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FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

[For this department brief suggestions, facts and experiences are solicited from housekeepers, farmers and gardeners. Address Agricultural editor, Journal Office, Belfast Maine.]

Apple Pomace.

Editor Massachusetts Ploughman: Please inform me through the columns of the Ploughman what use, if any, can be made of apple pomace, after the cider is extracted? and oblige, A SUBSCRIBER.

The importance of this question calls for more than a brief answer. Until within a few years, a very large portion of the farmers have regarded apple pomace as entirely worthless; in fact as a nuisance; but gradually it is working its way into favor, and the farmers are beginning to realize its value.

By pressing the juice from the apples no great amount of nutriment is extracted; it is true a very little sugar is lost, but this is more than made up by the reduction in bulk, so that a bushel of pomace is of more value than a bushel of apples, which are considered worth from fifteen to twenty-five cents a bushel to feed to cattle, providing the apples are ripe. The value of the pomace depends on the ripeness of the apples; green apple pomace, or green apples, are of but little value for feeding purposes; but the pomace of ripe apples is valuable for almost any kind of farm stock. It may not be as desirable for milch cows as for other stock, as it tends to produce fat rather than milk. After cattle become accustomed to it, two pecks a day to each animal should be given; the same amount given to a horse, if he is not worked too hard, will fat him. Pigs will readily eat it, and it appears to do them good. It is also good for poultry; if boiled and mixed with meal, it is readily eaten, and is quite as good, if not better than potatoes. If spread in the henyard, the hens will pick out all of the seeds, which are really the most valuable portion of it. Sheep are very fond of it. Pomace spread several inches deep on a sod or gravelly hill will bring in a good crop of clover the second year. And finally, when dried it makes a hot fire. It is often used, in steam cider mills, for fuel under the boiler.

Pomace that is to be kept for feeding purposes, should not be left out in the sun and rain, to sour and decay, but should be housed and kept as sweet as possible. In hot weather it is very difficult to keep it, but when cool weather comes it can be kept for some weeks without fermenting enough to injure it. During warm weather, it should be fed out directly from the press, unless it is spread and dried.

Pomace left out in the sun and rains ferments, decays and sends forth a very disagreeable odor, therefore it should not be left in the vicinity of the dwelling, for the same reason; only small quantities should be put into the pig pen at one time. In commencing to feed to any animal, only small quantities should be given at first, gradually increasing to the amount believed to be sufficient.

Every farmer who carries his apples to mill to grind for cider, should secure the privilege of carrying home, as wanted, as much pomace as his apples make, or as much as he has stock to consume; for the real value of the pomace is much more than the cider, if the apples are ripe. Ed.

The True Remedy against Sewer-Gas.

It has already been intimated that those to whom the public has been accustomed to look for counsel upon this and allied subjects do not differ so widely as some have supposed, but that there is actually a very strong convergence of opinion as to what needs to be done.

Professor Willard Parker, one of our most distinguished physicians, after listening to the discussions of the Academy, said: "If I were to build a house, I would not have it connected in any way with a sewer. I would construct a sort of annex." Into which, Professor Parker was understood to say, he would gather all the pipes and fixtures, water-closets, baths, and wash basins. He further remarked: "I suppose most of you would object to having a vault filled with dead bodies a few yards from your house, and connected with it by a pipe. Yet this is practically what we do. There is no protection from the poisonous germs which generate and live in the foul air. This matter demands our most careful attention, for we are in a critical and unhealthy condition."

Colonel George E. Waring, Jr., sanitary engineer, addressing the public through the daily press, gives the following advice: "Let us take no step backward in the essential improvement in the adjuncts of our daily life. Let us lay *off all luxurious superfluities*, and see that what is really needed is good and in good order. There is no doubt that the luxury of wide distribution of plumbing appliances throughout the whole house has led to great increase of risk and to a wide distribution of dangerous defects. The use of stationary wash-basins in bedrooms not immediately adjoining bath-rooms is to be deprecated; and everything should be reduced to the simplest elements that will give the necessary ordinary control of the waste matters of the house." [From "Sewer-Gas," by Dr. Frank H. Hamilton, in Popular Science Monthly for November.

Training A Colt to Harness.

A writer in the English Agricultural Gazette gives the following as an easy and practical method of accustoming young colts to the restraints of the harness:

Put on him an easy collar, having a pair of reins attached, or add two pieces to lengthen the traces, and let a strong man walk behind him, holding these. After a few minutes the leader may order the man to pull the traces very gently, so as to press the collar but slightly at first. In a little time he may pull tighter, while the leader keeps his eye on the colt, and if he shows any signs of flinching, let him order the traces to be slackened, and then gradually drawn again until the colt is seen to lean into his collar, when the man who holds the traces may use his whole force, for a short time only. The traces must now be slackened again, and the same course gone over repeatedly, but stopping the colt occasionally to gentle him, taking care, however, to slack the traces just as he stops, and to turn a little to one side when starting each time, while the man pulls the opposite trace.

After this exercise let him be taken to the cart or other vehicle for which he is intended; allow him to smell and examine it; then push it away and draw it up to him several times, raising and lowering the shafts, until he takes no notice of its noise, or of the different appearances when raised and lowered. Now turn him around and put him between the shafts, rub them against his sides, push back and draw up the cart, striking him behind and on the sides with it, until he allows himself to be "knocked about by it," so to speak. This will do for one day's lesson. Next day let all his harness be put on, leaving chains or straps to hang and strike against him, while the whole of the previous day's lesson is gone through step by step. Same on third and fourth days. He may then be yoked or hitched to the cart, and should have at least one hour's exercise in going up and down hill, turning, etc. First start on level ground. If these directions are carried out the colt learns that the vehicle he draws is not meant to hurt him, and he will never try to "kick it away," or "run off" from it.

The following rules for training are given:

1. Never try to beat a colt into doing a thing, or, if nervous, he may turn out a vicious horse, and if stupid he may become stubborn. Remember that by patience and gentleness he can be got to do anything that will not hurt him.

2. When the horse shows signs of shying at an object, do not beat him, but lead him up to it, allowing him to stand and look, as he comes closer; and after he examines it a few times he will not fear anything of the kind again. In passing by hedges with a colt, throw in stones and stop him until he takes no notice of the noise.

3. Before putting on an article of harness, let your colt smell it, and then rub it against his head, neck and body.

4. Always start a horse with the voice, never with the cut of a whip. In starting, turn a little to one side, and in stopping, when going up a hill, do the same.

Brighton Cattle Market.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 25.

Amount of stock at market: Cattle, 1305; sheep and lambs, 5670; swine, 19,435; veals, 55; number of western cattle, 1025; northern and eastern cattle, 280.

Prices of beef cattle ℔ 100 ℔ live weight, extra quality, $7 50@8 00; first, $6 50@7 00; second, $5 37½@6 37½; third, $4 50@5 25; poorest grades of coarse oxen, bulls, etc., $3 25@4 12½.

Brighton Hides, 10c ℔ ℔; Brighton Tallow, 3½c ℔ ℔; Country Hides, light ones, 7½c ℔ ℔; heavy, 36 ℔ ℔; Country Tallow, 5c ℔ ℔; Calf Skins 12½c. ℔ ℔; Lamb Skins, 75c@$1.12½ each; Sheep Skins, 60@90c each.

Working Oxen in light demand. We note sales of one pair, girth 6 ft. 6 in., live weight 2500 ℔, $115; 1 pair girth 6 ft. 4 in., live weight 2500 ℔, $105; 1 pair girth 6 ft. 0 in., live weight 2000 ℔, $90; 1 pair girth 7 ft 2 in., live weight 3200 ℔, $100.

Milch Cows.—We quote the following sales of 4 new milch cows at $50 each; 3 extra new milch cows at $60; 1 do for $65; 1 Ayrshire at $75; 1 do, $40; 2 springers and 1 milch cow at $100 the lot.

Veal Calves in good demand at 3 to 7½c ℔ ℔, live weight.

Store Cattle—Only a few in market. Most of the small Cattle that are in a fair condition are sold to butchers to slaughter.

Sheep and Lambs—The supply from the West cost the same as those in last week. Sheep cost 4½@5½c; Lambs 6@6½c ℔ ℔, live weight. Eastern sheep and lambs are mostly consigned to G. W. Hollis & Co. to slaughter and market at a commission.

Swine—Western fat hogs cost, landed at the slaughter houses, 8½ to 9c ℔ ℔, live weight. On store pigs prices are from 6 to 8c ℔ ℔ for live weight; or $1 50 to $6 50 ℔ head.

Get out Doors!

The close confinement of all factory work gives the operatives pallid faces, poor appetite, languid, miserable feelings, poor blood, inactive liver, kidney and urinary troubles, and all the physicians and medicine in the world cannot help them unless they get out of doors or use Hop Bitters, the purest and best remedy, especially for such cases, having abundance of health, sunshine and rosy cheeks in them. They cost but a trifle. See another column.

"Do you see that young man going along?" "Yes; what of it?" "He's got girl on the brain." "Ah; judging from his appearance the girl must have a soft sit."

Why be weak? Why not be healthy, robust, and strong, by using Brown's Iron Bitters?

The green grocer is one who trusts the new family in the next block.

SKINNY MEN.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility. $1. 1yr17

There is a man in New Jersey who is so innocent that he thought the holes in porous plasters were the places where the tacks were driven in.

"BUCHUPAIBA."

Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases. $1. Druggists.

When the teacher asked, "What people live the longest?" a little fellow at the foot of the class promptly spoke up: "Barnum's giants."

"ROUGH ON RATS."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists

When a man gives up a house, what rank would he hold in the army? That of a left-tenant, of course.

DR. KLINE'S Great Nerve Restorer is the marvel of the age for all Nerve Diseases. All fits stopped free. Send to 931 Arch Street, Philada., Pa. 3m33

Say, for instance, a dog loses his paw, and a rooster loses his maw does it make orphans of them?

See "Bird" adv't; get Holden's Bird Book; food, care, diseases, breeding. He has extra singers.

The waiters ought to succeed in a strike, for they usually carry all before them.

When the muscles lack firmness and the system is deficient in stamina, use "Wheat Bitters."

The horse-trotting brave deserves the agricultural fair.

A Loss Prevented.

Many lose their beauty from the hair falling or fading. Parker's Hair Balsam supplies necessary nourishment, prevents falling and grayness and is an elegant dressing.

Man wants but little here below, and he gets that much.

The Way "to minister to a mind diseased" is to take PERUVIAN SYRUP, a protected solution of the *protoxide of iron*, which gives strength and vigor to the whole system, restores the digestive organs to perfect health, thereby restoring the mind to its natural vigor.

When an opportunity presents itself don't let it slip, unless it's a good chance to slide.

The unhappy mortal whose food does not digest and assimilate perfectly will find immediate relief in "Wheat Bitters."

Cincinnati is now called Cincomati by its musical element.

Covetousness in Disguise.

The wonderful success of James Pyle's Pearline has given rise to a flood of imitations with an "ine" to their names, evidently to have them sound like Pearline. Enterprises of this sort are quite liable to be more selfish than beneficial.

The "high moral plane" is only found among honest carpenters.

A Big Success.

"My wife was in bed two years with a complication of disorders her physicians could not cure, when I was led to try Parker's Ginger Tonic. It was a big success. Three bottles cured her, at a cost of a dollar and fifty cents, and she is now as strong as any woman. R. D., Buffalo.

It may be said of the "bell of the ball" that when she leaves she sends to an invitation to the dance "she stoops to concur."

Pearl's White Glycerine Did It.

Good morning, Henry! I am glad to see you once more! How have you been for the last two weeks? You are looking first rate. Why! what have you been doing? your face is as clear as a whistle, no spots or pimples whatever.

Charles! Pearl's White Glycerine did it.

"What are you blowing about?" said the tree to the tornado. "Blowing about eighty miles an hour," was the reply.

"Our sales of Adamson's Botanic Balsam increase every week. Please ship us ten gross immediately. If our sales continue to increase in future as they have in the past, we shall have to buy ten gross a month. Respectfully yours,

W. F. PHILLIPS & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, Portland, Me.

Philadelphia citizens are very well liked at home, judging from the rewards offered for their return when they leave the city.

Kidney Complaint Cured.

B. Turner, Rochester, N. Y., writes: "I have been for over a year subject to serious disorder of the kidneys, and often unable to attend to business; I procured your BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS, and was relieved before half a bottle was used. I intend to continue, as I feel confident that they will entirely cure me. Price $1.00, trial size 10 cents. For sale by R. H. Moody, Belfast.

"There's always room at the top," hummed a mosquito, as it got its work in on a bald head.

A Philadelphia editor was the prime factor in suppressing a bogus medical college, from which so called diplomas were peddled at $10 each. It doesn't require a physician to determine whether he is a genuine one or the converse—to recognize heart disease. The symptoms are plain and unmistakable. So, too, is the remedy. A bottle of Dr. Graves' Heart Regulator will cure any case of heart disease. $1. At druggists.

The Boston Transcript says that gray hairs are honorable, excepting when they are very long and found on your coat sleeves.

Burlington, Vt., Jan. 25, 1882.
I have used Downs' Elixir exclusively for myself and in my family for a score or more of years, and always keep it with me. WARREN GIBBS,
President Vermont Life Ins. Co.

Fairhaven, Vt., Jan. 1, 1882.
I prefer Downs' Elixir to any other cough remedy for children, simply on account of its tonic and expectorant qualities. Respectfully,
GEO. H. HARRIS.

"Frightened mouse" is the name of a new color. Put no trust in its not fading. We should expect it rapidly to disappear.

From Major Downs, Military Instructor:—Mt. Pleasant Academy, Sing Sing, N. Y. During the very cold weather I was suffering with Catarrh. My head and throat ached so severely that I was obliged to give up everything and keep quiet. Ely's Cream Balm was suggested. Within an hour from the first application I felt relieved, the pain began to subside. In two days was entirely cured. W. A. DOWNS. Feb. 15, 1881.

A gentleman from Orwell, Pa., called my attention to Ely's Cream Balm as a remedy for Catarrh, Hay Fever, &c. He was so earnest in asserting it to be a positive cure (himself having been cured by it) that I purchased a stock. The Balm has already effected a number of cures. P. F. HYATT, M. D., Bordentown, N. J. 2w44

The girls of the sunny clime describe this world as one of "bustle, toil and care." We agree with them—the women have all the bustle, and the men all the toil and care.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure for Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.* 13eow40

Perspectives.

I.

Living, he treads the maze below,
And looking beyond, he saith,
"Ah me! to penetrate and know
The greatest of mysteries, Death!"

II.

Dead, he wanders the phantom-land,
And viewing, behind, the strife
Of the world, he cries, "Ah, to understand
The greatest of mysteries, Life!"

[Harper's Magazine.

Shooting Porpoises.

A YANKEE WHO COULD GUESS AND SHOOT.

"That cost me jest two dollars," said a tall, gaunt fishermen hailing from Newburyport, as he held out a long-barrelled nondescript of a gun. "I bought her," he continued, keeping one eye affectionately on the ancient relic, "at a government sale of Revolutionary fixins in '42; she wore a flint lock then, and her sight was a chunk of rust; but I biled her in ile, cut her down into a fore-and-after, and bed a lock put onto her, and there she is as putty as a picture, and it 'll outshoot and out-kick any cannon in the country. I'm no great talker myself and don't like to see a man overtalk himself, but my father's got a son thet 'll shoot the conceit eout of anybody that wants to shoot. If there ain't any one here what kin shoot," he continued, looking over the heads of the assembled crowd of loungers, "I'll guess against any man, woman, or child in the place. Naow, then, how many herrin's in this heap for the Medford?"

It chanced that the reporter had watched the unloading of the net, and to pass away time had counted the fish as they were taken from the meshes, so, holding a winning hand, he responded to the challenge by answering three hundred and five, the real number being three hundred, the five being added to allay suspicion. Other guesses were made, until the tall man came. He walked around the glistening pile once, drew off, and shaded his eyes, and guessed three hundred in cold blood, which in cents just footed the Medford bill paid after the counting by the reporter.

"If you'll accept my company," said the guesser, after the ceremonies had satisfactorily terminated, I'll show you how the gun works shootin' puffin' pigs. Well, that's what we call them; some folks calls 'em porpoises."

Willing to see a porpoise shot, the reporter jumped into the dory, and was soon headed out through the swell.

"I'm counted a master hand at guessing," said the rower; "but I ain't nothin' to my father, Stephen Moses; he'd been counted a prophet in old times, sartin. I never knew him to be out-guessed or worked ahead on but once," and the relator of his parent's peculiarities stopped rowing to laugh heartily at the recollection. "But he was always wantin' to gless. One day a kind of a tinker came around and walked into the kitchen, where my father, Stephen Moses Bragberry sot a-gangin' trawl hooks, and let out how he'd like to mend up any tin pans that wanted fixin'. 'Wall,' sez father, 'here's a coffee pot that wants a nose, and I'll tell ye, if ye'll guess nearer to the number of nails in your own shoe than I kin, I'll give ye the job, but if I beat you, you're to do the job for nothing.' 'Done,' sez the tinker, and the long and short of it was that the old man beat him two nails, and he commenced mending the coffee pot. Naow, the old feller didn't have any nose to put on the pot, so turning to father, Stephen Moses, he sez, sez he, 'Mr. Bragberry,' he sez, 'I'd thank ye for a drink of water. I'm monstrous parched.' 'Sartin,' sez father, and out he goes to the well. The minute he stepped out, the tinker made a jump for the dresser and pulled the nose off a new coffee pot that was standing there, and when father came back with the water, he was a-sodderin' of it on, and in a few minutes he was off, leavin' the old man laughin' at the game he'd played on him. But, Lord bless ye! when that other pot was took out the next morning, it seemed like a hush sot down on the hull house. The old man kind o' took a set back from that time, and I never heard of his a-guessing after. That same tinker," continued the boatman, warming up with recollections, "was one of the cutest chaps that ever slid through the township. He'd a curious facuity of gittin' along without money; he never seemed to need it.

