 9 9-16c.

MEMPHIS, April 27, 1888.—Cotton firm; middling at 9⅝c.

MOBILE, April 27, 1888.—Cotton steady; middling 9 5-16c.

European Markets.

[By Telegraph.]

LONDON, April 27, 1888.—Consols 99 12-16 for money and 99⅞ for the account.

LONDON, April 27, 1888.—U. S. 4s, 129.

LIVERPOOL, April 27, 1888.—Cotton market—firm with fair demand; upands at 5⅝d; Orleans 5 7-16d; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1000 bales.

LIVERPOOL, April 27, 1888—Quotations—Winter wheat 6s 8d@6s 9d; Spring wheat at 6s 7d @6s 9d; Club at 6s 9d@6s 00d. Corn—mixed Western at 5s 5d; peas 5s 7d. Provisions, &c.—Pork 67s 6d; bacon, at 41s 3d for short clear and 38s 9d for long clear. Cheese 55s for colored. Tallow 26 3d. Lard at 40s 0d.

PORTLAND WHOLESALE MARKET.

PORTLAND, Apr. 27, 1888.

The following are to-day's closing quotations of Grain, Provisions, &c.:

Flour.		**Grain.**	
Superfine and low grades	2 75@3 75	H Mixd Corn	68@69
X Spring and XX Spring	4 15@4 35	Corn, bag lots	69@70
Patent Spring	4 50@5 00	Meal, bag lots	66@67
Wheats	4 50@5 25	Oats, car lots	45@46
Mich. straight roller	4 50@4 75	Oats, bag lots	47@48
clear do	4 25@4 50	Cotton Seed, car lots	24 50@25 00
stone ground	4 25@4 50	do bag	25 00@26 00
St Louis str'g roller	4 75@5 00	Sack'd Flr'p	
clear do	4 75@4½	car lots	23 00@24 00
Winter Wheat Patents	5 00@5 25	do bag	24 00@25 00
Fish.		Middlings	23 00@25 00
Cod, ⅌ qtl—		do bag lots	24 00@26 00
Large Shore	4 00@4 25	**Provisions.**	
Large Bank	3 75@4 00	Pork—	
Small	0 00@0 00	Backs	17 75@18 00
Pollock	2 50@3 25	Clear	17 00@17 50
Haddock		Mess	15 75@16 00
Hake	2 00@2 25	Ex Mess	8 00@ 8 50
Herring—		Plate	9 00@9 25
Scaled ⅌ box	18@22c	Ex Plate	9 50@10 00
No 1	00@00	Lard—	
Mackerel ⅌ bbl—		Tubs ⅌ lb	8¼@8⅝c
Shores	18 00@20 00	Tierces	8¼@8⅝c
Shore 2s	16 00@17 00	Pails	8½@9½c
Mess 3s		Hams ⅌ lb	11¼@11¾
Large		do covered	12½@14
Produce.		**Oil.**	
Cranberries—		Kerosene—	
Maine	7 00@8 00	Po Ref. Pet	7¼
Cape Cod	11 00@12 00	Pratt's Astl'l bbl	10¾
Pea Beans	3 00@3 25	Devoe's Brilliant	11
Medium	2 50@2 75	Lignola	8½
German mtd	50@2 75	Centennial	8½
Yellow Eyes	2 50@2 75	**Raisins.**	
Potatoes bush	85c@95c	Muscatel	2 25@3 35
Rose for seed	1 00	London Layr	2 85@3 25
St Potatoes	4 00@5 00	Ondura Layr	8¾@9c
Ber Onions, ct	50@3 75	Valencia	7@7½c
Turkeys	17@18	**Sugar.**	
Chickens	12@15	Granulated ⅌ lb	7⅛
Fowls	11@14	Extra C	6⅝
Geese	12½@14	**Seeds.**	
Ducks		Red Top	2 25@2 50
Apples.		Timothy Seed	2 95@3 00
Russets	3 75@4 00	Clover	8¼@12½c
Fancy Baldns	@3 50	**Cheese.**	
Evaporated apples	12@13c	Vermont	10@14½
Lemons.		N.Y. factory	10@14½
Palermo	3 50@4 00	Sage	15@16
Messina	3 50@4 00	**Butter.**	
Malagers		Creamery ⅌ lb	26@27
Oranges.		Gilt Edge Ver	25@26
Florida	4 50@5 50	Choice	19@20
Valencia	7 50@8 00	Good	17@18
Messina and Palermo ⅌ box	4 00@4 50	Store	15@16
Grass.		**Eggs.**	
Pilot Sup	7½@8	Eastern extras	15@16
do sq	5½@6	Can & Western	@15
Ship	4½@5	Limed	
Crackers ⅌ lb	6@6½	**Leather.**	
Coal.		New York—	
Cumberland	4 75@5 25	Light	20@ 21
Acadia	@7 50	Mid weight	22@ 23
Chestnut	@6 50	Heavy	23@ 25
Franklin	@7 50	Slaughter	32@ 34
Lehigh	@6 50	Good d'mgd.	20@ 21
Coffee.		Am calf	90@1 00
Rio, roasted	18 @20	**Lumber.**	
Java do	25 @28	South pine	30 00@40 00
Cooperage.		Clear pine—	
Hhd shooks and hds—		Uppers	$56@$65
Mol. city	1 50@1 75	Select	$45@$55
Sug. city	95@1 05	Fine common	$35@$42
Sug. std slk	50@ 70	Spruce	$13@$14
Pine sugar—		Hemlock	$11@$12
Box shooks	@ 45	Clapboards—	
Sugar heading—		Spruce, X	$28@$30
Spruce 35 lb	18@ 20	Clear	$26@$28
Pine	18@ 20	2d clear	$20@$23
Hard pine	20	No 1	$15@$16
Mol. heading	22@ 25	Pine	$25@$50
Hoops—		Shingles—	
New 14 ft	$25	X cedar	4 50@3 75
Old	$20@$23	Clear cedar	3 00@3 25
Short do 8 ft	$10@$12	X No 1	2 00@2 50
7 ft	$8	No 1 cedar	1 25@1 75
Pop'r staves	$12@$14	Spruce	1 35@1 50
Spruce rough	12	Laths—	
Oak hhd staves	$12 50@$14	Spruce	2 00@2 15
Cordage.		Lime ⅌ cask	1 05
Amer'n ⅌ lb	11@12	Cement	1 50
Manila	12½@13½	**Matches.**	
Manilla Bolt Rope	14	Star, ⅌ gross	1 0
Russi do	16@17	Dirigo	39@ 4
Sisal	11 @12	**Metals.**	
Drugs and Dyes.		Copper—	
Acid Oxalic	12@14	14x48 com	26 28
" tart	50@ 52	14x48 plan-ished	37
Ammonia—		Bolts	@ 25
carb	15@20	Y M sheath	17
Ashes, pot	6¾@ 8	Y M Bolts	20
Bals coubia	70@ 75	Bottoms	30@32
Beeswax	30@ 33	Tin—	
Bich powders	5	Straits	40@ 42
Borax	10@ 12	English	38@ 40
Brimstone	2½@ 3	Char. I. C.	5 75@6 25
Cochineal	40@ 45	Char. I. X.	6 00@8 50
Copperas	1½@ 3	Terne	6 25@ 7 70
Cream tartar	37@ 39	Coke	5 25@ 5 50
Ex. logwood	12@ 17	Antimony	14@15
Gumarabic	70@1 25	Zinc	7 00@8 00
Aloes cape	15@ 25	Solder ½x¼	26@27
Camphor	28@ 30	**Molasses.**	
Myrrh	50@ 55	Porto Rico	28@ 40
Opium	3 70@3 80	Barbadoes	30@ 32
Shellac	25@ 30	Cienfuegos	24@ 25
Indigo	85@1 00	Boiling	20@21
Iodine	4 25@4 35	Muscovado	35@40
Ipecac	2 00	**Nails.**	
Licorice, rt	15@ 20	Cask	2 15@2 25
Lal ex	34@ 40	**Naval Stores.**	
Morphine	2 70@2 95	Tar ⅌ bbl	3 25@3 50
Oil bergamot	2 75@3 00	Coal Tar	3 25@3 50
Cod liver	1 50@2 00	Pitch	3 25@3 50
Lemon	2 25@2 50	Wil. Pitch	3 00@3 25
Olive	1 25@1 75	Resin	3 00@4 00
Peppermint	2 75@3 00	Turpt'ne gall	43@ 50
Wintergreen	2 20@2 30	Oakum	9½@10½
Potass br'mide	40@ 48	**Oil.**	
Chlorate	20@ 22	Linseed	58@ 61
Iodide	3 10@3 25	Boiled	59@ 64
Quicksilver	72	Sperm	1 00@1 15
Quinine	55@58	Whale	50@ 60
Rhubarb	75@1 50	Pure	30@ 35
Rt snake	35@ 40	Bank	30@ 35
Saltpetre	10@ 12	Shore	28@ 33
Senna	25@ 30	Porpoise	@ 33
Canary seed	4@ 4½	Lard	60@ 70
Cardamons	1 00@1 75	Castor	1 25@1 30
Sinda, bi-carb	2¾@ 6¾	Neatsfoot	1 00@1 05
Sal.	2½@ 3	Elaine	52@ 55
Sulpur	2½@ 3½	**Paints.**	
Sugar lead	20@ 22	Pure gro ld	10@5 6 75
White wax	55@ 60	Pure dry lead	6 00@6 25
Vitrol, blue	6@ 8	Eng Ven Red	3@ 3½
Vanilla, bean	8 9@ 15	Red Lead	6@ 7½
Duck.		Am. Zinc	5 00@7 00
No 1	33	Rochelle Yellow	23
No 3	30	**Rice.**	
No 10	20	Rice, ⅌ lb	5½@ 7
8 oz	16	Rangoon	5⅞@5¾
10 oz	20	**Saleratus.**	
Gunpowder—Shot.		Saleratus	5@ 5½
Blasting	3 50@4 00	**Spices.**	
Sporting	6 25@6 50	Cassia, pure	15@ 17
Drop shot	6	Cloves	28@ 30
Buck	7	Ginger	13@ 15
Hay.		Mace	75@ 80
Pressed	$12@$14	Nutmegs	65@ 70
Straw	$ 8@$ 10	Pepper	22@ 26
Iron.		**Starch.**	
Common	2¼@2¼	Laundry	3½@ 5
Refined	2½@2¾	**Teas.**	
Norway	4 @4½	Souchong	18@ 50
Cast steel	12 @ 15	Oolong	20@ 30
German steel	5 @7	do choice	35@ 50
Shoe steel	3	Japan	25@ 30
Sheet iron—		do choice	35@ 40
Common	3¾@4¼	**Tobacco.**	
H.C.	4@4½	Best brands	50@ 60
Russia	13½@14	Medium	30@ 40
Galv	7@8½	Common	25@ 30
		Half ⅌	
		Natural leaf	60@ 70

SAILING DAYS OF STEAMSHIPS.

FROM	FOR		
Niagara	New York	Havana	Apl 28
Catalonia	Boston	Liverpool	Apl 28
Fulda	New York	Bremen	Apl 28
Bohemia	New York	Hamburg	Apl 28
La Bourgogne	New York	Havre	Apl 28
Umbria	New York	Liverpool	Apl 28
Maranhanse	New York	Para	Apl 30
Nordland	New York	Antwerp	May 2
Trave	New York	Bremen	May 2
Adriatic	New York	Liverpool	May 2
Advance	New York	Rio Janeiro	May 2
Caracas	New York	Laguayra	May 5
Alvo	New York	Hayti	May 2
City of Atlanta	New York	Havana	May 3
Wieland	New York	Hamburg	May 3
Honduras	New York	Jamaica	May 3
Mexico	New York	Havana	May 4
La Champagne	New York	Havre	May 5
Thingvalla	New York	Copenhagen	May 5
Bothnia	Boston	Liverpool	May 5
Caracas	New York	Laguayra	May 5
Olivo	New York	Liverpool	May 5
Aurania	New York	Liverpool	May 6
Anchoria	New York	Glasgow	May 5
Elbe	New York	Bremen	May 5
Saratoga	New York	Havana	May 5

MINIATURE ALMANAC.—APRIL 28.

Sun rises	4 35	High water	12 08
Sun sets	6 41		12 44
Length of day	14 06	Height	10 ft 9 in
Moon rises	9 40		10 ft 3 in

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF PORTLAND.

FRIDAY, April 27.

Arrived.

Steamer New Brunswick, Hilliard, St John, NB, via Eastport for Boston.

Sch Celina, Munroe, Baltimore—coal to Randall & McAllister.

Sch Mattie J Alles, Crockett, Woodbridge—clay to Portland Stoneware Co.

Sch Lulu, Leighton, Dover.

Sch Frank, from Portsmouth.

Sch Perseverance, Willard, Hallowell for New York.

Cleared.

Sch Georgia, Coffin, Cardenas—Geo S Hunt & Co

Sch Rienzi, Chatto, Sedgwick—J H Blake.

Sch Forester, Moseley, Ellsworth—J H Blake.

Sch Brilliant, Hooper, Port Clyde—J H Blake.

Sch Laura & Marion, Eastman, Harpswell—J H Blake.

SAILED—Brig Esperanza.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

GREEN'S LANDING, April 21—Ar, sch Cook Borden, Lunt, Calais, to load stone for Philadelphia.

April 22—Ar, schs Florence E Tower, Knowlton, Boston; Eunice P Newcomb, Allen, Co.

April 24—Sld, sch Willie, Knowlton, New York.

April 25—Sld, sch Sea Queen, Boston.

April 26—Sld, schs Exact, Gray, Belfast; Allsstan, Barbour, New York; Fleetwing, Scott, do; Valparaiso, Tyler, Boston.

FROM MERCHANTS' EXCHANG

THE PRESS.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 28.

PORTLAND AND VICINITY.

INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES.

Caught at last.

FINANCIAL.

M. Payson & Co.—Bankers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Inves ments—Brewster, Cobb & Estabrook.
Spring and summer—Haskell & Jones.
W. and O. grand—H. H. Ricker & Co.
Summer board—Mrs. Charles Stanley.
Restaurant—Great Diamond Island.
C. J. Farrington—180 Middle street.
Wanted—Tea and coffee salesman.
Found—Colesworthy book store.
Found—Mitchell's 5 cent store.
To let—Chambers for storage.
Eastman Bros. & Bancroft.
For sale—Hotel property.
For sale—M. H. Ranlett.
Brown, the shoe dealer.
For sale—J. W. Turner.
Cost of cream of tartar.
Tenement to let—2.
Owen, Moore & Co.
Bicycle for sale.
Rines Brothers.
House to let—2.

Caught at Last.

