

VOL. LVIII

HOULTON, MAINE, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1918

No. 36

HOULTON'S TAX
PAYERS OVER \$100Tax Rate Is Lower Than
Last Year

Houlton's tax rate for the year 1918 is at the rate of \$3.10 per \$1000 and is lower than last year which was \$3.25.

The following is a list of those who pay \$100 or over.

Abernethy, Charles	\$129.01
Abernethy, James	170.40
Adams, John N.	181.25
Adams, Wm. C.	241.39
Archie, James	293.01
Astle, Alfred E.	288.20
Bank, Farmers National	170.50
Bank, First National	465.00
Bank, Houlton Savings	170.50
Bell, Arthur Henry	114.60
Benson, Mary J.	
Heirs or Dev. of	106.64
Berman, M. B.	123.90
Bernstein, Joe	111.50
Berrie, Perley S.	145.60
Berry & Benn	155.00
Berry, Chas. H.	241.70
Berry, Frank P.	223.10
Bishop, Fred W.	357.95
Blake, W. S.	187.76
Bliss, Edmund S.	134.75
Briggs, Belle L.	108.50
Brown, James A.	278.90
Brown, Joseph A.	239.25
Brown & Co., J. A.	263.50
Bryson, Elmer Q.	594.33
Buck, M. L.	135.52
Burleigh, Bertha C.	188.33
Burleigh, Harry R.	443.35
Burnham, John E.	
Heirs or Dev. of	257.30
Burpee, Caroline A.	127.10
Buzzell, Olin B.	695.07
Buzzell, Wm. F.	240.35
Calman, James & Wm.	117.30
Calvin, Chas. E.	122.35
Carr, Wilbur E.	307.42
Carroll, Charles	206.67
Cary, Phoebe	130.20
Cary, Walter	132.43
Cates & Co., F. A.	148.80
Cates & Son, H. M.	384.40
Chadwick, Augusta E.	
Heirs or Dev. of	158.10
Chadwick, John G.	130.10
Chalmers, Hannah	124.00
Chamberlain, Albert	149.01
Chambers, Eldorado	197.37
Clark, Frank P.	185.90
Clark, Michael M.	116.15
Cleveland, E. L.	674.92
Cochran Drug Store	108.50
Cogan, Henry	201.09
Cogan, James	
Heirs or Dev. of	305.66
Co., Atle Music	113.15
Co., E. L. Cleveland	476.63
Co., I. H. Davis	124.00
Co., Dunn Furniture	582.80
Co., A. H. Fogg	1505.05
Co., B. S. Green Bros.	248.00
Co., Fred E. Hall	261.95
Co., G. A. Hall	110.05
Co., Hallett-McKeen	133.30
Co., H. J. Hatheway	155.00
Co., Houlton Foundry & Machine	
Co., Houlton Furniture	387.50
Co., Houlton Bros.	259.62
Co., Houlton Bros.	139.50
Co., McCluskey Bros.	294.50
Co., McGary Shoe	124.00
Co., Putnam Hardware	333.25
Connors, Mrs. Mary	142.60
Connors, Daniel J.	105.30
Cottle, Sophia	144.15
Craig, Margaret J.	139.35
Cushing, Allison	108.50
Dalton, Louis	192.41
Davis, Isaac	409.10
Deary, James H.	216.90
Dickson, Almatia	155.00
Doescher, J. Fred	127.00
Donald, Herbert J.	157.23
Donnell, Myra L.	394.94
Donnell, Wm. C.	474.20
Donnelly, Geo. F.	105.30
Donovan, Timothy J.	147.15
Dunn, Geo. B.	121.79
Dunn, Geo. E.	251.00
Dunn, Lucinda R.	182.75
Dyer, Frank L.	178.15
Ehrlich, Hannah	158.10
Ervin & Ervin	217.00
Fairbanks, Sumner A.	128.55
Faulkner, H. M.	140.95
Fogg, Chas. H.	488.46
Foss, Wm. E.	146.37
Fox, Bros.	589.00
Freeman, Mabel Stanley	133.30
French, Fred B.	280.76
French, Leroy E.	574.95
French, Emily E.	
Heirs or Dev. of	274.45
French, Oscar F.	
Heirs or Dev. of	409.20
French & Son, O. F.	186.00
French, Walter T.	253.32
Friedman, Simon	582.08
Frable, Fred F.	
" Horton	
" Kimball	
White, Letitia E.	
" Horton R.	
Ross, Annette	852.50
Gallagher, Robert	111.50
Gallagher, Frank A.	162.65
Gallerson, Wm. A.	123.90
Gentle, Geo. S.	242.32
Gibson, Tessa E.	137.95
Gilpatrick, Ora	707.48
Gorkam, Geo. A.	464.49
Gray, Wm. H.	186.00
Hagan, James A.	127.93
Hall, Fred E.	117.70
Hall, Geo. A.	127.15
Hallett, J. Alton	103.75
Hamilton, Samuel D.	287.89
Hammond, David E.	145.60
Hartins, John P.	116.53
Harrigan, W. Fred	182.80
Henderson, Wm. H.	119.25
Hiscock, Geo. A.	175.05
Hogan, Fred A.	170.40
Houlton Grange No. 16	1345.40
Houlton Trust Co.	108.50
Houlton Woolen Mill	434.00
Hughes, Llewellyn P.	170.40
Hume, Frank M.	183.52
Ingraham, B. Frank	123.90
Innis, H. F. Wilder	103.75
Jackson, Kendall S.	111.60
Jackson, Lillian A.	120.90
Kelstead, Norman H.	105.30
Ketchum, Frank H.	176.60
Kidder, James H.	133.30
Lane, Samuel	278.90
Lane & Pearce	155.00
Lewis, Martin	339.35
Leighton & Feeley	387.50
Lewis, W. Spurgeon	100.65
Little, John Henry	246.04
Logan, Wm. & Henry	
Heirs or Dev. of	181.35
Lowrey, Frank	144.82
Lowrey, Frank G.	102.20
Lowrey, Fred L.	220.00
Lowrey, Murray J.	133.20
Lowrey, Willis A.	182.80
Ludwig, Lawrence G.	174.59
Ludwig, Leland O.	826.05
Lumbert, Ansel L.	259.52
McBurnie, Edmund W.	173.50

(Continued on page 5)

BOARD OF INSTRUCTION
FOR DRAFT BOARD

Telegraphic orders from Provost Marshal General Crowder, dated at Washington, Aug. 28, and received by Adj. Gen. Presson Aug. 29 required the immediate selection and organization of Boards of Instruction in connection with the local boards of the State of Maine. The matter was taken up at once by wire with the local boards, and as a result the following boards of instruction were chosen, each board having a nucleus and minimum of three members. The list was reported to Washington Friday noon. Other boards will be organized in centers where selected men may be gathered.

The object of these boards of instruction is to instruct, encourage and inspire the men before they are sent to camp. At present the great majority are called to the colors with absolutely no military training and with very little if any special mental and moral training. The task before the boards of instruction is to put the selective service men into camp willing, loyal, intelligent, clean and sober and to fit them better for rapid progress in becoming good soldiers.

The board for this district as now constituted is as follows the first named being the chairman:

Arroostook No. 1—Rev. T. P. Williams, Houlton; Thomas Packard, Houlton; F. E. Preble, Presque Isle.

MISS EDITH KOON TO
MARRY PRES. SILLS.

BOWDOIN COLLEGE

The engagement of Miss Edith Lansing Koon, formerly of Houlton, to Mr. Kenneth C. M. Sills, president of Bowdoin college was announced Saturday at an informal luncheon given to a few intimate friends by Mrs. Harold Lee Berry at her summer home at Falmouth Foreside. Miss Koon is the daughter of the late Jabez C. Koon and Mrs. Koon. The late Rev. Jabez C. Koon was for the latter part of his life a clergyman in the Episcopal diocese of Maine. Mrs. Koon is now in the South with another daughter who is soon to sail for social service work abroad.

Mr. Sills is the son of the Rev. and Mrs. Charles Morton Sills of Geneva, New York, who will be well remembered here. Rev. Mr. Sills having been for several years connected with the Cathedral Church at St. Luke—Portland Express.

EDDIE DALY MEETS WITH
SERIOUS ACCIDENT

Eddie Daly was the victim of an unfortunate accident Monday of last week, which resulted in the loss of his leg.

He was employed by the B. & A. R. R. in the coal shed and while coaling up an engine about 8.30 Monday, one of the coal buckets fell and struck him on the leg, crushing it in a fearful manner, he was rushed to the hospital where after examining the wound, it was found necessary to amputate the leg just below the knee, this was done Thursday, after vainly trying to save the leg.

Mr. Daly is an industrious young man and his many friends here regret the most unfortunate accident.

RED CROSS REFRESHMENT
BOOTH AT FAIR

Chairman Walter B. Clark, under whose direction the refreshment booth at the Fair was conducted, reports that the local chapter will receive over \$600, after the expenses have been paid, in which is included the rent for the stand on which the Agricultural Society made a discount of \$25. The Fair Ass'n did not give the rent of the booth free of charge as stated in some of the other papers.

Too much credit cannot be given to the Red Cross ladies who so generously gave their services in attendance at the booth each day, as well as the younger ladies and the girls who sold refreshments in the stands and about the grounds.

SELECTMEN'S REPORT
SEPTEMBER 1ST, 1918

It is our purpose and intention to follow the method used last year and inform the public each month as to the amount expended in the different departments of town activities.

An overdraft in any account last year is the first item charged this year and all are included in the following totals, while the unexpended balance from last year is not taken into account until the close of the year.

General Government	\$ 1,155.37
Protection of Persons and Property	3,347.83
Health and Sanitation	501.31
Light	962.61
Water	1,962.50
Highways and Bridges	17,787.04
Charity and Soldiers' Aid	6,451.71
Education	23, 00.46
Library	500.00
Interest	2,872.67
Liabilities	1,000.00
Unclassified	1,246.49

Total \$61,387.99

FRANK A. PEABODY,
HOWARD WEBB,
ROBERT M. LAWLIS,

Selectmen of Houlton

J. Dal Luther is repeating his success with popular vocal selections at the Dream Theatre this week.

SEVENTH ANNUAL FAIR OF
HOULTON AGRICULTURAL SOCIETYThe Best Exhibits Ever Shown—A Success In Every
Department

No better advertising than a satisfied customer is needed by any mercantile establishment, and to send a crowd away from any kind of an attraction, satisfied, is something that means a great deal to its supporters.

This is what was attained by the management of the Houlton Agricultural Society at its Seventh Annual Fair held last week which was attended by thousands during the four days of the most perfect weather that could be provided by the weather man. When we say perfect weather we mean during the day, for Thursday evening's shower did put a damper on the fun for sure but the beautiful day that followed made up for the damp night before and it was soon forgotten.

Everything that a first class fair should have was provided by the different committees. Large exhibits of stock of all kinds, exhibits innumerable numbers of fancy work for the ladies, a splendid midway to amuse the young, free attractions for all and the best of racing, beside all of the other attractions so necessary to make the annual fair one round of pleasure for all who participate.

Four days of perfect weather in succession at this season of the year is a thing almost undreamed of, but the fulfillment of four such days this year was in a great measure responsible to the success of the fair.

From the opening of the gate on Tuesday until its close Friday night not a thing occurred that in any way could detract from the full enjoyment of the big time. Every person seemed to have "the time of their lives," and while there may be bigger fairs in the State, there can certainly be no better fair than Houlton's Seventh Annual Fair, which must be crowned the Best of All.

CATTLE, SHEEP AND SWINE

In this department which contained a larger number of entries than for years, many of the down State herds that have exhibited here before were again on hand, while as one walked down the lines many new exhibitors were seen.

Among the prominent exhibitors was C. E. Waterman, who conducts the "Elm Farm" Auburn, Me., who had a large herd of Holstein-Friesian cattle.

C. H. Berry, Trout Brook Farm, Monmouth, Me., showed a beautiful herd of Guernsey cattle. Mr. Berry is a familiar figure at our Fair and has made many friends here.

The E. L. Cleveland Co. brought their entire herd of Herefords nearly forty in number and as usual got a good share of the blue ribbons.

E. E. Giles of Fayette, Me., a splendid herd of Durhams and some choice Herefords.

J. H. Underwood of Fayette, a large herd of beautiful Jerseys also some Herefords.

George H. Benn, Hodgdon, showed his dandy herd of Guernseys, which attracted lots of attention.

E. Y. Shaw of Topsham, Me., Oak Hill Farm, with his show herd of Brown Swiss cattle, met many old friends made during previous visits.

A. G. Cottle, Maple Row Farm, Houlton, moved his entire herd of Jerseys to the grounds which made an excellent showing.

A. E. Mooers Meadow Brook Farm, one of the most enthusiastic supporters of our annual fairs, brought a small herd of blooded Jerseys. In former years Mr. Mooers was one of the largest exhibitors of Jerseys, but about two years ago he disposed of many of his best cattle, and has only recently begun to rejuvenate his herd.

Bean & Allen of Presque Isle occupied a large portion of the dairy sheds where they exhibited a large herd of Holstein-Friesians.

Henry Hall & Sons, Highland Farm, Houlton, a handsome herd of Holsteins and a few Jerseys.

Hudson Green of Hodgdon had a good showing of Jersey cattle.

A visit to the sheep sheds was unfortunately disappointing only a few entries having been made, less than a dozen pens being exhibited and these were shown by Walter Bennett of Limestone and Wm. E. Weed of this town.

The showing of Swine was rather better than usual, but still there is much chance for improvement. The hog has come into his own these times and many are raised and it would be an easy matter to fill up the pens with good, fine blooded pigs.

C. H. Berry of Monmouth, Me., showed Poland China Breeds.

Walter Bennett of Limestone, Berks-shires.

John Doherty, New Limerick, Jersey Reds.

O. A. Benn, Hodgdon Ohio Chesters.

Henry Rideout had a pen of White Chester Pigs also exhibited a self feeding attachment recommended very highly by the Maine Agricultural College.

The Boys' Agricultural Club had several entries, the names of the owners could not be learned but the exhibits were good ones and probably

Continued on page four

FEDERAL COMMUNITY
BOARD APPOINTED

Fred B. Dolan, senior Examiner, U. S. Department of Labor, U. S. Employment service was in town last week and appointed a committee for this section, to be known as the Federal Community Labor Board, in accordance with instructions from the head of his department.

The object of this organization all over the United States is a clearing house for all kinds of labor, a getting together of the man who wants labor and the man who is looking for work, and it is expected that an office for Arroostook County will shortly be opened in Houlton, while the headquarters of the State Board are in Augusta, with Chas. S. Hichborn as State Chairman. Mr. Dolan was in town and looked the ground over before getting a committee, which, like other committees of a similar nature, serve without pay, and are practically drafted for this service. The Committee for this section is composed of L. S. Black, chairman of the local Public Safety Committee, Jason Hassel, who has just completed his duties as Enrollment agent of the U. S. Public Service Reserve and Chas. H. Fogg as a representative of the employers of labor.

Further particulars of the work of this branch of the U. S. Dept. of Labor will be given later.

A FITTING SEND-OFF
TO DEPARTING DRAFTEES

Houlton again did homage to its young men who left Wednesday to train for soldiers at Camp Devens in order that the world may be a safe place to live in.

No section of the country has turned out in any larger numbers to bid their young men good-bye than has Houlton and its sister towns, and Wednesday's demonstration was no exception. Thousands of people followed the procession to the station where a special car awaited the 61 young men.

The procession was made up in the usual manner, the Houlton Band, Houlton Fire Company and Calais Band followed by hundreds of citizens on foot and in autos, headed by Police force, Local Draft Board and the 61 members of Uncle Sam's Army, all under charge of Capt. O. M. Smith as marshal.

WAR SAVINGS STAMP WEEK
SEPTEMBER 9-14

All over the State of Maine the merchants are endeavoring to put Maine "over the top" in the sale of War Savings Stamps.

In Houlton special bargains will be offered by the merchants and ten per cent of the cash sales for the week will be invested in Thrift and War Savings Stamps. There will be booths in all the stores and on the streets so that it will be a great opportunity to help the war, as well as saving for every person who buys.

Don't forget to buy War Savings Stamps next week.

ROBINSON-GELLERSON

The marriage of Miss Vera Gellerson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Gellerson, to Albert L. Robinson took place on Monday afternoon at the home of the bride, before the immediate relatives, Rev. Thos. White-side officiating.

The bride is a graduate of the University of Maine who has a host of friends and is very popular in the younger set, while the groom is also a graduate of U. of M. in the class of 1918, and owns a large ranch in Colorado. Although he is not very well known in Houlton, having been here only a few weeks, he was very popular in college and made many friends on account of sterling qualities and his genial manner.

They will reside in Alamosa, Colorado, where the groom's ranch is located.

MRS. JOHN TURNER

The many friends of John Turner will sympathize with him in the death of his wife on Saturday at the age of 79 years.

Mrs. Turner has been a resident of Houlton for many years, coming here when the N. B. railroad first came to Houlton, where he was employed for many years.

She leaves to mourn her loss a husband and son John, to whom the sympathy of the community is extended.

POTATOES

The market for potatoes opened this week and a few of the buyers are receiving what stock is being offered and which seems to be of an excellent quality.

Buyers are paying \$2.00 per 100 or at the rate of \$3.30 per barrel.

Hazen Nevors and family left Tuesday for Norway, Me., where he has accepted a position as principal in one of the schools there.

Battleship gray is the new and distinctively federal color adopted by the new American Railway Express Co., which has been the outgrowth of nationalization of the express business of the country. In accordance with the rest of the agencies throughout the land, the one in Houlton will soon begin to assume its new colors, as the wagons, puns and other equipment begin to demand repainting.

ATUOISTS LOYAL
TO COUNTRYRequest of Fuel Administration
Generally Observed

If people in all the states east of the Mississippi river were as loyal to Fuel Com'r Garfield's order as the Houlton people were last Sunday, 7,600,000 gallons of gasoline were saved, and more than that. Furthermore, by acceding as much as possible to this request as long as it is necessary the request will be withdrawn so much sooner, as the amount which the Com'r wishes to save will soon be conserved.

There were very few cars seen on our streets Sunday, as a whole, those whose custom it was to go to church in their autos did so, but refrained from further use of them, the doctors' cars were used where they had calls from patients, and a few who had no other means of conveyance, and wanted to go from their homes to some other place in town. Outside of that there were few cars out and when a car was seen it was either from lack of loyalty or ignorance that they were out burning gasoline.

In a walk around the residential section, it was noticeable that people who usually spent the day on the road were putting in the day on their piazzas at their homes.

