

# EASTPORT SENTINEL

## AND PASSAMAQUODDY ADVERTISER.

No. 20....Vol. IV.]

SATURDAY, JANUARY 5, 1822.

[THREE DOLLS. 50 CTS. PER ANN.]

BY BENJAMIN FOLSOM, PRINTER OF THE LAWS OF THE STATE.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

No paper discontinued till arrearages are paid.

"Here shall the Press the People's rights maintain,  
Unswayed by influence, and unbrib'd by gain;  
Here patriot truth, her glorious precepts draw,  
Pledg'd to religion, liberty, and law."

### LINES

Written by CORNER on the Close of the Year not  
inserted in his Works.

Thankless for favours from on high  
Man thinks he fades to soon  
Though 'tis his priviledge to die,  
Would he improve the boon.

But he—not wise enough to scan  
His best concerns aright  
Would gladly stretch his little span  
To ages if he might.

To ages—in a world of pain—  
To ages—where he goes  
Gall'd by affections heavy chain  
And hopeless of repose.

Strange fondness of human heart,  
Enamour'd of its harm,  
Strange world, that costs us so much smart  
And yet has power to charm.

Whence has this world its magic power?  
Why deem we death a foe?  
Recall from weary life's best hour  
And count a longer woe?

The cause is conscience—conscience of:  
Her tale of guilt renews—  
Her voice is terrible though soft  
And dread of death ensues.

Then anxious to be longer spar'd  
Man mourns his fleeting breath—  
All evil then seems light—compar'd  
To the approach of death!

'Tis judgment shakes him! there's the fear,  
That prompts his wish to stay—  
He has incur'd a long arrest  
And must despair to pay.

Pay? Follow Christ, and all is paid  
And doubt but peace ensues,  
In Heaven the sure foundation's laid  
And happiness is yours.

### FAULT-FINDERS.

From Fessenden's Belton-Falls Gazette.

If "no man can serve two masters" what is to be done by the editor of a newspaper, who is plagued with as many dictators as he has readers? He needs more patience than Job, and more fortitude than Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego. No two of his sovereigns can agree what sort of a mandate to issue, and yet all stand ready to launch their tiny thunderbolts, if even their very wishes are not anticipated. No extreme of exertion, nor integrity of intention can prevent our critical directors from keeping up a buzz of disapprobation as constant as the roar of the water fall in our vicinity. We shall relate some of our experiences under this sort of domination, which, if they have not all happened *exactly* as set down, would we believe actually come to pass if our multitude of masters were to act as they feel, and speak as they think.

Will Wildfire is as brisk a booby as ever broke bread; and inordinately fond of quizzing and boring his unhappy auditors with his coarse attempts, at railleury, always backed by a horse laugh of his own. Will, the other day broke into our apartment, and slapping us on the shoulder, with a hand as heavy as a beetle, vociferated,—"How now Mr. Longface! Do you know you ought to be hang'd for publishing so many long winded articles about religion and morality? Leave preaching to the parson.—Who made you regulator of public morals and trumpeter for the church militant? A column of blank paper would be worth something, but a newspaper sermon as long as the moral law is the greatest bore in creation." Will was going to be

profane as well as saucy, when perceiving us about to lend him a foot to help him out of doors, he timely leave of absence.

We were scarcely rid of Will, when Deacon Thoroughgood, made his appearance. "I did expect," quoth the Deacon "from promises you made, when you began your paper that it was to have been a religious publication. Instead of that, not even your "moral department" is always devoted to divine things. Your anecdotes, and other light articles savour exceedingly of vanities of this world, and excite that merriment and laughter which is very improper in frail mortals who must render an account for every idle word. The chief business of man in this world is to prepare for a better, and not only every thought, word and action, but every paragraph in a newspaper should tend to edification & growth in grace." We succeeded in pacifying the good Deacon, by assuring him that a portion of our paper should be, as it generally had been, appropriated to moral and religious subjects. But that he could no better insist upon a newspaper's being exclusively devoted to religious topics than he could require men, in this world, to be always employed in acts of devotion. That as respects the *levity* of which he complained, we conceived that innocent mirth was not incompatible with religion "pure and undefiled." That even ridicule and laughter might be, employed to useful purposes; for Elijah ridiculed the false prophets.—David danced before the ark, and Solomon said "a merry heart doeth good like medicine."

The next fault-finder was neighbour Sourcroul, who blazed away at us for meddling with political subjects. "Let me tell you Mr. Pepper-brains, you had better let politics alone, and not always be paddling in hot water, or you will get yourself into a hobble I guess. It is not long since you attacked Gen. Jackson, and you sometimes shoot your popgun at Congress! The very essence of republicanism is to follow your file leaders, through thick and thin, and stick to our republican administration, right or wrong. At the rate you go on you will get your head broke, besides losing all your subscribers!"

We told Mr. Sourcroul that we had a right guaranteed by the constitution to give our opinion upon public men and measures, and this right it was our duty to exercise. Mr. Vinegar-visage turning on his heel, and muttering anathemas, marched away to our book-keeper, and ordered his name erased from the list of subscribers.

The next assailant that opened upon us was Jeremy Rattlebrain, Jun. Esq. a young gentleman whose skull seems to have been cracked by injudicious attempts to stuff it with more literature than there was room to stow away. "How are you, dilettissime? Why your paper is getting to be dull as the prelections of a Dutch Commentor, on the works of some musty old puddlepatented latin historian! Burnish your intellect—Brush up your faculties—Put your brains in requisition—Give us now and then a spice of your best attice. *Multum in parvo*—Hlads in a nut shell—Pithy paragraphs, teaming with "high matter," and carrying stings in their tails like

so many flying dragons. Tackle your Pegassus, and drive him rough shod over the neck of the fools of fashion. Don't you know what Burns says, "Man was made to"—grin? Come out then like an Irish rebellion. Let the shafts of your satire fly as thick as the hailstones, which covered the ground a foot deep in dog days.—Get the laughers on your side, and you make yourself an emperor, even in our free government."

We were forced to bend a little before this torrent of eloquence.—But when it had subsided we replied that an editor, by attempting to be very learned is more apt to puzzle than instruct a majority of his readers. That wit is a dangerous weapon; and even its most successful use is attended with the hazard of destroying the dignity of the person who wields it. That it was prudent in general to imitate the conduct of Butler's hero, who

"Although we grant he had much wit,  
Was very shy of using it,  
And being loth to wear it out,  
He rarely carried it about;  
Except on holidays or so,  
As men their best apparel do."

That a later poet has declared that a man of sense will

"Draw his wit as seldom as his sword."

That abortive efforts to be witty were eminently ridiculous, and made a man seem to be a much greater fool than nature intended him for. That even genuine wit, when it appeared out of time and place, made a fool of its author, and that newspaper topics rarely furnished materials proper for wit to work upon. Finally we told him that by endeavoring to adapt our paper to his "whim-whams and opinions" we should doubtless offend every man of sense in the community.

In addition to the above mentioned capers, and cavillers, farmer Slouch dislikes our agricultural articles, and says we might as well undertake to show a bear how to bite, give his dog Growler a lecture on barking, or tell Goody Garrulous how to set her tongue a running, as trouble him with directions about planting potatoes and raising Indian corn. Oliver Oldenham, Esq. quarrels with our articles relating to domestic economy, and says that his mother did without them, of course they can be of no use to his wife or daughters. Simon Smelfungus threatens to sue us in an action of scandalum magnatum for publishing something about "worms in the head of sheep" by which he says we meant to insinuate that there are maggots in the skull of him the said Simon. Fanny Plumididdle is vexed because of late, she says, we either slight or satirize ladies. Some of our customers call on the Supervisor

to make a more frequent appearance; others tell us that his room is preferred to his company. Some are for nothing but news; others are all for literature. Our editorial bark is launched in an ocean of opposite currents, and stiff breezes are blowing at once from all points of the compass.

