# PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 23, 1862. VOL. 13. PORTLAND SATURDAY MORNING MARCH 28, 1874. TERMS $8.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.



THE PORTLAND DAILY PRESS

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PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.,

AT 109 EXCHANGE ST., PORTLAND.

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THE MAINE STATE PRESS

is published every THURSDAY MORNING at $2 50 a year, if paid in advance, at $2 00 a year.

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Half square, three insertions or less, 75 cents; one week, $1 00; 50 cents per week after.

SPECIAL NOTICES, one third additional.

Under head of "AMUSEMENTS," and "AUCTION SALES", $2 00 per square per week; three insertions or less $1 50.

Advertisements inserted in the "MAINE STATE PRESS" (which has a large circulation in every part of the State) for $1 00 per square for first insertion, and 50 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Address all communications to

PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.



S. R. NILES,

ADVERTISING AGENT.

Contracts for Advertisements in all Newspapers of all cities and towns of the United States, Canadas and British Provinces.

Office No. 6 Tremont Street, Boston. Mr. Niles is authorized to contract for advertising in the PRESS

T. C. EVANS.

ADVERTISING AGENCY & PRINTERS' WAREHOUSE,

106 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

Dealer in Wood and Metal Type and all kinds of Printers' Materials. Advertisements inserted in any paper in the United States or Canadas at publishers' lowest prices. Send for estimates. Mr. Evans is authorized to contract for advertising in the PRESS.

C. J. WHEELER,

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING AGENT

*No. 5 Washington Building,*

PROVIDENCE, R. I.,

is authorized to contract for advertising in the PRESS.

*ESTABLISHED IN 1849.*

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.'S

ADVERTISING AGENCY,

No. 10 State St., Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York.

Estimates furnished gratis for Advertising in all Newspapers in the United States and British Provinces. Messrs. Pettengill & Co. are authorized to contract for advertising in the PRESS.

GEORGE P. ROWELL & CO.,

ADVERTISING AGENTS

*FOR ALL THE LEADING NEWSPAPERS.*

Dealers in Printing Materials of every description, Type, Presses, etc.

Office No. 41 Park Row, New York. Messrs. Rowell & Co. are authorized to contract for advertising in the PRESS.

BATES & LOCKE,

Newspaper Advertising Agents,

*34 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.*

J. H. BATES, late of S. M. Pettengill & Co. D. R. LOCKE, o Locke & Jones, Toledo Blade.

Send for list of 100 choice newspapers. Messrs. Bates & Locke are authorized to contract for advertising in the PRESS.

DODD'S

ADVERTISING AGENCY,

121 *WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.*

Advertisements received for every Paper in the United States and British Provinces at the lowest contract prices. Any information cheerfully given and estimates promptly furnished.

HORACE DODD.

Mr. Dodd is authorized to contract for advertising in the PRESS.


## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

**Bakers.**

W. C COBB, Nos. 28 and 30 Pearl Street. On direct route between New Custom House and Post Office, near the Market.

**Booksellers and Stationers.**

HOYT, FOGG & BREED, No. 91 Middle Street.

**Book Binders.**

WM. A. QUINCY, Room 11, Printer's Exchange, No. 111 Exchange St.

SMALL & SHACKFORD, No. 35 Plum Street.

**Confectionery.**

L. J. PERKINS manufacturer of plain and fancy Candies, 287 Congress St, Portland Me.

**Carpenters and Builders.**

WHITNEY & MEANS, Pearl Street, opposite Park.

**Dye-House.**

FOSTER'S Dye House, 24 Union Street.*

**Furniture—Wholesale and Retail.**

WALTER COREY & CO., Arcade, No. 18 Free Street.

GEORGE A. WHITNEY, No. 56 Exchange St. Upholstering of all kinds done to order.

**Furniture and House Furnishing Goods.**

BENJ. ADAMS, cor. Exchange and Federal Streets.

HOOPER & EATON, Old Post Office, Exchange Street.

L. F. HOYT, No. 11 Preble Street. Upholstering done to order.

**Furniture and Upholstering.**

DAVID W. DEANE, No. 89 Federal St. All kinds of Upholstering and Repairing done to order.

**Hair Goods and Toilet Articles.**

J. F. SHERRY, No. 9 Clapp's Block Congress Street, opposite Old City Hall.

**Horse Shoeing and Carriage repairing**

Done in the best possible manner by S. YOUNG & CO., No. 102 Fore St.

**Jewelry and Fine Watches.**

ABNER LOWELL, 155 Middle Street. Agents for Howard Watch Company.

**Watches, Jewelry, and Silver Ware.**

J. A. MERRILL & CO., 139 Middle St.

J. A. MERRI A. KEITH.

**Manufacturers of Trunks, Valises and Carpet-Bags.**

J. R. DURAN & CO., 171 Middle and 116 Federal Streets.

**Masons and Builders.**

N E. BEDLON, 233 1-2 Congress St.

**Paper Hangings, Window Shades, and Carpetings.**

LOTHROP, DEVENS & CO., 61 Exchange Street and 48 Market St.

**Pattern and Model Maker.**

J. I. BABBOUR, 250 Fore Street, Cor. of Cross, Portland.

**Photographers.**

A. S. DAVIS & CO., No. 80 Middle Street.

J. H. LAMSON, 152 Middle St., cor. Cross.

**Plumbers.**

JAMES MILLER, No. 91 Federal Street.

**Real Estate Agents.**

JOHN C. PROCTER, No. 93 Exchange Street.

**Roofers.**

J. N. McCOY & CO., 28 Spring Street.

**Sign and Awning Hanging.**

S. YOUNG, No. 102 Fore Street. ja5tfy

**Silver and Plated Ware.**

ABNER LOWELL, 155 Middle Street.

**Stair Builder.**

B. F. LIBBY, No. 252 Fore Street, cor. Cross St., in Deleno's Mill.

G. L. HOOPER, Cor. York & Maple Streets.

**Watches, Jewelry, &c.**

J. W. & H. H. MCDUFFEE, Cor. Middle & Union Sts.


Hard Pine Timber

On hand and sawed to dimensions.

Hard Pine Plank, hard Pine Flooring AND STEP BOARDS.

FOR SALE BY STETSON & POPE.

Wharf and Dock, First, corner of E Street Office, No. State street, Boston. my3eodfy

CROASDALE'S

SUPERPHOSPHATE

FOR SALE at a reduced price to close consignment, by CONANT & RAND, Wholesale Grocers, 153 Commercial Street. fe27 eod&w2m*

For Sale Cheap.

ONE nice Express Wagon, or exchange for a horse Also one nice Hack suitable for one or two horses. Enquire or address

D. F. KNIGHTS, 31 Oxford St., Portland.

ma29*1m


## BUSINESS CARDS.


S. C. ANDREWS,

Counsellor at Law,

88 MIDDLE STREET,

(in Canal Bank Building,)

PORTLAND, MAINE.

Will practice in Androscoggin and Oxford Counties. de9eod&wtf

COBB & RAY,

Attorneys at Law,

HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 42 1-2 Exchange Street.

Portland, Jan. 15, 1874. ja16d&w2m

W. L. KEILER,

FRESCO PAINTER,

NO. 333 CONGRESS STREET,

RESIDENCE 6 MAY STREET.

Portland Me.

jy17 tf

MAGNUS A. R. LINDBERG,

Vice Consul of Sweden & Norway,

Office, No. 29 Middle Street,

Portland Tea Store, Portland, Me.

2tawtf mch7

JAMES O'DONNELL.

COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

has removed to

NO. 84 1-2 MIDDLE STREET,

(2nd door below Canal Bank,)

PORTLAND, MAINE.

Commissioner of deeds for the several States. feb10

American Printers' Warehouse,

19 SPRING LANE.

C. C. KIMBALL, Boston.

Every kind of Printing Material on hand or made to order. Every thing used in the art of printing furnished at short notice, and at the lowest cash prices. fe13d6m

J. H. LAMSON,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

No. 152 Middle Street.

PORTLAND, ME.

Copying and enlarging done to order.

All the new styles, Berlins, Rembrants, Medallion be Porcelain, or Mezzotint card, and the retouched card, by which new process we get rid of freckles moles, wrinkles and all imperfections of the skin. Call and judge for yourselves.

Motto—Good work at Moderate Prices. Aim to Please. may 20

PORTLAND

MACHINE WORKS

Engineers, Iron Founders, Boiler Makers and Blacksmiths.

MANUFACTURERS OF

MARINE, STATIONARY AND PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES.

Agents for R. Ball's Wood Working Machinery, and Blanchard's Patent Boiler.

215 COMMERCIAL STREET,

PORTLAND, MAINE.

FOR SALE—One New Portable Engine, 40 horse power, built to order. ap14 tf

W. C. CLARK,

103 FEDERAL STREET,

5 Doors East of Temple St.,

GAS AND WATER PIPING.

ap21 tf

BUTLER & LIBBY,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,

(Casco Bank Building)

91 MIDDLE ST., PORTLAND.

M. M. BUTLER. de16dtf C. F. LIBBY.

REMOVAL.

J. C. PETTENGILL,

DEALER IN

New and Second Hand Furniture, Crockery, Glass Ware, &c.

Agent for the Davis Washer.

Making Furniture to order and repairing promptly attended to.

ja9tf 358 CONGRESS STREET.

LANE & AUSTIN,

Fresco Painting, House Painting and Paper Hanging.

Order slate at W. P. Hasting's Organ Manufactory, corner Exchange and Federal Streets. All orders promptly attended to.

C. M. LANE. C. S. AUSTIN.

feb17d6m Residence 154 Pearl Street.

J. H. HOOPER,

UPHOLSTERER

Nos. 31 and 33 Free St.,

MANUFACTURER OF

Parlor Suits, Lounges, Spring Beds, Mattresses,

McDonough Patent Bed Lounges, Enameled Chairs, &c.

All kinds of repairing neatly done. Furniture boxed and matted. oct5-'69TT&Stf

E. C. FARNSWORTH,

Teacher of the

PIANO FORTE AND ORGAN

Inquire at Stockbridge's Music Store. fe21dtf

MOTLEY & BLETHEN,

ATTORNIES AT LAW.

49 1-2 EXCHANGE STREET,

(Over Dresser & McLellan's Book Store.)

WM. H. MOTLEY. ALDEN J. BLETHEN.

mar5-3m

CHAS. J. SCHUMACHER,

Fresco Painter,

Office at Schumacher Bros., 5 Deering Block.

I respectfully inform my patrons, that I will be happy to attend to any jobs which may be entrusted to me, large or small, and that no one is authorized to take jobs in my name. mc6d3m

W. H. SIMONTON,

—DEALER IN—

Hackmatack Knees, Ship Timber, Masts and Spars, Deck Plank and all kinds of Hard Wood sawed to Order

HOLYOKE'S WHARF,

COMMERCIAL STREET. mh3dtf

REMOVAL.

GEO. D. JOST,

FRESCO PAINTER,

Office at F. F. Hale's, Cor. Cross and Free Streets.

All Orders left there will be promptly attended to. mc9 d3m

GEO. E. COLLINS,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST,

316 CONGRESS STREET,

Is prepared to make all the various styles of Card Pictures, Rembrant, Medallion, &c., from Retouched Negatives. By this process we Get rid of Freckles, Moles and other imperfections of the Skin. For all of which no extra charge will be made. All work warranted to please. Call and examine for yourselves. mch18dtf

DRS. QUINTERO BROS.,

DENTISTS,

CAHOON BLOCK.

(BELOW CITY BUILDING, Up Stairs.)

PORTLAND, ME.

mh17 4w*

Watch Dog for Sale.

A THOROUGHLY TRAINED WATCH DOG, weighs about 100 lbs., attends to his own business when not meddled with. Just the Dog for a Bank, Warehouse, &c. Address

my12dtf BOX 1896.


## TO LET.


To Let.

PLEASANT ROOMS to let with board at 53 Spring Street. mh20eod2w*

To Rent.

SECOND story of building No. 88 Federal Street, suitable for Carpenter or Paint Shop. Apply to ALEXANDER EDMOND, mc18d2w* 18 Preble Street.

To Let.

WITH BOARD, large pleasant rooms. Suitable for families or single gentlemen. At 52 Free Street. jn24*1w then tf

Room to Let with Board.

FURNISHED front ROOM with board, at 38 State Street, corner of Gray. no4dtf

For Rent.

TWO genteel Tenements on Green Street, containing six rooms each Sebago water and gas. Enquire of J. C. WOODMAN, 119½ Exchange Street. fe23 tf

To Let.

LOWER tenement in House No. 114 Spring Street. Inquire of MATTOCKS & FOX, 83 Middle Street. fe4dtf

Rooms To Let.

TWO Gentlemen and their wives and two or three single gentlemen can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and board at 75 Free street. oc7tf

TO LET!

Pleasant Rooms With Board.

no10eodtf At 30½ High St., S. S. KNIGHT.


## COPARTNERSHIP.


JOHNSON & CLARK,

No. 7 Clapp's Block, Congress Street.

MISS E. D. CLARK becomes a partner with me under above name from this date, in Millinery and Fancy Goods. I. P. JOHNSON.

March 18, 1874. mh20d1m

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the livery business is dissolved by mutual consent.

DWINAL PRIDE,

CHARLES S. RITCHIE.

Mr. Pride will continue in the business as heretofore, both at the Saccarappa and Cumberland Mills Stables.

Saccarappa, March 19, 1874. mh20d2w

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership between Charles Sawyer and Orlando Nickerson is hereby dissolved. All debts due the firm of Charles Sawyer A Co. must be paid to the subscriber. CHARLES SAWYER.

Portland, March 18, 1874. mh19dtf

CLIFFORD & CLIFFORD.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership under the above style for the practice of law.

80 MIDDLE STREET,

PORTLAND, ME.

CHARLES EDW. CLIFFORD. WM. HENRY CLIFFORD.

ja30 3m

Nolcini's Cough Lozenges.

Unsurpassed for Cure of

Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, etc.

CLERGYMEN,

PUBLIC SPEAKERS

and SINGERS

recommend them after a test of fifteen years, as a remedy for Hoarseness and Irritation of the Throat.

HON. GEORGE B. LORING, President of Massachusetts Senate, writes: "I have found them very useful in keeping the throat free from irritation during long public speaking."

REV. SAMUEL C. BLAKE, Pastor of East Church, Salem, having used various kinds of "Troches," desires, without solicitation, "to testify to the rare virtues of Nolcini's Cough Lozenges, as a relief for Sore Throat, resulting from a cold or the strain of public speaking.

"Worthy the attention of all persons afflicted with a Cough or any Irritation of the Throat and Lungs." —GEORGE UPTON.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

HARRIS & WEBSTER, Sole Proprietors, 267 Essex Street, Salem, Mass.

W. F. PHILLIPS & CO.,

WHOLESALE AGENTS,

mc19 PORTLAND. TS&T1m

"RESURGAM,"

An Invigorating, Strengthening Cordial

FOR LADIES EXCLUSIVELY,

*Prepared from the original formula of the late*

DR. JOHN D. BUZZELL

—BY—

E. C. K. TODD, M. D.,

374 Tremont Street,

BOSTON.

Directions accompany each bottle.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR,

F. SWEETSIER, Wholesale Agent for Maine.

For sale by all respectable Druggists. ja16 3m*

THE PORTLAND

Kerosene Oil Company

Would inform the public, that they continue to Manufacture

Portland Kerosene Oil.

The prevalence of a large quantity of inferior and dangerous oils in the market, at a cheap price—many of which are little better than Naphtha itself—and the existence of false reports in regard to the PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL, renders it a matter of justice to ourselves, as well as safety to consumers, that some notice should be taken of these facts. Therefore, we again present an advertisement, and would call attention to the high standard of our Oils. THE REFINED PETROLEUM, the fire test of which is 122; THE PORTLAND KEROSENE, the fire test of which is 125 degrees Fahrenheit, and often reaches considerably higher; also, we would say, that we are determined to maintain their long established reputation.

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL COMPANY.

We quote from chap. 39 R. S. 1871, the title of said chapter being "Inspection and sale of Manufactured Articles."

SECT. 31. Every person and corporation engaged in manufacturing petroleum, coal oil or burning fluid shall cause every cask or other vessel thereof to be so inspected and marked, by a sworn inspector, And if any person manufactures or sells such oil or burning fluid not so inspected and marked *in this State*, or that has not been so inspected and marked as unsafe for illuminating purposes, he shall *pay a fine not exceeding Five Hundred dollars* or be imprisoned six months in the county jail, upon indictments therefor.

Portland, Me., April 21 1873. sep20dtf

COAL!

The celebrated JOHNS and HICKORY COALS for Cooking Purposes, Warranted to suit in every case. For sale at LOWEST MARKET RATES by

RANDALL & McALLISTER,

60 Commercial St.,

mc4 OPPOSITE CUSTOM HOUSE. tf

COAL!

OF THE BEST GRADES. ALSO DRY WOOD, SLABS AND EDGINGS,

—FOR SALE BY—

RICH & JUDKINS,

118 Commercial, foot of Exchange Street,

mh26 PORTLAND. eod1m

MAINE SHIPBUILDERS.

$5000 ANY builder having a vessel on the stocks suitable for the Mediterranean trade can borrow five thousand dollars, at a low rate of interest, on mortgage of same, and secure the services of a competent captain (who *may* buy the vessel), by addressing SEVILLE, care S. R. NILES, Advertising Agent, Boston, Mass. N. B.—Communications strictly confidential, and returned if requested. mc20 FM&W6t

Medical.