The "request" and "appeal" of the fuel commission in the matter of gasoline conservation carry virtually the same force that a royal "invitation" does in the lands where royalty survives. They constitute a command not lightly to be disregarded. No pleasure riding on Sundays, whether in motor vehicle, motorboat or motorcycle—and no use of them for business purposes, for that matter, except in work of necessity and mercy. That in brief is the edict, and any person who disregards it puts himself in the position of a slacker. Automobileists to whom Sunday is their one big day must do their bit by acceding to the request, even though it comes at a time, which in this section is more enjoyed than any other season, but how much easier it is for us to do this as our part than to go through with what the boys "over there" are having to go through, and the order says that the discontinuance of Sunday riding promises to be for "only a few weeks."

"The request made by the fuel administration," said a statement issued at the administration, "that pleasure riding be discontinued on Sundays for the present in order to conserve our supply of gasoline for war needs was not intended to prohibit reasonable use of gasoline-driven vehicles as a means of necessary transportation where no other means are available."

"Mr. Garfield believes that the public will construe the request wisely and intelligently and will not use automobiles for other than the most necessary purposes."

"The intention of the request is that all mere pleasure riding be eliminated but that necessary use of the automobile be not interfered with."

"Just what is 'pleasure riding' and what is 'necessary use' must be determined by the individual; keeping in mind always that we must have additional reserves of gasoline so that there may be no possibility of delays in overseas shipments."

C. Guy Hume, General Manager of the North Anson Mfg. Co., was in town a few days last week, the guest of relatives, and calling on old acquaintances.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Dyer and child returned home Friday from Portland by auto, having been enjoying his vacation. He was accompanied by his sister, Miss Jennie Dyer, who will spend a few days in Houlton.

Mrs. L. O. Ludwig and two sons, Leland and Richard, left here by auto for Boston on Monday. They were accompanied by Mrs. F. M. Hume and daughter, Elizabeth, who have been spending the summer in Houlton.

Second Lt. Basil Goodale, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Goodale, who resigned from the 3rd Maine and who is instructor in the Small Arms Firing School at Camp Perry Ohio, was in town Monday and Tuesday, visiting his parents.

Miss Mary Burpee is in Portland this week attending a State Conference of the Y. W. C. A. Second War Fund Campaign. The week of November 11-18 has been set apart by the Government for the big drive which is to be in co-operation with the Y. M. C. A. Camp Community Service and War Library Association. Miss Burpee has been appointed Chairman for Southern Arroostook.

Chandler C. Harvey, editor of the Fort Fairfield Review, a former clerk of the House of Representatives, who some weeks ago was recommended as a member of Arroostook County Exemption Board, No. 2, has been duly appointed to that office. He will take the place made vacant by the resignation of Hon. Herbert W. Trafton, who so faithfully and uncompromisingly has performed the strenuous labors devolving upon the executive of this office since the beginning of draft operations in connection with the war. Mr. Trafton will probably complete his duties at the draft office at the close of the big September draft.

Established April 12, 1860

HOULTON TIMES
ALL THE HOME NEWS

Published every Wednesday Morning
by the Times Publishing Co.

CHAS. H. FOGG, Pres. & Mgr.

Subscription in U. S. \$1.50 per year
in advance, \$2.00 in arrears; in Cana-
da \$2.00 in advance, \$2.50 in arrears.
Single copies five cents.

No Subscription canceled until all
arrears are paid

Advertising rates based upon circula-
tion and very reasonable.

Entered at the post office at Houlton
for circulation at second-class
postal rates.

Legal Newspaper Decisions

1.—Any person who takes a paper regu-
larly from the Post Office—whether
directed to his address or another, or
whether he has subscribed or not, is
responsible for the pay.

2.—If any person orders his paper dis-
continued, he must pay all arrears or
the publisher may continue to send it
until payment is made and collect the
whole amount, whether it is taken from
the office or not.

3.—The Courts have decided that re-
fusing to take newspapers and peri-
odicals from the post office, or removing
and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie
evidence of fraud.

If you want to stop your paper, write
to the publisher yourself, and don't leave
it to the post-master.

For Advertising Rates apply to the Pres-
ident and Manager

SUNDAYS AND THE WAR

It is not unpatriotic to regret that
a situation has arisen that makes nec-
essary the discontinuance of Sunday
riding in automobiles, motor cycles
and motor boats. In order to avert a
serious shortage of this very neces-
sary fuel the administration re-
quests that no more gasoline be used
for Sunday pleasure trips until fur-
ther notice. Naturally, it seems rather
hard at first thought, particularly
on the working classes who have de-
pended largely on their Sunday out-
ing to restore their health and vitality
for their weekly work—war work quite
likely at that. The request comes
as a surprise because we have been
told right along by the administration
that with care in the use of gasoline
there was no prospect of a shortage.
However, it must be borne in mind
that this is the season when consump-
tion is at its maximum and the quick-
ened pace of the war means that large
quantities of the fuel are needed for
army and navy airplanes, motor boats
and motor trucks. Therefore the
thing may be summed up in a nutshell.
We are using more than our allowance
for pleasure purposes and for a while
at least we must stop. The Govern-
ment needs it and that is all there is
to it.

There must be no lack of gasoline
to hamper the marvelous gains the
Allies are making. It means real hard-
ship to hotel and garage keepers and
to many industries in fact. It means
a cessation of those delightful out-
door jaunts that put new life into the
breadwinner and his whole family.
But after all it simply brings home to
us the war in a new and unlooked for
way. The Government appeals to our
patriotism. Therefore the restriction
must and will be borne cheerfully. The
\$3,000,000 gallons of gasoline that will
be saved on a single pleasant Sunday
is tremendous. Every such inconve-
nience should quicken our resolution to
deny ourselves every luxury, every nec-
essity so far as possible, that we may
the sooner crush the monster who has
brought multifarious shadows over our
fair land.

CONTRASTS

During the last hot spell of weather
when everybody seemed gasping for
breath and uneasy as possible, a writ-
er in an exchange says, I heard a wo-
man say to a man on the sidewalk:
"Isn't it awful hot? How I wish it
would cool off." And the man stung
to expression probably by personal
reasons of his own came back: "You
city folks make me sick; setting round
with nothing to do but ride on the
cars, and fan yourself, fussing about
the heat. If you had to get out into
the fields and hoe potatoes all day you
might say something; but we are
thankful for the heat, and you ought
to be when it comes next Winter and
you want something to eat. How do
you think crops will grow without
some heat, tell me that!" And he
walked off growling, while she fanned
herself.

Contrasts, all the time and in every
way we look. What is one man's
meat is the other man's poison, you
know, and that is the way it goes. By
contrasts we learn, and by contrasts
we prove things. Always the same is
a good type for disposition and for
friendships, but its a poor condition
for growth. To see things always the
same, to hear the same sounds, eat the
same things, follow the same routine,
is more deadly than an active poison
to the growth of a soul or of ambition.
By contrasts and change we progress,
and prove the mettle of which we are
made. By contrasts and by differ-
ences we understand proportions,
learn relative values and find the joy
of life that is meant to be ours. And
the contrasts of today are things which
ought to shape us into bigger, nobler
people than we ever were before, just
because of their very possibility of in-
struction. We are able by laws of
contrast and of extremes, to reach the
heights and the depths of living, these
days, and find in each a peculiar value
and charm. Above all we ought to
learn the worth while, as contrasted
with the immaterial and adjust our-
selves to the right values.

SAVING BY BUYING BONDS

In calculating the extent to which
he will aid the Government by buying
war bonds, the American will go a
little further than otherwise he might
by remembering that the money he
invests in bonds is a saving to him of
the money he might have to expend
in taxation. He is dividing with pos-
sibility the cost of world democracy.
Instead of paying the whole cost through
current taxation. Inasmuch as pos-
sibility will be the large beneficiary of
the conditions which it is certain will
follow a victorious ending of the war,
it is right and equitable that it should
pay its share of the expenses. This
share it will pay through the redemption
of the Liberty bonds. In the
meanwhile the investor in Liberty
bonds escapes that much of taxation,
gets a fair interest return and buys
the strongest security on the face of
the earth.

THE MAN-POWER BILL

The administration has won another
battle. It has obtained from a Con-
gress, sitting just on the eve of the
autumn elections, the right to call all
the men in the country available for
military service as fast as it can use
them. Who says that our democracy
lacks unity in purpose? Who sees in
our republic any incapacity for waging
a foreign war? What autocracy could
do better? The administration now
has all the money and all the men that
it can employ. Congress has steadily
put into its control everything in the
way of resources, human and financial,
that it has asked for.

Germany ought to be convinced that
we mean business. Doubtless this
very readiness of Congress to make
this grant of authority will prove a
factor in winning the war. It will
show Germany that we are in the
battle for all we are worth, and that we
shall not give up the fight merely be-
cause it hurts, in life or treasure, to
proceed. And such evidence of our
purpose cannot fail to strengthen the
morale of our people here, of all groups
and sections.

A GOOD PLACE TO LIVE

"This world is a pretty good world,
to my way of thinking," said a tired
business man on his way to a week-
end rest. "There are people all about
us who are worrying because things
are going wrong and because they say
the world is growing wicked all the
time. I heard a man, a sensible man,
in the world's eye too, who said to me
not a week ago that he expected the
end of the world to come before he
was ready to die a natural death from
old age, because the world had grown
so wicked and things were at such a
pass that the vials of the wrath of
God were being emptied upon us, for
our destruction. He has a right to
his opinion; I am not criticising him,
but I just don't believe it, that's all."

"I have a pretty good chance to
know human nature and to meet with
all sorts of people, and I believe in
spite of everything today that the
world is a little piece of all right, so
far as the general run of things goes.
Perfect humanity is not a thing to ex-
pect or hope for, but the great comfort
run of folks are honest, and generous,
and kind, and religious, all talk to
the contrary. We pick up the morning
paper and see where some man has
embezzled; some woman has gone
wrong; some boy has stolen, or some
girl has run away from home; a fi-
nancier has cornered a market, or
a trusted employee has absconded;
and we say, Oh, what an
awful thing is humanity; how wicked
this world is. But you never think
of the thousands of good women. Any
man who says that all women are
crooked is a man who needs watching
himself, let me tell you right now; he
will bear watching. We never think
of the thousands of hard working, hon-
est laborers who live and die poor,
because they are square. We don't
give a thought to the hundreds of men
in trusted positions who keep the
faith, no matter at what cost. We do
not think of the children growing up
around us who are bright, and clever,
and ambitious and clean. We just
holler about the wickedness of the
world. It makes me tired! "I know
of at least a dozen cases right in this
city at this time which I might cite of
men who are crooked, and women who
are bad; of children that need disci-
pline and business men who might be
watched with good results; but I know
hundreds of the other sort to offset
these. Why, then, whine about the
wicked handful and declare the judg-
ment of the wicked upon the world
for their sakes?"

"Does anybody doubt for a moment
that the world is being swept by a
wave of righteousness and of faith, of
patriotism and of religion such as it
never has known before? Is not this
wonderful, horrible business that is
going on the very thing which is pol-
ishing up the rough diamond and

bringing out the light from darkness
in many a heart? Is it not making
selfish women generous, stingy men
open their hands, young people accept
responsibility, and old people develop
new currents of richness in their lives
that never would have come to the
surface otherwise?"

"In spite of everything the world
is a pretty good place to be, I believe.
I want to stay on it till my four-score
years are long gone past, just to see
the wonders that are coming once this
war is won. Things now being used
for war are going to make for peace
in a way that will astonish the most
optimistic of us. Wonders are to be
performed in the near future that will
make any man glad he is alive to see
them. Don't let anybody make you
think the world is bad, or going to be
worse. Stand up for it. It is the only
world we have just now, and it needs
us all to shout for it. Don't let any-
body make you disbelieve in humanity,
or in the world itself. It is all right."

Isn't that a splendid little sermon
from the mouth of a staid business
man? If he can see things this way,
why can't all of us? And should we
not stand by our world, the best world
we have any knowledge of just now,
as a dwelling place?

LETTING NEWSPAPER

GEORGE DO IT

We have apparently wasted some
space in the past year in explaining
to all sorts of enthusiastic local com-
mittees engaged in every way worthy
causes, that we could not undertake
to publish the publicity matter that
comes to them from some higher
source, simply because they (said
local workers) have become actively
interested in it. We have remarked
over and over again, that all this
matter comes to us as soon as it does
to anybody and we pass upon it, using
all that is possible, according to the
cut of our garment and in our best
judgment. Now we wonder why com-
mittees and individual enthusiasts for
this and for that, insist on putting up
on us the work of going through it
again and again? Why is it urged upon
our various reporters and correspond-
ents with appeals to "get it into the
paper" in some other guise, from dis-
tant city or town?

For many months newspapers have
been confronted with grave difficulties
in increased costs of labor, material,
taxes, production and scarcity of la-
bor. Now comes arbitrary restric-
tions by the Government, reduction of
from 5 to 30 per cent in "news" space,
and reading matter is defined as every-
thing except paid advertising. Here is
the curtailment order from the War
Industries Board:

"The curtailment is to be entirely
of reading matter, 5 per cent up to
30 columns, 15 per cent of the matter
above 30 columns and not over 70
columns, 50 per cent above 70 columns
and not over 90 columns and so on.
Under this regulation, everything is
classified as reading matter that is not
paid advertising."

At a time when critical affairs of
the world make newspaper readers
hungry for every line of news, we
are ordered to curtail. Quite natu-
rally we shall attempt to save the real
meat of the news, and that publicity
and propaganda will go by the board
in any drastic reduction of "reading
matter."

Thus it behooves those who are
booming worthy causes dear to their
hearts to provide the wherewithal
from the public for "paid advertis-
ing." The habit of letting Newspaper
George do it, must be broken.

HOME NEWS AT THE FRONT

To no person who has ever been "a
stranger in a strange land" will a
movement, now under way, to supply
American fighting men on land and
sea with newspapers from their home
towns seem trivial. The very fact
that our soldiers on the other side in
camp, trench and hospital are con-
stantly appealing for "more home news
papers" indicates a serious want that
should be supplied. Everybody real-
izes how necessary it is to sustain
the morale of the nation's defenders.
Nothing has been more potent to this
end than cheerful letters from family
and friends.

But many soldiers and sailors are
not blessed with inspiring corres-
pondence, and to these newspapers

When your nerves are all
on edge and sleep seems
out of the question take—
at bedtime—one or two
**BEECHAM'S
PILLS**

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World.
Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

**WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
DELIVERED TO YOUR HOME**

Tear Out—Fill In—Hand Letter—Carrier—or Mail to Post Office

TO THE LOCAL POSTMASTER:—Kindly have letter-carrier deliver
to me on _____ for which I will pay on delivery:

_____ \$5. U. S. WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS at \$ _____ each
(Circle number wanted)

_____ 25c. U. S. THRIFT STAMPS at 25c. each.
(State number wanted)

Name _____

Address _____

W. S. S.
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
THRIFT STAMPS
UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT

W. S. S. COST DURING 1918					
April	\$4.15	July	\$4.18	Oct.	\$4.21
May	4.17	Aug.	4.19	Nov.	4.22
June	4.17	Sept.	4.20	Dec.	4.23

W. S. S. WORTH \$5.00 JANUARY 1, 1923

either the dailies or weeklies from the
localities in which they have lived
are an excellent substitute. And even
those who receive letters regularly
find in the home papers many bits of
writers do not cover. The "Home Pa-
per Service" initiated by Col. W. H. L.
Boyce Thompson for men who have
served the army or navy from West
chester County, N. Y., is thus a most
commendable bit of war work. Colonel
Thompson has, on his own responsi-
bility, undertaken to provide over
6,000 men in the service with home
newspapers and expects to lengthen
the roster. This enterprise might
well become nation-wide.

In every community committee
made up of business men, club mem-
bers and parents of soldiers and sail-
ors could be formed and these, with
the co-operation of the local publish-
ers, would see that the "boys" from
their vicinity got copies of the local
journals. A war chest could be cre-
ated for payment of cost of subscrip-
tions and mailing, and the Government
could not be induced to give the pa-
pers expeditions transport. Thus
hundreds of thousands of men would
have their hunger for news from home
satisfied, and because of this be cheer-
ful and more efficient.

Newspapers and others who may
be interested in this good work can
obtain information regarding the
methods to be employed by writing to
Col. William Boyce Thompson, No. 1
Madison Ave., New York City.

KEEP THE SOFT PEDAL ON

Let us not grow too exuberant over
the continuing good news from the
western front. Overconfidence will
not make for the greatest efficiency
in carrying the struggle to its conclu-
sion. The striking progress which
the allied armies have made during the
last few weeks does not by any means
warrant the conviction that the war is
already won. The Germans have been
defending temporary positions only.
The real test will come when they
are forced back to the lines of last
spring. There they will have the ad-
vantage of field fortifications which
they took nearly three years to pre-
pare, whereas the territory which
they are now yielding has been in
their hands for not more than a few
months.

Germany is not yet beaten, al-
though we may conservatively say
that her chances of even a partial vic-
tory in the war have diminished
mightily since Foch started his first
counterattack at the Marne. The
allied armies of today possess at
least an equality in effective ma-
npower, and they probably have a
clear superiority in reserves. A few
months hence the disparity will with
grim certainty be a great deal larger.
But even so, the fight is bound to be
long and hard, with plenty of oppor-
tunities for some false step which
might spell serious disaster.

Many things besides manpower have
to be reckoned with in the course of

so great a conflict. Generalship, the
morale of troops, the control of the
sea and the air, the development of
new fighting appliances, and a dozen
other factors all contribute to ulti-
mate victory or defeat. There is ev-
ery reason to think that the allies are
on the way to an overwhelming su-
periority in all of these things and
that before another year has passed
we shall have the inexpressible grati-
fication of seeing these Huns outnum-
bered, outgeneralled, outwitted and
outfought. Meanwhile, however, it
may be well to keep a soft pedal on
our all-too-assertive optimism.

MEXICO BUYS THRIFT STAMPS

Two Americans of Eagle Pass have
carried on a campaign for the sale of
United States War Thrift Stamps in
Mexico, according to the San Antonio
Express, and have been successful in
disposing of such stamps to a value
of \$117,475. It is confidently ex-
pected that the total sales during the year
in that country will amount to more
than half a million.

The work of organizing for the sale
of these stamps included the appoint-
ment of chairman of committees in
each city and section and it is notice-
able that many of the most successful
chairmen bear Mexican names.

Which reminds that Mexico and the
United States have many interests in
common and that the peoples on the
west and the peoples on the east of the
Rio Grande should be the best of
friends.

