PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 23, 1862.—VOL. 26. PORTLAND, MAINE FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 17, 1888. ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER. PRICE THREE CENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y. ly2d&wtf

LINEN GOODS CHEAP.

You have never bought Towels, Crash, Napkins, and many other Linen Goods as cheap as we are to sell them at our

SALE TODAY AND TOMORROW.

RINES BROTHERS.

DYE HOUSE NOTICE, NO. 3.

NOW IS THE TIME TO HAVE YOUR FADED or SOILED GARMENTS Renovated for Winter. Take them to

Foster's Forest City Dye House

NO. 13 PREBLE ST.

Tailors' Pressmen Employed. sneodly

W. D. LITTLE & CO.,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY,

Established in 1843.

NO. 31 EXCHANGE STREET.

All kinds of property insured at lowest rates. First-class companies, American and Foreign. oct20 sntf

CAUCUS.

The Republicans of the town of Windham are requested to meet at the Town House to nominate candidates for Town Officers, and also to choose Town Committee for the ensuing year.

feb16d&wtd Per order Town Committee.

HELPS FOR PLAYERS AND SINGERS.

In addition to a large Instruction Book such as the

New England Conservatory Method

(for the Piano) ($3.00), every pupil needs a great deal of easy music for practice. This is found in a very cheap and convenient form in

Clarke's Dollar Instructor for Piano, - - - $1.00
Bellak's Analytical Method for Piano, - - - .75
Winner's Ideal Method for Piano, - - - .50
Fairy Fingers, Becht. - - - - - - - 1.00

Of collections of Studies and Exercises for Piano, we publish no less than Two Hundred and Thirty! Please send for lists and catalogues.

Handy Books for Music Learners are:

Construction, Tuning and Care of the Piano, - .60
5000 Musical Terms. Adams. - - - - .75
A compact Dictionary.
Kinkel's Copy Book, - - - - - - - .75
Very useful musical writing book.
Stainer's Dictionary (or Cyclopædia,) - 4.00
Profusely illustrated.

First-Class and Very Successful Collections of Piano Music are:

Classical Pianist. 42 PIANE PIECES. - - 1.00
Piano Classics. 44 PIECES. - - - - 1.00
Young People's Classics. 53 PIANO PIECES. 1.00
MAILED FOR RETAIL PRICE.

Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston. feb8 eod&wtf

NERVINE. ANTI-NERVOUS

ROASTED COFFEE.

To those troubled with nervousness caused from the use of Coffee, try NERVINE, be free from it, and enjoy life. Packed in pound packages only. Protected by letters patent. Agents wanted in every town. Send for circulars.

F. D. MAYNARD & CO.,

Importers and Roasters,

NO. 135 STATE ST., - - - BOSTON. jan31 eod1m

The AMERICAN INVESTMENT CO.

of Emmetsburg, Iowa. Established 1872.

Authorized Capital	$1,000,000
Paid Up Capital	600,000
Surplus	75,000

offers for sale, at par and accrued interest, 6 per cent and 7 per cent first mortgage loans on farms in Iowa, Kansas and other Western States, valued at three and four times the amount loaned thereon, and fully guaranteed by this company. Also its own 6 per cent debenture bonds, and further secured by deposit of first mortgage farm loans, as collateral, with Mercantile Trust Co., of New York, trustee. A supply of mortgages and bonds constantly on hand, which investors are invited to call and examine. Coupons cashed on presentation. Please apply personally, or by letter, for list of references and other information. C. C. OLAPP, Gen. Agent, Oxford Building, 185 Middle Street, Room 2. dec20eod6m

Portland School of Stenography.

Pupils thoroughly instructed in shorthand and type-writing. Day and evening sessions. Send for circular. Agent fort he Caligraph.

Miss A. L. Sawyer, 537 Congress St., Portland, Me. jy19 eod6m

Montreal Indignant.

MONTREAL, Feb. 16.—The news that the Fishery Commission has agreed on a treaty created surprise here. The feeling is that Canada's interests to a great extent has been sacrificed. Considerable indignation is expressed. The leading papers are greatly disatisfied, the feeling being that the granting of the right to American vessels to touch and trade in Canadian ports is a complete back down or a great victory for the Americans, as it virtually recognizes the justice of what the United States has been claiming all along. Some Canadian papers are very mad at the concessions. The Montreal Post comes out boldly for annexation. Considerable regret is also expressed that nothing was done by the commission in regard to the extension of commercial relations between the two countries. A lively time is predicted when the treaty is said before the Dominion Parliament which assembles in a few days.

THE PORTLAND DAILY PRESS,

Published every day (Sundays excepted) by the PORTLAND PUBLISHING COMPANY, AT 97 EXCHANGE STREET, PORTLAND, ME.

TERMS: Eight Dollars a Year. To mail subscribers, Seven Dollars a Year, if paid in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING—One inch of space the length of column, or twelve lines *nonpariel* constitutes a "square."

$1.50 per square, daily, first week; 75 cents per week after; three insertions or less, $1.00 continuing every other day after first week, 50 cents.

Half square, three insertions or less, 75 cents; one week, $1.00; 50 cents per week after.

SPECIAL NOTICES, one-third additional.

Under head of "AMUSEMENTS" and AUCTION SALES," $2.00 per square per week; three insertions or less, $1.50.

THE MAINE STATE PRESS.

Published every THURSDAY MORNING, at $2.50 a year; if paid in advance, $2.00 a year.

Advertisements inserted in the "MAINE STATE PRESS" (which has a large circulation in every part of the State) for $1.00 per square for first insertion, and 50 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Address all communications to PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.

The indications for New England are warmer, fair weather, fresh to brisk winds, generally westerly.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 16, 1888.

	7 A M	3 P M	10 P M
Barometer	30.24	30.11	29.91
Thermometer	—4	13.	8.
Dew Point	—8	—4	4.
Humidity	80.	46.	86.
Wind	NW	W	SW
Velocity	4.	2.	6
Weather	Clear	Clear	Clear

Mean daily bar	30.09	Maximum ther	14.1
Mean daily ther	4.5.7	Minimum ther	—4.8
Mean daily dew pt	—2.7	Max. vel. wind	20
Mean daily hum	70.7	Total precip	.0

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

(Feb. 16, 1888, 10.00 P.M.)

Observations taken at the same moment of time at all stations.

Place of Observation.	Height of the Barometer.	Thermo'ter Exposed.	Thermo'ter Change in last 24 hours.	Wind Direction.	Wind Velocity.	State of the Weather.
Eastport, Me	30.00	4	0	NW		Clear
Portland, Me	30.02	8	+8	SW		Clear
Northfield, Vt	30.04	6	+12	W		Clear
Boston, Mass	30.10	14	+14	W		Clear
Block Island	30.02	16	+8	W		Clear
Nantucket	30.24	18	+10	W		Clear
Albany, N. Y	30.04	8	+10	N		Clear
New York	30.18	12	+6	SW		Fair
Philadelphia	30.24	18	+10	NW		Clear
Galveston	30.44	52	+8	NE		Clear
Washington	30.24	26	+6	S		Clear
Norfolk, Va	30.30	28	—2	SE		Clear
Hatteras	30.40	30	—2	E		Clear
El Paso						
Jacksonville	30.40	42	+18	N		Cloudy
Montgomery	30.42	40	—14	N		Clear
New Orleans	30.38	52	—6	NE		Clear
Cincinnati, O	30.24	22	+10	SW		Clear
Pittsburg	30.14	38	—3	S		Clear
Buffalo, N.Y.	29.94	30	—34	SW		Fair
Oswego	29.92	34	—12	W		Clear
Cleveland	30.06	38	—34	W		Fair
Detroit	30.04	36	—32	SW		Clear
Port Huron	30.14	34	—18	W		Clear
Grand Haven	30.02	32	—26	W		Clear
Des Moines	30.22	36		SW		Clear
Marquette	29.92	36		NW		Clear
Chicago, Ill	30.14	36		W		Clear
Duluth, Minn	30.08	40	+28	W		Fair
St. Paul, Minn	30.16	24	+22	W		Clear
Leavenworth	30.32	36	+10	S		Clear
Santa Fe	30.30	44	—2	E		Clear
Dodge City						
St. Vincent	30.16	24	+24	NE		Cloudy
Rapid City	29.78	36	—4	N		Clear
Cheyenne	29.92	30	—2	NW		Clear
North Platte	30.28	42		W		Clear
Denver, Col	30.38	48	+6	NW		Clear
Halifax	29.96	22	—6			
Montreal	29.94	2	+10	S		Hazy

E. P. JONES, Prv't S. O., U. S. A.

STAIN'S ALIBI.

Further Evidence that He Could Not Have Murdered Barron.

BOSTON, Feb. 16.—A special despatch to the Boston Record this afternoon from Medfield, Mass., says that another startling development in regard to the robbery of the Dexter bank and the murder of Cashier Barron has just come to light in that town, and if the evidence discovered shall prove true David L. Stain, now under arrest, will have no trouble in proving an alibi.

Stain was a resident of Medfield February 22, 1878, the day of the murder, and was a member of the local fire engine company. J. H. Baker, a well known resident of Medfield, has for many years been clerk of the engine company, and has kept a record of all of its meetings. He has discovered that on the evening of February 22, 1878, a meeting of the company was held at Stain's house and that Stain was present. A record was made at the time of the meeting and it is claimed that these facts are absolutely correct.

Stain's presence at the meeting was not inconsistent with the published statement of Mr. Fowler, that Stain helped him to drive sheep in the town of Foxboro on the same day. Stain's counsel have been advised of this new evidence.

MAINE.

The Clinton Case.

[Special to the Press.]

CLINTON, Feb. 16.—Coroner Carver arrived in Clinton this morning and empanelled a jury in the Beal poisoning case. Seven witnesses were examined including the son George The fatal bottle of whiskey was found seven-eighths full. About a quarter of an inch of gray powder had settled on the bottom. Dr. Tash said there was poison enough in the bottle to kill one hundred men and three teaspoonfuls of the liquor would kill a person. The liquor and the stomach of the dead man were sent to Brunswick for analysis. The jury adjourned until Monday morning at 9 o'clock.

Hancock County Templars.

ELLSWORTH, Feb. 16.—Hancock District Lodge of Good Templars were in session here today. Unfavorable weather prevented a large attendance, but the meeting was interesting and enthusiastic. F. W. Winter of East Orland, was elected district templar, and Mrs. Effie Macomber of Franklin, secretary.

More Business in Kennebunk.

BIDDEFORD, Feb. 16.—The Davis Shoe Company of Kennebunk, whose factory at Richmond, Va., was recently destroyed by fire, have transferred their orders from that factory to Kennebunk, and will largely increase the number of employes in every department. It is expected that more work will be done at the Kennebec factory than at any time since it has been located there.

The Governor at Lewiston.

LEWISTON, Feb. 16.—Canton Worombus, Patriarchs Militant, gave a grand reception to Gov. Marble and staff at City Hall tonight. Gov. Marble, with members of his Council, Adjutant General Gallagher and wife, Gen. George Beal and lady, Col. H. E. Hill and wife, Col. A. W. Ingersoll, Col. George W. Philbrook, Col. C. A. Leighton and wife, and Major F. E. Boothby and wife, arrived by the afternoon train. City Hall was elaborately decorated and presented a beautiful appearance. After the formal reception, during which many people were presented to the Governor, there was an exhibition and emblematic drill followed by dancing. There was a very large attendance, the members of the order in their regalia with the brilliant costumes of the ladies, giving the hall a charming appearance.

Knights of Honor.

LEWISTON, Feb. 16.—The Grand Lodge of the Knights of Honor met at Auburn last evening, and elected as Grand Dictator, E. McMurdle of Augusta; Vice Dictator, E. O. Clark, Waldoboro; Reporter, F. W. Parker, Lewiston; Treasurer, J. Fred Hall, Rockland; Representatives, Wm. Johnston, Damariscotta, F. J. Day, Lewiston. It was the largest meeting for ten years.

Not in the Trust.

BOSTON, Feb. 15.—The Revere Sugar refinery makes the following statement:

The reports so persistantly telegraphed throughout the country that the Revere Sugar refinery has been sold or is to be sold are entirely without foundation. We have not offered the refinery for sale nor do we want or expect to sell it, and nothing but some unforeseen accident will prevent our running it to its fullest capacity.

WM. F. Naylor, a student, was burned to death in the Elmira fire, and a bookkeeper named Fitzpatrick is supposed to have shared the same fate.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Boston's Chamber of Commerce Fails to Make Out a Case.

Senator Frye's Bill for a Congress of American Republics.

Why Mr. David Dudley Field Doesn't Like Some State Names.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The inter-state commerce commission to-day rendered an opinion in the case of the Boston Chamber of Commerce against the Lake Shore, Michigan & Southern railroad, the New York Central and Hudson River railroad and the Boston & Albany railroad, dismissing the compaint on the ground that the alleged discrimination is necessary in the interests of trade.

Senator Frye's Bill.

The McCreary bill, providing for a Congress of American republics which has been reached in the House is a mere skeleton compared to the bill introduced in the Senate by Senator Frye, and which will be favorably reported by the committee on foreign relations of that body. Mr. Frye's bill provides for the assembling of the Congress, the republics above named, the empire of Brazil and also Hayti and San Domingo being included in the representation, on the first day of October, 1888, or as soon thereafter as practicable. The Congress shall consider:

First.—Measures that shall tend to preserve the peace and promote the prosperity of the several American states.

Second.—Measures toward the formation of an American customs union, under which the trade of the American nations with each other shall, so far as is possible and profitable, be promoted.

Third.—The establishment of regular and frequent communication between the ports of the several American states and the ports of each other.

Fourth.—The establishment of a uniform system of customs regulations in each of the American states to govern the mode of importation and exportation of merchandise and port dues and charges, a uniform method of determining the classification and valuation of such merchandise in the ports of each country, and a uniform system of invoices, and the subject of the sanitation of ships and quarantine.

Fifth.—The adoption of a uniform system of weights and measures, and laws to protect the patent rights, copyrights and trade-marks of citizens of either country in the other, and for the extradition of criminals.

Sixth.—The adoption of a common silver coin, to be issued by each government in such amount proportionate of each as may be determined upon, the same to be legal tender in all commercial transactions between the citizens of all of the American states.

Seventh.—An agreement upon and recommendation for adoption to the respective governments of a definite plan of arbitration of all questions, disputes, and differences that may now or hereafter exist between them, to the end that all difficulties and disputes between these nations may be peaceably settled and wars prevented.

Mr. Frye's bill appropriates $100,000 for expenses incidental to the conference—provides for the appointment by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate, of twenty-four delegates to the same, three of whom shall be learned in international law and three seamaiden, men actively engaged in agriculture, manufacturing and the exportation and importation of merchandise.

Kanawha, Montezuma and Tacoma.

Mr. David Dudley Field was before the House committee on territories yesterday to protest against the retention of certain of our territorial names when the territories to which they belong shall become States. On general principles he held that a country so rich in Indian names as this ought in no case to perpetuate European names; and he cited New York as about the worst designation that could have been given to a State. The only thing he cherished against the memory of Mr. Lincoln was the fact that he admitted a "West Virginia" when he might have had a Cumberland or a Susquehanna. He protested against South and North Dakota as unnecessary and confusing. He objected to New Mexico because it was meaningless, except as a remnant of Mexico. He suggested instead Montezuma, holding that the personage of that name was the greatest of our aboriginal chiefs, and deserved to have his name perpetuated. He protested against Washington as likely to lead to confusion, and suggested Tacoma as both euphonious and distinctive.

The Nation's Gratitude.

The following pensions were granted to Maine residents today:

INVALID.

Elias Davis, Warren.
Geo. H. Dow, East Jefferson.

INCREASE.

Benj. Maddox, Ellsworth.
Oscar F. Mayo, Waterville.
John Meserve, Senago.
Charles E. Warren, Milbridge.
Benj. F. Farnham, E. Knox.
Allen J. Crooker, Norway.
Robt. A. Heal, Lincolnville.

REISSUE.

Josephine A., widow of James Kirkpatrick, Jr. Bangor.
Philip Smith, Winterport.

REISSUE AND INCREASE.

Geo. O. Dunforth, Lewiston.
Isaac Clapp, Brownville.

BATH'S SPECIAL CONSTABLES.

One to be Investigated and the Other Tired of the Business.

[Special to the Press.]

BATH, Feb. 16.—The trial of Hart, who, it is alleged, was maltreated by State Constable McDonald, in arresting him for drunkenness Tuesday, has been postponed until Saturday morning, when it is expected the testimony will be confined to Hart's condition as regards intoxication when the arrest was made, and counsel will ask an investigation of the affair by the city government.

Mayor Wakefield was seen by your correspondent tonight, and said: "The conduct of Constable McDonald, after securing the man, was brutal and extreme, and if the city government are satisfied of this after a full investigation, they will ask the Governor and Council for his removal. The course of the constables here has been such as to throw the whole constabulary into contempt. The cause of temperance could be better served by the police if the temperance men were only honest and would make complaints. State constables must confine themselves to search warrants for liquor in Bath, and they cannot knock men down or arrest them for drunkenness."

It is rumored that Constable Whitlock has concluded to do no further service, and has opened his fish market, so Mr. Wakefield further stated.

PROMINENT BANGOREANS.

Death of Two Old and Esteemed Residents of the Queen City.

BANGOR, Feb. 16.—Capt. Noah Emery, a retired shipmaster, well known on the Penobscot river, and in Boston, New York and San Francisco, died this afternoon, aged 63. He was born in East Hampden and followed the sea over 30 years. He sailed the ship Garibaldi for 10 years between New York and San Francisco. He had been a member of the city government of Bangor and was a man highly esteemed. He leaves a widow.