But metaphor apart; we are not yet humble enough to solicit the favor nor deprecate the criticism of the generation of snarlers above described or alluded to; and shall dismiss them with this aphorism, to wit; Persons of sense are never difficult to please; and the greatest fools are always the greatest fault-finders.

Literality is never so beautiful and engaging as when the hand is concealed that bestows the gift.

From the Empirion.

### Mind your own Business.

The maxims impressed upon the mind at an early age are those which remain with us the longest, and this was the first I ever learned; for my old schoolmaster had it hung up, as large as life, between two nails on one of which was suspended "Rules of the School," and on the other the umpire to whose decision every disputed matter of right and wrong, between master and pupil was referred, an ample and trusty birch.

The disposition to meddle in the affairs of others, was one of the faults most frequently chastised and most obstinately persisted in, at that early age; but I have since found that the same disposition predominates to a great extent over children of a larger growth, and that regardless even of chastisement, men and women too, full often clap their fingers into other people's fires instead of taking care of their own.

If a neighbor has a lawsuit, how often do we see his friends and acquaintances with the whole tag rag and bobtail, of the street, turn out from behind their counters, leave their hammers on the anvil, or their spades in the ditch, to go up to the court and help to pronounce judgment in the case, and that, ten chances to one, while customers and employers are waiting to be served, apparently unconscious that they are throwing away time worth, perhaps, as much to them as would pay the costs of a prosecution, or defray the amount of a moderate judgment. These were not taught at school to "mind their own business," and I pity them.

Did you ever go to an election? If you did you have seen a fine specimen of this disposition among people to interfere with matters that do not concern them. Tom, Dick, and Harry are there, whose only business it is, after voting, to look on and see what others are about, and they stick to this laudable business until the poles are closed and the votes counted, though half of these have families dependant on their daily exertions for bread to eat.

I have seen the husband go on such errands as these, too, while the good woman of the house walked out to a tea party to talk over the affairs of the neighborhood, and regulate in the assembly of the matrons the domestic affairs of families that happened to have no representative in attendance. I have known individuals to make bad matches for young persons, and break good ones that were well nigh made. I have

known report blast the fairest characters; and whispered scandals stigmatize good reputation. I have seen property sacrificed, and goals filled with insolvent debtors—wives ruined and children beggared—the foundations of virtue rapped and religion scoffed at, animosities enkindled and revenges taken. I have seen all that is hateful in passion—malignant in bitterness; rumous in misfortune, and wretched in poverty, engendered—and all for want of the wisdom that says to every one—"mind your own business."

Do Messrs. Printers endeavor to persuade your readers that this is a fault too prevalent in our days.

OAKWOOD.



# NATIONAL LEGISLATURE.

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS. FIRST SESSION.

## IN SENATE.

Monday, Dec. 17.—According to order, the Senate proceeded to the appointment, by ballot, of the several standing committees; and the committees were organized as follows:

On Foreign Relations.—Messrs. King, New-York, Mason, Brown, Barbour, and Eliot.

On Finance.—Messrs. Holmes, Maize, Eaton, Maize, Van Buren, and Lowrie.

On Commerce and Manufactures.—Messrs. Dickerson, Rogers, D Wolf, Lauman, and Findlay.

On Military Affairs.—Messrs. Williams of Tenn., Tamm, Johnson, of Ky., Eliot, and Chandler.

On the Militia.—Messrs. Noble, Stokes, Lauman, Chandler, and Findlay.

On Naval Affairs.—Messrs. Pleasant, Parrott, Williams of Mass., Walker, and Ware.

On the Public Lands.—Messrs. Thomas, Van Dyke, Lowrie, Eaton, and Benton.

On Indian Affairs.—Messrs. Johnson of La., King of Alabama, Johnson of Kan., Benton, and Holmes of Mass.

On Claims.—Messrs. Rogers, Morrill, Barton, Van Dyke, and Barlow.

On the Judiciary.—Messrs. Smith, Holmes of Maine, Otis, Southard, Van Buren.

On the Post Office.—Messrs. Stokes, Palmer, Chandler, Barton, and King of Alabama.

On Pensions.—Messrs. Noble, Eaton, Seymour, Eliot, and Ware.

On the District of Columbia.—Messrs. Barbour, Lauman, Lloyd, Southard, and D Wolf.

On Accounts.—Messrs. Lauman, Maize, and Lowrie.

Tuesday, Dec. 18.—Mr. Barlow submitted the following resolution, for the consideration of the Senate:—

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, two-thirds of both Houses concurring, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the United States be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States, which, when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the States, shall be valid, to all intents and purposes, as part of the said Constitution, to wit:—

"That the number of Representatives shall not exceed two hundred."

The resolve was read a first time, and passed to a second reading.

## Army Supplies.

Mr. Williams of Tenn. submitted a resolution, for inquiry into the practical operation of the system of supplying the army, under the provisions of the act of 1810, together with a comparative view of the present and former modes of supplying the army.

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For the Eastport Sentinel.

## COUNTY BUILDINGS.

(Continued from our last)

Having considered the manner in which the resolution in question was passed, we now propose to enquire into the expediency of the measure.

The present buildings of the County, although not remarkable for their fitness or elegance, are, with the exception of the Jail, sufficient for the purposes of the County, under the present regulation of the Courts. The County House is a large and commodious dwelling, well calculated for the Superintendent of the Prison. The Court House, with very little expense, might be made quite convenient. The Jail is much out of repair, and wholly insufficient for the purpose of imprisonment. Such is the condition of our Public Edifices.

Is the insufficiency of the Jail, then, a good and sufficient reason for a removal of them? And will the public benefit, resulting from a removal, compensate for the expense, to which the County, in that event, must be subjected?

The first of these questions will be answered in the negative by every one, who has not in view the promotion of his private individual interest. In answering the second, several important considerations present themselves.

We have made an estimate of the expense, and find that the Public Edifices cannot be completely finished short of Twenty Thousand Dollars. The contemplated removal will place the Buildings at East Falls, in Machias, six miles east of their present location. This distance is soon to be made two miles less by the erection of a Bridge across the river, at a point below the village at West Machias. It will naturally be asked, What great benefit can result to the whole County from such removal? Is a point four miles east of West Machias the centre of the population of the County? Will such removal bring those, who are to bear the burden of taxes, within thirty miles of the place of holding courts? If these important ends were to be accomplished by it, we should be advocates of the measure; but until we are convinced that such will be the result of removal, we shall offer our reasons against it. The nearness of Courts is a great privilege to parties in litigation, inasmuch as all those who live within thirty miles of them can, by law, adopt compulsory measures to bring their witnesses into Court. This is an advantage, which all, who are the least conversant with Courts, know how to appreciate. But if the removal, on the one hand, bring one or more towns within the reach of a subpoena for witnesses, it, on the other, will exclude an equal number from such process. And it is worthy of remark, that more than one third of the whole population of the County will be more than thirty miles from the place designed for the County Buildings, and will pay more than one third of the expenses of their erection.

In order to give the Citizens of our County a more just idea of the burden intended to be imposed upon them, without an equivalent benefit, we have computed the proportion of public taxes, which several towns, more than thirty miles from East Falls, will pay. In this calculation several Plantations are omitted. We are confident that the result will satisfy every reasonable man, that were the end proposed obviously beneficial to the whole County, our means are at present inadequate to its easy accomplishment.