DURING the absence of Dr. E. Clark I shall remain at his office from 1½ to 3G. A.

feb25d1w*tf P. M.CLARK


## REAL ESTATE.


FOR SALE.

A HOUSE on Federal street, the second house from Franklin Street. The house is convenient for two families. It rents for $400. It will be vacated the last of April. If not sold it will be to let; it can be bought for $3,000. $1,500 can lay on mortgage for a number of years.

Inquire of SAMUEL LINCOLN, corner of Newbury and Fremont Streets. mar27*1w

House and Lot for Sale.

A GOOD 2½ story HOUSE on Hanover St., near Cumberland St., contains 12 finished rooms, good lot with a stable, plenty of water. Terms favorable. Apply to WM. H. JERRIS, Real Estate Agent, Cahoon Block. mc21d3w

Tannery for Sale at a Great Bargain.

IN Deering (Stroudwater Village) containing 118 Vats, mostly covered. The buildings are in good repair. The Tannery is supplied with water by two aqueducts, the best of water for manufacturing purposes; the location is very good for purchasing hides and bark, being located within a few rods of the Canal and the Portland and Ogdensburg Railroad. The bark is ground by water power. There are about 20 acres of land; the purchaser can have one acre to the whole. There is no doubt that the town would exempt the capital of the Tannery for some years from taxation. A large portion of the purchase could remain on a mortgage.

For particulars enquire of GEO. R. DAVIS, Real Estate Broker, or Jonathan Smith, on the premises. mc21 d3m

Farms for Sale.

Farm of 130 acres within 2½ miles of Portland. One half heavily covered with timber and wood, balance under good cultivation with sufficient pasturage. Well adapted for milk or market gardening. Good soil and southern exposure. Good house and barn. About three acres of Salt marsh goes with the farm.

Also, farm of 140 acres within three miles of Saco Post Office, two miles from Old Orchard Beach, borders on the P. S. & P. R. R., and a station is to be built within half a mile of the house. Large amount of timber and wood. One of the best brick houses in the city of Saco, two-stories, modern built, in thorough repair. Large barn and outbuildings. Dry and healthy location. For price and terms enquire of JOSEPH HOBSON,

Saco, Maine.

March 13, 1874. mc16eod&w1m12

For Sale.

One of the best residences on Free Street, containing 14 rooms in splendid order, heated by Steam, hot and cold water, bath room, water closets, good drainage. A large proportion of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage with easy payments.

GEO. R. DAVIS,

Real Estate and Mortgage Broker.

mh16 eod3w

FOR SALE

A TWO STORY HOUSE at Woodford's Corner, Price $2500, Enquire of

GEORGE RACKLEFF,

mc20dtf Woodford's Corner.

Desirable Residence for Sale at Woodford's Corner.

SAID property is situated corner of Grove and Dalton Streets, about one mile from Portland, consisting of a 2½ story house, with an ell, piazza front, and containing 12 finished rooms with an abundance of closets, cemented cellar, cistern water, and best kind of furnace. A new stable, very convenient, 22 x 30. ½ acre land well cultivated and finely arranged with shrubbery grape and strawberry vines and different kinds of fruit trees. Enquire of D. M. C. DUNN, 227 Middle St., Portland. mh19dtm

FOR SALE.

The Desirable and Conveniently Located House No. 26 Chestnut Street.

This house is in the very heart of the city, close by the City Hall, Post Office, High School, Churches, Portland & Rochester R. R. Depot, Marginal Way, &c. You don't have to walk a mile or two or depend on the Horse Cars to get to these places or to the business part of the city in blustering winter weather. The House contains nine pleasant rooms, and has gas, Sebago, furnace, &c. &c. Will be vacated and ready to examine first of April. For particulars call on

H. T. LIBBY,

NO. 1 PORTLAND PIER.

mh16 eodtapl

FOR SALE.

A LOT of vacant land, situated on the west side of High, between Pleasant and Danforth, Sts. This lot has a front of about 61 feet and is about 194 feet deep, and plans have been drawn by How, for a block of seven or nine genteel and convenient residences, and adapted for the same. Enquire of

EDWIN CHURCHILL,

mar28 No. 4 Portland Pier, From 12 to 2 o'clock. P. M.

For Sale.

We offer for sale our property in Ligonia Village, C. E., consisting of two Houses, arranged for eight families, and land and outbuildings connected therewith. These houses are new and thoroughly and substantially built, and fully occupied by prompt paying tenants. This is a most desirable investment for any one having funds to invest. This property is entirely free of encumbrance and will be sold on liberal terms.

For particulars and terms inquire of us, at our place of business.

CHURCHILL & MELCHER,

91 Commercial Street, Portland.

ja26 tf

For Sale.

A SMALL place, three miles from Portland, pleasantly located on what is known as the Foreside road, consisting of a story and a half House with ell, good barn with sheds attached, together with ten acres of good land. Said buildings are in good condition as to wood work. The above desirable property will be sold on easy terms. For particulars inquire at 21 Merrill, corner of Turner street, Portland. J. A. WELCH.

mb11 eodim*ttf

FOR SALE.

Little Chebeague—The Most Beautiful of all the Islands of Casco Bay.

It contains one hundred and forty acres of land, thirty of which is covered with a beautiful Grove. The balance is the very best of tillage land. The buildings consist of

The Sunny Side Hotel,

a large, new house, completely finished and furnished throughout; large barn and farm-house, bowling alleys, ice house, and a dancing floor in the grove; never failing well of good water. The location of this Island, with its advantages for fishing and boating, its beautiful grove and building, renders it one of the most desirable places among all the Islands for picnics and parties.

For further information apply to WM. SENTER, No. 54 Exchange St., Portland. mc6eodtf

For Sale

HOUSE No. 42 Pleasant Street. Inquire at the House from 2 to 5 o'clock P. M. Portland, Oct. 13th. oc13dtf

For Sale in the Town of Westbrook.

A FINE residence one-half mile from the Railroad Depots, Post-office, good Schools and Churches, six miles from Portland; House and Ell two stories thirteen finished rooms, double parlors with marble mantles, Wood-house and Stable connected—all in good repair, painted and kinded, Barn 40 x 60 on the premises; grounds contain 15½ acres, excellent land, well fenced, 30 apple and pear trees, ½ acre choice strawberries, three good wells of water upon the place and good cistern in the cellar, cellar under whole House, fine cement bottom; grounds ornamented with fine shade trees. This is one of the finest residences in the county. Terms easy. Enquire of G. R. Davis & Co., Portland, or Otis Brown, Westbrook. mar21tf

F. G. Patterson's Real Estate BULLETIN.

Money to Loan.

ON first class Real Estate Security, in Portland, or vicinity—Rents collected, taxes paid, &c., on Commission. House bought and sold. Apply to F. G. PATTERSON, Dealer in Real Estate, Union 13 Fluent Block. oc4dtf

LUMBER.

Having erected a Steam Saw Mill at Frost's Woods so called), East Deering, we are prepared to furnish

Pine and Hemlock Dimension Lumber, Pine Shipping Boards, Deck Plank, &c,

at short notice and at very low prices, delivered at any place in the vicinity of Deering or Portland.

Any orders left at our office, 272 Commercial Street, Portland, (where may be found a large assortment of all kinds of Building and Finishing Lumber,) or with JAMES LUCAS, at the mill, will be promptly attended to.

EDWIN CLEMENT & CO.,

fe19dtf 272 Commercial Street.

WM. M. MARKS

Book, Card & Job Printer

109 EXCHANGE ST.,

(DAILY PRESS PRINTING HOUSE.)

Every Description of work promptly and carefully executed, and at the lowest prices

ap22 tc


NOTICE is hereby given that the subscribers have been duly appointed Executors of the Will of CHARLES DEAKE, late of Portland, in the County of Cumberland, deceased, and have taken upon themselves that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

ALBERT MARWICK, of Portland,
GEORGE DEAKE, of Boston, Mass.,
Executors.

Portland, Feb. 17, 1874. mh21d1aw3w*S


JUST ARRIVED, AND FOR SALE.

Two carloads of

HORSES

from Illinois, by J. B. Hartman, and one carload from Kentucky, by F. D. DOLE and I. T. SOUTHERN. An assorted lot, Drivers and Heavy Work Horses, at 85 West Dedham St., mar24-d1w Boston.


## WANTS, LOST, FOUND.


Wanted.

A SITUATION as BOOKKEEPER or accountant. Best of references given, not afraid of work. address. A. L. ROSS. this office. mar27*1w

A Second COOK wanted at 249 Congress Street.

mc26 dtf

Situations Wanted.

ALL persons in want of Scandinavian male help by the month or year can be supplied by calling at M. N. BRUNS, Show Case Manufacturer, mar24-eod2m 19½ Market Square.

Lost.

MONDAY, March 23, on Commercial St., between Union St. and Portland Pier, a Pocket Book containing between fifty-five and sixty dollars. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at this Office. mar24-d1w.

WANTED.

AT the "Soldiers' Orphans Home" in Bath, a capable woman to do the cooking for the family of about sixty persons. To such a person a fair compensation will be given.

A Gardener also is wanted at the same place.

Apply to DR. WM. E. PAYNE, Bath, Me.

No one need apply unless thoroughly competent. mh23d1w

Wanted.

AN honest and active young man, 18 to 20 years of age. Apply to A. G. CROSBY, mh23dtf 3 Portland Pier.

Wanted to Purchase.

A SMALL YACHT, or a large Pleasure-boat. Address J. P. SMITH, mc17eodtf 100 Exchange Street.

Wanted.

A SITUATION as HOUSEKEEPER. Apply at 14 Oxford St., mar17dtf

Wanted.

SMART, active Woman to take charge of household duties in a boarding house. Address HOUSEKEEPER, de17dtf Post Office, Portland.

Rooms Wanted.

IN a pleasant part of the city, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board. Address E. B., 37 Brown St., Portland. mav14tf

Ship Carpenters Wanted.

THE subscriber will give steady employment to Twenty-five Ship Carpenters at Yarmouth, Maine. JOSEPH A. SEABURY. March 4th 1874. mar7dtmeod

Wanted.

AN APOTHECARY CLERK, one that has had two or three years experience. Address with reference, mc3dtf BOX 945, Portland.


## ANNUAL MEETINGS.


Annual Meeting.

THE Annual Meeting of the Merchants Exchange, will be held at the Merchants Exchange Room, Monday, March 30th, at 11 o'clock A. M. for the ratification of Directors, (nominated at the last annual meeting of the Board of Trade,) for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

mc26d1d E. L. RING, Supt.

Bible Society of Maine.

THE annual meeting of this Society will be held at the room of the Young Men's Christian Association on THURSDAY, April 2, 1874, at 4½ o'clock P. M. W. H. HOBBS, Rec. Sec'y.

Portland, March 20, 1874. dtd

R. A. P. F. D.

Annual Meeting.

THE annual meeting of the Relief Association of the Portland Fire Department be will held at the office of the Chief Engineer, City Building, on WEDNESDAY Evening, April 1, 1874, at 7½ o'clock.

To choose sixteen Trustees for the ensuing year.

To act upon a proposed amendment to Article 12th of the By-laws, and to transact any other legal business.

mc18dtd C. H. LEIGHTON, Sec'y.


## EDUCATIONAL.


Hallowell Classical School.

THE SPRING Term of this Institution will commence on

WEDNESDAY, April 8th,

with a full and efficent corps of Instructors.

For information or circulars apply to

mc25eod3w H. P. HARDING, Sec'y.

St. Augustin's School for Boys,

45 Danforth Street, Portland, Me.

Rt. Rev. Henry A. Neely, D. D., Visitor. O. L. Billings, Principal. Send for Circular. oc16tf


REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

CANAL NATIONAL BANK,

OF PORTLAND,

At close of business February 27, 1874.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans and Discounts | 987,050 85 |
| U. S. Bonds to secure circulation | 533,000 00 |
| Other Bonds | 14,900 00 |
| Due from Redeeming and Reserve Ag'ts. | 108,079 70 |
| Due from other National Banks | 12,733 20 |
| Banking House | 20,000 00 |
| Current expenses | 1,307 49 |
| Checks and other Cash Items | 31,669 55 |
| Bills of National Banks | 14,000 00 |
| Fractional Currency and Nickels | 1,649 35 |
| Legal Tender Notes | 60,000 00 |
| | $1,784,390 14 |

LIABILITIES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Capital Stock paid in | | 600,000 00 |
| Surplus Fund | 120,000 00 | |
| Discount | 10,820 68 | |
| Exchange | 150 00 | |
| Profit and Loss | 162,746 35 | |
| | | $293,717 63 |
| National Bank Circulation outstanding | | 478,050 00 |
| State Bank " " | | 9,419 00 |
| Dividends unpaid | | 1,165 00 |
| Individual Deposits | | 374,519 58 |
| Due to National Banks | | 27,488 93 |
| | | $1,784,390 14 |

I, B. C. Somerby, Cashier of "The Canal National Bank, of Portland," do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. B. C. SOMERBY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of March, 1874. GEO. C. PETERS. Justice of the Peace.

Correct, Attest: W. W. THOMAS, F. W. BAILEY, G. F. SHEPLEY, } Directors.

mc25 d3t

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

Casco National Bank

AT PORTLAND,

IN THE STATE OF MAINE,

At the close of business February 27th, 1874.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans and Discounts | $1,375,937 46 |
| U. S. Bonds to secure circulation | 500,000 00 |
| Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages | 41,602 50 |
| Due from Redeeming and Reserve Ag'ts. | 184,446 77 |
| " " National Banks | 16,235 58 |
| Banking House | 20,000 00 |
| Other Real Estate | 24,000 00 |
| Current Expenses | 1,454 09 |
| Cash Items | 28,306 72 |
| Bills of other National Banks | 13,232 00 |
| Fractional Currency (including nickels) | 869 61 |
| Specie | 5,116 12 |
| Legal Tender Notes | 70,000 00 |
| | $2,316,220 85 |

LIABILITIES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Capital Stock | | 800,000 00 |
| Surplus Fund | 160,000 00 | |
| Discounts | 14,497 17 | |
| Profit and Loss | 176,023 45 | |
| | | 350,520 62 |
| Circulation | | 479,900 00 |
| Dividends unpaid | | 2,563 00 |
| Deposits | | 622,638 62 |
| Due to National Banks | | 50,598 61 |
| | | $2,316,220 85 |

STATE OF MAINE, COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, } ss.

I, William A. Winship, Cashier of the Casco National Bank of Portland, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. WM. A. WINSHIP, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this twenty-fourth day of March, 1874.

WM. T. SMALL, Justice of Peace.

Correct, Attest:—S. E. SPRING, J. WALKER, NATHAN CUMMINGS, } Directors.

mb25 3t


A. S. LYMAN'S

Patent Pure Dry Air Refrigerator

The best and Only Reliable One in the Market.

IT is indispensable to Butchers, Provision dealers, Hotel Keepers, Grocers and Restaurants. Will save more than its cost every Summer. Butchers who use it, in its best form, will soon find their meats recommended by their customers. The internal arrangement is such that a current of cold air is kept constantly moving over the contents of the Refrigerator. The Patent upon this has been fully tested in the U. S. Courts and its validity established in eighteen cases.

For LICENSE, RIGHTS, &c., apply to

SCOTT D. JORDAN,

AGENT FOR MAINE,

No. 2 Park Street or No. 80 Middle St.,

to whom all applications should be made, and who has full power to settle infringements. mch6eodtf


## MISCELLANEOUS.


JOHN LUCAS & CO's

CELEBRATED

GREEN PAINT!

J. Porter & Co., Boston,

Sole Agents for N. E.

SWISS GREEN,

Lightest and most Brilliant in the Market,

Light and medium Imperial French Green.

They have no Equal

For brilliancy of color, covering properties, lightness and durability.

It is only after years of experiments that the manufacturers have succeeded in producing these

Unfading Greens,

and so great has been the demand, that they have twice been compelled to enlarge their Works. Dealers and consumers will have no other after once using this make.

For sale by dealers generally and at wholesale by the sole Agents for New England.

J. PORTER & CO.,

35 INDIA ST., BOSTON,

MANUFACTURERS OF FINE

Varnishes and Japans,

Ship Paints, Colors,

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.

J. PORTER & CO.,

35 India St., Boston, Mass.

fe17 eod6m

S. L. HOLT & CO.,

29, 31 & 33 Haverill St., Boston, Mass.

Manufacturers & Dealers in Portable & Stationary

Steam Engines & Boilers,

Engine Lathes, Planers, Upright Drills, and all kinds of Wood & Iron Working Machinery

We also have for sale, one 2nd hand "Chase" Lever Set Circular Saw Mill, with 30 horse power Portable Engine, Shafting, Belting, Saw and fixtures complete and in perfect order. One surface Planer with Matcher, one excelsior Planer, one Rollstone Planer, and a large stock of second-hand Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Belting, &c., &c. mc25d3m

FOR REED ORGANS!

THE

ORGAN AT HOME!

This admirable collection of music for Reed Organs should be at Home wherever there is a Reed Instrument. Nothing that is not of the very best quality has been allowed in the book, which has more than 200 attractive pieces, compactly printed on large pages. Nothing difficult. Everything nicely fitted to the popular taste.

Price in bds, $2.50. Cloth, $3. Gilt, $4.