Yesterday Bernard Roes came all the way from Rockland, this State, to be relieved by Dr. Nicholls of a large tapeworm which had greatly troubled him more than nine years, having passed portions of it at different times; sometimes while walking in the street. Dr. Nicholls succeeded in removing the monster, head and all complete, in three and a half hours. Mr. Roes returned to his home a very happy man.

No less than fourteen different physicians from every part of the State at different times attempted to remove the parasite, without effect. The worm is a remarkably fine specimen and can be seen, with many others, at Dr. Nicholls' office, 537 Congress street, Portland. The doctor says that thousands of persons are afflicted with these parasites, who are being treated for diseases that have no real existence. d&w

Palpitation of the heart, nervousness, tremblings, nervous headache, cold hands and feet, pain in the back, and other forms of weakness are relieved by Carter's Iron Pills, made specially for the blood, nerves and complexion. apr24d&w1w

Who is Your Best Friend?

Your stomach of course. Why? Because if it is out of order you are one of the most miserable creatures living. Give it a fair honorable chance and see if it is not the best friend you have in the end. Don't smoke in the morning. Don't drink in the morning. If you must smoke and drink wait until your stomach is through with breakfast. You can drink more and smoke more in the evening and it will tell on you less. If your food ferments and does not digest right,—if you are troubled with Heartburn, Dizziness of the head, coming up of the food after eating, Biliousness, Indigestion, or any other trouble of the stomach, you had best use Green's August Flower, as no person can use it without immediate relief.

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Sunday Services.

☞ The Sail Loft Meetings are held at No. 6 Central Wharf every Sunday morning, commencing at 10.30 a. m. Strangers and others are cordially invited to be present. All are welcome.

ABYSSINIAN CHURCH.—Preaching by pastor at 3 o'clock. Subject, "The evils of intemperance." Sunday School at 4.30. There will be a temperance Sunday school concert in the evening.

CHESTNUT STREET M. E. CHURCH—Rev. N. T. Whitaker, D.D., pastor. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. by pastor. Address to Odd Fellows at 2 p. m. All the seats in the body of the house reserved for Odd Fellows and Daughters of Rebekah until 2.55 p. m. Sabbath school at 1.30 p. m. Evening services 6 and 7 p. m.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH—(Universalist), Rev. M. Crosley, pastor. Services tomorrow at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 12 m.

CONGRESS SQUARE CHURCH.—(First Universalist)—Rev. Henry Blanchard, pastor. Services 10.30 a. m. with sermon on "Matthew Arnold's Witness to Christ and the Bible." Sunday school at 12.15 p. m.

CONGRESS ST. M. E. CHURCH—Rev. J. M. Frost, pastor. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. and 7 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday School at 1.30 p. m. Prayer meeting at 7 p. m.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, Opp. Lincoln Park.—Rev. A. K. P. Small, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting at 7 p. m.

FIRST FREE BAPTIST CHURCH — (Plymouth) Congress St. Rev. J. M. Lowman, pastor, sermon before the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor. Subject: "Iron in the Blood." Sunday School at 12 M. Prayer and Social meeting at 7.30 p. m.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—William's Hall, Congress street. Sunday school at 2 p. m. Preaching by Rev. Joseph S. Cogswell at 3 and 7.30 p.m.

FREE CHURCH, Western Avenue, Deering—Sunday school at 2 p. m. Preaching by Rev. C. H. Daniels at 3 p. m. Gospel service at 7 p. m. Seats free at all the services.

FREE STREET BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. A. T. Dunn, Pastor. The Rev. C. H. Daniels of the Payson Memorial Church will preach in exchange with the pastor in the morning. Sunday School at 12 m. Prayer meeting at 7.30 p. m.

GOSPEL MISSION.—Rev. S. F. Pearson pastor. Sunday school, F. J. Russell, Sup't., and pastor's bible class at 1.30 p. m. Preaching by pastor—Temperance sermon at 3 p. m. Service of praise at 7 p. m. Prayer and testimony meeting at 7.30 p. m. Preaching by the pastor at 8.15 p. m. Seats free. All are welcomed.

HIGH STREET CHURCH—Rev. Wm. H. Fenn, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. by Rev. Edward A. Lawrence. Sunday school at 12 m. Lecture in the evening at 7.30, by Rev. Mr. Lawrence. Subject: "Gospel Seed in Asiatic Soil."

NEW JERUSALEM CHURCH, New High Street—Rev. Howard C. Dunham pastor. Divine Worship and preaching Sunday at 10.30 a. m. by the pastor. Subject: "The Saviour's Transfiguration." Sunday School at 12 M. At 7.30 p. m. the Rev. Wm. B. Hayden will deliver the fourth lecture in the Course by different ministers. Subject: "The future Unity of Christendom." All are welcome.

PINE STREET M. E. CHURCH.—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Theodore Gerrish at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Morning subject, "Christian Experience." Evening sub.ect, "The Multitude of the Redeemed." Sunday school at 2.30 p.m. Seats free. All are welcome.

PORTLAND LIBERAL FRATERNITY meets in Good Templars' Hall on Conress street, at 10.30 a. m. Subject for discussion: "What is the Almighty that we should serve him; and what profit should we have if we pray unto him?" Job 21-15. Opened by Albert H. Walt, Esq.

PORTLAND SPIRITUAL TEMPLE, 457½ Congress street—Joseph D. Stiles, of Weymouth, Mass., Test Medium, closes his engagements tomorrow at Mystic Hall Congress street at 2.30 p. m., short address to be followed by tests. 7.30 p.m., poem, to be followed by tests.

PREBLE CHAPEL.—Sunday school at 2 p. m. Address to the Sunday school at 3 p. m. by Mr. Geo. C. Burgess. Evening service at 7.30.

REFORM CLUB—Reform Club meeting tomorrow evening, corner Temple and Congress streets, commencing at 7.15 o'clock. The public are cordially invited.

SECOND ADVENT CHURCH, Mechanics' Hall, corner Congress and Casco streets.—Preaching by Rev. O. S. French at 10.30 a. m. and 3 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Social service at 7.30 p. m.

SECOND PARISH (CONGREGATIONAL) CHURCH, Congress, Cor. of Pearl street, Rev. C. H. Daniels pastor. Preaching at 3 p. m. by Rev. A. T. Dunn in exchange with pastor. Chinese class at 12 m. Sunday School at 1.45 p. m. Social service at 7 p. m.

STATE STREET CHURCH.—Rev. F. T. Bayley, pastor. Services of worship at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Evening subject, "Satan's Helpers." Everybody is cordially welcome.

ST. LAWRENCE ST. CONG'L CHURCH.—Rev. A. H. Wright, pastor. Preaching service at 10.30 a. m. Sunday School service at 1.00 p. m. Social service at 7 p. m.

THE YOUNG MEN'S LIBERAL ASSOCIATION meet in Science Hall, corner of Congress and Temple Sts., entrance on Temple, at 2 p. m. Subject: "Revivals and conversions, are those of God or of Man?" Miss Lillian Hamlin will lead the choir with her cornet.

VAUGHAN STREET CHURCH.— Rev. D. W. Lelacheur, pastor. Prayer meeting at 10.30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 1.30 p. m. Preaching by pastor at 3 p. m.

WEST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—Rev. S. K. Perkins, pastor. Preaching service at 10.30 a. m. Sunday school at 11.45 a. m. At 7 p. m. the Y. P. S. C. E. connected with this Church will observe its sixth anniversary. V. R. Foss, Esq., and Mr. A. B. Merrill are expected to address the meeting. Members of other societies are cordially invited.

WILLISTON CHURCH—Corner Thomas and Carroll streets, Rev. L. H. Hallock, pastor. Preaching by pastor at 10.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Social Service in the vestry at 7 o'clock.

WOODBURY'S CLARK MEMORIAL M. E. CHURCH—Preaching by Rev. Roscoe Sanderson, pastor. Sunday school at 1.30 p. m. Preaching at 2.30 p. m. Young People's meeting at 6.30. Song and social service at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting Tuesday evening; Class meeting Friday evening at 7.30.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—All religious meetings for men only. Prayer and conference meeting at 9 a. m., led by Mr. Toby. Topic, "Confidence through Faith." Afternoon service at 4.30, F. W. McKenney, Leader. Topic, "Ephesians vi-xi. Singing led by cornet and organ. All young men cordially invited.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE WEBB.

FRIDAY—United States, by indictment, vs. Sarah J. Connor. For making false representations to obtain a pension. Verdict: guilty. Sentence reserved.

Bird, Dist. Att'y. Mr. Potter—T. L. Talbot.

United States, by indictment, vs. Mary A. Purcell. For making false affidavit in pension matter. On trial.

Bird, Dist. Att'y. Mr. Potter, Augusta—T. L. Talbot.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE VIRGIN.

FRIDAY.—In the case of George H. Snyder against the Boston & Maine Railroad, which went to the jury about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the jury had not been able to agree up to 9 o'clock in the evening.

Hadlock—Townshend for plff.

Putnam—Snow for deft.

HANCOCK COUNTY S. J. COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE HASKELL.

ELLSWORTH, April 26.

Charles A. Arey vs. Samuel P. Hall et als. In May, 1885, the defendants, some twenty in number, were the owners of the schooner J. C. Stover, and Samuel F. Hall was the agent. Plaintiff claimed to recover $700 advanced by Amos S. Arey to Hall on a note, or memorandum, dated May 28, 1885, and signed by Hall as agent for the vessel and owners, which note this plaintiff holds by assignment. Plaintiff claimed that this amount was obtained to repair certain damages which the vessel had suffered in a disaster at Nantucket just prior to that time.

Plaintiff discontinued as to Hall. The defendants contended that the agent of the vessel had no authority to borrow money, or to give a note, on account of the vessel and owners, and, further that plaintiff could not recover in this form of action, but that his remedy was in equity, the accounts of the vessel not having been settled.

The plaintiff, on the other hand, contended that while Hall, as agent of the vessel, may not have had special authority to borrow money for this purpose, yet, having authority to pay the debts of the vessel, and such payment being the extinguishment of debts against the vessel, he could recover for so much of this as could be shown to have actually been paid in the extinguishment of such bills. Plaintiff introduced testimony to show that Hall had paid from the money so received bills upon the vessel resulting from the disaster to the amount of $679.22.

At the conclusion of the testimony the case was withdrawn from the jury and will be reported to the law court.

O. F. Fellows.

Wiswell, King & Peters.

John P. Gordon vs. Franklin Land, Mill and Lumber Company. An action to recover for the value of certain staves and timber carried away by reason of the breaking away of a dam at a mill in Franklin operated by the defendant company. On trial.

Wiswell, King & Peters. Chas. H. Bartlett.

BRIEF JOTTINGS.

Yesterday was a warm spring day, the mercury touching 63°.

The following schooners landed cargoes of fish yesterday: Carrie S. Allen, 10,000 pounds; Fairy Queen, 10,000.

The Crescent Club will hold a special meeting at their rooms on Middle street. All members are requested to be present.

The County Commissioners have relocated the road from the Scarboro line to Vaughan's bridge, through Cape Elizabeth, and are also repairing Martin's Point bridge.

Since the pleasant weather arrived we notice that quite a number of our leading merchants are closing earlier on Saturday afternoons, which would seem to indicate that the warm weather is near at hand.

The monthly temperance sermon will be preached at the Gospel Mission on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, by Rev. S. F. Pearson. The positions taken by the Rev. Dr. Tiffany and Mrs. J. Ellen Foster at the late M. E. conference will be considered.

The fourth lecture of the course, by different ministers, in the New Jerusalem church, on New High street, will be delivered Sunday evening, at 7.30 o'clock, by Rev. Wm. B. Hayden of this city. Subject: "The Future Unity of Christendom." All are welcome.

The memorial resolutions of the Cumberland Bar upon the death of the late Frederick S. Strout will be presented to the Supreme Judicial Court this afternoon at three o'clock. Members of the Bar will please attend.

A man named Beatty was arrested yesterday on Centre street, on complaint of Sargent, Dennison & Co., who charge him with intimidating some of their workmen and also of trying to prevent others from going to work.

Charlie Burleigh, five years old, son of Mr. Burleigh, the clothier, was run over by a market wagon on Cedar street yesterday morning, while riding a velocipede. Several of the boy's ribs were broken and he was badly hurt in other ways.

The several lodges of Odd Fellows will remember the meeting at Odd Fellows' Hall tomorrow afternoon, to march from there to Chestnut street church, where Rev. Mr. Whitaker will deliver an address, at 2.30 o'clock.

Yesterday morning Peter Brown was arraigned before U. S. Commissioner Rand on a charge of assault upon the high seas upon Carlo De LeCasa. He plead not guilty and was bound over in the sum of $300 for his appearance at the June term of the District Court at Bangor. He gave bonds.

Patrick Smith, while testing a cap used in exploding the dynamite in digging a cellar on Centre street, had two fingers and the thumb of his right hand blown off by the explosion of the cap yesterday. The man was taken to his home on Washington street where the wound was dressed.

The revenue cutter Woodbury has arrived here and will have some repairs made to her machinery and then proceed to Bucksport and have the copper stripped from her bottom, which is in bad condition in consequence of her severe work in the ice during the past winter.

Machigonne and Cogawasco tribes, I. O. R. M., will leave Commercial street station at 6.30 p. m. Monday, stopping only at Congress street station and Woodfords, on their way to Auburn to visit the tribe at that city. A train will bring them home at the close of the evening.

Mr. John Wannamaker, the great dry goods man, of Philadelphia, says: "My plan for fifteen years has been to buy a space in a newspaper and fill it up with what I wanted. I would not give an advertisement in a newspaper of 400 circulation for 5000 dodgers or posters."

Joseph Walker, Jr.

Joseph Walker, Jr., a respected citizen of Portland, died at his home on Carter street, Thursday morning, aged 62 years and 6 months. Mr. Walker was born in the town of Exeter, in this State. He enlisted in Co. D., 30th Maine Volunteers, in 1862. He was made first sergeant of his company at its organization. He was with his regiment in all its hardships, and participated in all its battles until he was seriously wounded at the battle of Perble's farm, in front of Petersburg, in October, 1864. A rifle shot passed through his right side and two buck-shot entered his right lung which he carried with him to his death. He was promoted to first lieutenant, and, at the surrender of General Lee, he was in command of his company, ranking as brevet captain. He was one of the most fearless men in the service, and soon won the confidence and esteem of his superior officers, and was dearly beloved by the members of his own company.

Mr. Walker was a kind husband, loving father and worthy citizen. He was a member of Bosworth Post, Grand Army of the Republic, and Ancient Brothers Lodge of Odd Fellows. The funeral service will be held at his late home on Sunday, p. m., at two o'clock.

A Perry Reunion.