We have assumed \$20,000, as the sum required. The proportions are as follows, viz:—

Steuben - - - - - \$ 787

Cherryfield\* - - - - - 605

Cataus - - - - - 500

Robbinston - - - - - 653

Perry - - - - - 543

Eastport - - - - - 3565

\$6743

We have taken the official returns of the poll tax and valuation for the County of Washington as the basis of our calculation. We have been sufficiently exact in our computation to show the proportion of taxes which these towns will pay, and it is in the same ratio that the burthen is to be justly divided by the several towns in the County.

The town of Machias, which holds the first rank in the scale of population, and the second in that of property, in the County, will pay \$2317, which is nearly one seventh, and the seven towns introduced in this estimation will pay nearly one half of the whole expense. It need not be remarked that Machias, with the exception of a few interested individuals at East Falls, is much opposed to the removal. The spirit of improvement, which pervades the County at present, will give a proper direction an Application to the means, which enterprising and public spirited individuals, are disposed to appropriate for the advancement of the interest of the County; and we are persuaded it is ill judged in the Court of Sessions to make use of those funds for purposes of no obvious benefit to the County, and so detrimental to some part of it, funds, which each town has set apart for the purpose of erecting the necessary houses for schools and public worship, for making roads, constructing bridges and other useful and important considerations.

If this subject should be brought before our Legislature at its present Session, we hope our representatives will consult the interest of their constituents in a firm and decided opposition to the measure.

\*We believe this town is now within 30 miles of Court, and would be more than 30 in case of movement.

Boston, Dec. 29.—The examination of the officers and crew of the Portuguese ship *Mariana Flora* terminated yesterday. They were discharged upon the ground, that there existed no proof of their having attacked the Alligator with a piratical intention; and that they acted under a mistake, in supposing the Alligator to have been a Patriot privateer, and fired upon her with a view of frightening her off.

The ship we understand will be libelled in behalf of the United States, as a prize to the Alligator.—*Pat.*

## DOMESTIC.

**Parricide.**—A lad between 16 and 17 years of age, named William Wiggins, living in Hertford county, was on the 13th Nov. committed to the jail of said county for murdering his father, Thomas Wiggins. It appears the young perpetrator of this unnatural crime had had a quarrel or a scuffle with his mother, (his father being from home) in which the latter proved conqueror. He then left his parents' house, and went to another one in the neighborhood with a gun; when his father returned home, and was informed of the conduct and absence of his son, he went in pursuit of him; he found him, but it was a fatal discovery, for the boy shot him almost dead upon the spot, as soon as he found an opportunity, which presented itself in a little time after the arrival of the deceased! All that he was heard to say after being shot was "help me; William has shot me; I know it was him; I would not have served him so.—*Hal. pa.*

**EXECUTION OF MARTIN.**—Agreeably to sentence *Michael Martin*, alias *Joseph Hendley*, convicted of the crime of highway robbery, was yesterday executed a few minutes after twelve at Lechmere Point. The criminal, a good looking man of about 28 years of age, conducted himself throughout with calmness, and was apparently resigned to his fate. He was attended in his last moments by the minister of the Catholic Church, who prayed with him on the scaffold. Martin also made a short prayer by himself, immediately after which he gave the fatal signal, that he was prepared for death. The High Sheriff then cut away the drop & launched him into eternity. His struggles were short and few, it appearing, that almost instantaneous death was produced. The trial of *Martin* has been published in pamphlet form, and we understand that minutes of his life will issue from the press in a few days.

**New Counterfeit Bills.**—Bills of the Union Bank, Boston, of the denomination of five dollars, Read's plate, counterfeited, have just appeared. One was presented at our office yesterday, and is a tolerable imitation of the genuine, though the counterfeit is deficient in the arrow in the right hand of the Indian, which is very plainly to be seen in the true bills.

GILBERT & DEAN, Dec. 29. Old State House.

The Mayor, Recorder, Alderman and Common Council of the borough of Norfolk, in Virginia, have voted unanimously, "That the Act of Congress entitled 'An Act concerning Navigation,' passed on the 18th of April, 1818, and the Act of Congress, entitled 'An Act supplementary to an Act entitled an Act concerning Navigation,' passed on the 15th of May, 1820, which establish the Restrictive System, by which British Ships are prohibited from bringing the productions of the British Colonies into our ports, and taking away the Agricultural productions of our State, and other staples of our Commerce, in return, are highly injurious to the interests of this Borough and District, and contrary to the true policy of the United States."

The Corporation were adopting measures for petitions to Congress on the subject.

"Sketches of the Ecclesiastical History of the State of Maine, from the earliest settlement to the present time," by the Rev. *Jonathan Greenleaf*, of Wells, Me. will shortly issue from the press of Mr. Gray, at Portsmouth.

Daniel Davis Farmer was to be executed for murder, at Amherst, (N. H.) on Thursday last.

## EASTPORT:

SATURDAY, JAN. 5, 1822.

## TOWN MEETING.

The Town Meeting stands adjourned until the 12th inst. at 2 o'clock. It is hoped the meeting will generally attend as important business will be acted upon.

The *Always Ready* and *Franklin Fire Society* held their Annual Meetings on Tuesday last in the chance of Officers. It gives us pleasure to learn that another Society is getting up, for the benefit resulting from such Associations is so great to cases of fire.

The recent alarms of Fire occasioned by defective Stove Pipes and Chimneys, have caused the Fire Wards to make a general inspection, and we hope they will be strict in prosecuting every one that does not make the necessary improvements which they shall designate.

By Capt. Shackford we received from Boston Correspondent, papers of last Evening.—Extracts below.

## LATEST FROM EUROPE.

New-York, Dec. 27.—The British sloop of war *Hind*, Charles Burroughs, Esq. commander, arrived at this port on Tuesday afternoon, in 42 days from Portsmouth, England, with despatches to the British Consul, the nature of which will be seen by the following note from Mr. Buchanan:—This vessel brings London papers to the 10th of November:

Note from James Buchanan, Esq. British Consul.

One of the Chief Clerks in the Navy Office, London, having discovered with a considerable sum of the public money, and sailed for New-York, the British sloop of war *Hind*, was despatched in three hours notice from Portsmouth, with a letter from the Marquis of Londonderry to the British Consul in this city. The ship arrived at three o'clock yesterday afternoon—the officer delivered the despatch to Mr. Buchanan, at half past four just as he was sitting down to dinner. Fearing that the arrival of the vessel direct from Portsmouth might excite some alarm, the Consul immediately repaired to our Magistrate of Police, Jos. Heaton, and James Hapson, Esqrs. who promptly accompanied him, without waiting for an officer, and traced the unlucky fugitive, found him, and obtained nearly all the property, (near 100,000 dollars.)

The following is a summary of the principal news contained in the London papers.

The King of England reached Carlton Palace on the evening of the 26th of Nov. Salutes were fired from the Park and Tower guns. The King's health was much improved. His Majesty did not visit Paris. He was waited upon at Calais by the Duke d'Angoulême, and was cheered by the French people on his quitting France for the coast of England.

The difficulties between Russia and Turkey were drawing to a close.

Accounts from Constantinople mention that Persia was in hostile movement against the Pacha of Bagdad with 60,000 men.

The manufacturers in England appear to be busily employed at good wages. The carpet manufacturers in Scotland are in full operation, having received large orders from America.

An American ship, capt. Bullington, had arrived in England in 35 days from Batavia, bringing an account that Pelembang was taken the latter end of June.

The fever had very much abated at Barcelona the latter part of October.

Advices from Trieste state that Tripolizza, the capital of Peloponnesus, had capitulated to the insurgents.

