

# The Bridgton Reporter.

HORACE C. LITTLE  
PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR.

A Local and Instructive Family Newspaper. Strictly Neutral in Politics.

VOL. V. NO. 10.

BRIDGTON, ME., FRIDAY, JANUARY 16, 1863.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.  
\$1.00 PER YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

WHOLE NO. 216.

## Bridgton Reporter.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY BY  
H. C. LITTLE.

All letters must be addressed to the  
Publisher, or to the Proprietor, at the  
office of the Reporter, in the city of  
Bridgton, Me.

Persons required to publish notices  
by order of the Probate Court may select the  
paper in which such notices may be published.

TERMS. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR IN AD-  
VANCE. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR IN AD-  
VANCE. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR IN AD-  
VANCE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING. One square 16  
lines, one insertion 75 cents, 3 insertions  
1.00, 5 insertions \$2.00, 10 insertions \$3.50; one  
year \$9.00; 1-4 column \$15.00; 1-2 column  
\$20.00; one year \$50.00.

JOHN PRINTING executed with neatness,  
cheapness, and dispatch.

S. M. FETTERING, & CO.,  
No. 37 Park Row, New York, & 6 State  
St. Boston, are our Agents for the Bridgton  
Reporter, in these cities, and are author-  
ized to take Advertisements and Subscrip-  
tions for our Lowest Rates.

Y. SCHOOL, BR  
Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

Y. SCHOOL, BR

before actually closing the bargain of  
blood, and if they discovered too much  
danger in the case, they readily invented  
such an excuse as would save both their  
lives and credit; for who would dare  
question the motives and courage of men  
so famous for bloody deeds? Sometimes,  
however, they made serious mistakes not-  
withstanding all their nice calculations,  
and then the world became a trifle better  
for suddenly getting rid of a human  
curse.

There were others who fought for the  
mere love of fighting, because their com-  
bative and destructive organs would never  
let them rest in peace; and there were  
always ready for anybody and any mode,  
it being immaterial to them whether they  
were to fire at their antagonist at two  
paces, cross swords with him at one, or  
be tried to him for a quick settlement  
with dris. Then, again, there were  
others who fought to revenge slight-  
ings, both real and fancied; or to settle per-  
sonal or political animosities; or because they  
were embittered by disappointments, or  
because they were tired of living, and did  
not care to commit suicide. And of  
course, in all this range of character,  
there were many eccentricities displayed,  
for where dueling was so common that an  
ordinary meeting would scarcely be  
mentioned on the following day, certain  
persons were sure to seek to make them-  
selves remembered by some peculiarity  
that could not fail to be long talked of  
for its novelty.

Most of these duels, as we have in-  
timated, were between partisans—between  
royalists and imperialists—and when they  
met at the Palais Royal, the great head-  
quarters of Paris, the mode of insult was  
simple and easy. A saucy look, a grim-  
ace, or a smile of contempt, was fre-  
quently sufficient to draw forth a challenge;  
but if these failed, a jest, a push, or a  
be a success.

One day an imperialist officer, Captain  
Honiton, who was suffering from gout,  
was slowly hobbling along under the  
famous wooden gallery of the palace in  
question, when, being somewhat pressed  
by the crowd, and fearful of being in-  
jured in his suffering limb, he took a sudden  
step aside and accidentally trod on the foot  
of an officer of the royal guard. Quick  
as lightning, the latter, a young man of  
spirit and fire, seized the former by the  
nose, and then pushed him on both sides  
of the head. The face of the imperialist  
turned deadly pale, as he said, quite  
calmly and politely, evidently controlling  
his passion by a master effort of the will:

"I would have apologized for what was  
really an accident, had not Monsieur put  
it out of my power."

"I do not want an apology from such as  
you," was the insulting reply.

"Your name?" demanded the other.

"Lieutenant Dauvis, of the royal guard,  
at your service."

"I shall remember!" rejoined Captain  
Honiton as he turned to depart.

"Pray do not forget," said the Lieuten-  
ant, at the same time treading heavily  
upon the gouty foot of the captain, and  
thus drawing from him an involuntary  
cry of pain. Dauvis then walked away  
with a proud and haughty air, leaving  
the other suffering fearfully from pain and  
rage. As soon as he could extricate himself  
from the crowd, the captain called for a  
carriage, and was quickly driven out of  
sight.

For a whole week Lieutenant Dauvis  
remained in momentary expectation of a  
challenge from the man he had so grossly  
insulted, but none came. Another week  
passed away, and the imperialist was not  
heard from.

"He is a coward and unworthy of my  
notice," said the dashing young officer,  
with a proud smile of contempt.

"What could you expect of a man who  
doubtless disgraced himself at Waterloo?"  
rejoined one of his brother officers, with  
a sneer. "Bah! this comes of plebeian  
blood, Henri!"

Months passed away, and Henry Du-  
vais, who was the youngest son of an an-  
cient and honorable family of royalists,  
was promoted to a captaincy. He had  
fought two duels since his insult to Cap-  
tain Honiton, but still nothing had been heard  
of that officer, and the little affair was  
nearly forgotten or remembered only as a  
sneering jest. More months passed, and  
Captain Dauvis, allied to a beautiful  
lady of rank, began to prepare for his  
wedding.

The morning of the intended wedding

day arrived, and Captain Henry Dauvis  
rose early to prepare for nuptials that  
were to make him the happiest man in  
Paris. While engaged at his toilet, a  
servant announced a visitor—a stranger.

"I am engaged and can see no one now,"  
was the reply.

"I beg your pardon, Monsieur le Cap-  
taine," said the voice of the stranger, who  
had followed on the heels of the servant;  
"but I know you will see me."

"And who are you, sir? and why this  
intrusion?" demanded the young officer  
in an imperious tone, as he coldly ran  
his eye over the person of a middle-aged  
man in plain citizen's dress.

"I am Captain Honiton, formerly of  
the Imperial Guard, at your service."

"Well, sir?"

"Monsieur le Capitaine seems not to  
know me; but yet Monsieur may have  
the happiness to remember the pleasure  
he once had in pulling the nose, boxing  
the ears, and treading on the foot of a  
quiet-looking gentleman, under the gal-  
lery of the Palais Royal, some twelve  
months since."

This was said with the most freezing  
politeness; but there was something aw-  
fully wicked in the cold gray eye of the  
speaker, as it all the time rested quietly  
and steadily upon the other.

"Ha!" said Dauvis, flushed to the  
temples, "I know you; but to save your  
reputation, you should have come sooner."

"My reputation, fortunately, was not  
in the keeping of rather a forward boy,"  
returned the other, with a grim smile  
and mocking bow. "I have come at last to  
ask the pleasure of Monsieur le Capitaine  
Henry Dauvis to a little quiet walk,  
thinking the beautiful bride elect might  
be pleased to hear of the prowess of her  
lover on his wedding day."

Dauvis bit his lip.

"I think," he said, "I should be justified  
in not bulk your kind intentions. We  
will not go far, or wait long. We  
are small swords, and twenty paces hence  
is the garden."

"Monsieur le Capitaine is so obliging,"  
bowed the other. "Perhaps they lied who  
said Monsieur was a coward and would  
not fight!"

"You shall see!" cried the young royalist,  
almost bursting with suppressed pas-  
sions. "Coward or no coward; I have  
sent your betters to the devil, and you  
shall soon follow."