In December last the initiative was taken looking toward a reunion of the descendants of Anthony Perry, who settled in Rehoboth, Mass., in 1643. An association was formed and an executive committee appointed. This committee has fixed as the date of the reunion Sept. 12, 1888, and the place the old homestead in Rehoboth. The following assignment of parts was made: President of the day, M. J. Perry of Providence; orator, ex-Congressman John J. Perry of Portland; poet, Miss Sarah Orne Jewett; toastmaster, John T. Perry of Exeter, N. H.; genealogist, Edgar Perry of North Attleboro'; musical director, Charles Perry of Rehoboth. Thos. E. Grover of Canton was added to the Executive committee. Oscar E. Perry of Worcester is secretary of the committee.

Getchell-Whiting.

A pretty wedding came off at No. 11 Brattle street on Wednesday, April 25th. The parties united in marriage were Mr. Charles D. Getchel and Mrs. Ella M. Whiting, both of Portland. The bride was elegantly attired in a dress of cream colored albatros, richly trimmed. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Lowden. The room and the arch under which they stood were profusely decorated with flowers and evergreen, which added much to the beauty of the surroundings. The newly wedded couple will make their home for the present at No. 11 Brattle street, where they will receive their many friends.

Portland Latin School.

At the bi-monthly competitive drill yesterday afternoon. The sergeant's medal was won for the second time by Sergeant S. E. Cordwell and the Corporals and privates by Corp. F. S. Bayley. There was also a competitive drill between the three squads of the company which resulted in the second squad, Lieut. W. L. Duryea commanding, taking first honors, third squad Lieut. Latham commanding second honors; and first squad last. The corps has accepted an invitation to form part of the Grand Army escort on Decoration Day.

A Change of Business.

Edward H. Goff retired last week from the presidency of the American Electric Manufacturing Company, which he originated and has built up during the last seven or eight years. He recently bought the New York Daily Graphic, to which he will devote his attention. Mr. Goff will be succeed in the presidency of the American Electric Manufacturing Company by Dr. Robert Armory of Boston, who has been the General Manager of the New England department of the company.

MR. BLAINE'S HEALTH.

What Dr. Potter, of Bridgton, Says of It.

Dr. N. P. Potter, of Bridgton, is spending a few days in this city, the guest of B. C. Stone, clerk of courts. He is on his return from Europe where he has been spending the winter, visiting various hospitals and in sight seeing generally.

The doctor says that Mr. Blaine was in Naples when he left and was attracting much attention. He was looking finely and seemed in the best of spirits, spoke of the coming election freely, saying that the Democrats must have New York in order to succeed, while the Repnblicans might succeed without it. No sign of ill health was apparent or mentioned there, and statements published in the papers regarding his ill health are considered as inventions of his political enemies.

Dr. Potter is a well known physician of Bridgton, and his statement will have great weight everywhere he is known.

PERSONAL.

Hon. A. L. Lumbert, State Senator of Aroostook, was in Portland yesterday.

Dr. Gilman Colby will begin the ninth season of the Bar Harbor Tourist June 30th. It will be enlarged to twenty pages.

Rev. Father Quinn of Ellsworth has been invited by the G. A. R. Hiram Burnham Post of Cherryfield, to deliver the memorial address at Union Hall, May 31st.

Rev. C. E. Derebey has accepted the call to become the pastor of the Congregational church in West Brooksville. His labors will commence Sunday, May 6th.

Mr. George H. Young, of Exeter, N. H., has been appointed railway postal clerk on the Portland & Ogdensburg in place of W. H. Gorman of Dover, N. H.

Mr. Gorham K. King, son of Mr. Charles W. King of Calais, has been chosen class declaimer before the faculty of Andover. Recently he was elected prize essayist for the June examination.

Mr. T. H. Eaton, a graduate of Bowdoin, class of 1869, has recently been appointed cashier of the Iowa National Bank of Ottumwa. Mr. Eaton is a son of the late Mr. Thomas Eaton of Brunswick.

Gen. Ellis Spear of Washington, D. C., will deliver the memorial oration at Warren; Rev. W. H. Wheelock, at Dexter; Rev. Fr. Ruinn of Ellsworth, at Cherryfield; J. H. Beale of Washington, at Appleton; and L. C. Bateman, at Belfast.

Not long ago, Rev. C. H. Daniels of Portland, delivered at Hebron Academy a lecture on "An Age of Common People and Common Things," and offered prizes for the three best reports of it by the students. Fannie Dunham has received the first prize of $5; W. E. Lombard the second of $3; and May Denning the third of $2.

Rev. O. L. Gile will begin his pastorate at Cape Elizabeth, July 1st, after resting through May and June. The Richmond Free Baptist Society refused at first to accept his resignation, and voted an increase of salary and a two months' vacation, which he felt obliged to decline. The society then withdrew its objections to his release. Rev. R. E. Gilkey of Corliss church, Bath, has accepted the call to the Richmond church.

Mr. William Troup, for many years a business man of Boston, died Thursday, after an illness of six weeks. He was born in Wiscasset in 1802, went to Boston in 1816, and apprenticed himself to a shoemaker to learn the trade. Some years later he carried on the dry goods business, and afterward the shoe finding and leather trade, connecting himself with John Tillson in North Market street, and later with Craggin, Page & Co., from which firm he retired in 1866, though remaining with them as salesman three years. He was a man of sterling integrity, evidenced by the fact that after his failure in the dry goods trade he paid every dollar of his indebtedness, with interest at 6 per cent, although he was twenty years in doing it. He received his first degrees in Freemasonry in Adelphi Lodge in South Boston in 1866, and became a member of Columbian Lodge in 1867, and took the 32d degree in Massachusetts Consistory S.·. P.·. R.·. S.·. Northern Masonic Jurisdiction. For nineteen years he has made his summer residence on the coast of Maine, but with that exception he was always a resident of Boston. A widow and one son survive him.

The Case of Mr. Charles Rich.

The report current yesterday that Mr. Charles Rich, the well known real estate and note broker, had absconded, is incorrect. Mr. Rich was in the city last evening. He had been to Boston on business, returning yesterday afternoon. He said he had been guilty of no criminal offence and had never had any intention of leaving the city permanently. His counsel, Mr. A. W. Coombs, said that Mr. Rich had described his transactions to him, and if he had described them correctly Mr. Rich had been guilty of nothing criminal. A warrant was placed in the hands of Deputy Sheriff Cram yesterday for Rich's arrest on a charge of embezzlement, the complainant being Capt. H. W. Race of Deering, but at a late hour last night it had not been served. While it is admitted that Mr. Rich is heavily in debt, embezzlement or any other criminal act is yet to be proved against him. He strenuously denies that there is any basis for such a charge.

Haskell & Jones.

Now that spring has come few things are more desirable than a new spring suit of clothes, including an overcoat. Persons in need of this outfit cannot do better than to visit the well known gents' clothing establishment of Haskell and Jones. These gentlemen make their own suits and by so doing they have an advantage over those firms that do not do their own manufacturing. Their ready made spring overcoats in style and make are not excelled by the best custom made coats that cost a much higher price. They have good coats for twelve dollars, handsome ones for fifteen and superb ones for twenty. They offer great bargains in spring cutaways and frack suits and their gents' furnishing department contains a very complete stock of the best goods at reasonable prices. Particular attention is called to the large stock of low priced suits ranging from nine to twelve and one-half dollars. In both wholesale and retail departments this firm carries a large and desirable stock that should be examined by persons contemplating buying.

Wanted at Portland.

A man calling himself Cummings of Littleton, N. H., called at the Dedham street police station, Boston, several days ago, complaining that he had been robbed of $110 at a house on Chapman street in that city. He subsequently withdrew the complaint, it appearing that he had got rid of $200 in a short time, he had hardly knew how. A few days later a woman from Portland visited the same station and charged the man with stealing $200 from her at Portland. His name, she said, was Wm. F. Cameron. He was arrested Thursday and is held for the Portland police.

Police Notes.

Officer Hanson yesterday arrested a fellow for stealing clothing at the Falmouth hotel and recovered the articles stolen, two coats, a vest and two overcoats.

President Mulkern and ex-President Conley attempted to settle the troubles among the longshoremen growing out of the recent strike, by a personal combat yesterday. Both had received some cuts and bruises before Officers Skillings and Hussey appeared and arrested them. They gave bonds to appear before Judge Gould this morning.

Y. P. S. C. E.

The sixth anniversary of the Young People's Society connected with the West Congregational church will take place tomorrow evening at 7 o'clock. The exercises will consist of an address of welcome by the retiring president, Chas. S. Bolton, and a report of the year's work of the society. Following this will be addresses by V. Richard Foss and Mr. A. T. Merrill of this city. A cordial invitation is extended to all of the sister societies in the city to be present.

Meeting of Women's C. T. U.

The special meeting of the Portland W. C. T. U. yesterday afternoon was fully attended and important business transacted. It was voted to secure Mrs. Maria Upham Drake, of Massachusetts, to give a course of lectures to women in June. Topics: "Heredity," "Physical Culture," "Moral Culture," "Spiritual Culture," "Social Purity." It was voted to have Mrs. Barney, of Rhode Island, give her famous lecture "From Jerusalem to Jericho," on Sunday, May 27th.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

AS YOU LIKE IT.

Last evening Miss Mather appeared as "Rosalind" in Shakespeare's charming poem of "As You Like It" to an audience that, in point of numbers, nearly equalled that of the previous evening. Miss Mather's bright expressive face, her soulful eyes, her dainty figure and graceful movements, all adapt her for Rosalind to a remarkable degree. Her every motion holds the eye captive, and her clear, distinct voice charms the ear. She was greeted with the usual tributes of applause and calls before the curtain.

Mr. Levick's melancholy Jaques and Mrs. Smith's Audrey were both admirable delineations. The framing of the play was a reminder of the old times when stage settings were of little consequence and the stage carpenter and upholsterer were little thought of. Tonight "Leah, the Forsaken," one of Miss Mather's best assumptions, will close the engagement.

ALVIN JOSLIN.

There was a good advance sale of seats for "Alvin Joslin" yesterday at Portland Theatre. The performances will be given next Friday and Saturday. The Atlanta Capitol says: "Chas. Davis as Alvin Joslin is a typical countryman, and in this role has no superior, if any equal. He plays the role for all it is worth and this explains his success. Miss Howard, as the wife of the old countryman, was very good. The orchestra is the finest ever seen with a private company. E. E. Nickerson, the cornet soloist, and the xylophone soloist, received rounds of applause. All in all the play is above the average."

HAYDN CONCERT.

For some time past the members of the Haydn Association have been preparing for their miscellaneous concert which they will give in Mechanics Hall next Monday evening. The various numbers will prove highly pleasing and there is no doubt that the friends of the society will turn out generally on this occasion. The advertisement states where tickets can be procured.

MAGGIE MITCHELL.

It is four years since Miss Maggie Mitchell appeared in Portland and therefore there will be even a greater demand than usual for seats when she appears at Portland Theatre next Friday and Saturday evenings. Mr. J. M. Barron, her advance agent, who was in town yesterday, says she will appear in her now play "Ray" written for her by Mr. Wallace, a Philadelphia journalist. Mr. Charles Abbott and Mr. R. F. McClannin are Miss Mitchell's leading male support.

NOTES.

Hoyt's new extravaganza, the "Brass Monkey" will be produced at Portland Theatre on May 21st and 22d.

The May Day Carnival by Bosworth Relief Corps, at City Hall, is quite the talk about town. It will be a delightful entertainment.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers of real estate in this county have been recorded at the Registry of Deeds:

Portland—Hiram Witham to Jennie A. W. Thayer, $1 &c.

J. Tisley to Mary C. Tisley. $333.

Lizzie M. Fenley to J. Tisley. $416.67.

Yarmouth—J. F. Rowe to C. S. Sweetser. $125.

Windham—C. P. Parker to Ann P. Chaffin. $75.

Emma D. McDonald to O. P. Chaffin. $1 &c.

Lucinda E. LeGrow, et al to Orin P. Chaffin. $1 &c.

Republican District Convention.

The delegates chosen to attend the Republican District convention are requested to meet at Reception Hall to-day, April 28th, at 4 o'clock p. m., for the purposes of choosing four delegates at large.

The "Miller" is a new style in linen collar just received at Owen, Moore & Co.'s. Some new neckwear will be opened today.

MARRIAGES.

In this city, April 26, by Rev. A. H. Wright, Robert Woodill and Mary Jane Wood, both of Portland.

In Bath, April 25, Marcellus Eugene Partridge and Miss Abbie Ellen Coombs, both of Whitefield.

In Biddeford, April 23, Thomas Murphy of Island Pond and Miss Susie F. Rice of Biddeford.

In Phipsburg, April 19, John A. Richardson and Miss Jessie Green.

In Wayne, April 24, James E. Cressey of Monmouth and Miss Addie O. Carver of Wayne.

DEATHS.

In this city, April 27, Francis E. Higgins, aged 30 years 7 months.

[Funeral on Sunday afternoon, at 1.30 o'clock, at No. 80 Pleasant street.

In this city, April 27, Mary A Townsend, aged 80 years 18 days.

Funeral on Monday forenoon at 10.30 o'clock, at her late residence, No. 18 Casco street.

In Sanford, April 19, Samuel Gerry, aged 66 years.

In South Cornish, April 15, John Lougee, aged about 68 years.

In Woolwich, April 25, Miss Fannie G. Hathorne, aged 92 years 7 months.

In Brunswick, April 20, Mrs. Sadie S. Sprague, aged 25 years 6 months.

In Augusta, April 16, Mrs. Charles Church of Saco, aged 39 years 4 months.

In Bath, April 23, Mrs. Eliza, wife of the late Isaac H. Bowker aged 78 years 10 months.

The funeral of the late Capt. Josiah Nickerson will take place on Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock, at his late residence, No. 106 India street.

Why We Win

Because Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best spring medicine and blood purifier.

Because it is a concentrated extract of the best alterative and blood purifying remedies of the vegetable kingdom.

Because, by a peculiar combination proportion and preparation, it possesses curative power peculiar to itself.

Because it is the only medicine of which can truly be said "100 doses one dollar," an unanswerable argument as to

Strength and Economy

Because it is unequalled for the cure of scrofula, salt rheum, boils, pimples, humors, etc.

Because there is nothing equal to it for curing dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, indigestion.

Because it rouses the kidneys and liver and keeps these organs in healthy condition.

Because every article entering into it is carefully scanned, none but the best is used and all the roots and herbs are ground into our own drug mill—which makes impossible the use of anything impure or deleterious. Because it is an

Honest Medicine

and every purchaser receives a fair equivalent for his money.

Because its advertising is original and not dependent upon the brains of competitors.

Because when given a faithful trial it is reasonably certain to effect the desired result.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

apr24 d&wtf

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

STARTLING FACTS

Are contained in the reports of the Boards of Health, showing the fearful adulteration of spices, and yet anyone who wants absolutely Pure Spices can get them by calling for

SLADE'S EPICUREAN SPICES,

The best in the World.

