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ADVERTISING TERMS. For one square, (one inch of length in column) $1.00 for one week, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. A fraction of a square charged as a full one.

How Fortunes were Founded.

Senator Farwell began life as a surveyor.

Wanamaker's first salary was $1.25 a week.

A. T. Stewart made his start as a school teacher.

Jim Keene drove a milk wagon in a California town.

Cyrus Field began life as a clerk in a New England store.

Pulitzer once acted as a waiter on a Mississippi steamboat.

G. W. Childs was an errand boy for a bookseller at $4 a month.

J. C. Flood, the California millionaire, kept a saloon in San Francisco.

P. T. Barnum earned a salary as bartender in Niblo's theatre, New York.

Jay Gould canvassed Delaware County, N. Y., selling maps at $1.50 apiece.

C. P. Huntington sold butter and eggs for what he could get a pound and dozen.

Andrew Carnegie did his first work in a Pittsburg telegraph office for $3 a week.

Whitelaw Reid did work as a correspondent of a Cincinnati newspaper for $5 a week.

Adam Forepaugh was a butcher in Philadelphia when he decided to go into the show business.

Senator Joe Brown earned his first money by ploughing his neighbors' fields with a pair of bull calves.

Brighton Cattle Market.

[illegible]

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy [illegible] other so-called remedy fails.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox [illegible]

"One Foot in the Grave."

[illegible]

For Ladies Only.

[illegible]

I have [illegible]

[illegible]

Advice to Mothers.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething, is the prescription of one of the best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. During the process of teething its value is incalculable. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhoea, griping in the bowels, and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25c. a bottle. 1y48

There is a small army of applicants for the position left vacant by the retirement of Adjutant General Drum. The good soldier is always ready to follow the Drum.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. H. Moody.

Signal Post, Cal., possesses a school teacher who believes in discipline. A local paper remarks: "Our energetic and enterprising teacher followed a runaway pupil to his house and 'warmed his jacket.'"

Polish the Youngsters' Teeth

With SOZODONT, and when they grow up their mouths will be garnished with sound and handsome ones. The foundation of many a toothache is laid in childhood by neglect, and it is very important to the well-being of either child or adult that the teeth should be well taken care of. Bad teeth are no fit masticators of the food, and breed dyspepsia. Make them white and strong, therefore, with SOZODONT, a preservative of supreme excellence and purity. Use it without delay.

Mrs. Oldgold—"Are you going to Bermuda next winter?" Mrs. Newlodge—"No, indeed; you know I can't bear the smell of onions."

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, *149 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.* 26teow41

"My dear friend, I am in despair. Alma's heart is as hard as steel." "Suppose you try it with diamonds; they are harder than steel, you know."

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at R. H. Moody's Drug Store as their giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and all throat and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free, large size $1. Every bottle warranted.

An Opinion. She—"It must have been an awful storm to blow away the lighthouse." Cholly—"Terrible, my dear; but it could only have been through carelessness that there was a lighthouse in such an exposed place.

Epoch.

The transition from long, lingering and painful sickness to robust health marks an epoch in the life of the individual. Such a remarkable event is treasured in the memory and the agency whereby the good health has been attained is gratefully blessed. Hence it is that so much is heard in praise of Electric Bitters. So many feel they owe their restoration to health to the use of the Great Alterative and Tonic. If you are troubled with any disease of Kidneys, Liver, or Stomach, of long or short standing you will surely find relief by use of Electric Bitters. Sold at 50c. and $1 per bottle at R. H. Moody's Drugstore.

[For the Journal.]

Philosophy.

Why should we fret [illegible] stretch our hands
For that which lies [illegible]ond our reach,
Why should we str[illegible] our narrow sight
Toward that we ma[illegible] not e'er attain
This side the bound[illegible]ss realms of space.
I have not always [illegible] that flowers
Spring up for those who seek but thorns.
If, on the broad [illegible] highway, and through
The busy mart of life, we look
For wayside flowers, what blossoms spring
To life within our sight. Bright gleams
Of golden sun[illegible] the [illegible] our way,
And kindly d[illegible] is may make our path
Fragrant wi[illegible] ever lasting bloom,
Pale wayside [illegible]ks will open wide
Their starry [illegible]es, and bid us cheer,
Buds rare [illegible] foliage white, will sing
Their swee[illegible] notes, and tender tones
Down deep [illegible] within our hearts will speak.
Far better [illegible] should seek to find
The sun [illegible] and the darkening clouds
That low[illegible] o'er our daily way.
Let us g[illegible] thanks for all we have
Of truth [illegible] beauty in our lives,
Holding [illegible] faith the smaller things,
And ev[illegible] looking toward the heights
That l[illegible] beyond our mortal gaze.

HELEN N. PACKARD.

The Crow Bounty.

HOW TOM BROWN WAS CURED OF CIDER DRINKING.

[Sarah M. Bailey.]

"Caw, caw!" cried the army of crows in Tom Brown's cornfield. The sound reached the ears of his wife as she sat at her mending. She was alone with her thoughts, and the cheerful face was clouded. She could hide her husband's faults from the world, but not from herself.

"They are the only help in our corn-field this season, and such workmen will bring us neither food nor clothing. It is five years to-day since we were married, and I was in hopes you would not go away. I dread his home-coming, for he is not the same noble-hearted man that I plighted my vows to in my dear old home. I would not have believed drink could change one in so short a time; everything about the farm is going to pieces."

It was a low-roof, story-and-a-half house, sheltered from the street by overgrown lilac and syringa bushes. Beds of pinks and striped grasses told of the age of the garden patch, while fresh flowers bespoke the good housewife's love of the beautiful.

They had joined their bank accounts, as well as their hearts and hands, at the sacred altar, and with their joint savings had purchased this small farm among the New Hampshire hills.

For the first three years they were prosperous and happy. Tom was temperate and upright, and was making good headway as a farmer and citizen, while Prudence, true to her name was thrifty and economical, turning everything to account. The butter and eggs not needed in the family were weekly converted into money. She sold pickles, peppers, everything the little farm could spare. But her largest income was realized from the sale of boiled cider apple-sauce, of which she made large quantities.

She had a double object in doing this: first, to dispose of the cider apples in a harmless way, thus removing all temptation to follow the prevailing custom in that and, alas, too many other country towns, of hard cider drinking; and secondly, to utilize the surplus sweet apples, and fill out the family pocket-book.

Two years before Tom refused to have the cider "boiled down," but rolled it all into the cellar for home consumption while Prudence remonstrated to no purpose.

Day by day it came out by the black mugful. Tom never knew when it ceased to be sweet, and gave it little thought till late the following spring; and then, when the last mugful was drunk he was surprised to find he was restless without it.

Prudence quickly detected it, and noticed with a sinking heart his frequent visits to Isaac Simpson's across the meadows, whose stock of cider never failed, and who had plenty of stronger liquors to sell on the sly.

She tried to talk with Tom and prevent his replenishing the cider barrels in the fall; but he was no longer master of himself, and answered almost savagely, "Prudence Brown, you may as well understand first as last that I shall manage this farm as I think best; I'll not interfere with your household affairs, and so long as I provide the wherewith for you to run your department you needn't interfere with mine."

"But Tom," she argued, "this sort of thing will unfit you for providing. The past year has not been a prosperous year for us."

"When I can't provide for my family," he retorted, "you may take the reins and drive, but I'm not to be bossed by any woman."

Stung to the quick, Prudence turned away, with the first really unkind words from her husband ringing in her ears and piercing her heart.

So things had gone on, from bad to worse, until this beautiful late spring day found the last cider barrel empty, the flour barrel turned upside down, a scanty pile of wood in the yard, no sugar in the bucket, in fact the wherewithal to which Tom had alluded was so near gone that Prudence could not set a decent table in the days to come.

Tom had gone to the raising of Isaac Simpson's small barn, where a score of men had congregated to do the work of half a dozen, and Prudence knew by bitter experience how he would come home. He had quite lost his sense of shame and often came reeling across his door-stone, cursing her as he came.

The work dropped from her hands, and her thoughts were wandering again to their wedding days. "I was so full of love and hope, and had good reason to be proud as the wife of Tom Brown. How these walls have rung with his merry laugh! Then he was all kindness and I, he said, all devotion. Now he is always impatient, and I'm growing sour and cross. I revolt against this continual smoking—it was only cigars when we were married—it's so disgusting; but oh to be brought down to the level of any common drunkard's wife it is a bitter draught to swallow! And that time will soon come unless something happens to stop him in this reckless course. It is hard to see our little home washed away inch by inch by cider and strong drink. It will be a thousand times worse than our washout caused by the broken dam. Then I had Tom to look up to and gain fresh courage from. Together we set to work to repair the damages, but here I must work single handed, and look down on him whom I promised to honor."

What more pitiable sight than a naturally noble man too weak to withstand temptation! Capable of so much yet sinking so low and dragging not only himself but those who love him best down to shame and sorrow. It is wicked selfishness. Such men do not deserve patient, forbearing wives, they do not know how to appreciate them.

A tear dropped upon the faded blouse Prudence was mending, she was so disappointed. She was ambitious; ever willing to do her part, and hoping for better times. What wonder that she uttered a low, piteous cry when, glancing up the road, she saw Tom's once manly form staggering toward her, bringing a jug.

Her heart sank as she moaned, "Has it come to this at last that he brings it here of all places in the world? Has he sold his love and respect for rum?"

No sleep came to the troubled wife that night. Beside her rested the husband, so exhausted by the day's dissipation that he seemed more dead than alive and the whole air was full of foul odor from his heavy breathing. At daybreak she rose, and sitting by the open window looked over their small belongings, and then into the room, where until lately they had built such castles for the future, and compared it with the spacious room the new house should contain.

Tom's flushed face was turned toward her, while one hand rested on the spread, and moving softly toward him she knelt at his side, and lifting the hand that had until lately done her many a kindness in a tender way, laid her cheek against it and tried hard to forgive and love him with the same pure devoted affection, as in the days gone by.

"Caw, caw," cried the ever busy crows in the corn field.

Tom moved uneasily. "Curse those crows they won't let a feller sleep. I wish you'd kill 'em," he growled, noticing his wife bending over him.

"How shall I," asked Prudence.

"Any way to stop their noise."

"May I use whatever I choose?" she asked, as a thought flashed through her mind.

"Yes," he answered, and fell back into a heavy sleep.

Like a drowning man catching at the last twig, she flew to carry out her plan. Emptying the contents of the jug into a basin she filled the liquor with shelled corn and taking the rifle went quickly toward the field and with a single shot scattered the assembled flock. Taking advantage of their confusion and flight she passed quickly over the field strewing the drugged corn broadcast.

Two hours later Tom Brown stood in the shed door watching his wife as she moved about the corn field, picking something into a basket. Imagine his surprise when she came to him and poured a heap of drunken crows at his feet. Some were as drunk as he would have been had he taken the contents of the jug himself, while others were still crying "caw, caw," in a fashion so like human drunkenness that the effect was plainly seen in Tom's face. Their staggering gait as they tried to escape was so ridiculous that both husband and wife broke into a merry laugh, that made the wood ring near them.

Back ran Prudence for more while Tom caught and killedt be tipsy birds, thinking deeply all the while.

Prudence wisely spoke no word of comparison, but studying Tom's face she inquired:

"Isn't there a bounty on crows?"

"Yes; ten cents. Why?"

"I was thinking I would take these to the selectmen and get the bounty, then drive home by the store and buy some groceries. Our wherewithal is all gone Tom."

"I see it all now, Prudence, plainer than I have since the first barrel of cider was put into the cellar. I see what this course is leading us to. I've been reviewing the past two years while beheading these intoxicated crows, and I remember all I said about your taking the reins into your hands; but I never thought our pantry would be as near empty as it is this morning. I will take these crows and leave my evil habit where I found it. I spent my last penny for the contents of that jug, and heaven only knows where our bread was to come from had it not proved such a good investment."

With one hand upon his shoulder, in the old familiar way, Prudence laughingly begged a favor. "Will you promise to let me make all the cider apple sauce I can next fall."

Tom's promise was given and he rode away to secure the bounty and bring back the needed wherewithal. [Portland Advertiser.

The Mount Waldo Granite Quarries.

Among the varied scenery along the picturesque banks of the Penobscot, as one journeys down the river from Bangor, Mount Waldo is ever conspicuous, its uncovered granite side showing in bold relief. So cosily situated does the village of Frankfort seem, sheltered as it is by this grand old Mount Waldo, that a closer inspection is sure to be desired; and a trip thither will well repay one, for the grey and barren side of this mountain is the scene of busy operations, which from a distance one would hardly believe existed.

It was our pleasure a few days ago, in company with Mr. D. H. Smith, superintendent of the New York & Maine Paving Company, to visit Mount Waldo and witness operations at the granite quarries. After a short carriage ride part way up the mountain, we alight and walk up to the "base of operations;" this is a long and wide strip on the side of the mountain, which year after year it has been the custom to level off, by dumping the refuse stone and dirt, and here we find numerous long sheds extending for some distance on the front side, so that the men are sheltered while working the various blocks into the different shapes required. A track runs the entire length of these sheds and cars are used to transport the granite wherever wanted, while large derricks are placed a short distance apart to enable the workmen to load and unload. The wooden drag is also used to a great extent to carry stone from place to place, and for this purpose a number of large, fine looking oxen are worked, also a few horses. A large and well arranged barn is located on the lower end of this strip for their accommodation, while near by is the engine which regulates the decent of the cars to the foot of the mountain, after which they continue their journey to the wharf, some distance away.

Located in the middle of the many sheds is the blacksmith shop, and also an office which is connected by telephone with the main office of the Mt. Waldo Granite Company, who operate this extensive business, employing upwards of 200 men. At the upper end is a tower some 80 ft. in height, firmly braced, over which is stretched a heavy wire, extending over another tower about 40 feet high and some distance up the mountain where the granite is quarried and, suspended from this wire the huge blocks are lowered by means of machinery to the track below. These blocks of granite are moved about and transported much easier than one would suppose, by the men who have had long experience in such rough work. The increased demand for granite paving blocks, gives employment to some 40 men and large quantities now await shipment to New York, Philadelphia and Washington. This branch is operated by the New York and Maine Paving Company, and the little blocks as they pass from the hands of the workman to the pile, constantly increasing in numbers till they reach up in the thousands and are ready for transportation to the great cities, remind us of the progress of the times, and as we look at the stone steps of some elegant city residence or the massive foundation and ornamentation of some factory or public building one will hardly realize the amount of work involved in the taking and cutting and transportation of these shapely blocks of granite from the distant mountain side.

The granite quarry at Mosquito Mountain is being operated by Hayward Peirce, Esq., of Frankfort and large quantities of paving blocks are now on hand awaiting shipment. Mr. Peirce is building a new wharf which will be of great convenience there. [Industrial Journal.

Maine Matters.

NEWS AND GOSSIP FROM ALL OVER THE STATE.

THE SEASON AT BAR HARBOR.

If we have good weather, Bar Harbor will have the busiest season she has yet seen. This is not a rash proposition. People from the cities, who have visited Bar Harbor this spring, say that the exodus to this quarter will be greater than ever before. Our hotel men, with one or two exceptions, have already leased nearly all their rooms. The railroad people and steamboat companies are making preparations for the largest season's work they have yet done. In no former year have we had so many cottagers here at this early date. The fact that our Secretary of State, James G. Blaine, will occupy his cottage here during the summer, is a great card for Bar Harbor. The numerous political aspirants who will flock hither in his train will help to keep our hotels filled; and it is highly probable that others of the cabinet officers will follow his example, and lease cottages here before the summer has fairly set in. The Casino, which will be opened about the first of July, will prove a great attraction. The proprietors of that place will do everything in their power to make it a popular resort for the gay and fashionable crowd, and this will induce many who may have formerly looked upon Bar Harbor as rather slow, to come here. And there is still another thing in our favor; the neighboring resorts on the Bay are looking for a very gay season, and this means many a dollar in the pockets of Bar Harbor citizens, for no one can be within a few miles of this town and not visit it many times during the summer. [Bar Harbor Record.

SOMETIMES MONEY COMES BACK.

It is said there is a silver lining to every cloud, and while the going West of so much Maine money is a matter of regret, still it is a pleasure to know that in some instances more money comes back than goes out. Those who went into Sioux Falls, Dak., investment scheme made "big money." One man, a well known resident of this city, took out more than he put in, and now is estimated to have more than two hundred thousand dollars invested there. Others have made very large fortunes, and still have large investments in the growing city. To judge by present indications Sioux Falls will be made a Maine city in the near future, putting money there having become the popular investment of the day. It is said that at least five hundred thousand dollars more Maine money will be invested within the next few weeks in great packing houses to be erected there. Sioux Falls, it is claimed, will be within a few years the great packing center of the West. [Portland Express.

THE MEGANTIC RAILROAD.

A correspondent of the Boston Herald who recently made a trip over this road, a branch of the Canadian Pacific, says: The magnitude of this road may be imagined when it is remembered that it runs from the Atlantic ocean to the Pacific. No one can realize the enormous outlay of money necessary to build such a railroad through the wilds of Maine until he has been over the road and notes the difficulties in the way. The mountainous, wild, rugged nature of the country makes it an arduous undertaking to lay tracks for a long distance, but, at the same time, opens up one of the most romantic and picturesque spots in the country to the tourist and sight-seer.

AMONG THE GRANITE CUTTERS.

Mr. T. J. Lyons, the special agent of the Maine Labor Bureau, has been visiting the granite quarries as well as the fishing towns. Writing from Rideout he says: "I have just returned from visiting quarries in the towns of Great George and South Thomaston, among which are Spruce Head, Clark's Island, Long Cove, Atlantic, State Point, Jameson's, Brown and Wade's, etc. No one but a constant observer can have any idea or conception of the gigantic strides this industry is making and has made within the past few years. In this county not less than 15,000 men are engaged, with a pay roll of about $8000 per month. Besides there are hundreds who find employment working about the boarding houses."

REGIMENTAL REUNIONS.

President Gilbert N. Harris and Secretary C. A. F. Emery presided at a meeting of the 1st Maine Cavalry association of Massachusetts, held at the Sherman house, Boston, June 3. About 40 members were represented. It was voted to hold a reunion of the regiment in Boston some time in September, and a committee of 15 was appointed to make the necessary arrangements.

The Thirteenth Maine Regiment Association will have a reunion at Peaks Island, Portland Harbor, Thursday, June 20th. Dinner at Peaks Island House.

Examining and Cramming.

Every teacher knows by experience that, when he has to take his place in the examination curriculum, he has to submit to the system, and he does his best to practice the examining "art." And when, as every teacher nowadays must, he tries to acquire the crammer's art—*omnes eodem cogimur*. Teachers, examiners, crammers, and students, all have to take their place in the vast examining machine, which, like the Prussian military system, grinds out a uniform pattern. The huge examining mill grinds continually, and grinds very fast—unlike the mills of the gods—but the grain it casts aside; it is designed to grind out the husk.

I do not say that we can do without examinations; nor do I object to all examinations, under any condition. My complaint is confined to the incessant frequency of examinations, the growth of the practice into a highly artificial system, the creation of a profession of examinations, and its correlative, the profession, of cramming, the wholesale, mechanical and hurried way in which the examinations are held and the subjection of teaching to examining. In sum, I complain that the trick, the easily acquired and cheaply purchasable trick of answering printed questions, should now so largely take the place of solid knowledge and be officially held out as the end of study. [Frederic Harrison, in the Popular Science Monthly.

When the King of Italy met the Emperor of Germany, they were in a bad fix regarding an interchange of ideas in their own languages. The King cannot speak German and the Emperor cannot speak Italian, but both speak French, and in that language they conversed. This has given the Parisian wits a great deal of solid satisfaction.

Women of the World.

WHAT EVE'S DAUGHTERS ARE DOING AND THINKING AND WEARING.

[Prepared for the Journal.]

Yes, 'twas twenty years ago,
All the garden was aglow—
Ruddy hollyhocks, red roses,
Marigold and salvia posies,
Stately sunflowers, humble pansies,—
"Heartsease, true as little Fan's is"
Quoth my lover, speaking low.
In the orchard trilled a robin;
Ah me! how my heart was throbbin'
Those long, happy years ago.

Well, the tale's been often told,
Two things—pure love and pure gold—
Do not wane with passing fashion,
Life is cold without love's passion.
Pick me that blue pansy yonder—
"Thoughts for pansies," say you? fonder
Grow our thoughts as we grow old,
Happy as the rough path steepens
And our feet lag. True love deepens
Just because the tale's retold!

After years of deliberation Russia has recently decided to permit the practice of medicine by women properly qualified. There are strict reservations, however, one of which stipulates that female physicians shall not attend on or treat adults of the opposite sex.

A number of society ladies in Detroit, Michigan, have formed a club for the study of the art of conversation. None of them are young and all are tolerably well educated. Voice culture, elocution, and general information as to topics are included in their enterprise.

Emily Faithful is coming to America.

Mrs. Frances Hodgson Barnett, the eccentric authoress, is one of the most devoted and loving of mothers, although her own unbounded admiration for her two beautiful boys has inflicted upon them a vast amount of posing before the public in attitudes sometimes more graceful than comfortable. In her Washington home Mrs. Burnett naturally receives many callers. The little lads are always dressed in some aesthetically fantastic fashion, and whenever the bell rings at a sign from their mother, whatever they may be doing, they instantly fall into the well-drilled "company attitude," like soldiers on duty. One leans against her maternal shoulder; the other occupies an exact spot in the background, neither too near nor far to give effectiveness to the picture, one foot crossed, an Oscar Wilde in miniature. Mrs. Burnett, who is now in Europe, is about leaving Venice for London, where she will remain all summer.

One of the best violoncello players in the world is a royal one—Queen Marguerite, of Italy.

Mrs. James A. Garfield is worth fully $500,000. Like Mrs. James G. Blaine she was a country school teacher in her youth; and like Mrs. U. S. Grant has often done the family washing when the children were little, and cooked her husband's dinner with her own hands. The Cleveland property has been sold, and the Mentor farm, which was originally purchased only for a summer retreat, will be the permanent home of the Garfield family.

Verily, the avenues of labor are broadening. Warren, Ohio, has a female butcher; Cleveland, O., has two female barbers; Boston two female real estate agents; Philadelphia a female dentist; California a female stage-driver; New York several girl boot-blacks and newspaper venders; and there are scores of female farmers in the country.

Since the sad loss of her once wonderful voice Etelka Gerster has not only retired from the stage, but from the world, with the avowed intention of never returning to either. She lives in a secluded home on the summit of a lonely mountain near the city of Bologna. Her days are passed in personally superintending the education of her children, in reading, and in the fine embroidery for which she has a passion. She declares herself not only resigned, but happy.

Mrs. Rose Terry Cook lives at Pittsfield, Mass., where she has a pretty but unpretentious home.

"He doubles
His troubles
Who borrows
To-morrow's."

Miss Juliet Corson, of cooking-school fame, is a hopeless invalid, confined permanently to her room. When able to sit up she writes with a portable desk fastened to the arm of her chair.

Mrs. Mackay, of bonanza fame, who has dazzled all Europe with her splendor, and whose recent magnificent entertainment to the Prince of Wales was the sensation of the season, wears a dress which has on it more than fifty thousand dollars worth of real pearls.

Female clergymen (or clergywomen perhaps we should say) though properly ordained, have not the legal authority for solemnizing marriages. Hence their incomes will never be so large as those of their brother preachers.

The engagement is announced in Paris of General Boulanger's second daughter to the son of the Countesse de Bari, who is a sister-in-law of the ex-King of Naples.

Mrs. Mary J. Holmes, the American novel-writer, is in Italy gathering points for a new story.

Miss Abagail Dodge,—"Gail Hamilton"—writes her peppery articles on old envelopes, the backs of letters, and old scraps of wrapping paper, and always uses stub pens, frequently dipped in gall.

Archbishop Whately's daughter, Miss Mary, who lately died in Egypt, had out of her own private income, established a school for Moslem girls at Cairo.

SOMETHING WHICH REQUIRES THE HOUSEKEEPER'S IMMEDIATE ATTENTION.

