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1979-80 Hunting Regulations Summary

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MAINE

1979-80 HUNTING REGULATIONS SUMMARY

Effective through August 1980 or until replaced

Regulations on trapping and guiding are in a separate publication available on request.

Migratory bird hunting regulations are published each September.

Maine Department of
INLAND FISHERIES AND WILDLIFE
284 State Street
Augusta, Maine 04333

DEPARTMENT OF INLAND FISHERIES AND WILDLIFE

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DR. ALVA APPLEBY, Skowhegan

LICENSE FEES, PAGE 34, INDEX, PAGE 32.

TO LOCATE YOUR WARDEN

Because of changing locations, telephone numbers, and so on, printing a list of wardens is not feasible. To locate the warden in your area, we suggest you inquire of police or town offices, guides or camp owners, or if convenient, phoning the Department office in Augusta or other areas. See page 35 for phone numbers.

FIRE PERMITS

Using fire outdoors often requires a permit. Check with town fire wardens in organized towns and with forest rangers in unorganized territory.

HUNTER CHECK STATIONS

We suggest that whether you are successful or not, you stop in at one of the Department's deer hunter check stations (which are not registration stations). Our wildlife biologists collect information which is valuable in determining regional deer herd productivity, condition and sex and age ratios. You will receive facts and figures from last year's season, and the information you provide will be a basis for management decisions to be made next year.

A WARNING ABOUT HUNTING ACCIDENTS

Fatal accidents frequently involve experienced hunters, who may be overanxious to bag their deer or other game. These accidents are classified under the heading "Mistaken Identity." There isn't any need for them to occur if every hunter will wait until he is sure of his target. Experienced hunters usually hit what they aim at, and when human lives are at stake, they should be absolutely certain they are shooting only at game.

The "Ten Commandments of Hunting Safety" point out the pitfalls which cause accidents. Memorize them and live by them in the woods and fields of Maine

Proper color of hunting clothes can play an important part of a safe hunt. Scientific tests, plus our own accident records, show fluorescent hunter orange to be the most protective.

HUNTING AND TRAPPING DEFINITIONS

[These definitions apply to the fish and wildlife chapters of Title 12, Maine Revised Statutes.]

RESIDENT. "Resident" shall mean a citizen of the United States who has been domiciled in this State continuously during the 3 months next prior to the date on which he applies for any license under the fish and wildlife laws or an alien who has been so domiciled for one year. No person shall be considered a resident if he has not:

- A. If registered to vote, registered in Maine;
- B. If licensed to drive a motor vehicle, made application for a Maine motor vehicle operator's license;
- C. If owning a motor vehicle or vehicles located within the State, registered each such vehicle in Maine; and
- D. Complied with the State income tax laws.
- FIREARM shall include all instruments used in the propulsion of pellets, shot, shell or bullets by the action of gunpowder or compressed air or gas exploded or released within them.
- HUNT means to hunt for, pursue, molest, catch, take, kill, wound or destroy wild birds and wild animals.
- JACK-LIGHT means any artificial light used while hunting, except lights used and permitted under the provisions pertaining to raccoon hunting.
- 15. SUNRISE AND SUNSET. The time of sunrise and sunset shall be determined by reference to such times as computed and established for Augusta, Maine, by the Nautical Almanac Office of the United States Naval Observatory, converted to the legal standard of time in force in this state on that day. A table is printed in this booklet.
- TO TRAP means to trap for wild animals, or the act of trapping or attending to traps.
- WILD BIRD means a species of bird wild by nature, whether or not bred or reared in captivity, as distinguished from common domestic bird. WILD ANIMAL is defined similarly.

ON BEING LOST

First of all, don't get lost. Get a good map of the country you will be in and STUDY it. If you don't know how to use it, and a compass, do not go into the deep woods except with a guide or companion who does know these details.

Secondly, take time to notify a game warden of your planned destination. He is your friend. Get his name and phone number and post them in camp. If a companion is lost, notify the warden immediately.

If you become lost: Don't rush. Sit down and think it over. If still confused and you have been out but a short time, remain there, especially if others know your approximate location.

If you have been out a long time, look for an open space. Lakeshores, big meadows and hilltops are good, in the order given.

No healthy animal in the Maine woods will harm you, but rabies exists and should be kept in mind.

Build a fire, collect lots of dry wood, keep the fire going. Pile green boughs on it to make a smoke signal. Wear some hunter orange clothing—easiest to spot from an aircraft.

You can live for days without food if your conserve your energy.

Keep warm, keep calm. Make the woods work for you. Keep that smoke signal going. Our warden planes will spot it and find you.

GENERAL HUNTING LAWS

It is Unlawful To:

- Discharge a firearm within 100 feet of a residential dwelling without the permission of the owner, or, in his absence, of an adult occupant of that dwelling.
- Take loaded firearms onto public school grounds or discharge them within 500 feet of any public school property, except as used in any supervised educational program or by law enforcement officials. (Title 20, Sec. 1015.)
- Hunt from any paved public way ("Public way" shall mean any road with a bituminous surface.)
- Hunt on Sunday or at night (except for raccoons: special regulations on page 7.)
- 5. Hunt wild animals earlier than \(\frac{1}{2}\)-hour before sunrise or later than \(\frac{1}{2}\)-hour after sunset, except that during deer season, all hunting must stop at sunset (except for raccoons as in \(\frac{4}{2}\)-hour before sunrise or after sunset; there is the following that the following sunrise or after sunset; there is the following that the following sunrise or after sunset; there is the following that the following sunrise or after sunset; there is the following that the following the following the following that the following the f
- Hunt any wild birds earlier than \(\frac{1}{2} \) hour before sunrise or after sunset; there
 may be federal regulations making hours more restrictive on migratory game
 birds. See the time tables in this booklet.
- Use artificial lights between ½-hour after sunset and ½-hour before sunrise to illuminate or attempt to illuminate any wild birds or animals from Sept. 1— Dec. 15 (except raccoons as specified).
- 8. Hunt with firearms during the open firearm season on deer, except when hunting waterfowl from a boat or blind or in conjunction with waterfowl decoys, unless wearing an article of hunter orange clothing which is in good and serviceable condition and which shall be visible from all sides.
- 9. Hunt from or molest any wild bird or animal from any motor vehicle, trailer, aircraft, snowmobile, railway car or vehicle, or a motorboat (a motorboat may be used for hunting migratory waterfowl in accordance with federal regulations). Paraplegics, single or double amputees of the legs may hunt from a motor vehicle not in motion.
- 10. Have loaded firearms In or on any of the vehicles listed except as prescribed by law. Law enforcement officials in the line of duty and persons with valid permits to carry concealed weapons are not bound by this restriction. It is permitted to carry a loaded clip or magazine in a vehicle, but it must not be inserted in a firearm.
- Hunt without being accompanied at all times by parent or guardian or an adult (18 or older) approved by parent or guardian, if you are under 16 years of age.
- 12. Hunt at any time if you are under 10 years of age.
- 13. Hunt or trap any wild animals except as provided in the fish and wildlife laws and regulations. Other than as provided therein, there shall be a perpetual closed season.
- 14. Hunt while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.
- Hunt, kill or possess any moose or caribou unless taken lawfully out of state or kept alive under a menagerie license.
- 16. Hunt, kill, trap, chase, catch or destroy any wild bird or wild animal or have firearms in possession on a state farm or licensed menagerie or on a wildlife sanctuary, or on any area properly posted by the State of Maine.

BIG BUCK CLUB

Maine has a club for deer hunters, called "The Biggest Bucks in Maine Club." To qualify, a hunter must shoot a buck deer weighing at least 200 pounds dressed weight. Application blanks are available from game wardens.

METHODS & IMPLEMENTS ALLOWED IN HUNTING

[Any NOT Mentioned are UNLAWFUL]

Shooting with a long bow and arrow or shooting in the usual way with a firearm not larger than 10 gauge or taking by means of falconry.

Handguns may be used, subject to general regulations for "firearms" and to any relating specifically to handguns.

(SEE SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS BELOW)

Some unlawful hunting methods about which questions are asked: pole traps; deadfalls; pit traps; crossbows; snares. There are others. As stated above, methods and implements not specifically allowed are unlawful.

It is unlawful to drive deer or to take part in a drive.

It is unlawful to use dogs, lights, etc., in hunting deer.

In deer hunting, the .22 caliber rim fire **magnum** cartridge may be used but not the ordinary .22 rim fire.

Firearms that can operate automatically are unlawful. (Automatic means that the firearm continues to fire as long as the trigger is held back.) (Auto-loading or semi-automatic firearms are permissible; these reload themselves after each shot and require a separate trigger pull for each shot.)

It is unlawful to hunt with or possess in the fields or forests any automatic firearms, or any auto-loading firearms whose magazine will hold more than five cartridges. Larger capacity magazines must be permanently altered to restrict capacity to five. (This paragraph does not apply to .22 caliber rim fire cartridge guns or to any auto-loading pistol with barrel less than 8 inches long.)

Silencers may not be used.

Tracer or explosive bullets are unlawful.

DEER AND BEAR, GENERAL

It is Unlawful To:

- 1. Hunt deer after having killed or registered one in open season of that year.
- 2. Possess deer or deer parts not lawfully registered.
- Transport a deer except in open view and tagged with license tag, registration seal, and/or transportation tag. You must accompany your deer or make other approved arrangements.
- Attempt to register a deer you did not kill, or allow a deer you did not kill to be registered in your name.
- 5. Place salt or any bait to entice deer.
- 6. Shoot, trap, take, kill or possess more than one bear in any year.
- 7. Keep a live bear in captivity without a menagerie license.
- 8. Use more than 4 dogs at any one time in hunting bear.
- Hunt bear within 200 feet of any dumping area in unorganized territories and plantations.