They are the best selected cultivated spices, powdered, perfectly pure, all dust, leaves and other impurities being removed. More than double the strength of the common pure spices.

YOUR GROCER SELLS THEM.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREAT BARGAIN SALE

TO BE OPENED!

NEW GOODS!

AT

Much Less than Former Prices.

1000 yards new Summer Skirting at only 11 cents yd
1000 " " " " " 14 "
1200 " " " " " 17 "
1000 " " Dark Seersuckers " 10 "
500 " wide 7c Cream Seersuckers 5 "

New Stock Parasols Cheaper than Ever.

Children's Parasols, this year's goods, 19 cents each
" " better grades, 25, 29, 45 and 50 cents to $1.25
Ladies' Grandest Bargains ever sold by us at $1.50, $1.69, $1.98, $2.19 and up

Large Stock New Brushes to be Sold.

One lot good quality Hair Brushes at 10 cents each
Large lot Corn Broom Brushes only 10 " "
Fine grade good Clothes Brushes 29 and 35c "

Gents' and Boys' New Neck Ties Received.

Gents' Ties in dark and light shades 25 cents each
" fine grade Ties, dark and light, 50, 75 and 81 cents each.
Boys' Fancy Plaid and Checked Windsor Ties, 25, 41 and 50 cents each

REMEMBER, THESE ARE NEW GOODS.

RINES BROS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING.

HASKELL & JONES,

Market Square,

Are showing a very attractive line of Suits in Cutaways and Sacks.

STYLISH SCOTCH SUITS FOR YOUNG MEN.

We show the largest line of $10.00 and $12.50 Suits to be found in Portland. Superior Fit and Workmanship Guaranteed.

An Inspection of OUR STOCK will prove to your advantage.

FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Our Stock of Men's Furnishing Goods is full and complete in staple goods and Novelties. Choice styles in Fisk, Clark & Flagg's Neckwear.

Earl & Wilson Collars. Full Dress and Party Goods. Warner's Health Underwear. Shirts made to measure.

HASKELL & JONES,

470 Congress Street, - - - Portland.

ap28 eodtf

NEW STYLES

Spring Goods Just Received.

LADIES'

New York French Kid Boots in the latest styles and finest material.

FRONT LACE BOOTS

For Ladies and Misses a specialty. These goods are new and fresh, and are sure to please you.

JUST ARRIVED.

New styles in Ladies Tennis, Gymnasium and Yachting Shoes in narrow widths.

OUR SPECIALTY.

"BROWN'S $2.00 SHOE," Wankenphast last, double sole, solid, durable, comfortable, designed to give the most possible wear for a small price.

NOTICE SHOW WINDOW.

BROWN,

SIGN of MAMMOTH GOLD BOOT,

461 Congress Street, Market Square.

apr28 eodtf

W. AND O. GRAND,

THE FINEST

10 Cent Cigar

ON THE MARKET.

Warranted Long Havana Filler and Hand Made, having attained a large reputation in Boston is now placed before the smokers of Portland. It will be for sale by all the leading cigar dealers in the city.

TRY IT AND YOU WILL BUY NO OTHER.

H. H. RICKER & CO.,

Wholesale Agents,

396 FORE STREET.

apr7 eod3m

St. Louis Bonds

Maturing May 1st.

CASHED AT OUR OFFICE,

Or taken in exchange for other securities of which we have a large and desirable assortment, including City Bonds, Maine Railroad Bonds and Guaranteed Water Bonds.

H. M. PAYSON & CO.,

BANKERS,

apr28 32 Exchange Street. dtf

Restaurant---Great Diamond Island.

THE Directors of the Diamond Island Association will receive applications for a lease of the restaurant building and furnishings for the season of 1888. There are now upwards of fifty cottages on the island and this presents a fine opening to the right person, not only for the present but for future busines. Address

apr28dtf E. L. GODING, Box 1714.

REVERE HOUSE

BOSTON.

Near Boston and Maine, Eastern, Fitchburg and Lowell depots, centres of business and places of amusement.

Remodelled, Refurnished, Newly Decorated, and now kept on the

EUROPEAN PLAN.

Rooms all large and comfortable; elegant suites with baths attached; ample public parlors; gentlemen's cafe and billiard-room added, and first-class in every respect.

ROOMS FROM $1.00 A DAY UP.

J. F. MERROW & CO., Proprietors.

apr27 eod3m

PALACE-CAR PAINTS.

PASTE

The oldest and best line of Tinted Leads in the market. Nearly 20 years' practical tests have proved them to be the *most durable* and *economical paints* to use. Ground in pure linseed oil from the best pigments, to the consistency of ordinary white lead, to which the required amount of linseed oil must be added before using. They *will not crack, peel or chalk off*, and are *warranted* to stand all ordinary exposures. Sample cards on application to

H. H. HAY & SON, 262 Middle St.

ap10 eod2m-1stor4thp

BOOTS and SHOES CHEAP!

We have taken the entire Stock of BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS, at 233 York St., the old Perry Stand, and can place them before the public at much less than the first cost. This will give our customers a chance to clothe their families with Boots and Shoes cheap.

WYER GREENE & CO.,

539 Congress St., Portland.

mar22 TuS&Tutf

HAINES, RICHARDSON & CO.

— DEALERS IN —

SOUTHERN PINE LUMBER.

A full assortment of sizes and lengths of timber and pl

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ESTABLISHED JUNE 23, 1862---VOL. 26. PORTLAND, SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 28, 1888---SUPPLEMENT. ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER. PRICE THREE CENTS.

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B. THURSTON PRACTICAL PR 97 1-2 Exchange St.

DR. E. B. REED, Clairvoyant and Botanic Physician.

Medical Rooms 93 Franklin St., Portland, Me.

DR. REED treats all chronic diseases that flesh is heir to; all cases that are given up as incurable by the allopathic and homeopathic physicians, I will take their case to treat and cure them. I find that about four-fifths of the cases given up to die can be cured. Examinations at a distance by letter with their full name and place of residence and one 2 cent stamp and $2.00 Examination at the office, $1.00. Consultation free. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. sep14tf

STEPHEN BERRY, Book, Job and Card Printer, No. 37 Plum Street.

J. A. HAYDEN, STENOGRAPHER 31½ Exchange St., Portland, Me. feb15 dtf

Dr. Major D. MacRae.

Respectfully announces to the public that Cancer can now be positively cured, by removing the cause from the blood, by constitutional and local treatment, without cutting. Also Cancer of the Uterus, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Eczema, Erysipelas, and all other Malignant Ulcerations cured by him. Send for indisputable references, has had over 25 years experience in the treatment of the above mentioned diseases. 3 Congress St. Portland, Me. apr5d1y

WM. M. MARKS Book, Card — AND — Job Printer PRINTERS' EXCHANGE, 97 1-2 Exchange St., Portland, Me. FINE JOB PRINTING A SPECIALTY. All orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to. nov11eodtf

STEINWAY — AND — HARDMAN PIANOS and several other well-known makes.

The Celebrated Smith American Organs. For CASH or on INSTALLMENTS. WOODWARD & SUMNER, (Successors to E. B. Robinson & Co.,) 123 EXCHANGE STREET. feb11 dtf

COLUMBIA Bicycles, Tricycles, Tandems and Safeties.

Everything that is practical for the crank machine is used by the Pope Manufacturing Co., regardless of cost.

This is proved by eleven years' time. Investigation will prove it if you will take the trouble, and if you are going to buy a wheel this spring it will pay you. Send or call for a free Catalogue of 50 pages that will tell you the WHOLE STORY.

WE ALSO HAVE THE AGENCY FOR THE SPRINGFIELD ROADSTER, the only lever machine that has ever met with any great success. It is also a perfect safety, and has a fifty inch wheel in front for a driving and steering wheel, thus giving it the grace and ease of control of a regular bicycle. Catalogue Free.

C. H. LAMSON 177 MIDDLE STREET, mh20d1f PORTLAND, ME.

1000 YARDS 10 CENT SCRIM, ONLY 6 1-2 CTS. YARD.

We have just placed on our counters some very pretty Faggoted Scrim, usually sold at 10 to 12 1-2 cents yard, which we shall run off at 6 1-2 cents yard.

If you want this come now, RINES BROTHERS.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MARBLES.

The choicest stock of Marble for Cemetery purposes in New England. This stock has been selected with the greatest care, and for style and workmanship cannot be surpassed. No fancy prices, just a living profit, at my new warerooms. Call and see me.

H. F. THOMPSON. 22—TEMPLE ST.—22 ap3 4m

FREE! A 26-PAGE ILLUSTRATED PAPER Descriptive of the Soil, Climate, Productions, Manufacturing Industries and Mineral Wealth of Virginia and other Southern States. Write to W. B. BEVILL, Gen'l Pass. Agt. R. ROANOKE, VA., Enclosing 2-cent Stamp. mh27eod1m&w1m6

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INSTRUCTION IN ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL STUDIES Given to private pupils by the subscriber, J. W. COLCORD 143 PEARL STREET. jan24 3tf

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—Local agents for a new specialt Fire Proof Safes, N. Y. agent ordered a car-load first week, a N. J. agent half car-load, a Michigan canvasser cleared $400 first month, a Illinois man writes with this other business is clearing $180 per month on our specialty. Send two-cent stamp, for Illustrated Catalogue. ALPINE SAFE CO., Cincinnati, Ohio. ap11d2awW&S13w

BIG PROFITS. Steady sales. We want reliable parties as sole Agents in every County to sell the unequaled Dannemyer Hydraulic Self Working Washer, different from all others, does its own work to perfection without labor or injury to clothes; saves from $50 to $300 annually to families, hotels, etc. A trial convinces the most skeptical. No one seeking a profitable Agency should fail to apply with stamp for particulars at once. DANNEMYER MFG CO., New York City. apr12eod1m*

BOARD.

BOARDERS WANTED—A suite of rooms for man and wife or two gentlemen, with board. Also table board wanted; at Richmond House, Free street, next to Corey's Furniture Store. 21-1

FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—An experienced milliner. Address with references for one week MILLINER, Press Office. 27-1

WANTED—A girl to do housework at 47 BRACKETT ST. 27-1

WANTED—A WOMAN OF SENSE, energy and respectability for our business in her locality; middle aged preferred. Salary $50 per month. Permanent position. References exchanged. J. G. REYCRAFT, Manager, 30 Reade St., N. Y. apr22d1awM4w

SALESWOMAN WANTED — At once, a smart saleswoman; one experienced in the millinery business. Apply at once to JOHN E. PALMER, 543 Congress street. 26-1

WANTED—A capable girl for general housework; must be a good cook and laundress. Apply at 129 SPRING ST. 26-1

WANTED—One cook and girl to do chamber work. Also young man to work in stable. Call at CUMBERLAND HOUSE, 158 Green St., City. 26-1

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Furnished cottage on Diamond Island; fine location, perfect sewer drainage, supplied with pure water by Diamond Island Water Co., in fact an ideal summer home; price $1600. Apply to L. A. GOUDY, Cor. Pearl and Milk Sts. 27-1

FOR SALE—A desirable building lot, 100 feet front on State and 50 feet on Cumberland St. Apply to WM. YOKEE, Gas Works. 27-1

FOR SALE—A lot of glazed frames, second hand, suitable for forcing beds. BERLIN MILLS COMPANY. 27-1

FOR SALE — The two story frame house No. 63 Melbourne street with duble lot of land; pleasantly situated in a good neighborhood; also the frame cottage No. 51 Melbourne, corner of Willis St. Inquire with the owner; these houses are desirable and can be bought on easy terms. BENJAMIN SHAW, 48½ Exchange street. 26-1

FOR SALE—On Winter Street, a desirable two story brick house, in block of two houses, containing 12 finished rooms; gas, sebago, furnace and all modern conveniences. For particulars apply to JOHN F. PROCTOR, Centennial Block. 26-1

FOR SALE—The very best Gent's $3.00 shoe to be found in this city, Congress, Rals and Button. This shoe is warranted in every respect, solid leather insoles and counters, mat top, seamless. Button holes worked with silk. J. P. WELCH, 425 Congress St. 26-1

FOR SALE—A gentle horse, all sound. Apply to OSCAR SKILLINGS, at S. W. Larrabee & Son., 250 Commercial St. 26-1

FOR SALE—A first-class grocery and provision business in one of the best locations in the city of Portland. A good cash trade established. Store new, rent low, goods all fresh and new; first-class fixtures. Anyone wishing to go into a well established business will do well to address "B," care of this office. 25 2

FOR SALE—A small farm containing twenty acres with the buildings thereon, situated in the town of Gorham, 1½ miles from Gorham Village and 2½ miles from Saccarappa. For further information apply to THOMAS JONES, Gorham, Me. 25-1

FOR SALE — Choice cottage lots on Big Diamond Island, good harbor and city view; also 5 acres land on Big Chebeague Island, suitable for cottages; good beach for bathing. N. S. GARDINER, 40 Exchange street. 24-1

FARM FOR SALE—Situated in West Cumberland; 35 acres in field; 2 miles from depot; 8 acres wood; cuts 25 tons hay; 1½ story house and ell, painted; carriage house and wood house; barn; plenty of water; some fruit; sold low. N. S. GARDINER, 40 Exchange street. 24-1

SEED POTATOES FOR SALE—One thousand bushels fine Aroostook County, Canada and Nova Scotia Seed Potatoes of Burbanks potatoes which have been selected especially for seed. Also good supply of Scotch and State potatoes for family use. ISAAC BERRY, 13 Moulton St., Portland. 23-1

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR IMPROVING PROPERTY—A large and comodious house with L, containing twenty finished rooms, suitable for a convenient boarding house, can easily be changed into separate tenements, is nicely painted and blinded, is within four minutes walk of depots, schools and church, stores and mills. Lot is 70x100 feet. Stable with 3 stalls, Sebago water, good drainage; will sell it at a bargain. Enquire of or correspond with G. D. WEEKS, Gorham, Me. 19 2

FOR SALE—At the West End, house, stable and lot. For particulars enquire of G. LIBBY, 80 Exchange St. 23-1

TO LET—Furnished rooms from $1.00 to $2.50 per week with bath rooms privileges. 95 INDIA ST. 23-1

FOR SALE—A new Square Grand Piano Box. No. 16 CUMBERLAND STREET. 23-1

FOR SALE—3 work horses; have been working in woods; prices moderate; 1 new express wagon; 1 second hand 10 passenger wagon; 3 extension top carryalls; 2 buggies; 2 phaetons all in good order. At 697 Congress street. FERNALD & SAWYER. 21 1

WAUKENPHAST.—Bals and congress, all solid, well-made, very durable, only $2.00 per pair. On exhibition in show window of store. BROWN, 461 Congress street.