New Method for Reed Organs!

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A thorough Method, containing not only abundant directions and exercises, but a large quantity of the best Reed Organ Music, arranged and fitted with Mr. Clarke's well-known exquisite taste and skill, Sells immensely.

Clarke's Dollar Instructor, for Reed Organs.

An excellent and attractive instruction book for those who need a short and easy course.

Sent, post-paid, on receipt of retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston. C. H. DITSON & CO. 711 B'dway, New York.

mc26 d&w1w

AT UNITED STATES HOTEL!

DR. O. FITZGERALD, the wonderful Chirvoyant Physician and Surgeon, will visit Portland, at United States Hotel, THURSDAY, MARCH 26th, remaining three days only. Don't fail to see him. His cures are truly wonderful. Examination free of charge. mc25dtf

BRYANT'S

FLORAL GARDEN,

Entrance 248 Congress St (nearly op. the U. S. Hotel) and 169 Cumberland St.,

PORTLAND, ME.

Wreaths, Crosses, Boquets and

# THE PRESS.

**SATURDAY MORNING, MAR. 28, 1874.**

EVERY regular attache of the PRESS is furnished with a *Card* certificate countersigned by Stanley T. Pullen, Editor. All railway, steamboat and hotel managers will confer a favor upon us by demanding credentials of every person claiming to represent our journal, as we have information that several "bummers" are seeking courtesies in the name of the PRESS, and we have no disposition to be, even passively, a party to such frauds.

We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are in all cases indispensable, not necessarily for publication but as a guaranty of good faith.

We cannot undertake to return or reserve communications that are not used.

By the Governor,

## A PROCLAMATION.

In humble acknowledgement of human dependence on Divine favor, and in accordance with a revered custom of our Fathers, I do hereby, with the advice of the Executive Council, appoint

**Thursday, the Sixteenth Day of April**

next, as a day of PUBLIC HUMILIATION, FASTING AND PRAYER.

Let us as a people unite in such an observance of that day as will bring us in closer communion with Him from whom cometh all our mercies, thereby gaining new strength to resist temptation and overcome evil, and causing even our tolls and trials to be blessed to our present and eternal good.

Given at the Council Chamber, in Augusta, this twenty-fifth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-eighth.

NELSON DINGLEY, JR.

By the Governor.

GEORGE G. STACY, Secretary of State.

### Abolition of the Bummer's Retreat.

A leading event in a rather uneventful year in Maine is the success of the industrial establishment that has recently been connected with the jail at Auburn. A leading event we say, because, though it has made no noise and has hardly been heard of by nine-tenths of the citizens of Maine, it portends a complete revolution in our methods of dealing with crime and criminals. It is not unreasonable to suppose that, in a hundred or perhaps fifty years from this time, it will be held incredible that there should have existed in Maine, in the year 1874, such places as our county jails now are—places which are chiefly used for the accommodation of minor criminals, who repair thither for thirty or sixty days as often as their mischievous impulses, or a desire for a respite from toil or for a winter haven, secure them a permit from courts of justice to become guests of the county. Being so much more comfortable and desirable places of residence than most of the local "poor farms" and almshouses, a sentence to the jails is, not unfrequently, deliberately incurred by the vicious and idle. When there, they mingle indiscriminately with persons accused of grave offences who await their trial, with poor debtors and with youthful offenders. Portland jail has, we believe, an exceptionally good reputation, but nothing can be worse than the moral influences which surround the inmates of most of the county institutions.

There is no attempt at classification. The most hardened offenders mingle freely with those who have as yet hardly a vestige of moral contagion. The inmates mutually corrupt each other. Those who, on their first commitment, are perhaps only technically criminal, profit by the instruction they receive in jail and grow continually worse. It is a school established by State authority for instruction in crime and for the general diffusion of criminal knowledge. No agencies whatever are employed to counteract the evil influences which are at work. No intellectual and but little moral instruction are afforded. Worst of all no employment is furnished. Here is a crowd of idlers whose strength all runs to waste, while the industrious and virtuous laborers out of doors are paying for their board and keeping. Could anything be more irrational—more unphilosophical? The State is not protected, the criminal is not improved, a constant supply of criminals is ensured, vice is encouraged and the industrious part of the community foots the bills!

In 1873, the Legislature passed an act, which has for its object an entire change in this uncivilized system. It provides methods by which the county jails are expected to be made in part self sustaining, and at the same time, agencies for the reform instead of the manufacture of criminals. It authorizes the county commissioners in each county to erect workshops or make other suitable provision for the employment of the prisoners. Mental and moral instruction are also provided for. It being anticipated that this merely permissive law would not be carried into immediate effect in all the counties, the judges are authorized to sentence criminals brought before them in any county to jails where the workshops and schools contemplated by the act are maintained. It is confidently expected that judges will now remove one of the chief obstacles to the new system, namely, the short terms for which most of the inmates of jails are sentenced, by prolonging as much as the law permits, the stay of habitual criminals in an asylum where there is reason to believing their character may be greatly improved through instruction and the forming of habits of industry.

For many months decisive action was taken in any county to carry the law into effect. Androscoggin county—a veritable cradle of reform and home of new ideas—has the honor of taking the first practical steps. The Auburn shoe shop has now been in successful operation for several months. The authorities of Cumberland county, assisted by our sagacious, progressive and intelligent Board of Prison Commissioners, who are wisely made, by the law of 1873, Jail Commissioners also, are now making preliminary investigations with a view to utilizing and rendering self-supporting the large number of men with strong arms, who have hitherto eaten the bread of idleness at the public cost. It seems as if there were peculiarly good prospects of success in this county, since the working force is larger and more constant here than elsewhere. We trust and believe that our Commissioners will find it more advantageous for the county to carry on its own work-shop, than to incur the trouble and possible expense of the maintenance of many of its criminals in Androscoggin county at Auburn, whither they may now be transported if the court so direct.

### The Stock Breeders' Association.

From the names of the gentlemen who appear in connection with the organization of the Maine Stock Breeders' Association, it may be safely predicted that the new society will be successful in their efforts not only to build up a vigorous society, but afford valuable assistance in developing the stock growing interests of the State. At first sight it may appear that the new society will interfere with the State Agricultural Society by undertaking to support another State organization whose objects are in part identical. This however, is not the case, the new society being composed of men who now take no part in the old society and who desire to devote their attention to the specialty of stock breeding, particularly of horses to which the former gives no special prominence. It has been said that the new society has been organized for the express purpose of overthrowing the Maine Agricultural Society. There is no possible ground for this declaration in the proceedings of the meeting at Augusta called to get a charter for the new; and at Waterville, Thursday, Mr. Lang, the President distinctly stated that the members of the Stock Breeders' Association had no intention of antagonizing with the interests of the Maine Agricultural Society. Indeed, if such was the case, if it was organized for the purpose of rivalry, no injury could result to the older, since a fair and vigorous competition would naturally infuse new life and energy into the older society and its friends would exert themselves to show that age had only conferred strength and experience. True, many members of the new society feel that the Maine Society have not pursued the true and liberal policy toward horse breeders, and think that they can do much more to elevate the standard of this specialty in Maine, but there is no feeling or purpose, so far as we can learn, to interfere with the mission of the older organization.

Maine is a large state, and a small part of the people even within a radius of twenty-five miles attend the State fairs, while very few, and only those interested and having means, can go from Cumberland, Androscoggin and Oxford to Bangor—a fact which holds equally true of the eastern part of the State when the fair is held in Portland. There is ample ground for two societies even if their purposes were identical.

We understand that the new society starts under the most favorable auspices, and that a large membership of stock-breeders and fanciers is already assured, comprising gentlemen of means and energy. The officers chosen, Thursday, will at once take measures for a grand exposition the coming fall.

A TURNER'S ISLAND correspondent is very indignant at the policy of the town of Cape Elizabeth towards the villages which asked to be annexed to Portland, and doubtless very justly so, but he will pardon us for declining to publish his communicaton as it might involve us in a libel suit to which we have no time to devote. The writer closes his letter: "Mr. Editor, we ask you in the name of God and humanity, is there no deliverance?" Parenthetically we would remark that we are so generous, that for the mere asking in his own name, we would give him deliverance, provided it did not cost too much. The only way we see now is to stuff ballot boxes—which isn't regarded quite fair. One thing he and his friends can do, refuse to be taxed to pay $1400 which the town authorities expended in Augusta last winter. The Massachusetts Supreme Court has decided that such a use of a town's money is illegal.

ONLY two Maine Congressmen voted on the bill to regulate railroad commerce between States—Messrs. Frye and Hale, both of whom voted for the bill.

### Current Notes.

The New York *World* is enamored with the British civil service system and says: "If we should desire to have our civil service what it should be we must render it an honorable and well-remunerated service. At present the highest class of subordinate officers are paid at a rate which bears a ludicrous disproportion to the earnings of a professional man of ability, whilst the office is wholly destitute of the sense of permanency and the prospect of a pension and honorable recognition of faithful work which compensate the English official for a salary meagre as compared with that of a successful practitioner in law or medicine." All of which goes to show that the *World* has forgotten for the time that potent Democratic rallying cry: "To the victors belong the spoils!"

The Providence *Journal* urges the appointment of women upon the school boards in that state. It says all that is needed is a realizing sense of the need and importance of putting women on these committees, and a little energy in carrying the matter through, since no law stands in the way of women serving in that state.

If the scale of General Butler's enmities were to be published it would read somewhat as follows:—First, last and always, E. R. Hoar; next, H. L. Dawes; third, President Grant, who, whatever the apparent relations existing between them, has never yet been fully forgiven for ordering the hero of the powder boat to report at Lowell, Mass., and so contemptuously gazetted him as having been "bottled up" at Bermuda Hundred. —*Boston Transcript.*

The Bridgton *News* is in an uneasy frame of mind because it said that by a mistake the Trustees of the Insane Hospital were legislated out of existence, or words to that effect, and the PRESS said that the Insane Hospital had no existence or was hanging on the verge of the government. The *News* fears that what the PRESS said about the matter will be laid to the *News*, which it don't like because such a statement is absurd. We do love to be just.

The New Jersey Legislature has a bill before it endorsed by scholars, poets, divines and statesmen, which provides for an inspector of liquor offered for sale as a beverage in each county. Ten to one it won't pass; for that home tipple, Jersey lightning, will not be destroyed at its fountain head by Jersey lawmakers.

The Philadelphia *Press* says: "We will teach mankind that industry and integrity make a people." The editor is favorably located for giving instruction in this last department.

The Boston *Traveller* assures the public that many New England merchants are in favor of an increase of the volume of currency.

The Boston *Advertiser* characterizes the bill to "regulate railroad commerce between the States" a piece of "pure buncombe." It says that the experiment of regulating railroads when attempted by States has proved a failure and it will be more certain to fail in a more general application. From which we may conclude that the railroad monopoly is greater than the people and cannot be controlled by them. A few benighted people will dissent.

Only two Democratic Senators voted for Mr. Schurz's amendment to fix the legal limit of the bank-note currency at the old figures of $356,000,000.

Gen. Butler's Marshal Usher says that he has not been about the Massachusetts State House button-holing members on the Senatorial question.

The House vote on the Dawes amendment declaring the limit of the legal tenders to be $356,000,000, was made up as follows: In the negative, Republicans, 118, Democrats, 53; in the affirmative, Republicans, 46; Democrats, 24. The proportion of Republicans to Democrats in the House is, roughly, about as two to one. It will be seen that this is nearly the proportion in the above vote.

### Washington News and Gossip.

THE INTER-STATE RAILWAY BILL.

The bill to regulate railroad commerce between the States, which passed the House Thursday, contains fifteen sections and would cover two columns of the PRESS. It enacts that all railroad lines carrying freight between the different States, whether owned by one or by various corporations, shall be regarded as employed in commerce among the several States, and shall be liable for any violation of this act. They are forbidden to charge more than a fair and reasonable rate for the transportation of freight or passengers; such rate to be ascertained and fixed by a Board of Railroad Commissioners, to be appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and to be residents of each of the nine judicial districts of the United States; they are to be disinterested persons, and not to have any interest in the stock, bonds, or property of any railroad or any transportation company.

This board of railroad commissioners is to institute a thorough investigation and inquiry into the rates, tables, and compensation charged for transporting freights and passage over each of such lines of railroad, and into the reasonableness thereof, and is, as soon as practicable after such investigation and inquiry, to prepare for the owners and operators of each of such lines, as per rate of schedule, reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and freight and cars on or over such lines respectively. The schedule is to be authenticated by the board of commissioners, and to be printed and kept posted up in each of the offices and depots of such railroad company, corporation or person. They may from time to time as circumstances may require change and revise the schedule, and shall give notice of such changes or revisions in the same manner.

A CHANGE NEEDED.

The special of the Boston Journal, noticing the Sanborn investigation, says that the evidence of Thursday "showed, however, that the gentleman had letters of instruction from Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Sawyer, which were not sent to Congress with the remaining correspondence. The committee are much annoyed at the constant disclosures of additional correspondence and papers in this matter, which has not been furnished Congress by the Treasury Department, notwithstanding the four several demands therefor. Members of the committee say that if these papers have not been presented on account of a loose method of conducting business, it is quite time that the system of business should be changed. To-day, papers of very considerable significance were presented by the witnesses, of which no information had been conveyed to Congress by the Treasury Department. Among these was a letter from the Solicitor of the Treasury, requesting the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to give Sanborn's agents certain specific information, which the Commissioner of Internal Revenue refused. The investigation has certainly disclosed the fact that there are large amounts due the government of which the regular officers have no information, and which they have not the ability to collect."

### The Biddeford Imbroglio.

AMATEUR BURGLARS.

Everyone has been watching with intense anxiety for the past forty-eight hours to see what the next move of the kangaroo crowd would be. The "bosses" had threatened to do some awful things, but the calm, sober minded, common sense Democrats had so freely advised them that they had been kept pacified, and it was thought nothing serious would occur. Thursday, however, having gone through with the farce of choosing city officers the previous evening, they grew violent.

BREAKING AND ENTERING.

In the afternoon the Mayor, accompanied by the man who sacrificed himself to be the nominee of the kangaroo chaps for City Clerk, and a brawny blacksmith armed with cold chisels and hammers, beside the extensive retinue of the chief magistrate, appeared at the Clerk's office, which was closed, picked the lock and triumphantly entered. They then, with chisel and sledge hammer, demolished the outer door of the vault and cut down the heavy iron inside door, smashing the bolts and rivets. The Mayor then told Mr. Tripp that he could enter upon his duties as Clerk of the City of Biddeford. The records were overhauled and a general inspection of the room made. Then a big lock, strong enough to answer for a lock for the State Prison, and ugly enough to frighten some men, was put upon the outside door. After smiling at each other the heroes departed, leaving a policeman on picket duty, who remained all night. The Mayor gave notice that the Treasurer's office would receive a similar visit next morning if the office was not vacated. J. A. McMullan, esq., Treasurer, heeded this advice and removed his valuables to his private office at the Water Power Machine Company.

AN INJUNCTION GRANTED.

Yesterday morning came, and with it a new phaze in the scrimmage was presented. The Mayor was seated in an easy chair in the Clerk's office, conversing about the easy victory he had achieved, and the smiling phiz of Mr. Samuel Tripp shone about the room, like the head-light of a locomotive. He had commenced his active duties as City Clerk. Knots of newly elected office holders were conversing in different parts of the room, when Sheriff Durgin entered, and pulled from his pocket a document that a glance told the conquering heroes was something more than a sheet of paper. The Sheriff read the document to the Mayor and Mr. Tripp. It was nothing but a piece of paper, with official seal, and something written thereon which closed liks this: "The said Francis G. Warren and Samuel Tripp, and each of them, and all their agents and abettors, and all others, are strictly enjoined and commanded by our said Court, under the penalty of contempt, absolutely to desist and refrain from taking the possession of said books and records, and from hindering or in any way disturbing the said Cyrus O. Berry, in the performance of his duties as City Clerk of said Biddeford, and from all attempts, directly or indirectly, to accomplish such object, until the further order of our said Court." It was issued by order of Judge Virgin of the Supreme Court. When the Sheriff had finished reading the document, Thomas Nast ought to have been present. Such a picture your reporter never saw! It looked like a winter scene in Aroostook. The smiles of a few hours before had changed to faces drawn down to the shape of a spinning top. The Mayor said he didn't know what to do about it, when the kind hearted Sheriff informed him that all he need do was to leave in the possession of Mr. Berry the office and records, and quietly depart.

THEY FOLD THEIR TENTS.

This was speedily done, though somewhat reluctantly, and Mr. Berry has now possession of the office, and so far all is quiet. The writ of injunction is returnable at the May term of Court. The disgraceful action of the men who broke into the Clerk's vault is severely commented upon, and the course taken by them throughout is the subject of righteous indignation on the part of good citizens. The idea of resorting to bona fide mob law in the good old State of Maine is pretty steep, and so long as courts of justice exist it cannot be endured. It is hoped that the matter may be rightly adjusted now as the Mayor now sings:

"Memory watches o'er the sad review
Of joys that faded like the morning dew."

[Reported for the Press]

### The New England Agricultural Club.

THURSDAY MORNING.