Albert Holden, a resident of the city for over 50 years, died this evening, aged 80. He was formerly a merchant and afterwards one of the chief organizers and for twelve years treasurer of the Bangor Savings Bank. He was many years president of the Bangor Gas Light Company, resigning two years ago on account of ill health. He married Miss Bartlett, of Newburyport, Mass., who died six or seven years ago. He leaves two brothers, Horace T., of Lancaster, N. H., and Edward, of Milwaukee, Wis. The remains will be taken to Newburyport for burial.

THE STATE COLLEGE.

Meeting of the Trustees in Bangor Yesterday.

BANGOR, Feb. 16.—At a meeting of the committee of the trustees of the State College this afternoon at the Bangor House, the dedication of Coburn Hall was fixed for June 26th. The exercises will consist of an historical address by Hon. Lyndon Oak, and brief addresses by the Governor and other officials. In the evening a meeting of the board of trustees was held for action towards the erection of an experimental station, the appointing of officers and fixing of salaries. It was voted to appropriate $6,000 for the erection of the station, the location to be left to a committee to report at a future time. The general management of the station will be placed in the hands of a committee consisting of the president of the college, the professor of agriculture, director of the station, professor of natural history, professor of veterinary science and the professor of horticulture, when appointed. State officials were appointed as follows: Director, Prof. W. H. Jordan, salary, $2,000; chemists, Prof. Bartlett, salary, $1,200; Prof. Merrill, salary, $1,000. Prof. Harvey will have charge of the botanical and entomological departments. A department of veterinary science will be added, and F. L. Russell, V. S., of Lewiston, was tendered the veterinary appointment at a salary of $1,000. A section of the farm will be set apart for experimental work. In view of the additional labors of the president in the new department it was voted to raise his salary $500. The work of erecting the station will be entered on as soon as the season allows.

4th CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.

The resolution offered by Senator Plumb, some weeks ago, directing inquiry as to the causes of inefficient mail service, was taken up and agreed to.

The resolution offered by Senator Manderson some days ago requiring the Secretary of War to furnish Senators, on their request, lists of persons to whom copies of the Record of the Rebellion are to be issued, was taken up and discussion ensued, participated in by Senators Vest, Aldrich, Hawley, Cockerell and Teller. The latter, in the course of his remarks, protested against there being any secrets in the departments. While he would not have all the deliberations of the cabinet, department officials or of the executive sessions of the Senate, open to the public, he believed the people were entitled to know the results of those deliberations as soon as reached. The resolution was finally adopted.

Senator Sawyer, at his own request, was excused from further service on the committee on education and labor, and Senator Ridgleberger appointed in his stead.

The Senate passed 18 private pension bills, and then went into executive session.

Adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE.

After the transaction of unimportant business, the House went into committee of the whole on the urgent deficiency bill. Mr. Kerr, of Iowa, speaking on one of the deficiency items for the department of justice, referred to the internal revenue laws and declared that at one of its State conventions the Democratic party of Missouri had passed a resolution asking the repeal of the internal revenue system.

Messrs. Barnes and Hatch, of Missouri, denied that such a resolution had ever been adopted.

Mr. Kerr said the gentlemen were mistaken and would find every Democratic convention in Missouri for the past ten years had adopted a resolution demanding that Congress should wipe off the statute books the provision of the revenue law, which prevented the farmer from selling tobacco to any but licensed dealers. That provision had been passed by a Republican Congress and signed by a Republican President, and it fastened shackles upon the tobacco growers.

Mr. Henderson, of Iowa, inquired why the Democratic Congress did not repeal it.

Mr. Hatch replied that he had at every session introduced a bill to that effect, but while it could pass the Democratic House it could not pass the Republican Senate.

Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, thought it matered not what had been done in the past. Let all join hands and strike from the statute books those iniquitous sections. [Applause.]

Mr. Reed, of Maine, inquired whether the gentleman (Hatch) was opposed to the repeal of the internal revenue taxes.

Mr. Hatch replied that he was opposed to their repeal until the taxes on the necessaries of life were first reduced. [Applause.]

Mr. Burnes remarked upon the manner in which the House bubbled over when tobacco was mentioned, and expressed the fear that if the other excise taxes covered by the internal revenue law was mentioned, a regular Pandora's box would be opened. He then brought back the discussion on the subject of the matter of the bill.

Amendments were adopted appropriating $90,000 for the support of United States prisoners, and directing the public printer to enforce rigidly the provisions of the nine hour law. After completed the consideration of the bill, the committee arose. Pending final action on the bill, the House took a recess until evening, when the Pacific railroad telegraph bill will be debated.

Evening Session.

The House met at 8 o'clock and adjourned at 11, after several speeches on the Pacific railroad telegraph bill had been delivered. The general tone of the remarks was strongly in favor of the measure.

GENERAL NEWS.

By the shutting down of coke ovens in the Connellsville, Pa., district to restrict production, 150 men lose employment.

The Nellson shaft, near Shamokin, Pa., has caught fire accidentally, and the operators refusing to pay the present schedule.

The Soo line has advances rates on flour, grain and mill stuffs from 1½ to 2½ cents.

The New York Press Club gave a dinner at Delmonico's last evening, in honor of its president, Col. Cockerell, of the World. Gov. Hill, Gen. Sherman, Chauncey M. Depew, and Col. Charles H. Taylor were among the guests. President Cleveland sent a letter of regret.

MAINE POLITICS.

Somerset County Republicans Organize a Home Market Club.

The Monson State hints that the change in the proprietorship of the Piscataquis Observer was occasioned by opposition to the course the paper took in supporting Mr. Burleigh, a course which may have been more hasty than the sentiment of Piscataquis County warranted.

The Waldo County Republican committee have organized by electing Col. Wm. H. Fogler, of Belfast, chairman, and Hon. Joseph R. Mears, of Morrill, secretary. The committee adopted a resolution recommending the organization of a Republican Club in each representative class in the county. It is the intention of the committee to thoroughly organize for the coming campaign, and in this work it should have the co-operation and assistance of every Republican in the County.

The Republicans of Somerset County met in Skowhegan Tuesday, and organized a Home Market Club. Lewis Anderson, of Skowhegan, is president; E. F. Goodwin, of Skowhegan, secretary; George Cushing, of Skowhegan, treasurer; and D. W. Allen, of Fairfield, and C. A. Harrington, of Norridewock, and with the president, secretary and treasurer, the executive committee. Among the other members of the club are such men as Senator George Flint, of North Anson; Omar Clark, of Carratunk, the great lumberman; William Dobson, of Pittsfield; Y. R. Conner, of Fairfield; Stephen L. Tobey, of Athens; T. F. Houghton, of Bingham; S. C. Ham, of Cambride; Leonard Lord, of Detroit; T. F. Boothby, of Embden; E. P. Pennell, of Harmony; K. C. Gray, of Madison; John F. Chadbourne, of East Madison; J. C. Adams, of Mayfield; D. G. Wood, of Mercer; Dr. Wm. H. Stevens, of N. New Portland; C. E. Warren, of Norridgewock; I. O. Winslow, of St. Albans.

The Young Men's Republican Club, of Augusta, have leased Novelty Hall for use as Republican headquarters during the coming campaign. The rooms will be attractively furnished and will be open for the use of all Republicans.

Fryeburg Notes.

A children's temperance concert was given, under the auspices of the Temperance Association, on last Sunday evening, at the new church. The programme was well rendered and very interesting.

A novel and successful entertainment, called a butterfly party, was given by the ladies of the New Church Society, in the lecture room of their church, on last evening. It consisted of a supper, instrumental music on the piano, guitar and banjo, recitations, charades and vocal music. All the exercises relating, as far as possible, to the butterfly.

Adjourned Caucus in Ward One.

The adjourned Democratic caucus in Ward 1 was held last evening, and the following ticket nominated:

Alderman—Hiram Wyer.
Councilmen—B. C. Donahue, T. R. Harper, J. M. Parker.
Warden—W. H. Welch.
Clerk—J. M. Parker.
Constables—J. E. Larkin, W. J. McCallum.
School Committee—E. Dunn, Jr.
City Committee—W. Birnie, J. H. Conneen, J. M. Parker, J. E. Ward, G. McCallum.

B. R. K. Patent Shoe Co.

The B. R. K. Patent Shoe Company has been organized in this city.

President—C. A. Kenney.
Treasurer—M. Lee Ross.
Capital stock, $500,000; paid in, $300; par value of shares, $10.

MR. BLAINE'S LETTER.

Mr. Manley Believes that Mr. Blaine Would Accept a Nomination.

The Movement in Iowa for Her Favorite Son Taking Form.

Something About the Probable Candidates for Nomination.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—The New York World this morning publishes a special despatch from Augusta, containing the account of a conversation yesterday with Hon. Joseph H. Manley, chairman of the Republican State Committee.

"Mr. Blaine's letter," said Mr. Manley, "is not to be considered final by any means. He does not decline a nomination, nor does he say that he will refuse to head the ticket if he is offered the nomination by the National Convention."

"Do you think he will take it?" asked the reporter.

"Yes, sir, I believe that he will."

"You are in a position to judge as well as any one, are you not?"

"I am in constant communication with Mr. Blaine."

"Are the considerations, entirely personal, that he refers to, meant to imply ill health?"

"Not by any means. Mr. Blaine is a man of wonderful vigor."

Does it refer to Mrs. Blaine's health then?"

"No."

"What are the personal reasons he refers to?"

"He simply means that he has been a candidate once and was defeated, and does not care for the nomination again."

"You say that he will not decline the nomination if it is given him?"

"I think he will accept it," repeated Mr. Manley.

"What then does his letter mean?"

"It means that Mr. Blaine will not have his name presented to the convention as an aspirant for the honor. If the convention demands that he take it he will do so. The issue in the coming fight is the tariff, and Mr. Blaine is the embodiment of Republican ideas on this great question."

Mr. Manley also said he himself had ordered 75,000 copies of President Cleveland's message to use as Republican campaign documents.

Mr. Manley further stated that Mr. Blaine if not nominated, would be a strong factor in the campaign. The candidate, he said, would be the man most likely to carry New York.

Unanimous for Allison.

DES MOINES, Feb. 16.—The members of the Republican State Central Committee of Iowa, which is now in session in Des Moines are unanimous for Senator Allison as a candidate for the Presidency and favor an early convention and putting him in the field. The Republican members of the legislature appear to be of the same kind.

The Land Theorist's Desire.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—Henry George says he construes Mr. Blaine's letter to mean that Mr. Blaine will make no effort for the nomination. "I would like to see him nominated," he said, "not because I think he is the weakest man, but because with Blaine and Cleveland as the candidates we would have the tariff issue squarely before the people. I do not believe that the old personal issues would be revived, and that is what I want."

The Candidates.

The withdrawal of Mr. Blaine from the Presidential race has brought to the front a promising lot of candidates, The list is a long one. It numbers by careful computation seventeen in all and includes the following well-known statesmen—viz., Messrs. Allison, Sherman, Hawley, Cullom, Gresham, Edmunds, Evarts, Hiscock, Palmer, Plumb, Wilson, McKinley, Phelps, Ingalls, Harrison, Lincoln and Porter.

Senators Allison and Cullom are each 50 years of age. Senator Edmunds is a year older. Senator Hawley, who looks ten years younger than Mr. Edmunds, is in reality two years plus senior. Senator Sherman is 63, Senator Evarts, who was born in 1813, has reached the respectable age of threescore and ten. Senator Hiscock, his colleague, is 54, also Senator Ingalls of Kansas. Senator Palmer of Michigan is 58; Senator Plumb of Kansas, 51, and Ex-Senator Harrison of Indiana, 55. Senator Wilson of Iowa, Mr. Allison's colleague, is 60.

William Walter Phelps, of New Jersey, bears his 49 years with the ease and lightness of a man of 30, and in fact looks but little older. Ex-Gov. Porter of Indiana, who is probably the least known of the entire list is 64. Robert Lincoln of Illinois, and Representative McKinley of Ohio, are the youngest of all their contemporaries, their ages being respectively 45 and 44 each.

Mr. Blaine, who is not, of course, included among the foregoing, is comparatively a young man at 58. Six of these gentlemen, viz., Allison, Sherman, Plumb, Wilson, McKinley and Harrison, were born in Ohio. Mr. Evarts is of Massachusetts birth and breeding, as is also Mr. Ingalls of Kansas. Gen. Hawley of Connecticut, one of the most stalwart Republicans in public life, is a North Carolinian by birth. Senator Cullom of Illinois, who is equally stalwart in his Republicanism, was a Kentuckian originally Edmunds was born in the State he has so long represented in the Senate. Gresham and Porter are native Indianians. Senator Palmer was born and reared in Michigan, Robert Lincoln in Illinois, and Blaine in Pennsylvania.

Messrs. Hawley, Evarts, Phelps, Ingalls, Harrison, Porter and Lincoln are college men. Phelps and Evarts are graduates of Yale. Fifteen of the number are lawyers by profession. Hawley and Blaine are journalists and Senator Palmer a merchant.

Sheridan's Elegibility.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Gen. Sheridan said today respecting the statement that he was born in Ireland: "To the best of my knowledge and belief, I was born in Albany, N. Y., in 1831."

AMERICAN SHIPPING LEAGUE.

Its Doings at the Convention in New Orleans Yesterday.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 16.—Over 150 delegates from various States to the American Shipping and Industrial League convention, met here today. Capt. T. J. Woodward, vice president of the National League, opened the convention, and Hon. B. F. Jones welcomed the visitors. The latter spoke of the efforts to obtain subsidies from Congress made without avail. Other nations have been going along steadily, building ships, while we have been waiting for Congressional aid. He advised the people to go to work and see what could be done through their energies.

Ex-Gov. Stannard of Missouri, was elected permanent chairman and delivered a short address, expressing the same sentiments as Mr. Jones. He was of the opinion that government aid was essential to assist the infant enterprise and put it on its feet.

A resolution was adopted and telegraphed to the New York Camber of Commerce, asking for united action in the determination to revive American shipping, which unites all industries and sections of the United States in a covenant between capital and labor for progressiveness, peace and prosperity, and appealing to the whole country to join in behalf of this great national work, whereby the product of American labor and enterprise may be transported in American ships.

ON THE GRAND TRUNK.

Fireman and Baggageman Killed in a Collision.

HAMILTON, Ont., Feb. 16.—A passenger train on the Grand Trunk, from Toronto, due here at 1.45, collided with a freight bound for Toronto, at the mouth of a cut, beyond the junction. Both engines were wrecked and a baggage car shot over the top of the engines and down a fifty foot embankment. Two or three freight cars dashed over the embankment and were smashed. The express car was telescoped. The fireman and baggageman of the express were killed and a brakeman of the freight train and the driver of the express seriously hurt.

The Providence Fire.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 15.—The fire in Washington and Eddy streets was still burning briskly in the ruins this morning, but it was well under control. The four granite walls of the Aldrich House were still standing, though the wall on the Eddy street side was perceptibly weakened.

A daylight inspection of the ground shows that the buildings destroyed by the fire include the Aldrich House, a four-story granite and brick building at the corner of Washington and Eddy streets; Eben Allen's carriage repository, and Shattuck's Exchange. These buildings extend back about a hundred feet toward Worcester street. The remainder of the burned territory, which is about 200 feet square, was occupied on the Eddy street front by the Billings building, three stories high; Billings Brothers' stables; three buildings, one of them a three and a half story brick structure, one a two story brick building, and a two story building of wood. These are all in ruins. Across Union street the Bijou hotel and Freeman house were burned in the upper stories but not destroyed. North of Worcester street a smaller block extending to Fountain street was also destroyed. On the Eddy street front was a four story brick building occupied by carriage and hardware dealers and jewelry manufacturers. At the back of this and extending to Union street was Crandall's carriage factory, blacksmith shop and wheelwright shop. A small two story triangular building bounded by Eddy, Worcester and Cove streets was also destroyed. The loss as far as has been estimated is $362,500.

There were several alarms today, including one for a $1500 fire in the Chalkstone Avenue school house.

RICHMOND TODAY.

Relics of Southern Pride and Valor and Reminders of Southern Poverty —The Old Hatreds Not Quite Cold.

[Correspondence of the PRESS.]

ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA., Feb. 6, 1888.

After three weeks of leisurely strolling through the sunny south we have come to rest for a season in St. Augustine, and are pleasantly located at the Magnolia Hotel, one of the coolest and most homelike and delightful houses that ever gladdened the heart of the tourist. Our stay in Washington was of the most pleasant nature and with regret we left this the finest city in the land. After our train crossed the Potomac and from thence onward we were on historic ground, historic through the Colonial and Revolutionary periods, and most of all historic now through the great struggle of the Civil War. After a short run on the railroad the trainmen call out Fredericksburg. Away to the right on the high hills can be seen the National Cemetery, where many thousands of the gallant boys in blue are quietly sleeping within the "low green tents whose curtains never outward swing" and above and over them floats the starry flag they loved so well. We passed through this section of country now, seeing how quiet and peaceful is its aspect, can with difficulty conceive of the stupendous tragedies enacted on this ground. We had time while stopping at Fredericksburg to look over the battlefield and cemetery, but the day was so inclement that we decided "to move on to Richmond" without delay. Soon after leaving the city and just before reaching the little station of Guinea, we passed, on the left of the railroad and near to it, the two storied white house in which died Gen. "Stonewall" Jackson, the latter with his "right arm" as he was called, for not far from this vicinity was fought the desperate battle of Chancellorsville in which Gen. Jackson received the wounds that caused his death. Soon after we found ourselves in Richmond to Richmond was fought over with the tenacy of which only the Anglo-Saxon race is capable.