FOR SALE—2½ story house situated on Maple street, containing 16 finished rooms, all in good order and arranged for two families. Will be sold at a bargain and on easy terms of payment. Apply to JOHN F. PROCTOR, 93 Exchange street. 21-1

$2.00 WAUKENPHAST BOOTS. Special sale of Gent.'s double sole, solid, well-made Wk'ts bals and congress at $2.00 per pair. These will equal any $3.00 shoe in service. See show window. BROWN, 461 Congress St. 21-1

FARM FOR SALE—Best in the town of Deering, 90 acres, cuts 100 tons of hay, building consist of house and 2 barns. The property is offered by order of the trustees and will be sold at a great bargain. Apply to JOHN F. PROCTOR, Centennial Block. 21-1

FOR SALE—Nice new French roof cottage house, corner C. and B. streets, West End, contains 9 finished rooms, good cellar, large lot 73x100, room for another house, sunny exposure. N. S. GARDINER, 40 Exchange St. 21-1

FOR SALE—Blacksmith shop and tools; house stable and ¼ acre of land; pleasantly situated near church, post office and school; ½ mile from Maine Central station; seven miles from Portland. Address or call on, GEO. W. SNELL, or A. S. NOYES, West Falmouth, Me. 16-2

FOR SALE—House and stable with sixteen acres of land. D. S. COBB, Falmouth, Me., near Pleasant Hill 14-2

FOR SALE—1 second-hand 12 horse power engine, and one 14 horse power boiler with heated pump, inspirator and all fittings at a bargain. Address, BIDDEFORD STOVE FOUNDRY, Biddeford, Me. oct6tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Farm is Falmouth, 1½ miles from Falmouth Corner, known as the Chenery Farm; of about ninety acres in wood, pasture and tillage; house contains 8 good rooms; very pleasant. For terms enquire of S. CHENERY, 7 Custom House Wharf, Portland. 3-4

FOR SALE—Farm in Falmouth, of 50 acres; cuts about 20 tons of hay; nice buildings; 6 miles from Portland, on line of Grand Trunk road. For particulars, inquire on the premises, A. P. FIELD, or S. CHENERY, 7 Custom House Wharf Portland. 3-4

FARM FOR SALE—In Scarboro, equal distance between Portland and Saco, 75 acres of land, young orchard, two good cranberry mead ows, wood and timber sufficient, buildings suitable for farmer, well watered; terms easy. Enquire on premises of MOSES WATERHOUSE. 31-4

FOR SALE — House and lot 180 State St. Brick house and very desirable lot, number State street, westerly side, near Pine street; for terms apply to J. S. RICKER. feb22tf

In Wiscasset, Maine.

FOR SALE—To close an estate, a mansion house with two acres of land; view of bay and hill beyond; 3-story house, broad piazzas; 17 rooms, bath and furnace, stable; desirable for residence or a summer boarding house; insured for $4,500; price $4000. Apply to Hon. H. INGALLS, Wiscasset. ap12eod1m*

Shipping for Sale.

WE have, and offer for sale the following property, viz: One-sixteenth of each of the Schooners Gertie May, Daisy, Lizzie Maud, Lilla B. Fernald and Hattie Maud; one thirty-second of the Gracie C. Young, Henrietta Frances and George Washington; and one-fourth of the Lucy W. Dyer and Idella Small. For price and terms of payment apply to MATTOCKS, COOMES & NEAL 89 Exchange St. Portland, April 4, 1888. apr4W&S1m

HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The Jefferson Hill House in Jefferson, Coos County, New Hampshire; pleasantly located on high land; commanding a beautiful view of Mt. Wasnington, the White Mountain range, the Franconia range, Cherry Mountain, and the Pilot range; it is a new house, well arranged inside and out, pure water good sewerage, and will accommodate about 100 guests; since it was first opened to the public it has been a favorite resort among the many *good* houses on Jefferson Hill, and by guests willing to pay good prices; everything about the premises is in good condition; it can be bought for much less than its value; For particulars apply to C. B. Jordan, Lancaster, N. H., or H. D. Abbott, South Andover, Maine. feb22eodtf MRS. CAROLINE GOOLD.

FOR SALE---The spacious residence of Geo. W. Woodman, situated on Vaughan, Pine and Chadwick streets, one of the finest in the city, about 58,000 feet of land; will be sold as a whole or divided into lots. For particulars apply to JOHN F. PROCTOR, apr21d1w* Centennial Block.

FOR SALE.

BRICK BUSINESS FOR SALE—I will sell the whole or a part of my Brick Yard to some man that understands the business and would like to go into the brick business, good stock and good trade, rent reasonable, a good chance for any one that wants to go into the business, and will sell at bargain if sold before May first.

RUFUS TIBBETS, apr16 66 Bramhall St., Portland. d2w*

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—$2000 buys one of the best boarding, sale and baiting stables in the city of Boston; 40 stalls; 35 regular boarders; 25 at the rate of $6 per week, balance at $5; this is a bonanza; 3 years lease, 2½ years to run and be renewed; rent only $1100 per year; a fortune for somebody. W. F. CARRUTHERS, 11 Court St., Boston. 27-1

FOR SALE—$1,000 buys it—The stock, fixtures, tools, and good will of one of the best provision stores in the State of Massachusetts, iocated in a smart city 4 miles out of Boston, fine horse and team, trade $250 per week, will stand the most thorough investigation. W. F. CARRUTHERS, 11 Court St., Boston. 25-1

FOR SALE—$500 buys furniture of lodging house, 13 rooms, rent low, rooms let well, plenty boarders, actually worth every dollar asked for it. W. F. CARRUTHERS, 11 Court St., Boston. 25-1

FOR SALE—$1500 buys stock and fixtures of one of the best clothing and gents furnishing goods store in the smartest city in the State of Maine; doing a fine business; thorough investigation invited; established years. W. F. CARRUTHERS, 11 Court street, Boston. 21-1

FOR SALE—$1500 buys stock and fixtures of cash and family grocery store; will sell for just its value or at apprisal; a tenement of six rooms connected; a bargain at the price; located in a smart city 20 miles out of Boston. W. F. CARRUTHERS, 11 Court street, Boston. 21-1

FOR SALE—First class chance for Dry Goods and Grocery Business in the country; stock and store for sale; a good chance to make money; write or call on us for particulars. H. W. LOVEJOY & CO., North Bridgton, Maine. mh12eow4w

TO LET.

TO LET—Two tenements to let at Woodfords; also a lot of land for sale. Enquire of GEORGE RACKLEFF, Woodfords. 26-1

STORE TO LET—On Commercial street, head Union Wharf; lower floor let separate if wanted. J. H. TRUE, 202 Commercial street or J. DROWNE, 36 State street. 25-1

TO LET—The Thomas Quinby house and grounds, at Stroudwater. 1¾ miles from Congress St. Station, fine location, Sebago water, stables. Apply to ANDREW HAWES, Stroudwater. 25-2

TO LET—A very desirable up-town rent; also a convenient rent of 6 rooms at 14 Mayo St. Apply to GEO. F. JUNKINS, 30 Exchange St. 25-1

TO LET—Lower part of rent 597 Congress St Apply at the HOUSE, from 2 to 4 p. m. 24-1

TO LET—In a private family one or two rooms, with board if desired; location near new Public Library. Address H. L., Press Office. 23-1

TO LET—A large well-furnished front room on second floor; fine view; best location; board if wanted. Apply 57 SPRING ST. 25-1

TO LET—A lower tenement of seven rooms in western part of the city, pleasantly located in a good neighborhood; sun all day. Enquire at 154 CLARK ST. 23-1

TO LET—Dr. Lamb has a fine house to let on Congress St., and two good rents on Pearl Street to let; has the sun from morning until night. 21-1

TO LET—The Chadwick House, now occupied by J. S. Buck. I. P. FARRINGTON. 21-1

TO LET—One up stairs rent of eight rooms, besides bath room and store room, at 65 Spruce street. Possession given the 1st of May. Please ring the right hand bell. 21-1

TO RENT OR LEASE—Two good two story houses with ells and stables on Ocean St, Woodfords; Sebago in both houses; nine acres of land. Address C. H. ALLEN, Standish, Me., or W. H. WALDRON, Portland. 10-4

TO LET—The spacious chambers 30x120, over B. B. Farnsworth & Co., in Woodman Block. GEO. W. WOODMAN, Agent. 29-tf

TO LET — Store Nos. 117 and 119 Middle street; one of the finest stores in the city; suitable for wholesale or retail, or both; with a lovely basement, dry and lighted on three sides, almost equal to the first story; rent low to the right party. Inquire of H. E. THOMPSON, 164 Brackett street. 28-4

TO LET.

HOUSE with stable connected, both in first class condition. 88 Brackett street. By GEO. MILLIKEN. mh5tf

TO LEASE! After March 1, 1888, the International House, Corner India and Commercial streets, Portland jan5tf Apply to AUG. P. FULLER.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—200 cords dry birch edgings that have been housed all winter. Please send your order to J. L. WATSON, 59 Lincoln St. 27-1

FOUND—Those nice Oxford Bell Hams 14 cents, Corned Tongues 14 cents, Turkeys 20 cents, Greens and Spring Vegetables at the lowest prices. AMOS WINSLOW & CO., No. 2 Milk St. Market. Telephone 345. 24-1

LOST—A nut from end of Coupe Axle. Anything else from the same street will be well paid by leaving at FERNALD & SAWYER'S STABLE, 697 Congress Street. 2-13

MISCELLANEOUS.

LADIES—Why not have your boots neatly repaired? You can have them neatly tapped, and the taps sewed on, making them as comfortable as when new; no nails or pegs inside. BROWN, 461 Congress street. 26-1

REPAIRING of all kinds done in best style at "Sign of Mammoth Gold Boot"; bring your old boots and have them repaired to save your new ones; tops on ladies' boots sewed on, making them as smooth and neat as when new. BROWN, 461 Congress street. 26-1

J. C. WARD, Carpenter and Builder, 25 Cottoi street, would announce to the public that he is prepared to do all kinds of building and jobbing, window frames, sashes, doors and sash made in the best manner; all work promptly done on reasonable terms. 24-1

NOTICE—Brown's celebrated $2.00 Waukenphast bals and congress on exhibition in show window of store, 461 Congress street. They are the finest ever offered in Portland for the money. BROWN, 461 Congress St. 21-1

WANTED.

WANTED a few persons in each place to do light writing. Enclose stamp for 50-page book of particulars to J. H. WOODBURY, Albany, N. Y. mr22eod1m

WANTED—Every one to know that large stores at large rent, require large profits. Our low rent and small expenses enables us to sell you first-class Boots and Shoes at very small profit. Call and get prices at J. P. WELCH, 421 Congress St. 20-1

WANTED—Position as stenographer and type writer by young lady with practical experience; also experienced in general office work and correct at figures. Address B., 67 Winter St. 26-1

WANTED—The people to know that I have a large stock of Turkish Rugs, to be exchanged for all kinds of cast off clothing; will also pay cash. Send orders to M. DEGROOT, 94½ Middle St. 25-1

WANTED—By a young man a situation as book-keeper or shipping clerk; is thoroughly competent, quick and correct at figures and understands both single and double entry shipments, consignments, etc.; can furnish best of references. Address M. J. T., P. O. Box F., Orono, Me. 23-1

WANTED—A situation by an american lady as nurse or housekeeper; has had experience in both. Call at 58 BROWN ST. 23-1

WORKINGMEN—Should examine Brown's "$2.00 Waukenphast Boots." For comfort, durability and appearance they are unexcelled. Notice show window. BROWN, 461 Congress street. 21-1

MALE HELP.

WANTED — Man who understands wood working machinery; good position to right party. Call at G. H. SCANLAN, 31 Kennebec street, city. 26-1

WANTED—A young man of some experience in the drug business. Apply to T. B. POLLARD, corner Clark and Danforth streets. 26-1

WOODWORKERS WANTED — Men who are good mechanics and understand smoothing hardwood work. E. T. BURROWS & CO. 25-1

WANTED—A young man of good address and steady habits to collect and solicit for an established business. Apply in person to P. DONNELLY, First National Bank Building, Room 27. 24-1

WANTED — A man to work on a stock farm. Address P. O. BOX 1999, Portland, Me. 24-1

WANTED — (2) Two pressmen at G. H. MILLIKEN & CO'S, Cornish, Me. 24-1

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A LITERARY WORKSHOP.

Proof that there was once "shipped by the grace of God, one hogshead of Rum" from Boston to a Maine Man.

[Kennebec Journal.]

The Journal man had the pleasure of visiting in his workshop, Dr. W. B. Lapham whose writings are so well known to the readers of history, editorials, biography, etc. The Doctor's workshop is simply furnished and bears the marks of having been fitted up from time to time accordingly as the demands of the author varied or increased. He calls it his working library, a term which it is impossible to apply to many of the private collections of books. In one large book-case we find almost exclusively town histories and genealogies. Here is every history of a Maine town, which was ever written. Plain, unpretentious looking volumes, many of them dry to the ordinary reader. Some represent labors of a mediocre writer who desired to do something literary before he passed off the stage, while others are labors of love, the works of men whose calling had placed them perchance in narrow environments but whose interest in humanity had not been restricted thereby. Some of these cheap looking volumes are very scarce and bring a corresponding price. Only forty Maine towns out of five hundred have been described by the town historian. The book case also contains many of the histories of towns in Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Vermont. Several of these little volumes would bring twenty-five dollars each. Also the history of Norridgewock and Pierce's history of Gorham are among those that are very scarce.

These could not as yet be termed "rare old books" yet they came from small editions which were soon exhausted and now the historian or biographer frequently finds a need for just such work. Hence the working library of such an author is likely to contain both rare old books and needful books which become scarce and are increasing in value on the author's hands. In another case close by we find a list of old Maine Registers, larger than that in the possession of any other person. Here are files of old almanacs, in all, twenty kinds that were published prior to 1800. The case contains the numbers of the old Ames Almanac between the dates 1750 and 1760; a list of Poor Richard's; the Thomas Almanac from 1796 to 1888 and the Maine Farmer's from 1819 to 1888, nearly complete. A purchase of a bundle of old Christian Almanacs at the time thought to be worth little, proved to be a windfall as they contained a nearly completed diary, which the former owner had kept years ago. A prominent feature of the library is a large number of geneological works comprising the names of many of the first families, in this and other States. Among the titles we noticed the names of Cushman, Hall, Thayer, Upton, Holt, Fowler, Thurston, Clapp, Vintord, etc.

Among the works of reference is a complete set of the Maine Agricultural Reports from 1850 to 1887.