OTHER PROVISIONS

It is Unlawful To:

- Kill or take any wild animal except by authorized firearms or authorized traps, by falconry, or by long bow and arrow.
- Set or tend a snare, or a swivel, pivot, or set gun, or use any polsonous or stupefying substance to kill, take, harm or molest any wild animal or bird, except as provided by law.
- Destroy a fence or wall or crop, or leave open any gate or bars; penalty may include criminal conviction and subsequent license revocation.
- 4. Guide without a guide's license
- Assist another person in trapping or tending traps unless you have a trapper's license.
- Have traps set in any organized place without visiting them at least once each day, except beaver sets, and removing any animal trapped.
- 7. Have in possession any wild animal or part thereof, taken in violation of law.
- Hunt or trap without being properly licensed, or to hunt or trap or buy another license after a license has been suspended, or to possess a license which has been altered.
- Keep upland game and fur-bearing animals alive into or during closed season after taking them in open season, except per regulations for game breeder's license, menagerie license, and importation by permit.
- 10. To disturb or take any trap or disturb or take any fur-bearing animal from a trap other than your own without consent of the trap owner. (A landowner or legal occupant may remove a trap which has been set without his permission.)

ABSTRACTS OF LAWS

Wild birds and animals in captivity. It is unlawful to import into Maine or keep in captivity any wild bird or animal except in accordance with the fish and wildlife laws and Title 7, Section 1809. Copies of these sections available on request from the Department office in Augusta.

continues on page 7

1980 MOOSE HUNTING SEASON

A one-week moose hunting season has been established by the Legislature, to run from Sep. 22 to Sep. 27, 1980. Not more than 700 moose hunting permits may be issued, and only to applicants holding valid 1980 Maine resident hunting licenses. Rules for the 1980 moose season are being formulated and will be publicized when completed.

THE POACHER IS STEALING FROM YOU, HELP US CATCH HIM.

Rules. The commissioner may, in conformity with the Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, Part 18, and except as otherwise provided, adopt, amend, and repeal reasonable rules, including emergency rules necessary for the proper administration, enforcement, implementation and interpretation of any provision of law that he is charged with the duty of administering. These rules duly promulgated shall have the full force and effect of law and shall be effective upon filing with the Se retary of State, unless a later date is required by statute or specified in the rule.

1. The following shall be considered upland game:

Cottontail rabbit and snowshoe hare Ruffed and spruce grouse

Gray and red squirrel Wild turkey
Ring necked pheasant Woodchuck

2. The following shall be considered fur-bearing animals:

Bear Coyote Mink Raccoon Fisher Beaver Muskrat Skunk Bobcat Fox Opossum Weasel Canada lynx Marten (sable) Otter Wolf

RULES & REGULATIONS PROMULGATED UNDER "RULES," ABOVE

- A. No one shall hunt or trap upland game or fur-bearing animals except during open season on the species concerned nor have in possession at one time more than the numerical limits as set forth in these regulations.
- D. Raccoons may be hunted at night during open season only when the hunter (1) is accompanied by a dog, (2) uses an electric flashlight, and (3) is in possession of and uses only a pistol or revolver of no greater power or caliber than one which uses .22 caliber long rifle ammunition.
- F. No person except an agent of the commissioner shall damage, destroy, or molest any beaver house, beaver dam, muskrat house, or muskrat den.
- G. There shall be no open season for hunting or trapping of Canada lynx, wild turkey, or any other wild bird or wild animal for which an open season is not specifically provided.
- H. At no time may anyone hunt or trap gray squirrels on any lands which are dedicated as a public or private park or which are within the limits of compact or built-up portions of any city or town.
- No one shall have in possession at any time any wild bird or wild animal or part thereof taken in violation of regulations.
- J. Tagging procedure. It shall be unlawful for any person to possess, sell, give away, buy, accept as a gift, offer for transportation or transport any raw fox, bobcat, marten, fisher, beaver, coyote, raccoon, or otter skins unless each skin is tagged.

All raw skins of these species must be presented to a warden, or other agent designated by the commissioner, and each raw skin legally presented shall be tagged. A fee of 25¢ shall be paid for each skin tagged.

All raw skins of these species shall be presented for tagging within 10 days after the closing of the open season thereon, except that the raw skins of all bobcat taken during the open bobcat hunting season shall be presented, by the person who killed each bobcat, for tagging within 72 hours of killing the animal. (Note: 0f these species, only bobcat, raccoon, fox and coyote may be taken by hunting.) Note: this section applies to both hunting and trapping.

GENERAL HUNTING SEASONS

SEE DEER HUNTING ZONE information (new in 1979) and also management units on the foldout map in center of this booklet.

TRAPPING seasons are listed in a separate publication which also carries information for guides.

	1107133 445 1 16	FIRST	LAST	BASIC LIMITS	
		DAY	DAY	DAILY	POSSESSION
DEER:	Firearms season, Northern Zone	29 Oct.	24 Nov.		
	Firearms season, Southern Zone	6 Nov. ■	24 Nov.	ONE	DEER.
	Special archery season, Northern Zone	1 Oct.	26 Oct.		HER X**
	Special archery season, Southern Zone	1 Oct.	2 Nov.	36.	^
BEAR:***		1 May	24 Nov.	ONE BEAR, E	ITHER SEX**
GROU	SE, RUFFED:†††	1 Oct.	15 Nov.	4	8
GROU	SE, SPRUCE:	NO OPEN SEASON			
PHEAS	SANT: Management Units 1,2,3†††	25 Sept.	30 Nov.	2	4
	Management Units 4,5,6,7,8	1 Oct.	30 Nov.	2	4
CROW	*	14 Mar.	30 Apr.		_
	2115122 222 11 111	16 July	29 Sept.	_	_
BOBC	AT:††	1 Dec.	28 Feb.	_	
COYOTE:			NO CLO	SED SEASON	

NOTE: SPECIAL LICENSE IS REQUIRED for the special archery season on deer, and special registration is required for deer taken during this season. See page 26.

- The Saturday before this date is open for Maine residents only.
- *Actual date falls on a Sunday, but Sunday hunting is unlawful in Maine.
- **All deer and bear must be registered at a registration station.
- ***No bear hunting with more than 4 dogs. No bear hunting with dogs during May, June, July, or in any area during regular firearms season on deer in that area.

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FOX:	20 Oct.	15 Feb.	_	- 1
PORCUPINE:		NO CLOSI	ED SEASON	
RABBIT (cottontail) and HARE (snowshoe):†	1 Oct.	31 Mar.	4	8
RACCOON: Management Units 7 & 8	25 Oct.	30 Nov.		-
Units, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, & 6	20 Oct.	30 Nov.		-
SKUNK:	20 Oct.	15 Dec.	_	- 1
SQUIRREL, GRAY	1 Oct.	30 Nov.	4	8
SQUIRREL, RED		NO CLOSE	ED SEASON	
WOODCHUCK:		NO CLOSI	ED SEASON	200

There is NO OPEN SEASON for hunting any species of wildlife not mentioned in this chart, except for migratory game birds (regulations are published each year in September) and certain species in special circumstances that may be covered by the issuing of special regulations.

To clarify questions that arise frequently, we list the following species on which there is NO OPEN SEASON FOR HUNTING. This list is only a partial list but includes species which are most often asked about.

Beaver
Birds not named above
(except migratory game birds)
Canada lynx
Fisher
Marten (sable)

Mink Muskrat Opossum Otter Weasel Wild turkey Wolf †No rabbit hunting with dogs during firearms season on deer in Hancock, Knox, Lincoln, Sagadahoc, Waldo, and Washington counties.

††Season may be closed earlier than last day of February if harvest exceeds allowable number.

†††Closing dates for grouse and pheasant season in the northern deer hunting zone were under discussion at press time and may vary slightly from dates shown here.

NOTE: Federal and state regulations on migratory birds are set after this booklet goes to press. They are available in printed form in September at the Fish and Wildlife Dept. office in Augusta.

Duties of wardens. It shall be the duty of the inland fish and game wardens to enforce all laws relating to inland fisheries and game and all rules and regulations pertaining thereto.

In addition to their specified duties and powers, the wardens are vested with the same powers and duties throughout the several counties of the state as sheriffs have in their respective counties.

Any fish and game warden making arrest in violations of the fish and wildlife laws and regulations; Title 38 Chapter 1, Subchapter VI; and Title 17 Chapter 80, more than 50 miles from the nearest district court having jurisdiction, may accept personal recognizance of the prisoner in the sum of not more than \$250 for his appearance in the nearest district court on a specified date. The warden shall report such recognizances at once and forward all such deposits to the proper court. If the person does not appear in court on the specified date, either in person or by counsel, the recognizance and deposit shall be forfeited, and this shall be considered a conviction for purposes of revocation of flicenses.

Game sanctuaries. No person shall except as herein provided, at any time, trap, hunt, pursue, shoot at or kill any wild animal or any game or other wild birds

within the following described territories:
Back Bay Sanctuary, Portland
Baxter State Park closed to all hunting
with the following exceptions: The
area north of Trout Brook and Wadleigh Brook in T6 R9; in T6 R10 or T2
R9 where hunting under General Law

is allowed.

Beauchamp Sanctuary
Carver's Pond Waterfowl Sanctuary
Drake's Island Game Sanctuary
Dry Pond Sanctuary
Fairfield Sanctuary
Glencove Sanctuary
Gray Game Sanctuary
Hog Island Game Sanctuary
Jefferson and Whitefield Sanctuary
Kineo Point Sanctuary
Limington, Hollis, and Waterboro Sanctuary
Megunticook Lake and Vicinity Sanctu-

ary
Merrymeeting Bay Sanctuary
Monroe Island Game Sanctuary
Moosehead Lake Game Sanctuary

Moosehorn Game Sanctuary Narragansett Game Sanctuary Ocean Park Game and Bird Sanctuary Orrington Game Sanctuary

Orrington Game Sanctuary Pittston Farm Sanctuary Prout's Neck; Richmond's Island; Cape Elizabeth Sanctuary

Rangeley Game Sanctuary in the County of Franklin Rangeley Lake Sanctuary Rangeley Plantation Sanctuary

Readfield and Winthrop Sanctuary Salmon Pond Sanctuary Somerset Game Sanctuary Standish Sanctuary Thorncrag-Stanton Bird Sanctuary

Tomhegan Game Sanctuary
Wells Sanctuary
Wells and York Game Sanctuary

Willow Water Game Sanctuary
York Game Sanctuary in the County of Franklin

Game breeders licensed. The commissioner may issue permits to any person, firm or corporation to engage in the business of propagating game or wild animals, or wild rabbits on islands surrounded by open salt water or on any designated area all year, under such regulations as he shall establish.

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to engage in the business of propagating or rearing whitetailed deer at any time.

[A complete copy of this section is available by writing to the Department office, Augusta.]

LICENSES—revocation, alteration. The commissioner has the authority to revoke licenses for up to one year for conviction of certain violations. Revocation for one or more years shall become effective the next January 1st following date of final disposition. Anyone whose license has been revoked may request a hearing by the commissioner.

It shall be unlawful for any person to have in his possession any license issued under the fish and wildlife laws or Title 32, Chapter 65, which has been altered, tampered with or mutilated in any manner.

Information on licenses. The commissioner may require an identification number and any other pertinent information, on any or all licenses issued by the Department, as he deems necessary.

HUNTING ON LANDS UNDER JURISDICTION OF THE BUREAU OF PARKS & RECREATION

- Hunting in conformity with the laws of Maine and the regulations of the Fish and Wildlife Dept, will be allowed between October 1 and May 1 on lands under jurisdiction of the Bureau of Parks and Recreation with the following exceptions:
 - a. Hunting is not allowed in any Memorial.
 - b. Hunting will not be allowed in Cobscook Bay, Crescent Beach, Reid, Sebago Lake, Two Lights and Wolf Neck state parks; and Holbrook Island Sanctuary.
 - c. From time to time, work areas and areas developed for public use will be posted and closed to hunting when it is deemed to be in the best interest for public safety.
- Violations will be prosecuted under provisions of 12 Maine Revised Statutes Annotated, Section 606 (providing for a fine of up to \$50 and costs or imprisonment for up to 30 days or by both).

TO LOCATE YOUR WARDEN

Because of changing locations, telephone numbers, and so on, printing a list of wardens is not feasible. To locate the warden in your area, we suggest you inquire of police or town offices, guides or camp owners, or if convenient, phoning the Department office in Augusta or other areas. See list of phone numbers on page 35.

FIRE PERMITS

Using fire outdoors often requires a permit. Check with town fire wardens in organized towns and with forest rangers in unorganized territory.

HUNTER CHECK STATIONS

We suggest that whether you are successful or not, you stop in at one of the Department's deer hunter check stations (which are not registration stations). Our wildlife biologists collect information which is valuable in determining regional deer herd productivity, condition and sex and age ratios. You will receive facts and figures from last year's season, and the information you provide will be a basis for management decisions to be made next year.

Regulations on migratory game birds. It is unlawful to hunt, capture, kill, take, possess, transport, buy, or sell any migratory game bird except as specified in regulations promulgated by the commissioner.

No one shall hunt, molest, shoot, or kill any waterfowl on Haley Pond in the Town of Rangeley and Dallas Plantation, Franklin County.

Penalty for violating any provisions of this section: fine of not less than \$50, plus a fine of \$25 for each bird illegally taken, killed, or possessed—such fines not to be suspended—or by imprisonment for not less than 30 nor more than 90 days, or by both fine and imprisonment.

Closed time on deer. Possession. There shall be a continuous closed season on deer as follows: In Hancock County—on Mt. Desert Island, all of Swan Island in the town of Swan's Island, the whole of Long Island in Long Island Plantation, and the whole of Cranberry Isles; Cross and Scotch islands in Washington County; in the town of Isle au Haut and on the islands in that town, Knox County; and in game sanctuaries established by law.

In the town of Isleboro, Waldo County, it shall be lawful to hunt deer with bow and arrow in accordance with the fish and wildlife laws during October and November each year.

Open season on deer in the town of Vinalhaven and the islands within it, and in the town of Southport and the islands within it, shall conform to the season for Knox County and Lincoln County respectively; no firearms except shotguns may be used.

During the closed seasons, except as otherwise provided, it shall be unlawful to hunt any deer or have in possession any part thereof; and except as otherwise provided, no person shall have in possession more than one deer or part thereof during any open season.

No person shall have in possession at any time any parts of a deer which has not been legally registered as provided in the fish and wildlife laws, except in accordance with the fish and wildlife laws.

A person lawfully killing a deer during the open season may have the same in his possession during a closed season provided the deer has been properly registered.

The commissioner is authorized to shorten the open season on deer in any area of the state, providing such determination is made and published prior to September 1st of any year, and provided that in every county, the Saturday preceding the first day of the open season on deer shall be an open day for residents of this state only.

If in the opinion of the commissioner an immediate emergency action is necessary due to adverse weather conditions or severe hunting pressure he may terminate the open season on deer at any time in any area.

Crop and orchard damage; baiting for deer.

The cultivator, owner, mortgagee or keeper of any orchard or growing crop, except grass, clover and grain fields, or the owner or occupier of land whereon said crops or orchards are located, may take or kill deer or other protected wild animals, except beaver or birds, night or day, on said land where substantial damage is being done by said deer or other protected wild animals to said orchard or crop. No person shall be authorized to kill deer on blueberry lands unless written permission is first given by a fish and game warden for a stated period of three days. This section shall in no way prohibit taking or killing of bear found doing damage to blueberry land. Such person may authorize a member of his immediate family or someone employed by him to take or kill said deer or other protected wild animal. Such person, whenever he employs someone not domiciled on said land where the damage is being done to take or kill said deer or other protected wild animal, shall apply to the game warden in charge of the district in which the crops or orchard is located for permission to employ such person or persons and shall receive permission from said game warden in writing.

A person by whom, or under whose direction, such deer or other protected wild animal is wounded or killed shall within 12 hours report all the facts relative to such act to a fish and game warden, stating the time and place of such wounding or killing. Such person who kills such deer or other protected wild animal shall immediately properly dress the carcass or carcasses and care for the meat. The fish and game warden shall immediately investigate the case, and

if he is satisfied that the deer or other protected wild animal was taken as provided in this subsection, he shall give such person a certificate of his finding in the matter. Such certificate shall entitle such person to the ownership of the carcass or carcasses, to be possessed and consumed only within the immediate family of the person to whom certificate was given.

2. It shall be unlawful to place salt or any other bait or food in any place for the

purpose of enticing deer thereto.

3. Whenever deer are doing damage to orchards and crops, including legumes, except grass, the Department shall furnish to the owner or agent of such orchards and crops suitable repellants without cost to such owner or agent; and the commissioner may follow such other good conservation practice as will alleviate such damage. No claims for crop or orchard damage by deer or other protected animals or birds shall be paid by the state from any source or fund.

Whenever the commissioner deems it impossible to keep deer from doing damage to young orchards, he may enter into an agreement with the owner of such orchard whereby the Department will asume 1/2 the cost of fencing such

orchard

7. Destruction of property. Except as provided in subsection 1 as it applies to deer, any person may lawfully kill, or cause to be killed, any wild animal night or day, except beaver or any wild bird, found in the act of attacking, worrying or wounding that person's domestic animals or destroying that person's property.

Note: Effective Jan. 1, 1980, each paragraph or numbered section below which carries a * will also apply to bear. There will be a bear tag portion of the 1980 licenses that allow taking of bear.

Registration and transportation of deer and bear.

1. Agents appointed by the commissioner shall register every deer and bear legally presented for registration and shall attach an official metal seal to each deer and bear; a registration fee of 25¢ shall be paid the agent by each person

registering a deer or bear

It is unlawful to move or transport any deer or part thereof unless open to view and there is securely attached the deer tag portion of the hunting license bearing the name and address of the person who killed the deer and who must accompany the deer except as otherwise provided in these chapters.

All deer and bear must be presented for registration at the first open deer or bear registration station on the route taken by the person who killed the deer

or bear

No one shall present for registration or allow to be registered in his name any deer or bear he himself did not lawfully kill.

★3. Deer at home or left in woods.

A. No person shall keep a deer at his home, or at any place of storage, except a deer registration station, more than 12 hours unless said deer has been legally

registered

* B. Prior to presenting a deer for registration it shall be unlawful for any person to possess or to leave in the fields or forests a deer which he has killed, which does not have securely attached thereto, and plainly visible, the deer tag portion of

his hunting license bearing his full name and address.

★5. No person shall have in his possession any part or parts of a deer unless each separate part is plainly labelled with the name and address of the person who registered the deer, the name and address of the person to whom it was given, and if it was transported by a third party (except lawfully by a common carrier), the name and address of the third party.

76. Transportation within state. Any resident of this state who has legally killed and registered a deer may have said deer transported within the state, without accompanying the same, by purchasing a deer transportation tag which shall be attached to said deer while being transported. This deer transportation tag shall cost \$3.00, (\$5.00 in 1980), 50¢ to be retained by the issuing agent.

- ↑ 7. Transportation beyond state. Any resident of this state who has legally killed and registered a deer may transport said deer or have the same transported beyond the boundaries of this state by purchasing a deer transportation tag which shall be attached to said deer while being transported. This deer transportation tag shall cost \$53.50, (\$55.50 in 1980) 50¢ to be retained by the issuing agent, except that no fee shall be required of any resident of this state who is serving in the armed forces of the United States.
 - Nonresident. Any nonresident who has legally killed and registered a deer may have said deer transported beyond the boundaries of this state under the following condition:
 - A. Said deer or parts thereof may be transported by a Maine licensed transportation company, including common carriers.
 - ★B. Said deer or parts thereof may be transported by other than a Maine licensed transportation company, including common carriers, when accompanied by a nonresident transportation permit which may be obtained by the licensee from an inland fish and game warden in whose district the deer was killed, or from any inland fish and game warden supervisor.
- 10. Application. Except as provided in this section, no person shall transport or attempt to transport any deer or parts thereof beyond the limits of this state.

Closed time on bear. There shall be a closed season on bear from the first Monday following Thanksgiving Day to the next May 1.

It is unlawful to use dogs in bear hunting from May 1 to August 1 and during the regular firearms season on deer.

Bag limit on bear. It shall be unlawful for any person to shoot, trap, take, or kill, or have in possession more than one bear in any calendar year, except the commissioner may authorize the taking of nuisance bear.

Registration of bear. If any person leaves the woods without taking with him a bear which he has killed, he shall notify a warden within 12 hours as to the location of the bear and the circumstances necessitating his leaving the same in the woods.

No person shall keep a bear at his home, or at any place of storage except a bear registration station, more than 12 hours unless said bear has been legally registered.

No person shall have in possession at any time any parts of a bear which has not been legally registered as provided in this section, except as provided.

Hunting bear with dogs. It shall be unlawful for any person, or persons hunting together, to use more than four dogs at any one time for the purpose of hunting bear.

LICENSES

Hunting; residents and nonresidents; fees. No person shall hunt or have in possession wild birds, or parts thereof, or wild animals, or parts thereof, except in accordance with the following provisions:

- 1. Resident to hunt without license in certain cases. Any resident over 10 years of age and members of his immediate family over 10 years of age may hunt without a license on any single plot of land in excess of 10 acres to which they are legally entitled to possession, and on which they are actually domiciled and which land is used exclusively for agricultural purposes except that after 1979, they may not use bow and arrow.
- Resident and nonresident license. Any resident domiciled in this state and
 over 10 years of age and any nonresident over 10 years of age may hunt wild
 birds and animals provided he has a written license which shall be kept on the
 person while hunting or transporting birds and animals, or parts thereof, and
 which shall be exhibited to any warden, employee of the Department, guide or
 landowner, upon request.

3. License fees, agents. The commissioner may appoint town clerks or other agents to issue licenses. They shall receive a fee of 50¢ for each license issued. Residents shall procure licenses from the clerk or agent in their town of residence or, if domiciled in an unorganized territory, by the clerk or agent in the nearest town.

A junior hunting license shall be considered valid through the year in which the holder becomes 16.

4. Hunters between ages of 10 and 16 to be accompanied. Any resident or nonresident hunter between the ages of 10 and 16 may hunt with firearms only if accompanied at all times while hunting by parent or guardian or by an adult person approved by parent or guardian.

No resident or nonresident under the age of 10 may hunt wild birds or animals with firearms at any time.

- Mentally ill individuals. No license specified in this section shall be issued to any person who is a mentally ill individual as defined in Title 34, section 2251, or has a mental deficiency or mental illness as those terms are defined in Title 34, section 2562.
- Pheasant hunting stamp. It is unlawful for any person 16 or older to hunt or
 possess any pheasant unless he has on his person an unexpired Maine pheasant hunting stamp, validated by his signature across the face of the stamp in
 ink. Fee for the stamp is \$3.25, 25¢ of which shall be retained by the agent.
- 7. Licenses for Indians. Free hunting, fishing, and trapping license is issued to any Indian over the age of 10 of the Passamaquoddy, Penobscot, Maliseet, or Micmac tribes who presents a certificate from the respective reservation governor or the president of the Association of Aroostook Indians stating that the person described is an Indian and a member of that tribe. For this purpose, an Indian shall be any member on tribal lists of the Penobscot and Passamaquoddy tribes, or a person on the membership list of the Association of Aroostook Indians and who has resided in Maine for at least five years.
 - A. Nothing in said chapters shall be construed to encroach upon the right of said Indians to take wildlife for their own sustenance on their own reservation lands.

After having had full consultation with and the consent of the commissioner of inland fisheries and wildlife, the tribal governor and council of each reservation shall have the right to govern by tribal ordinance hunting, fishing, and trapping on their respective reservation lands. Copies of the text of any ordinances adopted shall be filed with the commissioner of inland fisheries and wildlife, and in any and all instances not covered by tribal ordinance the inland fish and game laws of Maine shall apply.

- B. It shall be unlawful for any person, except Penobscot Indians as defined in Title 22, chapter 1353, to hunt or trap on the Penobscot Indian lands, except by permission of landowners. Whoever violates this paragraph shall be punished by a fine of \$100 or by imprisonment for not more than 30 days, or by both.
- C. It shall be unlawful for any person, except members of the Passamaquoddy Tribe of Indians as defined in Title 22, sections 4701 and 4832, to hunt, trap or fish on any reservation lands of said tribe without written permission from the governor and council of the appropriate Passamaquoddy reservation. Whoever violates this paragraph shall be punished by fine of \$100 or by imprisonment for not more than 30 days, or by both.

MANAGEMENT UNIT BOUNDARIES

To help make clear the boundary lines between the units, here is a listing of towns for the three northern units, which are used in describing seasons in this booklet.

The following towns, from west to east, are included in Units 1 and 2: T.5,R.20; T.5,R.19; T.4,R.18; T.2,R.4; T.2,R.3; T.2,R.2 (Brassua); T.1,R.2 (Tomhegan); Kineo; Day's Academy Grant; T.1,R.14; T.1,R.13; T.A,R.12; T.B,R.11; T.B,R.10; T.A,R.10; T.1,R.9; T.1,R.8; T.1,R.7; T.1,R.6; T.A,R.5 (Molunkus); Macwahoc; Reed; Bancroft; Weston.

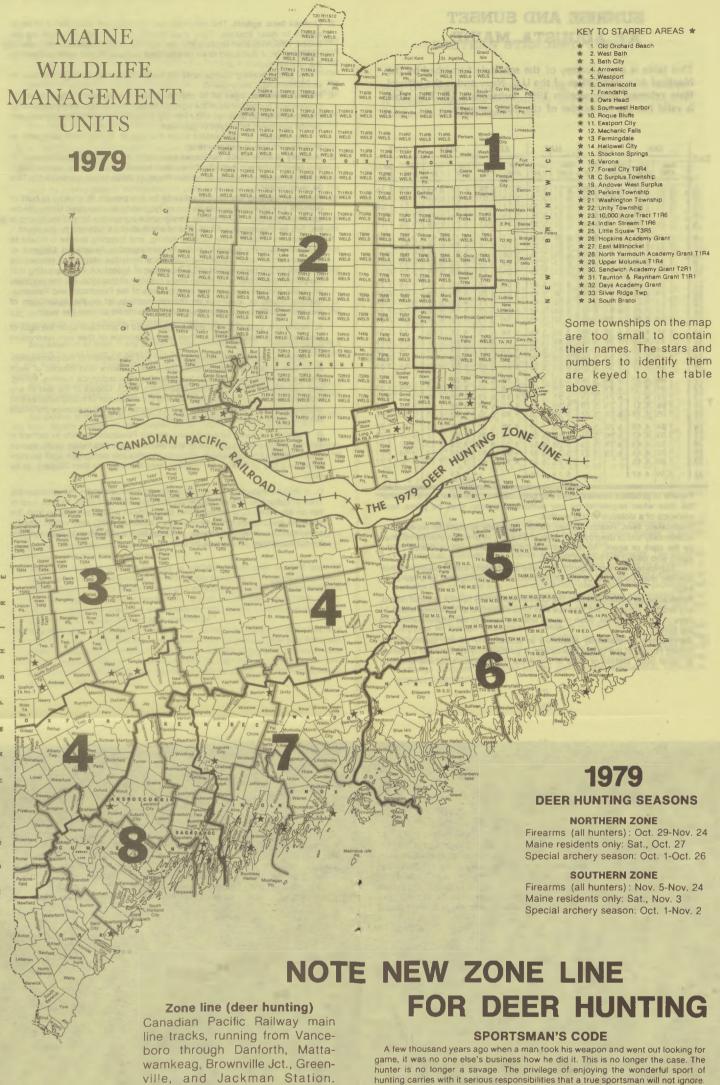
The following towns, from west to east, form the southern boundary of Unit 3: Riley; Newry; Andover; Roxbury; Carthage; Washington; Temple; Strong; New Vineyard; Freeman; Kingfield; Carrabasset Valley; Dead River; T.3,R.4; Pierce Pond; Bowtown; The Forks; East Moxie; Shirley; Greenville; T.8,R.10; T.7,R.10.

13. Complimentary licenses to persons over 70 years of age. A complimentary license to hunt or fish, or a combination hunting and fishing license, shall be issued to any resident of Maine who is over 70 years of age and applies therefor to the commissioner. Such application shall be accompanied by a birth certificate or other certified evidence of the applicant's date of birth and residency. Each such license shall remain valid for 3 calendar years from date of issue.

TO USE THE
CENTER MAP,
OPEN STAPLES,
FOLD THIS PAGE
DOWN, THEN
CLOSE STAPLES.

Willful issuing of resident license to nonresident. It shall be unlawful for a town clerk or agent to willfully issue any resident license to a person not a resident of the municipality in which the license is issued. It shall be the responsibility of the applicant to submit proof of residency, to the agent or the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife, or both.

License illegally obtained. Any person obtaining any license authorized in the fish and wildlife laws through fraud, misstatement or misrepresentation shall be subject to the penalties set forth therein.



HUNTING HOURS

state highway map.)

Shooting hours on animals are 1/2-hour before sunrise to 1/2-hour after sunset, except that during open season on deer, hunting for all species of animal but raccoon ends at sunset. Shooting hours on migratory and upland game birds are 1/2-hour before sunrise to sunset unless otherwise stated in separate regulations.

1979 PHEASANT HUNTING SEASONS BY MANAGEMENT UNIT

Units 1, 2, & 3 25 Sept.-30 Nov.

Units 4-8 1 Oct.-30 Nov. NOTE: A pheasant stamp is required to hunt or possess pheas-

(Tracks are depicted on the Maine Dept. of Transportation's

> Note: at press time, a change in closing of the pheasant season was under consideration; if made, it will be publicized.

FLUORESCENT COLOR

Anyone hunting with a firearm during the open firearms season on deer must wear an article of hunter orange clothing which is in good and serviceable condition and which is visible from all sides—except waterfowl hunters hunting from a boat, blind, or in conjunction with waterfowl decoys.

game, it was no one else's business how he did it. This is no longer the case. The hunter is no longer a savage. The privilege of enjoying the wonderful sport of hunting carries with it serious responsibilities that a true sportsman will not ignore. We urge you to subscribe to this SPORTSMAN'S CODE.

- Obey the Game Laws. They represent the best program our legislators have been able to devise to preserve the continuance of this wonderful sport for next year and the years to come-for all of us.
- Be Adequately Armed for the Game You Are Hunting. Hunt only with a mechanically safe firearm of sufficient power for the use intended. Then bear in mind the ability of that gun to inflict injury to others and yourself.
- on someone else's land. Put yourself in the landowner's position: wouldn't you like to be asked if it's all right to hunt on your land? A few destructive hunters can spoil a fine privilege for everyone else. Stay clear of farm buildings, farm animals, farm children. Lumbermen and woodcutters have a right to be in the
- 4. Extend Courtesy to Your Fellow Hunters. You've probably watched a good hunting dog honor another's point. A good hunter should surely be at least as courteous. Give the other fellow plenty of room to work in.
- Aim Only for a Clean Kill. A deer is a beautiful, sensitive animal as well as a wary, intelligent prize. Never shoot at a deer unless enough of the animal is clearly exposed so that you can hit a vital spot. A snap shot at a distant flash of a deer's tail will probably result in either a miss or a wounded deer wandering off to die a slow, wasted, agonizing death. Or you may find you've shot another hunter. Don't have either on your conscience
- Never Forget—Guns Don't Kill by Themselves. Always Remember—Practice Hunter Safety.

SUNRISE AND SUNSET AT AUGUSTA, MAINE

This table is a photocopy of the schedule furnished by the Nautical Almanac Office of the U.S. Navy and is the official time referred to in section 1901, subsection 15. The table is valid for the remainder of the 20th century.

	JAN.	1	FEB.	MA	LR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE
DAY	Rise Set A.M. P.)		ise Set	Rise A.M.	Set P.M.	Rise Set A.M. P.M.	Rise Set A.M. P.M.	Rise Set A.M. P.M.
1 2 3 4 5	7 15 4	11 6 12 6 13 6		6 15 6 14 6 12	5 27 5 28 5 30 5 31 5 32	5 21 6 06 5 19 6 07 5 17 6 09 5 15 6 10 5 14 6 11	4 30 6 43 4 29 6 44 4 28 6 45 4 26 6 46 4 25 6 48	3 58 7 16 3 58 7 17 3 57 7 18 3 57 7 18 3 56 7 19
6 7 8 9 10		16 6 18 6 19 6	5 52 4 5 5 51 4 5 5 49 4 5 5 48 5 0 5 47 5 0	6 07 6 05 6 03	5 34 5 35 5 36 5 37 5 39	5 12 6 12 5 10 6 14 5 08 6 15 5 06 6 16 5 05 6 17	4 23 6 49 4 22 6 50 4 21 6 51 4 20 6 52 4 18 6 54	3 56 7 20 3 56 7 21 3 55 7 21 3 55 7 22 3 55 7 22
11 12 13 14 15	7 13 4	22 6 23 6 25 6	5 45 5 0 5 44 5 0 5 42 5 0 5 41 5 0 5 39 5 0	5 58 5 56 5 54	5 40 5 41 5 43 5 44 5 45	5 03 6 18 5 01 6 20 4 59 6 21 4 58 6 22 4 56 6 23	4 17 6 55 4 16 6 56 4 15 6 57 4 14 6 58 4 12 6 59	3 55 7 23 3 55 7 24 3 54 7 24 3 54 7 24 3 54 7 25
16 17 18 19 20	7 11 4 7 10 4 7 10 4	28 6 30 6 31 6	5 38 5 0 5 36 5 1 5 35 5 1 5 33 5 1 6 32 5 1	5 48 5 47 5 45	5 46 5 48 5 49 5 50 5 51	4 54 6 25 4 53 6 26 4 51 6 27 4 49 6 28 4 48 6 29	4 11 7 00 4 10 7 01 4 09 7 03 4 08 7 04 4 07 7 05	3 54 7 25 3 54 7 26 3 54 7 26 3 55 7 26 3 55 7 27
21 22 23 24 25	7 07 4 7 07 4	35 6 36 6 37 6	6 30 5 1 6 29 5 1 6 27 5 1 6 25 5 2 6 24 5 2	5 39 5 37 5 36	5 53 5 54 5 55 5 56 5 58	4 46 6 31 4 44 6 32 4 43 6 33 4 41 6 34 4 40 6 36	4 06 7 06 4 05 7 07 4 05 7 08 4 04 7 09 4 03 7 10	3 55 7 27 3 55 7 27 3 55 7 27 3 56 7 27 3 56 7 27
26 27 28 29 30 31	7 04 4 7 03 4 7 02 4 7 01 4 7 00 4 6 59 4 9	42 6 43 6 44 6	6 22 5 2 6 20 5 2 6 19 5 2 6 18 5 2	5 30 5 28	5 59 6 00 6 01 6 02 6 04 6 05	4 38 6 37 4 36 6 38 4 35 6 39 4 33 6 40 4 32 6 42	4 02 7 11 4 01 7 12 4 01 7 13 4 00 7 13 3 59 7 14 3 59 7 15	3 56 7 27 3 57 7 27 3 57 7 27 3 58 7 27 3 58 7 27

Failure to produce license. Failure to produce such license within a reasonable time when requested by any authorized person shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this section.

Duplicates; fees. Residents may obtain duplicate licenses to replace any accidentally lost or destroyed, at a fee of \$1 each, all of which shall be retained by the clerk or agent. All resident duplicate licenses must be issued by the agent who issued the original license.

Duplicates for nonresidents who have accidentally lost or destroyed their licenses shall be issued by the Department office in Augusta, at a fee of \$1 each.

Revocation by commissioner. The commissioner may revoke, without refund, any resident license, if the licensee fails to furnish proof of residence within 14 days of written request. Such request shall be made to the address shown on the license.

17. Servicemen permanently stationed in Maine. Any person serving in the Armed Forces of the United States who is permanently stationed at a military or naval post, station or base in the State, that person's spouse and that

EASTERN STANDARD TIME

Add one hour for Daylight Saving Time, when in effect. It usually begins the last Sunday in April and ends the last Sunday in October, each year.

	JULY	a AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
DAY	Rise Set	Rise Set	Rise Set	Ruse Set	Rise Set	Rise Set
	A.M. P.M	A.M. P.M.	A.M. P.M.	A.M. P.M.	A.M. P.M.	A.M. P.M.
1 2 3 4 5	3 59 7 27	4 26 7 04	5 02 6 16	5 37 5 20	6 16 4 29	6 55 4 01
	3 59 7 27	4 27 7 03	5 03 6 14	5 38 5 19	6 17 4 28	6 56 4 01
	4 00 7 27	4 28 7 02	5 04 6 12	5 39 5 17	6 19 4 26	6 57 4 01
	4 00 7 26	4 29 7 00	5 05 6 11	5 40 5 15	6 20 4 25	6 58 4 01
	4 01 7 26	4 30 6 59	5 06 6 09	5 41 5 13	6 21 4 24	6 59 4 00
6	4 02 7 26	4 32 6 58	5 07 6 07	5 43 5 11	6 23 4 22	7 00 4 00
7	4 02 7 25	4 33 6 56	5 09 6 05	5 44 5 10	6 24 4 21	7 01 4 00
8	4 03 7 25	4 34 6 55	5 10 6 03	5 45 5 08	6 25 4 20	7 02 4 00
9	4 04 7 24	4 35 6 54	5 11 6 01	5 46 5 06	6 27 4 19	7 03 4 00
10	4 05 7 24	4 36 6 52	5 12 6 00	5 48 5 04	6 28 4 18	7 04 4 00
11	4 05 7 23	4 37 6 51	5 13 5 58	5 49 5 02	6 29 4 17	7 05 4 00
12	4 06 7 23	4 38 6 49	5 14 5 56	5 50 5 01	6 31 4 15	7 06 4 00
13	4 07 7 22	4 40 6 48	5 15 5 54	5 51 4 59	6 32 4 14	7 07 4 00
14	4 08 7 22	4 41 6 46	5 17 5 52	5 53 4 57	6 33 4 13	7 07 4 00
15	4 09 7 21	4 42 6 45	5 18 5 50	5 54 4 56	6 35 4 12	7 08 4 01
16	4 10 7 20	4 43 6 43	5 19 5 48	5 55 4 54	6 36 4 11	7 09 4 01
17	4 11 7 19	4 44 6 41	5 20 5 47	5 56 4 52	6 37 4 11	7 10 4 01
18	4 11 7 19	4 45 6 40	5 21 5 45	5 58 4 50	6 39 4 10	7 10 4 01
19	4 12 7 18	4 46 6 38	5 22 5 43	5 59 4 49	6 40 4 09	7 11 4 02
20	4 13 7 17	4 48 6 37	5 24 5 41	6 00 4 47	6 41 4 08	7 11 4 02
21	4 14 7 16	4 49 6 35	5 25 5 39	6 01 4 46	6 43 4 07	7 12 4 03
22	4 15 7 15	4 50 6 33	5 26 5 37	6 03 4 44	6 44 4 06	7 12 4 03
23	4 16 7 14	4 51 6 32	5 27 5 35	6 04 4 42	6 45 4 06	7 13 4 04
24	4 17 7 13	4 52 6 30	5 28 5 33	6 05 4 41	6 46 4 05	7 13 4 04
25	4 18 7 12	4 53 6 28	5 29 5 32	6 07 4 39	6 48 4 04	7 14 4 05
26 27 28 29 30 31	4 19 7 11 4 21 7 10 4 22 7 09 4 23 7 08 4 24 7 07 4 25 7 05	4 55 6 27 4 56 6 25 4 57 6 23 4 58 6 21 4 59 6 20 5 00 6 18	5 31 5 30 5 32 5 28 5 33 5 26 5 34 5 24 5 35 5 22	6 08 4 38 6 09 4 36 6 11 4 35 6 12 4 33 6 13 4 32 6 15 4 30	6 49 4 04 6 50 4 03 6 51 4 03 6 52 4 02 6 54 4 02	7 14 4 06 7 14 4 06 7 15 4 07 7 15 4 08 7 15 4 09 7 15 4 09

person's children, provided that the spouse and children permanently reside with that person, shall be eligible for any fishing or hunting license, or combination fishing and hunting license, at the resident fee.

- 18. Paraplegics, resident and nonresident licenses; reciprocity. The commissioner may issue complimentary hunting and fishing licenses to a resident of Maine, and to a person from another state, who is suffering from paraplegia or from the loss of, or the loss of the use of both lower extremities, provided that the state where the person applying for a complimentary nonresident license resides, provides a reciprocal privilege for residents of this state who are similarly suffering.
- 19. Licenses to foreign exchange students. A resident license to hunt or fish shall be issued, at a fee equal to the resident license fee for a person of like age and status, to any citizen of a foreign nation under 21 years of age who is domicilled with a family within the state pursuant to any cultural or educational exchange program conducted by any government, educational, cultural or religious organization.

Issuance of license to persons convicted of certain offenses prohibited. Any person who has been found guilty of breaking and entering a building located within the unorganized territories, or of larceny of any equipment used for trapping or hunting or of any animal or parts of animals which have been obtained by trapping or hunting which were in the possession or control of the person who trapped or hunted those animals, shall not be eligible thereafter to obtain any license issued by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife, unless the conviction for breaking and entering or larceny was a first conviction, in which case the person convicted shall not be eligible to obtain any license issued by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife within 2 years of the date of that first conviction.

Hunting while intoxicated or under the influence of drugs; prima facie evidence of hunting in violation of law. No person shall hunt wild birds or wild animals while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs. The possession of any firearms in the fields or forests or on the waters or ice in the state by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs shall be prima facie evidence that the possessor was hunting in violation of law.

Hunting on Sunday. It shall be unlawful to hunt wild birds or wild animals on Sunday. Possession of firearms in the fields and forests or on the waters or ice of this state or in a motor vehicle being operated on an unpawed highway or road located in an unorganized township on Sunday shall be prima facie evidence of such hunting unless such firearm is carried, securely wrapped in a complete cover, fastened in a case, or carried in at least 2 separate pieces in such a manner that it cannot be fired unless the separate pieces are joined together again. For the purpose of this section a clip, magazine, or cylinder of a firearm shall not be considered a piece of such firearm.

Night hunting. It shall be unlawful to hunt wild birds in this state from sunset to 1/2-hour before sunrise of the following morning.

It shall be unlawful to hunt wild animals from ½-hour after sunset until ½-hour before sunrise of the following morning, except raccoons as provided. For the purpose of this section, the time shall be that which is recognized as legal in the State of Maine. It shall be unlawful to hunt wild animals in the state from sunset to ½-hour before sunrise of the following morning, except raccoons, during the open season on deer hunting with firearms each year. Any person convicted of hunting wild animals between sunset and ½-hour after sunset, during the open season on deer, shall be subject to the penalties provided.

No person shall have in his possession at any time any wild animals, or part thereof, taken in violation of this section except as otherwise provided in these chapters. Any person convicted of a violation shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000 and by imprisonment of not less than 3 nor more than 5 days for the first offense, and by a fine of not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000 and by imprisonment of not less than 10 nor more than 15 days for each succeeding offense. No punishment under this section shall be suspended. Any firearms seized in connection with a violation of this section shall be retained by the State pending disposition of criminal proceedings and sold at public auction by the State upon conviction.

Hunting from public ways. It shall be unlawful for any person to hunt any wild birds or wild animals from any paved public way within the state. Possession of a loaded firearm within the limits of any public way, except as herein provided, shall be prima facie evidence of hunting. For the purposes of this section "public way" shall mean any road treated with bituminous material. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a law enforcement officer from carrying out his official duties. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a person who has a valid permit to carry a concealed weapon to possess such weapon providing it is not used for hunting wild birds or wild animals.

Hunting from vehicles, aircraft, boats, and snowmobiles. (See General Hunting Laws in front of booklet.) Any person convicted of violating any provision of this section shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 nor more than \$1,000 or by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or by both.

No person shall use, sell or possess any firearms fitted or contrived with a silencer to deaden the sound of explosion.

Nets, traps, crossbows, snares, and guns larger than 10-gauge not used. No person shall hunt with a net, trap, crossbow, snare, or contrivance other than the usual method of shooting with a firearm not larger than number 10-gauge, with a long bow and arrow, or by means of falconry, any wild bird or animal of any species protected by law. It is unlawful to hunt or kill any wild bird or animal with a crossbow.

[Handguns may be used for hunting, subject to regulation according to these chapters.]

Use of pole traps. It shall be unlawful for any person to set or use any steel trap on the top of a pole, constituting a device commonly known as a "pole trap," for the purpose of catching any wild birds, without a written permit from the commissioner.

Driving deer. It shall be unlawful to participate in a joint hunt for deer, wherein an effort is made to drive deer. "Driving deer" is defined to mean the intentional act of pursuing, driving, chasing, or otherwise frightening or causing deer to move in the direction of any person or persons known to be waiting for the deer so pursued, driven, or chased.

Use of dogs, lights, snares, traps, etc. It shall be unlawful to use a dog for the huting of deer, caribou, or moose. It shall be unlawful to use an artificial light, snare, trap, swivel, pivot, or set gun for the hunting and killing of any deer, caribou, or moose.

Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting or restricting the legitimate possession and sale of flashlights.

Use of artificial lights for lighting game. The use of artificial lights between $\frac{1}{2}$ -hour after sunset and $\frac{1}{2}$ -hour before sunrise to illuminate, jack, locate, attempt to locate, or show up wild birds or wild animals shall be unlawful from Sept. 1 to Dec. 15 each calendar year, except as provided by law and regulation.

Other than game birds protected; "game birds" and "migratory game birds" defined. No person shall hunt or have in his possession any eagle.

No person shall hunt, kill or have in his possession, living or dead, any wild bird, including turkeys, except as provided in the fish and wildlife laws. No part of the plumage, skin or body of any bird protected by this section shall be sold or had in possession for sale; nor shall any person take or needlessly destroy the nest or eggs of any wild bird nor have such nest or eggs in possession. For the purpose of this chapter the ruffed grouse (partridge) and pheasant only, shall be considered game birds, and the following only shall be considered migratory game birds; anatidae or waterfowl, including brant, wild ducks, geese and swans; gruidae or cranes, including little brown, sandhill and whooping cranes; rallidae or rails, including coots, gallinules and sora and other rails; limicolae or shorebirds, including avocets, curlew, dowitchers, godwits, knots, oyster catchers, phalaropes, plover, sandpipers, snipe, stllts, surf birds, turnstones, willet, woodcock and yellowlegs; columbidae or pigeons, including doves and wild pigeons. Nothing in this section, however shall be construed to affect in any way the protection of migratory game birds as provided in the fish and wildlife laws.

Protection of raptors; falconry. "Raptor" as used in this section means all birds commonly called buteos, accipiters, falcons and owls. Permittees may take, possess and use all raptors except golden eagles, bald eagles, ospreys, peregrine falcons, red-shouldered hawks and those classified as "endangered" by the U.S. Department of the interior. No one may at any time possess, capture, transport, train or use for hunting more than two raptors except as provided for by rules and regulations. The commissioner may issue licenses for practicing falconry. The license will not be issued unless all requirements of the U.S. Bureau of Sport Fisheries arid Wildlife have been met.

License fee is \$13 in 1979; \$15 as of Jan. 1, 1980.

Properly licensed persons engaged in falconry must also have a valid hunting license and are subject to all regulations regarding seasons and bag limits. The commissioner shall revoke the falconry license of any person convicted of violating any provisions of the fish and wildlife laws.

Hunting of moose and caribou. No person shall hunt, kill or have in his possession any caribou or moose, or parts thereof; no person who has legally killed a caribou or moose beyond the limits of this state shall have in his possession or import such animal or parts thereof, into this state, unless he has obtained a permit from the commissioner to import for the purpose of consumption or for mounting, but not for sale.

Possession of caribou or moose, or parts thereof, without a permit as set out in this section, or after such permit has expired, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this section.

HUNTING WITH BOW AND ARROW

Seasons. 1. There shall be a special open season from the first Monday of October to the beginning of the regular deer hunting season for the purpose of hunting deer with bow and arrow only. 2. It shall be legal to hunt any wild animal by bow and arrow during any open season on that animal.

License; tags. The commissioner shall issue an archery license to hunt deer during the special archery season described in the fish and wildlife laws and to hunt any wild animal, including deer, by bow and arrow during any open season on that animal.

NOTE: After 1979, the minimum age for bowhunters will be 12—both resident and nonresident.

No resident under the age of (10) years and no nonresident under the age of 12 years shall hunt with bow and arrow at any time. Any resident between the ages of (10) and 16 years and any nonresident between the ages of 12 and 16 years, who hunts during the special archery season on deer, shall purchase an archery license with the written consent of a parent or guardian and shall be accompanied at all times while hunting by a parent or guardian or an adult approved by a parent or guardian.

Equipment. Deer may be taken under the provisions of these sections only by means of hand bow and broad head arrow. The use of crossbow or set bow is prohibited. The strength of a bow shall be determined by flight of an arrow, each bow to shoot an arrow at least 150 yards. The arrow head shall not be less than ½ inch in width. No person shall use arrows with either poisonous or explosive tips. No person shall carry firearms of any kind while hunting with bow and arrow during the special archery season on deer.

Application. Except as provided in these sections, the provisions of the fish and wildlife laws relating to deer shall be applicable to the taking of deer with bow and arrow.

Registration. All deer killed under the provisions of these sections shall be inspected by a warden before being registered. If the warden finds the deer to have been legally killed by bow and arrow he shall approve the deer for registration, if it appears to the warden that the deer was not legally killed with bow and arrow he shall seize the deer and prosecute the offender.

No person shall fish or hunt on the property owned by the Unity Utilities District located on Route 139 and Prairie Road in the municipality of Unity in Waldo County.

Sale of deer, hares or rabbits. No person shall at any time buy, sell or offer for sale or barter any deer, or part thereof, except that the heads and hides thereof may be sold to any properly licensed taxidermist for the purpose of preserving mounting as provided in section 4352 of Chapter 65, Title 32, and to any dealer as provided in section 4352 of Chapter 65, Title 32. Whoever aids in buying, selling or offering for sale or barter any deer, or part thereof, or counsels or otherwise aids in procuring the same shall be punished in the manner prescribed for the punishment of the principal offender. Provided, however, that any agent of the commissioner may buy or sell any whole or any part of any wild bird, wild animal or fish, for use as evidence in prosecution of a violation of the fish and wildlife laws.

It shall be unlawful for any person to buy, sell or offer for sale any wild hares or wild rabbits.

Transportation of game. No person shall transport or offer for transportation, nor shall any person or carrier accept for transportation or transport, any game animal or bird, or parts thereof, except as provided in the fish and wildlife laws.

Any resident may transport to his home any game which he has killed and which is legally in his possession provided he shall have been properly licensed and has met all other requirements of the fish and wildlife laws.

Any nonresident may transport or have transported to his home by a common carrier any game which he has killed and which is legally in his possession, provided he shall have been properly licensed and has met all other requirements of the fish and wildlife laws.

No person or carrier shall transport any game bird or animal, or parts thereof, in closed season except that any person who has killed said game in open season shall have a reasonable time after the beginning of the closed season in which to transport said game to his home.

All game transported or offered for transportation shall be open to view, and accompanied by the person who killed said game. Game transported for nonresidents by common carrier need not be accompanied by the owner if all other requirements of the fish and wildlife laws are met. Any carrier accepting any game for transportation shall be satisfied that the person presenting said game for shipment is the person to whom the hunter's license offered for inspection was issued and shall securely affix any tags and such other identification and make such returns to the commissioner as may be required by the fish and wildlife laws. Any wild bird or animal, or part thereof, found in possession of any person in violation of this chapter is subject to seizure and shall be seized and become the property of the state.

It shall be unlawful for any person or corporation to transport or offer for transportation at any time any wild hares or rabbits destined beyond the limits of this state.

It shall be unlawful for any person to have in possession or transport at any time any wild hares or rabbits taken during the closed season or by any method or with any device prohibited by the fish and wildlife laws.

The hunting license of any nonresident shall entitle him to have game, including wild hares and rabbits which he has legally killed, transported to his home without further tee to the state.

Breeders; license. (A license is required for breeding, rearing or keeping game birds. A copy of this law is available by writing to the Department office, Augusta.)

License fee is \$15.

Collision with deer or moose; procedure. The resident owner of every motor vehicle which has encountered apparent damage by accidental collision with a deer or moose shall, by the quickest means, report the accident to a game warden. The warden shall investigate and, if he finds the damage has been done as alleged, he shall give a certificate to such person entitling such person to the ownership of the carcass. Such person shall then take possession and immediately remove the entire carcass from the scene of the collision.

No payments for motor vehicle damage. No claim for damages to motor vehicles by a protected wild animal or wild bird shall be paid by the state.

Shooting human being while hunting. The commissioner, upon receiving a report of the wounding or killing of a human being, may bring a complaint in the Administrative Court seeking to revoke or suspend the current license or the privilege to obtain a hunting license of any person who, while on a hunting trip or in the pursuit of wild game or game birds, is alleged to have shot and wounded or killed that human being. The Administrative Court shall suspend the license or privilege for a period not to exceed 5 years, if it finds that the public safety will be endangered by the retention of the license or privilege by that person. After one year of suspension, the person may petition the commissioner for restoration of the privilege to procure a license or right to hunt. If the commissioner denies the request, the petitioner may appeal to the Fish and Wildlife Advisory Council.

Shooting domestic animals, dogs, cats or birds; penalty. Whoever, while on a hunting trip or in the pursuit of wild animals or game birds or migratory game birds, negligently or carelessly or willfully shoots and wounds, or kills any domestic animals, including dogs, cats or domestic birds shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$200 nor more than \$1,000, or by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or by both.

Aiding injured persons; reporting hunting accidents. Any person who knows that he has inflicted injury or has reason to know that he may have inflicted injury to another person by the use of firearms or bow and arrow shall make himself known to the victim and shall render such first aid and assistance as he is capable of rendering under the circumstances and shall thereupon give notice of the event by the quickest means to a state police officer, sheriff, game warden or other law enforcement officer nearest the place where the event occurred.

Any person violating this section shall be guilty of a Class C crime and in addition thereto shall be denied the right to hunt or trap anywhere in the State with or without a license for a period of 10 years. It is a defense to a prosecution under this section that the actor took all steps which he reasonably believed were available to him to procure aid for the victim with the least possible delay.

Vehicles must stop on signal.

- 1. Authority of law enforcement officers. Any officer authorized to enforce the provisions of the fish and wildlife laws, if in uniform and if he has reason to believe that a violation of any of such provisions has occurred or is taking place, may at any time stop any motor vehicle, boat, vessel, airplane or conveyance of any kind for the purpose of arresting or questioning the operator or occupant thereof, or for the purpose of searching the vehicle.
- 2. Penalty. Any operator who fails or refuses to stop such conveyance immediately upon request or signal of any officer, in uniform, whose duty it is to enforce the inland fish and wildlife laws, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$100 or not more than \$400 or by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or by both.

Penalties. Whoever violates any of the provisions of the fish and wildlife laws and Title 7, chapter 707 and Title 7, sections 3455 and 3602 and Title 32, chapter 65, or rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, or rules and regulations heretofore promulgated and still in force and effect, excepting only those for the violation of which specific penalties have been provided, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$20 nor more than \$500 and costs, or by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or by both, except as hereafter noted:

- 1. Whoever violates any provision of the fish and wildlife laws relating to beaver except setting any trap within 25 feet of any beaver house, or within 10 feet of any beaver dam or setting a trap within 4 feet of a beaver trap already set by another trapper, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 and costs and \$50 additional for each beaver or skin involved, or by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- Whoever violates any of the provisions of the laws pertaining to snares, etc., shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$200 nor more than \$1,000 and costs, or by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- Whenever any particular violation of any section of these chapters carries a specific fine which cannot be suspended, the provisions of this section shall not apply.
- Lack of license. Whoever is convicted of not having a license issued under the fish and wildlife laws shall be guilty of a Class E crime.

Penalties. Any person convicted of violating any regulations promulgated under the fish and wildlife laws, relating to upland game, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 and in addition thereto by a fine of \$25 for each bird illegally killed, taken or possessed, and such fines shall not be suspended, or by imprisonment for not less than 30 days nor more than 90 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Seizure and disposition of game and equipment for violation of taw. All birds, fish or animals, or parts thereof, or equipment, involved in any violation of the fish and wildlife laws shall be subject to seizure by the state.

Possession of firearms in forests without license prima facie evidence of violation of law. The possession of any firearm in the fields, forests, or in the water or ce within the territorial limits of the state by any person who is not lawfully allowed to hunt at that time shall be prima facie evidence of hunting in violation of law unless such person furnishes satisfactory evidence to the contrary.

TRAINING AND FIELD TRIALS; DOGS

The following sections are available upon request:

Training of dogs. Special dog training areas. Field trials for bird dogs or coon dogs. Field trials for retrieving dogs. Training and field trials for beagles and other rabbit hounds.

License necessary. No dog shall be kept within the limits of this state unless such dog shall have been licensed by its owner in accordance with the laws of Maine. "Owner" means any person or persons, firm, association or corporation owning, keeping or harboring a dog.

Dogs not to run at large. It shall be unlawful for any dog, licensed or unlicensed, to run at large, except when used for hunting. The owner or keeper of any dog found running at large shall be subject to the penalties provided by law. "At large" means off the premises of the owner and not under the control of any person by means of personal presence and attention as will reasonably control the conduct of such dog.

Disposal. Any police officer, sheriff, deputy sheriff, game warden or constable shall seize, impound, or restrain any dog in violation of the preceding paragraph and deliver such dog to any person or shelter authorized to board dogs by the Department of Agriculture. Such dogs shall be handled as strays and abandoned dogs.

Penalties. In addition to seizing and impounding the dog, the officer, having jurisdiction, may bring suit against the owner of any dog running at large, and any person upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$25 nor more than \$100.

Dogs killed for hunting moose, caribou or deer, or worrying domestic animals. The owner or keeper of any dog hunting, chasing or pursuing any moose, caribou or deer at any time or any other wild animal in closed season commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 shall be adjudged, of which not more than \$50 may be suspended. The owner or keeper of a dog killing or wounding such animal shall be guilty of a Class E crime, provided that the court shall impose a fine of not less than \$200, which shall not be suspended.

Any officer may kill any dog he finds in such activity or wounding, worrying or killing any domestic animal when the dog is outside the enclosure or immediate care of its owner or keeper.

After an owner or keeper receives written notice from a warden that his dog has committed any act prohibited by this section, it shall be lawful for anyone to kill the dog when found committing any of the said acts.

Any owner of domestic animals or enclosed poultry or any member of his family or anyone having custody of such animals or enclosed poultry shall have a right to kill any dog killing or attacking any of them.

Killing for assault permitted. Any person may lawfully kill a dog which suddenly assaults him or another person when peaceably walking or riding.

Title 17-A, Sec. 402 (condensed). Criminal trespass. A person is guilty of criminal trespass if, knowing that he is not licensed or privileged to do so, he enters in any secured premises or enters or remains in any place in defiance of lawful order not to enter, or to leave, which was personally communicated to him by the owner or other authorized person. As used in this section, "secured premises" means any dwelling place, any structure that is locked or barred, or any place from which persons may be lawfully excluded and which is posted in a manner prescribed by law or in a manner reasonably likely to come to the attention of intruders, or which is fenced or otherwise enclosed in a manner designed to exclude intruders. Criminal trespass is a Class D crime if the violation was by entering a dwelling place; all other criminal trespass is a Class E crime.

TAXIDERMISTS; DEALERS IN SKINS AND FURS

Licenses for taxidermists. The commissioner may, upon application, license as a taxidermist anyone who is skilled in that art and of good reputation; residents of this state shall pay an annual fee of \$7; except that unnaturalized, foreign-born residents shall pay an annual fee of \$32. In 1980, the fees are \$9 and \$35, respectively. (A complete copy of this section is available upon request.)

[A complete copy of this section is available upon request.] Licenses for dealers in deer skins and heads. It shall be unlawful for any person at any time to buy, sell, barter, take in trade or take in exchange for any services rendered any deer skin or deer head without first obtaining from the commissioner a license for such activity.

The annual fee for such license shall be \$32 for residents and \$63 for nonresi-

dents.

Any person assisting another in such buying, etc., must also have a license. Notwithstanding this section, a person who lawfully registers any deer, moose, or bear, or lawfully possesses any furbearing animal, may sell the head or hide thereof.

[A complete copy of this section is available upon request.] Licenses for dealers in furs. The commissioner may annually issue licenses to engage in the business of buying the skins of any fur-bearing animals.

SUMMARY OF CHAPTER 80, TITLE 17: LITTER CONTROL (Refer to statute for legal wording)

No one shall dispose of litter by any method on any public or private property or in the waters or on the ice of this state—except in areas or receptacles designated for such disposal. The fine for a first offense conviction is not less than \$25 nor more than \$200; the fine for subsequent offenses is not less than \$100 nor more than \$500. In addition, the guilty person may be directed by the court to pick and remove from the property any or all litter deposited thereon prior to the date of execution of sentence.

No one shall dispose of litter from any vehicle on private property or the right of way of public highways or on public parks, beaches, waters, etc., except in a manner properly designated for such disposal. The operator of the vehicle, as well as the person disposing of the litter, shall be in violation in such instance. Such violations will count as points under the point system of the Motor Vehicles Division, and the court may suspend the operator's license for up to 30 days.

No one shall dispose of litter from a boat; operator and the person disposing

of litter shall be in violation.

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1979-1980 HUNTING AND TRAPPING LICENSE FEES Maine law does not permit refunds on licenses.

1979	1980
Nonresident Citizen Big Game Hunting — 10 yrs. and over \$ 60.50	\$ 65.50
Alien Big Game Hunting	105.00
Nonresident Small Game Hunting-16 yrs. and over 30.50	35.50
Nonresident Junior Small Game Hunting — 10-15 yrs. inc 15.50	15.50
Nonresident archery hunting 30.50	35.50
Nonresident Trapping250.00	255.00
Nonresident Guide — 18 yrs. and over 125.00	130.00
Alien Guide	155.00
Resident Junior Hunting—10-15 yrs. inc	1.50
Resident Hunting — 16 yrs. and over	9.50
Resident Combination Hunting and Fishing—Over age 70 free*	free*
Resident Combination Hunting and Fishing—16 yrs. and over. 12.50	16.50
Resident Serviceman Combination	5.50
Resident disabled war veteran free*	free*
Resident combination fishing and archery hunting 12.50*	16.50*
Resident Archery Hunting—10 yrs. and over	9.50
Resident Trapping (Statewide) 13.00	15.00
Resident Guide — 18 yrs. and over	34.00
Resident Deer Transportation License	55.50
Duplicate License (See note below) 1.00	1.00
Pheasant hunting stamp 3.25	5.25

All resident duplicate licenses are to be obtained from the clerk who issued the original license. Nonresident duplicates must be obtained from the Department office in Augusta.

Note: Unless stated otherwise, licenses shall expire at midnight of December 31st of the year of issue.

Hunting Stamps: A pheasant stamp issued by this Department is required for anyone 16 or older to hunt or possess pheasants. They are on sale at most town clerks' offices and from the Department office in Augusta.

A federal "duck stamp" is required for anyone 16 or older to hunt ducks and geese, including sea ducks and brant (when there is open season on these species). The stamp is NOT required for hunting woodcock or other migratory game birds. "Duck stamps" are sold by most post offices in the state.

^{*}For method of application, write or call the Department office in Augusta.

PHONE NUMBERS YOU MIGHT NEED

Game Warden Headquarters

Gidillo Tidioo	II I I I DOI GI GI GO
Ashland	435-3231
Greenville	695-2810
Enfield	732-4500
Machias	255-3266
Strong	778-3323
Augusta	289-2175
Scarboro	883-5108

If you are unable to locate a warden at one of the above headquarters, contact either the Department office in Augusta (289-2766) or the nearest State Police barracks.

Regional Wildlife Biologist

Regional wildlife biologists can also be contacted at the phone numbers listed above, with the following exceptions:

with the following	exceptions:
Augusta	289-2536
Scarboro	883-5107
Enfield	732-3234
Strong	778-3324
Patten	528-2461

State Police Toll-free Numbers

OKOWIICGAII	
Thomaston	1-800-452-4664
Augusta	
Scarboro	1-800-482-0730
Orono	1-800-432-7381

1-800-432-7384

Houlton

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