Now, is the very "nick of time" in which a vigorous campaign should be entered upon against a common, but most destructive pest. All furs, rugs, carpets, winter clothes and cloth-covered furniture should be thoroughly shaken, aired, and exposed to the sun's hottest rays, to rid them of moths, present and prospective. Too much pains cannot be taken to destroy every tiny egg, and to nip in the bud every newly-hatched larva—for upon the thoroughness with which that is done in these early days of June depends immunity for the rest of the year and the safety of your choicest belongings. Camphor, tobacco, napthaline and other powerful odorants are only partial repellants, and if the pests are already at work in garments put away, only serve to drive them deeper into the fur or fiber to escape the smell. If the house is badly infested with moths, or if any particular article is supposed to be a prey to their ravages, use a great deal of gasoline or benzine. Pour it into the cracks of the floor, and spray with it the walls of dark closets. You may pour it around the edges of the carpet and saturate your sofa with it, if need be, without the slightest injury to the fabric, but to the sure extermination of the moths. Benzine spray will murder the insect at any stage of its existence, and is the only known substance that will destroy the egg. But be very careful about its inflammability, and don't venture with a light into a room or closet that have been freshly sprayed. A great deal of unnecessary expenditure in the way of cedar wardrobes, cedar chests, etc., has been urged upon the public, as have scores of powders and other repellants. But it has been fully proved that after a thorough treatment of furs and winter clothing early in June, they may be safely put away for the rest of the season with no other protection than a thickness of stiff paper. There is no need to go around half the winter smelling like a drug store from the stuff in which your garments have been packed. A good plan is to buy from your merchant or tailor a few large paste-board boxes. They will cost but a few cents each. Fold your well-shaken, well-aired clothes and pack them away in these boxes, afterwards gumming a strip of wrapping paper around the edges of the covers, so as to leave no crack. You need not even tie them with strings, but stack them up, one above another, on the floor of some dark closet or unoccupied room. The boxes will last a life time with careful use. Others employ linen pillow-cases, or the common paper flour-sacks, either of which answer the purpose equally well, providing the preliminary work has been sufficient.

He was a gallant youth, who, with the pair of gloves his best girl won from him at a wager, sent these lines:

"We wagered—she for sunshine, I for rain,
And I should hint sharp practice if I dared
For was she not beforehand sure to gain
Who made the sunshine we together shared?

SUITABLE TO THE SEASON: STRAWBERRIES AND WHIPPED CREAM.

Make some puff paste. Roll it out a little more than an inch thick; and with a fluted cutter, stamp it to the desired shape, either round or oval. Then, with the point of a small knife make a short incision in the paste all around the top, about an inch from the edge, which, when baked will form the lid. Put it into a brisk oven, and don't open the door for a few minutes. When nearly done, brush the paste over with the white of an egg, then sprinkle on powdered sugar, put it back into the oven to "set" the glaze. Remove the interior or soft crumbs, and at the moment of serving fill it with a pint of strawberries, which should be broken up with sufficient sugar to sweeten them nicely. Spread over the top some spoonsful of whipped cream and serve.

Even better than this are the good old-fashioned strawberry short-cakes of our grandmother's days; and this is the way they were made: The very best and lightest biscuit dough you can possibly make, either with baking-powders or sour cream and soda,—should be rolled out about an inch thick; and baked in round cake tins. When done, split each cake carefully with a heated knife, butter both halves freely and spread fresh strawberries mashed with sugar between them. About four layers, alternate cake and berries, is sufficient. Cut like a pie or a round jelly-cake and serve hot, with the addition of sweet cream if desired. No confectioner's strawberry short-cake can equal this; and frosting or any other addition is a detriment. Raspberries, blackberries, and even ripe peaches or gooseberries may be used in the same manner; and when fruits are not in season, jams answer the purpose equally well.

When that dread disease, diphtheria, was raging in England a few years ago, Dr. Field, the celebrated physician who never lost a case—used nothing whatever for the cure of diphtheria but common flour of sulphur—a tea spoonful mixed with the finger in a wine glass of water, and given as a gargle. Sulphur destroys the fungus in man or beast. In extreme cases where the gargle could not be used, dry sulphur was blown down the throat through a quill, and sulphur was burned on a shovel where the fumes could be inhaled,—and in ten minutes the patient would be out of danger. This is worth remembering. Birds, especially parrots, sometimes have diphtheria from exposure to cold. Their throats swell, they cannot swallow, and would soon die. In such cases force open their beaks and blow a little sulphur down their throats through a quill.

A clever English girl has invented a new industry. She calls herself an auditor and accountant and looks after the household expenditures of large families, keeping careful accounts of every penny used in the domestic machinery. She finds plenty of employment among a few wealthy families whose expenditures are large, whose heads have no taste for such work.

Greatly to the surprise and consternation of her noble friends and relatives, the Baroness Gripenberg has set up a woman's rights paper in Finnish,-called *Home & Society*. Besides the well-worn woman question, it treats on prohibition and higher education.

Emerson expressed the truest christian charity in this sentence: "We should be as courteous to a human being as to a picture, which we are willing to give the advantage of a good light.

The other day a group of Washington ladies in familiar conversation drifted into the subject of wealth and as to what constitutes real luxury. Each woman present was asked to name her heart's desire "if money grew on bushes and women were turned loose in the field." The ladies, by the way, were all of moderate means, or their notions of luxury would have no weight; and were all educated and well-bred, or their fancies would not be worth repeating. Did they vote for diamonds, silks, laces, trips to Europe, horses and carriages? Nothing of the sort. The preponderance of desire among these daughters of Eve set in the direction of a maid. A trim, tidy, deft, cat-footed, mind-her-own business, don't-tattle-toilet-secrets maid; one who would keep all the paraphernalia of women in exquisite order, who would neglect nothing from the buttons on her shoes to the not-too-much perfume on her handkerchief; who would superintend the bath and understand the proper use of all dainty toilet appliances, and who could relieve her mistress of the never-ending weariness of dressing her own hair. That group of women spoke for most of the sex.

FIG LEAVES.

For many years dresses have not been so simply made as are the most stylish that are seen this summer. And seldom were seen such beautiful goods, both in colors and designs, as are the new muslins, organdies and summer silks. Among favorite tints there are indefinite greens, such as that shown by the new willow leaves or opening lily-buds, tastefully combined with pale heliotrope, faded rose, crushed strawberry or the grayish blue of old brocades. Looking at some muslins the other day in a great fashionable emporium, I found some ravishing French goods, just imported. One with a water-green ground had light clusters of roses tied together with pale mauve ribbon thrown over it for a figure. Another was lake-blue, strewn with golden and orange sprays of gillflowers, another was pale lavender, over which was scattered purple violets and yellow pansies, another, cadet blue ground, was covered with crimson carnations.

These goods are made up in the plainest possible manner. Generally both skirt and bodice are entirely plaited, surplice fashion, in narrow, regular plaits. A sash of moire, or faille ribbon, not very wide, goes around the waist and is tied at one side in long loops and ends. The sleeves are either puffed out in the upper part, with a bow at the elbow, and then plain down to the wrist, or else they are plaited down from the shoulder, and fall loose and full in the pagoda style.

Silk dresses are also made quite plain, but often of two shades of color. Thus, a gown of striped silk pekin of two shades of green, is made in the new redingote shape, with close-fitting bodice and plaited skirt, both bodice and skirt remaining open in front to show an under skirt and under waist of cream colored surah, over which are showered tiny wood violets of darkest purple, with green leaves. Both the bodice and skirt of surah are slightly draped across. Handsome appliques of silk passementerie are placed upon the shoulders, fronts, and sleeves of the pekin silk. A belt of the same goes across the waist and is finished at the side with long ends and tassels.

The best silk for summer wear is undoubtedly a good quality of foulard, which is durable and light, does not wrinkle, and combines very well with other materials. Our best American mills are treating this specialty with particular care. There are decided novelties in the new foulards—the general tendency being to black figures on colors, or to colored figures on black. The colors are usually half-shades, nearly faded looking, and the designs are rather fantastic, with large figures and apparent irregularity of arrangement. The Japanese style is much in favor, and a great many figures are borrowed from it, especially in moss color, rose color, corn color and black. Other styles are large white polka dots, with small black polka dots in the white ones, on a very brilliant red ground. These are mostly to be used for the foundation of lace dresses.

As to colors, the combination of green and black is still extremely popular, especially in cloth and moire. Red remains very fashionable, but rather less is seen of the coquelicot or poppy red, than of the host of derivative tints, such as old Roman red, Pompeii, brick, beet-blood, etc.

Many of the new bodices for costly evening toilets are cut off round at the waist, or very slightly pointed, the edges covered by a folded sash or ribbon laid on flat. A large portion of the dress corsages are devoid of darts, being adapted to the figure of the deeply arched side seams and by the graceful curving of the fronts, down which it is closely fastened by invisible hooks and eyes. Superb galoons and jewelled gimps are made great use of, these put on in straight rows or crossing each other in Grecian style.

Fichus and fancy shoulder capes are sent home by the modiste with airy summer dresses, whose bodices are left but slightly trimmed for this purpose. In honor of the centennial year there are large squares of deep-hemmed silk mull, richly bordered with Puritan silk lace frills. These are the "Martha Washington" handkerchiefs, which are lightly folded and crossed over the breast in the demure fashion of that respected lady's day. Other artistic corsage draperies are known as the Marie Antoinette fichu, the Recamier scarf, the Queen Mary and Sir Joshua Seynolds brothers, and other airy accessions of Spanish, Swiss and Italian styles.

I am happy to tell you that the ball dress "with no sleeves to speak of" and extremely low neck is now a thing of the past, and no respectable woman dreams of making such a spectacle of herself as was deemed good form a few years ago. England's grouty old Queen may go on insisting on the usual show of feminine backs and bosoms, fat and lean, but, happily, there is no such criterion in this country.

Handkerchiefs are very small, and embroidered in colors to match the costume. Lace is again used on dressy handkerchiefs; and those of colored batiste to match the gown are very popular.

EVE'S GREAT-GREAT-GRANDDAUGHTER.

Aid the Census Takers.

We have received from the Superintendent of the Census, Mr. R. P. Potter, a circular requesting us to state that he will forward to all physicians willing to use them, "Physician's Registers," in which it is desired that a record of births and deaths be kept from June 1, 1889, to May 31, 1890. Physicians in all parts of the country are asked to co-operate with the census office in this important work. Those who do not receive registers can obtain them by sending their names and addresses to the census office at Washington. The office is obliged to ask this assistance of the profession for the reason that the United States has no system of registration of vital statistics, and no satisfactory system is in use in all the states. In another matter of greater importance the farmers of the country can give invaluable assistance. The enumerator in his house-to-house visits in census years is constantly met with the fact that farmers keep no books, and their returns are hence not infrequently mere guesses. In the census year begun June 1, 1889, and ending May 31, 1890, the farmers throughout the country are asked to keep account of all the products of their farms for the use of the enumerator.

Several of the Wellesley College Professors and teachers have planned a trip abroad. Mlle. See and Miss Wilcox will avail themselves of the privileges of the Sabbatical year. Miss Montague of the Greek department and Miss Pendleton of the mathematical department will spend next year in study at one of the English universities. Miss Huril of the department of philosophy and Miss Middlekauff, the organist, are others who will leave Wellesley for Europe.

When Capt. and Mrs. Isaac R. Kelley arrived at their home in Dennisport, Mass., recently, after a perilous winter's voyage, Mrs. Kelley was presented with an elegant Mason & Hamlin parlor organ by the owners of the schooner William B. Herrick for her heroism in saving said vessel from being abandoned on account of accident, caused by running into a floating wreck on the night of Jan. 29, on the passage from Portland, Me., to Cardenas, Cuba.

It is stated upon the authority of the New York World that Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain, nee Endicott, is much disgusted with the freedom which pertains to conversation in what are considered the most select circles of English society. Her Puritan blood cannot stand certain features of dinner gossip popular in London. Not long ago she left the table of a noted peeress because of some remark which was made.

Generalities.

It is proposed to lay a cable from Ostend to America.

The treaty between Mexico and Japan has been ratified.

Disastrous floods are reported in various parts of Bavaria.

Gov. Bulkeley of Connecticut has vetoed the secret ballot bill.

The report that Russia was actively arming her troops is contradicted.

A non-partisan prohibition league is in process of formation in Nebraska.

Mrs. P. H. Sheridan is in poor health, and her friends are anxious about her.

The societies of railway brakeman, firemen, and switchmen have been amalgamated.

It is reported that Tascott, the murderer of Snell, the Chicago millionaire, is in China.

The bill giving women license suffrage has been defeated in the Connecticut Legislature.

Joab N. Patterson of New Hampshire has been appointed Fourth Auditor of the Treasury.

The net earnings of the Chicago and Northwestern road for the past year amounted to $4,064,703.

The union seamen and firemen are on a strike at Liverpool, greatly inconveniencing the shipping interests.

It is evident that the Washington Government disapproves of the Samoan treaty as formulated at Berlin.

It is reported that Judge Hilton has compromised the Steward will case by allowing the contestants $6,000,000.

The United States Government is to present to King Mataafa of Samoa a fine new whaleboat as a reward for his valuable service.

It is reported that while in St. Petersburg the Shah signed an agreement to cede Northern Persia to Russia in case of emergency.

Judge Gray of the United States Supreme Bench was married June 5 to Miss Jeannette, daughter of the late Justice Matthews.

The Atchison statement for April makes a more favorable showing. The gross earnings were $323,148 more than those of April, 1888.

A Western Journal communicates the interesting fact that pie parties, much in vogue in that section, are usually followed by pepsin picnics.

The Voodoo Fetish still has its votaries in the South, as was demonstrated by a remarkable scene disclosed recently by the New Orleans police.

Frank Woodruff, one of the men arrested in connection with Dr. Cronin's murder, has turned State's evidence, and other arrests will follow.

Lieut. Schwatka and exploring party at Deming, N. M., report the discovery in southern Chihuahua, Mex., of from 3000 to 12,000 cliff and cave dwellers.

Counsel for J. S. Ayer, the owner of the seized American fishing schooner Mattie Winship, have entered appearance in the Admiralty Court at Halifax.

The inquest into the death of Mr. Maybrick at Liverpool was concluded last week, and a verdict of wilful murder of her husband was returned against Mrs. Maybrick.

It is believed that the next Congress will make some changes in the alien contract labor law, so that it will not exclude teachers and educated people from our shores.

The Solicitor of the Treasury has decided that the alien contract labor law prohibits any foreign professor from coming to this country under contract, expressed or implied.

The Dominion Government has decided to remove the export duty on logs 11 inches and under, cut in Canada by American lumbermen and hauled to mills on the American side.

A slight but very perceptible shock of earthquake was felt in the southern and eastern portions of Nashville Tenn., about 9.30 p. m. June 5. No damage was done, but quite a scare was created.

The advisability of appointing women as census enumerators is under consideration at Washington. One woman has applied for the position of Supervisor of Census of the California District.

The punishment of Captain Arms, who assaulted Governor Beaver of Pennsylvania inauguration day, has been commuted from dismissal to confinement within certain limits and deprivation of uniform and insignia of rank.

A despatch from St. Petersburg to the Cologne Gazette says the Czar told the Shah, and hotly too, that if while in England he made any concessions unfavorable to Russia, 100,000 Russian soldiers now on the frontier would march into Persia.

A gentlemen in Victoria, B. C., interested in the seizure of Canadian vessels in Behring sea two years ago, writing to friends at Ottawa, says the Canadian sealers will go north as usual in a few days. If asked to leave to they will resist seizure. If overpowered, they will be retaken by the British cruisers.

Missionary letters to the Anti Slavery society say the Mahdists have made western Abyssinia a desert. Whole flocks and herds were destroyed, thousands of Christians thrown into slavery and thousands of others butchered. Hundreds of the inhabitants were taken to Mecca as slaves in violation of treaties.

The Large Dams.

The New York World contains a report of several of the large dams in this part of the country: In Massachusetts there is a reservoir dam of earth at Arlington which holds 77,000,000 gallons and another at Brockton with a capacity of 330,000,000 gallons, the dam being of earth and rubble, 1500 feet long. A dam of earth and masonry 1100 feet long and 85 feet high has been thrown across Stony Creek, near Cambridge, and holds in check 6,000,000 gallons. Chicopee has a 150-foot dam resting on a bed of quicksand. Sixty-eight feet above the village of Cochituate there are 16,000,000 gallons suspended behind an earth dam with rubble heart wall. The town of Fitchburg has an earth and rubble dam nearly 75 feet high impounding no less than 200,000,000 gallons and 200 feet above the village level. Another earth and stone dam stretches across Haynes Creek, near Leominster, being 698 feet long and imprisoning 150,000,000 gallons; while another, on Morse Brook, restrains 10,000,000 more. Lynn is supplied by dams across streams to hold back 540,000,000 gallons. A dam 600 feet long was built at New Bedford in a swamp, the puddle centre being carried to hardpan, thus forming a storage of 400,000,000 gallons. In 1867 the gate-house and 100 feet of the dam were carried away by the slipping of quicksand.

The city of Springfield has an impounding reservoir with an area of 445 acres, 350 feet above the level of the streets, and formed by two dams on Broad Brook and in a ravine. The Westfield dam stands 771 feet above the town, and forms a reservoir having a capacity of 184,000,000 gallons, the body of water being thirty feet deep and covering thirty acres. An earthen dam with stone heart wall at Winchester is 600 feet long. It stands 121 feet above the town, and impounds 260,000,000 gallons. The city of Worcester knows what dangerous structures storage dams are, for in 1876 the Lynde Brook dam gave way and caused a damage to property of $750,000, though, owing to a warning of twenty-four hours, no lives were lost. Since then a new dam has been built and strengthened with three lines of cast iron pipe laid in the rubble. Its impounding capacity is estimated at 900,000,000 gallons.

At Greenfield there is a stone dam 60 feet long, 35 feet high, 16 feet thick at the bottom and 10 at the top. It is built in a mountainous gorge and stands five miles from and 290 feet above the village, and its destruction would release 12,000,000 gallons of imprisoned water, which comes from a mountainous drainage of eight square miles. This dam bears the same relation to Greenfield that the Conemaugh dam did to the destroyed town of Johnstown.

Portland, Me., obtains its water supply from Lake Sebago, and a dam at the source of the Presumpscot river holds the natural overflow in check. Lake Sebago is fourteen miles long and six wide, and has a drainage basin of 500 square miles. At high water the surface of the lake is 267 feet above the city, and, though it fills two reservoirs of 30,000,000 gallons capacity, it is constantly overflowing. To show the danger of this dam at the lake, it should be stated that on June 9, 1882, one of the receiving reservoirs burst, which in thirty minutes discharged six million gallons into the streets of the city, causing great damage to property, though there were no lives lost.

A National Flower.

The latest query is: What shall we select for a national flower. Others than doctors differ on this question. A correspondent of the Boston Record makes the following suggestions: "Ours is a very big country. Could not New England choose the mayflower or the apple blossom, the South adopt the orange blossom or the magnolia, the West the sunflower, or other flower characteristic of the prairie? Then, on any great carnival occasion, when people from all parts of the country are met, we can locate the homes of persons by the flowers they wear. Then let each party have an emblematic leaf too. Let us of New England lay our mayflower upon the oak leaf, the Middle States, the Southern States and the Western States backing its favorite flower with the leaf of the forest tree peculiar to its own territory. Surely our country is quite large enough to allow us to indulge in some sectionalism with regard to the flower dearest to us. England, Scotland and Ireland has each its own flower. But if there must be one universal American flower how would the clover do?"

Cashier

Wm. E. Durgin of the Boston Loan Co., 275 Washton street, says: I recommend Sulphur Bitters as the very best medicine I have ever used. There is nothing like them to give an appetite, tone up the system, and do away with that languid feeling which is so frequent among those confined indoors.

Teaching.

[Written for the Journal.]

This term is unhappily applied to the professional work of the school room, but home influence carries with it far more character forming power than the school can ever hope to possess. It is commonly thought that lectures on teaching are of no value to any one unless he is engaged in that work. This is a great mistake, for every one should be familiar with the laws which govern the growth and development of the mind not only for the purpose of aiding others, but everyone needs this knowledge to enable him to discharge the duty he owes to himself. We are all under certain obligations to ourselves, to our God and to our fellowmen, and we ought to fit ourselves for the discharge of those obligations. We all admire a healthy and vigorous looking plant or animal, but how few ever think of mental vigor or the conditions under which it is attained.

There is more information in Fitch's Lectures on Teaching than in any other work that I have seen on the subject. The champions of the new methods are apt to go too far in their zeal for some radical change in the old methods. The new methods are just as apt to become lifeless as the old, and in fact some of the principles of the new methods when practiced by inexperienced teachers cannot fail to retard the progress of the pupils. Take for instance Parker's statement that two years at least should be spent with the average child in learning to read First Reader reading. This is a great waste of the valuable time of youth when six months is ample time for the mastery of this grade of work. In advocating the new method of teaching a child to read, Parker says that any attempt to teach him the elementary parts of a spoken word while he is learning to talk would prove disastrous. I think most teachers have occasionally found words that must be separated into syllables before the pupil could pronounce them. Parker says that if he were to teach us German we could learn the words much quicker and easier if he should present the objects and speak or write their names.

Now for my part it would take me a long time to learn to write a German word unless I had some name by which to designate the several characters of which it is composed. Parker's experience in regard to teaching numbers seems to me rather amusing, for he says he has never seen ten really taught during the first year. He must have been engaged in an infant school, for among hundreds of scholars I never have had one that could not count more than ten, and it is nothing unusual for a child to learn to count one hundred before entering school. And for the purpose of testing one of the hobbies of fanatics I have placed some figure, as four, on the blackboard and asked the smallest child in the room to bring me that number of books and he will bring the correct number just as well as a grown person.

Most of the new methods have some show of truth but the excess to which they are carried is proving a curse to the country. There is a tendency to place theory ahead of experience. Notwithstanding Parker's extreme views in regard to the word method of teaching reading, slow progress in numbers and relative value of different departments of knowledge, he presents some excellent advice to inexperienced teachers. He says: "We have all seen teachers who were so self-satisfied that they seemed to their own minds to have rounded the circle of teaching, made the circle of knowledge and skill complete and closed their minds against the entrance of all further impressions. Such can never learn until the barriers of conceit behind which they have intrenched themselves are broken down. There are others the opposite of those just described, who stand like empty pitchers waiting to be filled. They accept any and all methods which are popular."

He says: "I shall object quite as strongly to your taking the methods which I may present, unquestioned, as I should to your acceptance of others in which I do not believe. All the truths that you may learn must be discovered by yourselves. In this way alone truth is made a living power. The great mass of teachers simply follow tradition without questioning whether it is right or wrong. The true motive of all education is the harmonious development of the human being, body, mind and soul. Knowledge and skill are simply the means and not the end, and these are to work toward the symmetrical upbuilding of the whole being. To acquire a knowledge of the mind and of the means by which the mind may be developed is the study of a life time. Let us stand with humility before immensity."

If teachers at their institutes and associations would spend more time in discussing the object which they wish to attain, the inexperienced teacher would go to his work better prepared than he is at the present time, after hearing primary methods discussed without any definite aim in view. Give a man a purpose and he will find the means and methods, but if he have nothing but methods he cannot expect to obtain any desirable result.

GEO. M. COLE.

Monango, Dak., May 24, 1889.

Decrease in Maine's Fishing Industry.

Thomas J. Lyons, special agent of the Maine Labor Bureau, who has been investigating the condition of the Maine seashore fishing, reports that the fishing industry has decreased ninety per cent. As to the lobster fishing he says, there is no use disguising the fact that the lobster law is violated, as the temptation is great with the men who follow this business for a livelihood to make use of the small lobsters. There are widely differing opinions as to the utility of the law. North Haven fishermen favor having no law at all, and give as a reason that with all the law the lobsters are growing scarcer every year. But if the law is not observed it is the same as no law; and certainly in this vicinity, whether the law is observed or not, lobsters are more plentiful than for years past.

Southeast Harbor, Deer Isle, that once sent out a little fleet of twenty-odd mackerel catchers now has not one, and the former busy streets are silent as the grave. Capt. Benjamin Warren, a veteran fisherman, thought there was some natural cause for the depression, although seining might have had something to do with it. He said: "I well remember that about 45 years ago there was just such a falling off, and for some time the catch was smaller in proportion to the number of vessels engaged than at present. After a while, and mind you, no seines were used at the time, and for the following 20 years, fish were never so plenty." Capt. Warren thought there had been a great lack of feed in the water for the past five years, and that possibly a change in the currents had taken the fish off into deep water.

At North Haven Mr. Lyons found the industry paralyzed, all through the failure of the mackerel fishery. In the past the industry there furnished employment for twenty or more vessels and three or four hundred men. Now a crew cannot be obtained in the town to man even two fishing vessels. Ask any one of the fishermen and they will say it is the seining that has brought this about.