Over the tops of the long bookcases, drawers have have beenfitted to contain old papers and relics. Among these, although the owner has made no pretense of collecting antiquities only as he has found needy one, who delights to revel in things wrought upon by hands that are now part and parcel of mother earth, will find many sources of pleasure. Here are old navigation charts, dating back to the era when the original Mayflower was a model of ship architecture. Beside this in the same box is a leaf from a New England sermon delivered two hundred and fifty years ago. How many snores this one leaf elicited no one knows. In another drawer we find an old deed given by Bartholomew de Gregoire, the grandson of half of Mt. Desert. Along side is a grant from Sir Ferdinando Gorges.

A newspaper man would need no historical proof aside from the labored but clear style in which these deeds are written, to convince him that the newspapers of that period didn't get out two editions daily. The oldest writing that any of these papers show bears the date of 1638. The bills of lading, of which there are several of ancient date, one being made out to Jonathan Belcher, Boston, Jan. 14, 1721, seem rather remote to the Maine resident as he reads "shipped by the grace of God one hogshead of rum." Delving still further, we find by the assistance of the obliging author, whose sanctum we have invaded, an original pay roll of the soldiers of the Revolution, dated Dec. 23, 1776, at Peaskill, then written Pixkill, N.Y. The paper has the signatures of the soldiers as they wrote them on receiving their pay. Among the receptacles for papers is a round two quart box, once the property of Lemuel Perham, who kept an inn in Upton, Mass., back in 1755. This box was then used in accordance with the custom of that time for collecting the hotel bills, being passed around the table at meal time. One small cabinet is devoted to mementoes of the civil war, which Dr. Lapham brought with him from the service. Among these is a confederate $1000 bond with all the coupons attached, which was found by Mr. Lapham in Richmond just after its capture.

Leprosy in Cape Breton.

"It is perhaps unknown to many of your readers that leprosy exists in several places in the Island of Cape Breton," says a writer in the Halifax Critic, "and that since its introduction, which, I believe took place some 40 years ago, it has undoubtedly spread, although not to any very great extent. This leprosy, so far as I have yet learned, is not the same which afflicted the Jews, but is more akin to the leprosy which is occasionally seen in Russia. The most serious thing connected with it is, that those afflicted with it are apparently in perfect health as children, and continue so until they have reached about 18 or 20 years of age, at which time the disease breaks out. As the patient grows worse, the hair, beard and eyebrows drop off, and the flesh decays from the fingers, toes, and lips, leaving the bones bare. The whole of the fleshy and cartilaginous parts of the nose decay, so that the nasal bones protrude, and, I believe, the teeth drop out. This terrible and loathsome disease is said to have been introduced by people who came from Ireland and settled at Lake O'Law. Their children having married and settled elsewhere, have carried the contagion with them, so that it is now to be found as Lake O'Law, southwest Margaree, southeast Lake Ainslie, and in other places. Wm. Fletcher, B. A., who was attached to the geological survey, and who so unfortunately lost his life in the northeast Margaree, in the autumn of 1881, had for some years studied medicine, and had spent a great deal of time and trouble investigating the disease, but before he could take any definite steps in the matter he was drowned, leaving many to regret, not only a friend but an able and capable man, whose loss will long be felt. The disease is undoubtedly infectious. Mr. MacFarlane, of southwest Margaree, cites several cases in which the disease has been contracted, all of which terminated fatally. In one case, a tailor had worked for a leper, in another a man had been given a cap that had been worn by one. Paper money would also prove a dangerous channel for spreading infection, from the fact that it is carried days, and perhaps weeks, about the person. I have myself seen leprosy at southeast Lake Ainslie, and when accompanied, as it invariably is, by great poverty, filth and vermin, it is truly terrible. Such a state of things is utterly disgraceful and degrading, and should at once be remedied. So long as a spark remains, the danger of conflagration continues, ane who knows but one of these subtle changes which effect epidemics may not at any time send it sweeping over the length and breadth of the land, carrying all before it. Is it not time that some of our legislators took the matter up, and put a stop to the spread of so terrible a scourge, before we hear that cry, alas, too often raised, "too late?"

A new Lincoln story is a find worth making, and the "Journal of Civilization" has found one. It relates that when Uncle Abe reached General Grant's headquarters at City Point in 1864 he complained that the tossing on the water had left him slightly sea-sick. "Try oysters and champagne," urged a staff officer; "that's the very best remedy in the world for sea-sickness." "No," answered the President—"no, I don't think champagne was intended to do much curing. I've noticed that most of the men sea-sick ashore have always been drinking that very medicine."

SIXTY YEARS A MODEL.

A Beauty Who Has Posed to the Roman Artists for More Than Half a Century.

[American Magazine.]

There may still be occasionally seen in the streets of Rome a venerable woman now over 80 years of age, whose career is worth remembering, not only for the services she has rendered to art and artists, but as an example of nobility and purity of character in an humble walk of life. The world does not know her, for she belongs to a generation that is no longer here, and the hurrying crowd of today passes the bent figure with perhaps a momentary discernment of some hint of beauty lingering in her wrinkled face, but all unknowing of the qualities hidden beneath, which, during a long and patient history, have shed a light as lustrous in human kindness as that from many a more potent place. It was at the age of 13 that she began to pose as a model. At 19 she married a good-for-nothing fellow. It was finally necessary for safety to leave him, though even then she was able to escape from his importunities only by the intervention of artist friends, who, appreciating her faithfulness of service and unusual qualities, took legal steps to free her from his annoyances. The years that followed were of comparative peace, but full of events exhibiting the nobility of character and the pure and unostentatious charity of this humble woman, who, now developed into a full maturity and perfection of form, was constantly under engagement, working to the limit of her strength. During these long decades of labor, reserving for herself only a modest support, she constantly divided her earnings with the poor and suffering and outcast of her sex, lamenting only the limit of her ability to enlarge the helping hand. More than once she abandoned her engagements to nurse the sick from distant lands, whose friends knew not of his illness; and she sat, the faithful and only attendant, watching the flickering spark of life as it passed away.

Not a celebrated painter or sculptor has visited Rome for more than half a century for whom Minnicuccia has not posed. Her face looks out from many a sacred canvas, and her figure stands in marble as the type of beauty in many of the great galleries and private collections of the world. She has figured throughout the whole range of biblical, classical and mythologic characters; but whether as Venus or saint—whether in merely physical or in the higher range of ideal representations—there is ever present something that speaks to the beholder of a purity of soul such as even the most materialistic of artists could not fail in a measure to express. In the churches of Rome she frequently appears as the Madonna, or among the innumerable angels that float in their vaulted ceilings.

Possibly one of the best likenesses of Minicuccia exists in the well-known painting of "Judith and Holofornes," which now hangs in the Louvre at Paris. It was thought at the time of its execution to be so characteristic in this respect that four many years afterward she was greeted by her acquaintances in Rome, and generally known as "Gluditta." Probably Vernet sought in this picture to idealize the head, though in fact without improvement on the original, for his art was neither creative nor imaginative; but it is certain that the exquisite beauty of the arms and graceful pose of the head and neck are more due to his lovely model than to the painter himself. Among the other distinguished artists for whom she many times posed, and whom she has long outlived, were Thorwaldsen, Crawford, Gibson, Ingres, Flandrin, Delaroche, Fraccassini, Fortuny, and Madaazze, the elder. For this last she did a triple duty, appearing as each of the three Marys in his picture of "The Return from the Sepulchre."

Eminent as she was in a lowly profession, she was known in the deeds which she performed that others might be saved from the bitterness of misfortune and want. Holding a sure and lofty conception of virtue, she passed through long years in a profession full of temptations blameless and without even the suspicion of a stain upon her character. And yet she had no word of reproof for the fallen of her sex. To them her kindness was meted out without reserve, for she was many times their companion when woman needs only woman, and full often her exertions found places for children who knew not their fathers.

To-day she is the inmate of a home procured for her long since by artist friends who have passed away. She is poor and unknown, and really unable to work, though still, that she may keep a scanty wardrobe from too serious tatters, occasionally posing as a model where the type of a gentle old age is needed. At other times she sits at her window, which looks out over the Campagna toward the blue of the Alban mountains, folding her almost shapeless hands in her lap, in silent hope for the day of departure to a land and crown that await none more deservedly than her. These are weary days to her, and almost her last words after recounting some incidents of her life were: "Oh, signore, la vita e troppo lunga; sono molto stanca io." (Ah, sir, life is too long; I am very tired).

WOMEN OF MODERN GREECE.

Still Hedged in by Restriction, but on the Whole Very Well Treated.

[Woman's World.]

The Greek women of the upper class are generally clever, well-bred, well-informed, and might rival in accomplishments, culture and conversational powers their sisters of the West. And the Greek ladies of "The Phana:" at Constantinople have for centuries been renowned for their ability and acquirements.

The advantages of education are, however, by no means restricted to the upper class, for not only in the towns, but in almost every village where there is a Greek community, schools have been founded in which the instruction given to girls ranges from the simplest elementary lessons to ancient Greek, psychology and mathematics. Here the children of rich and poor sit side by side in the same class, a practice which, I am assured, tends rather to elevate the tone of the children of the people than to deteriorate the manners of the better-bred. The teachers in these rural schools are often young women of Athens who have left home and country to improve the condition of their less-favored country-women in Turkey, and are in return idolized by the scholars and their mothers.

The life of women of the shopkeeper and artisan classes in the towns is still very secluded, as it is considered an impropriety to be seen much out of doors, especially for young girls, who must always be accompanied by their mothers or some elderly relative. All occupation in shops is forbidden to them, not unless compelled by sheer necessity, will they leave home and take service with others. Some occupy themselves with needlework, lace-making, embroidery, and the home manufacture of various small articles; but it is only in the silk-growing districts of Asia Minor that they are employed in the factories.

The most striking faults in the Greek woman's character are her vanity, fondness for dress and display, and jealousy of the better circumstances of her neighbors. The spirit of ambitious rivalry is often carried to such excess that the real comforts of home life are sacrificed to it; and many live poorly and dress meanly at home, in order to display a well-furnished drawing-room and expensive holiday toilettes to the public. They are, however, very domesticated, make devoted wives, and fond, if not always judicious mothers.

Family affection is, perhaps, the noblest trait in the Greek character. Nowhere else, I think, does one see fraternal love so strongly developed, nor the women of a family so tenderly cared for. Should the father die, the brothers take his place; and so long as a sister of marriageable age remains unportioned and unwed, they will not think of taking a wife themselves.

It is customary among the Greeks for a girl's parents to seek a suitable husband for her, either personally or through the agency of a *prexenetra*, The bride is dowered according to her station, and presented with an ample trousseau, stock of household linen, etc., which have been in preparation for her for years past. The *arravon*, or betrothal, is a formal ceremony. It takes place in the presence of the relatives of the contracting parties, and is considered almost as binding

THE EMMA JANE VERBENA.

BY GRACE WINTHROP.

[St. Louis Republican.]

Mrs. Pease was fond of flowers. She liked them in masses, in a cracked white pitcher, and she admired what she called a "set bouquet" such as her son Orrin carried Sunday evenings to his sweetheart, Miss Abby Swift, over in the "Center." Best of all, she loved them growing in the garden.

The garden was a tangle of color and sweetness. Roses crowded up against the little brown house, and peeped boldly in at the window. Morning glories climbed to the low roof. Petunias and mignonette flourished in their humble way; and tiger-lilies, sweet peas, phlox and holyhocks mingled with cockscomb, canterberry-bells, nasturtiums and poppies in gay confusion.

Mrs. Pease spent hours over them, weeding, training, clipping, watering unweariedly. Her bent figure could be seen all summer long moving lovingly about the narrow paths, hanging penitently over the brilliant beds. The flowers repaid her in many ways. They filled the air with sweetness, they seemed to smile and nod to her through storm and sunshine; they seemed quite human in their silent grace. She called them all by name, often in grateful memory of some friend, generally for the giver of the plant or precious slip from which the blossoms sprang so thriftily.

Her son, too, felt an interest in the garden. He shared her pride in the lusty roses and geraniums, he liked to see his mother's sunbonnet bobbing among the bushes or bending intently to the ground. He was interested in the "Liddy Ann pink" and solicitous as to the growth of the "Amandy chrysanthemum."

"I do declare," said Mrs. Pease, one summer evening, "that Martha lily does look dreadful peaked, jest like the Pods. I kinder hated to call it after one of 'em, but I see she was goin' to feel badly if I didn't, so I did. Now look at it, all yeller and droopin'. Seems as if there was a sort o' sympathy atween 'em.

Orrin was a youth of few words. He looked interested, but said nothing.

"There's that 'Betsy peony,'" continued his mother, walking slowly down the path, "how it does grow! Great, strappin' thing! Every time I look at it, a standing up so peart and sassy, I think of Betsy Bangs in her red jersey."

"How's the verbena, mother?" said Orrin, taking the pipe out of his mouth.

"The Emma-Jane?" said Mrs. Pease, stooping over a plant whose little fingers spreading in all directions, promised to cover a large space with pure blossoms. "It's a growin' beautifully," and she sighed.

Her son looked serious for a moment, then knocked the ashes from his pipe and straightened up to his full height of six feet, a handsome, stalwart young fellow in his shirt-sleeves, with his sun-burned face freshly shaved.

"I guess I'll go over to the Center." he said. "So soon!" exclaimed his mother, with a wistful look.

He went into the house silently, and the good woman, picking a dead cinnamon rose to pieces, said in a low voice:

"I hope to mercy she'll be good enough for him, and not one of your filthy kind. I s'pose she'll like a bo'quet."

And then, with care, if not with skill the kind soul gathered a large bunch of the different flowers and wrapped a bit of newspaper around their stems.

When Orrin appeared in his best clothes he thanked her warmly, picked a blossom of the white verbena for his button-hole, and blithely strode away.

She watched him through the dusk as long as she could see. He and the flowers were all she had to love; sometimes it was hard to have him leave her of an evening, hard to know that a fair face had such power to win him from the devotion and companionship of years.

"He's better than the common run," she thought with pride, "more quiet behaved and faithful. He's been a good son to me. He'll be a dreadful indulgent husband. If she ain't good to him—"

She turned away from the gate and shook her head as if words failed to express her feelings. At each side of the path the blossoms leaned toward her, filling the air with their sweet breath, as if reminding her:

"We are always here. We never leave you."

"No more you do," said the simple woman, understanding them. And then she, too, picked a bit of the white verbena.

"Sweet creature," she whispered, "jest as innocent and sweet as Emma Jane herself."

Meanwhile, through the scented evening, walked Orrin with his big bouquet. His honest heart was full of tender anticipations. Would she be out in the yard watching—watching for him? Would she smile with the look in her eyes he loved to see there? Or would she be unaccountably shy and cool, seem surprised to see him, and take his offering indifferently? There was no telling about girls. Somehow he fancied that his mother had always been straight-forward and easy to understand. Abby was different—all spirit and change; one minute wild with merriment, the next, quiet, inscrutable, "mad," perhaps.