The papers contain the speech of the King of France at the opening of the Chambers. The young Duke de Bordeaux continued to thrive. "This child," says the King, "my heart feels confident, will be worthy of us; he will merit the love with which my subjects surround his cradle." His Majesty mentions that his relations with foreign powers are amicable—the naval forces met in the Levant had accomplished his objects—blessed Providence for the domestic state of the country—announces the prosperity of the finances—desires to put an end to the provisional grants—the tranquility of the country has admitted of a diminution of the most onerous of the taxes—the laws were respected—peace reigned in the army—and where passions were subsiding and factions wearing away.

The funds in England remained stationary.

Corn Exchange, Nov. 9.—Although the supply of all grain this week has been considerably less than was expected, yet it is more than equal to the demand, which continues exceedingly heavy, except for prime samples of Wheat and Barley, which met tolerably free sale on high as good terms as on Monday; but the inferior qualities could not be got off, although offered on lower terms by 2 per quarter.

## Commercially Important.

The London papers have lately announced, that on the 4th of Oct. last, an Imperial Ukase was issued at St. Petersburg, which if carried into execution must cut up, root and branch, the whole of the North-West Trade in which the interests of the U. States have been engaged for the last 30 years; and, which at the same time directly interferes with our territorial claims on the Pacific, as reported by a committee of the last Congress. It also cuts up the British trade on the same coast. It can only be accounted for that the President's late Message did not notice this extraordinary edict, that it had not been received when that State paper was written.—*Cont.*

## Russian Ukase.

In an Imperial Ukase, dated St. Petersburg, Oct. 4, the following, among other regulations, are laid down for the trade of Aleutian Islands and in the Russian possessions on the North Coast of America:—

"Sect. 1. All trade, whale fishing in general, and every branch of business in the ports and bays, and in general along the whole North Coast of America, from Behring's Straits to 54 deg. N. lat. as also along the Aleutian Islands, on the East Coast of Siberia, and along the Islands, that is to say, from Behring's Straits to the South Cape of the Island of Oonah, is reserved to Russian subjects exclusively."



"Sect. 2. Every foreign vessel is consequently prohibited, not only from landing on any of the coasts or islands specified in the foregoing section, but also from approaching them within a less distance than one hundred Italian miles.—Whoever shall violate the prohibition, is liable to confiscation of ship and cargo." &c.

### HIGHLY INTERESTING SUMMARY.

At the present term of the C. C. C. Pleas, CHARLES CLELAND, Esq. of North Yarmouth, was admitted to practice as an Attorney at the bar of said Court.—*Portland Gazette.*

The U. S. schooner Porpoise, Lieut. Com. RAMAGE, arrived at Matanzas, Cuba, the 19th N. vember, and sailed the 21st, offering conveyance to all American vessels which were ready for sea.—She was the first U. S. vessel of war which has ever been in Matanzas, and her arrival gave great satisfaction to our friends.

Nearly one thousand dollars have been paid by two gentlemen at Albany, for a pair of oxen, the weight of which is about 6000 pounds, and which are generally allowed to be as handsome cattle as were ever exhibited. They were raised in Vermont, and are now exhibited in New-York.

**Good Prize.**—A purchaser, at the sale of prize goods carried into Charleston by the United States brig Enterprise, and which had been taken from the pirates, discovered several dollars worth of specie secreted in a piece of cotton bagging.

The Presbyterian church in New-Orleans is about being sold for debt, and converted into a theatre. To prevent this the Rev. Mr. Smith of New-Orleans is endeavoring to make a collection in Philadelphia for the benefit of the Church.

A letter from Havana dated Nov. 26, gives an account of an affray the preceding night on board a Philadelphia vessel, out of which some soldiers attempted to force a man, when the captain shot two of them, one dead. There is great irritation in that place against the Americans—among the higher classes on account of the treatment of Col. Callava by Gen. Jackson, and among the lower on account of the capturing of the pirates!

Passed through Cumberland a few days ago, a drove containing 3400 sheep and 105 cattle the property of Mr. John Langdon of Goffstown.—This flock, if not quite so numerous as the flock of Job, perhaps may be fully equal, considering that Job (probably) reared his flocks for the mighty city of Babylon, and this was only for the lesser city of Boston.—*N. H. Patriot.*

**Curiosity.**—A full grown fox was caught on the farm of Samuel March, Esq. of Salisbury, last week; and when the huntsman was ripping the skin from his neck, he struck his knife against a yoke, which till then was unperceived, it being probably put on when young and the flesh had fairly grown over so as entirely to obscure the yoke, which, when taken off, was found to be but one and five eighths of an inch square.

**Newburyport Her.** Alexander McEver, of Middletown, Delaware county, whose house was some time ago destroyed by fire, and who was stated to have himself disappeared in rather a mysterious manner, has lately returned and denies the whole story industriously circulated respecting him, except the burning of his property.

The Daughter of Joseph Bonaparte has arrived at Philadelphia, from Antwerp.

We learn that a serious misunderstanding has taken place at Washington, between two distinguished foreign ministers, originating in a point of etiquette at a party lately given by the President.—It is understood that harsh terms were used in the President's lobby, and that they separated by one of the parties touching the hilt of his sword. What termination this affair may have, it is impossible to conjecture.—*Ref's Philad. Gaz.*

The Hon. Judge Dawes has resigned the office of Judge of the Municipal Court of the Town of Boston.

### Impromptu.

On observing that Mr. Cannon's motion for a further reduction of the Army, &c. had been rejected by Congress.

For years did this great gun essay,  
Its mighty force to aith;  
At those brave souls who point the way,  
To vindicate our name;  
At length compelled by force to yield,  
Since foes around it hover,  
The Cannon now gives up the field,  
And kicks its owner over! *Bost. Gaz.*

### Bankrupt Law.

Col. James B. Murry, has published a letter in the National Advocate, of New-York, addressed to the Editor of that paper, concerning the Bankrupt Law. He is friendly to a "sound, impartial and permanent bankrupt system, if such can be formed in the country." In the first part of his letter, he says, "when the United States will consent to come in as a common creditor, I shall consider the operations of a Bankrupt Law, uniform throughout the United States, according to the letter of the Constitution, and not before."

**Prize to the Hornet.**—The U. S. sloop of war Hornet, has just sent to New-Orleans, a slave brig, named *La Pensor*, having on board 130 slaves. She also captured a Columbian privateer, which was in company and which had previously captured the slave brig.

The sum of \$1,100 damages was given on Saturday in the S. J. Court in this town in favor of a boy who had been abused by Capt. Knight while on board his vessel (the *Delphos*) on a voyage to the East Indies. The boy is now in the lunatic hospital, suffering, it is supposed, from the effects of his ill treatment.

Rev. Mr. DANA, late President of Dartmouth College, has accepted a call from a parish in Londonderry to become its pastor.

### TEA.

30 boxes first quality SOUCHONG TEA, just received for sale by  
D. C. 29. G. & J. HOLBS.

We are indebted to a Gentleman of this Town for the following Thermometrical Observations for the Month of December, 1821.

Thermometrical WEATHER, WINDS, &c.