In discussing the veto of two temperance measures by Gov. Hill, the New York Herald takes a step far in advance of its Democratic contemporaries. The Herald says:

While we have little sympathy with the prohibitive fanatics, we very earnestly believe that some legislative action should be taken for the defence of the community. The saloon keepers themselves are not opposed to a restraining and controlling law. The honest citizens throughout the State desire it. It is needed for the guardianship of the young, for the suppression of crime and for the protection of every wage earner who is tempted to let his family starve while he squanders his hard earned money on drink.

Fashion in House Painting.

An exchange says: In house painting there has been a revulsion of taste against the different shades of olive. Striping up with red is also a thing of the past. Other than the pure white the colors most preferred now are the different shades of yellow. The dark reds and browns are also in favor, but the general tendency this year, is toward lighter colors. There are very few now who care to repaint their houses a pure white. White is considered too glaring, reflects apparently more heat, and shows very soon the effect of time. White should rarely be used, except where the house is situated in a grove.

Belfast Business Directory for 1857-8.

We have been handed a directory, in verse, of the business firms in Belfast for the year 1857-8, by "Machine, Jr." The publication was the result of a wager, which the author gives in the introduction to the verses, as follows:

DEAR PUBLIC—"I wager you a dozen kisses that you cannot in rhyme name all the business men in this city!" so said a smiling Miss to me; and at the risk of the public's laughter I wound up the machine, which ground out the following *pome*.

MACHINE, JR.

The author was not known at the time, but was supposed to be a young clerk named Wm. Converse, who was with Marshall & Swan at the time. Whether or not he got the kisses is not known to the "Dear Public," but he deserved them at any rate. Most of the people mentioned have joined the "silent majority," and but a very few occupy the same stores in this city. The older portion of our people will read the verses with interest:

We'll commence in the square, head of Main street,
Where the new Custom House is the first thing you meet;
Step in and enquire for our friend Colonel Smart,
And Deputy Lennan replies with a start,
"I think to the Free Press room he did go;
Say General Cunningham, is it not so?"
We leave; and as we pass out of the hall,
Will stop and on our Post Master call,
For a letter or paper from some friend dear,
Young Dickerson answers, "there is none here."
We cross the street, and read the sign,
Chase & Patterson, Groceries and Wine;
Find Patterson away to Norfolk has gone,
And Alden too is out of town;
Leaving Major Chase there all alone,
Who to you says, "Pray do set down,
And a game of checkers we will try"—
You of course decline, and bid him good bye.
Rush up the stairs, find P. P. Q.,
Leave sudden, or he will mesmerise you.
Drop in on Stuart for a little while,
His Photographs will your time beguile;
Or if your grinders require his skill,
He'll clean them, pull them, or them fill.
Step in below, here's a variety store,
D. Haraden's name is over the door;
Here's the City Clerk, "a nice young man,
Who keeps a store with Uncle Dan."
We leave, step in to the "Ladies' Exchange,"
See Mrs. Chase her goods arrange;
Speak to Atkinson, just from the Western land,
Who here for a while has taken a stand.
From there up stairs find Dr. Shaw,
Wish him good day and grasp his paw.
Leave, and as we pass by the door,
Nod to our friends, Deacon Beamen & Moore.
Call on Caldwell, one door below—
A man that every one must know;
If to Boston you should wish to send,
You'll find him a most inquisitive friend,
Who the contents of the package would wish to know
And he'd ask you to send it by his Express Co.
Above him our Artist Hunting tries
To take off your face before your own eyes.
Then across the entry, on Charley Rinks call,
He'll shave you the keenest of them all.
Below him is H. H. Forbes' shoe shop,
We'd call, but have no time to stop.
Next Perry's flour store appears to view,
Then the City Market, W. Q.
Turn to the left at the head of the stair,
Find A. T. Palmer, Counsellor, there.
Down again, and drop into this store,
You'll hear Hiram's voice as you open the door;
You set your watch, bid the Colonel good day,
And into Washburn's make your way;
All kinds of books and toys here find,
Patent medicine, "Watts on the mind,"
And Salmon, too, whom all folks know,
That live in the County of Waldo;
Behind the counter he's always found,
Ready to sell you, or take you round.
But time is precious, we cannot stop,
For on Squire Abbott we must drop
A moment or two, as he'll soon go,
Away to Washington you know.
Across the stairs is a sign, we trace
These letters gilded, Philo Chase,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
We rush down stairs, exclaim oh, pshaw
Travel quickly past the door
Of S. A. Howes & Company's store,
Opposite Dr. Moody's sign,
And think of salts or a dose of quinine.
Next Clark's saloon, we can't this pass,
Without dropping in to get a glass
Of cider, beer, or a piece of pie,
Then into Sleeper's quickly hie;
Find our Ex-Mayor and Pitcher there,
With dry goods they would be willing to spare
For cash or good credit, but as we have none,
Out the door we quickly run;
Up the stairs and three cents pay,
And take a "Progressive Age" away.
Next to Thurlow we make our bow,
Busy as usual, cutting clothes I swow.
We then drop in on Marshall & Swan,
In season to find that "Tom's" not gone
To Augusta yet, for true as you live,
He's our City Representative.
Next into Dinsmore's put our foot,
Which he wants to measure for a boot,
As we cannot stop, we must decline,
Leave him, read F. A. Lewis' sign.
While looking up we hit our toe,
And into Morison's limping go,
At his stock of hardware take a look,
And then drop in on Barber Cook,
Whose "Water is hot and razor keen,
Step in my friend, I'll shave you clean;"
And squirt some ketchup on your hair,
Out we rush, can't long stop there;
For into this next store must go,
Where now keeps O. B. Woods & Co.,
Here farming tools, pitchforks and hoe.
Greet your eyes, out door you go;
And find the last store in Granite Square
Is Aaron Pendleton's, I declare.
On we rush, at Lancaster's stop,
David and Frank are both in the shop;
But we cannot tarry, on we fly,
Springer, the Jew, we travel by,
Into P. P. Wakefield's stop,
Beg a cracker or a glass of pop,
But having little time to spare,
Rush in next door and up the stair,
Find Thompson & Davis busy as bees,
Making ground coffee out of peas;
But we hint this to them, get kicked out door,
And find ourself on the lower floor;
Where neighbor Goff used to make brown bread,
Bake beans, cook anything 'twas said,
He's gone, but in his place we see,
Riggs & Hawes has the Bakery.
Down the hill, towards the water go,
Rush into John M. Gould's & Co.
Here's everything in the fishing line,
From Liverpool salt to a piece of twine.
Next over to S. S. Lewis' we go,
This, too, is the fishermens' great depot.
Retrace our steps, on Sibley call,
Who says molasses is bound to fall;
With this sweet news we leave his shop,
And into Thombs' sail loft drop;
This business is about done this fall,
Now into Frederick's we'll make a call;
Here's duck, tar, rigging, lots of jib hanks—
Step out and call at his son Frank's,
Who if you ask him, will I guess
Treat you with cider, just from the press.
On we go—stop at this store—
E. Wilson & Co. over the door;
Anderson & Simonton we spy,
But merely nod, and onward fly,
Ask Dan. Lane if yonder sail,
Is the sch. Peytona, or Abby Gale.
Then into the Foundry poke our head—
"No loafers wanted here," hear said.
But business men we think we be,
So looking about, first man we see,
To the agent, Mr. J. P. White,
Who is bound to see that all goes right;
But in such a noise, we no questions ask,
But leave and proceed with our task.
Leaving Mathews' Factory for sash, doors and blinds,
And Fuller's block shop far behind,
And into the Mayor's make our way,
Ask Pitcher his Honor, the price of hay;
Find it rather dull, bid him adieu,
Retrace our route a step or two,
And call at Gilbert & Wooster's shop,
Where they do Carving up tip-top,
And find it is growing late,
Wish them good luck and travel straight
By the Foundry, turn to the left hand,
And find ourselves at Knowlton's stand.
Still in a hurry we onward go,
Up the street past Blacksmith Row,
And into Spring's for a moment look,
Find everything there, just like a book,
On we go like a shanghai chicken,
Until we hear an awful ticking,
Amazed, we tremble and fairly stop,
To learn 'tis a clock pedlar's shop—
Putnam's, whom you all well know—
We touch our hat and onward go.
Eustace's pass, and a moment spare,
To hear our friend Sylvester swear,
And find he still does it up right,
Drop in on our friend Martin White.
But must not forget G. W. Brown,
A new concern just started in town;
Then speak a word with F. H. Lane—
Read "Dress making done by Miss H. Payne."
Then into Edmund's we must go,
For here Dry Goods are selling low—
And for every five dollars a present give,
Can't see how 'tis done or how they live;
Here we see Reynolds, Walker and Charles,
Besides Mrs. E. and lots of girls.
Above, the Mutual Store we find,
Where is kept goods of every kind.
And then comes Mr. Harris, a Jew,
Who as you pass says "how you do?
Vont you leetle clothing buy?"
You leave and into Noyes' hie;
Here stoves and tin ware is displayed,
And A. N. ready for a trade.
That's not our business, out we prance,
And just drop in on Asa Faunce;
Hear him laugh once, out we clear,
See Dr. Wheelock's sign appear—
And next above, Mrs. Gilmore's shop,
Here one moment we will stop,
Examine her bonnets and fancy goods,
Ribbons and laces, caps and hoods;
Then if a bedstead you wish to buy,
Step into Thompson's and him try,
For furniture of any style;
Then leave, dodge in on Dodge awhile,
Who harnesses and such things sell;
Then call on Edwards for a spell,
Who ale and chowder does sell *low*,
Yes! down in the cellar—out we go,
Straight along, in this door turn,
See L. S. Smith and from him learn
That his stock and store he has just sold
to Alexander & Carter and got his gold;
We say, "you're lucky," step out his door,
And into Pillsbury's provision store,
Here beef, pork and mutton is displayed—
We bow, and ask where the Knowlton's trade,
And find it is in the very next block,
Thank him and step out on the walk,
See their names on their signs appear—
Fred A. and L. A. both keep here;
And in the rooms above we peep,
Where Miss Farrow does dress making cheap,
Then into the New England hie,
Where Landlord Holmes will your wants supply.
While there our teeth to ache begun,
So into Dr. Moore's we run;
He has an office just close by,
And he cold iron did apply.
Feeling much better, we cross the street,
And H. N. Lancaster we meet;
Is "Peacock" in? we faintly ask,
For we'll take a team to complete our task;
Here everything looks in its place,
Except Geo. R.'s familiar face,
"Horses all out," is H. N.'s reply.
And out of the stable we quickly fly.
Pass by Durgin & Gilmore's door,
Around the corner step in this store,
And the very first object our vision hits,
Is E. C. Hilton giving em' fits
In the way of trousers, coat or vest;
If we had time in here we'd rest,
But as we cannot, on we move,
Up into the Telegraph office above;
Here we find Mc., who turns his head
As we ask, "Do you know where Brooks is, Ned?"
"In his office I guess;" is his reply,
So his office door again you try.
Then down stairs into the store below,
Where you find Dan'l Young & Co.,
Harness makers—wish them good day,
And into the "American" make your way;
Step up to the register, book your name,
And leave as quickly as you came—
Pass Baker standing at the door,
Looking glad to know provisions lower.
Into the store above you go,
Where Furber & Bean their goods will show;
But having no money wherewith to buy,
We step in the Bank of Commerce and try
If our name is good for sixty days—
Cashier Palmer looks up and says:
"In these tight times we require a good name;"
We leave him as poor as when we came;
And find ourselves before the door
Of Wiggin's boot, shoe, and leather store.
But as our task is not yet done,
We hurry up and in the next shops run,
Where Long & Havener keep—they say,
"Don't you want a tip-top steak to-day?"
Not being a family man, we slide
Into Daniel Faunce, next door this side,
Who you find just taking his key to weigh,
For a man from Belmont, a load of hay.
From there we call on Ephraim Swett,
Who ought by this time to have money to let,
For he has had for two years they say,
From Uncle Sam, four dollars a day.
Next an office with Burrill's name over the door;
Then S. S. Hersey's tin ware and stove store;
Then cross over to Bass' for a glass or two
Of ale, or get from him a stew;
Then in on J. Peirce & Company call,
To ask the rent of their fine hall.
We cross the square, at Bickford's stop,
To ask how business is at his shop,
And look thro' the window of the next store,
That has S. A. Moulton over the door;
Then look at a sleigh in Howard's shop;
Hurry on, and keep wishing we could stop.
Through the Court House hall we go,
And find ourselves on Phoenix Row,
And that large building at our right—
Is the Phoenix House—Josiah N. White;
Just opposite the Court House step—
Step into Jones & Stevens' shop;
Next into Angier's hardware store—
Here's everything and a little more;
Next Geo. C. Hill & Co., who say,
Their goods are selling every day,
Lower than any man's in town,
If so Dry Goods will soon come down,
For Wetherbee when he sees the gold,
Will not by him, be undersold.
Up stairs we go—stop here I guess,
Ask Stetson to give us this weeks' Free Press,
Put it in our hat, and out we slide,
Into Baker's watch store, next door south side,
Then into Storer's oyster saloon—
This Storer is a jovial coon,
Grab a few chestnuts, give Ames a wink,
And into Hazeltine's stop, I think,
And ask him if he thinks his friend,
Geo. Card, the tailor, can neatly mend
A fellow's trousers where they're torn,
Or if the knees and elbows worn
Require a patch, if so, he's the man,
That should have as much work to do as he can.
Then into C. D. Field's we'll go,
For a sofa, bedstead, or bureau,
Or if a bonnet you wish to buy,
At Miss Wells' shop we had better try;
Or a watch, a ring, or a bosom pin,
At Calvin Hervey's we'll drop in
Then finding ourselves in front of the door
Of H. H. Johnson's Dry Goods store,
We stop and of Jim Brown enquire,
If he thinks Dry Goods are going to be higher.
Then trip up stairs, to the right we turn,
And of Cashier Bradbury we learn
That Belfast Bank bills are as good as gold,
A story we have oft been told.
Down we go and into the door,
Of W. O. Poor's Drug and Medicine store
Then through L. Allard's window see
All kinds of Watches and Jewelry.
Next Wm. T. Colburn his best will try,
To sell you Boots to keep your feet dry.
Not being in want up stairs we move,
There find on the very next floor above
B. F. Williams, Hair Dresser's shop,
With mirrors, &c., fitted up tip-top.
Up we go to the third story floor,
And into the Sanctum of G. B. Moore;
Ask for a *Journal*—he hands you one—
You speak to his partner Dickerson;
Wish them good luck, out we go,
Down two flights of stairs to the walk below.
Opposite, the Police Court is in session they say,
With his Honor Judge Williamson holding sway;
I fear if he should do his duty do,
For contempt he'd fine us a dollar or two.
From there on G. R. Sleeper we call,
And view his splendid Carpet Hall.
On Hervey & Phillips next look in,
To see their fine cloth work, neat as a pin.
Then McDonald & Co. our attention call,
To their store in the basement of Washington Hall.
From there we go up, on D. S. Moody call,
At his billiard saloon in old Washington Hall.
And now good friends our task is done,
And we trust we've not slighted or offended one;
And if a true verdict you do give in,
'Twill be that the kisses we fairly win.

Terrible Disaster.

A SUNDAY SCHOOL EXCURSION TRAIN WRECKED IN IRELAND. SEVENTY-TWO PERSONS KILLED AND MANY OTHERS WOUNDED.

Despatches from Dublin state that a train containing 1200 persons, composed of Methodist Sunday School scholars, their teachers and relatives who were going on an excursion to Warren Point was wrecked June 12 near Armagh, with great loss of life. The place to which the party was going is a watering place at the mouth of the Newry River in County Downe.

HOW IT HAPPENED.

The following particulars have been received. The excursion party left Armagh in two trains. The accident occurred at a point where the trains had to ascend a grade on a bank 50 feet high. The first train ascended the grade without trouble. The second section attempted the ascent, but the weight of the train proved too great for the engine. Several cars were detached and allowed to run back toward the level track, but before they reached it they came in collision with an ordinary train from Armagh, which was proceeding at a good rate of speed. The excursion cars were completely wrecked. The scene which ensued was heart-rending. Hosts of volunteers were soon at hand and the dead and wounded were taken from the wreck and carried down the bank. Medical aid was called for and a special train from Belfast brought to the scene 20 surgeons from that city and a number of medical men from other places between Belfast and Armagh. The disaster is unparalleled in the railroad history of Ireland.

The brake power of the engine of the third train was inadequate. While the second train was ascending the incline the engineer remarked to the fireman: "I am afraid we can't do it."

The following train was commencing the ascent when the engineer saw the runaway cars. Shutting off the steam and reversing the lever, the engineer and fireman jumped from the engine, shouting to the passengers to do likewise. The latter, however, not hearing the cries did not obey. No one was injured on that train. The engine was buried sixty feet down an embankment. The carriage that ran into the engine was shattered to splinters and fragments of dress, umbrellas, etc., were scattered hundreds of yards. Some of the occupants of the runaway cars tried to escape, but the doors were locked. The front part of the train started back in pursuit of the runaway cars, and the passengers saw the collision at a distance of 500 yards. A car driver named Hughes, who visited the scene of the disaster, was so horrified at the sight that he died on the spot. His corpse was taken to Armagh in his own car.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT OF THE DISASTER

says that the engineer of the second train finding his engine powerless to pull the train up the steep grade, unlinked several of the cars, with the object of taking the front portion of the train to the next station and returning for the remainder. Heavy stones were placed behind the wheels of the detached cars to prevent them from slipping, but the locomotive on restarting gave the entire train a shunt that displaced the stones. The result was that the detached cars began to slip backward down the grade, their speed gradually increasing until they had attained a frightful velocity. After running four miles they crashed with terrific force into the third train at a point about a mile and a half from Armagh. The shrieks of the children were horrible. The bodies of the victims were arranged in rows as soon as recovered. Many were mangled beyond recognition.

MOURNING IN ARMAGH.

There is scarcely a family in Armagh that has not some one dead. The embankment on which the accident occurred is seventy feet high. Many touching scenes were witnessed. The children bore their injuries with great patience. A private of the Irish Fusiliers, before the collision, jumped on the foot plate of one of the cars and dropped four children to the ground. He then offered to assist others to escape, but his offer was refused. In many cases whole families were killed.

Before starting on the fatal excursion the children paraded through the streets of Armagh with flags and banners, and the townsfolk turned out almost en masse to wish them a happy holiday.

The party of excursionists included ministers, teachers, the parents of some of the children and a few other adults.

The passengers give different accounts of the accident, but they all complain bitterly of the stupidity of those in charge of the wrecked train, who, they say, tried to block the wheels of detached cars with "pebbles."

The train consisted of 15 carriages. The bulk of the children were in the front portion of the train. Only about a dozen children were killed. The majority of the victims were about 20 years of age.

They were in the last carriage, which was completely smashed. Many of the occupants jumped from the windows, and escaped with slight injuries before the collision. The passengers on the rear train were not injured. They alighted and assisted in the work of relief.

All the bodies have now been taken from the wreck. The total killed is 72, of whom 64 have been identified.

At the formal inquest in the evening the Magistrate said it appeared that there had been most culpable negligence.

The number injured is about one-third of the entire number of passengers. Many of these are certain to succumb to the effects of their injuries. McGrath, the engineer of the wrecked train; Parkinson, fireman; Moore, guard, and Elliott, the Traffic Manager's clerk, are held on the specific charge of having, by their negligence, caused the death of Mr. Steele, Clerk of the Petty Sessions, and his two children, who were among the excursionists.

A Temperance Lessor.

A sad temperance lesson is found in the statement of the superintendent of the electric works at Johnstown that no less than three thousand lives were lost through the use of liquor. The men who made themselves drunk not only lost their own lives, but families that otherwise might have been saved were left alone and being powerless to help themselves fell easy victims to the flood.

"The civil service law," says Senator Blair, "with the masses of the people is unpopular to say the least. It is administered too much like the proceedings of the star chamber, in its present performances. It is no part of American institutions and unless the new commissioners shall be able to make something out of it the whole thing had better be expunged from the laws.

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The Crime of the Clan-na-Gael.

One of the essays read at the graduating exercises of the Belfast high school referred to the evils arising from the immigration of the pauper and criminal classes of the Old World, and stated that 91 per cent. of the population of Chicago is of foreign birth. The essayist spoke of the Anarchist riots in that city, which are still fresh in the public mind, and just now attention is again directed to Chicago by reason of the foul murder committed by direction of a secret society—the Clan-na-Gael. The victim was a Dr. Cronin. He had in his possession evidence to convict Clan-na-Gael officials of misappropriating large funds, and was not to be deterred from his purpose of exposing the offenders. Money that was freely given by Irishmen in America for the cause of home rule in Ireland, he said, ought not to be used for wheat speculation and personal enrichment. Finally at a meeting held with closed doors these officials voted to "remove" Dr. Cronin, and soon after he was enticed from his home on the plea that his services were needed by a person seriously ill. Quick to respond to such a call, he went to his death. In an unsuspecting moment, when bending over his supposed patient, the blow was struck. The poor man's body was then carted over the country and at last dumped into a basin, where, after long search, it was found.

"Assassination by committee" the New York Herald captions a strong editorial on this latest Chicago horror. It says: "It seems hardly possible that in a country like America such a deed under such circumstances could be done. In another land we should say, as in Spain or Italy for example, it might be possible, but here never. Still here is the place where the crime was committed. Our horror is natural, but this is a case in which horror should give way to public indignation."

The headquarters of the Clan-na-Gael are in Chicago, and its membership includes many of the police force. The detection and punishment of the criminals is thus made difficult. Again the Herald says:

At every step in the trial so far the invincible hand of this secret society is felt. Evidence is dragged from unwilling and perjured witnesses. Characters of the detective system of Chicago to the throat. It wields an immense political power. Some of the very men who are engaged in the exposure are indebted to this organization for their positions. Pressure will be brought to bear on every one connected with the case, from the judge on the bench to the twelve citizens in the jury box. Heaven, earth and hell will be moved to stay the hands of justice, every inch of the road to conviction will be blocked by obstacles, and if it is possible to save these rascals from the clutch of their deserved doom it will be done.

Will it be possible? That is the question. Has Chicago the pluck, the moral courage to hang criminals who hold the balance of political power?

This is an emergency of grave importance to the whole country. That organization should be slain into kindling wood. It is a blot on our civilization, a shame to every right minded citizen. It should be hunted without mercy and scourged from the continent.

The Schiller-Bateman Controversy.

TO THE EDITOR OF JOURNAL: The explanation of the Argus, copied into the Age, is *too thin*. I participate to several of Byron's short poems not to be found in any of his "collected works." The same of nearly all great poets. Even Tom Moore's "These Evening Belles," one of the most famous and beautiful poems in the English language, is not in the edition of his poems in my library. Ed and Alfred Bowring is one of the most eminent of English literary men. It is not likely that he would have translated a poem as one of Schiller's unless he had good reasons for its authorship. Possibly the editors of the Argus and Age have some superior source of information. They seem to have dropped me and pitched into poor Bowring. Why didn't they do this in the first place instead of assuming that I was the author of the lines? As the Bar Harbor Record has well said, they had better gracefully acknowledge the corn" and let the soldier continue. Yours etc.,

J. C. BATEMAN.

NORTH SEARSMONT, Me., June 15, 1889.

Through the accidental omission of quotation marks from a verse appended to a letter from Bar Harbor, written by Prof. J. C. Bateman for the Journal, the Portland Argus, supposing it to be original, made a brutal and entirely unwarranted attack upon Prof. Bateman, whom it styled a half-idiot and a half-baked poet. Prof. Bateman had promptly written to this office calling attention to the omission of the quotation marks and stating that the lines were by Schiller. The Argus then denied that Schiller wrote the verse, but the Portland Press at once furnished the proof. The Journal, as in duty bound, came to the defence of a contributor who had been unjustly assailed, and shared in the broad smile which illuminated the Maine press, with two exceptions, at the Argus' onslaught on the muse of Schiller. During the fray the editor of the Belfast Age attached himself to the coat-tail of the Argus man, with a view no doubt to getting a little cheap notoriety, and sharing in the literary lustre of his Portland contemporary. His position also afforded him an excellent vantage ground from which to make faces at the Journal, although it sadly handicapped the assistant editor of the Argus, who is a good fellow and too good a newspaper man to have got into so sad a plight. But the affair did not terminate quite as the Age expected, and when the Argus man went to grass in the first round he naturally landed on his coat tail attachment and left that young man flatter than a Cleveland editorial in the Belfast Age. The verdict of a coroner's jury would be "served him right."