"One evenin' he dropped into Uncle Peltiah's, up on the Portland road, jest about suppertime, and when the folks drew around he wasn't invited, so he sez; 'Curious case that of Moses Stephen's caow, Peltiah.' 'How's thet?' asked Peltiah. 'Why, she's gone and had five calves,' said the tinker. 'Wall, wall,' said Peltiah, 'but what does the fifth one do?' (there being only four tits, you know.) 'Wall,' sez the tinker, 'I reckon it waits around like a durned fool, same's I do;' and," continued the rower, "it wasn't many minutes afore he was sot at the table. The very next day he was a-doing some tinkering for an old aunt of mine. She was a-peeling squashes, and he up and sez: 'Amelia, I wish you'd gimme some of them seeds; the squash crop up our way was a complete failure.' 'Take all you want,' sez Amelia, and he did; took about a quart, and reaching the next house about supper time, he sez: 'Mrs. Muggeridge, don't you want some pumpkin seeds imported from Asia, some that our elder brought back when he came? They grow pumpkins as big as a barrel.' Mrs. Muggeridge was glad to get 'em, and in course invited him to supper to pay for it, not finding out where the seeds come from until after she'd planted 'em.

"Hold on a minute," suddenly whispered the story teller, dropping the oars and seizing the old firelock. "Jest keep as steady as you kin," and standing upright in the pitching boat, he raised the piece, carefully aimed at nothing, waited a moment, when right in range a black form arose and glistened a few seconds. A low puff came to us, followed by a tremendous discharge, and as the smoke cleared away the gunner appeared rapidly rowing toward the spot where a puffing pig was lashing the water into foam. "Jest get to the wind'ard a minute," shouted the son of Stephen Moses, and as the boat shot alongside the black form, he reached down and grasped the dying porpoise. The reporter balanced himself on the windward rail, the sea threatening to sink the dory, and the animal thrashing and plunging, but watching his chance the man jerked the game into the boat, and seizing the bars we were soon headed out again.

"Took me kind o' unaweers," said the sportsman, stopping to reload, using a piece of codfish skin as wadding. "We don't generally get 'em so close in. Out around the pint's the best place, and in old times they used to be so thick that you could float about and shoot 'em as fast as you could load. See that feller," he continued, as a big porpoise rose high out of water, breaching half a mile away. "Now you wouldn't believe how them pigs will jump. You perhaps noticed how the creek sets in there as we pulled out. "Well, some two years ago the tide sot in dreadful heavy one afternoon, and the first thing we knowed the creek was full of porpoise. Wall, I'm a-telling of it; it warn't ten minutes afore every man, woman, child and dog in this ere town was on the spot; thought they had a regular bonanzy, for, ye see, the mouth of the creek wasn't over fifty feet wide. Wall, they got out the boats and ran a seine across first, and back o' that we stretched a line of dories across the mouth complete, and, with harpoons and clubs, kind o' advanced on 'em gradual. When they first heard us they made a rush up the creek for a quarter of a mile, and then shallering the water, turned and come back in a body. 'Here they comes!' yelled the boys and women, the dogs a barking, and folks a-screaming and pelting 'em, and they a-coming down looking like one o' these ere tidal waves ye've heard tell on. Wall, the first ones struck the seine and went right through, and when they reached the line o' boats, up they went into the air, dozens of 'em—yes, right overhead; some of 'em cleared twenty feet, and we a-setting there paralyzed like. I never expected to see it rain porpoises, but I did that day, sartin. There warn't a man dared to raise a hand, so afraid of getting hit. They all dropped and let the hull school jump over 'em. I never see the like afore."

"Hear that?" asked the speaker, suddenly changing his attitude to one of attention. A faint puff, faintly repeated, came over the seas from the windward. "Now you mightn't think it, but experience tells us by the hearin' of it, just where they're a-goin' to come up; for instance"—the tall sportsman rose up and steadied himself in a miraculous manner. "Now I'll pint the weapon and you watch for the pig."

He was a chip of the old Stephen Moses stock, and guessed it to a fraction as simultaneously came the strong puff and the shining black body, right in range; a deafening report, an earthquake shock, and the guesser looked up from the bailers and bilge, and soliloquized: "I do believe she's bust." But she hadn't "bust;" he had only put in two charges of powder, and had been fairly kicked over.

"The first pig I've missed for goin' on a spell," he continued, rubbing his shoulder and looking at the old gun askance.

"What do you do with porpoises?" asked the reporter, as the owner of the gun, after carefully loading it, took up the oars.

"Oil," was the reply. "There's a big demand for it in the manufacturing towns, and a heap is used in the tannin' business. When I was a boy they used to eat 'em around here; the meat's firm and solid. They ain't a fish, you know; jest the same as a whale or a cow; nuss their caives in the same way, and when they've got 'em you want to look out. I shot a calf about here last spring, and when I grabbed it by the blow hole to haul it aboard, the dam rushed at me so she about came aboard. The water was black with 'em all a-nosing around the boat, and I couldn't drive 'em off. Cute critters! They must a-knowed I was out of shot. It takes a tolerable experience to shoot porpoise, on account of their being seen oftener in rough weather, and so makes the boat unsteady; but they generally move against the wind, and when you see 'em in a dead calm you kin look for a breeze from the pint they're bearin' on. We call 'em puffers, 'cause they puff like a pig, and in shallier water you kin see 'em nosin' around jest like an old hog. How long do they live? Wall, I can't say. You never see the man that found a dead puffer. There's one old puffer seen about here for years, and known by a cut in his top fin. He's been seen all up and down the coast, from Cape Porpoise to Gloucester, so they seem to have a tolerable range. Mackerel, herrin' and such, seem to be the food they most hanker after, and sometimes the hull school will jine in and hunt a school of mackerel, run 'em tight out. It's a great sight, then; all you have to do is to stand in the water with a club and take 'em as they come; but they're rare at their pranks."

Another puff came over the water. More smoke, struggles, getting to the windward, and the dory had all the pigs she could carry. The diminutive spirit sail was raised, and on the long swell we rushed in toward the land. [N. Y. Sun.

A Fair Protectionist.

"Do tell me what all this talk about free trade and protection means, Henry," said Araminta. "You know I don't know anything at all of these things pa is always talking about, and it makes me feel awfully silly sometimes when he has Squire Swan and Judge Jones at the house to dinner. I can't do nothing but sit still and play with my fingers, you know." So Henry told her, in a sort of chaotic fashion what he knew about the subject that troubled her. Things were getting along finely, if he had only the courage to take advantage of them, but he hadn't until she cuddled up close to him and said, with a sigh: "Pa believes in free trade, but I am in favor of protection, Henry." Henry ordered a new dress suit the very next morning. [Boston Transcript.

A Sepulchral Swindle.

Near the stone signal house, at the summit of Pike's Peak, says a correspondent of the New York Tribune, is a cairn of stones with a wooden head board on which appear these touching lines:

"Fair Cynthia, with her starry trains
Shed lingering o'er the silent rest,
And waft one soft sweet spheric strain
To Erin dear among the blest."

The inscription goes on to relate that this headboard was erected in memory of an "infant daughter, Erin O'Keefe, who was destroyed by mountain rats at the Signal Station, May 25, 1876." This lonely tomb, which can probably claim a higher elevation than any other on the Continent, has drawn a wealth of sympathy and touching language from tender-hearted ladies and sentimental men who have bewailed the fate of the infant Erin. But the wise man is thereby moved to ungodly mirth, for three reasons: First, Erin O'Keefe is not buried here; second, Erin O'Keefe was not destroyed by mountain rats; third, there never was any Erin O'Keefe. But there was a Signal Sergeant here in former days who was an accomplished and inveterate liar. I am not positive that this particular man is responsible for this tomb, but it was he who started the hoax that a volcano had broken out on the Peak; he was never without a fresh and blood-curdling tale of a recent escape from mountain lions, and it is the current belief that he is accountable for the wasted lamentations over "Erin's" untimely fate.

His Steamboat Stock.

A New Yorker who is largely interested in one of the coast line of steamers made a trip to Charleston a few weeks ago, and soon after leaving New York a storm came on and the craft was tumbled about in a manner to frighten many of the passengers into the belief that their last hour had come. The stock owner was the sickest of the lot, and in the midst of his woes he was approached by a friend who is largely interested in New England railroads.

"I understand," began the railroad man, "that you are considerably interested in this line?"

"Y—yes."

"You own about half of it, don't you?"

"I—I believe I do. Do you own any railroads?"

"Yes, two or three."

"And do you run trains on them?"

"Of course."

"And they stop at stations?"

"Certainly."

"Then you are the b—biggest fool in America for t—traveling on a steamboat, even if I do—do own half the line!" shouted the sick man, and he turned his face to the wall to wait for death to come. [Wall Street News.

The Omaha Republican says that Nebraska has had this year the best distributed rainfall in its history—that the early spring rains covered every portion of the state, and the showers since then have been of frequent intervals, and spread over nearly the entire territory. "One thing is certain," the Republican adds, "Nebraska is no longer a rainless any more than it is a timberless state, and we shall continue to improve in both as the years come and go, making the question of crops a matter about which there will be no doubt.

One of the most valuable and worst used indigenous products of Aroostook, is her trees. Their abundance makes them almost "cumberers of the ground," but within the life time of many of our people, the woods of Maine will be appreciated, and the vandalism of fire and ax which now prevails, will be looked back upon with amazement. "Woodsman spare that tree," unless its life stands in the way of something better, and its destruction is a present necessity. [Aroostook Republican.

A Boy in the White House.

The following amusing anecdotes of the late President Lincoln's youngest son, "Tad," are taken from Noah Brooks' sketch, entitled "A Boy in the White House," in St. Nicholas for November. Mr. Brooks was President Lincoln's private secretary at one time, and a great friend of his mischievous son:

SHOP-KEEPING IN THE WHITE HOUSE.

Mingled with his boyish simplicity, Tad had a great deal of native shrewdness. The White House was infested with a numerous horde of office-seekers. From day to day these men crowded the corridors leading to the President's office. Sometimes they were so numerous as to line the halls all the way down the stairs. It was not long before Tad found out what this assemblage meant, and it then became one of his greatest diversions, when other resources failed, to go around among the office-seekers and sympathetically inquire what they wanted, how long they had waited, and how much longer they proposed to wait. To some he gave good advice, telling them to go home and chop wood for a living. Others he tried to dismiss by volunteering to speak to his father in their behalf, if they would promise not to come again. Many of these people were at the White House for weeks and even months, never missing a day, unless they learned that the President was out of town, or otherwise absent from the house.

Tad levied tribute on the men whose faces he had learned to know. Once he mounted guard at the foot of the staircase and compelled every passenger to pay an admission fee of five cents, —"for the benefit of the Sanitary Fund," as he explained. Most of the visitors took it in good part, and some of the fawning creatures, glad of an opportunity to earn the good will of the little fellow, paid their way with a "stamp" of some considerable value. This venture was so successful that Tad resolved on having one of the Sanitary Commission fairs then so much in vogue all over the country. He placed a table in the grand corridor, or entrance hall, of the White House, stocked it with a few broken toys, some purchases of fruit, sundry articles of food begged from the family pantry, and a lot of miscellaneous odds and ends contributed by admiring friends. Before night, the sanitary fair of the White House was closed out. No man who looked as if he had money in his pocket was permitted to pass into the House that day without first buying something of Master Lincoln's stock in trade.

His success in this venture emboldened him soon afterward to branch out in a larger speculation. Having saved up quite a sum of pocket-money, he bought out the entire stock of an old woman who sold apples and gingerbread near the Treasury building. A pair of trestles and a board, extorted from the carpenters employed on the building, gave the young merchant his counter, and he set up his shop in the grand, historic portico of the White House, much to the horror of some of the eminently respectable people who passed by and beheld this most undignified proceeding. Before noon, almost every office-seeker who entered had bought a luncheon, under compulsion, from the alert young shop-keeper, who drove a brisk trade as long as his goods lasted. When Tad had sold out all he had to sell, a goodly lot of the fractional currency of those times was stuffed into his pockets, his hat, and his little fist. He was "the President's son," and that was enough for the flatterers, who were glad to buy of him. But Tad was too generous and open-handed to be long a gainer by any such operations. Before night, capital and profits had been squandered, and the little speculator went penniless to bed.

TAD LINCOLN'S FAST-DAY PICNIC.

If there was ever a boy in danger of being "spoiled," it was the youngest son of President Lincoln. Much of the time it was impossible that he should not be left to run at large. He was foolishly caressed and petted by people who wanted favors of his father, and who took this way of making a friend in the family, as they thought; and he was living in the midst of a most exciting epoch in the country's history, when a boy in the White House was in a strange and somewhat unnatural atmosphere. But I am bound to say that Tad, although he doubtless had his wits sharpened by being in such strange surroundings, was never anything else, while I knew him, but a boisterous, rollicking, and absolutely real boy.

Great was Tad's curiosity, in 1864, to know what was meant by the President's proclamation for a day of fasting and prayer. His inquiries were not satisfactorily answered, but from the servants he learned, to his great dismay, that there would be nothing eaten in the White House from sunrise to sunset on Fast Day. The boy, who was blessed with a vigorous appetite, took measures to escape from the rigors of the day. It happened that, just before Fast Day came, the family carriage was brought out of its house to be cleaned and put in order. Tad stood by, with feelings of alarm, while a general overhauling of the vehicle went on, the coachman dusting, rubbing, and pulling things about, quite unconscious of Tad's anxious watch on the proceedings. Pretty soon, drawing out a queer-looking bundle from one of the boxes under the seat, the man brought to light a part of a loaf of bread, some bits of cold meat, and various other fragments of food from the larder. Tad, now ready to burst with anger and disappointment, cried, "Oh! oh! give that up, I say! That's my Fast Day picnic!" The poor lad, from dread of going hungry, had cautiously hidden, from day to day, a portion of food against the day of fasting, and had stood by while his board was in danger, hoping that it might escape the eyes of the servants.

He was consoled by a promise from his mother, to whom he ran with his tale of woe, that he should not suffer hunger on Fast Day, even though his father, the President, had proclaimed a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer for all the people.

A VERY YOUNG LIEUTENANT.

One day, Tad, in search of amusement, loitered into the office of the Secretary of War, and Mr. Stanton, for the fun of the thing, commissioned him a Lieutenant of United States Volunteers. This elated the boy so much that he went off immediately and ordered a quantity of muskets sent to the White House, and then he organized and drilled the house servants and gardeners, and, without attracting anybody's attention, he actually discharged the regular sentries about the premises and ordered his unwilling recruits on duty as guards.

Robert Lincoln soon discovered what had been done, and as he thought it a great hardship that men who had been at work all day should be obliged to watch during the night to gratify a boyish freak, he remonstrated. But Tad would listen to nothing from his elder brother, and Robert appealed to his father, who only laughed at the matter as a good joke. Tad soon tired, however, of his self-imposed duties and went to bed. The drafted men were quietly relieved from duty, and there was no guard at the President's mansion that night, much to Mr. Lincoln's relief. He never approved of the precautions of mounting guard at the White House. While Tad sported his commission as lieutenant, he cut quite a military figure. From some source he procured a uniform suitable to his supposed rank, and thus proudly attired, he had himself photographed.

The New Tonnage Law.

The enforcement of the new law respecting the admeasurement of tonnage providing for the exclusion from the calculation of all space not available for carrying purposes, brings to the Treasury Department a number of cases, some of which have recently been decided. The gist of the recent decision is as follows:

That the net tonnage, when ascertained, is to be carved on the main beam of the vessels, and it must also be noted upon their marine documents; that the crew space includes all space occupied by the ship's company, including the officers; that where the marine documents show the tonnage capacity of any excepted space, ascertained by United States officers, the admeasurement and fee therefor may be waived; that when the deductions for excepted spaces, with the addition of the percentage fixed by the statute, exceeds 50 per cent. of the gross tonnage, the net tonnage shall be regarded as 50 per cent. of the gross tonnage; that when the deductions allowed reduce a vessel's net tonnage below 20 tons, she is entitled to license only; when the deductions bring a vessel's net tonnage below 5 tons, she is not entitled to a license; when they reduce her net tonnage below 30 tons, she cannot receive a register for a foreign voyage that involves an entry of the vessel and cargo on the marine coasts of the United States, unless it be permitted under sec. 3095, Revised Statutes, in the districts adjacent to Mexico.

Under the caption "A New Profession for Women," the November Century has a paper on the important work of the Bellevue Hospital Training School for Nurses. This enterprise, which has not only been successful in itself, but has been the parent of the many similar schools in the larger American cities, originated in the mind of Miss Louisa Lee Schuyler, of New York, in 1871, being more remotely the outgrowth of the Sanitary Commission, and of Miss Nightingale's labors in English hospitals. The demand for the services of the nurses graduated at the Bellevue school is said to be largely in excess of the supply,—a fact which would indicate that the profession is fairly on its feet. The New York State Charities Association, under the auspices of which the school was established, have recently succeeded in introducing trained nurses into the Troy almshouse, and are urging upon county authorities of the State the great need of a general adoption of this idea. The interesting account of the founding and progress of the school, in The Century, is illustrated, and a large portrait of Florence Nightingale is also printed as the frontispiece of the number.