The United States has stood be-
tween every nation to the south and
the aggression of Europe since the
Union was first formed; and will con-
tinue to stand as a buffer until the
end of time. Mexico will have special
need of the good services of Uncle

**Sleep
well**

While there are many causes for sleep-
lessness it frequently happens that de-
ranged stomach, liver or intestines are
the real source of the trouble. If your ap-
petite isn't good or food distresses in any
way, or the bowels do not move daily,
or you feel languid and have headaches,
a teaspoonful of the genuine "L. F." At-
wood's Medicine, as directed, will quickly
relieve you of these disagreeable symp-
toms. It is a most eco-
nomical HOME REMEDY;
a cent a dose as a physic
and blood purifier. You'll
save money and prevent
sickness by using it. Buy
only the TRUE "L. F." in
large bottle 50 cents, made
by the L. F. Medicine Co.,
Portland, Me.

**1
A
D
O
S
E**

THE spirit of war-time economy is shown not only
in the saving of money and food, but also in the
conservation of time and work in the home. It
is the duty of every American housewife to aid
in local war activities, but many are unable to do so
because of the great amount of time required for ordinary
household cares.

Electricity solves this problem by doing the tasks that
ordinarily take the best part of a day in a few hours,
giving more leisure time and accomplishing the work in a
far more efficient manner.

**UNIVERSAL
Electric Iron**

makes the hardest of all household tasks one of the easiest.
Does the week's ironing in a few hours in a cool, comfort-
able kitchen and saves you countless steps.

Houlton Water Company
Mechanic Street

Why worry about Tires, equip your car with

**Lee Puncture Proof
Tires**

and be happy. Here is a tire **twice** guaranteed. It is
guaranteed for 5,000 miles and also guaranteed against
punctures. Just think, a mileage of 5,000 miles and
insurance against puncture for every mile of it.

**We carry them in all sizes to
fit all cars**

Let us show you the advantages of this remarkable tire

Berry & Benn
Ford Sales and Service
Bangor Street Houlton, Maine

Sam in those settlements that are sure
to come with the ending of the great
conflict now raging. Mexico may be
sure that this Nation will see to the
fairness of those settlements and to
the terms that will be accorded in
making them. Mexico might be able
to force equitable arrangements at
that time, but President Carranza or
whosoever shall be in power will
scarcely object to the presence of their
powerful neighbor sitting as one of
the arbiters in the many cases that
are sure to arise out of recent wars
in that country.

So it is just as well that Mexico buy
Thrift Stamps and thereby remind
both her people and our own that
there is a community of interest that
is recognized as well by Mexicans as
by Americans.

AFTER EIGHT YEARS

Houlton Testimony Remains Unshaken

Time is the best test of truth. Here
is a Houlton story that has stood the
test of time. It is a story with a
point which will come straight home
to many of us.

Mrs. Walter Hartford, 36 Riverside
St., says: "I was compelled to go to
bed on account of the terrible aching
through my back, in fact all through
my body. I had no ambition and a
depressing feeling clung to me night
and day. I tried different medicines,
but wasn't able to get relief. Final-
ly, I was advised to try Doan's Kid-
ney Pills and I did and they gave me
quick relief."

(Statement given June 24, 1908.)

LASTING RESULTS

On November 15, 1916, Mrs. Hart-
ford said: "Since giving my former
endorsement in praise of Doan's Kid-
ney Pills, I have never had a symp-
tom of kidney trouble. What I said
at that time I repeat today. I will
continue to recommend Doan's just
as strongly as when I first endorsed
them."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't sim-
ply ask for kidney remedy—get Doan's
Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs.
Hartford had. Foster-Milburn Co.,
Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

—BUY—

W. S. S.
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
ISSUED BY THE
UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT.

AND WIN THE WAR

U. S. R. R. ADMINISTRATION
W. G. McAdoo, Director-General of
Railroads

Bangor & Aroostook R. R.

**August 3, 1918
TIME TABLE**

All Trains Daily except Sunday
From Houlton

6:30 a. m.—For Bangor, Fort Fairfield.	9:25 a. m.—For Bangor.
11:15 a. m.—For Ashland, St. Francis, Ft.	11:15 a. m.—For Bangor.
Kent, Washburn, Presque Isle, Van	
Buren, via Squa Pan and Mapleton.	
12:49 p. m.—For Ft. Fairfield, Limestone,	
Van Buren.	
4:27 p. m.—For Bangor, Buffet Sleep-	
ing Car, Bangor to Bangor.	
7:52 p. m.—For Ft. Fairfield, Van Buren.	
Due Houlton	
9:24 a. m.—From Van Buren, Ft. Fair-	
field.	
12:39 p. m.—From Bangor, Greenville.	
Buffet Sleeping Car Boston to Houl-	
ton.	
5:15 p. m.—From St. Francis, Ft. Kent,	
Van Buren, Washburn, Presque Isle,	
via Squa Pan.	
4:19 p. m.—From Van Buren, Limestone,	
Caribou, Ft. Fairfield.	
7:47 p. m.—From Bangor.	

Time tables giving complete informa-
tion may be obtained at ticket offices.
GEO. M. HOUGHTON, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.
Bangor, Maine

**NOTHING ELSE LIKE IT IN
HOULTON**

There has never been anything in
Houlton with the INSTANT action of
simple buckthorn bark, glycerine,
etc., as mixed in Adler-ika. ONE
SPOONFUL flushes the ENTIRE
bowel tract so completely it relieves
ANY CASE sour stomach, gas or con-
stipation and prevents appendicitis.
The INSTANT, pleasant action of Ad-
ler-ika surprises both doctors and pa-
tients. O. F. French & Son.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

NEW DENTAL PARLORS
Corner Pleasant Street and
Highland Ave.
DR. L. P. HUGHES
Ransford W. Shaw Seth S. Thornton
SHAW & THORNTON
ATTORNEYS
Prompt attention to all business
Houlton, Maine
Probate matters have Special
Attention

C. E. WILLIAMS, M. D.
OFFICE AT RESIDENCE
129 Main St. Houlton, Me.

Tel. 239-3
**TEETH FILLED WITHOUT PAIN
BY THE NEW ANALGESIC
METHOD, ABSOLUTELY SAFE.**

DR. F. O. ORCUTT
DENTIST

VIOLET RAY INSTITUTE
Specialists in the use of High
Frequency Electricity
Paralysis, Gout, Neurasthenia, Wo-
manly Troubles, Sciatica, Rheuma-
tism, Eczema, Diseases of the stom-
ach, Kidneys and Bowels.
A special department where Massage,
hand, vibratory and electrical is
given under the direction of a train-
ed expert. Women attendants.
Consultation free.
Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.
Sunday 2 to 4 p. m.
Office in Dunn Furniture Block
Telephone 80

CHURCH SERVICES

Congregational
Rev. T. P. Williams, Pastor.
Preaching service 10.30 A. M.
Sunday School following A. M. service.
Evening Song Service 7.30 P. M.
Weekly Prayer Meeting Tuesday evening at 7.30.

First Baptist
Court St.
Rev. Henry C. Speed, pastor.
10.30 morning worship with sermon.
12.00 Bible School with classes for men and women.
7.00 gospel song service and sermon.
8.00 Aftermeeting.
Tuesday evening at 7.30 mid-week prayer service.
Friday at 7.30 choir rehearsal at church.

First Presbyterian
Cor. High and Military Sts.
Rev. A. M. Thompson, pastor.
Morning service at 10.30.
S. S. at 11.45.
Junior C. E. Society at 2.30 P. M.
Senior C. E. Society at 6.30 P. M.
Evening service last Sabbath of each month at 7.30.
Prayer meetings Tuesday evening at 7.45.
Service at Foxcroft Church each Sabbath at 3 P. M.

Free Baptist
Rev. Mr. Jenkins, Pastor.
Morning service at 10.30 A. M.
Sunday school at 12.00 M.
Young People's meeting 6.00 P. M.
Evening service at 7.00 P. M.
Special music by choir.
Choir practice Monday nights.
All are cordially invited to come and hear the Rev. Mr. Jenkins.
Tuesday night church prayer and praise service.

Methodist Episcopal
Military St.
Rev. Thomas Whiteside, Pastor.
Public worship at 10.30 a. m.
The Sunday School at noon has organized classes for men and women.
Junior League meeting and class for preparatory members at 3.00 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6.45 p. m.
Praise and Preaching at 7.30.
Prof. J. H. Lindsay, organist and choir master.
Prayer meeting at 7.30 Tuesday evening.

Church of the Good Shepherd
Rev. H. Scott Smith, Rector in Charge.
Sundays
Holy Communion at 8 A. M. also after Morning Prayer on the 1st Sunday in the month.
Morning Prayer and sermon 10.30.
Evening Prayer and sermon 7.30.
Sunday School after morning service.
Holy Days
Holy Communion at 8.00 A. M.

GERMAN CROWN PRINCE THE MOST DANGEROUS MAN IN EUROPE

Before the war Friedrich Wilhelm, Crown Prince of Germany, was described as an unbeschriebenes Blatt, which is not so bad as it sounds, merely meaning in plain English the "unwritten page." Since then there have begun to appear on this unsullied page such expressions as "Be-loved of the People!" "Idol of the Army!"

Papa Wilhelm, the war-lord, may roll down the Linden, flanked and preceded by uniformed guards, with the fanfare of trumpets and all the royal pomp that befits the intimate personal friend of the Teutonic Gott. But the Crown Prince, when not at the Front with his beloved soldiers, appears in a modest runabout, his Princess by his side, and on the floor of the car, with their bare legs dangling over the running-board, his four rather good-looking youngsters. Just an every-day family party on an outing! The people shout: "Hoch. A fine man!"

The Crown Prince grins and thinks German gutters that in English would mean:

"I've put another over on you, good people. You think I love you—fools!"

The Crown Prince Friedrich Wilhelm, he of the rabbit race, is a skilled camoufleur!

Capt. Edward Lyell Fox, an American resident of Berlin up to the break in diplomatic relations, and who was quite close to Imperial Germany, writes in The Forum:

The Crown Prince is clever, amazingly so. His face does not show it. He has been caricatured to represent a rabbit. There is no denying that his features look weak. He has often been photographed grinning in a silly way; but the grin can be sinister, too. For Friedrich Wilhelm is one of the most dangerous and sinister men in the world!

In America the Sunday editions have regaled us with stories of his exploits—"affairs," supper parties, rash automobile driving, and steeplechasing. We all know by now how he led his favorite regiment of Hussars on horseback up the terraces of the old castle of Sans Souci and then held gay doings with them there. We know how his apparent thoughtlessness has brought down severe criticism from the Imperial parent. We have heard all manner of stories involving him with light young ladies.

What we have not heard is that the man himself is a contradiction to all his harum-scarum actions of the past. That the emptiness of his face is a mask that nature has given him apparently to conceal the shrewd, calculating brain behind. He looks a bit like a spoiled scion of a wealthy family—a German edition of Harry Thaw. Instead, he is a deep, relentless thinker somewhat cruel, and a past master at playing the mob.

The soldiers in his army love Friedrich Wilhelm. He has made it his business to meet as many of them as possible. They love him. That is good for the morale. The entire fighting male population of Germany today—except some socialists—believe that the Crown Prince suffers mental agony every time he reads a new list of Germans killed or wounded. Did he not say so in an interview which he gave to an American correspondent?

Keeping that in mind, go back into the Crown Prince's boyhood. He has two pet dogs. He wanted these dogs to sit on their haunches and hold their fore legs out straight. It would be a pretty sight when he took his dogs out riding in a little basket-cart. He couldn't train one of the dogs to stick out his forelegs like ramrods. So, becoming greatly exasperated, Friedrich Wilhelm snatched the little animal by the scruff of the neck and hurled its nose in the dirt. It choked to death. To make sure that the other dog would hold out its legs properly, Friedrich Wilhelm broke both of them. It could never bend them. They were indeed as straight as ramrods. His Imperial Highness was pleased.

The truth about the matter is that the Crown Prince is a genius for playing the mob. He doesn't care any more for the mob than does the Kaiser. The mob causes his royal blood to revolt. The Kaiser tries to play the mob, but it is exquisite torture for him to pretend he has deep interest in people who are quite ignorant and unlovable. After acting his part, the Kaiser, exasperated with himself, will turn around to a royal aid and let go an oath. Not the Crown Prince! He never shows his hand. Every time he can he makes the mob believe they are the best people in the world. What a stage director!

Oh, yes, the Crown Prince is a skilled publicity man. It was a year ago last Christmas that he made a grandstand play that caught not only the people but the army. From Field Headquarters he sent this telegram: "For Christmas presents send my soldiers rum. They need it more than Christmas trinkets."

There are many who believe that on cold, damp nights in the trenches a nip of rum to warm the body is a very desirable thing. But leaving out the pro and con of the question from the alcoholic point of view, any one familiar with the German military organization knew that a requisition on the supply department would have brought the Crown Prince all the rum needed through the regular army channels. Instead, he worked the grandstand play, and the "human" telegram was reproduced on flaring posters and displayed in shop windows.

The newspaper caricatures have given the world, in general, the impression that the Crown Prince is a shallow-pated, pleasure-seeker at his best. The writer in The Forum reveals a quite different character: He says:

The heir to the German throne is sinister. He works hard. He takes his military duties very seriously. He has worked like a Trojan to perfect himself in military science. He is a keen student of sociology and psychology. He knows the teachings of all the philosophers, and runs quite a bit toward Nietzsche, or the "mad man of Weimer," as he is carelessly called. The Crown Prince has been profoundly influenced by the teachings of that vitriolic sage who believes that there are only two kinds of people in the world, the small group at the top and the "herd." The Crown Prince, of course, believes that he belongs to the small group. But he is shrewd enough never to let the "herd" believe that he considers them as such. Instead of that they are "my people"—to be. Because of his skill as an actor, because of his ruthless ideas on divine right, because of his recklessness, of his lack of religious fear—which fear his father has—the Crown Prince is a much more dangerous man than the Kaiser. When the Kaiser is acting a part he shows it. The Imperial phlegm is bound to show. The Crown Prince cleverly conceals it.

He gained the popularity of the Army five years ago by a master-stroke of theatricalism. The Reichstag was debating the Morocco affair. The sentiment of the Army was for war with France over the Agadir incident. The diplomatic sentiment, as shown in the speech of the Chancellor Bethmann-Hollweg, was for peace. It came the turn of the Junker leader, Heydebrand, to speak up to this time the Crown Prince had been quietly sitting in a box listening to a debate. As soon as the Junker leader began his speech for war the trim figure of the Crown Prince was seen to lean conspicuously over the box-rail. At every utterance for war he conspicuously applauded, personifying the wishes of the Army against

A WORD FOR MOTHERS

It is a grave mistake for mothers to neglect their aches and pains and suffer in silence—this only leads to chronic sickness and often shortens life.

If work is tiring, if your nerves are excitable, if you feel languid, weary or depressed, Scott's Emulsion will prove a wonderful strengthener.

It possesses the very elements to invigorate the blood, nourish the nerves and build strength. Every druggist has Scott's. Try it.

the then peaceful policy of the Chancellor. From that time on the clever Friedrich Wilhelm was the idol of the German army.

The Army knows him for a daredevil. They know that he is a reckless horseman, that he rode and won a famous steeplechase at the risk of breaking his neck; that he sailed a Zeppelin, much to his father's dismay; that he made an aeroplane trip with one of the Wrights, when the aeroplane was not a safe vehicle; that he made a hunting trip through India, risking his life with wild beasts. They know that during this war he has often exposed himself to fire against the wishes of the old generals assigned to watch him. All these stunts he did to build his reputation—not because he liked to do them. For this recklessness, he received a rap from his father. The heir to the throne of Germany must be kept in a glass case; but the Crown Prince is forever breaking the glass. Friedrich Wilhelm resents being kept under key.

There is nothing in the Crown Prince's face to show that he is a Hohenzollern. His face lacks the soldierly appearance that stares out from the Imperial visage of Wilhelm II. He has a smile that might indicate a kind heart if one did not remember stories of his youth. How he loves the common people—not! It is to his record that he took part in the golden wedding celebration of a poor Potsdam shoemaker. It is on record that he has stopt his automobile on the highway and picked up tired peasants, giving them a lift to their destination. And how the Germans love to tell these kindly stories of their Crown Prince! Of course, one never hears how he led thousands and thousands of humble shoemakers and poor peasants into the death trap of Verdun, long after there was any military reason for attacking the place, simply because the offensive must be continued to save the reputation of his Imperial Highness.

Putting the finishing touch to his portrait of the future Emperor of Germany, the writer in The Forum says:

Reducing it down to American political slang, the Crown Prince is a "hand-shaker." But what a clever one! He is so infernally clever in playing to the German people—in bending them to his wishes—that he will be a more dangerous man on the throne of Germany than his father ever could be.

MEADOW AND PASTURE

INSECTS

Crop Rotation for Old Meadows

In connection with the special study of Meadow and Pasture Insects which has been in progress the present summer at the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station it has been found that several species of general distribution and occasional serious losses have been quite abundant in Maine. While their work is of such a character as to escape common observation there is no question as to the considerable losses which they entail upon the meadow crops and the pasturage available for stock.

Among a number of species that have been common and which have been studied more or less in detail the Clover-seed Caterpillar and the Wheat-head Army-worm may be mentioned particularly since these species have a very wide distribution through the United States and are known as causing at times very serious losses but neither species has been noted heretofore as destructive in Maine.

The Clover-seed Caterpillar is a small insect that works especially in the heads of clover during the early part of summer while the clover is in bloom, eating away the florets and not only preventing the formation of seed but reducing the value of the crop for hay. In late summer or autumn when heads are not available it may work on leaves or stems or at the crown so as to damage the plant.

Early cutting of the first clover crop is considered a good remedy in other states especially where clover is grown for seed but for conditions in

INCREASES THE STRENGTH AND ENDURANCE

Of weak, nervous, care-worn, haggard-looking men and women in a remarkably short time. This is found to be the effect of the new medicinal combination, Hood's Sarsaparilla and Peppin, one taken before eating and the other after.

These two medicines, whose great merit has been fully established everywhere, are made from the best formulas for the blood and nerves.

If a laxative is needed take Hood's Pills. They are gentle and thorough.

CHICHESTER PILLS

DIAMOND BRAND
Beware of Counterfeits
Refuse all Substitutes.

LADIES! Ask your Druggist for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS in Red and Gold Metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Hood's Kidney Pills and ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for twenty-five years recorded as Best Sold. Always Reliable.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS
TIME TRIED EVERYWHERE WORTH TRYING

ECKMAN'S Calcebs
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

A handy Calcium compound that safeguards against chronic lung and throat troubles. A tonic-restorative prepared without harmful or habit-forming drugs. Try them today.

50 cents a box, including war tax
For sale by all Druggists
Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia

Maine and especially the difficulty of cutting early on account of uncertainty of weather this can hardly be recommended and since further increase of this insect may result in pretty heavy losses it would seem advisable to rotate where this is practicable, plowing under as early in fall as possible and planting the field to some other crop next spring.

The Wheat-head Army-worm as its name indicates is especially noted by its destruction of wheat heads but it is primarily a grass insect and often eats off the heads of timothy and other grasses.