In less than ten minutes the two antag-  
onists were in the garden, with their  
swords crossed. Honiton was perfectly  
cool and self-possessed, but Dauvis was  
almost accounted the best swordsman in  
his corps, and there were the ferocest num-  
ber that could cope with him, which was  
the cause of his overbearing insolence;  
but in less than a minute he discovered  
to his horror that he was only a mere  
child in the hands of his antagonist, who  
seemed rather disposed to play with him  
than to fight with him. In the course  
of five minutes, however, he received a  
disabling wound; and then, like lightning,  
the blade of the other flashed close before  
his eyes and covered his nose close down  
to his face.

"Monsieur le Capitaine did me the hon-  
or to pull my nose—I have done myself  
the honor to cut off his. Good day, cap-  
tain. I will send your servant to look  
after you. When you are well I will call  
again. My compliments to the bride,  
and how does she like your beauty?"

This affair created a great sensation in  
the upper circles of Paris. The wedding  
of course, did not come off on the appoi-  
nted day, and subsequently the lady doclin-  
ed to be married to a man whose features  
were so terribly disfigured.

From his sudden disappearance on the  
morning of the duel, nothing was seen or  
heard of Captain Honiton till his adver-  
sary had so far recovered as to be again  
abroad, when, at a early hour in the day,  
he suddenly reappeared.

"I have been expecting you," said Cap-  
tain Dauvis, when they again met.

"Monsieur le Capitaine does me too  
much honor. I hope my visits do not  
prove troublesome."

"Follow me," returned Dauvis, keep-  
ing himself fearfully calm.

He conducted his visitor into an empty  
hall, and produced a pair of pistols.—  
Handing one to his enemy, he requested  
him to load it, while he proceeded to  
charge the other.

"You are more than a match for me  
with swords," he said, "and so we will  
try these. It is my wish that one of us  
may not quit this hall alive. We will

take our places, and fire at the word."

"And Monsieur le Capitaine shall give  
the word," replied Honiton, with the  
most perfect sang-froid.

At the first fire, imperialist received a  
flesh wound in the shoulder, and the royal-  
ist lost a portion of his right ear.

"Monsieur le Capitaine did me the hon-  
or to box my right ear," said Honiton,  
coolly; "I have done myself the honor  
to shoot off his."

In a couple of minutes the pistols were  
again loaded, and the foes in their respec-  
tive places. This time Captain Honiton  
received a wound in the neck, not neces-  
sarily mortal, and Captain Dauvis lost  
a portion of his left ear.

The imperialist very coolly repeated  
his taunting words.

As they were taking their positions for  
the third fire, Captain Honiton remarked  
with bitter emphasis:

"Now, then, Monsieur le Capitaine, I  
will remember the foot!"

Both pistols cracked together at the  
word, and both antagonists fell back  
dead—the one shot through the heart,  
the other through the brain.

So terminated this singular combat,  
the closing scenes of which were reported  
by a servant, who saw and heard all.

RABBI MEIR'S WIFE.

The renowned teacher and expounder  
of the law, Rabbi Meir, once sat a whole  
Sabbath in the synagogue, instructing the  
people. In the meanwhile, his two sons,  
both of unusual beauty, and deeply versed  
in the law, died at his house.

His wife took them into her bed-room, laid  
them on her nuptial bed and covered them  
with a white cloth. Toward evening  
Rabbi Meir, on returning home asked  
her:

"Where are my sons, that I may give  
them the blessing?"

"They have gone to God's house," an-  
swered she.

"But did not see them," said the Rabbi.

Meanwhile the wife had brought the  
light and the goblet of wine; he blessed  
the light and the wine, and drank from  
the goblet. Then he asked again:

"Where are my sons that they may  
drink from the consecrated cup?"

"They cannot be far off," answered his  
wife, and she brought up his supper.

When he had finished the meal and  
cheerfully said grace, his wife said: "Rab-  
bi, with your permission, I will put a  
question to you."

"Do, my dear wife," said he.

"Some time since one of our neighbors  
gave me some jewels to take care of; now  
he claims them back—shall I give them  
up?"

"How can you put such a question to  
me?" exclaimed the Rabbi. "Am I to  
teach you the commonest rule of probity?  
Not only must you give the property back,  
but you must give it willingly and cheer-  
fully."

"I thought so too," she said; and open-  
ing the door to the bedroom, she added:  
"Rabbi, a friend has confided to us two  
jewels, and now he has demanded them  
back." Then she took off the cloth that  
hid the two dead bodies.

"My sons! my sons!" cried the Rabbi;  
he wept and wailed.

She, turning her head away, cried bit-  
terly too. But, then, taking the hand of  
her husband, she said:

"Rabbi, did you not tell me that prop-  
erty confided to us we must restore will-  
ingly, nay, cheerfully. Cheerfully, we  
cannot; and the owners will forgive us—  
but willingly, Rabbi. Let us both say:  
'Blessed be he who giveth and taketh  
away.'"

WAR. If war has its chivalry and its  
paganism, it has also its hideousness and  
its demoniacal. They tear out the eye,  
and shatter the jaw, and rend the cheek.  
Mercy abandons the arena of battle.—  
The frantic war-horse with iron hoof  
tramples upon the mangled face, the throbbing  
bones, and heels not the shriek of tor-  
ture. Crushed into the mire by the  
wheels of heavy artillery, the victim of  
war thinks of mother, father, sister, home  
moans and dies; his mangled corpse is  
covered with a few shovelfuls of earth,  
and left as food for vultures and dogs,  
and he is forgotten. He who loathes war,  
and will do everything in his power to  
avert it, but who will in the last exten-  
sive, encounter its perils, from love of  
country and of home—who is willing to  
sacrifice himself and all that is dear to  
him in life, to promote the well-being of  
his fellow men, will ever receive a worthy  
homage.—Abbott.

## THE JEWISH WOMEN OF BARBARY.

In the evening I had an invitation to  
be present at two Jewish marriages, which  
it required little pressing to make me ac-  
cept. Our whole party was invited; so  
as a body we visited the house of both  
brides. We were led through one of the  
low doors before spoke of into a square  
centre court, where an immense assem-  
blage of Beni-Israel were congregated. As  
soon as it was known we were English,  
way was made for us to where the bride  
was sitting, which was in the small room  
leading off one side of the court. Here  
we found her surrounded by a crowd of  
handmaids, any one of whom might have  
sat for a Rachel. Such a collection of  
transcendent beauty! we all exclaimed  
together. And such, certainly, we had  
never before seen. Most of them were  
very young—for in this climate there are  
women almost from childhood, and old  
age sets in when maturity would be pure-  
ly attained in our northern latitudes;  
and all surpassed in loveliness my utmost  
ideal of romance. Not the drooping  
noes, meaningless eyes, and awkward  
figures so often seen among the wives and  
daughters of Israel in England; but the  
most exquisite aquiline features enlivened  
with all the fire of a sunny clime, and  
outlines so symmetrical and flowing, that  
no pen can convey any impression of them.  
Their hair, too, of the darkest raven, fall-  
ing in long tresses over their shoulders  
together with the profusion of costly jew-  
els with which they were adorned, gave  
them an appearance so celestial, that we  
were at no loss to understand the reason  
why the Jews are so scrupulous in keep-  
ing their daughters from the public gaze.—  
The young married females were seated  
more immediately round the brides.