You'll find many friends, as you travel life's road,
Who profess to be friends of the heart,
Are much like the bad dog that stole the cat's meat,
And then said: "Oh, yes, I'll take your part."

Maine Miscellany.

THE NEXT LEGISLATURE.

So far as is known, only one seat will be contested in the next Legislature. Under the terms of the apportionment of 1871 the towns of York and Wells were classed together. It was enacted that one town should send the member one year and the other town the next. The years in which York should send the member and the years in which Wells should have the honor, were stipulated in the act in detail, for the decade. In the last election, each town or class nominated and voted for a representative according to the old apportionment. In the York and Wells class this could not be done, as the apportionment act did not state which town should elect in 1882. Each town, therefore, voted for a representative on his own hook. In York, John E. Staples (Rep.) had 235 votes. The Democrats abstained from voting. In Wells, Lamont E. Fisher (Dem.) received 321 votes. The Republicans abstained from voting. Each of these gentlemen will probably claim a seat. The House will decide the question. York sent the last representative.

In the Hiram district (Hiram, Denmark, Lovell and Sweden) in Oxford county, the election in this case resulted in a tie. Chas. E. Hubbard (Rep.) had 530 votes, and Samuel Wardsworth (Dem.) 530 votes. A new election will be ordered. [Kennebec Journal.

A BATH NIMROD.

The Bath Times records the exploits of Mr. J. B. Holbrook, a local sportsman. He claims to have the best gun in New England for use in the float. It weighs 14 pounds and is a double-barrel breech-loader of English make, and one that he found by chance in Schaffer's gun store in Boston where it had lain for two years or more, objected to by every purchaser on the excuse of heaviness. "Not a bit too heavy," says Mr. Holbrook, "for use in a float, and worth a dozen of your $300 fancy guns." Last year this gun killed 300 birds by record actually kept. "Tried to get 329 to be up with the times in gunning as well as in politics, but didn't." This year, since July 1st, the gentleman's game board adds up 73 teal and 35 black duck exclusive of a multitude of shelbrakes, whistlers, coots, etc., shot in waters within fifteen miles of home. Last year he made the best shot, it is claimed, ever made in these waters shooting 19 ducks and teals with one shot and recovering 18 of the 19.

TOWN MEETING ORATORY.

Some witty shots were fired at the town meeting, Monday week. Two village fathers, on opposite sides of the house, as well as on the road question, were "argifying" the merits of the subject, when one said the other reminded him of the man, who, after the horse was stolen, locked the stable door. The man who was shot at got up smiling

Maine Matters.

NEWS AND GOSSIP FROM ALL OVER THE STATE.

LAUNCHES.

Goss, Sawyer & Packard, Bath, launched Saturday, a steam bark; tonnage 1634, length 204 9-10 feet, beam 39 6-10, depth 29 1-10. Owned by Wm. H. Besse and others of New Bedford.

Cobb, Wright & Co. launched from their yard, at Rockland, Saturday, the three masted schooner, Nahum Chapin, 566 tons, owned by Capt. Seth Arey—who will command her—Owen Cobb, Wright & Co. and others. She will load lumber at Portland for South America.

There was launched, Saturday, from the Edward O'Brien yard, Thomaston, a ship of 2157 tons register, named "Edward O'Brien," to be commanded by Capt. Wm. T. O'Brien of St. George, owned by heirs of the late Edward O'Brien. There was also launched, Saturday, by S. S. Gerry & Co., a three-masted schooner of 402 tons register, named "Helen L. Martin," to be commanded by Capt. Dudley L. Martin of Camden, owned by the builders and Capt. Martin.

EVANGELIST ELLIS.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Oct. 28. Four weeks ago, Edwin H. Ellis, who has been traveling through Maine as an evangelist, and Mrs. John E. Rose of Thomaston, Me., arrived here and registered at a hotel under assumed names as man and wife. Mrs. Rose's husband tracked the eloping couple to this city, and procured Ellis's arrest under an old law, on the charge of adultery. Ellis, to-day in the county court, was found guilty, and sentenced to a fine of $400 or two years' imprisonment, the full penalty of the law. Ellis deserted his wife, who lives at Neponset, Mass., and has three children. As Mrs. Rose stands by him, the fine may be paid. Some time ago Ellis became celebrated by his evangelistic labors among the Baptists in Nova Scotia.

IN GENERAL.

The Bangor Whig says that ex-Councilor Fogg is stumping in Wisconsin at $10 per night.

The Portland Suspender Company, Portland, Me., has failed, with $20,000 reported liabilities.

W. O. Fuller, Jr., of the Courier-Gazette, has been appointed Associated Press Agent for Rockland.

Four thousand dollars has been pledged toward a new opera house at Bath, and here the matter rests.

Mr. Small of Madrid, an aged gentleman, dropped dead in prayer meeting on last Wednesday evening.

Mr. Blaine offers his present residence in Washington with furniture for sale, as he expects to occupy his new house in a short time.

Hon. Lot M. Morril is reported as improving. He is afflicted with stomach trouble and not with paralysis as reported.

An agent of a Lewiston factory has been to Aroostook and engaged 100 French girls who will soon go to Lewiston.

The Lewiston Grand Army men hope to raise about $2,000 from their four days' Fair to be held in City Hall, Dec. 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th.

It is probable that a wooden mill will be soon erected on Kenduskeag stream, two miles above Bangor. About half the requisite money has been already subscribed.

Sportsmen report woodcock quite scarce, but partridges are fairly plenty and great numbers have been shot in Northern Maine during the past few weeks.

The Herald says the Camden Savings Bank, on the third Tuesday in November, will return a quarter of the 25 per cent. scale down in 1877.

The annual Maine state Sunday school convention met at Hallowell Tuesday 24th ult. The report of the state secretary shows 1200 schools containing 80,000 to 90,000 scholars.

The Opinion says that there is no doubt whatever that Frank C. Pease of Rockland, now in Concord, Mass., prison for the murder of his wife, is insane, and should be removed to an asylum.

Mr. Gower, who is to marry Lillian Norton, was born in Sedgwick, being a nephew of "Camp Meeting" John Allen, who, as is well known, is Miss Norton's grandfather.

The forthcoming catalogue of Bates College gives the number of students as follows: Senior class, 23; Junior class, 23; Sophomore class, 37; Freshman class, 29. Theological school: Senior class, 3; Middle class, 3; Junior class, 6. Total in both departments, 139.

Wm. O. Fuller, Jr., of the Rockland Courier-Gazette, was united in marriage Oct. 25th, to Miss Elizabeth N. Jones of that city. The happy couple will make a short bridal tour and will be at home Wednesdays after Nov. 13th, at 19 Middle street, Rockland.

The officers of the Maine savings bank very in session Oct. 24th, at Augusta, voted to ask the Legislature to change the investment clause of the law, striking out the whole or portions of the statute where investments can now be made, and admitting some others; also to reduce the tax from 1 to one-half per cent.

A correspondent says of Alex. Longfellow, Esq., brother of the distinguished poet, that he is a man of more than common ability in his chosen profession. Mr. Longfellow's experience and the position he has held on the boundary survey and on the coast survey, sufficiently show the estimate that has been placed on his ability. [Lewiston Journal.

Charles Gray, the notorious river thief, for whose capture the authorities of Knox county have offered $50 reward, was at Bucksport, Sunday, in a fishing boat, but got underway and left before the town officers knew of his presence. Gray has been Robert Kidd on a small plan for a number of years on the Penobscot, and his depredations have been felt from Bangor to the sea. He has stolen articles ranging in size and value from a marlin spike to a good sized schooner.

Mrs. Elizabeth Newcombe, of Eastport, who died Oct. 23d, was 99 years and 4 months old.

A Linneus farmer raised this year 100 bushels of oats on an acre.

Zephaniah Parks of Hodgdon, dug by hand the other day, 100 bushels of potatoes in six hours. The yield was 225 bushels per acre.

Auburn men are shooting woodcock for market, on the Magalloway, and are making money. They get $1 per pair for them in Boston. One day they shot forty-eight.

Alonzo Chesley of Augusta, has a Jersey cow that on the 17th dropped three steer calves, exactly alike.

Petitions are circulating in Aroostook for the division of that county, asking that the county of St. John be formed of all the territory in Aroostook North of the South line of Easton, Presque Isle and townships numbered Eleven or by such other line as is equitable." The Caribou Republican says it is receiving numerous signers.

Three of the five lumber mills burned in Fairfield have been rebuilt and the others are progressing. The new structures are well built, lighted and ventilated and have every modern improvement.

The Knox county papers are still discussing the status of the Knox & Lincoln Railroad. The road, for the past eight months, has paid at the rate of 1-16th short of two per cent. to the cities and towns on their loans. Some of the papers think the road should be leased to the Maine Central.

The Damariscotta Herald says Gen. Doubleday's history of the Chancellorsville and Gettysburg campaigns is incorrect in saying that Gen. Hall's battery at Gettysburg lost a gun.

York Congregational church, which was built in 1727 and is the oldest church in Maine, was rededicated Thursday. President Chamberlain of Bowdoin college preached the sermon.

Died in West Hampden, Mrs. Mary Sawyer, aged 75 years 2 months, 28 days, relict of the late Joseph H. Sawyer, who died May 21st. They were both born in Hampden and had lived on the farm where they died more than fifty years. There were born to them fifteen children, twelve of whom are now living, and nearly all are settled in Hampden and vicinity.

The Whig says several prominent business men of Bangor, among them Mr. E. C. Nichols, are arranging for the formation of a new express company, to do business between Bangor and Boston. The proposed plan is to form a stock company, whose capital shall be $100,000, and to proceed to business immediately after organization.

Ex-Secretary Blaine replies to the invitation to stump New Hampshire for Mr. Hall that much as he would like so to do, the state of his health forbids.

Col. Joseph C. Tyler, who organized and conducted the first brass band in Maine, died in Durham 22nd. ult. at the age of 68 years.

The golden wedding of Nathaniel B. and Margaret Maddocks of South Thomaston was celebrated by their friends October 23.

Mrs. C. C. Hunt of Augusta, heretofore well known as the corresponding secretary of the W. C. T. U., has retired from that post and now holds the position of vice president of the American Baptist Home Mission Society.

The cranberry crop in Maine is said to have been unusually large, this year.

Saturday evening the Capital Guards of Augusta, celebrated their 13th anniversary with a prize drill at their armory and a banquet at the Augusta House.

The Massachusetts State Committee has had so many calls for Senator Frye's tariff speech at Lynn that they will print it in full for distribution.

SHIPPING ITEMS. The Bath Times of the 26th says: Within the last fifteen days there has been launched four large vessels, two of them ships, one a bark, and one a schooner. There still remain on the stocks eighteen vessels; three of them large ships of more than two thousand tons each. One a bark of fifteen hundred tons, two four masted schooners, more than one thousand tons each. The remaining twelve, with one exception, are to be large three masted schooners.....Hon. J. Manchester Haynes is building two schooners at his shipyard in Wiscasset. The vessels will be launched in December.....The treasury department is informed that the South Shoal lighthouse, Nantucket Shoals, Mass., recently reported adrift, has been captured and towed back by the steamer and anchored.....A bell buoy in South Breaker, near Whitehead light, Thursday, took the place of the bell boat, taken off for repairs.....The bark Malleville of Freeport Maine, Captain Harlow, on a voyage from Shanghai to Victoria, British Columbia, was wrecked on a reef at Hesquest harbor, October 10. There were 15 on board, and all are supposed to be lost. The body of Captain Harlow's wife and several male bodies were found.

The engineer charged with causing the railroad accident at North Adams, Mass., is under arrest and will be tried Nov. 21st.

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NATIONAL THANKSGIVING.

Thanksgiving Day, Thursday, November Thirtieth.

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

In conformity with custom, the annual observance of which is justly held in honor by this people, I, Chester A. Arthur, President of the United States, do hereby set apart Thursday, the 30th day of November next, as a day of public thanksgiving.

The blessings demanding our gratitude are manifold and varied. For peace and amity which subsists between this republic and all nations of the earth; for freedom from internal discord and violence; for increasing friendship between different sections of the land; for liberty, justice and constitutional government; for devotion of the people to our free institutions, and their cheerful obedience to mild laws; for constantly increasing strength of the republic, while extending the privileges to all man who come to us; for improved means of internal communication and increased facilities of intercourse with other nations; for general prevailing wealth of the year; for general prosperity of all great industries, the liberal return for the mechanics' toil affording a market for abundant harvests of the husbandman; for preservation of the national faith and credit; for wise and generous provisions to elevate the intellectual and moral education of our youth; for the influence on the conscience of a restraining and a transforming religion, and for joys of home—for these and for many other blessings we should give thanks.

Wherefore I do recommend that the day above designated be observed throughout the country as a day of National Thanksgiving and prayer, and that the people, ceasing from their daily labors and meeting in accordance with their several forms of worship, draw near to the throne of Almighty God, offering to Him praise and gratitude for the manifold goodness which He has vouchsafed to us, and praying that His blessings and His mercies may continue.

And I do further recommend that the day thus appointed be made a special occasion for deeds of kindness and charity to the suffering and needy, so that all who dwell within the land may rejoice and be glad in this season of National Thanksgiving.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington, this 25th day of October, in the year of our Lord 1882, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and seventh.

(L.S.)

CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

By the President.

FREDERICK T. FRELINGHUYSEN, Secretary of State.

The November Elections

On Tuesday next, the 7th inst., State and Congressional elections take place in thirty-three States—the five remaining States (Maine, Vermont, Oregon, Ohio and W. Virginia) having already held their elections. Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Kentucky and Rhode Island will elect only Congressman, as their elections for State officers this year have already been held. As only thirty-two members of the next Congress have thus far been elected, 203 remain to be chosen at the coming election. Missouri votes upon an amendment concerning the State Judiciary; Nebraska decides upon an amendment permitting women to vote; New York considers two amendments, one making the canals free, and the other providing for the election of additional Supreme Judges; and Wisconsin determines the question of amending the State Constitution respecting the residence and registration of voters and the election of county officers, and also by a change which shall make the general elections of State and county officers, except judicial officers, biennial in the even years after 1884 those who were chosen in 1881 to hold over until 1885, if the amendment is adopted.

Despite the unfavorable reports heretofore received, more particularly with regard to the results in New York and Pennsylvania, and the boasts of the Democratic press, we look for Republican victories all along the line. Whatever may be the discussions or differences of opinion before the election, on election day the Republican ranks have always shown a solid front to the enemy. We believe they will do so this year.

In his speech at Waltham, Mass., last week, Senator Frye defines as follows the issue in Ohio at the record election. Democratic journals have endeavored to pervert the real meaning of the contest, but Mr. Frye, having taken part in the campaign, speaks by authority. He said:

I have just come from Ohio. What was the issue in that state? This one couldn't sell leather on Sunday; this one couldn't keep his store open for the transaction of business, and this and that business was prohibited on Sunday. But there was one business that could be prosecuted. There were 16,000 rumshops running in Ohio on Sunday, and did an excellent business, because the day was an excellent day for it. And why? Simply because the laboring men drew their pay Saturday nights. The Republican party said: "This is not right; the rum seller has no more right to sell rum than the leather dealer to sell boots and shoes, or than any other merchant has to keep his store open and to trade." The Democratic party did then what it always does, took the opposite side. They beat us, and they may rejoice in such a victory if they will, but I say to them that there is still a God in Israel, and such an infamous victory will soon turn into ashes, and out of the ashes will come Republicanism.

Advices from New York are more encouraging. Mr. Cleveland, the Democratic nominee for Governor, is not creating much enthusiasm, and the greatest difficulty in the way of a Republican victory appears to be the apathy among Republicans, arising from causes which need not be enumerated. The Blaine element in New York is very large, and it is believed that a few speeches from that gentleman would turn the scale. Whether he would be able or would be willing to make the effort we cannot say, although if his health permitted, it might be good policy for him to do so. Mr. Blaine was recently compelled to decline an invitation to speak in Delaware, and more recently an invitation from New Hampshire, as he had not fully recovered from his illness.

It is suggested by several of our State exchanges that at the next Maine State Fair an exhibit of models of vessels be made by the shipbuilders of Bath, Boothbay, Belfast, and other ports. A very excellent idea. Let such a leading industry have good space and large premiums. [Lewiston Journal.

Our Lewiston contemporary has made a slight mistake. We have seen no such suggestions. The Republican Journal has proposed an exhibit of models of Belfast vessels at the next Waldo County Fair, and has mentioned the fact that the Boothbay shipbuilders were thus represented at the recent Town Fair in that place. A State exhibition would, however, be a good thing, also.

Col. Alfred E. Buck, the Republican candidate for Congress in the Fifth Georgia district, has committed himself fully to the defence of a protective tariff. His opponent is a pronounced free trader. The vote in this district will indicate the tendency of opinion on this subject in the chief manufacturing State of the South. [Portland Advertiser.

Oh, no. Mr. Buck is a Republican and his opponent a Democrat, and the vote will simply indicate the relative strength of the two parties in the district. You won't find Republicans who believe in free trade voting for the Democrat, nor Democrats who believe in protection voting for Mr. Buck. And then, as the Bath Times suggests, it is by no means sure there will be a free ballot and a fair count.