"'Twill take more than a garden to satisfy her, I guess," he thought, half-amused, half-tender. "God bless her," he added reverently.

She was watching for him with all her soul in her great dark eyes. She was thinking with a pang how late he was; then a sickening fear flashed over her; perhaps he might not come at all! Suddenly her heart leaped; a dimness clouded her sight. She tried to still with one hand that beating in her breast. He was coming! Ah, she would know him among ten thousand, with his broad shoulders and his springing step. She leaned against the window frame and watched him with a kindling eye.

When he opened the gate she was in the kitchen; by the time he had reached the door she had gained the woodshed.

Deacon Swift answered his knock.

"Good evenin'," he said, politely.

"Good evenin'," said Orrin. "Is Abby to home?"

"Gess likely; step in."

And the deacon opened the parlor door invitingly.

Orrin walked in over the rag-carpeted "entry" into the dark and sacred "best room." An indescribable odor, musty, herby, close, pervaded it, an odor peculiar to New England village parlors. The hair-cloth chairs and sofa stood stiffly on the red and yellow ingrain covering of the floor, the marble-topped centre table bore a lamp and a few cherished books; the mantel-piece, with shells, daguerreotypes and wax flowers. A row of family photographs and a wedding certificate in a black walnut frame adorned the walls, and green paper shades covered the windows. The deacon tied up one of them, saying:

"The wimmen folks hain't been in here lately, I guess, to jedge from appearances."

Then he stepped out and called: "Abby! Abby!"

Abby appeared, demure and calm.

"Good 'evenin', Orrin," she said, nice evenin'."

"Yes, I walked over, seein' 'twas so pleasant. I've brought you some flowers, Abby."

"Oh, ain't they pretty! Your mother does have the handsomest flowers of any one I know," she said, so admiringly that her lover blushed with pleasure.

"I'm glad you like 'em, Abby.'

"How is your mother?" she next asked him, as she put her bouquet in a china vase, painted with pink and yellow roses.

"She's well," he replied, watching her trying to lift the vase to its place on the "whatnot."

"That's too heavy for you," he cried, jumping up and trying to help her. They stood close together. He could see the flush deepening in her soft cheek; he could almost touch the rings of hair about her pretty ear; how long her eyelashes were. They both held the vase. Above the flowers he gazed at her.

"Abby, look up," he whispered.

A tremulous smile hovered about her red lips; she bit them angrily, and turned her head away.

"Abby dear, look at me."

And he put one hand over hers as it rested on the gay china. She tore it away.

His grasp on the vase loosened, down it fell, dashing to a hundred pieces on the floor. He was kneeling in a moment picking them up, and she was beside him. They gathered all together silently and laid them on the table. Then they looked at each other. His eyes were brim full of mischief; her's brimming with tears; the shock, the reaction, something, she knew not what, had brought them there. Instantly his arm was around her. He said some inarticulate words, then kissed her gently on her forehead, where the pretty locks were parted—for Abby didn't wear a bang.

"Don't cry," he whispered. "I'll buy you a dozen chany vases. I'd give you all the world, Abby, if I could."

The tears were rolling fast down her round cheeks now.

"Will you come and live in the little house with me, Abby? Will you be my wife? Say, Abby, will you?"

As he stooped to hear her answer the white flower in his coat fell out. It smote the girl's heart, then dropped to the carpet. She stooped and lifted it without a word, raised her shy, happy eyes to his, then kissed the little blossom tenderly.

"Oh, don't, Abby, don't do that. 'Twas Emma Jane's you see. Somehow I don't like you to—I—"

"Emma Jane's!" she said, slowly, with the radiance dying from her eyes.

"Yes, I think a heap of it for her sake, you know; but—"

And at that moment Mrs. Swift walked in with civil greetings.

"Good evenin', Orrin. All well to your house, I hope?"

He went home slowly, with a puzzled expression on his manly face. "I could a swore she almost took me," was his thought. 'What was it changed her so all in a minute? What could it have been?"

The summer glowed and deepened. It reached its height—then waned.

The birds caroled madly in the elm trees—by August they had changed their song. The crickets piped with ominous distinctness through the long hot afternoons. The locust uttered its shrill cry from the stone wall and hedge. A sense of sadness and of change lay on the hills and pastures. In Orrin's heart winter had come already. His mother now had no reason to complain of his leaving her alone.

He was more silent than ever; and she wondered, but asked no questions. She tried to cheer him up in every way she knew. She made as many different kinds of pies as possible—lemon, custard, berry and apple. She even concocted an imitation mince turnover—knowing his fondness for the real thing—but it was useless. He tasted them all with an absent look in his blue eyes, pushed away his plate and sighed.

"It does beat all," she thought. "I've done my best. Doughnuts won't rouse him up, and blackberry puddin' haint no effect. I'll try a huckleberry short cake.

So she put on a pink calico sunbonnet, hung a two quart pail over her arm, and started for the berry pasture.

"I'll go to Deacon Swift's patch first, she decided. "The best and sweetest always grow there."

In the field the sun lay warm on sweet-fern and on vines. A scent, born of ripening fruit, and wild-wood green things basking in the warmth, filled all the air. The apple trees stood by each other in a little "pool of shade." The summer's spicy breeze swept over weeds and grasses with a languid sigh of pleasure.

Mrs. Pease bent over the loaded bushes, a patient, homely figure. The hard, black huckleberries rattled like hail into the tin receptacle, and while her fingers moved she thought:

"'Taint much use, after all. That Abby Swift, she's at the bottom of it with her trifilin' ways. I'd like to give her a piece of my mind."

With the thought a shadow fell across the grass and a slim young figure stood beside her in a white sun bonnet and a black gingham gown; a girl unmistakably erect and trim. The pink and white bonnets confronted each other. Two kindly, dim eyes peered out from the one, two sorrowful, dark ones from the other. Mrs. Pease had turned with anger in her heart when she saw the girl's pale cheeks and altered look she softened.

"Why, Abby, for the land's sake, where did you drop from?"

"I came down to pick berries for tea."

"How's your ma?" and the good woman put on her spectacles for a closer look at her companion.

"She's tolerable well," said Abby, listlessly.

"Pa's well?" continued Mrs. Pease, regarding the girl sharply.

"Pretty well," said Abby.

"And how are you? Seems to me you hain't a looking very peart."

"I'm all right," said Miss Swift promptly. "Huckleberries is plenty this year," she added.

"Orrin ain't right well just now," said the old lady after a pause.

The girl's hand trembled; half the berries she held fell to the ground.

"What's the matter with him?" she said in a low voice. "I ain't seen him lately," she said defiantly.

"No, I know you ain't," said Mrs. Pease, with decision. "Whose is 't?"

"Tain't mine," said Abby, twitching a bush towards her.

"'Tain't his, I know for sartain," said the mother rattling her tin pail, "He's the most sot in his feelings of anybody I ever see. There ain't no change in him. The gal that gets Orrin Pease 'll get a dreadful good husband. And the gal that trifles with him 'll live to repent it. He ain't one to be took off and on like an old shoe, I can tell you. Abby Swift, and the time may come when he can't be got back noways."

"Who wants him back?" cried Abby, her face in a blaze. "Not I, for one," and she burst into tears. Between her sobs she managed to say: "You think—he—ain't—the trifilin' kind. I know—better. He's been a—keeping company with me—and all—the time—he cares—for—another—girl. He's good as said—so!"

"Land o' Goshen!" exclaimed Mrs. Pease, nearly dropping her pail. "I hain't never heard of no such girl; what be you thinkin' of, Abby Swift? It's you, and nobody else, he's been a follerin' after these two years. E ever a man was dead sot on havin' a gal, and that gal you, it's Orrin. Why, he'll smile just to see your pa's old white horse a comin' down the road; he's fairly tickled to death to see that critter amblin' along. There, child, for the land's sake, don't get no such foolish notion in your head. Only be good to him; I beg and pray of ye to be good to him. He is dreadful tender-hearted and faithful, Orrin is," and the old lady put her worn, thin hand on the girl's shoulder, and looked at her beseechingly.

With a cry, Abby flung her arms around her neck and kissed her.

"Good to him!" she said, brokenly, "Oh, Lord, good to him!" and she then turned and fled over the frightened grass, as fast as she could go.

At six o'clock the huckleberry short-cake lay smoking, and liberally sprinkled with sugar, on Mrs. Pease's tea-table. Orrin helped his mother to a large slice. As he handed it to her, she said:

"I picked them over in Deacon Swift's pasture. Abby was there a pickin', too."

Orrin looked up sharply. "Was she?" he said.

"She looks dreadful peaked," declared his mother.

"Sick, mother?"

"Yes, real sick. I don't know, Orrin, why she thinks so, but she's got an idee that there's another girl you're a keepin' company with. I done my best to prove to her there weren't. I think likely you'd better kind o' explain to her yourself."

"Another girl!" cried Orrin, frowning, "Oh, mother!"

"There, eat your supper and then go over to the Center. 'Tain't best to let such things spoil your appetite."

"Save my supper, mother. I'm off now."

"But, Orrin, a leetle more short-cake, do—bless my heart how dreadful foolish young folks is."

The Swifts were all at the table, the deacon, his wife, Abby, and her brother and the hired man. They looked up surprised when Orrin knocked. There was no bouquet in his hand this time, as he waited in the dim, close parlor. As Abby came slowly in, he met her with a determined look on his face.

"Get your hat and take a walk with me," he said quietly, yet so firmly that she never thought of disobeying. Without another word they left the house, walked down the silent street, passed a few shut-up houses and out to where there was space and solitude. Then he stopped and looked at her gravely.

"Tell me," he said, "did you think I'd ever cared for any one but you?"

Her face drooped before his gaze. At last she nodded sadly.

"For heaven's sake, who?" he demanded.

"Emma-Jane!" came the answer. There was a moment's silence between them.

"Oh, Abby!" he cried, "come and see Emma-Jane with me. Come, now!"

The girl shrank away. "No, no," she faltered. "I couldn't You wear her flowers. You think they're too fine for me. You——"

"Yes, I do love them. Come," and he drew her hand through his arm and held it there. Still she resisted him. He stopped short, clasped her reluctant hand firmly and said in a voice that shook:

"I swear to you, my love, I've never cared for any girl but you, Abby."

"Then, why?——"

"Come, trust me, and I'll show you why.

They walked along through the soft evening light. The hills lay bathed in sunset splendor; above them shone a strip of palest amber sky. Everything seemed strangely hushed and peaceful. Even the village graveyard wore a sweet, restful aspect as they passed through its gateway. Over the quiet sleepers the grass waved gently, field flowers nestled lovingly about the headstones, and wild strawberry vines clasped the graves with clinging fingers. In a distant corner a hemlock tree sighed above a little green bed; on whose small slab was

"EMMA-JANE,"

AGED 4 YEARS AND ONE MONTH.

"Suffer little children to come unto me, for o such is the kingdom of heaven."

And over the tiny mound spread and wandered, like an exquisitely embroidered pall the starry blossoms of a white verbena.

Orrin took off his hat and stood beside the grave.

"You see," he said in a low tone, "Emma-Jane and me were great friends. I played with her. I made her boats an' whistles. I took her flowers when she was sick and dyin'. She'd hold em in her little hands, and smile and thank me, poor little girl. She come to our house once when you was away to school like enough you never heard about her. She warn't here long. Mother took care of her. She was my cousin Lucinda's child, left alone without a home, and mother took her. We loved her like she'd been always with us. And we named a plant we've got to home the Emma-Jane verbena, 'cause she was fond of it."

Abby was crying softly. He put his arm around her.

"I thought," he added, that night, when you was a kissin' the flower, 'twarn't a lucky thing for you to do, seein' she'd drooped and died so easy. It seemed as if 'twas a bad sign when we was makin' promises for life, my love."

The girl, in her impulsive way, sank down by the little grave. She flung her arms across it, and her tears fell fast on the little white, radiant blossoms. Orrin knelt beside her, and tried to draw her towards him.

"We shan't never misunderstand each other again, Abby?" he whispered.

"No, Orrin, never!"

And they kissed each other humbly, as children kiss who have quarrelled and "made up."

MY GRANDDAUGHTER.

BY KATE VIRGINIA DARLING.

[Youth's Companion.]

I am an old lady—no matter how old,—but not infirm; and I am also old-fashioned enough to prefer the old manners to the new. I never lean against the back of my chair, nor appear at the breakfast table in my wrapper, and no one, except my maid, ever sees my curl papers. I was brought up not to take my ease in public.

But my granddaughter, Ethel, is very different. She says, "Oh, let's be comfortable, grandma!" She has "given up"—actually given up—wearing corsets.

"They're not hygienic, grandma." "Hygienic" to a woman of my age, who never had a headache!

"What kind of a figure do you expect to have?" I asked, severely.

"Grandma," she answered, shaking her pretty head,—it *is* pretty,—"my waist measures just three inches less than the Venus de Medici's."

"Then all I can say is, that Miss de Medici would have been considered a very dumpy young woman in my day," I answered.

Ethel laughed. Times are sadly changed. The modern young girl laughs at her grandmother, and does many other curious things. She learns curious things at school, too. One day she rushed home from school, her curls flying in the breeze.

"Grandma," she cried, "I've learned something wonderful to-day! If you should cut your brachial artery"——

"But I don't intend to cut my brachial artery at my time of life," said I, with some dignity.

"But if you should, grandma, I could stop the flow of blood instantly, and save your life. See here!" and before I knew what the child was doing, she had my arm all tied up in a knotted handkerchief, with a broomstick twisted through one end so tight that I though she would amputate it on the spot. That is a very strange sort of knowledge to give a young girl. It doesn't seem ladylike.

Then, too, she has such perfect self-reliance! Why, my granddaughter, Ethel Starr Raymond, sits down sometimes and looks into my eyes with such a level gaze, and talks to me with such entire reliance on the accuracy of her own views, that I might be the school girl and she the old lady, for all the deference she pays to my views. Moreover, something that happened recently gives the child a great advantage over me; and as sure as I say, "Ethel, do be a little more feminine!" she has a roguish gleam in her brown eyes, and is sure to say:

"But, grandma, if I must be so soft and feminine, what will you do if the 'man-in-the-moon' comes down again?"

I suppose I must tell the whole story.

I have been a great traveller in my day—north, south, east and west. I haven't been to Africa yet, but there's no telling but that I yet may round the Cape of Good Hope.

Last autumn, when Ethel took a bad cold, which gradually developed into bronchitis, I thought nothing of packing up and starting off for California with her. We stopped at a beautiful little town, situated in a valley not far from San Francisco Bay, with the soft hills of the Coast Range all around us, and taking a furnished house, settled down comfortably for the winter.