We notice that Joe Howard continues to write for the leading news-papers of the country, which pay him from $40,000 to $50,000 a year, apparently oblivious of the fact that an Islesboro ducie is on his track with blood in its eye and a sprint gun in its hand. The situation reminds us of the remark of the Western cowboy to a tenderfoot who was armed with a pepper-box revolver: "Look here, young fellar, if you shoot me with that thing and I find it out I'll kick you like blazes." Wait until Joe finds it out.

We have noted the fact that the Augusta, Ga. Chronicle, one of the ablest Democratic papers in the South, has cut loose from the free trade Democracy. In a recent editorial the Chronicle says: "We do claim that so great was the influence of President Cleveland, if he had advocated a protective tariff and a repeal of the internal revenue laws, the Democratic party would have endorsed his position. And we further claim that he would have been triumphantly re-elected upon this platform."

While the Journal continues to furnish all the news each week, the space in the Age not filled with cold victuals from the Journal's table of the week before is devoted to criticisms of the fly-speck order, in the composition of which egotism and bad manners are alike conspicuous. As a return for neighborly courtesies the demonstrations of the Belfast Age are certainly unique.

Writing of the Armour packing house in Kansas City a correspondent of the Atlanta Journal says: "Everything that goes in comes out of value even to hoofs, horns and hair. Nothing is lost except the occasional squeal of a pig, and they say they save that in Chicago."

In a letter to his Washington correspondent W. E. ("Richelieu") Robinson, in 1849, Horace Greeley said: "Next to marrying a very cross old maid for a fortune, getting an office to live by is the poorest business I can think of."

It is thought that the British Valkyrie will not venture to meet the American Volunteer, but will come over on a cup-hunt among the smaller fry of yachts. In this case no doubt discretion is the better part of valor.

There has been a break in the price of coffee, owing to an excessive supply, but the saccharine accompaniment maintains its altitude, although we "trust" it may come down before the preserving season.

Senator W. E. Chandler, of New Hampshire, has had a walkover in the contest for the U. S. Senatorship, as everybody outside of Democratic newspaper offices expected he would.

The bumptious editor of the Belfast Age styles the Journal a "one-horse Republican paper." But that is immeasurably above a one-jackass Democratic paper, like the Age.

Latest from Boston: "Sullivan is drunk again."

Monday was Bunker Hill Day.

Odd Fellows Block.

The accompanying cut represents the latest addition to the business blocks of Belfast, of which a detailed description was given in the Journal of April 18th. The stores of George W. Burkett and A. A. Howes & Co. are equal to any similar establishments in the State, and when lighted at night by arc and incandescent lights present a brilliant appearance. Every room in this large block is now occupied and efforts are being made to complete the fresco ing and finishing up the Odd Fellows Hall for dedication some time in July.

The English papers agree that the Samoan Conference has been a triumph for the United States and that the result is due to Mr. Blaine's inexorable attitude. The Berlin correspondent of the London Times says: "There can be no doubt that Americans have emerged from this conference with flying colors, and that Germany has had to content herself with the prospect of much less political predominance on the islands than she claimed at Washington two years ago. This result, it would appear, is much more due to the firm and inexorable attitude of Mr. Blaine than to any politic leanings of England toward the Power which it is her highest aim to conciliate." Editorially the Times says:

It cannot be denied that the action of Germany in Samoa lies on many occasions been high-handed, impolitic and inconsistent alike with treaty obligations and the interests of other powers. It is, perhaps, as well, therefore, that in this particular case Prince Bismarck should have been made to feel, even where the interests of the United States are concerned the American Government is very little affected by many of those considerations which necessarily restrain the action of those European Governments with which it is more accustomed to deal. It is not less plain that even Germany would be compelled to think twice, or thrice, before provoking collision with America over such a question as that of Samoa; and we cannot but recognize, therefore, that the influence of the United States has been so moderately and yet so effectually exerted.

MAINE GOSSIP. Eddie Ware, aged 10 years, and a little son of Greenie Pull, aged 12 years, were drowned at Augusta Monday afternoon while swimming in the Kennebec. The bodies were recovered by a diver. One of the boys got beyond his depth and the other tried to save him.....Ex-Treasurer Isaac Lee, of Bath, and the Rich and Willis Ice Co. of Washington, D. C., have consolidated under the name of the American Ice Company. F. R. Clergue of Bangor is president of the new company.....Senator Hale is more seriously injured in the railroad accident in California than first supposed, and the senate committee on relations with Canada have abandoned their proposed trip to Alaska.....Senator Wilkin P. Frye has gone to the Restigouche River, in Quebec, to try the salmon fishing.....The yearly meeting of New England Friends was opened at Portland Friday. John G. Whittier was present. A public temperance meeting was held in the evening. Late Sunday afternoon a young man named South went rowing in the Penobscot at Bangor in a small boat, taking with him four little girls. The boat capsized and the oldest girl, Bessie Babcock, aged fourteen years, was drowned. The others barely escaped. The body of the drowned girl was recovered two hours later.....Chebuer's Ball, one of the finest buildings in Auburn, caught fire at 12:30 Sunday morning in the roof and was two 70 per cent. The people are leaving in droves.....The steamer Pomona, from New York for Montego Bay, has been lost; all hands saved.....Postmaster John H. Locke, of Portsmouth, N. H., died Saturday. Decoration Day was observed by eating strawberries on Memorial Day.....Woodruff, one of the fellows arrested for participation in the murder of Dr. Cronin, has made a new confession, in which he implicates other men not heretofore named in the murder.....A dispatch from Port au Prince contradicts the report that Hippolyte has been victorious..... A severe thunder storm on Saturday afternoon did considerable damage throughout the country. Boston awaited with only a brisk shower.....Indictments have been returned at Memphis against about 200 judges and clerks in the last election.....John G. Gilbert, the veteran actor, died in Boston Monday afternoon.....A destructive hail storm occurred in West Virginia and a cyclone in Indiana Sunday evening.....The village of Uniontown, Kan., was washed away by a flood a day or two ago. At least six persons were drowned and much property destroyed.

Consul-General at Halifax.

On Saturday last President Harrison appointed Hon. Wakefield G. Frye of this city to be Consul General at Halifax, Nova Scotia. Mr. Frye held this position under the Arthur Administration, but was succeeded by the present incumbent, Michael H. Phelan, of St. Louis, soon after Cleveland's inauguration. Mr. Phelan is a native of Nova Scotia and a Roman Catholic. Mr. Frye made an excellent official and his return to Halifax was asked for by about all of the Maine Legislature, U. S. Senators and Representatives, and leading Republicans all over the State. He has reason to be proud of the support he received, and the congratulations on his appointment are not confined to Maine. We quote a few of the press comments:

Maine people will be glad to learn that Wakefield G. Frye has been reappointed consul general at Halifax. Mr. Frye, who is a Belfast man, held this important post previous to his removal by the last administration, and he certainly well fitted for its duties. [Portland Advertiser.

The appointment of Wakefield G. Frye, of Belfast, as consul general of the United States at Halifax, is the restoration of an able and faithful official who was removed without cause by President Cleveland. Mr. Frye carries with him to Halifax the experience and prestige of a highly successful administration of the office under President Arthur, and the good wishes of a host of friends in Maine. [Portland Press.

The reinstatement of Consul General Frye in his old position at Halifax will be cordially approved by every New England fishermen and other individuals who are interested in seeing that the office is held in prudent and energetic hands. [Boston Journal.

The restoration of Hon. Wakefield G. Frye to the consulate at Halifax from which he was removed by President Cleveland because he was a Republican is in accordance with the policy of the Administration to do justice to meritorious and competent officials who were punished by the Democrats solely for their Republicanism. It is a policy which while peculiarly gratifying to loyal Republicans will commend itself to fair minded men of all parties. [Portland Evening Express.

The Meeting of the County Grange.

Waldo County Pomona Grange will meet with Farmers Pride Grange, Lincolnville, Aug. 13. The following is the programme: 1st, opening exercises; 2nd, reports; 3d, address of welcome by Sister Alberta Wadsworth; 4th, response by Sister Ellen Hunt; 5th, conferring of fifth degree; 6th, question: Resolved that more than twenty-five acres including pasture is detrimental to the farmer. Aff., Bros. M. I. Stevens and E. D. Freeman; neg., Bros. J. R. Hurd and J. A. Wilson; 7th, noon recess; 8th, select reading by Sister Jessie Pierce; 9th, open session and a drama by patrons of Farmers Pride Grange; 10th, remarks for the good of the order.

Graduating Exercises of the Belfast High School.

The graduating exercises of the Belfast High School, class of 1889, took place at the Belfast Opera House Saturday evening last. The hall was well filled with friends of the class and citizens interested in our schools. Lace drapery depended from the arch over the stage, on which was the class motto, "Finis Coronat Opus," wrought in pansies. Large clusters of flowers were on either wing of the stage. The graduating class was composed of sixteen—fourteen young ladies and two young gentlemen. The misses, becomingly attired in white, sat in double rows, flanked by the young men. At the right of the stage were the school committee and teachers of the High School. F. W. Chase, principal of the school, acted as master of ceremonies. Music was furnished by P. A. Sanborn and R. P. Chase, violins, and Miss Mary Farmer, piano. The exercises were enlivened by excellent vocal music by Mrs. George W. Chase, Mrs. John H. Quimby, Miss Charlotte W. Colburn, George Green, A. C. Knight, F. W. Chase and F. L. Payson. The exercises of the evening began by selections from the orchestra, after which prayer was offered by Rev. G. B. Chadwick. Miss Helen Jane Condon played a march on the piano. The salutatory and essay, "Influence of the Novel," were by Harriet Ellen Robbins. After addressing the committee, teachers and schoolmates she spoke of the influence of novel reading, and denounced the novels of Rider Haggard as loathsome and worthless. Mrs. Chase and Mrs. Quimby sang a duet, which was received with applause. Essay, "Scientific Aspect of Immigration," by Robert Allen French. He handled the subject well. He spoke of the evils from immigration of the pauper and criminal elements of the old country, and cited the riots of Chicago. He said that 91 per cent. of the population of Chicago was of foreign birth. Edith Marion Black played a solo on the piano. Essay, "Charles Dickens as a Novelist," by Margaret Patterson Crosby. She said that Dickens preached better sermons through his books than many clergymen from the pulpit. He wrote against some existing evils. The books cited were Nicholas Nickolby, Bleak House, and Oliver Twist. Miss Charlotte W. Colburn sang a solo, receiving generous applause. The class history and prophecy was by Harry Austin Knowlton. In his prophecy he departed from the usual course and depicted hard futures for his classmates. Misses Susie A. Knowlton played a piano duet. Essay, "Industrial Education in Public Schools" by Elizabeth Adah Kelley. Miss Kelley handled the subject in an excellent manner, taking the ground that education should be of a practical kind. Pupils should be taught what is demanded in everyday life; should have manual training and mechanical knowledge. Music, quartette, by Messrs. Green, Knight, Chase and Payson. The valedictory and essay "The Marble Waiteth," was by Caroline Williams Field. The lesson drawn was that we are what we make ourselves. All the parts were well taken and the pupils acquitted themselves finely. Most of the young ladies had their parts committed. R. W. Rogers, Esq., of the school board, addressed the class in some timely remarks and awarded the diplomas. The class ode by Bertha Boardman Emery was sung, after which Rev. F. L. Payson pronounced the benediction. The class held a reception at the close, in the restaurant. The following are the names of the graduates:

Helen Jane Condon, Harriet Ellen Robbins, Edith Marion Black, Margaret Patterson Crosby, Melinda Emoline Shute, Ethel Winslow Knowlton, Elizabeth Adah Kelley, Caroline Williams Field, Alice Wadsworth, Maud Fernald, Bertha Boardman Emery, Mabel Netta Wise, Isabella Harris, Gertrude Doering Stearns, Robert Allen French, and Harry Austin Knowlton.

Electric Light Hearing.

On Thursday evening last the municipal officers of Belfast had a hearing on the petition of the of Easton Electric Company, of New York, to erect poles and to string wires in our city. Mr. O'Connor, who has had the matter in charge here, was not present. An affidavit was produced showing that he was detained in New York. The Easton company was represented by W. P. Thompson and W. H. Fogler, Esqrs., while the Hon. W. H. McLellan appeared for the Belfast Electric Light Company. A certified copy of the incorporation of the Easton company was exhibited. Mr. McLellan said that the city had no right to grant permission to a foreign company to erect poles. He based his opinion upon a decision rendered by the supreme Court of Massachusetts. A New York company erected poles in the city of Boston. The city was indicted and the full court sustained the verdict. He argued at length, his theme being that a foreign company could not have a permit.

Col. Fogler said that by the law of comity all companies had rights under the general law, which is recognized by the United States Courts, unless it is in conflict with the statutes or well settled policy of a particular State. He referred to the Massachusetts case cited by Mr. McLellan and said there was a statute of Massachusetts that interfered with the law of comity, but no such statute existed in Maine. It was the well settled policy of Maine to allow such companies to do business in Maine, and he cited several cases.

Mr. Lellan thought the particular statute of Massachusetts and Maine identical.

The municipal officers voted to grant the Easton Company permission to erect poles, &c., if operations were begun on or before the first day of August next.

Vinalhaven's Celebration.

On Tuesday next Vinalhaven will celebrate the 50th anniversary of its existence as a town. At a meeting held last week to make arrangements L. W. Smith was made chairman, W. S. Carver, secretary, and the following committees were appointed:

On Granite Industries—L. M. Crockett, L. W. French, C. F. Noyes, Charles C. Littlefield and George Griffith.

Paving Industries—J. S. Black, J. P. Ambrust, F. W. Kittridge and William Grant.

On Fishing Industries—Joseph Rogers, William Clayton and Joseph D. Arey.

Merchant or Trading Industries—E. W. Arey, E. S. Bodwell and John W. Hopkins.

Ancient Relics—Geo. S. Carver, Samuel Calnan and Capt. W. R. Creed.

To Represent some Historical Event—F. L. Carver, Frank Winslow and H. M. Noyes.

Farming Industries—James C. Calderwood, Benj. Coombs and J. Cluff.

Base Ball—J. A. Davis, Harry Julian and Edgie Libby.

On a Company of 25 Little Boys Dressed in Uniform—S. S. Carver.

On Aged Citizens 80 Years Old and Over—C. B. Vinal and John Vinal.

On Carpenters—R. A. Dyer.

On Teams—C. B. Vinal, L. M. Crockett and Geo. Hoyt.

On Boat Building—Abner Dyer, Geo. G. Webber and Moses Young.

On Net and Twine—Frank Roberts, Edwin R. Roberts and James Smith.

On Painters—E. J. Tolman.

On Sail Makers—C. E. Boman.

On Barbers—D. R. Manson.

To Solicit Subscriptions—W. S. Carver, George Northrop and J. W. Hopkins.

On Athletic Sports—William Grant, Robert White and Wm. Frazier.

To Draw up a Programme and Award Prizes—O. P. Lyons, H. M. Noyes and F. S. Carver.

Wills Filed.

The following is an abstract of the wills filed at the June term of the Probate Court in this city:

David Pierce, late of Lincolnville, gives to his wife, Mary S. Pierce, all his estate, both real and personal. W. H. Hall, of Belfast, is named executor.

Nathaniel Simmons, late of Belfast, gives to his son John M. Simmons, one undivided half of the homestead farm in Belfast, and to his children Margaret Jackson, Nathaniel Simmons, Jr., Allen J. Simmons, Sarah E. Jackson, Mary A. Woodbury, and Nahum L. Simmons, $10 each. To his youngest daughter, Mary L. Woodbury, he gives some household goods. All the residue of the estate he gives to his son John M. Simmons, who is appointed executor.

Rufus B. Ritter, late of Unity, gives to his eldest daughter, Isabelle W. Kelley, $100. To his youngest daughter, Maud E. Gates, he gives $100. The remainder of the property is given to his wife Julia Ann Bither who is appointed executor.

Henry A. Starrett, late of Belfast, gives to his wife, Ellen Mary Starrett, absolutely, all his estate, both real and personal. Hiram E. Pierce and Frank H. Vaughn are named executors.

Biddy to the Front.

If a person was asked to name the leading farm product of Waldo county, doubtless he would say the hay crop, but he would be mistaken. The hen and her product leads all other industries in money value. There are now in cold storage in the egg coolers in this county 1,800 dozens of eggs, as follows: W. E. Marsh, Belfast, has 50,000 dozens; Charles Lancaster, Belfast, 35,000 dozens; Edwin Mitchell, Belfast, 20,000 dozens; I. H. Jackson, Morrill, 35,000 dozens; Mr. Chase, of Brooks, 25,000 dozens; and Mr. Snow, of Stockton, 15,000 dozens. For these the dealers have paid the farmers at the rate of thirteen cents per dozen, or for the whole number $23,400. Many traders throughout the country ship eggs themselves. It is estimated that the number consumed at home, and shipped outside the large dealers, is eight times the amount now in the coolers, or 1,440,000 dozens, or 17,280,000 single eggs. Eggs on the average will cost eighteen cents per dozen, and this will amount in the aggregate to $259,200 per year for the crop in Waldo county.

In the country towns eggs are currency. Traders will sell goods and little or no money pass hands. Great is the hen.

Meadow King.

Mr. W. A. Overlock speaks very highly of the Meadow King Mower. [Maine Farmer.

The Formal Opening of Crosby Inn.

The complimentary supper tendered Mr. Geo. H. Bemis, proprietor of the Inn, was given on Tuesday evening, under the auspices of the Belfast Hotel Company. The company included nearly all of the stockholders, and their ladies, with a limited number of their friends. Three tables extending the length of the dining hall were spread, seating about 120 guests, and extra tables were laid in the private dining room, and also in the reception and reading room, and one in the corridor, giving seating room for about 175 persons. It was Mr. Bemis' wish that only sufficient plates should be laid to fill the dining room proper, but the committee found it impossible to restrict the guests to that number, and even as it was, many to whom they wished to extend invitations they were obliged to omit. The tables were handsomely laid, and with the new linen, dishes and silver, presented a fine appearance. At each plate was the following bill of fare:

Crosby Inn.
Complimentary Supper
tendered to
Mr. Geo. H. Bemis,
Under the auspices of the
Belfast Hotel Company.
June 18th, 1889.

MENU.

Strawberries, Hot Rolls, Chicken Salad, Cold Turkey, Lobster Salad, Roast Beef, Roast Chicken, Boiled Ham, Boiled Tongue, Mashed Potatoes, Vanilla and Strawberry Ice Cream, Lemon Sherbet, Assorted Cake, Tea, Coffee and Chocolate.

At nine o'clock the doors were opened, and the guests seated. Col. Chenery called the company to order, and Rev. J. A. Savage was invited to say grace. A hitch in the program, owing to a misunderstanding, for which no blame can be attached to any one, occurred at the tables. It was the intention for Col. Chenery, after the supper, and before the guests left the tables, to make some brief remarks, giving an account of the inception and completion of the project, whereby the Hotel came to be built, to be followed by several other gentlemen in short speeches. As it was not generally understood that any remarks were to be made, nearly all the seats were vacated as the guests finished their supper, and consequently that feature of the entertainment was not carried out. During the supper Sanborn's Orchestra, arranged in the corridor, furnished music. Immediately after the supper, the following program, arranged by the Belfast Musical Society, was rendered:

Piano Duett—Il Trovatore,
Mrs. Andrews and Quimby.
Song—Estudiantina, Miss Milliken.
Vocal Solo—Music by the Banjo Club.
Song—Many a Mile Away, Miss Colburn.
Vocal Duett—By the Banks of that Bright River.
Mrs. Chase and Quimby.
Piano Solo—Cotton Pickers Dance,
Mrs. Knight.
Vocal Duett—Vieni al mio cor,
Misses Colburn and Milliken.

The dining hall being now cleared it was thrown open and the company adjourned there, where an informal hop was given occupying about an hour, Sanborn's Orchestra furnishing the music. The party broke up about midnight.

It is due to Mr. Bemis, and also to the participants on this occasion, to make some explanation regarding the supper. Mr. Bemis was very unwilling to attempt to cater for more than he could seat in the dining hall. He said that he could not do himself or the guests justice if he had tables excluding over so large a space as he was obliged to. But it was found to be impossible to limit the number to that one room, and the committee told him he must take care of what came, and to do the best he could under the circumstances, which he did. Another obstacle met him on the morning of the day on which the supper was to be given. He had sent his orders to Boston for poultry, meats, berries and fruit, to be filled Monday and arrive here on the boat Tuesday morning. Monday, the 17th inst., was a holiday in Boston, the markets were closed, and Tuesday not one article ordered was received by Mr. Bemis. At that late moment he was unable to procure what he could no longer, and under the circumstances he did all that was possible. He was not satisfied with the result, but the circumstances seem to have been beyond his control and unavoidable.

The party enjoyed a pleasant evening and left with a general feeling of good will, and proud that Belfast has so good a hotel as the Crosby Inn.

Northport Camp Ground and Vicinity.

Mr. Kelley now goes the rounds daily and supplies the cottagers with excellent milk.

Wm. Brackett and wife, of Jackson, have engaged W. Knowlton's cottage for their stay this season.

Mrs. Mary Terry, of Bangor, has leased the Marston cottage for the season, and will open it for a boarding house.

Capt. Woodbury, of Schr. J. A. Garfield, has engaged Capt. Young, of Bangor, to take his vessel on one trip, with her from Bangor, while he remains with his family in his cottage on the campground.

Your reporter wrote the name "Tamerlane" last week, but it got printed "Jamesiane," and probably looked like that to the compositor. I don't think Mr. James Lane does not complain, however, and Tamerlane says that every lane has its turn.

The water works, if introduced here, as now seems probable, will be an additional attraction to the camp ground, and the yearly cost to each cottage, if they will all pull in, will be no severe tax; then, with a few good sewers, the sanitary condition of the premises will be all that can be desired.

The main route between Belfast and Camden has been let to Mr. Wm. Perry, of Camden, but Mr. Freeman, the popular driver, will continue on the road on the same, and after July 1st will run the accommodation stage by the way of South Shore and directly through the campground each way.

McCabe drove through the grounds Sunday with his dashing greys to the buckboard of the Crosby Inn, having a load of the boarders for a drive down the shore road to Temple Heights, returning in the evening. This rig looks very Bar-Harborish. There is no more romantic drive in the whole country.

There were many visitors on and about the grounds last Sunday. Besides the local travel the following parties, all from Camden, rode up in carriages and took dinner and supper at the Ocean House: F. O. Clark and lady, E. W. Osborn and lady, F. Thomas and lady, W. L. Conant and lady, Mrs. S. Prince and lady. A party also came up in carriages from Rockland early on Sunday morning to enjoy the drive, and made their headquarters at the Laurel House, returning on Monday morning. They were much pleased with their excursion and will come again. They are registered as follows: Walter Fernald, Asa Turner, Wm. Burtis, L. Ezra Philbrook, Calvin Fiske, Allen Small, Addie Turner. These people are all in business at Rockland, and cannot well get a day off excepting Sunday. They are delighted with Northport and Belfast.

The Situation in the Flooded Region.

It is now thought that the loss of life at Johnstown will not exceed four thousand.

Buffalo Bill's performance in Paris last week in behalf of the Johnstown sufferers netted $2000.

It is said that the sufferers at Johnstown are well supplied with clothing, and that they will need money soon to purchase furniture.

The State of Pennsylvania took charge of matters in Conemaugh Valley June 12, and Johnstown and other adjacent towns were put under martial law.

THORNDIKE. Hoeing is the order with the farmers now. The late rains put them back with their work. Quite a number of farmers think of beginning haying next Monday, which will be about a week earlier than usual.....Wm. H. Sayward, who has been out of health for two or three years, died last Sunday morning. Mr. Sayward was a highly respected citizen. He leaves a wife and three children to mourn his loss.....Miss Nora Palmer came home from her school in Brooks last Friday sick with the mumps. She is teaching in the Foxes district.... J. P. writes of the death of Mr. Sayward. Harvest Moon Grange has lost a worthy and much loved overseer and the family an affectionate father and devoted husband. Any eulogy for him would be superfluous; his life was a noble one to copy. All who knew held him in high regard, and those who knew him best loved him most. He had been a great sufferer for three months and especially during the last five weeks. He was one of nature's noblemen. "An honest man, the noblest work of God." Though the poor common words of sympathy might seem but solemn mockery, yet all his neighbors and especially the members of his Grange would extend their deep and heartfelt sympathy, and feel that they, too, as well as the afflicted family, have sustained an irreparable loss. The funeral services were held at the house Sunday; sermon by Rev. Mr. Wright, of Unity charge, and Harvest Moon Grange, Lorrimer, from Knox. Harvest Moon Grange followed as mourners, and the overseer's gavel and badge were on the casket. A very large procession followed to the grave. There was good singing at the house, also singing and prayer at the grave.