Senator Frye has had calls to speak in nineteen States this fall. And wherever he has spoken he has been received with great enthusiasm.

A patent medicine advertisement is captioned "Courting Disease." Any man who would court disease when he might court a pretty girl deserves to die.

Wood Lots.

We have seen the bays and rivers depleted of food fish and the efforts to replenish them by artificial propagation. Forests have fallen under the lumberman and woodman's axes, or perished in fires kindled wantonly or through negligence, and now the science of forestry claims attention. That streams may be restocked with fish, and that forests may be successfully planted, there is ample testimony; but in either case the process is necessarily a slow one. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," is an old saying and a true one. It should be heeded by all who are so fortunate as to possess timber lands or wood lots. We believe there is no better investment to-day in Maine than the purchase of a good wood lot, even at present prices, provided it has proper attention. The Lewiston Journal furnishes the following illustration—

An old and well-to-do Lewiston man, in speaking of investments, said: "I've never put my money into anything that paid me any better than a wood lot of fourteen acres that I own, near Sabatis. I bought it twenty-five years ago, for $140. I've cut all my fuel from it, paying $2.50 per cord for cutting and hauling, each winter. The cord wood, alone, has been a fair rate of interest. Aside from that, the trees have increased rapidly. A good judge estimates that the lot will cut 400 cords. I could readily sell the stumpage for $2 per cord—that's $800. Isn't that a pretty good earning for $140 in twenty-five years? A line tree which measured six inches in diameter, a foot above the ground, when I bought the lot, now measures eighteen inches. The other trees show a corresponding gain. Where I have cut, I have cut clean, and a stout third growth has come up. Places that I cut ten years ago, will now cut ten cords to the acre. I calculate if I sell that the interest of the money will always keep me in fuel. Any good, thrifty wood lot on strong land, will pay 10 per cent. or more by its natural increase, to an investor."

A wood lot, kept free from underbrush, dead wood, and judiciously thinned, will furnish timber of greater value than mere fuel. The demand for woods for mechanical purposes is great and constantly growing. The aggregate value of forest products of Michigan, up to the present year, has been eight hundred million dollars, and for the single year 1879 they amounted to sixty million. The manufacture of the different articles requiring wood for their production supports fifty thousand people in that State. Although Maine has largely lost her prestige as the Pine Tree State, statistics of her wood manufactures must show this branch of industry to be an important one, and demonstrate the necessity for maintaining the supply.

Mr. Fuller of the Rockland Courier-Gazette, having taken unto himself a better half is receiving congratulations from his brethren of the press; and the Journal joins in wishing the newly wedded pair the fullest measure of happiness and prosperity.

An old man in Wyoming Territory recently fell and broke his thigh while trying to pull off his boot.

Moral: Don't pull off your boots; die with them on.

It takes a one dollar greenback to buy one yellow back pumpkin in Bangor.

Supreme Judicial Court.

JUDGE SYMONDS PRESIDING.

Inhabitants of Belfast vs. Inhabitants of Knox. This case was on trial when the Journal went to press last week. The point the plaintiffs wished to establish was the residence of Solomon McFarland, senior, in the town of Knox. The pauper, who died in this city, had no legal residence of his own, but took that of his father, Solomon McFarland, senior, moved from Knox to Bangor Sept. 25, 1844. It was claimed that he settled in Knox in 1829, the plffs. declaring that it was in the spring or summer of that year. The defence was that McFarland had no legal residence in Knox, that even if he had lived in the town five years it was not continuous; that a portion of the time he lived in Thorndike. Verdict for the plffs. in the sum of $516.00. Fogler and Knowlton for plffs. Thompson & Dunton for defts.

James Fish vs. B. P. Upham. Parties live in Liberty. An action to recover $97.50, the value of a yoke of oxen. Plff. claimed that deft. held notes against him, and that the oxen were in payment, for which no credit or endorsement was given. Deft. claimed that the oxen were settled for in a former action, upon which a judgment of court was obtained. Plff non-suited. J. W. Knowlton for plff. Bliss and Dunton for deft.

Inhabitants of Swanville vs. A. E. Nickerson. Action to recover $38, alleged to be due the town. L. D. Allen, collector of taxes, alleged that he paid Mr. Nickerson, who was treasurer, the above amount, for which he received no credit. Mr. Nickerson settled with the town, was correct, but made an error in writing one receipt, which ought to have included a portion of the tax of 1879, but was given entirely for 1880. Verdict for defendant. Fogler for plff. Thompson & Dunton for deft.

G. W. McIntyre vs. J. C. Harkness. Action to recover $150. Plff. agreed to purchase a farm from deft. in Northport, paying $150 down. When he went after his deed, deft. wanted plff. to pay back taxes, when plff. threw up the bargain and brought action to recover his money. Deft. filed a bill in offset for wood cut on the place, and $14 was allowed. Verdict for plff. for $136. Motion for a new trial filed. Fogler for plff. Williamson for deft.

Mary E. Holmes vs. Lizzie S. Hall. Parties live in Belfast. Action to recover a board bill for eight and a half weeks. In 1877 deft. and family boarded with plff. at $10 per week, paying $25 on account. Defence that Mrs. Hall did not agree personally to pay, that she was not responsible, her husband being alive at the time. Verdict for the deft. Thompson & Dunton for plff. Hall for deft.

The criminal docket was short, but three indictments being found. On one of these the party pleaded guilty, one was continued, and one tried.

State on complaint of Mrs. James E. Jackson vs. Louis V. Jones. Parties live in Belmont. The offence was for breaking and entering a house with the intent to commit a rape. Mrs. Jackson testified that at 3 o'clock on the morning of Sept. 20th last the deft. entered her house through a window, she being alone with her small children at the time. She arose from her bed and met the assailant with a chair. The chair was taken from her and strong arms thrown about her. She seized the intruder by the throat, recognized Jones, and called him by name three times. He then fled. The defence acknowledged the breaking and entering, and put in a plea of somnambulism, or sleep-walking, claiming that the man went to the house in his sleep and was only awakened when Mrs. Jackson grasped him by the throat and spoke his name, and therefore was not responsible. Deft. acquitted. Wallace for state. Harriman & Harriman for deft.

Alfred E. Dorman, of Burnham, pleaded guilty to burning the Howes & Fletcher storehouse at Burnham. When asked by the Judge why he burned the building, Dorman said that Mr. Fletcher sold him a watch for $10. Subsequently he learned that Mr. Fletcher had offered the watch to others for $6; he thought he had been cheated and to get even with Mr. Fletcher, burned the storehouse, with $4,000 worth of lumber. Dorman is 17 years old, ignorant and indolent. He said he did not know where he was born, and that he had been at school but very little. He was sentenced to three years imprisonment at hard labor in the state prison.

There were but six verdicts during the term, and no disagreements.

Court adjourned Monday afternoon.

DIVORCES.

The following divorces were decreed during the term—

Laura M. Daggett from George W. Daggett. Parties lived in Liberty. Custody of child to mother.

Martha E. Tyler, of Belmont, from Walter F. Tyler, of Waldo.

Emma R. Crockett, of Belmont, from George W. Crockett, of Denver, Col.

James S. Sylvester, of Belfast, from Rebecca L. Sylvester, of East Boston.

Harriet Blood, of Knox, from Joseph W. Blood, of Lynn. Custody of minor child to mother.

Alice M. White from William F. White, of Montville.

Sirena B. Shaw from Tisdell Shaw, Belfast. Custody of minor children to mother.

Eliza J. Sherman from Josephus Sherman, Belfast.

Lizzie A. Currier, of Belfast, from George E. Currier, of Canada. Custody of minor child to mother.

Retta Calderwood from Luther Calderwood, Belfast.

Celia R. Kelley, of Thorndike, from Ansel S. Kelley, of Unity. Custody of minor child to mother.

Jennie B. Harvey, of Lincolnville, from Robert K. Harvey, of Gloucester.

Ella J. Wentworth, of Searsmont, from Alonzo R. Wentworth, of Knox. Custody of minor child to mother, and $100 to libellant in lieu of alimony.

Elijah L. Knowlton, of Belmont, from Martha J. Knowlton, of Houlton.

Jacob N. Webster, Brooks, from Edith Webster.

Albert W. Gordon from Emma B. Gordon, Belfast.

Three divorces were denied.

"When in Indiana," said a gentleman in our hearing, recently, "I was informed by a gentleman there that he was a regular contributor to a fund which went to Maine to help pay fines for rum-selling. His contribution, he said, was ten dollars per year." [Phillips Phonograph.

Talks With Hon. Fred Atwood.

NO. 2.

THE IMPORTANCE OF AGRICULTURE. PROGRESS IN MAINE. THE FUTURE OF AROOSTOOK.

In a former talk, Mr. Atwood, in reply to questions from the Journal representative, had something to say of agriculture generally, and of Maine agriculture. But neither branch of the subject was by any means exhausted, and the interviewer put the following question: How does agriculture compare with other pursuits?

MR. A. Without doubt agriculture is on the road to a more prominent position among the varied pursuits of life than it has heretofore occupied. The value of the farms of the United States is estimated at nine thousand, six hundred and fifteen million dollars, nearly as much as both the railways and manufactures together. This estimate does not include farm stock buildings or stock. If these were added, the total would be much more than that of both railways and manufactures. Moreover, the value of the farm products for 1880, nearly two thousand millions, justifies a much higher valuation of the farm property. Including the stock, buildings, implements, and all that may fairly be included under the head of farm property, the value probably exceeds twice that of both railways and manufactures.

JOURNAL. How is it with Maine?

MR. A. Oh, Maine has shown more solid, substantial progress in agriculture in the past ten years than in any prior twenty-five years. The seeds sown, the rocks removed, the ditching done, and being done, in the past two years, even, are not as yet fully appreciated. The results will soon surprise our own people, as well as those of the Western States.

JOURNAL. What is the cause of this new departure?

MR. A. Education, and mainly newspaper education. There are few houses that do not have from one to five newspapers, some wholly, and all largely, agricultural. These are exchanged, so that in each family a large number of newspapers are read weekly. Then, our State Board of Agriculture has been for years quietly but surely sowing seed that is now bearing fruit. The Institutes of the Board are largely attended by farmers and their families who go to learn the *science* of agriculture. You have only to call at a farm house, and speak of agriculture, to quickly learn how interested they all are in their work, and how ready to present ably and scientifically the methods of agriculture as a profession. A farmer's boy of thirteen will tell you accurately of this and that fruit, its name and qualities; state the pounds of milk required to produce a given quantity of butter or cheese; tell you which is the most profitable crop, and how to handle a swamp lot, to ditch and drain. In fact, farmers now appreciate their profession—hence the family, as they grow up, are induced to eagerly read and learn for themselves.

JOURNAL. Is the Grange beneficial?

MR. A. Unquestionably. The Grange has by its meetings and discussions caused members to study the works that would fit them for these discussions, to scan closely the result of their varied labors, and have thus created a lively and healthy desire to excel.

JOURNAL. What of Aroostook county?

MR. A. Aroostook presents without doubt the finest (taken in every way) opening for immigration of any section in this country. The climate is healthful, society good, and the soil unsurpassed. The fact is that many do not comprehend the values of this county. Originally a part of Washington and Penobscot counties, it was incorporated in 1839, and enlarged in 1843-4 by accessions from Piscataquis and Somerset counties. It has an area of 6,930 square miles, while the state of Connecticut has but 4,674 square miles, Rhode Island 1,306—the two States together 5,980—and Massachusetts 7,800 square miles. These comparisons show the immense territory of Aroostook county, destined, perhaps, to become a State. It is well watered, free from stone, and the soil produces fine crops for many years without manure. In former years barns were built on streams, that the manure thrown out might be washed away. In 1880 the population was 41,700, and is now estimated at 46,000. The increase per year for two years was 5 per cent.; about 40 per cent. in the last ten years. The increase in acreage of cleared lands may not be quite so large, but the products have fully kept pace, if not more. The average price of wild lands is about $1.50 per acre; of settling lands, from $1 to $4; cleared farms, $500 to $10,000, according to size, location, quality of soil, improvements, buildings, &c. The principal crops are potatoes, hay, oats and wheat. Potatoes average 250 bushels per acre—frequently 400. Hay averages one ton per acre; oats 50 bushels per acre—frequently 80, or more—and wheat 30 to 40 bushels per acre. There was shipped from Houlton alone last season 350,000 bushels of potatoes. In the vicinity of Houlton it cost 16 cents per bushel in 1880 to raise potatoes, and 40 cents in 1881. The increased cost in the latter year was due to a poor crop; but the price in market was such as to make it a very profitable crop in both years. The crop of 1882 is immense, and the acreage very large. A Mr. Gifford of Rhode Island, has, the present season, 50 acres of "burnt land" potatoes, all in one field on his farm in Easton. Five acres have been dug, and the yield thus far has been 350 bushels per acre. If this yield holds good throughout the entire piece he will have the snug little amount of 17,500 bushels at the close of the digging season. Mr. Gifford is a Rhode Island school teacher, but having faith in Aroostook soil he bought 160 acres of wild land there two or three years ago, 50 acres of which he had cleared last season at a cost of $500, and is now harvesting his first crop. Thus far, it looks as though his experiment would be a grand success.

Mr. Wiggin in an address delivered at the recent Farmers' Institute gave some interesting information concerning Aroostook which I will hand you for the Journal as fully meeting your enquiries:

Aroostook is every year increasing in interest and attracting more and more the attention of the outside world. Notwithstanding the many articles that have been written about this county by members of the editorial fraternity and others who have visited it from time to time, it is still but little known to the citizens of the older portions of the State. On the 11th March, 1831, it contained but little more than 9,000 inhabitants. But few even of those who have visited this county have any idea of its vast extent. It is truly a county of magnificent distances. The State of Rhode Island could be hidden in the depths of its northern forests, and perhaps remain for years undiscovered unless some hardy hunter or not less adventurous timber explorers might be attracted to it.

In 1860 the valuation of the county was $1,105,736. In 1870 it had increased to $4,967,685, having more than quadrupled in these ten years. In 1880 the total valuation was $4,564,932, which would give us to-day safely $8,000,000 as the valuation of estates of Aroostook county. This liberal increase, nearly fold in 20 years, will give some idea of the possibilities of this fertile region when its resources shall have been fully developed. The soil is exceptionally fertile beyond dispute. It is a matter of fact that very often an Aroostook winter is much more enjoyable than a winter in any other part of the State of Maine. It is true the ground is covered with snow here much later in the spring than in localities farther south and farther seaboard, but if this we consider our advantage, as we thereby escape the long season of mud or frozen ground which those sections are affected with, and when our snows have disappeared the frost is usually gone from the soil, and we are able at once to begin operations, and indeed it almost seems the work of magic as we see the fields which one week are white with their wintry mantle, in the next rejoicing in the freshness of a fresh springing verdure. Corn receives but little attention and but little breadth is devoted to this crop, but the different kinds of grain take kindly to the soil, and for years the wheat crop has been a success in this county. Nowhere in New England does the potato flourish as it does in Aroostook. The yield is large and the quality excellent, as is shown by the market quotations. Aroostook potatoes always taking the lead in price. Starch factories have multiplied throughout the county during the last few years, and have proved a great benefit to the farmers, giving them a ready and sure market for potatoes at a price which has proved to be remunerative. The raising of large breadths of potatoes has caused our farmer to bring under cultivation much rough and stumpy land, removing the stumps and smoothing the ground, and fitting it nicely for a good crop of wheat, and after the wheat a smooth grass field. The business of dairying is receiving increasing attention among the farmers of this valley, and the amount of dairy products is yearly increasing. In the matter of cheese we can compete with other portions of the State. The business of stock for marketing has not yet engaged the attention of farmers in this section, to the extent which the natural advantages of Aroostook for this branch of farming would seem to warrant. With our abundance of feed during the summer and fall, and our large crops of hay, grain and straw, it would seem that Aroostook should send to market large droves of fat cattle, and that the business should be one which could be conducted with profit.

FISH AND FISHING. The Kennebec Journal says that white perch fishing has been remarkably good on Cobbosseecontee lake this fall. Within the past four weeks it is estimated that over a thousand of these fish have been captured from an area comprising not over an acre and located about an equal distance from Ladies' Delight Island and the eastern shore of the lake. The fish caught have weighed from three-quarters of a pound to a pound and a half apiece..... Messrs. Chas. A. Dyer & Co., are about to commence the canning of herring on Custom House wharf Portland. They will probably pack some 200,000 cans.....The sardine factories in Jonesport are shut down for the season, which has been a prosperous one.....Fish Commissioner Stanley gives the Phonograph an account of his work at Rangeley this fall, where he has been engaged since Oct. 1st, in collecting the eggs of the Rangeley trout for the purpose of replenishing and restocking her waters. The expense of the work has been paid by subscription. Mr. Stanley says: "I have no doubt the fishing can be brought up to where it used to be in old times, if the work begun is only kept up. The appearance of salmon confirms it. I predict that in a few years the salmon fishing in Rangeley waters will be the best ever known in Maine.....Saturday night fifty-three fishing vessels were at anchor in Portland harbor. The skippers, with but few exceptions, appear to be dissatisfied with the result of the catch, and speak of their cargoes as being very poor fares.

News of Belfast and Vicinity.

On Monday afternoon Belfast jail was tenantless, which is a very rare occurrence.