Day	Therm.	Wind	Weather
1	13 24 19	clear, NW	
2	24 35 40	cloudy, SW	
3	42 41 40	rainy, calm & NW	
4	16 40 35	cloudy, calm, S and rainy	
5	31 34 32	cloudy, calm, snow	
6	24 26 17	cloudy N snow	
7	12 27 28	fair, NW & SW	
8	15 40 36	cloudy, SE calm and rainy	
9	36 41 34	cloudy, calm, W and clear	
10	16 25 20	clear, NW & W	
11	25 29 22	cloudy SE & E short severe snow st.	
12	18 28 14	fair, W	
13	23 29 25	cloudy, NE violent snow storm & rain	
14	22 30 18	clear, SW	
15	14 24 15	clear, WSW	
16	7 20 16	clear, WSW	
17	9 30 26	fair, SW cloudy	
18	13 37 32	cloudy, SW snow	
19	12 34 24	clear SW	
20	14 29 30	cloudy, calm and NE	
21	11 33 10	snow, NE rain, SSE	
22	10 31 25	cloudy, N	
23	19 21 8	fair NW	
24	3 25 22	fair, calm and SW	
25	29 33 30	cloudy, SE snow	
26	20 22 14	fair NW blustering	
27	8 26 18	clear, SW cloudy, snow	
28	15 29 30	cloudy W to SE snow	
29	10 31 5	clear, WSW blustering	
30	10 11 11	clear, hazy, calm and NW	
31	27 21 17	cloudy SW clear NW	

On the 29th, at 9 o'clock, the Mercury was 5 below, and on the 30th at 8 rise 10 below Zero.

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OUR CHARACTER, as a nation, is far from being settled. Many of our printers use the term "his majesty," as applied by Englishmen to their king, in common with the most servile of his slaves. A particular friend of mine advertises Capt. Perry's voyage for sale, as performed in "his majesty's ship." Hecla, &c. under orders of W. E. Perry "R. N. E. R. S." We might wonder what "majesty" my friend meant, if the people of the United States had attained a national character: but being destitute of that, we know that the king of England is alluded to! Why should he be entitled to this pre-eminence any more than the king of Tombuctoo?

We notice also, in a popular school book, compiled by an American and for the use of our children, a table of abbreviations. They are told that "G. R." means George the king—and we have "Bart." "K. G." "K. B." "K. P." and twenty other English things—also "M. P." for member of parliament, but not even M. C. for member of congress. I have torn that leaf out of the books that were put by the teacher into the hands of my children, as well because its matter was absurd as imperfect. They may speak of *King George*, if necessary, but if ever they use the term *George the King*, in my hearing, I shall feel disposed to correct them for it. "Just as the twig is bent the tree's inclined."—*Niles.*

### CONGR.SSIONAL.

The following gentlemen compose the Committee to report a bill apportioning representatives among the several states according to the fourth census:

Mr Campbell, of Ohio—Mr Allen, Tenn.—Harvey—McLane—Johnson, La.—Dwight—Wright—Headricks—Dorsey—Ranboph—Rankin—Tomanson—Edwards, N. C.—Cook—Mallory—Lowndes—Moore, Alab.—Colten—Reid—Whitman—Holcombe—Trimble—Scott.

The resolve moved by Mr. HOLMES, of Me. calling for information respecting clerks and persons employed in the revenue offices and that moved by Mr. NOBLE, proposing an inquiry into the expediency of extending the time of relief to purchasers of public lands, were taken up and agreed to without objection.

### MARRIAGES.

In this town, by J. D. Weston, Esq. Mr Simeon Higgins, to Miss Margaret Bell.

By John Morgan, Esq. Mr Richard Matthews, to Miss Rebecca McKivkeu

At Machias, Mr. Theodore Jones, merchant, of Lubek, to Miss Sally Marston, of M.

At Deer-Island, Capt John Hutton, to Miss Abigail Fowell

At St Stephens, Mr James M. Master, of St Andrews, to Miss Elizabeth Burton

At St John, Mr David M. Goune, merchant, of the Island of St Vincent, to Miss Rachael B. Curry, third daughter of Mr Andrew Currie, of Eastport

### DEATHS.

In St Andrews, Mr Joseph Maloney, aged 45—Mrs Anna Maria Henderson aged 23—Mr John Fowell

At St. George, David Torrey, Esq. aged 32

In Boston, Miss Elizabeth Wheeler, aged 21

In Canton, Major Peter Crane, a revolutionary officer.

In Newbury, Major Jacob Burrill, aged 83. He was in the true sense of the word a soldier—served with credit, in the old French war—was at the taking of Quebec in 1759 attached to the company of rangers, commanded by Capt Davenport, of Newburyport. He was afterwards in the war of the revolution, and was in the hottest of the battle at Bunker-Hill, where he bravely maintained the conflict of that memorable day, cautioning those around him to "take good aim." He continued in the army, at various stations, till the close of the war, facing many dangers, and enduring many hardships, and when peace was concluded in 1783 he personally received the thanks of his General. He returned to his native town, where he married and lived to see a large family of children settle around him, always earning his bread by the sweat of his brow, and lived to a good old age.—*Newburyport Herald.*

In Sanford, Major General Wm. Frost, of the First Division of the Militia of this State.

At the Havana, Capt. John Hunter, late master of the brig Charlotte-Ann, belonging to Port-Glasgow, aged about 35—Mr Charles Bellman, mate, and John Morris, seaman, died a few days previous to her arrival at Havana.

**Portland, Dec 25.**—Yesterday afternoon, Horatio Noyes, a lad of about fourteen years of age, son of the late Mr Jacob Noyes, of this town, from some unknown cause went up into the belfry of the meeting-house of the first parish, and was seen endeavoring to ascend from the belfry up the steeple, when he unfortunately lost his hold and fell to the ground, a distance probably of about sixty feet. He was taken up speechless, and apparently senseless, carried into the nearest house, and physicians immediately called; but all their efforts to preserve life were in vain. He expired in about one hour after he fell.

**BLANK OF PASSAMAQUODDY.**  
Discount day - - - - - Friday.  
Director next week - - - - - J. BARTLETT.

### SENTINEL.

#### MARINE JOURNAL.

##### DAY OF PASSAMAQUODDY.

###### ARRIVED.

23d—sch Bee, Blake, from Brookville.

29—sloop Fancy Packet, Waite, Portland sch Aquanito, Hatch, Islesboro.

30th—sch Laris, Simpson, Frankfort.

Jan 2d—sch Game Cock, Glover, Fox Island

2d—brig Charlotte-Ann, George E. Frink, master, 50 days from Jamaica, and 29 fr Havana, via the Vineyard, where she put in in distress, having lost most of her sails and short of provisions. Left at H. brig Mariner, King, of Halifax, from Jamaica, bound home, the capt. (Smith) dead. On the passage out fell in with the wreck of a sch'r apparently about 120 tons, on the north side of St. Domingo, with N. B. on her stern: had new standing rigging, one new hemp and an iron chain cable, and staves were seen floating in the fore-castle. In the night of the 19th Nov. while laying in the harbour of Havana, the Charlotte-Ann was boarded by a gang of desperadoes from the shore, for the purpose of plundering; they had long knives and threatened the crew with instant death if they resisted. Capt. Frink, who but a short time before was on deck, bearing the noise, jumped out the cabin-windows and hailed the English sloop-of-war Ontario, laying near, who immediately dispatched a boat to his assistance: on serving which, the ruffians, who were an expedition, cut the painter of their boat and fled precipitately without accomplishing their designs. Capt. Frink sailed the next day in company with the English sloop-of-war Ontario and Raleigh, both for England, the latter to touch at New-York.

##### MEMORANDA.

brig Levant, at Boston, 20th ult 19 days fr Havana, left brig Mariner, belonging to Halifax, (late Smith, deceased) from Jamaica—crew all sick—mate ran away with "cash," and expected to be condemned: English brig Mary, Hutchinson, from Jamaica for St Andrews—capt and part of the crew dead

It is reported that a vessel arrived at the Vineyard from the W Indies, spoke brig Fortune, of N Brunswick, with the capt dead on the quarter deck brig Fountain, Howard, sailed from St Thomas 15th Nov.

brig Visiter, having on board the cargo of brig Fountain, taken in at St Thomas, has arrived at the Vineyard in charge of the mate, the capt. (Ritcou) having died on the passage.