SANDY POINT. Death has once more entered our community and taken a loved one from our midst. Susan, wife of Mr. O. C. Wardwell, died on Friday afternoon at the age of thirty nine. She had been out of health for a number of years, and for the past five weeks a great sufferer. She leaves one son and a little daughter, her husband and sisters have the sympathy of the entire community in this their great bereavement. Mr. Wardwell wishes to thank his neighbors and friends for their manifold kindness during her last sickness. Funeral services were held on Sunday afternoon at the house conducted by Rev. D. A. Evans.....Children's day was observed last Sunday. The church was quite prettily decorated, and an interesting sermon preached by Rev. D. A. Evans. In the evening a concert was held.....Mrs. Fannie M. Shute went to Bangor Monday to remain two weeks.....Mrs. Abbie Nickerson came from Boston last week to spend the summer. Her cottage will soon be completed.....Mr. Daniel Daly, of Natick, Mass., is at Mr. Jewett Ginns. Mr. Allston Ginns, Jr., and child of Winterport, have also been making a visit at Mr. Ginns.....Quite a large walk is being laid from the Hersey Retreat to their cottage.....Miss Nellie Doull of Portland is visiting at Mrs. A. W. Coates.....Mr. S. Bradford and child of So. Thomaston are visiting at her father's, Mr. Levi Staples'.....Mr. C. F. Black, who has been in the employ of the Metropolitan Tea Co. in Boston, is at home for a two months vacation .....Miss Cora Snow of Medford is spending a few weeks with Mrs. Frank Perkins.

HALLEDALE. Mr. Walter Sherman of Boston and his sister Mrs. Stevens of Dover N. H. visited their aunt, Mrs. Plummer last week.....Mrs. Hannah Bowden went back to her old home in Lincoln to reside with her son, H. M. Vose.....Mrs. Isaac Colby, of Lawrence, Mass., is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Gilkerson.....Mr. Foster and wife visited his brother John in Rockport last week.....Mr. Herrick of Rockland was at work here last week one day cutting an inscription upon the monument of the late Mrs. Bryant.....Mrs. Etta Raynes returned from Islesboro last Saturday.....Rev. John Whitney of Camden preached here last Sunday, his text being from John 17:21. Rev. Mr. Bennett preached at the Vose school house in the afternoon.....It is expected Rev. D. Brackett will preach here June 23rd.....Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Poland have gone to Pittsfield to visit their son.....Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Myrick of Belfast are visiting their son Fred.....Farmers are quite busy hoeing. Some have finished and will begin haying "a little easy" the last of this week.....Died, in Halldale, March 28, Viola Pickle, aged 3 years 6 months and 8 months. It did a good work while here, but alas how short its stay. Some believe it will be resurrected but the prospect looks not very encouraging at present.

MORRILL. Mr. Norman Pearson has been very sick the past week with brain fever but is now improving.....Mr. Thomas Barlow has been very sick of late, and as he is past 90 his recovery is doubtful.....Rev. Rich Pearson was in town last week on a visit to his sick brother. Mr. Pearson is pastor of the church at Harmony, Me.....J. R. Means is doing good work at his horse rake factory. He is adding an improved hand and horse dump to his "piano" rake, which will make it one of the best in the market.....Rev. Geo. E. Tufts occupied the pulpit last Sunday at 2 P. M. The sermon was based on the International S. S. Lesson of last week.

News of Belfast and Vicinity.

The Belfast Business Directory for 1857-8, on the first page, will interest many readers.

The pay rolls of the shoe factory and Hall's stone yard in this city Saturday, amounted to $18,000.

A small cyclone struck here just before midnight on Thursday last. The wind swung around from southeast to northwest and blew with great violence for a short time, followed by a brief shower.

Mr. John S. Fernald, clerk in the Belfast postoffice, says the most unique envelope he ever saw was dropped into the office last week. It was made of birch bark, very neatly put together, and was addressed to a party in Bangor.

Dr. Kilgore and Mr. E. F. Hanson, of the Dana sarsaparilla firm of this city, went to Camden last week in regard to the post-office matter before mentioned in these columns. They found that their list of names, to whom circulars were sent, was very accurate. A government detective was in Camden last week investigating the matter.

ANOTHER CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT. Mr. F. I. Dorr, formerly pressman with Mr. H. O. Dodge, but more recently with C. S. Marston in this city, has opened a shop of his own and will manufacture clothing. He has hired the rooms over Mr. Calvin Hervey's jewelry store on High street, and will make pants and vests, the cloth coming from Pittsfield. The garments will be cut here and sent out to be made.

Mr. L. C. Morse, of Liberty, drove to Burnham last week, where he met Fish Commissioner Stanley, and obtained from him 5,000 young land locked salmon. Mr. Morse drove home and put the fish into the Georges pond. The land-locked salmon is a gamy fish, grows to ten or twelve pounds, and if Mr. Morse's venture is successful in four or five years the fish can be taken. Mr. Morse put black bass into the pond several years ago, but now regrets that he did so.

COURT OF INSOLVENCY. The following matters were disposed of last week before the Court of Insolvency held in this city: The second meeting of creditors of Samuel A. Prescott, of Searsport, held and the preliminary oath taken. He also filed a petition for discharge. Albert W. Hasson, of Belfast, filed a petition for discharge. Willis N. Foy, of Liberty, filed a petition for a second meeting of creditors. Mrs. Christina F. Morison, of Belfast, filed a petition for discharge.

The Journal acknowledges the receipt of a slice of the bridal loaf from Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Frederick, of this city. A note from Mr. Frederick dated Niagara Falls, June 15th, states that they were pleasantly situated at the International Hotel, their parlors overlooking the grounds and falls. Alluding to the scene Mr. Frederick says: "Prospect Park and the falls by moonlight may be excelled for beauty and romance, but I do not believe they can be." Mr. and Mrs. Frederick left Niagara Monday for Chicago.

A NEW MOUSE TRAP. One morning recently Mr. Eben Sanborn, of this city, on entering his shop found a pint dipper on the floor bottom up, and on picking it up a mouse ran from beneath it. The dipper the night before was partially filled with water and sat on the frame of the grindstone some two feet above the floor. The mouse evidently had climbed up to get a drink of water, and overtipping the dipper had fallen with it to the floor. Very curiously the dipper had fallen over the mouse and held him a prisoner until Mr. Sanborn liberated him in the morning.

MEMORIAL HALL. Mr. John C. Spofford, of the firm of Brigham & Spofford, architects, Boston, was in Belfast Friday and met the officers of the Memorial Hall Association. Mr. Spofford has been engaged to submit a plan and specifications for the proposed building, which will be here this week. Mr. Spofford is an architect of note, having designed the extensions to both the Massachusetts and Maine State Houses. There is reason to believe that the Memorial Hall building will be the finest in the city. There will be a meeting of the corporators at the Aldermen's room on Monday evening next at 8 o'clock.

NORTH CHURCH EXTENSION. Some changes have been made in the plans of the North Church extension. The tower on the main building will not be removed, and a second and shorter tower will be built at the corner where the main tower was to have been erected. There will be eight memorial windows in the main building, and none in the extension as has been reported. Several of the society would put in memorial windows if there were room for more. The following will put them in: Rev. G. W. Field, of Bangor, in memory of his mother; Mrs. Cutter for her husband, the Rev. Edward Cutter; Ralph C. Johnson, of Washington, D. C., for his mother; the L. R. Palmer ladies, in memory of their parents; the Sibley brothers for their mother; the society for Deering Beaman; Miss Agnes Craig, of Boston, for her father and mother, and Mrs. James Gammons, of this city, for her daughter.

STEAMER NOTES. Friday afternoon was quite lively at the steamboat wharf. The Electa had not started for the other side of the bay before the Castine arrived and had to wait a few minutes to get into the former's berth. Then the Katahdin and Rockland hove in sight. As the latter only stops long enough to land and receive passengers, Capt. Pierce of the Katahdin slacked speed to give her precedence, but as the Rockland slowed down also the Katahdin let on steam and made the landing, the Rockland hauling alongside. It is quite the usual thing now to have all three of the boats at one time, and agent Pote thinks it is better than a gymnasium for getting up muscle.....The steamer Mt. Desert, of the Boston & Bangor line, began making daily trips between Rockland and Bar Harbor, Monday, June 17th.....The steamer Florence will run this summer as a passenger and excursion boat, plying between Islesford, Bar Harbor and Frenchman's Bay landings.....Steamer Katahdin made her first Sunday trip of the season Sunday last.....The Castine makes the run across the bay in one hour and Capt. Decker expects to make it in fifty minutes when his machinery gets in good working trim.....On the last day trip of the Penobscot Capt. Ingraham says that at one time during the day it looked as if the boat were running into a bed of rocks over which the sea was breaking. The rocks were whales and the monsters were resting on the water apparently unconscious of the nearness of the boat.....For the time table to steamer Castine on the Belfast, Castine, Islesboro Brooksville route see advertisement in third page. The Castine runs

SEARSMONT. Mr. Chas. L. Brown has moved in to the village.....Prof. H. E. Cobb is at home for the summer vacation..... Chas. Clements and Jas. F. Burgess are at home from Bucksport..... The Sunday School concert at the M. E. Church passed off very pleasantly. Nearly $30 was raised toward purchasing a library.

JACKSON. Mr. George Crediford, of the Bangor Theological Seminary, delivered a fine discourse at the Congregational Church last Sunday A. M. He will speak here during the summer each Sunday morning.....J. M. Larrabee has lost a valuable three-year-old colt. Mrs. Laura E. Page had a horse badly wounded by a garden rake becoming entangled in the harness ... Mr. L. G. Ricker, who was reported ill last week, is still failing and cannot survive many days.....There was a light frost observable on low grounds Tuesday morning. No damage to crops reported.

WALDO CENTRE. Mr. Samuel Kingsbury has sold his farm to Mr. Edward C. Payson of Waldo. Mr. Payson will take possession next fall. Mr. Kingsbury owns a house in the city of Belfast and will move into it next fall....Capt. Fred A. Patterson, the oldest person in town, is still helpless, caused by slipping on the ice last winter. The family records say he was born in [illegible]. Mr. Patterson says he was there at the time of his birth but does not remember the year exactly.....Alden Gurney, son of Nathaniel and Cynthia Gurney, is quite out of health.... Mr. Seldon Gurney is preparing to build a new large barn....Mr. Rush Paul has a colt three weeks old, sired by young Fearnaught, that is hard to beat for beauty.... Grass is looking nicely and the farmers are smiling.

Take Hood's Sarsaparilla 100 Doses One Dollar

[illegible] Merit Wins [illegible]

Cottage to Let.

A [illegible] cottage on the NORTH SHORE, NORTHPORT, [illegible] rooms, suitable for [illegible] families or one large one. [illegible]

G. P. LOMBARD, Belfast, Me.

TO LET!

STORE IN MASONIC TEMPLE, on Main street, recently occupied by Miss Ferguson. Apply to HIRAM CHASE, [illegible]

Belfast, May 26, 1889.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF BELFAST.

ARRIVED.

June 14. Sch. Annie P. Chase, Poole, N. York. June 15. Sch. Fanny A. Baily, Hart, Boston. June 17. Schs. [illegible] Warren, Coombs, Boston; James Holmes, Ryan, do; Lizzie Ryan, do. June 20. Sch. Geo. B. Ferguson, Ferguson, Bangor.

SAILED.

June 15. Sch. Paragon, Sargent, Washington. June 17. Schs. Helen, Wells, [illegible]; C. F. Sidney, Bartlett, Jacksonville. June 20. Sch. J. W. Woodruff, Swett, Bangor.

AMERICAN PORTS.

[illegible]

FOREIGN PORTS.

[illegible]

MARITIME MISCELLANY.

R. P. Buck & Co., of New York, have [illegible] bark Hudson, built at Bucksport, Me., in 1857, for [illegible].

Sch. Weybosset, recently damaged at Bangor, was sold at auction at Boston last week for $285, Wm. F. Greene & Co. purchasers. She will be repaired.

Hyannis, Mass., June 16. Arrived, sch Annie L. Rudolph, Levins, from Rockport, Me., for Washington, N. C., with a cargo of ice. Capt. Levins reports the Rudolph was in collision with sch James Barrett of Bath, Me., off Chatham, on the morning of the 15. The Rudolph carried away her cutwater, fore rigging, fore bobstay, jib boom and forestays; [illegible] the Barrett carried away her bowsprit, all her headgear and stove her bow.

Vineyard Haven, Mass., June 19. Sch. Mattie B. Russell, Collins, from Philadelphia, of and for Portland with a cargo of coal, ran ashore on the west side of Robinson Hole, Vineyard Sound, during a thick fog this morning. The Russell was got off the afternoon of the 17th by steamer Nellie and sailed to the eastward.....Brig Katahdin from Bangor, Hayes, from the Potomac river for Bath, cargo of oak ship timber, ran ashore last evening on the west side of Robinson's Hole, Vineyard Sound, during a thick fog. The vessel is on a rock bottom and full of water. The Boston Tow Boat Company will probably assist her when the weather moderates.

NEW YORK, June 13th. Ship State of Maine is another record breaker. The veteran captain E. D. P. Nickels brought her into port yesterday with a good deal of bunting displayed in honor of a trip from Hong Kong made in 92 days. The State of Maine is of 1467 tons register. She sailed from Hong Kong on March 11 with a valuable cargo of teas and silk. On March 27, when off Cape Anjier, Java, she spoke ship M. Laurin, and at that time the ship Lizzie C. Troop had passed 12 hours ahead. The three ships were all built near the St. John's River, are of the same class of clippers and were bound to New York. Capt. Nickels, who is a Maine Yankee, crowded on all sail and soon passed ahead of his rivals. The race was short. The other two vessels have not been sighted yet. The State of Maine's time from Cape Anjier was 76 days.

FREIGHTS. The Freight Circular of Snow & Burgess, New York, reports for the week ending June 15th: We have to report a continued small supply of seeking tonnage, here and at the neighboring ports, with the consequence of a more or less restricted business and a generally firm market. The demand for petroleum tonnage is very light and apparently limited to the more imperative requirements of exporters, and this conservative policy naturally militates against a further rise in rates, which the meagre supply of handy vessels would otherwise tend to promote. Business in case tonnage for the East continues quiet, but rates remain steady and firm, as indicated by the fixture of a ship of 80,000 cases capacity hence for Japan at 35½ cents, July loading. Deal and timber freights from the Provinces to Europe continue firm and fairly active, while business from the South to trans-Atlantic ports is seasonably slow, at about former quotations. Vessels adapted to the South American trade continue in small supply and in good demand at full rates hence and from the East and South. General cargo tonnage suitable for long voyages is also scarce and in fair demand at strong rates, in the absence of an adequate available supply. West India and other short foreign freights are brisker and very firm under the continued paucity of handy vessels. The sharp advance in cane products has led to a renewed inquiry for steam tonnage in the Cuba sugar trade at the low rates of $3 for hhds. and 11@12 cents for bags from north side ports to New York and Philadelphia, and some sail tonnage has been placed from the Windward Islands to ports north of Hatteras at $4@$4.25 per hhd. Wood freights from Mexico have advanced to $6.50@$7 for ports north of Hatteras, while from Cuba they are weaker, owing to the large supply of cedar here, which reaches 22,212 logs, without counting cargoes of twenty-one vessels to arrive from North and South side ports. The stock of mahogany, on the other hand, is only 2,600 logs. Coastwise lumbermen are still scarce and wanted at the yellow pine ports and rates show a hardening tendency. Coal and ice freights continue firm and fairly active. Charters: Ship Wm. H. Macy, (to arrive) 80,000 cases refined, New York to Japan, 35½ cents. Bark Emma T. Crowell, (bound from New York to Japan) from Hiogo to New York, general cargo, $11,500. Bark Hudson, New York to Adelaide, general cargo, lump sum, basis about 3s. 9d. per 40 cubic feet. Ship Robt. L. Belknap, from San Francisco to New York, general cargo, private terms. Sch. E. H. Herriman, from Kings Ferry to Barbadoes, lumber, $12.50. Sch. General Adelbert Ames, from Kings Ferry to Portland, Me., lumber, $7.50, river towage, free wharfage, and 35 M. per day. Sch. Almeda Willey, same voyage, $7.37½, and river towage. Sch. Lizzie Lane, from Elizabethport to Amesbury, coal, $1.15. Sch. A. Hayford, Rondout to Boston, cement, 16 cents. Sch. Sallie I'On, from Antigua to Delaware Breakwater f. o., sugar, $4.25.

Register of Deep Water Vessels.

SHIPS.

Abner Coburn, G A Nichols, sailed from New York May 22 for San Francisco.

A J Fuller, T P Colcord, cleared from San Francisco May 24 for Liverpool.

Alameda, Chapman, arrived at New York June 1, from Hull, Eng.

Belle of Bath, C Curtis, sailed from Liverpool, Eng., June 2 for New York.

C C Chapman, Hichborn, sailed from New York Feb 23 for Hong Kong; spoken April 14, lat 31 S, lon 23 30 W.

Centennial, B F Colcord, sailed from Singapore April 22 for New York.

Charger, D S Goodell, sailed from San Diego, April 18 for Hong Kong in ballast.

Daniel Barnes, J S Stover, sailed from New York June 15 for Yokohama.

Elizabeth, J H Colcord, sailed from Liverpool June 6 for New York; passed Tuskar 8th.

Frank Pendleton, W G Nichols, arrived at Yokohama, May 8, from New York.

Frederick Billings, Sherman, sailed from New York May 10 for San Francisco.

Gov Robie, Amos Nichols, sailed from New York May 30 for Shanghae.

Henry B Hyde, Phineas Pendleton, sailed from San Francisco March 11 for Liverpool; spoken April 1, lat 13 33 N, lon 121 W.

Henrietta, J C Gilmore, sailed from New York April 10 for Shanghae; spoken April 26, lat 35 N, lon 38.

Iceberg, F W Treat, arrived at New York June 1 from San Francisco.

Iroquois, A A Nickels, arrived at San Francisco May 15 from Baltimore (loads for New York).

Jacob E Ridgeway, F G Watson, sailed from Philadelphia April 16 for San Francisco.

John C Potter, Pendleton, arrived at San Pedro June 10 from Newcastle, N S W.

Josephus, Thomas Rogers, sailed from Newcastle, N S W, April 15 for Hong Kong.

Llewellyn J Morse, Savory, sailed from San Francisco March 6 for Queenstown; spoken March 27, lat 4 33 N, lon 111 06 W.

Louis Walsh, Pendleton, arrived at San Francisco June 8 from Seattle.

Lucy A Nickels, C M Nichols, sailed from Yokohama June 11 for Tacoma.

Luzon, J Park, arrived at Hong Kong from New York prev to May 20.

Manuel Llaguno, Edw Smalley, cleared from Philadelphia Feb 28 for Hiogo; sailed from Breakwater March 5, spoken April 7, lat 7 S, lon 31 W.

Mary L Stone, A L Carver, sailed from New York April 24 for Shanghae.

Nancy Pendleton, J N Pendleton, arrived at Yokohama, May 15 from New York.

R R Thomas, P B Nichols, sailed from Port Hadlock June 5 for Valparaiso for orders.

Raphael, Harkness, arrived at New York April 23 from Hong Kong.

Robert L Belknap, Staples, arrived at San Francisco May 23 from Nanaimo.

S P Hitchcock, J B Nichols, arrived at San Francisco April 22 from New York, in port 17th, for [illegible] cleared, chartered at 26s 3d.

San Joaquin, Drinkwater, arrived at Hollo from Sydney, N S W, April 29.

St Mark, A H Nichols, sailed from New York Feb 2 for San Francisco.

St Nicholas, C F Carver, sailed from New York April 24 for Yokohama.

St Paul, Williams, sailed from New York March 24 for San Francisco; spoken, no date, lat 16 S, lon 36 W.

State of Maine, E D P Nickels, arrived at New York June 12 from Hong Kong.

Thomas Dana, L C Dow, sailed from New York March 9 for Yokohama.

Tillie E Starbuck, Eben Curtis, sailed from New York March 28 for Portland, O; spoken May 2, lat 18 S, lon 31 W, all well.

W F Grace, J W Walnutt, sailed from San Francisco Feb 20 for Queenstown.

Wandering Jew, D C Nichols, arrived at Melbourne June 5 from New York.

Wm H Macy, Amesbury, Liverpool for N Y; spoken June 7, lat 21, lon 21.

Wm H Conner, J P Butman, cleared from New York March 28 for Sydney, N S W.

Wm McGilvery, N Dunbar, sailed from Valparaiso Feb 25 for Talcahuano.

BARKS.

Adam W Spies, A D Field, sailed from Hong Kong April 8 for Callao.

Adolph Obrig, Peterson, Philadelphia for Hiogo, passed Delaware Breakwater March 30.

Beatrice Havener, Havener, sailed from New York June 12 for Rosario.

Bertrand, Heagan, arrived at Port Spain May 30, from Boston.

Carrie E Long, Fred Park, sailed from Boston May 17 for Montevideo.

Carrie Heckle, Colcord, sailed from New York June 11 for Port Elizabeth.

Carrie L Tyler, R T Lancaster, sailed from Newcastle March 5 for Macassar.

Clara E McGilvery, Colcord, arrived at Barbadoes June 17 from Rosario.

C P Dixon, F I Carver, cleared from New York March 18 for Talcahuano, and sailed from Hart Island Roads 20; spoken April 4, lat 35 N, lon 45 W, all well.

Edward Cushing, sailed from Boston Feb 6 for Montevideo.

Edward Kidder, E L Griffin, sailed from Singapore April 23 for New York.

Emma T Crowell, A S Pendleton, sailed from New York Mar. 6 for Hiogo; spoken April 8, lat 5 N, lon 25 W.

Escort, R G Whitehouse, arrived at Singapore April 15 for Hong Kong.

Evie Reed, Colcord, sailed from New York April 5, for Montevideo; spoken April 26, lat 30 N, lon 47 W.

Eric Reed, A F Whittier, sailed from Boston April 12 for Buenos Ayres; spoken April 14, lat 41 N, lon 65 32; all well.

Hattie G McFarland, Dodge, arrived at Montevideo Feb 27 from Boston, in port March 28, for New York.

Havana, Rice, arrived at New York June 16 from Matanzas.

Haydn Brown, C R Havener, arrived at Manila May 21 from New York.

Hudson, F A Curtis, arrived at New York May 5 from Amoy.

Henry Norwell, S N Merithew, arrived at Zanzibar May 4 from New York.

Jonna Marsh, F P Whittier, arrived at Philadelphia March 15 from Matanzas.

James G Pendleton, Lancaster, arrived at Hollo prev to May 15 from Melbourne.

John J Chase, Parks, sailed from Portland June 5 for Rosario.

John M Clerk, Pendleton, sailed from Boston April 2 for Sydney, N S W.

J W Dresser, Parker, arrived at Cienfuegos May 5 from Philadelphia.

Lucy Carver, cleared from Montreal May 31 for Buenos Ayres, at Quebec 3d.

Mary E Russell, N S Nichols, arrived at Santos April 19 from New York.

Minnie Dunbar, cleared from Philadelphia May 3 for Bordeaux.

Moses B Ames, Crocker, sailed from Port Natal May 17 for Barbadoes.

Serene, W A Griffin, sailed from Boston, June 7 for Rosario.

Thomas O G Eaton, cleared from New York June 1 for Singapore or Penang; spoken June 5th, lat 39 N, lon 68 W.

St Lucie, J T Erskine, arrived at New York June 5 from Baltimore.

Wakefield, W S Crowell, arrived at New York June 28 from Amoy.

Willard Mudgett, Crocker, arrived at New York May 10 from Fragosa.

BRIGS.

David Bugbee, Stowers, sailed from Buenos Ayres April 27 for Baltimore.

Ernestine, H B Whitten, sailed from Portland April 15 for Ponce.

H B Hussey, Hodgdon, sailed from Bath June 5 for Charleston.

H C Sibley, G W Hichborn, arrived at Bangor May 30 from Boston.

H H Wright, Wm Meyers, sailed from Portland June 15 for Rosario.