As stated in a special, the attendance was fair but not large and the interest good. There were not so many gentlemen from abroad as was anticipated but many of the best farmers of Maine, particularly the central part of the state, were present. President Needham is detained at home by illness. During the session, the Secretary of the Club, Mr. Rounds, gave a very interesting account of the origin and objects of the association. To know the state of the crops of the whole of New England is one object; to consult together with one another for mutual interests is another. Benjamin P. Ware, Marblehead Mass. spoke of the benefits of this institute. There is dissatisfaction among farmers as to their position in life. He took pride in being a farmer and a working one. He spoke of the scarcity of young men at this and other Agricultural meetings. He spoke of the young men who go to the cities, and insisted that a man on a farm is in better circumstances than the man in the city who receives $2,000 salary. The farmers of New England are better situated as a whole than the business men of New England. The sons of farmers occupy the leading positions of the country. they reach them through habits gained on the farm. Farming is honorable, aud noble, and it is a sure business. We can learn of each other. He alluded to Mr. Millett, of Minot, who learned how to raise onions at an Essex Co. Fair, Mass. Leander Wetherell of Boston Cultivator, spoke of the use of the Boards of Agriculture, of Farmers Clubs, Agricultural Societies, Granges, and of this institute. All have their missions and we must judge how well each do it. He spoke of middle men which he called "fore stallers." He would have farmers combine and sell through one of their number and one of their trust.

L. L. Lucas spoke of isolations of farmers of Maine, and of the hard work to get farmers out to such meetings, and the losses they thereby sustain. We want to teach our farmers how to take care of what they produce, rather than to teach them how to raise more. There is talk of brains in Agriculture, but where is the case upon record. No business is so badly managed as farming. Would have a committee of one in every town to give information. Farmers want instruction upon most farm topics. When soil is cultivated which does not pay for cultivating, is it a wonder the farmers, grew poorer? He spoke of associated dairies as a move in the right direction. Hay and fruit are our staple crops for profit. Hay early cut and well cured is the best cattle food. The horse has hurt the State of Maine more than any other one animal. Contrasted the use of horses and oxen for farm labor. Cows, sheep, swine, and poultry are the most profitable stocks for the State of Maine. Good feed will double the capacity of most of our native cows for dairy products. Wilful ignorance is at the bottom of all our agricultural woes.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Before the afternoon session the incorporators of the Maine Stockbreeders Association met and took steps to perfect an organization, the result of which has already been published.

The evening session of the Institute was opened by a lecture by Mr. Wetherell of the Boston Cultivator on "Breeding and Feeding Dairy Stock." Breeds must be selected which give the objects for which we are seeking. He spoke highly of the grade Short Horns, and read ext racts from various breeders. Skill is requiredl in breeding good dairy stock. A knowledge of chemical compounds in the feed used, will not enable the feeder to feed rightly. It may help, but alone is not worth much. Different breeds require different qualities and amounts of feed. The age of the animal has much to do with the kind and amount of feed required. Cold stables and ice water are unfit for shelter and drink of dairy stock. It takes a good part of what they eat to keep them warm—to maintain animal heat and vitality. He spoke of special forage crops, of corn for fodder, and of farmers who used it, of oats and clover, and that the fodder corn gave the richer milk. Dairy farming is not as exhaustive as most any other branch. Select the cow that will give the largest amount of milk, or cheese or butter. In Massachusetts, cows average 400 pounds of cheese apiece.

Benj. P. Ware, Marblehead, Mass., followed: Believes that men who engage in dairying, or milk production are not on a fair road to the poor house. He knew men who have made a fortune out of it.

### Magazines for April.

OLD AND NEW.—Mr. Hale's introduction discusses the question of Political Re-Organization. The serials of "The Way we Live Now" by A. Trollope and Mr. Perkins' story of Scrope are continued. A very good story by Mrs. Meredith called Achsa's Possibilities is contributed. Miss Hinckley has another of her vivid descriptions of "Country Sights and Sounds." The Rev. Mr. Martineau resumes his series of papers with a powerful discussion of the Romish claim of infallibility. An anonymous paper takes rather a new view of "The Sights of Tweed and other Convicts." There are two short reminiscent papers on Chas. Sumner. The Poetry is a piece by Paul Hayne addressed to Henry Longfellow. "My Bird" by Kate Colby, and "The Modern Cleon." We must not forget Mr. Trywhitt's useful articles in "Our Sketching Club."

### Letter from Bangor.

BANGOR, March 26, 1873.

*To the Editor of the Press:*

The two years of business inactivity which have been so discouraging to our citizens, are likely to be succeeded by a REVIVAL OF TRADE, especially that connected with shipping interests. Lumber firms in Liverpool have made large contracts for deals with Bangor commission merchants, which will open the way for further English trade. Our harbor has of late been much improved by dredging, so that it is ample for the accommodation of a large amount of foreign shipping, and the Verona bridge bug bear, that huge practical joke of the southeasterly humorists, has been laid, and will not again recur to mind unless the Calais wags choose to pursue their now threadbare conceit into another Legislature. Lumber dealers move about with cheerful faces, and are making early preparations for the commencement of the season's work in the saw mills on the Penobscot. The operations in the way of getting out logs have not been so extensive as usual, but, owing to the length and favorableness of the winter a large amount, in proportion to the force employed, has been cut and hauled.

THE BUCKSPORT RAILROAD.

As warm weather approaches the Bucksport people are getting ready to resume work on their unfortunate railroad to Bangor. It seems the fate of that otherwise prosperous community to be perpetually victimized by some plausible adventurer. Their Sherman-steel speculation a few years ago was a costly experiment, and one to which a reference is not happy in Bucksport ears, though Mr. Sherman made well out of it and was enabled on the proceeds to set up nicely in business on his return to England. On top of this experience they let the contract of building their railroad to a man whose guarantee seems to have been a subscription for $15,000 of stock, and, after drawing such moneys as he could, departed suddenly, leaving on their hands an unfinished road and an army of clamorous, unpaid workmen. It is reported that Mr. Alexander Savage, who built the Bangor & Piscataquis extension, and subsequently a portion of the Boston & Maine extension, is to finish this road. Work on the piers of the bridge over the Penobscot has been temporarily abandoned owing to weakness of the ice, but it will be resumed as soon as the spring freshet is over and the river clear from ice. It is proposed to advertise very soon for proposals from bridge builders to contract for the superstructure. One is inclined to admire the pluck of the little town which, unaided, builds eighteen miles of railroad and an expensive bridge, although they did not have, probably, a full idea of the magnitude of the undertaking when they commenced.

PERSONAL.

By a most exciting municipal election, which called out the entire strength of both parties, our fair city has delivered itself from the fury of the despotic Bass. Bangor may well congratulate herself on the present City Government. Hon Newell Blake, Mayor elect, is a gentleman of noble personal presence, and courteous, dignified manners, who adds long experience to great natural ability in the management of public affairs. He was in the Legislature as Senator during the winters of '53-'54 and '55, and for the last four years has been a member of our City Government. Mr. Henry Lord, the President of the Common Council, is a rising and ambitious young politician, who has filled the office acceptably the past year, and is not unlikely, in the future, to be heard from in a wider field of politics.

In his old seat among the Aldermen, is the muscular and aggressive L. J. Morse, of the last Legislature, who is one of the most popular, pugnacious and public spirited men in the city. He will go to the Legislature again next winter if he wishes it, in company with Frank Wilson. P.

LARGE FIRE IN BIDDEFORD.—The large two story tenement house on Bradbury street in Biddeford, known as the Newbegin house, and owned by Alfred Ouillett, was almost totally destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. The fire was discovered in the stable and so rapid was the spread of flames that some of the occupants were obliged to leave in their night clothes.

The stable contained three horses—one valued at $300—dump cart, wagon, sleds, sleigh harnesses, etc., all of which were burned.

The house was occupied by four families—Mr. Ouillett and Oliver Croto below, and James E. Cote and Edmund Lalanne above stairs.

The origin of the fire is supposed to have been incendiary and appears to have taken beneath the stable or between two stables. The full loss is estimated at $4000. There is an insurance of $850 in Penn Co., on the house in the agency of J. M. Goodwin & Son. The occupants had no insurance on their furniture.

### Municipal Elections.

YORK—Moderator, G. W. S. Putnam; Town Clerk, Chas. O. Clark; Selectmen, Samuel P. Young, Joseph H. Moody, Almon H. Merrow; Treas. and Col., Joseph Bragdon, jr; Town Agent, Josiah D. Bragdon; S. S. Com., Joseph Freeman; Overseers of the Poor, Chas Moulton Josiah Worton, J. P. Simpson; Auditor, Geo. S. Putnam.

CASTLE HILL,—Clerk, John Waddell, jr; Assessors, M. K. Hilton, J. P. Morton, A. M. Dudley; Treas. T. K. Dow; Col. W. M. Smith; Con., W. M. Smith; Supt. of Schools, M. K. Hilton.

DENNYSVILLE.—Moderator, S. H. Jones; Clerk, Geo. H. McLaughlan: Selectmen, &c., Peter E., Vose, Sam'l Eastman, Geo. H. McLaughlan; Treas. Peter E. Vose; S. S. Com., A. R. Lincoln, S. L. Jones, Chas Whittier; Town Agent, Peter E. Vose.

### Religious Intelligence.

The chapel in West Bangor will be completed this week, and will be dedicated Thursday, April 2d,

The revival interest in Columbia street church, Bangor, continues unabated and meetings are held every evening

An interesting revival is in progress at Stone's school-house, North Union, under the labors of the pastor of the Methodist church. Some thirty went forward for prayers during the past week. The interest is increasing.

The religious interest under the labors of Rev. Mr. Carr, still continues with great power at the Union meeting house in Fort Fairfield.

An extensive revival interest prevails at East Newport and vicinity under the labors of Rev. Nelson Stackpole, assisted by Mr. Newell Avery. More than fifty conversions have been reported during the past few weeks, among them many heads of families. Last Sabbath the ordinance of baptism was administered to ten candidates, and many more are preparing to follow soon. The interest still continues unabated.

The revival interest continues in the churches in China. The old and young are sharing alike in the blessing.

An extensive religious revival prevails at Webb's Mills. Old and young share alike in this interest.

The religious interest in the Methodist church at Kittery deepens and widens. The congregation has doubled since the appointment of the present pastor, who is very highly appreciated by all the people.

The religious interest at Standish Four Corners, has been increasing since last fall, through quite a discouraging outside influence; but now that is overcome and large numbers are presenting themselves for confirmation.

Six persons were received on the 15th, into Congregational church, Boothbay Harbor, on profession of faith, Rev. E. B. Pike, pastor.

The Zion's Advocate says that the Baptist church at Tenant's Harbor, Rev. O. Richardson, pastor, is enjoying a season of refreshment. Eleven converts were baptized last Sunday; eight of these were heads of families. Others are to follow.

Rev. B. A. Robie, formerly pastor of the Congregational church in Waterville, has resigned his pastoral charge at Wilmington, Mass., where he has been laboring for a few year's past.

Prof. Barbour of the Theological Seminary, has been engaged to supply the pulpit of the First Parish church in Bangor, after the first of April, when the resignation of Rev. Newman Smythe takes effect.

Rev. L. Witham will close a six year's pastorate with the South Buxton F. B. church, April 1st. Mr. W. organized this church in 1868 and now leaves it in good working order.

Rev. Wm, T. Whitmarsh of Montreal, is to occupy the pulpit of the Baptist church at East Winthrop, on the next two Sabbaths. If everything is satisfactory he will probably receive a call from the church and society.

Rev. T. Wiley was installed pastor of the Corliss street F. B. church at Bath, Tuesday evening.

The Trustees of the Maine Missionary Society held a special meeting at the house of Joshua Maxwell, Esq., in Portland, on Tuesday, April 7th, at 3 o'clock p. m.

The Newport and Palmyra Baptist Quarterly Conference held its last meeting with the Baptist church at Stetson, 14th and 15th insts. The churches were all well represented.

Rev. D. C. White of Williamsville, Vt., will preach in Oldtown a few Sabbaths in April and the Universalists there are not without hope that they may retain him as pastor.

A religious awakening of unusual interest has been progressing in Biddeford for the past two weeks under the direction of Rev. Mr. Fowler, the evangelist from Bristol, N. H., and the interest still continues, although it is understood that Mr. Fowler is about to leave.

Right Rev. Bishop Neely will visit St. Paul's church, Brunswick, on Saturday, April 4th, and will preach and administer the rite of confirmation.

Rev. H F. Wood of Waterville, has accepted a call from the Pine street Freewill Baptist Society, Manchester, N. H., to become their pastor. Mr. Wood is a graduate of Bates College.

## STATE NEWS.

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY.

We learn from the Journal that the shipments of boots and shoes from Auburn and Lewiston the past week have been 2142 cases, to 2131 for the previous and 1690 for the corresponding week of last year.

The Journal says a man named Peary, on Wednesday, had $27 taken from his pocket while he was sleeping in a stable in Lewiston. Rather a bad place to sleep in.

Notwithstanding the rigor with which the prohibition law is enforced in Lewiston, the Journal says on Wednesday afternoon, an old man, ragged and totally blind, reeled along Lisbon street and finally fell to the sidewalk, and was unable to rise. His son, a lad of not more than ten years, clung to his hand, and with tears in his eyes tried to get him along to their wagon.

While some boys were sky-larking at Mechanic Falls last week, a lad was struck in the forehead with a large iron bolt, and dangerously injured. The lad who threw the bolt was arrested and bound over.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

The Bridgton News says Edward Lewis, of that town, while riding to the village last Saturday was thrown from his wagon, the horse having become frightened, the breeching breaking in pulling him in suddenly, and the horse dashing through a pair of bars into a field. Mr. Lewis' efforts to control the frightened animal were unavailing, and the wheels striking a rock heap he was thrown over the fender down at the horse's heels and was kicked in the face, breaking his right jaw, knocking out his front upper teeth and cutting a gash in his lip. Mr. L. was taken up and attended to. A longitudinal section of the jaw, together with five teeth attached, was removed and his other wounds dressed, which painful operation Mr. L. endured with Spartan fortitude, he preferring not to be etherized. He is now getting along quite comfortably.

The News says Fred Douglass, 13 years of age, son of Richard Douglass of West Bridgton, while playing with some other lads in a stave mill last Saturday, had all the fingers of one hand cut partly off by a circular saw.

Mr. John W. Fowler has sold his stage line—horses, coaches and all—from Bridgton to South Paris, to Lemuel Davis of Bridgton.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

The Journal says that the estimated loss by fire in Augusta during the municipal year just closed, was $8650, on which there was an insurance of $4350.

The dwelling house in Readfield owned by William Lincoln, and occupied by John P. Bickford, took fire about 11 o'clock Wednesday, and was wholly consumed. The efforts of the neighbors were successful in saving the stable. Mr. Lincoln's loss is about $800. Mr. Bickford loses about $200.

One of the business men of Waterville caught a young man at his money drawer on Friday noon of last week. He had succeeded in abstracting fifteen dollkrs, and had just turned to leave the store as the proprietor entered, when a struggle ensued, the boy getting the worst of it, and, falling to the floor, was promptly dealt with. Being of respectable family the matter was hushed up by the reimbursement of the sum taken and promises of better conduct.

OXFORD COUNTY.

At an auction sale of household goods in a dwelling house at North Norway last Tuesday, some forty or fifty persons being assembled, says the Register, in the chamber of the house, all at once, the floor timbers gave away and all present with the large accumulation of furniture were precipitated to the lower floor, a distance of some nine or ten feet. On the lower floor was Mrs. Buck, Mrs. Whittle and two small boys, when the upper floor with its precious weight came crushing through. An extension table set on this floor, and that with the fire-frame was the probable means of saving the lives of those on this floor. No one was injured but Mrs. Whittles, and she received injuries in the back and hip.

The Register says Sewell Goff, esq., of Mexico, was badly injured last week by falling from the roof of Mrs Worthley's house, near Mexico Corner. The house took fire on the roof, and while Mr. Goff was trying to put out the flames his feet slipped and he fell to the ground, a distance of twelve feet.

A gentleman of Porter says that on the 26th of February, 1865, he wrote and mailed a letter to his brother in Monterey, Mexico, and on Saturday, the 14th inst., he found it in the post office at Porter village, returned to him from the dead letter office of the United States without any other record of its many wanderings.

SAGADAHOC COUNTY.

The Times says that E. J. Pask, a hack-driver at Bath, was thrown from his hack Wednesday and much injured.

Gen. Sewall arrived in Bath Wednesday, and will establish his headquarters there as Supervisor of Internal Revenue for the New England district. The General is direct from the Pacific coast, and was on one of the trains which was so badly snow bound in the Sierras.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

(Skowhegan Correspondent.)

Judge Cutting has passed sentence upon Charles White of Augusta, for shop-lifting, four years; John Benson, breaking and entering and larceny of one harness, two years; Sullivan, for larceny on the street in Skowhegan, two years; Charles Hussey, convicted of stealing from a trader the sum of $50, not sentenced.

Thursday night one of the prisoners sent for the jailor at Norridgewock, to see him, and the jailor with his wife went to the jail door and the jailor entered the prison, and the wife closed the door supposing it locked. The prisoners, according to an arrangement, made a rush for the door, and two of them, Benson and Sullivan, passed out of the door, and Sullivan was clinched by the jailor when a pretty interesting scuffle ensued, and Benson took leg bail for security and has not since reported. The others were secured.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

The Eastport Sentinel says now that the rum shops are closed in that place, there are several miserable scamps who are carrying liquor about with them and selling to boys and to those that want the vile stuff.

The town of Perry has a balance of $4410.44 in its treasury.