Now I have spent a great deal of time in my life looking for somebody. It is a Man. No matter how inconvenient it might be, neither heat nor cold, late hours nor early, company nor lack of company, could ever induce me to neglect the time-honored custom of looking for that man who hides under the beds, shuts himself up in closets, folds himself up behind doors, or doubles up in dark corners, for the purpose of robbing and scaring peaceful and unprotected women.

If all the precious hours that good women are forced to spend in this pursuit could be added up, turned into dollars, and put out at interest, I am sure they would pay the national debt, with something left over to put in the bank.

Well, the house we took for our California winter was an old-fashioned, rambling house that had been "brought around the Horn in '49" in pieces, and was full of hiding-places.

All around the front and sides were wide verandas, shaded by great acacia and evergreen trees; then the original house had various additions, wings and Ls up one step, or down two, or attached by long, narrow halls, full of dim outlines, that a lively fancy could easily turn into the shadow of a man.

A stray black cat, which no persuasion in the way of sticks and stones could induce to retire, furnished many a nightly alarm, and caused a more thorough nightly search.

My maid slept on the same floor with us, but the other servants, who, after the fashion of the country, were both moon-eyed Chinese, roomed in a small detached house at the end of a large, neglected garden, beautiful with feathery locust trees, fan palms, great rose-bushes, one or two orange-trees, and beds of brilliant flowers, which grew with the wild luxuriance of a semi-tropical climate.

The garden was full of fragrant charms—and full of hiding-places. I never dared even to look into it after dark.

In the evenings—it was now April—Ethel and I usually sat on the upper veranda, and there spent the hours, drinking in the soft, delicious air, and feasting our eyes, if it was moonlight, on the lovely landscape, the valley clad in the tender green of early spring. The rounded, waving outline of the Coast range was lighted up off in the western foot hills by the twinkling lights of a great turreted, pinnacled structure that looked like some beautiful castle, transported from a foreign land, but was, alas! only an asylum for the insane.

One night, about ten o'clock, when the early moon had already gone to sleep, and a soft darkness covered valley and hill, we went reluctantly to our rooms to prepare for the night's rest. It was so pleasant that it gave a guilty sense of wasting time to spend it in sleep.

I had just put on my soft flannel dressing-sack, and unpinned my hair—it is my own hair, too—ready for Ellen, my maid, to brush it out, when Ethel, with a light rap, opened the door, and stood there for a moment framed in the dark wood-work, with the dusky hall for a background, looking "pretty as a picture."

She had put on a long white cashmere wrapper, let down her bright auburn hair, which fell in curling masses to her waist, and floated around her head like an aureola. A wax taper held high up in the air threw a bright light on the blooming face, the saucy nose, a little turned up, and the rosy mouth; the graceful folds of the cashmere concealed the fact that she has "no figure to speak of," and altogether she looked so cunning that my heart warmed toward her, trying as are some of her ways.

"Come, grandma!" said she, gaily. "We haven't looked for the 'man-in-the-moon' yet."

This is a sportive name she used to denote her cheerful scepticisms on the subject of my fears. She isn't afraid of anything. It doesn't look well for a girl to be so courageous. In my time, girls were afraid of everything, even a mouse; nowaday they dissect mice.

I caught up the poker, and Ethel seized a lawn-tennis racquet that had been laid aside for repairs; Ellen, my maid, brought up the rear of the column, armed with a large, ivory-backed hair brush, and altogether we had quite the air of that amusing painting of Toby Rosenthal's, "The Seminary Alarmed."

"I'll tell you what I shall do, grandma, if the 'man-in-the-moon' ever does come down," said Ethel. "Just feel of my triceps" (or biceps), and doubling up her arm, she put my hand on it to feel a place as hard as a door-knob. She got that going to the gymnasium, climbing upstairs on her hands instead of her feet, throwing dumb-bells, just like a boy. I don't approve of such things. In my day girls danced the minuet.

"I should just strike out from the shoulder, so."

And, suiting the action to the words, she "struck out." Away went the racquet right through the mirror, shivering it into a thousand fragments. We all stood aghast, but Ethel recovered herself at once.

"I tell you, grandma, if I should do that it would be the last of him, wouldn't it? Come let's go on, and then I'll help Ellen gather up the fragments."

Here Ethel dropped on her knees, and explored with the offending racquet every nook and corner of the dim recess under the bed.

"Mr. Nobody here now," said she, getting up with flushed face and tumbled hair. "Don't say after this, grandma, that I'm not attentive."

We then gave the closet a thorough investigation, thumped on the walls with a poker, shook out the waterproofs, that are certain to look as if the sleeves were stuffed full of arms, looked in old shoe-boxes, and finally, standing up in a chair, I rummaged along a shelf running the length of the closet, where I was always afraid that some tramp would lay himself away through the day.

Satisfied at last, we took up the line of march, in and out of the winding halls, up and down through vacant rooms, shaking old clothes, thumping dead walls, poking into broken boxes, and opening invalided trunks, until we reached the last room, a little bedroom, with a shelving roof, at the end of which was a low door, leading into a small closet, half-filled with a box of worm-eaten books.

"Thus endeth the farce," said Ethel, throwing wide the little door, and—and—

There HE was!

Low-browed, villainous, a shock of coarse black hair bristling on his head, a fierce black eye, glancing out of his head, a bunch of false keys in one hand, and a pistol in the other.

Ethel entirely forgot about "striking out from the shoulder."

As for me, the poker fell from my limp and trembling hand, and I said—of all the absurd things that a person could say on such an occasion—I said, as if he were a long-expected friend, "H-o-w, how do you do?"

At this strange salutation, a grim smile lurked round the corners of the man's mouth.

"Rather warm in here, thank you," he replied, with a mocking air of politeness. "With your permission, I'll step out."

There was an ominous click of the pistol, and—the man stepped out.

"The Howly Virgin save us!" cried Ellen—she wears a French cap, but speaks with a Dublin accent—and she forthwith fell upon her knees, and began to tell her beads.

The burglar wiped the drops of sweat from his ugly brow, and looked greedily at the diamond scarf-pin which fastened my lace kerchief.

"Don't be afraid, old lady," said he, familiarly. "I sha'n't hurt you, but I'll trouble you for that pin."

If it had been to save my life I could not have moved my trembling hands; but Ethel stepped forward to unclasp it, and, if you'll believe me, that child was as cool as a December morning.

"First water," said the burglar, grasping the pin, looking at it and then stuffing it into his pocket.

"Now, old lady, your watch." That cut me to the heart, for Ethel's grandfather had given me that watch for a wedding-present. It was set with pearls all around the face, and on the back, enamelled in blue, was a forget-me-not, in small diamonds. I valued it next to my wedding ring, but mercy! in a twinkling that went, too.

"Rather thin," said he, "but will do to melt up."

Dear me! I would almost as soon have my withered old heart melted up.

"Now," said he, turning to Ethel, "we'll take the bureau-drawers."

Ellen was lying on the floor, where she had gone from devotion to insensibility, so Ethel lighted the way back to my room; and if ever a woman suffered I suffered while this thief's coarse hands tossed about the cherished keepsakes of my life.

"Spoiling the Egyptians," said he, with clumsy wit. "And now, old lady, I'll take that bag of twenties you got at the bank this morning."

Too true! I had that very morning drawn a quarter's income—all in double eagles. How had the wretch found it out? For a moment I hesitated, but that ominous click! and quickly the canvas bag came from its hiding place, the middle of a long bolster, that I always slept on. The burglar counted it leisurely—he was in no hurry.

"And now, little miss," said he, "I'll trouble you to show me the family silver."

Without a moment's hesitation, Ethel led the wretch down the winding staircase, through the square hall, with its dark red walls, into the parlor, a dim, old-fashioned room, with a great, open fireplace, in which a wood-fire still smouldered on the brass andirons.

On each side of the fireplace was an arched niche; one filled with the books of a small library, and in the other hung an exquisite copy of one of Raphael's Madonnas. Will you believe me? As his eyes caught sight of the virgin, this robber—his pockets full of stolen goods—made a sign of the cross, and muttered an *Ave Maria*.

The parlor led into a long, oak-panelled dining-room, divided through the middle by a crimson portiere. Two large closets opened from it; one, the first, for china, and the other for the storage of the house-linen. To my surprise it was the door of this second closet that Ethel opened, and pointed to a black box, shoved back on the top shelf. I remembered then that a small part of the family silver had been stowed there, to be used only in case of necessity; the rest had been sent, by the family who owned the house, to the Safe Deposit.

In the corner next the door was a step-ladder used for house-cleaning purposes. Just as the burglar seized this, a tremendous noise, like the tramping of armed men and the mad rolling of cannon-balls, made him drop the ladder and cock his pistol quickly. We thought of rescue, but the noise came from a colony of rats in possession of the neighboring attic.

Seizing the ladder again, the burglar set it against the shelves in the farther corner of the closet, climbing heavily to the top of it, and laid his hand on the box, when, presto! change! quick as lightning, Ethel shut the door with a crash, turned the key, shoved the bolt, and there he was, a prisoner.

"I've got him, grandma! I've got him!" she cried. "I meant to get him all the time!"

The man struggled like a caged lion. Kicks and blows rained on the door, curses loud and deep filled the little room; frantic poundings with his huge fists were thrown away on oaken planks felled in the old Bay State, and thoroughly seasoned by coming "around the Horn in '49."

But what should we do now?

Ellen, who at the culmination of Ethel's daring, had sat down on the floor, and bumped her head, not very gently, against the wall, now struggled to her feet, and we held a council of war.

It was half past eleven. The night was black, the streets dark; the supervisors had just decided, in a fit of economy, not to light the street-lamps for the next six months, and our house was the only one in the fifty-yard lot forming the square. The garden was full of hiding-places where some confederate might even then be lurking, ready to pounce upon us, if we ventured out. On the whole, it seemed best to hold our prisoner until morning, when we could arouse the Chinese servants and send for help. So we brought out the lamp and victualled the garrison. Ellen made some strong coffee over a spirit-lamp, and we sat there all night and waited, paying little attention to the fierce threats and thundering blows against the walls that emphasized the rage of our captive.

With the first morning light we aroused Ah Lung, the cook, and having satisfied his moon-eyed wonder, sent out for the officers of law, who soon had our prisoner handcuffed and caged in the county jail.

You see now why I find it up-hill work to discipline my granddaughter Ethel. I have told you how she answers me when I try to reprove her. But there's one comfort at least "That man"—I have been laughed at a great deal of my life for looking for him—was "caught at last."

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You a sufferer from any of this list of symptoms, some of which warn you that you are liable to an attack of Apoplexy? Dizziness or Pressure in the Head, Spots Before Eyes, Pain Around or Palpitation of Heart, Pain in Region of Heart with Feeling of Suffocation, Ringing Sound in Ears, Numbness or Prickly Sensation of Limbs, especially the Arm, Pain between Shoulders and in Side, Pain in Small of Back or Hip, Dry Cough, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, General Debility, Loss of Appetite, &c.,

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C. H. STROUT, Treasurer.

Portland, Me., April 25, 1888. ap24eod1m

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made in NEW YORK.

ISLAND STEAMERS.

Harpswell Steamboat Co.

On and after September 19th 1887, steamer Gordon, Capt. James L. Long, will run daily as follows:

Leave Orr's Island for Portland at 6.45 a. m.; Bailey's Island 7.00; Harpswell, 7.15; East End Great Chebeague, 7.45; Jenk's, 8.00; Hope Island 8.05; Little Chebeague, 8.20; Long Island 8.40, arriving in Portland at 9.15 a. m.

Returning will leave Portland for Orr's Island and all intermediate landings at 2.00 p. m.

sep19dtf ISAIAH DANIELS, Manager.

Casco Bay Steamboat Co.,

CUSTOM HOUSE WHARF.

WEEK DAY TIME TABLE,
On and After APRIL 30th, 1888.

Leave Portland for Peak's 5.45, 6.30, 8.00 9.00, *10.30 a. m., 2.15, *3.15, 5.00, 6.10 p. m.

Leave Portland for Cushing's, 6.30, 8.00, 9.00, *10.30 a. m., 2.15, *3.15, 5.00, 6.10 p. m.

Leave Portland for Long Island 8.00, *10.30 a. m., 2.00, 4.20 p. m.

Leave Portland for Little and Great Diamond, Trefethen's and Evergreen, 5.45, 6.45, 8.00, *10.30 a. m., 2.00, 4.20, 6.10 p. m.

RETURNING—Leave Peaks' for Portland 6.10, 7.00, 8.30, 9.20, *10.50 a. m., 2.35, *3.45, 5.25, 6.30 p. m.

Leave Cushing's for Portland, 6.50, 8.20, 9.30, *11.00 a. m., 2.45, *3.35, 5.35, 6.40 p. m.

Leave Long Island for Portland, 8.45, *11.15 a. m., 2.45, 5.05 p. m.

Leave Little Diamond for Portland, 6.20, 7.20, 9.10, *11.40 a. m., 3.10, 5.30, 6.50 p. m.

Leave Great Diamond for Portland, 6.15, 7.15, 9.05, *11.35 a. m., 3.05, 5.25, 6.30 p. m.

Leave Trefethen's for Portland, 6.10, 7.10, 9.00, *11.30 a. m., 3.00, 5.20, 6.35 p. m.

Leave Evergreen for Portland, 6.05, 7.05, 8.55, *11.25 a. m., 2.55, 5.15, 6.40 p. m.

SUNDAY TIME TABLE.

Leave Portland for Peaks', *9.00, 10.30 a. m., 2.15, 5.00 p. m.

Leave Portland for Cushing's, *9.00, 10.30 a. m., 2.15, 5.00 p. m.

Leave Portland for Long Island, 10.30 a. m., 2.00, 4 20 p. m.

Leave Portland for Little and Great Diamond, Evergreen and Trefethen's, *9.00, 10.30 a. m., 2.00, 4.20 p. m.

RETURNING—Leave Peaks' for Portland, *9.20, 10.50 a. m., 2.35, 5.25 p. m.

Leave Cushing's for Portland, *9.30, 11.00 a. m., 2.45, 5.35 p. m.

Leave Long Island for Portland, 11.15 a. m., 2.45, 5.05 p. m.

Leave Little Diamond for Portland, *9.35, 11.40, 3.10, 5.30 p. m.

Leave Great Diamond for Portland, *9.30, 11.35 a. m., 3.05, 5.25 p. m.

Leave Trefethen's for Portland, *9.25, 11.30 a. m., 3.00, 5.20 p. m.

Leave Evergreen for Portland, *9.20, 11.25 a. m., 2.55, 5.15 p. m.

"On stormy and foggy weather *trips will not be run.

FARES.

Single tickets, Round Trip	25 cents
" " " " Children	15 cents
10-Ride Ticket	$1.00
20-Ride Ticket for Scholars	$1.00
50 " " " Adults	3.00