J W Parker, Knox, arrived at New York May 21 from Zanzibar.

Nellie Waite, Alban F Elwell, arrived at Rio Janeiro May 15 from New York.

Sparkling Water, Hichborn, arrived at Kingston, Jamaica, May 25 from Port Medway, N S.

SCHOONERS.

Bell Fabens, R B Condon, arrived at Demerara May 24 from Boston.

Carrie A Lane, Dyer, arrived at Aktah May 28 from San Francisco.

Clara E Colcord, Patterson, arrived at Perth Amboy May 2 from New York.

Dione, Reynes, arrived at Curacoa May 11 from Georgetown, S C.

Hattie Mrs Buck, Putnam, arrived at New York May 17 from St Croix.

Herald, Heagan, sailed from Pensacola April 26 for Rosario.

John I Treat, McClure, arrived at New York June 7 from Brunswick, Ga.

Lackawanna, Closson, arrived at Demerara May 23 from New York.

Lizzie Lane, A G Closson, arrived at New York May 26 from Fernandina.

Lucia Porter, Grindle, arrived at Fernandina June 5 from Philadelphia.

Mary A Hall, M Veazie, cleared from Bangor June 12 for Philadelphia.

Roger Moore, Gilkey, cleared from Portland May 2 for St Pierre, Mart.

Sallie I'On, W H West, arrived at Antigua May 25 from Barbadoes.

Warren Adams, Colcord, sailed from Cienfuegos June 1 for Delaware Breakwater.

Welaka, Cottrell, sailed from Cadiz May 18 for Gloucester.

William Frederick, Woodbury Burgess, arrived at Boston June 5 from Cadiz.

Willie L Newton, Coombs, arrived at Brunswick, Ga., June 5 from New York.

BELFAST PRICE CURRENT.

Produce Market.		*Price Paid Producers.*	
Apples ℔ bush,	20@50	Hay ℔ ton,	8.00@13.0
" dried ℔ ℔,	4@5	Hides ℔ ℔,	3@3½
Beans, pea, ℔ bu,	2.00@2.50	Lamb, spring, ℔ ℔,	12@14
" medium,	2.20@2.25	Lamb Skins,	35@50
" yellow eyes,	3.00@3.25	Mutton ℔ ℔,	5@6
Butter ℔ ℔,	14@15	Oats ℔ bush, 32 ℔,	40@45
Beef ℔ ℔,	5@7	Potatoes,	35@40
Barley ℔ bush,	60@65	Round Hog ℔ ℔,	0@0
Cheese ℔ ℔,	10@12	Straw ℔ ton,	6.00@8.00
Chicken ℔ ℔,	10@14	Turkey ℔ ℔,	00@00
Calf Skins ℔ ℔,	6@7	Veal ℔ ℔,	5@6
Duck ℔ ℔,	0@0	Wool, washed ℔ ℔,	32@33
Eggs ℔ doz.,	15	Wool, unwashed,	24@25
Fowl ℔ ℔,	12@14	Wood, hard,	3.50@5.00
Geese ℔ ℔,	00@00	Wood, soft,	3.00@3.50
Retail Market.		*Retail Market.*	
Beef, corned, ℔ ℔,	7@8	Lime ℔ bbl.,	1.00@1.05
Butter Salt ℔ box,	18	Oat Meal ℔ ℔,	4½@5
Corn ℔ bush.,	52	Onions ℔ ℔,	3@4
Cracked Corn ℔ bush.,	52	Oil, kerosene, ℔ gal.,	11@12
Corn Meal ℔ bush.,	52	Pollock ℔ ℔,	4@4½
Cheese ℔ ℔,	12@14	Pork ℔ ℔,	9@10
Cotton Seed ℔ cwt.,	1.40	Plaster ℔ bbl.,	1.00@1.05
Codfish, dry, ℔ ℔,	4@7	Rye Meal ℔ ℔,	3½
Cranberries ℔ qt.,	0@0	Shorts ℔ cwt.,	1.05
Clover Seed ℔ ℔,	11@16	Sugar ℔ ℔,	8½@9½
Flour ℔ bbl.,	6.00@7.75	Salt, T. I., ℔ bush.,	40
H. G. Seed ℔ bu.,	1.95@2.00	Sweet Potatoes ℔ ℔,	4@5
Lard ℔ ℔,	10@12½	Wheat Meal ℔ ℔,	4@4½

MARRIED.

In Belmont, June 2, by H. P. Farrow, Esq., Fidelphus Flagg and Miss Hattie Jackson, both of Belmont.

In Liberty, June 15, at the residence of the bride's father, A. P. Cargill, by G. H. Cargill, Esq., Fred A. Gilman and Miss Sadie E. Cargill, both of Liberty.

In Winterport, June 6, by Rev. H. W. Norton, Melvin J. Verrill and Miss Myrtie E. Bowden, both of Winterport.

In Morrill, June 5, by Rev. L. H. W. Wharff, Rev. Wesley Wiggin, pastor Methodist Episcopal Church Searsmont, and Miss Lizzie Ardelle Storer, of Morrill.

In Brooks, May 4, by Rev. H. Small, George W. Bradford and Mary F. Sanborn, both of Knox.

In Brooks, May 4, by Rev. H. Small, Forest R. Roberts and Mabel E. Penney, both of Brooks.

In Brooks, May 24, by Rev. H. Small, Frank P. Clough, of Waterbury, Conn., and Cora E. Forbes, of Brooks.

In Ludlow, Vt., June 6, Rev. Fred M. Preble, of Camden, and Miss Edie J. Pettigrew, of Ludlow.

In Bristol, May 14, by Rev. G. R. Palmer, of Augusta, assisted by Rev. W. J. Kelley, Rev. Gustavus B. Chadwick, of Belfast, and Mrs. Clara M. Rhodes, of Bristol.

In Vinalhaven, June 11, James Bruce and Mary Paterson, of Vinalhaven, formerly of Aberdeen, Scotland.

In Waldoboro, June 6, George H. Coombs, of Brunswick, and Gertrude F. Willett, of Waldoboro.

In Hope, June 4, Charles Wooster and Martha A. Montgomery, both of Camden.

In Rockland, May 25, A. J. Day and Mrs. Hannah A. Witham, both of Rockland.

In Hope, June 6, G. E. Harkness and Hattie Handley, both of Hope.

In Pawtucket, R. I., June 4, John H. Beesnahan and Miss Mary Kimball, both of Ellsworth.

DIED.

In Thorndike, June 16, William Henry Sayward, aged 65 years.

In Unity, June 13, John H. Farwell, aged 51 yrs.

In Dorchester, Mass., June 11, Richard H. P. Howard, aged 66 years and 11 months.

In Bristol, Tenn., June 12, of diphtheria, Mellen Drew, eldest son of Capt. E. S. and Jennie N. McDonald, formerly of Belfast, Me., aged 14 years and 2 months.

In Waldo, May 2, Helen May, daughter of D. E. and Lizzie H. Sheldon, aged 7 months.

In Rockland, June 9, Minerva, daughter of Enos H. and Minerva Bridges, aged 16 days.

In Deer Isle, May 29, Mrs. Mary Thompson, aged 80 years.

Drowned in Rockland harbor, May 6, Woodbury Hartford, formerly of Georgetown, aged 47 years and 6 months.

In Vinalhaven, June 5, child of Isaac Lawry, aged 16 days.

In New York, June 7, Capt. Charles E. Lord, of Ellsworth, aged 58 years, 9 months and 13 days.

In Manchester, N. H., June 14, Betsey McClure, widow of Thomas McClure, aged 92 years, 7 mos.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength, and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of the low test short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York. 4715

Dana's Sarsaparilla

Absolutely Cures Disease.

PROOF.

"IT JUST HIT MY CASE."

MR. L. C. HATCH, of Rockland, Me., is boss joiner in Gilchrist's shipyard, Belfast. Our representative found him hard at work in the yard on a wet, foggy morning. He says: "For some time in the past I have had no appetite, felt tired all the time, could hardly move around, wanted to lie down; combined with these feelings, I had a severe pain in my legs, at times almost more than I could bear. At last I was completely knocked out, and *had to give up work*. Mr. Cottrell advised me to use DANA'S SARSAPARILLA. I commenced to take it Friday and could feel it work all through my system before Monday: I was so hungry I did not know what to do. The tired feeling and pain *entirely* left me. I am now about my work every day, and *feel first-rate*. It just hit my case."

"Never Felt Better in My Life."

I. M. COTTRELL, of the firm of Cottrell Bros., poultry raisers, Belfast, Me., says: "I was not feeling well this spring, had no appetite, afflicted at times with severe sick headache. Have taken but one bottle of DANA'S SARSAPARILLA and have not had the headache since. I never felt better in my life."

THE OLD RELIABLE

Drug Store of

POOR & SON

—is now heavily stocked with many—

New Perfumes, Toilet Articles, Imported Soaps, French Hair and Tooth Brushes, Toilet Waters, Celluloid, Leather,

—And other Novelties for the Summer trade.—

OUR STOCK OF

Drugs and Medicines

is of the BEST QUALITY and the most complete in the vicinity. We have very recently increased —our stock and offer the—

Freshest and Best Goods and Lowest Prices.

☞Come in and see the new goods.☜

SODA FOUNTAIN Furnished with the Purest and Best Materials.

NEW BRANDS OF

Choice Imported and Domestic Cigars.

Special care given to compounding prescriptions.

☞Look us over and we will convince you.

Bangor & Bar Harbor Steamboat Co.

The new steamer **CASTINE** has been placed on the route between Belfast, Castine, Islesboro and Brooksville, to connect with the Bar Harbor boat Cimbria.

Passengers leaving Belfast at 10 A. M. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, can reach Deer Isle at 1 P. M., Sedgwick at 1.30, South West Harbor at 4.00, Seal Harbor 4.30, Bar Harbor 6.00. The Castine makes two trips per day between Belfast, Castine, and Islesboro. 25tf

SAM'L H. BARBOUR, Manager.

CARRIAGE SHOP!

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS OPENED A

Carriage Making & Repair Shop

On Beaver St., in rear of Odd Fellows Block,

where he is prepared to do all kinds of business in his line. Light work a specialty. All are invited to call and see my work.

F. H. MATHEWS.

Belfast, March 20, 1889.—12tf

JAMAIQUE,

The Imported Percheron Stallion,

—WILL BE AT—

Monroe Village, Saturday, June 22, and at South Montville Trotting Park, July 4.

1w25 W. S. EDMINSTER, Knox, Me.

CRAMPS

CHOLERA MORBUS

CAN BE CURED by using PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER

It has done it every time for 49 years.

THE NEVENS HOUSE,

Searsmont, Me.,

Is now prepared to receive summer boarders, to whom it offers good fare and comfortable rooms. The house is well and favorably known to the travelling public, and no pains will be spared to maintain its reputation. 25tf

RANLET NESS, Proprietor.

A. P. Mansfield's

SPECIALTIES THIS WEEK.

Scotch Ginghams, regular price 20c., at 12½c.

1 Lot Dress Goods, don't fail to see them, 32½c.

2 Pieces Cream Stripe Albatros at 25c.

1 Lot Double width Dress Goods, 20c. & 25c.

1 Lot Double Width Dk. Gray Tricot, 19½c.

Look at the Ladies' Vests

WE are selling for 12 1-2c.

THE POPULAR F. & O. CORSET!

Which we had such a sale on at 99c., we are closing out the sizes and colors left at

75 Cents.

Remember these goods are MARKED DOWN to CLOSE, and when sold will not be duplicated.

A. P. MANSFIELD,

Masonic Temple.

THE TIME HAS COME FOR US TO REDUCE OUR STOCK!

Our entire stock, both wholesale and retail, to be closed out! Note the prices! Come and examine the goods!

OUR BOYS' DEPARTMENT

Is a SPECIAL FEATURE of our business. Mothers, we invite you to come to our NEW STORE.

A Bat and Ball, Belt and Cap Given Away with every Boys' Suit.

Sailor Suits, Blue Flannel,

Neatly trimmed, sizes 6 to 11 years, $1.00 per suit.

ALL WOOL GREY SUITS.

Sizes 4 to 12, a regular $4.00 Suit, our price $2.00.

1 Lot of Norfolk Plaited Suits, strictly All Wool Goods,

worth $4.50 per suit, our price at this sale, $2.50. We will send this suit on approval, and you have the privilege of returning same in one week if you do not find it as we represent.

OUR $3.00 ALL WOOL SUITS!

marked from $5.00, in stylish patterns, at $4.00 and $5.00. We show the handsomest line of goods in this market. A full assortment of

Worsted Dress Suits!

varying in price from $4.50 to $10 per suit.

MEN'S ALL WOOL SUITS,

sizes 35 to 42, former price $8.50, now $6.50.

One Lot WORSTED SUITS worth $12.00, for $8.50.

A SPECIAL BARGAIN IN

Imported Scotch Goods, former price $13.00, reduced to $10.00.

DRESS SUITS!

ranging in price, $10.00, $12.50, $16.50 and $20.00.

FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, CAPS, &c., in great variety.

All goods marked in plain figures. Strictly one low price to all.

MARK ANDREWS,

83 Main Street,

MAY 15, 1889.

Latest Summer

MILLINERY!

I have this week returned from Boston with the LARGEST STOCK of MILLINERY ever brought to Belfast.

Everything New in

Bonnets, Flowers, Ribbons

—AND—

LACES!

Those in want of Millinery will find it to their advantage to examine our stock, for with the largest stock of goods and one of BEST MILLINERS in the city, we will warrant satisfaction to all.

Mrs. B. F. Wells.

Belfast, May 16, 1889.

Meadow King Mower.

This favorite and reliable mower is offered to the farmers of New England for the twentieth harvest season. Many that were purchased the year of introduction are in good running order and capable of many more years work. ☞Light Draft, Durable. Send for circulars and prices.

Full stock of repairs. 1w3p23

Agents wanted in unoccupied territory.

FRED ATWOOD, Winterport, Me.

"Special Prices!"

If you want an Implement of any kind, get my prices before buying.

HARROWS, PLOW SULKIES, RAKES and MOWERS very Cheap.

FRED ATWOOD, Winterport, Me.

May 9, 1889.—10w3p19

SUMMER SHOES!

GREAT BARGAINS IN

Oxford Ties, Slippers, &c.,

—AT—

W. T. COLBURN'S.

Ladies' Russet Oxford Ties	$ .75
" " " " *better grade*	1.00
" *Kid* " " *Patent Leather Tips*	.90
Ladies' Kid Opera Slippers	.50
" " " " *Fancy Bow*	.65
Misses Russet Oxford Ties	.90
Misses Kid Oxford Ties, Patent Leather Tips,	.90
Child's Spring Heel Kid Button, 9 to 11	.85
Men's Rubber Sole Tennis Shoes	.50
Men's Canvas Lace Boots	.75

Also a Very Large Line o

Ladies' Low Shoes!

In Russet Goat, Ooze Calf, Patent Leather and Bright Dongola, in all the latest styles.

LOOK AT OUR LADIES'

Genuine Bright Dongola Kid Button,

Both in Opera Toe and Common Sense.

They are beyond competition at this extremely low price.

We have taken great care in selecting our

FINE SHOES FOR YOUNG MEN!

and have got the prettiest styles, the best wearers, and the neatest fitters ever brought into Belfast, and the prices are way down.

Our Men's Genuine Kangaroo Congress and Lace Boots at $3.25,

Are equal to any $4.00 Shoe in style and wear.

Call and look at our goods before purchasing.

W. T. Colburn,

McClintock Block, High St.

Belfast, June 20, 1889.—49

HERE! HERE! STOP! STOP!

LOOK!! —— LOOK!!

And You will not Hesitate about Buying.

We have a Large, Fine and Full Line

—OF—

DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, UNDERWEAR,

TRIMMINGS, PLUSHES, HOSIERY,

Buttons, Gloves, Laces

—AND—

Spring and Summer Cloakings!

In short everything desirable for a Dress, with

Trimmings & Linings to Match.

—ALSO A FINE LINE OF—

PRINTS, GINGHAMS, SHIRTINGS and COTTONS!

We are the only House that keep Cottons in all the needed widths.

☞Come one and all, you will not regret it.

Remember the Place,

H. A. STARRETT,

Main St., - - Opposite National Bank.

We Never Follow but Always Lead

IN

STYLES, FINE GOODS and LOW PRICES!

OUR STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Suits

Are not surpassed for Style, Quality and Perfect Fits.

Young Men's Business or Dress Suits

IN GREAT VARIETY.

SPRING OVERCOATS in Every Shade and Grade!

Our Clothing is specially manufactured to our order and is superior made and trimmed.

Our Stock of Boys' Suits *is larger than ever.*

New Stock of the Latest NECKWEAR Just Received.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN

Hats, Fancy Cambric & French Flannel Shirts!

Polite attention to our customers, a large stock and low prices are some of the special inducements at

J. WATERMAN'S

Waldo Strictly One-Price Clothing House,

Sign of the Dressed Man, 77 Main St., Belfast.

DR. P. E. LUCE,

Physician & Surgeon,

REMOVED TO MASONIC TEMPLE.

(Office formerly occupied by Harriman Bros.)

Office Hours: 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 P. M.

DISEASES OF WOMEN & CHILDREN A SPECIALTY.

☞Night calls promptly answered from my house on Northport Avenue.

N. B. I shall still conduct in connection with my practice a Private Dispensary, and for this purpose my office is open every Tuesday and Saturday from 10:30 A. M. until 4 P. M., when I will make clinical examinations free of charge. I do not wish these examinations to be understood in the light of the "Examinations and Consultations Free" of many traveling physicians, but shall conduct them on the principle of the clinics in our larger cities, which are intended for the benefit of those in limited financial circumstances, and for those chronic cases of long standing, which have failed to receive benefit from former treatment. To such I will give a thorough examination, and if I can not help the case will frankly say so. During the months of July, August and September, cases, the nature of which may require it in order to insure successful treatment, will be taken to my Invalids' Retreat at Northport Camp Ground, after that time to my house on Northport Avenue, which I have remodeled and thoroughly repaired and fitted for a Private Hospital.

Terms from $7.00 to $15.00 per week, according to the nature of the case, which includes board, nursing, medicine and treatment. 1w25*

Respectfully, DR. P. E. LUCE.

See what $1.00 will Buy!

GRAND CHANCE FOR 30 DAYS!

—READ IT!—

Cobb's Complexion Soap

Is worth 25 Cents Per Cake.

We warrant it the latest and best made for whitening and beautifying the skin, makes it clear and smooth. We offer for the next thirty day

Five Cakes of this Soap and give six months' subscription to "The Cottage Hearth,"

(a family magazine published in Boston)

For only $1.00. Price of Magazine $1.50 per year.

DON'T LOSE THE CHANCE.

Poor & Son, Druggists.

ICE CREAM SODA.

We shall draw it every Saturday through the summer, commencing June 15th.

Wm. O. POOR & SON.

To the Consumers of Light, Heat and Power, Belfast, Me.:

THE Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Belfast having granted the EASTON ELECTRIC COMPANY a franchise for the erection of poles and stringing of wires in the streets of the City of Belfast, in a very short time a complete Easton arc system in connection with the Edison Incandescent system will be installed in the city of Belfast. Negotiations are already pending, whereby we hope to be able to supply both gas or electric light, as the consumers may require. This is such a manifest advantage to the consumers that we beg that they will patiently await the construction of our plant before making permanent arrangements elsewhere.

We beg to call your attention to the following certificate of the superiority of the Easton system of arc lighting, which is attested by two of the most prominent experts in electric matters in the vicinity of New York:

To whom it may concern:

It having been agreed by the subscribers to a certain contract for the purchase of stock of the Easton Electric Company to be paid for to the treasurer of said company, that we, the undersigned, act as experts to determine whether the claims made by the Easton Electric Company in its printed prospectus as to the merits of the Easton Electric Lighting System are true, would report as follows: An Easton dynamo has been in operation in the station of the Newark Electric Light & Power Co., and twenty Easton arc lamps have been in practical use in Stoutenburgh & Co.'s clothing store since May 9, 1889.

We find that the apparatus has been subjected to sufficient tests to develop any defects that might exist in the same. The operation of the apparatus and its manifest electrical and mechanical advantages over the apparatus of other systems justify the claims made for it in the company's prospectus.

We can truly say that we have found no weak or defective feature in the Easton system of arc lighting, and that the apparatus is simple, substantial and complete in its construction. It is very economical in its operation and maintenance and gives a most satisfactory light.

Newark, N. J., June 12, 1889.

PHILLIP N. JACKSON.
JOHN J. GAFFNEY.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY,
COUNTY OF ESSEX.

Personally appeared before me, Wm. H. Lemassena, a Notary Public duly appointed, commissioned and sworn, residing in the city of Newark, and State of New Jersey, Philip N. Jackson and John J. Gaffney, known to me to be the persons whose signatures are written in this document, and who each and severally acknowledged to me that they signed their names thereto for the purpose therein expressed.

WM. H. LEMASSENA, Notary Public.

Newark, N. J., June 12, 1889.

I hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the original subscribed to me, as aforesaid.

[Seal.] WM. H. LEMASSENA, Notary Public.

Hoping that the future relations of the Company and the citizens of Belfast will be mutually pleasant and advantageous,

I remain, very truly,

NICHOLAS R. O'CONNOR, General Representative.

New York, June 17, 1889.—1w25

THURSDAY MORNING

Geo. W. Burkett

WILL OPEN

5,000 Yds. French Ribbons!

Strictly a Cash Sale.

THE GREATEST BONANZA OF THE AGE!

This Great Sale will Commence To-Day.

The City Trade, Milliners and All, Must be Interested!

LOOK AT OUR SHOW WINDOW!

IT WILL BE FULL OF

RIBBONS of the MOST ELEGANT STYLES!

PRICES WILL SURPRISE EVERY ONE!

This lot comprises all widths and is the most magnificent assortment ever seen in this State. Prices vary from

5 to 50c. Per Yard,

which is about one-quarter their value. These goods retail everywhere as high as $1.75 per yard.

3,000 YARDS FRENCH SATTEENS

At 20c., worth 37 1-2c.

We expect the greatest rush on these goods as Ribbons are used extensively for Trimmings and Fancy Work. We look upon this purchase as a fortunate one and consider it our greatest advertisement. COME EARLY.

GEO. W. BURKETT, Odd Fellows' Block.

PROBATE NOTICES.

At a Probate Court, held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 1889.

JULIA ANN BITHER, Executrix in a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of RUFUS B. BITHER, late of Unity, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented said will for Probate.

Ordered, That the said Julia Ann give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 1889.

W. H. HALL, named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of DAVID PIERCE, late of Lincolnville, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented said will for Probate.

Ordered, That the said W. H. Hall give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 1889.

JOHN M. SIMMONS, named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of NATHANIEL SIMMONS, late of Belfast, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented said will for Probate.

Ordered, That the said John M. give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 1889.

ELLEN MARY STARRETT, named Executrix in a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament and codicil of HENRY ATHERTON STARRETT, late of Belfast, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented said will and codicil for Probate.

Ordered, That the said Ellen Mary give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 1889.

NANCY McKINNEY, Executrix of the last will of GEORGE L. McKINNEY, late of Lincolnville, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented a petition for license to sell at public or private sale, so much of the real estate of said deceased as will produce the sum of three hundred dollars.

Ordered, That the said Nancy give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

WALDO SS.—In Court of Probate, held at Belfast, on the second Tuesday of June, 1889. EPHRAIM DODGE, Administrator on the estate of BENJAMIN DODGE, late of Jackson, in said County, deceased, having presented his second and final account of administration of said estate for allowance.

Ordered, That notice thereof be given, three weeks successively, in the Republican Journal, printed in Belfast, in said County, that all persons interested may attend at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, on the second Tuesday of July next, and show cause, if any they have, why the said account should not be allowed.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that she has been duly appointed and taken upon herself the trust of Executrix of the estate of

ABIJAH W. HARDY, late of Winterport,

in the County of Waldo, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs; she therefore requests all persons who are indebted to said deceased's estate to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to her. JOANNA W. HARDY.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that she has been duly appointed and taken upon herself the trust of Administratrix of the estate of

EBENEZER NEWELL, late of Belfast,

in the County of Waldo, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs; she therefore requests all persons who are indebted to said deceased's estate to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to her. SUSAN W. NEWELL.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 1889.

HORACE W. PITCHER, creditor of MARGARET SPEED, late of Belfast, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented a petition that he may be appointed Administrator of the estate of said deceased.