##### Boston, Dec. 27.

The Portuguese ship Mariana Flora, Ventura Ariadete di Breta, master, from Bahia, of and for Lisbon, with a cargo of sugar, cotton, hides, tobacco, &c. ordered to this port by the U. S. schr Alligator, capt. Stockton, for an attack upon the flag of the U. S.; now under the command of Lt. Abbot. On the 26th Nov. lat 20, long 30, the Mariana Flora was discovered by the Alligator, standing to the N. & E. She soon after tacked to the Southward, and as the Alligator neared her, she eluded up her course, handed her top gallant sails, and hoisted a small blue pennant, a flag, at the main-top-gallant mast, as a signal of distress. It was supposed on board the Alligator that she was in distress, and she accordingly run down for her, under a press of sail, but was surprised by the discharge of the whole broadside of the ship, when within a short distance of her. She kept up a firing for nearly an hour, in a raking position, before a single gun was fired from the Alligator.—All this time, the flag of the U. States was flying on board the Alligator, and the ship was without any national flag displayed. The Alligator at the expiration of about an hour from the first attack, commenced firing on the ship, and continued the same till she was within pistol shot of her, on her quarter, when all her broadside being ready for discharge, capt. Stockton bailed the ship, to know who and what she was, and whether she had any national flag or not. No answer was returned, but a few minutes after the Portuguese flag was run up at the mizen, and two guns were discharged at the Alligator after the flag was up. Capt. S. then bailed the ship, saying if they did not cease firing, and send their boat on board the sch'r he would sink her. The crew on board the ship then deserted their quarters, and the captain of the ship on after came on board the Alligator. For this attack on the flag of the U. States, capt Stockton thought it his duty to order her to this port for trial. The ship mounted 10 guns, and had on board 9 men, including officers. Part of the guns were brown overboard. All the officers and crew are still on board.

—She has come into port with the same pennant flying, and displayed in the same manner, it was when she attacked the Alligator, or when the Alligator run down for her.

**Boston, Dec. 30.**—arch's Stark, Bray, 15 days from Eastport: New-Packet, Anderson, do. 20

sch'r Peacock, Haraden, has ar at Havana from Boston. When within about 15 miles of the port, was robbed by a piratical sch of about 30 tons, full of men, armed with cutlasses and knives, some of whom boarded the Peacock and beat the officers and crew most inhumanly and left her, with orders to steer NE

Brig Durham, Orne, of Portsmouth, went ashore on Orleans Beach, on the night of the 13th ult in a violent storm—she found on the beach an American seaman by the name of Peter Weyer, of Portland. He had belonged to the Patriot armed sloop Grenadee, capt Pelot, which was bound from St Martha to St Barts, with sugar, and was totally lost on the silver Key—He got ashore at Heneage, 9 days afterwards on a raft, with only 6 men alive, out of 65, who had been left on it

### Sheriff's Sale.

Washington, vs.

Taken by Execution and will be sold on the tenth day of January next, at Public Auction, at Abner Sawyer's Inn, in Calais, at four o'clock in the afternoon—

A LL the right, title and interest of possession which Joseph Frost has in and to a certain lot of land, with the improvements thereon, situated in Plantation No 10, commonly called the Day lot, being the same on which the said Frost now lives, with all the privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging.

EBENEZER REDING,

Deputy Sheriff.

Calais, Dec 7

### Marshal's Sale.

United States of America, }

District of Maine, ss. }

PURSUANT to Warrants from the Hon. Abner K. Parris, Judge of the U. States District Court, for said District, I hereby give public notice, that on Monday, the 14th day of January next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at the Store of Wm. F. Pennington, in Machias, I shall expose and sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidders,

150 bushels SALT,

41-2 bbls. RUM & 6 rum bbls.

the same having been decreed forfeit to the United States and ordered to be sold.

G. S. SMITH,

Deputy Marshal.

Dated at Machias, Dec. 26, 1821.

### James Kimball

HAS now landing from sch'r Boston, on consignment, and for sale at the lowest prices for Cash—

150 bags of yellow corn Boston Meal

20 bbls. ship Bread,

25 do. No. 1 & Mess Pork,

20 " " " Beef,

65 chests and boxes Souchong and

Congo TEAS,

57 kegs Tobacco, (various prices,) 10 boxes white Starch,

25 " best dip'd Candles,

20 " " Mould "

75 half boxes best Soap,

12 bbls. of 1st quality Gin,

pipes of Brandy and Cordial,

q'r cask of Malaga & S. M. Wines

30 bbls. prime russet, and

10 " " Baldwin Apples,

8 " dried "

10 " shingbark Nutts,

10 " Chestnuts,

560 lbs. best lump Butter,

1200 " Butter in kegs,

1570 " best new milk Cheese.

ALSO—IN STORE,

30 bbls. prime Onions, and 9 casks

Cheese, suitable for the W. I. market, and OTHER GOODS as usual. /5

### List of Letters

In the Post-Office, at Eastport, Jan. 1 1822.

A & B—Ebenezer Adams—Daniel Beal &

Richard Bacon, Jacob Blake.

C—John Coats, Jared Crane 2, Abraham T. Clark.

D & E—Josiah Davis, Ann Delawdner, John Davidson, John Dunning, Merameh, Wm. Denham, Michael Dougherty—Ebenezer Estes, Magadovic.

F—John Ferris, Josiah Ficket 2, Nathan Foster, James Frankin & L. W. Winslip.

G—Daniel Galtout, G. Meenan, Judah Gage 2, John Goodridge.

H—Capt. Arthur Howard, Ruf. Hapke, Joseph Henderson, Isaac Hall, Thomas Hobbs.

K—Samuel Kelly, Joshua Leland.

M—Patrick McCabe, Capt. Hishworth, Mayor, Oliver Magoun, Mrs John Mudgett, Phoebe McDougall, John McGee.

P—John P. er, George Parkhurst, Joseph W. Potter, St. Andrews. R—Samuel Ray

S—Mary-Ann Shearlin, Robert Sterling, Frederick Spofford, Late Wm. Stuart, John Stuart, Deer-Isle, Samuel Spencer, Joseph Sawyer 2, Simon Steward, Deer-Isle, Capt Joseph Stover, Wm. Stevens.

T—Wm. Tuckersbury Pendleton, Wm. Thomson, Robert Trumble, Sarah Venzio, Wm. Verney.

W—Simon Walker, Joseph White, Magd. William Wausgot, David Woodbury, G. M.

JOHN BURGIN, P. M.

For Boston via Portland & Portsmouth,

The regular packet, sch'r BOSTON, Jones

SHACKFORD, master. Will sail next

week. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to the master on board, or to

JAN 5

SAMUEL WHEELER.

Wanted to Charter,

A Vessel to take about 50 M. S. Bark

to a Windward Port in the West Indies

Inquire of W. TUTTLE, Esq. in Eastport, or of

WILL WOOPENDALE.

Deer Island, Dec 29



## Richard M. Bartlett

Just received per scho's *St. Croix and Sally*,  
200 lbs. mould Candles,  
200 " dip'd do.  
500 " Soap in boxes,  
Cognac Brandy, Holland Gin,  
Sicily Madeira  
Lisbon  
Malaga  
Real Port  
L.P. Pico Madeira  
Cherry Rum, Cinnamon Cordial,  
Ladies' twist & figg Tobacco,  
2 boxes Starch, Filberts, Almonds,  
boxes and casks of Raisins,  
English Walnuts, Shag Barks,  
ground & whole Pepper,  
7x9, 8x10, 10x12, 10x14 Glass,  
Rice, Tumblers,  
loaf & white Havana Sugar,  
hyson, young hyson, } **TEAS,**  
hyson skin & souchong }  
Brooms, Corks, ALMANACKS for 1822.  
Nov. 24

### GREAT BARGAINS.

**THE** Subscriber intending to remove from this Town, the ensuing Spring, offers for Sale all his Real Estate, consisting of the Place which he now occupies, on the North side of Washington street, containing about 90 rods of Land, a good Dwelling-house, Wood House, Barn, Stable, Chaise House, &c.