O. G. White, of this city, is engaged in buying live porkers for shipment. Seven cents, live weight, is paid.

Belfast gained a verdict last week in the pauper case with Knox, the first instance of the kind on record.

Seaside Grange, of this city, has moved into its new quarters, over the Grange store, on Main street.

Mr. C. R. Davis has sold his stock of goods at Masonic Temple in this city, to Dwight Palmer, who is closing out.

Here it is the 24 of November, with the grass still green on lawns and fields, and the trees not yet wholly divested of leaves.

Baker & Shales storehouse on the wharf, work upon which is progressing, will be 100 by 40 feet and three stories in height.

The oldest inhabitant is unable to recollect another autumn like the present. It has been lengthened mildness long drawn out.

P. S. Gilmore led his band in person at the concert in this city last Thursday. The fact is stated as several persons thought it was some other Gilmore.

At one time the presentation of the Gov. Anderson house to the city of Belfast for a public library building was seriously considered; but private reasons prevented the carrying out of the plan.

Strange to say a good deal of interest was manifested in this city over the six days' walking match in New York, ending Saturday. The local telegraph offices displayed daily bulletins during the contest.

At a meeting of the Longfellow Statue Association held in Portland last week, a committee was selected of one from each county. Judge Symonds, who recently held court in this city, represents Waldo county.

Ship Ivanhoe, Capt. Herriman, of this city, from Rio for Vancouver Island, arrived at the latter place Oct. 30th, after a passage of 99 days. When Capt. Herriman left home he thought he would take the eastern route past Australia, but he did not.

Mrs. Morse, of Stockton, who was injured by being thrown from a carriage, as before reported, is still at the residence on Bay View Stock Farm. When able to be removed she will be brought to this city. Her injuries, though not serious were severe, and she has suffered greatly.

There were seven contestants in the three minute class at Portland on the 24th. Nellie B., owned by George O. Bailey, of this city, was sixth in the four heats. The concluding heat was trotted on the 26th; Flora winning. Time 2.40, 2.41. Nellie B. was entered for the 2.30 class same day but did not compete.

Mr. C. J. Hall has built a pier off from his premises where vessels can be loaded and discharged. A car will run on to the pier upon which stone will be loaded. The grout, or stone chips will be dumped from the eastern side of the pier, which will form the foundation for a permanent wharf in the future.

Aaron Langill of Tatamagouche, N. S., died in this city on Friday of last week, of typhoid pneumonia, aged 32 years. He was employed for a time in one of our ship yards. He was a single man, without money or friends, and so became a town charge. Agreeable to law his body was sent to the Maine Medical school.

Islesboro has always contained a large proportion of well to do people, and is now enjoying a real estate boom which must enhance its former prosperity. Most of the Long Island trade comes to Belfast, and in addition to the steamer May Queen, three sailing packets, the schooner Nora, and the sloops Edith and Winnie, keep up communication between the two places.

THE CHURCHES. Rev. Nathan S. Hill, of Medford, Mass., will preach at the Universalist church next Sunday. He comes as a candidate for the pastorate of the society....Two members were added to the Methodist church last Sunday, and on Sunday next there will be a baptism at the same church....The subject of Rev. Mr. Ross' Sunday morning sermon at the North church will be "Growth of the Christian Life." Communion in the afternoon. Missionary concert in the evening.

A RARE COIN. Mr. C. W. Haney, of this city, has been presented by Rob. Morris, a Masonic explorer, writer and lecturer, with a rare coin which was found in one of the ruined cities of the Holy Land. It is a Roman bronze coin of the period of 140 A. D., which gives it the great age of 1742 years. The coin is known as that of Faustina Jr., wife of Marcus Aurelius, 17th Emperor of Rome, and is about the size of a silver half dime. Mr. Morris will visit Belfast soon for the purpose of lecturing before the Masonic Lodges here.

The Messrs. Kilgore are repairing and renovating their recent purchase—the Gov. Anderson house on Church street—which, when completed, will be a very desirable dwelling. Some of the many trees which surround the house have been removed, admitting more light and giving a better view. The stable has been moved up to the ell and twenty feet added to it. The driveways and grounds are being leveled and graded. Not much change will be made in the interior. The house, although built many years ago, is substantial and well finished. The old fashioned but thorough finish is novel and should be preserved. Dr. Kilgore will occupy two front rooms, one above and one below, for his professional business, and for which they are well adapted. Henry L. Kilgore moved in on Monday.

LAUNCHED. The sch. Daylight was successfully launched from the yard of Geo. W. Cottrell in this city, on Saturday last. The schooner is the largest ever built in Belfast, her dimensions being 150 feet keel, 35 feet 8 inches beam, 16 feet deep, double decked, centre-board, measuring 800 tons carpenter's measurement. The Daylight is built of the very best material and the workmanship like that in all of Cottrell's vessels is first-class. The schooner's masts are enormous sticks, being 91, 92 and 93 feet respectively, with topmasts 50 feet in length. Allowing for ten feet at the doublings of the masts, the tallest one is 133 feet from the keel

The Boston & Maine R. R. company pays a dividend of $4 per share, Nov. 15th.

The executive committee of the Lehigh Coal Exchanges have decided that no change in prices should be made during November.

The jury in the case of Robert Ford, one of the slayers of Jesse James, charged with the murder of Woodhite, after deliberating for 41 hours, returned a verdict of not guilty. Ford telegraphed the news of his acquittal to Gov. Crittenden.

Poetry and Fact.

In Keat's beautiful poem, "Lamia," a young man has been led captive by a phantom girl, and is made the slave of her beauty, until an old teacher comes in and fixes his eye upon the figure, and it vanishes in its true form of a slimy serpent. This is *poetry*, now for *fact*. Disease in various forms relaxes upon young men and old, and especially does it affect the kidneys and liver, and begin insidious to work pain and death. But Hunt's Remedy, as the old teacher, comes in, and the slimy serpent of disease glides away. At first, men think that a diseased liver or disordered kidneys is a mere phantom, and go on their way neglecting the evil, and not realizing their danger. But this is not something to be trifled with. Call in Hunt's Remedy at once, it will both reveal the demon, and cast it out. For kidney, liver, and urinary complaints there is nothing like it.

SENSIBLE ADVICE.

You are asked every day through the columns of newspapers and by your Druggist to use something for your Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint that you know nothing about, you get discouraged spending money with but little success. Now to give you satisfactory proof that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER will cure you of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint with all its effects, such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heartburn, Waterbrash, Fullness at the pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue, Indigestion, swimming of the head, low spirits, &c., we ask you to go to your Druggist and get a sample Bottle of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER for 10 cents and try it, or a regular size for 75 cents. A few doses will relieve you. 3m44

BELFAST PRICE CURRENT.

Corrected Weekly for the Journal.

BY C. H. SARGENT, No. 8, Main Street.

WHOLE MARKET. PRICES PAID PRODUCERS.

Beef ℔ lbs.	6@6½	Hay ℔ ton,	16.00@14.00
Veal ℔ ℔,	6@7	Hides ℔ ℔,	9@7
Mutton ℔ ℔,	7@8	Lambs ℔ ℔,	7@8
Chickens ℔ ℔,	25@30	Lamb Skins,	80@1.00
Fowls ℔ ℔,	25@30	Tallow ℔ ℔,	6@7
Turkeys ℔ ℔,	25@30	Mutton ℔ ℔,	6@7
Geese ℔ ℔,	25@30	Oats, ℔ bu,	45@48
Butter ℔ ℔,	35@40	Potatoes,	65@70
Cheese ℔ ℔,	15@18	Round Hog ℔ ℔,	6@6½
Eggs ℔ doz,	25@28	Straw ℔ ton,	6.00@7.00
Apples ℔ ℔,	10@15	Turkey ℔ ℔,	16@18
Skins, ℔ ℔,	12@15	Veal ℔ ℔,	8@7
Pork ℔ ℔,	6@7	Wool, washed, ℔ ℔,	40@45
Potatoes ℔ bu,	75@80	Wool unwashed ℔ ℔	25@35
Beans ℔ bu,	1.80@2.00	Hard Wood, load,	5.00@6.00
Turnips ℔ bu,	40@50	Soft Wood, do,	3.00@3.50

RETAIL MARKET.

Beef, Corned ℔ ℔,	8@10	Lime ℔ bbl,	1.15
Beef, salt ℔ ℔,	6@8	Meal, ℔ ℔,	2.00
Beef, roast ℔ ℔,	12@18	Molasses ℔ ℔,	35@40
Beef, corned ℔ ℔,	7@8	Kerosene ℔ gal,	14@20
Beef, steak ℔ ℔,	12@18	Pollock ℔ ℔,	5@5½
Beef, tongue ℔ ℔,	12@15	Pork ℔ ℔,	15@16
Beans ℔ ℔,	5@6	Potatoes ℔ bbl,	1.00
Butter ℔ ℔,	35@40	Rye Meal ℔ ℔,	3½
Cheese ℔ ℔,	15@18	Shorts ℔ cwt,	1.30
Chickens ℔ ℔,	20@25	Sugar ℔ ℔,	8@10
Cod, fresh ℔ ℔,	5@6	Salt, Liverpool ℔ bu,	40
Cod, dried ℔ ℔,	5@6	Potatoes ℔ ℔,	1.00
Cranberries ℔ qt,	10@12	Wheat Meal ℔ ℔,	4@5

Boston Market.

SATURDAY, Oct. 28.

BUTTER.—Trade is quiet, prices advancing, and the choicest creamery and fine dairy are firm at quotations; Western fresh made, 35@38c; extra do, 39@32c; summer made, 25@28c; Vermont, Franklin county, fresh made, 32@35c for extra; New York and Vermont dairy, 28@30 for extra; do straight dairies, 25@27c; fair to best, 22@25c; western creamery, fresh made, 32c; fair to good, 26@32c; choice dairy, 27@28c; fair to good, 18@21c; ladle, 18@20c; fair to good, 15@17c; common, 10@13c.

CHEESE.—The market is firm, with an upward tend, and is firm at quotations; choice New York factory, 13@14c; Vermont, choice, 12@12½; fair to good, northern, 10@11c; western, 12@12½; sweet, 12@13; fair to good, 10@12c; common, 4@8c. There is more cheese offered at 12@12½c than higher.

EGGS.—The market is firm and has a continuous tone; eastern, 27@28c; Maine, 28@29c; New York and Vermont, 27@28c; Western, 26@27c; extra, 29@30c; extra Western, 30@32c; Cape and Nova Scotia, 29@30c.

BEANS.—Pea beans, hand-picked, are held at $2 for small and fancy; the larger sell at $2@2.05; medium, $1.90@1.95; common, $1.80@1.85; choice hand-picked lots, fair to good, $2@2.05; yellow eyes, $2@2.25; for choice imported, as to quality, and variety, $3@3.15; red kidney, $2@2.25.

POTATOES.—The market remains quiet, and stock is improving; the red still prevails, but is not deemed so bad as a few weeks ago. Early Rose and Hebrons, 60@65c; northern, 60@65c; prolifics, 65c; Vermont, 65@70c; Jackson whites, 75c; silver dollars, 75c; Burbanks, $1@1.25c; Nova Scotia, P. E. I., $1@1.10 bu.

APPLES.—Choice selections of Kings, apples, Baldwins, Northern spies, and other fancy varieties, $4@5 bbl. Baldwins, No. 1, $2.50@3 ℔ bbl; ordinary, $2@2.50; gravenstein, $3@3.50; snow, $4; western stock, choice and assorted varieties, $3@4; fair to good, $1.50@2.50 ℔ bbl; common, $1.

HAY AND STRAW.—The market remains firm; choice, is quoted at $20 ℔ ton, fancy lots being higher; fair to good, $18@19; fine hay, $16@17; ordinary, $15@16; straw, $20@21 ℔ ton, rye straw, $22@23 ℔ ton; common, $14@15; our remarks at length in last week's issue.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Dr. MACALASTER'S Oldmodernest Medicant Cotton for Tooth-ache, Neuralgia and Mothers' comfort. Cures the nerve and gives permanent relief. For sale by dealers in medicine. 1y39

MARRIED.

In Searsport, Oct. 24th, by F. R. Daggett, Esq., Mr. Isaac H. Shute and Mrs. Almira A. Hinkley, all of Stockton.

In Searsport, Oct. 25th, by Rev. J. P. Simonton, at the M. E. parsonage, Mr. Charles Banks and Miss Alice R. Higgins, both of Searsmont.

In Washington, Oct. 14th, by Hiram Bliss, Jr., Mr. Alvin Cranmer, of Waldoboro, and Mrs. Lizzie J. Reed, of Nobleboro.

In Searsport, Oct. 21st, Mr. Millard E. Bean and Miss Nellie A. Collins, both of Camden.

In Rockland, Oct. 25th, Levi M. Robbins and Alice Fall, both of Rockland.

In Rockland, Oct. 24th, Wm. O. Fuller, Jr., and Elizabeth N., daughter of Nathaniel Jones, Esq., both of Rockland.

In Vinalhaven, Oct. 22th, Henry D. Carver of Boston, and Eva L. Hopkins, of Vinalhaven.

In Rockland, Oct. 25th, Elmer S. Bird and Emma Sylvester, both of Rockland.

In Camden, Oct. 22d, Charles W. Stevens and Georgia A. Pettie, both of Rockland.

In Hope, Oct. 22d, Henry H. Payson and Hattie M. Barnett, both of Hope.

In Richmond, Oct. 14th, W. G. Reed, of Waldoboro, and Mollie Hogan, of Richmond.

In Union, Oct. 17th, Addison Winslow and Mary Miller, both of Waldoboro.

In Union, Oct. 13th, H. E. Reed, of China, and Ella J. Newbert, of Washington.

In Waldoboro, Oct. 14th, Ellis H. Wade and Lucy Susan Demuth, both of Waldoboro.

In Mt. Desert, Oct. 14th, Mr. R. J. Lord, of Eden, and Miss M. May, of Mt. Desert.

DIED.

In this city, Oct. 30th, Miss Mary Foster, aged 77 years.

In this city, Oct. 18th, Edward B. Pillsbury, aged 13 years and 6 months.

In Searsport, Oct. 27th, Mr. Isaac Closson, aged 85 years. Oct. 25th, Mrs. Samuel Trask, aged 75 years.

In Winterport, Oct. 23d, Frederick Ellingwood, aged 27 years, 9 months and 13 days.

In Winterport, Oct. 4th, Mrs. Eliza, widow of the late Joseph Woodman, aged 75 years.

In Paterson, Oct. 22d, Jonathan P. Longfellow, aged 87 years, 10 months and 7 days.

In Union, Oct. 22d, Mrs. Amy White, formerly of Hope, aged 86 years.

In Belfast, Oct. 22d, Joseph W. Small, aged 67 years, 4 mo. and 21 days.

In Thomaston, Oct. 20th, Mrs. Elizabeth McCarter, of Cushing, aged 81 years and 4 month.

In Rockland, Oct. 20th, Mrs. Martha P. Anderson.

In North Haven, Oct. 19th, Ruth Calderwood, aged 75 years, 5 months and 10 days.

In Gardiner, Oct. 9th, Clara S., wife of Eugene C. Gleason, of Waldoboro, aged 37 years.

In Ellsworth, Oct. 21st, Mrs. Jane Isabel Moor, aged 72 years.

In Bar Harbor, Oct. 17th, Lewis, second son of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Dos Isle, aged 4 years, 5 mos.

In Mt. Desert, Oct. 20th, Miss Eliza Henneston.

In Mt. Desert, Oct. 10th, Edwinna, daughter of Samuel W. and Emma E. Randall, aged 1 year, 10 months and 2 days.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF BELFAST.

ARRIVED.

Oct. 26th, schrs. Geo. Shattuck, Hart, Boston; Lillian, Ryan, do; Mary Farrow, Condon, do; Earl, Darby, do; Harmony, Pattershall, do; J. Ponder, Jr., Ryan, Salem.

Oct. 27th, schr. Hero, Low, Boston.

SAILED.

Oct. 26th, schrs. Mary Farrow, Condon, Lincolnville; J. Ponder, Jr., Ryan, Bangor; Orion, White, do; Harmony, Pattershall, do; Hero, Low, Boston.

Nov. 1st, schrs. James Holmes, Ryder, Ellsworth; A. Hayford, Jones, Bangor; Lillian, Ryan, Boston.

Apples Wanted.

2,000 Barrels Baldwins and Greenings.

ALSO CHOICE VARIETIES OF

FALL & WINTER APPLES.

H. C. PITCHER.

5w44 Harnden store, foot Main St., near Depot.

More Good News

For the buying public. Lower prices than ever. The rush still continues. Don't spend a dollar for clothing until you have looked at my goods and prices.

NEW BOSTON CLOTHING STORE.

MARK ANDREWS, Proprietor,

11 Phœnix Row, - - Belfast, Me.

6m26

DRESS MAKING.

MRS. E. E. PENDLETON has returned from Boston with the LATEST STYLES, and is prepared to receive customers for dress making at her residence, Main Street. 4w44

HOUSE FOR SALE.

Will be sold at a bargain, a nice cottage house on Race St., known as the MEADER house, containing seven rooms, well built and only three years old. The lot contains one-fourth of an acre of land. The location is one of the best in the city, overlooking the bay and only ten minutes' walk from the post-office. Inquire of J. F. WILSON.

Belfast, April 27, 1882.—19

Hayford Opera House

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Monday, Nov. 6th,

—THE—

MADISON SQUARE

THEATRE COMPANY

In the greatest dramatic success of America, having been presented consecutively in the United States over

2,000 TIMES!