After a few hours' ride from Washington, for the most part through a flat uninteresting country, we arrived at Richmond which we proceeded to look over with some degree of thoroughness. Richmond has a location on the James River, on hills or bluffs of considerable height and from which are some views of surpassing beauty, notably that from Chimbrazzo Park which during the war was occupied as a hospital for Federal soldiers sick and wounded. We visited the official residence of Jefferson Davis and A. H. Stephens. The Davis house is a large pretentious mansion facing the east, and now showing marks of neglect. It at present is occupied by a school for girls nearly fulfilling the prophecy of "beating spears into pruning hooks." The Stephens house is but a short distance from the Davis residence and is a white house of fair exterior and medium size, and is still used as a residence. Next we entered the church in which, on that fateful April Sabbath morning the message was brought to the Confederate president from Gen. Lee, telling him that Richmond must be evacuated without delay, as he was being forced from his works at Petersburg by Gen. Grant. Then we went to the building which more than any other in Richmond possesses interest to the northern visitor, Libby Prison. As we paused in front of the low three storied

PRESS.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 17.

We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are in all cases indispensable, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot undertake to return or preserve communications that are not used.

A REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION

will be held in

NOROMBEGA HALL, Bangor,

Thursday, April 26, 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m.

For the purpose of selecting two candidates for Electors of President and Vice President of the United States, and four delegates at large, and four alternates to attend the National Convention, to be held at Chicago, Illinois on Tuesday, June 19th, 1888, and transacting any other business that may properly come before it.

The basis of representation will be as follows: Each city, town and plantation will be entitled to one delegate, and for each seventy-five votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1884, an additional delegate, and for a fraction of forty votes in excess of seventy-five votes, an additional delegate.

The State Committee will be in session in the reception room of the Hall at nine o'clock on the morning of the Convention, for the purpose of receiving the credentials of delegates.

All electors of Maine, without regard to past political differences, who are in sympathy with the sentiments expressed in the call of the Republican National Committee for the Republican National Convention, are cordially invited to unite with the Republicans of the State in selecting delegates to this Convention.

Per order Republican State Committee.

JOSEPH H. MANLEY, Chairman.
WILLIS H. WING, Secretary.

AUGUSTA, MAINE, February 11, 1888.

Now that they are talking over Sheridan as a possible Presidential candidate, some one has advanced the objection that he would be unpopular with the laboring men because he used artillery to put down the Chicago rioters of 1877. The further objection might be added that he would not be popular in the South because he used artillery when he sent Early flying before him in the Shenandoah Valley.

One year ago the Blair bill passed the Senate by a majority of twenty-five. On Wednesday the majority was only ten. Among its opponents were both the Maine Senators. Senator Blair must be convinced by this time that what his pet scheme has most to fear is examination. So long as the people read it by title merely it was strong, but when they read and studied its contents it began to grow weak, and has been growing weaker ever since.

The Bath Times is of the opinion that Constable McDonald, who was so nearly mobbed in Bath on Tuesday, treated his prisoner with needless harshness. This may be true, but the conduct of the mob shows that the hatred of the rum element for the officer of the law was at the bottom of the mischief. Rev. J. L. Hill, President of the Law and Order League, was grossly insulted by the same crowd, though he had neither arrested nor beaten anybody.

Stories about what the government will prove in the Stain case and what the defence will prove must be accepted with allowance. From its inception this case has been so fruitful in lying and exaggeration that any new story must be scanned closely and not accepted without plenty of corroboration. But if the testimony of Mr. Fowler is correctly reported and if he is a trustworthy person, as he seems to be, then Stain has a piece of evidence in his favor that is worth something. Of still greater value, however, is the record evidence which is said to exist in Medfield that Stain was present at a meeting of a fire company in that town on the night of the Dexter murder. But cross-examination may show that both of these pieces of evidence are fatally defective.

The editor of the Augusta New Age announces very impressively, with double leaded type, that he has the "absolutely authentic information from Washington that negotiations have been completed by Secretary Bayard with the Chinese government effecting an amicable settlement of the Chinese question, through such modification of existing treaties as to bring about the complete exclusion of the Chinese from this country." The New Age then hints to the Maine Democrats that they should congratulate Secretary Bayard upon "this great triumph of Democratic diplomacy." But the Democrats of Maine won't do any such thing. What do they care about the Chinese? They will spend their time rather in prayers of thanksgiving and supplication to Post Office Distributor Stevenson, who knows their needs and can comfort them.

Students of the social problem in Vermont are not pleased with the showing of the compilation from the Thirtieth Registration Reports for the year 1884, just issued from the office of the Secretary of State. In the thirty years from 1850 to 1880 the population of Vermont increased over seventeen thousand. Yet for the year 1886 the number of living births was 188 less than the average for the last thirty years; the number of deaths 230 above the average; and the number of marriages only two above the average. The divorces for the year 1886 averaged one for every 20.03 marriages; no comparison of this rate is made with the rates of other years. It is to be feared, however, that the proportion of divorces, like that of deaths, is holding its own; while the proportion of marriages and births declines. The Burlington Free Press, commenting on this showing, says rather sorrowfully: "We find very little cause for congratulation in the figures of this report."

The Boston Post, while hesitating to make the charge directly, still continues to insinuate that the officers of the Saco and Biddeford Savings Institution have been guilty of compounding a felony. Now all that the officers of that institution have been guilty of, so far as the public knows, is of taking back some bonds that were stolen from them. They say they have received the bonds accompanied with no conditions whatever, and there is no evidence to disprove this statement. The indictment against McNeally has not been dismissed, but the moment he makes his appearance in the United States he is liable to arrest, and subsequently to trial and imprisonment. If McNeally has seen fit to return the stolen property to the bank without any conditions, it is difficult to see what ground there is in the fact that the officers have seen fit to receive it for charging them with compounding a felony. Yet this is the only fact the Post has to base its insinuation upon. All the rest is mere suspicion.

The trouble over Andover Seminary seems to grow worse instead of better. While Professor Smyth and the Board of Visitors are still preparing for litigation in connection with the charge of heresy, another complication comes up in the shape of a bill of equity filed by the trustees of Phillips Academy, Andover, in which they allege that all the proceedings of the board of visitors in the premises to date have been illegal and void. Therefore they ask the Supreme Judicial Court to quash these proceedings. The real object of the trustees in bringing this action is to decide whether the three visitors, Messrs. Seele, Eustis and Marshall, have the power which they assume to exercise over the affairs of the theological seminary. Legally Andover Theological Seminary is merely a department of Phillips Andover Academy. The management of this institution is vested in a Board of Trustees, who have a comprehensive and responsible management of the affairs of the institution. But the theological department was not an original part of the institution. It was added to it subsequent to the original foundation. At the time the addition was made there were two parties, one represented by the founders of the original institution, the other by the founders of the theological addition. Between these two parties there were important differences of belief; and it was to prevent trouble from these differences that a Board of Visitors was created to have a supervisory office over a department of the institution, and that institution one that by the terms of its foundation is under the sole government of a Board of Trustees. This arrangement, with manifest possibilities of becoming fruitful in conflicts of authority between the Visitors and Trustees, worked smoothly while most of the men who made it were alive. Now a new generation is on the scene, and a trying question of great importance to the institution, has brought the authority of the Visitors in question. The bill of complaint filed by the Trustees sets forth that the arrangement whereby the power of the Trustees over the theological department was circumscribed in favor of the Visitors, is null and void, and the court is asked to pass upon it.

The Personal Liberty Party.

The much heralded movement begun in Belfast to smash the prohibitory law and substitute a license law in its stead will need to grow a good deal before it is big enough to wrestle with any hope of success with the task it has set itself about. There are at present about one hundred persons connected with it. Before they can succeed in their work they must get a resolve through both branches of the Legislature, submitting an amendment to the constitution repealing the prohibitory clause. They then must get a majority of the voters to ratify this amendment. Next they must succeed in prevailing upon the succeeding Legislature to repeal the prohibitory law and enact a license law. It needs a great amount of courage for men who are acquainted with the sentiment of the people of this State as it has been expressed over and over again at the polls and at the conventions of both the great parties, to start in on such a work as this. But a hundred men have been found in Belfast who think they have the requisite courage. The movement has been launched by hiring a hall and passing the following preamble and resolution:

Whereas: For nearly a third of a century the prohibitory law, so called, has been a part of the statutes of this State, and for several years has been a part of the organic law, and the experience of all these years has demonstrated to all fair thinking men that it has utterly failed to accomplish the result which the originators thereof had in view; while it has failed to prohibit or even lessen the sale and consumption of intoxicating liquors it has legalized and encouraged a system of legalized espionage that has become abhorrent to and intolerable by, all decent and law abiding people who value personal rights and object, to the importation of foreign spies clothed with authority to invade the sacred privacy of the domestic circle. It provides for the conviction and punishment of a person four times for substantially the same offense, and has changed the presumption of innocence, which is as old as law itself, into the presumption of guilt. It provides for the appointment of cranks and reckless persons of all classes as special constables, and empowers them to force every person in the State to tell whether they have bought and drunk any intoxicating liquors and to entrap by tricks and subterfuges the unwary into violating the law for the purpose of punishing him therefor.

Whereas: While we believe in a forcible, honorable and impartial enforcement of said law in every part of the State so long as it shall remain a law, simply because it is the law, we are inflexibly and unalterably opposed to this law and demand its repeal and the enactment in its stead of a judicious license law whereby the sale of intoxicating liquors may be properly and safely regulated and restricted, and the low groggeries, the legitimate offspring of prohibition, may be forced to disappear; Therefore,

Resolved: That we will work and vote for the accomplishment of the foresaid result.

Now even if the statements in these resolutions were facts the task of getting rid of the prohibitory law would be a difficult one; but as many of the most important of them are not facts the task becomes well nigh hopeless. In the first place the assertion that the prohibitory law has utterly failed to accomplish the results which the originators of it had in view is not a fact. The originators of the law had in view the suppression of the liquor traffic. It has to a large extent suppressed that traffic. It is not true that it has utterly failed. In the second place the assertion that the law empowers spies to "enter the sacred privacy of the domestic circle" is not a fact. The "privacy of the domestic circle" is just as inviolate to an officer in pursuit of rum as to an officer in pursuit of stolen goods. Neither can enter it unless armed with a warrant issued by the court. It is not true that the law has changed the presumption of innocence into the presumption of guilt. The Supreme Court has expressly decided that the *prima facie* clause does no such thing, and that no such thing can be done by the Legislature. It is not true that the law provides for the "appointment of cranks and reckless persons" to seize liquors. When it is represented to the Governor by a certain number of reputable citizens that the officers whose duty it is are not enforcing the law he may appoint special officers to do so. It is not true that "low groggeries are the legitimate offspring of prohibition." They exist in cities where free rum prevails and where license, both high and low, is the fashion. They are the product of no system of repression but are found under all systems. So much for the statement of facts in this manifesto. Now for its assertion that the sale of intoxicating liquor may be "properly and safely regulated" by a license law. Experience has abundantly shown that there is precisely the same difficulty with a license law that there is with a prohibitory law. Both laws are evaded. Men sell liquor under both of them who have no right to. One undertakes to entirely prohibit the liquor traffic and fails; the other undertakes to partially prohibit the liquor traffic and fails. Why a failure of the latter sort should be more tolerable to temperance men, as these Belfast gentlemen claim to be, than a failure of the former kind it is hard to see.

CURRENT COMMENT.

AFTER BLAINE.
[Hannibal Hamlin.]

For President, Fairchild of Wisconsin.
For Vice President, Hawley of Connecticut.

LIBERTY AND LICENSE.
[Gardiner Home Journal.]

Belfast has a "Personal Liberty League" the object of which as near as we can find out is to repeal the prohibitory law. They ought to go in for repealing all the criminal laws also, for they interfere with "personal liberty" as well as the prohibitory law. They evidently have confounded the meaning of liberty and license.

PERSONAL AND PECULIAR.

In Wyoming, where women have voted since 1869, it is expressly provided by law that there shall be no discrimination on account of sex in the pay for any kind of work.

There is no disguise or circumlocution in London about paying attentions to heiresses. When an heiress comes out in society she begins to receive proposals at once. Oftentimes a girl has received as many as 200 in the first month. The candidates do not expect to be accepted, but they are willing to take the chances.

Miss Kittie C. Wilkins, who is called "the cattle queen of Idaho," who owns between seven and eight hundred horses, and says they are much easier to take care of than cattle. They show more intelligence in pawing away the snow to get at the grass, and they bring better prices. Miss Wilkins is young, a fine horsewoman and a good shot, and thinks life in Idaho delightful.

The opponents of woman suffrage in Washington Territory relieved their annoyance at the re-enactment of the law by a piece of rude wit. Every member of the Legislature who voted for the bill received by mail a package carefully done up and bearing the inscription, "For the legislative ball. *In hoc signo vinces.*" Being opened, each package was found to contain a white petticoat.

The memorial of the late John A. Logan, at the dedication of which Congressman Reed made the speech now so widely read, bears this inscription: "To the deathless memory of Major-General John Alexander Logan, six years in the House of Representatives; three times elected to the Senate of the United States; forty years in official life; great statesman of the mighty West; commander of the Army of the Tennessee and foremost volunteer general of the republic he loved so well. Victorious in arms; illustrious in council esteemed worthy the highest honors of his country. Noblest type of American manhood, generous, frank, brave, incorruptible patriot, honorable citizen, faithful friend, devoted husband, sincere Christian. 'I humbly trust in God. If this is the end I am ready.' It is on a pink Georgia marble tablet, set in a frame of creole marble and erected alongside of the brass memorial tablet, which is inscribed with the record of Gen. U. S. Grant's achievements and honors, in the southeastern corner of the Metropolitan Methodist church of Washington.

LADIES!

Do your own Dyeing, at home, with Peerless Dyes They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package—40 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock nor smut. For sale by D. W. Heseltine & Co., Druggists, corner Congress and Myrtle streets; N. G. Nichols, Druggist, 787 Congress, corner Cove street; E. W. Stevens, Druggist, corner Congress and Parris streets; Fred. A. Turner, Druggist, corner Congress and Washington streets; T. J. Looney, Druggist, corner Middle and Franklin streets; D. P. Horr, Druggist, 538 Congress street; William S. Banks, Druggist, junction Congress and Free Streets; T. E. Pollard, Druggist, 212 Danforth street; Cook, Everett & Pennell; John W. Perkins & Co.; H. H. Hay & Son, and A. W. Smith, Druggist, 107 Portland St., Portland, Maine. W. W. Whipple & Co., 21 Market Square, and Woodford's Corner, Deering, Me. jly11eodly

n Account of the Death of the Senior Partner the Stock of

R. STANLEY & SON,

will be sold low in the original package to close the estate.

R. STANLEY & SON,

IMPORTERS,

410 Fore St., - - Portland, Me.

feb7 dtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

OVERCOATS

ABOUT

FIFTY CENTS ON A DOLLAR!

Now is the time to purchase an Overcoat or Ulster at a Great Reduction in Price.

40 $12.00 and $13.00 Brown and Black Worsted Overcoats, mostly large sizes, at only $6.50.

63 $12.00 Blue and Black Beaver Overcoats, sizes 34 to 44, at $6.50.

76 $5.00 Gray Overcoats at 2.98.

We have a few small sizes left of those elegant $28.00 Overcoats that we have sold so many of at $22.00, which we shall close at $16.84.

36 $18.50 Ulsters at 12.00.
8.50 " " 5.50.
5.50 " " 4.50.

100 pairs genuine All Wool Putnam Pants, sold everywhere at $4.50, and never sold by us at less than $3.75, to be sold at $2.98. The best bargain in the State of Maine.

$1.25 Cardigan Jackets at 72 cts. The best 50c Unlaundered Shirt in the city at 38 cents.

IRA F. CLARK, 482 CONGRESS ST.,

SPOT CASH CLOTHIER, OPPOSITE PREBLE HOUSE.

feb15 d1w

Paine's Celery Compound

For The NERVOUS
The DEBILITATED
The AGED.

jan11

A NERVE TONIC. Celery and Coca, the prominent ingredients, are the best and safest Nerve Tonics. It strengthens and quiets the nervous system, curing Nervous Weakness, Hysteria, Sleeplessness, &c.

AN ALTERATIVE. It drives out the poisonous humors of the blood purifying and enriching it, and so overcoming those diseases resulting from impure or impoverished blood.

A LAXATIVE. Acting mildly but surely on the bowels it cures habitual constipation, and promotes a regular habit. It strengthens the stomach, and aids digestion.

A DIURETIC. In its composition the best and most active diuretics of the Materia Medica are combined scientifically with other effective remedies for diseases of the kidneys. It can be relied on to give quick relief and speedy cure.

Hundreds of testimonials have been received from persons who have used this remedy with remarkable benefit. Send for circulars, giving full particulars.

Price $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Prop's
BURLINGTON, VT.

eod&wnrm1y

GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE

--- OF ---

MARKED DOWN GOODS

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,

FEBRUARY 14, 15, 16 and 17.

Gray Seal Plush	$8.00	former price $15.00
Fancy Cloaking	2.50	" 3.25
" "	1.50	" 2.75
Black Cloaking	.50	" 2.75
Blue Iceland Wool Shawls	1.50	" 3.75
" Shetland Shawls	.75	" 3.00
Striped Cashmere Shawls	6.00	" 22.00
" " "	12.00	" 25.00
Imitation India Shawls	25.00	" 45.00
Colored Gros Grain Silks	.50	" 1.25
" Wool Skirts	.50	" 1.00
White Terry Towels	.12 1-2	" .20
Fancy " "	.10	" .15
" " "	.08	" .12 1-2
Huck Towels	.09	" .12 1-2
Glass Linen Towels	.12 1-2	" .20
Blue and Gold Table Damask	.55	" .75
Fancy Ruffled Collars	.17	" .38
Initial Handkerchiefs	.25	" .50
Fancy Velvet	.50	" 1.00
" "	1.00	" 1.75
" "	1.50	" 3.00
" "	2.00	" 3.50
6-4 Wool Plaid	.60	" 1.00
6-4 " Suiting	.59	" .87 1-2
Raw Silk Piano Covers	12.00	" 23.00
" "	8.50	" 15.00
" "	7.00	" 10.00
Wool Pattern Dresses	7.50	" 15.00
" "	10.00	" 20.00
" "	15.00	" 25.00, 30.00
5 3-4 and 6 Black Kid Gloves		.10
Wool Gloves		.15
Children's Silk Gloves		.12
" Wool "		.12
Pins		2c paper
Black Beaded Ornaments		25c on a dollar
White Lace Fichue		50c " "
18 Inch Russian Crash		9, 10, 12 1-2 and 14c
25c Satine for		12 1-2, 15 and 20c

LOT RUCHINGS AT HALF PRICE.

New French and American Satines, Ginghams, Printed Cambrics, etc., very cheap.

J. M. DYER & CO., NO. 511 CONGRESS STREET

feb13 d118th

THE CRY OF THE AGE.

In this age of rush, push, and excitement, the cry of the day is for some preparation that will give food to the nerves and brain, and enable them to undergo the greatest pressure and work without prostration. *All stimulants are deadly* in their effects, the reaction invariably proving in the long run disastrous. What the brain and nerves call for, and must have, if any permanent good is to be experienced, *is a food that will give strength, vitality,* and in a word, build up and restore the shattered frame. This is precisely what that most marvelous remedy of this age,

DR. R. C. FLOWER'S SCIENTIFIC

Brain and Nerve Pills

accomplish. They are not stimulant, nor do they contain a particle of those strong, dangerous drugs found in most nerve remedies, such as strychnine, arsenic, iron, quinine, opium, in any form,—coca, caffeine, or bromide; but they are a rare combination of the finest Nerve and Brain Foods ever discovered or compounded. 100 Pills in every bottle.

Price $1.00 a Bottle.

R. C. FLOWER MEDICAL CO., BOSTON, MASS.

IF YOU ARE THINKING

— OF HAVING A —

Life Size Crayon or Colored Picture

of yourself, your friends, or your children, call at the

Lamson STUDIO,

and examine those on exhibition.

Opp. the Falmouth Hotel.

sep28 d1y

JUST ARRIVED.

Hard Wood from Bobbins, all prepared ready for use, only $6 per cord, delivered. Also the largest assortment of Wood kept in the city, including Birch Edgings and Slabs, Hard Wood. Wood sawed and split by steam power.

ORDERS SOLICITED. - - TELEPHONE 687 B.

C. W. YORK.

OFFICES,

60 Commercial St., 6 Washington St., and Cor. Danforth and Clark Sts.

jan25 eod1m*

CALIFORNIA!

THE GRANDEST

EXCURSION OF THE SEASON.

Leaving Boston Feb. 29, '88.

Everything First-Class. Sumptuous Meals and Luxurious Double Berths in Palace Hotel Cars. The Personal Attention of an Experienced Manager and a Corps of Trained Servants. All points of interest visited, returning via Southern Route and New Orleans. ALL EXPENSES INCLUDED. Write for full particulars to

EDWARD S. SEARS,
Agent Worcester Excursion Car Company,
228 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.

feb1 eod1m

OFFICE PORTLAND WATER CO.
February 9th, 1888.

NOTICE.

Water takers are cautioned against wasting water, it must not be kept running to prevent freezing.

feb13d1w

MISCELLANEOUS.

MEN'S, YOUTHS' ---AND--- CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS, ULSTERS, ---AND--- REEFERS.

Must be sold at once at prices that will turn them into cash.

These garments are made from fine fabrics and desirable to anyone wanting reliable Winter Clothing.

We are overstocked and must sell them at once. Call and examine.

C. J. FARRINGTON,

180---MIDDLE STREET---182

Near Exchange Street

feb8 dtf

FOR SALE AT THE PALMER SHOE STORE

$10,000

of the stock to provide room for SPRING GOODS, at an IMMENSE REDUCTION IN PRICE. All should avail themselves of this opportunity. The high reputation of this store insures the customer a great bargain at this SPECIAL SALE which will commence TUESDAY, FEB. 14th, and continue 30 days.

NELSON & SARGENT, - - 541 CONGRESS ST.

feb13 Successors to M. G. PALMER. eod3t

REITCHARDT'S

SPECIALTIES IN

EXQUISITE PERFUMES.

Triple Extracts in Bulk!

One-Half Pint Glass Stoppered Bottles only $1.50 each.

Or sold in any quantity at the extreme low price of 20 cents per ounce.

White Rose, Wood Violet, Musk,
Jockey Club, Stephanotis, Heliotrope,
New Mown Hay, Patchouly, Marie Stuart,
Ylang Ylang, West End, Ess. Bouquet,

Wild Rose, White Heliotrope, Cashmere Lily.

The three last odors being of the most exquisite fragrance.

Lubin's at - - - - 35 cents per ounce.
Atkins' " - - - - - 35 " " "

Reichardt's Satchet Powder at 25 cents per ounce, in all odors, superior to any in the market.

GEORGE C. FRYE,

Corner Congress and Franklin Streets.

dec16 eodtf

Standard Clothing Co.

SECOND WEEK

— OF OUR —

GREAT SALE of TROUSERS and VESTS

We are offering probably the largest lots of PANTALOONS and VESTS, comprising the greatest variety of styles and sizes in the history of our trade. This is one of the great sales of the year with us and grows larger every year.

These are all NEW, fresh goods, just made up, and consequently very desirable bargains. Every Man and Boy needs a new pair of Pants at this season of the year, and we have anticipated your wants.

MEN'S and BOYS' TROUSERS in ALL SIZES.

Now is the time to buy Overcoats, Ulsters, Winter Suits, &c., at mark-down prices.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE. SEE OUR WINDOW.

STANDARD CLOTHING CO.,

255 Middle Street, Portland, Me.

W. C. WARE, ... MANAGER.

feb15 dtf

METAL SKYLIGHTS

And VENTILATORS, for Mills, Stores and Dwellings. Galvanized Iron and Copper Cornices and Gutters. Metal Shingles. Sheet Metal Work for Buildings. Send for Illustrated Circular.

E. VAN NOORDEN & CO., BOSTON

jan23 d6m

SOUTHERN YELLOW PINE LUMBER AND TIMBER.

Memorandums of Lumber furnished at the lowest market prices from our stock on the wharf, or direct from our Southern Pine Mills, and in the quickest possible time.

DEERING, WINSLOW & CO.,
323 Commercial Street, Portland, Me

oct10 eod6m

75 New and second-hand Portable and Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers, High and Medium speed Automatic Engines for all kinds of duty. We have the best Engine in the market for Electric Lighting, or any place where absolute uniformity of speed is required. Send for illustrated Catalogue.

S. L. HOLT & CO.,

au11eod1m 67 Sudbury St., Boston, Mass.

EDUCATIONAL.

INSTRUCTION IN ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL STUDIES

Given to private pupils by the subscriber,

J. W. COLCORD

143 PEARL STREET.

jan24 dtf

PORTLAND

MENTAL SCIENCE COLLEGE,

In Rooms 1 and 2, in Brown's Block, corner Casco and Congress Streets,

PORTLAND, - - - - MAINE.

SARAH E. FRYE, S. S. D. Ph. D., President.

She was instructed by the New York School, of Christian Science, and is also a graduate in both the Healing Course and Normal Course of the Mental Spiritual Science University, of Chicago, Illinois; as a graduate in the Normal Course she is qualified and authorized to teach the Science; classes are formed in her College about the first of each month, and are instructed by herself. The College is associated with the above University, hence its Students will be entitled to the Text-Books and Diploma of the University without extra charge.

DR. A. J. SWARTS,

President of the University, will instruct the February Class, which is to open on Thursday, February 16th, at the College. All who desire to enter this Course are invited to call on Mrs. Frye and her assistants at the College Rooms; they are authorized to make terms; several experienced Healers are connected with the College.

feb10 d2w

BUSINESS *Education*

Needed by every young man, can be acquired in a short space of time at

Shaw's Business College,

PORTLAND, ME.

None but thorough and experienced teachers employed. Rooms open for business day and evening six days each week. For full particulars send for catalogue.

F. L. SHAW, Principal.

jan9 eodtf

THE SECOND TERM

— OF —

MRS. CASWELL'S SCHOOL,

96 Park Street,

WILL OPEN ON FEBRUARY 1st.

The Class in Art History will begin the History of Sculpture and an additional class will be formed to begin the History of Painting.

Special pupils are admitted to both these classes and to existing classes in German and French. For circulars or information apply at 96 Park St., between 2 and 3 o'clock p. m.

jan19 dtf

Closing - Out Sale

— OF —

VASES!

— ON —

THURSDAY MORNING, FEB. 16,

— I SHALL OFFER —

all my stock of fine Vases at cost and many less than cost to close them out and make room for new goods. This is a rare chance for any one wishing for any goods of the kind. In addition to the above I have an

Elegant Line of Moss Ware

just from New York which I shall offer at very low prices. Come early before the assortment is broken.

Frank B. Clark,

515 CONGRESS STREET.

feb15 dtf

STEINWAY

— AND —

HARDMAN PIANOS

and several other well-known makes.

The Celebrated Smith American Organs.

For CASH or on INSTALLMENTS.

WOODWARD & SUMNER,

(Successors to E. B. Robinson & Co.,)

123 EXCHANGE STREET.

feb11 dtf

SIX PER CENT.

First Mortgage

SINKING FUND

WATER CO. BONDS

Principal and Interest payable at

Boston Safe Deposit and Trust Co

We offer a limited amount at

100 AND ACCRUED INTEREST,

and after careful examination recommend them for investment.

Brewster, Cobb & Estabrook,

35 CONGRESS ST., BOSTON.

oct21 eod6m

REMOVAL.

We have Removed to

Whitney Building,

Corner Federal and Temple St.,

Kendall & Whitney.

jan3 dtf

EXCURSIONS TO CALIFORNIA.

EVERY WEEK VIA ALL LINES.

For tickets and information, apply to the Ticket Agent, Boston & Maine R. R., Commercial street Station. Lowest rates to all points West and South. dec20dtf

FINANCIAL.

INVESTMENTS.

Kansas City Water Co. First Mortgage 6 Per Cent. Bonds.

Portland City	6's
Leeds & Farmington R. R. 1st Mort	6's
Portland & Ogdensburg R. R. 1st Mort	6's
Maine Central R. R. 1st Mort	7's
Maine Central R. R. Consol. Mort	7's
Miami County, Ohio, Court House	6's

First National Bank Stock,
Canal National Bank Stock,
Casco National Bank Stock,
National Traders Bank Stock,
Merchants National Bank Stock,

— FOR SALE BY —

SWAN & BARRETT, - - Bankers,

feb6 186 Middle St., Portland, Me. dtf

SIX PER CENT

Twenty-Year Bonds

— ISSUED BY THE —

AMERICAN WATER WORKS COMPANY,

Secured by Mortgage upon the

OMAHA WATER WORKS,

NEBRASKA.

Bonds outstanding	$2,000,000
Annual interest charge	120,000
Present basis, gross earnings	220,000
" " net earnings	175,000
Surplus, after paying expenses and interest	55,000

Earnings increasing at the rate of $50,000 per annum.

The City of Omaha now has a population of 100,000, and is entirely dependent upon these works for its water supply, as is also South Omaha, where the large pork packing establishments are located.

These bonds are listed on the New York Stock Exchange, and the undersigned offer at 103 and interest subject to advance in price, the $800,000 last issued.

Woodbury & Moulton

PORTLAND, ME.

C. H. VENNER & CO.,

BOSTON.

W. & P. SMITH,

PHILADELPHIA.

WILSON, COLSTON & CO.,

jan13 BALTIMORE. tf

J. B. BROWN & SONS,

BANKERS,

218 Middle Street, Portland, Me.,

— DEALERS IN —

Investment Securities!

STERLING EXCHANGE

drawn and Letters of Credit issued, available in all the principal cities in Europe.

dec28 eodtf

PORTLAND

TRUST COMPANY

First National Bank Building.

City, County and Railroad Bonds, and other First-Class Securities.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

jel0 eodtf

Investments.

25 shares Casco National Bank.
20 shares First National Bank.
5 shares Canal National Bank.
1000 Bangor 6s, due 1894.
500 Bath Municipal 5s, due 1897.
5000 Androscoggin & Kennebec R. R. 6s, due 1891
6000 Leeds & Farmington R. R. 6s, due 1896.
8000 Maine Central R. R. 7s, due 1912.

Prices and any other particulars desired given on application.

We also have a good selection of Water Works Co. 6s, that are guaranteed Principal and Interest, for sale at Par and Interest.

H. M. PAYSON & CO.,

BANKERS,

32 Exchange Street.

jan24 dtf

Are You Familiar with the Plans

— OF THE —

Union Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF PORTLAND, ME!

DO you realize that this old and sterling company is a HOME INSTITUTION, chartered in 1848 under the laws of Maine?

ARE you aware that this Company has paid to policy-holders or their representatives more than TWENTY-THREE MILLION DOLLARS?

IT has to-day more than SIX MILLION DOLLARS IN ASSETS, and over THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS IN SURPLUS, calculated by the most conservative standards known to the law.

IT pays its losses promptly. Its policies after three years are free from all limitations as to Residence, Travel, Suicide and Occupation. Military and Naval Service excepted.

IT has liberal plans. Its affairs are carefully managed by its Board of Directors and Officers, whose integrity and ability are unquestioned.

THE wise provisions of the Maine Non-forfeiture Law apply only to the policies issued by this Company, and under it extended insurance is provided for in case of lapse after the payment of three or more annual premiums in cash.

THE NEW MAINE LAW CONVERTIBLE POLICY of the UNION MUTUAL contains every desirable feature in a PERFECT LIFE INSURANCE POLICY.

If you will send your address to the Home Office, or to any of its agents, we shall be glad to furnish full information in regard to the Company and its plans.

THE UNION MUTUAL appeals to residents of Maine for their especial patronage, because it is a HOME COMPANY, and because of its age, experience, strong, financial condition, large surplus, equitable and attractive plans and conservative management.

DIRECTORS.

HON. JOSIAH H. DRUMMOND, Portland, Maine,
JOHN E. DEWITT, Portland, Maine.
HENRY C. HUTCHINS, Boston, Mass.
HON. PERCIVAL BONNEY, Portland, Me.
HON. MARQUIS F. KING, Portland, Me
THOMAS A. FOSTER, M.D., Portland, Me.
HON. FRED. E. RICHARDS, Rockport, Me.
GEORGE L. DERLOIS, Boston, Mass.
EDWARD A. NOYES, Portland, Me.
HON. FREDERICK ROBIE, Gorham, Me.
FRANK E. ALLEN, Portland, Me.
JAMES YEARKANCE, New York, N. Y.

OFFICERS.

JOHN E. DeWITT, President

ARTHUR L. BATES, Secretary.
J. FRANK LANG, Ass't Secretary.
THOMAS A. FOSTER, M. D., Medical Director
HON. JOSIAH H. DRUMMOND, Counsel.

BEN WILLIAMS,

Superintendent of Agencies, Eastern Department.

JAMES SINKINSON

Manager for City Agency, Portland.

feb8 eodtf

BOSTON & NEW YORK STOCKS

Bought and sold on a margin of 2 per cent. and upwards.

Orders by mail or telegraph a Specialty.

THE NATIONAL STOCK EXCHANGE,

JOSEPH CLEARY, Manager,

24 Congress St., Boston, Mass.

sep22 d6m

AMUSEMENTS.

GILBERT'S ASSEMBLIES

Wednesday Evenings,

COMMENCING FEBRUARY 8th.

feb6 dtf

PORTLAND THEATRE

Friday and Saturday, Feb. 17 and 18.

The Greatest Play of the Age,

Mr. William Gillette's American Drama,

HELD BY THE ENEMY!

Presented by the

NEW YORK CAST.

A PHENOMENAL RUN:

350 Nights in New York, (Madison Square and Star Theatres.)
100 Nights at Boston Museum.
75 Nights in San Francisco.
200 Nights in London, Eng.

And now running with great success in Australia.

Prices 75, 50 and 35 cents. Sale of Seats commences Wednesday. feb12d1w

PORTLAND STARS!

These ideal young artists will give a Grand Evening Matinee Concert at the

SCHOOL OF EXPRESSION,

SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 18.

feb16td Admission only 25 cents.

Little Women's Ball

— IN AID OF THE —

FRESH AIR FUND!

— AT —

CITY HALL, FEB. 22d.

Prof. Gilbert is drilling the following fancy dances: "La Dance des Bayaderes" "Fisher Girls" "March of the Silver Army"

MUSIC by GILBERT'S ORCHESTRA

PRICES:—Floor 50c; Gallery 35c; Children 25c. Reserved Seats at Stockbridge's. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Refreshments in Reception Hall.

feb15 dtd

Portland Turnverein!

ANNUAL

Exhibition and Ball

— AT —

CITY HALL, Monday, Feb. 27, '88

Exhibition Commences at 8.

PROGRAMME—Rings; Vaulting; Balance Act; Horizontal Bar; Class Clubs; Jumping, Leaping; Clubs, special; Parallels; Dumb-bells; Roman Ladder; Posturing, Gladiators, Tumbling, Pyramids.

To be followed by an

ORDER OF DANCES!

Music by Gilbert's Orchestra.

Reserved seats 75 cents; general admission to gallery 50 cents; all seats on floor and two front rows of gallery reserved; holders of checks for reserved seats in gallery admitted to floor after exhibition. feb17dtd

BUSINESS CARDS.

STEPHEN BERRY,

Book, Job and Card Printer,

No. [illegible] St.

WE WANT TO DO YOUR **PRINTING**

WE WILL DO IT QUICKLY.
WE WILL DO IT CHEAPLY.
WE WILL DO IT WELL.

B. THURSTON & CO.,

PRACTICAL PRINTERS,

97 1-2 Exchange St., Portland, Me.

WM. M. MARKS

Book, Card — AND — **Job Printer**

PRINTERS' EXCHANGE,

97 1-2 Exchange St., Portland, Me.

FINE JOB PRINTING A SPECIALTY.

All orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to. nov11eodtf

J. A. HAYDEN,

STENOGRAPHER,

31½ EXCHANGE ST., PORTLAND, ME.

feb15 dtf

KNABE PIANO!

The sole agency of this world renowned instrument.

SAMUEL THURSTON,

No. 3 Free Street Block, Portland.

N. B.—Ask for the BURDETT ORGAN

jy15 TUNING TO ORDER. dtf

REVERE HOUSE,

BOSTON.

Near Boston and Maine, Eastern, Fitchburg and Lowell depots, centres of business and places of amusement.

Remodelled, Refurnished, Newly Decorated, and now kept on the

EUROPEAN PLAN.

Rooms all large and comfortable; elegant suites with baths attached; ample public parlors; gentlemen's cafe and billiard-room added, and first-class in every respect.

ROOMS FROM $1.00 A DAY UP.

J. F. MERROW & CO., Proprietors.

jan27 eod3m

MONEY WANTED!

To raise money we have decided to reduce the price on all our regular lines of Ladies' French Kid Boots for one week: commencing Feb. 13, our $6.00 fine hand turns will be $6.00; our $6.00 hand welt will be $5.50; and our regular $5.00 line $4.50; these are no broken lots, but our very best goods in all sizes and widths, from A.A to D; besides these, we have some broken lots that will be sold very low; goods sent to any address on receipt of money, postage free.

WYER GREENE & CO.,

PORTLAND, ME.

feb10 eodtf

THE PAINTER OF PARMA;

—OR—

THE MAGIC OF A MASTERPIECE.

An Italian Story of Love, Mystery and Adventure.

By SYLVANUS COBB, JR.
AUTHOR OF "THE GUNMAKER OF MOSCOW."

[COPYRIGHTED 1888. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.]

CHAPTER I.

THE PAINTER AND HIS MODEL.

In a spacious marble building overlooking the grand piazza of Parma, its walls somewhat discolored by the touch of time, was the studio of a painter. His rooms were on the second floor, the windows in front commanding a view that might have inspired anyone whose soul was susceptible to the influence of the grand and the beautiful.

Our painter occupied two apartments, both of goodly size, well lighted and handsomely and artistically furnished. That in the rear, the windows of which overlooked a small garden belonging to the estate, was used as a reception and waiting room; the other, in front, being the artist's studio proper—his sanctum sanctorum.

It was late in the afternoon of a pleasant day of June. In the rear apartment of the painter's quarters sat a woman, advanced in years—a duenna in attendance upon a mistress who occasionally tried her patience, as it was certainly being tried now.

She had waited in that room, solitary and alone, she could not tell how long, but it seemed to her an age.

Anon she tapped the rich mosaic of the floor with her foot, winked and blinked her sharp gray eyes, pursued her thin lips, and nodded mysteriously.

The apartment beyond the arch—the studio proper—was a different place from the waiting room, and differently occupied.

Near the centre of the studio stood an easel, supporting a canvas, on which was being created a life-size picture of St. Cecilia, the young and beautiful Christian martyr of Rome. The body of the picture was well on the way toward completion. The figure was represented as leaning on a harp; the mood one of sublime contemplation. The harp was finished, save only a touch here and there in shading; the background was well nigh complete, and the drapery required but little more work. The face was scarcely more than outlined, but sufficient had been done to reveal the surpassing possibilities of the conception.

By the side of his work stood the painter, Juan Zanoni. The beauty of his face was startling. The skin in its purity and whiteness was like unspotted marble. His age—since we know it we may as well be exact—was nine and twenty. One month previously he had entered upon his thirtieth year.

Near by, reclining upon a luxurious velvet-covered ottoman, was the painter's model for his saint. If she had not been beautiful she would not have been there. Neither would she have been there had her beauty been of the voluptuous cast, or even verging upon it. Hers was most emphatically a beauty of purity and truth—a beauty of soul and intellect. She was 20 years of age, with a figure of surpassing grace and loveliness, and—. She was the Princess Isabel di Varona, an orphan, and a relative and ward of the Duke of Parma. She had lost her parents quite young, her father having been killed on the battlefield, her mother dying shortly thereafter. Though Prince di Varona had been only a cousin, twice removed, of the duke on the maternal side, they had been mated together in youth, and had loved one another deeply and truly to the end; hence the mother when dying called upon the dear friend of her husband to be a father to her child. He had promised, and most faithfully had his promise been. The orphan girl, inheriting the title with the large estate, had come to him a wealthy ward, her possessions, in fact, rivaling his own in value.

If you ask how the princess chanced to be here, serving Zanoni as a model, we answer: The St. Cecilia was being painted for the duke. The subject had originated with him. He had read the touching story of the young and beautiful Roman wife, who had offered her life upon the altar of her religion—preferring death to a renunciation of her blessed faith in her Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ—he had read it, and he became with him a sort of infatuation that he should not only possess a picture of the saint, but that his beautiful ward should sit for the portrait.

Once, when the Count Guiseppe Denaro, an only son of one of the wealthiest, oldest and most notable families in the duchy, who had sought Isabel's hand in marriage—when he, with sadly drawn and lugubrious visage, offered objections to the arrangement, the duke had laughed at him outright.

"In mercy's name, my dear, what are you afraid?" the latter had exclaimed. "Do you fancy the populace would dare to breathe the breath of scandal against that pure being? Surely you cannot doubt that her dignity and self-respect will bear her safely through the ordeal. And, my boy, you cannot know Juan Zanoni if you fear on his account."

"You mistake me, sire. My thoughts lay not in that direction."

Before the young man could speak further the duke started under the touch of a quick, deep anger.

"Count Denaro! Dare you hint at such a thing? By San Marco! the man who has not confidence in the immaculate purity of—"

"Oh, sire! sire!" the count had implored, grasping the duke's hand as he spoke. "How could you give such turn to my speech? Good heavens! I would cut my tongue out at its roots if I thought it could frame utterance in that direction. No, no, I meant nothing like that."

"What then, Guiseppe? You must have had a meaning?"

"Dear master," the youth had replied, with deepest feeling, "you will pardon me for what I am about to say. True, Isabel has not yet given assent to my earnest suit; not yet has she promised to be my bride; still, I am sure she likes me, and I have hoped that she might, ere long, speak the word that would make me the happiest of men. And now, my dear duke, I will tell you the thought that has given me trouble, and I shame not to confess it." He paused here a few moments, with his head bent and his hand pressed on his brow. Presently he resumed:

"Sire, the painter, Zanoni, is, without exception, the handsomest man I ever saw, and in his beauty there is a weird, spiritual quality—a quality I have at times thought not of earth—which gives it a depth and power to charm, which no one can escape who is brought within its influence. Then, again, I never met another so brilliant and entertaining in conversation. In short, his very presence has in it a charm which is utterly irresistible. Now, sir, I know that the princess is young and impressible, with a deep touch of romance in her thoughts and feelings. Can you not see what I dread?"

For the space of perhaps three seconds the duke had regarded the young man seriously, and then he burst into a merry laugh, and laughed heartily.

"Oh! boy, boy! What a bugbear you have conjured up in that poor fellow's studio! You must be crazy. The Princess di Varona falling in love, like a milkmaid, with a pleasant picture-maker! Zounds! Don't let her mistrust that you think so lightly of her! Hush! say no more. I forgive you, my boy, but I doubt much if she would should she come to know it. And now, Guiseppe, as an end to this matter I will say this: You can only look at one side of Zanoni's character. I admit all that you have said concerning him—every word—but I wish to add—he is wedded to his art. Since he has been in Parma, little more than five years, he has painted the portraits of the most beautiful maidens we have among us. At least a score of young and lovely damsels, marriageable, yet unmarried—I may say of them that they were the loveliest of our lovely women—have sat to him, have spent hours with him alone while he caught their features and transferred them to canvas.

"Guiseppe, most of these young ladies I have conversed with on the subject of their experience in the artist's studio, and I have found them unanimous in one direction of disappointment, and, I think I may say, disgust. And you will remember old Medelon always accompanied her. No! I wouldn't forego the pleasure I anticipate in the possession of that picture for my ducal crown. There! away you go. Don't let any more such goblins arise to frighten you."

"The young count had it on his tongue, when the duke spoke of Madelon, to tell him that the good old woman was never suffered to sit in the studio while the artist was painting, but perhaps his grace already knew it, and had ready excuse for it. At all events he had, at that dissmissal, turned away without saying more.

Zanoni had laid his palette and brush down on a small table that stood near by and for a full minute had stood in silence, his eyes fixed upon the outlined face on his canvas. At length the sitter interrupted him.

"Come, signor, you are not improving the time I give you."

With a start almost like one detected in a deed of guilt, the painter caught up his working tools, selected a brush, and applied its point to a gout of color on its palette. While he did this the lady, with a bright smile lighting up her lovely features went on:

"We must make the most of every minute, Zanoni, for I fear my guardian will very soon demand that my visits shall cease."

A shadow of pain appeared for a moment upon the painter's pale face, and a perceptible tremor shook his frame; but, whatever the emotion, he quickly overcame it, though it cost him an effort.

"Lady," he said, again putting aside his implements and moving back a pace from his easel—his voice was low and sweet, like the deeper, richer notes of the grand cathedral organ—"Lady, he is right. There can be no more fitting time than the present for your visits to my poor studio to cease—to cease now and forever! You must tell the Duke that I cannot finish the work as he proposed."

"Signor! What means this!" She spoke hurriedly, seeming at a loss to comprehend him. "Surely you cannot mean that you will not finish the picture?"

"I said not that, Princess. I will finish it; but it must be with the help of another face than yours; or, from one of my own imagining."

"But—O! signor! the duke will be very wroth. It is my face, and no other, that he desires."

"I cannot help it, signora; he must be wroth if he will. For myself, my powers are limited. I am human like other men. Tell your guardian I cannot do it."

"Oh! Signor Zanoni! You will not persist in this. Think how much the duke anticipates in the possession of the finished picture—finished with my portrait on the canvas. And, signor—more than that—if you knew how highly he praised you—how much above all other painters in Parma he holds you—if you knew how he almost worships your genius—if you knew, I am sure you would go on to the end as we have begun."

The artist turned upon her a look that frightened her. In a moment the truth burst upon her. She had known it before; or, at least, she had suspected it—had been impressed by it—but she had struggled against admitting it. Could she have had her wish the work would have gone on; her sittings under the light of his wonderful eyes, and the charm of his matchless voice would have had an end—never. But under the influence of that look the veil fell, and the end came—the end of tranquil rest and calm delight.

Again Zanoni controlled himself, and when he next spoke his voice was steady and solemn.

"Signora, we will not dispute. Let the duke feel as he may, I cannot do his bidding further. Tell him I will finish the picture, but it must be after my own ideal. I will remember your features if I can—if not—"

"Ah! signor, can you so easily forget me?"

"Forget!" He startled her again. "If I could paint a human soul—if I could put upon canvas that which lives forever—then might I paint yourself from memory. But I cannot explain. I can feel it, and I do know it, but I cannot make it plain to another Your message to the duke is very simple."

The princess had become pale, even to whiteness; her hands were clasped over her heaving bosom, and her whole frame was moved by a perceptible tremor. Presently, with an earnest yearning look, she murmured scarcely above a whisper and in broken tones:

"Zanoni! You wish that I shall come—never—never—never—again?"

He could endure no more. A moment he stood with his hands clinched; his face white like marble; his eyes aflame to their profoundest depths, and his frame quivering at every joint.

"Signora! Princess! Isabel! Can you not see? Wait. Let me think. I will speak presently." He took a few turns to and fro across the room, evidently fighting a mighty battle with himself; and when he finally stood before her again he was outwardly calm. She sat with folded hands, pale as before, gazing at him with her soul in her eyes.

"Lady, I will be brief. Years ago—long, long years to me—I saw my mother's mortal remains laid away in the grave. It was in a land far distant from this. Oh! how I loved her! She was pure and good—I fear not to say, a saint on earth. She was gone, and my heart for a time seemed broken. I had one friend—Antonio Velasques Murillo's last and most favored pupil. With him I gave myself to art and came to love it with a passion that knew no bound. My tutor died, and once more I was left, but not alone. I now had my art, and to it I gave my love—my life. And from that time I loved no other thing it I except the memory of things dead and gone. Lady, I fully believed my heart was never know the passion of love again. But I did not know what the future held in store. I came to Italy, and finally found home in Parma. The place attracted me. Here I saw the face that reminded me of my mother. Need I tell you it was your own; and, ere I could realize the result, it came—a love so deep, so strong, so much a part of my life, that life seemed dead to it without it.

"Isabel! Isabel! The words are spoken. They were forced from me. Pardon me if I have offended. My heart is—O! go!—go and tell the duke—." The continuation of this thrilling story will appear only in the Boston Daily Globe next Monday, Feb. 20, and every day until completed. Tell your newsdealer to have you a copy of the Boston Globe regularly.

WIT AND WISDOM.

"You see, wifey dear, I have pulled my patient through after all; a very critical case, I can tell you."

His wife—Yes, dear; but then you are so clever in your profession. Ah! if I had only known you five years earlier, I feel certain that my first husband—my poor Thomas—would have been saved.

Nathan Plummer, M. D., of Auburn, N. H., says that he has used WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY in his practice for more than ten years, and finds it the most effectual remedy within his knowledge. He recommends it with great confidence to those subject to coughs and pulmonary complaints.

Johnny—Ma, didn't the ladies look awful funny at the reception last night, with sausages on?

Mamma—Sausages? What do you mean?

Johnny—Why, this paper says the ladies—all wore—low—sausages.

Mamma—That can't be—spell it, Johnny.

Johnny—S-o-r-sau-sau-g-e-s-sages, sausages.

All disorders caused by a bilious state of the system can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

Do not despair of curing your sick headache when you can so easily obtain Carter's Little Liver Pills. They will effect a prompt and permanent cure. Their action is mild and natural.

He was a heavy New York swell, and he was enduring Washington society for a brief afternoon. He was presented to a sharp witted girl and stood before her, grand, gloomy and peculiar. Then he uttered two or three syllables.

"I beg pardon, Mr. Hardwood," she aid, "do you speak English?"

"Awv ov'abs, doncher knaw." he replied, with languid surprise.

"Well, really now, I am so glad; don't you know, I thought you only spoke New York."

"The things we know are neither rich nor rare," but noticed by an uncommon ingredient of common sense. One of them is—that one 25 cent bottle of Salvation Oil will relieve pain. Try it.

As true as steel, Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. 25 cents.

"Bromley, you never heard such an eloquent sermon before. I am sure. There was no lagging of interest. Such brilliant passages"

"Yes, Dunger, I admit that. Still, I slept during one of the passages."

"You did, eh! Why, Bromley, what passage was it?"

"The passage of the collection plate."

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

PORTLAND WHOLESALE MARKET.

PORTLAND, Feb. 16 1888

The following are to-day's closing quotations of Grain. Provisions, &c.:

Flour.		Grain.	
Superfine and		H Mxd Corn.	66@67
Extra grades.	2 75@3 75	Corn, bag lots.	69@70
X Spring and		Meal, bag lots	66@67
XX Spring.	4 15@4 35	Oats, car lots	45@46
Patent Spring		Oats, bag lots	47@48
Wheats.....	⅛@5 50	Cotton Seed,	
Mich. straight		car lots..	24 ,?425 50
roller	4 50@4 75	do bag lots	25 50@26 00
Clear do.....	4 25@4 50	Sack'd Bran	
Stone ground	4 25@4 35	car lots..	23 00@24 00
St Louis str't		do bag lots	24 00@25 00
roller	4 75@5 00	Middlings,	24 00@25 50
Clear do.....	4 75@4⅞	do bag lots	25 00@27 00
Winter Wheat		Provisions.	
Patents.....	5 00@5 25	Pork—	
Fish.		Backs ...	18 25@18 75
Cod, p qtl....	3	Clear ...	17 50@18 00
Large Shore	4¼@4 50	Mess. ...	16 00@16 50
Large Bank	4 50@5 00	Beef—	
Small.....	3 25@3 75	Ex Mess.	8 00@ 8 50
Pollock	2 50@3 25	Plate....	9 00@9 25
Haddock.....	1 50@2 00	Ex Plate	9 50@10 00
Hake	1 75@2 00	Lard—	
Herring		Tubs & pails	8@ 8¼
Scaled ⅌ bx	16@18c	Tierces....	8@ 8¼
No 1.....	11@15	Pails.....	8¼@9¼
Mackerel ⅌ bbl—		Hams ⅌ lb	10¾@11¼
Shore 1s	18 00@20 00	do covered	11¼@11¾
Shore 2s	15 00@17 00	Oil.	
Med. 3s	13 00@14 00	Kerosene—	
Large ...	14 00@15 00	Po Rel. Pet	7½
Produce.			
Cranberries—		Pratt's Ast'l	9 bbl. 11
Maine....	7 00@8 00	Devoe's Brilliant.	11
Cape Cod	11 00@12 00	Litonia.....	8¾
Pea Beans...	2 75@3 00		
Medium....	2 45@2 60	Centennial.....	8¾
German neat	2 25@2 40	Raisins.	
Yellow Eyes	2 40@2 60	Muscatel....	2 25@3 35
Potato spush	85c@55c	London Layr	2 50@3 00
		Ondura lay	85c@90c
St Potatoes	4 00@5 00	Valencia....	7@8
Onions ⅌ bbl	4 75@5 00	Sugar.	
Turkeys.....	15@16	Granulated ⅌ lb	7⅛
Chickens.....	12@15	Extra C.....	6⅝
Fowls.....	11@14	Seeds.	
Geese.....	11@12⅝	Red Top....	2¼@2⅝
Ducks.....	15@16	Timothy Seed	2 75@2⅞
Apples.		Clover....	8¼@12½c
Choice baling	3 00@3 50	Chese.	
Common ...	1 75@2 00	Vermont....	10 @13½
Fancy Baldw	@3 00	N.Y. factory	10 @13½
Evaporated	@12		
Lemons.		Butter.	
Palermo....	3 50@4 00	Creamery ⅌ lb	26@27
Messina....	3 50@4 00	Gilt Edge Ver	25@26
Malagas....		Choice.....	19@20
Oranges.		Good.....	17@18
		Store.....	15@16

Florida.....	3 50@4 25	Eggs.	
Valencia	4 00@4 50	Eastern extras	22@23
Messina and Pa.		Can & Western	21@22
Palermo ⅌ bx	2 75@3 00	Limed.....	18@19

Foreign Exports.

POINT-a-PITRE. Brig Addie Hale—5295 prs heads 5056 shooks 22,448 ft plank 1250 heading bars 50 bbls flour 10 M shinnies 320 pkgs herring.

Railroad Receipts.

PORTLAND, Feb. 16, 1887.

Received by Maine Central Railroad—For Port and 28 cars miscellaneous merchandise; for connecting roads 93 cars miscellaneous merchandise.

Grain Quotations.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

Wednesday's quotations.

WHEAT.	June.	May.	Feb.
Opening.....	81⅜	80¾	75⅝
Highest.....	81⅜	80⅞	75⅝
Lowest.....	80⅝	79⅞	75⅛
Closing.....	80¾	80⅛	75⅛
CORN.	June	May.	Feb.
Opening.....	50⅝	50½	45⅞
Highest.....	50⅝	50½	45⅞
Lowest.....	49⅞	49⅞	45⅞
Closing.....	50⅛	50⅛	45⅞

Thursday's quotations.

WHEAT.	June.	Feb.	May
Opening.....	80¾	75⅛	80⅛
Highest.....	80⅞	75⅛	80⅝
Lowest.....	80½	75⅛	80
Closing.....	80¾	75¼	80⅜
CORN.	June.	Feb.	May.
Opening.....	50⅛	46⅛	50¼
Highest.....	50½	46½	50¾
Lowest.....	49¾	46⅛	50
Closing.....	50⅜	46½	50⅝

Portland Daily Press Stock List.

Corrected by SWAN & BARRETT, Bankers and Brokers, 186 Middle street.

Descriptions.	Par Value.	Bid.	Asked
	STOCKS.		
Canal National Bank	100	158	160
Casco Nat. Bank	100	146	148
First National Bank	100	116	118
Cumberland National Bank	40	50	51
Merchants' National Bank	75	121	123
National Traders' Bank	100	138	140
Portland Company		95	100
Portland Gas Company	50	65	70
	BONDS.		
State of Maine 6s, due 1889		102	104
Portland City 6s, Municip'l various		100	115
Portland City 6s, R. R. aid 1907		123	125
Bath City 6s, Mun. various		102	105
Bath City 6s R. R. aid various		101	103
Bangor City 6s, long R. R. aid		113	115
Bangor City 6s, reg Mun		123	125
Belfast City 6s, R. R. aid		104	106
Aug. & Ken. R. R. 6s, various		103	104
Portland & Ken. R. R. 6s, 1896		109	111
Leeds & Farmingt'n R. R. 6s		109	111
Maine Central R. R. 1st mtg 7s		118	120
Maine Central R. R. Consol 7s		132	134
Maine Central R. R. Skg Fund 6s		105	106
Portland Water Co. 1st mtg 6s		100½	
" " 2d mtg 6s		106	
" " 3d mtg 6s		110	112

Boston Stock Market.

[By Telegraph.]

The following quotations of stocks are received daily:

U. S. & Q.	128
Atch., Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad	36⅛
Mexican Central R 7s	
Mexican Central	14
Mont & Pere Marquette Railroad com	
do pref	96½
Wisconsin Central	17⅞
California Southern Railroad	41
Boston & Maine R	214½
Boston & Albany	199
Bell Telephone	66¼
Mexican Central 4s	37¼
New York and New England Railroad	114
do pref	115
Eastern Railroad	

*Ex-dividend.

New York Stock and Money Market

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 16, 1888.—Money on call has been easy, ranging from 1½ to 2½ per cent; last loan at 2, closing at 2 per cent. Prime paper at 5@8. Sterling Exchange dull but firm. Government bonds dull and heavy. Railroad bonds dull, but firm to strong. The stock market closed very dull but steady at or near best prices.

The transactions at the Stock Exchange aggregated 161,351 shares.

The following are to-day's quotations of Government securities:

United States bonds, 4s	125½
New 4s, reg	126½
New 4s, coup	106¼
New 4½s, reg	107¼
New 4½s, coup	
Central Pacific 1sts	113
Denver & R. Gr. 1sts	
Erie 2nds	98
Kansas & Pacific Consols	104
Oregon Nav. 1sts	109
Union Pacific 1st	113⅞
do Land Grants	
do Sinking Funds	

The following are to-day's closing quotations of stocks:

	Feb. 16.		Feb 15	
	Opening	Closing bid.	Opening	Closing bid.
New York Central	107⅜	107⅝	107	107½
Lake Shore	91⅝	91¾	91	91⅝
Erie common	26⅞	27	26¾	27⅛
Canada Southern	53	53⅛	52½	52¾
Northwestern	108	108⅛	107	107¾
St. Paul	76½	76⅝	75½	75⅞
Union Pacific	55⅝	55¼	54⅞	55½
Western Union	78⅝	78⅝	78⅛	78⅜
Oregon Navi	93¾	93⅞	93⅝	93⅞
Delaware, L. & W.	130⅝	130⅝	130	130½
Delaware & H	110	110¼	109⅝	110
Jersey Central	79	79	78⅝	78⅞
Phila & Reading	66	65⅝	65¾	66
North. Pacific. pref	45⅝	45⅞	43⅝	44¼
Pacific Mail	35⅝	35¾	35⅝	35¾
Missouri Pacific	84¼	84⅝	84	83⅞
Kansas Texas	16¼	16⅜	16	16⅜
Louisville & N	59½	59⅝	59½	59¾
N. Y. & N. E.	37⅝	37½	36¾	37
Richmond Terminal	22⅝	22¾	22⅝	22¾
Norfolk & West pfd	45½	45½	44⅝	44½
Stocks by Associated Press				
Central Pacific				30½
St. Paul & Omaha				107½
Texas Pacific				10
East Tenn. 1st pref				61
Canton				
Wells, Fargo Express				128
Lake Erie & West				15½
Oregon Nav				93¾
Denver & Rio Grande, new				21
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific				14¼
do pref				26¼
Houston & Texas				20
Mobile & Ohio				11
Chicago & Alton				136
Alton & Terre Haute				36
do pref				75
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy				138
Northwestern				108½
Northwestern pref				143½

New York Mining Stocks.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 16, 1888. The following are closing quotations for mining stocks to-day:

Colorado Coal	37⅝
Hocking Coal	35⅞
Homestake	11½
Ontario	28 ○
Quicksilver	10½
do preferred	35
El Cristo	1 40
Amador	1 05
Brunswick	1 65
Deadwood	2 00
Horn Silver	1 lb

Boston Produce Market.

BOSTON, Feb. 16, 1887.—The following are to day's quotations of Provisions, &c.:

Pork—Long cut 17 50@18 00; short cuts 17 75@18 25; backs 18,25@18 50; light backs 17 25; pure leaf lard 16 00.

Lard—Choice at 8¼@8½c ⅌ lb in tcs; 8¾@9c in 10-lb pails; 9@9¼c in 5-lb pails.

Hams at 12½@13c, according to size and cure; pressed hams 11½@12c.

Hogs—Choice city dressed hogs 7¾c ⅌ lb; country do at 7@7½c.

Butter—western extra fresh made creamery at 29@30c; some fancy Elgin 31@32c; extra first Western creamery at 26@28c; good firsts at 22@25c; do June 20@23c; New York fall made creamery, extra 27@28c; Vermont fresh made creamery, extra 30c; do extra firsts at 27@28c. The above quotations are receivers' prices for strictly wholesale lots. Jobbing prices 1@2c higher.

Cheese—Northern choice at 12¾@13c; Ohio choice at 12¼@12¾c; Northern sage 14c. Jobbing prices ½c higher.

Eggs—Eastern extras at —@26c; some fancy near-by stock 27@28c; do firsts at 22@23c; extra Vt and N H at 26c; from Western fresh laid, choice Southern 25c; choice held 15@18c; limed at 14@16c, Jobbing price 1c higher.

Beans—Choice small N Y hand picked pea at 2 90@3 00 ⅌ bush; choice New York large hand picked do 2 80@2 85; small Vermont hand picked do at 2 10@2 25.

Hay—Choice prime hay at 17 00@18 00; fair to good at $15 00@16 00; Eastern fine $12@$15; coarse or ordinary $12@$14; East and Western $13@$14. Rye straw, choice, 17 50@$19 00; out straw ⅌ 50 @10 00

Potatoes—Houlton Rose at 95c@$1 ⅌ bush; do Hebrons 90c; Aroostook Rose at 95c@$1; do hebrons at 90c.

Poultry—Northern young fresh killed turkeys, choice nominal 15@16c; do fair to good 12@14c; Western young fresh killed turkeys, choice, 13@13½c; Northern fresh killed chickens, choice at 15@17c; fair to good 12@14c.

Chicago Cattle Market

By Telegraph.]

CHICAGO, Feb. 16, 1888.—Cattle market—receipts 10,000; shipments 3000; steady; fancy at 5 15@5 50; shipping steers 3 00@5 00; stockers and feeders 2 20@3 75; cows, bulls and mixed at 1 85@3 15; Texas cattle 2 50@3 75.

Hogs, receipts 22,000; shipments 6000; market steady, closing weak; mixed at 5 05@5 45; heavy 5 30@5 70; light 4 90@5 30; skips at 3 20@4 50.

Sheep—receipts 5000; shipments 1,000; fancy 5 50; poor to good natives 3 00@5 00; Western 5 00@5 30; Texans at 3 00@4 50. Lambs at 5 00 @6 00.

Domestic Markets.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 16, 1888. Flour market—receipts 17,265 packages; exports 2938 bbls and 48,634 sacks; steady; sales 19,000 bbls.

Flour quotations—Fine at 2 05@2 65; superfine Western and State at 2 45@3 00; common to good extra Western and State at 2 90@3 35; good to choice do at 3 40@5 00; common to choice White wheat Western extra at 4 40@4 60; fancy do do at 4 65@5 00; common to good extra Ohio at 2 90 @5 00; common to choice extra St Louis at 2 90@5 00; patent Minnesota extra good to prime at 4 40@6 00; choice to fancy do at 4 65@5 00. Including 1,900 bbls city mill extra at 4 40@4 75; 1400 bbls fine do 2 05@2 65; 1100 bbls superfine 2 45@3 00; 8500 bbls extra No 2 at 2 90@3 35; 7500 bbls winter wheat extra at 2 90@5 00; 7,100 bbls Minnesota extra 2 90@5 00. Southern flour in moderate demand; common to fair extra 3 30@4 00; good to choice 4 10@5 00. **Wheat**—receipts 1650 bush; exports 50,167 bush; sales 91,000 bush; firm but quiet, particularly for export; No 2 Spring nominal 89c; No 2 Red at 88@88⅛c store and elev, 89½@89¾c afloat, 89½c ⅌ lb; No 1 Red nominal 92c. Rye is nominal. **Corn**—receipts 11,000 bush; exports 351 bush; sales 109,000 bush; firm and moderately active; No 2 at 58c; steamer 58c elev, 58c elev, 59¼@59⅜c afloat; No 2 at 59@59¼c store and elev, 60¼c afloat. **Oats**—receipts 54,000 bush; exports 7 bush; sales 92,000 bush; steadily held; spot prices —No 3 at 38c; do White at 38@39½; No 2 at 38½@39c; do White 39¾@41½c; No 1 White 42½c; White Western at 41@48c. **Coffee**—fair Rio dull. **Sugar** steady; refined firm and in good demand; C 5⅝@5½c; Extra C at 5⅝c; White Extra C at 5¾@5¾c; Yellow 5⅛@5¼c; off A at 5 94-100@6c; standard A at 6⅜; Mould at A 7c; Confectioners A 6 11-16c; cut loaf and granulated at 7⅝c; powdered 7c; granulated 6¾c; Cubes 7c. **Petroleum** steady—united 87⅞c. Pork steady and more active; Beef dull. **Lard** lower and quiet—Western steam at 7 90@8 05; city steam at 7 60; refined quiet at 7 80 for Continent; S A 8 70. **Butter** dull and easy; State at 17@25c; Western 14@30c. **Cheese** quiet and firm.

Freights to Liverpool quiet.

CHICAGO, Feb. 16, 1888.—The Flour market is steady; choice to fancy winter patents at 4 00 @4 25 ⅌ bbl; Southern winter 3 60@3 85; Michigan and Wisconsin winters 3 60@4 05; fair to choice seconds 2 60@3 80c; choice to fancy Minnesota patents at 4 35@4 50. Wheat quiet; No 2 Spring at 75⅛@77c; No 2 Red at 79½c. Corn is higher; No 2 at 47½c. Oats—No 2 at 27¼@28½. No 2 Rye 61c. Barley—No 2 at 75@77c. Provisions lower—Mess Pork at 13 77½. Lard at 7 60. Dry salted shoulders at 5 90@6 05; short clear sides 7 90@8 00. Whiskey 1 15.

Receipts—Flour, 25,000 bbls; wheat, 20,000 bush; corn 130,000 bush; oats 153,000 bush; rye 2000 bush; barley, 25,000 bush.

Shipments—Flour, 33,000 bbls; wheat, 15,000 bush; corn, 99,000 bush; oats, 76,000 bu; rye 4000 bush, barley 19,000 bush.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 16, 1888.—Flour is quiet. Wheat higher; No 2 Red at 79½@80½c. Corn firm and higher at 44⅞@45c. Oats steady 29¼c. Rye at 59½c. Barley at 75@90c. Provisions are better but still weak. Pork, new 14,25. Lard at 7 25. Dry salted meats—shoulders at 5 87½@6 00; long clear at 7 25@7 37½; clear ribs at 7 37½@7 50; short clear 7 62½. Bacon—shoulders 6½; long clear at 8 00 clear ribs 8 15@8 20; short clear at 8 35@8 40. Hams steady at 10 50@12 00.

Receipts—Flour, 2000 bbls; wheat 2,000 bush, corn 77,000 bush, oats 13,000 bush, barley 12,000 bush, rye 0000 bush.

Shipments—Flour 6,000 bbls, wheat 2,000 bush, corn 37,000 bush, oats 13,000 bush, barley 2,000 bush, rye 1,000 bush.

DETROIT, Feb. 16, 1888.—Wheat—No 1 White 84½c; No 2 Red at 84¾c. Corn—No 2 at 51c. Oats—No 2 at 33½c.

Wheat—receipts 7109 bush.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 16 1888.—Cotton is steady; middling 9⅞c.

SAVANNAH, Feb. 16, 1888.—Cotton is steady; middling 9 13-16c

CHARLESTON, Feb. 16 1888.—Cotton is firm; middling 10¼c.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 16, 1888.—Cotton is firm; middling at 9¾c.

MOBILE, Feb. 16 1888.—Cotton is quiet; middling 9 13-16c.

European Markets.

By Telegraph.]

LONDON, Feb. 16, 1888.—U. S. 4s, 128¾; do 4½s, 109¾.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 16, 1888.—Cotton market—business good; uplands 5 5-16d; Orleans at 5 9-16d; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 16 1888—Quotations—Winter wheat 6s 7d @ 6s 9d; Spring wheat at 6s 7d@ 6s 8d; Club 6s 9d@6s 10d. Corn—mixed Western at 4s 1d; peas at 5s 5d. Provisions, &c.—Pork at 68s 6d; bacon 41s 3d for short clear and 38s 3d for long clear. Cheese at 58s 6d. Tallow 26s 3d. Lard 32s.

SAILING DAYS OF STEAMSHIPS.

	FROM	FOR
Basil	New York	Para
Philadelphia	New York	Laguayra
Advance	New York	Rio Janeiro
Caracas	New York	Laguayra
City of Columbia	New York	Havana
Catalonia	Boston	Liverpool
Cienfuegos	New York	Havana
Alvo	New York	Hayti
Morawia	New York	Hamburg
Rotterdam	New York	Rotterdam
Polynesia	New York	Hamburg
San Marcos	New York	Havana

Feb 15
Feb 16
Feb 17
Feb 18
Feb 19
Feb 20
Feb 21

MINIATURE ALMANAC . . FEBRUARY 17.

Sun rises	6 38	High water	2 42
Sun sets	5 12		3 00
Length of day	10 34	Height	8 ft 7 in
Moon sets	10 57		8 ft 4 in

MARINE NEWS.

OF PORTLAND

THURSDAY Feb 16.

Arrived.

Steamer State of Maine, Hilliard, Boston for Eastport and St John, NB.

Sch Eugenie, Field, Brunswick, Ga, for Millbridge.

Sch Therese, Glass, New York—oil to Portland Kerosene Oil Co.

The brig reported off the Cape 15th, went east

Cleared.

Brig Addie Hale, Nichols, Point-a-Pitre—J H Hamlen & Son.

Sch J B Knowles, Nickerson, New York—Rumery, Birnie & Co.

Sch Enterprise, Oliver, Parker's Head—J H Blake.

Sch Mary Elizabeth, Dunton, Boothbay—D Choate.

SAILED—Barque Guy C Goss; brig George E Dale; schs Emma, Maggie J Chadwick.

Sch Maggie J Chadwick was sold to Driscoll Bros of St John, NB, not as previously stated. She will continue to sail under the American flag, and will eventually be cut down to a single deck and used for the lumber trade.

FROM MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

At at Calcutta 14th inst, ship San Joaquin, Drinkwater, for Boston.

Sld fm Gibraltar 10th inst, brig Elizabeth Winslow, Oakes, St Thomas.

At at Buenos Ayres Jan 18, barque New Pactolus, Nickerson, Portland.

Sld Jan 16, ships Alice M Minot, Dickinson, Pernambuco; Clarence Oak, Laffin, Barbadoes; 18th, Kate Cann, Teed, do.

At at Santos Jan 16, sch Edw Johnson, Warren, Baltimore.

At at Pernambuco Jan 25, barque Ethel, Thompson, Rosario

THE PRESS.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 17.

PORTLAND AND VICINITY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY.

AMUSEMENTS.
Portland Turnverein—Exhibition and Ball.
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
The Atkinson House Furnishing Co.
To the Public—C. H. Guppy & Co.
Wanted—Young Lady Cashier.
Brown, the Shoe Dealer—4.
For Sale—Weather Strips.
Tricot Sale—Turner Bros.
Notice is Hereby Given.
Wanted—Vest Makers.
Lost—Newell' Mixture.
Wanted—Young Man.
Owen, Moore & Co.
Rines Bro hers—3.
Found—A Man.

Advice to Mothers.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub, awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.
jan16 FM&W&w1y

"Having examined the formula from which Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam is prepared, we recommend it as a safe and reliable medicine for the cure of asthma, coughs, colds and all diseases of throat, chest and lungs. Geo. W. Martin, M. D., Augusta, Me., I. H. Stearns, M. D., formerly Surgeon N. M. Asylum, Togus, Me." Trial bottles 10 cents. feb13eod&w1w

All persons afflicted with Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Colic, and all kinds of indigestions will find immediate relief and sure cure by using **Angostura Bitters.** The only genuine is manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.
feb13 eod&w1w

That tired, languid feeling and dull headache is very disagreeable. Take two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring, and you will find relief. They never fail to do good.
feb14 d&w1w

"Best cure for Cough and Colds is the old Boston Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam."
nov11 eod&w6mo

Who is Your Best Friend?

Your stomach of course. Why? Because if it is out of order you are one of the most miserable creatures living. Give it a fair honorable chance and see if it is not the best friend you have in the end. Don't smoke in the morning. Don't drink in the morning. If you must smoke and drink wait until your stomach is through with breakfast. You can drink more and smoke more in the evening, and it will tell on you less. If your food ferments and does not digest right,—if you are troubled with Heartburn, Dizziness of the head, coming up of the food after eating, Biliousness, Indigestion, or any other trouble of the stomach, you had best use Green's August Flower, as no person can use it without immediate relief.
nov1 d1yeT

CONVENTION
—OF
REPUBLICAN CLUBS.

In persuance of the plan of organization adopted by the National League of Republican Clubs, and at the request of the Executive Committee there, of, I invite all Republican Clubs in Maine to send delegates to a Convention to be held in this city on TUESDAY, the 21st inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of organizing a

Maine State League of Republican Clubs.

This Convention will be held under the limitations and restrictions prescribed for such Conventions by the Rules of the National League.

Each Republican Club in the State, and any which may be organized prior to the date of the Convention, will be entitled to five delegates in such Convention, and each delegation to one vote.

By a vote of the Portland Club its rooms have been tendered for the purpose of the Convention which will assemble there.

Clubs or individuals desiring further information can address

FRED N. DOW,
for Executive Committee of the National League of Republican Clubs.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE WEBB.

THURSDAY.—United States, by indictment, vs. William M. E. Brown, for taking excessive pension fee from Hannah B Berry. Verdict, guilty. Continued for sentence.

The above Wm. M. E. Brown was sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars for taking excessive pension fee in pension case of Sarah Berry, on which charge he was found guilty, Tuesday, the 13th inst. The fine paid and prisoner discharged.

Bird, Dist. Atty. H. H. Knowlton.

United State, by indictment, vs. Johanna S. Herman, retail liquor dealer. Defendant retracts plea and pleads nol. con. Sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs, which amount to $179.22. In default of payment committed.

Bird, Dist. Atty. Geo. H. Towslhend.

Walter B. Harris, same, retracted pleas of not guilty and pleaded nolo contendere.

The petit jury excused from further attendance.

MUNICIPAL COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE GOULD.

THURSDAY—Frank Thompson. Intoxication; fined $3 and costs.

Frank A. McGlinchy. Intoxication; 30 days in county jail.

Michael Curran. Assault; fined $1 without costs.

John Sullivan. Common nuisance; bound over to the grand jury in the sum of $500.

Dennis E. Kilday and John J. Rourke. Common nuisance; bound over to the grand jury in the sum of $500 each.

John Sullivan. Search and seizure; fined $100 and costs. Appealed.

BRIEF JOTTINGS.

Bright, cold day, yesterday, with mercury at 4° below zero at 7 a. m.

The Little Women's ball, to given at City Hall, February 22d, is all the talk. The new dances every one will want to see.

A load of hay tipped over on the horse car track, near Deering's bridge, yesterday, and delayed the cars for some time.

There will be an important meeting of the executive committee of the Woman's Auxiliary to the Young Men's Christian Association this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

Remember the meeting in the interest of Moral Reform to be held at the Second Parish church, Friday evening, February 17, at 7.30 o'clock.

It is James E. Marriner,—not "Marvin"—who will open a grocery store in the new Whitney block. He will open the store about March 1st.

The Markham pen is a new candidate for favor among bookkeepers and others who have much writing to do. It is a smooth, easy running pen, and will have a large sale. Loring, Short & Harmon have them.

Ira C. Mitchell will begin a series of sermons this evening at the Church of Christ, No. 6 Brown's Block, on the theme, "The advantage of being a Christian." Seats free. All are invited.

The (Unitarian) Women's Auxiliary will meet this afternoon, at half-past two o'clock, in Room 6, Brown's Block, Congress street. The change of time is to accomodate those who attend Mrs. Bellows's readings at four o'clock.

Among the foreign fruits on exhibition at F. W. Chaffin's well known fruit store on Congress street, near Green street, yesterday, were fine ripe pineapples. We believe this is the first time ripe pineapples have been seen in the Portland market so early in the season.

The grand ball to be given by the Portland Letter Carriers, at City Hall, next Tuesday evening, should be well patronized. Chandler will furnish the music and give a grand concert from 8 to 9. The grand march will begin at 9 o'clock. Tickets can be procured of the carriers.

A boy about twelve years old was arrested last night for stealing barrels. He is one of a gang of young thieves who go about in the day time in search of barrels which, when found, they place in a convenient place and when night comes carry them away. The boy, when arrested, had two barrels and a box on his sled. The names of several of his companions were given to the officers.

A Bridal Reception.

Wednesday evening, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Harlow, No. 75 Atlantic street, a large party of friends assembled to welcome home Mr. and Mrs. Arthur F. Harlow from their wedding tour. After a delicious supper, the merry party adjourned to the parlors, where the evening was delightfully spent with games and music until a late hour.

Ocean Traffic.

The first of the Furness steamers to arrive here will be the Salisbury. She is expected next week from Philadelphia, and is booked to sail for Liverpool on the 28th inst. The Durham City will succeed her, to sail hence March 10th; the Boston City March 24th, and the Wethersby, April 7th.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Three Ment Capsized in a Row Boat in the Harbor.

Yesterday afternoon at about 4 o'clock Edward Butler, R. M. Kelley and A. Simpson, took a boat at Randall & McAllister's wharf and started to row to the three masted schooner Etna, Capt. Foss, which lay some distance off the wharf. They were not far from the shore when the boat struck a large cake of ice which prevented its progress. One of the men took an oar and in his effort to move the ice the boat was capsized and all of the men were soon struggling in the icy water. Capt. George H. Matthews of the tug Salem had just made fast to the schooner Etna and was about to tow her to the Boston & Maine wharf, when he saw the men in the water. As soon as possible the lines were cast off and the tow boat steamed with all speed to the rescue. The men were nearly drowned when Capt. Matthews reached them and one after another they were taken from the water more dead than alive. They were carried to the schooner where they soon recovered.

"It was a very narrow escape," said Capt. Matthews, "and they can thank their stars that the Salem was near." The unfortunates said it was only a little accident but the water was rather cold.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Albert E. Perry positively declines to allow the use of his name as candidate for warden in Ward 3.

G. A. Mathews, Esq., of Monson, who was injured in the Boston & Maine railroad disaster, is still confined to his room.

Mrs. J. D. Mantle who lives on Munjoy Hill, fell on the sidewalk last evening and broke her wrist.

Charles Russell Lewis, financier, was omitted from the list of officers of Portland Council Royal Conclave of Knights and Ladies, instituted Wednesday night.

The brig Elizabeth Winslow sailed from Cadiz for St. Thomas, February 10th. It is expected that Mr. W. S. Banks of this city is a passenger. His health, at last accounts, had much improved.

Hon. J. W. Bradbury of Augusta, Mrs. H. W. Bradbury and daughter, and Miss Gregorie start for St. Augustine, Florida, next Monday, where they intend to pass the remainder of the winter and spring. They will stop in Washington for a few days.

Dr. George M. Twitchell of the Maine Farmer, goes to New Brunswick next Monday, in answer to the invitation of Mr. Lugrin, secretary of the Provincial Board of Agriculture, to speak at several meetings, beginning at Woodstock on Tuesday, the 21st.

A very brilliant reception was given by Mrs. Philip Henry Brown yesterday afternoon, for her daughter-in-law Mrs. Nathan Clifford Brown. The floral decorations were very beautiful, a delicious collation was served, and Grimmer's Orchestra furnished the music.

Mr. Alvin Plummer of Scarboro, whose leg was badly crushed in a mill there a day or two since, died Tuesday morning at his home. He was 62 years of age and a man thoroughly respected by all who knew him. He leaves a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

Mr. Albert Fields, for many years a well known citizen of Lynn Mass., died in Caribou, on Tuesday night, of brain trouble. He was a shoe contractor and did the making for C. W. Varney, shoe manufacturer. He was also associated with George Knowles for a few years, and for a brief period was in business in San Francisco. He was a Mason and a member of Providence Lodge of Odd Fellows and Post 5, G. A. R. During the war he served in Company E. Second Maine Cavalry. He leaves a widow. Mr. Field was distinguished for his generosity. He was 42 years old.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

HELD BY THE ENEMY.

To-night Gillette's great American drama with its celebrated New York cast, will receive its first performance in Portland. The Wilmington, Del., papers say: "The piece was presented here last season and won the most generous praise and admiration of every one in the audience. William Gillette, author of the play, has most cleverly taken several events of the late war and has so handled them that no sectionalism is aroused, no appeal to prejudice is made; while the spectator, whether with northern or southern sympathies, are deeply absorbed in the drama and anxiously await each new development of the plot as it is naturally and harmoniously unfolded. The characters and the situations present vivid contrasts, the lines run with the same shading."

Grimmer's orchestra will present the following programme:

Overture—Berlin in Tears and Laughter.....Conradi
Waltzes—Krolls Balklange.....Lumbye
Selection—(First time).....Mercadante
Pay Day on the Plantation (by request)...Puerner
Medley—Odds and Ends (new).....Boelitger

DEERING ALUMNI.

The first entertainment by the members of the Deering High School Alumni Association, assisted by the Schubert Male Quartette, was given at the High School last night. All the numbers were well performed and the Association is to be congratulated on the success of its first effort. To mention every one deserving would be to give the programme in full. The readings by Miss Montgomery, class of '79; the tenor solo and encore by P. J. Lidback, '83; the piano solo by Miss Susie Adams, ought to be mentioned. Mrs. Fred Wheeler, '83, rendered her solo with a rich voice and a grace that called forth an encore; while the quartette delighted all with their humorous selections, all of which were, it is needless to say, we rendered, and they were repeatedly encored. Miss Tina Day was the accompanist and performed her part with skill. We understand that the Alumni will give another entertainment at an early date.

Portland Turnverein.

Business men who work at their desks all day and take not a bit of exercise, should view the sturdy, muscular men of health who will constitute the exhibition class of the Portland Turnverein. A week from Monday night the annual exhibition and ball will take place, and those who attend may expect to see an athletic exhibition that is one. Strength, grace, artistic movements, feats, the most difficult.

Don't think you can see over the shoulders of the crowd. If you are going you want to enjoy it. If you want to enjoy it you need reserved seats and if you want the best reserved seats you must form one of the procession at Stockbridge's music store, tomorrow morning at 7 o'clock, when numbers will be given out. Sale at 9. Not over six tickets to one person.

Zenas Thompson Arrives Home.

Yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock a special train consisting of a car and locomotive arrived in this city from Haverhill, Mass., bearing Mr. Zenas Thompson, Mrs. Thompson, Fred Thompson, Dr. T. A. Foster, Messrs. Charles Staples, Edward M. Clement, Manager Furber, of the Boston & Maine and Mr. Hamilton of that road. The train left Haverhill at 10.30 and stopped at the foot of Pearl street, from whence the ambulance conveyed Mr. Thompson to his residence. He bore the journey very well, said he felt as well as he had since the injury and appeared like his old self. His friends will all hope that the change may rapidly increase his chances for complete recovery. His physicians regard his prospects very encouraging.

The Light of Fire.

Early this morning the light of a fire reddened the sky to the north-west of the city. Judging from its brilliancy, the fire must have been in one or more large buildings or else was caused by the burning of some very combustible material. The light shone on the houses and trees in streets on the north side of the city, giving them a red hue. A message by telephone from Morrill's Corner said that the fire was probably at Saccarappa or Cumberland Mills. Owing to the state of the roads and the time when the fire broke out, it was impossible to reach it in time to obtain an account before going to press.

Y. M. C. A.

Rev. A. T. Dunn will lead the Bible class for the study of the International Sunday School lessons at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this afternoon, at 4.30 o'clock. Subject: "A Lesson on forgiveness." Matt. 18: 21-25. All interested in Bible study are cordially invited to attend.

There will be an important meeting of the executive committee of the Woman's Auxiliary to the Young Men's Christian Association this afternoon, at 3.30 o'clock. Every member of the committee is urgently requested to attend.

AN INTERESTING EVENT.

Ordination of Rev. C. A. Derebey at Williston Church.

Yesterday an ecclesiastical council, called by Williston church, convened in their house of worship, and proceeded to examine the candidate for ordination, Rev. C. A. Derebey, in regard to his Christian experience and theological views. Many interesting facts of his life were elicited. Christakes A. Derebey was born in Broossa, in Bithynia, Turkey, and his father was one of the first converts under Rev. Dr. Hamlin, missionary of the American Board. The church was organized in his father's house, and when 17 years old he was himself converted. He entered Roberts' College at Constantinople and studied also several years in the university of Athens, Greece. After laboring some time in that country he came to America for the study of theology. Professor Tyler, who "likes the Greeks," interested himself in Mr. Derebey, and through his influence he was graduated at Amherst College in 1883, and took his theological course at Hartford and Andover. After a year of ministerial service at Cornish, Me., he came to this city, where he has made himself useful as opportunity has offered.

After a satisfactory examination in theological views, which appeared to be sound and evangelical, he was approved by the council who voted to proceed to his ordination in the evening.

A social tea was served by the ladies in the parlor, and at 7.30 the council listened to a sermon from President Hyde of Bowdoin College, on "The Practical Bearing of the Doctrine of the Trinity," of which the following is an abstract:

The text is from Matt. x.41-42. Things equal to the same thing are equal to each other. Straight lines parallel to the same straight line are paralleled to each other. The impact of a good conductor of a physical force is practically equivalent to the impact of the generating agent of that force. The same law holds good in the spiritual sphere. In relation to persons who are in spirit one, our attitude towards one of them is the same as our attitude towards the others. If you and I stand for the same spiritural aim and life, receiving you is receiving me.

Now the doctrine of the Trinity rests on two propositions. First, it declares that in spirit and life, in love and justice, in grace and truth, in all that constitutes the essence or substance of their being, the Father and the Son are one and the same. This is the inevitable consequence of Christ's perfect obedience. It is upon the fact that he did nothing of himself, but did all things as the Father gave commandment, that Jesus rests His claim to perfect oneness with the Father. It is a spiritual oneness, not a physical identity.

How this truth meets man's deepest needs! We cannot look on this universe, instinct with reason, purpose, intelligence, law, order, harmony, beauty, glory; this universe, which is, at every point, the infinite complement of our finished minds, and believe that it has its beginning and end in chaos or in chance, in dead matter or blind fate, or aught that is inferior to the spiritual principle in man. Yet this belief that there is a God is too dim, and vague, and shadowy to satisfy our minds and hearts. It awakens, at best, little more than awe and reverence. The living God, in the fullness of his love and grace, Christ declares unto us. Seeing Him we see all of God that can have a spiritual meaning to our souls. He is the fullness of the Godhead, bodily and humanly. Thus vague awe towards inconceivable greatness gives place in us to warm adoration of appreciated excellence; dread gives way to trust; love casts out fear.

So, the all-great were the all-loving too—so through the thunder comes a human voice, saying, "O heart I made, a heart healed here." Therefore to every burdened doubting soul the gospel presents the Divine human Christ and says: see him as he is; interpret his words and deeds, his life and death as best you can in terms of your own human expression and then if you can believe that such a one as he does not condemn you, I know that God does not. If he forgives you and is ready to help you God does so too. If you are not afraid to lay bare your heart, just as it is with all its badness and baseness, with all its sin and guilt before him, then you need have no fear of God. If the sacrifice of his life is the measure of Christ's love to you, God's love is not one whit the less. The incarnation, thus apprehended is the heart and core of Christian faith.

The second truth inherent in the doctrine of the Trinity is less generally recognized. It is this: The Christian man, in so far as he is a Christian, has the spirit of Christ, and is one with him, by virtue of obedience to him, even as Christ is one with God. "Even as thou Father art in me and I in thee that they also may be in us," is Christ's prayer. Obedience is the key to this oneness of the Christian with Christ; as it is to the oneness of Christ with the Father. The obedient disciple, becomes this expression and power of Christ, even as Christ is the expression of the Father. The Holy Spirit as Dr. Bushnell remarks is not "some hidden fire, some impersonal force, some holy gale." The Holy Spirit is the life begotten of God and Christ in the human soul. And God in man is in nowise inferior to God outside of man. The Holy Spirit is also "of the same essence with the Father" as the old creeds profoundly teach.