It has been taken in large numbers this summer in all old meadows examined and while it has not in any case stripped the grass land in a conspicuous manner it has unquestionably cut down the yield by a very appreciable amount. For this species as for the preceding the most practicable measure that can be advocated for old meadows where rotation is practicable is an early plowing so as to prevent the maturity of the worm or interfere with their reaching the adult stage.

The common and well known grasshoppers have been very abundant as any one may determine by a short excursion in any meadow or pasture and they must have accounted for a large percentage in the growth of the grass and clover on which they feed. As these grasshoppers accumulate along roadsides and fences it is possible to kill immense numbers with a bran mash poison bait distributed in such places if it is impracticable to cover the whole field.

Aphids, thrips, froghoppers and plant bugs have also been plenty and wireworms have been reported from many places as troublesome in corn planted on sod land recently in grass.

From the nature of their work, the different habits of the various species and the extent of the area covered it is hardly possible to use any direct application of insecticides on a profitable basis unless it be the poisoned baits for grasshoppers. However, much may be accomplished for all fields open to cultivation by a judicious rotation of crops. The worst meadow pests, such as wireworms, white grubs, grasshoppers, cutworms, sodworms, also become serious pests in corn or other crops planted on land which has been for many years in grass so it is desirable to plow as early as possible after the hay crop is harvested in order to starve out as fully as possible the insect pests that are present.

The foregoing account and recommendations are based upon the work of Professor Herbert Osborn of the Ohio State University who, because of his acquaintance with meadow insect conditions in various parts of the country, is particularly fitted to speak with authority upon this subject. For this reason he has been asked on several occasions to study the situation in Maine and will later publish another bulletin on other meadow insects in addition to those he has previously submitted as Consulting Entomologist on the Summer Staff of the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station.

CHAS. D. WOODS,
Director

DREAD OF DEATH

UNKNOWN IN BATTLE

How the millions of men withdrawn from safe and peaceful occupations face death daily has often been matter for subconscious speculation by those left at home. In a book just written by Hereward Carrington, a student of psychological phenomena, an attempt is made to answer the question, Do soldiers fear death? His verdict, based upon close study and investigation, is that they do not, at least in the moment of battle. His conclusion is that in the actual fighting the instinct of self-preservation becomes dominant to the exclusion of all else; that the only idea is to preserve one's own life by killing as many of the enemy as possible. This thought has been so drilled into the soldier in his preparation, the months of training with this single purpose, that when the moment arrives he falls into instant response with a feeling that he is at last to profit from his perfection in what he has been taught for this hour. He has the confidence of a trained athlete who feels he is master of his game, which, added to the almost universal and fundamental optimism of human nature that others may be killed, but not you, minimizes the fear of death by belittling its possibility.

In short, the obsession of fighting for life is so overwhelming and exclusive that there is no room for terror or any other emotion or feeling, even of pain itself as illustrated by men in the heat of conflict being unaware of desperate wounds until the fighting was over or they were put out or withdrawn from the actual contest. This has been theory of Dr. Crile's mechanistic explanation, that the brain can be so possessed by one activation, as in a charge on the battlefield, that no other stimulus, such as the muscular telegraphy of pain, can reach the brain.

Those who have faced death in accidents where there was time to know what was happening have had somewhat the same experience. They have been so engrossed in thinking of what was happening and how it would end death. Dr. Livingstone, the African explorer, told of the same condition reported by hunters attacked by wild beasts. The actual tearing of the flesh by claws and teeth could not dispossess the brain of the excitement of danger and the pain was not felt until after.

Plain-Spoken

Lawyer (to suspect on bail)—Before I undertake your defence I must know—whether you really robbed the bank or not.

Suspect on bail—What d'you think? How could I afford to come to you if I hadn't?

When Experts Disagree

The conversation turned to the subject of damage-suits, and this anecdote was recalled by Senator George Sutherland, of Utah.

A man in a Western town was hurt in a railroad accident, and after being confined to his home for several weeks he appeared on the street walking with the aid of crutches.

"Hello, old fellow," greeted an acquaintance, rushing up to shake his hand. "I am certainly glad to see you around again."

"Thanks," responded the injured one. "I am glad to be around again."

"I see you are hanging fast to your crutches," observed the acquaintance. "Can't you do without them?"

"My doctor says I can," answered the injured party, "but my lawyer says I can't."

SAVES DOCTOR'S BILLS

Keep it in the house—use at first signs of colds or coughs. It penetrates, soothes and heals. The best family remedy.

No Alcohol
No Opium
in

Ballards Golden Oil

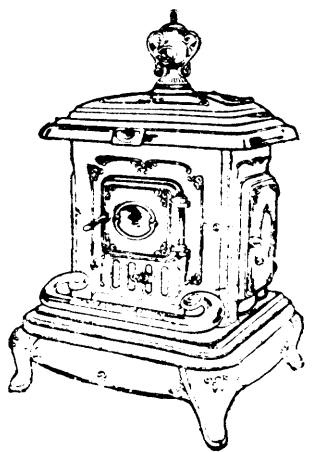
For sale by all drug and general stores

CLARIONS FOR WOOD FIRES

CLOSED STOVES

OPEN STOVES

Many styles—many sizes. Suitable for parlor, sitting room, dining room, chamber or den, giving without trouble that extra warmth which makes home comfortable. Made right here in Maine. A Maine product for Maine people. Thousands in use.



WOOD CLARION CO. Established 1897 Bangor, Maine

HAMILTON & GRANT, DEALERS, HOULTON

MICHELIN

Twelve Tire Tests No. 10

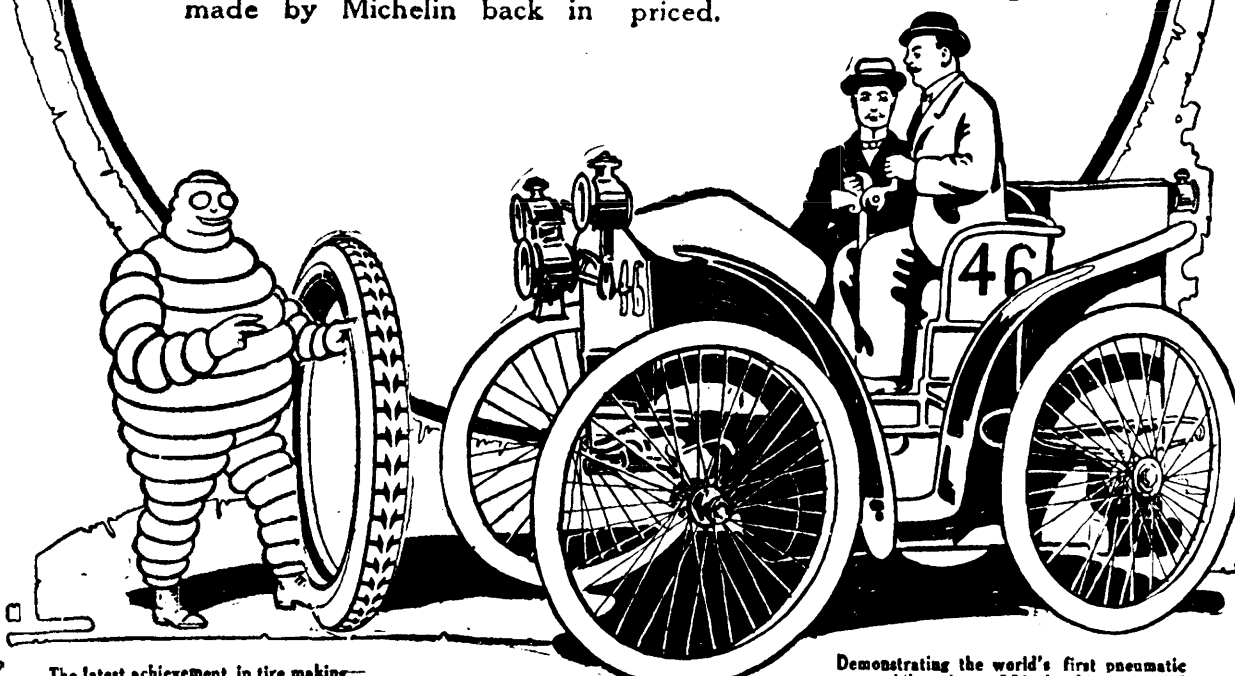
This series of twelve tests is designed to take the uncertainty out of tire-buying.

Experience

IN previous talks we have shown you that the durability of a tire depends on the quantity and quality of the materials used; and we have already shown you how to determine the quantity. But you cannot gauge the quality of rubber and fabric in a tire simply by looking at it. You must be guided by the experience and reputation of the tire maker.

The world's first pneumatic automobile tire and tube were made by Michelin back in

1895. Since that time the House of Michelin (founded 1832) has concentrated on the production of pneumatic tires only, and today has factories in the United States, France, England and Italy, with selling branches in every corner of the world. Thus the scientific brains of the entire globe have been and are at Michelin's disposal. More and Better Materials is the Michelin watchword. Yet Michelin Tires are not high priced.



The latest achievement in tire making—the Michelin Universal—introduced 1915

Demonstrating the world's first pneumatic automobile tire—Michelin 1895

H. H. Cates & Son

Continued from page 1
HOULTON AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY FAIR
 hibits, making altogether a creditable showing.

The Horse Racing
 There is certainly one thing that visitors to the Houlton Fair can depend on from year to year and that thing is its most excellent racing cards. Nowhere in the state of Maine can followers of this sport find keener sport, closer finishes, and faster time than here on the Houlton track now famous all over Maine for its splendid race programs.

This year's races were no exception to the rule and each day's card was hotly contested, creating the most intense interest in the big stand which was well patronized each day.

Mr. Robt. McKee of Fort Fairfield, was in the judge's stand and acted as starter, doing the work to the satisfaction of all. Each day of the fair was provided with a good card, and below we give a summary of the results:

TUESDAY'S RACES
2.13 MIXED; PURSE, \$400
 Dan S. Jr., bh., by Dan S. (Nelson) 1 1
 Bob Mac bg. (Boutiller) 3 2 2
 Roy Volo, ch s. (Lint) 2 3 3
 Woodcliffe King, grs. (Hanson) 4 4 5
 Royal McKinney also started.
 Time, 2.13%, 2.13, 2.12%.

2.30 MIXED; PURSE, \$300
 Belmont Miller, bm., by Aquilim (Boutiller) 1 1 1
 Walter Brooks grg. (Ireland) 2 2 2
 Kentucky Jean, b. m. (Gallagher) 3 3 3
 Time, 2.18%, 2.18%, 2.24%.

WEDNESDAY'S RACES
2.18 MIXED; PURSE, \$300
 Bravos, bs (Gerow) 1 1 1
 Bangor, bs (Tingley) 2 2 2
 Jessie J., bm (Southard) 4 3 3
 Lena Marie, bm (Nelson) 3 4 4
 Time, 2.18%, 2.18%, 2.16%.

2.18 TROT AND PACE; PURSE \$400
 Zom Q., (Nevers) 1 1 1
 Tillie Tipton, brm (J. A. Dewitt) 2 2 2
 Garry A. (Nason) 3 3 3
 Jimmy Hicks bg (Nelson) 4 4 4
 Time, 2.18%, 2.18%, 2.18%.

2.25 TROT AND PACE; PURSE \$300
 Little Anna S. bm (Gerow) 1 1 1
 Doc Duncan, chs (Boutiller) 4 2 2
 Myrtle Rydyk, bm (Gallagher) 2 4 3
 Friday Q., bh (Nevers) 6 3 4
 Russell Blingen and Cassie W., also started.

Time, 2.21%, 2.17%, 2.19%.

THURSDAY'S RACES
2.22 MIXED; PURSE \$300
 Robert B. bg (Southard) 3 1 1
 Baldo bh (Gerow) 1 3 3
 Evelyn B. bm (Haley) 4 2 2
 Coblainut, bh (Douse) 2 5 4
 Irving Heart and Cassie W. also started.

Time, 2.17%, 2.20%, 2.21%, 2.19%.

2.25 TROT; PURSE \$500
 Bromos bs, by Bingara (Tingley) 1 1 1
 Kentucky Jean, bfm (Gallagher) 2 2 2
 Old Glory, bg (L. Dewitt) 3 3 4
 Sam McKinney, bg. (Gerow) 4 4 3
 Rosetta McKinney also started.
 Time, 2.20%, 2.20%, 2.22%.

2.20 MIXED; PURSE \$400
 Brage bs, by Arion Todd (Boutiller) 1 1 1
 Lady Carr, chm (Nelson) 2 2 2
 Arion Todd, Jr., big (Gerow) 3 3 3
 Pearl Milton chm, (L. Dewitt) 4 4 6
 Uncle Lew Tryfast Kenneth K. also started.
 Time, 2.18%, 2.18%, 2.21.

FRIDAY'S PROGRAM
 Split heats, close finishes and good driving were the features of the last day racing of the Houlton fair. It was the best racing of the meet. In the 2.11 class, Roy Volo, after coming in fourth in the first two heats came back in the third heat, Bert Lint making a fine drive to the wire with the three other horses but a few feet behind. Sir Lala would undoubtedly win first heat if one of his sulky tires had not gone flat. The big roan gray made Betty Dean step lively in the first two heats. Again in the fourth heat Sir Lala led to the three-quarter pole. In the fifth heat Roy Volo led the entire mile Betty Dean going to a break near the wire when Southard who was trailing attempted to pass the Canadian horse. Little Anna S. with plenty of reserve speed had no trouble in winning the 2.40 trot. The special named race with a drawn heat furnished the big crowd plenty of entertainment. Garry A. took first two heats, Lena Marie leading to the three-quarter pole in the first heat when Tingley made a grand drive through the field ahead to the wire. In the fourth heat Dan Paine and Kleet came to the finish neck to neck. Kleet gave the winner trouble throughout the race. The summary:

2.11 MIXED, PURSE \$300
 Roy Volo, ch s. (Lint) 4 4 1 1
 Betty Dean, chm. (Southard) 1 1 3 4 2
 Ruth W., ch. m. (Nelson) 2 2 4 2 0
 Sir Lala, rog. (C. Dewitt) 3 3 2 3 0
 Time, 2.15%, 2.14%, 2.14% 2.14% 2.14%.

2.40 TROT; PURSE \$250
 Little Anna S., bm. (Gerow) 1 1 1
 Bella F. bg. (Southard) 2 2 2
 Smyrna Vassar, bm. (Weed) 3 3 3
 Rosetta McKinney, bm. (Nevers) 4 4 4
 Time, 2.25% 2.22% 2.16%.

SPECIAL NAMED RACE
 Dan Paine bs. (Gerow) 2 3 1 0 1
 Garry A., big (Tingley) 1 1 2 3 3
 Kleet, grg. (Fuller) 3 2 3 0 2
 Lena Marie, bm. (Nelson) 4 4 4 0 0
 Jimmy Hicks and Estelle Cachato also started.

Time, 2.17% 2.17% 2.19% 2.17% 2.18%.

BASE BALL
 Jimmie Nason's team and Mara Hill Split Games 50-50

The ball games furnished the second and third days of the Fair were rattlers from start to finish and furnished plenty of entertainment for the large

crowd of followers of the National game.

Wednesday's game was won by Houlton, by a score of 9 to 3, the visitors being unable to fathom Jamieson's twisters, while our boys found Rogers good and plenty.

Thursday's game went to the visitors by the luck of base ball, playing up to the 9th inning with a score of 3 to 3, Houlton added two tallies in their half but when the visitors came in for their last chance, there was blood in their eyes, the first man up cracked a hot liner to Hart who let it go through, and there was one man, after that by several good hits and several bad plays, the visitors put 3 over and the game was lost to Houlton. Score 6-5.

This is the first defeat for Mgr. Jimmie Nason's sluggers in all the Fair games and games on July 4th, since the Park was opened, and is a pretty good record.

Jamieson and Rogers were the opposing hurlers in both games.

POULTRY EXHIBIT

The exhibit of this department was a most creditable one and a large number of pens were shown, besides the large exhibitors, many more single entries than usual were shown. Walter Bennett of Limestone leading the exhibit with his splendid showing of many breeds and varieties. Mr. Bennett is one of the leading poultry raisers in Maine and knows his business.

The Houlton Meat Supply showed 18 pens of different varieties.

George Hoskins' taste runs to R. I. Reds and several of his pens contained birds of rare plumage, all were winners of blue tickets and during the Fair Mr. Hoskins sold out all of the birds he had on exhibition. He also showed several pens of Mottled Anconas.

Messrs. Charles Barnes, G. R. Ervin, F. N. Vose and W. E. Wood each had a good showing of R. I. Reds.

Jack McNair showed several pens of Columbian and Silver laced Wyandottes.

Harry Sowers exhibited four pens of Buff Orpingtons, all of which were winners in their class.

Cecil Dow showed White Leghorns, one of the most popular breeds in this section.

Other single exhibitors had one or two pens, all of which helped to make the poultry sheds a popular resort and the display was so large that the annex was used again this year to accommodate the numerous exhibits.

HORSE PULLING
 The prizes offered this year for the horse pulling were most attractive and it brought in a large number of entries, and on both days of the pulling large crowds gathered in the field to witness the contests.

Thursday's event consisted of double team trials, and for two hours the fun was fast and furious, and the judges decided in favor of F. W. Bishop, whose team pulled 6,585 lbs., Fred Fortier's matched pair of Town Team horses won second prize and A. E. Mooers team took third money.

In the single horse trials Charles Murray won 1st prize, Edw. Pray 2nd prize, W. E. Fanjoy 3rd prize.

The event proved so popular and

interested so many people during the forenoon, when things were running a little dull that the Society will in the future make the pulling matches a strong card for fair week.

Messrs. Ebbett, Tingley and Small as committeemen for the event worked hard to make it such a success.

Automobiles and Tractors

A section of the grounds was reserved for the display of automobiles and tractors and here was found an interested audience most any time during the fair watching the demonstrations of the different machines.

The E. E. Wentworth Corporation, F. F. Harrison local representative, showed various models of the famous Overland cars and the Cleveland Tank Tractor.

H. G. Dibblee, distributor of the Oldsmobile car, showed three handsome models. Mr. Dibblee reports a most successful season.

J. S. Peabody showed the Case Tractor, a most powerful looking machine many of which are doing good work throughout the county.

P. H. Reed of Fort Fairfield, had on exhibit one of Henry Ford's "gifts to civilization" the famous Fordson tractor, a 4-cylinder tractor which for a limited time is being distributed throughout Aroostook county by Mr. Reed at absolutely cost price. Eng-land has purchased 6000 of these tractors which bids fair to replace the horse in many lines of farm work.

BALLOON ASCENSION

Prof. H. D. Cates of the Northeastern Balloon Co. made three most successful ascensions during the week with thrilling parachute drops, the second day doing a double drop, all of which were done in full view of the grand stand and the crowded grounds.