Also—A Lot of Land, opposite said House, on the South side of Washington street, containing 27 rods.

Also—A Lot near the foot of Boylston street, 30 by 40 feet, (a good Stand for a Store) on which a House that now rents for \$10 per month.

Also—A Lot on High-Street, containing two acres of excellent Land which is well fenced. The Terms will be liberal.

Eastport, Nov. 24.

## Bonnets, Hats, Furs.

**JONAS GLEASON**, North Door on the Platform, has just received from Boston, an assortment of Ladies' beaver bonnets of the newest fashion: Gentlemen's superfine Hats from the Boston Hat Manufactory: 1 case fine Hats from New-York: an assortment of black & drab Ostrich Plumes: black & drab Trimmings for bonnets: men's and boy's Caps: Bonnets: banding: binding: buckles: loopings, and morocco skins.

Also, of his own Manufacture—gentlemen's superfine Hats: men's & youth's plaid do.: men's and boy's wool do.—all of which are offered on the most favourable terms at wholesale or retail for cash or approved credit.

Hats covered and Ladies' Bonnets altered and trimmed at short notice. Nov. 17

### LAND FOR SALE.

**FOR SALE**, one hundred acres of Land, lying in East-Bay, town of Perry, adjoining Zachus Loring's farm, two miles from Tuttle's Ferry. Has a thirty foot Barn and Log-House on it, and about twenty acres is under improvement. Said Lot is well wooded and watered, with a good harbour, and landing for vessels. For further particulars enquire of **PETER LORING**. Perry, Dec. 4

## Elisha King

**HAS** just received from Providence and Pawtucket Factories, and offers for sale, on Commission, at No. 89, Court street, Boston,

Bales bleached and brown sheetings 5-4 wide; do. do. shirtings 7-8ths wide; checks; stripes; gingham; plaids; satinets and bed-tickens.—Also, on hand, broadcloths, cassimeres, flannels & bombazetts, together with a general assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's **BOOTS & SHOES** suitable for the approaching season, cheap for Cash. Boston, Nov. 13.

### FUR CAPS.

An assortment of Gentlemen's and Lad's **FUR CAPS** from \$1.50 to \$7 each for sale by **WILLIAM M. BROOKS**. 38

### House To Let.

**TO** Let, a convenient one story Dwelling-House, situated about half a mile from the Town Landing, on the road leading to the Bridge and lately occupied by Mr. William Clark. For particulars enquire of **H. T. EMERY**. December 8

## NEW GOODS.

**THE** Subscriber has received by late arrivals from Boston, a general assortment of West-India Goods, Groceries, &c. which he offers for sale at the Store lately occupied by E. BATES, at the foot of Washington street, among which are the following

<b>WINE</b>	8 chests & half do. souchong old hyson & young hyson cassia pimento nutmeg pepper ginger raisins (in casks & boxes) walnuts filberts almonds chestnuts best Spanish cigars American do. coffee cocoa shells best English mustard basket table salt sperm candles black sweet oil beans and peas boxes soap powder and shot brown sugar Havannah white do. molasses
<b>WINE</b>	real port Madeira S. Madeira Lisbon & Sherry cognac brandy old spirits old shirub rum Hollands gin American do. 10 bbls. mess beef 10 half do. do. 5 bbls. clear pork " No. 1 do. 19 boxes mould candles 10 " dip'd do. 6 kegs tobacco 10 kegs butter 5 bbls. Am. gin 14 boxes window glass 7x9 and 8x10 300 pieces stone ware, consisting of jugs, pitchers & pickle pots, from 2 quarts to 3 gallons, 600 lbs. double refined loaf sugar 6 bbls. vinegar 10 boxes soap 9 crates Liverpool Ware (assorted) 15000 Dutch Quills, 1 elegant China Tea Service, 4, 6, 8, 10 & 20d Cut Nails, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10 & 20d Wro't do. Wro't and Cut Spikes, 10 doz. Files.

### DYE STUFFS, &c.

logwood red wood ustic Nicaragua wood linseed oil boild do. white lead red do. spirits turpentine,	verdigrise indigo allum copperas yellow ochre red do. Spanish brown lambblack Prussia blue
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Cables and small Cordage,  
1 Camboose suitable for a vessel of 200 tons,  
1 Anchor of 22 cwt.  
**HOLLOW & HARD WARE**,  
cart and wagon Boxes,  
bars of Steel, sheet Lead,  
1 elegant LOOKING GLASS,  
Together with a General Assortment of

## American & English GOODS,

**CROCKERY & GLASS WARE**,  
all of which will be sold at fair prices for Cash.  
Dec. 22 **T. PILSBURY.**

### Lost,

**ON** Monday last, a Note of Hand, in favor of the Subscriber, for Thirty four Dollars and Fifty Cents, signed "C. CUNY". All persons are cautioned against purchasing said Note, as the payment thereof is stopped. Whoever has found, and will return it to the subscriber, shall be suitably rewarded. **H. M. FROST.** Perry, Dec'r 22



Prepared by W. T. Conway, Chemist.

**DR. RELF'S** Botanical Drops! for scurfula and fever sores. See Pamphlet.  
Dr. Relf's Asthmatic Pills, for coughs, colds, consumptions.  
Dr. Relf's Aromatic Female Pills, for obstructions, &c.  
Dr. Relf's Antibilious Pills, for indigestion, bilious affections, &c.  
Dr. Relf's Vegetable Specific for "Sick Head Ache."  
Dr. Relf's Vegetable Rheumatic Pills, an excellent Medicine.  
British Antiseptic Dentrifrice, for the teeth and gums.  
Dumfries Ointment, a certain and safe cure for the ITCH, no danger from taking cold!  
Dr. Hunter's celebrated Pills; Dr. Hunter's Injection Powders, and Dr. Hunter's Cerate, for the prevention & cure of the venereal complaints, even when mercury has failed, with perfect security for a few dollars.  
Albion Corn Plaster, it affords instant ease, at the same time it dissolves and draws the corn out by the roots.  
Cambrian Tooth-Ache Pills—the relief is immediate, without the least injury to the teeth.  
None are genuine unless signed W. T. Conway.

A large discount to country traders—pamphlets may be had gratis, setting forth a great number of interesting and extraordinary cures performed by the above valuable Medicines.  
The above **MEDICINES** may be had wholesale or retail at the

**Eastport-Book Store and Printing Office**,  
and of most Druggists and Book-Sellers in the United States.

## Benjamin King,

At the head of Market Wharf, has on hand and now opening for sale, from Boston, a very extensive assortment of

## Boots & Shoes

—as follows, viz.—

### LADIES'

Morocco Boots, calf-skin do.  
" thick sole shoes,  
Calf-skin do. do.  
morocco thick sole shoes,  
calf-skin do. do.  
morocco wide strap,  
" bridle ties and lace,  
black and white kid.

### MUSSES'

thick sole shoes,  
calf-skin pumps,  
morocco shoes of all kinds,

### GENTLEMEN'S

fine boots, coarse do.  
fine and coarse shoes,  
calf-skin and morocco pumps,

### Boys & CHILDREN'S

Shoes & Boots of all kinds & colours.