Clark & Sampson of Pembroke, having missed small sums of money at various times, set a watch in the store and discovered the thief to be a young lad, who entered the premises through a back window. The boy was arrested and bound over.

The old grist mill at Dennysville, built by Judge Lincoln some 45 years ago, has been recently sold and torn down.


**Ask Them?**

An advertisement of a medicine, however candid and conscientious it may be, does not always carry conviction with it. The public know to their sorrow that the boastful claims put forth in behalf of many-so-called remedies are literally "a delusion and a snare." Probably the best use, therefore, that can be made of the space devoted to this notice of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is to invite those who read it to inquire of the parties that have tested the curative and preventive properties of the article what they think of it. We earnestly request all doubters to ascertain from such of their friends and neighbors as have taken this standard tonic and alterative as a protection against malarious diseases, or as a cure for indigestion, liver complaint, constipation, rheumatism, nervous debility, headache, low spirits, languor, biliousness, &c., what Hostetter's Bitters has done for them. There is no testimony so trustworthy as that which is the result of personal experience.


## SPECIAL NOTICES.


We Reduce the retail price of Our Coal for deliveries In Town, Woodford's Corner, Libby's Corner and Knightville to $8.50 per ton—this for the best Coals, first quality in every particular, which fact is recognized by hundreds of CONTENTED CUSTOMERS resident in the places just named. WE SUGGEST that others requiring really CHOICE COAL, correct weight and an avoidance of all annoyances occasioned by undue haste, carelessness or inattention, call upon us and become purchasers.

me28sneodtf JOS. H. POOR & BRO.

SOMETHING NEW.

PEARSON'S COCOANUT BISCUIT!

A very nice article, that is taking well. For sale by

J. PEARSON, 25 Free Street.

mc28 *3tsn

Awnings, Tents, Flags, Boat Sails, Covers, Canvass Letterings, Decorations, &c.,

49 1-2 EXCHANGE STREET.,

F. A. LEAVITT. eodsn

mc3

To the Public.

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals respectfully gives notice that ALONZO H. LIBBY, Constable whose office is at No. 80 Middle street, (up stairs) has been appointed Agent of the Society.

The public are therefore requested to give prompt information to him of any cruelty to animals that may come to their knowledge, and he will see to it that the offenders are brought to speedy and strict justice. Per order.

ap29 sntf

COUNTY BONDS.
CITY BONDS.
SCHOOL DISTRICT BONDS.
REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES.

All carefully selected in the west, paying 10 to 12 per cent interest. Very safe as well as profitable.

CHARLES M. HAWKES,

96 MIDDLE STREET.

jun13 sntf

THE EUREKA

FAMILY BREAD!

Has been tried and is said to be fully equal to the Best Home Made Bread. Ask your Grocer for it. For sale from our Carts and from Bakery,

22 ANDERSON STREET,

RICE & CALDERWOOD.

jr30 sntf


## SPECIAL NOTICES.


Dr. Schenck's Standard Remedies!

The standard remedies for all diseases of the lungs are SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SCHENCK'S SEA-WEED TONIC, and SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, and if taken before the lungs are destroyed, a speedy cure is effected.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivalled success in the treatment of pulmonary diseases.

The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs; nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To enable the Pulmonic Syrup to do this, Schenck's Mandrake Pills and Schenck's Sea-weed Tonic must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver. Schenck's Mandrake Pills act on the liver, removing all obstructions, relaxe the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved.

Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative; the alkali of which it is composed mixes with the food, and prevents souring. It assists the digestion, by toning up the stomach to a healthy condition, so that the food and Pulmonic Syrup will make good blood; then the lungs heal, and the patient will surely get well if care is taken to prevent fresh cold.

Dr. Schenck can be consulted at the Quincy House, Boston, on Wednesday, March 25th, April 8th and 22nd, May 13th and 27th.

Advice will be given free, but for a thorough examination with the Respirometer, the charge is $5.00.

Schenck's Medicines are sold by all Druggists throughout the country.

Schenck's Almanac can be had of all Druggists, free. me12eod&w1ysn11

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid H

# THE PRESS.

**SATURDAY MORNING, MAR. 28, 1874.**

## CITY AND VICINITY.

**THE PRESS**

May be obtained at the Periodical Depots of Fessenden Bros., Marquis, Robinson, Brunell & Co., Andrews, Wentworth, Glendenning, Moses, Henderson, and Chisholm Bros., on all trains that run out of the city.

At Biddeford, of Pillsbury.
At Saco of L. Hodgdon.
At Waterville, of J. S. Carter.
At Gorham, of News Agent.
At Bath, of J. O. Shaw.
At Lewiston, of French Bros. and Stevens & Co.
At Kennebunk, of C. E. Miller.

**New Advertisements To-Day.**

ENTERTAINMENT COLUMN.

Grand Ball—Sebago Lake.
Floral Exhibition—Joseph A. Dirwanger.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Something New—J. Pearson.
We Reduce—Jos. H. Poor & Bro.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening—Turner Brothers.
For Sale Low—Manufacturing Business.
Curtain Cornices—Hale.
For Sale Cheap—Wm. H. Jerris.
Wanted—By a young Sweed.
Gentlemen's Garments Cleansed—Foster.
Rooms to Let with Board.
Assessors' Notice.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES.

Eureka Spool Silk.
Steamer Chesapeake will leave.
Autographs—Look out.
Rines & Robertson—Dress Goods.
Dr. Bennett—Falmouth Hotel.

**Religious Notices.**

ST. LUKE'S CATHEDRAL, STATE ST.—Rt. Rev. H. A. Neely, Bishop of the Diocese of Maine.—Sunday services 10.30 a. m., 3 and 7. p. m. Daily services at 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. Seats free to all.

ST. LAWRENCE ST. CHURCH.—Rev. A. H. Wright Pastor.—Services at 10½ a. m. and 3 p. m.

WILLISTON CHURCH.—Preaching services at 10½ a. m. and 3 p. m. Sabbath School at 1½ p. m.; Social meeting at 7 p. m.

STATE STREET CHURCH.—Rev. E. Y. Hincks, Pastor. Services at 10½ a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath School 3 p. m.

BAY SIDE PARISH (UNION).—Rev. B. F. Pritchard Pastor. Sabbath School at 1 p. m.; Preaching at 2 and 6 p. m. Preaching at Knightville at 10½ a. m. Sabbath School at 11½ a. m. Social meeting 7½ p. m.

BETHEL CHURCH—Services 10½ a. m., 3 and 7 p.m. Prayer meetings on Thursday evenings at 7½ p. m. All from sea and land are invited. Seats free.

SECOND PARISH CHURCH.—Rev. Dr. Carruthers, Pastor. Services at 10 1-2 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath School at 3 P. M.

HIGH STREET CHURCH—Rev. W. H. Fenn, pastor. Services at 10½ a. m. and 3 p. m, Sunday School at the close of the forenoon service. Prayer meeting at 7 o'clock.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH.—Rev. Asa Dalton, Rector. Sunday Services at 10½ a. m.; and 3 p. m. The sittings in this Church are free to all.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, corner of Congress and Locust street.—Services at 10.30 a. m. and 3 p. m. Rev. Dr. Pise, Rector. Seats free.

Y. M. C. ASSOCIATION, Mechanics' Building, Congress street, corner Casco.—Religious Meeting every Wednesday and Saturday Evenings at 7½ o'c'k P. M.

CASCO ST. CHURCH.—Rev. A. A. Smith, Pastor. Preaching services at 10½ a. m. at the opening of the Sabbath School, and at 3 p. m. Young peoples' meeting at 6 o'clock. Prayer Meeting at 7 o'clock.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH.—Rev. C. F. Dole, will preach to-morrow at 10½ a. m. and 3 p. m. Prayer meeting at 7 p. m.

ADVENT CHRISTIAN CHURCH, Union Hall, 87 Free St.—Social meeting next Sunday at 10½ a. m. Preaching at 3 and 7 p. m. by Elder John Couch, of Chelsea, Mass. The public are invited to come and hear.

FIRST SECOND ADVENT CHURCH, 353½ Congress street. Elder Geo. W. Sedergquet, of Lynn, Mass., will preach Sunday at the usual hours. Seats free.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, Congress st., corner of Wilmot. Rev. Wm. H. Shailer, Pastor.—Sabbath School 1.30 P. M. Preaching 3 P. M.; Social Meeting at 7 P. M. Seats free.

CHESTNUT ST. M. E. CHURCH—Rev. S. F. Jones, pastor. Union Love Feast meeting at the Pine St. church at 10½ a. m. Service at Chestnut St. at 3 p. m. Prayer meetings at 6 and 7 p. m.

DEERING'S BRIDGE CHAPEL.—Sunday School at 3 p. m. All are invited.

THE SPIRITUAL FRATERNITY at Arcana Hall. A Lecture at 3 o'clock P. M. Seats free.

PREBLE CHAPEL, corner Preble and Cumberland streets. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Preaching at 3 p. m. A Temperance Meeting at 7 p. m. Free to all.

SWEDISH SERVICES, at the Y. M. C. A. Hall—Preaching at 10½ a. m. and 3 and 7½ p. m. All Scandinavians are invited to attend.

PINE ST. M. E. CHURCH.—Rev. J. W. Johnston, pastor. Union Love Feast at 10½ a. m Preaching at 3 p. m. by the pastor. Sabbath School at 1½ p. m. Prayer meetings at 6 and 7½ P. M.

WEST CONG. CHAPEL.—Sunday School at 11 a. m. Preaching at 3 p. m. Evening service at 7.

FREE ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. A. K. P. Small, pastor. Preaching at 10½ a. m. Sunday School 12 m. Young Peoples' meeting 6 p. m. Social Meeting at 7.

NEWBURY ST. CHURCH.—Preaching afternoon at the usual hours by Rev. C. W. Mossell. Prayer meeting at 10½ forenoon.

MOUNTFORT ST. A. M. E. CHURCH.—Social meeting at 10½ a. m. Sabbath School 1½ p. m. Preaching at 4½ p. m.

NEW JERUSALEM CHURCH—New High street.—Religious services at 10½ A. M. Sabbath School at 12 m.

CONGRESS STREET M. E. CHURCH.—Rev. C. B. Pitblado, Pastor. Union Love Feast at Pine street Church at 10½ a. m. Missionary sermon at 3 p. m. by the pastor. Prayer meetings at 9 a. m. and 6 and 7 p. m.

INDIA ST. UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.—Rev. Geo. W. Bicknell, pastor. Sunday School 10½ a. m. Preaching service 3 p. m. At 7½ p. m. will be given the eighth lecture in the Doctrinal course. Subject, "The Doctrine of Hell."

ALLEN MISSION CHAPEL, Locust Street.—Public prayer meeting 2.15 p. m.; Sunday School 3; Temperance lecture 7½ p m. by Rev. E. P. Thwing. Temperance meeting Monday evening. All invited.

**Superior Court.**

MARCH CIVIL TERM, 1874, SYMONDS, J., PRESIDING.

FRIDAY.—Isabella L. Millett vs. Edmond Bennett. Action upon an account annexed to recover the sum twenty-seven dollars alleged to be due for the rent of a house. Defense—that the house was hired by one Mrs. Blakie with whom defendant boarded and that the plaintiff agreed not to charge any rent until the house was thoroughly repaired, which was not done. Decision for the plaintiff for the full amount claimed.

B. D. Verrill for plaintiff.
O'Donnell for the defendant.

**Municipal Court.**

BEFORE JUDGE MORRIS.

FRIDAY.—William Gage. Intoxication. Fined $5 with costs. Committed.

William Rankins. Search and seizure. Sentence suspended on payment of costs and a promise to quit the traffic. Howard& Cleaves.

Tukey, libellant, vs. Liquors. P. McGlinchy claimant. Libel dismissed for want of jurisdiction. County Att'y. Mattocks & Fox.

**Brief Jottings.**

Palm Sunday to-morrow.

A Portland man is negotiating for the Meta of the Brooklyn Yacht Club.

The Alhambra makes her last trip to Halifax to-day.

A wagon belonging to F. & C. B. Nash was smashed on Commercial street yesterday morning by coming in contact with a jigger.

If sufficient encouragement is offered Rev. Mr. Bolles will deliver a lecture in this city on polarized light.

The Grand Army will give, positively, their last Sociable next week, and on Fast night their friends tender the managers of the course a complimentary dance at Grand Army Hall.

The amount of goods that was entered in the Custom House, Portland, in transit, in the month of February was $5,043,800.

Evening services at the India street church will hereafter begin at half past seven o'clock.

We learn that quite a party of Episcopalians have arranged to visit New York on Easter Day.

The Cape Elizabeth steamer, Joseph Hoey, has been improved of late, making the accommodations better for passengers.

At their last meeting in Cambridge, the Pierian Sodality voted to join with the Harvard Glee Club in giving a concert in this city. The time is not entirely decided on but it will probably be on or about April 20th.

To-morrow forenoon the Methodist churches of this city will unite in holding a Love Feast in the Pine street church. The services will commence at 10.30 a. m.

The boot and shoe stores will be reopened evenings the first of next week.

There will be a temperance meeting at Preble Chapel to-morrow evening. All are invited.

The students at the Commercial College presented Mr. Charles Brown, a retiring teacher, with a heavy gold ring yesterday. Mr. Brown goes into business in Boston.

The T. B. Y's held a very pleasant masquerade at Army & Navy Hall last evening. About thirty couples were present.

The Bisbee Dramatic Club created a sensation at Congress Square vestry last evening. The very young *debutante* was warmly received,

It will be seen by advertisement that J. H. Poor & Co., have reduced the price of their coal.

The first cotillion party of the season comes off at the Pavilion, Lake Sebago, Tuesday evening. An extra train will run from this city.

FLORAL EXHIBITION.—Joseph A. Dirwanger announces his third annual floral exhibition, beginning Monday and holding to Friday night. The display of flowers will be more beautiful and extensive than ever before. Mr. Dirwanger on a recent visit to Europe, purchased many of the choicest plants on the continent. Tickets of admission entitle the holder to a premium.

AN OVERDUE STEAMER.—The steamer Colima, from Panama to San Francisco, is now twelve days overdue. Among her passengers are the wife of Mr. R. O. Conant, Dr. Clarke and Mr. Eastman, of the firm of Eastman Brothers, all of this city. It is supposed the steamer has been disabled as to her machinery, and so is delayed.

BOSWORTH POST CAMP FIRE.—Last night will be long remembered by the members of Bosworth Post G. A. R., as a red letter day or evening. Nearly a hundred members were present at the meeting, which after the usual business, was turned into a "camp fire." Tables were set in the hall and laden with baked beans, brown bread, hard-tack, coffee, etc., in regular camp style. Then cut tobacco and "T. D." pipes were distributed, and there was smoked the pipe of recollection, the old memories were recalled and the old battles fought over. Before partaking of the repast, Rev. Mr. Bicknell, Post Chaplain, invoked the divine blessing. The feasting over, and the pipes lighted, Post Commander Ingalls called upon the comrades, who volunteered to furnish kindlings for the "camp fire." Comrade Huston brought the first armful in a poetic form, and was applauded. After him came Comrades Winsor B. Smith. R. K. Gatley, W. H. Sargent, G. H. Abbott, Charles W. Bean and others equally worthy of mention, but whose names are not recalled. Gatley takes to the Mother Goose style, and may be styled Old Mother Goose Outdone. Comrade Smith's story of the "Boy with the fur cap" was a production of unusual merit, as was a "Voice from Munjoy Hill" by Comrade Bean. There were lots of sharp hits that caused the hall to ring with laughter. The poetical productions were interspersed with old army songs, in which all joined. Before the "old boys" were aware of it, the clock indicated 11.15, when the grand circle was formed, hands joined and "Our days are passing swiftly by," "America," "Auld Lang Syne" and "Old Hundred" were sung and the assembly broke up.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—At the meeting of Portland Division No. 95, Sons of Temperance last evening the following were elected officers for the ensuing term: W. P. Chas. W. Thomas; W. A. Sabina I. Phillips; W. R. S. Henry S. Burgess, jr; W. A. S. Geo. Izett; W. F. S. John B. Thorndike; W. T. Thos. W. Burnham; W. Chaplain, A. H. Waite; W. Con. George Strong: W. A. Con. Mary F. Pearson; W. I. S. Jabez M. Stevens; W. O, S. George Warren.

The above officers will be installed next Friday evening at 7½ o'clock, at Temperance Hall, No. 351½ Congress street. The installation will be open to the public.

POLICE NOTES.—Officers Stover and Sterling arrested two well appearing men yesterday, named Hanscomb and Plummer, for breaking into the shop of a Mr. Brewer in Brunswick, Thursday, and stealing a lot of copper bolts and other property. The men were sent down to bring some goods to this city in a scow, the owner accompanying them. Owing to the high wind the owner proposed to return to the city from Brunswick in the cars, and after he had left these men committed the burglary and left with the property in a sail boat, and were arrested on their arrival here.

PERSONAL.—Bishop and Mrs. Neely will sail about the 21st of April for Europe.

Rev. E. C. Bolles, formerly of this city, sails for Europe in May.

Rev. Asa Dalton has recovered from his illness and will hold services during Holy Week.

Mr. Simon H. Milliken of Saco, who had a shock a few days since, is improving. Mr. Milliken has been freight and ticket agent on the P. S. & P. Railroad station at Saco for the past thirty-two years, and is the oldest person in the service connected with that Company. He is father of Mr. Milliken the ticket seller at the Eastern station in this city.