Splendid weather conditions made this possible, but on Thursday the usual ascension was postponed on account of the high wind and drizzle.

Prof. Cates' work was most satisfactory, as he worked rapidly, the complete performance on Friday was done in record breaking time, in five minutes after the let go order was given.

Prof. Cates had done his bit, landed safely within sight of the grounds, had rescued his balloon and parachute and was back in the grounds and had begun to break camp.

FREE STAGE ATTRACTIONS

The platform performances this year were most satisfactory. Four top-notch attractions from the Meyerhoff booking house, headed by the Maxleys in a bicycle act, one of the best acts of its kind ever given here, and the stunts done by the gentleman and lady rider on bicycles and unicycles were marvelous, the act was well rendered at each performance.

Appale's Animals, a troupe of trained dogs, monkeys, a pony and donkey, come in for a goodly share of applause, the animals were finely trained answering the slightest command of their trainer, all of the tricks were fun for the kiddies as well as for the older folks.

The White Brothers, comedy acrobats put on two acts, one in pantomime, that also made a hit with the little folks and was also enjoyed by all.

CAVALCADE
 The parade of prize winning stock this year was one of the most successful ones yet held and those who saw it were loud in their praise of the great show.

All through the forenoon volunteers were recruited from among the spectators to assist in the grand parade and when the word was given for the start, the procession reached nearly around the track.

THE MIDWAY

Nobody had "the hammer out" for the Midway this year, consequently it must have pleased the visitors. There was much more room than usual for the various attractions as a portion of the grove had been removed, giving ample room for all. The committee on entertainment spared no expense this year to provide plenty of amusement for visitors both old and young.

The Ferris Wheel and the Merry-Go-Round did a thriving business each day, while the side shows seemed to be well patronized.

All kinds of games, shooting galleries, ball and ring games attracted many as the prizes were liberal.

Several large tents contained freaks of various kinds and a tent for athletic contests drew large crowds.

Altogether the Midway was most satisfactory and nobody missed the chance to "do it properly".

FIREWORKS

After the display of last year which it was thought was the last word in pyrotechnical display, the company was re-engaged to come again and nobody was sorry that he came, after his two magnificent displays had gone up in smoke.

The maker had something up his sleeve and he just let himself loose, and did things that brought forth multitudes of applause as each set piece was lighted or bomb exploded.

The aerial bombs were most magnificent and brilliant, also noisy and as one after another exploded with a crash it must have brought to mind the terrific din of artillery which our boys "over there" must endure day after day.

No display of this kind is complete without "Old Glory" being shown and on both evenings it had a front-row place, being duly recognized in a proper manner. The large crowds present on both occasions testified to its complete satisfaction of the wonderful display of Italian fireworks, the best ever.

MUSIC

The Calais band who so delighted the crowd last year during the Fair, were again present this year and strengthened their popularity as entertainers.

The band is rated one of the best in Washington County and all were pleased with the most excellent programs rendered each day at the Fair.

Mr. Davidson, the director was most liberal with the daily programs.

Mr. Leeman, vocalist, was again present and sung his way into the hearts of his audiences with his rich baritone voice.

The band is composed of a fine lot of young gentlemen.

CAVALCADE

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CLASSIFIED ADS

For Sale—House and lot on Elm St., Apply to Mrs. F. R. Smith, Tel. 447-2.

Rooms to Let No. 12 Kelleran Street, three minutes walk to the Square. References required.

A Furnished Room to Let, heated and lighted. Opp. Monument Park. Inquire of Mrs. Mary E. Stuart, Millitary St. 28tf

Found—An Overland Automobile crank. Owner may recover same by calling at TIMES office and paying for this ad.

Lost—On Main Street Saturday Afternoon by a child of a hard working family, a \$5.00 bill. The finder may return same to TIMES office.

New Modern House For Sale on Weeks Ave., six rooms with bath. For particulars inquire of C. B. Esters, Main Street.

For Sale—75 acres of the Steve Osborn farm on the west side of the Houlton-Tresque Isle road in Littleton. James Archibald, Adm.

Before you purchase a Farm or House be sure to call on C. O. Grant, Real Estate Agency, Market Sq., and examine his fine list of desirable properties.

Farm to Rent, 1 1/2 Miles From Littleton Sta., 111 acres, 100 cleared. For particulars inquire of Mrs. Arthur Bell at 58 Military St. Tel. 255W. 832p

For Sale—The Augusta E. Chadwick homestead, on corner Park and Fair streets, including house, barn, and fine corner lot, about one acre in all. Jas. Archibald, Executor.

For Sale or To Let—Berry House Court Street, hot and cold water, fine bath room, furnace, set tubs, electric lights, sewerage, large stable and garden. Possession given Sept. 1st. E. L. Cleveland. 34

Wishing to Move to the Southern part of the state, will sell my farm stock and tools at a bargain. Good trade for a quick sale. Call and look it over. Albert Hatfield, New Limerick, Drew's Mill Road.

For Sale—A Good Work Horse 13 years old without a spot or blemish \$150. Apply to Mrs. Thos. Currie, Smyrna, Me. 335

Farm For Sale—160 Acres, 43 Acres tillage, excellent potato land, good wood lot, good buildings, 2 1/2 miles to village and railroad. Price only \$3500. A rare bargain, for sale by L. H. Brooks, Real Est. Agent, South Paris, Me.

CLASSIFIED ADS

Lost on Monday between Bangor St. Garage and the Post Office, a bunch of keys. Reward for return to the TIMES OFFICE. 34

One Heavy Work Horse For Sale, weighing 1400 lbs. Inquire of Howard Tingley, Tel. 814-31

Lost—Friday, Aug. 30, Between Knox Bros. Store and the Stanley place, a roll of bills containing about fifty dollars. Will the finder please leave the same at Knox Bros. store or the TIMES office and receive reward. 136p

Lost—On Friday, Aug. 30, Between Knox Bros. grocery store and the Stanley place, a roll of bills containing about fifty dollars. Will the finder please leave the same at Knox Bros. store or Times Office and receive reward. 136p

COAL and WOOD

WOOD: Hard and soft wood, quality and measure guaranteed. Special: Hodgdon Slab Wood \$7.50 it 4 ft., length. \$8.50 in 16 in. length. COAL: Best Canadian soft coal in car load lots or less.

J. F. Jackins

Commission Merchant

Phone 196-W ... Hamilton-Burnham Block Main Street...

Holstein-Friesian Bull Calves For Sale

THREE TO FIFTEEN MONTHS OLD



Best Breeding in New England

Summit Lumber Company
 Davidson, Maine

NEW FALL HATS

Millinery
 Creations
 That
 Stand
 Supreme
 In
 Houlton

WE believe that our assortment of styles and quality, surpass all previous showings elsewhere. We invite your inspection of our Famous Hats at Money Saving Prices.

Variety
 Service
 Value
 Style

Joe Bernotkin
LADIES GARMENT STORE
EVERYTHING
IN LADIES WEAR
 MARKET SQUARE HOULTON MAINE

OF LOCAL INTEREST

Mrs. Mildred Dudley is spending a few weeks with relatives in Lincoln. Allen Quimby of Portland has been spending several days in town on business.

Thos. W. Bridges, Esq., of Danforth was in town Thursday enjoying the Fair attractions.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Craig was gladdened, Thursday by the arrival of a son.

Miss Maud Yerxa of the TIMES office is spending her vacation with relatives in Woodstock.

Fritz Russell, an old time resident was in town several days last week the guest of C. S. Osgood.

Jas. K. Plummer returned the first of the week from a business trip to the southern part of the state.

Mrs. Harry A. Adams of Brewer was the guest of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. French last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. F. Phair were in town last week, on their return from an auto trip to Boston and other places.

Bert Cameron of Woodstock spent last week in town with friends, coming over to play ball during the Fair.

Mrs. Fred B. Kidder and son James left Monday for Augusta, where she will spend a week with her sister, Mrs. Neal.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Pearce left Saturday for Waterville where they will visit their son Varney Pearce, for a few weeks.

Dr. J. A. Donovan has enlisted in the Medical Corps, U. S. A. and is now waiting for orders to proceed to some training camp.

Noah Barker of Caribou, who for a number of years was a member of R. C. I. faculty, was in town last week calling on friends.

Houlton Council K. of C. went to Benedicta, Monday, to join with the Council of that town in a grand Field Day Celebration.

Samuel McIntosh, an old B. & A. employee, now located in Boston spent a few days in town last week calling on friends.

Robt McDonald of Brockton, Mass., a former resident was in town last week on his return from a camping trip at Mt. Chase.

Clayton Weed left Saturday for Newport, R. I. to resume his duties in the Navy, after a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Weed.

Miss Violet Robinson who is Matron at the Gardner General Hospital, is enjoying a vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wes. Robinson.

Robert Derrah and wife of New Haven, Conn., old time residents of this town are here on a visit, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Bubar.

P. L. Waddington of the Mars Hill News, last week installed a Model 10 Linotype, to take care of his increasing business in that bustling town.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Melville and daughter Ruby, of Presque Isle were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Sullivan, Bangor St., one day last week.

Mrs. Geo. E. Wilkins who has been in Vancouver and other Canadian cities, returned home Wednesday, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Alex. McKenzie.

The Misses Helen and Dorothy Burleigh, who have been visiting with friends in Portland and relatives in Islesboro for the past month have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Dickinson former residents of Houlton, now living in Brownville Junction, were in town last week calling on friends, returning home Monday.

The TIMES publishes this week a text of Governor Milliken's speech recently delivered which answers some of the criticisms which have been made on his administration.

Miss Mabel Gould, of Patten, who for a number of years was employed as bookkeeper with the Houlton Furniture Co., is visiting at the home of her aunt, Mrs. H. W. Drew, Cleveland street.

Messrs. B. H. Brown and H. F. Lunt of the Buffalo Fertilizer Works left Saturday by auto, for Boston, where they will attend a conference of Fertilizer manufacturers, after which Mr. Lunt will go on to Buffalo for a visit to the head office.

Messrs. Winfield Robinson, Frank L. Rhoda and E. E. McIntosh of the Buffalo Fertilizer Co., and H. C. Clewley of the Consolidated Rendering Co., left Monday for New York to attend a convention of the Fertilizer manufacturers.

Leonard McNair, U. S. Naval Reserve, spent a 48-hour furlough at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. McNair, last week. Leonard says the Navy life "is the life" and is enjoying every minute of his work.

Dr. Clarence Harrigan of this town, who has been conducting a business in Millinocket during the past year, has received his commission as 1st Lieutenant in the Dental Corps and was ordered to report at once to Camp Devens. He left Monday to take up his duties.

The Misses Chadwick who have spent the summers at their old home here have decided not to return to Houlton to live in the future, both Miss Mary and Miss Vesta have splendid school positions in Boston and they will probably sell their homestead here. They both returned to Boston on Monday.

Rev. Thos. Whiteside of the M. E. Church officiated at two weddings last week, the first on Tuesday when Hugh F. Jackson and Lillian Alexander were united in marriage, and the second on Saturday when George Lashley and Vera Conway, both of Houlton, were married. Both weddings took place at the parsonage.

Joe Deasy, who is stationed at Camp Devens, is at home on a furlough.

Sergt. Jack Brittain of Fort Williams spent the week-end in town with friends.

O. P. Hackett, who is employed at Derby, spent the week end in town with his family.

Mrs. Bessie Nevers went to Presque Isle, Tuesday, as one of the judges of Painting at the Fair.

Bryson's Orchestra furnished music for the annual Labor Day dance in Millinocket, Monday.

A number of Houlton people went to Millinocket, Monday, to take in the Labor Day celebration.

Walter B. Clark, Deputy Clerk of Courts, left Monday by auto for Caribou to attend S. J. Court.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Hall and Mr. and Mrs. William Weed left by auto for Lincoln and Millinocket.

Miss Marion Fowler went to Portage, Monday, for a few days' visit with her aunt, Mrs. Quigley.

Plummer Libby is in Caribou this week where he is serving on the Jury for the September term of Court.

Miss Fannie Mulherrin left Monday on her return to her work in Boston after a month's vacation at home.

E. J. Vose and Edw. Downes of Freedom, Me., were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Vose, Franklin St., last week.

Miss Lola Wilcox, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Frank Wright, has returned to her work in Presque Isle.

Mrs. E. L. Cleveland, Miss Marion Cleveland and Carl C. Gray left Tuesday for the Eagle Lake camps, for a short outing.

T. P. Blake, one of Boston's prominent Commission Merchants, has been the guest of his brother, W. S. Blake on Pleasant street.

A. S. Humphrey returned last week from a ten days' visit in Boston and vicinity and has resumed his run on the B. & A. R. R.

Mr. D. B. Gillen left Monday for New York to attend a convention of Fertilizer manufacturers. He was accompanied by his wife.

Miss Myrtle Webb of Hakesack, N. J., who has been visiting her friend, Miss Grace Clark for several weeks, left Saturday on her return home.

Mrs. Frank Rediker of Washburn is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Frank Wright on the Bangor Road, and other relatives in Hodgdon and Island Falls.

A large number of Houlton attorneys are in Caribou this week attending the September term of the S. J. Court, Justice A. M. Spear presiding.

Miss Patience Jackins has accepted a position with Armour & Co. in their accounting department and left Monday for Bangor to assume her duties.

Regular meeting of N. E. O. P. on Friday evening, Sept. 6th. A full attendance is desired, as business of importance is to be brought up at this time.

Mr. W. V. Nash of Vassalboro, Me. was the guest last week of E. L. Cleveland. During his stay they made an auto trip to the upper part of the county.

Grace Marriott has returned home from a visit in Massachusetts with relatives, accompanied by Mrs. Raymond Jacobus of Greenfield, Mass., who is visiting here.

Miss Louise Vose left Saturday evening for New York to resume her work, after spending a two weeks vacation at home with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Vose.

Miss Helen Buzzell will leave Thursday for Chicago where she has been engaged to teach Physical Culture in the Ferry Hall School for boys and girls at Lake Forest, Ill.

Mr. Harold T. Libby of the J. R. Libby Co., of Portland, was in town Monday in the interests of the Merchants' movement for the sale of War Savings and Thrift Stamps.

Miss Doris Pride, accompanied by Mrs. Cora Putnam, Mrs. June Dunn, Mrs. Warren Skillen and Mrs. A. T. Smith left Tuesday, by auto, for Augusta to attend a meeting of Red Cross Workers of the State.

"Game of Chance" the great race horse formerly owned by Bert Lint of Fredericton, seen here many times on the local tracks where he was a favorite, recently won his race on the Readville track in 2:04 1/4.

Continued from page 1

HOULTON TAXPAYERS

McCluskey, Chas. H.	717.86
McCluskey, John C.	182.96
McGary Bros.	364.25
McGe, Wm. L.	195.20
McGinley, Geo. W.	126.22
McIntosh, Robert F.	112.28
McIntyre, John C.	117.70
McIntyre, Mrs. J. C.	139.50
McKay, Murdoch B.	116.46
McLeod, Donald P.	117.70
McLeod, Lorn L.	192.10

McNair, Mary J.	111.60
Madigan, James C. & Alice	513.36
Madigan, James C. & Alice	
Pierce, Leonard A. & James M.	750.20
Madigan, James C.	
Pierce, Leonard A. & James M.	
Trus. of J. C. Madigan Est.	197.47
Madigan Est. A. W.	988.90
Mann, Fred W.	230.85
Manson, Ezekiel	130.10
Mansur, Caryl Q.	
Heirs or Dev. of	227.08
Mansur, W. Phillip	1510.22
Marriott, Joseph J.	491.80
Martin, Wm. A.	
Heirs or Dev. of	276.36
Merritt, Albert G.	140.95
Merritt, Geo. F.	148.70
Michaud, J. T.	153.35
Miller, John A.	359.04
Mitchell, Frederick W.	201.40
Monument Lodge No. 96 Free & Accepted Masons	155.00
Moore, Albert E.	561.47
Moore, George W.	155.21
Moore, Samuel J.	266.19
Moore, Dudley H.	131.65
Mowat, Frank W.	142.50
Munro, Alex. G.	108.40
Murray, Michael	
Heirs or Dev. of	356.50
Neally, Ferdinand C.	113.05
Nevers, Bessie P.	117.02
Newbegin, Parker C.	147.15
Nickerson, Geo. Q.	389.11
Nickerson, Martha D.	138.57
Nickerson, Walter A.	200.62
Niles, John F.	109.95
Palmer, John K.	116.15
Palmer, Jr., Robert A.	111.50
Parks, Augustus Z.	137.23
Peabody, Frank A.	115.68
Peabody, James S.	363.53
Peabody, Maurice H.	117.70
Peabody, Robert T.	218.45
Pearce, Frank W.	
Heirs or Dev. of	194.53
Pearce, Varney	190.24
Pennington, Annie	247.22
Pennington, Annie Adm.	
Clarence P., Helen A., Ruth & Geo. W. Yerxa	117.80
Pennington, Margaret H.	108.50
Pierce, Anna P.	103.85
Pierce, Clarence H.	2020.09
Pierce, Evelyn H.	170.71
Pierce, Leonard A.	131.65
Plant, Levi H.	113.05
Plummer, James K.	1081.65
Porter, A. Harris	
Heirs or Dev. of	111.91
Porter, Guy C.	134.75
Porter, Ira J.	215.66
Powers, Don A. H.	
Heirs or Dev. of	752.53
Powers, Eliza S.	127.10
Powers, Frederick A.	377.54
Powers, Evelyn H.	453.28
Powers, Paul H.	140.27
Purinton, L. Spurgeon	206.05
Putnam, Albert T.	328.04
Putnam, A. T. & M. D.	442.52
Putnam, Beecher	112.74
Putnam, Black Hawk	
Heirs or Dev. of	368.90
Putnam, Harry L.	152.42
Putnam, Thomas P.	153.66
Putnam, Walter K.	153.35
Reagan, James C.	205.28
Reagan, Frank L.	131.65
Richards, Jennie	186.00
Richards & Co., G. W.	310.00
Richards, G. W.	981.83
Rideout, Delia E.	108.50
Roach, Patrick	
Heirs or Dev. of	235.60
Robinson, Joseph E.	109.95
Rose, Justin C.	105.30
Russell, Geo. A.	181.25
Saunders, Andrew J.	144.83
Saunders, Evelyn G.	207.70
Saunders, Nehemiah E.	338.89
Shea, Katherine	124.00
Sheehan, Dennis	206.05
Shirley, Oscar	197.99
Sincock, Frank	113.05
Sincock, Frank	
" Hannah 2nd	
Jean	248.00
Sincock Jr., S. Henry	
Heirs or Dev. of	108.50
Smalley, Katherine Ella	108.50
Smart, Mae E.	168.95
Smith, Allen T.	275.02
Smith, John	167.30
Somerville, Wm. G.	108.40
Starkey, Chas. W.	291.30
Starrett, Edgar O.	115.84
Stephenson, Robert	105.76
Stewart, Albion A.	107.62
Taggett, Geo. F.	110.26
Taggett & Gartley	310.00
Tenney, Chas. P.	
Heirs or Dev. of	533.20
Thibodeau, Wm. J.	216.90
Tompson, Lincoln W.	187.45
Tozier, Henry E.	111.50
Tracy, Judson	119.25
Vall, Edwin L.	204.50
Van Tassel, Geo. W.	127.77
Victory, Willard R.	106.85
Ward, Parker M.	317.03
Watson, John	2301.03
Watson & Co., John	733.15
Webb, Eben & Caleb	106.95
Webb, Howard	302.92
Whelan, George	108.40
White, Simeon L.	449.71
White, Stella K.	212.66
Whited Emma M.	124.00
Williams Charles E.	232.40
Wilson, Charles H.	140.17
Wilson, Mrs. Jennie	252.34
Wilson, Matthew	
Heirs or Dev. of	133.30
Wilson, Lillian E.	108.50
Wyer, Martha A.	287.68
Yerxa, Wm. R.	105.39

RESTRICTIONS ON SUNDAY MOTORING

The fuel administration calls upon the public in states east of the Mississippi river to cease using all kinds of automobiles—with a few named exceptions—motorcycles and motorboats on Sundays until further notice, as a gasoline conservation measure. Only voluntary compliance with the letter and spirit of the request will prevent the issuance of a mandatory order prohibiting the use of gasoline on Sundays, it was declared by the fuel administration. Automobiles for hire are included in the curtailment program.