Ordered, That the said Horace W. give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

WALDO SS.—In Court of Probate, held at Belfast, on the second Tuesday of June, 1889. JANE E. MOODY, Guardian on the estate of TRUE P. MOODY, a minor, of Searsmont, in said County, having presented her final account of Guardianship of said estate for allowance.

Ordered, That notice thereof be given, three weeks successively, in the Republican Journal, printed in Belfast, in said County, that all persons interested may attend at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, on the second Tuesday of July next, and show cause, if any they have, why the said account should not be allowed.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

WALDO SS.—In Court of Probate, held at Belfast, on the second Tuesday of June, 1889. JAMES McGILVERY, Administrator on the estate of FREEMAN McGILVERY, late of Searsport, in said County, deceased, having presented his first and final account of administration of said estate for allowance.

Ordered, That notice thereof be given, three weeks successively, in the Republican Journal, printed in Belfast, in said County, that all persons interested may attend at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, on the second Tuesday of July next, and show cause, if any they have, why the said account should not be allowed.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

WALDO SS.—In Court of Probate, held at Belfast, on the second Tuesday of June, 1889. GEORGE W. TOWNSEND, Executor on the estate of GEORGE H. BARTLETT, late of Searsmont, in said County, deceased, having presented his final account of administration of said estate for allowance.

Ordered, That notice thereof be given, three weeks successively, in the Republican Journal, printed in Belfast, in said County, that all persons interested may attend at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, on the second Tuesday of July next, and show cause, if any they have, why the said account should not be allowed.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that she has been duly appointed and taken upon herself the trust of Administratrix of the estate of

ANSEL L. RICH, late of Jackson,

in the County of Waldo, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs; she therefore requests all persons who are indebted to said deceased's estate to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to her. SALOMA P. RICH.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that she has been duly appointed and taken upon herself the trust of Administratrix of the estate of

LUTHER SHERMAN, late of Liberty,

in the County of Waldo, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs; she therefore requests all persons who are indebted to said deceased's estate to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to her. MARTHA A. SHERMAN.

THE subscribers hereby give public notice to all concerned that they have been duly appointed and taken upon themselves the trust of Executors of the estate of

PETER C. CANE, late of Searsport,

in the County of Waldo, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs; they therefore request all persons who are indebted to said deceased's estate to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to them.

JOSEPH FIELD.
GEO. M. FIELD.

Belfast Manufacturing Company.

THE stockholders of the BELFAST MANUFACTURING COMPANY, are hereby notified to meet at the City Government rooms on **Monday, the eighth day of July next, at 7 o'clock P. M.**, to act upon the ratification (by vote) of a sale of the real estate and appurtenances belonging to the company to A. C. Sibley, for a sum equal to twenty-two and 50-100 dollars per share, as arranged by the board of directors at their meeting held on the eighth day of June, inst. Stockholders are requested to be present or to be represented by written proxy, voting yes or no.

Per order of President on petition.

Belfast, June 10, 1889.—3w25

Attest:—N. F. HOUSTON, Sec'y.

THE EASTON ELECTRIC CO.,

No. 120 Broadway, New York.

THIS Company's system of unequalled Electric Arc Lighting and Power, will soon be in operation in the City of Belfast. Consumers of light and power will promote their interests by communicating with **F. A. GREER, 31 Main St.,** before making arrangements elsewhere. The Edison system of incandescent lighting will be furnished. 22

WANTED MAN To take the agency of our Safes; size 28x18x18 inches; weight 500 lbs.; retail price $35; other sizes in proportion. A rare chance and permanent business. These Safes meet a demand never before supplied by other Safe companies, as we are not governed by the Safe Pool. Address **ALPINE SAFE CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.**

6m25

PIMPLES TO SCROFULA.

A Positive Cure for every Skin, Scalp and Blood Disease except Ichthyosis.

Psoriasis 8 years. Head, arms, and breast a solid scab. Back covered with sores. Best doctors and medicines fail. Cured by Cuticura Remedies at a cost of $3.75.

I have used the CUTICURA REMEDIES with the best results. I used two bottles of the CUTICURA RESOLVENT, three boxes of CUTICURA, and one cake of CUTICURA SOAP, and am cured of a terrible skin and scalp disease known as psoriasis. I had it for eight years. It would get better and worse at times. Sometimes my head would be a solid scab, and was at the time I began the use of the CUTICURA REMEDIES. My arms were covered with scabs from elbows to shoulders, my breast was almost one solid scab, and my back covered with sores varying in size from a penny to a dollar. I had doctored with all the best doctors with no relief, and used many different medicines without effect. My case was hereditary, and, I began to think, incurable, but it began to heal from the first application of CUTICURA. ARCHER RUSSELL, Deshler, Ohio.

Skin Disease 6 Years Cured.

I am thankful to say that I have used the CUTICURA REMEDIES for about eight months with great success, and consider myself entirely cured of salt rheum, from which I have suffered for six years. I tried a number of medicines and two of the best doctors in the country, but found nothing that would effect a cure until I used your remedies.
MRS. A. McCLAFLIN, Morette, Mo.

The Worst Case of Scrofula Cured.

We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIES for years, and have the first complaint yet to receive from a purchaser. One of the worst cases of Scrofula I ever saw was cured by the use of five bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP.
TAYLOR & TAYLOR, Druggists, Frankfort, Kan.

Cuticura Remedies

Cure every species of agonizing, humiliating itching, burning, scaly, pimply diseases of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, from pimples to scrofula, except possibly ichthyosis.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA SOAP.

WEAK, PAINFUL BACKS, Kidney and Uterine Pains and Weakness, relieved in one minute by the **Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster**, the first and only pain-killing plaster. New, instantaneous, infallible. 25 cents.

The Safest

AND most powerful alterative is Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Young and old are alike benefited by its use. For the eruptive diseases peculiar to children nothing else is so effective as this medicine, while its agreeable flavor makes it easy to administer.

"My little boy had large scrofulous ulcers on his neck and throat from which he suffered terribly. Two physicians attended him, but he grew continually worse under their care, and everybody expected he would die. I had heard of the remarkable cures effected by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and decided to have my boy try it. Shortly after he began to take this medicine, the ulcers commenced healing, and, after using several bottles, he was entirely cured. He is now as healthy and strong as any boy of his age."—William F. Dougherty, Hampton, Va.

"In May last, my youngest child, fourteen months old, began to have sores gather on its head and body. We applied various simple remedies without avail. The sores increased in number and discharged copiously. A physician was called, but the sores continued to multiply until in a few months they nearly covered the child's head and body. At last we began the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In a few days a marked change for the better was manifest. The sores assumed a more healthy condition, the discharges were gradually diminished, and finally ceased altogether. The child is livelier, its skin is fresher, and its appetite is better than we have observed for months."—Frank M. Griffin, Long Point, Texas.

"The formula of Ayer's Sarsaparilla presents, for chronic diseases of almost every kind, the best remedy known to the medical world."—D. M. Wilson, M. D., Wiggs, Arkansas.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

Anti-Apoplectine

PREVENTS APOPLEXY by keeping the nerves, blood, blood vessels and heart in a healthy condition.

CURES PARALYSIS by giving strength and vigor to the nerves and muscles enfeebled by disease.

CURES HEART DISEASE. It is a "heart tonic," and by its action renders the formation of deposits upon the lining of the heart impossible. Relief is speedy and effective.

CURES RHEUMATISM, which is a blood disease, resulting from an excess of acid. The acid is wholly eliminated and the sufferer fully restored in a few days.

CURES DYSPEPSIA: by exciting the flow of gastric juice. It aids the digestion of food and effectually relieves all the unpleasant and painful symptoms.

CURES LIVER COMPLAINT. Regulates the flow of bile, relieves congestion and eradicates all symptoms of Jaundice.

CURES KIDNEY AND BLADDER Difficulties by relieving all congestion and inflammation speedily and effectually.

CURES CHRONIC BRONCHITIS (especially in the aged) by acting immediately upon the bronchial tubes and relieving all irritation and coughing.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

If You Have

No appetite, Indigestion, Flatulence, Sick Headache, "all run down," losing flesh, you will find

Tutt's Pills

the remedy you need. They tone up the weak stomach and build up the flagging energies. Sufferers from mental or physical overwork will find relief from them. Nicely sugar coated.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

1yr42

Mr. John Carle

Takes pleasure in announcing that he has —fitted up a—

First-Class Ice Cream Parlor!

In the room over his store, where

CREAMS, SHERBET & CAKE

will be served during the day. Ladies will find the Parlor centrally located and quiet. Children will be cordially welcomed and attentively served.

Families supplied with CREAMS by the quantity.

The Parlor is handsomely fitted up and will be under the personal charge of **MRS. CARLE**, and special attention will be paid to the table service.

No. 21 Main Street, Belfast.

Canned Goods!

Burnett's Cooking Extracts,

SPICES, NUTS,

Raisins, Sardines, Fancy Crackers,

&c., &c., &c.

Howes & Co.

MISSES TRIMMED SCHOOL HATS

Only 20 Cents!

At B. F. WELLS'.

Belfast, April 18, 1889.—16

Cottages to Let

AT NORTHPORT.

PLEASANTLY located on South Shore; each includes shore privileges and an unobstructed sea view. They are a few rods from Boston steamers' wharf, and on road leading to Belfast railroad station. For rent, furnished, by the week, month, or season. Apply to A. P. MANSFIELD,
21tf3p Masonic Temple, Belfast, Me.

Memorial Day.

MATTIE BAKER DUNN.

The earth is full of budding life,
The streams are glad, the robins sing.
The balmy air of May is rife
With scents of spring-time blossoming;
Yet 'mid life's sweetest stir and heat,
When it is joy to breathe and be,
We hush our pulse's quickening beat
To keep thy day, O Memory!

The years roll fast from youth to age
And this day has its place to fill,
A pause in life's too crowded page
A rest to break the music's thrill—
For many a mourner unrevealed
Whose silent grief no eye may see,
For many a heart with wounds unhealed
Will keep thy day, O, Memory!

What matters it that years have fled,—
That the dear mound is far away?
The heart that loved us is not dead,
The soul has left the mouldering clay.
O, bound no more by Time and Space!
O, loved and lost! O, blest and free!
Come from your viewless, unknown place
And keep one day for Memory!

He lightly, spring-time sod, to-day,
O'er grave of hero and of saint,—
You hold the mask they laid away,
The spirit mocks at your restraint,
We are the prisoners and bound,
And they, forevermore set free,
Triumphant o'er each grassy mound
May keep this day for Memory!

Each passed away to his own place,
The Hymn of Life went trilling on,
But naught of glory or of grace
That earth has ever held, is gone;
No brave deed ever disappears,
No hidden life unmarked may be,
Beyond the grave of time and years
They live in God's own Memory!

And this mysterious boundary line
That marks the end of mortal strife,
Eternity's first way-side sign,—
But points the road *from* life *to* life.
May not our longing and our dread
Immortal premonitions be,
Heaven sent, to tell us that our dead
Live not alone in Memory!

The barrier is but shadowy mist,
A loving voice may pierce it still,—
O, lips, my trembling lips have kissed,
Call to me from your heavenly hill!
O, you, whose eager, buoyant feet,
In that old May-time walked with me,
Come back, my angel strong and sweet,
And keep one day for Memory!

The veil shuts down: yet while we grope
We *know* the answer to our cry,
We have a heritage of hope
Grown big with immortality:
A dream of glory and of grace,
Of glad, eternal years to be,
When heart to heart, and face to face,
We'll keep to-day for Memory!
Waterville Sentinel.

Literary News and Notes.

Golden Days still maintains its lead as the favorite magazine for boys and girls. James Elverson, publisher, Philadelphia.

The Cosmopolitan under its new management is making rapid strides into popular favor, and now ranks among the best, in material and makeup.

A new portrait of John Burroughs appears in the Book Buyer for June, accompanied by a personal sketch of the author, by Mr. Hamilton W. Mabie.

The Home-Maker for June opens with an engraving from the Oak Hill portrait of Robert Livingston. The departments are well filled and interesting as usual.

Quiet Hours for May contains a portrait of Miss Mary E. Blanchard of Milltown, one of Maine's eminent literary people. Miss B. is a native of Pembroke, and is widely known by her contributions to papers and magazines.

Capt. R. B. Forbes, who is now in his eighty-fifth year, is engaged compiling accounts of some of the principal shipwrecks of the past fifty years. They will be published in book form, and are designed for the instruction of seamen, who may learn wisdom from the misfortunes of others.

Wide Awake for June is a "true-story number." It opens with a reproduction of Henry Bacon's beautiful painting, "the End of a Long Day." Then come the true stories—five of them, including a California tale by Jessie Benton Fremont. The new department, "Men and Things," is filled with readable matter.

We have received No. 1 of the Riverside Series, continuing the Ticknor Paper Series. It contains John Ward, Preacher, by Margaret Deland, and is the 42d thousand of this very successful novel. The price is 50 cents and the fact that the book comes from the press of Houghton, Mifflin & Co., who now hold the Ticknor copyrights, is a guarantee as to typographical excellence.

The Lincoln History in the July Century will contain chapters on "Lincoln Renominated," "The Wade-Davis Manifesto," and "Horace Greeley's Peace Mission." Major John Hay, one of the authors of this history, was the medium of communication between Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Greeley at the time of the remarkable conference of Mr. Greeley with the pretended Confederate peace-commissioners at Niagara. Much of the correspondence relative to the matter now first sees the light in the pages of the July Century.

Benson J. Lossing, the eminent historian, recently wrote as follows to a friend: "I am, I believe, in sound health of body, mind and morals. I am happy to say that I am an optimist. I see humanity progressing with marvelous strides toward a higher plane, and I believe in the preponderating goodness of human nature when properly developed. I walk serenely amid God's works of every kind, and accept as true his fiat at the creation that all was good and very good. Our country! What a glorious heritage we enjoy and will leave to posterity?"

The Johnstown flood is beyond question one of the greatest in the world's history. A graphic, accurate and profusely illustrated history of it will be eagerly sought for by the reading public. We are glad to announce that such a work is being prepared by W. Fletcher Johnson, Esq., and will be sold by canvassers through the well known publishing house of S. S. Scranton & Co., Hartford, Conn. The universal interest in this subject insures a large sale; any person wanting employment and quick cash returns, should apply to the publishers at once.

From an interview with Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, publisher in the Courier-Journal, it is seen that he takes a gloomy view of the prospects of literature. He says: "The question is, Will this country ever see another such group of remarkable men as Boston has produced? In history there are Prescott, Motley and Parkman; in theology, Theodore Parker and Dr. Bartol; in oratory, Wendell Phillips; in philosophy, Emerson; in poetry, Longfellow and Whittier, for the latter, if not an actual residence in Boston, must be regarded, nevertheless, as belonging to the Boston literary guild. There is Lowell, also. Others might be mentioned in addition to those already named. For real intellectual force take the old Chestnut Street Club, or the Radical Club, as some choose to call it. Where will you find its equal? We have never had anything like it in this country since. Indeed, the literary outlook seems hardly encouraging. I sometimes feel that poetry will become a lost art with us."

A Colony of Sun-Worshippers Discovered.

The age of discovery is still in its infancy. Lieut. Schwatka arrived at Denning, New Mexico, June 6. His party has been successful beyond all expectations in their explorations, and especially in southern Chihuahua. Here living cliff and cave dwellers were found in great abundance, wild as any of the Mexican tribes from Cortez' conquest. The abodes they live in are exactly similar to the old, abandoned cliff dwellings of Arizona and New Mexico, about which there has been much speculation and so much money spent in investigating. It was almost impossible to get very near them, so wild and timid were they. Upon the approach of white people they fly to their caves or cliffs by notched sticks placed against the face of the cliffs if too steep, although they can ascend vertical stone faces if there are the slightest crevices for their fingers and toes. These cliff-dwellers are sun-worshippers, throwing their new-born children out in the full rays of the sun the first days of their lives, and showing many other forms of devotion to the great luminary. They are usually tall, lean and well formed, their skin being much nearer the color of the negro than the copper-colored Indian of the United States. Schwatka claims nothing has heretofore been known about these people, except by the half-Indian mountain Mexicans, and thinks his investigation will be of immense anthropological and archæological value. He estimates that the cave and cliff-dwellers are from 3,000 to 12,000 in numbers, armed only with bows, arrows and stone hatchets.

A newspaper asks: "Whither are we drifting?" and a Western contemporary replies that a strong aversion to profanity alone prevents their giving the required information.

The popular blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla, is having a tremendous sale this season. Nearly everybody takes it. Try it yourself.

The reason railroads are multiplying so in this country is because the cars are being coupled so constantly.

PEARS' is the purest and best Soap made.

Farming is one of the best occupations for a young man. Even cabbage culture will enable a struggling youth to get a head.

100 Ladies Wanted,

And 100 men to call on any druggist for a *free* trial package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy, discovered by Dr. Silas Lane while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and clearing up the complexion it does wonders. Children like it. Everyone praises it. Large-size package, 50 cents. At all druggists.

A man can drop a nickel in a slot and have his handkerchief perfumed. The proprietor of this little device must make enormous profits, giving only one scent for five cents.

If Your Skin

Is rough or pimply or covered with blotches and sores, and you want a clean, smooth skin and fair complexion, use Sulphur Bitters. The best medicine in such cases I ever sold.—C. E. SCHEFFLER, & Co., Druggists, Lawrence, Mass.

Bagley.—I saw a melancholy sight a few days ago"—a messenger boy standing pensively on the street corner." Fogg—"That's nothing." Bagley "No, but some one had hung on the boy's back a sign, "'Will move about May 1.'"

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

2yrs50

Pears' Soap

Fair white hands.
Bright clear complexion
Soft healthful skin.

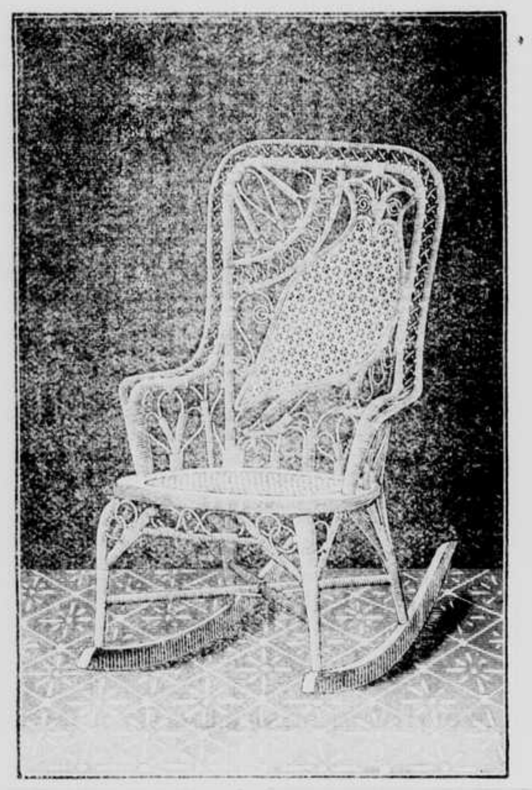
"PEARS'"—The Great English Complexion SOAP,—Sold Everywhere."

R. H. COOMBS & SON

Always on the Watch for Bargains!

And Give Our Customers the Benefit of Them!

This is One of Our MANY BARGAINS!



PRICE REDUCED FROM $7.50 To only $4.40.

These chairs can not be duplicated for the money. Come early before they are all gone. We have only got one dozen of them left.

It would be impossible to enumerate the MANY BARGAINS that we have for our customers.

We Have all the LATEST NOVELTIES in

PARLOR, CHAMBER & DINING ROOM FURNITURE!

Our Stock is the Largest!
Our Goods are the Best!
Our Prices are the Lowest!

CALL and SEE for YOURSELVES we are always READY and PLEASED to show our goods.

Our New Line of **REFRIGERATORS** Cannot be Beat.

Mantel and Cabinet Beds, the best in the market, Writing Desks, Book Cases, Curtain Poles and Brass Rods, Upholstery Goods and Plushes in all Colors, Boys Velocipedes and Carts, and a fine assortment of BABY CARRIAGES!

that we will sell at prices *THAT CANNOT BE EQUALED.* If you are in want of ANYTHING in the FURNITURE LINE, remember we will give you the BEST TRADE EVERY TIME. Bear it in mind and TELL YOUR FRIENDS that THIS IS THE PLACE where you will get the BEST GOODS and LOWEST PRICES. Call and EXAMINE our stock and be CONVINCED that we MEAN just what WE ADVERTISE.

UNDERTAKING

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES MADE A SPECIALTY.

Caskets, Robes and Burial Goods *of Every Description.*

BEST QUALITY AND LOWEST PRICES. 2m22

R. H. COOMBS & SON, 70 Main St.

FRESH HOPS, HEMLOCK GUM AND PINE BALSAM COMBINED Spread on white muslin. THE POPULAR AND RELIABLE PLASTER.

HOP PLASTER

Apply one now for Backache, Sideache, Rheumatism, Kidney Weakness, Tender Lungs, Sore Chest, Stiff Muscles, Female Pains, Crick, Sprains, etc. It cures every sort of Pain, Ache, or Weakness, and quickly, too.

SOLD EVERYWHERE 25 CTS. 5 FOR $1.00 or mailed for price.

Look for signature of HOP PLASTER CO., PROPRIETORS, BOSTON, *on the genuine goods.*

6m1nrm

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Established 1810.

—UNLIKE ANY OTHER.—

Positively Cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Colds, Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping-Cough, Catarrh, Influenza, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, Nervous Headache, Sciatica, Lame Back, and Soreness in Body or Limbs.

AS MUCH FOR INTERNAL AS FOR EXTERNAL USE.

It is marvelous how many different complaints it will cure. Its strong point lies in the fact that it acts quickly. Healing all Cuts, Burns and Bruises like Magic. Relieving all manner of Cramps, Chills, Lameness of Muscles or Stiff Joints and Strains.

ORIGINATED BY AN OLD FAMILY PHYSICIAN.

All who buy or order direct from us, and request it, shall receive a certificate that the money shall be refunded if not abundantly satisfied. Retail price 35 cts.; 6 bottles, $2.00. Express prepaid to any part of the United States, or Canada. Valuable pamphlet sent free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

GENERATION AFTER GENERATION HAVE USED AND BLESSED IT.

1yr42

THE OLDEST & BEST

DEAR SIR:—For a number of years I have been afflicted with dyspepsia, and have suffered a great deal. I commenced to take The True "L. F." Atwood Medicine, and found immediate relief, and now consider myself cured. My son was taken sick with a distressing pain in the head. He seemed to lose his appetite, and grew weak, losing a great deal of flesh. He consulted two physicians and they called it catarrh, and prescribed for it, but did him no good. At last I happened to think of the True "L. F." Atwood Bitters, and procured a bottle immediately. He commenced taking it, and found relief at once, and is now well, and has gone to his work. I am convinced, beyond a doubt, that, if the people who are suffering from any derangement of the stomach or liver would try it, they would save themselves from many sick days, and from large doctors' bills.
WILTON, ME. MRS. J. A. JONES.

BLOOD PURIFIER

1y26 5w25

Ingalls' Vigorine

The Great Blood Purifier

Will cure Scrofula, Boils, Pimples, Sores, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, and all Diseases of the Blood.

It relieves that TIRED FEELING.

Send 2-cent stamp for Ingalls' Record Book of All Sports and Games, to the

INGALLS MEDICAL CO., Lowell, Mass.

1yr38

EQUITABLE

Mortgage Company

STATEMENT.

Capital Subscribed	$2,000,000 00
Capital paid in Cash	1,000,000 00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	115,444 82
Assets	4,935,940 25

6 Per Cent. Debentures.

Secured by first mortgages held in trust by the American Loan and Trust Company of New York, and further secured by the capital and assets of the Equitable Mortgage Company.

6 Per Cent. Guaranteed Farm Mortgages.

5 and 6 per cent. Savings Bonds Running Three Months to Two Years. 6m23

Also, Municipal, Water and School Bonds.

REPRESENTED BY

J. W. FREDERICK & CO.,

31 Front St., Belfast, Me.

AGENTS WANTED at a Good Salary

To take orders for our trees and a full line of nursery stock. Only those over 25 years of age who can furnish good references need apply. We give employment the year round and pay all expenses. Nurseries at Geneva, N. Y. 4t24
Address with stamp,
HOMER N. CHASE & CO., BUCKFIELD, ME.

BELFAST & MOOSEHEAD LAKE

Railroad Company.