## American Goods.

black and blue broad cloths,  
cassimeres, satinets,  
sheetings & shirtings,  
checks and gingham, diapers,  
cotton warp from No. 7 to 14.

Also—An Assortment of  
Men's & Boy's **FUR CAPS**,  
2 cases gentlemen's **FUR HATS**,  
100 yds. Fur Trimmings.

### On Consignment.

A lot of superior Calf-Skins, which, together with the other goods, he offers on the most reasonable terms. 11 dec 8

### For Sale,

1 Anchor, weighing 1700 lbs.  
1 Sleigh and Harness.

Dec. 29 **E. FOSTER & Co.**

### Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

**THE** Co-Partnership existing under the firm of **WEBSTER & BROOKS**, lately John Webster & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having any demands against said Firm are requested to present them to John Webster for adjustment, who is duly authorised to settle the same; and all persons indebted to the said Firm are requested to make payment immediately or their accounts will be left in the hands of an Attorney for collection.

**JOHN WEBSTER,**  
**A. BROOKS.**

N. B.—They will now sell the remainder of the Stock for a small advance.  
December 29.

### NOTICE.

**ALL** persons indebted to the late Firm of H. T. EMERY & Co. are informed, that unless payment is immediately made, their Notes and Accounts will be left with an Attorney for collection.  
**H. T. EMERY.**  
Eastport, Nov. 17

## Soap For Sale.

**100** boxes of SOAP, first quality for sale by **JOHN NORTON & Co.** Market Wharf.

### Notice.

**THE** Subscriber, wishing to close his business in this place, requests all those who have demands against, or unsettled accounts with him, to hand them into J. D. Weston, Esq. And those indebted to him are called upon to make payment without longer delay.  
Eastport, Dec'r 15. **ROBERT LITTLE.**

## Book-Binding.

**ALEXANDER DRANNAN**, respectfully informs the public, that he has lately arrived in Eastport, where he intends to stop a few months, and will be happy to attend to any commands in his line of business. Persons wanting old Books repaired are requested to leave them at the Eastport Book-Store. Dec'r 8

*The way they do things in Pen Yan.*  
Mr. Abner Pierce of Pen Yan had been "posted" according to law as an habitual drunkard. He appeals—a Jury is called—three witnesses testify that they had seen him almost daily for the past year—that they had seen him "merry," "well to live," "pretty well cock'd," &c. but they had not seen him so drunk that he could not stand up. On the part of the prosecution, five witnesses testify that they had seen him frequently drunk—so much that he was unable to attend to his business. The jury, after being absent about an hour, brought in a verdict that they did not consider a man an habitual drunkard, unless he was drunk more than half the time! Mr. Pierce was accordingly acquitted.—*Genava Pat.*

## MISCELLANY.

From the National Intelligencer, IMPROMPTUS.

On a late election (of Speaker) said to have been written by two distinguished politicians of a certain great State.

### BY A BUCKTAIL.

To rule in our Congress a Taylor once sought—  
"He'll suit us," the Feds they all said.  
But the Bucktails considered, and to the House thought

A Barber more fit for its head.

### BY A CLINTONIAN.

Some Demos and Feds, uniting last year,  
An expert master Taylor assigned to the chair.  
To turn some political coats.

But the Bucktails a Barber have put in his place  
To dry shave us all. Oh, time and disgrace!  
I wish he may cut all their throats.

It may perhaps be necessary to remark, that it was owing to the opposition which Mr. Taylor received from the Bucktail Representatives in Congress, from New-York and Pennsylvania, that he lost his election as Speaker, and that Mr. Barlow was chosen.

From a Correspondent of the Washington Gazette.  
On seeing the witty lines in the National Intelligencer on the selection of Speaker, I could not refrain from thinking it applicable to the signs of the times.

In these dreadful hard times, our old clothes we wear.

That a Taylor's long bill may be saved;  
But the aid of a Barber, no one can spare—  
For who does not want to be shaved?

### Miracles in 1821.

A French Journal relates the following marvellous stories.

A young woman, who had been for some time grievously afflicted with the tooth-ache, lately applied to Limonadier of the Faubourg Saint Martin, who imagines he possesses the power of effecting cures by miraculous means, as well as any German Prince. The following dialogue ensued:—  
"What is your pleasure, Mademoiselle?"  
"Sir, you see how my face is swelled, and how I am disfigured."—  
"You have the tooth-ache?"—  
"Yes, Sir, and your high reputation induced me to come to you."—  
"But you have somebody with you?"—  
"Oh Sir! he is my intended."—  
"You think I can cure you?"—  
"I have been told so; and you believe it?"—  
"I do."—  
"Bravo! I have the tooth-ache."—  
"Oh pray don't draw it Sir! I need only touch it with the point of my finger, and two words will afford you relief."—  
"Alors Salom!"—  
"now pay me, and begone!"  
The subjoined paragraph describes a miracle of a still more extraordinary kind, and one which is certainly the better entitled to credit, since a pretty woman is at once the heroine of the story, and the guarantee of its authenticity.

Madame de —, after a widowhood of two or three months, became more extravagant and more fond of pleasure than ever she had been in her husband's life. She was present at every new opera, every ball, and every place of fashionable amusement. Astonished at this gay kind of philosophy, one of her female friends ventured to question her on the subject. "Well I must let you into my secret," said the sprightly. "Know, then, that I join to all these fashionable follies, only in obedience to my husband's commands."—  
"How! did he order it so in his will?"  
"In his will! Oh no! come I must tell you! Whenever I receive an invitation to a concert or a ball, the first thing I do, even before I give an order to my maid, or my milliner, is to proceed to the burial ground of Pere Lachaise."—  
"Well, that's certainly a most singular preparation for a ball!"—  
"I kneel down before the tomb of my husband."—  
"Oh! I understand, you make a prelude to the pleasures of the evening, by the tears you shed in the morning! Well that's a sort of compensation!"—  
"Nay, but hear me. I press my lips close to the marble, and I whisper, 'Dear husband, do not be angry, if I go to night to Madame —'s party, and he replies 'you may go, my love.'—  
"What a droll idea! and you really fancy you hear him say so?"—  
"Yes! he speaks very softly, to be sure; but then I have such a delicate ear!"—  
"And do you ever ask him any other questions?"—  
"Oh yes! I sometimes consult him about my dress, and he gives me his advice; for I verily believe he reads the *Journal des Modes* as regularly as I do. It was he who advised me to buy this new Cashmere!"—  
"Ah! my dear friend, what a happy woman you are!—Your dead husband is ten thousand times better than my living one!"

*Original Anecdote.*—Several gentlemen engaged in conversation, a few days since, one of them observed that the father of a young lady from New-Haven, who had lately visited in a town not a thousand miles from this, was a Bell Founder; another gentleman immediately remarked, that he suspected he was a very fine workman, that he had seen one of his Belles, and that was remarkable for its beauty and the sweetness of its tones.—*Kennebunk Gaz.*

*Curious fact.*—The steam-boat Chancellor Livingston has the last season made about 170 (one) from New-York to Albany. Allowing the distance to be 150 miles, the aggregate will exceed 255,000 miles which would more than have carried her round the globe.

### DIED.

In Washington, the Hon. Wm. A. Trimble, a Senator of the U. S. from Ohio, aged 35 years. He was born in Ohio, and bred to the law, but in 1812, he joined the Ohio volunteers, was elected a major, and was one of the army which surrendered at Detroit, in that year. When exchanged he received a major's commission in the U. S. In the sortie from Fort Erie, he was wounded, the effects of which have brought him to the grave. He was elected a Senator of Ohio in 1818.

### MACKEREL.

**60** bbls. Fall MACKEREL, for sale at the Store of **T. PILSBURY.** Dec. 20