This action was decided upon by Fuel Administrator Garfield and Oil Director Requa as a precaution against a threatened shortage of gasoline for overseas shipments. Mr. Requa said that there is sufficient gasoline in the country, but to be on the safe side, it would be necessary for the consuming public to exercise the strictest economy, and to this end the public was asked not to use motor vehicles or motor boats for pleasure on Sundays. He said it was not likely the restrictions would be necessary for any great number of Sundays.

These Are The Exceptions

Motor vehicle to which the restrictions do not apply were announced as follows:

Tractors and motor trucks employed in actual transportation of freight.

Vehicles of physicians used in performance of professional duties.

Ambulances, fire apparatus, police patrol wagons, undertakers' wagons and conveyances used for funerals.

Railway equipment using gasoline and public service companies.

Repair outfits employed by telephone companies.

Motor vehicles on errands of necessity in rural communities where transportation by steam or electricity is not available.

The action was taken by the fuel administration, it was stated, to meet a threatened shortage of gasoline for shipment overseas, created by increased domestic demands and extensive military operations in France.

"The United States fuel administration considers it necessary that a limited consumption of gasoline be undertaken in the states east of the Mississippi river in view of the increasing demand for gasoline for war purposes and the paramount obligation of meeting promptly and fully all overseas requirements," said a statement issued jointly by Administrator Garfield and Mark S. Requa, director of the oil division of the fuel administration.

"An appeal is made, therefore, to the people of the United States east of the Mississippi river to exercise rigid economy in the consumption of gasoline during the next few weeks as a necessary and practical act of patriotism."

Must Meet War's Needs

"War necessities are being and will continue to be promptly and fully met but this is a period of the year when consumption of gasoline is at its highest, and the increased domestic demands, together with the extensive military operations in France, have rendered necessary, for a limited period, the adoption of safeguards against possible shortage."

"In view of the difficulty, if not the impossibility, of differentiating between the various uses to which automobiles are applied, the United States fuel administration believes that the greatest measure of economy can be effected with the least interference with the business of the country through the discontinuance of all classes of motor vehicles, motor boats and motor cycles on Sundays."

"The United States fuel administration therefore requests that in the section of the United States east of the Mississippi river there shall be a discontinuance of use of the vehicles above specified, including all such as are operated for hire, on Sunday hereafter until notification that the need for such discontinuance has ceased."

After listing the exceptions to the request, the statement makes an appeal "to the patriotic men and women

OF LOCAL INTEREST

C. W. Starkey has just installed a motor in his market for grinding bone, hamburger steak, etc.

Fred B. Kidder returned the first of the week from a short trip to Augusta by auto.

The man on the Water Wagon is satisfied if he is drinking Maple Spring water.

Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Black left Saturday by auto for an extended trip on the Maine coast.

Yes, I am going over to Woodstock, Wednesday, Sept. 11th. It is their Big Red Cross and Soldiers' Comfort Field Day and I feel that I must help. You had better come, too.

Christian Science services held each Sunday at 11 A. M. at Sincok Hall. Sept. 8th, subject: "Man." All are welcome.

Enlist in this war against waste with a Round Oak Range or Heater from Hamilton & Grant Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Grover Sullivan are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son, who arrived Aug. 13.

Help our boys and we will help yours. Turn about is fair play. So be on hand at Island Park, Woodstock, Sept. 11th for the Big Red Cross Field Day. Supper on the grounds.

Mrs. Don A. H. Powers left Friday for Augusta, where she is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Chas. P. Kinsman.

With any kind of fuel you are safe with a Round Oak Range or Heater from Hamilton & Grant Co.

Postmaster Leon S. Howe, of Presque Isle, was a caller in town last Wednesday, to attend the Fair.

When in Hartland call at Central Garage for auto supplies. Two blocks south of Bridge.

Rev. T. P. Williams will return home the last of this week and resume services at the Congregational Church next Sunday.

Meet your friends at the Big Field Day, Island Park, Woodstock, Sept. 11th. Big Patriotic Field Day.

W. B. Hallett and daughter Mrs. Milton B. Hallett of Ashland were the guests of relatives in town during the Fair.

Read the ad of the Nu Bone Corset in the September number of the Ladies Home Journal. Mrs. Nevers sells the Nu Bone Corset.

We would like to welcome you at our Big Field Day for Red Cross and Soldiers' Comfort at Island Park, Woodstock, Sept. 11th.

Before selling your poultry telephone 152W 336p

Commencing next Saturday the banks will remain open in the afternoon, not closing at 12 noon as they have been doing during the past few months.

Starkey's meat slicer just puts the finishing touch on smoked beef, bacon etc.

Don't forget National Round Oak week at Hamilton & Grant Co., Sept. 7th to 14th.

H. O. Stevens of Caribou, was among the Fair visitors during the week.

This season of the year is when one enjoys drinking Maple Spring Water. Its good for the health. Leave your orders at the TIMES Office.

I will pay cash for live poultry. Tel. 152W 336p

Thos. A. DeCosta, Supt. of Schools at Mars Hill, was in town last week during the Fair.

If you want a hair cut, call at the barber shop; if a saw cut, call at the Saw dentist shop.

Call or Phone if you have poultry for sale. Tel. 152W 336p

Mrs. Bert Doyle of Fort Kent was in town last week calling on friends.

Miss Doris Powers arrived in town on Friday last and is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Geo. E. Dunn, on Main St.

Allston Cushing of Ashland was down last week visiting his daughter, Mrs. P. P. Burleigh.

I will call and get your poultry and pay cash. Telephone 152W 336p

Murray F. Constantine, of Boston, who has been the guest of his grandmother, Mrs. Susan Briggs, Columbia St., has returned home.

Every slice cut just right by Starkey's automatic meat slicer.

Boarding Place For Students Wanted. Write to Houlton Business College, or phone 186M 337

Getting Off Easy

"You're getting home late."
"Yes, I fear I'm in for a bad quarter of an hour."
"You're lucky if that is the limit of your wife's scolding capacity."

Summer Time is Kodak Time

Put a Kodak in your pocket (we have them to fit) when you go on a fishing trip or outing and snap a few shots—

bring the films to us and we will develop and print them for you. The satisfaction of a lasting record of the trip is supreme

J. D. Perry
Jeweler and Optometrist
Market Square Houlton, Maine



POSTUM
is a real factor in the present public service program.

There's No Waste, it Saves Fuel and Sugar, and it is American. Not least, it is Delicious, Healthful, and it Satisfies.

Try **INSTANT POSTUM**

By the way, Millar's is a good place to buy Coffee—

3 lb Genuine Mocha and Java Coffee	\$1.00
3 lb Maleberry	1.00
4 1/2 lb Pan-American	1.00
3 lb Fancy Blend	.95

Millar is Still Making Home Made Candies

Sweet and Wholesome

Try Some of our Specialties Saturday

Seasonable Flowers of Every Kind

We Have the Best in the Floral Line

Chadwick--Florist
Conservatories 16 High Street, Houlton

GOV. MILLIKEN FLAYS CRITICS

Characterizes Opponents of
War Program as Political
Profiteers

MAKES PLAIN STAND
OF ADMINISTRATION

Complete Support Given National Government—Affairs
Conducted on Business Basis
—How Maine Has Made Good

Augusta, Aug. 24.—Before a gathering of 1000 Republicans at Island park this noon, Governor Carl E. Milliken gave his first political speech since his inauguration in January 1917. The address followed a well nigh universal request from newspapers and citizens in general that the Chief Executive reply to some of the criticisms that had been made of his administration.

Governor Milliken did reply and he used no soft words in describing the attacks made upon the war program of the State by men whom he referred to as "political profiteers."

Republicans were present from all parts of Maine. There was a general get-together in the morning and at noon a big lunch of beans baked in the ground was served. Governor Milliken spoke immediately afterwards.

FALSE STORIES TOLD

"It appears, however, that, relying upon this announced policy of the present administration and beguiled no doubt by the intensity of their craving for public office, certain gentlemen have been industriously going about the State for the past five or six months, spreading stories which they knew to be untrue and seeking especially to sow unrest and dissatisfaction in the minds of the people in regard to the administration in this State of the various acts of Congress and regulations of the War Department which are absolutely essential to the recruiting and equipment of our army."

"Now so long as these gentlemen confine themselves to personal attack upon me or even to an attempt at reviving the animosity and bitterness of partisanship which have been forgotten in Maine since the war began I am reasonably content to let them go their way unhindered. In following such a course they do not represent the sober good judgment of the great mass of voters in their own party. In making the cry of partisanship at a time when the hearts of our people are turned to the breaking point these gentlemen are showing the same degree of tact which a politician would display in selling upon the occasion when a crowd had gathered for a funeral in order to address the assembly upon his qualifications as a prospective office-holder."

"And I have even suffered in silence their attempts to mislead the people in regard to the management of those activities where the present State administration represents, not the government of Maine, but the War Department and the Government of the United States, for it is my duty above everything else to see to it that the orders of the War Department are carried out smoothly and efficiently in Maine and no political danger to myself could justify my engaging in discussions of the unjust criticism of the administration of military laws so long as there was a possibility that the smooth operation of this highly important and delicate machinery might be better served by my silence."

TIME TO SPEAK OUT

"The time has come, however, when in the interest of the military laws themselves these unreasonable and unjust criticisms ought no longer to go unrebuked for repeated criticism of those charged with the administration of the law cannot fail to arouse popular distrust of the law itself. This is not my view alone; it is shared by my superiors in Washington who are charged with the important duty of administering these same laws throughout the Nation."

"I have thought it proper, therefore, to leave my public duties long enough to discuss frankly and as briefly as possible some of the features of the operation of this delicate and complicated machine into whose gear boxes some gentlemen have lately been throwing sand in the course of their campaign for public office."

with 181 Republicans and 48 Democrats voting 'yes' and with 38 Republicans and 189 Democrats voting 'no' in this, as in all other measures essential for the prosecution of the war, our Maine delegation in Washington stood loyally by the Government of the United States and voted in favor of the bill. We now know that any considerable delay in the passage of the bill would have brought about danger to the cause of the Allies and that failure to pass it at that session of Congress would have brought utter ruin."

"The law operates through local and district boards nominated by the governors of the states and appointed by the President. The governor of a state has nothing whatever to do with the decisions of the boards after they are appointed and in transmitting rules and regulations to them for their guidance acts merely through the adjutant general's office as the representative of the War Department in Washington. I ask you to note this point carefully because recently in the interests of certain candidates, if not by the candidates themselves, a systematic attempt has been made to create the impression in the minds of the people that the decision as to which men should go to war rested entirely with the Governor and that those who have gone have been sent because of his personal caprice."

INEQUALITIES OF CLASSIFICATION

"Some time ago it became apparent that different local boards were following different rules in classifying men for military service. Speaking in general terms, four local boards had put practically all their married men in class four while the remaining twenty boards had followed the regulations more nearly and had classified married registrants in class four or in a higher class according to whether the family of the registrant seemed incapable or capable of comfortable financial support if the registrant should enter the service."

"In the effort to correct this inequality, the authorities at Washington suggested to the adjutant general's office that a general appeal might be taken from the local boards to the district boards in all class four cases. It was suggested that an order for similar appeals was under consideration for the entire country. In his desire to carry out promptly every suggestion of the War Department the adjutant general prepared an order of this kind and sent it to the government appeal agents of some of the boards. At this point the matter came to my attention and I had the order withdrawn and instructed the adjutant general that we would not issue such an order in this State so long as the matter came merely as a suggestion from Washington, but only in the event of definite orders from Washington."

"Some weeks later the definite order did come from Washington together with the statement that it was proposed to issue the same order to all the states and the same order was in fact issued to many of them if not to all of them."

"I not only did not initiate or suggest this procedure but now that the order is no longer in force I am free to say that I did not and do not approve of it and the fact that General Crowder and his associates later rescinded the order shows that they finally decided it was unwise and that the desired results could be secured in another way."

ORDER FROM WASHINGTON

"You will note, however, that the order was given by Washington and passed along to the local boards and appeal agents like any other military order, that while it was in force the adjutant general and myself were in duty bound to carry it out in Maine and to refrain from discussing its wisdom or unwisdom."

"You will note also that the order was never a re-classification order but only directed that decisions of the local boards in class four cases be reviewed by the district boards and re-classified as occasion might require in cases where the local board was found to be in error. Neither the Governor nor the adjutant general have ever had any authority to direct decisions or to influence decisions of either local or district boards and no such attempt has ever been made in any instance."

"Any statement to the contrary shows either gross ignorance of the law or a deliberate intention to deceive. Had the order remained in force these cases would all have been

re-viewed by district boards upon which were sitting such well known and respected Democrats as Judge F. Wade Halliday of Newport, Judge William L. Newell of Lewiston and Mr. Leslie McIntire of East Waterford.

HOW DEPENDENCY WAS DETERMINED

"At the time when the so-called re-classification order was issued from Washington, we were compelled to treat any aid which would be paid by a city or town to the relatives of a registrant under the provisions of Chapter 278, Laws of 1917, as part of the revenue to be considered in determining whether the family could be maintained in his absence if he were sent to war. The fact that Maine is one of the very few states in the Union which compel the payment of aid by cities and towns to the families of soldiers and sailors created a situation where the generosity of the Legislature in this respect would result in our proportion of class two registrants being larger than in the average state. This came about, of course, because the payment of as much as \$40 a month to a family from this source would often make the difference between dependency and independence and would therefore place the registrant in class two where in the average state he would be in class four. It was not competent for either the adjutant general or the Governor to argue with their military superiors from Washington about this regulation. We asked General Crowder's office three separate times whether aid from such a source should be included in the revenue of a family in determining dependency and were told positively that it should be included. There was, therefore, nothing for us to do but to instruct local and district boards accordingly. The members of the Maine delegation in Washington were not, however, under similar restraint and made urgent representations to General Crowder setting forth the unfairness of this regulation to the State of Maine. These representations culminated in a letter to General Crowder signed by Senators Fernald and Hale on June 21st. This was acknowledged by General Crowder on June 25th and on June 26th as a result of this correspondence and the urgent representations of the Maine members of the House I received the following telegram from General Crowder:

"Instruct local and district boards that in considering claims for deferred classification on dependency grounds they will disregard income provided by the State or municipalities for the maintenance of dependents while the registrants upon whose labors these persons are dependent for support are in the military service of the United States."

"The so-called re-classification order had in the meantime been rescinded and immediately upon receipt of this telegram I summoned the members of the district boards and the chairman and appeal agent of each local board for a conference at Augusta where the effect of this new ruling was explained to them and they were instructed to classify their registrants accordingly."

"I have related this history at some length in order to make plain that the Governor and adjutant general were acting in every instance under definite orders from Washington. General Crowder's office has always said so in response to any inquiries upon the subject and those who spread stories to the contrary are not only misrepresenting the facts but are seriously threatening the smooth and efficient operation of the selective service law. They have deliberately exploited for their own political advantage the natural sensitiveness of the public mind on all matters relating to the selection of men for the military service, and they have therefore earned the title of 'political profiteer'."

"For we have coined the word 'profiteer' to describe the man who commercializes his country's emergency for his personal financial gain, and by his side we must place the politician who risks hampering the administration of necessary military laws for the sake of gaining possible advantage over a political opponent."

PRECEDENT FOR AID LAW

"These 'political profiteers' have also been trying to trade upon the tenderness with which we all regard the relatives of men in the service by spreading false reports about the attitude of the Governor and Council toward dependents of soldiers and sailors. The law covering this subject, Chapter 278 of the Public Laws of

1917, was one of the war-emergency measures passed by the Legislature during the time between President Wilson's message to Congress the evening of April second, 1917, and the adjournment of the Legislature April seventh. It was one of the few problems which we have had to deal with when there was a precedent to go by. Looking back to the records at the time of the Civil War, we found that a law providing aid for dependents of soldiers and sailors was passed by the Maine Legislature in 1861, amended in 1882 and again in 1883 and again passed in new form in 1884. The changes made were evidently those that grew out of experience and we took the act of 1884 as our model except that the minimum amount of aid required to be furnished by cities and towns was made more than five times as great as in the law of 1884."

"This act is generally known as the 'State Aid Law' from the fact that a certain amount of money furnished by cities and towns to dependents of soldiers and sailors is reimbursed to them by the State under the provisions of the act. But in view of the persistent misrepresentation lately upon this point, you should carefully note that it is strictly an act providing that cities and towns shall aid dependents of soldiers and sailors. Certain minimum amounts are required to be furnished by the city or town and no maximum limit is imposed upon the amount to be furnished and no restrictions are specified as to the age or condition of the dependent of the soldier's family. In other words, the statute lays upon the towns and cities the duty of providing for any needs that may arise in the dependent family of a soldier or sailor in the service of the United States. The only condition is the existence of need in the judgment of the municipal officers, and furthermore it is expressly provided that such aid to the dependents of soldiers and sailors shall not be furnished out of pauper funds and shall not create any pauper status on the part of those receiving it."

GOVERNOR AND COUNCIL DO NOT DECIDE CASES

"The Governor and Council have nothing whatever to do with deciding who shall or shall not receive financial aid under this act. The decision rests wholly with the municipal officers and any failure to provide for the necessities of dependents of soldiers or any payments paid for that purpose out of pauper funds are violations of the law on the part of the municipal officers and indicate either ignorance or carelessness on their part."

"In the interest of certain candidates for office and in some instances by the candidates themselves, it has been repeatedly stated that the Governor and Council had given aid or refused to give aid in certain cases and that towns could not furnish aid except under the pauper law. These statements are absolutely untrue and indicate either gross ignorance and carelessness or a deliberate intention to deceive."

"The function of the Governor and Council is solely to determine how much of the aid paid to the dependents of soldiers and sailors by the cities and towns under this act shall be reimbursed to them by the State. The question with which we deal is wholly a question of the State on page hand

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TO GIVE BULLETINS FROM HOSPITALS

Exact information concerning wounded and sick American soldiers admitted to hospitals overseas will be made immediately available to relatives or friends of the men under a plan being worked out at the war department. Secretary Baker said he had visited the office of Surg. Gen. Gorgas to look into the daily reports from the hospitals with a view to having them carded, catalogued and tabulated so that the most instant information could be given to all inquiries.

The hospital records, Mr. Baker said will be brought here weekly by courier from France and thus it will be possible to give the exact nature of the wound of the disease from which the men are suffering. The information will be available through the adjutant general.

The task of installing the system will be a big one, but the war secretary believes the information should be available for in thousands of cases it will relieve unnecessary distress and doubt which follows appearance of the name of the man on casualty lists as wounded, degree undetermined, or severely.

NOTICE

I, the undersigned hereby give notice that I have this day given my son, Ed. Landry, the balance of his time during his minority, and I will claim none of his earnings nor pay any of his debts that are contracted after this date, and give this notice for that purpose.

Dated at Soldier Pond, Maine this 12th day of August, 1918.

HENRY LANDRY.

Witness: J. M. Brown

334

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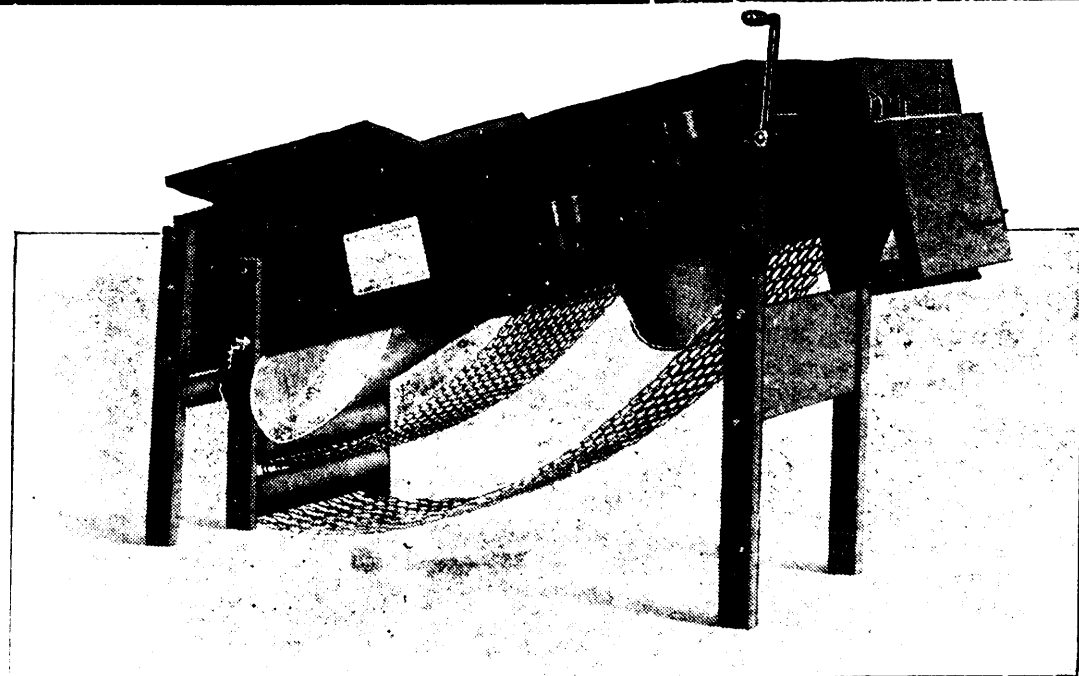
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UNSHAKEN FAITH

To fight, to work, to be cheerful and cherish unshaken faith in the outcome of the present great war—these are not only duties but privileges which should awaken in all of us the desire and determination for useful service.

Stand by the Government in every expedient for a just cause which means so much to all.

Houlton Trust Co.
Houlton, Maine

GOV. MILLIKEN SPEECH

When the Governor of the State of Maine, the resident or a family of which the soldier, sailor or marine is the head.

"Here again the restrictions are binding only upon the Governor and Council in determining amounts to be repaid to cities and towns. They do not prevent the cities and towns from paying any amount that may be necessary and any financial aid so paid must be paid without creating the pauper status. In interpreting this provision of the law, we were advised by the attorney general that the words 'aged, infirm and dependent relatives' meant just what they appear to mean and that we were authorized to reimburse cities and towns only for payment to relatives where all three conditions were present, that is, age, infirmity and dependency.

INTERPRETATION OF 'AGED'.

"The question of the interpretation of the word 'aged' in terms of years was the subject of long and careful consideration. Bear in mind that we were not considering the question of whether aid should be granted to any dependent. This question is always to be decided by a municipal officer and to be decided upon their judgment as to whether reasonable need exists. But in order to do our duty between the State on the one hand and the cities and towns on the other we had to agree upon some dividing line beyond which a dependent relative of a soldier or sailor should be deemed 'aged' and therefore a proper case for reimbursement to the city or town if he or she were an infirm and dependent and a member of the family of which the soldier, sailor or marine was the head. After careful examination of valuable authorities and consultation with the attorney general we agreed upon sixty years as a reasonable age to be regarded as a dividing line and advised the cities and towns accordingly. In view of the recent efforts to make political capital out of this so-called State aid law, it is interesting to note that the best information in my command Maine is one of only four or five states compelling payment of aid to families of soldiers and sailors in addition to the aid provided by the Federal Government. In proportion to our resources, the provision made for such aid under this law is far more liberal than in the case of any other state. Payments for reimbursement of cities and towns during the first six months of 1918 will amount to over \$120,000 and for the last six months of this year will probably exceed \$200,000. Payments made by cities and towns to more than 2000 families have been approved for reimbursement.

NO ONE HAS SUFFERED.

"I desire further to call your attention to the fact that while the Governor and Council were obliged to comply strictly with the law, in the amounts paid to cities and towns under this act, we have gone far beyond any legal duty imposed upon us in seeing to it that every case of need brought to our attention was properly cared for. Much distress and inconvenience have been occasioned by delay in receiving from the Federal Government apportionments from the pay of soldiers and also by delay in receiving the aid to which the dependents of soldiers and sailors are entitled to from the Federal Government. We have worked out a complete co-operative arrangement between the Civilian Relief Department of the Red Cross and the Maine Public Safety Committee covering every city and town in the State so that any individual case of need or distress could be given personal attention at once through these agencies. It is our custom to follow up every such case that comes to our attention and if the need is temporary as, for example, during delay in receipt of Government funds or if for any other reason the situation is not fully met through regular channels, the Red Cross has never yet failed to provide whatever was necessary in the emergency.

"The pathetic tales recently spread broadcast by certain candidates regarding the death of a soldier's mother in the almshouse and other cases of alleged neglect are so far as we can check them up untrue in fact and certainly unfair in the inference sought to be drawn from them.

GYRATORY GENTLEMEN.

"This detailed recital of the real facts regarding the draft law and the law providing for aid for the dependents of soldiers has been put before you at some length in order to show you how baseless and misleading are the two chief charges made against the present administration by a small group of political professors in their enthusiastic pursuit of public office. They have indulged in other complaints and fault-finding too numerous and petty to mention here, most of them untrue in fact and all of them so far as they have been brought to my attention unjust in the subtle insinuation intended. Their plan has been to ignore any good work that may have been done and, mindful of the fact that a bit of dust in the eye will blot out the view of the finest landscape, to throw dust continuously in the eyes of the voters of Maine to obscure their vision on election day. The nature of their campaign thus far suggests the suspicion that these vociferous and gyratory gentlemen have suffered some distortion in their own mental vision due no doubt to the intense pangs of the hunger for public office with which they are afflicted. It is suggested in this connection that criticism of certain features of a complicated and difficult program, even if it turns out to be fair and constructive criticism, does not necessarily demonstrate that the critic is qualified to take over the whole task and improve existing conditions. Out of all the partisan clamor that during the past six weeks has arisen in various parts of Maine, I do not at the moment recall a constructive suggestion or a single hint of any new program for more efficient or complete co-operation with the Federal Government in the prosecution of the war.

PROUD RECORD OF MAINE.

"Some of us have been straining every nerve and working night and day to help win the war and at the same time protect the physical, moral and financial health of the State of Maine against the strain of war conditions and the reconstruction period that must follow. The Maine members of the Senate and House in Washington have joyfully supported the President of the United States with the Legislature in view. The members of the Maine Legislature without distinction of party have helped make Maine's record possible by laying the foundation for a sound business program and enacting the necessary war measures. There has been hearty cooperation among the heads of State

departments in the great task and the strong and capable men who compose the present Executive Council have used their business judgment and executive energy without stint.

"Members of exemption boards and the various advisory boards, members of the public safety committees and the various welfare and relief organizations have worked devotedly for the common purpose. Any of us are willing to be superseded any time by those who can show better fitness for the task in hand. For the great goal is prompt and decisive victory and no individual's life or health or personal ambition is worth a moment's consideration compared with the winning of the war.

"The magnificent response of the State of Maine to the challenge of the war program has been the natural expression of the patriotism of our people. It has been our task to stimulate and supplement these patriotic impulses by every resource at the command of the State government and to keep the war activities of our State in close harmony with the program of the National Government.

"Maine stands first in volunteer enlistments considering all branches of the service, has the record for the entire country for prompt recruiting and equipping a complete national Guard regiment, and has now mustered in a fourth National Guard Organization known officially as the Third Maine Infantry because the natural patriotism of our people was supplemented by proper recruiting campaigns at the State's expense.

"No unit of Maine troops has lacked any necessary comfort or equipment. Whatever was lacking from the Federal Government we have purchased at the State's expense without delay and without red tape. Before 3 o'clock in the morning after President Wilson read his war message, we had telegrams on the wire clinching the necessary equipment for raising our regiments to war strength.

"By securing our own patrolboat fleet, we provided for the protection of the Maine coast long before this result could otherwise have been accomplished by the Navy Department.

"It was not by chance but by a long and patient process of negotiation with the bureaus of labor and immigration in Washington and the Canadian Government that restrictions on the Canadian border were modified so as to avert the disastrous labor shortage that threatened our industrial and agricultural interests.

"Through the Public Safety Committee and in co-operation with the Federal Government we have conducted a steady campaign for increased food production and have led the nation both in point of time and efficiency in solving the problem of supplementing farm labor by the use of boys of high school age.

"A committee on shipbuilding under the able leadership of Governor Cobb, after many conferences with the shipping board in Washington succeeded in adapting the construction plans to Maine conditions so as to allow the placing of more than \$8,000,000 worth of contracts in Maine shipyards.

"In co-operation with the Federal Government and especially with the surgeon-general of the army sanitation zones around important naval and shipyard points have been marked out and campaigns are in progress in the centers of population in the State against the special diseases most injurious to the health of our Army and Navy.

"The earliest and most efficient relief to the sufferers in the Halifax disaster was mobilized by telephone from my office and sent from the State of Maine. Maine, in fact, was the only State which sent a relief expedition and paid its expenses out of State funds.

"Special arrangements have been made for the reception of returned soldiers afflicted with tuberculosis or with shell shock and a plan is now being worked out for surgical treatment at the State's expense for men of draft age who can by such means be made available for military service.

"Maine was the first State to present a complete plan in Washington for vocational training in co-operation with the Federal Government and the first to provide such training at State expense for men of draft age.

"Maine has also put into operation at her own expense a more thorough and complete organization for apprehension of slackers, delinquents and deserters than I know of in any other state.

"These activities and many others that might be mentioned have presented problems without precedent, have required prompt decisions, and have involved frequent contact and close co-operation with the Maine delegation in Washington and various departments of the Federal Government. We have had no time to brag about what we have been doing and many of our most difficult and delicate problems have been so involved with military matters that they could not be made public at all.

MONEY SAVED IN TAXES.

"High prices resulting from war conditions have introduced the same perplexities and emergencies into the business affairs of the State that confront the average man in his family expense account. I have no time to tell you in detail how these problems have been met. It is sufficient to say that every need of each State department and institution has been fully met, the road-building program has been continued at less increase above normal cost and with less overhead charge than in any other eastern state. All building projects except those which were delayed with the approval of the Capital Issues Board have been carried on, and yet in the fact of war conditions and increased costs, we have run the State at a tax rate of two mills less per year than the auditor of the previous administration estimated would be necessary. This has meant a saving of more than two million dollars in the two years and any of you gentlemen can note the saving in your own particular county from the following list of figures:

County	Saving in Two Years
Androscoggin	\$171,905.71
Aroostook	177,288.91
Barnstable	88,885.41
Franklin	58,884.48
Hancock	90,915.38
Henry	187,079.82
Lincoln	38,798.40
Madison	227,189.54
Penobscot	87,139.87
Piscataquis	46,741.92
Sagadahoc	119,821.64
Sherburne	46,912.30
Washington	72,044.39
York	174,877.08
Total	\$1,085,611.72

"There was a substantial saving even from these figures in the year 1917 as indicated by the contingent fund balance of over \$300,000 on July first, 1918, a balance accumulated out of unexpended appropriations for the previous year. These will be a

substantial balance on the right side at the end of the year 1918.

"The results were made possible in the first instance by the wise act of the Legislature in adopting the budget system and further by close personal attention of the heads of departments, members of the Executive Council and myself to every detail of the State's business. No checking accounts are now held for the State of Maine outside the State Treasury. All receipts and disbursements are to and from the treasury itself. The record of each day's transaction is laid on my desk at the close of the day's business. Employees are paid weekly and merchandise accounts every two weeks, and all items to be paid pass under my eye and are approved by the committee of the Governor's Council before payment is actually made.

NO CONCEALMENT; NO APOLOGY.

"In general, without taking more of your time in a discussion of the details, let me say that the present State Administration has nothing to conceal and nothing to apologize for. We have treated the State's business from a business standpoint and not from a political standpoint. We have carried out unflinchingly our promise to the people that the resources of the State would be used to the utmost for the rigid and impartial enforcement of all the laws of the State. I have always been accessible to any citizen who wanted to see me for any purpose and have listened patiently to all the advice that has been given me about appointments and all other public questions, but I have made my own decisions and no man or group of men could ever dictate what course of action I should follow. I have consistently refused to remove Democrats from office during the term for which they have been appointed unless I had a sufficient reason other than the fact that he belonged to a different political party, and no political influence has been sufficient to secure the appointment of even a janitor to the State House, unless we felt satisfied that he was qualified for his job. I am not indifferent to political success or failure nor am I ignorant of the supposed requirements of political expediency, but I can honestly say to you this afternoon that not since taking the oath of office in January, 1917, have I turned aside from what seemed

to be my duty. I am of the positive political effect of any action of mine. The present State administration in Maine stands for complete co-operation with the Federal government in every item of the war program for management of the State's affairs in accordance with business principles and for uniform uncompromising enforcement of the law. In common with the Maine delegation at Washington, we are in the midst of a difficult and delicate task. It is for the voters of Maine to say whether they wish to endorse this sort of program we have offered them and keep the experienced crew on the job."

LLOYD GEORGE ON

AFTER-WAR PERILS

"There is a new land confronting us," said Premier Lloyd George in a recent speech. "What manner of country it will be," he continued, "will depend on how the war goes on and how things go after the war."

"I am more confident today than I have ever been, and for reasons it would not be relevant for me to enter on at the moment; but one of the latest reasons is the impression made on me by the American troops I saw in France. They are superb in material and in training, and in the way they have borne themselves in the trying conditions of battle they have fought. I found a great spirit of confidence which strengthens our conviction of victory.

"The war has upset everything, and when it is over the falling back into normal conditions will be another disturbance. There will be a great social and economic disturbance.

"There are two alternatives. One is that the war will have sobered the millions who have passed through the fires, whether in France or in the anxieties at home. Their vision will have been broadened, their sympathy deepened, their outlook and purpose made clearer, firmer and more exalted. There are millions who have been in daily contact with death, walking

hourly over its trap doors. They have come into contact with terrible realities. That is one view.

"The other is that there are millions who for these years have endured privations, discomfort, wretchedness, as well as panic and terror, and who have made up their minds to have a good time for the rest of their lives when it is over. That is a very dangerous frame of mind for a nation to be in."



Gray Hair
Gray Hair Health

A very meritorious preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff and as a hair dressing. Is not a dye. Generous sized bottles at all druggists, ready to use when you get it. PHILIP HAY CO. Newark, N. J.

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.22 Caliber Rifles and Cartridges
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EVERYBODY is beginning to see the difference between right rifle shooting and aimless "potting around" and go-as-you-please "target shooting." The trend of the times toward efficiency is leading thousands to follow the Government's wishes and shoot the official N. K. A. small-bore courses (not military) adopted for civilian and junior marksmen.

Remington UMC .22 Caliber Rifles and Cartridges, made to shoot right, are first choice for this shooting, because they measure up to the highest standard of accuracy required. Get in line with a Remington UMC .22 Caliber Rifle and Remington Cartridges and win the official Government decorations awarded for proficiency by the National Rifle Association.

Sold by Sporting Goods Dealers in Your Community

For information about the new Small-Bore Courses, ask the Secretary of any civilian or boys' rifle club, or address the National Rifle Association, 1118 Woodward Building, Washington, D. C.

THE REMINGTON ARMS UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE COMPANY, Inc.
Largest Manufacturers of Firearms and Ammunition in the World
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FORDSON TRACTOR

DIRECT TO FARMERS AT FACTORY PRICES

Henry Ford's Gift to Civilization

Henry Ford has given the world a tractor that will revolutionize farming—and help win the war. Lord Northcliffe recently wrote in the London Times: "I mounted a Fordson Tractor and plowed a half-mile furrow in about eight minutes—a speed of four miles an hour. Any boy or girl can drive it".

THE FORDSON TRACTOR IS A PROVEN SUCCESS—6,000 ARE WORKING DAY AND NIGHT IN ENGLAND—SEVERAL THOUSAND MORE ARE REVOLUTIONIZING FARMING IN WESTERN STATES—AND IN NEW ENGLAND THOSE ALREADY IN USE HAVE PROVED THAT THE FORD TRACTOR IS THE BEST ADAPTED FOR NEW ENGLAND CONDITIONS.