SOMETHING new. Eureka Silk, B size, all colors.

FOR SALE on favorable terms, a valuable slate property, partially developed, with most encouraging prospects, in the eastern part of the State. Owners refer to S. T. Pullen, Esq Press office. je14-dtf

GOOD assortment bird cages, latest styles, cheap, at W. C. Sawyer & Co., 22 Market Square. Th&Sat

GENUINE Kansas Corned Beef, Rolled, Pressed and Preserved ready for table use. Try it at Wilson & Co's. mch24-3t-eod

As usual we invite all our friends to buy their clothing, custom or ready made, of Geo. W. Rich & Co., 173 and 175 Fore street. You can always get good goods at fair prices at this house. mch21 eod 1m

JOB PRINTING.—Every description of Job Printing executed promptly, and at the lowest prices, at the Daily PRESS Printing House, 109 Exchange St. WM. M. MARKS.

DOES ADVERTISING PAY?—There is no instance on record of a well sustained system of judicious advertising failing of success.

"My success is owing to my liberality in advertising."—*Tonner.*

"I advertised my productions and made money."—*Nicholas Longworth.*

"Constant and persistent advertising is a sure prelude to wealth.—*Stephen Girard.*

"He who invests one dollar in business should invest one dollar in advertising that business.'—*A. T. Stewart.*

"Without the aid of advertisements I could have done nothing in my speculations. I have the most complete faith in printer's ink. Advertising is the royal road to business.—*Barnum.*

"Advertising has furnished me with a competence."—*Amos Lawrence.*

THE large music publishing house of Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston, suffered from fire on Tuesday evening last, the upper part of their main building being destroyed. We are glad to learn that, although many thousands of valuable books were ruined by fire or water, their remaining stock in other buildings and in branch stores is quite large enough for present demands, and a large corps of printers and binders will soon supply what has been lost. A very few days interruption of active business is all they anticipate. They have temporarily removed to No. 225 Washington street, opposite Franklin, where they may at present be addressed,

# BY TELEGRAPH.

## MATTERS IN MAINE.

**The New England Agricultural Institute.**

WATERVILLE, March 27.—The second days' proceeding of the New England Agricultural Club Institute are largely attended by crowded audiences. E. Lewis Sturtevant, M. D., of Mass., read a paper on "Adaptation in Farming," and James O. Adams, Secretary of the New Hampshire Board of Agriculture, read a paper on "Clean Culture." Hon. T. S. Lang of Augusta. delivered a very able address on 'Labor and Capital."

Geo. Angell of Boston, President of the Massachusetts Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Ahimals, being detained by severe illness, forwarded an address on "The relative value of home-made meats to those transported from a distance," which was read by Sam'l C. Oliver of Salem, Mass.

## MASSACHUSETTS.

**The Fourth Ballot.**

BOSTON, March 27.—The fourth joint ballot in the Massachusetts Legislature for United States Senator, at noon to-day resulted as follows:

Dawes, 94; Hoar, 78; Curtis, 74; Adams, 15; Banks, 7; Ex-Mayor Pierce, 2; Washburne, 1; Whittier, 1; Absent, 8.

**The Senatorship.**

The question of the Senatorship after one ballot to-day remains about as it was. The Dawes' men are still confident of their ability to carry the election, and Hoar men are still professing not to yield. It is now thought the vote to-morrow will not be more definite in its character, and that the members will generally avail themselves of the intermission which Sunday affords to return to their homes for consultation with their constituents. In that event it is believed that on Monday the vote will be more indicative than any which has preceeded it of the probable duration of the contest.

**A Mean Bank Robber.**

BRADFORD, Vt., March 27.—The sudden disappearance of C. P. Wright, teller of the Bradford Savings Bank and Trust Company, causes much excitement here, and it is now believed that he has been guilty of incendiarism as well as robbery of the bank. One morning, about two weeks ago, Wright built a fire in the bank and went to breakfast. Soon after smoke was seen issuing from the door; it was broken open, and the books and papers about the desk were all found on fire, but a few pails of water extinguished the fire. The journal, containing the account of this month's business, was destroyed. There was an unusually hot fire in the stove, and it was thought at the time that the fire caught from a spark from the pipe. When the treasurer of the bank, Mr. L. F. Hale, reached the place it was found that the ledger was gone, but it was thought that it was stolen during the fire. This week the officers of the bank have been investigating the matter. On Thursday evening, while they were in the bank, Wright went in but soon left. After they left Wright went into the bank, took what money there was in the safe, some $3000 or $4000, and left in the night train going south. The next morning the bad a very hot fire in the stove on the day of the fire and kept stirring it.

One man was killed and three badly injured by a gas explosion Friday in Baltimore.

## NEW YORK.

**The Erie Strikers.**

NEW YORK, March 27—A depatch from Susquehanna depot at midnight last night, says that forty engines were in the yard there crippled, and the yard was full of loaded freight trains. Mail trains only are allowed to pass either way.

All the saloons are closed and the men are sober and orderly. At a meeting last night a proposition from the company promising to pay the back wages if the men would go to work to-day, was declined, and the written proposition returned to the representatives of the company with the statement that they would go to work when they received their pay, and not until then, as they had been so often heretofore deceived by promises. The men have the sympathy of the traveling public and press along the line.

**The Brooklyn Council.**

The Congregational Council assembled at 9 o'clock this morning in secret session. The difference in the two points in the charges were described at great length in all their various bearings and a new committee appointed to draft resolutions of a similar character to those tabled at the session last night. A recess was taken at 1 o'clock until three in the afternoon. At the close of the session it was stated that great differences still exist in the opinions formed by the members, though where these differences exist did not leak. The committee will make its report this afternoon or evening to the general body for their action. The greatest secrecy is observed among the members, and attempts to extract any information so far have been successful.

Theodore Tilton writes a leter to the council to-day, denying he had been guilty of slander, as intimated in the statements made in the council.

**Why the Council was Called.**

The Brooklyn Union says of Theo. Tilton's letter. In November, 1872, Mrs. Woodhull, once a warm friend of Mr. Tilton, and a subject of his biographical pen, published in her weekly a gross story about Mr. Beecher. She named Mr. Tilton among others as authority for her statements. Mr. Tilton has never publicly contradicted her. He has never pronounced her story false. The only thing he has said on the subject, he said in a letter published months after the disgusting story had become familiar as a household work throughout the country. What he then said was to the effect that he could not tell the truth for fear of piercing somebody hear "as with a thunder bolt." The first question for Mr. Tilton now to answer is: "Did you ever tell Mrs. Woodhull or anybody else what she said in her paper published in Nov., 1872, you had told, or did you say before her or anybody else, what she there and then alleged that you had said? That question had never been answered categorically. By failing to answer it and by offering instead the general proposition that you "have never slandered Mr. Beecher," do you mean to be understood as if affirmed that what you have told Mrs. Woodhull or anybody else derogatory to Mr. Beecher is true? If these questions had been frankly answered 18 months ago, the council would never have met."

## WASHINGTON.

**The Moiety Investigation.**

WASHINGTON, March 27.—At a meeting of the Ways and Means Committee to-day, Mr. Woodbridge, counsel for Sanborn, apologized for the absence of Sanborn, stating that the latter had received notice from his counsel at New York that he ought not to appear before the committee until after his trial in Brooklyn, especially as newspaper reporters were present and might prejudice his case.

Finally the committee decided to summon John D. Sanborn before them for examination concerning the Sanborn contracts.

It is stated Secretary Richasdson and Commissioner Douglass will be summoned before the Ways and Means Committee.

**The Howard Investigation.**

In the Howard Court of Inquiry, Gen. Bultock described the cash book of the State bounty fund, kept in a separate memorandum book, of what did not directly concern the payment of bounties. Several cases were reported where checks were returned after they were supposed to be paid. In such cases the money was turned over to the War Department. One case was cited where a draft on the Freedmens Bank at Mobile was brought here and sent to the Cashier of that bank, who was agent for the bureau. Not finding the claimant, the check was returned to the War Department and Gen. Howard called upon for the money. Taking the draft to the bank here he obtained the money and paid it over to Gen. Townsend. He testified that all bounty claimants had been paid.

**Treasury Balances.**

The following are the Treasury balances today:—Currency, $2,526,476; special deposit of legal tenders for redemption of certificates of deposit, $52,465,000; coin, $86,221,151, including coin certificates $38,049,700; outstanding legal tenders, $382,000,000.

**Various Matters.**

The President has withdrawn the nomination of Wm. Hillyer for Appraiser at New York, and nominated A. P. Ketchum.

The Ways and Means Committee have laid Sanborn's case over until after his trial at Brooklyn.

The same Committee voted to increase the duty 50 cents a gallon and $2 per dozen on still wines.

The representatives of the South Carolina tax-payers called on the President to-day and made a statement. He said in reply that he deeply deplored the condition of that State but could not see how Congress or the general government could relieve the people there.

The Foreign Relations Committee of the House agreed to report a resolution asking Great Britain to release an Ohio Fenian named Candon.

The House Committee on Indian Affairs agreed to report a bill prohibiting the sale of liquors by one Indian to another.

**The Revenue Contracts.**

NEW YORK, March 27.—The Tribune says that the developments in the Sanborn affair are so disgraceful that Congressmen are talking of impeaching Secretary Richardson, his assistant. Sawyer and Treasury Solicitor Banfield. Among the papers "overlooked" by Secretary Richardson is one from R. Clement to him, dated Boston, Jan. 12th, 1874, informing him that Sanborn owed him money in the Gossler case, which was not paid as agreed.

**Forty-Third Congress—First Session.**

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 27.

Several petitions and memorials were presented.

A motion that when the Senate adjourn it be to Monday next was agreed to.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the bill to provide for the redemption and reissue of United States notes and for free banking, the pending question being an amendment of Mr. Morrill of Vermont, to the first section of the bill, prohibiting the use of any portion of the $400,000,000 authorized by that section as amended by Mr. Wright for the purchase of bonds of the United States above par, or for the current expenses of the government.

After a short debate Mr. Morrill withdrew his amendment, saying that he would see now what kind of a bill the majority would get.

Mr. Logan said he did not like such insinuations as were thrown out by the genfleman from Vermont (Morrill), that he would withdraw his amendment to see what kind of a bill the majority would get up. Did the Senator think there were no brains in the Senate except in his own head? His action only showed a determination on the part of certain Senators to defeat the will of the majority in the Senate. Where Senators insinuate that none were able to perfect a bill besides themselves, they arrogated a good deal.

Mr. Schurz said he warted to give the Senator from Illinois (Logan) to understand that the language he had been using toward the minority in this body was very far from being polite. Any member of the Senate had a right to offer any amendment he pleased. No Senator enjoyed a higher reputation for fairness and honesty than the Senator from Vermont (Morrill), and when that Senator used his privilege of submitting amendments he should not be criticised. He (Schurz) could not submit to such language were it applied to him.

Mr. Logan said he was replying to the Senator from Vermont. The Senator from Missouri said he would not submit to it. If he (Schurz) should repeat the remark made by the Senator from Vermont it would be seen whether he would submit to it. He (Logan) did not attempt to bully any man, neither would he allow any man to bully him. The Senator from Vermont was fully able to defend himself without aid of the Senator from Missouri. Was the Senator (Schurz) the champion here; who made him the censor of this Senate chamber?

After some further remarks Mr. Logan apologized, and Messrs. Morrill and Schurz expressed their respect for the majority and the little affair was over.

Mr. Morrill's amendment having been withdrawn, the question recurred on Mr. Logan's amendment to the substitute of Mr. Merrimon submitted last evening.

Mr. Sherman said the amendment of Mr. Logan presented the simple question whether the Senate was in favor of free banking or not. If free banking should be established banking capital will all concentrate within a hundred miles of New York city, and the West and South would be more dissatisfied than ever.

Mr. Conkling said the section of the substitute submitted by the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. Merrimon) provided for an increase of $46,000,000 in national bank circulation, while the very next section submitted by the gentleman from Illinois provided for all the circulation which could be obtained.

Mr. Morton thought the argument of the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Sherman), that if free banking was established the national banking capital would concentrate within 100 miles of New York city was erroneous. The national banks were not profitable without deposits, and there were already enough in the East to absorb all deposits offered.

Mr. Hamlin moved to strike out in the 2d section of the financial bill "January, 1876," as the time when United States notes should be redeemed in coin or interest bearing bonds, and insert profitable.

Mr. Scott said he would be glad to see all our national indebtedness now held abroad brought home for the purpose of establishing national banks.

Pending the discussion the Senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business, and after a short time the Senate adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE.

This being private bill day, a number of private bills were reported from various committees, and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

The bill for the removal of the political disabilities of W. L. Cobett was passed.

The bill amending the several acts providing for a national currency and to establish free banking was taken up.

Mr. Poland of Vt., offered an amendment, making it the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cancel as fast as practicable U. S. notes, until their amount is reduced to $388,000,000 and then allow unlimited circulation to national banks.

Mr. Mitchell of Wis., opposed the bill, believing that instead of increasing the issue of legal tenders the true remedy was in the adoption by Congress of a fixed policy for the gradual withdrawal of those notes by funding them into bonds or by otherwise paying and cancelling them.

Mr Merriam of N. Y., another member of the Banking Committee, advocated the bill. Free banking would be the opportunity of the West whose enterprise hitherto had been carried on under the disadvantages of dear money borrowed from the East.

Mr. Hunter of Ind., another member of the Banking Committee, favored five sections of the bill and was opposed to three. He advocated the first section, to make banking free, and preposed to have the present law amended in several particulars, one of which was to allow national banks to pay interest on deposits only when the deposits were made for a fixed period. He gave notice that he would offer amendmeats to carry out his views.

The House took a recess till the evening session, and the session to-morrow is to be exclusively for debate on the currency bill.

## THE TEMPERANCE RAID.

**A Disturbance in Cincinnati.**

CINCINNATI, March 27.—Yesterday afternoon in the eastern part of the city, an opposition band of Germans followed the women crusaders and sang, drowning the voices of the women. The Germans were attacked by bystanders and a knock-down ensued. The ringleaders of the attacking party were arrested. No one was seriously hurt.

**Progress in New York City.**

NEW YORK, March 27.—A great mass temperance meeting was held in Dr. Fulton's church, Brooklyn, last night. Addresses were made by Dio Lewis, Rev. Drs. Fulton, Cuyler, Hayner, Samson and Messrs. Goddard, Richardson and Mrs. Evans.

A morning temperance prayer meeting was organized to be held every morning at the hall of the Young Men's Christian Association, and a plan adopted for the visits of praying women to the liquor stores in this city.

**METEOROLOGICAL.**

PROBABILITIES FOR THE NEXT TWENTY-FOUR HOURS

WAR DEP'T, OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., Mar. 27, 8.00 (P. M.)

**For New England**

north-westerly winds, lower temperature and partly cloudy weather.

## FOREIGN.

**The War With the Carlists.**

LONDON, March 27.—The Times despatches from Madrid state that Serrano renewed the attack on the Carlists before Bilbou at five o'clock yesterday morning. At one time in the afternoon the Marshal telegraphed to Madrid that the combat was obstinate on both sides, but the advantages were with the troops.

MADRID, March 27.—The fighting before Bilbou between the Republicans and Carlists, which was renewed early yesterday, continued all day and ceased at night with decided advantages for the national forces.

Serrano telegraphed to the Minister of War that his troops advanced and drove back the Carlist lines capturing at the point of the bayonet several villages and a number of important positions, which were occupied by the insurgents Wednesday. Several Carlist batteries were silenced.

**The Late Battle.**

MADRID, March 27.—Marshal Serrano in a despatch to the War Office, says his losses in the engagement yesterday were 188 killed and wounded. His troops maintain all the positions they captured from the Carlists. The insurgents having massed, he relinquished his intention of carrying the town of Pedro Abanto until a movement now being performed by his right wing is completed.

BAYONNE, March 27.—Despatches from Carlist sources dated Durango, yesterday, claim success for the insurgents on the two days fighting.

**Dominion Parliament**

OTTAWA, March 27.—The Governor General's speech to Parliament to-day says that attention will be called during the session to the question of the ballot in elections, to the establishment of a general court of appeal and consideration of a plan for the more speedy completion of the Canadian Pacific railroad. The canal and harbor improvements are being vigorously prosecuted for the growing trade of the country. The report of the Chief Engineer on the proposed canal between the Gulf of St. Lawrence and Bay of Fundy will be submitted. Another year will be required to complete the International Railway, and a bill will be introduced vesting its control in a board of public works. The question of compensation due the Dominion for fishing privileges conceded the United States by the treaty of Washington has occasioned a renewal of negotiations tending to widen the reciprocal trade relations with that country, the imperial authorities having directed the British minister to discuss the whole subject at Washington with the aid of a Canadian Commissioner. The receipts for the current year will not meet the expenditures and it will be necessary for Parliament to consider means to make good the anticipated deficiency.

**MINOR TELEGRAMS.**

The bill taxing four cents per ton on coal was dropped in the Pennsylvania House Thursday, and taxing five mills on the franchises of coal companies substituted and passed to a third reading.

Father Powers, the Catholic priest who found a crazy woman, Mrs. Browne in St. Patrick's church in San Francisco, and horse-whipped, knocked down, kicked and threw her out of the church window, was arrested Friday.

The steamship Merrimac from Rio Janeiro, is considered a wreck, as she is overdue at New York.

A cable despatch states that the ship C. A. Farwell, which is ashore on the island of Anhalt, Denmark, will probably be a total wreck.

At Albany, N. Y., Weed's law office, the office of the Catholic Reflector and several small stores of a building on State street were burned Friday morning, Loss $10,000.

Philhdelphia druggists came near being victimized to the tune of $100,000 by bogus orders from Texas yesterday.

The race between the Oxford and Cambridge crews comes off to-day. The betting is almost even.

H. C. Bennett, pension agent at San Francisco, has disappeared and is a defaulter to quite an amount.

Sir John A. Macdonald has resigned the leadership of the opposition in the Dominion Parliament. Dr. Tupper will succeed.

The Mississippi has overflowed its banks near Cairo, and a large territory is covered with water.

The bands of brigands in California are completely exterminated.

The strike of the Erie employes at the Susquehanna depot is still maintained, and through travel is suspended or nearly so.

John Clough, a real estate operator of Denver suicided yesterday.

Reports from various parts of the Indian country are not encouraging. Indians are inclined to leave the reservations and two or three murders reported.

Rev. Edward N. Kirk, D. D., of Boston, died last evening, aged 71.

A Susquehanna, Pa., despatch says that 1000 machinists of the Erie road are still on a strike, being thoroughly organized and allowing no trains to pass.

In the French Assembly a motion to vote on the question of the future government of the nation July 14, was defeated after a hot debate by a vote of 330 to 256.

Major Randall reports a fight with the Apaches in which 11 were killed and 34 captured.

A destructive fire occurred at Port Henry, N. Y. Loss $100,000.

A Halifax despatch says it is contemplated to shorten the route between Halifax and the United States by running an express train to make a trip in four hours in connection with a line steamer to Portland.

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

**Portland Wholesale Markets.**

FRIDAY, March 27. Flour is quiet, with a little better demand and prices aae more steady, though unchanged. Corn is very firm with an upward tendency; oats are also firm at previous rates. Provisions are steady. Produce is dull, but potatoes are firmer; eggs are drooping and dealers are hardly willing to pay 18c for large lots. Sugars are very steady and in good demand. The markets for groceries are without change. The business transactions continue to be large.

**Receipts by Railroads and Steamboats**

GRAND TRUNK RAILROAD—6 cars sundries, 1 do cases, 1 do horses, 4 do headings, 2 do shingles, 2 do hoops, 1 do bran, 5 do flour, 1 do corn, 1 do wheels, 1 do hoops, 2 do edgings, 3 do wood, 1 do bark, 24 do lumber, 3 do for Boston, 4 do for St John, NB, 8 do for Halifax, NS, 5 do for Liverpool.

**Foreign Exports.**

BUENOS AYRES. Bark Ella—393,164 ft lumber, 5250 pickets, 18 bbls plaster, lot of machinery.

**DAILY DOMESTIC RECEIPTS.**

EASTERN RAILROAD.

| *Consignees.* | *Bbls.* | *Consignees.* | *Bbls.* |
|---|---|---|---|
| D W Coolidge | 100 | Hathaway & Wood | 100 |
| | | Total | 200 |

GRAND TRUNK R. R

Wednesday.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mair & True | 200 | D W Coolidge | 100 |
| Shaw & Hammond | 100 | Norton & Chapman | 200 |
| Josselyn & Co | 100 | Bank British North | |
| W L Alden & Co. | 100 | America | 150 |
| | | Total | 950 |

Thursday.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| David Keazer— | 100 | D W Coolidge | 100 |
| | | Total | 200 |

**Receipts of Grain, &c.**

GRAND TRUNK R. R.

| *Consignees.* | *No. cars.* | *Consignees.* | *No. cars* |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wednesday. | | | |
| Bank B N America, 50 bbls oatmeal. | | | |
| Thursday. | | | |
| G W True, corn | 1 | Gallups & Clark | 1 |
| | | | — |
| | | Total | 2 |

By water conveyance 1,000 bush cornmeal to Geo W True & Co.

**Boston Stock List.**

[Sales at the Broker's Board, March. 27.]

Second Call.

Eastern Railroad.....70 @ 70½
Boston & Maine Railroad.....108½

**New York Stock and Money Market.**

NEW YORK, March 27—*Morning.*—Money at 4 per cent. Gold at 112½. Sterling Exchange, long, 4.85½; do short 4.88½.

NEW YORK, March 27—*Evening.*—The Wall street markets closed with a reaction from the extreme buoyancy and activity of this morning, chiefly on account of the continued discussion in the Senate and the proposition to continue in the hands of the Secretary the power to vary the legal tender circulation. All the elements of strength exist in the market and too swift an advance would deter from purchasing many who, when they do buy, invest for a profit of 5 or 10 per cent.

Money loaned at 4 @ 5 per cent., and was easy with large amounts offering at 4 per cent. on miscellaneous securities. Foreign Exchange closing dull and steady at 4.85 for prime banks s 60 days and 4.88 for demand. The Customs receipts to-day were $440,000.

The dry goods imports for the week were $2,587,489, and amount marketed $2,909,483; imports for the corresponding period last year $3,351,657, and for the year 1872, $2,207,507.

Gold alternately strong and heavy. Gold opened at 113¼, advanced to 113¾, declined to 113 and closed at 113½. The supply is abundant for present purposes. The rates paid for carrying were 3, 4, 4½, and 5 per cent. The Assistant Treasurer paid to-day $30,000 on account of interest and $20,000 in redemption of 5-20 bonds.

The operations of the Gold Exchange Bank was as follows:—Gold balances, $1,120,220; currency balances, $1,309,324; gross clearances 60,582,660.—Government bonds closed firm and prices were not affected by the decline in Gold. State bonds nominal. Active business in Railroad bonds and the market was strong. The stock market opened active and ½ @ 1½ above the closing quotations of yesterday, following the active speculation of last evening at the 5th Avenue Hotel indorsed by the Senate agreement to the $400,000,000 legal tender amendment. Later there was a falling off in the principal stocks of ½ @ ¾ per cent. on realization, which was followed by a recovery. During the afternoon the market was weak on Washington dispatches reporting that the Senate was discussing that an additional $18,000,000 should be disbursed, and under further realizations the market again went off ½ @ 1 per cent. Speculation, however, remained active and there were renewed purchases at a decline. A marked feature of the day was in Lackawana, which advanced 2 per cent. on a quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. The transactions of the day were nearly 325 000 shares, including 60,600 Lake Shore at 82 @ 81½, 43,650 Union Pacific at 36¾, 37¾, 36¾; 42,750 Western Union at 81½, 82½, 80¾, 33,000 New York Central at 101¾, 102¾, 101¾; 32,500 Pacific Mail at 49½ @ 47¾; 24,700 Northwestern common at 58 @ 57; 15,300 Erie at 41¼ @ 40¾; 13,600 St. Paul common at 46 @ 45¼.

The following were the quotations of Government securities:

| | |
|---|---|
| United States coupon 6's, 1881 | 121 |
| United States 5-20's 1862 | 118¼ |
| United States 5-20's 1864 | 119¼ |
| United States 5-20's 1865, old | 120¼ |
| United States 5-20's 1865, new ex-int | 119¼ |
| United States 5-20's 1867 | 120¼ |
| United States 5-20's 1868 | 120 |
| United States 5's, new | 115¼ |
| United States 10

# POETRY.

## Brahma's Answer.

BY R. H. STODDARD.

Once, when the days were ages,
And the old Earth was young,
The high gods and the sages
From Nature's golden pages
Her open secrets wrung,
Each questioned each to know
Whence came the Heavens above, and whence the Earth below.

Indra, the endless giver
Of every gracious thing
The gods to him deliver,
Whose bounty is the river
Of which they are the spring—
Indra, with anxious heart,
Ventures with Vivochunu where Brahma is apart.

"Brahma! Supremest Being!
By whom the worlds are made,
Where we are blind, all-seeing,
Stable, where we are fleeing,
Of life and death afraid—
Instruct us for mankind,
What is the body, Brahma? O Brahma! what the mind?"

Hearing as though he heard not,
So perfect was his rest,
So vast the Soul that erred not,
So wise the lips that stirred not—
His hand upon his breast
He laid, whereon his face
Was mirrored in the river that girt that holy Place!

They questioned each the other
What Brahma's answer meant.
Said Vivochunu, "Brother,
Through Brahma the great Mother
Hath spoken her intent:
Man ends as he began—
The shadow on the water is all there is of Man!"

"The Earth with woe is cumbered,
And no man understands;
They see their days are numbered
By one that never slumbered
Nor stayed his dreadful hands,
I see with Brahama's eyes—
The body is the shadow that on the water lies."

Thus Indra, looking deeper,
With Brahma's self possessed,
So dry thine eyes, thou weeper!
And rise again, thou sleeper!
The hand on Brahma's breast
Is his divine assent,
Covering the soul that dies not. This is what Brahma meant.

*—Harper's Magazine for April.*

## Rosamond and her Lovers.

BY HARRIET PRESCOTT SPOFFORD.

It was a dreadful day and night we passed. My husband had been on the spot, Rosamond was helpless in hysterics, and though the telegrams came every hour, there was no good word in them; and Rosamond only came out of one attack long enough to ask and hear that there was nothing certain yet before she went off into another; and of course neither her sister Emma, nor the house-maids, nor I could at first spare time for hope or fear, so busy were we about the poor child who to our unpracticed senses, looked in as much danger of death as anybody.

Rosamond and Emma were not relations of ours, but their parents had been our dear friends, and when they died we had begged that the children might come to us, and so they had spent all their long vacations under our roof, and Buttons, our page, had waited on them as a little heathen would wait on his idols if he could, and his face turned as pink as though he were boiled, and all the hair on his round baldish head bristled with pleasure, whenever they looked at him or spoke to him. Poor Buttons! he was a standing joke among us, and we never could think of him, even when the school days were over and the girls had come home permanently, and there was no longer any Buttons in the house, without a laugh.

Of course we had no authority over the girls but that of affection, but it was a pleasure to have the dear things round us—only when Rosamond, the brighter and prettier of the two, began to have her lovers, we saw that it was a little while we should be able to keep her, and congratulated ourselves that at any rate we should retain Emma.

Rosamond was nothing like a beauty, and yet she had all the effect of one; she had that rich skin which any color becomes, and her eyes were always beaming, and her unruly hair was always turning up in little curls, and she had the sweetest mouth in the world, and the prettiest curls in it; only her nose was anything but what she wanted it. I suppose she would have gone to extremes, and have had as keen an aquiline as any hawk-beaked Roman lady's, could she have had her way, for, as it was, she had to make the best of what she called a pug. As for Emma, she was simply Rosamond's shadow—not quite so plump, not quite so fresh-colored or curly-headed, and not by any means so charming. For Rosamond, with her vivacity, her quick temper and her good heart, her obliging ways, her confiding air, and her singing, certainly was charming, and after she came home the number of boquets, in compliment of her singing, that were thrown into our ground floor windows by her possible-minded young lovers, with courage overwhelmed by intatuation, kept us supplied with flowers.

Well, the truth is that Rosamond was a flirt. Emma was not. she never had the chance, as Rosamond had, of her once, in answer to the accusation, instantly kissing her and crying over her, and begging all the pardons that there were, and faom that moment making over to Emma, so formally as to render it laughable to us, who saw it all, the best beau she had—a proceeding that the beau took in such dudgeon that he ceased to come to the house at all. But, as I was saying, Rosamond was a pronounced flirt; she had flirted with the serious head-master at school, and with the frivolous music master, and had given the dancing master to understand that she believed him one of the old noblesse in disguise; she had tried her arts on the minister; and when the doctor was called to her diphtheria, of course, she tried them on him. Not that they were arts at all—they were a part of the child's nature; it was a necessity with her that every one should care for her. If they didn't love her spontaneously, she had to wile them into it, and generally they did it spontaneously enough.

It was not with equanimity that Emma viewed these successes of Rosamond's. "I wonder," she would bemoan herself, "why everybody loves Rosamond and nobody loves me?"

"My dear" I exclaimed, "does'nt Rosamond love you? doesn't your cousin Maurice? don't I?"

Oh, I dare say," Emma moaned again; "but I want to be the very first to somebody. You love cousin Maurice better than me, and he loves you better than me, and Rosamond is all ready to love anybody better than me. Oh, bother that sort of love!" cried Emma, between laughing and crying. "It would be so delightful," said the poor little simpleton, "to be loved the way people are when they are engaged!"

While Emma held forth in this way, Dr. Randolph was looking down Rosamond's throat with the handle of a spoon—the only thing that ever kept down that little tongue of hers, I thought. The doctor, who had just taken our family physician's place—Parisian education, talent, and every sort of recommendation — pronounced Rosamond's illness not serious, but ordered confinement to her room, and came twice a day for some time, and then he came once a day. And I began to bethink myself, as I saw the long calls young Dr. Randolph made, and heard the conversations, turning on anything but symptoms, and looked at Rosamond, with her returning color, her smiles and dimples, her blue wrapper, and all the dainty appliances of a sick room toilet, that some instinct taught her; and I observed that this seclusion kept other lovers off. And perhaps the latter clause struck Rosamond's perception also, for one day, while the Doctor still continued his visits, and without having received and permission from him, she descended to the parlors, and there, when he come in, he found her, with young M'Creery turning her music on one side, and young Waterman listening on the other.

"What!" cried Dr. Randolph—"in this draught! And you are not attempting to sing!"

"Sing!" she said, turning on him, as the only thing to do—"I don't believe I ever shall sing again. Your wicked diphtherias and potashes and things have ruined my voice!" And she was so charming as she sat there on the piano-stool, with her high color and her pouting lip, that I didn't wonder the Doctor seized both her hands in his. He pretended he was only feeling the pulse.

"What is this?" said he. "I beg your pardon, Miss Rosamond; you must bid these young gentlemen good morning, and go to your room directly, unless you want a relapse, which will be worse than the original illness;" and he half lifted her by the hands, and led her to the foot of the stairs, she hanging back like a naughty child, and looking unutterable things at the two lovers, and still more unutterable things at this independent young doctor who had them at such a disadvantage. But Dr. Randolph had his way, and he staid a long hour to make sure of keeping it; and by that time Rosamond, thanks to her contumacy, could speak only in a whisper, and was growing more and more languid, and he gave her some drops, worse than anything she had taken yet, before he went away.

We had to send for Dr. Randolph again at nightfall, and he had hard work that evening to keep the breath in her; but he pulled through. The next morning she was safe, but weak, and he gave her drops, and sat talking about the new things in the origin of diseases, impersonating the little imps that caused them, so that she had no idea how time was passing till he handed her the drops again. "Now," said he, rising, "you are to go on taking the drops every hour till I come again. Your imprudence has nearly cost you your life. Are you not ashamed, by your willfulness, to have kept me all this time from poor Mrs. Prout, who needs me?"

"You needn't talk to me so," whispered Rosamond, inextinguishably. "I've no doubt she's better off without you, frightening her to death. Yes, you are frightening me to death," she cried, hoarsely, at his exclamation of regret. "And it's just as well to die by the sword as the famine. And I believe you doctors carry round diphtherias and things in your pockets; and, oh, do you know, I think my throat is burning up!" And then the doctor had to get out his vial-case again, and stay another hour. But the ruling spirit was strong in Rosamond still. "The Chinese way is a great deal better than ours," she croaked, as he bent over her to hear, while I rinced a medicine cup at the sink; "when you're sick there they stop the doctor's pay."

"Perhaps," said he, in a low tone, with a flush mounting to his forehead, "I shall ask for a different sort of pay!"

When Dr. Randolp came in again he was quite cool and quick and professional, and was off to see Mrs. Prout very soon. On his way he met young Waterman and M'Creery, and he told them they had nearly been guilty of murder, and so scared them that they did not come near us for half a year.

It was some days before Rosamond had voice enough for more than a dozen words; and it was a sad cross, for without her sauciness she was without her best friend, and all her shrugs and pouts and smiles and dimples would not answer half her requirements. But as soon as her voice returned, and she began to feel a little more life, she was restive with the up-stairs captivity. It was rather lonesome, for Emma was so afraid of the diphtheria she kept out of the way, and after Rosamond had quite recovered, and tried, out of pure mischief, to kiss her, she screamed and ran from the room. "Its abominable in Dr. Randolph to shut up me so," Rosamond said. "Cousin Jane," said the surprising little creature, "he's just doing it to keep me out of the way of other people. For, do you know, I believe the man's in love with me!"

"Rosamond, I am ashamed of you!" I said.

"No, you're not," said she. "You'd have cried your eyes out—you know you would—if I had died, and you wouldn't have been at all ashamed of me; and I haven't changed since then, except to get better. So you see, logically, you can't be ashamed of me; you ought to study logic, Cousin Jane!" But, after all, the pretty minx had only meant to find out what I thought about it—an attempt in which she was unsuccessful.

But at last the doctor took Rosamond in his arms one day himself, and carried her down to the great chair by the parlor fire, I following behind with shawls and pillows. I caught my dress, however, in a rod of the stair-carpet, and was delayed a moment, and before I reached the door I could see him leaning over the back of the great chair, as he pulled her shawl about her, trembling and flushed. "Well" I thought, "who could carry Rosamond down stairs and not be trembling and flushed?" when I was stopped by what followed.

"I suppose you are thinking," Rosamond said, looking up at him over the back of the chair, "that you have saved my life!"

"I wish," he said, so low that I guessed rather than heard it—"I wish I might think, then, that it belonged to me." And almost before he finished, as if he could no more help it than breathing, he had bent and kissed that white upturned forehead. And Rosamond's face was crimson then, and she was murmuring "How can you take so unfair an advantage?" And just as I was on the point of dropping every thing, and running away to let them settle it by themselver, the bell rang, and Dr. Randolph stood on the other side of the fire-place, leaning one arm on the shelf, when Mr. Irving came in.

Rosamond was too weak for many of her old airs and graces; but she had recovered herself instantly, and was looking up at Dr. Randolph, where he stood glowering down at her, and was laughing in her bewitching and irresistible way; and she turned graciously and greeted Mr. Irving and inquired for his horses and his dogs, and became so delightfully interested in his racy account of what his Bellerophon could do, that there was nothing for Dr. Randolph but to make a stiff bow and come away—only to be called back to Rosamond, as, holding out an imploring little hand, she said:

"But you will come to see me again?"

"I hardly think you need me," he said.

"Oh, I do, I do!" she said and her lip was trembling; and he did not reply; but when he dropped her hand he had pressed it so close that it was white.

So Dr. Randolph came again; and Emma just then had a sprained ankle, so that his visits had an excuse for being; but I hardly think he vexed Rosamond with another word or sign she could repulse—whether he felt he had been wrong in agitating a patient, and was waiting for complete recovery, or whether he was one of those who can take No for an answer.

"I see how it's all going to end," said Emma to me. "Rosamond is going to be Mrs. Dr. Philip Randolph, and I'm only going to be Miss Smith! It's horrid to be Miss Smith—Miss Emma Smith! It's so dignified to be a Mrs. Anything! You're of so much more importance; somebody's chosen you out of all the world. Oh, I wish I was engaged, and with something romantic in it—to the real affinity! What do you think, Cousin Jane?"

"Emma," said, I "I think you're a fool?"

Meanwhile Rosamond evidently did not know what to make of Dr. Randolph's behavior; and whether it was the effect of diphtheria or of love, she was losing all her gay spirits, and becoming a moody little wretch.

One evening after Emma's recovery the doctor entered without knocking, and not observing me on the sofa, he sat down by the fire, when Rosamond opened the door, not knowing he was there, and came in. "Oh," said she, looking through the twilight, "I suppose you don't wan't want to see me," still coming in, though.

"I come to inquire for your sister," said he.

"It seems to me," said she, standing before the fire "that you never ask about my health now."

He looked up at her, standing with her clasped hands dropped before her, and her head a little downcast in a dejected way, but he did not speak at once. "And I don't believe you care anything about me," she cried, passionately; and then he saw the tears spring, and just as she was flinging herself away he caught her and drew her down to him, and hid her face on his breast and under his kisses—and the life he had saved belonged to him.

"It's beautiful, isn't it?" said Emma afterward. "But it makes you feel so solitary! Cousin Jane, I've half one mind to tell you something. I—I don't know but what I shall be engaged myself. I rather think I have found my affinity. I know he is fond of me; he picked me up that day when I fell and sprained my ankle, and he left that bay-water at the door for me. And I've met him so often since. I'll show him to you some day."

But if Emma thought it was beautiful, that was apparently more than Dr. Randolph did, when, after his first beatitude and a month's engagement to Rosamond, he had not been able to see her twice alone: for, secure in her possession, Miss Rosamond, was playing with it according to her wont, and he never came in but he found her old lovers hanging about her in a lover-like way that was terriely exasperating. He thought he would put an end to it all by an immediate marriage; but Rosamond had no idea of being caged so early. He remarked on her conduct, and she laughed at him; he remonstrated, and she shrugged her shoulders at him; he was angry, and she told him plainly that it was not time to play the Grand Bashaw. And poor Randolph, loving her fervently, and totally unable to master her, instead of being rapturous, grew daily more unhappy.

But the attendant of them all to whom Dr. Randolph most objected was Mr. Irvrng.

"Isn't it enough for you" said he, when Rosamond pressed him for his reason, "that I don't like him? I consider him a companion unfit for a young lady. And I think, Rosamond that I really have the right to forbid you associating with him"

That very afternoon a couple of riders dashed by his steady-going gig, and one of them was Mr. Irving, and one was Rosamond upon Bellerophon.

Dr. Randolph turned about and came to our house, and waited there till Mr. Irving left Rosamond at the door, and then he met her, and demanded to know the meaning of it.

"Really, sir," said Rosamond, "this is surveillance I cannot submit to!" and she drew the gold ring from her finger and dropped it in his hand, and went on up stairs.

It was a fortnight after that that Maurice met Dr. Randolph in Boston.

"I came up to see about my change," he said, in answer to my husband. "I can't stay where I was. I must change the whole scene." And then, as they stood talking a moment, there came the fire-alarm and a rushing crowd, and they followed it, and were separated of course. And the next thing Maurice saw of Dr. Randolph, an hour afterwards, he was dashing with the firemen, in that useless chivalry of his, into that building, out of whose windows the sheets of flame were pouring, to save an old woman shrieking there for help, her gray hair streaming against the fire. And at that very moment the walls fell in with a sound of heaven and earth coming together, and that was all we knew.

And, as I told you, Rosamond was down in hysterics, and a dreadful day and night it was. I thought every moment that Rosamond would put an end to herself in her frantic condition; and, as for my own part, I could not keep my mind out of that tremulous heap of burning ruins where our dear Dr. Randolph was buried. I could not get free of the thought of his agony if he were alive, and was growing momentarily more indignant with Rosamond, and more miserable about her, when the last telegram came, saying Randolph was found, partially shielded by the stones and beams fallen across the fire-proof vault, badly injured, but alive, and there was hope.

And with that Rosamond went to sleep, and when she woke up, tottering and white, she dressed herself, and took the next train for town, and came home at night with my husband and with hers.

It was in the happy convalescing months that followed that Emma, sitting at the window one day, cried: "Quick, Cousin Jane! oh, there he is!"

"Who?" I asked.

"Oh, don't you know? the one I told you of. Why, the—the affinity!"

"Oh, Emma!" I said, as I looked. "I thought you had a soul above it. It is Buttons!"

"I don't care," answered Emma, stoutly, after a moment. "Dr. Randolph will tell you how excellent he is. He compounds all his prescriptions."

And I believe in my heart that Emma will some day cease to be Miss Smith and become Mrs. Buttons.


# RAILROADS.

**GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.**

**ALTERATION OF TRAINS.**

**WINTER ARRANGEMENT.**

On and after Monday, Sept. 15th, Trains will run as follows:

Mail train for Gorham and accommodation train to Island Pond, 7.15 A. M.

Mail train 1.20 P. M. (stopping at all stations, Island Pond,) connecting with night mail train for Quebec, Montreal and the West.

Accommodation train for Gorham and way stations, 5.25 P. M.

Trains will arrive as follows.

Mail train from Gorham and intermediate Stations 8.50 a. m. Through mail train from Island Pond Montreal, Quebec and the West 2.50 p. m.

Accomidation train from South Paris and way Stations 6.15 p. m.

Passenger Offices
**74 EXCHANGE ST.**
—AND
**DEPOT AT FOOT OF INDIA ST.**

**Tickets sold at Reduced Rates!**

**To Canada, Detroit, Chicago, Milwaukee, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Omaha, Saginaw, St Paul, Salt Lake City, Denver, San Francisco,**

and all points in the

**Northwest, West and Southwest**

J C. FURNIVAL Agt.

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY is in splendid condition, is well equipped with first-class rolling stock, and is making the best connections and quickest time of any route from Portland to the West.

PULLMAN PALACE DRAWING ROOM AND SLEEPING CARS attached to all through trains.

Baggage checked from Portland to Detroit and Chicago, and not subject to Custom House examination.

The Company are not responsible for baggage to any amount exceeding $50 in value (and that personal) unless notice is given, and paid for at the rate of one passenger for every $500 additional value.

C. J. BRYDGES, *Managing Director.*
H. BAILEY, *Local Superintendent.*
Portland Sept. 12, 1873.

**EASTERN & MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD.**

**COMMENCING DEC. 8, 1873.**

Passenger trains leave Portland daily, for Portsmouth and Boston, (Sundays excepted) at *1.30 A. M. †6.15 A. M., †9.10 A. M., ‡3.15 P. M., †6.00 P. M.

Leave Bangor for Portland, Portsmouth and Boston at §8.00 A. M., *7.00 P. M.

Leave Boston for Portsmouth and Portland at *7.30, §8.30 A. M. †12.30, ‡3.15, *8.00 P. M.

Leave Boston for Portsmouth, Portland, Bangor, Houlton, Calais and St. John at *8.00 P. M.

Leave Boston for Portsmouth, Portland, Bangor and St. John at §8.30 A. M.

Leave Portsmouth for Portland at †10.00, §10.35 A. M.; §2.55 P. M., †5.40 P. M., *10.05 P. M.

Leave Portsmouth for Portland, Bangor, Houlton, Calais and St. John at *10.05 P. M.

Leave Portland for Lewiston, Bath, Rockland and Augusta at †7.00 A. M.

Leave Portland (via Danville) for Lewiston, Farmington, Waterville and Skowhegan at †1.00 P. M.

Leave Portland for Bath, Lewiston, Rockland, Augusta, Skowhegan, Belfast, Dexter and Bangor at 1.05 P. M.

Leave Portland for Bangor, via Augusta, (Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,) at 12.15 a. m.

For Lewiston, Bath and Augusta at †5.20 P. M.

For Lewiston via Danville at †5.15 P. M.

Leave Biddeford for Portland at †8.00 A. M., returning at 5.15 P. M

The 6.15, 9.10 A. M. and 3.15 P. M. trains from Portland, and the 8.00 A. M. train from Bangor make close connections to New York by one or other of the routes from Boston. Passengers ticketed through by either route.

The 6 15 A. M. train arrives in Boston at 10.40 A. M., connecting with train for New York via Shore Line at 11.10 A. M. The 9.10 A. M. train arrives in Boston at 1.40 P. M. in season to connect with the train for New York, all rail, also with the 5.30 P. M. (steamboat) trains for New York via Fall River, Stonington and Norwich Lines. The 3.15 P. M. train arrives in Boston in season to connect with trains for New York via Springfield at 9 P. M

The 9.10 A. M. and 3.15 P. M. trains from Portland connect at Conway Junction with the Great Falls and Conway Railroad.

The 7.20 A. M. train from Boston arrives in Portland in season for passengers to take the cars of the P. & O. Railroad.

The 8.30 A. M. train from Boston connects with the Grand Trunk Railway for Montreal, Quebec and all parts of Canada East.

Through tickets are sold in Portland and Baggage checked through to Houlton, Calais, St. John, Halifax, Dover, Foxcroft, Rockland, &c.

*Pullman sleeping car express train. N. B. This train runs Sunday Morning, *does not run* Monday morning.

†Accommodation train
‡Fast Express.

J. PRESCOTT,
Supt. Eastern Railroad,
I. L. LINCOLN,
Supt. First Div. M. C. R. R.
GEO. BACHELDER,
General Agent Eastern & M. C. R. R., Portland, Me.
de8 f

**BOSTON & MAINE RAILROAD**

**PORTLAND TO BOSTON**

VIA

**Old Orchard Beach, Saco, Biddeford, Kennebunk, Wells, Dover, Great Falls, Exeter, Haverhill and Lawrence.**

**PARLOR CARS.**

**1873. Winter Arrangements. 1873.**

**Passenger Trains leave Portland for Boston** †6.15, *8.10 A. M. *3.10 (Parlor Cars), *6 P. M.

**Returning,** leave Boston at *8.30 (Parlor Cars) A. M., †12.30, ‡3.30, *6.00 P. M.

**Trains from Boston are due at Portland** at *12.30, ‡5.05, †8.10, *9.55 P. M.

**For Manchester and Concord, N. H., via C. & P. R. R. Junction,** †6.15 A. M., *3.10 P. M.

**For Lowell**—All trains connect at Lawrence with trains for Lowell.

**For Manchester and Concord** via Lawrence †9.10 A. M.

**For Rochester and Alton Bay** †6.15, A. M., *3.10 P. M.

**For Milton and Union Village** 6.15 A. M., *3.10 P. M.

**For Old Orchard Beach, Saco and Biddeford** †10.25 A. M.

**Returning,** leave **Biddeford** at †11.20 A. M.

**For Scarboro, Old Orchard, Saco, Biddeford and Kennebunk** †2.30 P. M.

**Returning,** leave **Kennebunk** †7.30 A. M.

**For New York, Albany, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington,**

AND ALL POINTS

**SOUTH AND WEST.**

The †6.15 A. M. train arrives in Boston at 10.45 A. M., connecting with train for **New York via Shore Line** at 11.10 A. M.

The †9.10 A. M. train arrives in Boston in season to connect with the 3.00 P. M. train for New York via Springfield; also with 5.30 P. M. (steamboat) trains for New York via

**Fall River, Stonington and Norwich Lines**

The *3.10 P. M. train arrives in Boston at 7.10 P. M., connecting with trains for New York via Springfield at 9 00 P. M., and Shore Line at 9.30 P. M.

Passengers ticketed and Baggage checked through by either route.

All Trains stop 10 minutes at **Exeter** for refreshments at First Class Dining Rooms.

Passenger Station in Boston, Haymarket Square.

Passenger Station in Portland, Commercial street.

Portland & Ogdensburg R. R. passenger trains arrive at and depart from this station.

Freight received at Portland & Ogdensburg R. R. Freight Station, West Commercial street, until 5 P. M.

Family package Tickets between Portland and Boston for sale at 25 per cent. discount.

Freight station in Boston, Causeway street.

†Accommodation.
*Fast Express.

JAS. T. FURBER, Gen. Supt., Boston.
PAYSON TUCKER, General Agent, Portland
Boston, Dec. 6, 1873. tf

**PORTLAND & ROCHESTER RAILROAD.**

**FALL ARRANGEMENT.**

Passenger trains leave Portland for Rochester and intermediate stations at 7.30 A. M., and 1.30 P. M., making direct connection at Rochester with trains for Boston, over Boston & Maine and Eastern Railroads. Also Railroad for Alton Bay, and with Portsmouth, Great Falls and Conway Railroad for Conway.

Leave Rochester for Portland and way stations at 7.20 A. M. and 12 M.

The 12 o'clock train making direct connection at Rochester with trains from Boston, leaving Boston via Boston & Maine, and Eastern Railroads.

Leave Portland for Gorham at 4.00 P. M.
Leave Gorham for Portland at 4.45 P. M.
Leave Portland for Saco River at 6.20 P. M.
Leave Saco River for Portland at 5.30 A. M.
Stages connect as follows:
At Gorham for West Gorham, Standish, and No. Limington, daily.
At Buxton Centre for West Buxton, Bonny Eagle and Limington, daily.
At South Waterboro for Ross Corner and Dam's Mills daily.
At Centre Waterboro' for Limerick, Parsonsfield daily.

WILLIAM H. TURNER, *Superintendent.*
oc6tc

**KNOX & LINCOLN RAILROAD.**

Direct rail route to Wiscasset, New Castle, Damariscotta, Waldoboro, Warren and Rockland.

No change of cars between Portland and Rockland.

Steamers leave Rockland for all points on the Penobscot river, Machias, Mount Desert Vinal Haven, Hurricane and Dix Islands.

Leave Maine Central Depot, at 7.0 A. M., and 1.00 P. M.

Stages connect at Rockland. for Camden, Lincolnville, Northport, South Thomaston and St. George, daily. At Rockland for Union, Appleton and Washington, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

At Thomaston for St. George daily.

At Warren for Union, daily.

At Warren for Jefferson and Whitefield, Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays.

At Waldoboro' for North Waldoboro', Washington and Liberty daily.

At New Castle for Bristol and Pemaquid, daily.

Freight Trains daily and freight taken at low rates

jy29dtf C. A. COOMBS, Sup't.

# RAILROADS.

**PORTLAND & OGDENSBURG R. R.**

**CHANGE OF TIME.**

On and after Monday, Oct. 20, 1873, and until further notice trains will leave, as follows:

Portland for North Conway at 7.45 A. M. and 1.30 P. M.

Portland for Upper Bartlett at 1.30 P. M.

Upper Bartlett for Portland at 7.00 A. M.

North Conway for Portland at 8.15 and 11.30 A. M.

The 7.45 train from Portland and 11.30 from North Conway will be Freight trains with Passenger car attached.

The 1.30 train from Portland and 8.15 from North Conway will have the following Stage connections:—

At Baldwin for Cornish, Porter, Kezar Falls and Freedom.

At Brownfield for Denmark and Bridgton.

At Fryeburg for Lovell and North Lovell.

Ticket office in Portland at Boston & Maine R. R. Station, where all trains of P. & O. R. R. arrive and depart.

J. HAMILTON, *Superintendent.*
Portland, Oct. 18, 1873. aug30tf

**STONINGTON LINE!**

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Returning, will leave Machiasport every Monday morning at 5 o'clock, touching at the above named landings.

The Steamer CITY OF RICHMOND, Capt. C. KILBY, will leave Railroad Wharf **every Monday Wednesday and Friday Evenings, at 10 o'clock,** commencing Wednesday evening, April 1st.

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CYRUS STURDIVANT, General Agent,
Railroad Wharf, foot of State St.
Portland, March 27, 1874.

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