HAZEL HAZEL HAZEL HAZEL — Presented with a special cast under the auspices of THE MADISON SQUARE THEATRE New York. — KIRKE KIRKE KIRKE KIRKE

A Beautiful Domestic Love Story.

Alternate Tears and Laughter.

Special Scenery from the Madison Square Theatre for every Act.

SEATS CAN BE SECURED AT POTE'S.

Prices--75, 50 and 35 Cents.

MILLINERY!

Fall & Winter 1882-3.

Please call and examine our stock of Millinery before purchasing. We can show you the BEST STOCK of

Fancy Feathers

ever brought to this market, and will guarantee the price CHEAPER than can be bought elsewhere. Also a FULL LINE of

HATS, BONNETS, FRAMES,

Velvets, Plushes,

PLUMES & TIPS,

and everything in the millinery line. We still retain our very popular millinery,

Mrs. R. P. CHASE,

and cannot fail to please all who favor us with their patronage. tf

MRS. B. F. WELLS.

WE wish to firmly impress it in the mind of every person that they can come or send to us, with perfect confidence that they will get the best quality of goods, at as low prices, as such goods can possibly be made for. We are selling the best goods made, and will not sell poor goods. Sometime ago we felt obliged to keep a line of cheap goods in connection with our better grades, from the fact that people were continually calling for cheaper shoes, and then when the shoes gave out quickly--as cheap shoes surely must---these same people found fault with us. Now, we know better. We have cleaned them all out, and we will say to any and all of our customers, that if they purchase shoes from us that do not give satisfactory wear, we ask you to bring the shoes back and we will satisfy you. Notwithstanding the fact that we sell nothing but solid goods, if you will compare our prices you will see that we give you as low and even lower prices than some dealers who sell anything they can get hold of that is cheap---and this is the way we do it: We buy solely from the manufacturers, and by paying cash down we are enabled to sell the best qualities at the lowest prices. Our every day boots are now ready, and we will guarantee every pair of them to do good service. Our Boys' Thick Boots are more extensively worn in this vicinity than any other boot. If you will try a pair of--our make--Boys' Thick Boots you will buy another pair next year. As to new styles we will say that there is no store east of Boston that introduces the new styles as quickly as ourselves. We have now in stock--just received--some handsome styles in Ladies and Gentlemen's Boots, Shoes and Slippers never seen in Belfast before. We shall be pleased to snow them. To shoe makers we would say that we have a large stock of all kinds of Leather and Findings at Boston prices. Please call on us when in need of any kind of foot-wear. 4w43

B. C. DINSMORE & SON.

MILLINERY OPENING

Miss A. F. Southworth

Will return from Boston Wednesday, Oct. 25th, with the very

LATEST STYLES

—OF—

Winter Millinery.

She invites her customers, friends and all interested in millinery to a choice display of

Trimmed Hats & Bonnets!

At her rooms, No. 10 Main Street,

WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY,

Nov. 1 & 2.

CARRIAGES AT AUCTION.

I shall sell to the highest bidder without reserve, at my repository in Belfast, on

Wednesday, Nov. 8, at 2 P. M.,

rain or shine, the remaining part of my stock of carriages, consisting of one smooth phaeton, leather trimmed, one Phaeton with lamps and cloth trimmed, both of Sargent's build, also one buggy wagon, something nobby, one second hand Portland wagon built by Howard last year, in good shape, one second hand buggy, one second hand grocery wagon, one double runner pung, nearly new, one new Wheeler & Wilson No. 10 sewing machine. No by-bidders. Shall sell for just what you choose to give.

TERMS CASH OR GOOD NOTES.

E. F. HANSON.

Now is your time to buy a Carriage.

Belfast, Nov. 2, 1882.—1w44*

SECOND HAND Show Cases!

ONE 9 feet and one 6 feet show case at a bargain if applied for immediately.

M. P. WOODCOCK & SON.

Belfast, Me., Oct. 19, 1882.—4*

FOR SALE.

The dwelling house on Miller street owned by Mrs. GEORGE COX. The house is well fitted, pleasantly located, and nearly new. Will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of PHILO HERSEY.

Belfast, Oct. 26, 1882.—43tf

November 1, 1882.

"Ladies' Exchange!"

Arrival per Steamer Cambridge of the

Largest Stock

OF SEASONABLE

Foreign & Domestic

DRY GOODS,

Housekeeping Goods,

FANCY GOODS,

Trimming Goods, Small Wares

—AND—

Carpetings

Ever offered for sale in any one store in the County of Waldo, and at the LOWEST PRICES.

CHASE & SON

Grateful for the liberal and increasing patronage received during the past year, sincerely proffer their kindest regards to their many friends, simply saying that we have not the time to classify our stock, but every person who may read this advertisement, rich or poor, is cordially invited to visit us and see what the chances may be to invest their money in whatever may be wanted for the coming winter. We have SPECIAL BARGAINS all over our store, that need only to be seen to be appreciated. Our entire stock presents a very attractive appearance in variety and price.

BLANKETS!

From $1.37 per pair to $15.00. One case WHITE WOOL BLANKETS 11-4 at $4.25—please compare them with any $5.00 Blankets you can find.

Ladies, Gents, Misses & Boys'

White Merino, All-Wool, Cotton & Wool & Scarlet

UNDERWEAR!

From 25 cents to $2.50 per pair. We have the best Ladies' Vest for 50 cents in this city. The same make we have sold for the last four years.

Cloaks & Cloakings

In more than 20 different styles, which it would be well to examine before you buy. FUR COLLARS & FUR TRIMMINGS from 2½ to 6 inches in width.

CARPETS!

Roxbury, Smith's, Palisades and Higgins' Tapestry, Lowell, Hartford and Park Extra Supers., All-Wool, Two-Plys, Double Cotton Chains, Hemp, Straw and Oil Cloth Carpetings, Rugs, Mats and Hassocks in great variety. 3t44

Mr. & Mrs. A. D. Chase & Son.

FALL & WINTER

MILLINERY!

Having just returned from Boston with a FULL ASSORTMENT of

Millinery & Fancy Goods

we are prepared to offer our customers the LATEST STYLES in

Bonnets and Hats of all kinds, Plushes, Velvets, Satins, Plumes, Fancy Feathers & Ribbons in all the new shades, also Ornaments, Pompons and all the novelties in Millinery Goods.

IN FANCY GOODS

We have added to our stock an assortment of stamped goods for embroidery, such as

Tidies, Doylies, Tray Cloths, Splashes, &c., and a full line of Madona Cottons, Etching Silks, Flosses, Embroidery Silk, &c., &c.

IN FELTS

We have all the newest and most desirable colors.

We have just received from New York a new lot of

KID GLOVES

in the Mousquetaire style, both in Black and Fancy Colors. Also 3, 4, 5, and 6 BUTTON KIDS in same colors. Our stock of

Worsteds and Yarns,

Comprises the following varieties:

Zephyrs, Crewels, Germantown, Shetland, Andalusia, Scotch, Iron-Thread, Coventry, Saxony, Fairy Floss, &c., &c.

We shall have our goods opened for the inspection of the ladies of Belfast and vicinity, on and after OCTOBER 23d, and we are confident that in variety, style and price, we cannot fail to suit all who may favor us with their patronage.

MISS IMOGENE BARTLETT,

MILLINER.

An assortment of Trimmed Goods constantly on hand.

J. W. FERGUSON & CO.

Messenger's Notice.

STATE OF MAINE, WALDO SS., October 26, A. D. 1882.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 17th day of October, A. D. 1882, a Warrant in Insolvency was issued out of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Waldo, against the estate of THOMAS C. WARD, of Troy, in said County, adjudged to be an Insolvent Debtor, on petition of said Debtor, which petition was filed on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1882, to which last named date interest on claims is to be computed. That the payment of any debts to or by said debtor, and the delivery and transfer of any property belonging to said Debtor, to him or for his use, and the delivery and transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said Debtor, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at the Court of Insolvency to be holden at the Probate Office in said Belfast, in said county, on Wednesday the 15th day of November, A. D., 1882, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Given under my hand the date first above written.

FRANK MUSSEY, Deputy Sheriff,

As Messenger of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Waldo. 2w44

A FARM FOR SALE

In Winterport, 2½ miles from the village on the road to Bangor. Said farm has 30 acres of good land, an orchard of 200 trees selected fruit, many of them in bearing, cuts 14 tons of hay; a 1½ story house and ell, painted and blinded, contains 11 rooms, a woodshed connecting the ell and barn; a barn 26x33 with cellar, and shed 13x33, the barn is clapboarded and painted, and a hen house; a never failing well of good water near the house. For further particulars apply to S. P. HAZELTON or S. A. NEWEY, on the premises.

Winterport, Oct. 26, 1882.—1w44*

QUARRYMEN WANTED.

50 QUARRYMEN WANTED. First-class wages will be paid good workmen for an all winter's job. Address

HURRICANE GRANITE CO.,

Oct. 25, 1882.—4w44 Rockland, Me.

OUR NEW STORE

Nearly ready for occupancy.

The Time Set for Removal!

BLUE STORE

T. W. PITCHER & Co

Wish to inform the public that they begin to pack their goods for removal in about 20 days and that they are DETERMINED to take BUT LITTLE of the IMMENSE STOCK they now have to their new store. We will merely state, without going into details, that our entire stock of choice and desirable

Dry and Fancy Goods

must positively be closed out at once, therefore we have marked them down to prices that will guarantee their immediate sale. We will also state that we open to-morrow another large lot of those ELEGANT GARMENTS which are richly trimmed and perfect fitting. Owing to the IMMENSE DEMAND for these garments, of which we have the exclusive sale, we were obliged to place our second order for them, and we invite all in want of any style garment to look through this department, as they will feel well repaid for their trouble.

REMEMBER THE SALE OF THIS STOCK BEGINS TODAY.

T. W. Pitcher & Co.,

AT THEIR OLD STORE,

BELFAST.

P. S. Wholesale dealers will find it for their interest to call AT ONCE and examine this stock.

Belfast, Nov. 2, 1882.

A. P. Mansfield,

Masonic Temple.

We were never so well prepared as now to please customers with desirable goods for FALL and WINTER, among which can be found the popular

Camels Hair Foules

IN BEST SHADES.

CASHMERES,

IN ALL COLORS.

Brocades, Velvets, Plushes,

BLACK GOODS,

IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES.

—IN—

BLACK SILKS

We cannot be outdone, we have them at 87½c., $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00. Our $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, are SPECIAL BARGAINS.

WE HAVE EXTRA TRADES IN

Blankets, Flannels,

TABLE LINENS, NAPKINS.

Towels, Crashes, Toilet Quilts,

We have used great care in the selection of our

LACES, LACE TIES, FICHUES, COLLARS, BUTTONS, COMBS, BRUSHES, MIRRORS,

And every article in our Fancy Goods department.

Perfumes & Toilet Soaps

A SPECIALTY.

A VARIED ASSORTMENT OF

LADIES' COTTON UNDERWEAR.

Remnants! Remnants!

Remnants of Sheeting in Bleached & Brown

REMNANTS OF

White Cotton and Wool Flannels

At 15c., call and examine.

Remnants of Cotton Flannels,

Remnants of Prints.

1 Case Small Check Dark Ginghams

at 8c. a yard.

We lack space for more, so invite all to come and visit us and we will do our best to suit you. 40tf

A. P. Mansfield,

MASONIC TEMPLE.

Dry and Fancy Goods!

H. H. JOHNSON & CO.

Respectfully announce that they have just received the

LARGEST STOCK

and greatest variety of goods ever received by any firm in this city.

Bear it in Mind!

We are determined not only to hold our own trade but to enlarge it, and hold out as an inducement to every customer

Better Bargains

THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE CAN OFFER.

Dress Goods!

This department is complete with all the Novelties of the season—Billiard Cloth, Shudda Cloths, Ladies Cloths, Brocades, Black and Colored Cashmeres, Plushes, Brocades, Velvets, &c., &c.

A LARGE VARIETY OF

Washington Dress Goods!

in all shades, which we are selling at 12½ cents. Call and examine.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

Cloaks & Cloakings.

Having taken great care in selecting our Cloaks and Cloakings this season, are confident that we have the best assortment in the city. It has been one of the principal features of our business for years, and never have we been able to present the trade such a variety of Cloaks as this present season. Prices from

$6.00 to $40.00.

There is a cloak maker connected with our store who will make cloaks from our IMMENSE STOCK OF CLOAKINGS, at reasonable prices.

JUST RECEIVED

1 BALE REMNANT COTTONS

selling at 4 cents a yard.

1 Bale 40-inch Wide Remnants

at 9 cents a yard. These are great bargains. Have a large stock of

Sheeting, Prints,

COTTON FLANNELS,

All-Wool & Cotton & Wool

FLANNELS, BLANKETS, &c.,

which we are selling at LOW PRICES.

Ladies, Gents, and Childrens'

Merino Underwear!

Ladies' Vests at following prices—37½c., 50c., 65c., 75c., 87½c., $1.00, $1.25, and $1.62. Gents from 50c., to $1.75. Please examine before purchasing.

Millinery Goods!

We are prepared to show the

Largest Assortment

—OF—

HATS, BONNETS, FEATHERS, PLUSHES, VELVETS & RIBBONS

EVER ON EXHIBITION.

Prices Lower Than Ever.

Don't forget the elegant assortment of

COUPON RIBBONS!

2,000 yards, which will be sold at GREAT BARGAINS.

We aim to meet the wants of everybody. 42

H. H. Johnson & Co.

MYRIAD ATTRACTIONS!

IRRESISTIBLE INDUCEMENTS!

Grand Consolidation of Unapproachable Bargains!

A Gladsome Day for Everybody!

Make no mistake. The goods we now offer and the prices we name are unparalleled in history! On Dec. 1st our business must be suspended for a time. Our store to be enlarged to more than twice its present size. Consequently this immense stock of Goods must be sacrificed in price and closed out in order to enable the workmen to make the necessary alterations.

GEORGE W. BURKETT

Would announce that he has leased the adjoining store now occupied by T. W. PITCHER & CO. The brick wall is to be removed, a commodious and convenient Cloak and Shawl Room to be built, thus adding to the length of the store. When completed our store will be 42 ft. wide, 60 ft. long. As we shall occupy two stories it will give us over 5,000 square feet of room---Thus enabling us to have a special department for the jobbing of goods. Dress and Cloak Making will also be an important factor in our business. Now I wish to say to every man and woman who is a friend to their own pocket book and who use judgment in the purchase of goods, to call and examine our stock and prices, which will be shown to all with pleasure and courtesy.

LOOK AT OUR PRICES:

$1,000 Worth of

Ready Made Cloaks, Dolmans

Jackets, Ulsterettes,

In Plain Black Beaver, Black Diagonals, Surah Satin and Grey, Brown and Bronze Dolmans and Ulsterettes, from $4.00 to $25.00 each.

PLUSHES!

For CLOAKS & TRIMMINGS, in all shades and qualities, from $2.50 to $12.00 per yard.

CLOAKINGS

In all qualities and shades, marked WAY DOWN to close.

Velvets & Velveteens

In Black and Colors from 75c. to $.250. Look at our BROCADED VELVETEEN, handsome as silk, at $1.00.

BLACK SILKS!

Splendid values obtained. We have marked them way down. We sell a heavy Dress Silk for $1.00, worth $1.37½, increasing in values to $2.50 per yard, worth $3.00.

Black Cashmeres & Brocades.

Look at the quality 45 in. wide, we shall close at only 55c. per yard, worth 65c.—75c. quality marked down from 87½c.—$1.00 quality marked from $1.25. Do not pass these bargains.

Flannel Suitings!

Prices from 22½c. to $1.00 per yard, marked down from $1.10. Extra wide in Navy Blue, Myrtle Green, Terra Cotta, Black, Garnet, Plum Shades—our 50c. Flannel worth 65c.

DRESS GOODS.

It would take the whole space of this entire advertisement to enumerate the makes, designs and colors of this department. We simply say the assortment is prodigious and the prices knifed to the hilt.

INDIA STRIPED

—AND—

PAISLEY SHAWLS

We have the largest and most complete stock in Belfast, and shall close out the entire lot, amounting in value to $800. Shall sell

DOUBLE INDIA STRIPED FROM $6.00 TO $30.00.
FORMER PRICE, - - - $9.00 TO $37.00.

We warrant perfect satisfaction or money refunded.

WOOLEN SHAWLS.

Just opened 1 case of these goods which must be closed with other goods, at the break down prices. Special values will be obtained. Double Woolen Shawls, Beaver, Himalayah, Velvets, etc., comprise the assortment.

BLANKETS!

Our special drive will be in Blankets. We bought 2 cases of these goods at a GREAT BARGAIN. They are subject to manufacturers' slight imperfections, from $1.75 per pair to $10.00. Look at our Extra Blankets for $3.00 per pair, fine wool worth $5.00.

FLANNELS.

One Lot of Grey Flannels at 12 1-2c., sold at 17c.

One Lot at 18c. per yard.

" " " 22c. " "

Cotton Flannels!

Buy the Flannel we sell for 12 1-2 Cts., Sold everywhere at 16c.

WOOLENS!

—FOR—

MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.

Do not fail to examine the lot marked down 20 per cent.

PRINTS!

The best Prints only 6c. per yard. Five cases on hand.

Remnant Prints!

6,000 Yards Standard Remnants. ONLY 4c.

COTTONS!