Henry Ford built over a million automobiles

THIS GAVE HIM SUPREME EXPERIENCE. TO THIS EXPERIENCE HE ADDED THREE SOLID YEARS OF EXPERIMENTS AND MANY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS. THEN, AND THEN ONLY, HE GAVE TO THE WORLD THE WONDERFUL FORDSON TRACTOR.

And Now He Makes an Offer to New England Farmers

You Can Buy a Fordson 4-Cylinder Tractor for \$750

F. O. B. Dearborn, Mich.

This is the same price paid by England for her 6,000 Tractors—by Canada, Michigan and Ohio, for 1,000 Tractors they each bought

Four Cylinders

Some years ago there were a lot of 1 and 2 cylinder automobiles. Where are they now? They're as dead as a Dodo. Would you buy a one or two cylinder automobile today? About eight of every ten automobiles made in this country today are 4 cylinder cars.

THAT'S THE ANSWER

PRICE \$750 F. O. B. DEARBORN, MICH.

Fifty 4-cylinder tractors listed in a standard index average \$1,729 in price F. O. B. factory—about \$1,000 more than the Fordson 4-cylinder Tractor.

This is Not a Selling Proposition

MR. FORD COULD EASILY DISPOSE OF ALL THE TRACTORS HE COULD MAKE IN THE NEXT FIVE YEARS TO FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS OR OUR OWN WESTERN STATES. BUT HE WANTS NEW ENGLAND TO HAVE HER SHARE

Henry Ford Wants to Help New England

I am working on this proposition without profit. I charge you \$750 F. O. B. factory, and I pay Henry Ford & Son \$750 F. O. B. factory. You pay \$750 plus delivery charges. The cost of this "adv." comes out of my own pocket. I am glad to spend the money to talk to you about this wonderful offer because we all must raise more food.

A clause in my contract with Henry Ford & Son reads " * * * you are allotted 500 tractors for New England. It is understood that you are to handle this distribution as a patriotic measure without profit * * * . The whole arrangement is a war measure to procure the greatest food production possible * * * ."

I SHALL THUS SELL IN AROOSTOOK COUNTY 14 OF THESE TRACTORS WITHOUT PROFIT, DISTRIBUTING THEM SO THAT EVERY SECTION OF THE COUNTY SHALL GET ITS SHARE.

Now, Mr. Farmer. It's Up to You

Here's Your Chance, Now

For a full technical description let us send you a circular

P. H. REED, Distributor for Aroostook County

Fort Fairfield, Maine

SURROUNDING TOWNS

HODGDON

Mrs. John Pike of Rhode Island is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Luther Glidden of Patten was visiting here last week.

Several farmers are digging potatoes and find the yield very good.

Mr. Edward Tidd of Mass. has recently been the guest of relatives here.

Mrs. William Pike has returned from a trip to the southern part of the state.

Fuel Administrator's request to save Gasoline on Sundays was generally observed in this town.

Miss Gladys Tidd of Providence, R. I., who has been visiting friends here, returned to her home last week.

The Good Will Club under the direction of Rev. Fletcher, will meet at the Baptist Grove Wednesday P. M.

Large crowds from this town attended the Houlton Fair and were much pleased with each day's program, also all parts of the exhibition.

EAST HODGDON

Cecil Grant, son of J. W. C. Grant, went to Camp Devens last Wednesday.

The Ladies Aid will meet with Mrs. Alvin Benson on Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert London spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Everett London.

Miss Dora Lister of Millville, N. B. is visiting her cousin, Miss Eva Grant this week.

Robert Duff of Millville was the guest of his sister, Mrs. Alvin Benson last week.

Rev. Mr. Thompson will occupy the pulpit of the Union Church next Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Libby of Houlton were with Mr. and Mrs. Edw. Henderson on Sunday.

Mrs. James Roach of Campbell, N. Y. spent Wednesday with her sister, Mrs. Orrin Taylor.

Fuel Administrator's request to save Gasoline on Sundays was generally observed in this town.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Stephenson of Houlton spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Henderson.

Mr. and Mrs. Garnet Campbell of Woodstock, N. B. were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Turney on Sunday.

Mrs. John Scanlin and two sons of Smyrna Mills and Miss Sadie Taylor of Presque Isle were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Orrin Taylor last week.

LITTLETON

Mrs. Varney Putnam of Danforth is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Mary Kelly of Orono is visiting her cousin, Mrs. L. F. Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Beals of Jonesport are guests at the home of Rev. H. H. Cosman.

Mrs. Ira G. Hersey and niece, Miss Dillen, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. O. V. Jenkins.

Wilbur Robinson and Alfred Crawford left Wednesday, Aug. 28th, for Camp Devens.

There will be a meeting of the local Red Cross at Grange Hall on Thursday, Sept. 5th.

Fuel Administrator's request to save Gasoline on Sundays was generally observed in this town.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Titcomb, Mrs. Amanda Bubar and guest, Mrs. Varney Putnam went to Island Falls, Thursday.

Cecil, the ten-year-old son of Arthur Elliott, fell from the shed chamber recently and broke his arm just above the elbow.

A. B. Jenkins of Wypitlock returned home Monday after spending a week at the home of his brother, O. V. Jenkins.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse P. Tracy are receiving congratulations on the birth of twins, a son and daughter, Tuesday, Aug. 27th, at the Madigan Hospital.

At the Houlton Fair, Mrs. J. A. Wolvertson won first prize on butter in prints, second prize on packed butter, first prize on best display of flowers.

Mrs. Chas. B. Porter received first prize on several varieties of apples, first prize on bouquet of asters. Willis Porter received second prize on bouquet of asters.

LINNEUS

Mr. Elbert T. Tuell is one of the Jurymen at Caribou this week.

Mrs. Lucy Ruth of Abion spent last week with Mrs. James H. Ruth.

Mrs. Emory Shields of Winterport is visiting relatives and friends here.

Wilfred Ruth and Alton Esterbrooks left last Wednesday for Camp Devens.

Mrs. Naomi Logie and Mrs. Hughie Boles are visiting relatives in Miramichi, N. B.

Mrs. Abbie Burton and daughter, Miss Helen, of Bangor, are visiting relatives here.

Waldo Bither is spending the week in Presque Isle visiting relatives and attending the Fair.

Mrs. Roy Niles of Houlton spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Bubar.

Fuel Administrator's request to save Gasoline on Sundays was generally observed in this town.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira E. Ruth of Smyrna Mills spent Friday night with Mr. and Mrs. James H. Ruth.

Mr. John K. Henderson and family of Littleton spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Claude Ruth.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Adams and daughter, Miss Flora, autored to Island Falls and Patten last Saturday.

Mrs. Henry C. Adams spent several days last week in Houlton with her daughter, Mrs. Byron Stewart.

Mrs. Pearl Bickford and son Harold of Millinocket spent last week with her brother, Garfield Burton and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Dobbins of Jonesport are spending two weeks with their daughter, Mrs. I. G. Stewart and family.

Mrs. Harry Sawyer returned Sunday evening after a few days visit with her sister, Mrs. John Stewart at Houlton.

Mr. S. B. Carr of Davidson spent several days here last week with his daughters, Misses Mildred and Meredith Carr.

Miss Fern Finch returned to her home in Patten last week after spending three weeks with her uncle, Will J. Finch and family.

Mr. Fred Bither and family, Mr. Alex Bubar and Miss Beatrice Moir of Houlton spent Sunday afternoon here with relatives and friends.

Messrs. Corey Bubar, Roy Bither, Karl Logie and Misses Della Bubar, and Fay Logie autored to Upper Britton, N. B., last Saturday returning Monday.

Miss Annie Sawyer, who has been suffering with a throat trouble the past few weeks, submitted to an operation at Aroostook Hospital last Saturday.

Mr. James Ruth and Mrs. Edna Henderson were married at the Parsonage last evening, August 28, by Rev. Mrs. Florence Carver. Many

friends offer congratulations.

Charles Porter of Hodgdon has many friends here who are sorry to learn of his sickness in the Aroostook Hospital, where he was operated upon for appendicitis last week and they hope for a speedy recovery.

LUDLOW

Mrs. Carroll Harding of Clinton was the guest of Mrs. Stanley McCain one day last week.

Rev. Mr. Speed of Houlton conducted services at the Baptist church Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Emory Moore spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Laurel Hotham in Houlton.

Fuel Administrator's request to save Gasoline on Sundays was generally observed in this town.

Willis and Ada Hovey of Woodstock, N. B., spent Friday in town guests of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Haley.

The Red Cross meeting will be held at the home Mrs. Maurice Haley, Thursday afternoon of this week.

Mrs. F. J. Weiler of Amherst, Mass. arrived home Friday to spend a few weeks with her mother, Mrs. J. E. Mersereau.

Mrs. Maud Pearson, who has been spending the summer with relatives in town, returned Monday to her home in South Dakota.

Mrs. Eliza Mooers entertained at her home Sunday afternoon about seventy-five of her relatives. The occasion being in honor of her daughter, Mrs. Clara Stewart of Skowhegan, and niece, Mrs. Maud Pearson of South Dakota. The gathering broke up at an early hour wishing Mrs. Mooers many happy returns of the day.

LETTER B

Miss Willie Stevens spent several days last week with relatives in Houlton.

Mrs. Lettie Hovey of Houlton spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. Geo. Carpenter.

Miss Josephine Carpenter spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Carpenter.

Fuel Administrator's request to save Gasoline on Sundays was generally observed in this town.

School opened this Monday in the Lasky District with Miss Millie Scott of Hodgdon as teacher.

Mrs. James Gardiner and two daughters, Lillian and Geneva, are visiting relatives in Island Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Adams of Patten spent Sunday at the home of his brother, Earl Adams.

Mrs. John Watson of Houlton and Mrs. Carrie Webb and son of Bangor were calling on relatives here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Carpenter and Mr. and Mrs. Earl Adams spent Sunday afternoon with relatives in Ludlow.

Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Carpenter and family, and Mr. and Mrs. William Scott spent Sunday with relatives in Hodgdon.

Mr. and Mrs. James Mitchell and Mrs. Everett Mitchell of Bridgton, R. I. spent a few days last week with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Mitchell of this town.

OAKFIELD

Mr. Harry B. Fisher attended the Bangor Fair last week.

Mr. P. H. Martin returned to New York City on the Monday night Pullman.

Mrs. Willis Garcelon of Bangor is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wilber Garcelon.

Fuel Administrator's request to save Gasoline on Sundays was generally observed in this town.

Mrs. N. H. Martin of Fort Fairfield is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Martin for a few days.

Miss Mildred Crowell of Richmond, Me., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Bishop for a few days.

Mr. F. H. Stimson has recently

NO SUNDAY RIDE?
NEVER MIND—
WHAT YOU SAVE.
ON GASOLENE
YOU CAN SPEND
ON B. F. A. CIGARS—
SWEET SMOKE
SATISFACTION FOR SIX CENTS

Just Remember
This One Thing—
about
your
Battery—

It will wear out—any battery will—even with the most careful treatment. Neglect will wear it out faster and result in waste that is unprofitable in these times.

Our Battery Inspection Service detects budding troubles and helps you to get longest possible life out of your battery. This service is free—drive around for it, say, once a month.

Square-Deal Repair Service for any battery regardless of make.

We Sell THE BATTERY WITH THE DREADNAUGHT

HOULTON BATTERY SERVICE CO.
Auto Row, Bangor St.

bought a farm in Waterville, where he expects to move about Sept. 15th.

Mr. P. J. Garcelon expects to extend his Electric Light System from Smyrna Mills to Oakfield early in September.

N. C. Martin began to dig and ship potatoes on Aug. 29th, having for pickers several of the High School girls of the town.

Mr. J. E. Ruth, formerly manager of the Smyrna Mills Grange Store, will open a flour and feed store at Oakfield in a few days.

There will be no more pictures shown at the Martin Theatre for a few days. Announcement of new starting date will be made in this paper.

The Great Northern Paper Co. have several men engaged building five or six camps on their tract of wild land in Dyer Brook for their extensive lumber operations this winter.

DYER BROOK

Several from this town attended the Houlton Fair.

Mrs. F. A. Crook was a caller in Houlton Saturday.

Mrs. W. R. Dresser, Calais, is visiting Mrs. D. N. Cookson for a few weeks.

Mrs. Ida Powers is in Portland visiting her daughter Mrs. DeForest Perkins.

Mrs. C. E. Bell, Hoyt Sta., N. B., is in town the guest of her mother, Mrs. Lucy Clark.

The Fuel Administrator's request to save Gasoline on Sundays was generally observed in this town.

Your
TEETH
deserve
the
best of
care

Euthymol
Tooth Paste

CLEANSSES
PROTECTS
BEAUTIFIES
THE TEETH

IT IS MADE BY
PARKE, DAVIS & COMPANY
WHOSE NAME IS
SUFFICIENT GUARANTY
OF EXCELLENCE

We recommend EUTHYMOL to all who desire a strictly high grade, scientifically prepared dentifrice.

L. A. BARKER & CO.
Oakfield, Maine

R. H. Howard and wife who were in Millinocket, Bangor and other places, returned home several days ago.

The Great Northern Paper Co. are in town and plan to have about 200 men to cut pulp on this township.

Mrs. F. D. March, Greenville, Jct., has been in town the guest of her sister M. Lettie Lougee, for a few days.

J. M. White and party, who motored to the southern part of the state for a vacation of two weeks, returned home Tuesday.

The marriage of Charles Tucker and Mrs. Myrtle Keezer, both of this town, was solemnized at the Free Baptist church Wednesday evening, Aug. 21. Rev. E. E. Smith was the officiating clergyman, single ring service being used. The couple were married beneath an arch of evergreen, sweet peas and golden glow, and were attended by Mr. and Mrs. W. I. McLeod "Lohengrin" was played by the bride's sister, Miss Marion Shields. The bride was beautifully gowned in white silk georgette crepe, wore a veil and carried a bouquet of sweet peas. Several relatives from Houlton were present. Both the young people are well known here and have the best wishes of a host of friends for a long, happy and prosperous life.

Prof. W. F. Watson will deliver an illustrated lecture in the Auditorium on Tuesday evening, Sept. 10, for the benefit of the Red Cross on "Story of the War in Cartoons."

THE HOULTON BUSINESS COLLEGE

WILL OPEN SEPT. 9

YOUR FUTURE is what you make it. If you are ambitious, you can make it a SUCCESS by taking a course of study with us. Write or phone.

O. A. HODGINS, Prin., Houlton, Me.

Twenty-five carloads of live stock and exhibits from the Bangor Fair went through Houlton on a special train Sunday evening, and Monday twenty-four cars went from the Houlton Fair to the same place.

Fourteen draftees from this district left Tuesday for Camp Devens. They were joined at the station by 67 from

district No. 2. On Wednesday another lot of men from both districts will leave for special service.

Capt. A. G. Walker, U. S. Medical Corps, who has been in So. Carolina in training, arrived in town Monday accompanied by his wife. Capt. Walker will leave again on Tuesday night.



Hebron Academy

HEBRON, MAINE

YOUR boy or your girl—his future or her future—depends upon the training of today.

At Hebron, students—girls and boys—receive the advantages of a school national in reputation and national in scope. Here the environment, the close contact with students from many parts of the country, the course of studies, the plan of play, make for better bodies and broader minds.

Hebron Academy is ideal for college preparation and also offers practical courses for those not preparing for college. Its location, without resorts or distracting entertainments, affords an excellent opportunity for study, and conditions are most home-like.

Of ten buildings two are dormitories, one for girls and one for boys. Both are of the most spacious and most beautiful type in New England. Wholesome rivalry in all sports.

Practical courses in Sewing, Home Economics and Domestic Chemistry will be added studies for girls in the coming year. For catalog and further information, address

WM. E. SARGENT, Litt.D., Principal

National Round Oak Week

Sept. 7th - Sept. 14th

We want you to see our Round Oak Window, our Round Oak display on the sales floor. The week of Sept. 7 to 14 is Round Oak week all over the American Continent. Round Oak dealers everywhere are featuring this trade-marked line of patented specialties. We have for you attractive illustrated literature, featuring the Round Oak specialty of which you may be in need.

Hamilton & Grant Company

MAINE STATE FAIR

Lewiston, Maine, September 17, 18, 19 and 20

A New Idea in Fairs

OUR ENTERTAINMENT

BIG NEW YORK HIPPODROME FEATURE IN TWO ACTS "THE FURNITURE MOVERS"

Exceptionally speedy acrobats doing a fast and laughable Burlesque.

2ND ACT

Dressed in ancient costumes, 7 Acrobatic Comedians do Comedy Knockabout that shakes one with mirth.

BASE BALL

Fast teams have been entered for games to be played at 10 a. m. each day.

TRAINED STEERS

The famous State of Maine Trick Steers doing stunts that would tax the intelligence of many humans.

MAKING SHOES

FROM START TO FINISH
Every part of the shoe made so everybody can see it.

THE MAN WITH THE BIG BARITONE VOICE

The loudest, sweetest singer in the world. The volume of his voice requires a Brass Band accompaniment. Harry F. Henry the human calliope.

DIP OF DEATH

Riding at furious speed down a steep incline. This dare devil leaves his bicycle in mid-air and dives head foremost into small tank of water.

The Pleasure Zone (The Midway)

The Renowned "Lew" Walker's High-Class Shows

Walker's Celebrated Diving Girl Show
Walker's Superb Show Beautiful
Walker's Lady Minstrel Show

Leo Gordon's Ten in One Show

Sam Cohen's Golden Girlie Show

Meyerhoff's Riding Devices

The Largest Ferris Wheel ever brought to Maine

The Whip

Will be entirely new in Maine

The Improved Carouselle

An Improved Merry-Go-Round

All these Attractions and others—Not One Day But Every Day of the Fair as Advertised

THE ORIGINAL SKATING BEAR

An animal act of an unusual kind—Bear and Trainer doing fancy Roller Skating, ending in a wrestling match with the Trainer and All-comers.

MUSIC

The Lewiston Brigade Band will furnish music for the First Day, Second Day, and Third Day, Hobbs' Band, Dominican Band, Brigade Band and Hobbs' Band unite for War Day.

WAR DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19

All American Community Chorus (1000 Voices) led by

CAPTAIN VERNON STILES
Portland Coast Artillery Military Quartette and Post Band.

Governor Carl E. Milliken and Staff Will Be Guests of the Fair, War Day

RACING

Purses ranging from \$1000 to \$2500 for eleven classes, both Pace and Trot with many more entries than expected will give the Turf Fans more for their money this year than ever before in the history of Maine Racing.

IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN FARE
THE M. C. R. R. WILL SELL ROUND TRIP TICKETS TO THE MAINE STATE FAIR AT ONE AND ONE-HALF THE ONE WAY RATE