What a responsibility this lays upon the Christian man! It means that in our lives and persons we are to reproduce and multiply the life and work, the principle and power of Christ. It means that we are to present God and Christ to our fellowmen in all our dealings, the merchant to his customer, the mistress to her servant, the mother to her children, the employe and employer to one another, so that by virtue of the spirit that is in us our text shall be fulfilled. "He that receiveth you receiveth me."

The working out of this great doctrine to precise intellectual expression in the formative period of Christian thought was the grand achievement of that race to which the brother whom we ordain tonight belongs. We send him forth to practical work in this far off western world in the hope that he may exemplify in himself and impart to others the spiritual power which it had in the minds and hearts of those nearly Greek fathers who formulated the doctrine and gave it the rightful place which it ever since has held and evermore will hold at the centre of Christian Theology.

The ordaining prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. W. H. Fenn. The right hand of fellowship was given, with appropriate and tender words, by Rev. A. H. Wright, who was followed by an address to the candidate from Rev. F. T. Bayley. After prayer by Rev. L. H. Hallock, the benediction was pronounced by Rev. C. A. Derebey and the council was dissolved.

It is an event of much interest that a native of old Bithynia, familiar with the cradle-scenes of Gospel lands, whose vernacular is the Greek tongue, should come to this far Western world, to preach the translated Gospel to this newest of the great nations.

THE DYNAMICS OF LIGHT.

Major Jared A. Smith's Lecture in the Mechanics' Course.

Major Jared A. Smith delivered a highly interesting lecture in the Mechanics' Free Course, in the Library Hall last evening to a large and highly interested audience. His subject was the "Dynamics of Light."

The lecturer gave a sketch and brief discussion of the theories and investigations regarding the properties, colors and active forces of sunlight. A fanciful picture was sketched of the primitive man as he saw the sun and the brilliant skies attending its rising and setting, and as he observed its effects upon vegetation and animal life and gave the sun his adoration. The lecturer then proceeded to notice some of the more prominent points of theory and experiment upon the qualities of light, following nearly the historic order until the time of our own century.

The ancients believed that the eyes sent forth a kind of material rays which felt out the visible qualities of bodies, but the theory was crused by the single question, "Why can we not see in darkness?" The story of the mirrors of Archimedes, and the discovery of refraction by our atmosphere were mentioned to indicate some of the earliest recorded studies. In fifteen hundred years of our era philosophy was fantastic and credulity was universal. Astrology, alchemy and magic were the direct antecedents of astronomy, chemistry and that philosophy which reasons from effect to cause. The alchemists while melting some chloride of silver, then called horn silver, hoping to transform it into gold, found that the metal was blackened by the sun's rays in the same way that sulphur would blacken silver. This led them to believe that light contained a sulphurous principle and that particles of light helped to make the substance of solid bodies. They thought that gold with its yellow color had more light in its composition than silver and baser metals. This was the theory of Homberg, a contemporary of Newton, and even Newton himself adopted a corpuscular theory entirely in harmony with Homberg on this point.

Some of Newton's more famous experiments were mentioned, showing his great genius, and yet his discoveries were sometimes misinterpreted to support his own theory so that although Newton was pre-eminently a great man, his authority on points where he was entirely wrong was used to throw discredit upon the conclusions of many other able investigators so that the progress of truth in this direction was delayed for more than a century. The production of color by bubbles or films, and surfaces was briefly explained. The almost infinite velocity of light was mentioned and its discovery by Olaf Racmer by observations on eclipses of Jupiter's moons. The same result was obtained by Bradley through through the aberration of light, and by Fizzean and Foucault, who used combinations of mirrors in connection with complicated machinery. The discovery of the phenomenon of polarization was mentioned and also the reason for its name.

Perhaps the greatest man of science in modern times was Dr. Thomas Young, an English physician. Young discovered that rays of light might, and do, oftentimes, interfere so as to produce various colors or even darkness itself. Young scarcely outlived the abuse he received from men too small to grasp his thoughts, but who held the confidence of the public. Young fairly established the wave theory of light, which is now universally adopted. Dr. Wollaston discovered dark lines in the spectrum, and many of them were subsequently mapped by Fraunhofer, by whose name they are now known. These lines have brought us a new era in chemistry and in astronomy, by which many things are known which would otherwise have been impossible. The earliest discoveries of the use of light in photographing were mentioned, and some of its wonderful uses at the present time were explained.

The peculiar action of colored lights upon vegetation was fully described, showing how each of the colors had its special work to perform in producing germination, fiber, flowers and seed. Red light prevents germination while violet and blue hasten it most wonderfully, though the latter do not assist in building the solid material. In light deprived of its orange and red colors flowers and fruit can rarely be produced, and without the red fruits will not ripen. These wants are supplied in nature—in the spring the violet color is in excess in sunlight, and so on through the season each color is abnormal in amount when it is required, until autumn when the rays are most red. Vegetation stored for ages in the earth has become coal, oil and gas, and when these are burned the process of formation is reversed so that the same amounts of heat and light are returned which were employed in their formation.

The lecture closed with a reference to the various effects of the sun's light and heat in nature; how the plants grow and turn to the light giving a twist to the tendril and stalk; how the winds blow, the vapors rise, the rain falls, the mill grinds, the engines turn, the sails waft, animal life is supported, and man thinks, as some of the results of this great active part of creation.

Yates Lodge of Perfection.

Yates Lodge of Perfection A. A. S. R., held their annual meeting at Masonic Hall, Wednesday evening, and elected the following officers:

T. P. Grand Master—Albro E. Chase.
Deputy Grand Master—George E. Raymond.
Senior Grand Warden—Samuel F. Bearce.
Junior Grand Warden—John H. Russell.
Grand Orator—C. J. Farrington.
Treasurer—William O. Fox.
Secretary—John S. Russell.
M. of E.—William S. Carey.
Captain of Guard—Martin A. Dillingham.
Hospitaler—William N. Howe.
Tyler—Warren O. Carney.

Barrett Literary and Dramatic Association.

The above society has been organized for the mutual improvement of its members. The society meets every Thursday in I. A. R. A. Hall on Plum street. The following are the officers:

President—John W. Dunn.
Vice President—Martin A. Cleary.
Secretary—Thomas H. Flaherty.
Treas.—John A. McGowan.
Critic—Henry J. Conoly.
Literary Committee—Messrs. Thomas N. Gately, William Shields, John W. Connellan.
Investigating Committee—Messrs. T. Henry Black, Thomas J. Desmond, William J. Gillis.

"O villain, villain, smiling, damned villain." Why did you forget Index Soap.

MARRIAGES.

In Readfield, Feb. 2, Hollis Jacobs of Mt. Vernon Miss Addie White of Readfield.
In Leeds, Feb. 2, Adelbert E. Harlow and Miss Julia E. Campbell, both of Lewiston.
In Hallowell, Jan. 25, C. H. Dunning of Brownville and Miss Helen S. Getchell of Hallowell.
In West Camden, Jan. 25, Harrison L. Davis of Warren and Miss Nellie J. Blood of Camden.
At Tenant's Harbor, Jan. 29, Wm. H. Richards and Laura B. Leach, both of Clark's Island.
In Lisbon, Feb. 8, Harry Hunt of Biddeford and Miss Dorcas Carville of Lewiston.

DEATHS.

In this city, Feb, 16, Arthur M. Harriman, aged 22 years 8 months.
In Falmouth, Feb. 16, Wilbur A. Anderson, aged 25 years 10 months.
In South Hollis, Feb. 13, Marion Luella, daughter of E. T. Burnham, aged 13 days.
In Biddeford, Feb. 16, John C. Cummings, aged 77 years.
In Bath, Feb. 14, Mrs. Jane T. Frye, aged 75 years.
In Phipsburg, Feb. 15, Albion R. Stewart, aged 75 years.
In Auburn, Feb. 2, Miss Jane J. Downer, aged 82 years.
In Hallowell, Jan. 29, Mrs. Mary E. Ela, aged 51 years.
In Hallowell, Feb. 30, Mrs. Margaret A. Holmes of Bath, aged 50 years.
In Hallowell, Feb. 2, Charles E. Fuller, aged 48 years.
In Winthrop, Jan. 30, Lewis Elliott, son of Elliott Wood, aged 14 years.
In Woolwich, Feb. 3, Mrs. Emma A. McFarland, aged 34 years.
In Rockland, Feb. 28, Lucy H., wife of Capt. A. N. Fales, aged 41 years 2 months.
In Rockland, Feb. 27, Joseph Furbish aged 75 years 11 months.
In Lewiston, Feb. 15, Mrs. Harriet A. Walker, aged 79 years 6 months.
In Lewiston, Feb. 15, Mrs. E. C. Kilgore, aged 71 years.

[The funeral services of the late Mrs. Cecelia Bean will take place this Friday morning at 8.30 o'clk. at No. 40 Adams street.

A Fair Trial

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula, salt rheum, or any affection caused by impure blood, is sufficient to convince any one of the superior and peculiar curative powers of this medicine. The following statement is right to the point:

"My daughter Mary was afflicted with scrofulous sore neck from the time she was 22 months old till she became 6 years of age. Lumps formed in her neck, causing great annoyance, and two of them, after growing to the size of a pigeon's egg, broke and discharged. One became a running sore for more than three years. We thought we would give Hood's Sarsaparilla a thorough trial. We began with it in January, and in a few months, after she had taken five bottles, all suppuration had ceased. We then waited three months, when, as a new lump was beginning to form, we again gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla. After she had taken less than two bottles the lump and all indications of scrofula had entirely disappeared, and now she seems to be a healthy child."
J. S. CARLILE, Nauright, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.
jan1 d&w1ynrm

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

STARTLING FACTS

Are contained in the reports of the Boards of Health, showing the fearful adulteration of spices, and yet anyone who wants absolutely Pure Spices can get them by calling for

SLADE'S EPICUREAN SPICES,

The best in the World.

They are the best selected cultivated spices, powdered, perfectly pure, all dust, leaves and other impurities being removed. More than double the strength of the common pure spices.

YOUR GROCER SELLS THEM.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPRING DRESS GOODS

We have just received Two Lots fine

All Wool Henriettas!

containing all the

Latest and Most Desirable Shades for Street and Evening Costumes.

LOT 1

is a fine All Wool Henrietta, 38 inches wide, at

55 Cts. Per Yard.

LOT 2

is all All Wool Henrietta, 46 inches wide, very fine, at

87 1-2 Cts. Per Yard.

Our Line of Colors is Complete, comprising the following Shades:

Cream, Seal Brown, Tobacco, White, Gobelin Blue, Garnet, Black, Drab, Mousse, Navy Blue, Steel Blue, Copper, Coach Drab, Nile Green, Mode, Almond, Apple Green, Suede, P. Blue, Lilac, Gen. D'Arme, Cardinal, Heliotrope, Light Blues, Bishop Red, Mahogany, Sapphire, Pink, Havana, New Olive, Old Gold.

As we need room for Spring Dress Goods, we shall offer extra inducements to purchasers this week in several departments.

$1 AND $1.25 DRESS GOODS

Now 69 Cts. Per Yard.

$1.25	Cheviot Checked Suitings, 50 in. wide,	69c
1.25	" Striped " " "	69c
1.25	Silk and Wool Plaids, 42 in wide, -	69c
1.00	All Wool Plaids, 54 in. wide, - -	69c
1.00	Hair Line Suitings, 54 in. wide, -	69c
1.00	All Wool Plaids, 42 in. wide, - -	69c
1.00	" Serges, 42 in wide, - - -	69c
1.00	" Foule, 42 in. wide, - - -	69c

50c DRESS GOODS

At 38 Cts. Per Yard.

50c	Camel's Hair Homespuns, . . .	33c
50c	Mixtures, ...	33c
50c	Plaids, ...	33c
50c	Checks, ...	33c
50c	Plain Flannels, ...	33c
50c	" Serges, ...	33c
50c	" Armures	33c

RINES BROS.

AN IMMENSE STOCK

DRESS SATINES

NOTHING

Seen Like it Before in Portland.

CHOICEST IMPORTED FRENCH SATINES.

We have purchased 10,000 yards of fine Dress Satines in more than 100 different styles and patterns, and are now prepared to show some of the handsomest French goods selected from the very best stocks in imported as well as the choicest American goods made this year.

About 100 styles Imported Satines at only 35c yard.
Imported to retail at 45 cents yard.

One lot French Satines, 33c quality, at 23c yard.
Many sell these at 38 cents.

Remnants of nice 35c Satines only 19c yard.
In 2 to 9 yard pieces.

Large lot best American Satines 12 1-2c yard.

Make Selections while Assortment is Unbroken.

RINES BROS.

FRENCH FANS, $100.

A lot of Imported Feather and Silk Fans have just been sent us by a New York Importer at prices astonishingly low. They are just what are desirable for use at balls and parties during the winter. So we have decided to place them on sale at prices which will astonish our customers. See the display of Fans in window to be sold TO-DAY at One Dollar each.

OWEN, MOORE & CO.
PORTLAND

FOR SALE—Air Tight Weather Strips. Blaisdell & Berry, 67 Cross street, are now filling orders for their patent air tight weather strips. It takes the place of outside doors and windows, as it keeps out the cold in winter and dust in summer. 67 CROSS ST. 17-4

WANTED—A reliable, healthy, light competected young or middle-aged man, one used to farm work, to take care of stock and do general farm work, wages $8 to $13 per month and board. Call or address with stamp to JAMES McGOWAN, West Cumberland, Me. 17-1

FOUND—A man, "clothed with an austere mind and a brown suit of clothes," with a Perry Hat that fitted him much, wandering around hunting for a Cough Medicine that would relieve him. He found one, COMPOUND SYRUP OF LUNGWORTH, 25 cents. 17-1

LOST—Between Munjoy Hill and Western Promenade last week, and for the return of the same a reward will not be paid, some bad cases of Rheumatism. The finder is recommended to take NEWELL'S MIXTURE and be relieved. 50 cents a bottle. 17-1

NOW you can buy our solid, reliable $3.00 Goat Boots at $2.00 per pair to close out the lot. These are our regular goods in all sizes and widths. BROWN, No. 461 Congress St. 17-1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the subscriber has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of administrator with the Will annexed of the estate of

JOHN BLAKE, late of Portland,

In the County of Cumberland, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

WALTER S. PIERCE, Adm'r. c. t. a.
Portland, Feb. 7th, 1888. feb17d1awF3w*

GENTLEMEN'S fine calf cloth top button boots, good style and finish only $3.00 per pair, regular price $5.00. We have but a few of these left, so call at once while we can fit you. BROWN, 461 Congress St. 17-1

ANOTHER BARGAIN—One large lot Goat Button, our regular $3.00 boot to be closed out at $2.00 per pair. All widths, sizes and half sizes as advertised. BROWN, No. 461 Congress St. 17-1

LADIES', remember we have good stylish Rubbers that will not slip at the heel. When you want a good fitting Rubber call at BROWN'S, 461 Congress St. 17-1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Save Your Year's Subscription

FOR THIS PAPER

by reading this advertisement. You can certainly do it if our advice is followed. We are not entirely selfish, as we want our customers to get the benefit of a good trade when it comes along. Our recent large purchases necessitate more room, and the PARLOR STOVES on hand MUST GO! We realize that to diminish their number a GREAT Reduction in price must take place. We have the nerve!

Have You the Desire to Save a Clean $5.00 Bill?

If so, buy our new OCTAGON PARLOR, which is acknowledged to be the Handsomest and most Powerful Heater made.

If this is too much of a saving, buy the little less expensive GROVELAND, and calculate you are $4.00 to the good. The BRUNSWICK has sold better than any Stove this season. We have 30 left and will give you one and another Stove for what we would have charged for the Brunswick alone yesterday. And so we might go on from the "BUD" to to "BLOSSOM" and not stop at our "RECORD," that we may give all a chance to buy a GOOD, BETTER or BEST STOVE at prices never touched before, for we mean to clear the lot.

We want the room more than the $ $. Come and see us and pay if you please by the week or month. But buy your Stove NOW when we want to and MUST sell.

THE ATKINSON HOUSE FURNISHING CO.,

ISAAC C. ATKINSON, Manager.
feb17 eodtf

GREAT TRICOT SALE!

Best quality Broadcloth Finish Tricots, full 52 in. wide, 58c.

Never sold before less than $1.00 by us. The reason for this apparently unreasonable sacrifice will be given to any one who wishes it. A limited quantity will be sold. Only a few pieces left of the 42 inch.

All Wool Serges reduced from 75 cents to 31 cents.
Short lengths of 50c Flannel Dress Goods reduced to 25 cts.
25 cent Satines at 13 1-2 cents are going rapidly.
1300 yards of White Goods in Checks and Stripes 12 1-2 cents, usual price 20 cents.
5000 yards Sheeting, bought before the rise, will be sold under price.
Special sale of Black Satin Rhadames in a few days.

TURNER BROS.

feb17 dtf

The DRUGGISTS of PORTLAND

Pay for this Advertisement.

TO THE PUBLIC:

In consideration of the smaller druggists and at the earnest solicitation of different committees representing the wholesale and retail druggists of Portland, who could not stand the pressure, but have been cutting on the sly, we will discontinue after

THURSDAY, FEB. 23,

our sale as per cut price list recently issued. For balance of time our prices on several articles will be still lower than on above mentioned price list. It is your last chance to procure Patent Medicines, Drugs, Toilet Articles, &c., at cost.

Very respectfully,

C. H. GUPPY & CO.,

Corner Congress and Preble Streets.
feb17 d1w

For Sale or To Let, in Boston, Mass.

TH