Look at the 1 yard wide Brown Cotton we sell at only 7c. per yd. 1¼ yard wide at only 8c. per yd.

Bleached Cottons!

FRUIT OF THE LOOM in short lengths, only 10c. per yard.

CRETONNES.

1,000 yds. Best Goods only 18c., worth 25c.

Remnant Brown Cottons.

PRINT WIDTHS, only 4 1-2c. per yard.

Turkey Red Tablings.

Only look and you will buy, we will not quote, we make the prices at the store.

LINEN DAMASKS.

ALL LINEN AT 20c. PER YARD.
" " " 25c. " "
" " " 37 1-2c. " "

advancing to $1.25. Buy largely, do not let this opportunity pass; our 62½c. quality is a bonanza.

NAPKINS.

Only 75c. per dozen, All Linen.

One Lot at .50 per dozen.
" " " $1.25 " "
" " " 1.50 " "
" " " 2.00 " "
Advancing to 4.50 " "

TOWELS.

Look at the Towel we sell for 12½c. Our stock is perfectly immense, and RARE BARGAINS can be obtained.

Ladies' Vests.

Our Vest at only 50c. is unsurpassed in Maine. All qualities on hand. Beautiful quality of Scarlet Vests at $1.37½ to $1.75 each.

Men & Boys' Underwear.

ONE LOT AT .25 EACH.
" " " .50 "
" " " .75 "
" " " $1.00 "
" " " 1.25 "

Corsets.

Splendid Corded Corset, silk embroidered, 50c. Look at the Corset we sell for 87c., marked down from $1.00.

YARNS.

ALL MAKES ON HAND.

RIBBONS!

DO NOT FAIL TO READ:—6,000 yards of Ribbons just purchased, worth from 17c. to 75c., to be sold at 5c. per yard, 10c. to 25c. per yard. The whole lot will be displayed in our windows. They are the greatest bargains in the State.

KID GLOVES.

4 Button Kids $1.25 per pair.

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

HOSIERY.

Have opened our Fall Stock and the prices are made for this special sale.

Ladies' Ready Made

Underwear!

This is a new department and the stock is complete.

LINEN HDKFS.

From 5c. to 25c. Our 12½c. Hem-stitched is a bargain.

Felt Skirts.

Splendid assortment and elegant values.

Ready Made Comfortables

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

BATTING.

Pure White Splendid Batting, 12 1-2c.

FEATHERS.

Best Quality Live Geese Feathers, AT THE LOWEST PRICE.

Bed Spreads.

From 65c. to $1.00 each. Heavy Marseilles Quilt 12-4, only $1.50.

CURTAINS & FIXTURES.

BEST OPAQUE CURTAINS, 15 CENTS.
" LAMBREQUIN " 75 "
FIXTURES FROM 10 TO 40 CENTS.

THE GREATEST BARGAINS

WILL BE FOUND IN OUR

Carpet Room

As this stock must positively be sold, we offer THE BEST

Roxbury Tapestries at 95c.,

SOLD EVERYWHERE AT $1.10.

Lowell Extra Supers, at 85c,

Lowell All-Wool Supers,,

ONLY 75c. PER YARD.

Ingrains, - 55c, Per Yard,

Double Warps, 45c, Per Yard,

Cotton Chains, 37 1-2c, Per Yd,

OIL CLOTHS,

30c, 37 1-2c., to 42c, best make.

These goods you see are marked down beyond any price advertised in New England.

Carpet Sweepers!

ON HAND.

Domestic Paper Patterns Sold One-Half the Printed Price.

It is unusual for merchants to break on the prices of their goods during the busy and most profitable season of the year, and I would say to the public and my competitors in trade that nothing but an imperative demand would induce me so to do. Masons and carpenters will be at work, bricks and mortar flying, together with my suspension from business, demands that I should close out my stock immediately, as I can ill afford to carry a large stock over to another season.

GEO. W. BURKETT, - 81 Main St., City Block, Belfast, Me.

Mr. Wm. WESTFALL,

Of Duchess Co., N. Y., 80 Years of Age, Suffered Continually for Many Years from Stone in the Bladder.

Great age and painful disease are a sad combination. Yet Mr. William Westfall, formerly of Rock City, Duchess, Co., N. Y., now of Washington Hollow, in the same county, came to the office of Dr. David Kennedy, the eminent Physician and Surgeon of Rondout, N. Y., some time since, in a condition to excite the sympathy of the most cold-blooded and hard-hearted person in the world. We say he came—he was, rather, *carried* to the Doctor's office, for he was totally helpless, and bore the weight of 80 years besides. He had suffered long from Retention of Urine, and had all the symptoms of an aggravated case of calculus formation in the bladder. The usual Instrumental examination revealed the presence in the bladder of a urinary calculus of uncommon size. Dr. Kennedy frankly told Mr. Westfall that, owing to his age and debility, an operation was out of the question, but that he could, by the prescription of "Kennedy's Favorite Remedy," together with local treatment, make him comfortable and leave him to live out all his years. The outcome of this was that the patient enjoyed good health to the last.

The Reasons Why

Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" is being extensively used by our ministers and fathers. It is a combination of vegetable alteratives. It is pleasant to the taste, adapted to both sexes and all ages, is effective in affording immediate relief in all cases of Kidney, Liver and Urinary Complaints, Constipation of the Bowels and derangements peculiar to women. At the same time purifies the blood, thus giving tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease or age. Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy" for sale by all druggists. 1m44

Dr. CLARK JOHNSON'S Indian Blood Syrup.

CURES *Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Fever & Ague, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Biliousness, Nervous Debility &c.*

The Best Remedy Known to Man.

12,000,000 Bottles

SOLD SINCE 1870.

This Syrup Possesses Varied Properties

It Stimulates the Ptyaline in the Saliva, which converts the Starch and Sugar of the food into chyme. A deficiency in Ptyaline causes Wind and Souring of the food in the Stomach. If the medicine is taken immediately after eating the fermentation of food is prevented.

It acts upon the Liver.
It acts upon the Kidneys.
It Regulates the Bowels.
It Purifies the Blood.
It quiets the Nervous System.
It Promotes Digestion.
It Nourishes, Strengthens and invigorates.
It carries off the Old Blood and makes new.
It opens the pores of the skin and induces Healthy Perspiration.

It neutralizes the hereditary taint, or poison in the blood, which generates Scrofula, Erysipelas, and other manner of skin diseases and internal tumors.

There are no spirits employed in its manufacture, and it can be taken by the most delicate babe, or by the aged and feeble, *care only being required in attention to directions.*

Bucksport, Hancock Co., Me.

This is to certify that I had Chronic Diarrhœa for fifty years, and have used all the medicine I have heard recommended, tried all the doctors within thirty miles, and paid out over one hundred dollars, all to no purpose. I procured from an agent, sent by Dr. Clark Johnson's Indian Blood Syrup, and it helped me immediately. The disease has now entirely left me, and I consider myself well. I advise all sufferers to try it. WILLIAM GRANT.

Dresden Mills, Lincoln Co., Me.

I was troubled with Dyspepsia and Indigestion, and failed to find relief until I tried Dr. Clark Johnson's Indian Blood Syrup, which greatly benefited me. MISS MARY T. GROVES.

York, York Co., Me.

Dr. Clark Johnson's Indian Blood Syrup has great benefited me for Dyspepsia and Difficulty of the Nervous System. I would not be without it.
J. A. WITHAM.

Bingham, Somerset Co., Me.

I have used Dr. Clark Johnson's Indian Blood Syrup for Disease of the Stomach and Liver, and have been much benefited thereby.
MRS. S. RICHARDSON.

Agents wanted for the sale of the Indian Blood Syrup in every town or village, in which I have no agent. Parties give good application. 1y 15

DRUGGISTS SELL IT.

Laboratory 77 West 3d St., N. Y. City.

CONQUEROR

OF ALL KIDNEY DISEASES.

THE BEST

KIDNEY AND LIVER MEDICINE

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.

CURES WHEN ALL OTHER MEDICINES FAIL as it acts **directly** on the **Kidneys, Liver** and **Bowels**, restoring them **at once** to healthy action. HUNT'S REMEDY is a safe, sure and speedy cure; and hundreds have testified to having been cured by it when physicians and friends had given them up to die. Do not delay, but try at once HUNT'S REMEDY.

HUNT'S REMEDY cures all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs, Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, and **Incontinence** and **Retention of Urine.**

HUNT'S REMEDY cures Pain in the Side, Back, or Loins, General Debility, Female Diseases, Disturbed Sleep, Loss of Appetite, Bright's Disease and **all Complaints of the Urino-Genital Organs.**

HUNT'S REMEDY quickly induces the **Liver** to healthy action, removing the causes that produce **Bilious Headache, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Costiveness, Piles, &c.**

By the use of **HUNT'S REMEDY,** the stomach and Bowels will speedily regain their strength, and the Blood will be perfectly purified.

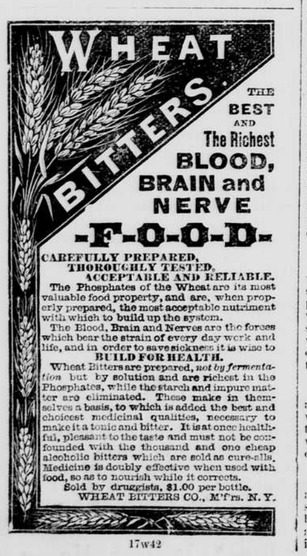
HUNT'S REMEDY is pronounced by the best doctors to be the *only cure* for all kinds of kidney diseases.

HUNT'S REMEDY is *purely vegetable,* and is a sure cure for Heart Disease and Rheumatism when all other medicine fails.

HUNT'S REMEDY is prepared expressly for the above diseases, and has never been known to fail. One trial will convince you. For sale by all Druggists. Send for Pamphlet to

HUNT'S REMEDY CO., Providence, R. I.
Prices, 75 cents and $1.25. 1y28

WHEAT BITTERS.



THE BEST AND The Richest **BLOOD, BRAIN and NERVE -F-O-O-D-**

CAREFULLY PREPARED, THOROUGHLY TESTED, ACCEPTABLE AND RELIABLE.

The Phosphates of the Wheat are its most valuable food property, and are, when properly prepared, the most acceptable nutriment with which to build up the system.

The Blood, Brain and Nerves are the forces which bear the strain of every day work and life, and in order to save sickness it is wise to **BUILD FOR HEALTH.**

Wheat Bitters are prepared, *not by fermentation* but by solution and are richest in the Phosphates, while the starch and impure matter are eliminated. Those make in themselves a basis, to which is added the best and choicest medicinal qualities, necessary to make it a tonic and bitter. It is at once healthful, pleasant to the taste and must not be confounded with the thousand and one cheap alcoholic bitters which are sold as cure-alls. Medicine is doubly effective when used with food, so as to nourish while it corrects.

Sold by druggists, $1.00 per bottle.
WHEAT BITTERS CO., M'f'rs, N. Y.

17w42

The Baby Sorceress.

My baby sits beneath the tall elm-trees,
A wreath of tangled ribbons in her hands;
She twines and twists the many-colored strands,—
A little sorceress, weaving destinies.
Now the pure white she grasps; now naught can please
But strips of crimson, lurid as the brands
From passion's fires; or yellow, like the sands
That lend soft setting to the azure seas.
And so with sweet, incessant toil she fills
A summer hour, still following fancies new
Till through my heart a sudden terror thrills
Lest, as she weaves, her aimless choice prove true.
Thank God! our fates proceed not from our wills:
The Power that spins the thread shall blend the hue.
[Thomas Wentworth Higginson, in the November Century.

Gems of Thought.

Ingratitude is abhorred by God and man. [L'Estrange.

Next to love, sympathy is the divinest passion of the human heart. [Burke.

As adversity leads us to think properly of our state, it is most beneficial to us. [Dr. S. Johnson.

He that would have the perfection of pleasure must be moderate in the use of it. [Whichcote.

He who reigns within himself, and rules passions, desires and fears, is more than a king. [Milton.

Happy it were for us all if we bore prosperity as well and wisely as we endure adverse fortune. [Southey.

Pity is sworn servant unto love, and this be sure, wherever it begin to make the way, it lets the master in. [Daniel.

The very nature of love is to find its joy in serving others, not for one's own benefit but for theirs. [Swedenborg.

The only thing which can endear religion to your practice will be to raise your affections above this world. [Wake.

He who stabs you in the dark with a pen would do the same with a penknife, were he equally safe from detection and law. [Quinlilian.

A house is never perfectly furnished for enjoyment unless there is a child in it rising three years old and a kitten rising three weeks. [Southey.

Outward actions can never give a just estimate of us, since there are many perfections of a man which are not capable of appearing in actions. [Addison.

A good wife is like the ivy which beautifies the building to which it clings, twining its tendrils more lovingly as time converts the ancient edifice into a ruin. [Johnson.

It is the age that forms the man, not the man that forms the age. Great minds do, indeed, reflect on the society which has made them what they are, but they only pay with interest what they have received. [Macaulay.

Be humble and gentle in your conversation, of few words, I charge you, but always pertinent when you speak, hearing out before you attempt to answer, and then speaking as if you would persuade not impose. [William Penn.

Surely, surely, the only true knowledge of our fellowman is that which enables us to feel with him—which gives us a fine ear for the heart-pulses that are beating under the mere clothes of circumstance and opinion. [George Eliot.

That happy state of mind, so rarely possessed, in which we can say, "I have enough, is the highest attainment of philosophy. Happiness consists, not in possessing much, but in being content with what we possess. He who wants little always has enough. [Zimmerman.

Heroism at Sea.

Fiction never furnished a more thrilling episode than is embodied in the truthful account of the extraordinary adventures of part of the crew of an English vessel. The barque Arracan, of Greenock, while on a voyage from Shields to Bombay, in mid winter, with a cargo of coals, took fire from spontaneous combustion of her cargo, and was abandoned by her crew, who then took to their boats and endeavored to make for the Maldive Islands.

The boats kept company for three days, when finding the currents too strong, it was agreed to separate, after dividing provisions. The master, in command of the long-boat, then made for Cochin; the mate, in charge of the gig and the second mate, David Webster, in charge of the pinnace, with four of the crew—namely, three men and one boy—made for the Maldive Islands.

After two days, Webster's boat was injured by a heavy sea, and could not keep up with the gig, and lost sight of her. From this time the pinnace was kept working to windward for the space of seventeen days, by which time the provisions and water had been consumed.

Shortly afterward, the crew cast lots to see which of them should be first killed to be eaten and the lot fell upon the ship's boy, Horner; but Webster, who had been asleep, was awakened in time to save the boy's life.

After dark, an attempt was made to kill Webster himself; but the boy Horner awoke him in time to save himself. On the following day, Webster having fallen asleep, was awakened by the struggles of the crew for the possession of his gun with which to shoot him.

Two hours later the crew attempted to take Horner's life again, but were prevented by the determined conduct of Webster, who threatened to shoot and throw overboard the first man who laid hands on the boy.

The next day one of the crew attempted to sink the boat, but Webster mastered him, and prevented further mischief. Two days later the same mutinous of the crew again tried to sink the boat, and expressed his determination to take the boy's life. For this he would have been shot by Webster had not the cap on the gun missed fire.

Soon after, putting a fresh cap on his gun, a bird flew over the boat, which Webster shot. It was at once seized and devoured by the crew, even to the bones and feathers.

During the next five days the crew were quiet, subsisting on barnacles, which attached themselves to the bottom of the boat, and on sea-blubber, for which they dived.

The following day some of the men became delirious. One of them lay down exhausted, when another struck him several blows on the head with an iron belaying-pin, cutting him badly. The blood which flowed was caught in a tin and drank by the man himself and the two other men.

Afterward they fought and bit one another, and only left off when completely exhausted, to recommence as soon as they were able, the boy Horner, during the time, keeping watch with Webster.

On the thirty-first day in the boat they were picked up, six hundred miles from land by the ship City of Manchester and taken to Calcutta.

Webster, who by his conduct was the means of saving the lives of all in the boat, had conferred upon him by the Queen the Albert medal. [Phila. Sat. Night.

Newfoundland Dogs.

The man who thinks that Newfoundland dogs of noble mien and build troop in droves through the country is, in our Yankee phrase, a good deal "off." The Newfoundland dog is not only like the traditional prophet, without honor in his own country, but there are very few of him at all. The pure breed is almost extinct. We find any day in a New England town better dogs of the Newfoundland type than I have seen during a week's stay in the city of St. John's. The streets are filled with mongrels, big dogs, small dogs, spaniels, esquimaux and mastiffs, but almost all low curs of vile breed and pattern. Well informed Newfoundlanders smile satirically when you extol their famous dogs, and go so far as to deny that the animal originated in the island at all. As a rule, the big black Newfoundland dog is a much abused beast. He is sought out more for strength than beauty, kept on low diet, used in winter to draw heavy sledges of wood, and is made anything but a household divinity. His temper is good up to five years old, when he is apt to become snappish. The water is his natural home and he will steal away at night and travel long distances for his bath. The test of his purity of breed and general merits are a thick-webbed foot, good bushy tail, the comely shape and poise of the head, and deep black color on the roof of the mouth. His degeneration is charged to the abuse of him as a beast of burden and to one of the island's old laws to protect sheep which has given a policeman 50 cents for shooting dogs found at large—a statute under which many fine dogs have been ruthlessly slaughtered.