CLERK'S OFFICE,
BELFAST, June 10, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of this corporation will be held at the Court House in Belfast, on **Wednesday, July 3, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M.,** for the following purposes, viz:

1st. To hear and act upon the reports of the Directors and Treasurer.

2d. To elect nine Directors for the ensuing year.

3d. To act upon any other business that may legally come before said meeting.

Per Order,
3w24 JOHN H. QUIMBY, Clerk.

Miss Ella M. Trundy

Will be at her home in Searsport after the first of July, where she will be pleased to receive pupils for

VOCAL & PIANO INSTRUCTION.

May 23, 1889.—5w21

WANTED.

Smart and Intelligent Men to travel and solicit orders for Trees, Shrubs, Vines, &c.

Salary to start on to Competent Men.

S. T. CANNON & CO., Augusta, Me.

June 13, 1889.—1w24*

We have the BEST MIXED PAINTS

—In the market for inside or outside work.—

A. A. HOWES & CO.

Belfast Coliseum Company.

THE Annual Meeting of the Belfast Coliseum Co will be held at **Coliseum Hall on Monday, the first day of July next, at 7 o'clock P. M.,** to elect officers for the ensuing year, and to act on any other business that may legally come before said meeting. A. F. RIGGS, President.
Belfast, June 11, 1889.—2w24

WANTED!

20 NON-UNION or KNIGHTS OF LABOR LASTERS. K. of L. prices paid. Steady work. Apply to A. R. JONES, Whitman, Mass.
June 13, 1889.—3w24

Come One!
Come All!!

—TO THE—

BELFAST TEA STORE

AND SEE THE MANY

Elegant and Useful Articles

—WE GIVE WITH—

1 POUND OF TEA

—OR—

4 POUNDS OF COFFEE.

Our Teas are from 50c. to $1.25 per lb.

Our Coffees are roasted twice a week, and are the finest

Mocha, Java & Golden Rio

That can be bought.

We Make a Specialty of

TEA CLUB ORDERS.

Send for Catalogue and Price List.

All our goods warranted just as represented or money refunded.

Remember the Place,

Belfast Tea Store,

81 Main St., Belfast, Me.

Store formerly occupied by Geo. W. Burkett.

May 29, 1889.—1yr22

The Reason Why

WE CAN SELL

BOOTS and SHOES

SO CHEAP!

is that we pay **CASH** for everything we buy, and won't buy of the long credit concerns that trust everybody, therefore avoid paying other firms' bad debts.

We have just received the biggest assortment of

Spring & Summer Styles

—OF—

Boots, Shoes and Slippers!

ever brought into Belfast, and by paying **CASH DOWN** we get them at extremely low prices and offer them accordingly low:

Men's Calf Boots, prime good wearers,	$1.75
Men's Sewed Calf Boots, all solid leather,	2.00
Men's Genuine Calf Congress,	1.85
Men's Fine Buff Congress and Bals, extra good style,	1.25
Men's Genuine Kangaroo Congress, the easiest shoe ever made,	3.25
Men's Bright Dongola Congress,	2.00
Ladies' real Dongola Kid, Button, Opera Toe or Common Sense,	1.25
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,	1.50
Ladies' Kid Oxford Ties,	.90
Child's Kid Button, 8 to 10 1-2,	.90
Child's Grain Button, Heel or Spring Heel, 9 to 10 1-2,	.75
Child's Kid, Spring Heel, Button, 5 to 8,	.40

Don't buy old style and shopworn goods, when you can select from a NEW, FRESH STOCK at equally as LOW or LOWER prices.

A Lot of Boys' and Youths'

SLIGHTLY DAMAGED SHOES!

VERY CHEAP.

W. T. Colburn,

McClintock Block, High St.

Belfast, May 16, 1889.—49

W. O. & C. BARNEY,

Iron Founders,

Machinists & General Repair Shop

Special attention given to repairs on mowing machines. All parts furnished. Constantly on hand the celebrated **Umbrella Holder**, for which agents are wanted.
Searsport, May 23, 1889.—tf21

The Oak Hill Granite Co.

FOR SALE OR TO BE LET.

THE entire property of the Oak Hill Granite Company, (corporation) consisting of its well known and extensive quarries, together with all their buildings, sheds, shops, derricks, tools, &c. Apply on the premises, or address

GEO. B. FERGUSON, Treasurer.

Belfast, April 9, 1889.—15tf

The Hampton Tea Co.

AGENCY WILL PAY

Cash Premiums on all Clubs filled from this date for 90 days.

BRING IN YOUR CLUBS SOON.

R. KITTRIDGE, Chief Manager,
17tf **Corner Main & High Sts, Belfast.**

Blacksmith Shop

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE blacksmith shop, lower Main street, in Belfast, formerly occupied by the late SAMUEL A. BLODGET, is for sale or rent. The location is unsurpassed for business. Call on
W. H. QUIMBY,
At Belfast Savings Bank.
Belfast, May 6, 1889.—19

Trunks & Valises!

From the smallest to the largest size in all prices.

Trunk room up one flight from inside. B. F. WELLS.

Belfast, Feb. 28, 1889.—6m9

Wanted Immediately

HOUSEKEEPER FOR AN ELDERLY LADY.

Apply to **I. W. HAVENER,**
23tf **East Northport.**

FRUIT AND BERRIES

Arriving every boat in large quantities.

Howes & Co.

---

40 YEARS

—OF—

Constant Business!

May 1, 1889,

Is just forty years since we began the furniture business in one room and an attic near where the post office now stands. To-day we find ourselves in a

Large Iron Front Store,

—WITH OVER—

8,000 Feet Floor Room

—ON—

MAIN STREET,

Filled from basement to third floor with as

Good & Well Selected Stock

—AT AS—

Low Prices!

as any furniture store in the State of Maine, or anywhere else.

To enumerate prices would take too long, but COME ONE, COME ALL, and see for yourselves. Remember that we are not to be undersold by any house in New England, as our goods have all been bought for

SPOT CASH!

and if low prices will fetch you we are sure to get the trade.

J. C. Thompson & Son.

Belfast, May 1, 1889.—3m18

Dwight P. Palmer,

MASONIC TEMPLE,

Belfast, - - Maine.

HATS! HATS!!

An Elegant Line of

Stiff and Soft Hats!

Just received from New York.

Men's Furnishing Goods!

FINE NECKWEAR!

WHITE and FANCY SHIRTS!

The CHOICEST *line of*

FANCY SHIRTS

IN THE CITY!

Kid Gloves

IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES!

HOSIERY!

In Endless Variety and all Prices.

Fast Black Hose for 25c.

A COMPLETE LINE OF

SPRING & SUMMER UNDERWEAR!

JERSEY SHIRTS!

Wagons, Carts & Wheelbarrows

FOR THE BOYS.

Don't forget that I have the largest and finest assortment of

Hats for Men, Boys & Children

—IN BELFAST!—

Dwight P. Palmer.

Belfast, March 28, 1889.—1yr13

Now is the Time to Buy

—A PAIR OF—

Ladies' **FRENCH** Kid Boots

—**CHEAP!**—

Remember they are first quality goods and warranted in every respect.

LADIES'
French Kid Button Boots, common Sense Toe and Heel, $2.50

LADIES'
French Kid Button Boots, Opera Toe and Heel. $2.50

LADIES'
French Kid Front Lace Boots, Common Sense Toe and Heel, $2.50

LADIES'
French Kid Front Lace Boots, Opera Toe and Heel, $2.50

—A FULL LINE OF—

Russet Boots,

BOYS' and YOUTHS'

Russet Bals $1.65 to $1.85.

LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN'S

—Russet Button Boots,—

75c., 85c., $1.00, $1.25, $1.65, $2.00.

BOYS' TENNIS BALS.

(First Quality) Leather trimmed, 75c., worth $1.00.

BOYS' & YOUTHS' PATENT LEATHER

Dancing Pumps!

Ladies' Patent Leather Oxfords, Misses "Tourist" Button Boots, Ladies' "Volunteer" Button Boots, Men's Russet Grain & Kip Brogans

$1.00 to $1.40.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

BEST CORN CURE IN THE WORLD!

F. H. Francis & Co.,

Main St., BELFAST.

The Best Trades

—AND—

LOWEST PRICES!

—IN—

MENS & BOYS' SUITS,

HATS, CAPS,

Furnishing Goods

CAN NOW BE FOUND AT

E. P. FROST & CO.'S,

78 Main St.

Please call and see the bargains we offer, many suits being sold at less than it costs to manufacture them.

Belfast, May 16, 1889.—6w20

Cigars & Tobacco!

We shall open with our new store the

Largest and Best Selected Stock

—ever in Belfast.—

A 10c. Cigar for 5c.

Howes & Co.

DENTISTRY,

Prosthetic and Operative.

Dr. ISAA HILLS,

Howes Block, Main St., Belfast, Me.

March 14, 1889.—1yr11

Horse Rakes!

FOR SALE AT

E. L. Bean & Co.'s

We have had some experience in the past in HORSE RAKES and we claim that we are

Selling the Best One

in the market everything considered.

Come and see them.

Yours Respectfully,

E. L. BEAN & CO.

Searsmont, June 10, 1889.—11

Farmers, Millmen,

EVERYBODY

ATTENTION!

Highest Cash

PRICES PAID FOR

Old Iron!

WE ALSO MANUFACTURE

Hege's Improved Circular Saw Mills, Brown Water Wheel, Stave Jointers, Mill Gearing of all kind, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Unity Hussey Plows, &c.

Agents for Circular Saws and Belting of all kinds. Job work promptly attended to. All kinds of Brass and Iron Castings on hand and made to order.

Belfast Foundry & Machine Works

Foot of Main St., Belfast, Me.

NOTICE.

For Cemetery Work

—CALL ON—

Mark Wood & Son,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

Marble & White Bronze Monuments,

TABLETS, HEADSTONES, &c.

A large line to select from and prices 10% as the LOWEST.

Marble Shelves, Vases, and Bouquet Holders

—ALWAYS ON HAND.—

Mark Wood & Son,

No. 28 High St., opp. C. N. Black's Stove Store
Belfast, April 11, 1889.—15

MIXER & MARSHALL

HAVE OPENED THEIR

Ice Cream Parlor!

All who are fond of Iced Dainties should give us a call.

Ice Cream delivered free of charge.

N. B. Candies Made Daily.

Cocoanuts Grated for Family Use.

Belfast, May 30, 1889.—1w22

Attention, Power Users!

We have for sale the largest stock of

Engines, Boilers, Grist Mill,

Wood and Iron Working Machinery,

Of any firm in the country, and at lowest prices. We are prepared to quote prices on Power Plants started and running, of any capacity. We have a large stock of SECOND HAND MACHINERY for sale very low. Correspondence solicited.

G. H. SCANLAN & CO.,
12tf 50 Exchange St., Portland, Me

For Sale!

THE subscriber offers for sale his place on Miller St., west of Congress, consisting of 6½ acres of land, all under good cultivation, which cuts 15 tons of hay. The house contains 11 rooms and is convenient for two families. Woodshed and carriage house 30x36 ft., two stories, and barn 36x40 ft. The buildings are in good repair. Two never failing wells and a cistern. Good cellar. Also another place on same street with 3 acres of land, house of 8 rooms suitable for two families, woodshed, well and cistern and fine orchard in good bearing condition. Good basement in house, and French frames for storing wood and coal. Also a good brood mare 1100 pounds and sound, and two year old colt for sale. The above will be sold cheap as I intend leaving the city. For particulars call at premises, or on F. W. BROWN, 27 Main St. T. J. HOAG.
Belfast, March 12, 1889.—11tf

Our Medicine Dept.

Is all newly fitted up, and new goods, and is in charge of a thoroughly competent and careful man, and our prices will be LOWER THAN EVER. The LARGEST STOCK and BEST VARIETY of

Patent Medicines

IN THE COUNTY.

A. A. Howes & Co.

Eggs for Hatching!

Pekin Ducks (Rankin Strain)	50c. for 13
Light Brahma (Duke of York Strain)	50c. for 13

Hot Water Incubators!

100 Egg size	$15.00
200 " "	25.00

15 COTTRELL BROS.,
P. O. Box 227, Belfast, Maine.

CASH PAID

—FOR—

Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Lead, Zinc, Rags, Rubber Boots and Shoes.

JOHN B. THOMBS, Main St

Store formerly occupied as Shipping Office.
Belfast, Feb. 21, 1889.—6ms

McKeen & Perkins

WILL DELIVER ICE to customers, for the season, beginning June 1st, for the following prices:

Per 100 weight	$ .25
Refrigerators in private families per month	1.50
Pail prices daily, per month	1.25

Extra for ice cream pieces.

Orders left at Alexander & Burgess', O. G. White's and M. R. Knowlton's, will be promptly attended to. 21tf

J. O. JOHNSON,

Liberty, Maine,

INSURANCE BROKER,

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Effected

March 7, 1889.—tf

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST

For BLACK STOCKINGS.

Made in 40 Colors that neither Smut, Wash Out Nor Fade.

Sold by Druggists. Also
Peerless Bronze Paints—6 colors.
Peerless Laundry Bluing.
Peerless Ink Powders—7 colors.
Peerless Shoe & Harness Dressing.
Peerless Egg Dyes—8 colors.

1yr11

ROYAL CLARION

The most popular Range ever sold

The great sales of the ROYAL CLARION prove the fact that it is the

Most Successful and Most Popular Range in the Market.

Its great superiority is acknowledged by all experts and the many thousands who have these ranges in use. Made of the very best materials by thorough mechanics. We warrant the Royal Clarion to comprise more improvements than any other make. We furnish them with Plain Legs, Cabinet Base, Top or Low Hot Closets, Elevated Shelves, End Tank, Wicker Door and Pedal attachment. In fact, every variety or style wanted. Every Range warranted. For sale by all the leading dealers. Manufactured and for sale by

WOOD, BISHOP & CO.

BANGOR, ME.

1m19

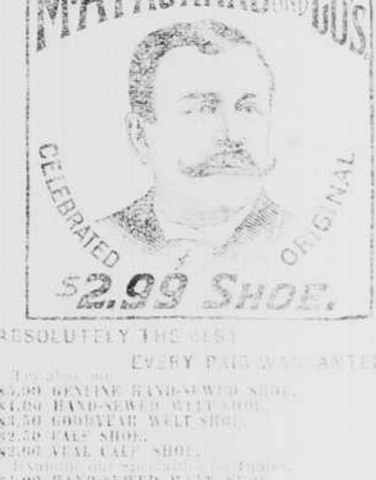
SULPHUR BITTERS

The Best and Purest Medicine EVER MADE.

It will drive the Humor from your system, and make your skin clean and smooth. Those Pimples and Blotches which mar your beauty are caused by impure blood, and can be removed in a short time if you are wise and use the great blood purifier. Sulphur Bitters. Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it. Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use Sulphur Bitters.

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published.

FOR GENTLEMEN



M. A. PACKARD AND CO'S CELEBRATED ORIGINAL $2.99 SHOE.

ABSOLUTELY THE BEST

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

We also make

$5.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE.
$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE.
$3.50 GOODYEAR WELT SHOE.
$2.50 CALF SHOE.
$2.00 VEAL CALF SHOE.

Also make our specialties in ladies'

$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE.
$2.99 FRENCH TANNED DONGOLA SHOE.
$2.50 GLAZED DONGOLA SHOE.

Leading Style Lasts. All sizes and widths. Ask for and insist on having the ORIGINAL M. A. PACKARD & CO.'S Shoes.

M. A. PACKARD & CO. Brockton, Mass.

For sale in BELFAST by
WAYLAND KNOWLTON.

DOES WHAT YOU EAT HURT YOU?

Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heartburn, Headache, Low Spirits, Kidney Complaints, Etc., Etc.

DR. HAM'S

Aromatic Invigorator!

HEATH & MURRAY,

GENERAL AGENTS, 27 Washington St., Boston.

PIX LIQUIDA

AUBURN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. PIX LIQUIDA COMPOUND. GOOD FOR EVERYBODY. THIS SYRUP IS ELEGANT. THROUGH THIS YOU WILL AT ONCE DISCOVER. COUGH CURE.

1y11

SAMPLES BY MAIL.

Dry & Fancy Goods.

Strictly One Price.

Write to us, stating the articles you wish to buy, and we will send you Samples by mail Free, with width of goods and prices per yard marked on each.

Printed Circular of information sent with samples. 3m13

Eastman Bros. & Bancroft,

Portland, Me.

A Rare Chance!

A small farm for sale in Belfast city, on Waldo Avenue, a beautiful location, about 12 minutes walk from the business part of the city. A 1½ story house with nine rooms, and a stable in good repair. About 50 acres of land, 3 acres of cultivated cranberries. Cape Cod vines, about 25 rods from the house, nearly in full bearing, yielding 200 to 300 bushels per year. Apple, pear, plum and cherry trees, also a fine lot of cultivated raspberries and strawberries, and an asparagus bed, in five hives of bees, all in winter hives. This property will be sold at a bargain. The net income of the place will pay interest on double the amount for which the place will be sold. A fine chance for raising small fruit and early vegetables. My cause for selling is lameness and inability to take care of the place. For further particulars address McDONALD & BROWN, or apply on the premises to **W. H. BROWN.**

Belfast, April 18, 1889.—16tf

Boston & Bangor

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Spring Arrangement.

Commencing Monday, April 15, 1889.

STEAMERS WILL LEAVE BELFAST

For Camden, Rockland and Boston, Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at (about) 2.30 P. M.

For Searsport, Bucksport, Winterport, Hampden and Bangor, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays at (about) 9.30 A. M., or upon arrival of steamer from Boston.

RETURNING:

From Boston, Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays at 5 P. M.

From Bangor, Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 11 A. M., touching at all landings.

From Rockland, touching at Camden, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays at (about) 6 A. M.

Steamer Rockland will commence daily trips between Bangor and Rockland about May 16th.

FRED W. POTE, Agent, Belfast.
CALVIN AUSTIN, Agent, Boston.
WILLIAM H. HILL, Gen'l Manager, Boston.

BANGOR & ROCKLAND LINE

Boston & Bangor S.S. Co.

The Captain, then steamer ROCKLAND, ..., refurnished, and ... Robinson, has been ... the local passenger service in complete order for ... between

ROCKLAND AND BANGOR.

For the Season of 1889

and will make daily trips, Sunday excepted, commencing **Thursday, May 16, 1889,** leaving Bangor at 6 A. M., and Rockland at 12.30 P. M., ... landings at Hampden, Winterport, Bucksport, Sandy Point, Northport, Camden and Rockland.

To Rockland.		To Bangor.	
Leave		Leave	
Belfast	9.40 A. M.	Belfast	2.50 P. M.
Northport	10.00 "	Fort Point	4.00 "
Camden	11.15 "	Bucksport	4.45 "
Rockland	12.00 "	Winterport	5.30 "
		Hampden	6.00 "
		Bangor	6.45 "

Excursion tickets at reduced rates. Tickets will be good on any steamer of the main line, and tickets sold on any steamer will be "good" on any other steamer. 20

Meals or state-rooms will be served on board.

FRED W. POTE, Agent, Belfast.
WILLIAM H. HILL, General Manager, Boston.

New York & Bangor S. S. Line.

Stmr. LUCY P. MILLER

Will leave New York, Pier 15, East River,

Every Saturday at 9 A. M.,

For Rockland, Rockport, Belfast, Bucksport and Bangor. Returning, leave Bangor

Every Wednesday at 7 A. M.,

for New York, stopping at the above landings.

H. C. PITCHER, Agent.

Lewis Wharf, Belfast.

CHANGE OF TIME!

Maine Central R. R.

TIME-TABLE.

On and after Monday, April 29, trains connecting at Burnham with through trains for Bangor, Waterville, Portland and Boston, will run as follows:

LEAVE BELFAST.		LEAVE BURNHAM.	
	A.M. P.M.		A.M. P.M.
Belfast	7.00 2.35	Burnham	8.30 5.55
City Point	7.05 2.42	Leonard's	9.02 5.10
Waldo	7.15 2.51	Unity	9.10 5.25
Brooks	7.35 3.15	Thorndike	9.22 5.38
Knox	7.47 3.30	Knox	9.33 5.48
Thorndike	8.02 3.50	Brooks	9.45 6.05
Unity	8.15 4.20	Waldo	10.00 6.20
Leonard's	8.25 4.35	City Point	10.15 6.29
Burnham, arrive	8.45 4.50	Belfast, arrive	10.25 6.40

The morning trains up and the night train down are straight passenger trains.

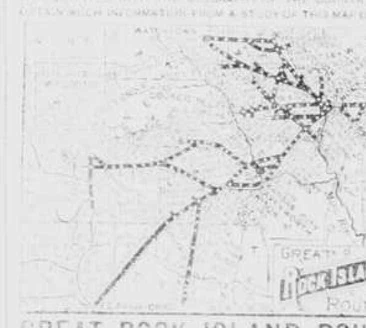
Limited tickets for Boston are now sold at $5.00 from Belfast and all stations on Branch.

Through tickets to all points West and Northwest via all routes for sale by F. L. Crowley, Agent, Belfast.

F. E. BOOTHBY, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agt. PAYSON TUCKER, Gen'l Manager.
Belfast, April 24, 1889.—14

A MAN

UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THE COUNTRY WILL OBTAIN MUCH INFORMATION FROM A STUDY OF THIS MAP OF THE



GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE

(C. R. I. & P. and C. K. & N. Rys.)

West, Northwest and Southwest. It includes CHICAGO, JOLIET, ROCK ISLAND, DAVENPORT, DES MOINES, COUNCIL BLUFFS, WATERTOWN, SIOUX FALLS, MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL, ST. JOSEPH, ATCHISON, LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS CITY, TOPEKA, COLORADO SPRINGS, DENVER, PUEBLO, and hundreds of prosperous cities and towns—traversing vast areas of the richest farming lands in the west.

SOLID VESTIBULE EXPRESS TRAINS

Leading all competitors in splendor and luxury of accommodations, daily between CHICAGO and COLORADO SPRINGS, DENVER and PUEBLO. Similar magnificent VESTIBULE TRAIN service daily between CHICAGO and COUNCIL BLUFFS (OMAHA), and between CHICAGO and KANSAS CITY. Modern Day Coaches, elegant Dining Cars serving delicious meals at moderate prices, restful Reclining Chair Cars (seats FREE), and palatial Sleeping Cars. The direct line to NELSON, HORTON, HUTCHINSON, WICHITA, ABILENE, CALDWELL, and all points in Southern Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, the Indian Territory and Texas. California Excursions daily. Choice of routes to the Pacific coast.

The Famous Albert Lea Route

Runs superbly equipped Express Trains, daily, between Chicago, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City and Minneapolis and St. Paul. The popular tourist line to the scenic resorts and hunting and fishing grounds of the northwest. Via Watertown and Sioux Falls branch traverses the great "WHEAT AND DAIRY BELT" of Northern Iowa, Southwestern Minnesota and East Central Dakota.

The Short Line via Seneca and Kankakee offers facilities to travel to and from Indianapolis, Cincinnati and other Southern points.

For Tickets, Maps, Folders, or desired information, apply at any Coupon Ticket Office, or address

E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Manager. E. A. HOLBROOK, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt.

CHICAGO, ILL.

1y43

THE GLORY OF MAN STRENGTH. VITALITY!

KNOW THYSELF.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE

A Scientific and Standard Popular Medical Treatise on the Errors of Youth, Premature Decline, Nervous and Physical Debility, Impurities of the Blood.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY UNTOLD MISERIES

Resulting from Folly, Vice, Ignorance, Excesses or Overtaxation, Enervating and unfitting the victim for Work, Business, the Married or Social Relation.

Avoid unskillful pretenders. Possess this great work. It contains 300 pages, royal 8vo. Beautiful binding, embossed, full gilt. Price, only $1.00 by mail, post-paid, concealed in plain wrapper. Illustrative Prospectus Free, if you apply now. The distinguished author, Wm. H. Parker, M. D., received the COLD AND JEWELLED MEDAL from the National Medical Association, for the PRIZE ESSAY on NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY. Dr. Parker and a corps of Assistant Physicians may be consulted, confidentially, by mail or in person, at the office of THE PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass., to whom all orders for books or letters for advice should be directed as above.

1yr31

ELY'S CREAM BALM.

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

TRY THE CURE.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 1yr14
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

Geo. T. Osborn,

SAILMAKER!

Also maker of Awnings, Carpets, Tents, Hammocks, and everything manufactured in a first-class sail loft.

OLD JUNK & IRON

bought at going prices.

Place of business on Swan & Sibley's Wharf.

Belfast, May 7, 1888.—19