In Barbary it is the custom to shave  
the heads of the females as they enter  
wedlock, and substitute a wig for their  
beautiful hair, which it may be readily  
seen that they do not wear.

brilliant, they continue to present charms  
little inferior to the unmarried sisters.—  
The brides themselves were lovely, and  
decked as they were in gold and silver em-  
broided robes, crowned with a diadem,  
all set with jewels, they shone even amid-  
st the surrounding galaxy. I could not  
but recall the allusions in the Old Testa-  
ment to the Eastern bride, "adorned  
herself with jewels," and having "her  
clothes wrought in gold," and more es-  
pecially the description given in Ezekiel  
of the Church, under the figure of the  
bride, when God says:—I deck thee also  
with ornaments, and I put bracelets upon  
thine wrists, and a chain on thy neck.—  
And I put a jewel on thy forehead, and  
ear-rings in thine ears, and a beautiful  
crown upon thine head." (Ezek. xvi. 11,  
12.)

The bride sits with her eyes fast closed  
and covered with a veil, thus to be ad-  
mired for several days; and as she is not  
allowed to look about her on any preten-  
ce whatever, or to smile, or even appear  
conscious of anything that is passing  
around; she was the only one of the party  
not to be envied. After a time she  
was led by the hand through the crowd,  
that all might see her, and a perfect buzz  
of admiration followed her triumphant  
progress. Previous to our arrival, a large  
wine-jar, out of which the bridegroom  
had drunk, was broken to pieces in the  
centre of the court, in accordance with  
some old rite.—A Visit to Barbary.

A SCRAPPED OFFICER.—An amusing  
little incident occurred during the battle  
of Newton, Mo. The fight being rather  
hotly contested, an officer became very  
thirsty and repaired to a spring near by  
to get a draft of cool water. Kneeling  
down he drank from the spring without  
the aid of a cup. As he arose from his  
refreshing task, he sat himself forth with  
square upon his own heels which were  
armed with a pair of tremendous Mexican  
spurs. The instant he felt the prick of  
the sharp spurs, he thought the enemy  
was upon him and a bayonet entering  
his flesh. When some of his men arriv-  
ed he was bawling:—

"Oh, I surrender! I surrender!" at  
the top of his voice. The articles of War  
do not admit of stating his name.

The prayer of deeds is oftener an-  
swered than the prayer of words.

—It often happens to genius as to  
spoons; the plated article takes the place  
of real metal.

## Agricultural Department

WINTERING BEES.  
Concluded.

The time to remove bees from the cellar  
depends in a great measure upon the for-  
wariness of the spring, and care should  
be taken that the weather is warm enough  
that the bees can safely fly from the hive  
and return again, always observing to  
never set but a part of the hives out the  
same day, and always place them as near  
as practicable on the same stand that  
they occupied the year previous, to avoid  
confusion and robbery.

After the bees have all made their ex-  
cursion as they always do on the first day,  
and discharge themselves, thousands of  
bees might then be saved by setting them  
back into the cellar again for three or four  
weeks, and at the same time supply each  
hive with substitute for bee bread which  
is rye meal (or common flour will answer)  
as bee bread or Pollen is the first thing  
the bees will visit the fields for, in early  
spring; by supplying them with this use-  
ful article the lives of a large number of  
bees will be saved which if allowed to  
stand out would be lost.

Burying bees in the ground, is a prac-  
tice that some inexperienced bee-keepers  
have resorted to, and not unfrequently  
with fearful loss. The object aimed at  
seems to be to save the bees, even temperature  
seems to be the low, even temperature that  
our cellar affords. In a light, loose sandy  
soil if the bees are properly buried, there  
are instances where they have lived thro'  
it. I have frequently heard it remarked  
by those who advocate this process that  
the hives were as heavy in the spring as  
they were the fall before; should the bees  
all perish as I have repeatedly seen, this  
theory might prove true. I have yet to  
learn if bees can be wintered in any place  
without consuming some honey; it is  
true, if bees should be kept in a damp  
place and should they survive the damp-  
ness and mould which the bees would  
take up, so that the hive will be nearly  
as heavy in the spring as it was in the  
fall previous.

P. S. If the reader desires more infor-  
mation on this subject, fuller information  
will be given on application with stamps  
for return postage.

K. P. KIDDER, Burlington, Vt.,  
Practical Apiculturist.

## SUNDRY HINTS FOR THE SEASON.

THE FARM, HOUSEHOLD, ETC.

Account keeping.—Some system of keep-  
ing accounts is essential to the success of  
every farmer. A sheet or two of paper  
with a debtor and creditor side, is better  
than nothing. On one side put down  
every item owed, and to who, and on the  
other, note every item due. Sum up the  
condition of your worldly possessions in  
two columns. Every day's transactions,  
whether cash or credit, should be written  
down with the date. This should include  
every purchase for ready money, or on  
time, of a neighbor, or at the store, etc.

It would pay well to have a debt and  
credit account with each kind of farm  
labor, with each field, each kind of an-  
imals, of family expenses, etc. Such ac-  
counts lead to thinking, to investigation,  
to carefulness. The written record to  
refer to, would prevent not a few such  
scenes as are portrayed on page 9. Skill  
in book-keeping is not required; "quail  
tracks on paper," barely plain enough to  
be understood, are far better than no  
record.

Buildings.—Keeping a shingle on the  
roof of the house or barn may save much  
damage from leakage. Hundreds of roofs  
fall in every year from accumulations of  
snow. If the rafters and covering are  
known to be abundantly strong, no fur-  
ther care is needed; otherwise remedy  
any extraordinary deposits of snow.

wooden hoe on the end of a long pole  
answer. An extra strip of wood—ED  
listing, on the window or

house.

hauling, and a cooler would inform his  
the public that he is  
rousing fire, venterlain, at the above  
travellers in a good and  
crack under flail manner, and for area-  
enough to station. The Pondicery  
An hour will find it a quiet resting  
have a one is also fitted up for board  
pile, and a comfortable home.  
ly, have also, good Stabling for Hoes  
gton Center, Nov. 19, 1862



**STAGE NO.**

Stage leaves Bridgton Co. Daily at 7:45 A. M., passing through Harrison, and arriving in Portland at 2:40 P. M.

RETURNING—Leaves Grand Trunk at 1:45 P. M. for Seaside, and at 7:00 P. M. for Seaside, and Bridgton Center, and at 7:00 clock P. M. for Seaside.

The above stage leaves Bridgton at 7:45 A. M. and 7:00 P. M. returning to Bridgton, Tuesday and Saturdays, in season for Paris and Portland.

By taking this train, Passengers for the season for train and for Boston and Bangor are carried to the Western Depots without any extra charge.

Fare from Freeburg \$2.00.

Between North Bridgton and Down tickets to be had of the tickets for Harrison, Bridgton sold at the Grand Trunk Co. office, and if you stop at up tickets, and if you stop at Bridgton, the driver will pay cents.



## STAGE NOTICE.

Stage leaves Bridgton Center for Portland daily at 7 A. M., passing through North Portland, Harrison and Norway to South Portland, and returning to Portland, and arriving in Portland at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Return—Leaves Grand Trunk Depot, at 11 o'clock P. M., for South Portland, and returns to Bridgton, arriving at Bridgton at 7 o'clock P. M.

The above stage runs to Fryeburg, Monday, Wednesday and Friday Evenings, returning to Bridgton, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, in season for stage to South Portland and Portland.

By taking this route, passengers arrive in Portland in season for trains going West, and for Boston and Bangor Boats, and are carried to the Western Depot and to the boats without any extra charge.

Fare from Fryeburg \$2.00, from Bridgton Center, North Portland and Harrison \$1.75. Down tickets to be held by the driver. Up tickets for Harrison, Bridgton and Fryeburg sold at the Grand Trunk Railroad Depot, Portland. You will have to pay \$2.00 for up tickets, and if you stop at Harrison or Bridgton, the driver will pay you back 25 cents.

J. B. STOWELL, Proprietors,  
J. W. FOWLER, Driver.  
Bridgton, Nov. 7th, 1862.

## To Consumptives.

THE Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing but a few cents.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address  
[Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,  
Williamsburgh,  
Kings County, New York.

## Notice.

The subscribers have this day entered into partnership in the practice of

## PHYSIC AND SURGERY.

Office, — In Odd Fellows Building.

Rooms back of CARWELL'S JEWELRY SHOP.

Nathaniel Pease, M. D.,  
Charles E. Hill, M. D.

Bridgton, Aug. 11, 1862.

S. M. HARMON,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

BRIDGTON, MAINE.

Office a Temperance Building

LANE & LITTLE,

Dealers in

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

Also, Manufacturers of

Cloaks, Capes and Mantillas,

No. 133 MIDDLE STREET,

P. Lane, } PORTLAND  
A. Little }

Portland, Aug. 1, 1862.

W. & C. R. MILLIKEN,

Wholesale Grocers

113 COMMERCIAL ST., PORTLAND.

J. W. MANSFIELD,

Wholesale & Retail

Saddle, Harness, Trunk, Valise,

and

CARPET BAG MANUFACTORY,

114 -- MIDDLE STREET, -- 174

(Opposite U. S. Hotel.)

aug 6th. PORTLAND ME

ALBERT WEBB & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Corn, Flour, & Grain,

Head of Merrill's Wharf,

COMMERCIAL ST. PORTLAND, Me.

6th July 4

Probate.

At a Court of Probate held at Portland, with-

ing for the County of Cumberland, on the

third Tuesday of December, in the year

of our Lord eighteen hundred and sixty

two.

MARSHALL D. CHAPLIN, Executor of the

last will and testament of Osborn

Chaplin, late of Bridgton, in said Coun-

ty, deceased, having presented his second

account of administration of said estate for

probate:

It was Ordered, That the said Executor

give notice to all persons interested, by

causing notice to be published three weeks

successively, in the Bridgton Reporter

printed at Bridgton, that they may appear at a

Probate Court to be held at said Portland,

on the third Tuesday of January next, at ten

o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause if

any they have, why the same should not be

allowed.

WILLIAM G. BARROWS, Judge.

A true copy, attested:

EUGENE HUMPHREY, Register.

THE Subscriber hereby gives public notice

to all concerned, that she has been

duly appointed and taken upon herself

the duty of Executrix of the last will and

testament of

NATHANIEL HALE.

late of Bridgton, in the County of Cum-

berland, deceased, by giving bond as the law

directs; she therefore requests all persons

who are indebted to the said deceased's es-

tate to make immediate payment; and those

who have any demands thereon, to exhibit

the same for settlement to

HANNAH HALE.

Bridgton Nov. 4th, 1862.

## Notice.

Whereas my wife, Sarah O. Sanborn, has

left my bed and board; This is to forbid all

persons harboring or trusting her at my ex-

pendence.

DANIEL S. SANBORN.

Sebago, Dec. 27, 1862.

## BRIDGTON MARKET.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE REPORTER.]

Hay, - - - - -	\$12 to 13 00
Eggs, - - - - -	13
Butter, - - - - -	8 to 12
Bacon chops, - - -	18 to 20
Shoulders, - - - -	5 to 6
Hams, - - - - -	6 to 7 5
Pork, salt, - - - -	10 to 12
Beef, - - - - -	4 00 to 5 50
Oats, - - - - -	40 to 45
Rye, - - - - -	75
Corn, - - - - -	90
Flour, - - - - -	\$9 00 to 9 50
Round Hogs, - - -	6 to 7
Woolskins, - - - -	50 to 1 00
Beans, - - - - -	2 00
Apples, bus., - - -	15 to 33
Apples bl., - - - -	75 to 1 00
Dried Apples, - - -	4 to 6
Turkeys, - - - - -	9 to 10
Chickens, - - - -	8 to 10
Wood, - - - - -	1 50 to 2 00
Bark, - - - - -	4 50
Northern Clover, -	10
Red Top, - - - - -	\$1 to 1 40
Herds Grass, - - -	\$2 50
Potatoes, - - - - -	25 to 33
Wool, - - - - -	50 to 60

## LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the

Post Office unclaimed for, Dec. 15th, 1862

LADIES. T. K. Abbott  
Sarah A. Young Thomas G. Adams  
Anna S. Rowe Clark Watson  
Mary Bangs S. Warren  
Sarah Bailey John Williams  
GENTLEMEN. A. H. Smith  
H. D. Atwood Nixon & Merrill

L. HILLINGS, P. M.  
Bridgton, Dec. 25th, 1863.

Attention Company!—Volunteers,

who expect to retain their health unim-

paired during the campaign, must see to it

themselves do not trust to the Army Surgeons,

supply yourselves with HOLLOWAY'S

PILLS AND OINTMENT. Every English

Soldier's Knapsack contains them. Only 25

cents per Box or Pot.

212

J. R. ADAMS,

DEALER IN—

FURNITURE,

Of Every Description,

—SUCH AS—

LOOKING GLASSES!

MATRASSES!

Carpetings Paper Hangings

Crockery Ware.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES!

PAINTS AND OILS!!

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Bridgton Center, - - - - - Maine.

July 4.

DIXEY STONE & SON,

DEALERS IN—

DRY GOODS,

AND

GROCERIES.

PAINTS AND OILS,

HARDWARE.

CROCKERY, &c. &c.,

BRIDGTON CENTER, ME.

aug 29 62

Notice.

THE undersigned, Selectmen, Assessors

and Overseers of the Poor, of the Town

of Bridgton, give notice, that they will

be in session at the Town House within said

Town, on the first and third Saturday of

each month, from one o'clock until five in

the P. M., for the purpose of transacting

such business as may come before them in

their official capacity.

Families of Volunteers needing relief are

requested to give their attention at the time

and place above stated.

THOMAS CLEAVES,  
JACOB HAZEN,  
GEORGE E. MEAD,  
Bridgton, March 8th, A. D. 1862

19

WHEAT AND FLOUR. A fresh

lot just received by

HANSON & HILTON.

## FRIENDS AND RELATIVES

OF THE

BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.



## HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

And OINTMENT.

All who have Friends or Relatives in the

Army or Navy should take especial care that

they be amply supplied with these Pills and

Ointment, and where the Brave Soldiers

and Sailors have neglected to provide them-

selves with them, no better present can be

sent them by their Friends. They have been

proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend

in the hour of need.

Coughs and Colds affecting Troops.

Will be speedily relieved and effectually

cured by using these admirable medicines,

and by paying proper attention to the direc-

tions which are attached to each pot or box.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite

Incidental to Soldiers.

Those feelings which so sadden us usually

arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed

perspiration, or eating and drinking what-

ever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the

healthy action of the liver and stomach.

These organs must be relieved, if you desire

to be well. The Pills taken according to the

printed instructions, will quickly pro-

duce a healthy action in both liver and stom-

ach, and as a natural consequence a clear

head and good appetite.

Weakness or Debility induced by Over

Fatigue.

Will soon disappear by the use of these in-

valuable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly

acquire additional strength. Never let the

Bowels be either confined or unduly acted

upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's

Pills should be recommended for Dysentery

and Flux, many persons supposing that they

would increase the relaxation. This is a

great mistake, for these pills will correct

the liver and stomach, and thus remove all

the acrid humors from the system, however

deranged, while health and strength follow

as a matter of course. Nothing will stop

the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as

this famous medicine.

Volunteers Attention! Indications of

Sores and Ulcers, Blisters and Swellings,

can with certainty be radically cured, if the

pills are taken night and morning, and the

Ointment be freely used as stated in the

printed instructions. If treated in any other

manner, they dry up in one part to break

out in another. Whereas this Ointment will

remove the humors from the system and

leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy

man. It will require a little perseverance

in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

For Wounds either occasioned by the

musket, sabre, bullet, sword or

brass.

To which every soldier and sailor are liable,

there are no medicines so safe, sure and

convenient as Holloway's Pills and Oint-

ment. The Poor wounded and almost dying

sufferer might have his wounds dressed im-

mediately, if he would only provide himself

with this matchless Ointment, which should

be carried into the field, and smeared all

around it, then covered with a piece of linen

from his Knapsack and compressed with a

handkerchief. Taking night and morning

6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent

inflammation.

Every Soldier's Knapsack and Seaman's

Chest should be provided with these valu-

able remedies.

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless

the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW-YORK AND LON-

DON" are discernible as a Watermark in

every leaf of the book of directions around

each pot or box; the same may be plainly

seen by holding the leaf to the light. A

handsome reward will be given to any one

rendering such information as may lead to

the detection of any party or parties coun-

terfeiting the medicines or vending the same

knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the manufactory of Professor

Holloway, 59 Maiden Lane, New York,

and by all respectable Druggists and Deal-

ers in Medicine, throughout the civilized

world in Pots at 25 cents, 62 cents and \$1

each.

There is considerable saving by tak-

ing the larger sizes.



## Fun and Sentiment.

—About the hardest case we ever heard of was a murderer named Stone, executed many years since in Exeter, N. H. Just before the rope was placed around his neck, he requested the sheriff to give him a mug of ale. The request being promptly attended to, he took the mug and commenced blowing the froth from the ale. 'What are you doing that for?' nervously asked the sheriff. 'Because,' returned the perfect wretch, 'I don't think froth is healthy.'

—The happy smile of an old divine, when cautioning the clergy against engaging in violent controversy, might effectively be applied to other professions: 'If we will be contending, let us contend like the olive and the vine, who shall produce the most and best fruit; not like the aspen and the elm, who shall make the most noise in the wind.'

—As a rather grimly grotesque exhibition of our national propensity for money-making, it is stated that some of our army hospitals are actually embellished with cheering advertisements informing the dying patient on what conditions his body will be embalmed and sent to his friends.

—I think that happiness in marriage is something like a grain of wheat; if you merely play with it, without serious cultivation, it dies very soon; but if you prepare a good ground for it, and nurse it zealously, it will grow beneath the good God's sun, and bear blessed fruits.

—A manufacturer of thread, having accidentally cut his nose, took one of his gummed spool labels to close the cut. On going home he wondered why every one laughed at him. Looking in the glass he read that his nose was 'warranted 350 yards long!'

—The world's love can reach us only through the medium of the single heart that beats nearest and understands us best. Honeyed words of promise and gratitude may fall from many lips, but only one mouth can be their interpreter to us.

—Erskine puzzled the wits of his acquaintances by inscribing on a tea chest the words: 'Tu duces.' It was some time before they found out the wit of this in the literal translation: 'Thou teachest.' (Thou tea chest.)

—The proprietor of a forge, not remarkable for correctness of language, but who, by honest industry, had realized a comfortable independence, being called upon at a social meeting for a toast, gave: 'Success to forgery.'

—Gen. Halleck has decreed that no more civilians shall be appointed paymasters, but that these offices shall be taken from the army, and by preference from those incapacitated for field service by wounds or disease.

—Why is a four-quart jug like a lady's side-saddle? Because it holds a gal-lon.

—Why is a lady who has bought a sable cape at half price, like an officer absent on leave?—Because she's got on her fur low.

—When is a plaid dress like an apple?—When it's a tart un.

—A man isn't likely to die from having his head carried away in a fight if 'tis his legs that carried it.

—The devil is said to be lame, and that we, suppose, is the reason why even the slowest people often catch the devil.

—What are you sure to get if you upset a hive? Bees' whistles.

—A widow, whose hands supply rich grazing for a thousand cattle, is an attractive grass widow.

—The ancient Greeks buried their dead in jars. Hence the origin of the expression—'He's gone to pot.'

—Some women paint their faces, and then weep because it doesn't make them beautiful. They raise a hue-and-cry—

—There is a traitor in Jersey rejoicing in the somewhat discouraging to-customers name of Edward Rumfit.

—Lord Bacon says that we should square our lives but life is a circle, and the circle can't be squared.

—A wise ruler is better than a race-horse; the latter makes good time, the former good times.

—Even as Nature benevolently guards the rose with thorns, so does she endow woman with pins.

—We are told to have hope and trust; but what's a poor fellow to do when he can no longer get any trust?

—The gorgeous trappings of the dead—the outward dressings of the proud—

## Portland Business Cards.

**J. W. C. MORRISON & CO.,**  
Manufacturer and dealer in  
Picture, Portrait, & Looking Glass  
FRAMES,  
No. 26 Market Square, --- Portland.  
Plain and Ornamental, Gilt, Black Walnut, and Rose Wood Mouldings.  
Also, a complete assortment of Photographic materials constantly on hand.  
Portland, Aug. 1, 1862. 6m

**M. G. PALMER & CO.,**  
Wholesale dealer in  
Millinery and White Goods,  
Gloves, Hosiery, Laces, Embroideries,  
HOOP-SKIRTS AND FANCY GOODS,  
NO. 144 MIDDLE ST.,  
M. G. Palmer, }  
R. C. Thomas, } PORTLAND, ME.  
Z. Long, Jr. }  
Portland, Aug. 1, 1862. 6m

**A. STEEL & HAYES,**  
Importer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in  
**Columbia;**  
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,  
NO. 110 MIDDLE STREET,  
Eben Steele, }  
Thos. R. Hayes } PORTLAND, ME.  
Portland, Aug. 1, 1862. 6m

**G. M. MOULTON & CO.,**  
(Successor to Center & Moulton)  
Wholesale Grocers  
No. 81 Commercial Street,  
G. M. Moulton, }  
A. G. Rogers, Jr. } PORTLAND, ME.  
Aug. 22, 1862. 6m

**ALBERT WEBB & CO.,**  
DEALERS IN  
Corn, Flour, & Grain,  
Head of Merrill's Wharf,  
COMMERCIAL ST., PORTLAND, ME.  
6m July 4

**EDWARD P. BANKS,**  
72 Exchange St., PORTLAND.

**Spectacles!**  
[CALL AND  
SEE THE  
S. M. MILLIKEN }  
Portland, Aug. 6, 1862. 6m

**HOBBS, CHASE & CO.,**  
Wholesale dealers in  
**Teas;**  
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS  
NO. 155 FINE STREET,  
John P. Hobbs, } Head Central Wharf  
Francis B. Chase, }  
Portland, Aug. 1, 1862. 6m

**EMERY & WATERHOUSE,**  
Importers of and Dealers in  
**HARD WARE, CUTLERY & GLASS,**  
AGENTS FOR  
FAIRBANKS' SCALES AND WELCH  
and GRIFITH'S SAWS,  
NO. 133 MIDDLE STREET,  
Daniel P. Emery, }  
J. W. Waterhouse, } PORTLAND, ME.  
Portland, Aug. 1, 1862. 3m

**JOHN LYNCH & CO.,**  
Wholesale Grocers,  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
Granite Stores, Commercial St.,  
(Opp. Head Widgery's Wharf)  
John Lynch, }  
Peleg Barker, } PORTLAND, ME.  
Eben Hayes, }  
Portland, Aug. 1, 1862. 1f

**Special Notice!**  
TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN  
THE Subscriber has in Store the LARG-  
EST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF  
DRUGS, PAINTS,  
**Dye-Staffs, Chemicals,**  
And everything kept in a Drug Store,  
Or used by Physicians, that can be found in  
**The tato.**  
Dealers are furnished at LOWEST POS-  
SIBLE PRICES and everything sold  
Warranted to be of the Best Quality  
Physicians' orders receive particular  
attention.  
Quotations of prices sent to Doctors and  
Dealers, on application.  
Please address, or call on  
**W. F. HILLIPS,**  
WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,  
14 MIDDLE STREET, SEP 5 6m

**PROGRAMMES AND TICKETS.**  
THE Bridgton Reporter Office has facilities  
for furnishing Programmes and Ticket  
for Concerts, &c., at low prices

**LOWELL & SENTER,**  
WATCH MAKERS  
and dealers in  
WATCHES, CHRONOMETERS, JEWELRY  
SURVEYORS COMPASSES  
AND  
FANCY GOODS.  
44 EXCHANGE ST. - PORTLAND.  
Abner Lowell. William Senter.

**TYLER, RICE & SONS,**  
DEALERS IN  
**HIDES, LEATHER AND OIL**  
149 COMMERCIAL STREET,  
PORTLAND, --- MAINE.  
\*6m July 4

**WESTON & KEAZER,**  
Late Noyes, Weston & Co.,  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
AND FLOUR DEALERS,  
Willis Block, 103 Commercial Street, head of  
Commercial Wharf,  
PORTLAND, --- MAINE.  
Thomas H. Weston. David Keazer  
6m July 4

**HALL L. DAVIS,**  
STATIONER,  
MANUFACTURER OF PAGED ACCOUNT BOOKS  
Importer and dealer in  
Foreign & Domestic Stationery and Paper Hangings,  
NO. 53 EXCHANGE STREET,  
Portland, --- MAINE.  
6m July 4

**A. ROBINSON,**  
DEALER IN  
**Books Magazines**  
News Papers and Musical Instruments,  
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,  
No. 51 Exchange Street, Portland, Maine.  
6m July 4

**TRUE & MILLIKEN,**  
AND  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
141 - Commercial St. - 141  
D. W. True, }  
S. M. Milliken, } Portland, Me.  
6m July 4

**CROSMAN & POOR,**  
Druggists and Apothecaries  
NO. 75 MIDDLE ST., FOX BLOCK,  
PORTLAND, --- MAINE.  
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family  
Medicines receive special attention.  
6m July 4

**JOHN W. PERKINS & CO.,**  
Wholesale Dealers in  
**Paints, Oils and Varnishes,**  
DRUGS, DYE STUFFS, GLASS WARE,  
**FLUID, KEROSENE OIL, &c.**  
86 Commercial St., Thomas Block,  
6m July 4 PORTLAND, ME.

**O. L. SANBORN & CO.,**  
Late Sanborn & Carter,  
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,  
and manufacturers of  
**ROOM PAPERS,**  
55 Exchange Street, - Portland, Me.  
6m July 4

**J. W. MANSFIELD,**  
Wholesale and Retail  
Saddle, Harness, Trunk, Valise,  
(and  
**CARPET BAG MANUFACTORY,**  
174 - MIDDLE STREET, - 174  
(Opposite U. S. Hotel.)  
6m July 4 PORTLAND ME

**LANE & LITTLE,**  
Dealers in  
**FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS**  
Also, Manufacturers of  
**Cloaks, Capes and Mantillas,**  
No. 133 MIDDLE STREET,  
P. Lane, }  
A. Little, } PORTLAND.  
Portland, Aug. 1, 1862. 6m

**W. & C. R. MILLIKEN,**  
**Wholesale Grocers**  
113 COMMERCIAL ST., PORTLAND.  
**BUCK WHEAT AND FLOUR** A fresh  
lot just received by  
HANSON & HILTON.

**NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS!**  
**China Tea Store,**  
135 Middle St., Portland.  
At the above place you can find the great-  
est assortment of TEAS, SUGARS, COFFEES,  
SPICES, DRIED FRUITS, &c., and at fifteen per  
cent less than can be bought elsewhere.  
Please call and see for yourselves.  
6m July 4 GEO. E. SHAW, Proprietor.

**R. O. CONANT & CO.,**  
**Wholesale Grocers**  
AND  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
113 COMMERCIAL STREET, 133  
Alvah Conant, }  
R. O. Conant, } Portland, Me.  
S. C. Rand. } \*6m July 4

**LYMAN C. BRIGGS,**  
Wholesale Dealer in  
**Flour, Grain, Feed & Grass Seed.**  
**W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,**  
92 Commercial St. "Thomas' Block,"  
PORTLAND, MAINE.  
6m July 4

**BRADLEY & WEBB,**  
Commission Merchants  
AND DEALERS IN  
**FLOUR, GRAIN & PROVISIONS,**  
No. 88 Commercial Street, Thomas' Block,  
PORTLAND, MAINE.  
Robert Bradley. M. G. Webb.  
6m July 4

**CLARK, WEYMOUTH & CO.,**  
WHOLESALE GROCERS,  
Commission Merchants  
AND DEALERS IN  
**W. I. GOODS & PROVISIONS,**  
No. 71 Commercial Street,  
PORTLAND, --- MAINE.  
W. M. Clark. W. D. Weymouth,  
Warren P. Chase.

**EBEN CORRY,**  
IMPORTER OF  
**IRON, STEEL,**  
AND GRINDSTONES,  
29 & 31 - - - - - Middle St. - - - - - 9 & 11  
Between Fore & Commercial Sts., Portland,  
--- MAINE.  
Anvils, Screw Plates, Vices, Belloves, Stone  
Hammers, Ramps, Files, Axes, Prongs, Nuts  
Washers, Bolts, Horse Shoes & Nails, Chain  
Carriage Bolts, Pump Chains and Fixtures,  
Drill Presses, Tyre Banders, &c. 6m 36

**HATS! CAPS! & FURS!!**  
The Subscriber has removed from  
the Old Stand that he has occu-  
pied for the last 20 years to the  
**NEW AND COMMODIOUS STORE,**  
151 - MIDDLE STREET, - 151  
Next door to Emery & Waterhouse.  
PORTLAND, --- MAINE.  
Where he will keep a large and well  
selected assortment of all kinds of Goods  
that are usually kept in a  
**HAT, CAP, & FUR STORE.**  
At Wholesale and Retail  
**VERY CHEAP FOR CASH!!**  
Those in Want will do Well to Call.  
\*6m July 4 E. N. PERRY.

**STONEHAM BROTHERS,**  
Manufacturers, wholesale and retail  
dealers in  
**Window Shades**  
CLOTH AND WIRE SCREENS, &c.;  
—also, dealer in—  
**FIXTURES, TASSELS & CORD,**  
No. 104 MIDDLE STREET,  
T. F. Stoneham, }  
P. W. Stoneham, } Portland, Me.  
Store Shades, of all dimensions made,  
lettered and put up at short notice.  
Sign, Fancy and Ornamental Painting.  
Portland, Aug. 1, 1862. 1f

**MARRETT, POOR & CO.,**  
Importer, Wholesale  
and Retail Dealer in  
**Carpetings, Paper Hangings,**  
FEATHERS, MATTRESSES, AND  
**UPHOLSTERY GOODS,**  
85 & 87 MIDDLE ST. (up stairs),  
J. S. Marrett, }  
Portland, Aug. 1, 1862. 1y

**BOOKS,**  
Stationery, and Room Papers,  
**BAILEY & NOYES,**  
No. 66, 68, & 69 Exchange St.,  
P. W. Bailey, }  
Portland, Aug. 1, 1862. 6m  
James Noyes.

**A. E. STEVENS & CO.,**  
Importers and Dealers in  
**Stationery, and Room Papers,**  
Head of Widgery's Wharf,  
PORTLAND, --- MAINE.  
6m July 4

**Notice.**  
The subscribers have this day entered into  
partnership in the practice of  
**PHYSIC AND SURGERY.**  
Office, — In Odd Fellows Building.  
Rooms back of CARROLL'S JEWELRY  
SHOP.  
Nathaniel Pease, M. D.  
Charles B. Hill, M. D.  
Bridgton, Aug. 11, 1862. 1f

**S. M. HARMON,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
BRIDGTON, MAINE.  
Office a Temperance Building

## Medical.

**DR. R. LA CROIX'S**  
PRIVATE MEDICAL TREATISE  
ON THE  
Physiological View of Marriage.  
250 PAGES and 130 ENGRAVINGS—Price  
only TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. Sent free of post  
age to all parts of the Union. On the influ-  
ences of youth and maturity, disclosing the  
secret follies of both sexes of all ages; caus-  
ing debility, nervousness, depression of spir-  
its, impotency of the heart, seminal emis-  
sions, involuntary emissions, bluntings, de-  
fective memory, indigestion and lassitude  
with confessions of thrilling interest of a  
leading School, Miss, a College Student,  
and a young man, &c., &c. It is a  
truthful adviser to the married and those  
contemplating marriage who entertain ac-  
cursed doubts of their physical condition, and  
who are conscious of having hazarded their  
health, happiness and privileges to which  
every human being is entitled.  
Young Men who are troubled with weak-  
ness generally caused by a bad habit in  
youth, the effects of which are dizziness,  
forgetfulness, sometimes a ringing in  
the ears, weak eyes, weakness of the back  
and lower extremities, confusion of ideas,  
loss of memory, with melancholy may be  
cured by the author's NEW PARIS MAY  
LONDON TREATMENT.  
We have recently devoted much of our  
time in VISITING THE EUROPEAN HOS-  
PITALS, availing ourselves of the knowl-  
edge and resources of the most skilled Phy-  
sicians and Surgeons in Europe and the  
Continent. Those who place themselves under  
our care will now have the full benefit of the  
many NEW AND EFFICACIOUS REMED-  
IES which we are enabled to introduce into  
our practice, and the public may rest as-  
sured of the same zeal, assiduity, SECRECY  
and attention being paid to their cases,  
heretofore, as a Physician in one of the  
departments of professional practice for the  
past twenty-five years.  
FRENCH FEMALE PILLS. Ladies who wish  
for medicines, the efficacy of which has been  
tested in thousands of cases, and never fail-  
ed to effect speedy cures without any dan-  
ger, will use none but Dr. Delaney's Fe-  
male Periodical Pills. The only precaution  
necessary to be observed in ladies who do  
not take them if they have reason to believe  
they are in *retard conditions* (the particu-  
lars of which will be found on the wrapper  
accompanying each box,) though always  
safe and healthy, so gentle, yet so active are  
they.

Price \$1 per box. They can be mailed to  
any part of the United States or Canada.  
To the Ladies—Who are *retard conditions*  
medical adviser with regard to any of those  
interesting complaints to their delicate or-  
ganization renders them liable, are particu-  
larly invited to consult us.  
This Electro-Magnetic Protective Pill. For  
married ladies whose health will not admit,  
or who have no desire to increase their fam-  
ilies, may be obtained as above. It is a per-  
fectly safe preventive to conception, and has  
been extensively used during the last twenty  
years. Price reduced to \$10.

**The Secret of Youth Unveiled.**  
A Treatise on the cause of Premature De-  
cay—A solemn warning. Just published, a  
book showing the insidious progress and de-  
valence among schools, both male and fe-  
male of this fatal habit, pointing out the  
fatality that invariably attends its victims,  
and developing the whole progress of the  
disease from the moment of its origin to the  
end.  
It will be sent by Mail on receipt of two  
(3) cent stamps.  
Attendance daily, from 8 in the morning  
till midnight, and on Sundays from 2 till 5  
P. M.  
Medicines with full directions sent to any  
part of the United States or Canada, by pa-  
tients communicating their symptoms by  
letter. Business correspondence strictly con-  
fidential.

Dr. La Croix is still located as estab-  
lished under the name of DR. LA CROIX, at  
No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y. 1y46

**STAGE NOTICE.**  
Stage leaves Bridgton Center for Portland  
Daily at 7 A. M., passing through North  
Bridgton, Harrison and Norway to South  
Paris, thence by Railroad to Portland, and  
arrives in Portland at 2 o'clock, P. M.  
Returns, via Norway, Grand Trunk, Depart-  
ing at 1 P. M., and South Paris, thence  
by stage to Norway, Harrison, North Bridg-  
ton, and Bridgton Center, arrives at Bridg-  
ton at 10 o'clock, P. M.  
The above stage runs to Fryeburg, Mon-  
day, Wednesday and Friday Evenings.  
Returning to Bridgton, Tuesdays, Thursdays  
and Saturdays, in season for stage to South  
Paris and Fryeburg.  
By taking this route, Passengers arrive in  
Portland in season for trains going West  
and for Boston and Bangor Boats, and are  
carried to the Western Depot and to the  
Ferry from Fryeburg, \$2.00, from Bridgton  
Center, North Bridgton and Harrison, \$1.75.  
Down tickets to be had at the driver. Up  
tickets for Harrison, Bridgton and Fryeburg  
sold at the Grand Trunk Ticket Depot, Portland.  
You will have to pay \$2.00 for  
up tickets, and if you stop at Harrison or  
Bridgton, the driver will pay 50¢ back 25  
cents.

**J. B. STOWELL,**  
J. W. POWELL, } Proprietors  
Bridgton, Nov. 7th 1862. 48f  
J. W. POWELL, Driver

**To Consumptives.**  
THE Advertiser having been restored to  
health in a few weeks, by a very sin-  
gle remedy, after having suffered several  
years with a severe lung affection, and that  
dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to  
make known to his fellow-sufferers the  
name of cure.  
To all who desire it, he will send a copy  
of the prescription used (free of charge),  
with the full directions for preparing and using  
the same, which they will find a sure cure  
for Consumption, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c.  
The only object of the advertiser in sending  
the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted,  
and spread information which he conceives  
to be invaluable, and he hopes every suffer-  
er will try his remedy, as it will cost them  
nothing and may prove a blessing.  
Parties wishing the prescription will  
please address  
RAY, EDWARD A. WILSON,  
Williamsburgh,  
Kings County, New York.  
44, 3m

**Notice.**  
The subscribers have this day entered into  
partnership in the practice of  
**PHYSIC AND SURGERY.**  
Office, — In Odd Fellows Building.  
Rooms back of CARROLL'S JEWELRY  
SHOP.  
Nathaniel Pease, M. D.  
Charles B. Hill, M. D.  
Bridgton, Aug. 11, 1862. 1f

**S. M. HARMON,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
BRIDGTON, MAINE.  
Office a Temperance Building

**THE HORACE WATERS HOUSE.**  
Over-Seung the  
**FULL IRON FRAMES**  
Are justly pronounced by the  
sic Medical authorities to be  
are built of the best and  
seasoned materials, and val-  
ued. The tone ivory design  
yellow, the touch elastic,  
matted for three years. \$700

**OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.**  
The Horace Waters House  
Waters House are known  
as a second order of medi-  
cine, with some degree of  
personal knowledge of the  
and durable quality. "A  
"We can speak of the  
and a true friend to the  
edge, as being of the  
Christian Intelligencer.

**\$150.**—NEW 7000  
strong base of iron, 12  
do, with moulders, 20  
legs and build number  
\$200; do, with iron  
\$300; do, with iron  
\$400; do, with iron  
\$500; do, with iron  
\$600; do, with iron  
\$700; do, with iron  
\$800; do, with iron  
\$900; do, with iron  
\$1000; do, with iron  
\$1100; do, with iron  
\$1200; do, with iron  
\$1300; do, with iron  
\$1400; do, with iron  
\$1500; do, with iron  
\$1600; do, with iron  
\$1700; do, with iron  
\$1800; do, with iron  
\$1900; do, with iron  
\$2000; do, with iron  
\$2100; do, with iron  
\$2200; do, with iron  
\$2300; do, with iron  
\$2400; do, with iron  
\$2500; do, with iron  
\$2600; do, with iron  
\$2700; do, with iron  
\$2800; do, with iron  
\$2900; do, with iron  
\$3000; do, with iron  
\$3100; do, with iron  
\$3200; do, with iron  
\$3300; do, with iron  
\$3400; do, with iron  
\$3500; do, with iron  
\$3600; do, with iron  
\$3700; do, with iron  
\$3800; do, with iron  
\$3900; do, with iron  
\$4000; do, with iron  
\$4100; do, with iron  
\$4200; do, with iron  
\$4300; do, with iron  
\$4400; do, with iron  
\$4500; do, with iron  
\$4600; do, with iron  
\$4700; do, with iron  
\$4800; do, with iron  
\$4900; do, with iron  
\$5000; do, with iron  
\$5100; do, with iron  
\$5200; do, with iron  
\$5300; do, with iron  
\$5400; do, with iron  
\$5500; do, with iron  
\$5600; do, with iron  
\$5700; do, with iron  
\$5800; do, with iron  
\$5900; do, with iron  
\$6000; do, with iron  
\$6100; do, with iron  
\$6200; do, with iron  
\$6300; do, with iron  
\$6400; do, with iron  
\$6500; do, with iron  
\$6600; do, with iron  
\$6700; do, with iron  
\$6800; do, with iron  
\$6900; do, with iron  
\$7000; do, with iron  
\$7100; do, with iron  
\$7200; do, with iron  
\$7300; do, with iron  
\$7400; do, with iron  
\$7500; do, with iron  
\$7600; do, with iron  
\$7700; do, with iron  
\$7800; do, with iron  
\$7900; do, with iron  
\$8000; do, with iron  
\$8100; do, with iron  
\$8200; do, with iron  
\$8300; do, with iron  
\$8400; do, with iron  
\$8500; do, with iron  
\$8600; do, with iron  
\$8700; do, with iron  
\$8800; do, with iron  
\$8900; do, with iron  
\$9000; do, with iron  
\$9100; do, with iron  
\$9200; do, with iron  
\$9300; do, with iron  
\$9400; do, with iron  
\$9500; do, with iron  
\$9600; do, with iron  
\$9700; do, with iron  
\$9800; do, with iron  
\$9900; do, with iron  
\$10000; do, with iron  
\$10100; do, with iron  
\$10200; do, with iron  
\$10300; do, with iron  
\$10400; do, with iron  
\$10500; do, with iron  
\$10600; do, with iron  
\$10700; do, with iron  
\$10800; do, with iron  
\$10900; do, with iron  
\$11000; do, with iron  
\$11100; do, with iron  
\$11200; do, with iron  
\$11300; do, with iron  
\$11400; do, with iron  
\$11500; do, with iron  
\$11600; do, with iron  
\$11700; do, with iron  
\$11800; do, with iron  
\$11900; do, with iron  
\$12000; do, with iron  
\$12100; do, with iron  
\$12200; do, with iron  
\$12300; do, with iron  
\$12400; do, with iron  
\$12500; do, with iron  
\$12600; do, with iron  
\$12700; do, with iron  
\$12800; do, with iron  
\$12900; do, with iron  
\$13000; do, with iron  
\$13100; do, with iron  
\$13200; do, with iron  
\$13300; do, with iron  
\$13400; do, with iron  
\$13500; do, with iron  
\$13600; do, with iron  
\$13700; do, with iron  
\$13800; do, with iron  
\$13900; do, with iron  
\$14000; do, with iron  
\$14100; do, with iron  
\$14200; do, with iron  
\$14300; do, with iron  
\$14400; do, with iron  
\$14500; do, with iron  
\$14600; do, with iron  
\$14700; do, with iron  
\$14800; do, with iron  
\$14900; do, with iron  
\$15000; do, with iron  
\$15100; do, with iron  
\$15200; do, with iron  
\$15300; do, with iron  
\$15400; do, with iron  
\$15500; do, with iron  
\$15600; do, with iron  
\$15700; do, with iron  
\$15800; do, with iron  
\$15900; do, with iron  
\$16000; do, with iron  
\$16100; do, with iron  
\$16200; do, with iron  
\$16300; do, with iron  
\$16400; do, with iron  
\$16500; do, with iron  
\$16600; do, with iron  
\$16700; do, with iron  
\$16800; do, with iron  
\$16900; do, with iron  
\$17000; do, with iron  
\$17100; do, with iron  
\$17200; do, with iron  
\$17300; do, with iron  
\$17400; do, with iron  
\$17500; do, with iron  
\$17600; do, with iron  
\$17700; do, with iron  
\$17800; do, with iron  
\$17900; do, with iron  
\$18000; do, with iron  
\$18100; do, with iron  
\$18200; do, with iron  
\$18300; do, with iron  
\$18400; do, with iron  
\$18500; do, with iron  
\$18600; do, with iron  
\$18700; do, with iron  
\$18800; do, with iron  
\$18900; do, with iron  
\$19000; do, with iron  
\$19100; do, with iron  
\$19200; do, with iron  
\$19300; do, with iron  
\$19400; do, with iron  
\$19500; do, with iron  
\$19600; do, with iron  
\$19700; do, with iron  
\$19800; do, with iron  
\$19900; do, with iron  
\$20000; do, with iron  
\$20100; do, with iron  
\$20200; do, with iron  
\$20300; do, with iron  
\$20400; do, with iron  
\$20500; do, with iron  
\$20600; do, with iron  
\$20700; do, with iron  
\$20800; do, with iron  
\$20900; do, with iron  
\$21000; do, with iron  
\$21100; do, with iron  
\$21200; do, with iron  
\$21300; do, with iron  
\$21400; do, with iron  
\$21500; do, with iron  
\$21600; do, with iron  
\$21700; do, with iron  
\$21800; do, with iron  
\$21900; do, with iron  
\$22000; do, with iron  
\$22100; do, with iron  
\$22200; do, with iron  
\$22300; do, with iron  
\$22400; do, with iron  
\$22500; do, with iron  
\$22600; do, with iron  
\$22700; do, with iron  
\$22800; do, with iron  
\$22900; do, with iron  
\$23000; do, with iron  
\$23100; do, with iron  
\$23200; do, with iron  
\$23300; do, with iron  
\$23400; do, with iron  
\$23500; do, with iron  
\$23600; do, with iron  
\$23700; do, with iron  
\$23800; do, with iron  
\$23900; do, with iron  
\$24000; do, with iron  
\$24100; do, with iron  
\$24200; do, with iron  
\$24300; do, with iron  
\$24400; do, with iron  
\$24500; do, with iron  
\$24600; do, with