The earliest records of the island show that the aboriginal dog of the country was a good tempered creature of great size, and so strong that he could draw from the water seals weighing hundreds of pounds. He had a passionate fondness for the sea, lived on raw fish and was a skillful fisher swimming rapidly under water and catching his prey by the mouth. A case is cited where one of these dogs was seen catching fish for sheer sport, heaping them up on shore, and then plunging in for others. The same records prove, however, that this dog was of an extinct species very different from the present Newfoundland, though the latter in this latitude is very fond of raw fish. [Correspondent New York Post.

Everybody has heard of the jolly Dutchman who, when the steamboat was likely to sink, succeeded, after much trouble, in finding a life-preserver large enough to fit him. While he was trying his best to blow it up a young fellow standing by said: "You can't fill that with wind; it leaks. Don't you hear it siss?" "Ish dot so?" he replied. "Vell, I dinks, den, I better keep de vind in myself."

Said a school teacher—"If I have ten apples and give you five and give big brother five, what will be left?" "I'll be left," responded the younger brother; "for he will get away with all of them. That's the kind of a Presidential candidate he is."

He said he was bashful and blushed painfully and asked her if she could spell bashful. She said she might do it on a pinch and spelled it b-a-s-h-f-o-o-l. Then he looked uneasily at her and began to wonder if she were unutterably ignorant or superlatively sarcastic.

Almost Young Again.

"My mother was afflicted a long time with Neuralgia and a dull, heavy, inactive condition of the whole system, headache, nervous prostration, and was almost helpless. No physicians or medicines did her any good. Three months ago she began to use Hop Bitters, with such good effect that she seems and feels young again, although over 70 years old. We think there is no other medicine fit to use in the family." [A lady in Providence, R. I.

Why is a cab horse the most miserable of all created beings? Because his thoughts are ever on the rack, and his greatest joy is woe!

An Explanation.

The delicate, flowery and lasting fragrance of Floreston Cologne explain why it is such a favorite with the ladies.

"'Tis sweet to hear the watch-dog's honest bark," sang Lord Byron. 'Tis sweet, indeed; just so long as he barks he can't bite.

Why suffer from a state of ill health? Why be troubled with dyspepsia? Brown's Iron Bitters will cure you.

The fact that the comet has already gone to pieces is a startling warning against the habit of early rising.

Facts.

A letter from P. O. Sharpless, druggist, Marion, Ohio, in writing of THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL, says: "One man was cured of sore throat of eight years' standing with one bottle." We have a number of cases of rheumatism that have been cured when other remedies have failed. We consider it the best medicine sold. For sale by R. H. Moody, Belfast.

Is there any fly-trap that you can confidently recommend? Edith. The best fly-trap we know of is an uncovered cream jug.

Why Should They?

No man or woman can do satisfactory work when the brain is dull, the nerves unsteady, the system relaxed, and they feel generally wretched. Why should anybody drag through their work in this condition, when a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic will at moderate cost give them the strength and will to perform their duties satisfactorily.

Time and the hour may run through the roughest day, but old Eternity collars the gate money.

The Crust of Tartar

Speedily leaves the surface of teeth upon which the cleansing and preservative influence of SOZODONT is daily exerted. No form of decay can infest a set of "ivories" upon which it is used. It has, moreover, a most refreshing effect upon the mouth, in which it leaves a very agreeable taste, besides rendering the breath fragrant. If the mouth be rinsed with it after smoking, the taste of the tobacco is entirely dissipated. As an auxiliary to personal comeliness it cannot too highly be extolled. Sold by druggists. 1m44

Failing!

That is what a great many people are doing. They don't know just what is the matter, but they have a combination of pains and aches, and each month they grow worse.

The only sure remedy yet found is BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and this by rapid and thorough assimilation with the blood purifies and enriches it, and rich, strong blood flowing to every part of the system repairs the wasted tissues, drives out disease and gives health and strength.

This is why BROWN'S IRON BITTERS will cure kidney and liver diseases, consumption, rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, malaria, intermittent fevers, &c.

203 S. Paca St., Baltimore.
Nov. 28, 1881.

I was a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and for several weeks could eat nothing and was growing weaker every day. I tried Brown's Iron Bitters, and am happy to say I now have a good appetite, and am getting stronger.
JOS. MCCAWLEY.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is *not* a drink and does not contain whiskey. It is the only preparation of Iron that causes no injurious effects. Get the genuine. Don't be imposed on with imitations.

1yr7

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

ONE OF THE OLDEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDIES IN THE WORLD FOR THE CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, and

Every affection of the

THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST,

including

CONSUMPTION.

A WELL-KNOWN PHYSICIAN WRITES:

"It does not dry up a cough, and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most preparations; but loosens it, cleanses the lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of complaint."

DO NOT BE DECEIVED by articles bearing similar names. Be sure you get

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

with the signature of "I. BUTTS" on the wrapper.

50 Cents and $1.00 a Bottle.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston, Mass. Sold by druggists and dealers generally.

1yrcow48

DO YOU KNOW

That you can buy FURNITURE at No. 70 Main St., CHEAPER than any where else, because we have just received a NEW SUPPLY OF

Parlor and Chamber Sets of all kinds, Extension and Centre Tables, Fancy Chairs of every kind, Sofas, Lounges,

&c., in fact everything ever kept in a FIRST-CLASS furniture store.

UPHOLSTERY, DRAPERY AND CURTAIN WORK

Done in the VERY BEST manner, at low prices.

CORNICES & POLES OF ALL KINDS.

Curtain Goods of all kinds at bargains.

Lambrequin Patterns and any information in regard to drapery work free. TRY US.

CASKETS AND ROBES

Of all kinds constantly on hand.

MR. GEO. DEPROUX will do everything he can to please those who favor us with a call. Any calls in this department will be promptly answered, DAY or NIGHT.

Sunday or night calls answered by Mr. DeProux at the New England House.

Bodies embalmed WITHOUT THE USE OF ICE with perfect success.

Having had so large experience for a number of years, we feel confident that our way of doing business and prices will suit customers. Will also attend to the whole management of FUNERALS, when desired, FREE of charge. 11

CALL ON US AT

70 Main Street, Belfast 70

R. H. COOMBS. CHAS. COOMBS

REFUNDING LOAN

—OF THE—

CITY OF BELFAST.

HOLDERS OF BELFAST CITY BONDS are requested to present them to the City Treasurer or to either of the Banks in Belfast for payment or exchange for secured 4 per cent. bonds.

AUGUSTUS PERRY, City Treas.

Belfast, July 19, 1882.—30tf

FARMERS and FARMERS' SONS CAN MAKE $50 to $150 PER MONTH During the Fall and Winter. For particulars, address, **J. C. McCurdy & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.** 1yr20

We Would Invite

Our friends and the public to call and examine our stock of

FALL & WINTER MILLINERY,

HATS, BONNETS,

Velvets, Plushes, Ribbons,

Plumes, Birds,

—AND—

Fancy Feathers.

We also have a FULL LINE of

Yarns! Scotch 4 Thread and 3 Thread, Saxony, Shetland, Germantown and Worsteds

OF ALL SHADES.

Childrens' Hoods, Lace Caps, Collars, Handkfs., Hoop Skirts, &c.

We are happy to announce that MISS JACKSON, who gave such general satisfaction last season, is still with us, and will endeavor to please all who may favor us.

Agents for EVANS' STANDARD SHEET MUSIC, 5 cents a copy. 42

Mrs. F. A. GILMORE.
Mrs. H. E. BABCOCK.

Dry Goods by Mail.

FOR the accommodation of ladies living out of town who cannot visit our establishment, we have opened, in connection with our business, a

Sample and Mail-Order Dept.,

whereby they can by sending to us for samples, make their selections at home and order by mail, thus receiving the same benefits as those living in the city.

Samples of any of our goods, together with circular containing important information concerning mail-orders, sent free to any address. 3m40

EASTMAN BROS. & BANCROFT,

492 & 494 Congress Street.

PORTLAND, - - MAINE.

Subscriptions to The Boston & Little Rapid Railroad Co. OF DAKOTA.

Pursuant to a resolution of the Company, subscription books will be open on MONDAY, Oct. 23d, for 90 days, to the public for $50,000 of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company, to be sold at par. This is the 2d Allotment of $50,000, the first having been placed by private subscription.

The allotments to be offered as follows:

1st allotment of $10,000
for each $100 Bond a bonus of 20 shares of the capital stock of the Company will be given.

2d allotment of $10,000
for each $100 Bond a bonus of 15 shares will be given.

3d allotment of $10,000
for each $100 Bond a bonus of 10 shares will be given.

4th allotment of $10,000
for each $100 Bond a bonus of 5 shares will be given.

5th allotment
at par, without bonus.

Freight contracts for one year have already been secured and renewable, which guarantee a net earning of 10 per cent. per annum on the entire capital stock of the Company.

Hon. ALBERT PALMER, President, Boston.
GEORGE H. DREW, Secretary.
EDWARD R. FINKER, Treasurer, North Adams.
OFFICE—15 Simmons Building, No. 40 Water St.
2w43 Boston, Mass.

MISS BEECHER'S

Hair or Whisker Dye.

For Hair and Whiskers. Will change light or gray hair to a jet black, dark brown or auburn color. Free from lead or other injurious ingredient. It requires but a single application to effect its purpose. Washing is required after dyeing, as in the case of other dyes. It is not two separate articles (as are most hair dyes), but a single combination; and to experienced wholesale druggists who have handled all the various dyes, pronounce it **the best** single preparation for changing the color of the hair which has been brought to their notice.

Price, 50 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed in every case, or the money refunded. Prepared only by **DR. G. W. THOMPSON,** Rockland, Me. Sold by all dealers.

Used extensively by ladies, many buying as high as a dozen bottles at a time. 1ycow46

SHROPSHIRE, SOUTHDOWN

—AND—

COTSWOLD BUCKS

FOR SALE AT

Bay View Stock Farm,

E. A. GROSS, Foreman.

Belfast, Oct. 14, 1882.—42tf

New Marble Shop!

In Langworthy Building.

W. T. HOWARD,

Manufacturer of and dealer in

MONUMENTS, TABLETS, GRAVESTONES AND MARBLE SHELVES,

of the best Italian and American Marble. Vases, Bouquet Holders and usual variety of marble work on hand, at the very lowest prices. **CHURCH STREET.**

Belfast, April 27, 1882.—18

WOOD'S ORGANS.

DIDN'T YOU KNOW THAT W. C. TUTTLE sold the WOOD ORGAN very cheap? And every body knows, or ought to know, that they are the best Organ in the market. Come and see a fine stock of beautiful instruments.

W. C. TUTTLE.

Belfast, Sept. 7, 1882.—3m37*

5000 CHINA TEA SETS

to be given away to ladies who will sell tea for us. Send for particulars.

ATLANTIC TEA CO.,

3m41 **Fitchburg, Mass.**

C. P. LOMBARD, DENTIST

Corner of Church & Spring Sts., BELFAST. 52tf

ISAAC HILLS, SURGEON DENTIST,

No. 19 Main St., - Belfast, Me. 19

Picked up at Sea

ONE pine stick suitable for a mast, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges. JOSEPH AREY,
Master schr. Mary Jane.

Winterport, Oct. 12, 1882.—3w42

Money Found

BETWEEN the Paper Mills in Benton and Albion Corner, in September last. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges. Address JOHN M. THOMPSON.

Unity, Oct. 12, 1882.—3w42*

PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

No. 76 State St., opposite Kilby, Boston,

Secures Patents in the United States; also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Copies of the claims of any Patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington. *No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.*

R. H. EDDY, Solicitor of Patents.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the *most capable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse." CHAS. MASON, Commissioner of Patents.

"Inventors cannot employ a person more trustworthy or more capable of securing for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office." EDMUND BURKE, Late Commissioner of Patents.

BOSTON, October 19, 1870.

R. H. EDDY, Esq.—Dear Sir: You procured for me, in 1869, my first patent. Since then you have acted for and advised me in hundreds of cases, and procured many patents, reissues and extensions. I have occasionally employed the best agencies in New York, Philadelphia and Washington, but I still give you almost the whole of my business, in your line, and advise others to employ you.

Yours truly, GEORGE DRAPER.

Boston, January 1, 1882.—1yrl

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. **Take no other.**

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

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HEART TROUBLES.

ONE IN THREE HAVE THEM

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HYPERTROPHY, or enlargement of the Ventricles. *Dr. Graves' Heart Regulator is a sure and speedy remedy.*

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WATER in the heart case. (Accompanies Dropsy.) *Dr. Graves' Heart Regulator acts promptly.*

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A STARTLING FACT! Heart disease is the aggregate are in proportion to consumption in fatality—*Dr. Graves' Heart Regulator is a specific.* Price $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5, by express. Send stamp for valuable physicians' treatise on these diseases.

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Sold by all Leading Druggists. 4 (6)

HEART DISEASE

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GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK. THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. TRADE MARK

BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING.

DY. An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on the receipt of money, by address ing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Ok account of counterfeits we have adopted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine. Guarantees of cure issued.

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Cure Your Corns!

BY USING

SCHLOTTERBECK'S

Corn, Wart & Bunion Solvent.

Entirely harmless; is not a caustic. It removes Corns, Warts, Bunions and Callous, without leaving a blemish. Brush for applying in each bottle.

CURES IS GUARANTEED.

Price 25 cents. For sale by all Druggists.

Try it and you will be convinced like thousands who have used it and now testify to its value.

Ask for Schlotterbeck's Corn and Wart Solvent and take no other. 1yr20

NERVOUS DEBILITY:

A Cure Guaranteed.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by overexertion, self abuse, or over indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With every order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchased our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only when the treatment is ordered direct from us. Sold by R. H. MOODY. 1ycow14

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BEFORE THE

Court of Commissioners Of Alabama Claims.

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Marvellous success.

Insane Persons Restored. DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER

For all Brain & Nervous Diseases. *Only cure for Fits, Epilepsy and Nerve Affections.*

INVALUABLE! taken as directed. *No Fits after the first dose.* Positively cures the worst cases. 2 trial bottles free to patients, they paying expressage. Send name, P. O. and express address to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. *Sole prepaid druggists.*

3m35*

Birds!

BUY OF THE IMPORTER! German Song Canaries, **$2.50** and **$3**; St. Andreasberg Canaries, bell and flute notes, **$4, $5**; Campbell Canaries, trained whistlers, long trill and water bubble notes, **$8** and **$10.** A great variety of talking Parrots, Cardinals, Goldfinches, Bullfinches, Linnets, &c. Birds safe by express. Price list free. Holden's New Book on Birds, 128 pp., **80** illustrations, all about food, care, diseases, 25c., stamps. **G. L. HOLDEN, 9 Bowdoin Square, Boston, Mass.** 2m41

FARM FOR SALE

In South Brooks, containing 103 acres of land, dwelling house 1½ stories high with woodshed and oil, two barns 40x60, two never failing wells of water, a young orchard with 200 bearing apple trees, cuts 25 tons of hay, mostly with a machine. Apply to LEWVILLE WHITTAKER or WM. O. JONES.

South Brooks, Oct. 5, 1882.—6w40*

Merriam's Golden Drops.

Two days experience with MERRIAM'S GOLDEN DROPS has convinced hundreds of its superior merits for summer complaints and the worst cases of bloody dysentery, and is destined to convince hundreds more. For sale by druggists in Belfast. 3mos32*

Essex and Yorkshire Pigs.

FOR SALE AT BAY VIEW STOCK FARM Inquire of E. A. GROSS, Foreman.

Belfast, May 31, 1882.—23tf

American Hotel.

Having been unexpectedly called upon to take charge of the above hotel, I hope with the assistance of **MR. EDWARDS,** the former clerk, to maintain the good reputation heretofore formed by the late landlord, **MR. WILL R. HOLMES,** who has taken up his residence in Rockland. **H. N. LANCASTER,**

1yr14 **American Hotel, Belfast, Me.**

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that she has been duly appointed and taken upon herself the trust of Administratrix of the estate of

HANNAH HARDING, late of Prospect,

in the County of Waldo, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs; she therefore requests all persons who are indebted to said deceased's estate to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to her. 3w43 NANCY J. HEAGAN.

PROBATE NOTICES.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of October, A. D. 1882.

NATHAN P. BEAN, Executor of the last will of ANDREW FROHOCK, late of Belmont, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented a petition for license to sell certain real estate of said deceased for purposes therein named.

Ordered, That the said Executor give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of November next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

JAMES D. LAMSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—A. A. FLETCHER, Register.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of October, A. D. 1882.

THOMAS F. CARLL, Administrator of the estate of ROBERT CARLL, late of Unity, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented a petition for license to sell certain real estate of said deceased for purposes therein named.

Ordered, That the said Administrator give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of November next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed.

JAMES D. LAMSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—A. A. FLETCHER, Register.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of October, A. D. 1882.

BENJAMIN TRIPP, Guardian of B. F. COCHRAN, minor heir of FRANKLIN COCHRAN, late of Searsport, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented a petition for license to sell certain real estate of said minor for purposes therein named.

Ordered, That the said Guardian give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of November next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the said account should not be allowed.

JAMES D. LAMSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—A. A. FLETCHER, Register.

At a Probate Court, held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of October, A. D. 1882.

CARRIE P. CROSBY, Guardian of MAGGIE P. CROSBY and ANNIE C. CROSBY, heirs at law of WM. G. CROSBY, late of Belfast, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented a petition for license to sell certain real estate of said heirs for purposes therein named.

Ordered, That the said Guardian give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed